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	Vol. 17.]	TORONTO CANADA, TH	URSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1891.	[No. 53.
SODS & CO., STREET. ATIVE ART.	STRICKLAND & SYMONS, ARCHITECTS. 11 and 12 Masonic Hall, Toronto Street, TORONTO, ONT. WALTEB R. STRICKLAND, WILLIAM L. SYMONS.	Chas. P. Lennox & Son,	Fine Funeral Goods. J. A. Gormaly, 751 QUEEN ST. WEST, TELEPHONE 1320. Toronto.	Furs <sub>F<sup>or</sup> -o- -o- Christmas.</sub>
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# Canadian Churchman.

#### TORONTO, THURSDAY, DEC. 31st, 1891.

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Lessons for Sundays and HolyDays. January 3rd .- 2nd SUNDAY AFTER CHRISTMAS Morning.-Isaiah 42, 16. Evening.-Isa. 43; or 44.

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CHUBCH LIBRARY FOR JAPAN.-Bishop Hare's appeal for a library for Trinity School, Tokyo, has met with a very fair response. Books have been flowing in streams to him from all parts of the Union; and already \$2,000 in money has been sent in. That is the way to do! If we wish to hit the moon, aim at the sun.

at its special function of impressing on the boys of America-" the child is father of the man "--the hard duties of "Temperance, Reverence and Chastity."

"LEAVE YOUR BROTHER-FREEMAN ALONE,' 'a phrase from one of the Khan's poems (our Canadian Bret Harte), splendidly recited by Colonel G. T. Denison, aptly sounds the keynote of our proper relations with the United States. They should "live and let live." Both lecture and poem should become Canadian classics.

"MOBALIZATION" OF PROPERTY.-Several bishops in England and America-notably those of Manchester, Ripon and New York-have recently, with a sort of unconscious "cerebration," treated their wealthy people to a view of the duties of wealth-owners and property-holders not often taken. It is more important to moralize than to equalize property.

PERIPATETIC PREACHERS.—The celebrated W. H Staunton, of St. Alban's, Holborn, is one of those excitable (and exciting) preachers who walk up and down the aisles. Once, at St. John the Divine, Kennington, an old lady became so alarmed at his vehemence (he got quite to the west door before he finished) that she rushed out crying, "I can't stand it any longer."

HISTORICAL CRITICISM AND DR. SCHLIEMANN.-The first gun fired against those impudent conclusions of "Higher Criticism" which have made the very term a byword, was fired when the intrepid German archæologist proved the substantial truth of his dear old Homer and Virgil. Other discoveries in other branches of archæology carried on the war which he began.

COPE, MITRE AND STAFF are thus justified by Bishop Ellicott as part of the Episcopal use :---" The Cope brought into prominence that canon of the Church which prescribed its use in their cathedral churches. The Mitre was an ancient symbol of the Church of Christ, and the Staff

WE WANT \$600,000 FOR MISSIONS ! is the bold demand of the American Board of Missions this year, though they closed last year with a debt of \$20,000. They surely have sublime courage and faith in the virtues of reaction and of venture. Still, the children's Lenten offerings last year amounted to no less than \$50,000. Now they ask for \$100,000 from the children.

THE CEDARS OF LEBANON-the survivors of the great forest of Solomon's days-are, as we learn from a correspondent of the Times, now in danger of extinction by Arabic vandals, who hack, cut and carve them apparently without let or hindrance. A society for the preservation of these natural monuments would be a good thing. They are almost as venerable as the "everlasting hills" themselves.

THE IRISH BISHOPS have met and discussed their Archbishop's action in the case of the Spanish ordination-result for the present, nil. The Guardian thus comments upon the proceedings :---"The persons least to be envied in the whole business are those of the Irish bishops who were either too indifferent or too timid to express so much as an opinion on the Archbishop of Dublin's action."

THE OXFORD MINIATURE BIBLE is about the smallest specimen that can be imagined : less than four inches by three and not an inch thick. The letterpress is perfectly legible, though necessarily formed in "diamond" type. Some former tiny editions have been printed on such very thin paper as to be almost illegible from the print on one side "showing through" to the other, and thereby confusing one's eyesight.

THE USE OF TONSILS has long been a puzzle to scientific men, and they have been cut out and burnt at will as useless obstructions-possibly vestiges of some former organ of life. Now, however, the Edinburgh Medical Journal proves the vestige theory unnecessary in the premises, holding that the tonsils are factories of white corpuscles for the blood, and guards against the attacks of innumer-

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EAST, WEAR HFORD'S AND SHOES, LY AT T E., TORONTO

THE VIALS FULL OF ODOURS have been misunder stood commonly enough, and no less a person than Phillips Brooks has slipped into the error of supposing that the vials contain the "prayers of the saints," whereas they are the prayers (Rev. v. 8) and contain those odours which are (Psalm cxli. 2) the symbols of Christ's merits.

"COLUMBA, THE MASS-PRIEST," quotes the Churchman (magazine) from the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle, " came to the Picts and converted them to the belief of Christ." Then it goes on to describe the singular use of Hy (Iona) to have a priest-abbot rather than bishop at its head; all Scotch bishops being under his authority.

THE AMERICAN MISSION SCHOOL IN ATHENS, founded by Dr. Hill sixty years ago, is prospering bravely nowadays under the care of Miss Muir, a converted Scotch Presbyterian. It is largely patronized and helped by Greek priests, and even by the Archimandrite Anthimous Mamsopoulos, who represents the Archbishop officially in this matter.

THE "IRON CROSS " GUILD-that striking American adaptation of English Church methods, has very much enlarged and improved its special organ, The Iron Cross, and works away manfully

symbolized duties, which he trusted he would ever bear in mind." So reports The Rock.

THE CLAY-TABLETS OF TEL-EL-AMARNA reveal the fact of a line of priest-kings as successors of Melchizedek. They tell us of "the God Salem whose temple stood on Mount Moriah." One priest Ebed-Tob by name, seems to have presided on Mount Moriah at Jerusalem about five centuries after Melchizedek and Abraham's days, about the time of the Exodus from Egypt.

BISHOP OXENDEN ON RITUALISTS .- The Bishop says that he is often filled with wonder at the ease with which very High Church Missioners lay aside " their special conventionalities and fanciful observances " and proclaim " Gospel truths as simply and as earnestly as their ' Evangelical ' brethren." Why should he fancy that they do not hold the essence as well as proclaim it?

AUSTRALASIA VERSUS "GENERAL" BOOTH.-The Trade and Labour organizations are up in arms against the Booth scheme as likely to prove a curse to the colonies. They propose to oppose the scheme as thus detrimental to the interests of the people-"resisting inch by inch and step by step any encroachment " on the dominion of industry in that "workingman's paradise."

able microbes of disease at the throat.

ROME'S TACTICS are well illustrated by the treatment of Old Catholics in Bavaria, where the Romanists have got the upper hand. Their policy is to deprive Protestants of all "glory, beauty and decency " in public worship and ritual-contrary to nature and Scripture-and so wean people of taste and sense away from this puritanism to their own bastard catholicity, under cover of their æsthetic and Scriptural style of worship.

ST. AIDAN, THE APOSTLE OF ENGLAND .- Mr. Green-Armytage, - whose pen does good service oftentimes for the Church, has lately directed attention to the way in which the fame of the Roman mission of Augustine (which failed) has been permitted to displace that of the great Bishop of Lindisfarne, who led a Celtic mission from Iona to Christianize England-and succeeded. Bishop Lightfoot claims him as the true "apostle of England."

THE AGGRIEVED PARISHIONER'S RIGHTS extend, it seems, to the right to leave the church if an obnoxious parson ascends the pulpit-at least, so it has been decided against the vicar, wardens and sidesmen of Darwen in the Blackburn County Court.

The officials had debarred the exit of a member of the congregation under such circumstances as being a "disturbance" of worship. The judge held that such disturbers were best absent and should be let go.

CHRISTMAS IN ALASKA is of a very different type —so far as natural surroundings can affect it from that which prevails in England or Canada. It is bad enough to have the thermometer ranging persistently below zero at an average of 15 de grees; but to have no sun in the sky from 7th December to 3rd January, must create very dismal Christmas holidays. Twilight, moonlight, or aurora-light can scarcely compensate for the absence of sunshine.

BISHOP OXENDEN ON "EVANGELICALISM." The venerable retired Bishop of Montreal has written and published his *Life's History*. Therein he describes his note that the Evangelicalism of his early life, much as it said about Christ's sacrifice, conversion, the work of the Holy Spirit, &c., ignored the *Church system*. "The view of the Church as a Corporate Body, called into existence by our Lord Himself, and employed by Him as the appointed agency to carry on His work, was scarcely recognized by them."

"ISLAND CHURCHES."—Canon Liddon is reported to have comforted the vicar of a church which had been for some years "boycotted" or isolated (by the Bishop refusing to hold a confirmation, &c.) by saying: "I find from history that the Church's cause has always triumphed most on islands rather than on the mainland." So it proved with this e iscopally-deserted parish, as the Bishop presently found out—for it had a phenomenal number of confirmees and communicants.

THE TELOOGOO SPIRITUAL HARVEST.—According to Father Bruce, writing in the Cowley Exangelist, there is a phenomenal movement in the Karnool district towards Christianity, and there is such a rush of catechumens that the missionaries despair of supplying the demand for catechists and priests. The prospect in the Madras presidency is inspiring and the Hindoo papers generally point admiringly to the practical effects of Christianity. "It is a sad reproval that either men or money should be wanting when there is such an urgent cry." ers being one d iller on lowing outs? The subject of one of these engravings is "Diana or Christ." from a painting by Edwin Long , that of the other is "Not to be Caught with Chaff, from a painting by Hetwood Hardy. These engravings are beau tifully executed on time plate paper, are very attractive, and the treatment of the subjects is suggestive. We feel that, in giving these premiums, we are offering a strong inducement to our Church people no longer to defer sending in their subscriptions, and for the trifling additional sum secure for their drawing rooms a 'picture worthy of a place there. See advectorment,

As we are nearing the end of the year, let every "Canadian Churchman" Subscriber whose subscription expires at New Year, renew without delay; also get some neighbour or friend to subscribe, and send fifty cents extra and get one of our beautiful tinted Engravings.

#### PARNELL AND MERCIER.

No apology is needed for linking together the names of these two men; it is even doubtful whether either of them - if aware of the union of names. would think it worth while resenting the proceed ing. They have both posed as "tribunes of the people," both assumed the leadership of a party calling itself "National " and priding itself in the assertion of race-rights the one Irish the other French. Then they have both - though in different ways-laid themselves open to serious charges of moral delinquency. They chose to smirch the purity of political life with gross personal and social evils to such an extent as to seriously dam age and destroy that reputation for singular amon patria, which had been their special boast. The most indulgent critic could not fail to say of each of them that he does not come out of the conse quent ordeal unscathed, and that the entirety of their devotion to unselfish purposes in life is not conspicuous any longer-even to those who once supposed them to be whole souled in that devotion.

#### THE ROMAN PRIESTHOOD.

Our purpose, however, is not to institute an

the Roman voice way in the case of Parnell, it would still have defied I rightsh public opinion if that of Ireland where temale chastity and the tender sanctity of the marriage bond have always been especially respected had not begun to utter grumblings, not loud indeed, but deep, at the unconscionable delay of the Roman hierarchy in vindicating public morality. Are French Cana dians less sensitive on the subject of political purity and honesty in business concerns " . Is the tinandial safety and integrity of their country less dear to them than the sanctity of the family circle has been to Irishmen ! We trow not ! We can not believe the unsophisticated habitans when they come to realize the enormity of Mercier's offence will seek to condone it. It will need more force than is contained in the Jesuit maxim "the end justifies the means to convince them that their priesthood can keep silence with impunity in the face of this national scandal.

#### "WHY AM I A CHURCHMAN ?"

DA THE RIGHT REALTHE HOSE ADDIDERT J. R. ANNON, D.C.L., BISHOF OF QUARDILLE

CHAPTER II. . Continued.

But that One Visible Bosty the Church has different functions, and may be regarded in different aspects. Indeed, Holy Scripture speaks of it under figures and similes that seem, at first sight, to convey almost contradictory ideas of its nature. Thus St. Paul speaks of the Church in the same epistle (Ephesians), in one place, as though it were essentially part of thrist. His body-necessary therefore to the completeness of His Being, for the Head is not complete without the Body (iv. 12-16, v. 23); while in another passage he speaks of it as though it were something *citernal* to Christ, something for which He gave Hunself and is preparing as His Bride (iv. 25, 27, 32.) Deeper thought enables us to reconcile these seemingly contradictory ideas in the profound mystery of the Church's true diverse character, as, at once, an external organization, and yet essentially a spiritual organization, the product and projection of the Incarnation.

So man is a spiritual being, "having an organized visible frame sustained by an unseen spirit. When the soul leaves the body it ceases to be a body and becomes a corpse." (J, H, Neuman.)

