4 P.M. EDITION

London Advertiser

PRICE ONE CENT

40TH YEAR. NO. 324. LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1902. WHOLE NO. 16715.

Rates for Small Ads

10 words, one time, 10 cents.

10 words, three times, 20 cents.

Each subsequent insertion at ½ cent per word.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

MARRIED.

WRIGHT—WRIGHT — On Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1902, at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, by Rev. W. T. Hill, rector, James Kennedy Wright, of Toronto, to Alice, fourth daughter of the late Thomas Wright, of London.

DIED.

MEADEN—In this city, on Oct. 14, 1902, Fannie, relict of the late William Meaden, aged 64 years, 1 month and 12 days.

Funeral from the family residence, 569 Richmond street, on Friday, Oct. 17, at 2:30 p.m.; services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. 15u

GRAND Thanksgiving Day Matinee and Night.

THE GREATEST OF ALL GREAT ROMANCES.

Anthony Hope's Masterpiece,

RUPERT OF HENTZAU.

WITH MR. HARRY LEIGHTON.

MATINEE: 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. | Seats now
NIGHT: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. | on sale.

FRIDAY NIGHT.

FRANK L. PERLEY'S Singing Comedians, in the sparkling operatic comedy,

"THE CHAPERONS"

25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Plan opens today.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 20.

The Whitney Opera Co.

in the new Spectacular Military Opera, by Stange and Edwards, authors of "Dolly Varden,"

When Johnny Comes Marching Home.

The foremost production of the age. The strongest lyric organization in the world.

200 PEOPLE IN THE ENTIRETY. **200**

SEATS ON SALE FRIDAY MORNING.

THE LONDON, Tomorrow Matinee Night and Friday

"Where you get your money's worth."

KELLEY'S LADY MINSTRELS.

2½—Hours laughter, song, fun and music—2½.

Matinee, 15c, 25c, 35c. Night, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Seats now on sale. 12l

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Championship Football

ARGONAUTS of Toronto vs. LONDON.

Wolseley Barracks Grounds,
TOMORROW—TIME 3:30 SHARP,
Admission, 25c.

THANKSGIVING LUNCH ALL DAY at "The Clarence." Harry Ryan, proprietor. b

DON'T FORGET SEVENTH'S RIFLE matches—Thanksgiving Day, at new Cove Ranges. Good prize list. b

THANKSGIVING DAY LUNCH AT the Reid Home, East London, on Thursday. 15u

VOICE CULTURE — MISS EVA N. Roblyn, soprano soloist, Dundas Center Methodist Church; directress, Vocal Department, Krause Conservatory of Music, Chatham. Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 328 Dundas street. 'Phone 1,270. xt

BASEBALL — TECUMSEH PARK — Thanksgiving Day. Londons vs. McClarys. Two games: Morning, 10:30; afternoon, 3. Admission, 10c; ladies free; stand, 5c. 14c

$2.30 EXCURSION—LONDON TO DETROIT and return, Wednesday, Oct. 15; good to return not later than Monday, Oct. 20; boat. Cheap excursions to Montreal and return. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

DANCING — BEGINNERS' CLASSES this week, Palace Academy: Gentlemen, Monday and Wednesday evenings; ladies, Tuesday evening. Private lessons any hour. Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING R. R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue. Season opens Oct. 1. Special attention given to waltz and two-step. Lessons any hour.

MEETINGS.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—THANKSGIVING Day service at 11 a.m. The Lord Bishop of Huron will preach. Collection for Huron College. 15u

YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Membership hold a meeting Friday, Oct. 17, at 8 p.m. in Young Men's Christian Association building. All members, those connected with the association clubs and circles, and contributors welcome. 15c

SPINSTERS' CONVENTION (AMATEUR theatrical) and concert, given by the Wellington Chapter Imperial Order Daughters of Empire. Auditorium, Tuesday, Oct. 21. Admission, 25c; reserved seats, 10c additional. Plan open Saturday. 14g

SPECIAL MEETINGS FOR CHRISTIANS in Duffield block, 213 Dundas street, on 15th, 17th, 18th, at 10 a.m., 2:30 and 7:30 p.m. All invited. 15k

THANKSGIVING DAY SERVICE, IN which all Methodist Churches in the city will unite, in the First Methodist Church, at 11 a.m. A cordial invitation to all. Collection for the poor. 14u

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR SCHOOL section No. 11, Mersea, Essex County, for year 1903. Term commences January. Applications, stating salary, and testimonials, received by secretary-treasurer, William R. Scott, Windfall, Ont. 15k-xvz bw

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—POCKETBOOK, CONTAINING money. Reward for return to 382 Princess avenue. 15u

LOST—FOXTERRIER; BLACK EYES and ears. Reward, 207 Talbot street. b

The Nordheimer ...PIANO...

Embodies the correct principles of piano construction resulting from our 62 years' experience.

Inspection Solicited.

NORDHEIMER'S
188 Dundas St.

MALE HELP WANTED.

PORTER WANTED. APPLY FRASER House. 15c

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COATMAKERS. Apply James Ferguson, 639½ Dundas street. 15u

WANTED—CARRIAGE WOODWORKERS. Apply Campbell's Carriage Factory. 15c

WANTED—A DRIVER FOR DELIVERY wagon. Apply Boston Confectionery. 15c

WANTED—COMPETENT LEAD GLAZIERS and cutters for art glass department. Steady work in large city. State experience and salary. Box 9, Advertiser. 15c

WANTED BY OLD LINE CANADIAN life insurance company of many years' stading, a general agent for the London district. To first-class man a very liberal contract will be given, both as to advances and commissions. The agency also carries a renewal interest worth several hundred dollars per annum. Evidence as to ability and yearly record will be required. Apply to M. G. B., Box 8, Advertiser office, stating age, qualifications, etc. 15c-xwt

BOY WANTED FOR OFFICE WORK—Must have some knowledge of shorthand and typewriting. Dennis Wire and Iron Company, 211-213 King street. 14c

YOUNG MAN WANTED—WITH SOME experience in pattern-making. Apply D. McKenzie & Co. 13tf

TRAVELER WANTED TO APPOINT agents on the side; no canvassing. Apply John Doyle, Drawer 531, London.

BOYS WANTED FOR FACTORY. APPLY D. S. Perrin & Co. 8tf

WANTED—MEN AND BOYS FOR FACTORY and shipping room. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 8tf

BOY WANTED TO WORK IN AFTERNOONS. Apply Advertiser office. 7tf

WANTED — BOYS FROM 15 TO 18 years of age. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 87tf

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SEVENTY TO EIGHTY QUARTS OF milk for sale daily. Apply H. F. Whetter, Wellington road. 15u

CIDER BARRELS FOR SALE—IN good condition. L. V. Ludwig, 96 King street. 15u-xv

CLOSING-OUT SALE—ONE SIX-HORSE power electric motor, 1 Woodward & Rodgers drill press, 1 emery and buff, 1 brazier with 14-inch blower, 1 power pump and air tank, 4 complete countershafts and belting, 4 large bench vises, 1 enameling oven and burner, a quantity of small bench tools, 2 roll-top desks, 2 typewriters and letter-press, 1 Taylor safe, 3 showcases, counters, fixtures, furniture, carpets and bicycle sundries. The above are now for sale until Saturday, Oct. 18, on which date we close our London store, at 360 Richmond street. Canada Cycle and Motor Company, Limited. 15k

RED STAR NEWS COMPANY WILL remove to No. 8 Market Lane, Thursday, Oct. 16.

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED WHITE Plymouth Rocks, pullets and cockerels. Apply to T. Lawless, Front street. 15u-xv

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND SEWING machine, in good repair. Cheap. Apply at 28 Pipe Line road. 14u

FOR SALE—PONY, THOROUGHBRED Shetland; harness and phaeton. J. C. Park, 663 Dundas street. 14c

FOR SALE—GOOD, QUIET DRIVING horse. Apply after 6 at 425 Dundas street. 14u

PRIVATE SALE OF CARPETS AND furniture, all in good condition. Apply 328 King street. 11tf

TAKE HEED TO GOOD ADVICE AND leave your orders for the best quality of domestic Massillon coal. All kinds of coal and wood at the lowest cash prices. Green & Co., Maitland street and G. T. R. 'Phone 1,331.

SNAP — GOOD PIANO, ROSEWOOD case, 7 1-3 octaves; in first-class condition, and guaranteed for 5 years. Only $100, on easy terms of payment. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD AND SOFT coal. Wm. Buchanan, 633 Colborne street.

ORDERS FOR HARD AND SOFT wood received. Order ahead. Leading East End wood yard. D. H. Gillies & Co. 'Phone 1,312.

FOR SALE — ECLIPSE IMPROVED gasoline engines, manufactured by D. McKenzie & Co., 290 Richmond street.

KEENE BROS. ARE HAVING A SPECIAL sale of springs and mattresses. It will pay you to get one or more now.

STOVES, BASEBURNERS AND Ranges of all kinds for wood and coal; second-hand furniture; cheap; at F. Keene's, 141 King street.

$10—GENTLEMEN'S GOOD SECOND-HAND wheels, with new tires; clearing sale of livery wheels; easy terms. J. H. Cunningham, 664 Dundas street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FURNACES ATTENDED BY EXPERIENCED man. Apply H. R. Dickson, 2 Hyman street. 15n

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS—Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 194 Hamilton road. 'Phone 1,231.

WILLIAM HODGSON, PAINTER, paperhanger. Estimates free. 410 Horton street.

OUR CURLY BANGS ARE A GEM FOR hot weather. See them. Combings wanted. Miller's Hair Store, 223 Dundas street.

SCOTCH TWEEDS

We have obtained a line of Scotch Tweeds that have never been equaled in value and appearance in London.

Can you spare a moment while we show them to you?

Deeks & Munson,
Tailors and Drapers,
393 Richmond Street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL, AT ONCE; good wages. Apply Queen's Hotel. 14k

COOK WANTED. APPLY AT GUSTIN House. 14c

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT; also a nursegirl. Apply 427 Waterloo. 14c

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM girl. Apply City Hotel. 11n

KITCHEN GIRL WANTED. MRS. J. B. Jennings, Western Hotel. 13c

COMPETENT GENERAL SERVANT, with references; good wages. Mrs. McMechan, 368 King street. 98tf

GIRLS WANTED. REASON'S PAPER Box Works, 80 Dundas street. 8m

WANTED—A COOK, APPLY AT ONCE. Hodgins House. Mrs. W. S. Hodgins. 96tf

GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIATELY FOR biscuit and baking department and caramels. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 87tf

GIRLS WANTED FOR FACTORY. Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited. 50tf

EDUCATIONAL.

AT WESTERN UNIVERSITY—COURSE of ten lectures on living English writers, Austin, Phillips, Barrie, Kipling, "Ian Maclaren," etc., Thursdays, 3 p.m., beginning Oct. 16. Fee, $2. Printed programmes on application. 6l-tzxtx

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LARGE HOUSE AND grounds, nice location, near market; all newly fitted; room for two small families. Would exchange for small house, or rent to good tenants. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

FARM FOR SALE—WEST HALF LOT 25, con. 8, East Nissouri, Oxford County, known as the farm of the late William Roberts. This farm is in a first-class state of cultivation, and has up-to-date buildings and surroundings, all in good condition. Will sell farm, with or without implements. For further particulars apply on premises, or write to Mrs. Ann Roberts, or J. A. Roberts, Medina, Ont., or George W. Belton, Thorndale, Ont., executors. 91tf-xt 17tf

FOR SALE—SIX ACRES CHOICE beech and maple timber, 1½ miles from Newbury station. Inquire at Byron Mill. 13c

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—A SNAP—No. 1,093 Laura street, large two-story frame dwelling barn and four large lots, with room for three other houses. Price only $1,000—less than cost of the house. J. H. McMechan, 368 King street. 9tf

COTTAGE FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Corner Nelson and Dreaney avenue. Other houses for sale on same block. Apply A. Keenleyside, 500 King street. 11n

FARM FOR SALE NEAR STRATHROY—75 acres; good buildings and water. G. M. Haldane, Strathroy

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—Three blocks from Victoria Park. Apply Francis Love, police court. 80tf

ELOCUTION AND PHYSICAL CULTURE.

MISS CHARLOTTE CARMICHAEL will receive pupils in physical culture (Swedish, Aesthetic), medical gymnastics; elocution (voice work a specialty). Evening classes arranged for. Studio, 326 Dundas street. 9n-xvz

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

COTTAGE TO LET—94 CARTWRIGHT street, 6 rooms; city water; rent, $6. Apply 102 Cartwright street. 15k

TO RENT—100 ACRES IN TOWNSHIP Nissouri; good buildings and convenient to school, church and railway station. Apply Edwin Scatcherd, Wyton P. O. 13c-zxv bw

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE; TO a good tenant who will take care of it, same rent as unfurnished. B, Advertiser office. 14u

TO LET—MODERN HOUSE, FOUR bedrooms and closets; easily heated. Apply 266 Oxford street. 14c

TO LET—423 DUFFERIN AVENUE; two-story brick, modern conveniences. Rent, $21. Apply to R. K. Cowan, barrister. 11tf

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, MODERN, seven rooms, with all other conveniences. Apply 625 Wellington street. 9tf

TWO BRICK DWELLING HOUSES TO let at moderate rent; all modern improvements. Apply to S. Glass, No. 7, Hiscox block. 3tf

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN—Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—COTTAGE, NO. 755 Hill street; immediate possession; rent by the year, $6.50 per month, including water rate. For particulars call up 262 South street. 79tf

STORE, DWELLING AND STABLE—Good location; suitable for any business. Apply 625 Wellington street. 76tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

G. B. SIPPI, ORGANIST AND CHOIR master, St. Paul's Cathedral, resumes vocal and instrumental instruction Thursday, Sept. 4, at 372 Maitland street. Art of breathing and proper tone production receives special attention. 77bh-zxv

ALBERT D. JORDAN, ORGANIST, First Methodist Church—Teacher of piano and organ. Apply between 1 and 2, No. 245 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1,498.

ST. JOHN HYTTENRAUCH—PUPILS received for piano, harmony, sight singing, history. Residence, 781 Richmond, or homes of pupils.

ALICE CALDER STOCK — SOLOIST First Methodist Church. Voice culture. 254 Queen's avenue. Concert engagements accepted.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST and choirmaster St. Andrew's Church. Teaching resumed. Piano, pipe organ, harmony, singing. 440 Wellington street. 'Phone 1,527.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—LARGE OR SMALL amounts. Casey & Morwood, barristers, 90 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner, Campbell & Gunn, 83 Dundas street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4¾ and 5½ per cent on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—NORTH STREET CHEESE and butter factory, situated in a fine section of country for dairying; everything in good shape. H. B. Stevens, Scottsville P. O. fn-xzv

SOME OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF IMMEDIATE SETTLEMENT

President Mitchell Is in Conference With Roosevelt at the White House This Afternoon.

Strike Leader Still Remains Very Reticent.

NO STATEMENT WILL BE ISSUED

Mitchell Will Probably Consult District Presidents Again Before Making Public His Views.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 15.—President Mitchell, of the miners' union, left shortly after 3 o'clock this morning for Washington, where he will confer with President Roosevelt today. He did not intimate that he was going until he left headquarters for the railroad station. It is known that the operators' proposition in its present form is not entirely satisfactory to Mr. Mitchell. Some of the local leaders are of the opinion that he is willing to accept a modified plan. The strikers feel that the arbitration scheme as it now stands is not fair to them. If a proposition is finally agreed upon, it is probable a convention will be called to meet within four days from the time the call is sent out. It is stated by some of those at headquarters that Mr. Mitchell has the power to send the men back to work immediately.

Mr. Mitchell's departure for Washington has again raised hopes in the miners that the end is near. It is their opinion that President Roosevelt and he will come to some understanding which will result in a speedy closing up of the negotiations.

The superintendents of the coal companies in this vicinity report that no additional men returned to work today. They do not look for any increase as long as the negotiations for arbitration are in progress.

SOME OBSTACLES

Slight Difficulties in the Way of a Settlement.

Secretary Root left the White House at 11:10 after an hour's conference with the President concerning the strike situation. As he was leaving he said that while there were no new developments in the situation there were some obstacles which would have to be cleared away before the end would be in sight. He said that he believed that these difficulties could be removed. He declined to particularize what the obstacles are.

AID FROM THE WEST.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 15. — The Butte Miners' Union has forwarded $3,250 to the headquarters of the United Mine Workers at Indianapolis, for the benefit of the striking coal miners of Pennsylvania. The mill and smelter men of Anaconda gave a benefit ball for the strikers, at which $1,500 was netted for the Pennsylvania strikers.

MITCHELL STILL RETICENT

Strike Leader Arrives in Washington, But Will Not Talk.

Washington, Oct. 15.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, arrived in Washington over the Pennsylvania Railroad at 11:27 today in response to the invitation of President Roosevelt to meet him in conference relative to the proposal of the anthracite operators for the appointment of a commission to investigate and settle the coal strike. Upon the arrival of the train Mr. Mitchell was met by a group of reporters.

"I can only say now," he said, in reply to their many questions, "that I shall go direct to the White House, but what my movements will be after the interview with the President I cannot state."

"Can you say anything at all bearing upon the situation?"

"I cannot," was the reply, "and if I should have anything to say later I will make my statement to all alike."

Leaving the railroad station Mr. Mitchell proceeded to the temporary White House.

NO STATEMENT TODAY.

Washington, Oct. 15.—No statement will be issued at the White House of the progress of the conference thus far. It is expected that before any definite announcement is made Mr. Mitchell will return to Wilkesbarre and consult with the other representatives of the miners.

(Continued on page 5.)

REBATE HOLDS UNTIL NOV. 15

Coal-Carrying Arrangement With Intercolonial Will Last Until That Time.

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—At a meeting of the cabinet yesterday afternoon it was decided that the privilege of free transportation of coal on the Intercolonial, granted to municipalities which sell at cost, should continue in force until Nov. 15. Hon. A. G. Blair, who is on the Pacific coast, has telegraphed his hearty approval of the rebate of freight rates to municipalities, and there is little doubt that the Government's action is equally acceptable to the general public. A resolution, passed by the Ottawa civic finance committee last night, urging that coal dealers be placed on the same footing as municipalities, was brought to the attention of the ministers this morning, and the same request was urged by Messrs. C. C. Ray and James Ballantyne, coal dealers, acting on behalf of the local trade, in an interview with Sir Richard Cartwright. An informal meeting of members of the Government was held in the forenoon, and this was followed by a cabinet council at 4 o'clock. The ministers, after due consideration, however, saw no reason to depart from their previous decision, and the rebate as previously agreed upon remains in force until the 15th prox. The free transportation of coal is intended as a measure of relief to those classes of the community who are most seriously affected by the prevailing high prices. It is not expected, however, that the present abnormal condition of affairs will continue much longer, the belief being entertained that before the expiration of another month there will be an abundance of fuel at more moderate rates than now prevail. The ministers present at the cabinet meeting were Sir Richard Cartwright, acting premier; Hon. James Sutherland, Hon. Clifford Sifton, Hon. William Paterson, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick and Hon. R. W. Scott.

Last year the two chief Bible societies working in China sold no less than 3,106,295 Bibles, New Testaments and single portions. Of these over 2,000,000 were in Mandarin, over 700,000 in the classical style, and the remainder in the various Chinese dialects, Thibetan and Mongolian.

MODERN HYMNS ARE DOGGEREL

Rev. Thomas B. Neeley Tells Methodists That Their Music Is Woefully Weak.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—"We have demoralized our people by poor music," declared Rev. Thomas B. Neeley, addressing the anniversary meeting of the Church Extension Society and the Sunday School Union of the Rock River conference, last night.

"John Wesley wouldn't let his people sing such stuff and doggerel as is used today in our Sunday schools," continued Mr. Neeley. "Methodism at its beginning sang such songs as 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul'—songs that appeal to the intellect and the soul. Wesley sang 'Vital Spark of Heavenly Flame.' Today we have a lot of poor music; it is miserable. You can't make sacred music out of dance music, and we have too many dance tunes in our song books.

"Dance music has no place in church. I am not discussing whether dancing is proper or not, but I must declare emphatically that the music of dancing appeals only to the senses, and should be kept out of the Sunday schools. My advice is that you do not buy any song books with such music in them, and if you do find such songs in the books you are using, tear out the leaves. We are ruining our children."

CRITICISMS APPLAUDED.

The assembled ministers and laymen, who filled every seat in the church, heartily applauded the criticisms and advice of Dr. Neeley, who is corresponding secretary of the Sunday School Union and Tract Society, a national organization. Other features of Sunday school management were vigorously attacked by Dr. Neeley, notably the superintendence. "In too many schools the superintendent is a funny man—one who can make the children laugh," he said. "Religion is too serious a thing to laugh about; it is the most serious thing that comes into our lives.

"We need to cultivate a sense of reverence. The Bible should be studied much more than it is now studied in Sunday schools; we are losing our grip on the next generation. And attendance at Sunday schools ought to be accompanied by attendance at church. There would be no complaint of empty pews if 50 per cent. of the attendants at Sunday school would attend the preaching service."

Paul Kruger's Book.

London, Oct. 15.—The first suggestion for ex-President Kruger's book came from J. F. Lehmann, of Munich, who offered 500,000 marks. Mr. Kruger refused, saying he was only willing to work for his people not for his own ambition or for material interest. When the war had taken a decisive turn, the second suggestion came not from a publisher, but from Mr. Kruger's followers. Mr. Kruger consented, after much pressure, to dictate his views to his secretary, but refused a fee, and said he would apply all the profits to the suffering Boers. The German editor, who is very earnest in the matter, visited Mr. Kruger lately with a list of 150 questions in order to get the translation as accurate as possible and enlarge the original with authentic additions of the dispatches from the late Cecil Rhodes to Miss Flora Shaw, which are used by Mr. Kruger as proof that Mr. Chamberlain was implicated in Jameson's raid, and which were brought out in the Parliamentary investigation when Miss Flora Shaw was cross-examined at length upon them, and Mr. Chamberlain denied all knowledge of them.

TRAIN ROBBERS IN NATAL

Gagged the Guard, But Were Overcome by Detectives.

Cape Town, Oct. 14.—A daring attempt to rob a mail train in Natal has been frustrated. When the train stopped at Pinetown Bridge four white men entered the mail van of the train from Pretoria, which contained £12,000. They gagged the guard, but detectives who were concealed in the van sprang upon and overpowered them while they were attempting to get the money. Three of the robbers were captured, but the fourth managed to effect his escape.

OUR COAL IMPORTATIONS

Interesting Statistics Just Made Public.

Imports of Anthracite Show Extraordinary Decrease.

Ottawa, Oct. 15. — The effect of the coal strike on Canadian importations of coal during the summer months, when transportation is usually active, is evidenced by figures obtained at the statistical office of the customs department. What has been secured is bituminous or soft coal, the strike evidently keeping the anthracite mines pretty well tied up.

In July and August of last year 328,459 tons of bituminous coal and 423,002 of anthracite were imported. In the corresponding period of this year 388,595 tons of soft coal were brought in, but the supply of anthracite was but 22,335 tons, a decrease of over 400,000 tons.

NOBLEMAN WEDS PLOW GIRL

Nephew of Duke of Portland Renounces Church of England.

St. Paul, Oct. 13.—Arthur Fortescue, nephew of the Duke of Portland, has renounced the Church of England and married Olga Varinhoff, a plow girl, who is a member of a community composed of immigrants from Russia to Canada. On a recent trip to Assiniboia the scion of nobility became impressed with the simple life of the peasants, and his marriage followed. Fortesque returned today to St. Paul with his bride, but had little to say of his romance except that he fell in love with his present bride, whom he first saw working at the plow.

CREDITORS STILL COME

Dowie's Business Manager Asks More Time in Which to Settle Bills.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Financial troubles from several different sources descended upon John Alexander Dowie yesterday in spite of the declaration of his complete solvency made by the founder of Zion City in his last Sunday's sermons.

Frank T. Moulton, the attorney who is trying to collect a number of claims against Dowie, yesterday received a letter from the overseer's manager, asking for more time in which to settle the accounts in question. Mr. Moulton will try to bring about a meeting of the leading creditors, who are reported to be willing to postpone the fulfillments of their demands until Nov. 1.

A more pressing difficulty for Zion was an order granted yesterday by Judge Cutting, of the probate court, which empowered Nell J. Shannon to collect the estate of Frederick Sutton, a New Zealand convert, $45,000 of whose money is said to have been invested without his knowledge in Zion City industries.

A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Waukegan last night stated that eight suits against Dowie have been filed in that city since Saturday, and that many more will probably be entered at once. All the cases are set for trial Oct. 16.

SERVIAN CABINET RESIGNS

Crisis Brought About by Snub From Czarina.

Vienna, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Belgrade says it is officially announced that the Servian cabinet has resigned. The Politische Correspondenz says that the crisis was brought about by the renewed postponement of the visit of King Alexander and Queen Draga to the Czar. Formal assurance was given to the King and Queen last year that the Czar would receive them, but since then they have been unable to obtain a definite date for the visit. They had, however, completed their preparations to start for Livadia, where the Czar is at present staying, when a cold, formal message was received asking them to indefinitely postpone their visit. The reason for the message is understood to be the Czarina's refusal to meet Queen Draga.

Machine to Fly Like Bird.

Paris, Oct. 14. — Among numerous types of flying machines now under construction in France, that of M. Frederick L'Hoste is now attracting much attention. His airship is completed, and moves with huge wings, very birdlike, and is made entirely of aluminum. It is of torpedo form and seven meters long.

The first experiment will take place over the water. The motor works by means of a piston. There are five braces of wings, three meters long and fifty centimeters broad, which rise and fall alternately. The machine differs from anything hitherto used. Its total weight is 450 kilogrammes. It is to be on view at the St. Louis Exhibition.

Nearly Everyone Has A Cold

this changeable weather. The wise and the thoughtful people keep a bottle of Tolu, Tar and Tamarack always in the house. Then they are ready for any throat or lung trouble. T. T. T. is the peer of all remedies for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, etc.

For Sale by all Druggists.
Price 25 Cents.

MR. TARTE IN THE EAST

Minister of Public Works Now at Montreal.

Discusses Transportation and the Tariff Question.

Montreal, Oct. 14.—Mr. Tarte addressed the members of the Montreal Board of Trade yesterday afternoon on the transportation and tariff questions. The gathering, which was presided over by Mr. Alex. McFee, president of the board, was a large one, and Mr. Tarte was given a very cordial hearing. Mr. Tarte first took up the transportation question and proceeded to speak of Canada's geographical position, and to show that this country had the shortest route between the west and the east, and that therefore we should be the carriers between these points. But it was not surprising that we had not done much of that carrying trade, as we had no equipment for it. He spoke of the improvements which had been made to the ship channel between Montreal and Quebec, and said that when the season of 1904 opened, or very early in it, a ship drawing 30 feet of water would be able to run from Montreal to Quebec night and day by taking advantage of the tide at Batiscan and Quebec. "Let me ask the country," said Mr. Tarte, "whether Montreal should not be as free a port as it is possible to make it. We must not borrow any more money. The duty of the country is to equip our national harbors, our national rivers, our national highways. I speak for myself. Perhaps I shall be accused once more of compromising my colleagues. I have no desire to do so, any more than to compromise myself, but on a question of that magnitude I think a minister should have at least the right of an ordinary citizen. Montreal should have a dry-dock; it is a pressing necessity. Quebec has one, and it has proved it should have two. When the equipment on the lakes is completed, when he have a larger fleet on the lakes, and when the St. Lawrence improvements are completed, the port of Montreal will certainly be one of the most important shipping points on this continent."

Regarding the tariff the minister said: "It is with some little trembling that I speak of the tariff. I feel, though, sir, that I am bound to do so. Tariff, after all, is not a sacred thing that nobody can look into. It is a great, large, broad, public question, in which we are all interested. I have talked tariff for the last 25 years; I talked tariff before being a minister; I have talked tariff since I have been a minister, and I will talk tariff whether I remain a minister for some time or whether I will go to private life, which will certainly come some of these fine mornings. It cannot be helped. I quite recognize I am not bound to be a minister for all time; I have no desire to be so."

ROADS FOR TEMISKAMING

Ontario Government Makes Appropriation of $20,000.

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Owing to the large increase in the settlement in the Temiscaming region this year, it has been found necessary to continue the work of building colonization roads on an extensive scale. Therefore the Government at a council meeting yesterday decided on the expenditure of a further sum of $20,000 to this end, making $40,000 appropriated for the purpose this year. The work will be pursued as long as the weather is favorable.

It was also decided to offer $100 reward for the capture of Noah Hale, the Sault Ste. Marie murderer, who is supposed to be at large somewhere in the woods of Algoma.

Fifty pounds was the weight of the heaviest salmon caught in the River Severn, England, during the past season.

