

GRITSHAVE BECOME FREE TRADERS NOW

Removal of Duty on Farm Implements Their Latest.

SUDDEN CHANGE OF FRONT ON QUESTION.

Would Have the Government Do That They Themselves in Power Would Not Do, Even Under Reciprocity Plan.

Ottawa, March 11.—The Iron and Steel industry yesterday, the farming industry today, Parliament is having its fill of tariff debates. The things the Liberals did not do when they had the power, they want the Conservatives to do now. They would not reduce the tariff on agricultural implements when they could have done so, even under the reciprocity arrangement the reduction was to be only infinitesimal, but now they are great "free traders as England" and they want the duty on these articles removed altogether.

Mr. Borden twitted them upon their change of front. In power, he pointed out, they were protectionists, in opposition free traders. The Premier said he had made known his views on this question everywhere he went, and when he faced the stiffest free traders of the west and had asked them if they would accept a policy that would close up factories and put men out of work, he had never met an audience that wanted to do that.

Would Kill the Industry.

A quarter of a century ago there were a score of companies in Canada manufacturing ploughs, and when the duty was reduced to 20 per cent, nearly all of these industries were wiped out, and a further reduction might mean further elimination. If the duty was wiped out altogether, it would be the end of the industry. It was possible the people of Canada might find themselves in the clutches of the International Implement Trust and then they would be in a worse case than before. He had never heard how, by treaty or otherwise, the actions of American trusts could be made more comfortable for Canada than for the people of the United States. In Canada we had legislation to meet our own ends, but with international concerns it would be difficult. However, the Premier said he would not go into the question at this time, but leave it for the budget speech of the Finance minister.

Hon. Arthur Meighen pointed out that the Liberals might well think that it is impossible for any government to make its own ends. He made a budget speech were only paying to the gallery in bringing on this question. Mr. Meighen noted that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was committing himself on the question.

During question hour Hon. Mr. Reid told Mr. W. S. Middlemore that the expenditure on the ocean division of the N. T. R. from Montreal to Winnipeg had been up to last year \$140,562, 147 exclusive of interest and it was estimated it would cost \$20,756,640 to complete. The total cost of the Quebec bridge would be over \$32,000,000, the old bridge costing \$6,424,000, and the Royal Commission \$31,765. The sum of \$4,839,318 has been spent on reconstruction and \$12,000,000 will be necessary. As regards the cost of the N. T. R., it was stated that \$41,966,890 had been paid out of borrowings and the rest out of revenues.

Hon. T. W. Crothers introduced his resolution to prohibit the manufacture, sale and importation of white phosphorus matches in Canada. He said in explanation that it was desirable to protect not only the workman in the factory from "phosby jaw" and other consequences of the injurious effects of the phosphorus but the homes as well, since children had been poisoned through this medium and it has been used to further criminal ends. Crystallizable, a harmless substitute for phosphorus could be employed instead. Match manufacturers had no objection to the bill and it was proposed to enforce it in 1915.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. Rodolph Lemieux, and Hon. G. P. Graham advocated bringing the legislation into force more immediately and Mr. Crothers said he was not opposed to this. This bill was given first reading. Hon. J. D. Hazen then introduced his resolution to abolish the Harbor Commission of North Sydney, N. B., and appoint a harbor master in lieu thereof under the Marine Department. Mr. Hazen explained that the duties at present constituted a disorganization system North Sydney. B. D. MacKenzie, of Cape Breton, urged upon the minister the desirability of making North Sydney a free port.

To Conform with British Laws.

This bill, as was the case with another bill to consolidate and amend the Canada Shipping Act, was given first reading in regard to the latter Mr. Hazen explained that many of its provisions would likely prove contentious ones and the bill might not pass this session. It was proposed to bring Canadian legislation into uniformity with that of the United Kingdom and some substantial changes were proposed.

Exemptions from registration for instance, including gasoline launches, must take out licenses and have license number painted on bow and (Continued on page 1)

THE I.C.R. DISCUSSED IN THE SENATE

Insufficiency of the Service Brought Up by Senator Poirier.

FOR RESTORING THE OCEAN LIMITED.

The Loss for Running Trains, Both Ways, Sixteen Hundred Dollars a Day Last Year.

Ottawa, Mar. 11.—In the Senate this afternoon Senator Poirier called the attention of the government to the inefficiency of the train services on the I. C. R. and asked for the re-establishment of the Ocean Limited. Senator Poirier stated that at present a trip could not be made from the capital of Canada by the I. C. R. route without a delay at Montreal. The train service had been reduced in the interests of economy and to enable the road to earn a profit, but the Intercolonial was not designed to be a source of profit but a bond of confederation. The route was not designed for economy but for defence. Formerly a traveller could leave St. John or Halifax on one day and reach Ottawa the next. Now this could not be done over Canadian territory. Two days were now required. There were two government built roads from the Maritime Provinces and no adequate service. The National Transcontinental was in the peculiar position of being incomplete at one end while it was written at the other. The Ocean Limited, which had been restored or the remaining through train should have its times changed to make proper connections at Montreal for a through train.

