

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1906

Vol. XXXV, No. 11

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Rome of 2,000 Years Ago.

SOME OF THE WONDERS OF THE COLUMN OF TRAJAN.

Amongst the many marvelous monuments of Rome, one of the most interesting and remarkable is the Column of Trajan. It stands in the Forum of that Emperor—now mostly covered with houses—and marks the height of a tongue of land cut away by Trajan in order to open up the city at this point. It is 117 feet 7 inches in height, the pedestal is 17 feet 11 inches high, and the statue of the Emperor Trajan, with which it was crowned—now superseded by a colossal statue of St Peter—is conjectured to have been 20 feet in height. The shaft is composed of 19 drums. From pedestal to capital this shaft of white marble is carved in bas relief, winding in spiral form around the column. These bas reliefs relate in a very clear and realistic manner the story of Trajan's war against the Dacians. From a close study of the arms, armor, uniforms, flags, eagles, bridges, forts and cities, modern students have been enabled to picture for the whole military system of the Romans in the first and second centuries of the Christian era.

This column has just had attention again drawn to it. Signor Boni, whose notable discoveries in the Roman Forum may be described as epoch-making, has made investigations here, and has brought to light the tiny chamber in which, as he concludes, the bones of the Emperor Trajan were placed. Sowing how carefully Signor Boni proceeds in his process of discovery, it is very probable that further investigation may confirm his present statement. The Emperor Trajan died at Selinunte, in Cilicia, on the 11th of August, A. D. 117. His ashes were brought to Rome, and, as a special mark of favor, the Senate permitted that the law against intramural interment should, on this occasion, be abrogated, and the remains of the great Emperor placed in the storied column to be erected in his honor. One tradition relates that these ashes were inclosed in the gilt-bronze gold which was held in the left hand of the Imperial statue which crowned the column; another story has it that they were placed within an urn of massive gold which was hidden in a secret chamber, or repository, within the base of the column.

It is the latter tradition that has guided Boni in his search. Keeping in mind the hints given by ancient writers, he examined the remains of the ancient entrance to the column, which is hollow—and within which a staircase on "The Principles of Economics" of 148 steps, in marble, leads to the summit. Here he removed the plaster, and behind a wall of rough tiles which closed the entrance and concealed the marble door post. The threshold appeared, bearing the marks of the two bronze half doors that swung upon their hinges—the impression of these still remains. The upper surface of the marble threshold is worn away, as if the doors were frequently swung to and fro. These and other signs induce Boni to regard it as a certainty that there existed here a sepulchral monument; and he hopes by further investigations to make it still more clear, by the evidence of new facts, that it was here the urn of the Emperor Trajan was deposited.

Few of the Roman Emperors have left so remarkable a memory on later ages as did Trajan. The column, which for eighteen centuries has been a wonder and a delight to every traveler who visited Rome, must have been a brilliant spectacle when the scaffolding was removed from around it, and when it shone in all its beauty in the bright Roman sunshine. Patient investigators have examined the surface of the column and have discovered on it traces of coloring and gilding. Signs have been discovered of green, blue, red and gold. It is needless now to conjecture on what figures or spaces on the bas reliefs these colors were employed; suffice it to say that it is difficult for us now on looking at this weather-worn, bullet-battered surface, to picture to ourselves what it must have looked like in the brilliance of its harmonious colors in the light of a Spring day.

The medieval mind embodied the name of Trajan with strange legends, and even went the length of considering him worthy of being transferred from hell to purgatory. In that strange old book "Mirabilia Urbis Romae"—"The Marvels of Rome, or a Picture of the Golden City"—he is understood to be the Emperor who was ready in his chariot to go forth to war, when a poor widow fell at his feet, weeping and crying, "Oh, my lord, before thou goest, let

me have justice!" And he promised her that on his return he would do her full right; but she said: "Peradventure thou shalt die first." This considering, the Emperor leaped from his chariot and held his consistency on the spot. And the woman said: "I have only one son, and a young man hath slain him." Upon this saying the Emperor gave sentence. "The murderer," said he, "shall die; he shall not live." "Thy son, then," said she, shall die, for it is he that, playing with my son, hath slain him." But when he was led out to death the people cried out that the young man should be given to the woman instead of her son, and this was done, and the woman departed with rich gifts from the Emperor.

It is in this event, said to have been sculptured on a block of marble in the Forum of Trajan, and seen by St Gregory the Great as he passed through it, that led this Pontiff to pray for the soul of the Emperor, and to procure his admission into purgatory; or, as Dante describes it:

There the high glory of the Roman Prince Was obtruded, whose great beneficence Moved Gregory to his great victory, 'Tis of the Emperor Trajan I am speaking.

De Rossi, the great Christian archaeologist, related to the present writer that he had at one time contemplated writing the archaeology of the "Divina Commedia," and that he had collected many notes on the subject. He has conjectured that the widow of the legend was, as Nichols says in his notes to the "Mirabilia," in the original sculpture, a suppliant nation at the feet of an emperor—a subject of which there are many specimens in Roman sculpture galleries. Thus Boni's discovery concerning Trajan awakens memories of an emperor held in high esteem in Rome throughout the ages.—P. L. Connellan in the Dublin Freeman.

What Makes a Gentleman.

FROM "A GENTLEMAN."

Cardinal Newman made a famous definition and description, both in the same paragraph, of a gentleman. "It is almost," he said, in his "Idea of a University," "a definition of a gentleman to say he is one who never inflicts pain." And this truth will be found to be the basis of all really good manners. Good manners

OOMF FROM THE HEART,

while etiquette is only an invention of wise heads to prevent social friction, or to keep fools at a distance. Nobody but an idiot will slap a man on the back unless the man invites the slap by his own familiarity. It seems to me that the primary role which, according to Cardinal Newman, makes a gentleman is more disregarded in large schools than anywhere else. There is no sign which indicates ignorance or lack of culture so plainly as the tendency to sneer, to jibe, to sneer, to be always on the alert to find faults and defects. On the other hand, a true gentleman does not sneer, if he can help it; he prefers to discover virtues rather than faults; and, if he sees a defect, he is silent about it until he can gently suggest a remedy.

The school boy is not remarkable for such reticence. And this may be one of the reasons why he has the reputation of being selfish, ungrateful, and sometimes cruel. He is not any of these things; he is, as a rule only thoughtless. It has been said that a blunder is often worse than a crime; and thoughtlessness sometimes produces effects that are more enduringly disastrous than crimes. Forgetfulness among boys or young men is thoughtlessness. If an engineer forget for a moment his train may go to ruin. If a telegrapher forget to send a message, death may be the result; but neither of them can acquire such control over himself that he will always remember, if he does not practice the art of thinking every day of his life. It is thoughtfulness, consideration, that makes life not only endurable, but pleasant. As Christians, we are bound to do to others as we would have them do to us. But as members of a great society, in which each person must be a factor even more important than he imagines, we shall find that, even if our Christianity did not move us to hear and forbear from the highest motives, ordinary prudence and regard for our own comfort and reputation should lead us to do these things.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Items of Interest.