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CANON FARRAR AND BISHOP BUTLER are men with theological reputations of very different calibre, and it is refreshingly cool to find the former sitting in judgment on the latter. Bishop Butler *apropus* of Whitefield's claim of special "mission " from the Holy Ghost—had said "the pretending to extraordinary gifts and revelations from the Holy Ghost is a horrid thing." Farrar thinks this a very unchristian sentiment in the Bishop. He apparently does not *know* even that this very *pretending* has been the cause of schisms without number : whereas "God is not the author of confusion but of peace." His Spirit is promised to His Church.

#### PREMIUM.

We have the pleasure to announce that we are in a position to offer to all new and old subscribers for the CANADIAN CHURCHMAN the choice between two large ( $28 \times 22$  inches) beautiful tinted engravings, worth at least one dollar and fifty cents each, for the usual subscription price, and the additional sum of fifty cents, the total for the paper and the premium to our country subscrib-

exact comparison between the lives of the two quasi-patriots, or show how the "rise and fall " of reputation and public career in each is the same, substantially. We propose, rather, to direct attention to the way in which the great religious organization which has stood at the back of both alike, is itself put on trial, at least severely put to the test, by the closing phases of these two careers. The Church of Rome has had to face in each case the odium attached to charges of moral turpitude in their champion -- ' tool ' might be a better word. We all remember how the world stood aghast in the case of Parnell, at the shameful hesitancy and delay in passing Church sentence upon the delinquent; and how the look of horror turned to a smile of scorn when the thunderous tones of indignant English Protestantism only could produce a feeble and reluctant echo at last from the cavern of Romanism. Political expediency slowly gave way before the claims of moral sentiment which pervade that Empire which does not owe its religion, in any degree, to Rome.

#### FRENCH CANADIANISM,

as a nationality, is put upon its trial too—and, indeed, with it really rests the burden of responsibility in defining the issue in this question. We may be sure that even hesitating and reluctant as

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We may not so interpret one figure or simile as to make the others, that have equal sanction and authority, unrealities.

Probably one of the chief reasons why schisms and divisions in the Church are so lightly regarded in the present day is because the Church is too commonly thought of by good Churchmen merely as an external earthly organization, though it may be of Divine origin, and having spiritual ends, rather than in its essential character as the spiritual presentment of Christ Himself in all the power of His Incarnate Life, through the indwelling presence of the Holy Spirit.

1. First, then, it is necessary that we should realize the wonderful mystery that the Church was to be the representative of Christ on earth, or more accurately, the continuation of Christ's Incarnate Life, as His Body.

There is no title except that of the "Kingdom," by which the Church is more frequently spoken of in Holy Scripture than that of a "Body," a Body of which Christ is the Head—"The Body of Christ." See Rom. xii. 4; 1 Cor. xii. 12; Eph. i. 22, iv. 12, v. 23; Col. i. 18, ii. 19.

And so closely and intimately are the members of this body said to be connected with Christ, that 141. 1491

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### CANADIAN CHURCHMAN.

acts of mercy done to them are done to Christ Himself (St. Matt. xxx, 40), acts of persecution done to them are suffered by Himself (Acts ix, 4, 5); divisions made in the body are a dividing of Christ = Ts (Jacist divided  $\leq 1$  (1 Cor. i. 13.)

But, further, this Body is said to be the very " rulness of Him that all the all in all 1 (Eph. i. 23) Would it be possible for words to set forth more forcibly the mystical identity of the Church as the "Body," with Christ as the "Head," and the plenitude of grace and power which the Church possesses by virtue of that union ? .... It pleased the Father that in Christ all fulness should dwell (Col. i. 19), and "to sum up," i.e., to bring toge ther as in one Head, "all things for Himself in Christ" (Eph. i. 10) by His Incarnation, the union of Godhead and Manhood in One Person. And the fulness of the Head, of necessity, passes into and becomes the possession of the Body, and permeates all its living members. As Christ, then. had received " the 'fulness of God,' the aggregate of the Divine attributes, virtues, and energies from the Father, the Church receives all this from Him. and manifests it fo the to the world of men and angels " (Lu.c. Munde, p. 374). She has no fulness in horself, but receives all fulness by reason of her mystical alliance with the "Head." And we, as members of that one Body, " have all received of His fulness; and grace for grace " (St. John i. 16).

Thus, when the Church is spoken of as the Body of Christ, it is evidently meant that there is a most real though mystical oneness, that " Christ lives on in His Church as the Grace Dispenser," that " the Church is the exterior manifestation of Christ in all ages and everywhere," that it is " that without which the Head would be incomplete, the necessary organ for completing Christ's work on earth, that which the Holy Spirit takes as Its channel for manifesting to the world the very life of God. -(Origin and Development of Religions Belief : S. Baring Gould : and Lux Mundi,The Church).

From all this it follows, that

(1) The "marks" that have always been considered as distinguishing the true Church are no mere conventional tokens arbitrarily assigned by man, but are essential qualities of her being.

She must be One, for the One Head can have

Teacher from God the Revealer of the Truth? The Church is commissioned to go and *bach* all nations (St. Matt. xxviii, 19.) In order to be able to teach with authority, she must have the Truth, and therefore she is made the "pillar, and ground of the truth." (1 Tim, iii, 15).

Was Christ a Priest? His Body carries on His priestly powers. "As My Father hath sent Me, even so send I you. Whose soever sins ye remit, they are remitted unto them; and whose soever sins ye retain, they are retained." (St. John xx. 21, 23). "Do this in remembrance"—as a "memorial" "of Me." "Sacerdotalism, priestliness, is the prime element of her being." (Prof. Milligan, a Presbyterian, in *Expositor*, March, 1889). "She is the source of blessing to mankind, she pleads and intercedes and gives herself for all mankind" Christians, as a body, are "a royal priesthood." In the Eucharist the Church shows forth the Lord's Death till He come. (1 Cor. xi. 25; 1 Peter ii. 5). (Lux Mundi, p. 391.)

Was Christ a King, claiming obedience? Of His Kingdom there shall be no end. Christians, by their incorporation into the "mystical body" of Christ, are made Kings as well as Priests (Rev. i. 6). "If any man hear n t the Church let him be to there as a heathen man and a publican." (St. Matt. xviii, 17).

3. And once more it follows that all the Church does in Christ's Name is done by Christ Himself. He it is who baptizes; He it is who gives Absolution to the truly penitent; He it is—" Priest and Victim in the Eucharistic Feast"—who in the Blessed Sacrament of the Holy Communion gives to souls His Body and His Blood, and pleads the Sacrifice of Himself before the Eternal Father. He is in very deed, in all things, " the Minister of the true tabernacle " (Heb. viii. 2), ministering perpetually to men through His Body.

"The Church has a mouth given it by our Lord like His own mouth, to preach, instruct, bless, and absolve, in His Name; hands for almsgiving and every merciful work, and for administering the Sacraments; feet also to advance on the path of victory, "as an army with banners," putting evil spirits to flight, seeking out the lost and compelling them to come in." And the mouth, the hands, the feet, are those of the Lord Jesus, for she is "His body, the fulness of Him that fill-

God's great mercy at the threshing-floor of Ornan or Araunah the Jebusite; that the feeling was for inagnificence as due to God Himself, and as an object lesson to all surrounding nations, "who must not think meanly of what God's servants thought to be due to His service"; that his work of preparation was wholly unselfish, as he knew that another must reap the honour, and that he himself was kept back by his own unworthiness, and that the good we do does not die with us, and to the useful no life is a failure. But the whole volume is rich in mature thought, and no better present to a clergyman could be given at this season.

THE ENGLISH CANADIAN, TOronto (Vol. i., No. 2), makes a capital start, and should secure a wide patronage, as it appeals to the English sentiment and gives good value for five cents. It has a standing column of Prominent English Canadians, and in this weekly number there are a portrait and biographical notice of Supreme Grand President Richard Ivens, S.O.E.B.S.

RHYMES AFLOAT AND AFIELD. By William T. James. Toronto: W. T. James.

Despite some strong figures and archaic phrases, these rhymes are very pleasing and show no little power. They are mostly of a light and variorum character, and there they appear at their best. The sonnet presents conditions that are too confining, and is not so successful. We like the lines entitled "Cambria," "Lines to the Memory of Brave Men," and "Homeward Bound." The "Mariner's Prayer" is worth transcription as a fair example of the volume, and of the fine feeling of our author, whose portrait graces his poetry ;---

Great King of the Universe, mighty to save, For succour we supplicate Thee:

Protect Thou our ship from the wild winds that rave, And quell now the rage of the sea.

Thy chariot, the hurricane, who can withstand, When trample its coursers the main?

The spray from the billows, like dust from the land, Denotes where its pathway has lain.

The daylight is waning, and fearful are we, For perils the darkness betide.

O Pilot, the night is as day unto Thee; Stand Thou at the helm now and guide.

On anxious suspense, there are waiting at home To meet us, our children and wives ;

For them, in all weather, the ocean we roam And precious to them are our lives.

Then spare us from death 'midst the darkness and storm,

In safety the harbour to reach;

Stretch forth to our aid, O Almighty, Thine arm, And save us, we humbly beseech. THE OUTWARD AND VISIBLE SIGN; a New and Attractive Method of Teaching Religious Truths, and especially applied to the teaching The Church Catechism. A Manual for the use of Sunday School Teachers, etc. By the Rev. D. J. Caswell, B.D., Ph.B. Brantford, Canada: The Caswell Publishing Co. We have given particular care to the study of this Manual, which seems to follow the right method for interesting the young and deeply planting the germs of religious truth. It is acknowledged to be most difficult to make our Sunday schools to be of great value. The children come for a time, especially towards Christmas, and receive a hazy notion of Church teachings, and go out into the world to lose sight of it. By Mr. Caswell's plan the interest of the children is aroused and maintained, if the teacher is gifted with sympathy and a small share of teaching power, in which the imagination is a considerable factor in handling children. We, therefore, give the Manual our most entire commendation, and would advise our readers to attend a lecture of Mr. Caswell himself, when he is expounding his system. His notes on the symbolism in the architecture and services of the Church are excellent. But he appears to have omitted at least three, or even four, very important and didactic adjuncts in his plan of a complete church. Should not a church have as necessary furniture a font beside the door, a lectern near the reading desk, a Litany stool fo " the priests, the ministers of the Lord, between

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Nerman.) or simile as anction and

hy schisms ly regarded urch is too nen merely ough it may itual ends, s the spiritll the power indwelling

we should he Church n earth, or of Christ's

Kingdom," y spoken of y," a Body e Body of 12; Eph.

e members Christ, that but One Body, and One Life animates her.

She must be Holy, for He is Holy whose Spirit pervades her with His presence, and fills her with His fulness.

She must be Catholic, *i.e.*, spreading over all the world, and teaching all Truth, for He Who is her Head embraces all in His wide spreading love, and is Humself "The Truth."

She is, also, Apostolic, for hers is still that one and the same divine "Mission" to the world with which Christ her Head was "sent" of His Father —" As my Father hath sent Me, even so send I you."

"Unity, universality, and sanctity are only the characteristics of the Word manifested in the Church in which they are perpetuated. Christ also received a divine mission, and He is thus marked with the ministry of Apostleship, which, though transmitted from generation to generation from His hands, does not cease to be the sole priesthood of Christ continued through His Apostles. It is this prolongation of His sacerdotal office which constitutes the Apostolicity of the Church." (S. Baring-Gould, ut supra, p. 223.)

2. And further, the Church must possess and show forth the powers possessed by Christ while on earth.

Was Christ announced to be a Prophet-a

eth all in all."

#### **REVIEWS.**

SERMONS ON OLD TESTAMENT SUBJECTS. By Rev.
H. H. Liddon, D.D., D.C.L., LL.D., late Canon and Chancellor of St. Paul's. Price, 5s. Pp. 379. London: Longmans, Green & Co.; Toronto: Rowsell & Hutchison.

None can ever estimate the vast influence for good that Canon Liddon must have exerted in the pulpit of St. Paul's, and the Church will always welcome whatever has issued from his mind. These sermons differ from those that have preceded them in taking up a more historical aim. Doctrine, as such, is scarcely met with, although every sermon is felt to be saturated with its truth. Each sermon takes up some characteristic scene or person of the Old Testament, reviews it in the light of time, place and circumstances, weighs all the probable motives or conditions, and applies its permanent aspects to our present lives. In this way the Canon has discussed such topics as the Creation, the Egyptian Overthrow, the Attractions of Egypt, the Death of Aaron, the Blessing of Jael, David preparing for the Temple, the Fall of Solomon, Ahab at Naboth's vineyard, the virtue of Elisha's bones, etc.; the sermons number twenty-five in all. The character of the Psalmist is always an attractive study, and we see how Canon Liddon deals, with his Preparing for the Temple. David therein shows at some length that the motive was to express thankfulness for

the porch and the altar," and an altar cross as the centre of Church life? All these have their teaching force, and the Church has nothing to fear. If the cross is the bogus, it is as well to have some of the pretty crosses, shown in the Manual, openly to be seen and gloried in, as to smuggle them in away among the traceries of a window or the floriations of the monogram. The lectern is more than the pulpit, or at least co-ordinates with it, and the font is the symbol and means of our initiatory rite. What could be fuller of teaching than these?

