

### BRITISH SCORE IN BALTIC, NORTH SEA AND AT GOLDEN HORN; RUSSIANS LOSE MITAU, FIGHT GRIMLY WHILE RETIRING

### BRITISH SUBMARINES HAVE GLORIOUS DAY

#### Enemy Destroyer Sunk Off German Coast and New Raid On Constantinople

#### Russians Report That Large German Transport in Baltic Also Sunk by British Underwater Craft—Daring Commander Had Constantinople at His Mercy Holding Up Troop Trains on Railway—Fine British Steamer Sunk.

London, Aug. 2, 8.50 p. m.—The British admiralty tonight announced that a British submarine had returned and reported the sinking of a German torpedo boat destroyer, believed to be of the G-196 class, on July 26, near the German coast.

The German destroyer G-196 was completed in 1911. The vessel displaced 689 tons and was capable of travelling at a speed of more than thirty-two knots an hour. She was fitted with two 24-pounders and three torpedo tubes. Her complement in normal times was 73 officers and men.

#### GERMAN TRANSPORT SUNK IN BALTIC

Petrograd, Aug. 2, via London, Aug. 3, 2.35 a. m.—An official communication issued here tonight says that a British submarine has sunk a large German transport in the Baltic Sea.

#### OFFICIAL REPORT ON CONSTANTINOPLE RAID

London, Aug. 2, 8.51 p. m.—A statement issued by the admiralty this evening says:

"The vice-admiral commanding in the Eastern Mediterranean reports that one of the British submarines, operating in the Sea of Marmora, has torpedoed a large steamer of three thousand tons off the Moudania pier which had several vessels secured alongside. The explosion was very heavy. A small steamer close to Karabigha Bay was torpedoed.

"A report from Constantinople states that a gunboat was torpedoed in the Sea of Marmora about this time, and it possibly refers to this occasion.

"Torpedoes were fired at lighters alongside the arsenal at Constantinople. The result could not be seen, but the explosion was heavy.

"The Zeppelin powder mills were fired at, but owing to the darkness the result could not be ascertained.

"The railway out one mile west of Kara Burnu was bombarded and the line blocked temporarily, so that a troop train was unable to pass. It was being fired at as it steamed back, three truckloads of ammunition being blown up."

#### LARGEST SUBURB ISOLATED

London, Aug. 3, 3.31 a. m.—The Times Mytilene correspondent reports that the important iron bridge connecting Galata with Stamboul, which was opened in 1912, has been blown up by a submarine.

Galata is situated on the north side of the Golden Horn opposite the Stamboul quarter and is the largest suburb of Constantinople.

#### STEAMER SHELLED WITHOUT WARNING

Brest, France, Aug. 3, 12.30 a. m.—The British steamship Clintonia, of 3,833 tons, was shelled and sunk Sunday morning by a German submarine. Eleven men of the Clintonia lost their lives and fifteen were injured.

The Clintonia encountered the submarine twenty miles west of Armen, and, according to survivors, was attacked without warning. The submarine fired four shells, wrecking everything on deck.

The crew hastily got into the boats and lowered the wounded into them. The submarine then torpedoed the steamer, which sank within three minutes. One of the boats containing ten persons was engulfed. In all, fifty-four survivors reached here. The wounded were taken to the naval hospital. The Clintonia was bound from Marseilles for Newcastle.

#### THE BENVORLICH SUNK; CREW SAVED

London, Aug. 2, 4.06 p. m.—The British steamer Benvorlich, which left Manchester for London, by way of Marseilles, has been sunk. Sixteen members of the crew have been landed. The others are still in the boats.

The Benvorlich was built at Glasgow in 1896, and was owned by W. Thomson & Company, Limited of Leith. She was of 3,381 gross tons.

#### SIX GERMANS TAKEN OFF

New York, Aug. 2.—The Danish steamer Frederik VIII. arrived here tonight from Copenhagen, Christiania and Christiansand, with 22 cabin passengers and 555 in the steerage.

Officers of the steamer reported that on the outward voyage from New York the British authorities took the ship into Kirkwall, where six Germans, who were in the second cabin, were taken off. The vessel was then released.

### Greece Ready to Join Serbia If Bulgaria Plans Attack

London, Aug. 3, 3.55 a. m.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Athens says that the Greek newspapers, without distinction, as to part, in commenting on the Turco-Bulgarian Entente, say that in case Bulgaria wishes to attack Serbia, Greece would prove that the Greco-Serbian treaty is not a vain word and would consider it an obligation of honor to aid Serbia immediately.

### GERMANS UNABLE TO TAKE WARSAW WHILE TSAI'S ARMIES HOLD

London, Aug. 2.—While the Austro-Germans continue to tighten the wings of their great eastern battifront, with success at both extremities, including the occupation of Mitau, in the north, and further progress beyond Cholm in Southeast Poland, the situation before Warsaw remains unchanged and obscure.

Few additional details have reached London concerning the plans for the abandonment of the city, but apparently the time has not arrived for the Russians to relinquish their increasingly precarious hold on the capital, or, at least, no word of its evacuation has come to London.

Ivangorod, southeast of Warsaw, heretofore erroneously reported invested, is now stating that state, in fact, according to the Berlin announcements, but from Ivangorod eastward to Cholm, and beyond, the Russians, who had to abandon the railway, are fighting most desperately in an endeavor to hold up Field Marshal Von Mackensen's advance northward into Poland, a movement which seriously threatens the Russian centre retiring from Warsaw.

#### SPLENDID WORK OF BRITISH NAVY.

The western theatre has furnished nothing to alter the general situation, and it remains for the British navy to furnish an unexpected contribution to the day's news with the sinking of a German destroyer off the German coast by a submarine, and a strange assortment of performances by another British submarine operating on the Sea of Marmora.

This craft not only crept close to Constantinople as to launch torpedoes at lighters in the Golden Horn, presumably awaiting munitions from the arsenal, but with its guns bombarded for a time tied up the railway skirting the Asiatic coast, delaying a troop train and causing havoc among the ammunition stores. In addition, the submarine considerably damaged Turkish shipping and sunk one craft believed to be a gunboat.

Promenades in the Duma at Petrograd, and by the Russian ambassador at London, indicate that Russia and England are anxious to brand as unfounded the recurrent reports that the Russian people are disgruntled at the showing Great Britain and France have made in the west, which might create a situation unfavorable to the continued unity of the Allies.

No hint of a separate peace or of dissatisfaction with England's policy comes from any authoritative source, and Count Benckendorff made it plain that, while there may have been some sentimental popular feeling in his country for a diversion in the west to relieve the strains in Russia, there had been no criticism emanating from those who understood the military situation.

#### RUSSIANS INFLICT TREMENDOUS LOSSES.

Geneva, Switzerland, Aug. 2.—The Geneva Tribune has published a despatch from its correspondent at Innsbruck, Austria, who says that to the east of Warsaw the Germans have ceased their attacks, but to the northwest terrible fighting is still going on. The Russians are seeking to kill as many of their enemies as possible.

To the north of Lublin, since July 31, the Russians have been fighting a powerful rear guard action. In this section the Austrians have lost no fewer than 40,000 men during the past 45 hours. To the south of Cholm, the correspondent goes on to say, there have been constant counter-attacks and the Austrians have not advanced in this sector since last Saturday.

To the east of Ivangorod the Austro-Germans have advanced a distance of forty miles in the last four days.

#### TEUTONIC ADVANCE HINDERED.

Berlin, via London, Aug. 2.—Eugene Lenhoff, correspondent of the Zeitung Am Mittag, telegraphs as follows from Austrian headquarters, under date of Aug. 1:

"Heavy fighting has been resumed to the north of Lublin. There, and on the front, in the region of the great bend of the Vistula, the Russians are trying to check the energetic advance of the Austro-Germans in previously fortified positions, obviously aiming to meet the danger threatening Ivangorod from the south. Their resistance is stronger than further to the east between the Vepetz and the Bug, where the retreat continued Saturday.

"The German-Austrian front in this section is everywhere in steady forward movement. Wherever the enemy tries to hold points of support he is driven back. The Russians have now abandoned their efforts to break the Austro-German lines further up the Bug, in Galicia, after weeks of heavy losses and diminutive success."

#### Germans Use Flaming Liquid.

Paris, Aug. 2, 10.30 p. m.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"The activity of the artillery has been less marked in Artois and the valley of the Aisne. A number of shells have been thrown into Arras and Soissons."

"In the Argonne spirited infantry engagements occurred on the night of Aug. 1-2. In the region of Hill No. 213 the Germans occupied one of our trenches, which a counter-attack by our troops recovered, in part.

"During the course of the day, after having made use of flaming liquid, the enemy launched a violent attack against our trenches in the region of Marie Therese, and succeeded in gaining a foothold in one of them. We immediately counter-attacked and regained the greater part of the ground lost.

"On the heights of the Meuse and in the Woivre there was the usual cannonade, more intense around Champlon.

"In the Vosges a succession of engagements have been going on since the evening of August 1, before the positions which we conquered on the heights of the Lingde, of Schratzmannsee and of Barrenkopf. We have carried several German trenches, inflicting on the enemy heavy losses and taking fifty prisoners belonging to two different regiments."

#### Italians Take Heights, Repulse Attacks.

Rome, Aug. 2, via Paris, Aug. 2, 1 a. m.—The following statement from the general headquarters of the Italian army was made tonight:

"Our seaplanes made a fresh raid the night of July 31 on Riva, throwing bombs with excellent results. They escaped unharmed from a lively fusillade.

"The following morning our heavy artillery made good practice on the Roverto railroad station, where observers had reported the arrival of troops.

"In the Colone valley the fog which had been prevailing for the past ten days, lifted and our artillery resumed with fresh vigor the work of demolishing the defenses of Upper Corcevoite, Upper Boite, Landru and Sexten. The conquest of Mount Modetta marks a new and brilliant episode in the struggle in Carnia. The enemy was strongly entrenched there and had the support of artillery batteries posted nearby. The terrain was rough, the only approach to the summit being by a steep pass.

"At several points on this front we successfully exploded mines.

(Continued on page 9)

### THREE NOTES TO U.S. FROM GREAT BRITAIN

#### Interference With Neutral Commerce Defended and American Precedents Quoted

#### Actual Blockade of North Sea Ports Is Claimed and Legality of Orders-in-Council Regulating Prize Courts is Argued—Germany Disagrees With Interpretation of 1828 Treaty as Applied to Case of William P. Frye.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Three notes from Great Britain and one from Germany, all dealing with the commercial rights of neutral nations in war time, were before Secretary Lansing tonight. Arrangements are being made for their publication simultaneously in Europe and America, in accordance with diplomatic etiquette. The British notes probably will be given out for publication Wednesday morning and the German note for the following day.

The first British note is a long communication defending the Allies efforts to suppress trade between their enemies and neutral countries, even by the stoppage of abnormal commerce through the neutral countries of Europe adjacent to the Teutonic allies. Precedents in international law, established by the United States government itself during the Civil War, and especially in the practical blockade of the Bermudas in order to cut off supplies from the Confederate States, are served to support this assertion of right. There are citations of decisions by the United States supreme court bearing on the same point, such as the celebrated Springbok case. Other decisions, such as that in the Matamoros case, which appeared to conflict with this doctrine, are held to be inapplicable by reason of a radical difference of governing conditions.

The note has been long in preparation, and was intended to meet the objection of the United States that previous British notes had dealt only with special cases of seizures and detentions of ships against neutral commerce, and that it seemed to justify the British action, failing to answer the American contentions that the whole process of interference with neutral commerce was in violation of international law. After it had been dispatched to Washington, new conditions arose that led the British government to amplify its argument.

One of these new conditions was a strong protest by the State Department against seizure of the American ship Neches, bound from Rotterdam for New York with a cargo of Belgian and German goods. British activities previously had been confined principally to holding cargoes from American ports, ostensibly bound for neutral countries, and the financial benefit to be derived from that business.

#### North Sea Blockade Reality.

The second note of the series deals with this issue, and it is understood that it sets up the contention that an actual blockade of the North Sea ports exists, and that regardless of the British council there is an inherent right in the blockading powers under international law to suppress traffic of this kind.

While the controversy is proceeding, unofficial efforts are being made to release the American market goods now awaiting export at Rotterdam, by proving Belgian origin and American ownership.

The last note of the series is in reply to the American caveat of July 17, saying that the United States would be governed only by the principles of international law in dealing with cases of detentions of American ships and goods, and would not recognize the orders-in-council.

The British foreign office holds that the orders-in-council comply with the spirit of international law, although they make a new application of these principles to suit the new conditions developed in the war.