Mgr. Provost Johnson, diocesan secretary during a period of forty years to three successive occupants of the See of Westminster—Cardinal Manning, Cardinal Vaughan and Archbishop Bourne—has been appointed additional auxiliary Bishop to the last named prelate.

The death is chronicled of Rev. Dr. Robert F. Clarke, one of the most scholarly men among the English Catholic clergy. Dr. Clarke was a convert, and had, before his conversion, studied medicine and surgery in Scotland. He was the English representative on the Biblical Commission formed by Pope Leo XIII. in 1901.

The three disgraceful soaps whose wanton offences towards the Holy Eucharist were such a scandal to Rome a month or two ago have now been given edification. All three have come to repentance and performed retreats in religious houses.

As by rule, Father Martin, the late general of the Jesuits, left at his death in a closed envelope the name of his temporary successor, with the title of vicar general. His choice has proved to be Father Ruggiero Freddi.

Irish exchanges record the death of Right Rev. Mgr. O'Lavery, P. P., M. R. I. A., Holywood, County Down. Deceased was the author of many works on Irish archaeology and Irish history.

The newspapers which have been dilating on fancied gifts to the Holy See, and imaginary money transactions between it and American millionaires, will for some time have more engrossing topics, writes the Rome correspondent of the London "Catholic Times." Meanwhile, I may say that when writing recently of the Papal generosity to Courrières, the sufferers by the Belgian inundations, and the Vesuvian eruptions, I know, like many at Rome, that these acts were a severe strain on the finances of the Holy See. But there is more, in giving the ten thousand francs to the Cardinal Archbishop of Naples his Holiness drew upon a chance fund, the first fruits of a special Peter's Pence collection, which is being taken up by the "Civiltà Cattolica," the staff of which is well aware how the Papal finances stand. They are, indeed, not flourishing. If the Pope was able to succor Calabria, this was because of the Pro-Calabria fund collected by the same periodical. The presidential chance, as the Holy Father thinks it to be, of the other collection made it possible for him to help Naples and the vicinity in the hour of trial. Not to speak of his present Holiness, though more than one "inspired" communication could be quoted to this effect, Leo XIII., believed, and most persons think with reason, that these stories in the press are got up to do harm to the Papacy and to stop Catholic charity towards it. In view of the sacrifices which Pius X. is making for every disaster that happens, the continuance of these press tales will, in effect, be a stopping of relief to the stricken. And it will be the duty of Catholics in every cove of the appearance of such to protest and proclaim their falsehood.

The persecution in France is proving that the country does not lack valiant women. At Larochemilly (Nièvre) four women, of whom two were young girls, stopped the commissary in the church, after he had got through a hole broken in the door. He made as though to shoot them with his revolver. Far from being intimidated, one of them said: "Shoot, then! Nowadays they kill women!" At St. Thomas d'Aquin, Paris, Mme. de Vezins was arrested for manifesting against the inventory, the very day after her husband had been condemned to two years' prison for the same "offense." At Leda (Tarn), at the second unsuccessful attempt to take the inventory, a young girl, Mile. C., had placed herself before the door of the church. The commissary struck her. As she did not yield, he said: "You will get yourself put in prison." "I am quite prepared for that," she replied. "Yes, but you may get yourself killed." "One can only die once, and one cannot die better than in defending one's church." The police court at Fongères sentenced the Count and Countess Saint-Hilaire each to one month's imprisonment for their protestation against the inventory at Saint-Hilaire-de-Lander. Their maid had the same sentence, but for the them the sentence of imprisonment was remitted under the first sentence act, the application of which is at the option of the magistrate.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

The liver is the largest gland in the body; its office is to take from the blood the properties which form bile. When the liver is torpid and inflamed it cannot furnish bile to the bowels, causing them to become bound and constive. The symptoms are a feeling of fulness or weight in the right side, and shooting pains in the same region, pains between the shoulders, yellowness of the skin and eyes, bowels irregular, coated tongue, bad taste in the morning, etc.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

are pleasant and easy to take, do not grip, weaken or sicken, never fall in their effect, and are by far the safest and most reliable remedy for all diseases of the liver.

Price 25 cents, or 5 bottles for \$1.00, all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Now Mr. Sausage," said the fashionable lady to the butcher, "won't you take a ticket for our concert?" "I don't think so," replied Mr. Sausage.

"It's to be quite a fashionable affair, I assure you. All the best people of the town will be there." "I know," replied the butcher; "but you see, if I went I would see so many people owing me money for meat that I wouldn't enjoy the thing at all."

There is nothing better for children's Coughs and Colds than Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It is very pleasant to take and always cures the little ones' coughs promptly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Mrs. Marmaduke Brown was entertaining some ladies at a select five-o'clock tea, and her little son Jacky, who had been exceptionally well behaved, was in high feather. "Ma," he said, as cake was being handed round, "may I have some tongue, please?" "There isn't any tongue, Jacky." "That's funny!" said Jacky. "I heard pay say there would be lots of it."

Clears Away Worms.

Mrs. Wm. Graham, Sheppardton, Ont., writes: "I have given Dr. Low's Worm Syrup to my boy and again and find it a good-worm medicine. It is nice to take and never makes the child sick like powders." Price 25c.

"I trust your honor will excuse me this time," said an habitual drunkard at the police-court; "it is my misfortune—I am a child of genius."

"And what is your age?" questioned the magistrate.

"Forty-two years."

"Then it is time you were weaned. You'll have to do fourteen days away from the bottle."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders contain neither morphine nor opium. They promptly cure Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Headache, Headache of Grippe, Headache of delicate ladies and Headache from any cause whatever. Price 10c and 25c.

Minard's Liniment Cures everything.

Dr. Smythe (at literary reception).—Who is that tall, spectacled, bald-headed gentleman yonder? I have been discussing mining affairs with him, and he agreed with me that Blawitoff's work on the subject was a very stupid affair.

Thompson.—I'am sure he ought to know. He's Blawitoff.

WEAK TIRED WOMEN

How many women there are that get no refreshment from sleep. They wake in the morning and feel tired than when they went to bed.

They have a dizzy sensation in the head, the heart palpitates; they are irritable and nervous, weak and worn out, and the lightest household duties during the day seem to be a drag and a burden.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

are the very remedy that weak, nervous, tired out, sickly women need to restore them the blessings of good health. They give sound, restful sleep, tone up the nerves, strengthen the heart, and make rich blood. Miss C. McDonald, Fortago la Prairie, Mass., writes: "I was troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and weak spine. I got four boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after taking them I was completely cured." Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.50, all dealers or the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23rd, 1906. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES MCISAAC Editor & Proprietor.

Please send in your subscriptions.