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THE HISTORY OF MY LIFE; an Autobiography. By the Right Reverend Ashton Oxenden, D.D., formerly Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan of Canada. Pp. 264. London : Longmans, Green & Co.; Toronto: Rowsell & Hutchison. The facile pen of this writer, who is now aged eighty-three, has all its native power and kindly spirit. It gives a very pleasing sketch of the Bishop's life and surroundings, while it makes no attempt to enter into the theological movement which bulks so largely in English literature. The Bishop had as friends at Harrow, Cardinal Manning and Bishop Wordsworth, of St. Andrew's, and Mr. Gladstone was his contemporary at Oxford. He seems never to have been what is called "a reading man," and his life has, on the whole, led along very pleasant lines. After filling various posts in the Church of England, he was consecrated for the diocese of Montreal in Westminster Abbey in 1869, and came out to Montreal at once. His experience of Canadian life and work was entirely novel, and we enjoy above all his description of the episcopal work in visiting the shanties in the backwoods. He seems never to have had very robust health, yet he went to work in the right method and spirit, when he visited periodically the small country churches, as well as the large city ones, and made himself personally acquainted with both the needs and the persons of his extensive and often very inclement diocese. He was at home wherever he went, and it was the result, perhaps, of his own urbanity that he was everywhere so well received, We have a feeling of sincere pity and sympathy for him when he tells of the bumping as he crossed the swamps by some of our corduroy roads. On account of his health he left Canada with deepest regret on all sides, after only nine years' service, but we hope that he will long enjoy the happiness of a green old age on the shores of the Bay of Biscay. The volume would have been perfect if it had closed with a nice index of persons and places, as every historical book should do. We may quote a word as to clothing, now that the severity of winter approaches: "A buffalo coat is the best and cheapest protection, and especially if a fur of richer texture cannot be afforded. There is a little difference of opinion as to whether an overcoat with the fur inside or outside is the warmest. This difficult question was generally decided by the fact that our animal friends of the forest invariably wear their fur on the outside. And so the Canadians for the most part adopt the same practice " (p. 165).

form. When will English Churchmen awake to the importance of the press? Surely we have among ourselves ability sufficient to compete with any other denomination; but it seems that the sinews of war are lacking.

### Home & Foreign Church Lews PRON OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.

#### ONTARIO

BROCKVILLE.—Recently a large gathering as sembled in the Victoria Hall for the purpose of hearing a most eloquent address from the bishop. The venerable the Archdeacon of Kingston (St. Peter's) was in the chair, supported by the Lord Bishop of Algoma, the Rev. O. G. Dobbs (St. Paul's) Rev. J. H. Nimme (Holy Trinity), the Rev. F. Newham (St. Peter's), and his Honour Judge McDonald. The archdeacon in introducing the bishop, said he knew full well that all were willing to share with the diocese of Algoma the "few crumbs" we had in our own diocese. That diocese is the only one which is truly missionary, and which is the first child of the Canadian Church, and which is materially supported by the combined efforts of the settled dioceses of the upper and lower provinces of Canada. In a few words he called upon the bishop to address the meet ing. His lordship, in his characteristic, quiet, unostentatious manner, expressed his pleasure at so large a gathering. He would use the words of a Presbyterian minister to express himself as regards the subject he had to speak about, viz., that " missionary facts were the fuel to missionary fire." In well chosen words, which sent his message home to the heart, he dealt at length with the individual pioneers who were working under him. They were doing a brave, but terribly hard work, especially so among the Indians. Here his lordship gave several instances of the hardships and exposures endured by two or three clergy while working at Manitoulin Island, Michipi coten Island, Nepigon, etc. The lecture, which last ed an hour and a half, was fresh with new facts of interest from beginning to end, amusing anecdotes, instances of daring adventures by land and water, "pow-wows" with the Indians, quotations from prayers in the Ojibbeway Indian language, together with a huge map of the diocese over which all travelled in the mind's eye until the lecture closed. An offertory was made realizing about \$30. A resolution was put by Judge McDonald and was responded to most heartily. After a few more impressive words from the archdeacon and bishop, the meeting was closed with the doxology and benediotion.

#### TORONTO

Number of marks necessary to obtain a first class, 75 per cent.; number of marks necessary to obtain a second class. 50 per cent.; Number of marks neces. December 31st, 1891.

#### NCHOLARS (MELOND CLASS).

Mr. F. Smith, S. Philip's, Toronto	
Miss Gertrude Hill, Holy Trinity, Foronto	128
" H. Dean, S. Philip's,	
Annie Newton, All Saints	
A. P, Christ Church, Belleville	
Ellen M. McLeer, S. Matthew's, Toronto	118
<sup>11</sup> F. Moore, S. Philip's, <sup>11</sup>	116.
	110
Mr. W. J. Richards, S. Philip's,	104
	102
	100
	100

#### SCHOLARS (THIRD CLASS).

Miss	E. C. Tocque, S. Simon's, Toronto.	91
* *	B. P. , Christ Church, Belleville	н9
	Jessie M. Johnston, Strathroy	
4.8	Hannah Pearson, All Saints, Toronto	MAS
	E. P, Christ Church, Belleville.	66
	NATECOLARN (PANN).	
Miss	Minnie Young, Richmond, Que	58

" Grace Cl	eveland, "
(Signed)	J. FILLING SWEENY, D.D., Chairman S. S. Committee.
	E. W. SIBBALD, G. B. KIRKPATBICK, Examiners, S. G. Wood,

CHAS. E. INGLES, St. Alban's Cathedral. An event of some interest to the diocese took place at St. Alban's church last Sunday. It was the first ordination held by the bishop of Toronto in his new cathedral of St. Alban's. The choir is the only part of the building which is as yet completed, but the beauty of this portion of the work is unquestionable. A large congregation filled every part of the church. Morning prayer was said by Prof. Huntingford, the lessons being read by Rev. A. J. Broughall, the bishop's examining chaplain. After morning prayer a hymn was sung, during which the choir and clergy and the candidates for ordination entered in procession. At the end of the hymn the sermon, addressed to the candidates and to the congregation in general, was preached by Prof. William Clark, D. C. L. of Trinity College, who took his text from II. Timothy, ii. 15: "A workman that needeth not to be ashamed." After remarking that the writer of these words was himself a worker and the representative of the greatest worker the world had ever seen, he proceeded to speak of the nature of the work to be done by the Christian minister and the manner in which it could be done. It was a work, he said, which was done for the Church of Christ, and the essential part of it was the continuing of the work of Christ in making known God to men as a Father who loved them, and in drawing men to God through Jesus Christ. Yet it was not a merely individual work. It was a work for the church, for the community, for the parish. It was not merely for the gathering in of the lot, for the conversion of the sinful, but also for the edifying of the Body of Christ. In speaking of the manner in which the work should

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PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL LAYMAN'S HAND-BOOK. By an Ex-Churchwarden. Price, \$1.00. Toronto: Hart & Co. 1891.

We noticed the first edition of this book when it appeared a year or two ago. We are rather sorry to find that it has reached a second edition, enlarged, if not improved. This book is an attack, not merely upon a party in the Church, but upon the Church itself; not upon extreme opinions about the Prayer Book, but upon the undoubted meaning of the contents of the Prayer Book. It, therefore, does no credit to "an ex-churchwarden," but much the reverse. We can, however, confidently testify that Messrs. Hart have turned out a handsome volume.

METHODIST MAGAZINE (Monthly). ONWARD (Weekly). Toronto : William Briggs.

Both of these excellently conducted periodicals conclude their year and their volume in December. The Monthly Magazine is a credit to its editor, the learned Dr. Withrow, and to the denomination to which it belongs. Onward, a weekly paper for young people, is astonishingly good in matter and sary to obtain a third class, 35 per cent.; number of marks necessary to pass, 25 per cent.; maximum, 200. (100 on each paper.)

#### TEACHERS (FIRST CLASS.)

MARKS.

Miss	Η.	Sheppard, S. Philip's, Toronto	157
6.6	М.	Steele, Mission of Fairbank, Co. of York	152
6.6	Ι.	Moffatt, S. Thomas, Toronto	150

#### TEACHERS (SECOND CLASS)

Miss	E. M. Wilgress, Cobourg	141
6 6	Isabella Perry, Lloydtown	140
6.6	Mary Newton, All Saint's, Toronto	182
6.6	A, Christ Church, Belleville	182
6.6	M. Sheppard, S. Thomas, Toronto	180
4.4	F. E. Thomson, Lloydtown	130
6.6	F. Webber, S. Philip's, Toronto	122
Mrs.	F, Christ's Church, Belleville	120
6.6	Anne B. Lenfesty, Strathroy.	111
Miss	C, Christ Church, Belleville	100

#### TEACHERS (THIRD CLASS).

Miss	Caroline Ley, Cobourg	94
Mr. I	Richard Reynolds, Lloydtown	-90
M188	Eunice H. Simpson, Melbourne, Que	80
6.6	Elizabeth Simpson, "	80
4 6	F. Brown, S. Philip's, Toronto	77
Mrs.	B. Aylmer, Richmond, Que	74
6.6	B——, Christ Church, Belleville	70
	H 44 44	70
6.6	Hannah Reynolds, Lloydtown	69

#### TEACHERS (PASS).

Mrs. Selina Holland, Cobourg ...... 60

#### SCHOLARS (FIRST CLASS).

 part of the teacher, an undoubted faith in the truth of his message, a personal faith in the subject of his preaching, an entire consecration of himself to God, which must be shown in a loving, humble, earnest, gentle work for God among men. An arduous work, yet not impossible, for our sufficiency is of God. The candidates were Mr. H. V. Thompson, of Trinity College, who was ordained to the priesthood, and Mr. Cunningham, who was ordained to the diaconate. The whole service was of a deeply impressive character.

be done, he laid down that there must be, on the

St. Olave's-A very interesting entertainment was given by the Sunday scholars and friends on Tues-day evening, December 22nd. In the first part many good recitations, songs, readings, &c., were given and rapturously encored. The beautiful Christmas cantata, entitled "The Santa Claus Stocking Club," was given and delighted the large audience which filled the building. Mr. and Mrs. Santa Claus distributed the good things which hung from the heavy laden Christmas tree. Several valuable prizes were given to the most successful scholars. Miss Softley was presented with a purse of money in recognition of her valuable services as organist. The church was tastefully decorated with evergreens and suitable texts for the occasion. The Rev. H. Softley, in a few closing remarks, remindedhis hearers of the great cause for gratitude for all the blessings we enjoy, and in conclusion desired all to join in singing the doxology.

Christmas in Toronto could scarcely be called "green"—the mud is not that colour! The prevailing tint was, however, decidedly sombre, anything but white! Not a snowflake was to be seen. This, doubtless, had its effect in most of the churches, though not to the extent one might have fancied. December 81st, 1891.

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### CANADIAN CHURCHMAN.

The idea of *Christmas in church* is too deeply rooted in the Church of England conscience to enable either rain or mind to cause any very serious deflection or variation in traditional habit. Indeed, there were some churches where the congrepations are peculi arily zealous, where these obstacles serve to act as incentives and stimulants, if we may judge by the reports of music, flowers, greenings and smiling faces, as well as increased offerings. In those churches where the midnight service is in vogue, the commemorists assembled by the hundreds. Indeed, in several instances, this has become *the* service of the day, when music, members and enthusiasm are of the best that the place can afford. j

EAST TORONTO. - St. Sacurate. - On Tuesday, the 22nd inst., a very successful fancy fair, opened by E. E. A. Du Vernet, Esq., Toronto, was held in the Y. M. C. A. hall, in order that the proceeds might relieve the debt upon the new church. On the stalls was laid out a great variety of fancy goods, works of art, toys, provisions, and whatever was likely to suit the taste of old and young. The attendants were attired according to different nationalities, and throughout the evening the sales were intersporsed with a musical entertainment, in which the choir boys, under the able leadership of Mr. Wilson, and with Mr. H. Moor at the piano, took a prominent part, and were much applauded. The fair formed a centre of attraction for the whole community, and all denominations were very fairly represented, as they always are in a good cause. This and similar entertainments are the result of the energy and enthusiasm of the young people's society, and Dr. Gammack is to be complimented on having the co-operation of such willing assistants in his congregation.