The British prize court proceedings where in the magistrates have assumed that the orders-in-council were in conformity with international law, provoked the American communication. The British contend that where international issues were pending before the United States courts that fact has been recognized by the London government as a reason for deferring diplomatic protests. It is held that the United States government cannot assume that its merchants have suffered permanent injury, since there is always in reserve the right of diplomatic review of prize court decisions, and even of arbitration, under the special arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain, recently perfected.

#### Claims Right Under Treaty.

The German note, continuing the discussion over the sinking of the American ship William P. Frye by a German commerce raider, deals with the American contention that not only international law, but special provisions of the treaty of 1828 between the United States and Prussia, had been violated.

The note makes no substantial change, it is understood, in the original German contention that while the treaty of 1828 does confer special privileges and exemptions upon American shipping, these all can be met and the right still reserved to sink merchant ships, if the owners are compensated; Germany's formal declaration of a war zone is held to justify special measures to keep supplies from her enemies.

An answer to the British note soon will be forthcoming, as officials here have been prepared, to some extent, for the presentations made today and have gathered material in rebuttal. Predictions were lacking, however, as to the course to be taken in regard to the German note, or as to other cases involving practically the same principles as the Frye incident.

#### Destroy But Pay.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Germany's reply to the last American note on the

sinking of the sailing ship Wm. P. Frye by the Prins Eitel Friedrich, received here today, is understood to reiterate her contention that under the Prussian-American treaty of 1828 Germany can continue to destroy American ships carrying contraband if she pays for them.

Germany declines to accept the American contention that the German practice of the ship from destruction and holds it is only necessary to pay damages after a prize court determines the facts. The note will be published later.

#### Use American Flag.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Germany's first response to the last American note on submarine warfare has come from the admiralty, which has requested that American ships have American flags painted on their sides in proportions large enough to be recognized at a distance by submarine commanders. Many American ships are painting the national colors on their sides now, but it says they are painted too small.

Ambassador Gerard transmitted the request in a message, a phrase of which was given out by the state department as follows:

"The American ambassador at Berlin has been informed by the German admiralty that merchant vessels should indicate their neutral nationality by painting their national colors on the ships' sides, and not commit the mistake of painting these signs too small, so that they cannot be recognized at some distance. The foreign office requests American ship companies to be accordingly informed."

#### No Report on Iberian.

Berlin, via London, Aug. 2.—The German authorities have not yet received a report on the sinking of the Leyland line steamship Iberian by a German submarine last Saturday.

In accordance with previous experience it is probable that ten days or a fortnight may elapse before the admiralty is in a position to make a report on the incident.

#### Made False Statement.

Liverpool, Aug. 2.—Charles Reh, a member of the crew of the American steamer Leclanaw, which was sunk last week by a German submarine, was sentenced to six months in jail today. It is alleged that he stated, when questioned concerning his nationality, that he was a Hollander, but that subsequently he admitted that he was born in Bremen and had served in the German army. Reh was about to embark for New York on board the American Line steamer St. Paul when he made the statement to the alien officer which led to his arrest.

#### American Clerk Released.

Berlin, Aug. 2, via London, 7.45 p. m.—Harry L. Wilson, of Portland, Oregon, and Washington, the clerk in the American consulate in Berlin who was arrested last week on a charge made by the German authorities of assisting a British subject to secure an American passport in order to escape from Germany, will be released tomorrow at the request of the American government and sent back to the United States.

#### Desclaux Degraded.

Paris, Aug. 2.—Colonel Francois Desclaux, ex-paymaster of the French army, who, on March 27, was sentenced by a military court martial to seven years solitary confinement after being convicted on the charge of stealing military stores, was degraded this morning at the military school without incident.

#### \$100,000 Fire.

Malone, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Fire at Horanburg (N. Y.), tonight destroyed Murphy's Hotel, five stores, the village post office, a church and two residences. The fire was still burning at midnight, owing to a lack of fire-fighting apparatus. At that hour the loss was estimated at \$100,000.

### Premier Asquith

#### Coming to Country—As Cheering Conditions

... and is likely to continue. Premier Asquith told ... making a general review ... from tomorrow un-

insensitive indeed if we the indescribably gallant allies to stem the tide of integrity of their posess-

of military history there ple of discipline and en- collective initiative than y in the last seven weeks.

are fully prepared movements, r way towards the objective will be within their reach." ish government's confidence ations was undiminished. ence in the unity of both the the western field.

seek would see the completion ed that the world never had n in this country; not in its manifestations of its life, that months.

onger, the premier continued, l to its quiet and unobserved ity is due the fact that the

er, "this submarine menace, t going to inflict fatal or sub- seas are clear. We have our pon which we and the rest of us in the same abundance and y without much exaggeration, other matters, with the same sks as in times of peace."

lenied the grim and glori- relenting vigilance and the en handled that this coun- of an invasion; and that we ter of the belligerent pow- war."

Prime Minister remarked, hundred years, this aggregation rb, but there is not a family house is typical of the whole stages in sons or brothers."

remarked had been in progress d activity, Premier Asquith

the best we have had for a long

note of caution to the country,

our national duty is discharged of recruits to the army or to fabrication of munitions. The ry not only of maintaining the vying large contingents of well trenches, but also of financing

ue to import and increase our unless we maintain our great

accumulation of a large reserve of by householders and employers. e statement in a section of the holy and notorious exceptions the people of this country had great occasion and that the Allions Great Britain was making

our cause.

ouragement to the faint- biters who are dishearten- ur enemies," he said, "Let try at large with the same ion continue to persist and

and hand grenades for trench wa- The country had been divided n two great co-operative areas, so that a available machinery could be used r turning out supplies. The national ceteries erected and those to be erected ould be under government control, and believed that this would have an nfluence on the men, who would not bject to a temporary relaxation of their ad union rules when the government, id not an individual, was profiting.

The government had taken over the ntral of the machine tool factories, so at no delay would arise in equipping e new establishments. This would x the engineering resources of the ntry, but, when all was completed, liffin a few months, the government ould be able to equip the armies in a y which would leave them in no way rior to the best equipped armies on e continent.

Washington, July 28.—Defense of the ight of a belligerent to blockade a neu- ral port through which an enemy is eceiving supplies or attempting to mar- h his own products, is the chief argu- ent to be made in the supplemental e Great Britain is preparing in re- ly to the American protest against the rforcement of the orders in council.

Private D. M. McCharles,  
Private H. McLean.

Signalers,  
Sergt. Ricketts,  
Corp. Sheridan,  
Corp. Elliott,  
Corp. Hurley,  
Signaller Armstrong,  
Signaller Belding,  
Signaller Dewdney,  
Signaller Gray,  
Signaller Henderson,  
Signaller Holman,  
Signaller Hoar,  
Signaller Kirk,  
Signaller McLoud,  
Signaller Murely,  
Signaller Nichols,  
Signaller Tower.

Knitting is a Scotch invention of the tenth century. Soon after its inven- tion a guild of stocking-knitters was formed, with St. Flaccus as its patron saint. Hand-knitting was supplemented by machinery as early as 1369, when Wm. Lee invented the knitting frame.

The tug Muscollange, formerly engaged at towing at Courtenay Bay, arrived at bedloe on Tuesday and will later go in service on the contract for the new P. E. car ferry terminals.

FROM ALL MARITIME PROVINCES

ROTHESAY

Rothsay, July 29—Ladies in charge of this week's Red Cross tea on Tuesday afternoon were Mrs. D. A. Pugsley, Miss Donville, Mrs. Harry Gilbert. The attendance was large and the receipts over \$16.

Rev. W. R. Hibbard is enjoying a trip to Portland (Me.) with a party on board the yacht "Katharine" on Friday evening.

The very pretty name "Roslyn Lodge" has been chosen by Lady Tilley for her cosy summer home here.

On Monday Mrs. and Miss Davidson entertained a few friends informally at tea, the guests being Mrs. Andrew Blair and her sister, Miss Cameron, of Boston.

Miss Ganong and her sister-in-law, Mrs. Ganong of Northampton (Mass.), Mrs. S. A. Allison, Mrs. Daniel, Mrs. Forbes, Mrs. F. A. Peters, Miss Puddington, Mrs. H. F. Puddington.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Robertson and Miss Hooper, who have spent a month at their camp at Unalutich, are expected home on Saturday. They have been salmon fishing and some very delicious specimens of their success have been received by friends here from time to time.

Professor Ganong and wife, of Northampton (Mass.), Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ganong, of St. Stephen, motored to Rothsay and are guests of Mrs. and Miss Ganong, "Netherwood."

About \$670 was realized at the garden fête held on the beautiful grounds of Senator and Mrs. Donville last Thursday. At a committee meeting held next day \$400 was voted and given for hospital supplies, \$50 was sent Miss Mary Donville and \$50 to Miss Frances MacKeen, two Rothsay girls nursing in France, and \$25 to Miss Theodora McKel, of Fairville, No. 2 Canadian General Hospital, France, who, through Mrs. Cecil R. McKel, Prospect street, Fairville, is appealing for funds to supply needed comforts for wounded soldiers in her ward.

Mr. J. L. McAvity, of St. John, is a visitor at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Crosby.

On Tuesday Mrs. Stetson and Miss Madeline de Soyres, of St. John, were guests of Mrs. and Miss Puddington for luncheon and afterward at the Red Cross tea.

Miss Gertrude Davidson is expected from Boston end of this week to spend her annual vacation with her mother and sister, Mrs. W. J. and Miss Davidson.

Guests of Miss Irene McArthur this week are Miss Edna Pickles, of Annapolis Royal, Miss Jennie Creighton, of Westfield Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Patie, of Boston, spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Eustace Barnes, Riverside.

The tennis tea on Saturday last was in charge of Mrs. B. R. Armstrong, Mrs. J. B. Cadilly, Mrs. M. C. Armstrong and Mrs. A. Downing Patterson. Miss Gilbert, Miss Taylor, Misses Robertson, Miss Donville, Mrs. Harry Gilbert. The first prize was won by Miss Edith Gilbert, the second by Miss Mary Robertson.

Fair Vale branch of the Red Cross tea, which was held on Wednesday at the residence of Mrs. McQuade, at each meeting ten cents is collected from all present and goes to supply materials.

Mr. Watson Hill, who has been on a business trip to Toronto, returned to Riverside this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hagen, St. John, were guests of Mr. C. L. Currie and family over the week-end.

On Tuesday Mr. Laurence Harris and his sister, Miss Marjorie Harris, of Fitzburg (Mass.), arrived to be guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Mitchell.

They have gone on a few days' yachting trip up the St. John with their sister, Mrs. Willard Mitchell, and Mr. Mitchell, who are here from Amherst.

The many Rothsay friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Holmes, Lindsay (Ont.), will be pleased to hear of the arrival of a visiting relative on Tuesday.

Miss Isabel Miller, of St. John, is visiting friends at Fair Vale.

For her sisters, the Misses Scarff, of Montreal, Mrs. Harold Ellis on Wednesday gave a very enjoyable luncheon at her summer home in Rothsay Park.

Guests included Misses Scarff, Miss Mary MacLaren, Miss Annie Armstrong, Miss Katherine Bell, Miss Doris Sayce, Miss Edith Cudlip, Miss Lillie West, Miss Daphne Crosby, Miss Kathleen Sturdee, Miss Catherine McAvity, Miss Lillie Raymond, Miss Hazel Gibbon, Miss Winnifred Fowler, Miss Monica Heffly. The hostess was assisted by Miss Alice Fairweather and Mrs. Ralph Robinson.

Splendidly patriotic it was in the boys of Renforth (nine in number) who have been caddies at the Riverside golf links to give a week's earnings to the "Soldiers Comforts" fund.

Miss Ganong and her visitor, Mrs. Ganong, of Northampton, are spending a few days at Duck Cove.

Miss Ethel Sydney Smith, of St. John, is guest this week of Mrs. Leonard Tilley.

Mrs. Bell is today entertaining informally at her camp, Gondola Point.

Mrs. Leonard Hughes, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. J. S. Gibbon, Riverside.

A delightful visit has been enjoyed by Mrs. C. H. and Miss Alice Fairweather to the Hendricks home at Norton.

Miss Grace Ritchie, of Ottawa, is the guest of Mrs. David Robertson and daughters.

Miss Mary MacLaren, of St. John, spent the week-end with Rothsay friends at the week-end Miss Jean Leavitt, of St. John, was guest of friends at a summer home on Long Island. Her father, Mr. R. T. Leavitt, who had an ill turn during her absence, is much improved today.

Mrs. Heber Vroom, of St. John, was the guest of Mrs. James Secley at the Kennedy House on Tuesday and both were at the Red Cross tea.

Mrs. Walter A. Harrison is getting settled in her handsome new summer home just finished in Rothsay Park.