All the Resources

of our repair department—competent workmen, good tools, genuine material and the skill which long experience in jewelry, watch and clock repairing has given us—are all at your command. No matter how small the job we shall give it our very best attention. Give us a trial.

John S. Barnard,
Jeweler,
170 Dundas St., London.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Prof. W. Hodgson Ellis, Official Analyst to the Dominion Government, reports that Sunlight Soap is "a pure and well made soap." "Well made soap" means more than you may think.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar 147

POLITICS WARM IN FRANCE

Session of Chamber of Deputies Will Be Stormy.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Chamber of Deputies reassembled today. The session promises to be stormy, in view of the interpellations before the House attacking the Government for employing troops against strikers and for using military during the school troubles in Brittany. Moreover, the Government's proposed new bill strengthening it in the adoption of measures against illegal congregations, under the association's law, and Finance Minister Rouvier's scheme for readjusting the country's finances will certainly lead to animated debates.

M. Rouvier, after introducing the budget, showing that the revenue was estimated at $715,100,000 and expenditures at $715,000,000, explained that in order to effect an equilibrium it had been necessary to create new taxation amounting to $41,400,000, which amount is included in the estimated revenue.

A mining deputy, M. Basly, presented a proposition for establishing old age pensions, which the Chamber agreed to discuss at the first opportunity, and M. Baudry d'Asson submitted a demand for an arraignment of the Government for violating the law by closing schools conducted by the congregations, and asked for its immediate discussion, which was refused by 414 to 52 votes.

The Senate, after formally reopening, adjourned.

BIDDULPH

Biddulph, Oct. 14.—On Sept. 27, at the family residence, on lot 22, con. 7, Biddulph, there passed away another of Biddulph's pioneers in the person of Mr. Robert Keeffe. He was born in the county of Kerry, Ireland, 87 years ago, and came to America when quite a young man. He first settled in Toronto, but removed from there in a short time to Brantford. In the course of some time he heard of a friend of his in London by the name of Dennis O'Brien, with whom he got employment teaming from Goderich to Hamilton over what was known as the plank road. Having decided to make a home for himself, he married Mary Ryan, of the 16th concession of the Township of London, a loving and sturdy companion, and settled in Biddulph on lot 22, con. 7. He worked hard and improved his farm, and at the time the Grand Trunk went through Biddulph he and his brother-in-law, Patrick Ryan, took a contract for building three miles of the Grand Trunk, and completed it with a big profit. They subsequently took several contracts through the county of Huron and Middlesex, but of late years, since his partner died, Mr. Keeffe went more into land speculation, buying farms, improving and selling them. He leaves all his family, four daughters, three sons and his beloved wife, to mourn his loss.

Fell Down Elevator Shaft.

St. Louis, Oct. 15. — John L. Young, a local newspaper man, whose home is at Newark, N. J., was killed shortly before midnight by falling down the elevator shaft at the Planters' Hotel. In waiting for the elevator he accidentally pushed against the safety grating, which opened, and he fell three stories.

A Secret Mission.

Singapore, Oct. 15. — Sir F. A. Swettenham, governor of the Straits Settlements, has sailed on a Government yacht. His destination is said to be Kelantan. The mission is secret. Kelantan, which is the capital of the State of Kelantan, is situated on the Malay Peninsula, and acknowledges the sovereignty of Siam.

The Beef Trust.

The first of The Century's series of expository papers on "The Great Business Combinations of Today" will appear in the November Century and will be devoted to "The So-Called Beef Trust." The writer is Mr. George Buchanan Fife, who has made an investigation of the subject from many points of view—the packer's, the local wholesaler's, the retailer's, the consumer's, and that of the Attorney-General of the United States. The aim of this group of papers, as announced by the editor, is "not to present a partisan view of these organizations, either in attack or defense, but to supply in an interesting manner authoritative information as to the facts and claims which bear upon the subject."

Fifty-eight feet is the height of a colossal monument to the late Prince Henry of Orleans, which is to be erected on Cape St. Jacques, at the mouth of the Saigon River, French Cochin China.



INCUBATOR BABY DIES

Infant's Head the Size of a Tennis Ball, Fingers Like Matches.

New York, Oct. 15. — The tiny girl taken to the New York Post-Graduate Hospital in a paper bag on Sunday afternoon by her father, John Clark, a carpenter, living at 425 West Fifty-third street, died shortly after noon, yesterday, in the incubator in which she was placed with the hope that her life might be preserved.

The infant was probably the smallest ever born in the city. She was 14 inches long and weighed 28 ounces. The body was perfectly formed, but the head was no larger than a tennis ball, and the fingers were the size of matches.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

AT THE GRAND TOMORROW.

The successful romantic drama, "Rupert of Hentzau," will be presented at the Grand Opera House on Thanksgiving Day, matinee and evening, by a company secured by special arrangement with Mr. Daniel Frohman, and surrounded by duplicates of the original scenery, costumes, effects, etc., that characterized the play's run at the Lyceum Theater, New York.

"THE CHAPERONS."

"The Chaperons," in its second season of success, was produced under the stage direction of George Leaderer. He is gifted with a fine sense of color and beauty in the harmonizing of costumes and scenery, and has furnished valuable assistance in these respects to Mr. Perley in "The Chaperons," which will be given at the Grand Opera House on Friday evening.

MONDAY AT THE GRAND.

"When Johnny Comes Marching Home" will be produced at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening next by the Whitney Opera Company. The play is a comic opera and tells a story of love and war of the South, but the action is supposed to take place just within the Northern lines. The play is said to be beautifully staged in every respect. In the big company which sings the opera are the following: William G. Stewart, Homer Lind, Albert McGuckin, W. H. Bray, Maurice Darcy, George Backus, W. H. Thompson, Lucille Saunders, Maude Lamber., Bertha Darrell and Julia Gifford. In addition to these there is a chorus of nearly 200 people.

AT THE LONDON TWO DAYS.

Kelly's Lady Minstrel Company, which will be seen at the London for three performances, beginning with a big holiday matinee on Thursday, consists of the following artists: Nellie Burgess, female baritone singer; Cora Wright, the petite little soubrette; Burkhardt and Berry, in their laughable skit, "Mamma's Baby"; Thornton and York in singing and dancing, Dan Leno, Nellie Ridley, Al Revere and twenty others. The show opens with the laughable burlesque, "A Dress Rehearsal," and closes with a side-splitter entitled "In a King's Palace."

Pantomime.

Certain gesture are absolutely identified with certain feelings. To shake one's fist is to threaten; to hold up one's finger is to warn. To indicate thought we place the tips of the fingers on the forehead; to show concentrated attention we apply the whole hand. To rub the hands is everywhere a sign of joy, and to clap them a sign of enthusiasm. It would be easy to multiply examples. Affirmation, negation, repulsion are all indicated by motions that everyone understands.

It is the same, in quite as great a degree, with nationalities, in spite of the original diversity of the races that make them up. The mimetic character results at once from race, from history and from climate.

The gesture of the Englishman is fierce and harsh; he speaks briefly, brusquely; he is cold, positive, forceful. His salutation is cold and accentuated, but his handshake is loyal. The gesture of Germany is heavy, good-humored and always ungraceful. Many of the Slav people are unwilling to look one in the face, and they have a false gesture.

The Spaniard and the Portuguese, although dwelling in a Southern land, gesticulate little; their language is rhythmic, slow, solemn; they are grave, their salutation is a little theatrical.

The Italian is lively, mobile, intelligent, gay; his language is harmonious, sonorous, warm and luminous like his country's sky. The salutation of the Italian is quick and full of feeling, his gesture colored and exaggerated.

An Anthem.

Here is one of Fenimore's stories: "Look 'ere, Bill, canst tell me what a hanthem is?" "No, Jack, but I can hexplain. If I says to 'e, 'Jack, hand me that er marlingspike,' that's all right, but if I says to 'e, 'Jake, Oh, hand, h-a-n-d to me that ere, that ere mar, that ere mar, mar, marlin', hand to me that ere m-a-r-l-i-n-s-p-i-k-e,' that would be a hanthem, Jack."—New York Press.

Cawnpore has had the proud satisfaction, or otherwise, of knowing that it has more bank holidays than any other big town in India. Omitting Sundays Cawnpore last year had 33, Bombay 26, Calcutta 24 and Madras 20 official holidays. The amount so far as Cawnpore is concerned is thought excessive by many for business reasons.

The British fire prevention committee has arranged for an international fire exhibition to be held next year in London from May to October. One of the objects of the exhibition will be to trace the progress of fire protection from past to present, and the exhibition will, therefore, include a historical and literary section, including an art gallery.

PARIS TO LONDON VIA AIRSHIP LINE

Santos-Dumont Will Make Trip for $50,000.

DISCUSSES DE BRADSKY'S FATE

Daring Brazilian Not Alarmed by Recent Catastrophe—How Accident Occurred.

Paris, Oct. 14.—Santos-Dumont, not frightened by the recent accident in which M. De Bradsky and M. Morin were killed by a fall from their airship, has announced that he will make an ascent in three weeks in a new small model of his airship. He will use the shed used by De Bradsky and will employ the same principle of wire ropes. He will sail from the Bois de Boulogne, Paris, to Hyde Park, London, if anybody will promise to pay him $50,000.

M. De Bradsky, the aeronaut, accompanied by M. Morin, made his fatal ascension in his new steerable airship here Monday morning. The balloon car fell at Stains, not far from this city, and De Bradsky and Morin were killed. The ropes connecting the car with the balloon had broken.

De Bradsky started at 7:55 o'clock in the morning from the aerostatic station at Vaugirard, intending to go over the Madeleine and return to the starting point. After some successful maneuvering De Bradsky let go and started off in a southeasterly direction at an altitude of from 300 to 400 feet. The two propellers worked excellently, but the rudder did not seem to act quite as it should have done. The aeronauts were consequently compelled to follow a somewhat sinuous route.

After ascending in the airship M. De Bradsky paid a visit to M. Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut, at the Hotel Ritz, hovering about the garden on a level with the window of Santos-Dumont's room for ten minutes. He then departed for the Champs Elysees.

It was noticed at the start that the rudder was small. De Bradsky sought to turn the church of Sacre Coeur, Montmartre, and flung a bag of ballast out. The balloon rose up, and, catching a current, was swept rapidly in the direction of St. Denis. On nearing the ground, De Bradsky asked the direction to Pantin, and was trying to head for that place.

The balloon came down within 200 meters of the ground. De Bradsky and Morin were ready to alight, and the former shouted to a passerby and asked him to help secure the airship, when the car suddenly became detached and the two men fell with it to the ground. De Bradsky was killed instantly. Morin lived a few minutes.

De Bradsky was a Hungarian and had been secretary of the embassy here. He had traveled in India, China and Japan. He was 36 years of age and leaves a wife and three children.

Santos-Dumont declares that Mr. De Bradsky was right to use wire instead of rope to attach the car to the balloon. His fatal mistake was that the wire was not fixed with geometrical exactitude, but was regulated by guesswork.

Mme. De Bradsky is prostrated.

De Bradsky's airship was egg-shaped, 110 feet long and 20 feet in diameter. A light wooden framework, running around the balloon, supported a car of steel wires. The car, constructed of hollow steel tubes, was 65 feet long and weighed, with a 16-horse power motor, 1,400 pounds. The airship was built on an entirely new theory. With its two aeronauts it displaced its own weight of air.

A recent cable dispatch from Paris said the chief danger was that a failure of the motor to work would cause it to fall rapidly, and that aeronauts predicted a catastrophe should De Bradsky make an ascension. De Bradsky was confident that the motor would work properly.

Missionaries Safe.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—Rev. Dr. Sutherland, general secretary Methodist missions, received a cable message today from Rev. Mr. Ewan, at Chentee, West China, saying: "Traveling safe. Advise friends missionaries all well."

Note from Powers.

Constantinople, Oct. 14.—The powers have notified the Porte of their compliance with Turkey's request to make representations to the Bulgarian Government, urging a better surveillance of the Turko-Bulgarian frontier.

South African War Commission.

London, Oct. 14.—Lord Strathcona and Sir Frederick Daley, Lieutenant-Governor of New South Wales, have been appointed members of the royal commission which is inquiring into the conduct of the South African war. They will represent colonial interests.

Insurgents Defeated.

Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, Oct. 14.—According to an official report received here, the battle fought between the forces of President Castro, near La Victoria, has resulted in a complete victory for the Government army. The announcement has caused great enthusiasm here.

Whaleback Sank.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 14.—Whaleback barge 129, owned by the United States Steel Corporation, was sunk by collision with her steamer, the Maunaloa, in the gale on Lake Superior yesterday. The crew were all rescued by the steamer, and reached here early today. The whaleback went down in deep water, and is a total loss. The lost barge was valued at $60,000. She had on board some 2,300 tons of ore, worth some $10,000 or more.

Saved Brother, Lost His Own Life.

Montreal, Oct. 14.—Joseph Griffin, a 12-year-old boy, gave up his life last evening to save his 5-year-old brother. The children were playing in the rear of the New York Laundry, St. Catherine street, when an outside elevator, under which the younger child was, descended. Joseph, seeing his brother's danger, rescued him, but in so doing was pinned underneath the elevator, and died soon afterwards.

There are only 800,000 white people in British South Africa, and at the beginning of the war there was a deficiency of women amounting to 70,000.

The Mexican National narrow-gauge railroad, which with its branches extends over 1,200 miles, has not killed a single passenger for over 20 years.

Until recent times the electric industry has made extremely slow progress in Russia. Unfavorably circumstances have combined to impede the industry and prevent it from reaching the level found in other countries.

AGED FARMER SHOT ROBBERS

Killed Two and Fatally Hurt a Third.

SIX MEN IN THE ROBBER BAND

Old Man Had Been Tied Fast, But Succeeded in Freeing His Hands and Reaching His Gun.

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 15. — In a secluded farm house on a country road, two miles from the Village of Rochester, in Lorain County, last night, three aged men, named Meach, were attacked by six desperate robbers. As a result two of the robbers were shot to death, one probably fatally wounded, and two of the Meach brothers were badly beaten. There are three of the Meach brothers—Loren, aged nearly 80 years; John, about 70, and Jarvis, aged 65. The old men are said to be rich.

About 8 o'clock, while John was in the barn, he was surrounded by three robbers and bound. Going to the house they knocked Jarvis Meach into insensibility by blows on the head. John Meach worked himself loose from his bands, however, and securing a shotgun, cautiously stole upon the three burglars, who were working on the safe. He shot two of them to death, and fatally wounded the third man. The three companions of the men who were watching outside the house, realizing their danger, immediately got away.

The third of the brothers, Loren, is bedridden and could offer no resistance, so he was not molested.

The authorities are scouring the neighborhood, and great excitement prevails. The would-be robbers secured no money. The wounded desperado was taken into custody, but refused to make any statement as to his identity, and there was nothing on his person to tell who he was. The authorities believe the men are from Cleveland. The outlaws are typical tramps in appearance.

Peace in Hayti.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Oct. 14.—Acting on the initiative of United States Minister Powell, the diplomatic corps here has proposed a cessation of hostilities in order to arrange of hostiliminaries for peace between the revolutionists and the forces of the Provincial Government.

Gladstone Library Opened.

London, Oct. 14.—The library at Hawarden, erected as a national memorial to the late William E. Gladstone, and which cost $50,000, was opened by Earl Spencer today. The building stands on the brow of a hill commanding a view of the Dee, so greatly admired by Mr. Gladstone. It contains the statesman's valuable collection of books. Crowds of visitors attended the ceremonies, which commenced with a service in the church, conducted by Rev. Stephen Gladstone.

Russel Sage In Harness.

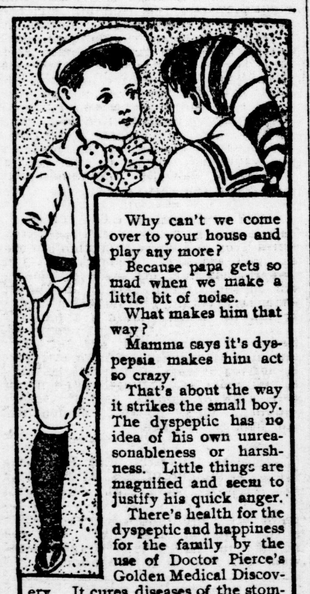
New York, Oct. 14. — Russell Sage came home from Cedarhurst yesterday. He walked up the steps of his town house, 506 Fifth avenue, pretty spryly for a man of 86, and although Mrs. Sage and Dr. Munn, his friend and physician, each offered an arm, he wanted none of their help. Dr. Munn and Dr. Schmuck say that Mr. Sage's condition is very satisfactory, and he certainly looked well yesterday, but they don't want him to go back to his office for a fortnight at least, and not for a month if they can prevent it.

C. W. Osborne, Mr. Sage's cashier, said yesterday that he didn't know when Mr. Sage would be back downtown.

"I wouldn't be surprised, though, to see him walk in any day this week," said Mr. Osborne. "He's happiest here and it's pretty hard to persuade him to stay at home."

Asked about the stories of Mr. Sage's retirement, Mr. Osborne said:

"Mr. Sage is gradually retiring from active participation in business. His action in the future will be guided by necessites as they arise—that is, he will be down at his Wall street omce daily, his health permitting. Mr. Sage is not going to retire from all business, so long as he is able to attend to his business. He has for some years past been declining to take up new business that required his personal attention. His affairs have been systematized and do not need his constant personal attention."



Why can't we come over to your house and play any more?

Because papa gets so mad when we make a little bit of noise.

What makes him that way?

Mamma says it's dyspepsia makes him act so crazy.

That's about the way it strikes the small boy. The dyspeptic has no idea of his own unreasonableness or harshness. Little things are magnified and seem to justify his quick anger.

There's health for the dyspeptic and happiness for the family by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and restores perfect health and strength, by enabling the perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

"I have taken one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for indigestion and liver complaint," writes Mr. C. M. Wilson, of Yadkin College, Davidson Co., N. C. "Have had no bad spells since I commenced taking your medicine—in fact, have not felt like the same man. Before I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' I could not eat anything without awful distress, but now I can eat anything I wish without having unpleasant feelings."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse and regulate the bowels.



THE WEATHER TODAY—Fair; a little higher temperature.

Here's a Chance

STORE CLOSED THURSDAY.

On Friday morning we will place on our Linen Counter twenty sets of Linens (one Cloth and one dozen Napkins to match in each set), at the following low prices per set—$5, $5.50, $6.75, $8.50 and $10.25. Cloths are 2x2½ yards, and Napkins all large sizes. These sets would readily bring much higher prices—they are high in quality and altogether beautiful in design, such as plain centers, double borders and other entirely new effects. Remember only twenty sets in the lot—not enough for twenty customers, as some will want more than one of these beauties at such tempting prices.

We are in receipt of a shipment of Colored Peau de Sole Silks (imported direct), and those who have been awaiting their arrival will please take notice. For years this same quality in black has stood the test for style and wearing qualities. It has always taken a leading place, being one of the few reliable silks. In the shipment are the following strictly fashionable colors—white, cream, tuscan, sky blue, turquoise, blue, sage green, old rose, cardinal and mid gray. The width is 20 inches, and we bought this lot at a price that will let us sell them at, per yard, only $1.00

To those wanting a colored silk that does not cut or crush (wear also guaranteed), we recommend this satisfactory silk, which is suitable for evening wear, separate waists or trimmings.

SPECIAL--- We have a very large assortment of Applique Trimmings, in the New Medallion Patterns to match our Silks. Ask to see them.

Ringwood Gloves for Ladies and Children

The time for hand comfort is here. The Golfing season is on for the ladies, and the boys and girls should be made comfortable going to and from school. We have room only for a few of our many lines, but we mention those that we think you'll like.

Women's best quality Scotch Wool Ringwood or Golfing Gloves, ribbed wrist, six different patterns, and all especially selected. Extra value at 65c

Women's Scotch Wool Ringwood or Golfing Gloves, in black, white and all fancy colors and designs, ribbed wrists. Prices, 25c, 30c and 35c

Misses' Scotch Wool Ringwood Gloves, fancy and plain colors, 25c, 30c and..... 35c

Boys' Scotch Wool Ringwood Gloves, fancy and plain colors, 25c, 30c and..... 35c

A full assortment of Men's Scotch Wool Gloves, fancy and plain colors. Wives should tell their husbands, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c and 65c

Mercerized Sateens, Art Sateens and Silkalines

We are offering a special line of Mercerized Sateens, specially priced to provoke favorable comment. This material is suitable for sacques, wrappers or house dresses, is of splendid quality, and well worth the regular price, 25c and 30c yard. Our specially low price on this lot only 15c

Knowing that you will be wanting materials for coverings, draperies, etc., we are showing a nice assortment of colorings and patterns in Art Sateens, brilliant finish, 31 inches wide. Per yard 25c and..... 18c

Silkalines in 36-inch widths, floral, conventional and Persian patterns, very pretty for drapes, etc.; nice silky finish. Per yard, 20c, 18c and 15c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 DUNDAS STREET.

"ANY MAN CAN WED ANY WOMAN."

So Said Voltaire and Here Are Stories That Look as if He Knew.

"Any man can marry any woman," Voltaire once cynically declared, "if he only pursues her long enough." This, at any rate, was the experience of Jacob Halliday, a well-known character in the North of England a couple of generations ago.

Never did a lover win a wife under such discouraging conditions as Jacob, for, after his first proposal, he was soundly horsewhipped by the young lady's father and ducked in a convenient pond.

"I'll ask her again next year," Jacob spluttered as he emerged from his bath, the fire of his passion not a whit quenched by his cold douche. "Regularly once a year, on the anniversary of his first proposal and immersion," Nicholson says, in his biography of Mr. Halliday, "Jacob attired himself in his finest raiment and presented his petition, always with the same negative result. When he presented himself, now a middle aged man, for the 24th time, the lady greeted his appearance with a peal of laughter. 'It's no good, Jacob, I see,' she exclaimed, 'I may as well give in now as later; but what a faint hearted creature the importunate widow was compared with you!"

SHERIDAN'S BOLD MEASURE.

Sheridan took an equally bold course when he sought to win the fairest of the beautiful daughters of Linley, the composer of Bath, who was strongly opposed to the suit of the brilliant young poet and dramatist. His lady love, too, was beset by an army of suitors, many of them far more eligible than the penniless law student. The circumstances called for bold and decisive action. After threatening to destroy himself if the lady refused his advances, and fighting a couple of duels with one of his most formidable rivals, Sheridan took the bold step of running away with Miss Linley and conducted her to a French nunnery, where she remained in confinement until, succumbing to her lover's daring and persistence, she consented to marry him.

An amusing and characteristic story is told of Lord Beaconsfield in the days when he was wooing Mrs. Lewis, to whom in later years of married life he was so touchingly devoted.

One day Mrs. Lewis, who was then living in retirement at her seat in Glamorganshire, saw a gentleman walking leisurely up the drive. "Jane," she exclaimed to an old servant, "I really believe that horrid man Disreali is coming up the drive. Do, please, run to the door and say I'm not at home." Jane opened the door to the undesired caller and gravely announced her message. "I know," Disraeli coolly answered, "but take my bag to a bedroom and prepare luncheon. I will wait until Mrs. Lewis is ready to come downstairs," which, of course, Mrs. Lewis felt compelled to do a few minutes later.

"O, dear, what can I do with such an obstinate, thick skinned man?" the widow asked desperately later in the day, when Disraeli showed no sign of raising the siege. "Marry him, I suppose, ma'am," was Jane's philosophic answer; and as the world knows, the persistent wooer had his way in the end in this as in most other things in life.

WON DESPITE ANCESTORS.

A judge, not long deceased, used to tell a diverting story of his wooing. In those days he was a struggling and obscure lawyer without even the prospect of an income, and the woman on whom he had set his affections was the daughter of a purse proud man with a high sounding name, who was strongly opposed to giving his daughter to a "penniless lawyer."

"Do you know, sir," the father thundered, when he was asked for his daughter's hand, "do you know, sir, that my daughter's ancestors have all been noblemen, and that one of them was a favorite minister of Queen Elizabeth's?" "O, yes, I know all that," the young barrister placidly answered; "and do you know that Queen Elizabeth once slapped your ancestor's face; and unless you are more civil I will do the same for you?" It is scarcely surprising that so bold and daring a lover had his way in the end, even in the face of such a barrier of ghostly noble ancestors.

The late Prince Bismarck, it is said, won his wife in much the same way. Although he had not known the lady of his love more than a few days, and her parents were not even aware of his existence, he presented himself one day before them and boldly asked permission to marry their daughter. In vain the father fumed and blustered, and threatened to have the young man forcibly ejected from the house for his impertinence. "I am sorry to annoy you, sir," the young soldier said, "but I must respectfully decline to leave the house until I have your consent." Nor did he, although the consent was given in these ungracious words: "Well, I suppose you must have your way; but I cannot compliment my daughter on her choice of a mule for a husband."

ACCIDENTS DUE TO "RUBBERNECKING."

Five Women a Day Hurt Because They Stare at Other People.

Five women a day, according to the police reports, are hurt in the shopping district by street cars or other vehicles running into them. Some of the cases are serious, and demand the removal of the injured persons to a hospital or their homes. The great majority of these accidents, crossing policemen declare, are due to what is vulgarly called "rubbernecking."

"Nine women out of ten who are hurt by street cars or vehicles drawn by horses have only themselves to blame," said an officer who for several years has guarded a State street crossing. "I have seen dozens of women injured down here in the retail district, and I never saw one who met with an accident who was not 'rubbernecking.' For instance, a woman will start to cross the street with an armful of bundles. Half-way over, in the middle of the car tracks, she turns around to look at a woman who has passed her from the opposite direction. Perhaps it was the woman's hat or the hang of the skirt that caused the other woman to stop and 'take her in.' At any rate she stands there like a block of stone, deaf to the clanging of the car bell and the shouts of the people who see her danger. Finally, after she has feasted her eyes on the hat or skirt, or whatever it was that caught her fancy, she wakes up and finds a street car or vehicle of some kind bearing down on her. She is confused, and doesn't know which way to turn. The chances are 100 to 1 that she will step in front of the car or carriage, if she has to run five feet to do it, and then the ambulance is called. She tells her husband and everybody else that the motorman or gripman, as the case might be, tried deliberately to run her down.

"The same thing is true of a great many men who are injured down town. Two men out of five (that's a conservative estimate) will turn around ten times in walking one block to look at women who attract their notice. And, do you know, it's a habit with a whole lot of men. I know some of the most respectable men in Chicago, who in every other way are model husbands, who are victims of this habit of 'rubbernecking.' If a woman attempted to flirt with them they would take to the woods, but they will turn around and secretly admire some woman they never saw before and never expect to see again."—Chicago Tribune.

Good Healthy Action

is easy to have by taking this famous old remedy—To look well and keep well, use

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

Facts for Catarrhal Sufferers.

The mucous membrane lines all passages and cavities communicating with the exterior.

Catarrh is an excessive secretion, accompanied with chronic inflammation, from the mucous membrane.

Hood's Sarsaparilla acts on the mucous membrane through the blood, reduces inflammation, establishes healthy action, and radically cures all cases of catarrh.

Etiquette is the religion of Japan. No people in the world are as polite as the Japanese. As a nation the Japanese are more cleanly than any other people. In nearly every way they are superior to the Chinese, but they lack the Chinese conscience and the doctrine of commercial honor. London and New York merchants sell many Chinese merchants goods on credit, but they have learned by bitter experience that the Japanese merchants frequently fail to pay their debts.

PASSED 15 WORMS. -- I gave Dr. Low's Worm Syrup to my little girl, two and one-half years old; the result was that she passed fifteen round worms in five days.

A considerable trade in live quails takes place yearly from Messina to the United Kingdom. The birds are caught in the neighborhood of Messina. They are kept from three to four days in cages before being shipped, and are fed on hemp seed and ground corn and are watered freely every day. It is estimated that from 90,000 to 100,000 are caught annually.

A RedHot Season

During the hot summer season the blood gets overheated, the drain on the system is severe and the appetite is often lost. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies and invigorates the blood, tones up the system and restores lost appetite.

When Admiral Rodgers was in Japanese waters lately he entertained with distinguished honor Hiral Sukekichi, a poor fisherman, who was of considerable service to Commodore Perry on the latter's historic visit, which opened Japan to the world. Hiral is now 90 years old, and on his visit to Admiral Rodgers was accompanied by his son, grandson and great-grandson.

"MAN IS FILLED WITH MISERY."—This is not true of all men. The well, sound of lung, clear of eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will help all to do this.

WHISKARD'S Three Busy Stores

228, 230, 232 Dundas Street

REMEMBER OUR

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

10 Off Our Best Prices.

Davy Crockett created a wise adage when he said, "Be sure you are right, then go ahead." You are right when you come to the "Three Busy Stores" and take advantage of the prices and goods now selling at the

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.
10 OFF ALL GOODS.