COLBORNE. On Tuesday, December 22nd, we laid to rest in the quiet cemetery of Lakeport, one who for many years had played a leading part in the history of Colborne. In Scotland she would have been termed "the wife of the laird"; in England, "the lady of the manor." We Canadians regard her as the kindly, genial lady whose presence brought brightness to the village, as she daily interested herself in the welfare of one and all of its inhabitants. However we speak, all know and feel that a loss has been sustained by the death of Mrs. Donald Campbell which will be long and deeply felt, not only in her immediate circle, but by all in and around the village, near which she had made her home for more than twenty years. For some time Mrs. Campbell had interested herself heartily and perseveringly in buying and paying for a commodious rectory house for Trinity Church. As president of the Ladies' Aid, she, with a noble daughter, who delighted to carry out her every suggestion, bid defiance to every obstacle, and with others who bravely helped to carry on the work, not only undertook the parsonage payments, but collaterally worked for another debt which weighed heavily upon the parish. When suffering under her last illness, this brave woman still urged forward the work, saying that she hoped to live to see the parsonage free from debt, which, indeed, she did, and was able to rejoice with those around her in the fact of all indebtedness being wiped out, a little more than two weeks before she was called away. No monument, of whatever architectural skill, could so eloquently describe the " deeds, not words," of the lamented president and her co-workers than does the Rectory of Colborne. We shall see her no more, nor hear her cheery words of commendation at every attempted improvement, and her oft expressed wish that everything might be made comfortable for the inmates; but her "works do follow her," and cannot fail to perpetuate the kind remembrances which now fill all minds.

present, and having adverted to the time last year when an exchange of parishes having been contem plated, the congregation so unanimously expressed their desire that he should continue to labour among them, he regarded this as a fresh token of their esteem and affection, feelings which he fully reciprocated. He adverted to the fact that having been over sixteen years ministering to them, this was especially gratifying to him, as it showed that as the years sped ever more and more swiftly onward, the pastoral tie was being cemented more closely-that they were learning to know and understand one another better; and though they might at times see one another's faults, they were learning to throw over them the mantle of Christian love, and to appreciate the more one another's virtues. He ended by wishing to his congregation all Christmas joy, the joy of the services and sacraments of the Church, the joy of the home circle, and that they might ever thus re-echo more and more in their lives and conversation the angel song, "Glory to God in the highest, on earth peace, good will towards men." The evening passed away most pleasantly in music and social converse.

#### ALGOMA.

PORT CARLING .- The incumbent of the above mission wishes to state, for the benefit of the many kind friends interested in Port Carling and points adjacent, that the annual Xmas festival took place in Victoria Hall, Pt. Carling, on the evening of Monday, Dec. 21st, when the evening passed away very pleasantly, the following programme being dis-pensed: From 6 o'clock to 7.30, tea was served to the children of the three Sunday schools-Point Kaye, Gregory and Pt. Carling; also to the large circle of friends gathered, numbering over two hundred. From 7.45 to 9 o'clock the first part of the musical programme was listened to with the greatest attention and pleasure. Then after the carol, "Gather Around the Xmas-tree," was rendered by a choir of ten voices, Santa Claus entered, via the fire-place, and addressed the children on the origin and office of St. Nicholas. Then followed the distribution of the presents, which were numerous and very suitable, the children being greatly pleased. Then followed the second part of the musical de-partment. At 11 o'clock the proceedings were brought to a close by the audience rising and singing unitedly the National Anthem, this being followed by the invoking of God's blessing on the assembled audience of children and friends. Before the people separated Mr. Pooler moved a vote of thanks to the chairman, the Rev. Mr. Burt, for the pains taken by him in preparing so enjoyable a programme, and for the able way in which he presided over the meeting. Before closing, we, as a mission, would express our heartfelt thanks to the Bishop cf the Diocese in sending us an incumbent in our time of need, and also to the kind friends in St. James' and St. Peter's, Toronto, and St. James', London, Ont., for the presents sent by them for our S.S. children. The boxes from St. Peter's have not yet arrived, but were shipped some time ago, so we are still looking for them. If they arrive in time, the incumbent will distribute the contents on Xmas Eve to those chil-

and seventy-five clergymen and ministers of various denominations.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett is devoting a considerable part of the income she derives from her literary labours to the home for newsboys in Drury Lane, London, that she has founded to the memory of her dead son, the charming original of Little Lord Fauntleroy. The house is called "Lionel's Home."

Count Leo Tolstoi, assisted by two of his daughters, is organizing kitchens in the district of Demkoff for the famine stricken peasantry of that region. The Count believes that there is hardly sufficient grain in Russia to last until next harvest, and is urging on the Government the necessity of taking stock of all the breadstuffs in the Empire.

M. Renan has gone to the south of France, where he hopes to get rid of his rheumatism. The distinguished *litterateur* will, during his residence in the Midi, put the finishing touches to the fourth and last volume of the "Histoire d'Israel," which will finish his work on the origin of Christianity.

A reputed Irish centenarian has just passed away in the death of Julia Cronin, who resided at Ballymount, near Killarney. She is said to have reached the age of 115 years. This is the second centenarian who has died at Killarney within the past month.

The Bishop of Lichfield has intimated that he is prepared to hold confirmations on Sunday evenings where practicable and desirable. The Bishop likewise announces that, except in cases in which a title is given, he will not, as a rule, license curates until they have been at work for two months in the parish in which they propose to minister.

The Dean of Rochester is about to institute short simple services in the Nave of Rochester Cathedral on the first Sunday in each month, the services being specially intended for the working classes. The Bishop of Rochester and the Bishop of Southwark have consented to preach at the commencement of the series.

By the Sunday school children of America there have been built and equipped no fewer than four ships for sending missionaries to the South Seas. All four have been named the "Morning Star." The first three were wrecked, two of them going to pieces with the missionaries on board. The fourth has now been despatched. There was considerable difficulty in collecting a crew for her, sailors regarding the name as one of evil omen. The Sunday school children's subscriptions were limited to ten cents a-piece.

Hospital Sunday Fund.—At Tuesday meeting of the Council of the Hospital Sunday Fund, it was stated that the amount collected this year was  $\pounds 45$ ,-330, of which  $\pounds 36,310$  was received from 1,711 contributing congregations and  $\pounds 9,019$  from special donations and legacies, including  $\pounds 5,000$  from the late Duke of Cleveland and  $\pounds 1,000$  from Sir Savile Crossley, M.P. The total amount was  $\pounds 2,515$  in advance of any previous year. The annual meeting of the Fund was fixed for Monday, December 14th, at the Mansion House. Sunday, June 19th—the first after Trinity—was suggested as the date for Hospital Sunday next year.

#### NIAGARA.

HAMILTON.—Sunday morning an ordination service was held at Christ Church cathedral by Bishop Hamilton, assisted by Rev. E. P. Crawford, Rev. E. N. Bland, Canon Reid (Grimsby) and Venerable Archdeacon Dixon (Guelph). Rev. Maurice W. Britton was ordained as a priest and Mr. Aborn as a deacon. The sermon was preached by Rev. E. P. Crawford.

PORT DALHOUSIE.—On Tuesday evening, at the rectory, some of the members of the congregation visited Rev. Rural Dean Gribble, and presented him with a very handsome fur coat and foot-muff.— The address was read by Miss Brooks: "The congregation have much pleasure in presenting for your acceptance a robe and foot-muff, and now express the hope that you may be long spared to use them. They give you the kindest greetings of the season, and express their highest appreciation of your unremitting labours for their spiritual welfare." Fifty-five names of donors towards this testimonial were attached to the address. The Rural Dean, in his reply, expressed his great thankfulness for their valuable dren who kindly consented to wait for their rewards until that time. Thanks is also due to Mr. Goulding of Toronto for Xmas cards.

### British and Foreign.

At Lucknow, where so many were murdered during the Sepoy rebellion thirty years ago, two thousand children, nearly all of Hindu Mohammedan parentage, recently marched in a Sunday school procession.

It is said that the Constitution of the Christian Endeavour Society has been translated into the German, French, Swedish, Norwegian, Spanish, Chinese, Tamil and Fiji languages, and it is being translated into the Armenian, Turkish and other foreign tongues.

There is considerable suggestiveness in the fact that a young Jewess who has embraced Christianity has expressed a desire "to read church history to find out how and when Christians came to be so different from Christ." This is a question which every follower of the Saviour should prayerfully ponder.

Since the opening of the year, fifty Scandinavians from the United States, twenty-seven of them women, have arrived at Shanghai, to serve as "evangelists," in response to Hudson Taylor's call for a thousand to join the China Inland Mission.

An invitation to revisit Liverpool has been sent to Messrs. Moody and Sankey, signed by the Bishop The wife of Bishop Lewis, of Ontario, better known under her maiden name of Ada Leigh, is pleading for assistance to enable the Council of the British and American Mission Homes in Paris to erect a permanent home in that city for the benefit of English girls who work in Parisian shops. The original home in the Faubourg St. Honore has, in the course of eighteen years, become too small, and efforts are being made to erect a larger building on a site which the Mission has succeeded in acquiring. A sum of £15,000 will be required.

MILWAUKEE.—A service, in which the several city chapters of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew joined, was held in St. James' Church, the Rev. Edwin G. Richardson, rector, on the evening of the first Sunday in Advent, at which Bishop Nicholson was the preacher. The Bishop took for his text, "Ephraim is a cake not turned," and in the course of the sermon impressed upon the young men, especially, the great necessity for thoroughness in their daily and spiritual life.

A meeting was held in Stamford on Friday in Defence of the Church in Wales, at which the Dean of St. Asaph made a speech calling Churchmen in England to forward the movement in aid of the

Church in the Principality. On the proposition of Bishop Mitchison, seconded by the Dean of Stam ford, the following resolution was enthusiastically carried :- " That we English Churchmen in this meeting assembled, being conscious of the fact that the Church in Wales and the Church in England are one and the same Church, desire to express our earnest conviction that it is our bounden duty to resist all attacks, whenever and wheresoever made, which may lead to the disintegration of this Church.

The Dean of Worcester is announced to preside at the second anniversary of the Church Army Social Scheme, to be held next month at the Keusington Town Hall. This society has just secured another place in Marylebone, and is transforming it into one of the numerous Labour Homes which attempt to affect the characteristics and habits of men as indi viduals, than en masse as a class. In these homes every opportunity is afforded to become personally acquainted with the men. Ladies and gentlemen really desirous of helping (not with money) down right deserving cases, are always welcomed, especi ally if they will take the trouble to try and find the poor fellows work or suitable situations.

TOLEDO.-On Sunday, November 22, the bishop of the diocese visited Trinity Church, the Rev. Charles Scadding, rector, and dedicated the new reredos recently presented to the parish. This beautiful work of art comprises the entire treatment of the eastern wall. A new feature is the introduction of mosaic, with its wealth of ornament, in all parts possible, while carved oak, of rich and harmonious colour, has been used for the main lines of the construction. In the design the mosaic ornament of the lower side panels is continued in the three panels of the central reredos, being there elaborated by extra colour and pure gold, the symbolism becoming more important. On either side of the large central cusped panels are growths of lilies, symbols of " inno cence" and "purity," while the three angel figures in the centre, two kneeling and facing the standing figure in the middle, which holds the symbol of the Trinity in its hands, are emblematic of the three fold character of the Trinity, and thus symbolic of the name of the Church.

The Rev. Canon Knox Little gave an address to men at the Leeds Parish Church on Sunday afternoon. In these days, when Diocesan Conferences are discussing what is to be done to get men to church, it was an inspiring sight to see every nook and corner of "t'owd church " from which it was possible to see or hear, crowded with a congregation of men-men of the right sort, young men mostly, and men, too. no small number of whom apparently are not regular church-goers. Even more impressive was it to hear that great choir of male voices making the aisles of the edifice resound with the singing in unison of the noble "Old Hundredth." The address was a heart. searching plea for manliness in religion by one who, fired by the solemn memories of the place in which it was his privilege in old days to be allowed to preach, sought to arouse the hard-headed Yorkshire. men to be like the Northern barbarians from whose loins they sprang-who simply by the force of their love of truth, their virtue, their manliness, and their law-abidingness, swept away the greatest empire the world ever saw, because the Romans were, at the moment, untrue, unmanly, unlaw abiding, and impure. The Christian Church throughout all her changes-in her times of darkness and in her periods of triumph-had ever taught that goodness-the love of the right because it is right-is a prize above all human admiration, and beyond all objects of human desire. The desire to be present at the evening services, when Canon Knox Little again occupied the pulpit, was even greater than in the afternoon. The doors were besieged with people as early as five o'clock, and hundreds had to be sent away unable to enter the church.

close connection with the signature immediately below it. Will you allow me to inform those of them who may be puzzled by this curious theological ano maly that the whole responsibility rests with the printer. The copy placed in his hands read "Re quiescit in pace," " writ large," designedly, to prevent mistake. With the perversity usually to be found in that quarter, or speaking more charitably, with the intention, perhaps, of mending matters, he printed it "Requiescat"! The distinction is not one without a difference, and reminds us, on a very small scale, of the wide doctrinal gulf expressed by a single letter of the alphabet in a well known fourth E. ALGOMA century controversy.

#### Conference of the Clergy

Six, At the Annual Conference of the Clergy and Laity of the Deanery of Peel, to be held  $(D, V_{c})$  in Bolton on Wednesday, January 20th, it is proposed that papers be read on the following subject

" How best to make the Rural Decanal Chapters

- (a) Useful to the clergy :
- h) Helpful to the laity
- (c) Beneficial to the Church.

My object in making this public through your widely circulated paper is to ask any of your readers. who may be interested in the subject to kindly write a short e-say thereon, and if it be quite impossible to be present at the Conference, to forward the same to me ; it will be duly acknowledged and read at the meeting.