Senator Power said the management of the I. C. R. had turned back to conditions of twenty years ago. Today a man could not leave Ottawa and journey to the Maritimes. Provinces without loss of time. The train that left Montreal at eight o'clock in the morning and to take it, a person had to leave Ottawa the night before and stay in Montreal over night. The general manager of the I. C. R. had been obtained from the C. P. R. and he had brought in C. P. R. officials so that the principal heads of the I. C. R. were C. P. R. men. The train service which had been instituted by the new management could not have been designed so as to more thoroughly hinder the I. C. R. from getting business or better than the C. P. R. retaining business. Something approaching the old order should be restored.

Senator Daniel said the statement just made were borne out by the facts. The government had attempted to put the I. C. R. on a paying business basis. The result was that while the former years obtained from the C. P. R. retaining business. Something approaching the old order should be restored.

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Reformers of Ireland BIG COLONIZATION PLAN FOR NEW BRUNSWICK

TWO MORE REGIMENTS ARE ORDERED TO MEXICAN BORDER

Sent for Patrol Duty as Fears of More Outrages Increase—Over Eighteen Thousand American Troops Now in Texas

Washington, March 11.—Dispatch of two additional regiments of American infantry to Eagle Pass and Laredo, Texas, to ally fears of raids by Mexicans, and the appearance here of General Felix Diaz and friends with a plan to solve the Mexican problem were the chief developments today in the Mexican situation.

The troops were ordered to the border at the request of Senator Shepard and Representative Garney. The latter told the President there was a good deal of cash in the border banks and Americans wanted to be protected against any sudden raid or invasion which might result from sensational overnight developments at any time in the Mexican situation. Mr. Garney also said much cattle had disappeared lately, and residents believed Mexicans were responsible. Today's orders for the despatch of two more regiments to Texas will result in the assembly in that state of nearly 18,000 troops, more by 3,000 than the entire force of the regular army which General Shafter led into Cuba. Nearly 11,000 of these soldiers are in camp at Fortas City under command of Brig-General Fred Funston of Philippine fame. The others are scattered along the border from Brownsville, Texas, to Nogales, Arizona, the largest garrisons being maintained at El Paso, Nogales, Douglas, Laredo, Eagle Pass, and Brownsville, where the railroads from the United States enter Mexico. President Wilson approved the orders within a half hour after they were prepared, and it was explained at the White House that the plan to strengthen the border patrol had been adopted at the suggestion of Representative Garret of Texas, who told the President and Secretary Garrison that the people on the border had become very uneasy as a result of the Vergara incident and that in addition to preserving the neutrality laws the presence of the troops would do much to restore confidence on the border. El Paso, Texas, March 11.—The effort of General Carranza to prevent unjust confiscation of property in rebel territory in Mexico will take the form of a commission to review the evidence on which seizures already have been made and to investigate before others are made in the future. The commission, it is said, will sit first at Juarez after the arrival of Carranza, probably about ten days hence. The commission, however, is expected to avoid such mistakes as the one made when the three thousand acre ranch of General W. B. Snyman, a British subject, was seized, only to be turned back to the owner on investigation. It is now intended that the investigation shall be made first. It is believed by those who have talked with Carranza that it will assure the justice of confiscations based on enemy to the constitutional cause as the Terrazas estates, and of such seizures as the gambling privileges at Juarez taken over by General Villa. The income from the gambling, which is considerable is being devoted to the support of the rebel army.

Premier Flemming Announces Scheme to Settle Large Area of Province.

Ask Twenty Thousand Acres of Crown Land and Will Settle 200 Families in Fifteen Years—Build Roads and Schools.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, March 11.—In the legislature this afternoon Premier Flemming introduced a bill to provide for a big colonization scheme in which W. Leonard Palmer of the London Financial News has interested a number of wealthy Englishmen who have become incorporated in the old country as the New Brunswick Company Limited. The English corporation has acquired a large tract of land in Sunbury and Queen's County and the bill provides that they will have granted to them 20,000 acres of crown lands, with the executive council having power to increase the amount to 50,000 acres if desirable under conditions which call for the splitting up of the property into 100 acre lots with 200 families to be settled in a period of fifteen years. The company agree to make expenditures for opening up roads, providing school houses and other facilities and to expend not less than \$1,000 per annum in advertising in Great Britain. There is also provision for houses and other buildings up to a certain standard on each lot and the whole matter was declared by the premier to be one which would result in extensive colonization work of a sound nature in a central section of the province.