The opportunity is yours. The saving is yours. Now is your time to make your fall purchases at this special discount of 10 off.

Big Purchase of Fine Sateen Jean Corsets, Straight Front.

50c Corsets, in all sizes, for 30c pair, subject to your 10 off. See them.

75c Corsets for 50c pair, all sizes, 10 off.

Big Bargain in Our Hosiery Department.

In cashmere, wool and cotton, ladies' and children's, all sizes, subject to your 10 off our already cut prices. Now is the time to buy your winter hosiery.

Rug Department—10 Off.

Here are the lines with already cut prices:

Moquette Rugs, regular $8, reduced price $2 39, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Moquette Door Mats, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

18x36 Door Rugs, regular $1 25, reduced price 89c, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Tapestry Rugs, regular $2 50, reduced price $1 97, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Outdoor Rope Mats, regular $1, sale price 85c, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Silk Drapes Bought Far Below the Price.

In all colors, $1 25, $1 49, $1 59, $1 69, $1 79, $1 89, $2 25. Ten off these prices.

Staple Department.

10 per cent. off these prices, which are already exceptional value.

Stripe Fancy Flannelette, wide width, 5c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Wide Plain Pink Flannelette, 5c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

35-inch Cardinal Plain Flannelette, 7c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Reversible Wrapperette Flannelette, 8c and 10c yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Secial line of Navy Blue Flannel, only 12½c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Gray Flannel, light and dark, 12½c, 15c and 25c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Very heavy Unbleached Factory, regular 8c; during sale 6c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Twilled Unbleached Factory regular 10c, sale price 7c a yard, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

40-inch Unbleached Factory, regular 10c, sale price 8c, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

Ladies' Beautiful White Long Cloth, for underwear, regular 12½c, sale price 10c, 10 PER CENT. OFF.

NO GOODS EXCHANGED DURING THIS SALE.

JOTTINGS FROM NEARBY PLACES

LOBO

Lobo, Oct. 14.—The historic Church of Christ in Lobo has enjoyed a season of great joy and blessing, its members recently being the fortunate entertainers of the Church of Christ in the western district, which met in convention here. The first session commenced on Thursday, with an address of welcome by Mr. Alex. Gray, Lobo. Mr. C. C. Sinclair, pastor of the Church of Christ, Ridgetown, responded. Then followed the convention sermon by Mr. S. B. Culp, pastor of Elizabeth Street Church of Christ, London. In a masterful discourse he drew from the lives and deeds of Caleb and Joshua inspiration for his hearers to unite in a forward movement. A very enjoyable social hour was then spent. The Thursday evening session opened at 7:30 o'clock, with devotional exercises led by Mr. C. Leg, Dorchester. Miss Hanna E. McDougall read the reports from the auxiliaries of the O. C. W. B., which indicated a great amount of work and self-sacrifice by the sisters of the various congregations. Mr. B. W. Ballah introduced the subject of "Individual Responsibility of Church Members," which was followed by an interesting discussion. Mr. E. S. DeMiller, provincial evangelist, delivered a thoughtful addres on "Our Home Work." He urged the importance of strengthening home churches as a base of supplies for all missionary enterprises.

On Friday morning Mr. Colin Sinclair, St. Thomas, led the devotional exercises. This was the Sunday school and Christian Endeavor session of the convention. Mr. S. B. Culp read reports from the schools of the district, and a general discussion of Sunday school work followed, including a paper read by Mrs. Lumley on "The Ideal Sunday School Teacher."

Interesting reports were presented by Miss Minnie McKillop, of the numerical standing, and the work done by the Christian Endeavor societies of the district.

Mr. Ellmore Sinclair opened the afternoon session with a prayer and praise service. Miss Hannah E. McDougall read a paper on "What Can I, as a C. E., Do?"

A report of the work of the college was given by Dr. D. A. McKillop, followed by a discussion, in which it was agreed that the interests of the college and home mission work are inseparable. Mr. E. J. Stobo, pastor of the Baptist Church, Poplar Hill, added materially to the interest of this discussion. Miss Annetta M. Green read a paper on "Our Mission Work In Japan," in which the claims of that Great Britain of the east were ably set forth.

The Friday evening session commenced with song service led by the choir. It was made very interesting and profitable by a paper on "Enthusiasm in Mission Work," by Miss Margaret Sinclair, an address by Mr. C. C. Sinclair, on "Missions in China," followed by Mr. W. C. McDougall, pastor of the Church of Christ, St. Thomas, on the subject of "Regions Beyond."

The convention elected Mr. C. C. Sinclair president, Mr. W. C. McDougall vice-president, and Miss Alice Pierce, secretary-treasurer.

The papers by Mrs. Lumley, Miss Green, Miss Sinclair and Miss McDougall were taken for publication in the Christian Messenger. The sessions were enlivened with solos by Mrs. Lumley and Miss McKellar, and anthems and quartets by the Lobo Church choir.

Great credit is due the retiring president, Mr. N. C. Sinclair, who contributed so much to the success of the convention. The convention meets next year in Mosa.

KOMOKA.

Komoka, Oct. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. L. Pender and son Oliver, of Palmerston, are visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Janet Campbell has returned from a most enjoyable visit with friends in New York.

Miss Isabella Waugh is on the sick list.

Miss Edith Graham has returned home.

Miss Hatty Gwalchmai, of London, visited here recently.

Rev. Mr. Ballantyne, of London, occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church on Sunday in the absence of Rev. W. A. Wyllie, pastor.

Miss Rachel McIntyre has been visiting in Glencoe.

The R. T. of T. are now working hard for the temperance cause and are trying to interest the people of the vicinity in the work.

Mrs. Lince, who has been sick for some time in London, is improving.

Mr. Blackwell's store is almost completed and is indeed an inprovement to the village.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Fortune in a Desk.

New York, Oct. 14.—A fortune of over $100,000 was found today in the desk of Police Captain J. J. Donahue in the station house, where he dropped dead last week. The sum of $34,000 in cash was found in a small iron box in a drawer, and diamond jewelry valued at $11,000, including a solitaire ring worth $1,500, was found in another drawer. The rest of the property included $15,000 in United States steel stock, $1,000 in gold mining stock, $15,000 in Metropolitan Railway stock, and five life insurance policies of $2,000 each. The discovery of the treasure was a complete surprise, the captain having been considered worth about $75,000 in other property.

MUST PAY UNCLE SAMUEL

Mexico Condemned by Hague Court in Pious Fund Case.

United States to Receive $1,420,682.67 in Mexican Currency.

The Hague, Oct. 14.—The arbitration court, in the Pious case, has condemned Mexico to pay the United States $1,420,682 67 in Mexican currency. The decision of the court was unanimous.

The Pious fund originated in 1697 in gifts made in trust to the Jesuits from charitable persons, to be devoted to establishing and supporting Roman Catholic missions in the Californias. The Spanish Government expelled the Jesuits in 1767, and seized all their property, which thereafter was administered by the Franciscans. When Mexico gained her independence she took charge of the fund. In 1842 Mexico sold the properties of the fund and guaranteed the church authorities 6 per cent on it in perpetuity. At the time California was ceded to the United States, Mexico stopped paying this interest. In 1869 Mexico paid $904,700 arrears on an award made in favor of the church authorities by Sir Edward Thornton. Since then nothing has been paid. The present claim now preferred originated with the Catholic Church in California, and the amount of interest involved is about $1,000,000.

The international arbitration court, which has decided the case, is composed as follows: Dr. F. D. Martens, professor of international law at the University of St. Petersburg, and Sir Edward Fry, the former lord justice of appeal of the British courts of justice, representing the United States, and Prof. T. M. C. Asser, an eminent Dutch jurist, and Dr. A. F. de Savorin Lohman, representing Mexico, which four selected as the fifth arbitrator and president of the court, Dr. H. Metzen, president of the Danish Landsthing.

KING AT THE RACE TRACK

His Majesty's First Appearance Since Derby Week.

London, Oct. 14.—King Edward arrived at Newmarket today at attend the opening day of the second October meeting. It was his majesty's first appearance on a race course since Derby week, immediately after which came the sudden news of his illness. The King will remain at his racing headquarters until Friday.

NOVEL PROPOSITION

Boys From Reformatories to Cut Crown Lands Timber.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—In connection with the proposal that municipalities cut timber on crown lands, Mayor Howland is incubating an idea which he will later, if it hatches, lay before Premier Ross. This is that boys be sent up from the Provincial reformatories to cut wood, and if on arriving at mature years the boys have shown steadiness and industry the land thus cleared be given to them.

Cigarmakers' Strike Over.

Montreal, Oct. 14.—The strike of 250 cigarmakers, which was inaugurated here nineteen months ago, has been declared off. The union men struck as a protest against the introduction of new methods, but the manufacturers went on with their business by employing non-union hands, and nothing has been heard of the strike for some time. Of the 750 who struck, 400 are as yet unprovided with regular employment.

Fluctuations in Prices.

Mr. Anderson gives an interesting table showing the fluctuations in retail prices at Dawson in 1898, 1899 and 1902. Some of these are: Potatoes, $1 25 per pound, 33 cents per pound and 8 cents per pound; eggs, $18 per dozen, $2 per dozen, 50 cents per dozen; hay, $500 per ton, $90 per ton; candles, $1 each, 25 cents each, 4 cents each. Coal equal to Comox coal is being mined at several points. Mr. Anderson gives a great deal of valuable information about freight rates, classifications, etc. He predicts a good future for the country and strongly advocates the building of a Canadian railway at an early date. He disapproves of the holding of claims for speculative purposes. An interesting article on "Methods of Mining," by Mr. J. B. Tyrrell, is included in the report. Mr. Anderson also speaks encouragingly of the Atlin district.

A GOOD DEAL OF NONSENSE

About "Blood Purifiers" and "Tonics."

Every drop of blood, every bone, nerve and tissue in the body can be renewed in but one way, and that is, from wholesome food properly digested. There is no other way, and the idea that a medicine in itself can purify the blood or supply new tissues and strong nerves is ridiculous and on a par with the fol-de-rol that dyspepsia or indigestion is a germ disease, or that other fallacy, that a weak stomach which refuses to digest food can be made to do so by irritating and inflaming the bowels by pills and cathartics.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure indigestion, sour stomach, gas and bloating after meals, because they furnish the digestive principles, which weak stomachs lack, and unless the deficiency of pepsin and diastase is supplied it is useless to attempt to cure stomach trouble by the use of "tonics," "pills," and "cathartics," which have absolutely no digestive power, and their only effect is to give temporary stimulation.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs and similar foods, and experiments have shown that they will do this in a glass bottle at proper temperature, but, of course, are much more effective in the stomach.

There is probably no remedy so universally used as Stuart's Tablets, because it is not only the sick and ailing, but well people who use them at every meal to insure perfect digestion and assimilation of the food.

People who enjoy fair health take Stuart's Tablets as regularly as they take their meals, because they want to keep well, prevention is better than cure, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do both; they prevent indigestion and they remove it where it exists. The regular use of one or two of them after meals will demonstrate their merit and efficiency better than any other argument. 11s nxy

AN EXPLANATION FROM BALFOUR

He Throws Some Light on Education Bill.

A GENERAL MISUNDERSTANDING

Agitation Against the Measure Due to False Statements Made by Enemies of Government.

Manchester, Oct. 14.—A notable addition to the controversy over the Government's education bill was made tonight by Premier Balfour, in an address he delivered before a mass meeting held in connection with the annual conference of the National Union Constitutional Association.

The Premier declared that the agitation against the opposition to the bill were due to misunderstandings caused by false statements of its provisions and intentions. Mr. Balfour said the voice of the calumniator had been too long uninterrupted, but that the country would no longer be hoodwinked by the travesties of truth, which had been drunk in by those from whom better things were to be expected. The Government had chosen to disturb educational peace, because the existing system of education was chaotic, ineffectual and behind the age, making Great Britain the laughing stock of other nations, and it was bound, the Premier said, to provide secondary public education and coordinate all the branches of public education under the control of the boroughs and the county councils. If in doing this the Government had given a tonic to the Liberal party, Mr. Balfour did not begrudge it.

Continuing, the Premier asserted that a majority of the people believed religion should be taught in the schools, but that they did not agree as to what religion, and that the only alternative was a system permitting denominational teaching in schools wholly supported by rates, as well as promoting it in those schools which were not wholly so suported. The threats of the Nonconformists to refuse to pay the rates, the Premier said, were unworthy the citizens of a free country. Civilized government was impossible if dissatisfied citizens refused to obey the laws. The Nonconformists, the Premier declared, should hail this bill with pleasure, for it was an effort to give the people unlimited control of education, and their objections, too, were in reality political.

HALE STILL CONCEALED

All Efforts to Discover Soo Murderer Are Futile.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Oct. 14.—There are no new developments in the Hale murder case. Provincial Constable Rush has made thorough search and inquiry at all points along the north shore of Lake Huron and St. Mary's River, as well as throughout the farming communities for a considerable distance east and west of the Sault, and information is nil. A descriptive circular letter and reward of $100 for the arrest of Hale has been sent through the district, and the principal points of Ontario, Manitoba and Michigan by Constable Rush. The impression that Hale has suicided or died from exhaustion is gaining ground, for a man of his age and clothed as he was could not withstand the cold frosts of the nights and the wet condition of the woods.

TO CONSULT CANADA

Imperial Government May Send Naval Experts Here.

London, Oct. 14.—The "Man on the Street" is in possession of two stories today, neither of which can at the moment be verified. The first is that the high commissioner for Canada, Lord Strathcona, has contributed £1,000 towards the fund being raised for new quarters for the Liverpool Scottish volunteers, of which corps his lordship is honorary colonel. The other story is to the effect that the British admiralty is about to send naval experts to Canada for the purpose of consulting the authorities there on question relating to harbor defenses, supplies and maintenance of reserve crews.

Sir Edmund Barton, interviewed by a representative of the Daily Chronicle, thinks the Canadian citizen is abreast, almost more than abreast, with the Australian public man in attachment to the mother country.

JAIL FOR AN IRISH M. P.

Nationalist Member From County Mayo Gets Three Months.

London, Oct. 14.—John O'Donnell, Nationalist M. P. for the south division of County Mayo, has been sentenced by the crimes act court at Birr to three months imprisonment at hard labor and to an additional three months in default of bail for good behavior. Mr. O'Donnell was convicted of intimidation and inciting to boycotting. A summons was issued against Mr. O'Donnell last month, but he wrote from Wales refusing to obey it. He was arrested Sept. 25 at Clare Morreys, County Mayo.

The Irish Times, in an article on the procession on Sunday to the grave of Charles Stewart Parnell, asks what has become of the $30,000 which Mr. Redmond, M. P., and then Lord Mayor of Dublin, collected in America for the erection of the statue of Parnell in Dublin. The paper says the foundation stone has been laid near the rotunda, but nothing more has been done. It adds: "The money collected in America, if reasonably well invested, should amount to over $35,000. Dublin is paved with foundation stones of monuments to patriots which have never got further for lack of funds, but in Parnell's case the money was collected, and no account was even given to American subscribers or the Irish public."

Head Crushed Between Logs.

Belleville, Ont., Oct. 14.—News has just reached this city of a sad accident which befell Horace Gillespie, late of this city, and who was in South Africa with the Canadian artillery and fired the first shot at the relief of Mafeking. Mr. Gillespie was working on the C. P. R. near Sudbury, and had his head badly crushed between logs which were loaded on a freight car. He lost his hearing for a time, also his eyesight, while his face was paralyzed. Fellow workmen on the C. P. R. sent him to the Royal Victoria Hospital, where he now it. He is improving very slowly, but has hopes of ultimate recovery.

EXTENT OF COAL INDUSTRY

Some Interesting Statistics Just Made Public.

Number of Men Employed and Production Per Man.

Washington, Oct. The volume of Mineral Resources o United States for the calendar year 1901, United States geological survey, now in press, presents some interesting statistics of the labor in the coal mines of the country. The statistics are as follows:

In the bituminous coal industry in 1890, 192,204 men working 226 days produced 111,302,822 short tons, valued at $110,420,891, an average of 2.56 tons per man per day, and of 573 tons per man per year; in 1880, 259,862 men working 194 days produced 135,118,193 short tons, valued at $115,779,771, an average of 2.80 tons per man per day and of 663 tons per man per year; in 1900, 304,375 men in 234 days produced 212,314,912 short tons, valued at $220,913,513, or 2.98 tons per man per day and 697 tons per man per year; in 1901, 340,235 men in 225 days produced 225,826,849 short tons, valued at $236,406,449, or 2.94 tons per man per day and 664 tons per man per year. The average price of bituminous coal per short ton in 1880 was 99c; in 1895, 86c; in 1900, $1 04; in 1901, $1 05.

In the anthracite mines in 1890, the number of miners was 126,000, who in 200 days produced 46,468,641 short tons, valued at $66,383,772, the average production being 1.85 tons per man per day and 369 tons per man per year; in 1895, 142,917 men produced in 196 days 57,999,337 short tons, valued at $82,019,272, an average of 2.07 short tons per man per day and of 406 tons per man per year; in 1900, 144,206 men working 166 days produced 57,367,915 short tons, valued at $85,757,851, or 2.40 short tons per man per day and 398 tons per man per year; in 1901, 145,309 men worked 196 days and produced 67,471,667 short tons, valued at $112,504,020, an average production of 2.36 short tons per man per day and of 464 tons per man per year. The average price per short ton of anthracite coal in 1890 was $1 43; in 1895 it was $1 41; in 1900 it was $1 49, and in 1901 it was $1 67.

In the last twelve years the number of workers in the anthracite mines has increased from 126,000 in 1890 to 145,309 in 1901, or over 15 per cent. During the same period the number of men in the bituminous mines has increased from 192,204 to 340,235, or a little over 77 per cent.

The statistics of accidents in the mines in the calendar year 1901, already published in part, show that in the bituminous mines 954 men were killed and 2,400 were injured, in a total of 340,235 men at work; in the anthracite mines 513 men were killed and 1,234 were injured, in a total of 145,309 at work. The statistics for Pennsylvania alone show 301 men killed and 656 men injured.

Note Swindlers at Work.

St. Marys, Ont., Oct. 14.—Two strangers have been reaping a harvest from confiding farmers in this vicinity. They would bargain with the farmers for produce and Thanksgiving turkeys, and would pay over a dollar as a guarantee of good faith. The farmer would give a receipt for the dollar and the receipts turned up in the form of notes for from $2 to $20. The strangers are thought to have gone to London.

Killed While Scuffling.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 14.—Jacob Weins, of the Lowe farm, near Morris, was killed last night as the result of a scuffle with the hired man, Peter Rymer. It seems Rymer used very abusive language to Weins, who was a lad of 18 years. The latter objected, when, it is said, Rymer threatened him with a knife, and the fatal scuffle ensued. Weins was picked up unconscious, but by the time a doctor was procured he had been dead some time. Rymer is under arrest, and the coroner will arrive today to hold an inquest.

Steamer Foundered.

Ashtabula, Ohio, Oct. 14.—The wooden steamer C. B. Lockwood foundered in a storm about 15 miles off this port last night. The captain and crew launched two boats just before the steamer sank. One, containing the captain, was picked up near the harbor this morning. The other boat has not yet been heard from. The tugs and life-savers are searching for it. It contained ten of the crew. The Lockwood was a freighter, owned by the Gilchrists, of Cleveland. She was commanded by Capt. Casius French. She was bound for Buffalo.

Three Months of Severe Illness

And Many Years of Suffering From Kidney and Liver Derangements — Another Noteworthy Cure by

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Mr. Richard A. Smith, Port Robinson, Ont., a respected farmer, who has resided at that place for 27 years, states: "For three months I was completely incapacitated for work, and have been cured of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Before this serious illness came on I had been troubled more or less with kidney and liver derangements for fifteen or twenty years, and lost much time and money in different treatments which were to no purpose. About a year ago I had to quit work on account of severe pains in my back and side, which daily grew worse.

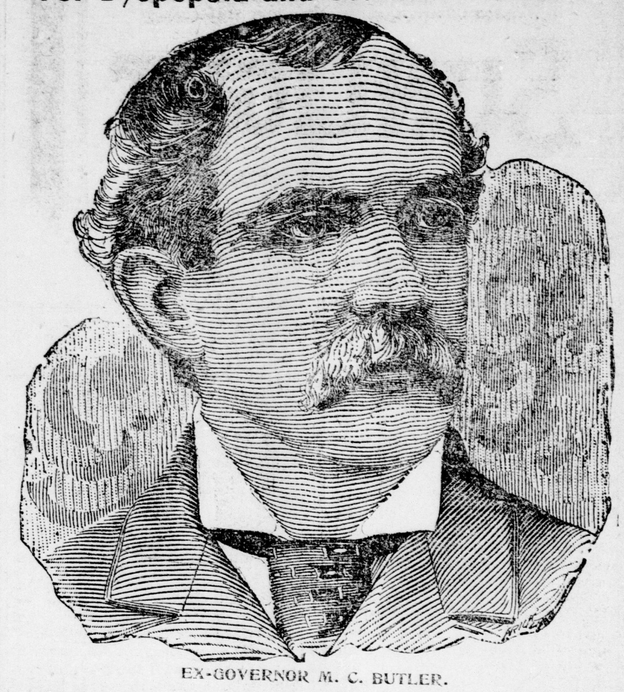
"I was in a miserable state, and could get no comfort sitting or lying down, had little sleep, my appetite was poor, and I suffered a great deal. In the morning I would arise tired and enfeebled, and frequently felt discouraged, as neither doctors nor medicines did me any good. I was advised to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and did so with great benefit. Before I had finished four boxes I was able to be out and at work again with my old-time vigor and feeling better than for twenty years. I had also gained about 25 pounds in weight, and believe that my health is completely restored."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co.

GOVERNOR OF SOUTH CAROLINA

RECOMMENDS PE-RU-NA

For Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.



EX-GOVERNOR M. C. BUTLER.

Ex.-U. S. Senator and ex-Governor M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, in a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., from Washington, D. C., says:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine besides a good tonic."—M. C. Butler.

Catarrh of the Stomach is Generally Called Dyspepsia—Something to Produce Artificial Digestion is Generally Taken.

Hence, Pepsin, Pancreatin and a Host of other Digestive Remedies Have Been Invented.

These Remedies Do Not Reach the Seat of the Difficulty, Which is Really Catarrh of the Stomach.

This Deranges the System So That Proper Digestion Cannot Take Place.

The only rational way to cure dyspepsia is to remove the catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh. Peruna does not produce artificial digestion. It cures catarrh and leaves the stomach to perform digestion in a natural way. This is vastly better and safer than resorting to artificial methods.

Peruna has cured more cases of dyspepsia than all other remedies combined, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. If catarrh is located in the head, Peruna cures it. If catarrh has fastened itself in the throat or bronchial tubes, Peruna cures it. When catarrh becomes settled in the stomach, Peruna cures it, as well in this location as any other.

Peruna is not simply a remedy for dyspepsia. Peruna is a catarrh remedy. Peruna cures dyspepsia because it is generally dependent upon catarrh.

A Most Wonderful Cure of Dyspepsia Made By Pe-ru-na.

A. C. Lockhart, Corner Cottage street and Thurston Road, Rochester, N. Y., writes:

"I am nearly 44 years if age, was born and raised in Rochester, N. Y., and have been unlucky enough to be among the poor and obliged to work for a living.

"About fifteen years ago I commenced to be ailing, and called on a physician. He pronounced my trouble a species of dyspepsia and asked me after he had treated me about six months to get a leave of absence from the establishment by which I was employed (all told, about twenty-five years) and go into the country where I would get a change of life and fresh air. I did so and got temporary relief. I went back to work and was again taken with very distressing pains in my stomach. I seldom had a passage of the bowels without force.

"I consulted another physician with no better results. My disease kept growing on me, until I had exhausted the ability of sixteen of Rochester's best physicians. Can tell their names if necessary. The last physician recommended me to give up my work and go South after he had practiced on me for one year. They gave me a thorough examination with the X-Ray with no results. They could not even determine what my ailments were.

"I do not, nor never have taken any stock in patent medicines, but your testimonials in the Rochester papers were worthy of consideration. I told my wife I was going to try a bottle of the Peruna. The next time I went to the city I purchased a bottle, and before the bottle was half gone I noticed a change for the better.

"I am now taking the fifth bottle and have not an ache or a pain anywhere. My bowels move regularly every day and I have taken on eighteen pounds of flesh, my usual weight being 145 pounds. I was down at one time as low as one hundred and twenty-six pounds.

"I have recommended Peruna to a great many and they have recommended it very highly. I have told several people that complained of that species of catarrh that if they would purchase a bottle of Peruna and take it according to directions, and if, when the bottle was gone they could come to me and tell me candidly that they had no benefit, I would pay for the bottle of medicine. I have so far had no complaints, but all first-class recommendations."—A. C. Lockhart.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MEDICAL CARDS.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D., M.R.C.S. (England), has resumed practice. Office, 443 Park avenue. 'Phone 200.

DR. BECHER—OFFICE, 348 DUNDAS street. 'Phone 1,484; house, 148. Hours, 10:30 to 1, 2:30 to 3:30, 7:30 to 8:30.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE LONDON. Specialty diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

HOMEOPATHY—DR. CHAS. E. JARVIS, physician, surgeon, etc., 759 Dundas street. Telephone 969.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S. (England). Specialist, surgical diseases only. 489 Park avenue. 'Phone 224.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 360 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 6 p.m.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.D., 389 Dundas street. Hours, 12 to 4, 6 to 8. 'Phone 522.

DR. McLELLAN, GRADUATE NEW York Eye and Ear Hospital, 1889. Specialist only, eye, ear, nose and throat. 497 Talbot street.

DR. JAMES D. WILSON, CORNER Talbot and Fullerton. Special attention paid to diseases of children.

R. OVENS, M.D., 220 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (England). Office, 287 King street. Telephone 339.

DR. BALFOUR QUEEN'S AVENUE, opposite St. Andrew's Church. Diseases of women and children. 'Phone 22.

DR. ANGUS GRAHAM—OFFICE AND residence, 469 King street. 'Phone 609.

DR. BAYLY HAS REMOVED HIS office to 211 Queen's avenue.

DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 238 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

HOTEL CARDS.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. depot. Central location. First-class in every respect. Louis Risk, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

HOTEL NORMANDY, 489 AND 491 Richmond street—Choice wines, liquors and cigars. T. F. Lewis, proprietor.

OFFICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT—Excellent lunch counter, only one in city. W. J. Wright, proprietor.

BROKERS.

WANTED—CITY LOAN COMPANIES' stocks. John Wright, stock broker, London, Ont. 'Phone 602.

LEGAL CARDS.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper.

HELLMUTH & IVEY, IVEY & DROMGOLE, Barristers, etc., Over Bank of Commerce.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

BUCHNER, CAMPBELL & GUNN, barristers, etc., 83 Dundas street, London. Telephone 99. Money to loan at lowest rates.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

STUART & GUNN, BARRISTERS, ETC. Office, 112 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; George C. Gunn.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 93 Dundas street, London.

MAGEE, McKILLOP & MURPHY, barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas, London. James Magee, K.C.; J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London, Ont. Thomas H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

TOOTHE & FAULDS, BARRISTERS, etc., Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

T. H. LUSCOMBE BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Successor to the late Dr. Davis. Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 178 Dundas street. 'Phone 975.

DR. WESTLAND, DENTIST—CHICAGO post-graduate in Crown, Bridge and Porcelain work. Removed to first floor, Masonic Temple, Richmond street.

McDONALD & CUNNINGHAM, DENTISTS, 183½ Dundas street. 'Phone 702.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 538.

London Advertiser.

TWO DAILY EDITIONS AND WEEKLY.

The Leading Medium for Advertisers in Western Ontario.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited.)
LONDON, ONTARIO.

London Wednesday, Oct. 15.

The Strike.

The interview of President Mitchell with President Roosevelt may have definite and immediate results. The moral victory rests with the miners, in having had the principle of arbitration conceded by the operators; and with it the recognition of the union. The operators have agreed to treat with the men whom they denounced as a band of outlaws. But will the men be content with a moral victory? The operators seek to prescribe the class of men whom President Roosevelt shall choose to compose the tribunal. The miners may reasonably demand that no such restrictions shall be placed upon the President. They may reasonably suggest a change in the composition of the commission. At the same time, by accepting the terms of the operators, and returning at once to work, they would do a service to humanity, and confirm their hold on public sympathy, which has sustained them in the struggle, and has compelled the operators to surrender, but which may be lost, if the strike is prolonged by the union's insistence on secondary considerations. Besides, the goodwill of the President should be worth something, and it may be sound policy to waive all objections and trust implicitly to his judgment and his predilections in the selection of the commission. Perhaps the operators will consent to admit a working miner to the tribunal. This is a matter that may be arranged by the President.