I may say that it is felt by many that the R. D. Chapters can be made a strong factor in streng hen ing and extending the Church in rural parts. It is just here where the Church falls behind numerically. and it is just here where something needs to be done Let us hear through these proposed essays what the remedy is. I may say a certain member of the Chapter has for some time been gathering information respecting the matter, and hopes some day to have a plan sufficiently matured to submit to the Synod of the diocese for consideration.

Who will help?

The Parsonage, Tullamore. Sec. R. D. P. Dec. 17th, 1891.

GEO B. MORLEY.

#### **Grateful Thanks**

SIR,-Will you kindly permit me to return my grateful thanks for the generous response that has been made to my appeal for funds for the rebuilding of the log church at Rutherglen (Mattawa Mission). which was demolished by a cyclone in July last? The re-erection of the church, with necessary im provements, cost more than we had calculated upon, and we are still a small sum behind. I doubt not that this will come. Most of the donations were accompanied by letters couched in terms of the most cheering Christian sympathy. The following is the list of donations received, and to each and every one of the contributors, and to the CANADIAN CHURCHMAN, I return a hearty "THANK YOU!"

H. E. Harcourt Vernon, Mrs. Fraser, "Well Wish

December 31st, 1891

" The Palace, Chester, Novemb r 6, 1891

"REVERSED ANY DEAR SIR. It is with sincere regret that I am compelled to decline the invitation. with which you have honoured me, to preside over the Foreign Missionary Conference to be held at the Wesleyan Chapel, Heaton Chapel, near Stockport. I need hardly say that I revere and almost envy the missionary devotion and enterprise of the varions Nonconformist bodies. But I am doeply convinced that any solid step towards rounion is impossible on the basis of that cuphemistically termed undenominationalism which is, I observe, adopted in your programme. I regard this undenominationalism. which is at present the one State paid religion in the country, as the great imposture of our day, the off spring of an unhailowed alliance between bad logic and worse theology, the Youngest Preteoder to religious supremacy, the smooth faced minion of a designing Secularism. At Stockport just now, in the notorious case of the Industrial School, it is revealing itself in its true character as the patron of religious intolerance and bigotry. With the stupendous exception of the Roman Catholic claims, there is perhaps no more formidable obstacle to the reunion of Christendom than this Fraukenstein, evoked by our ecclesiastico political empiricism. Nor is it easy to see how missionary zeal can long survive the influence of a system which, slowly perhaps but surely, takes all the colour out of religious belief. But the undenominational character of the Conference is not my only difficulty. The circular you were good enough to send me seems to assume what has aptly been termed the theory of 'Polychurchism.' From this, too, I must respectfully but firmly stand aloof. I cannot believe that the problems which vex us are to be solved by substituting for the ancient idea of One Holy Catholic Church the novel conception of a practically unlimited aggression of perpetually subdivid ing religious organizations. This is indeed ' to propose an "eirencion" by the concuption of a word and an idea. In conclusion, let me again assure you of my genuine and enthusiastic respect for the missionary work, in many of its aspects, of your own and other Nonconformist denominations. I fervently hope that the time my not be far distant when we may be enabled to co operate on the surer basis of the Catholic Faith and constitution as held and exemplified by the primitive and undivided Church .-I have, &c., "F. J. CENTR.

" The Rev. J. Crompton Sowerbutts.

#### Toronto Diocesan Mission Fund.

Sin, -- Now that our Diocesan Mission Fund is again depiorably falling off and totally insufficient for the needs of the Church, so that immediate steps must be taken to remedy the evil, it would seem desirable to state some of the causes which appear to have contributed to this lamentable state of things.

First and foremost, we have the lukewarmness of a large number of the clergy and laity for the mission cause, apparent to any one looking over Appendix D of the Synod Report, where we find that, notwithstanding it is importive that certain collections should be taken up yearly for diocesan missions, in many parishes and missions it is not done, and in very many others the amount contributed is so small as to prove clearly that the clergyman in charge could not earnestly have brought it before his people, or else that his people were miserably deficient in liberality. Do the members of our mission congregations ever call to mind that the grants they receive from the Mission Board are in many cases made up from the offerings of persons much poorer than themselves, and that they enjoy their church privileges in a measure from the charity of such persons? Again, in some town churches, as I understand, instead of the whole offertory being devoted to the special object appointed, only the amount above the average collection for general local purposes is given, so that if the attendance on the day from any cause be small, the amount for missions, or whatever the special object may be, is probably robbed to make up the average. I believe this wretched system is unknown in rural churches, the whole offertory being devoted, as it ought to be, to the special object. Again, it is noticed that there is an increase in "Domestic and Foreign" collections at the expense of our diocesan ones, although the stipends of the missionaries in the former are larger than many of our own receive; but certainly our liberality should begin at home, though not end there; in fact, it is not liberality at all, for we are actually robbing our own missionaries and buying a reputation at their expense. Another cause is, that Harvest Homes, the offertory of which is often devoted to local purposes, take precedence of Thanksgiving-day, and a great deal of energy being expended in making them attractive, the attendance and collections are much larger than on the latter; I see no reason why, because our neighbours in the United States have theirs in November, we need follow their example; no doubt our rulers on application would change the time to the latter part of September or beginning of October. Then again, it was most unfortunate that

### Correspondence.

- All Letters containing personal allusions will appear over the signature of the writer.
- We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.
- N. B .- If any one has a good thought, or a Christian sentiment, or has facts, or deductions from facts, useful to the Church, and to Churchmen, we would solicit their statement in brief and concise letters in this department.

#### "A" and "I."

SIR,-Some of your readers who subscribe to our little diocesan organ, the Algoma Missionary News, will doubtless be surprised to find, at the close of the first article in this month's issue, a brief Latin quotation which they had never expected to see in such

\$10 each; per Mrs. McLean, per Rev. F. W. Armstrong, \$6 each ; Major Mayne, Miss Patterson. Jas. Scott, Rev. V. Clementi, \$5 each; Rev. F. W. Samwell, Mrs. Chapman, £1 each ; H. S. Walkel, C. Dunlop, sen., \$3 each; Dr. Ruttan, J. H. Plummer, Rev. F. Powell, Rev. S. D. Hague, Ven. Archdeacon Bedford Jones, Miss Rice, Geo. Hallen, "Tithe payer," "Two Friends," Mrs. McLaren, "H," Miss Grier, S. Maynard Rogers, W. D. Forster, Miss Tomkins, \$2 each; Mrs. Strachan, Mrs. T. H. Stitt, A. Hoskin. Dr. F. Jackson, Rev. H. Pollard, Miss Livingston, Mrs. H. T. Evans, Mrs. Hamilton, Rev. Čanon Thorneloe, "Reader of C. C., H. Hammon, Mrs. Chilian Jones, "Two Girls," Mrs. Bliss, Mrs. Rob son, "R. M., ' Rev. R. J. Fothergill, Mrs. E. A. Kirkpatrick, E. Hallen, R. Hallen, Mrs. Gilmour, Miss Yielding, \$1 each.

ROBERT W. SAMWELL, Priest in charge Mattawa Mission. Mission House, Mattawa, Ont., Dec. 16, 1891.

#### Undenominationalism.

SIR,-I send the enclosed letter, from the Church Union Gazette, for insertion in your paper. It gives no uncertain sound. If some of our Canadian bishops were to take a leaf out of their brother of Chester's book, the Church of England in Canada would be understood by the people, and she would be more successful in gathering together the scattered forces of those "who profess and call themselves Christians.' P. E. C.

THE BISHOP OF CHESTER ON UNDENOMINATIONALISM.

The Bishop of Chester has addressed the follow ing reply to a Wesleyan minister who had invited him to preside over an "undenominational" mission ary meeting :-

31at, 1891.

#### mb r 6, 1891.

a with allogre the invitation, to preside over , bo hold at the icar Stockport. lineat envy the of the various eply convinced a impossible on ned undenomiopted in your minationalism, I religion in the ir day, the off woon bad logic retouder to re I minion of a l just now, in chool, it is res the patron of th the stupen. clauns, there is to the reunion cin, evoked by Nor in it cany urvive the in aps but surely. dief. But the aferci o is not re good enough as aptly been From this, tand aloof. | h vex us are to int idea of One stion of a prac ally subdivid ideed ' to pro of a word' and issure you of or the mission your own and I fervently tant when we urer basis of s held and exled Church. F. J. CENTR.

#### Fund.

Fund is again

ficient for the tte steps must eem desirable ppear to have things. ewarmness of y for the misg over Appenwe find that, certain collecesan missions, t done, and in led 18 so small an in charge re his people, y deficient in ission congreis they receive ases made up poorer than church privisuch persons? derstaud, invoted to the unt above the purposes is day from any s, or whatever ly robbed to tched system hole offertory pecial object. rease in "Doie expense of pends of the than many of erality should in fact, it is y robbing our ation at their rvest Homes, to local purg-day, and a making them ons are much ison why, be-States have eir example ; d change the beginning of ortunate that

December 31st, 1891

### CANADIAN CHURCHMAN.

one of our mission collections was diverted to ? Gen eral Purposes," heightened by the mounderstanding as to which it should be, at a time when the mission fund was so sadly in want of means. And, lastly, the large circulation, some years since not yet alto gether discontinued) of papers intended to mislead the less informed members of our Church, making them look with suspicion on the teachings of the larger number of our elergy, some of the clergy who hold the same one sidel view of Church doc trine as the authors of those papers also discouraging their people from contributing to diocesant mis 1008 The foregoing are the chief causes of the disease from which the Church is suffering; on carefuliy examining them, we shall see that the cure rests with ourselves. Let us all individually and codect ively set about it, if our love for the Church and the extension of Christ's kingdom, through His appointed means, is something more than a name . let us leave off slandering our brethren and exercise a little more charity towards them. Surely we can wish "God speed" to any efforts made to save the souls either of "High" or "Low," no one can deny that both, in many places, are God's means to that end let us all rejoice in that end, and strive to show more by our own lives and conversation that ours is the more excellent way. Let us rouse ourselves, both clergy and laity, from this Laodiceau lukewarmness, get our hearts engaged in the work, give up all ques tionable methods of raising money for God's service, teach and be taught, every one of us, to return unto Him a liberal portion of what He has entrusted us with, and that "proportionate giving" is the best and most Scriptural method of doing this. R. Orillia, Dec. 14th, 1891.

**Odessa Church** 

Str. Kindly allow me to bring the case of this church before your readers. The village of Olessa is situated almost in the very centre of the township of Ernestown, on the main road between Kingston and Napanee. In this old settled and populous township there was no place of worship for our Church of England members except at Bath in the extreme south, on the Bay of Quinte, ten miles from Odessa. For a great many years, off and on, services were held in a room over a drug store, both in its construction and means of access very ill-adapted for the purpose. When the Methodist bodies were united, they had no further use for the two large meeting houses in the village, and one of these, a good stone building, was offered for sale. The population of the township, one of the richest in Ontario, I may state here, is almost wholly Methodist, but in Odessa and other villages around are scattered members of the Church of England too long left as sheep having no shepherd. Having brought the state of things before our Mission Board three years ago, it was resolved to station for the first time a resident clergyman in Odessa, with a commission to travel all over the township and look after our people. The Rev. W. M. H. Quartermaine, a zealous young priest, went to work energetically, and before long gathered good congregations both in Odessa and other places. The success of his ministration soon suggested the propriety, almost the necessity, or having some better place of worship than the socalled hall, and encouraged by his Archdeacon, he began negotiations for the disused Methodist church. Opposition, I regret much to say, came from one quarter whence I least expected it, but it was from the most influential and wealthy family in the village. The grounds of this were of a personal and private nature, and it is not necessary to say more. The Church members, generally, however, sustained Mr. Quartermaine in his efforts; and eventually this building was purchased. It was sold at an extraordinary low price and on easy conditions. To have a large cut stone structure, with fine spire, good bell, well seated, furnished with chandeliers and other appointments, including the sheds at the rear-the whole originally erected at a cost of \$4,000, offered for \$900, and with time for the payment, did seem too good a chance to be lost. So the people, with the above named exception, subscribed for the first instalment of the purchase, and from friends in Kingston and the neighbourhood, Mr. Quartermaine collected sufficient money to make the necessary internal alterations and fit it up for our Church worship. Everything seemed going on well, when, most unfortunately, Mr. Quartermaine was permitted to remove from his post, leaving the burden of the debt to the few poor and scattered farmers and labourers who had backed him up, and to whom he had endeared himself during his two years' ministration. Resenting their clergyman's removal, the people withheld support from his successor, a very young and newly ordained deacon. After a few months' vain effort to conciliate, and unite the Church members, and overcome other difficulties, this gentleman was so discouraged that he left the Diocese altogether. Since then, for the last eight months all work has been stopped, and the Odessa church has been closed. I have omitted the men-

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tion of other unfortunate blunders and circumstances conducive to fa lune, to state broad facts. But here now the Church has possession of an excellent building on which about \$350 has been expended, and it is well worth this effort to secure it permanently

It is due to be Methodist body to say that, understanding our difficulties, they have treated us from first to list with great kindness and liberality, not pressing their claims for the payment of principal or interest due on the mortgage; and they are allowing us now full time to settle matters to the satisfaction of both parties.