Among the English capitalists named as interested in the proposition with Mr. Palmer were Messrs. David N. Shaw, H. Anandale, Frank Dawson, F. Newsome, Smith, L. H. Everett and C. W. Outram.

Governor Visits House.

Governor Wood visited the assembly chamber this afternoon for the first time since the opening and assented to the first bills of the session, including the following: To legalize certain marriages, relating to the repair and equipment of the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium, relating to the agricultural instruction act, relating to the tuberculosis in cattle, relating to interest on provincial debentures and relating to the fisheries in the harbor of St. John.

At the conclusion of the afternoon session Miss Bolton, of Toronto, an officer of the National Executive of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, addressed the members of the legislature, members of the provincial chapter and Sir Howard Douglas Chapter and others in the assembly chamber. Speaker Dickson presided with Mrs. G. C. Vanwart, the provincial regent, and at the conclusion of Miss Bolton's address on the Daughters of the Empire and their work along imperial lines a vote of thanks was moved by Premier Flemming, seconded by Attorney General Clarke and passed.

Miss Bolton had previously addressed members of the local chapters at Elmford, where she was the guest of honor at a tea given by Mrs. H. G. C. Keitchum and Mrs. A. J. Gregory. She is making a coast to coast tour, having started from Prince Rupert, B. C., and will go from here to St. John and afterwards as far east as Charlotte Town, P. E. I., and Sydney, Cape Breton.

The bill to amend the act providing for the government of the city of St. John by an elective commission passed the commonsense this afternoon with the amendment recommended by the municipalities committee to make the hours of polling from 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

James L. Sague, who is here watching legislation for the Trades and Labor Council, applied to the change in the hour of polling when the bill was before the municipalities committee. Hon. John E. Wilson, president of the executive council, is leaving in the morning for St. John to attend the funeral of the late Sheriff deForest.

The house met at 2.25 o'clock. Mr. Dugal gave notice of inquiry with regard to the dismissal of A. R. Foster from the position of provincial constable.

Mr. Swin gave notice of inquiry with regard to the rebuilding of the Barnaby River bridge. Mr. Young presented the petition of the Council of Physicians and Surgeons of New Brunswick in favor of a bill to amend the New Brunswick Medical Act.

(Continued on page 5)

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO. DECLARES DIVIDEND

NEW YORK, MAR. 11.—The American Express Company today declared a quarterly dividend of one one-half per cent, which is a reduction of one-half of one per cent. from the last quarterly dividend declared December 3rd. The dividend declared today is payable out of investments held by the company. The previous dividend of two per cent. was payable out of transportation proceeds.

REFORMERS OF IRELAND, PAST AND PRESENT.

Agitations are just as earnest, but not quite so drastically dealt with in Ireland these days as when the artist thus depicted the Irish exile on the shores of France or America. Inset are the pictures of Sir Edward Carson, John Redmond, and William O'Brien, the leading Irish "agitators" of the present day.

Men who Shot Constable Are Still at Large

Sleigh Bearing Blood Stains, and Believed to Have Been Used by Robbers is Located—Second Policeman Shot Near Heart.

Montreal, March 11.—Thirty constables and detectives have been searching the city and district for signs of the gunmen who early this morning fatally shot a constable and wounded another. The best they have done up to late tonight was to ascertain the name of the driver of the sleigh, and upon this clue they are working to accomplish his apprehension, and through him learn who were the murderous brigands he conveyed to and from the scene of this morning's dastardly crime. The robbers were surprised in the store by a St. Laurent policeman, and as they drove rapidly away in their red sleigh along the country road to the station, the sleigh was notified by telephone. The three men at the Cole-Des-Neiges station hid in ambush at the side of the main road, as the sleigh came dashing up, Brisard halted the driver and grabbed the horse's rein, whilst Bourdon and Guyon, his companion, appeared on either side of the sleigh. The occupants, hidden under rugs, commenced firing rapidly at the constables, who, hardly anticipating the onslaught, were hanging on to the sleigh. Bourdon was armed, but he had not time to pull his revolver before he fell, with three shots through his body. Seeing this Guyon madly hurled himself into the sleigh, seized one of the murderers by the neck, only to be shot himself at point blank range. The robbers threw him out of the sleigh and drove off while the third constable, who had been clinging to the maddened horse's head, slipped his revolver after the party, one of whom it is believed was hit. Guyon is shot through the left lung close to the heart. A bullet, of the kind usually worn on furcoats and discovered in the bottom of the sleigh, is an important clue in the hands of the police, who are directing their efforts chiefly to finding the driver of the sleigh. Another driver has supplied the police with the name of a colleague who was missing from his usual stand today, and who generally drove a red-painted vehicle. The sleigh had been returned unnoticed before eight o'clock to the stand outside the Bonaventure Grand Trunk station. It bears blood stains and wet marks. The police later in the day raided a house on St. Agathe Lane, and detained three men, who are held as material witnesses, although it is not known yet whether they had any actual connections with crime.