THE revelations in connection with the North Atlantic Trading Company; the Saskatchewan Land Company and the cruise of the Steamer Arctic throw some light on the corrupt manner in which different departments of the Federal Government are conducting the business of the Country and squandering the money of the people.

In the House of Commons, on the 17th, inst., Mr. A. McLean exposed some of the scandalous extravagance of the Government in connection with the agency of the Marine Department in Montreal.

A bomb was thrown into the parliamentary camp at St. Petersburg Monday afternoon by a note received by President Mourontzeff of the lower house, from Peterhoff, which instead of making an appointment for an audience at which he and the deputation could present the address in reply to the speech from the throne, contained the information that Emperor Nicholas would not receive the deputation and that the address must be presented through the ministry of the court.

A RESOLUTION enforcing compulsory voting in Federal elections was adopted by the election committee of the House of Commons a few days ago. Should it become law, it ought to go a long way towards lessening corruption at elections.

But the trip was quite a picnic. The ship carried fourteen of the mounted police force, including members of the superintendent's family. Her own crew numbered thirty-four, mostly officers, stewards, waiters and cooks.

thirty-four, mostly officers, stewards, waiters and cooks. There was a historian at \$125 a month, who has written nothing that has come to light, a physician, a photographer, two mates, a purser, a quarter master, two stewards, three waiters, two cooks and one cabin boy.

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

CRUISE OF THE ARCTIC

A \$500,000 Expedition.—It Ended in Nothing, but a Prodigious Consumption of Victuals and Drinks.—Hardy Waiters well Protected from the cold.

Government Wharves where no ships come

And where there is no water.—Witnesses who will not testify.—Government approves their silence.—Preston and the North Atlantic Co.

OTTAWA, May 19.

The story of the Arctic is the most striking incident of this week's Parliamentary proceedings. The Arctic is a wooden vessel of 762 tons, made in Germany and bought second hand by the Canadian Government for \$70,000, which was an excellent bargain for the seller.

A TRIP THAT FAILED.

The bill which has come to hand is a good deal over half a million. The Arctic alone has cost \$443,000 with eleven months to hear from. She sailed for Hudson Bay in September 1904 and was back in a year. Nine months of that time she was lying comfortably in a well known harbor just inside Hudson Bay, where Low's expedition had spent a previous winter.

COSTLY BUT USELESS.

She was useless for the purpose. The commander of the expedition reports that he might have got to Churchill if the ship had been any good. Whaling and sealing vessels were passing in and out all summer through waters that the Arctic could not navigate, so after two or three weeks' entertainment she returned, calling at Burwell, where the flag ship Seylla and the Newfoundland government steamer Iona were staying.

A PICNIC PARTY.

But the trip was quite a picnic. The ship carried fourteen of the mounted police force, including members of the superintendent's family. Her own crew numbered

engaged in this particular industry. Mr. Lovell, member of parliament for Stansfeld, became the owner of the lumber business, and the wharf was built for him. It cost down to last year \$57,488, and is useful for no other purpose than as the private wharf for this particular business.

THIS WHARF IS A BRIDGE.

The third public work mentioned in the structure at Dismal in Wolfe county, Quebec. This structure is called a wharf, but is really a local bridge across a creek running into a small lake. No vessel has ever been in this creek, which contains only a foot of water, except at times when it is backed up from below by closing the gates of the mill dam.

WHAT THEY WORE.

Selections from the clothing account, give an idea how sellers of this class of goods exploited the Arctic. For the thirty four men the department bought, 38 uniforms at \$25, \$30 and \$8, 80 suits of pilot cloth at \$19, 80 other suits at \$19, 40 at \$18.80, 40 fur coats at \$30, 40 fur pants at \$32, 40 jackets at \$35.50, 40 leather jackets at \$10.75, 40 more coats at \$15, 40 ulsters at \$14, 40 pants at \$3.50, 80 oil suits at \$2.50, 23 overcoats at \$25.

A FEW LUXURIES.

A partial list of the liquor and tobacco bill of the Arctic includes these items: Havana cigars, 600 at 10c. Laurier cigars, 4,000 at \$65. Toronto cigars, 4,000 at \$35. Cigarettes, \$5,000 at \$50. Tobacco, extra best, 805 pounds at 95c. Tobacco (chewing), 200 pounds at 75c. Tobacco, 1,005 pounds at 80c. 10 Checker boards and checkers \$54.90. Playing cards, 17 dozen, at 1.00 to \$3.95 per dozen. Pipes, 83 dozen, at \$2.40 to \$4.75 per dozen. Pommery wine (champagne), 10 cases, \$320. Tobacco, (Navy chewing and smoking) 600 lbs. at 70c. Tobacco, (Navy chewing) 144 lbs. at 49c. Tobacco, Navy smoking extra, 342 lbs. at 80c. Tobacco, Navy cut, 192 lbs at 75c. Tobacco, Wigwam, 70 lbs at \$1. Tobacco, Poker, 50 lbs at \$1.00. Port wine, 5 cases, at \$13. Spirits, 42 gal, at \$4.24. Old Jamaica rum, 108 gal, at \$4. Alcohol, 110 gal, at \$4.50. Cognac, 5 cases, at \$12. Fine Old Crusted Port, vintage of 1878, 5 cases, at \$12. Alcohol, 20 gal, at \$5. Faustin Brandy, 5 cases, at \$12. Jamaica rum, 5 gal, at \$4. Sherry wine, 15 gal, at \$4.

PUBLIC WORKS SCANDALS.

The ordinary expenditure for Public Works averaged less than two millions before the Laurier Government took office, and for some years afterwards. There was an advance of over a million in the fiscal year 1901, in which the election for 1900 took place. Then it stood at four millions a year until the year of the last general election in which there was an expenditure of \$8,765,466 or more than double the outlay in any year previous to 1900. On Wednesday of this week Mr. Blain, of Peel, moved an amendment to supply, which led to the exposure of the purpose for which this money is spent. Mr. Blain moved that "This House condemns the expenditure of public money for purposes not contemplated or authorized by Parliament, and especially regrets that any sums voted for construction of public works, should have been expended for purposes not so contemplated or authorized."

SOME SAMPLES.

Mr. Blain took up three sample enterprises. The first was a wharf at St. Joseph, on Lake Huron. For this \$14,921 has been expended. This structure is built where there is no harbor. There was no public demand for the wharf. It is not used and the village where it is situated has a postal revenue of \$91. The Government expenditure was made against the protest of a Liberal member of Parliament who grew up in the place. \$57,000 FOR A PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

A more costly enterprise is the wharf at Grand Valley, in the County of Gaspe. This wharf is built where no shipping goods except vessels employed by the owner of certain mills and lumber limits at this place and where no people live except those

arrived from England, and has been called to testify as to the North Atlantic Trading Company, which has received \$300,000 of good Canadian money. As he negotiated the contract he was sent for to tell who the people were who got the money. When he took the stand, on Friday the question was asked him. Mr. Preston declined to give the names, saying that he was pledged to secrecy.