Mrs. Washburn, of Calais, who has been visiting Mrs. F. C. Jones and Mrs. Baird, was the fortunate winner of the

electric iron donated by Mr. R. B. Emerson at the garden fête.

The Renforth Ladies Aid is meeting with the president, Mrs. George McArthur, tomorrow, Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Patterson, of St. John, are spending a few days here with Mrs. and Miss Currie.

Mrs. Hibbard and Miss Brook spent Wednesday with friends at Duck Cove.

Rev. E. S. Carter, who spent a few days with Mr. Cooper in camp on Long Island, returns home today (Thursday).

Yesterday (Wednesday) Mrs. Stewart Skinner entertained most enjoyably at the summer cottage of Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Skinner, in the Park. After a delicious lunch, four tables of prizes were formed. There were no prizes. Among those present beside the hostess were Mrs. Simon Jones, Mrs. James Secley, Mrs. F. C. Coverhill Jones, Mrs. Shelton, Miss Mary Robertson, Miss Hicks (Ottawa), Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley, Mrs. W. E. Foster, Mrs. E. B. Cudlip, Mrs. Malcolm Mackay, Miss Ethel Sydney Smith, Mrs. Phair, Mrs. Ambrose, Mrs. Vroom, Mrs. Compton and others.

Miss Secord, of St. John, spent Saturday here with the Misses Coffey and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cook, Fair Vale Place, entertained the younger set on Saturday afternoon at a sailing party in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cook, of Westmount, Montreal. Mrs. Cook was entertained at a small luncheon on Monday.

Guests on Thursday of Mrs. and Miss Henderson, Renforth, were Mrs. Hervey and little Barbara, of Boston. Lieutenant B. Smith, Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Miss Henderson, St. John, Mrs. and Miss Davis, Moncton.

Miss Edith Patterson is guest of Miss Mary Barnes, Riverside, this week.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

Renforth Red Cross branch held its first meeting with Mrs. J. S. Flaglor on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for a Renforth bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital, France.

Miss Gertrude Keen, who received the good news of the safe arrival in Ireland of her daughter, Mrs. Scott, who has been visiting here. Mrs. Scott crossed to her home on the steamship "St. Paul," sailing from New York October 15.

Many friends are congratulating Miss Georgina Trueman, who has just received the good news of having successfully passed her final examinations for her M.A. matriculation. Miss Trueman is a daughter of Judge Trueman, of Restigouche county, and a granddaughter of Mrs. D. D. Currie, of Rothsay, with whom she makes her home. Miss Trueman graduated from Netherwood this spring.

unit in marriage to Mr. H. S. Leaman, of this city. Rev. P. A. Fitzpatrick, pastor of Wesley Memorial church, officiated. Only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom were present owing to a recent bereavement in the bride's family. The bride, who was given away by her brother, Mr. Fred Quiermain, wore a travelling gown of black and white with hat of black and white. After the ceremony luncheon was served by Mrs. Leman and Mrs. Leaman left on the Ocean Limited to visit different points of interest in Nova Scotia and on their return will reside in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Brand, Mrs. Foster Keith and Miss Edith Keith are enjoying a trip to Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ammission, of Dorchester, spent Friday with friends in the city.

Mrs. Charles T. White and children, of Sussex, are the guests of friends in the city.

Mr. A. A. McLeod and little daughter Gloria, of Colton and his daughter have gone to Pinder, York county, to spend a month with relatives.

Mr. H. J. Irving and party, of Buctouche, motored to the city Friday and returned home in the evening.

Miss Matilda Thibodeau has returned home from Summersville (P.E.I.), where she was spending a week with Miss Marjorie Millman.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nugent have returned from their wedding trip to Canadian and American cities.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. S. Cox and children are spending the summer at Rexton. Miss Agnes, spent part of the week in the city and returned on Tuesday to their home in Harcourt.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Sherlock and daughter, Miss Lena, are enjoying a vacation in Canada.

Mrs. S. J. Leighton and children, of St. John, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Gunn.

Mrs. J. W. H. Roberts and children are visiting in Shediac, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Hamilton.

Mr. C. E. Milerson, of Boston, who is spending the summer with his parents, is spending a few days in Shediac, the guest of the Misses Harper.

Mrs. Herbert Steeves has gone to St. John to spend some time with relatives.

Miss Edith McHaffie, of the Aberdeen Hotel, is spending her vacation in Sussex, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Percy Bolton.

Mr. Paul Duffy is spending a few days in Hillsboro, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Duffy.

Mrs. Joseph Gibbings and daughter, Mrs. G. Gibbings, are the guests of Mrs. Gibbings' parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Chapman.

Dr. L. N. Bourque and Mrs. Bourque spent Sunday with relatives at Shediac.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack McLean are the guests of friends at Sussex.

Mrs. McLaren and Miss Margaret Holst are spending the summer at Shediac, where they are visiting.

Mrs. J. S. Henderson, V. G. Shell, E. C. Barker, Harold N. Price, Charles Read and George McCoy have returned from an automobile trip to St. John and Fredericton, Newcastle and Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bourque, son of Dr. Bourque, is spending the summer at Shediac, where he is taking a qualifying course at the Royal School of Artillery.

Miss Beulah Pincus has gone to Milltown (Me.) to spend a few weeks with relatives.

Mr. W. W. Ducey, of New York, with a party of friends, is in the city Monday, having motored from New York. The party proceeded to Hillsboro, where they will spend a vacation.

Miss Roberts Gunn, who is training for a nurse at the Boston hospital, is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gunn.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cummings, of Harcourt, spent Wednesday with friends in the city.

Miss Hazel McCoy is spending a month with relatives in Boston.

The Misses Helen and Gladys Jameson are spending their vacation at Hopewell with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benson Jameson.

Mrs. Annie Coleman is spending the summer with relatives at Hopewell Cape.

Mrs. Andrew Davis and Miss Winnie Davis are spending a month with friends in St. John.

Mrs. Alice Hall and Mr. Kenneth Hall are spending their vacation at Fredericton, the guests of their aunt, Mrs. G. N. C. Hawkins.

The Misses Alma and Eva LeBlanc have returned from Dorchester, where they were visiting friends.

Mr. J. C. Farthing and Mrs. Farthing are enjoying a holiday trip to Toronto.

Miss Maud Scott, of Sackville, is the guest of friends in the city for two weeks.

Mrs. Isabel MacNaughton and Miss Bernice MacNaughton are spending the week at Hopewell, the guests of Mrs. Carter.

Miss Alice Storey and Miss O'Brien spent part of the week with friends at Hopewell.

Mrs. A. E. Killam, Mrs. G. A. Dodge and Mrs. R. MacGowan have returned from Salisbury, where they were visiting friends.

Mrs. J. Swanson has returned from Harlowick, where she was spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ward.

Miss Dorothy McSweeney has gone to Saratoga, New York, to spend a month with friends.

Mrs. Ira Davis has returned from Rexton, where she was visiting relatives for a few days.

Rev. Angus McKenzie, of Montreal, spent Sunday in the city, the guest of Ald. M. McLeod.

On Wednesday evening the choir of St. Bernard's church met at the residence of Mrs. Edward Water and presented the organist, Miss Susie Sutton with a handsome travelling bag and an address. The

address was read by Miss Bella McGinn and the presentation made by Mr. Harry Conroy. The evening was pleasantly devoted to music and at the close for cream and cake were served. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Terris, Mrs. James Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Coxon, Mrs. John O'Neill, Mrs. Chisholm, the Misses Beattie Gillespie, Beattie McGinn, Evelyn Doherty, Mamie Gaudet, Florence O'Hara in Stedman Burns and Messrs. Jack Connolly, Will Gillespie, Chesley Foran, Joseph Sutton, Harry Power, James Glynn, Bernard Gallagher, Edward Gillespie, Ben Hanigan, George Tritte and Austin DeGrace. Miss Sutton, who is leaving shortly to make her home in Winnipeg, replied in a feeling manner, thanking the choir for their kindness.

Miss Marjorie Colpitts has returned from Sackville, where she was the guest of Miss Martha Ayer for the past week.

Miss Delta Lowthers, of Hillsboro, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Beatrice McLean has gone to Sackville to spend some time with her sister, Mrs. Edward Cormier.

Mrs. C. T. Steeves, of Hillsboro, is the guest of friends in the city.

Mrs. E. H. Cochrane and family are enjoying a month's vacation in Kings County.

Miss Bessie Stenhouse, of Halifax, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Mrs. S. L. Shannon and family have gone to Hubbard's Cove (N.S.), to spend a month.

Mrs. A. M. Rogers and daughter, Miss Margaret Ted, entertained a few of their friends very enjoyably at a Monday evening at an impromptu dance. Those present were the Misses Elsie Townston (Amherst), Miss Lila Foster and guests, Miss Schofield (Hampton), Mrs. Foss (Rothsay), Carmila Richard, Joseph and Alice Hickman, Messrs. Vernon Stoddard, Will Tait, Fred Foster, Dr. Cameron, Jack Hickman, Adrian Richard, Charles Hickman, Fred Richard, Vaughan (Halifax), Ralph Hewson.

Mr. A. Smith, of the Royal Bank, who is taking his vacation.

Masters Harry and Stewart Hickman are guests at Tignish Shore, of Mrs. W. Douglas.

Miss Florence Lockhart is in Joliette, Quebec, where she is generally assisting in the Dorchester Red Cross Society forwarded to the Red Cross depot St. John, on July 14, a box containing the following articles: 70 surgical hospital shirts, 19 pyjamas, suits, 6 pairs white hospital socks, 3 pairs white operation caps, 4 doz. handkerchiefs, 112 pipes, 1 box chewing gum and a few magazines with short stories. The Junior Red Cross sent also in the box: 1 doz. hospital shirts, 6 doz. handkerchiefs, 6 doz. pillow cases, 6 doz. knitted face towels, 6 doz. Turkish face towels, 61-2 doz. personal property bags. The work of the Red Cross is certainly very encouraging, and at the regular business meeting a vote of thanks was unanimously carried to all the workers, and a resolution was passed to contribute to the fund which was raised by cigarettes and tobacco for the soldiers in hospitals.

Mr. Will Tait returned on Monday from a week's motor trip up north.

Miss Bessie Foster, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Pipes, has returned to her home in St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Douglas, Miss Jean Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. McLeod, and Mr. and Mrs. Rosa and Miss Blais, of Amherst, motored to town on Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Freeman-Laird and Miss Eleanor, of Sackville, spent a few days this week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Pipes.

The lawn party given by the Dorchester Chapter of the I.O.O.F. on Tuesday was held on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. B. Pipes, and was a decided success. The grounds were artistically decorated and presented a most attractive appearance. The sum realized was \$188. High tea was served at 6 o'clock. To the regent, Mrs. Pipes, and all officers and also to the busy ladies assisting them, is due much credit for the success of the afternoon, and the enjoyable outing it afforded the large number of people in attendance. Candy, ice cream, fortune telling and other amusements were much enjoyed. The band which was present in attendance and rendered a most pleasing programme.

Mr. Bourlette, who was the guest for the past two weeks of Rev. and Mrs. B. H. Thomas, has returned to his home in Montreal.

Mr. Will Gillette left on Monday for Chatham, where he will spend two weeks the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Miller.

Rev. R. A. Robinson is in Amapolis the guest of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Robinson.

Dalhousie, N. B., July 28—The Woman's Auxiliary held their annual bazaar on the 19th inst. in St. Mary's hall and the affair was a success. A garden party was held by them on the following evening on the grounds. The place was nicely decorated with Chinese lanterns, etc., and presented a very fine appearance. The young people's orchestra furnished music for the occasion. The funds are for St. Mary's Episcopal church. A vote of thanks was tendered to Miss F. Jones by the ladies of the W. A. for her kindness in furnishing the grounds and her home for the occasion.

Master Gordon Mott, son of the late W. A. Mott, ex-M. P., intends going to Halifax to take a course at the military college there with the view of going to the front in the coming year.

Miss Etta Coleman has returned from visiting friends at Jacques River (N. B.).

Mr. Wm. McNeil is renewing old acquaintances at Dorchester (N. B.).

Miss Ayis Stewart, Ottawa, is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Geo. Ferguson.

Mrs. Geo. A. Keir, of John M. Keith, daughters of Mr. George Hadlow, ex-M. P., of Toronto, are spending the summer months with their parents at their old home here, "Bonnie Brae". They are accompanied by their children. On Sunday Mr. George A. Keith arrived here by "Limited" from Toronto to spend a few days with his family.

Mrs. Wm. McKeen and children, St. John, are visiting Mrs. McKeen's mother, Mrs. John Barberie, at the "Birches".