POLICE ON HUNT FOR MISSING GIRL

Young Woman Disappears After Fire, Origin of Which is Also a Mystery to Family.

FORGER BROKE JAIL AND IS IN MONTREAL

Bad Cheque Artist Improvised Wrench Out of Piece of Iron and Unscrewed Nuts in Cell Door.

Hon. Dr. Reid Tells Deputation No Subsidies Likely to be Granted This Year.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 11.—It is highly improbable that any railway subsidies will be granted the government this year. Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Railways, left for Europe without having given any assurance to those railways that are asking subsidies that these claims would be acceded to as he will not return until the drying days of the session, it may be taken for granted that he has made up his mind that none will be granted this year.

In receiving a deputation of shareholders of Ottawa and Morrisburg Electric Railway, Hon. Dr. Reid, who is acting Minister of Railways, voiced the opinion that there would be no subsidies given this season. The fact came out in the discussion that never yet has a Canadian government subsidized a purely electric railway, but the growth in number of these throughout the country is such that the question of placing them on the same basis as steam railways is under the consideration of administration, and it is very probable that in the very near future the old policy in this respect will be departed from and electric as well as steam railways assisted.

Kinco Trust Co. probable cause was found and he was bound over to await the action of the Somerset county grand jury. He was awaiting transportation to the county jail at Skowhegan when he made his escape.

Jackman, Maine, March 11.—Securing a piece of iron and bending it into an improvised wrench with which he managed to unscrew the nuts on his cell door, George Carney, believed by the Maine police to be a clever forger or with an extensive record in the States and Canada as a "bad check" artist, made his escape from the looking at Jackman the other night. He succeeded in bending the Canadian Pacific train from St. John to Montreal which passes through Jackman about midnight, and make his getaway across the Canadian border. Carney is believed to be in Montreal, and it is possible that extradition proceedings may be invoked if the police of that city, who have been notified, succeed in arresting him. Carney has been staying in town for some time and appeared to be a man of means and leisure. He was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Armstrong, charged with forging checks, on the

AGED P. E. I. WOMAN IS FIRE VICTIM

Wife of Janitor of Charlotte-town Church Burned to Death—Found in Burning Building Unconscious.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Mar. 11.—Another deplorable fatality, the third of the kind to have taken place in this province this winter, in which an aged person was the victim, occurred this morning at Summerside, where Mrs. William Daley, aged eighty years, wife of janitor of the Presbyterian church, was burned to death. About seven o'clock a neighbor, J. J. McNally, heard cries of help coming from the Daley cottage and saw smoke issuing from the front door. He rushed over, partly dressed and met at the door the aged husband. The latter informed him that his wife had met with an accident and was lying inside on the floor. Mr. McNally on going in found the woman lying face down, her clothing almost burned from her back. He carried her outside and when he reached the door she expired.

HARNES FACTORY BURNS; LOSS NEARLY \$125,000.

Toronto, March 11.—George A. Kinn Company's harness factory, King street West, and the Robert Crean Company's hat manufactory adjoining were destroyed by fire this evening. The total damage is estimated at about \$125,000. One hundred men are thrown out of work in consequence of the fire. Some of the firemen had narrow escapes while fighting the flames.

OPPOSITION TO THE REPEAL OF THE EXEMPTION CLAUSE WILL BE FRUITLESS

Canvass of Situation at Washington Practically Assures the Withdrawal of the Provision—Senate Committee on Ocean Traffic Will Await Action of Congress.

Washington, Mar. 11.—With debate on the repeal of the exemption clause of the Panama Canal act about to begin in the house, interest in the outcome of the President's request of Congress was intensified today, opponents of the repeal displaying unusual activity. To the administration leaders who have made a thorough canvass of the Senate, it appeared practically certain tonight that opposition to the repeal will be fruitless.

Announcement yesterday that the Senate committee on inter-oceanic canals had determined to await action by the house before taking up the repeal controversy for consideration created some comment in the Senate. Chairman Adams of the House Interstate Commerce Committee failed today to get assurance of unanimous consent to take up the repeal bill, and he promptly introduced a resolution calling for a special rule to expedite action. The bill will not be called up until the latter part of next week. The rule asked for, which it is expected the rules committee will report, would provide for fifteen hours of general debate on the measure.

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INVESTMENT IN RESERVE DEVELOPMENT OF OYSTER BEDS

Flemming Government Doing Much to Revive Industry—Many Beds were Destroyed by Farmers—Bids Fair to Become Great Provincial Asset.