Constitution or Revolution.

The address in reply to the Russian Czar's speech from the throne was presented to parliament Tuesday the 15th. Firm and uncompromising in tone, it demands constitutional government and declares that nothing less will pacify the nation. In addition to the forecasted demands for general amnesty, abolition of the death penalty, suspension of martial law and all exceptional laws, right of interpellation, forced expropriation of land, and guarantees of the rights of trades union, it asks for the abolition of the council of the empire the bureaucracy and all other obstacles between the emperor and the people, and demands legislative powers for the Duma and a ministry which shall be responsible to parliament.

MORE VOTES FOR TOBIN.

It is simply a bridge across the creek, or rather part way across it, and the country is building out on the other side to make the bridge complete. The shorter half, built by the government, has cost \$3,504, and the longer portion will be built by the municipality and is under contract for \$2,825. Apparently the contractor has got to be made for their money at the department of Public Works. But the Government did not put their end of the bridge up to tender. Most of the work was done in election year, and among the accounts are fifty for hauling stones. These averaged \$26 apiece. It can readily be believed that this business was used to elect Mr. Tobin, the Government candidate, and now sitting member who said in Wednesday's debate: "At my last election I had 133 majority in that small town of Dismal, and in the next election I shall probably have some more wharves to build in the county of Richmond and Wolfe. This account may be found with the paragraph from a solemn declaration by E. N. Arkiel, one of the oldest residents of Dismal, and the builder of a mill there. He says: "There never has been a steamer or vessel of any kind, carrying produce or goods, except a pleasure boat, to or from Dismal at any time, or is there water for such purpose except at flood time, and when water is dammed back."

A DISCREDITED DEPARTMENT.

On many occasions since he became Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier has promised full investigation of charges made against his government. On no occasion has the full enquiry been allowed when the time came to carry out the pledge. This week has furnished another case in point. Among charges made against the Marine Department was the bill of supplies of the Arctic, the silver-plated for the ice-bergs Montreal, and especially purchases of hundreds of thousands worth of goods from an American agent or intermediary named Merwin, who keeps no goods but sells everything to the Government from a pump to a machine, without tender, and appears in the accounts for single bills of goods reaching \$70,000. Mr. Taylor, of Leeds, showed that he had been offered by the regular trader for \$600, duty paid, imported boilers the exact duplicate of those for which the department paid Merwin \$360 admitted free of duty. Papers were produced showing that a certain pump could be bought duty paid from the trade at \$1,250, while the favored agent was paid \$1,560 for the same article with the duty remitted. Mr. Reid, of Grenville, pointed out that the Marine Department paid \$2,550 for two modified boilers, similar to those which another department bought for \$1,700 the two, while private parties could buy them duty paid at \$900 for one. There were charges about purchases of coal at exorbitant prices, that lighthouse construction regularly goes on with utter disregard to the provision requiring tenders to be called, and that the department has been wide open to almost every form of plunder and corruption.

THE PREMIER'S FALSE PRETENCE.

After promising a full and complete investigation into all the matters, Sir Wilfrid Laurier appeared on Friday, with a motion calling for the appointment of a committee of seven to determine whether the supplies bought for the Arctic were all taken on board of the ship, and whether the prices paid for this bill of goods was excessive. Mr. Borden said that this was not an investigation into the conduct of departmental officers, and should not be of the suspicious transactions in regard even to the one ship to which he had limited the enquiry. Mr. Borden moved an amendment, broadening the scope of the enquiry to take in the direct charges made against the department. After an afternoon's debate the amendment was voted down on the demand of the premier. The opposition then supported the premier's motion as the best they could get.

THE INQUIRY BURKED IN COMMITTEE.

Sir Wilfrid and two of his Ministers contemplated that charges against the Marine Department came properly before the Public Accounts Committee. One of these Ministers was Mr. Fielding. Two days before this claim was made, Mr. Merwin, the most favored dealer with the department, was on the stand before the Committee. An attempt was made to obtain from him a statement of the cost prior to him of the Public Accounts Committee, and other articles for which he was supposed to have received excessive prices. Mr. Merwin steadily refused to answer this class of questions, and Mr. Fielding sustained him in the refusal. Such is his idea of a full and complete investigation.

MR. PRESTON, TOO.

Mr. Preston, who once desired to "bug the machine," but who is now commissioner of immigration, has

of renewing its life with all its power and energy, with a belief in the imminent elevation of the fatherland if between it and the throne there does not stand an imperial council composed of appointed dignitaries and persons elected by the highest classes of the population and if the legislative powers of the people's representatives are not limited by special laws.

Constitution or Revolution.

Parliament is actuated by the unshakable conviction that neither liberty nor order can be assured without the equality of all citizens being established before the law. Therefore, parliament is preparing a bill establishing the equality of all citizens and simultaneously by removing all class or national, religious privileges an effort will be made to free the country from administrative tutelage.

Parliament holds that satisfaction of the needs of the working classes is equally incapable of being deferred.

Parliament holds that it is necessary to pass a law confirming the peasants in their enjoyment of equal rights and freeing them from oppression by arbitrary and from tutelage. The first steps in this direction must be recognition of freedom of organization for workmen and their right to take independent action for the elevation of their material and moral welfare. Popular education is another task that lies before parliament. Parliament further holds that it is necessary to include among the tasks the fulfilment of which cannot be deferred, the question of the satisfaction of the long matured demands of the various nationalities of the empire. Russia affords the example of a state peopled by many races and nationalities. Union in spirit of all these is only possible through the satisfaction of the needs of each, whereby the individuality of the divers sides of their lives will be preserved and developed. Parliament will give careful heed to the task of giving wide satisfaction to these just demands.

It has pleased your majesty in your speech addressed to the people's representatives to express your determination to unshakably preserve the institutions whereby the people have been called on to exercise legislative power in conjunction with the regular monarch. The parliament regards the monarch's formal promise to the people as a sure pledge of that consolidation and of the further development of order and legislation in accordance with a strictly constitutional basis. The house will for its part make every effort to perfect the principle of popular representation and to submit for your majesty's assent a bill relating to such representation, basing it in accordance with the unanimously expressed will of the people on universal suffrage.

Your majesty's appeal for common work for the good of the fatherland finds a lively echo in the hearts of the members of parliament in the constitution of which representatives of all classes and nationalities are united in an ardent desire to regenerate Russia and create a state of order, on the basis of all living in peace with one another, Parliament wishes to point out that fruitful work under present conditions is impossible, as officials are trying to separate the emperor from his people. Only when the ministers are made representative to the people can the idea of the absolute irresponsibility of the monarch take root in the hearts of his subjects. Only a ministry enjoying the confidence of parliament can strengthen confidence in the government and the existence of such confidence can make tranquil and regular labors of parliament possible.