Chinese Methods.

Most of us have read Charles Lamb's delightful "Dissertation Upon Roast Pig." It purports to tell the true story, taken from a Chinese manuscript, of the discovery of the art of roasting. A Chinese boy accidentally set fire to his father's (Ho-ti's) cottage, which was reduced to ashes, and a fine litter of new-farrowed pigs perished in the flames. Father and son, in this way, got their first taste of roast pork, and found it so ravishing that when the next litter of pigs arrived they straightway set fire to their new habitation. "It was observed," says this veracious chronicle, "that Ho-ti's cottage was burnt down now more frequently than ever. Nothing but fires from this time forward. As often as the sow farrowed so sure was the house of Ho-ti to be in a blaze. Thus this custom of firing houses continued till in process of time a sage arose, who made a discovery, that the flesh of swine, or indeed, of any other animal, might be cooked without the necessity of consuming a whole house to dress it."

The Chinaman's method of procuring roast pork was almost as sapient as the means taken by a local functionary to keep vehicles off the footpaths at Victoria Park. One day a driver, who may have imbibed too much to have a definite idea of the width of the roadway, turned his horse—or perhaps the horse turned itself—up one of the footwalks, obliging pedestrians to step aside and do violence to the grass and the city bylaw. It was the first time a horse or a driver had been guilty of this eccentricity, and to make sure that it would be the last, posts were planted in the center of the footpath. This ingenious plan has been highly successful on dark nights in intercepting numberless pedestrians. Many a belated citizen, walking briskly along in fancied security, at peace with all mankind, perhaps in a devotional mood, has been suddenly caught amidships with very painful results to his physical and moral constitution. The most philosophic person at such a moment is apt to be unreasonable and fail to appreciate the forethought which put the posts there for his own protection. Another scintillating idea, which must have flashed from the brain of the Board of Works, was the planting of a sign on Dundas street, between Wellington and Waterloo, warning people that the pavement was dangerous, and the city would not be liable for accidents. How far would this delightful irresponsibility hold good in a court of law?

Revising the Assessment Laws.

The Ontario Legislature is expected to take up the assessment question in its entirety at the next session. The complete report of the assessment commission was submitted too late to be effectively handled at the last session, and the legislators have had the advantage of a year's delay, in which to consult opinions on this very important subject, and perhaps form opinions of their own. The commission, as the public are aware, has recommended the abolition of the tax on personal property other than income. "One conclusion," says the report, "which can unhesitatingly be drawn, is that the tax on personal property is a failure, and that it is a hopeless tax to attempt to perfect it by further legislation." In lieu of the personalty tax the commission proposes a combination of taxation on income and on the rental value of houses and business premises.

Montreal, Winnipeg and Brandon have adopted the business tax, by which a merchant pays according to the rental value of his premises, not the value of his stock or the amount of his annual turnover. The experiment has worked successfully in all three places. The assessor of Brandon, in a letter to the Brantford Expositor, describes the working of the new tax as follows:

"Our real property assessment, including land and buildings, is on the usual system, viz., the actual value of the property. The personal property assessment has been abolished, so far as it applied to mercantile premises, with some exceptions, and in its place we have substituted a system based on the rental value of the premises occupied, called a 'business tax.' This tax is a rate on the rental value of the premises, and shall not exceed 12½ per cent of such value, and the value adopted is the actual rent paid for the premises; in other words, business premises renting for $1,000 per annum would pay a tax of not more than $125. A place of business includes stores, warehouses, offices, stables, etc.

"Hotels pay a fixed amount based on the rental value. From $300 to $400 pay $20; $400 to $500, $25; $500 to $600, $30; $1,000 to $1,200, $75, and so on, in an ascending scale, and are not subject to the percentage tax as other business places.

"Implement warehouses, lumber yards, etc., pay a special tax in addition to the above business tax.

"Horses, vehicles and cattle not used for business purposes pay a special tax based on the rate for real property, and is practically the old personal property tax.

"Telegraph, telephone and electric light companies are assessed on the old personal property system. This was done to evade the provincial tax assessed on such companies.

"Banks, chartered and private, pay a business tax on the rental value of the premises, but no special tax."

This is a question which the boards of trade in Ontario might discuss with advantage at an early day, so that the Legislature may have the advantage of their judgments.

The shadow of Morgan is over it all.

Mr. Balfour is determined to fight the educational issue to a finish. It may prove to be Mr. Balfour's finish, in which case the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain will carry the Tory colors in the next event.

The Ross Government has granted $20,000 toward new colonization roads in Temiscaming. The Government is not letting political worries interfere with its policy of building up Ontario. "Build up the Government's majority" is another good policy that should be supported.

Sir John Bourinot's place will be hard to fill. He was an oracle to the House of Commons, and his manual on parliamentary practice and procedure is the vade mecum of every Speaker of a British legislature. In Todd, Bourinot and Mills, Canada has produced three great constitutional authorities.

Occasionally in press dispatches on the coal strike, one reads of John Markle, the "independent" operator. Markle's independence consists in being allowed to mine coal on sufferance, and sell it at the rates dictated by the railway combine. The coal barons kindly allow him to play a little in their backyard.

The Conservative leader denounces the Liberal tariff policy as one of "expediency and compromise." Well, isn't the tariff purely a matter of business expediency? And isn't the present schedule a compromise between extreme protection and free trade? There is nothing very damaging in Mr. Borden's indictment, even if it is true.

The Brantford Expositor is celebrating its jubilee, the first issue having appeared on Oct. 12, 1852. The Expositor is in the first class among Canadian journals, and has been a strong arm to Brant Liberalism for nearly half a century. Among those who have passed through the editorial chair are Dr. M. J. Kelly, of Brantford; the late Mr. Grayson, who died a few days ago at Dundas; Mr. Robert Matheson, the present principal of the Deaf and Dumb Institute at Belleville; Mr. H. F. Gardiner, the present brilliant editor-in-chief of the Hamilton Times, and Mr. William Watt, now sheriff of Brant County. Mr. T. H. Preston, M. P. P., has been editor and proprietor since 1890, and has built up a splendid property.

Soft Coal Healthful.

[Hamilton Times.]

There is no need to worry about the use of soft coal being bad for the lungs. It is "sooty" enough, but in the great English and Scottish cities, where the air is full of its smoke, there is a remarkable absence of lung diseases. And workers among coal tar are notoriously free from lung troubles. Put away that bogey.

A Happy Incident.

[C. E. Kiser.]

Pa he sat down on ma's old hat—
Pa's big around and wide and fat—
And when he saw what he had done
He rose and seemed to want to run;
But ma, she grabbed it with a smile,
And said: "Land sakes! it's just the style."

An Important Study.

[Kingston Whig.]

The higher course of domestic training is being put into the Hamilton school, and all the graduates of the Normal schools are expected to take it. That's right. It is more important that the teacher should know domestic science than some of the things she now studies.

Learning Things About Canada.

[London Daily Telegraph.]

When we think of Canada as a subcontinent which is frost-locked and snowbound in its characteristic moods, we commit the crudest of elementary errors. With its magnificent network of deep-water communications, stretching for well-nigh two thousand miles from the Atlantic into the heart of the land; with its forests and fisheries, mines and orchards; above all, with its vast tracts of virgin soil, which will rapidly become one of the richest wheat-bearing regions upon the globe, the Dominion is a country of which even the average Briton does not remotely conceive the possibilities. The United States themselves will still remain for some decades the chief corn-producing section of the globe, but it is far from certain that they will remain the chief corn-exporting section. As the industrial republic requires a larger and larger proportion of her crop for the use of her manufacturing millions, Canada will be shipping the increasing surplus of her supplies to fill the deficiency. The instinct of the American farmers who are moving to the Dominion in noticeable numbers, is not astray. Whether for emigrants from the States or for those from Great Britain who now seek their fortunes under the stars and stripes, Canada will be recognized more and more as the second home of the race.

The Wanderer's Night Song.

"Written at night on the Kickelhahn, a hill in the forest of Ilmenau, on the walls of a little hermitage where Goethe composed the last act of his 'Ipigenia.'" Translated by Edgar Alfred Bowring.

Hush'd on the hill
Is the breeze;
Scarce by the zephyr
The trees

Softly are press'd;
The woodbird's asleep on the bough.
Wait then, and thou
Soon wilt find rest.

Be Amongst the Few.

[Kynnersley Lewis.]

There are some who smile, but more that weep;
There are some who wake, but more that sleep;
There are many sow, but few that reap;
Then be amongst the few.
There are some who work, but more that wait;
There are some who love, but more that hate;
There are many marry, few that mate;
Then be amongst the few.

There are some who practice, more that preach;
There are some who grasp, but more that reach—
There is no prize if gained by each;
Then be amongst the few.
There are some who save, but more that spend;
There are some who bid, but more that bend;
Few honored reach life's journey's end;
Then be amongst the few.

No Pipe Dream.

[Buffalo News.]

Premier Laurier looks forward to the time when Canada would excel Great Britain in population and wealth, and when an empire of peace could be built upon industrial and commercial pursuits and the patriotism of an earnest and spirited people. This is not altogether a fanciful dream. Canada is going ahead with wonderful strides.

How Could He Part With Her?

[Hamilton Herald.]

LARGE, YOUNG, GENTLE, KIND, fresh milch cow for sale, $50. Elias Pettit, Stony Creek.

Such a Madness.

[Baltimore News.]

A damsel from far-off Bulgaria
Sang all night on a Lohengrin aria,
And the third floor front said:
"If you only were dead,
I'd contribute ten dollars to baria!"

The Golf Woman.

[Toronto Star.]

No dress reformer, speaking from a platform, could make such an argument in favor of free, loose clothing for women as was advanced during the ladies' golf tournament in Toronto this week, when several ladies played golf with a skill and accuracy that only a few men can excel. These ladies are not pinched with tight garments. They did not try to make it appear that their costumes were molds into which they had been carefully poured by the Creator. They did not care a rap what they looked like, for they had something more engrossing to think about. They required their strength, free play of all the muscles of the body and limbs, and, loosely attired, they went forth to the contest. They did not compress their waists, nor incase their busts in so-called "form improvers." They thought only of their form of play. Some of them wore loosely-fitting woolen sweaters, that gave no suggestion of waist whatever. They walked with springy steps in sensible shoes, looking and being strong and healthy.

These women, removing the handicaps imposed by fashionable dress, played golf as few men can. It was an object lesson worthy of general attention.

Boer Generals Go to Berlin.

Paris, Oct. 15. — The visiting Boer generals left Paris today for Berlin. The crowds outside their hotel and at the northern railroad station cheered them on their departure.



Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—MISS GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Corresponding Sec'y Mich. Amateur Art Association. —*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

It is clearly shown in this young lady's letter that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will surely cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of hundreds which we have, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

OPERATORS' SIDE OF THE STRIKE

President of the Lackawanna Makes a Statement.

SAYS MINERS' WAGES ARE GOOD

Trouble Caused by Fact That the Soft Coal Miners Control the Union.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—The Tribune publishes the following from its New York correspondent: President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, who is well known in Chicago through his long residence there while vice-president of the Rock Island, today gave to the Tribune a statement of the case of the operators which he had caused to be prepared for the purpose. There can be no doubt that Mr. Truesdale was in deadly earnest or that he is thoroughly convinced of the soundness of his position or the righteousness of the case of the anthracite roads.

When Mr. Truesdale received the Tribune correspondent he had just come from an all day conference of the operators.

President Truesdale is a striking looking man, over six feet tall and strong in proportion. As he hammered his desk with his fist to emphasize his point the most casual observer could not suppose that he willingly gave in as long as there was the slightest chance of winning.

PRESIDENT TRUESDALE'S STATEMENT.

President Truesdale's formal statement made before a basis for a settlement had been reached, is as follows:

"The position of the anthracite companies has been from the first that they stood ready and willing to treat with their own employes and adjust any and all grievances that they might have. Their claim is that it is impractical to enter into any agreement with the general officers for the United Mine Workers, located in Indianapolis, who are so closely affiliated with the soft coal interests. There is such a wide difference in the conditions existing in the anthracite region that a uniform basis of payment is practically impossible. To make one price to apply to two different veins of coal in one mine would oftentimes be unjust—sometimes to the operator and sometimes to the miners—and any agreement that could be entered into governing mining and preparing of coal in three different regions where entirely different conditions exist would necessarily have to be of such a general character that its interpretations would cause nothing but trouble to all concerned.

"Last May, before the men went out on strike, the operators in the anthracite region looked thoroughly into the question of wages and prepared exhaustive tables of statistics showing the wages paid their mine employes as compared with those paid in other callings requiring a like amount of skill.

SOME OF THE WAGES PAID.

"For example, miners who are contractors and working on their own time earn all the way from 35 to 90 cents per hour, according to their skill and ambition. In some cases they earn more than twice as much per hour as railroad locomotive engineers working around the breakers in mine service, who receive $3 25 per day for twelve hours, or 27½ cents per hour.

"Day laborers employed outside around the breakers receive 16 cents an hour, and inside driver boys, ranging from 14 to 20 years of age, earn from 13 to 18 cents per hour. Track layers and helpers from 19 to 22 cents per hour. Pumpmen from 18 to 22 cents per hour.

"Operators are obliged to employ a great many men and boys outside around their breakers, and they have no trouble in getting all the help they wanted at the wages they have been paying. If these wages had been unfair, would this state of affairs have existed? Do not the laws of supply and demand regulate these problems? Would they have had a surplus of labor at 16 cents an hour if they could get 16½ cents elsewhere? As a matter of fact, in other trades in the anthracite region, such as manufacturing and municipal work, requiring the same amount of skill, laborers only receive from 13 to 15 cents per hour. Notwithstanding all these facts, the union, through the leaders, demanded an eight hour day, with ten hours pay, which is nothing more or less than a demand for an increase of 25 per cent.

MANY BOYS ARE EMPLOYED.

"In the anthracite field the operators are obliged to employ a small army of men and boys in the breakers to properly prepare the coal for market. These boys are all members of the union. They are thoroughly irresponsible and are practically in control of the different 'locals.'

"During the last year we have had over two hundred petty strikes in the anthracite region, a greater portion of which have been for the most trivial causes, such as refusing to work with men not members of the union, or because some boy was disciplined for disobeying orders.

"Discipline in an anthracite mine, particularly where it is of a gaseous nature, is most necessary for the safety of the hundreds of men employed therein.

"Matters were gradually becoming intolerable. The foremen and bosses were losing control of their men, which it must be conceded is most necessary to any business. These are all conditions that the bituminous operators do not have to contend with, as their product does not have to be prepared in the same manner, and the large majority of their employes are over the age of 21, which makes dealing with the organization a different question.

OPERATORS' ORIGINAL POSITION.

"The operators' original declaration of principles was as follows:

"First—The anthracite companies do not undertake in the slightest manner to discriminate against members of the United Mine Workers of America; but they do insist that members of that organization shall not discriminate against nor decline to work with men not members of such associations.

"Second—That there shall be no deterioration of the quantity or quality of the work; and that there shall be no effort to restrict the individual efforts of men who, working by the ton or cars, may for reasons satisfactory to themselves and their employers, produce such a quantity of work as they may desire.

"Third—By reason of the different conditions, varying not only with the districts, but with the mines themselves, thus rendering absolutely impossible anything approaching uniform conditions, each mine must arrange either individually or through its committees, with the superintendents or managers, any question affecting wages or grievances.

"The public must see there is nothing unreasonable in this position, when coupled with the operators' further offer to adjust all grievances that may arise from time to time, and willingness to refer the whole matter to the judge of the court of common pleas of the district in which the colliery is located, if the officers and men affected could not arrive at a satisfactory conclusion, a decision of the judge to be final and to govern.

LAST STAND OF THE OPERATORS

"In short, the operators' position was and has been from the start as follows:

"First—Not to discriminate against the members of the union, and in turn they have insisted upon the union not discriminating against non-members.

"Second—They are ready to pay a fair day's wages for a fair day's work, but do object to being forced to pay from 25 to 30 per cent. more for labor than is being paid in other trades and callings in the same region.

"Third—They stand ready and willing to adjust all grievances, and, failing to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion with their men, to arbitrate the question in dispute with the judge of the court of the district in which the mine is located."

"You must understand," said President Truesdale, commenting on his statement, "that the mine workers' union is essentially a bituminous organization, that two-thirds at least of its members are bituminous miners, and that its policy must be bituminous policy. The public has not understood this, nor has it understood that conditions which prevail in the bituminous districts do not prevail in the anthracite and that conditions in the three distinct regions of the anthracite country differ radically.

"In the first place the preparation of anthracite coal for the market is radically different from the preparation of bituminous coal. In the bituminous mines the miner himself cuts the coal, and it is loaded in the cars substantially as it comes from the shaft. In the anthracite mines over half the workers are employed outside the mine, and of the men employed in the mine only about 20 per cent. are regular certified miners who blast the coal and leave to laborers to clear it out."

BE THERE A WILL. WISDOM POINTS THE WAY.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

So powerful is the new electric light in Dunkerque lighthouse that its beams are visible at a distance of 40 miles.

THE RUBENS VEST



PATENTED.

The Rubens Vest is the **BEST** undershirt ever devised for infants. No **BUTTONS, PINS,** or **STRINGS** required. No pulling over the head to worry small children. Its use is recommended by the most eminent physicians for its efficient protection of lungs and abdomen. **For sale by all leading Dry Goods stores.**

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GERMANIC SAILS NOV. 5.
TEUTONIC SAILS NOV. 12.
CYMRIC SAILS NOV. 14.

Saloon rates ... $75 up. Second saloon from $45 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow and Derry, $28 and $29 50.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WILL ISSUE RETURN TICKETS.

Thanksgiving Day, 1902

As follows: SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE, good going Oct. 15 and 16; good to return up to and including Oct. 20. Between all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and east; and to and from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and TO but NOT FROM Buffalo, N. Y.

W. FULTON, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London, Ont. A. H. NOTMAN, assistant general passenger agent, 1 King street east, Toronto.

ALLAN LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL to LIVERPOOL, via Moville. RATES OF PASSAGE: First cabin, $50 and upwards; second cabin, from $37 50; third class, $25 to $26. Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, London, Glasgow.

MONTREAL to GLASGOW direct—S.S. Sicilian, November 19. First cabin, $50; second cabin, $35; third class, $25.

London Agents: E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton. F. B. Clarke.

There are supposed to be forty thousand homeless wanderers in the streets of Paris, all through the Evil of Procrastination. MORAL—Don't Procrastinate.

Go at Once With Your Money to the Big Store Where the . . .

Bankrupt Stock

of Runians, Carson & McKee Is Selling Off So Cheaply.

THIS IS A REALTY. This is not drawing on the imagination to be able to put together a great yarn about how cheap some people can sell goods. Runians, Carson & McKee were only a short time in business; consequently the goods are all fresh. Styles and colorings are right. Just think for a moment—The magnitude of this purchase, ***$67,470.00*** and then the price, ***55c on the dollar.*** When you can buy one hundred cents worth for fifty-five, you can give positive bargains.

CROMPTON QUEEN MOO CORSET, regularly sold at $1, now selling for 50c

25 ONLY FULL SIZE LADIES' COATS, not the latest fashion, but made from very good materials, warm, thick material; some were $7 50, some were $9, some were $11 75, two were $13 75, and up to $20. Your choice for $2 00

10 ONLY LADIES' WATERPROOF MANTLES, Peerless Shape, were $6, now for $1 50

45 Ladies' Two-Piece Costumes.

Jacket and skirt, well made; today have been reduced, viz.:

Oxford Gray Costumes.

Size 34, price was $22 50, reduced to $9 00
Size 34, price was $6, reduced to $4 00
Size 36, price was $22, reduced to $9 00
Size 36, price was $9 75, reduced to $6 00
Size 38, price was $15, reduced to $9 00

Brown and Fawn Costumes.

Size 32, price was $19, reduced to $13 00
Size 34, price was $18, reduced to $12 50
Size 34, price was, $16, reduced to $11 00
Size 34, price was $15, reduced to $9 00
Size 34, price was $9 75, reduced to $6 00
Size 34, price was $12 00, reduced to $7 50
Size 36, price was $20 00, reduced to $14 00
Size 36, price was $15 00, reduced to $10 00
Size 36, price was $12 50, reduced to $8 00
Size 36, price was $18 50, reduced to $12 00

Black Costumes.

Size 34, price was $25 00, reduced to $12 00
Size 34, price was $13 00, reduced to $6 00
Size 34, price was $18 00, reduced to $12 50
Size 36, price was $18 00, reduced to $12 50
Size 36, price was $13 75, reduced to $8 75
Size 36, price was $12 50, reduced to $9 00

Blue Costumes.

Size 34, price was $25 00, reduced to $16 00
Size 34, price was $18 50, reduced to $12 75
Size 34, price was $12 50, reduced to $8 50
Size 34, price was $18 00, reduced to $12 00
Size 34, price was $30 00, reduced to $15 00
Size 36, price was $17 50, reduced to $11 00
Size 36, price was $12 50, reduced to $8 50
Size 36, price was $18 00, reduced to $10 00

Gray Costumes.

Size 32, price was $15 00 reduced, to $8 50
Size 34, price was $12 00, reduced to $7 00
Size, 34, price was $15 00, reduced to $8 50
Size, 34, price was $7 50, reduced to $4 50
Size 36, price was $7 50, reduced to $4 50
Size 36, price was $7 50, reduced to $4 50

Oxford Gray Costumes.

Size 34, price was $12 00, reduced to $7 50
Size 34, price was $15 00, reduced to $9 00
Size 36, price was $22 00, reduced to $14 50
Size 36, price was $15 00, reduced to $10 00
Size 36, price was $17 00, reduced to $9 00
Size 36, price was $17 50, reduced to $12 00
Size 38, price was $22 00, reduced to $14 50

The costumes are all tailor-made; some of them elegantly silk-lined and trimmed. Yours today; tomorrow will be sold.

Only 11 Tailor-Made Skirts Left

To clear them out today:

Price was $2 75, for $1 85
Price was $5 50, for $3 00
Price was $5 90, for $3 50
Price was $4 50, for $2 00
Price was $7 00, for $2 00
Price was $5 00, for $2 75
Price was $7 50, for $3 00
Price was $5 00, for $1 75
Price was $7 00, for $1 50
Price was $7 50, for $3 00
Price was $5 00, for $2 50

Every Day Will Make Your Visit Profitable.

KINGSMILL'S

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Will Issue

Return Tickets at Single Fare

on Oct. 15 and 16, good to return until Oct. 20, to all stations in Canada and Buffalo, Black Rock, Niagara Falls and Detroit, for

Thanksgiving Day.

Rates, tickets and all information at city passenger office, 395 Richmond street, or depot, corner Clarence and Bathurst streets.

O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. A. JOHN PAUL, C. P. and T. A.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

THE ROUTE OF

Canada's Famous Train..... The "Maritime Express.

Leaves Montreal 12 noon, daily, except Saturday, for Quebec, St. John, Halifax and the Sydneys.

Moose Season

Opens Sept. 15,

in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Toronto Office, 10 King Street West.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THANKSGIVING DAY,

Thursday, Oct. 16, 1902.

Round trip tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada at SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE. Good going Oct. 15 and 16, valid returning until Oct. 20, 1902.

HUNTERS' EXCURSIONS.

Round trip tickets will be issued from Brockville and stations west in Canada, Oct. 24 to Nov. 1, inclusive, at SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE, to "The Highlands of Ontario." Severn to North Bay, Lindsay to Haliburton, Muskoka Lakes District, Lake of Bays, Parry Sound; valid returning until Dec. 13, 1902. Copies of Ontario Game Laws, illustrated folders and all information from Agents. E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P and T. A. C. E. HORNING, depot ticket agent.

THE MARKETS

THE LOCAL MARKET.

London, Wednesday, Oct. 15.

Wheat, old, per bu.....69c to 69c
Wheat, new per bu.....68c to 68c
Oats, new, per bu.....27c to 29c
Oats, old, per bu.....45½c to 45¾c
Corn, per bu.....44c to 45 9-10c
Peas, per bu.....75c to 90c
Barley, per bu.....52c to 60c
Beans, per bu.....70c to 80c

Trade was light at the market here today.

Eighteen loads of hay were easily sold, at $9 to $9 50 per ton for medium quality.

Three loads of straw sold at $5 to $6 per ton.

Fourteen loads of oats sold at 85c to 86c per cwt.

One load of wheat sold at $1 10 per cwt.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

The attendance during the past week was not as large as that of the previous week. There was, however, sufficient produce offered to meet the demand. Prices were well sustained in most of the lines offered. Potatoes, oats and hay were higher, while dressed and live hogs declined in price. Sales were as a rule made without any trouble, with the possible exception of apples.

Grain—Oats, as usual, comprised the bulk of the offerings in this line, and prices went higher, at 82c to 87c; 85c per cwt was the ruling price. Very little wheat offered; prices range from $1 to $1 05 for sprouted and $1 10 to $1 15 for good.

Hay and Straw—There have been offered during the week 90 loads of hay; sales were readily made at $9 to $9 50 per ton, and in a few cases $10 was secured for choice. Straw is scarce, at $5 to $5 50 per ton.

Butter and Eggs—Both of these commodities were a trifle stiffer in price than for a couple of weeks past. Butter, in pound rolls sells at 17c to 19c, and 16c to 18c for crocks. Eggs sold at 16½c for crates and 17c to 18c per dozen in basket lots.

Vegetables—Potatoes advanced about 5c per bag, and are now sold at 75c to 80c, mostly at the latter price. Turnips are cheaper, at 25c to 35c per bag. Onions are a slow sale, at 60c to 65c per bag.

Poultry—The supply has been light for this period of the year; sales were made at the following prices: 50c to 75c per pair for dressed chickens, live do, at 50c to 60c; ducks, dressed at 65c to 85c per pair; live do, 60c to 70c; turkeys sell at 8c to 9c, live weight; dressed at 11c to 12c per lb.

Fruits—Most of the apples offered are culls and sales were made at 50c per b and 85c to $1 25 for medium quality. Pears sell at 50c, 60c and 75c per bushel. Peaches are about at an end, selling at 25c to 50c for the 12-quart baskets. Plums are done. Grapes are plentiful, at 20c to 25c per 10-lb basket. Citrons, 60c to 75c per dozen.

Dressed Hogs—Prices are lower, at $8 25 to $8 50 per cwt; there is a probability of prices going lower.

Live Hogs—The price for next Monday will be $5 90 per cwt.

Butchers' Meat—Sales were slow, at the following prices: Beef, $5 to $6 per cwt; lamb, $8 to $8 50 per cwt; mutton, $5 to $6 50.

Honey sells at 9c to 10c per lb for strained and 12½c to 13c for honey in the comb.

IMPERIAL FLOUR

Is the best Bread Flour in the market with no exceptions.

For sale at....

HAMILTON'S 373 Talbot St.

Prompt Delivery Phone 662.

AMERICAN MARKETS

TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., Oct. 14.—Wheat—Dull and easier; cash, 74½c; Dec., 70c; May, 76⅜c. Corn—Moderately active and strong; Dec., 45c; May, 42⅝c. Oats—Dull and steady; Dec., 32c; May, 35¼c. Clover seed—Dull and easy; Oct., $6 72½; Jan., $8 80. Rye, 52c.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Interest on the board of trade today once more centered in the corn pit, and after a weak opening the close was strong. December up ¾c; December wheat closed ⅛c to ¼c lower. December oats were a shade lower, while January provisions closed unchanged to 2½c lower. Primary receipts of wheat were 1,605,000 bu, compared with 1,050,000 bu a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 994 cars, which, with local receipts of 202 cars, made total receipts for the three points 1,196 cars, against 1,485 last week and 1,014 a year ago. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 110 cars; corn, 220 cars; oats, 175 cars; hogs, 22,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—Dec., 70¾c; May, 72c to 72¼c. Corn—Dec., 58¾c; Nov., 55c; Dec., 43¼c to 43⅝c; May, 42½c; July, 41⅞c. Oats—Oct., 30⅞c; Dec., 31c to 31½c; old, 27⅜c; May, 31⅞c to 32c. Pork—Oct., $16 90; Jan., $15 67½; May, $14 85. Lard—Oct., $10 75½; Dec., $9 45; Jan., $8 97½; May, $8 37½ to $8 40. Ribs—Oct., $11 50; Jan., $8 27½; May, $7 90. Rye—Dec., 43½c. Barley—Cash, 35c to 55c. Timothy—Oct., $4 to $4 10. Clover, $11 to $11 25.