At the recent meeting of our Mission Board, the case was fully discussed. It has been found that there was no fund that could legally be devoted or even loaned to the purchase of a building, and although the Board has voted a liberal grant to a missionary, as soon as he can be found, yet in the meanwhile it was felt that active steps should be taken without delay to have the property secured, and become the nucleus of renewed Church work in the township. These steps the Board requested me to take, and with scarcely an exception, all the members present encouraged the start of the subscription list by their contributions. All that is required is a sum of \$750 to discharge the whole debt. One gentleman has promised the last \$100. and since Nov. 25, other friends have sent me \$188, leaving \$462 to be made up. This I hope will soon be forthcoming. It will be a dire disgrace to us to have to surrender this building now that it is ours, and I regret to say that it is impossible under existing circumstances to hope for any appreciable amount from the Church members in the township. Our belief, however, is that this building will be the means of uniting the Churchmen all round, and that when they have a clergyman-some man who will go to stav-they will then be all the more willing to provide for his maintenance and that of the services, after the generous kindness shown them by their brethren outside. It remains for me to acknowledge, with many thanks, the following contributions or promised subscriptions :- \$10 each from his Honour Judge Wilkison, Major Mayne, R M.C., G. W. Wicksteed, Q.C., and the Archdeacon of Kingston; \$5 each from his Honour Judge McDonald, his Honour Judge Seukler, Lt.-Col. Matheson, R. Vashon Rogers, Q.C., E. A. Smythe, LL.D., Q.C., Major Wicksteed, E. I. B. Pense, Chancellor Walkem, Q.C., Miss Gildersleeve, W. H. Rowley, James Rosamond, Lt. Col. Irwin, Charles Magee, W. M. Matheson, Mrs. MacKay; also from the Archdeacon of Ottawa, Revs. Canons Burke and Spencer, Revs. Rural Deans Nesbitt, Bogert, Pollard and Carey, Revs. H. Auston, B. B. Smith, Stearne Tighe, D. Ford Bogert; and \$2 each from James Shannon, A. B. Broderick, and Rev. F. C. Powell.

T. BEDFORD-JONES, LL.D., Archdeacou of Kingston.

BROCKVILLE, Dec. 17, 1891.

### Notes and Queries.

SIB,-1. Are Paradise and Heaven one and the same place?

the world is being burnt and purified, and even the elements shall melt with the fervent heat; or how the Archangel is to proceed in making the Saviour known to the Jews either before or after or during the Apocalyptic millennium; or what is the object of a second judgment for the wicked, unless this judgment is to be a new edition of purgatory. When the teaching of the Creed is exhausted we may perhaps proceed to peculiar fancies, but life on the whole is too short and the hopes of rest too precious for our spiritual energy being taken up with what is not to profit in the full assurance of faith, and belongs to The Faith. That "we according to His promise, look for new heavens, and a new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness " (2 Pet. iii. 13), is undoubted, but it is not said that they are to be renewed, or that the earth is to be the new heaven ; they may both be a fresh creation, but we may as well wait before we commence to prophesy, for it is all mystery at the present time and must so remain until it is made plain by the facts or a fuller revelation. Advent yields a strong temptation to advance in eschatological speculations, but the Church Catholic has remained wonderfully reticent, and only the foolish will g, beyond what is written, and read into Scripture what the Spirit never put there. Ministers of other denominations are very fond of dabbling in such speculations, which form good topics for lectures to those who delight in them, but we doubt their moral and spiritual value.

### Sunday School Lesson.

#### 2nd Sunday after Christmas.

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Jan 3, 1892.

The Manifestation to the Gentiles.

This is a special lesson for the Epiphany Season. "*Epiphany*" means manifestation or making known, and this week we commemorate the manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

I. THE CONDITION OF THE GENTILES.

They were heathens, living in dense spiritual darkness, knowing nothing of the God Who made them, nor of the reasons for their existence. Some tried to please the gods they feared by offering human sacrifices, even their sons and their daughters, (Ps. cvi. 37), or by torturing themselves (I Kings xviii. 28). Others made gods of silver and gold, and then prayed to these senseless idols which could neither hear nor see. (Ps. cxv. 4-8). Death was a terror, a plunge into unknown darkness. They knew not that God loved them. We grow up in the light of the knowledge of His love, and it is such a familiar idea that we forget to wonder at it. The words, "God is love," must have been to them a wondrous revelation, dazzling, like a sudden burst of light to eyes long used to darkness.

As long before, in Egypt, " only the children of

2. When the spirit leaves the body, does it go to heaven and remain there until God bring it back to this earth after the earth is burnt and purified, where it will live a thousand years, and then the great Archangel will make the Saviour known to the Jews, and they will believe and be saved : after that will come the second judgment of the wicked?

#### INQUIRER.

Ans.-1. As the place of God's more immediate presence and glory, and that of where the spirits of the departed are prisoners of hope and await the resurrection, they are undoubtedly two and different. The latter is called Paradise as in St. Luke xxiii. 43, " l'oday shalt thou be with Me in Paradise "; and Hades, as in Acts ii. 31, "He seeing this before spake of the resurrection of Christ, that His soul was not left in hell (Hades), neither his flesh did see corruption." The fact is again pointed to by St. Peter, iii. 18, 19, "Being put to death in the flesh, but quickened by the spirit, by which also He went and preached unto the spirits in prison," (the Revised Version has "quickened in the spirit; in which," etc.) The medieval fad of Purgatory has wholly destroyed the beauty and proportions of the Church's doctrine regarding the Intermediate State, and also the primary notion of a judgment. In popular phrase all our friends go to heaven at once !

2. This second query refers to scraps of teaching that individual clergymen may present to their people, but the Prayer Book and the Church of England know nothing of them. Chiliasm or Millennarianism has been refused a place in her system, and its basis is too Apocalyptic to be trusted. The soul does not go at once from the body, but must await the judgment, unless the judgment is to be a mere pretence of administering justice. We do not exactly see where the unbelieving Jews are to be kept while Israel had light" (Ex. x. 23), but the prophets forefold the good time which was coming to the Gentile world. (Isa. xlix. 6). Now the Jews are in darkness, perhaps because they were so unwilling to share their privileges with the Gentiles. Let us take warning and shed abroad our light, lest our candlestick also be removed out of its place. (Rev. ii. 5).

II. THE MANIFESTATION TO THE WISE MEN.

They were probably accustomed to study the stars. Seeing a new one, they perhaps remembered the prophecy of Balaam, "There shall come a star out of Jacob" (Num. xxiv. 17). Eager to offer their homage to the long-looked for King, they hurried to Jerusalem, thinking that there He would be well known. After journeying so far to see the King of the Jews, it must have been a great surprise to find His own people ignorant of His existence. But the faith of the Magi in following the star, using all the knowledge they possessed, was rewarded by another revelation. Herod assisted them in their search, anxious to find his rival, and soon they had a "more sure word of prophecy" directing their steps to Bethlehem. Making use of this revelation they were again cheered by the light of the star. So God always helps those who make use of their opportunities.

Notice the great faith of the Wise Men which caused them to persevere under the difficulties and hardships of travel, undaunted by the apathy of the Jews and their indifference to the Messiah. In Bethlehem the trial of faith was even greater. Looking for a king, finding a little child, poor and

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helpless. Who could wonder if they had gone home disappointed, thinking the search had been in vain. But faith has grown stronger during the difficult journey, strengthened by use, and instead of turning away, they offered rich gifts to Him Who appeared so little able to appreciate them. We hear nothing more of these men after their return to their own country; perhaps they heard no more of the wonderful King until they met Him again after death. But surely they tried at least to hear of Him; they do not seem like men who would give up easily; and at least they could prepare the way for Christianity in their own country.

#### III. A LIGHT TO LIGHTEN THE GENTILES.

The Gentiles must receive the light provided for them. That light has been passed on to us, we are bound to pass it on to others. Christ has enlightened the Church that it may give light to all the world. If we dare to hide the light under a bushel, what excuse can we make? We ourselves belong to the Gentile world. Imagine what that world would be now, without Christianity! Even those who deny its truth share in many of its blessings. This is a missionary season, the "Epiphany Appeal" comes to all; those who have no money can pray "Thy Kingdom come," and prayer can do more than money. But remember this, earnest prayer for missions will always, whenever possible, be accompanied by earnest effort.

Family Reading.

#### "Changed Lots; or, Nobody Cares.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

#### (Continued.)

She was constantly recognizing things she had been accustomed to use or see around her in the windows, and when she called them by their right names or explained their uses to Jem, he listened with admiration and amazement; and what "Missie" said soon became a matter of consequence and interest among the boys and girls in the encampment.

True to her dislike of asking alms, Nance never made "Lil" sing unless the family were really in want, and the child always complied with an effort, shedding bitter tears sometimes before starting out when she knew that she would have to do it; and bitterly complaining at being "made to be a beggar."

Nance never scolded her darling, but would take her in her arms and pet and praise her, and Dorothy knowing that mother and Jem were more hungry even than she was, could never hold out against the entreaty to sing just once more, and grew all unwittingly less selfish in her thoughts, and deeds, and words, each day. Only one song she could remember, and this she sang with sweetness and strength of voice which always caused surprise to her auditors, and brought a rich reward in the sum collected. At last one day, as suddenly as she had remembered the song, a hymn she had been taught at one time of her life came all unbidden to her mind, and she warbled with pathetic intonation : "There is a green hill far away, without a city wall." No word failed her, each fell from her lips with crystal distinctness, and long before the hymn was ended a little crowd had collected round her. Many were the questions showered upon Dorothy that evening both by Nance and Jem. Where had she heard that song? What was it about? "It's about somebody who was very good and who died for us, wicked people killed him," was all that Dorothy could explain ; she too was puzzled and bewildered by the rush of memories that had come with the familiar words.

surly : they said they wanted no one "poking round them," and when the clergyman asked if they would let their children come to Sunday school the following day they refused point blank.

Dorothy was listening, and, actuated as much by contradiction to Joe as anything else, she ran up to the gentleman and said she would come if she might bring Jem too.

"Come and you shall sing some more hymns; you have a beautiful voice; you are the little girl I was looking for," replied the clergyman, wondering how this little wanderer spoke with such perfect correctness.

Jem always wished to do anything "Missie wished, so Nance sat up half the night, to tack up the rents of the week, and on Sunday afternoon the gipsy children stood at the door of a big schoolroom, both neat and clean, watching wistfully the constant stream of well dressed children that were pouring in, while a bell rang sharply.

It almost drove them away to find they must go into different rooms, but their frien l of the even ing before, coming up at this moment with kind words of welcome, they conquered their shyness. The clergyman took the lame boy, whose hand some eager face filled him with sudden interest, to his cwn class, seating him beside him; and the afternoon was indeed an era to poor Jem.

Dorothy, too, was seated next her teacher, and the lady who placed her there said. "This is a little stranger. I fear she can't read, but I'm sure she will listen quietly."

And truly Dorothy listened from the time the lesson began; everything else was forgotten in the effort to hear each word; for the lady was talking about the Angels, who did God's will, watching round us day by day unseen.

The other children fidgeted and whispered at intervals, but Dorothy's eyes never left her teacher's face, while question after question rose to her lips.

At last she could keep silence no longer

"Are the Angels like the fairies ?" she asked eagerly.

"What do you mean, my dear?" questioned the lady, in great surprise.

"Can they change themselves into people like fairies do?" continued Dorothy eagerly, quite heed less of the titter that went round the class.

"Hush, no, you must not talk about such nonsense in school," said the lady reprovingly. "I have been telling you about God's beautiful Angels, there are no such things as fairies."

The tone of what seemed to be unjust censure, and the laugh of the other children, roused Dorothy's temper, and she said boldly.

Yes, there are fairies. I know there are 1 have seen one, and I have read about them.

"Hush, be silent, little girl, you must not be

can judge or accuse the other, for both partake of each other's sins. If the priests are evil or careless, it is because the people pray not for them; if the people fall away, it is because the priests have not prayed and watched for them.

... We complain of the want of bishops and clergy, we complain of their great feebleness, and, of what is worse, we complain of the crippled condition of the Church; of thousands and tens of thousands daily perishing for lack of knowledge and from the deficiencies of pastoral energy and care ; but they who thus complain do not consider how much of all this remains at their own door; for no doubt the real cause which lies at the bottom of all this is that the people do not pray, do not pray as they are required to do for their own pastor, and for their own bishop, and for the Church generally, that the ministers and stewards of Christ's mysteries may prepare the way before Him. For how did our Lord Himself meet their great want when He was moved with compassion at the sight? His words were Pray ye the Lord of the harvest. He knew of no other way but this, neither shall we find it." Joac Williams,

#### His First and Last Earnings

Only a sixpence, its once bright face grown worn and dim through its travels in the busy world before it was put carefully away in the mother's workbox. And you wonder why she treasures it so, and why her eyes fill with tears as they light on its familiar face '. Ah' many years have passed away since the Christmas Eve when that mother sat at work in the one poor room she called "home." Fast falling tears hindered the progress of the needle and thread that night, as she thought of the brave young husband who had been with her last Christmastide, and who had gone forth to die for Queen and country, leaving her, poor and friendless, to fight for herself and her three little ones in the world.