Above all it is first necessary in Russia to repeal the exceptional laws, the laws of increased protection and the state of siege under cover of which the arbitrary and irresponsible officials can develop. At the same time the principle of the responsibility of the administration to the representatives of the nation must be adopted. Further, for fruitful labor on the part of parliament, there must be introduced the principle of true popular representation, which consists in the recognition that the union of the monarch and the people is the only source of legislative power.

Every barrier between the emperor and the people must be removed. Further, there must be no domain of legislation which would always be closed, revision by representatives of the people in conjunction with the monarch. Parliament holds that it is its duty to declare to your majesty in the name of the people that the whole nation will carry out the creative work

of renewing its life with all its power and energy, with a belief in the imminent elevation of the fatherland if between it and the throne there does not stand an imperial council composed of appointed dignitaries and persons elected by the highest classes of the population and if the legislative powers of the people's representatives are not limited by special laws.

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Parliament holds that it is its duty to declare to your majesty in the name of the people that the whole nation will carry out the creative work

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE THE NEW DRESS GOODS AT STANLEY BROS. Notable Display. All the fashionable fabrics represented in this stock. If you like to see dainty designs, neat patterns, fine goods, and all in the best approved and most modern makes, just have a look through our magnificent assortment. Special purchase to sell at 32c. and 50c a yard. 25 pieces double widths in plain and spotted lustrous, Navy, Cardinal, Black and Brown. Fine check Mohairs for shirt waist suits, Wool Serges in Navy, Red and Black, worth fully 25 per ct. more. 32c. PER YARD. A large assortment Mohairs, tweed effects, wool checks, serges and venetians, in all the good colors and black, 5c. yard, worth fully 25 per ct. more. 50c. PER YARD. Homespun 70c, 80c, \$1.10 and \$1.25 yard. Cream goods in Mohairs, Cashmeres, Albatross Cloth, Venetians and fancies. 35c to \$1.55 PER YARD. Mail orders promptly attended to. Samples sent to any address. Just drop us a postal and by return mail you shall receive a full range in each line. Stanley Bros.

Skirts and Skirt Waists. We have been saying nothing to you lately about our stock of Ready-made Skirts and Shirt Waists—not because they are not here in abundance and of the best—but because we had not a chance to get a word in edgewise about them, we had so many other good things to tell you of. Besides our reputation for selling stylish and up-to-date garments in these lines, is well established, and ladies naturally turn their steps to this department when in need of anything specially nice. Never before, however, have we shown such extremely pretty styles at such moderate prices, and the demand for them is so brisk, we are continually ordering and so have always something new and pretty. In skirts we show you every stylish color and material including a nice line of light and medium greys, which will be so fashionable during the coming summer with white or light shirt waists. Of the latter we have a very lovely display, dainty and stylish and withal cheap, commencing with dainty white waists at 49 cents each, on up through the various grades in lawn, embroidered linen, swiss muslin and white silk. We have also all fashionable colors in waists, which you should certainly see before you decide on anything, as they are as trim and dressy as you could wish for at a much smaller price than you could have the same goods made up for. A line of beautiful high class black silk underskirts, is also worthy of your attention and is a luxury you will be tempted to possess once you see them. Only a few left of those elegant silk coats for ladies, which came to hand this week. Come quickly if you want one. M. TRAINOR & CO., The Store That Saves You Money.

THE BEST Hat on Earth The Christy Hat

Is the Best Hat on Earth at the price.

We received over 5,000 of them, and they are the prettiest styles we have ever looked at.

The Christy knocks the American Hats higher than a kite for style this year.

The Christy always did knock out any other Hat for wear, non-fading color, shape-keeping and non-breaking qualities. \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00 the Hat. Then we have the celebrated

Scott Hat

Made by Christy but sold with the Scott name. It costs \$4.00 here, and is sold at \$5.00 anywhere else in Canada or the U.S.A. It's the pink of Perfection in the Christy Hat making. Only a few of them, so come early if you want one.

The Suffolk Hat

It's the best American Hat that's sold in Charlottetown today, and twenty years' of hat experience tells us so.

PROWSE BROS.

The Only Real Hatters.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.

Sun Fire offices of London.

Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets

John Mathieson, K. C.—Eneas A. MacDonald

Barristers, Solicitors.

Notaries Public, Etc.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Branch Office, Georgetown, P. E. I.

May 10, 1906—yly.

\$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACEACHERN, AGENT.

Mar. 22nd, 1905.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, on Thursday, the fourteenth day of June, 1906, at 11 o'clock a.m. All that tract, piece and parcel of land situate lying and being one portion thereof in Township number twenty-eight, in Prince County, in Queen's County, in said Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the west side of the road from Victoria to Tryon at a certain dyke fence, and continuing the same course thereof crossing the County line of the east Boundary line of land in possession of George Nicholson; thence north on said boundary line to the said dyke fence; thence following the course of said road easterly and southerly to the place of commencement, containing about thirty acres of land a little more or less.

WANTED.

A girl for general housework. Highest wages will be paid to a suitable girl. Apply to the King Edward Hotel, Ch'town, May 9th, 1906—t

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Tuesday June 5th, will be commencement day at St. Dunstan's College.

Hon. Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, delivered his budget speech in the House of Commons yesterday.

The mother of Louis Bell died at St. Boniface, Manitoba on Sunday, aged 86.

Gabriel Dumont, Bell's first Lieutenant in the Northwest Rebellion, died at Batoche on Saturday aged 75 years.

We can furnish you with the best goods, the best assortment, and the fairest prices—Send for samples. Stanley Bros.

Branch 383, C. M. B. A., Vernon River will hold a grand Tea Party on Monday July 2nd. Look out for advertisement later.

Winnipeg advice of the 17th inst. say: The C. P. R. crop report (1), covering the past week, is favorable. Wheat recently sown is above ground and is gradually shooting into blades.

Dress goods is one of our strong specialties—we keep an assortment that leaves no room for improvement—when you require Dress Goods, think of Stanley Bros.

In the seclusion of the imperial palace at Peking, where he has taken up his residence for the summer, the Emperor passed his thirty-eighth birthday on Friday. The customary official observances of the anniversary were held, and during the day the foreign diplomats presented messages of congratulation in behalf of their respective rulers and governments. Flags were displayed on all public buildings in the capital and special services of thanksgiving were held in the churches. Owing to the tenacity of the authorities to suppress any public gathering or demonstration of whatsoever character, there was no popular celebration of the day.

Mrs. Geo. Eastman, the wife of a prosperous farmer living five miles from Bunkersport, Maine, was last night killed Sunday afternoon by a bolt of lightning which struck the house during one of the most terrific electrical storms ever known in this section. Her three-year old daughter, whom she was holding in her lap, was entirely uninjured. The husband and other children were in the barn at the time. The house was badly damaged, but did not catch fire. Mrs. Eastman was forty-three years old and leaves four children. A short time before, a barn belonging to Mrs. Eastman's father, Mr. Newell Bowden, about half a mile distant, was struck and burned with all its contents.