The Canadian Fisherman for March says: "Considerable interest is now being manifested in the question of developing the oyster industry of the Province of New Brunswick. Premier Flemming, who has given the matter a good deal of attention, plans at the first opportunity to pay visits to the oyster growing districts on some parts of the American coast with a view to studying conditions at first hand, and getting pointers on the problem of encouraging the industry in this province. The oyster fisheries of New Brunswick have not in the past received much attention in the way of systematic planning for their conservation and development.

In 1886 New Brunswick's production of oysters was 28,083 barrels, the highest yield on record. From then the production gradually declined till in 1903 it was placed at 12,470 barrels. Since that year the production has slowly increased, though the industry has not been given much care. In 1910 the production was 14,045 barrels, distributed as follows: Bathurst, 200 bbls.; Caraquet, 300; Shippeagan, 40; Tracadie, 30; Nequame, 2,800; Bay du Vin, 3,800; Chatham, 420; Richibucto, 300; Buctouche, 3,240; Cocagne, 2,800; Shediac, 400; Botsford, 350; Sackville, 60.

Destructive Methods.

It is not so long ago that oysters in New Brunswick were burned to obtain the lime in their shells, and mud digging machines were used to raise the material of the oyster beds, which the farmers considered very valuable as a fertilizer for their land. In the face of such wanton destruction, and the reckless fishing, pollution of the waters and destruction of the young, it is surprising that New Brunswick has continued to be a producer of oysters on the scale it has. Many areas which were formerly prolific are now barren, and the production has only been kept up at all by the discovery and exploitation of new beds.

Encouraging Industry.

One reason why the public authorities have been slow to take up the matter of oyster culture, has been the disputes between the Dominion and provincial government, as to which had the right to issue leases; another has been the opposition of the fishermen to the idea of leasing areas to any body. A year or so ago the dispute between the governments was settled in favor of the province, and Mr. Flemming's government has tackled the problem of encouraging the industry. His government does not intend to rouse the opposition of fishermen by trying to lease areas at present, but it has passed an act providing for the leasing of barren bottoms on certain sections of the coast to companies or individuals who will enter into obligations to establish and plant oyster beds, and after an interval of seven years pay the province a royalty on the production. Two large companies have already taken leases of barren areas on this understanding, and there is every reason to believe that other companies will be formed to take up such leases. With artificial culture of private beds and better protection of the public beds, the oyster industry of the province should attain to considerable proportions in the near future, and become a source of revenue to the government as well as of profit to the parties engaged in it.

St. John's Consumption.

The possibilities of this industry are indicated by the fact that Canada imports nearly half a million dollars worth of oysters annually. At present prices oysters are a luxury. With the lower prices which increased production would make possible, the consumption would greatly increase. It is estimated that St. John city at one time consumed between 10,000 and 15,000 barrels of oysters a year, mostly native production, but now the bulk of the oysters consumed there is imported from the States, and owing to high prices, the consumption is not as large as it was.

MANY CASES UP IN COURT TRYING TO MAKE TERMS

There was a busy session in the police court yesterday afternoon when several cases came up before Magistrate Ritchie, and much evidence was taken. Charges of house-breaking, violation of the law were dealt with, and to say the least, the proceedings were rather varied.

Lewis McDonald Was before His Honor on the charge of assaulting the proprietor of a Main street pool room one day last week. McDonald was arrested yesterday morning by Deputy Chief Jenkins. Evidence was taken in the case and a fine of \$20 or two months in jail struck against the prisoner. The fine, which was allowed as a matter of course, was not paid, and the judge that he would take the pledge. E. S. Ritchie appeared for McDonald.

Murtle Chedevie was before the court on the charge of stealing a diamond ring from the home of Mrs. H. M. Stanbury, while she was present in the house as a servant. The ring, which is alleged that the girl stole, was the property of Mrs. Stanbury. Little evidence in connection with the case was taken at yesterday afternoon's session, and on application of E. S. Ritchie, counsel for the defendant, the girl was allowed out on bail to appear in court on Saturday morning, when several witnesses will be called.

Thomas Davis, who was before the court charged with stealing five dollars and also with being drunk, was remanded on the former charge until more persons could be brought to testify in the case. On the charge of drunkenness he was sentenced to a fine of eight dollars or three months in jail.

On the charge of breaking and entering the house of Councillor Dean, at Lorneville, Alfred Campbell was brought before the court and when the facts of the case were brought out in the evidence submitted, the Magistrate sentenced Campbell to a term of three months in the Alms House.

MACKENZIE.