Miss F. Ingram and Miss Dickie, two of Winnipeg's popular teachers, are spending their holidays in Dalhousie. They are the guests of Miss Ingram's sister, Mrs. J. C. Conacher.

Miss Matilda Jolicoeur, Montreal, is visiting her sisters, Mrs. E. R. Gaudet and Mrs. Louis Allain.

Mrs. Woodworth, Sackville (N. B.), is enjoying a visit at her old home here. She also spent a few days in Campbellton.

Mrs. Polley and her daughter, Miss Hildren, are on a visit to friends on the Miramichi.

Miss Mary Murray, St. John (N. B.), is a guest at the Inch Arran.

Miss Anabel Stewart, superintendent of the Women's Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia, is spending her vacation at her old home here, Glen Cottage.

Mrs. George E. Foster and Lady Foster are guests at the Inch Arran.

The Misses Eddie, Emma and Etta Baldwin, Boston (Mass.), are spending

their vacation with their mother, Mrs. John Baldwin. They are sisters of Mr. George Baldwin, who left his position in the Royal Bank here to go to the front. He is now in England on his way to the front.

Mrs. Frank Oliver and Miss Lucy Oliver, Ottawa, are guests at the Inch Arran.

Mrs. G. H. Lonsbury and Mrs. H. W. Hising, St. John, expect to return home on Saturday, after spending a few days here, the guests of Mrs. Lonsbury's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lamie.



THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is issued every Wednesday and Saturday by THE TELEGRAPH PUBLISHING COMPANY, ST. JOHN, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

Subscription Rates—Sent by mail to any address in Canada at One Dollar a year. Sent by mail to any address in the United States at Two Dollars a year. All subscriptions must be paid in advance.

In mailing price of subscription always send money by P. O. Order or Registered Letter.

Advertising Rates—Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper, each insertion, \$1.00 per inch. Advertisements of Wants, For Sale, etc., one cent a word for each insertion.

Notice of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents for each insertion. Important Notices—All remittances must be sent by post office order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company.

Correspondence must be addressed to the Editor of The Telegraph, St. John. All letters sent to The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and intended for publication should contain stamps if return of manuscript is desired in case it is not published. Otherwise, rejected letters are destroyed.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUGUST 4, 1915.

THE FRENCH AND THE WAR.

London a few days ago was singing the Marseillaise, and the Tri-color floated from thousands of buildings. The occasion was the celebration of "France's Day," and public meetings were held "to offer a tribute of respect and admiration to the glorious country of France, which, though it had been separated from us by many a fierce rivalry in the past, had never failed to impress the hearts of Englishmen with its lofty and chivalrous ardor."

The words are those of Lord Curzon, who was the principal speaker at one of the public meetings. With singular felicity Lord Curzon brought to the attention of his hearers the tremendous part which France played in this war. He explained to his audience how France had suffered from the invasion of the enemy for nearly a year, had seen her population scattered and subjected to nameless horrors, and had lost hundreds of thousands of the flower of her population.

She had borne this without a murmur or complaint, or the slightest symptom of hesitation. He admired, even above the gallantry of her soldiers, the generalship of her commanders, and the resolution of her statesmen, the indomitable spirit of her people. They had seen the quick emotions and the light-hearted gaiety for which the French people were famous transformed by this year of suffering into inflexible and indomitable resolve. France had ennobled herself and added to the glories of her glorious traditions. France had been an inspiration to us, as she had been an example to mankind.

Following the example of Mr. Kipling and one or two other national figures who have not hesitated to place before the country the consequences of defeat, Lord Curzon said:

"Had we been meeting a year ago," he continued, "we would have prophesied that the friendship between ourselves and France, steadily growing as it has been during the past fifty years, and blossoming as it did into fresh life under the fostering hand of the late King Edward, would have expanded into an alliance which rests upon the surest of necessities, but upon the dearest emotions and convictions of both peoples, and which has now been cemented, as we all know, by twelve months of suffering and sacrifice and tears? Who would have foreseen a year ago that Englishmen and Frenchmen would have been shedding their blood throughout this year on the unconquerable soil of France, and that the symbol of the Cross, the supreme emblem of the religious faith of both our peoples, would have been raised, as I have seen it, on the graves of thousands of Englishmen and Frenchmen, raised almost side by side, upon the soil which had consecrated by their heroism, and which they will still redeem by their sacrifice?"

"I think this is due, not merely to the fact that we have been fighting the same enemy, and that the guns which still threaten Calais and Dunkirk are also aimed at Dover; it has come about because we are fighting to keep alive the precious flame which has burned in the sanctuary of the hearts of both our peoples for centuries—the flame of liberty. This alliance of ours is an alliance of the spirit as well as of the body, and in this war in which we are engaged, the spirit has put on its armour and gone forth to conquer or to perish. A German victory in this war would mean not only the mutilation and maiming of our national existence for a century to come, but the occupation of our territory, the crippling of our resources, the disappearance of our colonies, the subjugation of our peoples for a generation under the iron heel of the conqueror, and it would mean the extinction of all that makes life worth living for our two peoples, besides dealing a heavy blow to a fatal blow at the cause of morality, of humanity, and of civilization for all mankind." (Cheers.)

At the conclusion of his address he spoke of the reasons why the British Empire should be ready to equal the sacrifices made by France and to match her spirit of endurance until victory crowns the aims of the Allies. And, looking ahead, he saw in the years to come a hard and fast alliance with France, to forward all the nobler purposes of civilization. "May I not assure her," he said, "that we are not at all behind her in the spirit and the endurance with which we mean to face these issues, like her and with her are resolved to endure to the end? We will not take our hand from the plough until the furrow, long and bloody though it be, is driven through to the end. We were with France side by side at the start. We will be with her at the finish, and we will not be satisfied with any premature or uncertain goal. Then when all is over, when we have won the price of our common exertions, is it too much to hope that this alliance between our

peoples, born as it was in the stress of a common danger, consecrated as it has been by the blood of our two peoples, and vindicated, as we hope it will be, by the results we shall have obtained, may remain a permanent factor in the history and life of the two peoples? (Cheers.) Those whom war has joined together peace most not be allowed to put asunder. If that should be, as we hope, the result of all we are now going through, it will indeed be compensation for all that both nations have suffered, and it will be the supreme vindication of our efforts, and we hope it will be our final reward." (Cheers.)

The people of Great Britain, and, in fact, of the whole Empire, are to-day whole-heartedly committed to the course so eloquently outlined by Lord Curzon. And while the war has not been without gravely discouraging features in some of its phases, nowhere among the Allies has there been either serious doubt or hesitation. In short, after a year of war, the present situation, as one neutral observer describes it, "is not so discouraging for the Allies as the present superficial military position might seem. The ultimate resources are theirs; and if determination is not lacking—as there is not the slightest evidence that it is—they will be the lords of their fate." And of the fate of those mad nations whose unbridled ambition has made them the opticals of civilization.

TRANSPORTATION.

It is not singular that although St. John is vitally interested in the completion of the Transcontinental and Valley railways, and that while these projects are being managed by public servants who are spending public money, still the public has no idea as to what the Minister of Railways, or Mr. Guelius, or the politicians, have in store for this city and province? It is announced in the Press that a committee of Board of Trade men who had a hurried interview with Hon. Mr. Cochrane and the general manager of the Intercolonial are to make report of that conference to the council of the Board of Trade today. Probably their report will deal rather with things which have not been done, although they should have been done, and with the indefinite character of the whole situation, instead of with any definite progress.

The time surely has come when these more or less private conferences should be succeeded by a general meeting of the Board of Trade, at which a frank statement of the whole case should be made. As has been said before, two ministers of the Crown recently communicated to a few members of the council of the Board of Trade certain facts and opinions which may have a very direct bearing upon the future of St. John and the province. This information, while interesting enough to individuals, should certainly be passed along to the great body of citizens who pay for public improvements and who make and unmake ministers of the Crown and general managers of railways.

It is much to be regretted that the public is too tolerant of officials and ministers who are sometimes disposed to act as though they believed certain large interests were their private property or their private enterprises instead of being the property and enterprises of the whole population for whom they are acting temporarily in the capacity of directors. The Mayor and commissioners, and the president and members of the Board of Trade should be courageous enough to demand all of the information necessary to a clear public understanding of the whole transportation situation, and they should not hesitate to place before the citizens the latest developments, theories, excuses, and proposals, recently confided to a small circle by representatives of the Dominion government and the local administration. When are they going to do it?

THE LIQUOR CHARGES.

The Conservative Chatham World has a bluntly-worded editorial in connection with the liquor license charges. The World says:

"Mr. E. S. Carter charges that calls were made on St. John liquor dealers for money, when the liquor legislation was pending last session, on behalf of the government. The Standard says he is a liar. But that is no answer. Mr. Carter makes a charge, and that charge should be investigated. Money was collected from the numbers when the renewal leases were pending, and money may have been collected from the liquor dealers when amendments to the liquor law were under consideration. If any money was paid it was given to the government agents for government campaign purposes, and not given with the idea of influencing the vote of any private member of the Legislature."

The investigation which the government and Mr. Chandler have declined to grant would have shown, undoubtedly, on what representations the money was collected, and to whom it went. Evidence would be forthcoming to show not only why the holders of licenses paid, but what they believed they would effect by doing so. Some of them, undoubtedly, were told by men professing to know that only the payment of money could save them from prohibition or from drastic legislation.

The facts, and all of them, must be brought out, in spite of the refusal of the government to permit Mr. Chandler to hear the charges, or to enlarge the scope of his commission, if that is necessary for this purpose. It is very much in the interest of the temperance people, and of all licensees under the Crown, and of the public at large, that all of the facts should be produced. And they will be produced.

Many charges have been made against the local government, and in most cases abundant proof has been forthcoming when there was a chance to bring it out under oath. When the Dugal charges were made the first denials were quite as fierce as they have been in the present case, and the government press used up

circulated, although they contain the most grossly distorted accounts of the issues and happenings of the war and are bitterly anti-British in sentiment and purpose. There is some division of opinion in the western provinces as to whether such newspapers and those responsible for them should be dealt with by the Dominion or the provincial authorities. National affairs are distinctly within the province of the Federal power; but no mere doubt as to jurisdiction should be permitted to prevent or delay the suppression of such poisonous sheets as those referred to.

NOW COMES MR. GUTELIUS.

While it is not so stated publicly as yet, citizens will hope that, if the committee appointed Friday shall succeed in securing the presence of Mr. F. P. Gutelius at a Board of Trade meeting, the doors will be open to all members of the Board and to the press and public as well.

In looking forward to this meeting which probably will be held in the very near future, it may be recalled that there now have been several "confidential" meetings with respect to the transportation situation, the Valley Railway and the Transcontinental. The record of these meetings is not a very promising one. First of all, the Board of Trade set out to secure by ordinary inquiry in official quarters, certain badly-needed information with regard to these railways. The information was not to be had. Ottawa, Fredericton and Moncton replied indefinitely if at all. As this, clearly, was not satisfactory to the general public, the Board of Trade council adopted certain resolutions which were afterwards approved by the full Board.

These resolutions asked, courteously enough, for information which was already long overdue; yet the publication of the resolutions was followed by childish attacks upon the Board of Trade, or certain members of it, by partisan newspapers which were unable to notice the beam in their own eyes in their anxiety to remove imaginary notes from the eyes of those they were criticizing.

The resolutions produced no result for a time, but eventually they caused visible anxiety in government circles, with the result that Hon. Mr. Hazen and Hon. Mr. Baxter reluctantly consented to sit down behind closed doors together with a few members of the Board of Trade council, and confide to them privately certain facts, opinions, or theories, regarding the transportation situation. Under the circumstances the councillors of the Board of Trade did not feel justified in passing this information along to the Board itself, or to the public, although why these councillors received secret information in their representative capacity is puzzling enough.

Such is the history of the case up to Friday, when, at another meeting of the council of the Board of Trade today, probably their report will deal rather with things which have not been done, although they should have been done, and with the indefinite character of the whole situation, instead of with any definite progress. The time surely has come when these more or less private conferences should be succeeded by a general meeting of the Board of Trade, at which a frank statement of the whole case should be made. As has been said before, two ministers of the Crown recently communicated to a few members of the council of the Board of Trade certain facts and opinions which may have a very direct bearing upon the future of St. John and the province. This information, while interesting enough to individuals, should certainly be passed along to the great body of citizens who pay for public improvements and who make and unmake ministers of the Crown and general managers of railways.