Cash quotations: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat, 71c to 72c; No. 3, 68c to 71c; No. 2 red, 69½c to 70c. No. 2 corn, 58¼c; No. 2 yellow, 60¼c. No. 2 oats, 27⅝c; No. 3 white, 31½c to 33c. No. 2 rye, 48¾c. Fair to choice malting barley, 52c to 56c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 23; No. 1 northwestern, $1 25. Mess pork, $16 95 to $17; short ribs sides, $11 10 to $11 30; dry salted shoulders, $9 25 to $9 50; short clear sides, $11 50 to $11 67½. Clover, $11 to $11 15. Eggs firm; loss off, cases returned, 20½c to 21c.

Receipts—Flour, 20,700 bbls; wheat, 155,200 bu; corn, 314,900 bu; oats, 420,700 bu; rye, 7,200 bu; barley 177,700 bu.

Shipments—Flour, 6,200 bbls; wheat, 63,400 bu; corn, 18,700 bu; oats, 175,200 bu; barley, 9,800 bu.

Detroit, Oct. 15.—Beans were inactive yesterday. Sellers were willing to do business at about former prices, but buyers were not anxious to load up. Cash, $2 45; Oct., $2 45 asked; Nov. and Dec., $2 40 asked; May, $2 50 bid.

DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 14.—Butter steady; receipts, 7,540 pkgs; creamery extras, per lb, 24c; do, firsts, 22½c to 23½c; do, seconds, 21c to 22c; do, thirds, 19c to 20c; state dairy tins, fancy, 22½c to 23c; do, firsts, 21c to 22c; do, seconds, 19½c to 20½c; do, thirds, 17½c to 18½c; western imitation creamery, finest, 19½c; do, fair to good, 18c to 19c; do, lower grades, 17c to 17½c; renovated, extras, 20c; do, common to prime, 17½c to 19c; western factory, June make, 17½c to 18½c; do, current make, firsts, 18c; do, seconds, 17c to 17½c; do, thirds, 16c to 16½c; packing stock, 16c to 17½c. Cheese firm but quiet; receipts, 12,487 boxes; state full cream, small colored or white, fancy, 12⅜c; do, choice, 12¼c; do, good to prime, 11⅞c to 12c; do, common to fair, 10c to 11½c; do, large colored or white, fancy, 12c; do, choice, 11¾c; do, good to prime, 11⅜c to 11⅝c; do, common to fair, 10c to 11¼c; light skims, small choice, 10½c to 11¼c; do, large choice, 9¾c to 10c; part skims, prime, 9¼c to 9¾c; do, fair to good, 8¼c to 8¾c; do, common, 6c to 7c.

CAMPBELLFORD.

Campbellford, Ont., Oct. 14.—At the cheese board here today 1,175 boxes of white were boarded. Sales: Walkin, 420 at 11¾c; Alexander, 205 at 11¼c; Cook, 450 at 11⅛c. Board meets next week.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Butter firm; creameries, 16½c to 23½c; dairies, 15c to 20½c. Cheese steady, 10½c to 11¾c.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 14.—Oil closed at $1 27.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Oct. 14.—Credit balances, $1 27.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,600; fairly active, 5c to 10c higher; heavy quotable at $7 40 to $7 60; mixed, $7 20 to $7 25; Yorkers, $7 15 to $7 20; light do, $7 to $7 10; pigs, $6 70 to $7; roughs, $6 50 to $6 75; stags, $5 50 to $6; grassers, $6 75 to $7; dairies, $7 to $7 30.

Sheep—Receipts, 11,600; top lambs, $5 10 to $5 25; culls to good, $3 75 to $5; yearlings, $4 to $4 25; ewes, $3 25 to $3 75; sheep, top mixed, $3 35 to $3 50; culls to good, $1 75 to $3 25; closing strong.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,500, including 1,000 westerns; market steady; good to prime steers, $7 40 to $8 30; poor to medium, $3 75 to $7 25; stockers and feeders, $2 25 to $4 90; cows, $1 50 to $4 75; heifers, $2 25 to $3 50; canners, $1 50 to $2 50; bulls, $2 25 to $4 75; calves, $2 75 to $5 25; Texas-fed steers, $3 to $4; western steers, $3 75 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; left over, 1,795; market 5c to 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $6 85 to $7 45; good to choice heavy, $7 to $7 60; rough heavy, $6 40 to $6 95; light, $4 40 to $7 25; bulk of sales at $6 85 to $7 05.

Sheep—Receipts, 30,000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $3 40 to $4; fair to choice mixed, $2 25 to $3 40; native lambs, $3 50 to $5 75.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 14.—Beeves—Receipts, 19; dressed beef steady; city dressed native sides, extreme range, 7½c to 12½c per lb; Texas beef, 5½c to 7c. Exports today, 2,790 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 251; quoted steady for veals and slow for grassers; veals sold at $4 to $9 per 100 lbs; grassers at $3 40 to $3 50.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,880; both sheep and lambs ruled steady; sheep sold at $2 50 to $4 per 100 lbs; culls at $2; lambs, $5 to $5 65; one deck at $5 75; culls, $4 to $4 25; Canadas, $5 50; dressed mutton, 5½c to 7½c; dressed lambs, 8c to 10c.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,954; steady; a bunch of Pennsylvania hogs sold at $7 35 per 100 lbs.

LORENZ GETS LICENSE

Famous Austrian Surgeon Had to Comply With Law.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—The Illinois State Board of Health today served a summons on Dr. Adolf Lorenz, professor of orthopedic surgery in the University of Vienna, to appear before that body and state why he should not be made to comply with the law regulating the practice of surgery in this state. The trouble arose from the fact that since the operation upon the young child of Ogden Armour last Sunday, for a congenital dislocation of the hip, Dr. Lorenz has been besieged with appeals to operate on others afflicted with the same disease, and the State Board of Health insisted that the doctor should take out a license if he intended to remain here and practice his profession.

Dr. Lorenz later appeared before the board and secured a license to practice his profession in the State of Illinois.

ACCIDENT AT HESPELER

Two Men Injured by Falling of an Elevator.

Hespeler, Oct. 14.—Another elevator accident occurred at the local branch of the Canada Woolen Mills yesterday morning shortly after 11 o'clock. Something gave way about the cable which holds the elevator, which dropped down three stories. Thomas Traplin, who was on it at the time, received a terrible shaking up, and suffered a concussion of the spine. Willis Brewster, another employe, was engaged in repairing some broken planks at the bottom of the elevator shaft, when he heard a whirring noise, and the next thing he knew he found himself in the carpenter shop with a bruised head and ankle out of joint. But for a scantling, which lay across the bottom of the elevator shaft, he would in all probability have been crushed to death.

"SAVED ME FROM DEATH"

A Toronto Contractor Says Dodd's Kidney Pills Are Worth Their Weight in Gold to a Sick Man.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 13.—Five or six years ago Mr. W. J. Keane, of 86 Lippincott street, this city, was an invalid confined to his bed with a severe case of Lame Back and Kidney Trouble. He says:

"A friend advised Dodd's Kidney Pills, but as I had used so many other medicines without any good results, I had little faith that anything would cure me. I had only used part of the first box, however, when I found that my condition was rapidly improving. I used altogether seven boxes and was completely cured. As this was over four years ago and the trouble has not returned in any form, I am now sure that my cure was a perfect and permanent one.

"I believe Dodd's Kidney Pills saved me from death. They are worth their weight in gold to a sick man."

Homestead Entries.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 14.—Homestead entry returns from the Dominion land offices show 827 entries for September this year, as against 334 for the same month last year.

Sunday Cars for Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Oct. 14.—Mayor Arbuthnot and Ald. McCarthy, of the special committee, had an interview with the street railway company yesterday regarding the running of Sunday cars. The company is willing to run the cars if the ratepayers desire it, and terms suitable to the city will be arranged. It is likely that the Sunday cars will run from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m., with just half the regular number in operation.

The Packers' Combine.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—The great packers' combine will be launched Dec. 1, if the money market is easy, says the Chronicle. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the New York bankers and financiers, will head the underwriting syndicate. Wherever there are agencies of several packers in a city or town they will be abolished and only one general agency will be established. Among the firms in the combination are Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Nelson, Morris & Co., Schwartzschild & Sulberger and others.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous.

The thing to do is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Which thoroughly cleanse the blood, expelling all humors and building up the whole system. They cure.

"I was greatly troubled with small boils, caused by working among the oil at the refinery. Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me as the best blood medicine obtainable. I began taking it, and though many other remedies had failed to benefit me, three bottles of Hood's fully and permanently cured me." ANGUS FISHER, Emeric St., Sarnia, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

THREE OF 'EM

Three beauties in design and value; special purchase of Table Linens, now selling much less than ordinary prices.

LOT 1—4 styles fine Loom Damask, 60 inches, Irish manufacture, regular price 50c, now selling at 37½c.

LOT 2—3 styles only, very handsome, superior grade, regular 65c, special price 50c.

LOT 3 — Fine Bleached Irish Damask, splendid patterns. This is a marvel of cheapness. Well worth $1 00; sale price 65c.

Special line of Linen Ends of 2, 2½ and 3 yards, one-third off regular price.

BAYLEY'S

SKULL BROKEN 22 YEARS

Struck by a Stone When a Boy, Had No Trouble Until Recently.

New York, Oct.14.—An operation was performed on Charles Pullis, a brother of Recorder Edward Pullis, of North Bergen, N. J., which disclosed the fact that he has been suffering with a fractured skull for 22 years. When Pullis was 8 years old, his brother Frank hit him with a small stone over the right eye. The injury caused him no trouble until three years ago, when he began to suffer from a dull pain behind the right ear. He continued to grow worse, until one day last week he suddenly became unconscious.

Dr. Justin, the family physician, was called. He ordered his removal to Christ Hospital on Jersey City Heights. Pullis remained unconscious for two days, and the physicians in attendance decided that an operation would be necessary to save his life. When they cut through the scalp they found a piece of broken bone at the base of the skull behind the right ear. There was evidence that the broken bone was the result of the blow received when a boy.

Reassuring Information.

Budapest, Hungary, Oct. 15.—A workman having informed the police that a plot is on foot to blow up the president of the Lower House of the Hungarian Parliament by placing a bomb beneath his chair, the detective force on duty at the House has been increased.

Revolutionists Defeated.

Constantinople, Oct. 15.—It is declared in Government circles that the Bulgarian revolutionary bands have everywhere been defeated, and that after a sharp engagement in the Krenza defile between a force of Turkish troops and insurgents, the Bulgarians were dislodged and dispersed. The Porte understands that the Bulgarian Government has finally decided to suppress the Macedonian committee.

Squaw Island Trouble.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—Squaw Island, Georgian Bay, promises to stir up as much excitement as Dead Man's Land, B. C., did some years ago on the question of provincial rights. It is a question whether the island is under federal or provincial authority. Noble Bros. and the Dominion Fish Company hold a lease of the island from the Dominion authorities, and erected huts, etc., on the island. Meantime certain Collingwood fishermen have, under license from the Ontario Government, taken possession of the huts for general fishing purposes. The Noble Bros. and the Dominion Fish Company, as plaintiffs, are seeking to recover possession, but the Collingwood men plead that the plaintiffs are part of a gigantic fish trust of Chicago, and that it is contrary to the law and public policy of Canada to permit such a trust to exist in Canada, and further that the plaintiffs are a foreign corporation. This morning at Osgoode Hall the trial was changed from Gore Bay to Barrie this month.

Americans at Aldershot.

London, Oct. 14.—Generals Corbin, Young and Wood and their aides-de-camp visited the British camp at Aldershot today as the guests of Gen. French and inspected all the soldiers' quarters, witnessed evolutions by a light horse battery of artillery and visited the gymnasium, where there was an interesting exhibition of the setting-up drill exercise and swimming contests. The officials offered to turn out all the troops for the Americans' inspection, but the generals declined to trouble them to that extent. After luncheon with Gen. French and his staff the party returned to London. The American generals said they found the troops to be in excellent condition and the garrison was pronounced to be in shipshape and efficiently conducted. The visiting generals dined with the war secretary, Mr. Brodrick, this evening, to meet Lord Kitchener.

The visiting generals dined with the war secretary, Mr. Brodrick, this evening to meet Lord Kitchener as Mr. Brodrick's guests. Gen. Corbin and his party included Earl Roberts, Lord Lansdowne, the foreign secretary, and other members of the Government. The function was a purely social one. The American generals go to Woolwich next Thursday to inspect the arsenal there.

VERY MANY PERSONS die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

A San Francisco rabbi gives a new interpretation of the design of the American flag. To an audience of immigrants, largely Russian, the other day, he said: "Do you know why the stars and stripes are in the flag? I will tell you why. They show that America has stars for those who behave themselves and stripes for those who do not."

DEATH COMES TO ALL.—But it need not come prematurely if proper precautions are taken. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and to have prevention at hand and allow a disease to work its will is wickedness. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil not only allays pains when applied externally, but will prevent lung troubles resulting from colds and coughs. Try it and be convinced.

The value of the coal mined in Japan is almost equal to that of all the other minerals combined. It varies from the hardest anthracite to peat, but the quality is usually inferior to that of American coal. Modern machinery and methods have been introduced in the operation of many mines.

SOME OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF IMMEDIATE SETTLEMENT

(Continued from page 1.)

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 14.—From a thorough canvas of the situation as it exists tonight, there is every indication for believing that the new arbitration plan proposed by the presidents of the coal companies for ending the miners' strike will not be accepted in its present form. There is a division of opinion among the strikers, but there is no doubt that a majority feel that the offer to have the President of the United States select an arbitration commission along the lines suggested by the operators is not fair, and that it unduly limits the President in making up the board. The miners, it is safe to say, will abide by the advice of their national president, in whose judgment they have every confidence.

President Mitchell declines to say how he personally looks upon the proposition, but tonight he gave to the press the following:

"I fully appreciate with what anxiety the people of our country are awaiting the end of the coal strike. The coal operators have not addressed the miners' union or its officers in making their public statement. It is therefore impossible for me to state the attitude of the miners at this time. I am now, as I have always been, deeply solicitous of the interests of the public and of the welfare of the mine workers who have been on strike for the past five months. A formal statement defining our position and intentions will be issued just as soon as we are in possession of the full meaning of the proposition of the operators."

This statement was made by him at 8 p.m., after a silence lasting all day. He had no intention of making it until the correspondents representing the newspapers all over the country called on him in a body, and informed him that the general public desired to have an answer to the proposition of the operators. After giving it he was asked many questions regarding the attitude of the men and the probability of the acceptance or rejection of the new offer, but he had no reply to make to any of these questions. He denied that he had any knowledge of what the new offer of the operators was until it became public property, and also denied that he was in telephonic communication with President Roosevelt. His attention was called to the fact that most of the information from Washington indicated that the proposition would be accepted, and that the strike was near an end, but he stoutly maintained that neither his officers nor the rank and file of the men had done anything to cause such an impression to go out.

MUST HAVE MEN'S CONSENT

Strike Leaders Powerless to Settle Trouble Without It.

The district presidents also maintain silence as to their personal views of the operators' proposition. President Fahy, however, who, after he arrived from Boston today, gave an inkling as to how he viewed the new turn of affairs. In reply to a query he said: "The strike cannot be settled without the consent of the men. We are not dealing in gold bricks of any kind, and you can make any deduction from that you want." There will be a conference tomorrow between Mr. Mitchell, the three district presidents, and Secretary-Treasurer Wilson, who will arrive here tomorrow. It is fully expected that the sentiment of all the strikers will be known tomorrow, and that action will be taken accordingly. There is talk of a convention being called, but there is nothing definite on which to base this report.

President Mitchell was asked at noon by a press correspondent whether he and the district officers had the power to consider the operators' plan and end the strike. His reply was:

"Speaking without special reference to the statement issued by the coal operators, it is a rule of our organization that no settlement can be made by the officers of the union without the consent of a delegate convention."

When asked whether the Shamokin convention, which formulated the demands made to the operators, or the Hazelton convention, which made the strike permanent, gave him this consent, he replied "No."

It is practically certain that Mr. Mitchell's advice will be followed in the conference. While he has not said a word as to what he will do, it is freely predicted by those who understand the situation that he will advise a refusal of the proposition.

THE OPERATORS' OFFER

It Is Considered Decidedly Unfair by Many Miners.

Among the rank and file those who are opposed to accepting the new offer look upon the operators' latest move as a counter proposition to Mr. Mitchell's offer to arbitrate made in the temporary White House at Washington. Their greatest objection to it is that the operators dictate to the President of what class of men he shall select the arbitrators, and charge the operators with lack of faith in the President, when they do not give him a free hand to pick the men he wants. Another objection to it is that the President is limited to four men in selecting the jurist on the commission. Neither are they sure, they say, that labor would be represented, because the proposal does not specify so, they say, and add that they have no assurance that "a man of prominence, eminent as a sociologist," would cover this objection. A great many of the strikers think the proposition should be accepted, and that the miners should trust to President Roosevelt to do the best he can under the conditions laid down by the coal road presidents. An argument was made by one miner today that Mr. Mitchell could not well afford to turn down the proposition after already offering to permit the President to select the members of the commission. He thought the President would appreciate the trust put in him, and see that the miners had fair play. Others in the same class thought that not much harm could be done by accepting the proposition, but that in the end much good will result. There is still a third view held by miners, and that is, that they refuse to accept the plan offered, and make a counter proposition, embodying some of the suggestions contained in the operators' offer. One proposition suggested was that the operators, the miners and the President each select a number of men to act as a board. This was mentioned to President Mitchell, but he would make no comment on it.

PROSPECT NOT BRIGHT

It Would Require Two Weeks to Get Miners at Work.

Strike headquarters presented an animated scene all day and evening. The news of the operators proposing to arbitrate spread through the region quickly, and a crowd soon gathered and lingered around the hotel all day. President Mitchell had many visitors, who called to get the news. He, however, treated all callers alike and gave out no information. In the early hours the situation appeared mixed, but toward noon reports came in from the various districts to the effect that many men looked favorably upon the operators' proposition, which gave an indication of what might be expected. This was a damper on the enthusiasm of the citizens generally, who thought they saw a ray of hope for the ending of the strike. As an indication of how some of the men felt, a local leader who was among the strikers in the outskirts of the city came into headquarters and quoted the men as saying that they would rather go down to straight defeat than surrender to the employers on the conditions they propose.

The situation around the collieries was practically lost sight of, because of last night's developments, but there was no material change from that of yesterday. The arbitration talk has acted as a check upon the movement of men returning to work, and it is probable there will be a great move in this direction unless some definite concession is reached in the arbitration scheme. The prospect of a coal supply to meet the rapidly approaching cold weather is by no means bright. If the miners should accept the arbitration plan of the operators it would take at least two weeks before the details of sending them back could be worked out. As the outlook for arbitration is rather dark, it can be safely said that there will be little more coal on market for some time to come, than there is at present.

GOMPERS GIVES HIS VIEW OF LATEST PROPOSITION

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, with whom Mr. Mitchell has been in constant communication and consultation, tonight stated his views to the Associated Press. Mr. Gompers said: "You can readily understand that I want to leave this whole matter in the hands of Mr. Mitchell and his colleagues. I am particularly anxious not to say anything that might be construed otherwise. I will say that in my opinion the proposition made by the operators, at least so far as their designation of who should be invited to go on the commission of arbitration is concerned, is an insult of the President of the United States. I desire that the President should use his discretion in the selection of the personnel of the commission. By indirection it would seem from the operators' proposition that the President has evil designs on the mine owners. No one believes this. The operators indicate what class of men should be selected for the personnel of the commission. For instance, they say that an expert mining engineer, experienced in the mining of coal and other minerals, and not in any way connected with coal mining properties, shall be one of the members. In other words this one must be an expert miner out of a job. This member either must have been employed in the mines as an expert or must expect or hope to be employed in the future as an expert. Another must be an eminent sociologist. Well, who must he be—a speculative sociologist, theorist or what? Another member is to be some man actively participating in the mining and selling of coal and familiar with the commercial as well as the physical part of the business. This must certainly be one of the operators or one of their representatives. No other man familiar with the commercial features of the business in those fields fits that description. In the classes of persons from whom the mine owners prescribe the commission shall be selected there is to be not a single representative of the man who digs coal, the man who works in and about the mines. Now, as a matter of fact, the entire question of selection and appointment of a commission should be left to the President of the United States. Mr. Mitchell has said that he will be perfectly satisfied with whoever the President selects. If the mine owners are to be permitted to suggest who shall constitute the arbitration commission, why in all fairness should it not follow that Mr. Mitchell should likewise be permitted to make suggestions as to the personnel of the commission? I hope that the President will decline to act on this proposition of the mine owners, unless he is given a free hand."

CONDITION OF MINES

Officials Think They Could Be Worked to Full Capacity in a Week.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14.—The superintendents of the local mining companies say that as far as this region is concerned the majority of the mines could be worked to their fullest capacity within a week after the strike is off. With the exception of a few places men have been at work right along cleaning up falls, keeping the timbering repaired and otherwise preparing for the day when work would be resumed. All the mines, with one or two exceptions, have been kept free of water and gas and inside of ten days could be in full operation. No further resumptions were reported from any of the companies' officers today. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company gave out a statement that its output for Monday was 10,985 tons, or 55 per cent. of its normal production. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company is loading trains with a steam shovel from the old Tripp Slope dump. Only one call was made on the soldiers in these parts today. A crowd of boys playing football this morning near the Diamond colliery gave up their sport to stone a non-union man. Deputies came to the scene and fired shots from Winchesters, but the boys and hundreds of others who had come upon the scene gave battle with stones. A detachment of the Twelfth Regiment soon appeared and the crowd dispersed.

NO WORD FROM ROOSEVELT.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—All efforts to ascertain at the White House tonight whether President Roosevelt has communicated to President Mitchell the proposition of the mine operators with a view to the resumption of work were unavailing. The officials there decline absolutely to say anything on the subject at this time for publication. The impression is quite general, however, in Washington tonight that President Roosevelt, in continuation of his determination to bring about, if possible, the resumption of work, has addressed some sort of communication to Mr. Mitchell in connection with the operators' proposition, and that a reply from him may come at any time. Indeed it would not be surprising if Mr. Mitchell has been invited to come to Washington to talk over the situation with the President, but whether he has or not the officials will not say. Secretary Root was again at the White House for an hour this afternoon, and the belief is that he discussed again the strike situation, but he would not talk about the matter.

MANUFACTURERS HAVE PLAN IN EVENT OF OTHER FAILING

New York, Oct. 14. — The regular weekly meeting of the coal operators today was preceded by a conference with a committee of the National Association of Manufacturers, and at the conference the salient points of a plan to settle the anthracite coal strike were submitted by the manufacturers. The operators will consider the plan while the mine workers are reaching a conclusion in regard to the proposal of arbitration submitted to President Roosevelt at Washington yesterday. A member of the manufacturers' committee said he knew the association's plan would be acceptable to Mr. Mitchell. The same member of the committee said the manufacturers' plan would be considered by the operators if the mine workers rejected the plan submitted to the President yesterday. The operators began their meeting immediately after the conference with the manufacturers, and after the close of the meeting, President Baer, of the Reading, said that no statement would be given out regarding it. The members of the manufacturers' committee at the conference were: David N. Parry, president of the association; Frank Leake, of Philadelphia, and Richard Young, of this city. Mr. Leake said that the proposition of the Manufacturers' Association had not been formally presented to the operators, but that its salient points had been discussed. He said that at present the bituminous miners are organized, and that if the anthracite miners became organized on similar lines, it was his belief that the price of coal would be permanently advanced, with the result that manufacturers would have to advance the prices of all articles manufactured. He said his association was desirous of having prices remain as they are now.

According to President Harris' secretary, at the meeting between Mr. Mitchell and the representatives of the Manufacturers' Association at Buffalo last week, the secretary says they have stenographic notes of the proceedings. Mr. Mitchell agreed to forego the recognition of the union in his demands upon the operators if there was a general advance in wages of 10 per cent. Mr. Parry and Mr. Leake announced they would leave the city tonight, but their destination could not be learned.

MITCHELL WRITES TO ENGLAND.

London, Oct. 14.—At a meeting today of the Parliamentary committee of the Trades Union Congress, a letter from President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, received in reply to inquiries, was read. The letters detailed the grievances and objects of the striking miners in the United States. Among other things, Mr. Mitchell said: "Trades unions in the United States, England and Wales have responded most generously to our appeals for assistance. Any aid your committee can render will be deeply appreciated." The committee passed a resolution in favor of advising the trades unionists to render the American miners all the support they possibly could.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. zxv

To raise money for the French treasury the municipal council of La Courtine gravely proposes that a tax should be levied on every dress a woman possesses over and above one for everyday wear, and one for Sundays and fete days.

If you take a Laxa-Liver Pill at night, it will work while you sleep without a gripe or pain, curing biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia and sick headache. x

STRIKE CAUSES NERVOUS WRECK

Ostracized Scranton Preacher Faints in His Pulpit—Soldiers Guard House.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14. — After a week of severe nervous tension, during which time he had been constantly under the guard of a corporal's squad of soldiers, the Rev. Mr. Hollingshred, pastor of the Forest City Presbyterian Church, Sunday, fainted away in the pulpit of his church.

Mr. Hollingshred is the author of a letter that appeared in print early in October denouncing the strikers, and declaring that a reign of terror prevails in the anthracite region. He has since then been almost ostracized by the people of Forest City, and he believes that his life has been in jeopardy. Soldiers have guarded his house night and day. The letter bore the signature, "Forest City Minister." The strikers in that place, on seeing the letter, immediately circulated a letter calling on all the ministers of the town to declare whether they were the authors of the letter.

Mr. Hollingshred then admitted that he had written it, and was immediately placed under the ban of social ostracism. When he appeared on the streets he was met with scowls and jeers. The strain told severely on the clergyman, and on Saturday morning, when he found a souvenir book with a bullet hole through it on his front porch, one which he had given to a breaker boy during last winter, he nearly collapsed. Sunday at the morning services in his church he referred to the incidents of the week, and while in a vehement recital of the facts, tottered and fell to the floor in a faint. The services were immediately dismissed and Mr. Hollingshred removed to his home. He is still in a condition of great nervous excitement.

A JONAH ABOARD THIS SHIP

Strange Chain of Mishaps Befel Yankee Schooner.

The Passage Round the Horn Took 125 Days.

New York, Oct. 15. — The American four-masted ship Shenandoah arrived today from San Francisco, after a passage of 123 days of more than eventful interest. The ship came in crippled. One man fell from aloft and was killed and two others were injured. The ship had several combats with the elements, which damaged her sails and deckhouses.

On July 27, in a slight gale, while furling the upper main topsail, William S. Varney, a seaman, 27 years old, fell to the deck, broke both legs and fractured his skull. He lived thirteen days in great agony, and died Aug. 9. He was buried at sea. He came from Quincy, Mass. Several days before his death the ship encountered a heavy southwest gale, during which a sea boarded the ship, stove the midship house, filling the half-deck, stove the bulwarks on the port side, and started those on the starboard side.

On Aug. 9 a huge sea struck the cabin boy, washing him against the rail, breaking his leg.

On Sept. 23, the rudder head was twisted off, and the crew thereafter were obliged to steer by tackles on a monkey tiller. Under this jury rig the ship came into port.

This morning, while taking in the foresail, Mr. Taylor, the mate, was struck by a heavy block on the head and knocked senseless.

BOXMAKERS ON STRIKE

Four Thousand Workers Involved in Chicago Trouble.

Chicago, Oct. 15. — The striking boxmakers have failed to come to terms with the manufacturers, and are determined to remain out. Between 3,500 and 4,000 men and girls are affected by this refusal. The manufacturers persist in their offer of a piecework scale, which, they say, pays from $6 to $17 per week. The men demand a weekly wage of from $13 to $19 90. The girls are satisfied with the terms offered them, but have determined to remain out as long as the men are unsatisfied. Eleven factories in Chicago are involved in the difficulty.

Surprised Burglars.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 14.—C. G. Towne, station agent of the South Shore road at Lake Nebagamon, surprised two burglars at work early this morning in the depot. He shot and instantly killed one and wounded the other, but the latter escaped and is being pursued by a posse. Towne, who resides near the depot, was aroused by the dynamite explosion, which shattered the safe. As he ran to the station he was fired at and replied with the above result. A coroner's jury exonerated him.

Dead Letter Statistics.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The annual report of the dead letter office for the last fiscal year, submitted today by Acting Postmaster-General Wynne, shows total receipts of 9,300,351 pieces of mail matter of all kinds, an increase of 9 per cent over last year. The ordinary unclaimed letters numbered 6,446,900; ordinary unclaimed returned from foreign countries, 82,235; letters and parcels held for postage, 156,831; domestic letters undelivered at hotels, 306,282; letters and parcels with fictitious addresses, 150,302; bearing no address, 81,065; originating in foreign countries, 858,505. The total number of pieces of mail matter opened was 8,216,407. Total number delivered unopened, 1,183,231. Of the letters and parcels opened 50,869 were found to contain money to the amount of $48,489, and $50,874 commercial paper, with an aggregate face value of $1,399,926.

Monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, rust, dirt or tarnish — but won't wash clothes. st

SENT FOR A CENT

A postcard with your address on sent to John Labatt, London, will bring you in return an interesting booklet about ALE and STOUT, of vital importance to consumers.

ASK FOR **Labatt's** (LONDON)

'Arf and 'Arf

"Half and Half" is a beverage which combines the good qualities of both Ale and Porter in a healthful and invigorating drink.

In Pint and Quart Bottles
At all Dealers

Carling's

F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone 1,273. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

TODAY'S MARKETS

OTHER MARKETS ON PAGE 5.

STOCK MARKETS.
NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 15.
Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Anaconda	..	..	..	..
Amal. Copper	65	65½	65	65½
American Sugar Co	121¾	123¼	121¾	123
American Locomotive	29½	29⅝	29½	29½
American Foundry	34½	34⅝	34½	34⅝
Anaconda Cons.	87¾	88⅜	87⅝	88⅛
Atcheson Pfd	100	100⅝	100	100⅝
B. & O.	104¾	105⅛	104¾	105
Brooklyn Tran.	62	63¼	62	62⅝
C. P. R.	132¾	134¼	132¼	133⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	49	50⅜	49	50⅛
Chicago Gt. Western	29½	29⅞	29½	29⅞
C. F. I.	84¾	85	84¼	85
Erie	38⅝	39⅜	38⅝	38¾
Erie Pfd	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Illinois Central	146	148	146	147
Jersey Central	..	..	..	..
K. & T. Com.	29½	30	29½	30
K. & T. Pfd.	59¾	60⅝	59¾	60⅝
L. & N.	136	137⅛	136	136⅝
Manhattan	133⅛	134½	133⅛	134
Metropolitan St. Ry.	138¾	141	138¾	141
Mexican Central	26	26¾	25¾	26¼
Mo. P.	107⅛	110	107¼	109¾
N. Y. Central	153⅛	154⅞	153⅛	154½
Norfolk and W.	72¾	74⅜	72¾	74
Ont. and West	33⅞	34	33¾	33⅞
Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	161½	162¾	161½	162¾
People's Gas	102¾	102¾	102⅜	102¾
Reading	68¾	69¾	68⅜	69⅝
Reading, Pref.	86	..	..	..
Republic I. and S.	21	27⅛	26½	27⅛
Rock Island	..	..	..	..
Southern Ry.	37	37⅜	37	37¼
Southern Ry. Pfd.	96	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	70¾	71⅝	70¾	71¼
St. Paul	185¾	187¾	185¾	187
Texas	42⅞	43⅜	42⅞	43⅜
Twin City	117	..	..	..
T. C. I.	63¾	64¾	63⅞	64¼
U. Pacific	103⅞	106⅛	103⅞	104⅞
Union Pacific, Pfd.	90	..	..	..
U. S. Leather	14¾	15⅜	14¾	14¾
U. S. Rubber	17⅛	..	..	..
U. S. Steel, com.	40	40¾	39⅞	40⅜
U. S. Steel, pref.	89	89⅞	89	89⅝
Wabash Com	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¼
Wabash Pfd.	47¾	49¼	47¾	48⅝
W. Union Tel.	91	91	90¾	91
Wisconsin Central	25⅞	27¼	26⅜	27⅛

MONTREAL.

	Montreal, Oct. 15. Ask.	Bid.
Canadian Pacific	134	133¾
Canadian Pacific, new	134½	133
Duluth, common	20	18
Duluth, preferred	39	25
Winnipeg Electric	..	..
Montreal Street Railway	279	277½
Toronto Street Railway	116¾	115½
Halifax Street Railway	..	101½
St. John Street Railway	150	115
Twin City Transit Railway	116½	116¼
Twin City Railway, new	..	..
Richelieu and Ontario	101	100
Commercial Cable	173	171¾
Montreal Telegraph	170	164½
Bell Telephone	169	160
Dominion Iron and Steel, com.	55⅝	55
Dominion Iron and Steel, pref.	96	95½
Montreal Heat, Light & Power	95¾	95
Nova Scotia Steel, common	104	103¼
Detroit Railway	85½	85
Laurentide Pulp	100	..
Montreal Cotton	..	..
Dominion Cotton	57	56
Canada Colored Cotton	60	60
Merchants Cotton	..	..
War Eagle	..	..
Payne	..	..
Montreal Street Bonds	..	..
Republic	..	105¾
Virtue	10	..
North Star	..	..
National Salt, common	..	..
Dominion Coal, common	129¼	127
Dominion Coal, pref.	118	..
Int. Coal	75	73
Int. Coal, pref.	..	..
Ogilvie Milling Co., pref.	..	125
Ogilvie Bonds	120	117½
Bank of Montreal	..	259
Ontario Bank	..	129
Molsons Bank	..	214
Bank of Toronto	..	249
Merchants Bank	..	162
Royal Bank	..	182
Bank of Nova Scotia	..	..
Quebec Bank	129	118
Union Bank	130	120
Bank of Commerce	..	..
Hochelaga	145	135
Imperial Bank	..	..
Dominion Iron and Steel Bonds	..	..
N. S. Steel Bonds	..	..
Toledo Bonds	..	31

SALES: C. P. R., 7 at 135, 25 at 133¾, 25 at 133½, 25 at 133¾, 50 at 133⅞, 300 at 134, 50 at 133¾, 50 at 133⅞; Power, 100 at 95¾, 2 at 96, 100 at 95, 50 at 95¼; Twin City, 40 at 116, 3 at 115; R. and O., 55 at 101½, 5 at 102, 25 at 101, 6 at 100; Dominion Steel, common, 50 at 55¼, 125 at 55⅛, 250 at 55; Toronto Railway, 100 at 116; Detroit Railway, 25 at 84¾, 85 at 85; Steel, preferred, 100 at 96; Scotia, 50 at 102½, 25 at 103; Steel bonds, 1,000 at 89, 2,000 at 88⅝; Northwest Land, 100 at 150; Bank of Montreal, 1 at 260; Commercial Cable, 50 at 172, 25 at 171⅜, 50 at 172, 100 at 171½.

PRODUCE MARKETS.
TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Wheat—Steady; red, 69½c, middle freights; white, 67c, on a low freight to New York; goose, 64c for No. 2 east; spring, 65c for No. 2, middle freights; Manitoba, 82c for No. 1 hard and 80c for No. 2 northern, grinding in transit. Flour—Steady, at $2 62½ to $2 65 for cars of 90 per cent patents in buyers' bags, east or middle freights; choice brands are held 15c to 20c higher. Millfeed—Shorts at $16 and bran at $12 in bulk, east or middle freights. Barley—Firm, at 43c for No. 3 extra and 38½c for No. 3 east or middle freights. Buckwheat—Firm, at 53c, middle freights. Rye—Steady; No. 2 at 47c, middle freights. Corn—Steady, at 62c to 62½c for Canada yellow west; American, 68c for No. 3 yellow in car lots on the track at Toronto. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 30c, low freights to New York; 29½c, middle freights. Peas—Steady; choice milling, 70c, middle freights; No. 2 for export are quoted at 67c, middle freights. Butter—Receipts fairly liberal, except choice dairy rolls; offerings of medium and low grade stuff continue large and the sale slow; there is a good demand for choice creamery and firm fresh-made dairy rolls, and prices are firm; creamery prints, 19½c to 20½c; solids, fresh-made 18c to 19c; earlier makes 17c to 18c; dairy tubs and pails, choice, 15c to 16c; medium, 12½c to 14c; common, 11½c to 12c; pound rolls, 16c to 17c; medium, 13c to 15c. Eggs—Receipts are not very large; good demand and firm, at 17c to 18c for strictly fresh-gathered, splits are quoted at 11c to 12c, and seconds at 12c to 13c. Poultry—Scarce, particularly turkeys, which are selling at 16c wholesale today; geese, 10c to 12c.

OIL MARKETS.
PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 15.—Oil opened at $1 27.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Oct. 14.—Canadian cattle are unchanged, at 11½c to 12c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is 11½c to 12c per lb.

HAY MARKETS.
TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Baled Hay—The scarcity of cars is interfering somewhat with the movement. There is a good demand and the market is firm. Cars of No. 1 timothy on the track here are quoted at $8.

Baled Straw—Steady. Cars on the track here are quoted at $5 to $5 25.

ENGLISH MARKETS.
LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Oct. 15—Closing.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red western winter, 5s 8½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 7d; No. 1 California, 6s 4½d. Futures quiet; Dec., 5s 10¼d; March, 5s 10⅝d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 5s 7d. Futures quiet; Oct. nominal; Jan., 4s 3⅝d; March, 4s 1½d.

Peas—Canadian quiet, 6s 7½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter quiet, 8s 3d.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast firm, £6 10s to £6 15s.

Beef—Extra India mess strong, 115s.

Pork—Prime mess western strong, 85s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, steady, 55s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, quiet, 61s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, dull, 65s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, quiet, 62s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, quiet, 61s 6d short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, quiet, 57s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 64s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, dull, 51s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, firm, 54s 3d; American refined, in pails, firm, 56s 6d.

Butter—Nominal.

Cheese—Strong; American finest white, 51s; do, colored, 53s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 29s; Australian (in London), quiet, 33s 3d.

Turpentine spirits—Firm, 39s.

Rosin—Common steady, 4s 3d.

Petroleum—Refined quiet, 6d.

Linseed oil—Dull, 28s 6d.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.
CHICAGO.

Reported for the Advertiser by F. H. Butler, stock broker.

	Chicago, Oct. 15. Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec.	70¾	71⅛	70¾	71⅛
May	72	73	72	73
Corn—Dec.	48⅛	49⅛	48⅛	49⅛
May	42⅝	43¼	42½	43⅜
Oats—Dec.	31⅛	31⅜	31	31⅜
May	31⅞	32¾	31¾	32⅝
Pork—Jan.	15 60	15 80	15 60	15 80
May	14 82	14 90	14 77	14 90
Lard—Jan.	8 95	9 05	8 95	9 05
May	8 40	8 45	8 37	8 45
Ribs—Jan.	8 25	8 35	8 25	8 32
May	7 95	....	....	....

FIRE RAGING IN SHEDIAC

New Brunswick Town Threatened With Demolition.

Help Is Being Sent From Neighboring Towns.

Shediac, N. B., Oct. 15.—There was a serious fire here this morning. The buildings burned include the Poirier Block, R. C. Taite's Melanson's, White's, Mrs. Gallant's, and Mrs. Cormier's. The Weldon House has been on fire and is now in great danger. A fire engine and 25 men are on the way here from Moncton. The fire is still raging furiously. All the north side of Main street from the postoffice to W. A. Russell's offices has now been burned. The fire started in Mrs. Cormier's grocery.

SETTLERS ARE POURING IN

Mr. T. R. Parker Speaks of the Prosperity of the Northwest.

Mr. T. R. Parker, of this city, who has just returned from an enjoyable trip through Western Canada, is very enthusiastic over the outlook in the Northwest especially. He said to The Advertiser today that a feeling of optimism and complete confidence exists all through the Northwest and that the country is making tremendous strides. Great enterprises are projected and in one instance he learned of a town lot in Edmonton selling for as much as $9,000. Settlers are pouring in, a splendid class of people, who brought with them their stock, with money and energy.

Mr. Parker says that the C. P. R. is doing great things for the Northwest in opening up the country, but he says that the people there are handicapped by the lack of funds for the building of bridges and roads, the construction of which would facilitate marketing their products.

JURY CENSURES CAR CREW

The Result of Inquiry Into Killing of Roosevelt's Bodyguard.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 15.—The finding in the inquest following the accident in which President Roosevelt's bodyguard, William Craig, was killed here last September, filed today, says that the "unlawful acts of James T. Kelly, conductor, and Euclid Madien, motorman," of the electric car which ran into the President's carriage, "contributed" to the death of Mr. Craig. The finding was by Special Justice L. Hibbard.

FOOTBALL.

L. C. I. WON THIS.

A football match was played last night on the St. John's A. C. grounds between the F. C. B. C. and the collegiate institute. The latter won by a score of 1 to 0.

LAWN BOWLING.

CONSOLATION RINK MATCH.

The consolation rink match, which has been in progress for the past month at the grounds of the London Bowling Club, was concluded yesterday afternoon. The match was won by Mr. J. D. Tytler's rink, Mr. A. Parfitt's rink being runners-up. The prizes are four sets of carvers.

As a fitting wind-up to the season the club will hold a supper at the city Hotel on the evening of Wednesday, Oct. 29, on which occasion the prizes for the rink match, consolation match, and handicap singles, will be presented.

The final scores in the consolation match are as follows:

Consolation match, fourth round, 18 ends:

T. S. Clark, skip, 12, vs. J. S. McDougall, skip, 15.

Dr. Alexander, skip, 13, vs. A. Parfitt, skip, 19.

John Stevenson, skip, 12, vs. Dr English, skip, 21

J. D. Tytler, bye.

Concessions have just been granted to construct and run 27 branch lines of the Swedish railways. The new lines will cover a distance of 250 miles in all, and it means that Sweden will again have occasion to purchase a large quantity of rolling stock.

Strong's Baking Powder

Defies all honest competition

Manufactured and Sold by

W. T. Strong & Co.

Druggists.

FREE TO HOUSEKEEPERS on application, a valuable Cook Book on the Art of Cooking.

Marriage Licenses issued at the above address.

2XV

WEATHER BULLETIN

Thursday: Fair, With Little Higher Temperature.

Toronto, Oct. 14—8 p.m.

A fairly general rain has occurred today in the Maritime Provinces, and there have been a few scattered showers in Ontario. In other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fine.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 26—34; Port Simpson, 46—50; Victoria, 48—58; Kamloops, 40—52; Calgary, 34—54; Qu'Appelle, 32—56; Winnipeg, 22—56; Port Arthur, 24—46; Toronto, 39—50; Ottawa, 38—48; Montreal, 44—48; Quebec, 46—52; Halifax, 50—62.

Local temperatures: Tuesday—Highest, 49°; lowest, 36.5°.

Toronto, Oct. 15—8 a.m. Temperatures.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	34	34	Cloudy
Winnipeg	38	28	Cloudy
Parry Sound	48	40	Cloudy
Toronto	46	40	Cloudy
Ottawa	42	38	Cloudy
Montreal	42	38	Cloudy
Quebec	38	34	Cloudy
Father Point	36	34	Cloudy

FORECASTS.

Today—Strong southwesterly and westerly winds; fair.

Thursday—Moderate to fresh northwesterly winds; fair, with a little higher temperature.

WEATHER NOTES.

Showers were pretty general yesterday in Western and Northern Ontario. The weather is now cloudy in Ontario and Quebec, and fine in the other provinces, with a tendency towards higher temperatures. Southwesterly winds prevail on the great lakes.

TALES OF LONDON TOWN

—The city ticket office, Grand Trunk Railway, Clock corner, will be open this evening for the sale of excursion and other tickets.

—A thanksgiving service will be held in St. Paul's Cathedral tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. The Lord Bishop of Huron will preach and there will be special collection for Huron College.

—At the Daughters of the Empire performance of "The Spinsters' Convention," in the Auditorium next Tuesday, Oct. 21, Prof. Makeover will be on hand with his remodeloscope.

—Mr. John G. Steven, of Robinson, Little & Co., who has been on a three months' visit to his parents in Scotland, returned home yesterday. He reports a rough voyage on his return trip.

—Mr. J. R. Gregg, founder of the Gregg shorthand system, is in town, and is to address a meeting of the Federated Business Colleges tomorrow afternoon on the Gregg shorthand system has been adopted by a majority of the best business colleges in America.

—A very excellent supper and concert was enjoyed by the large gathering which assembled at the Christian Church, corner of Dundas and Elizabeth streets, last evening, it being the annual gathering of the church. Much credit is due to those who participated in the concert for the fine manner in which their parts were rendered.

—Miss Evelyn M. Parker, A. T. C. M., late of this city, and for the past year soloist in Queen Street Methodist Church, Toronto, has received the appointment of soloist of St. Paul's Methodist Church, Avenue road, of that city. Miss Parker was chosen by the committee from amongst 50 applicants, including some of Toronto's best singers and also some from Buffalo. This speaks well for Miss Parker's ability and her many friends here will be pleased to know of her success.

HOLIDAY PAPER IN THE MORNING.

Agents are reminded that there will be an early morning edition only tomorrow. On account of the public holiday, advertisements for Thursday's Advertiser must be handed in this evening.

Y. W. C. A. MEETING.

On Friday night, Oct. 17, a meeting called by the membership of the Young Women's Christian Association is to be held in the Young Men's Christian Association building on Wellington street. The meeting begins at 8 o'clock sharp. All members of the association, and all connected with its clubs, circles and classes are urgently requested to be in attendance at this meeting as a matter of vital importance to the association work is the object of its being called. All contributors to this work are welcome.

Denounced by Pope.

Rome, Oct. 14.—The Osservatore Romano, the organ of the Vatican, strongly attacks Hall Caine's play, "The Eternal City," which was recently produced in London. It calls the work a mere tissue of improbabilities and indecencies, and says: "Mr. Caine's insults cannot reach the Papacy. Yet honest people in all parts of the world will strongly protest against a writer who offends against international courtesy, morality and common sense, and against Italy and the Vatican."

Lots In Ironton Park

The great sale of 70 building lots now going on, in Ironton Park, corner of Pegler and Trafalgar streets. One block and one-half from Hamilton road and Rectory street cars, and three blocks east of the new McClary stove works. These desirable lots are on a high elevation. Mr. P. Walsh will be on the ground tomorrow (Thursday), at 10 o'clock, to close sales with prospective purchasers on easy terms, and at half the price of lots in the immediate neighborhood. On Lansdowne avenue and Nelson street survey there are only five lots now unsold. Those who cannot attend sales will receive immediate attention by calling, or write to P. Walsh.

REPAIRING OF
Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc
At ADKINS', East London.
Marriage Licenses issued.

School Trustees of London---No. 7.



SECRETARY McELHERAN.

EAST MIDDLESEX TRIAL BEGAN THIS AFTERNOON

Election Case Opened Before Chief Justice Falconbridge and Justice Maclennan.

The East Middlesex election trial opened at 1:30 p.m. today before Chief Justice Falconbridge and Mr. Justice Maclennan. Before the opening of court the courtroom was well filled, but the retirement of the witnesses from the room resulted in almost clearing it, as over 100 of those present proved to be witnesses. C. S. Grant, assistant registrar of the court of appeal, acted as clerk of court.

LEGAL MEN PRESENT.

Among the legal men in attendance are N. W. Aylesworth, K. C., Toronto; W. D. Macpherson and Walter Cassels, Toronto; J. M. McEvoy and J. C. Judd.

The first witness called was Charles O. Smith, an Advertiser reporter. He testified that he had attended and reported the convention of the East Middlesex Reform Association on Feb. 1, at which Dr. Routledge was chosen as candidate. Mr. Smith's evidence was to the effect that his report of the speeches made was from notes made by him and supplemented by his memory. The list of delegates he had obtained from cards furnished him by an official of the association. He had not written all the report of the convention.

DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.

Mr. Jared Vining, secretary of the association, and secretary for Dr. Routledge, the successful candidate, produced and identified various voters' lists, election returns and other documents in connection with the election. He had shortly after the election destroyed a number of unimportant papers, such as chairmen's reports or letters. The credentials of delegates to the convention had been destroyed immediately after the convention. Mr. Vining had destroyed all letters relative to the campaign.

Mr. Vining said he had received a couple of circular letters from Organizer Smith, but had destroyed them at once, as they were of no interest to the local association.

Asked as to whether he had ever received a letter from Vance, Mr. Vining replied: "I never received a letter from Vance in my life."

Mr. Vining said he had had no communication with Thomas Lewis, O'Gorman or Malloy, before or during the campaign.

The East Middlesex Reform Association, said Mr. Vining, was an organization of Liberals for the purpose of perfecting organization for campaign purposes. At the convention on Feb. 1 witness had collected some of the credentials from delegates, while members of the credential committee collected others. People were admitted to the convention without credentials.

Witness had briefly addressed the meeting, urging the necessity of organization and hard work. Witness could not recollect the purport of the speeches of Dr. Routledge, Mr. John Cameron, Mr. U. A. Buchner and the other speakers.

STRIKERS WANT PRESIDENT TO SELECT THE COMMISSION

Washington, Oct. 15. — It is understood at the conference with the President, Mr. Mitchell's main objection to the acceptance of the proposition of the operators was the limitations placed upon the President in the matter of selection of the arbitration commission. He was especially opposed to the restriction limiting the selection of a federal judge to a particular jurisdiction. It is understood that the miners are willing to waive the technical recognition of the union, as they will get a recognition of the general situation that exists in the anthracite region. It is considered likely that the proposition will go back to the operators, with a request that the restrictions in the appointment of a commission be withdrawn in order that the President may have a free hand in choosing the commissioners.

OPERATORS ARE SILENT.

New York, Oct. 15.—The coal operators generally were exceedingly averse to discussing the coal situation in any way today. To most of those seen the question was put: "Would you assent to a change in the personnel of the arbitration committee it is proposed shall deal with the matters in dispute between the strikers and the operators?"

The answers of the various presidents may be summarized in the reply made by President Truesdale, of the Lackawanna, who said: "I would consider is highly improper to talk about the matter at the present time."

Some coal dealers who were holding anthracite yesterday at a certain price per ton, averaging about $18, today are asking bids for coal which they have been holding in reserve.

THE STORY OF LAZARRE

Mrs. Catherwood's Novel Is Founded on Facts.

A Wisconsin Man Supposed to be the Dauphin of France.

The Detroit Free Press says of "Lazarre," the brilliant serial story running in The Advertiser:

Otis' Skinner's coming to Detroit this week in the play of "Lazarre" gives new interest to that strange story of the lost Dauphin of France, on which the play is founded. There is prevalent among those that have only superficially studied the problem a belief that Rev. Eleazer Williams, of Green Bay, Wis. (supposedly the personage in issue), himself had no faith in the contention in his behalf. On the contrary, it is known that the Indian missionary had the firmest conviction that he was of royal birth. Apropos of this, it is recalled that when the Prince de Joinville paid his visit to Mr. Williams n 1841, he placed before hm a parchment, which he desired him to read and answer. On the table were pens, ink, paper and the seal of France, such as were used during the reign of Louis XVI. This parchment was written in both French and English, in legal phraseology, and was nothing less than "a solemn abdication of the throne of France in favor of Louis Philippe, by Charles Louis, son of Louis XVI., who was styled "Louis XVII., King of France and Navarre." The conditions offered as a reward for the signing of this document were "a princely establishment to be secured to him either in France or America," and that Louis Phillippe would pledge himself "to secure the restoration, or an equivalent, of all the private property of the royal family rightfully belonging to him."

Mr. Williams spent hours studying this document. If he did not accept the agreement he had to face the old life of poverty, self-denial and daily toil. But finally be went to the prince and told him that he had considered the matter fully and that he must decline to barter away the rights pertaining to him by birth. Thereupon the Prince de Joinville angrily denounced him for "ingratitude" to Louis Philippe. Mr. Williams replied that since the prince had put him in the position of a superior he would say frankly that this indignation was stirred by the memory that one of the family of Orleans had imbrued his hands in his father's blood and that another now wished to obtain from him an abdication of the throne. The prince immediately assumed a respectful attitude, and after a few minutes' silence they parted for the night. Later the King himself wrote to Mr. Williams, sending him a package of books.

Rebels Capitulate.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Oct. 15.—The Port of St. Marc, not being able to continue resisting the army of the Provisional Government, solicited the intervention of the diplomatic corps here, which was accorded, and resulted in the capitulation of that place. The Government troops immediately afterwards occupied the city without any disorder.

We Have Won A Reputation

For reasonable prices and reliable goods. This we intend shall stay with us.

People gladly come back to the store that serves them faithfully and well. They bring others with them.

COSY COUCHES

Are good things to have in the home. During this month and next special reductions will be made throughout our lines—not very much, but enough to make it interesting for buyers.

See our Box Couches with lifting springs on the lid.

JOHN FERGUSON & SONS
174 TO 180 KING STREET.

HELD JOINT CONFERENCE

Missionary Workers of London Exchange Views.

Encouraging Reports and Bright, Helpful Addresses Were Delivered.

A conference of the various Women's Missionary Societies of London, the first of its kind ever held in this city, took place yesterday afternoon and evening, the afternoon meeting being held at Wesley Hall, First Methodist Church, and the evening meeting at St. Andrew's Church. All the local circles of women's missionary work were represented, together with many of the city church workers. Reading of papers of a most interesting nature and reports on the missionary work done by different denominations constituted the business of the afternoon. The different reports given afford pleasing reading, showing as they did the good work done by each and every denomination represented. Missionaries sent out by the various churches are operating in India, China and other parts of the globe, while in Canada also good work is being done among the Indians, Chinese, Japanese, Doukhobors and other deserving races. Especially during the past year has the work gone on splendidly.

At the afternoon meeting Mrs. J. H. McMechan occupied the chair. After the usual opening exercises, Mrs. Baker, of Harding Hall, gave a paper on "Inspiration and Power," in which she said that the Holy Word was the best source of inspiration and power. Secret communion with Christ was another great source by which Christians might be inspired and given power to do good.

Mrs. T. S. Johnson read the report on Baptist missions. Ontario and Quebec were the only provinces in which active home mission work was being done by the Baptist societies. The first efforts, made in 1882, were fraught with much anxiety and disappointment, but now the work was progressing steadily. The principal work was being done in India, where 200 lady missionaries had been sent to educate as well as evangelize the heathen. A leper's mission had been established and 22 of the afflicted had come to Christ. Last year $84,822 54 had been raised by Canadian Baptist societies, of which $18,193 had been sent to India.

On Nov. 8, 1881, the first mission work was done by the Canadian Methodist Church, said the report read by Mrs. F. Smith. Auxiliaries were now found all over the Dominion. In Canadian work development had been slow. Several schools had been established among Indian girls, together with schools at Montreal, Victoria, B. C., and Winnipeg, Man. In 21 years over half a million dollars had been raised for Methodist missions.

Mrs. Wallace read the Congregational report. The first Congregational missionary was sent to West Africa in 1882, where the people among whom he had to work had never heard of God. Since that time glorious work had been done. Schools had been established, and the natives had learned to love and respect their teachers. A hospital, built as a memorial, was the latest addition. In Smyrna, Turkey, a girl's school was being conducted with success, and a mission had been started among the Roman Catholics of Montreal.

Thirty thousand persons had flocked to the banner of Presbyterian mission societies, read Mrs. (Dr.) Johnston's report. The work of the organizations had been divided under three heads, viz., foreign, home and French. There were now 1,304 auxiliaries in Canadian churches, and a training school for women missionaries in Toronto. Last year's receipts had amounted to $70,000, of which Indian missions in the Northwest had received $15,000. There were now 109 workers supported by that denomination.

A paper on "The Outlook for the Twentieth Century in Woman's Missionary Work," was next read by Mrs. Porteous, after which a paper on "The Most Effective Way to Train Our Young People in Missionary Work," was read by Miss Constance Cameron. A paper on "Giving" by Mrs. G. Wright, was discussed at length.

Three five-minute reports on "Leper Missions," "Ramabai Circle," and "McAll Mission," by Mesdames Robertson, F. E. Leonard and McMechan, were taken as read.

IN THE EVENING.

In the evening Rev. Dr. Johnston, the chairman, opened the proceedings by an address in which he congratulated the mission workers on the success of their afternoon conference. He said the union meeting gave an impetus to the work being done, and he counted it a sign that the Lord was realizing their prayer. He then introduced Bishop Baldwin as possessing a heart large enough to be bishop of the whole church.

Bishop Baldwin's address dealt with the missionary question and the best ways of helping it on. A century ago things were in a frightful state compared to what they are now. The Holy Word was being preached to all nations, which the speaker thought was a sign of Christ's coming. In conclusion, the bishop urged the workers to put redoubled effort in their work and to have the consciousness of Jesus' presence and the ambition to do a great work for him.

Work among the women of India was the subject of the address given by Miss Priest, of the Baptist Church in India. She said that it required a woman to impart to the heathen of their own sex the right way of doing and living. There were many discouragements encountered but they were doing the best they could to get over them. Anything that touched the home life of the heathen would almost surely touch his better soul. The advantages of having medical missionaries was apparent, concluded the speaker.

Miss Morgan, a missionary sent by the Methodist Church to the Japanese and Chinese in British Columbia, gave a brief address dealing with the fruit which her efforts had borne. It was very difficult to face the odds against which they had to work, because high binders were at work everywhere to prevent the young girls from entering schools.