"Oh, Frank, my husband," she moaned. "Why could not we die too? "Life is so hard, so dreary, without you."

She hardly knew she uttered her thoughts aloud till she felt a little arm around her neck, and a curly, golden head pressed against her cheek. "Oh, mammy, don't cry' I'll work for you, mammy dear."

"I'm not rery little, mammy. I shall be six very soon, and daddy told me the day he went away that I must be a little man, and take care of you till he came back, and he never will come now, because he has gone to live with God, you know; so I ought to work for mammy instead."

After this Nance and Jem thought Lil more wonderful than ever, while old Danny shook his head wisely and said : "She must have come of singing people and no mistake; she's worth her weight in gold."

A young clergyman was among Dorothy's audience one afternoon, and making enquiries as to who the child was, he heard of the encampment, and a few days later visited it.

It was Saturday evening. Joe and the other men had been drinking and were inclined to be rude; you came to school to listen, not to talk, said the teacher rather sharply.

When it came Dorothy's turn to read a verse out of the Bible, she had hardly recovered her temper and tears were in her eyes; she could only read a few words slowly and stumblingly; that she could read at all was a surprise to her teacher.

That night the remembrance of the prayers she used to say came back to her for the first time as she lay thinking of what the lady had said about the Angels, and she repeated all the words she could remember.

The following Sunday she was ill with a feverish cold, and Jem went to school alone.

Somebody said that afternoon that there was sickness in the Gipsy encampment, and Jem was sorely disappointed to be told he was not to come again; but those two Sundays made a great change in the lame boy's life, for they decided him on learning to read, and he soon found a night school in the town where he was made welcome.

To be Continued.

#### An Advent Lesson.

How great must be the charge of those who are shepherds of that flock which Christ prizes so dear, the least of which are to Him as the apple of His eye! how great the responsibility of those who dispense Has mysteries, and prepare all men to meet Him in the terrible judgment!

"But priests and people are bound up in one lot; they both must fall or stand together : neither "So you shall, Willie dear, when you are a little older," and the mother returned to her work with a lightened heart, thanking God her brave little son was left to comfort her still.

When he was a little older," mother had said, but, Willie was not satisfied. She wanted help now, he was sure of that. Was there nothing he could do? Mother liked to hear him sing the hymns and songs he learnt at school; teacher, too, had taken notice of the baby voice that sounded clear and sweet above those of the other children. Couldn't he sing a Christmas carol, like boys he knew, and earn some pennies for mother? Yes, he might do that, he thought, but mother must not know, because that would spoil the glad surprise he meant to give her when he poured into her lap the pennies he had earned.

So, softly down the dark, steep staircase crept, the baby feet; into the busy, crowded streets went little Willie, "to work for mammy."

Sweetly the Christmas hymns rang in his childish treble on the clear night air, but many who marvelled at the beauty of the little singer's voice, thought it not their duty to leave for a moment their warm firesides to help and pity the child outside. Poor, wee Willie, his brave heart failed him as he passed from house to house unrewarded, and the baby lips were trembling, and the blue eyes filling with tears, when suddenly a door opened and a lady and gentleman came out.

"What a baby!" exclaimed the latter, as his eye fell on Willie.

31st, 1891.

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### CANADIAN CHURCHMAN.

"I'm not a baby," faltered the child, lifting his beseeching eyes to the speaker's face, "And I'm working for mammy."

"Just the size our Hughie would have been, whispered the lady, and the gentleman, pressing a sixpence into the little hand, bade. Willie run home to his mother.

With his heart full of delight and pride, the child ran along the busy streets, clasping his first earnings in his hand. "How pleased mother would be," he thought, as he treaded his way amid the throng of foot passengers and vehicles. "She would know he was not too little to work for her now." and then there came a sharp, sudden blow, a child's cry of pain, and Willie knew no more.

"It is a doctor," said the crowd, and made way for the gentleman who had bestowed the sixpence on Willies. He pressed towards the quiet little form, and, raising it tenderly in his arms, stroked back the clustering curls that concealed the cruel mark left by the horse's hoofs on the white forehead. Then slowly the blue eyes unclosed and the tiny hand unclasped, revealing the treasured coin it had held safely through all. "For mammy," came the whispered words, then the white lids fluttered down, and Willie was with God.

Brighter days have dawned for Willie's mother, help, of which he never knew on earth came to her through the carol her darling sang, and she treasures that sixpence still—the first and last earnings of her angel child.

#### In a Strong Financial Position.

A concern can produce its best work only when it is in a strong financial position, out of debt and free from worry. Our contemporary, the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, is in just such a position. It is firmly established in magnificent new buildings, equipped with splendid new plant, costing quarter of a million of dollars, the result of years of increasing prosperity. The Family Herald and Weekly Star is a great paper, and deserves its gigantic success.

#### Hidden Carving

That is an old story of the Grecian sculptor, who, charged with adorning a lofty temple, was chided by his employers because he fashioned the upper surface of the capitals which surmounted his pillars with the same exquisite handiwork and elaborate care which he bestowed on the carvings within reach of every visitor who might stand on the pavement.

" The rest is for you."

Then he ran to buy the little fro-ted cake for his sister. Kitty gave him some of it, and as they were eating it, he said ;

" I wish that lady knew."

And then he thought how glad he was that he had "worked away." instead of giving up.

#### On a Child's Prayer.

Now I lay me." Thought how sweet In weakness is His strength complete! "Down to sleep." Heaven's hosts are nigh. Angel of God encampeth by. "I pray Thee, Lord." Attent His ear: The God of Samuel waiteth near. "My soul to keep." What can compare With this committed to His care?

Thus in sweet faith the child form kneels. A hallowed hush the heart o'er steals. The Shepherd bends from throne above This lamb to guard in fold of love.

" If I should die." To one and all, Or young, or old—will come Death's call. "Before I wake." Sweet, blest repose, Resting pillowed on "Jesus knows." "I pray Thee, Lord." He would be sought; "Who early seek, will find," He taught. "My soul to take." 'Twill ever be, "Suffer the children to come to Me."

> We almost hear the Christ-voice teach-We almost see His arms outreach-Love, might and majesty divine, That with this child-prayer intertwine.

#### **Receipts for Sunshine in the Soul**.

1. Look at your mercies with both eyes, and at your troubles and trials with only half an eye.

2. Study contentment. Keep down the accursed spirit of grasping; "what they don't have" makes thousands wretched.

3. Keep at some work of usefulness. Work for Christ brings heart health.

4. Keep your heart's windows always open towards heaven. Let the blessed light of Jesus' countenance shine in. It will turn tears to rainbows. This last receipt is the best one. It is all very well to say, "Do right and you'll be happy," but there is something more than that needed. We must let the spring of our lives be in Christ, letting His Spirit guide us in all we do.—Theodore L. Cuyler.

#### Give Home Your Best.

The responsibility of giving the best of one's self to the home does not devolve solely upon the parents, but upon the older children as well. A daughter has no right to be full of animation when invited to tea at a friend's house, and to indulge only in monosyllables at the home table whenever she happens "not to feel like talking." She is bound to contribute something to the pleasure of the family circle, those whom she really loves better than anybody in the wide world, but for whose pleasure she is too indolent, or thoughtless, to bestir herself. There are boys who are the "life" of social gatherings, yet who never deign to entertain father and mother, or brothers and sisters, with an account of their good times. Only by dint of persistent questioning can the lips of these mutes at home be unsealed. They never proffer any racy recital of experiences to the household. They neglect to say "good night" or "good morning." They do not think it "worth while " to show any affection to other members of the family. The parents are not always to blame for this unsocial spirit. Perhaps they are making great sacrifices to win a son or daughter to express more love and interest for the home. The matter should be laid upon the consciences of these older boys and girls. They must bring themselves out of this essentially selfish attitude.

#### Hints to Housekeepers.

OLD VIRGINIA WAFFLES.—Mix a quart of milk and six tablespoonfuls of flour with two tablespoonfuls of sifted corn-meal; add a tablespoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of melted butter. Lastly add three eggs, beaten very light. Bake immediately in well greased waffle-irons.

SALLY LUNN.—Mix a quart of flour with a tablespoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of sugar, in which rub a tablespoonful of butter and an Irish potato, mashed fine; add half a teacup of yeast and three well beaten eggs, with warm water to make a soft dough. Knead half an hour. Let rise, handle lightly, put in a cake mould and bake in a hot oven.

IT SELDOM FAILS.—Dear Sirs,—I took two bottles of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, and it cured me of hoarseness and tightness of the chest after other things had failed. I have also tried B.B.B.; it works splendidly for weakness and headache. Samuel Maddock, Beamsville, Ont.

DELICIOUS CREAM MUFFINS.—Beat the whites and yelks of four eggs separately. Mix half a pint of cream and an ounce of butter Add slowly one pint of flour, pour in muffin-rings, and bake yery quickly.

New SARUM Notes.—Dear Sirs,—I have used six bottles of B.B.B. I took it for liver complaint. Before I took it I had headache and felt stupid all the time, but now I am healthy and entirely well. In addition I have a good appetite, which I did not have previously. Libbie Pound, New Sarum, Ontario.

FRAGRANT SOUTHERN RUSKS.—Sift a quart of flour; in the centre of it put two cups of sugar, one of lard and butter each; two beaten eggs, two cups of milk, a pint of yeast, and one grated nutmeg. Mix all together, work well, and set to rise. When light make in small rolls, work over with butter and sugar, let rise again and bake.

OLD VIRGINIA LOAF BREAD.—Boil one large Irish potato until done, peel and mash fine, add a little cold water to soften it, stir into it a teaspoonful of brown sugar, a tablespoonful of lard and threetablespoonfuls of hop yeast. Mix all the ingredients thoroughly, and put the sponge in a close jar, cover and let stand several hours to rise. Sift into the tray three pints of flour, to which add a spoonful of salt, then pour the sponge in, with enough cold water to work into a stiff dough; knead until smooth, and let stand over night to rise. In the morning work in flour to keep from sticking to the hands. Allow it to rise one hour, and bake.

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you are a to her work d her brave

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aircase crept, streets went

in his childit many who inger's voice, or a moment he child outheart failed unrewarded, nd the blue a door openit. They said to him, "Why do you waste your skill where no human eye can ever behold it? Only the birds of the air can perch in such a place."

The sculptor raised his eyes, lifted for a moment his chisel from the stone, and replied, "The gods will see it," and resumed his task.

Old story as it is, it carries a lesson to those who are beginning their life work. Not only is God's eye watching your hidden carving; some day it may—yes, it will—stand forth in full light to your honour or confusion.

#### Work Away.

Jim was a poor newsboy. He wanted to buy a cake for his little sister, because it was her birthday. But if he sold all his papers, he would not have any money to spare; his mother needed it, for she was poor.

"I wish I could raise three cents extra," he said to Will, his little comrade.

"Work away, then," answered Will, and ran off crying his papers.

Jim ran off shouting his also. He sold a good many of them, and when he was tired, Will's words, "Work away," would come back to him, and he would go on again.

It was beginning to grow dark when he went into a horse-car. All the people in it had papers or shook their heads at him, except one young lady. She looked at the little boy and bought a paper of him. It cost one cent. She handed him a five-cent piece. Jim was going to hand her the change when she smiled at him and said :-- -Let kindness and patience and all charity rule in all the departments of our work. If there is any excellence of character or sweetness of spirit, let it shine forth from the young. Who says that these are the peculiar virtues of age? Was it a young [man or an old that Paul set forth as "an example of the believer in word, in conversation, in charity, in spirit, in faith, in purity"?

SALT RISEN BREAD .--- Into a pitcher, put one teacupful of milk fresh from the cow, two teacupfuls of boiling water, one tablespoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt; into this stir a little less than a quart of flour. Set the pitcher in a kettle of moderately warm water and keep it at a uniform temperature ; cover the mouth of the pitcher with a towel. Set the kettle were the water will keep warm. Let it stand three hours, then beat up well, after which do not disturb it. In two hours it should be light. Have ready two quarts of flour, half a tablespoonful of lard, and a teaspoonful of salt. Pour in the yeast, to which, if not sufficient, add warm water to make dough. Knead well, mould in loaves, put in greased pan, set in a warm oven to rise; after which bake slowly.

FOR PAIN OR COLDS.—Gents,- Fifteen months ago I had a bealing breast. I tried a number of remedies but got no relief. I then tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which gave me instant relief. It is the best thing I ever used for all kinds of pain or cold. Mrs. John Corbett, St. Marys, Ont.

-An old man once said that it took him forty years to learn three simple things. The first was that he couldn't do anything to save himself; the second was, that God didn't expect him to; and the third was that Christ had done it all, and all he had to do was to accept of the accomplished fact.