A terrific explosion took place at Cobalt, Ont., at four o'clock Sunday evening. A large powder-house, filled with seven and a half tons of dynamite, near the north end of the town, was ignited by a fire which began in a shack a few yards away. The explosion wrecked a score of houses and destroyed nearly every pane of glass in the town. The contents of many stores were hurled from their shelves, and a great deal of valuable property was destroyed. A number of people were hurt by flying rocks and flying timber, and were cut by glass, and many were prostrated from nervous shock. No persons were seriously hurt, as they were warned by the authorities in time to flee. About fifty houses in the French section of the town were burned. There is a lot of indignity felt by the citizens against the owners of the explosives having it stored in town.

Messrs. Prowse Bros., have completed the extensive alterations and expansion of their immense mercantile establishment. They have now a place of business well worth coming a long way to inspect. Their establishment comprises four large brick stores, extending along Queen Street from Stammers corner at Richmond Street to R. B. Norton & Co's hardware store corner of Queen and Sydney Streets, almost an entire block. These stores are all connected by arches, and the interiors are elegantly fitted up and splendidly stocked on the department plan. You can enter the establishment on Richmond Street, and pass through every department and pass out at the other end of the block on to Queen Street. The energy and enterprise of Prowse Brothers is most commendable and cannot fail to win success.

A late issue of Reynolds' London Newspaper says that information has been received from a reliable source to the effect that France is still steadily strengthening her defenses along the German frontier. During the past twelve months or so many garrisons have been considerably added to, and in some cases almost doubled, while new guns of long range and the most modern construction have been installed in all the principal forts. So recently has this been carried out that the vast majority of the people in France have no idea of it, but the villagers along the frontier had strange stories of strong bodies of armed men marching silently at dead of night, all bound for unknown destinations. The French war office is well aware that in the archives of the German headquarters staff there are elaborate plans for the descent of great armies upon French soil at the moment when it is no means certain, outside the correspondent, that they would have anything like the free and uninterrupted passage that they believe would be the case.

"Egyptology versus Health" was the title of a lecture given at the Tuberculosis Institute of Chicago in which it was alleged that the great spread of tuberculosis in Europe and America in the last one hundred years had been caused by the disinfectant and shipment broadcast of the mummy which had deposited so long in the tombs of the Pharaohs. The monogram was written by Dr. Raffaele Sargano, one of the lecturers at the Serboana in Paris, who was an interested visitor at the recent tuberculosis exhibit in this city. He said, in part: "These germs live for four thousand years, as have gaily been proved, and the exhumation of their bodies, even the decayed mummies, caused an epidemic of consumption among the workmen and scholars who first examined the cases. It is also well known that the keepers of the mummy cases have been subject to the disease. The bacilli from the mummies are undoubtedly of great age, and it has been shown by experiments in Paris that these aged bacilli are infinitely more deadly than those obtained from the spatum of fresh persons who are affected."

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The British torpedo boat number 56 captured off Port Said during last Thursday night. Seven of the crew were drowned.

Mail orders promptly and carefully attended to. Stanley Bros.

A fire swept through the summer cottage settlement at Monument Beach, Mass., Thursday last, and destroyed twenty-four cottages and the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railway Station. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

The vote polled at the plebiscite election, held in King's County for the repeal of the Scott Act, on the 10th, inst., stood as follows: against the act 1647; for the act 202. The total vote at the last Dominion general election was 5249.

Reports from the Gloucester mackerel fleet, which has recently returned to New England waters from a cruise as far south as Cape Henry, indicate that the season has been a practical failure, the catch being very small. No mackerel have been brought into Gloucester this season.

The mounted police reports from Lethbridge, Alberta, indicate that over six hundred square miles of prairie sod have been scorched by fire in that and the Calgary district this spring. Reports from the South country show that at least three hundred square miles were burned over in the Crow's Nest section. The damage is enormous.

Thursday last was the twentieth birthday of King Alfonso, and the anniversary was celebrated in the customary manner in Madrid and throughout the Kingdom. In view of the near approach of the King's marriage to Princess Ena of Battemberg, the birthday celebration was of a milder character than it otherwise would have been.

Curtains, and curtain materials is one of the best departments in the store—we have positively the largest and most up-to-date stock ever shown here. Stanley Bros.

The Duke of Connaught, when inspecting the Canadian team at Bialy in 1905 expressed the hope that he would soon be able to visit Canada and so have an opportunity of inspecting the British Columbia regiment, of which he is the honorary colonel. The Canadian Press understands that the Duke of Connaught will leave England for Canada the latter part of September next.

Our mail order department is growing rapidly—every mail brings us orders from different parts of the country, and we have invariably given the utmost satisfaction. If anything by any possibility might be wrong, we are always here to make it right. Stanley Bros. The Always Busy Store; Charlottetown.

Terrible storms involving loss of life, swept over Belgium on Tuesday last week. There was a waterpout wrecking everything in its path, at Terrain Village, seven miles east of Brussels by which eleven lives were lost. Several persons were killed by lightning in Compline. Railway communication with Germany was cut off, four miles of the main track being washed out. The walls of the prison at Louvain collapsed. Troops were employed to prevent the escape of the prisoners.

The London Standard of the 16th publishes a remarkable article indicative of the strides that the Republic-Preferential policy is making between colony and colony within the empire. It indicates that this intercolonial cooperation is likely to be extended as a result of next year's meeting of Australian, New Zealand, South African and Canadian Ministers at the Colonial Conference. The former invitation sent to Canadian Ministers to attend the Colonial Conference in London in April next indicates that Sir Wilfrid Laurier and any colleagues accompanying him will be guests of State.

If you want anything at any time, and cannot come yourself; just drop us a postal, and we shall be pleased to send you samples and give you any information of any line of goods offered in a first class store like ours. Stanley Bros.

Some sensational disclosures are expected at the trial of the suit of Mrs. W. J. Jutte and the Colonial Trust Company against J. W. Friend and F. N. Hoffstadt, which was resumed at Pittsburg, Pa., on Monday. The action is one to recover from the defendants about \$2,000,000 worth of stocks and bonds alleged to have belonged to Mr. Jutte, with whom Friend and Hoffstadt were associated in business ventures. The sensational feature is the making public of a deposition from Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, who is declared to have received large sums of money from Friend. Mrs. Chadwick is now serving ten years sentence in the Ohio penitentiary for crooked financial transactions. She has expressed a desire to come to Pittsburg to testify in the present suit, but it is not believed she will be allowed to leave the prison.

After seven years work the famous Simpson tunnel is now an accomplished fact. The tunnel, the first of its kind, containing King Victor Emmanuel and his suite, passed through the tunnel from Iselle to Brigue, where it was met by the Swiss authorities on Monday of this week, the ordinary service between Lausanne and Milan to be inaugurated. The Simpson tunnel is one of the greatest of modern feats, the product of science and engineering skill and ingenuity. The work has cost over \$15,000,000. One terminus of the tunnel is at Brigue, in the Rhodé Valley, and the other at Iselle, in Italy. It consists of two tunnels, only one of which will at present be used for trains, the second serving the purpose of a ventilating shaft, through which 1800 cubic feet of air can be passed every second, bringing the temperature down to 77 degrees Fahrenheit.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The schooner Lincoln from Port Hastings for Rustico with coal was driven ashore at Rustico on Sunday night in a heavy gale.