The first white man to penetrate the rocky fastnesses of the Canadian Rockies and Selkirk and reach the Pacific coast of the British Columbia of the future was Sir Alexander Mackenzie, who died in his native Scotland ninety-four years ago today. During the period between 1789 and 1793 this intrepid and hardy Scotch explorer wandered through that wild country which is now the Canadian West. He discovered the great Mackenzie river, which perpetuates his name, and followed it to where it flows into the Arctic Ocean at Mackenzie Bay. He also explored the Peace River to its source. Mackenzie was a member of the Northwest Company, the big rival of the Hudson's Bay Company. He was knighted by the King, and lived to understand in some slight proportion the importance of his work, although at that time nobody guessed that the vast area now constituting the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia would ever have any value except for the fur companies. Mackenzie's trip across the continent to the Pacific and Arctic coasts, through forests and across prairie and over mountains, ranks among the most memorable of the expeditions of western pioneers.

Sir Wm. MacKenzie Still Negotiating for Bond Guarantee—Not Having Much Success So Far.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, March 11.—Sir Wm. MacKenzie is still negotiating with the government regarding the guarantee of C. N. R. bond which he desires the government to give. It is understood that the fine, which was allowed as a matter of course, was not paid, and the judge that he would take the pledge. E. S. Ritchie appeared for McDonald.

FUNERAL OF ALD. MAJOR AT CAPITAL YESTERDAY

Frederickton, March 11.—The funeral of the late Ald. Major took place this afternoon from his late residence on Needham street, and was largely attended. The deceased was 68 years of age. The services were held at the home of Mrs. W. H. Smith conducted the services at the house, and members of St. Paul's Presbyterian church sang the hymns, "Nearer My God to Thee," and "A Few More Years to Roll." Interment was made at the rural cemetery. The mourners were: James Mavor, Leslie Mavor, George Mavor, James Mavor, sr., Leslie Mavor, sr., Alex. Mavor, George Barclay and James Duncan. The four brothers acted as pall-bearers.

TRY UNGAR'S LAUNDRY.

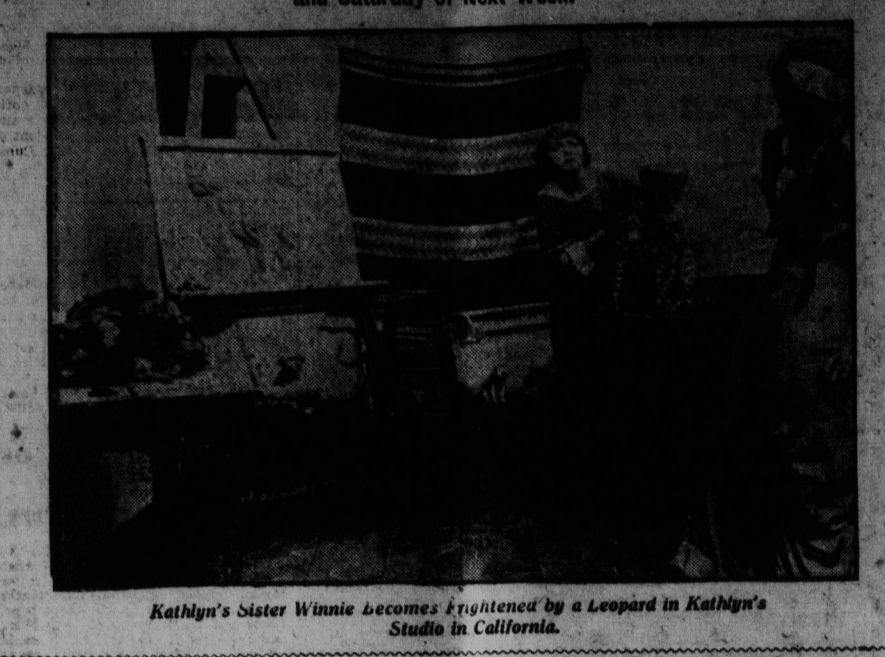
No date has yet been fixed for the special meeting of the county council to consider the report of the finance committee on the head of voting an additional sum of \$12,000 or \$15,000 for the Tuberculosis Hospital, but it is intended to call the meeting shortly.

DEATHS.

THURMOTT—In this city on the twelfth instant, Mrs. Elizabeth Thurmott, at her residence, Clifton street. She was the wife of John Thurmott, leaving one son in Australia, and one daughter at home.

SCENE FROM KATHLYN

To Appear in The Standard on Saturday of this week and in The Imperial Theatre on Friday and Saturday of Next Week.



Kathlyn's Sister Winnie becomes frightened by a Leopard in Kathlyn's Studio in California.

GRITS HAVE BECOME FREE TRADERS NOW

(Continued from page 1)

Changes are made in the coasting regulations, which are at present considered so severe that many Canadian vessels have been registered in the Barbadoes to escape them. A limited foreign-going certificate will be granted on the passing of any easy examination which will enable the captain of sailing ships to go to the Atlantic coast as far south as the West Indies, Bermuda and South American ports. The limit of tonnage necessitating the employment of certificate masters has been raised to 600 tons.