The efforts of the vocalists at both sessions were much appreciated. Mrs. Calder-Stock and Mrs. (Rev.) W. J. Clark rendered pleasing solos in the afternoon, while at night Miss Pickard, Mrs. Munro and Mrs. Wheeler furnished delightful numbers.

Scrofula, with its swollen glands, running sores, inflamed eyelids, cutaneous eruptions, yields to Hood's Sarsaparilla. c

WORMS CAUSE feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure, and effectual. If your druggest has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Oct. 15. Reported at	From
Oceanic.....New York	.....Liverpool
Siberian.....Philadelphia	.....Glasgow

IS THERE anything more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

Death of Aged Priest.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 15. — Rev. Thos. Connolly, aged 80, died this morning. He was created monsignor by the Pope in 1890, and was vicar-general of Bishop Sweeney.

A CLEAR HEALTHY SKIN.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the Liver and Kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without

Germany Gets French Plans.

London, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to the Telegraph from Paris says it is asserted that the German Government has contrived to obtain possession of all the plans of all the French submarine boats.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
Dr. Chase's Ointment

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS.
John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jepson, druggist, 249 Wellington street. Residence, 241 Pall Mall. 'Phone 379.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 289 Dufferin avenue.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses, C. D. Johnston, 198 Dundas street. Residence, 391 Dundas street.

IT IS a specific for ALL
Coughs and Colds
A neglected cold is the germ of
BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION
USE
Ombridge's Lung Tonic
A preparation which has been in successful use for
28 YEARS
and has been proved to be invaluable in all affections of the
Chest, Throat & Lungs
Prepared by
W. T. OWBRIDGE
Hull, Eng.
and sold by all chemists.
50c, $1 a Bot.

Her Recompense.

But he proved to be a persistent character also, and he made a second plunge toward her, and there might have been some doubt as to the issue of the contest, had not a heavy hand been suddenly laid upon the shoulder of the youth, and he was wheeled about with a force that almost made him see stars, and which brought him face to face with a powerful, stately gentleman, whose expression of sternness and resolution warned him that it would not be safe to persist in his attempts to plunder.

"What are you about, sir? What are you molesting this lady for?" was the startling and imperative query.

"Nothing," he whimpered, in a frightened tone, while he tried to wriggle himself free from that detaining hand.

"Then go; take yourself off instantly," and the gentleman pointed authoritatively down the street.

He needed no second bidding, for he turned and slunk out of sight in less time than it takes to relate it.

"Now, madame," said the gentleman, turning courteously to Miss Starkey, "allow me to see you safely out of this place; it is growing dark, and this locality is not quite safe for a lady after night closes in."

"Thank you, sir; I don't mind if you do, for I feel a trifle shaky, now it's all over. When my mettle was up I did well enough; but I'm not so young as I used to be, and it doesn't hold out quite so well; though I guess another whack from this umbrella would have settled that young scamp. But—my name is Starkey, sir," concluded our friend, introducing herself with promitive politeness.

"Thank you, and mine is Hamilton," said that gentleman, smiling amusedly, under cover of the darkness, at the originality of his new acquaintance, while he quietly took possession of her bag, offered her his arm, and conducted her to the corner, where she told him she would take a car.

"Here we are," he said, as they came out upon Broadway. "Which way do you go?"

"Up town, sir."

"Ah! that is fortunate; so do I," Mr. Hamilton said, as he hailed a car, which Miss Starkey gladly entered and sank into the nearest seat, for she was still somewhat shaky, and looked a trifle pale.

When she reached the end of her journey Mr. Hamilton alighted with her and insisted upon accompanying her to her own door, although she stoutly affirmed that she was all right and did not like to trouble him.

She seemed to have forgotten that he had possession of her bag and new umbrella, so he stood quietly by her side while she rang the bell and waited to be admitted.

As Robert opened the door, Grace came out into the hall with an anxious look on her face, but it vanished as soon as she saw her friend, and she came quickly forward to her.

"Oh, Miss Starkey, we were all getting very much troubled about you, and I am relieved to see you safely home again," she said, eagerly.

Then observing her pallor, and at the same instant her companion also, she started and a bright color suffused her face.

"Has anything happened?" she asked, hurriedly.

"No, no, child; don't be worried over nothing," replied Miss Starkey, with good-natured impatience, for she never could bear to have any fuss made over her. "A young scamp tried to rob me, and this gentleman came to my aid, and then would came clear home with me. This is Miss Campbell, Mr Hamilton," she explained and introduced, all in one breath.

"I have met Mr. Hamilton before," Grace said, turning frankly to him and holding out her hand, with a smile. "I am very glad to meet you again," she added. "Pray come in and tell us about this startling adventure."

Mr. Hamilton would have excused himself, as he felt almost like an intruder, but she turned to lead the way to the drawing-room, and he could not well refuse to follow.

She wheeled a great easy rocker forward for Miss Starkey, and invited her attendant so cordially to be seated also, that he accepted without demur, while he watched the beautiful girl with mingled curiosity and interest.

I SHOPE—[ESH]—I make a—[ah]—fool of myself," she stammered.

She stood by while Miss Starkey removed her bonnet and wrap, when she carried them away with her own hands, after which she brought a hassock for her feet and then sat down on a low seat by her side and smilingly said she was ready to listen to her wonderful story.

"'Tisn't much of a story, not worth making any fuss over; there ain't any bones broken—without it's in my umbrella—nor no joints dislocated," the spinster began. "The amount of it is, a young scamp thought he wanted my bag more than I did, and so tried to help himself to it. The bag's out there in the hall, but I guess he's got something else to remember Marthy Ann Starkey by for some time. At any rate, he'll have bigger knuckles tomorrow morning than the Lord gave him, and my candid opinion is that the next time he tries to play that game, he'll be pretty sure that the woman he tackles don't carry a stout new umbrella."

Grace Campbell's clear laugh rang through the room like a strain of music at the conclusion of the recital, while she pictured to herself the comical and animated tableau which Mr. Hamilton had witnessed, as Miss Starkey stood in attitude irate and with uplifted weapon to defend her property.

That gentleman indulged in a genial smile, but it was more in sympathy with her infectious mirth than with the droll story, while he thought her very charming in her interest in and attention to this exceedingly eccentric old lady.

"But were you not very frightened?" Grace asked, growing serious again, as she remembered that she might have been in real danger.

"Not till 'twas all over," replied Miss Starkey. "I guess I was a little mad at first, though I don't generally allow my temper to get ruffled over trifles. If the young rogue had asked me civilly for some money, I'd have given him some and welcome, for I always carry some loose change in my pocket to give away; but to have him undertake to help himself in that heathenish way was more'n human nature could stand. I wasn't sorry, though," the spinster continued, with a sigh of relief at the remembrance, "to see Mr. Hamilton heave in sight, for that rascal made himself scarce in no time, and besides, I guess it saved my umbrella; but you might have knocked me down with a feather when 'twas all over."

"But where were you? How did you chance to meet such a daring young robber?" Miss Campbell questioned.

"Well, I suppose I may as well own up first as last," said Miss Starkey, somewhat reluctantly. "I wanted to talk with Mrs. Jones about another change of those stockings that we are going to give her, and—about some other matters, too; so I went down there."

Grace's face was crimson for an instant at this beraya1 to Mr. Hamilton of her charities.

"If you had only told me that you wanted to go there, you should have had the carriage," she said, reproachfully. "It is not safe for a lady to go into such a locality alone, especially in the evening."

Miss Starkey sniffed contemptuously.

"That is a pretty state of affairs in a civilized country," she said, indignantly. "I'd like to make a law or two for this city, and we'd see if a woman couldn't go about the public streets on an errand of charity without being 'spoiled by the Philistines.' But where's George Washington?"

"Mr. Starkey was up in the library just before you came in. He had been talking about going to look for you, but I convinced him how useless that would be."

"Well, I guess I'd better set his heart at rest; he always gets the fidgets if I'm not around about once in so often," said the spinster, rising. Then, turning to Mr. Hamilton, she added: "I shan't forget your kindness, sir; and if you ever come to Starkeyville—or Lynnell, as they call it now—we shall be pleased to see you at our place."

Mr. Hamilton arose also, and thanked her for the invitation, adding that he hoped she would lose no sleep on account of her adventure. Then bidding her good-evening, he turned to take leave of Grace also, saying he must be on his way home.

Grace attended him to the hall, saying as she went:

"How are your proteges in —— street getting on?"

"I think, perhaps, that Miss Campbell might be able to give me as much information upon that point as I could give her," he answered, with a peculiar expression.

"Well," she returned, laughing and flushing, "I confess to having become quite interested in them. Do you think Mr. Jones is really going to get well?"

"If he does, he will owe a great deal to your kindness, Miss Campbell. If he could only get away into the country, out of the poisonous atmosphere of that locality, I think there would be no doubt about the return of perfect health to him."

"I wonder if it could not be managed somehow?" said Grace, musingly. "It would be so much better for those children, too. It is dreadful the way people live in those wretched streets. Mr. Hamilton," with sudden earnestness, "I have felt guilty ever sine I went into that place."

"Why guilty?" he questioned, searching her face.

"Because I have so much, and those poor people so little. How unequally things are divided in this world! Why is it so?"

"That is a problem which I fear will never be solved here," Mr. Hamilton returned, smiling; "though if everyone would honestly ask himself or herself that question, and then faithfully perform the duty which conscience would surely suggest, it would go far toward mitigating the evils you deplore."

"What is one's duty, Mr. Hamilton? Isn't it hard to decide always just what it is?" Grace asked, wistfully.

"'Do with thy might whatever thy hands find to do,'" he quoted, gravely.

"Then I have a great deal of lost time and work to make up," said Miss Campbell, with a sigh, "for my hands have been idle all my life."

She lifted her earnest face to his as she said it, and, meeting his eyes, she thought them wonderful in expression, while she said to herself:

"I have never seen a finer face anywhere; it is so full of power and earnestness. What a grand man he must be!"

"One can never correct a mistake until one becomes conscious of it," he said, gently, as he held out his hand to her; "and since you are so regretfully conscious of having lost opportunities in the past, I feel quite sure that you will not pass many by in the future. But I must bid you good-night now. I have already tarried longer than I ought."

"I am very glad to have met you again, Mr. Hamilton," Grace replied. "I would like to introduce you to mamma, but she is out this evening. We receive, however, every Thursday from eight to eleven p.m., and if you can ever spare us a little of your time, we will give you a cordial welcome."

Mr. Roger Hamilton, about a week later, while at the house of his sister, Mrs. Austin, was formally introduced by the latter to Miss Grace Campbell. The occasion was a social gathering, and Mrs. Austin, who had long been acquainted with the Campbells, little knew, as she presented her brother to Miss Campbell, that they had not only previously met, but had already taken a deep interest in each other. It is not strange that, afterward, Grace and Mr. Hamilton became more than ever interested in the pitiful condition of Mr. Rufus Jones and family, and together planned a little scheme for his relief. Into this scheme Miss Starkey heartily entered, expressing her willingness to have the sufferer conveyed to her own home in Maine.

It was noticeable that Grace soon found great comfort in doing kind deeds, especially when she was assisted by such a generous man as the Rev. Roger Hamilton.

CHAPTER XXXI.

The natural amiability and independence of Annie Noble soon captivated the heart of the eccentric Miss Starkey, who, rumor asserted, was far more wealthy than was generally supposed. They were frequently together, and Miss Starkey's affection for the orphan girl was plainly perceptible.

Late one afternoon Annie went out to make a little purchase for Mrs. Campbell.

It had been a rather dull day, and the darkness came on so rapidly after she had gone that Mrs. Campbell was sorry she had asked her to go at all.

Her uneasiness increased when the hour for tea arrived and she was still absent.

"Where can Annie be?" she said, in an anxious tone, as they gathered about the table. "It ought not to have taken her three-quarters of an hour to go and return, and it is more than two hours. I only sent her down to Ryerson's to match some trimmings."

"Perhaps she has kept on down town and gone to see Miss Waldemar, and, if so, Rich will escort her back by and bye," suggested Grace.

[To be Continued.]

Wethey's Mince Meat

The labor of making mince meat at home spoils the pleasure of using it. It's hard work, and when you remember how good **Wethey's Delicious Condensed Mince Meat** is and how little it costs, you won't want the labor of making it.

Absolutely clean. Put up in dainty "brick" packages. Enough for two large or three medium pies. Ready to add vinegar, cider, wine or brandy. Ask for WETHEY'S and take NO OTHER. Sold by grocers everywhere. 10 cents.



THANKSGIVING DAY GAME WILL BE BEST OF SEASON

Argonauts Coming to London Determined to Win.

Londons Are in Fine Condition for the Match.

Big Crowd Expected to Witness It—Special Arrangements Being Made for Patrons.

FOOTBALL.

TOMORROW'S GAME.

The best football match of the season, for Londoners, will be played at Carling's Heights tomorrow afternoon. The Argonauts are coming to London determined to win and the locals are just as determined not to let them. It means that London is out of it unless they win this game and the players intend to make a mighty big effort to stay in it. They have been practicing faithfully and are now in good condition. They are hopeful regarding the result. It is a question if the Argonauts will be quite as strong tomorrow as they were at the last game, while London will be in better trim than before. The scrimmage will be back to its old form. Sal Taylor will be in the game and this will mean a great deal not only to the scrimmage, but in getting the ball out. As it was in the last game, they could not get the ball clear to McKay, and frequently lost ground which they might have gained. Billy Meredith will play inside wing in Jordan Crawford's place, and he, too, will strengthen London considerably. Billy Stratton will play on the wing. The halves have been doing good work in practice, and the rest of the team will be as before. There is every prospect of a close and exciting game. Arrangements at the heights for handling the crowd will be better than at the last game. Chairs will be provided, the grounds roped off well and cleared. It is expected that a very large crowd will witness the match.

The full line-up will be as follows:

Sterling—Full back.

McKay—Quarter.

McNee, Little, Forneri—Halves.

Taylor, Bice and Lucas—Scrimmage.

Field, Kerrigan, Meredith, Stratton, Downing, Black, Regan and Sippi—Wings.

PETROLIA WON.

Petrolia, Oct. 14. — Petrolia defeated Watford in an exciting game of football here today by a score of 3 goals to 1.

CHATHAM ORGANIZES.

Chatham, Oct. 14. — A meeting of the Chatham Football Club was held the other night in J. Piggott's office, and the following officers were elected: Honorary president, R. Gray; first honorary vice-president, Dr. Fleming; second honorary vice-president, G. P. Scholfield; president, J. Piggott; first vice-president, H. W. Anderson; manager, S. Courtney; captain, F. D. Laurie; vice-captain, P. B. Fetterly, secretary, P. Pigott; treasurer, H. Bissons.

BASEBALL.

GIBSON GOES.

Toronto, Oct. 14. — Manager Barrow, of the Toronto ball club, announced on Monday that he had signed a Canadian, Catcher Gibson, of London, who would be given a thorough trial next spring. Gibson has been playing in the London City League, and has been heralded as another and a greater "Cooney" Snyder.

TORONTO AFTER NEW MEN.

Buffalo, Oct. 15.—According to a special to the Courier from Lockport, N. Y., Manager Barrow, of the Toronto Baseball Club, has written to the Lockport battery, Dell Mason, pitcher, and Pink Ryan, catcher, asking them to submit their best terms.

Mason, who is a mere youth, it will be remembered was given a trial by the Buffalo team last season and subsequently let go. Last Sunday the Lockport team, with Mason and Ryan in the points, blanked Rochester by a score of 7 to 0. One week before that, Lockport with Mason's assistance, defeated the Buffalos 4 to 2. In both games the young twirler had the big batters practically at his mercy.

CHICAGO'S MEN.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—President James A. Hart, of the Chicago National League Baseball Club, has announced the names of the men who will play next season. They are as follows: Catchers, John King and Thomas Raub; pitchers, John Taylor, John Menefee, W. H. Williams, Carl Lundgren, Jake Weimer (of Kansas City), Frank Corridon (of Providence), E. F. Eyler (of Denver), and Davis A. Hardy (of Toronto); first base, Frank Chance; second base, Robert L. Lowe; shortstop, Joe Tinker; third base, James Casey (of Detroit); extra, John Evers, Outfielders James Slagle, David Jones, Richard Harley (of Detroit), John Dobbs and J. E. Frisk (of Denver). The new men are Casey, Harley and Raub, Weimer, Corridon, Eyler and Frisk.

GOLF.

THANKSGIVING DAY MATCH.

All golf players are requested to be at the kennels on Thursday (Thanksgiving Day), at 10 a.m. Two teams will be selected to play in the morning. Lunch will be ready at 1:30 p.m.

THE RING.

AN EMPTY TRIUMPH.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 14.—Dave Holly, of Woodbury, N. J., stayed the limit of a 10-round bout with Lightweight Champion Joe Gans here tonight, but it was a rather empty triumph, the Jersey man accomplishing the feat by alternately hugging, running away and getting on his knees. He made little or no attempt to fight.

THE TURF.

TRACK BAD AT LEXINGTON.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—After a postponement for three days on account of the bad condition of the track, the racing was continued today. In the first heat of the fourth race a serious accident occurred which will keep Driver Middleton in the hospital for several weeks. While scoring in this heat Laurette, with Middleton in the sulky, swerved into Lady Catherine, and both sulkies overturned. Johnson, the driver of Lady Catherine, escaped without injury. Middleton's foot was caught in the wheel of his sulky, and he was dragged 20 yards. His left leg was broken below the knee, his kneecap dislocated and he was otherwise bruised. Lady Catherine ran away a mile and later finished fourth and sixth in the race. Dr. Strong, the favorite, won the race in straight heats. Lord Derby easily defeated Chain Shot and Monte Carlo in the 2:06 trot.

2:11 class, trotting, two in three, $1,500—Walnut Sall., br. h., by Conductor, won the second and fourth heats and race; Charley Mac, blk. g., won first heat and second money; Lily Young, g. m., was third, winning the third heat. Best time, 2:11½.

Free-for-all, to wagon, trotting, amateurs to drive, cup—Ida Highwood, b. m., by Highwood, won in two straight heats; The King, b. g., second. Best time, 2:13¼. Only two starters.

2:14 class, trotting. $1,000—Invader, b. g., by Jay Bird, won the fourth, fifth and sixth heats and race; A. J. D., b. g., won third heat and second money; Beldie, b. m., was third, winning first heat. Best time, 2:11¾.

2:18 class, trotting, $1,000—Dr. Strong, g. g., by Strong Boy, won in two straight heats; Millard Sanders, b. g., second; Hall Fry, b. g., third. Best time, 2:13.

2:06 class, trotting, two in three, $1,500—Lord Derby, b. g., by Mambrino King, won in two straight heats; Chain Shot, b. g., second; Monte Carlo, b. g., third. Only three starters. Best time, 2:08½.

2:25 pace, three in five, $1,000, unfinished—Dorothy Wilton, b. m., by Wilton, dam Wild Crocus, won first and second heats. Best time, 2:11¼.

APPROVED THE BILL.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—Mayor Schmitz has approved the bill permitting the reopening of Ingleside race track in this city.

THE WORTH MEET.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Kenilworth broke in front in the feature race of the Worth card today, had all his speed and was never headed, finishing the 7½ furlongs journey half a length in front of La Goleta, with Automan third. Nitrate was made favorite for this race, the third on the card, but he had none of his usual speed, and finished outside the money, after he had been backed from 11 to 5 to 7 to 5. Weather clear and cool; track heavy.

First race, 5½ furlongs—Fake, 117 (Pierratt), 12 to 1, 1; Evedyn Byrd, 114 (Robbins), 10 to 1, 2; Edinborough, 122 (C. Kelly), 30 to 1, 3. Time, 1:10⅘.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Foxy Kane, 110 (T. Dean), 3 to 1, 1; Apple Sweet, 97 (W. Hicks), 10 to 1, 2; My Surprise, 103 (Buchanan), 7 to 2, 3. Time, 1:08.

Third race, 7½ furlongs—Kenilworth, 115 (R. Steele), 4 to 1, 1; La Goleta, 112 (J. Daly), 7 to 2, 2; Automaton, 108 (Donnelly), 20 to 1, 3. Time, 1:37⅗.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Gregor K., 116 (Donnelly), 4 to 1, 1; Barca, 103 (T. Dean), 7 to 1, 2; Americano, 119 (J. Daly), 13 to 5, 3. Time, 1:15⅘.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Sombrero, 112 (J. Daly), 3 to 5, 1; Hoodwink, 99 (Helgeson), 30 to 1, 2; Bragg, 102 (Dean), 10 to 1, 3. Time, 1:43⅘.

Sixth race, 1⅛ miles—Barrack, 107 (Coburn), 5 to 1, 1; Chickadee, 83 (W. Hicks), 20 to 1, 2; Alaska, 109 (Donnelly), 7 to 1, 3. Time, 1:57¼.

AT FORT ERIE.

Fort Erie Race Track, Ont., Oct. 14.—Weather cloudy; track muddy.

First race, 6 furlongs, for maidens, all ages—Dr. Guernsey, 104 (A. Booker), 1 to 1, 1; Goo Goo Eyes, 91 (Dart), 15 to 1, 2; Prince John, 108 (Castro), 15 to 1, 3. Time, 1:21¼.

Second race, 4½ furlongs, for 2-year-olds, selling—Eddie T., 101 (J. Walsh), 1 to 1, 1; Sly Boots, 105 (Cogswell), 4 to 1, 2; All Hallowmas, 105 (Abel), 6 to 1, 3. Time, :59½.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles, for 2-year-olds and up—Pilliaster, 95 (J. Walsh), 7 to 2, 1; Clarena, 88 (Preston), 8 to 1, 2; Lou Rey, 107 (Troxler), 4 to 5, 3. Time, 1:56⅘.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs, 2-year-olds—All Souls, 104 (Romanelle), 2 to 1, 1; Begone, 102 (Booker), 4 to 5, 2; Artist, 99 (Dart), 6 to 1, 3. Time, 1:35.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling—Optional, 85 (Preston), 8 to 1, 1; Himtime, 111 (Castro), 6 to 5, 2; Pride of Surrey, 107 (A. Booker), 5 to 2, 3. Time, 1:12.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling—Heroics, 104 (Ellis), 7 to 5, 1; Gray Dally, 104 (A. Hall), 3 to 1, 2; Elnus, 102 (A. Booker), 3 to 1, 3. Time, 1:53¾.

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 14.—The weather was cold at the fair grounds today. The feature of the card was won by Jack Young, who came from fifth place at the three-quarters, took the lead and stood a hard drive down the stretch with Glenwood, getting the verdict by a nose. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Eleanor Howard, 109 (Scully), 9 to 1, 1; Hazel H., 104 (Morse), 7 to 1, 2; Marco Polo, 104 (W. Walsh), 11 to 1, 3. Time, 1:16.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Valverde, 109 (W. Waldo), 13 to 10, 1; Hetsel, 100 (L. Jackson), 4 to 1, 2; Gas Lighter, 100 (Louden), 18 to 5, 3. Time, 1:28.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Lysbeth, 104 (D. Gilmore), 7 to 1, 1; Almanzo, 104 (W. Waldo), 10 to 1, 2; Brannigan, 104 (Fauntleroy), 20 to 1, 3. Time, 1:15⅘.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Jack Young, 92 (W. Waldo), 13 to 5, 1; Glenwood, 106 (J. O'Connor), 7 to 1, 2; Sambo, 103 (J. Miller), 11 to 5, 3. Time, 1:45¼.

Fifth race, 1½ miles, selling—Lou Hazel, 90 (Houbre), 8 to 1, 1; Erne, 95 (W. Waldo), 5 to 2, 2; El Ghor, 99 (L. Jackson), 8 to 1, 3. Time, 2:36½.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Found, 91 (Houbre), 4 to 1, 1; King Stelle, 100 (D. Gilmore), 15 to 1, 2; The Boer, 107 (W. Waldo), 4 to 1, 3. Time, 1:28.

DRAKE WINNINGS AT MORRIS PARK.

New York, Oct. 14.—Cinquevalli and Wild Thyme, the entry of Andrew Miller, ran one-two in the Rancho Rel Paso stakes at Morris Park today. They were coupled in the betting and closed at 5 to 1. South Trimble, from the Drake stable, won the Fairview selling stakes in a drive from Huntressa. The winner was bid up $1,700. The stable retained the horse. The Drake stable won half of the card. Charlie Grainger, Dunneis and South Trimble. Two favorites won. Summary:

First race, maiden 3-year-olds and upward, last 6½ furlongs of Withers mile—Charlie Grainger, 110 (Lyne), 7 to 1 and 5 to 2, 1; Ezera, 115 (Rice), 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, 2; Annie Grace, 112 (Smith), 12 to 1 and 5 to 1, 3. Time, 1:23¼.

Second race, 3-year-olds and upwards, to be ridden by apprentice boys, the Withers mile—Runnels, 97 (Scott), 3 to 5 and out, 1; Lux Casta, 92 (H. Callahan), 7 to 2 and 4 to 5, 2; Merito, 102 (Durham), 12 to 1 and 3 to 1, 3. Time, 1:42.

Third race, the fifth Rancho Del Paso, for 2-year-olds, the Eclipse course—Cinquevalli, 109 (O'Connor), 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, 1; Wild Thyme, 117 (Lyne), 5 to 1, and 2 to 1, 2; Fire Eater, 118 (Minder), 7 to 1 and 5 to 2, 3. Time, 1:11¼.

Fourth race, the seventh Fairview, selling, for 3-year-olds, 1 1-16 miles, over the hill—South Trmble, 105 (Lyne), 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, 1; Huntressa, 102 (Redfern), 7 to 2 and 6 to 5, 2; Grand Opera, 102 (Smith), 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, 3. Time, 1:47.

Fifth race, selling, for 3-year-olds and up. Withers mile — Kilogram, 119 (Odom), 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, 1; Major Mansir, 109 (Meade), 50 to 1 and 15 to 1, 2; Boaster, 100 (J. Martin), 5 to 1 and even, 3. Time, 1:42¾.

Sixth race, handicap, 3-year-olds and up, 1¼ miles, over the Withers course—Hunter Raine, 95 (Cochrane), 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, 1; Andy Williams, 106 (Lyne), 3 to 1 and even, 2; Cirous, 86 (Creamer), 15 to 1 and 6 to 1, 3. Time, 2:00⅘.

GAUDY HAT CHECKS ANGER PASSENGERS

Railway Patrons Oppose Custom of Sticking Tickets in the Bands of Their Headgear.

Railway passengers, more and more, are opposing the custom of the conductor who marks them by sticking a strip of cardboard in the band of the hat.

There are at least two reasons for this opposition. One of them is that conductors do not always remove them, and after he leaves the train a passenger goes from place to place wearing a blue, red, or green check in his hat. Pedestrians stare at him, and, looking about his person for the cause, he finally discovers that he is decorated. The man who wears one of these markers is by common consent set down as a hayseed, and this feeling has spread until few know the extent of it.

Hatters say, and the observing man soon finds out for himself, that the repeated sticking of cardboard in the hatband of a stiff hat loosens the band and gives the hat—no matter how much it has cost—a cheap appearance. When the busy conductor desires to shift some of his duties he sets the brakeman to pulling checks. Sometimes he yanks them out any old way, oftentimes displeasing the passenger. The conductor himself is not always gentle in "chucking" a check. he leaves them sticking at all angles. Sometimes he has checks of as many as three colors, and when he finishes up a car of men their headgear oftentimes resembles that of a fighting Indian.

Many of the railroad managers have come to recognize this custom of the conductor as an imposition—that he has no right to use the person of a passenger to mark him. For that reason Chicago roads, many of them, have provided brass holders, screwed on the side of the car, one to each seat, and the conductor is expected to use this contrivance in checking a passenger.

Some of the conductors have voluntarily abandoned the obnoxious custom and have adopted different schemes of their own in placing a check about a seat where it will show that a passenger is ticketed to a particular destination.

Conductors have always managed to check women passengers without attaching anything to them, and it is argued that the men folk may be similarly treated.

Read This Out Loud.