It is much to be regretted that the public is too tolerant of officials and ministers who are sometimes disposed to act as though they believed certain large interests were their private property or their private enterprises instead of being the property and enterprises of the whole population for whom they are acting temporarily in the capacity of directors. The Mayor and commissioners, and the president and members of the Board of Trade should be courageous enough to demand all of the information necessary to a clear public understanding of the whole transportation situation, and they should not hesitate to place before the citizens the latest developments, theories, excuses, and proposals, recently confided to a small circle by representatives of the Dominion government and the local administration. When are they going to do it?

OUR MEN IN CAMP.

Copies of The Telegraph containing an account of the embarkation and departure of the 26th Battalion were sent to many officers and men of the regiment, and one officer in a private letter dated at East Sandling on July 18 tells how much the papers were appreciated and then goes on to speak of the review of the 2nd Canadian Contingent on the occasion of the visit of Sir Robert Borden on July 17.

"Yesterday," he writes, "was a great occasion. The whole 2nd Canadian Contingent was reviewed by Sir Robert Borden, Major General Sam Hughes and Major General Steele. It was, truly, an inspiring sight. For an hour and a quarter there was an unbroken procession in platoon formation of the infantry battalions marching past a saluting point. And it made one proud of Canada and her citizen soldiery. The sun shone brightly, and all the bands played for that wonderful 'march past'! The files, thirty abreast, every man in line and in perfect step, the sparkling of the sun on the blue steel of the bayonets formed a never to be forgotten scene for Canadian eyes and stirred to the depths Canadian hearts. I would like to say that our 26th Battalion was second to none in that great march past. I am proud that I can say I am a Canadian, and somehow prouder to say I am of New Brunswick."

Who, a few years ago, would have thought such a scene possible? Who could have imagined then that the day was soon coming when the Canadian casualty list in the world's greatest war would reach 10,000 or 12,000, and that fresh troops on their way to the battle-front, or finishing their training in England, would stream past the saluting point stepping out like veterans for more than an hour by the clock? The man who writes the letter from which we have taken a paragraph or two is not only proud of the 26th Battalion, but prouder still of the Canadians who have already gone through much fighting at the front. He expresses the firmest evidence that the 26th will acquit itself with distinction and that this province will yet send thousands more of its sons to strike for the good cause.

There is still some uncertainty at East Sandling as to whether the 26th is going to Flanders or to the Dardanelles, but the regiment is eager to go wherever it is most needed, and it will soon be in the

fighting. With the 26th about to start to the front, with the 8th already at the first stage of its journey, and with the 64th soon to be mobilized, the mind goes back to that month early in the war when we cheered in the streets our first detachment of infantry to go for foreign service, our signallers, and our stalwart artillerymen. There is scarcely any one now in the province who does not have in mind many a good chap whom he knew well and who is to-day in Flanders, or on the way there, if indeed he is not already in the casualty list. These letters which come from the regiments somehow have a more intimate appeal than the more formal despatches. They serve to remind us how real is New Brunswick's participation in the war already, and how certain it is that other units will be formed and sent along to back up the men to whom we bade good-bye only a few months ago and who are already veterans. Through the whole story there runs constantly the thought that in the hour of danger to the whole British family the British Empire has given magnificent proof of its unity, of its sterling courage and of its complete determination to see the great fight through to the end, and to win. Young men of active service age should never miss an opportunity to read the words which come overseas from our men who have already seen the flash of the enemy's guns, who glory in the work they are doing, and whose hand beckons those who have not yet put on the good khaki coat of the King.

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE."

Just as there is no zeal like that of a new convert, so among partisans there are no virtues like the virtues of a new leader. The Conservative press throughout the country, but particularly in Western Canada, has been "trumpeting" to the skies of late the shining merits of Sir James Aikens, a good looking and pleasant gentleman whose walk of life has fallen in easy places, and who regards the large corporations and the "interests" generally with a beaming benevolence that is famous. Students of character who have gazed long and earnestly upon Sir James' facial scenery have been wont to find therein some lurking suggestion of the expression to be seen on the face of the cat seated near a pan of cream and waiting until such time as the other occupants of the room have departed.

Nevertheless it is with some sense of shock that one discovers in the western newspaper indications that Sir James is not Sir Galahad, and that in his desire to reform Manitoba, and particularly his political opponents in that troubled territory, he prefers the "resources of civilization" to the white sword of righteousness. At all events, one would draw some such unhappy inference from a consideration of Sir James' case to be found in the thoughtful editorial pages of the Manitoba Free Press. We quote:

"No prophetic powers were needed to pick Sir James Aikens as certain to be the new leader chosen by the Manitoba Conservatives in convention. He has been in training for the position, under Mr. Rogers' tutelage, for the past year. When Mr. Rogers tried last fall to induce Sir Joseph Roblin to retire from the premiership of Manitoba and seek refuge in the senate chamber at Ottawa, he had Sir James Aikens in leash for the position. Sir Rodmond, however, upset the arrangement by refusing to transfer the sceptre to Mr. Rogers' new favorite. When Mr. Rogers came here post-haste last April in an attempt to save the situation Sir James Aikens accompanied him and labored industriously to protect the party in this province by preventing Sir Joseph from resigning. The story of his activities in this respect will, we hope, be told to the electors before election day. Sir James Aikens has now taken the leadership of the party by arrangement with Mr. Rogers. His declination of the honor or before Rogers offered him was part of the play; it deceived nobody. Sir James Aikens is in every way a suitable leader for the rump of the Roblin-Rogers party. The Liberals, in the battle about to open, will welcome him as the champion of the reactionary forces, which are trying to regain power by counterfeit pretensions and under false flags."

Thus when Sir James thunders against political wickedness those that have ears in Manitoba can detect an echo in his voice saying: "The voice is Jacob's voice, but the hands are the hands of Esau." OUR MEN IN CAMP. Copies of The Telegraph containing an account of the embarkation and departure of the 26th Battalion were sent to many officers and men of the regiment, and one officer in a private letter dated at East Sandling on July 18 tells how much the papers were appreciated and then goes on to speak of the review of the 2nd Canadian Contingent on the occasion of the visit of Sir Robert Borden on July 17.

"Yesterday," he writes, "was a great occasion. The whole 2nd Canadian Contingent was reviewed by Sir Robert Borden, Major General Sam Hughes and Major General Steele. It was, truly, an inspiring sight. For an hour and a quarter there was an unbroken procession in platoon formation of the infantry battalions marching past a saluting point. And it made one proud of Canada and her citizen soldiery. The sun shone brightly, and all the bands played for that wonderful 'march past'! The files, thirty abreast, every man in line and in perfect step, the sparkling of the sun on the blue steel of the bayonets formed a never to be forgotten scene for Canadian eyes and stirred to the depths Canadian hearts. I would like to say that our 26th Battalion was second to none in that great march past. I am proud that I can say I am a Canadian, and somehow prouder to say I am of New Brunswick."

Who, a few years ago, would have thought such a scene possible? Who could have imagined then that the day was soon coming when the Canadian casualty list in the world's greatest war would reach 10,000 or 12,000, and that fresh troops on their way to the battle-front, or finishing their training in England, would stream past the saluting point stepping out like veterans for more than an hour by the clock? The man who writes the letter from which we have taken a paragraph or two is not only proud of the 26th Battalion, but prouder still of the Canadians who have already gone through much fighting at the front. He expresses the firmest evidence that the 26th will acquit itself with distinction and that this province will yet send thousands more of its sons to strike for the good cause.

There is still some uncertainty at East Sandling as to whether the 26th is going to Flanders or to the Dardanelles, but the regiment is eager to go wherever it is most needed, and it will soon be in the

fighting. With the 26th about to start to the front, with the 8th already at the first stage of its journey, and with the 64th soon to be mobilized, the mind goes back to that month early in the war when we cheered in the streets our first detachment of infantry to go for foreign service, our signallers, and our stalwart artillerymen. There is scarcely any one now in the province who does not have in mind many a good chap whom he knew well and who is to-day in Flanders, or on the way there, if indeed he is not already in the casualty list. These letters which come from the regiments somehow have a more intimate appeal than the more formal despatches. They serve to remind us how real is New Brunswick's participation in the war already, and how certain it is that other units will be formed and sent along to back up the men to whom we bade good-bye only a few months ago and who are already veterans. Through the whole story there runs constantly the thought that in the hour of danger to the whole British family the British Empire has given magnificent proof of its unity, of its sterling courage and of its complete determination to see the great fight through to the end, and to win. Young men of active service age should never miss an opportunity to read the words which come overseas from our men who have already seen the flash of the enemy's guns, who glory in the work they are doing, and whose hand beckons those who have not yet put on the good khaki coat of the King.

FULLERTON CHARGES DISPROVED.

The Royal Commission which investigated the charges made by C. P. Fullerton, a Conservative lawyer of Winnipeg, against Premier Norris, of Manitoba, has declared that the charges were false. No other verdict was expected, for Fullerton was unable to produce any evidence to support his statements. It was contended by the Liberals that the Winnipeg lawyer was acting for people higher up who saw in the charges, believed though they were, a means of diverting public attention from the sensational graft disclosures in connection with the Parliament buildings. That scheme was doomed from the first.

The commissioners were unanimous in their finding. With respect to the charge that the Liberals were willing to drop all election protests on the receipt of \$50,000 from Conservative agents they declared that no such agreement had been made, nor were they able to find that there was any foundation for the statement that an understanding had been reached between the two parties to the effect that the resignation of the Roblin government would cause the investigation into the Parliament buildings scandal to be curtailed. When it came to a question as to the veracity of J. H. Howden, attorney-general in the discredited Roblin government, or of Premier Norris, the commissioners had no hesitation in declaring in favor of the latter, basing their "acceptance of Norris' statement upon the respective characters of the two men as revealed by the evidence."

Although there never was anything to indicate that those behind the Fullerton charges were telling the truth the verdict of the commission is a triumph for Premier Norris, as it effectively disposes of the insinuations and talk of "deals" by which Mr. Rogers' friends hoped to detract from the disgrace into which their leaders had plunged them. Their attempt to discredit the new Premier has given him increased strength. The political housecleaning in Manitoba must go on. Nothing that Mr. Rogers and his lieutenants may do will stop it.

NOTE AND COMMENT. The armor of the Allies are continuing their good work, and many German centres of military importance have been materially damaged. Meanwhile we hear little about the Zeppelins.

MANITOBA'S FINANCES.

One of the first acts of Manitoba's new government, after Sir Rodmond Roblin and his colleagues had been forced from office, was to appoint a reputable firm of chartered accountants to report on the financial condition of the province. The findings of these experts have just been made public, and they show that the late government, in addition to its other unwelcome legacies, left a shortage of \$1,096,000, the actual deficit of the province last year being \$1,400,000 instead of \$126,000 as contended by Roblin. They also show that the public debt was in excess of \$27,000,000 with contingent liabilities of an equal amount. More than \$9,000,000 of the borrowed money was spent on public buildings. The situation, as revealed by the accountants, is startling and in itself enough to seal the fate of the Conservative party in Manitoba so long as the Roblin-Rogers organization is behind the party leaders or in any way associated with the party movements.

In its analysis of the preliminary report of the auditors, the Manitoba Free Press presents the following facts: "Just how far removed such a showing can be from the actual facts is illustrated by the figures for the fiscal year ending Nov. 30, 1914, as contained in the published Public Accounts. These show an apparent deficit of \$126,000; but the actual deficit was larger than this by no less than \$1,096,000. The actual deficit last year, therefore, was \$1,400,000. To prevent the actual state of affairs being known, bills aggregating a million and a quarter dollars had been held over for payment during the present fiscal year. Among the unpaid accounts were these: Construction contracts, \$271,407.17; good roads, \$201,951.96; unpaid interest, \$128,899.89; school grants, \$282,555.72; attorney-general's department, \$26,998.47; public works department, \$276,248.34. Between Nov. 30 and May 15 these outstanding were reduced considerably, but the Roblin government went out of office, leaving unpaid accounts to the amount of \$1,012,699.59.

"The floating debt of the Province—that is, liabilities other than stocks and bonds—on May 15, is given as \$1,066,894—made up of revenue accounts payable, unpaid accounts and cash overdraft. This amount is, in effect, the net shortage left by the Roblin government to its successors. By borrowing this amount of money and putting the amount in the public accounts as a liability, assumed to meet the deficit of the Roblin regime, the Norris government will start with a clean sheet. The analysis of the public debt shows that nine million dollars of the money borrowed has been spent in the construction of public buildings. Against this there are assets in the form of public buildings of the face value of ten and a half millions which is likely to be reduced upon appraisal. It is, therefore, established that the claim so constantly made by the late government that its claimed surplus of several millions was represented by buildings erected out of surplus earnings had no actual foundation in fact."