**BABY'S** 

Hang up the baby s stos king

The dear little dimpled daring

And he orened his big blue eves in sure he fully expects it.

Yes, even Baby's requirements have

not been overlooked by us. Here's

our evidence ! Sterling Silver Spoons

from \$1 to \$6 each Gold Rings

ever so tiny from 60c. to \$5 each

Dress Buttons The to \$5 per set. Bib

Pius 40c. to \$10 e ch. Rattles 71c, to

\$15 each, Silver Cups \$1 to \$25 each.

Knife, Fork and Spoon sets The to

\$12 each , Silver Thimbles Powder

Boxes, Necklets, Hair Brushes,

Lockets, Bowls, Food Pushers, and

innumerable other lines admirably

adapted for Baby. If we can do this

much for the children, you may

imagine what can be done for the

children of larger growth We will

not attempt to enumerate the really

choice articles we show for all ages

and conditions of life, but wish you

would make it a point to inspect our

window display, or better still, call in

and examine our stock, and be con-

vinced that we show the BEST ever

Ryrie Bros.

Corner

Yonge and Adelaide Sts.

earthly eyes.

ewelers

seen in Toronto.

But I've told him all about it.

He looked so cunning and wise

Be sure you don't forget

Never saw Christmas yet

Children's Department

#### The First Parting

'Come. Eva, kiss mamma good night, and go with nurse to bed.

What, tears ? for shame ! a moment since you would be good, you said

You're quite too big a girlie now to sleep in baby's place,

Why, soon you will be tall enough to go to school with Grace ;

So kneel beside me, darling, here, and say your prayers, and I

Will sing that little hymn you love, of guarding angels nigh ;

And when the birdies wake you up, tell Mary you may run

To have a romp in mamma's bed ; just think, what lots of fun !

The mother in the morning came, in longing, anxious mood :

With throbbing heart and dewy eyes beside the bed she stood,

Where Eva still slept soundly, her arms embracing tight

The gown her mother wore when she had kissed her pet good night.

ts ribbons with her silent tears were stained and limp and wet,

Around the white and oimpled neck an empty sleeve was set

While Mary slept she stole away, ere dawn had lit the sky,

That something of her idol near her sinless breast might lie :

Unheeded, save by Him who marks each grief endured alone.

She sought and found her solace for the first that she had known.

#### Little Things.

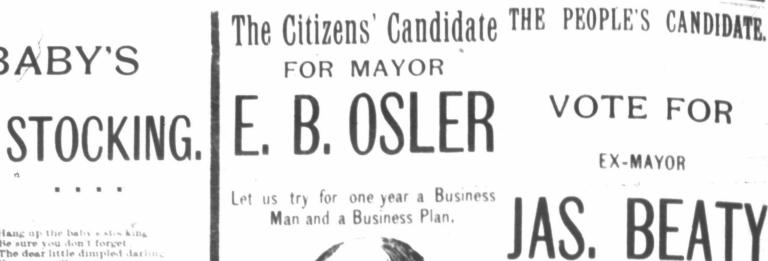
Often, little things we hear. Often, little things we see, Waken thoughts that long have slept Deep down in our memory.

Strangely slight the circumstance That has forced to turn the mind Backward on the path of years. To the loved scenes far behind !

'Tis the perfume of a flower. Or a quaint old fashioned tune : Or a song-bird 'mid the leaves Singing in a sunny June.

'Tis the evening star, mayhap, In the gleaming silver bright : Or a gold and purple cloud Waning in the western light.

'Tis the rustling of a dress. Or certain tone of voice, That can make the pulse throb.



Man and a Business Plan.



The City's yearly expenditure 14 greater than that of the Province, it is criminal folly to vote it into the hands of incompetent men-

Sectional issues ought to be secondary. to the general welfare

The administration of SIX MIL. LIONS OF DOLLARS ANNUALLY ought to be supervised by a man who has a first-rate knowledge of finance.

One or two years' experience as an alderman does not make a financial improvements expert.

Familiarity with municipal routine has not kept down the taxes.

A capable administrator will stop the growth of taxation, sustain the city's credit and amend the system. under which many taxpavers are on the road to ruin.

VOTE FOR

FOR MAYOR FOR 1892.

An improved system of civic administration to effort to obtain a new City Charter Amongst other referms the apportionment of civic business into a few Permanent Depart-

citic Dusiness into a rew Fermaneur Depart-menta controlled as to officials and service im-mediately by competent heads under suitable by Laws, but ultimately by the council, the peo-ples representatives as a body and not as individuals

FOR MAYOR, 1892

And Support Economy and

Efficiency.

December 31st, 1891.

Also the institution of a Board of Control, com-posed of the Mayor, the Chairman of Committees as sy officio members; and Heads of Departments, to suggest methods to control, reduce and manage the expenditure

Hence triation as far as practicable, comis-tent with the necessities of the city. With this yiew retrench and moderate all controllable expenditure in every department of work and eersice.

Equitable assessment and fair taxation on al property and classes, and so as to promote the influx of capital

Utilizing to the best advantage City Property and assets, and reduce the debt and encou

Equivalent value in work and material for monies expended

Business like financial arrangements to in crease the credit and prosperity of the city.

In effort to procure pure water and thorough drainage to protect the health of the citizens.

To encourage manufacturing industries and induce the use of capital in the city and thus provide employment

A readjustment of the local improveme aystem, to render it fair and equitable in its operations

To establish a judicious relief system for paupers that will at the same time protect the citizens from street beggars.

To establish a means of reformatory punish ment for habitual drunkards

To provide reformatory restraints in cases of first offences of a trivial nature or for youthful indiscretions.

812

That can bid the heart rejoice

Ah, my heart! But not of joy Must alone my history tell. Sorrow, shame and bitter tears Little things recall as well. -Chambers' Journal.

#### The Room with the Picture

#### An Advent Allegory.

For CANADIAN CHUBCHMAN, by L. W.

the sea. For a long time He lived Come with me." there with His children, for He had He found it needful for Him to go upper room, which none of them had was gone. away, leaving them behind Him, so be- ever before been allowed to enter. fore sunset, He called them all to Him, They followed Him. awed and silent, and thus spake : -

"My children, the time has come them to enter. for me to leave you. Some among you

Election Day, Monday, Jan. 4, 1892. Dealthrui, nname

В

moral, healthful, financial and educational fea

face of a stranger." And the child But, so surely as you omit to come gave brought strength and comfort. ren gathered round Him, and wept, here day by day, so surely shall your But as weeks rolled into months, and and said many times that they would thoughts of me grow, first faint, and months glided into years, a change never forget Him. But He only smiled then unwelcome, and then mistaken; came over them. At first, each one sadly, knowing full well that which and when I shall return, you will know would seek that room before sunset is unseen grows very dim indeed to no joy, but only bitter dread. There- and think no day complete without "Nay, my children." He said, "but in which you do not enter this cham- calm. Then they became, some very I fear me, in spite of your best en- ber, and think of me. You will have busy, some, especially among the Many, many years ago, there lived deavours, my memory would be very work and play through all its hours, younger ones, absorbed in play. And

E.

in a far country a certain king, who shadowy indeed if you had no help but save for me, before it closes, a the first said that they had no time, dwelt in a grand castle, built upon one from me. But I will leave that behind little time-knowing that all the day that it was better to do the work comof many hills, which sloped down to me which shall recall my face to you. my thoughts and my love will be with manded by their Father, than to waste you. And now, farewell." And, taking the youngest of them

many. But there came a day when by the hand, He led the way to an sing. And when they looked up He to do. And the younger ones stayed

moments at evensong, but many hours to excess, the thought of their Father and He opened the door, and motioned in the room where the picture hang, came as a reproach. And so, in time, and they talked one with another of it came to pass that very few went into The room was small, but richly fur- their Father, and of His wishes, and the room where the picture was, and are old enough to do the work that nished, and lighted with many lights; His will. And they lived in harmony the dust of forgetfulness gathered over you have to do without me. Such must and at the eastern end there hung and peace, loving each other more dearly everything there. So the years rolled guard and help the younger, But, be- upon the wall, framed in gold, a pic- than before, loving His memory, and by, until some of the elder ones began loving very greatly the room where the to recall their Father's words, and to all-that you will not forget me-that ... If you look daily upon this, though picture hung: and when any of them wonder if He would really come back, when after many long days, I come it be but for a few brief moments," He grew sad it was to that room that he as He had said, and to speak of His back to my home and to you, I may said, "I shall not find, when I come or she turned, and the thoughts of the return, and to think that there was not find that my face is to you as the again, that you have forgotten me. past and the hopes of the future that it need of preparation for it.

fore, as you love me, let no day pass some moments spent in its solemn time looking at a picture. They would They knelt, with tears, for His bles- go another night when they had less away because in the mirth and levity For many days they spent, not brief of their play, carried for the first time ecember 31st. 1891.

E'S CANDIDATE.

# E FOR MAYOR BFA

## YOR, 1892

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m of civic administration new City Charter

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#### December 31 4, 1891.4

### CANADIAN CHURCHMAN.

But the younger ones mocked when they heard them, for, alas' they had forgotten their Father' And though the room and the picture might have kept His memory fresh in all their hearts, because they never entered the one, nor looked upon the other, they had forgotten them, too. Sad to say they had not only forgotten, but they declared they had never had a Father. So, when, one day, a messenger came from a distant land, saying that the King sent greeting to His loving children and bade them to prepare for HOURS WITH THE BIBLE. By the haunts of vice—in short, of the 1. The Newcomes. would return, there were mingled feel ings in the castle, for though every soul felt fear and awe unspeakable, some, who had worked faithfully, though they had forgotten to go into the room where the picture hung, were almost more glad than fearful so much courage comes from the doing one's duty

light, scarcely ever feared.

So the days went on, until there came a second messenger, who said, be here.'

And then they who believed made Central Baptist, St. Louis. haste that all should be ready. Only they dare not, for very shame, touch the room where the picture hung. So the hours went by until the sun set. THIRTY ONE POPULAR SER- DICKENS' COMPLETE WORKS .-It was an evening late in spring. The western sky was still flushed with faint rose, that melted, higher above the horizon, into pale green, and that faded into ever deepening blue A few silver stars glittered faintly in its depths. The whispering breeze that stirred the leaves of the trees and the blossoms of the flowers seemed to ably the most popular of American



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ength and comfort. ed into months, and ito years, a change At first, each one room before sunset y complete without pent in its solemn y became, some very ecially among the orbed in play. And t they had no time, to do the work comather, than to waste picture. They would when they had less younger ones stayed he mirth and levity ied for the first time ight of their Father h. And so, in time, at very few went into he picture was, and alness gathered over So the years rolled the elder ones began ther's words, and to d really come back, nd to speak of His ink that there was 1 for it.

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listen to the awed, hushed silence that fell on all around, on the castle, and on the garden, and on the hills beyond that stretched out to the whispering sea. And in the castle every heart was stirred and every voice was dumb. The elder brothers gathered in the hall, the younger hung behind, not daring now to scoff.

And the sound of chariot wheels and of trumpets was heard, then the cry came, "The King-the King is here !" And, truly, on He came, and His chariot wheels stood still; descending, He stood once more in the hall He had left, and among the children who had, and threw themselves at His feet, with anguish of remorse and love filled all



forgotten Him. None dared to move or to speak one word of welcome. have you forgotten me?"

their faces to the ground. And the younger ones fled-fled into the gar-"My children," said the King, den, into the caves in the hill sideand sought refuge among the rocks Then the elder ones came forward beside the sea. For an overpowering

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their hearts when they saw their Father's face and heard His voice. They felt then the full force of their own disobedience and ingratitude, and they knew, dimly, what His unforgetting love had ever been. And they felt a longing, stronger than any longing they had ever known, for His smile and word of love. And they knew He could never smile on them. They envied passionately those who dared even to kneel before Him. They dared not, and they fled. And what became of them I cannot say. Nor can I speak of the others, and of the joy their poor obedience, all faulty as it was, brought to them, now the King was back.

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"No," said Ted; "I'm going to slide first, 'cause I'm the oldest. 'Sides, it's my sled.''

"Then you're a mean boy," said Mamie.

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"Ted ! Mamie !" she called, "I'm going to give Tony and Cleo a bath. Don't you want to see ?"

They came hanging back a little.

"O, yes!" cried Mamie.

It was yet one of her delights to watch the new canaries bathe.

Ted didn't say anything ; he didn't care much about such fun himself. But he looked on while mamma took off the cage-bottom and set the cage over a glass dish full of water on the oil cloth mat.

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with an eager flutter and dipped his yellow bill in the water. Then all at once he seemed to remember something. He looked up at Cleo.

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"Che-up !" she answered, softly. Then down she came, and into the water she went, while Tony stood by and sang as if he meant to burst his throat.

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do you think of it ?" she asked, with a twinkle.

" I think Tony's a little gentleman, answered Ted, promptly. "And I'm going to be one, too. You can slide first, Mamie."

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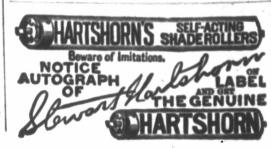
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