A fatal fire occurred at Erie, Ontario, Monday morning, by which William Harper, C. P. R. agent at Chatham, Ont., lost his life. Three summer cottages were burnt to the ground, among them Harpers, and the unfortunate owner was in the cottage at the time and was burned to death.

By saving through steel bars, which covered the windows, eleven general prisoners escaped from the guardhouse at Chattanooga, Tenn., last Sunday night. Each of them had terms of from two to four years ahead of him, and had been brought here from southern posts before being sent to Fort Leavenworth.

Lieut. General Strossel who commanded the Russians at Port Arthur at the time of its surrender, and Rear Admiral Nebogoffsky who commanded one of Rojestevesky's squadrons which surrendered, have been condemned to death at St. Petersburg.

The twin screw steamer C. F. Tietgen made its first sailing from New York last Thursday under flag of the Scandinavian American line. Among its passengers were many Norwegians from the North Western States and Canada who are making the journey to the motherland to be present at the approaching coronation of King Haakon.

According to Ottawa advices of the 17th inst., J. J. Hill has practically nothing new to add to what has appeared. He says that the line from the Rocky Mountains will be completed at the same time as the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. He expects to handle a great deal of the traffic from cattle. His Winnipeg terminals will be located on Ross Avenue, and he may make some joint station arrangements with the Grand Trunk Pacific of the new company.

D. H. Burnham, the well known architect, left Chicago on the 16th inst. for San Francisco in response to an invitation to aid in plans for rebuilding the city. He will make a close investigation into the question whether the effect of the earthquake was merely to shake the buildings or to damage or destroy them by a force coming directly from beneath. Plans projected by Mr. Burnham two years ago for making San Francisco "a City Beautiful" will be discussed with the officials and business men of that city.

DIED

On May 21st, at the residence of her son-in-law, Joseph Moreside, North River, Mrs. Ellen Walsh, relict of the late Thomas Walsh of Cornwall, in the 92nd year of her age. May her soul rest in peace.

Chamberlain and Canada.

C. R. Hosmer, C. P. R. director, called from England on Friday, Thursday he was Mr. Chamberlain's guest, and had an opportunity of putting Canada forward in his vigorous enthusiastic way. Mr. Chamberlain replied to the following effect when asked for a message to the Canadian people: "Don't for one moment suppose I, or those with me here, have abated one jot of our enthusiasm for an our determination to carry Imperialist reform. It is the one question for every thinking Englishman, and must and will win, probably more quickly than now seems possible. For the moment a big majority stands against us in the British parliament, but that big majority was only made possible by divergent causes and interests that cannot be reconciled and cannot hold together. At any rate, my battle cry is 'Tariff reform.' The movement was never fiercer of promise than now." Mr. Hosmer argued a visit to Canada, and Mr. Chamberlain replied: "Yes, I know how kind you Canadians are. I fully appreciate all you say, but you must see my chief work lies here, and just now is the British people that stand most in need of education in the big imperial issues at stake, and for the moment I must remain here and leave my colonial friends to continue to do their part in their own good way. We have the same great end in view."

People of Canada are Politically Asleep.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, of Vancouver, was in Montreal on his way to New York on Thursday, whome he called for England where he will, in conjunction with Sir Robert Findlay, prepare his side of the case in the famous Danvers will case. Sir Hibbert is acting for the mother of James Danvers, present Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia. The case will be argued in July. Speaking of politics, Sir Charles stated that he was still a good conservative and hoped to always be one, but he thought that the people seemed to be rather stargic in his province in regard to politics, and it is only about a week before the elections that any interest is manifested in affairs at all. "In fact," said Sir Charles Hibbert, "the people of the whole Dominion seem to be in a lethargic state as regards the political situation of the country, as may be gathered from the way in which the present federal government are spending public money, truly in a most extravagant fashion. The Liberals, I believe, are taking advantage of the fact that the people of the country are politically asleep. However, they will go on until something serious takes place and then the electors will wake up to the fact that it is time to take a hand in the affairs of their country. Increased indignity and pensions to ex-ministers, though I am one concerned in the class, is a specimen of the extravagance of the government, and, as I have said before, owing to the lethargy of the people, I believe this salary or pension could have been doubled, and no public interest would have been manifested against it. However, it is hard to believe that it is possible to arouse the interest of the people in the matter of \$200,000 or \$300,000 when no interest is taken in the tremendous and lavish expenditure which reaches a total of some eighty-nine million dollars."

The Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include Butter (fresh), Butter (sub), Calf skins, Ducks (per pair), Eggs, Fowls (per pair), Chickens (per pair), Flour (per cwt), Hides, Hay, Mutton (per lb), Oatmeal (per cwt), Potatoes (buyers prices), Pork, Sheep (per lb), Turkeys (per lb), Geese, Hired men, Straw.

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold by public Auction at the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of June, A. D. 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on Township Number Sixty-one, in King's County, aforesaid, bounded as follows: Commencing on the west side of St. Mary's Road in possession of the said John McCarthy and James McKeeney to land in possession of William McCompton; thence westerly along the same four chains and fifty links; thence south parallel to said western boundary to St. Mary's Road, aforesaid; and thence easterly along the same four chains and fifty links to the place of commencement, containing twenty-five (25) acres of land, a little more or less, and being the eastern moiety or half part of a farm of fifty acres for many years owned and occupied by James McKeeney.

The above sale is made pursuant to and by virtue of a power of sale contained in certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1903, and made between James McKeeney, of St. Mary's Road, Township Number Sixty-one, in King's County, Prince Edward Island, and thence easterly along the same four chains and fifty links to the place of commencement, containing twenty-five (25) acres of land, a little more or less, and being the eastern moiety or half part of a farm of fifty acres for many years owned and occupied by James McKeeney.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. Mathieson & MacDonald, Barristers, Charlottetown. Dated this 9th day of May, A. D. 1906. JAMES McMILLAN, WILLIAM BOYLE, JANE HYDE, Mortgages above named. May 16th, 1906—5

The Celebrated English Cocoa.

EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

A. A. McLean, K. C. — Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

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LIME!

We are now burning best quality of Lime at Kilns on St. Peter's Road, and can supply in large or small quantities for farming, building and white washing. Orders left at Office will be promptly attended to.

C. LYONS & CO

April 21, 1906—2i.

Minards' Liniment Cures Distemper

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

Carter's Seeds Grow,

And are for sale by the Merchants mentioned below. (We guarantee the quality of Seeds supplied to all these Merchants to be in every respect equal to that sold direct from our store.)