In connection with contingent liabilities it is shown that in addition to this public debt the province has guaranteed the principal and interest on C. N. R. securities to the extent of \$25,502,878 and of municipal debentures to the value of \$1,268,000. The government is also responsible for the rentals payable to the Northern Pacific for the lines leased by that railway corporation to the Province and released by the Province to the Canadian Northern. The Free Press goes on to say: "The balance sheet of the Province as at May 15, 1910, shows total assets of \$48,248,424, and total liabilities of \$29,876,102—leaving a net capital surplus of \$18,372,322. Included in the assets are the book values of Provincial buildings, telephone system, elevator system (all subject to appraisal and therefore reduction) and \$5,678,956 being the school lands fund held at Ottawa, only the interest upon which (at 8 per cent.) is paid to the Province for educational purposes. The book values of the property assets of the Province are: Provincial buildings, \$10,549,600; Telephone system, 10,473,874; Elevator system, 1,166,456. The audit has revealed a practice by the Government which has been most unfair to the drainage districts. As money was raised for drainage purposes they were deposited in banks and held until required; but the interest which accrued upon these deposits instead of being placed to the credit of the districts was gathered in by the Province as ordinary revenue. The sums of which the drainage districts have been robbed amount for the whole period of the Roblin Government to about \$200,000. At the close of the last fiscal year the Government had borrowed no less than \$9,074,222 from consolidated revenue fund for capital account. This amount was all repaid out of the proceeds of the debentures sold in February, except \$337,977, which is still owing on account of expenditures upon the Parliament buildings."

size of the total navies of Germany, Austria, and Turkey combined, and nearly two and a half times greater than the German navy alone. Taking the entire naval forces of Britain, France, Russia, and Japan, and leaving Italy, Greece and the powers, the fleets of the Germanic calculation, the fleets of those that can be brought against them."

Toronto has raised three thousand men in three weeks. Some of the smallest seem quite willing that Toronto should be "hogtown" when it comes to recruiting.—Toronto Globe.

Compare St. John's population with Toronto, and the number of recruits raised here in the last three weeks with that, 3,000.

The Haytian revolutionists have backed up their anti-American sentiments by killing two marines from a United States battleship. Port au Prince is undergoing one of its periodic reigns of terror, and the death list is growing. Another American battleship has been ordered to the scene and, presumably, enough men will be landed to preserve the peace and protect the people.

Italy is beginning to take a prominent place in the activities of the Allies. She had ample time to prepare and her armies are proving what armies can do when they are fully equipped. She is already taking care of an enormous force of Austrians and Germans and the pressure she is exerting on the Teutonic front will increase rapidly now that the first obstacles, once thought by the enemy to be insurmountable, have been overcome. The Italians are proving their worth both on land and sea.

The London Spectator derides the idea that the Germans could make use of Calais, even if they could take it, as a base for successful operations against the British Isles. This English journal says that since surprise is the only thing to be feared in connection with a German attack upon the United Kingdom, German preparations at Emden are to be feared much more than any German preparations which could be made with Calais as a base. It points out that those persons who have suggested that Dover could be bombarded by Calais forget that Calais could be bombarded by the English at very close range with the most formidable ships afloat. And, thinks The Spectator, Calais is beyond the German reach now, anyway, owing to the size and quality of the British and French armies.

Speaking of denials, members of the provincial administration and its agents have been busy making denials for the last two years. They denied that there was the slightest foundation for the Dugal charges, or for the charges in connection with the Southampton railway, or the Valley Railway, or the "patriotic potatoes," or the handling of public money in Kent and Gloucester. In these cases the accused proved their charges to the hilt. Therefore abuse from the government papers is not at all convincing to a public which has been so educated by previous revelations. The Standard which calmly asks Mr. Carter to place his information in the hands of Premier Clarke possibly thinks the people of New Brunswick have forgotten that Mr. Premier Clarke and all of his followers in the Legislature very recently united in whitewashing ex-Premier Flemming. The public knows a little more than the unhappy Standard

Here is the London Chronicle's answer to those who ask, "Why doesn't Great Britain do something?" "Look first at our Navy's work (for, after all, we are, and must be, primarily a naval nation); but for it the enemy's navies would command the seas; not an ounce of sea-borne munitions would have been available for France, Russia, and the whole of the large trans-Atlantic supplies, which now roll in both to them and to us, would have rolled into Germany instead. Look again at our Army—fighting in France and Belgium, fighting at the Dardanelles, fighting in Mesopotamia, harrying the Germans at half-a-dozen points, Africa—our Continental strength alone for months past eclipsing sixfold any strength which we had promised; indeed, our very casualties exceeding that strength twice over. Look again at the enormous services which we have rendered in respect of finance—services which no other nation in the world could render, or at our very substantially and rapidly-growing contribution in respect of munitions. We do not recall these things in order to start comparisons. They are proverbially to be deprecated. All our Allies have made magnificent efforts; and none of them think of crabbing ours. Why should we crab ourselves?"

The Elder Daughter. (Written in Canada.) Your premier sits as an equal there in the homelands' council hall. A token of your unstinted share, At the Empire's call.

To your premier, ere he home depart, Gives London her ancient key,— For new deep place in the Empire's heart That you hold in fee.

You of the whole unfeeling frontier And the fleetless lake and stream, Absorbed in your task of the pioneer, And your youth's high dream.

With never a foe or to a foe to fret, Hands trained on a fued, helm, plow, You (thought the plotters) would faint forage.

For the greater real! For the greater real!

Mistress, indeed, of your own wide sill— But if scorn, sceptic, spy, Dare doubt you are dutiful daughter still.

Let Ypres reply! —Boston News Bureau Poet (B. F. Griffin).

WILL OPERATE P. E. I. FERRY THIS WINTER. Ottawa, July 29.—The Prince Edward Island car ferry will be in operation this winter, according to Hon. Frank Cochrane who has just returned to Ottawa.

FROM ALL OVER T MARITIME P

(Continued from page 1) to the ground early this morning is in Grafton and purchased from Levi DeLoe Smalley, who intended taking this month. DeLoe took this as of incendiary origin, and was seen leaving the building after the fire started.

The property was consigned to the fire. The finest on hand had been dropped \$1,000 was on the proper fire occurred.

At a meeting of the St. John's Rural Science school this A. Hourigan was chosen president. The Hon. Mr. Borden, who was in the city, and last year of the Bathurst school.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, July 28.—Mrs. Inez and her sister, Mrs. M. C. Brockton (Mass.), are spending their vacation with their mother, C. Brown.

Messrs. Warren and Haslam (Mass.), are spending their vacation with their mother, C. Brown.

Mr. A. T. Stewart, of S. S., who has been relieving in the Bank of Nova Scotia for three months, left Monday for St. John, where he will be over for several weeks. Mr. Stewart will be accompanied by his bank associate, he was very popular.

The local team play between the local team and the team in aid of the Red Cross was a success. The latter society is a series of ice cream sales of the Red Cross was a success.

Miss Jane Mitchell is spending a few weeks in Loggieville, the John Robertson.

Miss Florence Giles has a visit of several weeks to Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Percy Whitehead (Mass.) is visiting her parents, Mrs. D. C. Smallwood.

Miss Jane Irving is visiting her mother, Mrs. M. H. McMillan, in Amherst (N. S.).

Mrs. M. H. McMillan is visiting her mother, Mrs. Richard Carruthers, in Amherst.

At the weekly meeting of the Cross Society on Tuesday following, following consignment of plies were packed and sent to St. John, Dept. 34, pairs of canvas soap, 80 face cloth, personal bags, 24 magazi.

Miss Mary McEvoy left today for a visit to friends.

Mr. Chas. Jewell, of Fredericton, is spending a few days in town.

Mrs. W. R. Fitzmaurice left last week for her summer home in Amherst.

Miss Bessie Crocker has a visit to her mother, Mrs. Stanstead, Quebec.

Major Rudolph Crocker of the 28th Battery at St. John, is spending a few days at his home.

Miss Roberta Cook, who spent the summer at her home in Amherst, is spending a few days in town.

The many friends of a young man, who is ill with typhoid fever, will be glad to hear that he is improving daily.

The Earl and Countess of Sandwich have arrived here on Monday. They are spending a few days in town.

Mrs. D. W. Stothard is spending a few days at her home in Amher

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

(Continued from page 3)

to the ground early this morning. The house is in Grafton and was recently purchased from Levi Delong by Holly Smalley, who intended taking possession this month. DeLong moved out Tuesday. It is the general opinion that the fire was of incendiary origin, as two men were seen leaving the building shortly after the fire started.

The property was considered one of the finest on the river. Most of the insurance had been dropped, and only \$1,000 was in the property when the fire occurred.

At a meeting of the students of the Rural School this afternoon F. A. Hourihan was chosen valedictorian. The closing exercises will be held Aug. 8. Mr. Hourihan was born in Pembroke county, and last year was principal of the Bathurst schools.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, July 28—Mrs. D. Johnson and her sister, Miss Inez Brown, of Brockton (Mass.), are spending their vacation with their mother, Mrs. James C. Brown.

Messrs. Warren and Harold Bailey, of Waltham (Mass.), are guests of their uncle, Allen A. Davidson.

The Misses Harrison and Mrs. Alex. Watson, of St. John are occupying the Lynch cottage in Nelson, for the summer.

Mr. A. T. Stewart, of Stellarton (N. S.), who has been relieving accountant in the Bank of Nova Scotia here for the past three months, left Monday morning for St. John, where he will be in permanent service with the Colonial Armstrong. Mr. Stewart will be much missed among his bank associates with whom he was very popular.

The baseball game played last week between the local team and the Charlottetown team in aid of the Red Cross fund netted the latter society \$60. The first of a series of ice cream sales by members of the Red Cross was held last Friday night (and night) in the Public Park, when \$85 was realized. The members of the managing committee had the sale in charge for last week, and each week a committee of four or five members of the society assisted by several of the junior members, will conduct such a sale.

Miss Jane Mitchell is spending a few weeks in Logville, the guest of Mrs. John Robertson.

Miss Florence Giles has returned from a visit of several weeks to friends in Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Perley Whitehead, of Lynn (Mass.), is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Smallwood.

Miss Jamie Irving is visiting friends in Amherst (N. S.).

Mrs. M. H. McMillan and Mrs. George Stothart leave Friday for Grand Falls, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Caruthers for a few weeks.

At the weekly meeting of the Red Cross Society on Tuesday afternoon the following consignment of hospital supplies were packed and shipped to the St. John depot, 84 pairs of socks, 18 hospital shirts, 2 pairs white socks, 24 pairs of face cloths, 20 towels, 2 personal bags, 24 magazines.

Miss May McEvoy left on Wednesday limited for a visit to Moncton friends.

Mrs. Lina Jewell, of Fredericton, spent several days of the past week with friends in town.

Mrs. W. R. Fitzmaurice and family left last week for their summer cottage at Amherst (N. S.).

Miss Bessie Crocker has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Henry T. Bell, of Stanstead, Quebec.

Major Rudolph Crocker commander of the 28th Battery at Valcartier, is spending a few days at his home in Millerton.

Miss Roberta Cool, who has been the guest of Miss May McEvoy, returned to her home in Moncton yesterday.

The many friends of Miss Annie Allingham, who is ill with typhoid fever in Newton (Mass.), will be pleased to hear that she is improving daily.

The Earl and Countess of Ashburnham arrived here on Monday night from Fredericton and left for Amherst for a few days fishing at the "big hole."

Mrs. D. W. Stothart and family left today for a visit to Richibucto friends.

Miss Muriel Bate and her friend Miss Maudley, left today for Bay du Vin for a few weeks.

The Newcastle residents who are summing at Barut church had a picnic on the grounds of Messrs. J. D. Creighton, and R. H. Armstrong on Wednesday, for the benefit of the local Red Cross Society when the sum of \$210 was realized.

Mrs. E. A. McCurdy leaves Friday for Melrose (Mass.).

Mrs. Greenfield, of River Herbert, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. S. Robinson, for a couple of weeks, returned home last Monday.

Mr. William Wylie, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Wylie, who has been on the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in New Glasgow for the past two years has been sent to the branch at Sherbrooke.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Newton Pugsley and family, have returned from a motor trip to St. John. They were accompanied by Mr. Turner, manager of the Royal Bank at Canaan.

Mrs. Sylvia Johnson has returned from Springfield, where she has been the guest of Mrs. Simpson.

scious for more than two hours, and inflicted a painful cut.

Miss Charlotte Scovill returned to her home in Queenstown on Wednesday morning, after a visit of some weeks with friends in Sackville, Point de Bule and Springfield.

Miss Gladys Scovill, of Springfield, accompanied her cousin, Miss Scovill, and spent some time with Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Scovill.

Mrs. H. B. Bridges, who has been quite ill during the past week, is now improving, which will be heard with pleasure by her many friends.