The most skillful gauger I ever knew was a maligned cobbler armed with a pionard, who drove a peddler's wagon, using a mullein stalk as an instrument of coercion, to tyrannize over his pony, shod with calks. He was a German Sadducee, and had a phthtisicky catarrh, diphtheria, and the bilious, intermittent erysipelas. A certain sibyl, with the sobriquet of "Gypsy," went into ecstasies of cachinnation at seeing him measure a bushel of peas, and separate saccharine tomatoes from a heap of peeled potatoes, without dyeing or singeing the ignitable queue which he wore, or becoming paralyzed with a hemorrhage. Lifting her eyes to the ceiling of the cupola of the Capitol to conceal her unparalleled embarrassment, making a rough courtesy and not harrassing him with mystifying rarefying and stupefying innuendoes, she gave him a couch, a bouquet of lilies, mignonette, and fuchsias, a treatise on mnemonics, a copy of the "Apocrypha" in hieroglyphics, daguerreotypes of Mendelssohn and Kosciusko, a kaleidoscope, a dram phial of ipecacuanha, a teaspoonful of naphtha for deleble purposes, a ferule, a clarionet, some licorice, a surcingle, a carnelian of symmetrical proportions, a chronometer with movable balance wheels, a box of dominoes, and a catechism. The gauger, who was also a trafficking rectifier and a parishioner of mine, preferred a woolen surtout (his choice was referable to a vacillating, occasionally occurring idiosyncracy), and woefully uttered the apothegm: "Life is checkered, but schism, apostasy, heresy, and villainy, however, esoteric and malign, shall be punished." The sibyl apologizingly answered: "There is an allegeable difference between a conferrable ellipsis and trisyllable diaeresis."—Tit-Bits.

Senator's Reason.

It is told of the late Senator Matt Carpenter that one day, while chatting with friends in a committe room, the conversation turned on the relative merits of religious sects, says the New York Tribune. Nearly every member of the party belonged to some church, and there had been an animated discussion, Senator Carpenter pacing up and down, listening intently enough, but saying not a word.

"What church do you belong to Carpenter?" asked one.

"I don't belong to any."

"Why don't you join one?"

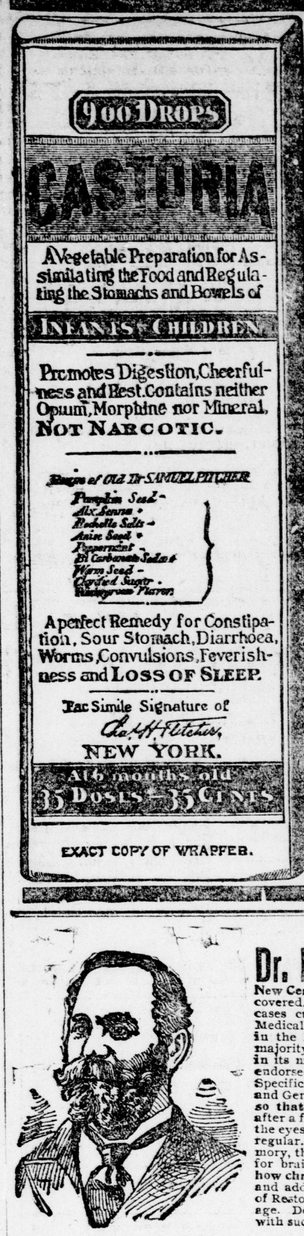
"I don't want to. None exactly suits my views."

"What one would you join if you were to feel forced to a choice?"

"The Catholic, by all means."

"And why the Catholic?"

"Because they have a purgatory, and that's a motion for a new trial."



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Samples (sufficient for eight meals) free.

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The Baby Grebe.

When you see a woman with a band of white plumage almost invisibly tinted with blue and green and more strongly with golden brown ornamenting her hat, know that from one to six of these harmless, lovable, sweet-voiced little grebes were stripped from chin to vent to supply it, says Outing. And when you see that other woman wearing a cape the collar of which reaches above her ears and the skirt to her shoulders, and it seems to be made up of almost indiscernible sections the size of your hand, know that each section stands for the life of one of these charming little chatterers. The breast of the grebe is its curse. Its feathers are so tiny and fine as to be almost spineless, so thickly set they stand on end, and so delicately colored as to render adequate description impossible. Crested grebes are killed without mercy for this little patch of rare feathering, and the little marsh ones do not escape. There is no bird slaughter for plumage more wanton, unless it be that of the egret which takes the life of the brooding bird for a few beautiful feathers found on the shoulders only at nesting time and leaves the young to die as they may.

As He Saw It.

"What do you conceive to be the solution of the trust problem, Senator?" asked his constituent.

"Well," said Senator Lotsmun, "the trusts will have to be wiped out, of course, but it's got to be done with a chloroformed rag so they won't know it."—Chicago Tribune.

A Flippant Query.

"Do you think," said the bright young woman, "that people write best when they derive their inspiration from personal experience?"

"Undoubtedly," answered the earnest litterateur. "Why do you ask?"

"I was wondering whether the person who wrote 'it's always darkest just before dawn' was in the habit of staying up all night."—Washington Star.

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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Only 2,240 bicycle licenses have been taken out this year in Montreal, as against 3,755 last year and 6,347 in 1900.

Our Window Shades

are the best made. We have them in all colors, and Laces to match.

O. B. GRAVES, 222 Dundas St.

PLUMBING

That Time Can't Impair.

The Plumbing that we put into a house or building will withstand the ravages of use and time. All of our work is done on modern, sanitary lines. Every portion of it will survive the severest tests. The first expense ends it—no repairs will be needed. Our services and experience are at your disposal.

Smith Bros. & Co.,
263 Dundas Street.

A Pointer.

Have you a headache?
Do your eyes trouble you?
If so, we can relieve you.

Globe Optical Co., 227 Dundas

A QUESTION OF LIGHT

is no trouble to solve when you wire your house for Electric Light. What trouble is saved is soon realized after you once commence to use it. Ask for estimates. 'Phone 958.

London Electric Co.,
359 Richmond Street.

INCREASE YOUR BUSINESS

by having EFFICIENT TELEPHONE FACILITIES.

We will quote you rates on a Private-Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.

The BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF CANADA, Ltd.

J. Ferguson & Sons
UNDERTAKERS
'Phones 548 and 373. 180 King St.
Reasonable Charges; Personal Attention; First-Class Equipment. Open all the year around.
JOHN FERGUSON, Manager.

HANDSOME RED WALL PAPER
The Kind That Gives
Comfort and Delight.

H. & C. COLERICK,
443 Richmond Street.

VANDERBURG'S 619 Dundas Street,
LIVERY, Phone 666.

Everything new and up-to-date. Mostly rubber tires. Your next drive will be a pleasure if you get your rig here. London agent for Kelly Springfield tires.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., County Bldgs., next Court House, London

USE HUNT BROS.' DIAMOND FLOUR

H. C. McBRIDE, Architect and Surveyor, 213 Dundas St.

W. S. LOCKHART,
House Decorator, Painting, Paperhanging. Residence, Beaconsfield avenue.

Alma Ladies' College
ST. THOMAS, ONT.

One of the largest and best equipped in Canada.

Preparatory studies. Graduating courses: M. L. A., M. E. L., Piano, Organ, Singing, Violin, Fine Arts, Elocution and Physical Culture, Domestic Science, Commercial.

Healthiest location. Moderate charges Twenty-second year. Write for catalogue to

REV. PRIN. WARNER, M.A., D.D. xt

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice—Large stock of goose feathers sold by the pound, iron bedsteads, mattresses, springbeds, children's iron cots, pillow and down cushions, furniture and stoves at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, 533 Richmond street north. Telephone, 997. J. F. Hunt & Sons.

For a large assortment of waterproof horse covers, lap rugs and coats, also blankets, call at Tackaberry & Co's.

Cheap colonist rates to Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana. Write or call for pamplets and particulars.—H. D. Armstrong, T. P. A., 32 Campus Martius, Detroit, Mich. 13-a-zxv

There were launched on the Clyde during August 18 vessels of 45,343 tons, as compared with 20 vessels of 46,440 tons in the corresponding month last year. For the seven months the output has been 150 vessels of 309,506 tons, as against 148 vessels of 320,983 tons in the same period last year.

INFANTS' DELIGHT SOAP

Superior to all other for the Toilet and Nursery.

Made by
JOHN TAYLOR & CO., Toronto.

Perennial Phlox.

We have a fine collection of field-grown plants now ready for your garden.

GAMMAGE & SONS.

EXECUTORS --AND-- TRUSTEES

WITH TRUST FUNDS AT THEIR DISPOSAL ARE AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO INVEST THEM IN SECURITIES OFFERED BY THE

CANADA TRUST CO.

INTERVIEWS AND CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

V. CRONYN, President. J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.
G. A. SOMERVILLE, Man'g. Dir.

OFFICES:
Huron and Erie Building, London.

YOU WANT A CHANGE.
Try the New Grocery
103 King Street.

Best Family Flour, $2 per cwt.
Coal Oil, 15c.

H. T. JOHNSON.

Coal Is Scarce,

But you can buy all the hard wood you want, and soft coal in quantities desired.

New premises, G. T. R. and William street. 'Phone 312.

WM. HEAMAN & SON

The Best 1847 Rogers Bros.' Knives, Forks and Spoons.

Just received a full line new designs Berry Spoons, Sugar Shells, Butter Knives, etc.

C. R. SUMNER,
380 Richmond Street,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.

NOTICE!

To the Public:

We are now in a position to give our customers DULL OR GLOSS FINISH, which work cannot be excelled. Kindly state on list which finish preferred.

The Parisian Steam Laundry Co., Limited.
Phone 559.

London Advertiser.

UNION LABEL TORONTO

"Good things to eat."
Pure, Fine-flavored TEAS.

If you want to enjoy a good cup of "Tea," try either of our well-known brands.

HARRY RANAHAN,
515 Richmond Street.

Sixteen Views of London.

Beautiful Half-tone Production. Artistic Cover.

25 Cents.

ANDERSON'S
183 Dundas Street.

4 PER CENT DEBENTURES

The Ontario Loan and Debenture Company,
OFFICE:
Cor. Dundas St. & Market Lane
London.
Paid-Up Capital, $1,200,000.
Reserve Fund, - $560,000.

3½ Per Cent on Deposits

JOHN McCLARY, President.
WM. F. BULLEN, Manager.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—A convention of Christians will be held on Oct. 16, 17, 18 and 19, in Castle Hall, Duffield block, 213 Dundas street.

—Miss Maude Parkinson, Pall Mall street, has returned home after a pleasant visit in Detroit, Yale and Sarnia.

—Miss Lottie Griffin, of this city, is visiting Vancouver, and is the guest of Miss Penhale, matron of the Alexandra Children's Home, Vancouver.

—Large congregations of men are attending the mission which Rev. Fathers O'Brien and Devlin are conducting this week at the new St. Mary's Church.

—Dr. R. N. Brebner, of Edinburgh, is calling on friends here. Dr. Brebner left London eight years ago, and has been practicing in Edinburgh for four years.

—The friends in this city of Mr. Frank Webb, now of Toronto, will regret to learn of his serious illness, which necessitates his removal to St. Michael's Hospital for an operation for appendicitis.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Garner, of Colborne street, this city, were both slightly injured in a head-on collision which occurred on the Wabash two weeks ago, when they were on their way to Chicago. Rev. W. T. Hill, of this city, was a passenger on the same train.

LONDONERS IN ENGLAND.

These London visitors recently registered in the Canadian Commissioner's Office, London: W. C. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Reid, Mrs. McWhinney and Miss E. Pennington, London.

THAT BAND CONCERT.

The ladies' advisory board of Victoria Hospital have decided to hold that oft postponed band concert in the city hall sometime next week, when a programme of vocal numbers will also be given, and a collection taken.

DRAGGED BY COLT.

Basil Carrothers, son of Mr. N. Carrothers, of Westminster, was seriously injured yesterday by being thrown down by a colt which he was leading to pasture and dragged a considerable distance. He was picked up unconscious and was badly cut and bruised, but will soon recover unless blood poisoning sets in.

SERVICES AT ST. ANDREW'S.

The Thanksgiving service at St. Andrew's Church, which will begin at 8 o'clock in the evening, will be of an interesting and unique character, for, besides the service of praise, always an enjoyable expression of thanksgiving, brief addresses will be given by representative men of the different denominations in the city, in which they will comment upon the special lines of progress which have marked the work in their denominations during this year. Rev. Dr. Johnston will, as usual, give a review of the important events of the year.

—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company ticket office, corner Dundas and Richmond, will be open this evening for the sale of Thanksgiving Day excursion tickets.

—Mrs. E. B. Cox, of Troy, N. Y., and Miss Thompson, of Chicago, are guests of Mrs. William Ellis, at Elmvue, Ridout street. Miss Thompson is on her return home, having spent some time visiting friends in Edinburgh, Scotland.

—The first lecture of what promises to be an interesting series will be given at the Western University tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Dr. Tamblyn's course on "The Development of the English Novel" was well attended last year. The lectures advertised this fall will be on the leading writers living today in England.

—Mr. A. H. Reed, of this city, who was private secretary to Supt. Jones, of the G. T. R., and later was secretary to the traffic manager of the Canada Northern, left this week for Pueblo, Cal., where he will be private secretary to Supt. Whittenberger, of the Denver and Rio Grande, formerly of this city.

—Stratford Herald: "Mr. Jacob E. Aikens, who has been a conductor on the street railway at London, passed through the city on his way to Topping, where he will take possession of lot 2, con. 12, Ellice. This farm comprises 100 acres and was recently purchased by Mr. Aikens of Mr. William Headon for $3,150. Mr. Aikens will engage in farming hereafter.

FELLOW OF PATHOLOGY AT McGILL.

Dr. Harold Wolferstan Thomas, of Montreal, son of the late Mr. F. Wolferstan Thomas, formerly of this city, has been appointed fellow of pathology in the faculty of medicine of McGill University. Dr. Thomas is a graduate of McGill. For the past three years he has been taking up a special course in comparative pathology in Germany under the best of German pathologists. He prosecuted his research in Munich, Bavaria and other centers in the north and south of Germany, where exists a splendid field for comparative pathological study. He returned to Canada a week ago, and has commenced his labors at McGill.

SACRED CONCERT.

A most enjoyable concert was given last night at the First Presbyterian Church, under the auspices of the Young Women's Home Mission Circle. The programme was as follows: Organ solo, W. Caven Barron; vocal solo, "Thy Will Be Done" (Nevin), Mrs. Cooper; vocal solo, "A Dream of Paradise," J. Arnold Thomson; reading, "Patsy" (Kate Douglas Wiggin), Miss Love; vocal solo, "The Lord Is My Light," Philip Barter; vocal solo, (a) "The Land o' the Leal," (b) "Little Boy Blue," Mrs. Cooper; organ duet, A. D. Jordan and W. Caven Barron; vocal solo, "Entreat Me Not to Leave Thee" (Gounod), Miss Pauline Mowat; vocal solo, J. Arnold Thomson; vocal solo, "Lord of the Night," Mrs. Cooper; organ solo, A. D. Jordan; vocal solo, "Fear All Eternity," Philip Barter; vocal solo, "Guard While I Sleep," Mrs. Cooper.

ASKIN STREET ANNIVERSARY.

Many friends of the Askin Street Sunday school were pleasantly entertained last night at a concert arranged to celebrate the anniversary of the school. A long and delightful programme had been arranged under the direction of Miss Amy Doty, and all who were present enjoyed themselves heartily. The fine orchestra of the school gave several selections, and one of the most pleasing numbers on the programme was a Delsartean pantomime given by Miss Winnie Atkinson and ten young ladies. The boys and girls who took the principal parts on the programme were: Pansy McTaggart, Pearl and Allison Lewis, Madge Norris, the Misses Vanstone, Reynolds, Nash and Jack Reynolds, Robert Thompson and George Hammond.

GRATEFUL FOR FOOD
Lived Seven Weeks on Milk.

"Three years ago this month, I was a great sufferer with stomach trouble," writes Mrs. William Leigh, of Prairie du Sac, Wis. "I had to give up eating meat, potatoes and sweets, and lived simply on bread and tea; finally that too had to be given up. I got so weak I could not work and I took nothing into my stomach for seven weeks but milk. I had tried three doctors, and all for no purpose; the last doctor advised me to stop all medicine. I had to anyway. I was so weak I was prostrate in bed.

"A friend advised me to try Grape-Nuts, but I was afraid to when a teaspoonful of milk brought tears to my eyes, my stomach was so raw. But I tried one teaspoonful a day of the Grape-Nuts for one week, and finding it agreed with me, increased the quantity. In two weeks, I could walk out to the kitchen; in four weeks I walked half a block, and today I do my own light housekeeping.

I live on Grape-Nuts and know they saved my life; my people all thought I could not live a month when I commenced using them, and are very much surprised at the change in me. I am very grateful that there is such a food to be obtained for those who have weak stomachs."

Your Thanksgiving Dinner...

will be an enjoyable one if you let us supply some of the nice things we sell.

Extra Select Oysters, 50c Qt.
Standard Oysters, - 40c Qt.

Columbia Soups
7 kinds, 35c; 3 for $1 00

Catsups
Snider's (new goods) .....20c and 35c
Heinz's 35c
Columbia 25c
Home-made, from 10c to 20c

Heinz's Pickles,
sweet and sour, the finest pickles; from 15c to 50c a bottle.

French Canned Vegetables
Peas, Mushrooms, Beans, in glasses and tins.

Genuine Jersey Sweet Potatoes.
Imported Spanish Onions. 6 lbs for 25c

Olives
We carry a large assortment of every kind. 15c to 50c.

Cape Cod Cranberries.
McLaren's Potted Cheese.

New Table Raisins
Fine fruit, 25c lb.

Chestnuts, 20c quart.
Crisp Celery, 5c.

CALL UP 317.
Your order will be carefully filled.
Open Tonight till 10 o'clock.
Closed Thursday.

T. A. ROWAT & CO.
234 Dundas St.

PRIZES WERE PRESENTED

List of Rewards Won by Sacred Heart Pupils.

Gifts Were Given Successful Students by Bishop McEvay.

The prizes recently presented to successful students at the Sacred Heart school by Bishop McEvay were as follows:

The gold piece presented by his lordship to the pupil obtaining the highest number of marks at the collegiate entrance examination, won by Master John McHugh.

The prize donated by Mr. T. J. Murphy to the pupil who obtained the second highest number of marks at the entrance examination, and the prize for Christian doctrine in the senior division form IV., won by Master Peter Costello.

Form IV.—Prize for Christian doctrine, presented by Mr. James Murray, merited by Miss Mary Fitzgerald.

Prize for spelling, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, by Miss Ella Fallahe.

Prize for proficiency in history and geography, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Miss Mildred Friend.

Prize for good conduct, presented by the Sacred Heart Convent, merited by Miss Annie Kane.

Prize for regular attendance, presented by Mr. J. E. Costello, merited by Miss Alva McGowan.

Prize for general proficiency in junior division, presented by the trustees, merited by Master Norman Wilson.

Form III.—The gold medal for Christian doctrine, donated by the Sacred Heart Convent, and the prize for regular attendance, presented by Mr. J. E. Costello, merited by Miss Laura Gray.

The second prize for Christian doctrine in junior division, presented by Mr. James Murray, merited by Miss Florence Baker.

The first prize for Christian doctrine in junior division, presented by Mr. James Murray, merited by Miss Kathleen Murray.

Prize for proficiency in history, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Master Leonard Forristal.

Prize for spelling, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Master Thomas Murray.

Prize for good conduct, presented by the Sacred Heart Convent, merited by Miss Annie Fallahe.

Prize for arithmetic, presented by the trustees, merited by Miss Lila Smith.

Form II.—The gold medal for Christian doctrine, presented by the Sacred Heart Convent, and the prize for regular attendance, presented by Mr. J. E. Costello, merited by Master John Dignan.

Prize for application, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Master Charlie Smith.

Prize for highest standing in junior division, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Miss Aileen Mulvey.

Prize for Christian doctrine, presented by Mr. James Murray, merited by Master James O'Leary.

Prize for good conduct, presented by the Sacred Heart Convent, merited by Miss Margaret Dignan.

Prize for arithmetic, presented by the trustees, merited by Master Willie McHugh.

Form I.—The gold medal for Christian doctrine, presented by the Sacred Heart Convent, merited by Miss Olla Heffernan.

Prize for Christian doctrine, presented by Mr. James Murray, merited by Miss Myrle Fitzpatrick.

Prize for application and attendance, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Master Alfred Toohey.

Prize for regular attendance, presented by Rev. P. J. McKeon, merited by Miss Maggie McGowan.

Prize for good conduct, presented by the Sacred Heart Convent, merited by Miss Nellie Morkin.

Prize for application and attendance, presented by Mr. J. E. Costello, merited by Miss Loretta Dignan.

Special Holiday Sale of CARPETS

Our offerings during this week present the greatest savings in floor coverings ever shown in the city. Knowing our reputation for good goods and fair dealing, the public will not be slow to take advantage of these bargains.

60c Tapestry Carpets for 45c.

English Tapestry Carpet from the greatest looms in the world, good designs and a splendid range of colorings, good value at 60c; on sale this week. Made and laid at 50c, or per yard 45c.

$1 English Brussels at 75c.

This Carpet we recommend as giving the greatest amount of service for the least cost. They are sold all over Canada at $1. During this week we sell them at 75c per yard.

$1.15 Best English Brussels, 95c.

This is one of the best Carpets that we are showing for fall trade—in new and artistic designs and colorings and excellent quality; the best Carpet ever sold in London at the money. Made and laid at $1, or per yard 95c.

Crossley's Wilton Velvets at $1.25.

The richest and most durable medium-priced Carpet made—worsted surface, specially adapted for hard wear and thoroughly dependable. $1 25 per yard.

Nairn's Inlaid Linoleums at $1.

Patterns go through to the canvas, floral, block and tile designs, at 90c, $1, $1.10 and $1.25.

Nairn's Linoleums at 45c Per Yard.

A great range of new designs and colorings, two and four yards wide; two yards wide, from 45c per yard; four yards wide, from 50c per yard.

OILCLOTH AND LINOLEUM SQUARES FOR STOVES,
In great variety, from 50c each up.

A. Screaton & Co
THE CARPET STORE.

MUST SEND FOR WOOD

Patrons of Civic Yard Have to Do Their Own Delivering.

The fuel committee of the city council will have until tonight at 6 o'clock to accept or reject the offer received yesterday for Hocking Valley coal. Mayor Howland has offered London a part of the 5,000 tons of Welsh anthracite to be purchased, and this offer may be accepted.

The wood secured already will be brought to the city at once and put on sale. Buyers will have to send teams for it. The coal will be delivered, the committee having already received offers of the use of the yards of Messrs. Hunt Bros., J. G. Orchard, Fred Macfie, James Buchanan and W. H. Winnett.

FACTS FOR BUSINESS MEN.

The buying of space is not so easy a matter as it may seem on the surface. There are papers and papers. there are those whose promises are golden, but whose fulfillment is iron. Longfellow's line, "Things are not what they seem," applies as well to advertising as to other things. Circulation, while of prime importance, is by no means all there is of it. The geographical position of subscribers, their ability to buy and their need for the goods offered—these and many more things are to be considered in the matter of publicity. He who most intelligently and understandingly places his advertising, all other things being equal, will be he who wins out best in the world of trade.

THE FALL FAIRS

Secretaries of agricultural societies are requested to send notice of date of fair

Norfolk Union, Simcoe .....Oct. 14-16
Delaware Fall Fair .....Oct. 15
Muncey-Tecumseh .....Oct. 20-23
Lambeth .....Oct. 22

A Nice Supper.

The ideal supper dish these cold nights, Clark's Pork and Beans.

A multi-millionarie carpet maker of Philadelphia was "among those present" at a coal office there the other day to make application for fuel. He stood in line with a number of others and pleaded for a carload, saying he needed it badly at his factory. That was his second appeal, but he was told to "call again in the morning."

We Prove It

Catarrh and Colds Can Be Relieved in 10 Minutes, and Permanently Cured.

Eighty years old—catarrh fifty years. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed? Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says: "I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure Relieves in 30 Minutes.

Sold by C. McCallum & Co. 28

ANNA TRAVELS AHEAD OF THE SHOW

Miss Anna Marble, a Chicago girl by birth, now of New York City, is the pioneer of a new profession for women—that of theatrical press representative and advance agent.

Miss Marble has just signed her second year's contract with Miss Elsie De Wolfe, and is now "on the road" in advance of her star. She is regarded by New York managers as one of the most competent "advance man" in the profession—a profession in which she receives a remuneration equal, if not exceeding, that of her most expert male rivals.

"For certain classes of drama," says Miss Marble in a detailed account of her unique calling, "for certain classes of drama, the advantage of having a woman agent is becoming more and more apparent. The New York theatrical field offers in this department rich inducements to clever, level-headed young women; such inducements as are hardly to be found at present in any other line of work available by women.

Salaries paid to women press agents are the same as those paid to men. And liberal salaries they are, too, ranging anywhere from $50 to $125 per week, depending upon the class of the company which she represents.

As to qualifications, there are two essentials. Familiarity with the stage and all pertaining thereto and a practical knowledge of newspaper methods. She must know the theater from A to Z, and "from the front of the house," as well as "behind the scenes." She must be able to talk intelligently as well as intelligibly with a stage carpenter and with the scene shifters. She must also know the parlance of theatrical transportation, else she is hopelessly lost.

"How many drops do you carry?" asks the local transfer man through the 'phone, or "Do you require a 'trailer,' or a 40-foot truck to carry stuff?" During the protracted engagements in the larger cities, under which circumstances she remains with her star until everything is running smoothly, she must prepare herself to become a "general utility man." She is here expected to make herself of practical use in a dozen widely different capacities. She makes all engagements for press interviews with her star. She attends to the printing of all bills and posters and programmes, and sees that the two former are properly pasted or distributed. She also takes full charge of all the advertising, determines the number of "free seats" to be issued—all of which she accomplishes during the day. After an early dinner at her hotel, she jumps in a cab and if off to the playhouse long before the first seat holder arrives. She goes about with the stage manager and makes absolutely sure that the lights are in perfect order, that nothing is wanting in the property room, and then, if there is nothing more urgent, she goes "on the door" with the regular official in charge thereof. She usually remains there until the last admission ticket has been turned in and the curtain has gone up on the scene inside.

It is a long and strenuous day and it does not end until the lights are out in the theater and the coupe door has closed upon her star. Then she, too, takes a cab and is off to her hotel.

But it is when she is "in advance" of the company, when they are playing "one night stands," that her life becomes fearfully and wonderfully strenuous. Then she keeps a week to ten days in advance of the company, which necessitates her getting through her work in one day and on to the next town by sleeper the ensuing night.

Upon arriving at a one night stand the first thing to be done is a visit to all the local papers armed with typewritten notices, "quips," and personal items about the star and divers members of the company. She also carries with her a package of "cuts" already mounted and ready for insertion in the newspapers. She leaves on each editor's desk as much of this typewritten material and as many of these cuts as the paper will print. Then she engages the bill posters and contracts with the local transfer man to move her company's baggage and scenery to and from the station on a certain date.

It must be admitted that at first much prejudice is to be overcome by the woman press agent, but the difficulty is not appalling.

"One Connecticut town was the scene of a little comedy in connection with my visit there last winter. The prominent manager who has a circuit of theaters throughout New England heard that a woman advance agent would herald my attraction. He fled in terror to the next town on his circuit and remained there until I followed "on the trail," for we were to play his circuit. As soon as he heard I was in town he made preparation for flight once more, but I happened to arrive at the box office window before he left. In an unguarded moment he was relieving the regular ticket seller.

"I handed him my card. He seemed a trifle embarrassed, but asked me confusedly to step inside. I spread my contract and statement on the table, and the usual dialogue between manager and agent ensued:

"'What's the free list?'

"'How about prices?'

"'How about extra advertising?'

"When these and other necessary question were settled, quietly and quickly, I rose to go.

"'Excuse me, miss,' he stammered, as a turned the knob of the door. I waited.

"'I wanted to explain to you about —well—well, about my leaving town the other day. Of course, it didn't matter about my being there; you could contract business just as well with the treasurer. Only—well, I'm going to tell you the truth about it. I wanted to get out of your way. The fact is, I expected to see you come into my office with a badly rolled umbrella and wearing spectacles and a divided skirt. I thought you'd be smoking a cigarette, and slapping me on the back, and I wasn't going to get up against that game if I could help it. That's all. So I'm sorry about not being there, and if I can help you in any way don't hesitate to let me know.'"

The apology was accepted.—Chicago Tribune.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S Dysentery Cordial is a speedy cure for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera, summer complaint, seasickness, and complaints incidental to children teething. It gives immediate relief to those suffering from the effects of indiscretion in eating unripe fruits, cucumbers, etc. It acts with wonderful rapidity and never fails to conquer the disease. No one need fear cholera is they have a bottle of this medicine convenient.

When the gun club of Carlisle, Pa., turned out one day recently for a match at clay pigeons some of the younger members looked on with good-natured amusement as William Caufman, 78 years old, lined up to take part. The old gentleman calmly proceeded to shoot all around the others, "killing" 25 out of a possible 25 and winning the medal.



Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 2-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. Nos. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

No. 1 and No. 2 is sold in London by Anderson & Nelles and C. McCallum & Co.

Some Rare Sport

For the man who rents a gun and goes for a day's shooting.

Guns to Rent at 50c a Day.

Amunition of all kinds.

A. WESTMAN
HARDWARE. 111 Dundas St.