Another provision gives power to the Marine Department to make regulations as regards speed, number of passengers, etc., for motor boats on inland and coast waters, the number of which has enormously increased. Representations have been made to the department as to the necessity of making such regulations.

Various provisions are made for additional safety on board vessels which permit the prevention of vessels from putting to sea in a suspected unsafe condition. In wreck inquiries legal as well as nautical assessors will be appointed and such inquiries may be held without the formal appointment of a wreck commission. Various other provisions are contained in the act with respect to warehousing of cargoes and other matters.

As an amendment to the motion to go into supply, W. E. Knowles then moved "That in the opinion of this house the time has arrived when, in the interest of the farmers and consequently in the interest of Canada as a whole, the duty on agricultural implements shall be forthwith removed."

Stating that the agricultural industry was the basis one and that it was the hard working farmer and not the "millionaire in their clubs in Montreal and Toronto" who produced the prosperity of Canada, Mr. Knowles went on to argue from the vote in Saskatchewan in the last election that the farmers of that province wanted lower tariffs.

Protection when it was not needed was wrong and it was not needed by the agricultural implement industry. Premier Borden, noting that Mr. Knowles' enthusiasm for removal of duties had been carefully restrained during the time his party was in power, also introduced a bill to amend the dairy produce act by making illegal the manufacture of butter substitutes.

Hon. W. T. White gave notice of a bill to amend the insurance act. The principal amendment provides for more adequate protection of foreign investors and is designed to meet the defects in the act disclosed in the recent investigation into the Union Life Insurance Company of Toronto.

A second bill proposed by the Minister of Finance provides for raising the present maximum amount of insurance which may be taken out under the Civil Service Insurance Act from \$1,000 to \$3,000.

Mr. Borden said that when he had faced the strongest free traders of the west and had asked them whether they wanted the government to embark on a policy which would mean closing up industries involving millions of dollars and employing thousands of workmen, he had found no western audience ready to drive a government to this step.

The policy upon which the Liberal government had come to the country in 1911, reciprocity itself did not propose to abolish the duties on agricultural implements but simply to lessen them. Mr. Borden pointed out the removal of a duty did not always have the effect desired. It might be possible that the people of this country would be delivered into the hands of an international trust in agricultural implements and would not then find themselves much better off.

Resolution Lost.

The veto was taken shortly before two o'clock and Mr. Knowles' resolution was defeated on a straight party vote of 33 to 44, a government majority of 11.

Importance Attached to Meeting in View of Activity of Triple Alliance in the Balkan States.

Venice, Mar. 11.—King Victor Emmanuel and Emperor William will meet here March 24, when the Emperor passes through Venice on the way to his villa on the island of Corfu. If Emperor Augustus Victoria accompanies Emperor William on the trip Queen Helena will come to Venice to greet her.

Importance is being attached to the meeting of the two sovereigns in view of the activity of the Triple Alliance in the Balkan States, especially Albania, and the belief that further concerted influence will be exercised by the Triple Alliance both in the Balkans and the Mediterranean.

ROSEMARY OF THE TOURISTS

Vandalism of Militants Likely to Keep Visitors Away—Insane Asylums For Suffragettes Suggested.

London, Mar. 11.—That portion of London which harvests the dollars of American tourists is showing much alarm over the sight-seeing shirms as a result of acts of vandalism committed by suffragettes. The manager of an hotel, half of whose guests come from the United States, said that the places now closed are those which American tourists come half-way across the world to see and that therefore he looks for a heavy loss, arguing that if a number of tourists do not remain away they are almost sure to curtail their stays at points of interest.

It is also feared, according to the hotel manager, that the stories of suffragette outrages have been so spread in the United States that the timid tourists will give London a wide berth. As the suffragettes' bombs have usually been placed at points to which tourists are attracted, the claim is made that fear of explosions have caused many American women to hasten through London without making their usual stops.

The manager of a large tourist agency said today that the activities of the suffragettes undoubtedly would lessen the influx of tourists from the continent during the Easter season.

London also is complaining about the payment of the costs of suffragette outrages and efforts will be made to extend to England the Malleous Damages Act of Ireland which makes the state responsible for losses growing out of such outbreaks. When Reginald McKenna, the home secretary today, in parliament, confessed helplessness in the matter and invited suggestions, a voice from the Unionist side suggested reciprocity with South Africa by deporting the suffragettes there in exchange for the labor leaders recently sent from South Africa to England.

The newspapers in their editorials express intense indignation at the acts of vandalism of suffragettes, but beyond suggesting that the perpetrators of the outrages be confined in insane asylums, they have no remedy for the situation to offer.