Miss Baxter, of Amherst, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Dowling and family. The marriage of Miss Baxter and Mr. Grant, Truro, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. William Read.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Embree and family, who have been spending some weeks in Amherst, returned to their home in New Westminister (B. C.).

Mrs. Roy Innes and infant, of Halifax, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Cooke.

Miss Jean Thurber, of Millerton, is spending a few days with Miss Frinda Wathen.

Mrs. L. J. Wathen entertained her friends at a very charming lawn tea this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Fraser have returned to Moncton, after a two weeks' visit with friends in Emerson.

Mr. and Mrs. Rankine McWilliams have returned to Moncton. Mr. Rankine is visiting his brother, John Babineau, of Percipine, are visiting friends at Moulles River.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Warman and Arch Fraser, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Murphy, have returned to their home in Truro (N. S.).

Winifred Murphy, Bass River, is visiting friends in Moncton.

Miss Gertrude and Master Fred Wellwood, Sydney, are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Carey, Moncton, is the guest of Mrs. Phil Robichaud.

Mr. and Mrs. John Call, of Matapedia, are visiting friends in this vicinity.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery, Millerton, is the guest of W. W. Cunliffe, moderator of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Millar, Campbellton, have returned from a trip to St. John and are spending a few days with Mrs. Millar's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McPherson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kingston, Newcastle, were here on Monday.

Master Jack Sweetman, Moncton, is visiting Mrs. Thos. Lamplsey.

Mrs. Margaret Landry, Memramook, is visiting her mother, Mrs. S. A. Landry.

The funeral of the late James McPherson, which took place on Monday afternoon, was largely attended. Much sympathy is felt for the family so suddenly bereaved.

Miss Margaret Sullivan, who has been visiting her family at Yarmouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Barlow, of Charlottetown (P. E. I.), are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Lay.

Mrs. David Gabriel and daughter Mary returned to St. John on Saturday, after having spent a week with Mrs. Eldon McCall.

Miss Mary McLaughlin is home from Fall River, spending a few weeks with her parents, Capt. P. J. and Mrs. McLaughlin.

Mrs. Wilson, of Aberdeen, Mississippi, with her two children and Miss Shirley Kidston, of Edmonton, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. Ambeman and Miss Lamb, at Rowan Cottage.

Miss Margaret Sullivan arrived home from Waltham (Mass.), yesterday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Sullivan.

The Joggins Dramatic Club put on the Old Oaken Bucket before a crowded house in the Opera House on Thursday. The proceeds were given to the local Red Cross Society.

A very pleasant and successful picnic under the auspices of the Temperance Society of Margerville was held on Thursday afternoon at Upper Gagetown. Several hundred people went from Gagetown by steamer Victoria, D. J. Purdy and Hampstead, James P. Harding, chairman of the committee said that the receipts, which will be devoted to the Red Cross Society at Margerville, were about \$200.

Dr. Jenkins, of Hampstead, was a visitor in Gagetown yesterday in his new car.

Miss Lavina Brooks, of Boston (Mass.) is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Brooks, of Gagetown. The Sunday school picnic under the management of the United Baptist church, was held at St. Martins-by-the-Sea, Wednesday. A large number were in attendance and a most enjoyable day spent by all.

day, Mr. Woodland took the services in the Baptist church on Sunday.

Mrs. M. Pierce, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. V. Forbes, in Point Tupper, arrived home on Tuesday. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Celeste Pierce, of the teaching staff of the public schools in Trail (B. C.).

Miss Hester will return to her home in about three weeks.

Miss Edith Biggs, M.A. of the Halifax Academy staff is spending a few weeks in town with her sister, Mrs. E. Jeffers.

Miss Baxter, of Amherst, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Dowling and family.

Miss Margaret McLaughlin arrived home from Halifax on Monday to spend a couple of weeks with her mother, Mrs. W. A. McLaughlin.

Mrs. H. T. Smith was in Kentville last week, the guest of Dr. J. Ross and Mrs. Smith.

Miss Myrtle Tucker is visiting Miss Leah Pullen in Halfway River.

Mrs. Cecilia Gunning is spending a few weeks in Truro with her daughter, Mrs. George Parker.

Rev. J. E. Warner's many friends are pleased to see him again after his recent illness.

Mr. Edward McLaughlin returned to St. John on Tuesday, after having spent a few days with his mother, Mrs. W. A. McLaughlin.

Miss Helen and Master Michael Tucker have returned from a visit to relatives in Truro.

Capt. Cook has accepted a position with the Dominion Coal Company.

Capt. and Mrs. Clinton Cook, who have been residing in Halifax for the past two years, have returned to Parrsboro and will occupy their residence in Church street.

Rev. Mr. Dibble, of Amherst, was a guest at the rectory last week.

Mrs. M. L. Tucker, Mrs. H. H. Hunter, Mrs. Nes, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Tucker, motored to Amherst on Friday.

Rev. Dr. Cummings, of Stellarton, occupied the pulpit in St. James' Presbyterian church on Tuesday.

Miss Ada Brown, who has been visiting Miss Marie Duffy, returned to Mapleton on Wednesday.

Mrs. David Gabriel and daughter Mary returned to St. John on Saturday, after having spent a week with Mrs. Eldon McCall.

Miss Mary McLaughlin is home from Fall River, spending a few weeks with her parents, Capt. P. J. and Mrs. McLaughlin.

Mrs. Wilson, of Aberdeen, Mississippi, with her two children and Miss Shirley Kidston, of Edmonton, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. Ambeman and Miss Lamb, at Rowan Cottage.

Miss Margaret Sullivan arrived home from Waltham (Mass.), yesterday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Sullivan.

The Joggins Dramatic Club put on the Old Oaken Bucket before a crowded house in the Opera House on Thursday. The proceeds were given to the local Red Cross Society.

A very pleasant and successful picnic under the auspices of the Temperance Society of Margerville was held on Thursday afternoon at Upper Gagetown. Several hundred people went from Gagetown by steamer Victoria, D. J. Purdy and Hampstead, James P. Harding, chairman of the committee said that the receipts, which will be devoted to the Red Cross Society at Margerville, were about \$200.

Dr. Jenkins, of Hampstead, was a visitor in Gagetown yesterday in his new car.

Miss Lavina Brooks, of Boston (Mass.) is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Brooks, of Gagetown. The Sunday school picnic under the management of the United Baptist church, was held at St. Martins-by-the-Sea, Wednesday. A large number were in attendance and a most enjoyable day spent by all.

Mrs. Helen Wetmore, Bloomfield, was the guest this week of Mrs. Albert Mabee.

Mrs. Minnie Robertson went to Barmesville Wednesday and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Weston Barnes.

Miss Pauline Beard left on Monday for an extended trip to Boston and New York.

Mrs. G. Pepper, Boston, is the guest of Miss Nina Huthings.

Rev. O. N. Chipman and son Harold left on Friday for Canso, Nova Scotia, where Mr. Chipman will spend his month's vacation.

Master Roy Chipman and Sydney Chipman went to St. John Thursday and crossed the Bay of Fundy on their way to Lawrenceton, where they will spend part of their vacation.

last fall, arrived in Amherst yesterday, and will leave on Saturday, accompanied by Mrs. Moffatt, for Truro where he will remain for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Dowling and son, of Winnipeg, are visiting Mr. M. Dowling.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Smith left on Saturday to spend two weeks at north Sydney (C. B.).

Mr. and Mrs. Cassie Cullen and family, who have been spending a few weeks with relatives in town have returned to their home in Shawlinville Falls.

Rev. C. W. Rose and Mrs. Rose and daughter, Miss Evelyn, are visiting in Lunenburg, guests of Mr. Rose's brother, Mr. J. W. Rose.

Mr. Grant, Truro, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. William Read.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Embree and family, who have been spending some weeks in Amherst, returned to their home in New Westminister (B. C.).

Mrs. Roy Innes and infant, of Halifax, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Cooke.

Miss Jean Thurber, of Millerton, is spending a few days with Miss Frinda Wathen.

Mrs. L. J. Wathen entertained her friends at a very charming lawn tea this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Fraser have returned to Moncton, after a two weeks' visit with friends in Emerson.

Mr. and Mrs. Rankine McWilliams have returned to Moncton. Mr. Rankine is visiting his brother, John Babineau, of Percipine, are visiting friends at Moulles River.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Warman and Arch Fraser, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Murphy, have returned to their home in Truro (N. S.).

Winifred Murphy, Bass River, is visiting friends in Moncton.

Miss Gertrude and Master Fred Wellwood, Sydney, are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Carey, Moncton, is the guest of Mrs. Phil Robichaud.

Mr. and Mrs. John Call, of Matapedia, are visiting friends in this vicinity.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery, Millerton, is the guest of W. W. Cunliffe, moderator of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Millar, Campbellton, have returned from a trip to St. John and are spending a few days with Mrs. Millar's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McPherson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kingston, Newcastle, were here on Monday.

Master Jack Sweetman, Moncton, is visiting Mrs. Thos. Lamplsey.

Mrs. Margaret Landry, Memramook, is visiting her mother, Mrs. S. A. Landry.

The funeral of the late James McPherson, which took place on Monday afternoon, was largely attended. Much sympathy is felt for the family so suddenly bereaved.

Miss Margaret Sullivan, who has been visiting her family at Yarmouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Barlow, of Charlottetown (P. E. I.), are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Lay.

Mrs. David Gabriel and daughter Mary returned to St. John on Saturday, after having spent a week with Mrs. Eldon McCall.

Miss Mary McLaughlin is home from Fall River, spending a few weeks with her parents, Capt. P. J. and Mrs. McLaughlin.

Mrs. Wilson, of Aberdeen, Mississippi, with her two children and Miss Shirley Kidston, of Edmonton, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. Ambeman and Miss Lamb, at Rowan Cottage.

Miss Margaret Sullivan arrived home from Waltham (Mass.), yesterday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Sullivan.

The Joggins Dramatic Club put on the Old Oaken Bucket before a crowded house in the Opera House on Thursday. The proceeds were given to the local Red Cross Society.

A very pleasant and successful picnic under the auspices of the Temperance Society of Margerville was held on Thursday afternoon at Upper Gagetown. Several hundred people went from Gagetown by steamer Victoria, D. J. Purdy and Hampstead, James P. Harding, chairman of the committee said that the receipts, which will be devoted to the Red Cross Society at Margerville, were about \$200.

Dr. Jenkins, of Hampstead, was a visitor in Gagetown yesterday in his new car.

rived home on Friday evening to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Turner.

Miss Christine MacLeod returned home on Monday evening from a camping trip to the St. John, and later a visit to friends in Rothesay and Hampton.

The Misses Dixon, of Sackville, are visiting their cousin, Miss W. Copp.

Mrs. J. H. Hurm, Miss H. S. Silliker and Little Miss Dorothy Silliker, spent Wednesday in Sackville, returning home Wednesday evening.

J. H. Hickman, of Dorchester, and son Jack and Master Bob are in town.

Misses Winnie Copp, Ruby Read, Miss Doherty, of Boston, and Mr. Cecil Clark motored to Amherst on Wednesday afternoon, returning home in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Embree and family, who have been spending some weeks in Amherst, returned to their home in New Westminister (B. C.).

Mrs. Roy Innes and infant, of Halifax, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Cooke.

Miss Jean Thurber, of Millerton, is spending a few days with Miss Frinda Wathen.

Mrs. L. J. Wathen entertained her friends at a very charming lawn tea this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Fraser have returned to Moncton, after a two weeks' visit with friends in Emerson.

Mr. and Mrs. Rankine McWilliams have returned to Moncton. Mr. Rankine is visiting his brother, John Babineau, of Percipine, are visiting friends at Moulles River.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Warman and Arch Fraser, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Murphy, have returned to their home in Truro (N. S.).

Winifred Murphy, Bass River, is visiting friends in Moncton.

Miss Gertrude and Master Fred Wellwood, Sydney, are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Carey, Moncton, is the guest of Mrs. Phil Robichaud.

Mr. and Mrs. John Call, of Matapedia, are visiting friends in this vicinity.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery, Millerton, is the guest of W. W. Cunliffe, moderator of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Millar, Campbellton, have returned from a trip to St. John and are spending a few days with Mrs. Millar's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McPherson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kingston, Newcastle, were here on Monday.

Master Jack Sweetman, Moncton, is visiting Mrs. Thos. Lamplsey.

Mrs. Margaret Landry, Memramook, is visiting her mother, Mrs. S. A. Landry.

The funeral of the late James McPherson, which took place on Monday afternoon, was largely attended. Much sympathy is felt for the family so suddenly bereaved.