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CARTER & CO, Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S SEEDSMEN.

Charlottetown, May 16th, 1906—11

Calendar for May, 1906.

MOON'S PHASES.
First Quarter 14 3h. 7m. p. m.
Full Moon 21, 10. 10m. a. m.
Last Quarter 28, 3h. 3m. a. m.
New Moon 31, 4h. 1m. p. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat. Rows for each day of the month.

Our Lady of the Lamp.

Her maiden face so grave and sweet
Is full of gentle majesty;
From curl-crowned Head to dimpled Feet,

Her virgin hand that Lamp hath trimmed;
Beside its lustre, pure and mild,
Oft bath she wrought; with rays undimmed,

O gracious Lady of the Lamp!
We too, like Joseph, need thy light;
Our path is dim with shadows damp.

And when along the vale of Death,
We journey slowly to our home,
The "Home, sweet Home" of Christian faith,

Which rears afar its azure dome;
Ah, leaning from the window's height,
Swing forth thy Lamp across the gloom,

From "Carmina Mariana."
Ottawa Weekly Letter.
Right for Aylesworth.—Indecent for Fitzpatrick.

Sessional Indemnities Fully Discussed at Last.
"Hogging Lands" in the West.
Fake Entries.

A Daring Hold-up and Swindle.
A Government which Suppresses Facts by Garbling Reports and Falsifying Public Documents.

Blue Books That Cannot Be Trusted.
OTTAWA, MAY 12.
On Monday of this week the House by a straight party majority of forty-five, rejected the motion of Mr. Lennox.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula—
as ugly as ever since time immemorial.
It causes buncies in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as it has rid thousands.

BRITISH PRECEDENT.

It was shown by Mr. Lennox, Mr. Boyd and Mr. Stockton, that Mr. Aylesworth was taking a course unknown in Canada since Confederation.

The reasons against Mr. Aylesworth's conduct were ably presented. He is appearing before judges who owe their appointment to the Government of which he is a member, some of whom are eligible for promotion which he and his colleagues can give, all of whom have had their salaries recently raised by Government action, and all of whom Mr. Aylesworth may reward by commissions or other outside employment, or publish by unpleasant regulations or by enforced retirement.

AYLESWORTH'S DEFENSE.

These things do not move Mr. Aylesworth. With almost hysterical eloquence he denounced members who suggested that judges could be influenced by fear or favor. "I cry shame upon such an argument, shame that it should ever have been heard in the Legislative Hall of this or any country," he shouted.

ANOTHER MINISTER'S SENSE.

While the Minister of Justice did not condemn his colleague, he had this different statement to make for himself. "I say it would be indecent in the last degree, if I were to go into the courts and prosecute there, and the very minute I became Minister of Justice I ceased to practise."



For Your Protection

We place this label on every package of Scott's Emulsion. The man with a fish on his back is our trade-mark, and it is a guarantee that Scott's Emulsion will do all that is claimed for it.

Therefore, if Mr. Fitzpatrick is right, the appearance of Mr. Aylesworth in the courts, "is indecent in the last degree," and should be prevented by his "innate sense of decency."

THE JEWEL OF INCONSISTENCY.

In voting down the Lennox resolution, the House adopted an amendment moved by Mr. Fitzpatrick, that "Public business should have the first claim on the time and attention of every member of the government," and permanent officials should give to their duties their whole time and attention.

SALARIES, ANNUITIES AND INDEMNITIES.

The motion of the second reading of the bill concerning annuities to former Ministers, and indemnities to Senators and members of the Commons, was defeated on Wednesday by a vote of a hundred and sixty-seven to nine.

ALLOWANCE TO OPPOSITION LEADER.

The large increase to the Premier's salary was hardly mentioned. The salary of the Leader of the Opposition seems to be generally regarded here as a fair return for public work thrust upon him, and a step in the general public interest.

SESSIONAL INDEMNITIES.

For the first time parliament had a fair and public discussion of the question of sessional indemnity, or as Mr. Bourassa thinks it should be called, the salary of members of parliament. In the first place it has been shown that there is not an increase of a thousand dollars a year.

WESTERN LAND SCANDALS.

Mr. Ames, the member for the St. Antoine division of Montreal, gives his whole time to public service. That he works to good purpose was shown in the discussion which he introduced on Thursday.

DYSPEPSIA AND STOMACH DISORDERS

MAY BE QUICKLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED BY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Great opportunity for cheap land is afforded in homesteading. Over 15,000 homesteads, or 2,400,000 acres, on which entries were made, have neither been patented nor cancelled, though the law supposes that the entry is cancelled where the man who makes it, does not become a settler.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A box of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills will be sent free to any one who suffers from Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago or Neuralgia if they have never tried these pills before.

MUTILATED REPORTS.

Having gone this far, Mr. Ames produced sensational evidence that these frauds were known to the government and concealed deliberately from the public.

A FAKE BLUE BOOK.

But on Thursday Mr. Oliver's face took on a scarlet hue when he found that Mr. Ames knew what was in the blue-book and something more. Having asked the Minister whether he did not know of these land frauds, this "daring, cool-blooded hold-up and swindle," as described in a western Liberal paper, Mr. Ames received no answer.

SAUVEUR DUVAL.

The following epigrammatic quatrain was written by a well-known bachelor-poet in a lady's album:—"All honor to woman, the sweet-heart, the wife. The delight of the fireside by night and by day. Who never does anything wrong in her life, except when permitted to have her own way."

How Is Your Cold?

Every place you go you hear the same question asked. "Do you know that there is nothing as dangerous as a neglected cold? Do you know that a neglected cold will soon become Chronic Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Disgusting Catarrh and the most deadly of all, the 'White Plague,' Consumption. Many a life history would read differently if, on the first appearance of a cough, it had been remedied with"

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

This wonderful cough and cold medicine contains all those very pine principles which make the pine woods so valuable in the treatment of lung affections. Combined with this are Wild Cherry Bark and the soothing, heating and expectorant properties of other potent herbs and barks.

The Cut Of The Suit

Tells the taste of the tailor. The garments that strike your fancy may not be those that you should wear. In the mirror of the retail clothier you cannot see yourself as others see you.

GORDON & McLELLAN.

Tailors of Taste.
Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.
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Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Custom Tailoring!

Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc, etc.
We wish to direct your attention to our stock of NEW CLOTHS

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For SPRING WEAR. Our Cloths are imported from the very best manufacturers in England, Scotland and Ireland, and include

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FOR ALL SOILS.
Only Seeds of High Grade
as to PURITY and GERMANATION, are sold by us

Don't experiment with cheap Seed. Our Clovers, Timothy, Wheat, Peas, Corn, Vetches, Barley, &c., &c. are the best money can buy.

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This is our great American line of Women's Fine Shoes to sell for \$2.50 A Pair
The strongest line on earth, equal in style, fit and appearance to any shoes made; we have found their wearing qualities excellent.

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