Miss Margaret Sullivan, who has been visiting her family at Yarmouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Barlow, of Charlottetown (P. E. I.), are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Lay.

Mrs. David Gabriel and daughter Mary returned to St. John on Saturday, after having spent a week with Mrs. Eldon McCall.

Miss Mary McLaughlin is home from Fall River, spending a few weeks with her parents, Capt. P. J. and Mrs. McLaughlin.

Mrs. Wilson, of Aberdeen, Mississippi, with her two children and Miss Shirley Kidston, of Edmonton, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. Ambeman and Miss Lamb, at Rowan Cottage.

Miss Margaret Sullivan arrived home from Waltham (Mass.), yesterday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Sullivan.

The Joggins Dramatic Club put on the Old Oaken Bucket before a crowded house in the Opera House on Thursday. The proceeds were given to the local Red Cross Society.

A very pleasant and successful picnic under the auspices of the Temperance Society of Margerville was held on Thursday afternoon at Upper Gagetown. Several hundred people went from Gagetown by steamer Victoria, D. J. Purdy and Hampstead, James P. Harding, chairman of the committee said that the receipts, which will be devoted to the Red Cross Society at Margerville, were about \$200.

Dr. Jenkins, of Hampstead, was a visitor in Gagetown yesterday in his new car.

Springer and Ernest Huestis. On Sunday there arrived many automobile parties, among whom were F. G. Spencer and friends, H. C. Smith and friends, Frank S. White, Mrs. White, and son, Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Fisher, Mrs. J. Flood, Mrs. C. B. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Godsoe.

Among Monday's visitors were G. P. Thos. John, Mrs. A. Thompson, G. P. Andrews, L. E. Warren, Moncton; H. B. Darant, Woodstock; F. A. McAndrews, St. Stephen; F. G. Cooper, Moncton; Mr. and Mrs. C. Gross and Miss Jean Gross, Albert, and B. H. E. DeWolfe, St. Stephen.

Since then we have had L. F. Johnson, Harry Coleman, Stockwell Ennis, Mr. and Mrs. McAlary, Mrs. J. L. Shaw, and Mrs. S. Herbert Hayes, St. John; Ralph Green, Anderson, and Mrs. W. Hayward and children, Quesnel; W. R. Mills, Moncton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sharpe have had a delightful trip to and from Wood Lake, where they spent over a week in a quiet outing, with fishing, and auto drives. They returned home on Saturday.

Mrs. K. A. March spent the week-end at the guest of Mrs. S. King, at her bungalow on the Belleisle river, and on Monday they visited Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Carter at the summer home at Kingsport.

Mrs. F. M. Humphrey and son John, who spent a week with the family of Mr. Edwin Peters, at Elmhurst, returned home on Tuesday.

Miss Tess Lingley and her guest, Miss Mary McNeill, visited friends in Dalhousie last week.

Mrs. Alex. McDougall, of Chipman, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Kerr, left last Wednesday morning to visit friends in Shediac.

Edward Price, of Moncton, was in town Sunday, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Price.

Mrs. H. H. Hart, of Avon, Montana, was the guest of Campbellton friends last week.

Miss Jean Henderson left last week to visit friends in Kilmory (N. B.).

A very quiet but interesting took place on Tuesday morning of last week at the Church of Our Lady of Snows when Miss Maude O'Keefe, daughter of Mrs. Daniel O'Keefe, became the bride of Charles Dalton, of Newcastle. Owing to the illness of the bridegroom, Miss Dalton's brother, Daniel O'Keefe, being killed at the front very recently only the immediate relatives were present.

William Crocker spent last Sunday with friends in Amherst.

Miss Monica White has returned from Bathurst, where she was visiting the Misses Eleanor and Evelyn McKay, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. McKay.

Miss George Appleton has returned from Jacquet River, where she was the guest of Mrs. Charles Fenderson.

Miss Elizabeth Dewar, of Fredericton, is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Angus Dewar.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Patterson are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby boy at their home today.

Mrs. Oswald Smith is in Fredericton, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Crocker.

Mrs. Horace Humphrey and child arrived in Campbellton from Sackville last week.

Miss Mary Price is spending her vacation with relatives in Moncton and St. John.

Rev. J. E. Boucher, of St. John's Presbyterian church, St. Hyacinthe, is spending his vacation in town, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Boucher.

Mrs. J. A. Roy and little son, Mance, of Moncton, are visiting in town, the guests of Mrs. Roy's mother, Mrs. Lacasse.

Mr. John Dewar, of the Royal Bank of Canada, Rexton, who has been spending his vacation at his home here, has been transferred to Newcastle.

Mrs. Jos. Pichette left last week for a trip down the Gaspe coast and around the St. Lawrence river.

Miss Ethel Farrer has returned from Fredericton, where she was the guest of Miss Jean Burgess.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Anderson, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. McLean, have returned to their home, "Fairview," Fredericton.

Miss Hazel Lingley was in Dalhousie last week, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. A. Mott.

Mr. and Mrs. Blais McLeod, of St. John, are in town this week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Donald S. McBeath, Roseberry street.



THE GLEANER

day were properly accounted for in bank account. This resolution was passed and Mr. Stewart accepted the...

AGENTS WANTED

RELIABLE representative wanted to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick...

TEACHERS WANTED

WANTED—A second class female teacher for School District No. 1 A, parishes of Northfield and Chipman...

WANTED

WANTED—Third class female teacher, School District No. 3, Parish of Hammond. District rated poor...

WANTED

WANTED—After the war immigration to this country will be heavy. We are in communication with...

Hand-Made Waterproof Solid Leather Boots

For All Workers—the Mill, Workshop, Foundry, Farm or the Drive. Every pair Guaranteed.

BRINDLE'S BOOT-MAKING and REPAIRING FACTORY

Phone 161-21. 227 Union St., City

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLAN FOR THE SUMMER

St. John's summers are so deliciously cool that the city is a place of refuge during the hot season...

BIRTHS

MACKAY—At Harvey Station on Wednesday, July 28, to the Rev. and Mrs. J. F. Mackay, a son.

DEATHS

SLOCUM—At Apple River, Cumberland county (N. S.), on July 30, Frederick W. Slocum, aged 54 years...

MARRIAGES

MORRISON-McDOWELL—At St. George, on July 28, by the Rev. Thomas Hanson, Bladford Morrison, of Douglstown, to Ethel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McDowell, Black's Harbor.

DEATHS

JOHNSON—At 98 Portland street, on the 29th inst., after a short illness, Elizabeth C., beloved wife of Carl V. Johnson, aged 19 years, 6 months, leaving a husband, daughter, parents, sister and three brothers to mourn.

DEATHS

LYNCH—Entered into rest at her residence, Hawthorne Villa, Digby (N. S.), July 28, 1915, Mary Pickman Lynch, widow of George Lynch, Esq.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Thursday, July 29. S S Governor Dingley, 3,886, Ingersalls, Boston via Maine ports, A. C. Currie, pass, and mds. S Nevada, 747, Willett, Parrsboro, Starr, coal. Sir Connors Bros, sch Ethel, Ulah & Eunice, Lena, Wilfred D, Enid Hazel, Alice & Jennie.

CANADIAN PORTS

Cheverie, July 28—Cld, schs H A Holder, 90,000 s f lumber, Parrsboro; M V B Chase, 760 tons gypsum, Norfolk (V.). Shelburne, July 28—Ard, schs Conrad S, Brannen, Portsmouth via Yarmouth.

BRITISH PORTS

Liverpool, July 29—Ard, str Sagamore, Boston. London, July 29—Ard, str Huronian, New York. Plymouth, July 29—Ard, strs Glenastene, Montreal; Hesperian, Montreal; Herschel, Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS

New York, July 27—Ard, schs Wm H Davenport, St John (N. B.); W M Richards, Bear River (NS); Carrie E Look, Bridgewater; Helen Montague, Chatham (NB).

PARIS TRIBUTE TO BORDEN

Paris, July 31—Sir Robert L. Borden, premier of Canada, who is now in Paris, has been decorated with the grand cross of the Legion of Honor.

PLEASANT SURPRISE FOR PETTICOAT GIRL

Petticoat, July 28—A delightful gathering of the young friends and former schoolmates of Miss Elva Steeves was held on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. C. Goggin.

CONCERT IN AID OF RED CROSS AT AROOSTOOK

Aroostook Junction, July 31—A very successful supper and concert was held on the veranda and lawn in front of the residence of H. H. Hopkins.

EXPECT 1,000 OF COLPITTS CLAN AT SEPTEMBER JEUNION

A reunion of the descendants of Robert Colpitts, who migrated to this country in 1788 and settled in Albert county, is being held on September 2 at Ralph Colpitts' farm in that section.

SPIES SHOT.

London, July 30, 8.40 p. m.—The following official statement was made public tonight: "It is officially announced that two prisoners who were charged with espionage were tried by general court martial on the 16th and 17th. They were found guilty and sentenced to death, and the sentences, having been duly confirmed, were carried out this morning."

BECKER PAYS THE PENALTY.

Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, N. Y., July 30—Charles Becker, the encouraging report given to the residents of that district. And to substantiate it the partial erection of the trolley wire is very significant.

ST. JOHN BANK CLEARINGS.

The July bank clearings for the week ending July 29 were \$1,465,680; corresponding week last year, \$1,674,110.

Legion of Honor For Premier of Canada



Sir Robert Laird Borden, photographed on Downing Street, London, in talk with Lieut. Horsey, of the 48th Canadian Highlanders. In the centre is R. B. Bennett, M.P.

PARIS TRIBUTE TO BORDEN

Paris, July 31—Sir Robert L. Borden, premier of Canada, who is now in Paris, has been decorated with the grand cross of the Legion of Honor.

PLEASANT SURPRISE FOR PETTICOAT GIRL

Petticoat, July 28—A delightful gathering of the young friends and former schoolmates of Miss Elva Steeves was held on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. C. Goggin.

CONCERT IN AID OF RED CROSS AT AROOSTOOK

Aroostook Junction, July 31—A very successful supper and concert was held on the veranda and lawn in front of the residence of H. H. Hopkins.

EXPECT 1,000 OF COLPITTS CLAN AT SEPTEMBER JEUNION

A reunion of the descendants of Robert Colpitts, who migrated to this country in 1788 and settled in Albert county, is being held on September 2 at Ralph Colpitts' farm in that section.

SPIES SHOT.

London, July 30, 8.40 p. m.—The following official statement was made public tonight: "It is officially announced that two prisoners who were charged with espionage were tried by general court martial on the 16th and 17th. They were found guilty and sentenced to death, and the sentences, having been duly confirmed, were carried out this morning."

BECKER PAYS THE PENALTY.

Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, N. Y., July 30—Charles Becker, the encouraging report given to the residents of that district. And to substantiate it the partial erection of the trolley wire is very significant.

ST. JOHN BANK CLEARINGS.

The July bank clearings for the week ending July 29 were \$1,465,680; corresponding week last year, \$1,674,110.

D. J. Collis Browne's Colman's Compound. The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE. Acts like a charm in DIARRHOEA, and in the only specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

friends are glad to hear of his success and extend congratulations. Hon. John Hall Kelly with Mrs. Kelly and party spent Monday in town on their way to Bathurst by automobile.

REXTON

Rexton, N. B., July 31—The regular business meeting of the Red Cross Society was held Thursday evening in the public hall where the books showed a balance on hand of \$48.19.

WEAK, TIRED, DEPRESSED

Anæmia is the medical term for poor, watery blood. It may arise from a variety of causes, such as lack of exercise, hard study, improperly ventilated rooms or workshops, improper dietation, etc.

Francis & Vaughan

19 King Street. These boots are not too heavy for this season of the year, polishing nicely and will stand half-soling more than once.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE. WHEN YOU ARE ILL

With any disease due to impure blood such as Eczema, Scabies, Gout, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Uterine, Gonorrhoea, Pimples, Bores of any kind, Piles, Blood Poison, Rheumatism, etc., etc., don't waste your time and money on lotions and ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

CURES ALL SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES. Holderville, July 30—The Holderville Knitting Circle has been a great success. Each member has tried to make the other have a good time, as well as to work for our soldiers at the front.

LIQUOR and Tobacco Habits

Dr. McTaggart's Vegetable Remedies for these habits are safe, inexpensive home treatments. No hypodermic injection, no loss of time from business and positive cures. Recommended by physicians and clergy. Enquiries treated confidentially.

CREAM WANTED

We are users of large quantities of cream and milk. Accounts settled by check the 15th of every month. Highest prices paid for these commodities. Reference: Merchants Bank of Canada.

PRIMECREST FARM, ST. JOHN, N. B.

July 2 was the 11th anniversary of the passing of the Act of Union with Ireland.