Indiscriminate Charity now Recognized as Injurious—Must Remove Cause of Downfall

The indiscriminate giving of charity is now recognized as being a bad thing, rather than a good thing, it is suggested by the very conditions that the donor seeks to remedy. To make every able bodied man self-supporting is the goal that society is now aiming at.

The next thing is to counteract the wrong, to undo it as far as possible. Labor, evil influences, and indolent habits are largely the cause of the state of affairs. Then these men must be placed in such a position that they will be, as far as possible, protected from temptation, and more than their stays at points of interest.

Among the many agencies that are seeking to accomplish this, none have been found more successful than the Salvation Army. Here, where possible, an industrial department is maintained, to supply the "down and out" with temporary work until he can be placed in a permanent position. Here he is made to feel that there is something better for him to do, and no matter how far down he may have gone, he very often responds to this treatment, and more than justifies the trouble and expense necessary for his reclamation.

GERMAN WAR TAX ON AMERICANS OPPOSED

Berlin, Mar. 11.—The German-American Commercial Union has entered a protest through the United States embassy to the German government against the imposition of the new "war tax" on American residents in Germany.

By a law passed last year in connection with the increase of the German army, all persons in Germany with an income of over \$700 and up to \$2,500 a year have to pay an extra tax of one-half of one per cent. The tax increases progressively up to two per cent on incomes of \$12,500 and over.

Much the same exists in East Prussia, where the tax on incomes of over \$1,000 is increased to two per cent. The tax on incomes of over \$2,500 is increased to three per cent. The tax on incomes of over \$5,000 is increased to four per cent. The tax on incomes of over \$10,000 is increased to five per cent.

IMPERIAL

TODAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Daniel Frohman's Famous Plays Co. Presents Miriam Mickelson's Charming Story-Play.

"IN THE BISHOP'S CARRIAGE"

Featuring the Universal Favorite.

LITTLE MARY PICKFORD

As Nancy, the Underworld Child.

IT IS DOUBTFUL IF A BETTER "VEHICLE" (Joke) THAN this fine story could have been selected to show off the delightful little moods and coquetry of Miss Pickford. She is irresistibly sweet and dashing as the girl who runs away from the orphanage, falls in with crooks, then becomes a ballet dancer and finally settles down to the simple and pure life of a dear little nobody. David Belasco controls Mary's theatrical fortunes now and kindly lent her to Mr. Frohman for this production and a few others. She is sure of a welcome here.

Mab & Weiss, the Midgets, Still Big Hit

BETTY DONN, Phenomenal Soprano

READ THIS: In Next Saturday's Standard Newspaper the first installment of the greatest motion picture Serial ever issued will appear. We will show the film the following Saturday, viz.

"THE ADVENTURES OF KATHLYN"

OPERA HOUSE THOMPSON-WOODS STOCK CO.

ALL THIS WEEK

The funniest rural comedy on record.

"Quincy Adams Sawyer"

Beginning Wednesday Matinee March 18th and Balance of Week "THE ROSARY."

NEXT WEEK

Mon. Tues. and Wed. Matinee

F. M. A. ASSOCIATION

CAPT. JACK, The Irish Outlaw

2 OF THE BEST FOR YOU BRONCHO TWO CHAPTER

Exciting Melodrama

"The Exonerated"

Costume Play of the Old West and the New. The Thief, the Accusation, the Flight.

INDIANS ON THE WARPATH

Fight on the Mountain Side.

The Dutch and the Irish Play Ball

"The Pilchers"

Fast Playing Farce with Hairs and Pat at the Hat

STAR'S FROM THE VAUDEVILLE SKY TO LIGHT YOUR WAY TO MOMENTS OF PLEASURE

K. B. HELO-DRAMA

"THE LOADED DICE"

Decidedly Sensational Story of the Desert Lands.

PURE ESSENCE OF COMEDY

"CAUGHT IN THE NET."

A DANNY OFFERING

"PROBLY OF LOVE SOLVED"

MON.-ST. PATRICK'S DAY

WATERALL AND WINFIELD

THE SINGER AND THE FUNNY GIRL

BEAVER BOARD

Walls and Ceilings.

Learn how easily and quickly, and with what durable and beautiful results you can put up

BEAVER BOARD

Walls and Ceilings.

Will not crack, can be put up any time of year, painted, not covered with glue, and does not require any special treatment in winter, cooler in summer, is easily handled by day, weighs 10 lbs. per sheet.

BEAVER BOARD is the best material for walls and ceilings. It is made of pure wood, free from knots, and is guaranteed to last for years. It is the best material for walls and ceilings. It is made of pure wood, free from knots, and is guaranteed to last for years.

The Beaver Board Co., Ltd. 455 Wall St., Beaverville, Ont.

Canada: 455 Wall street Beaverville, Ottawa. Great Britain: 4 Southampton row, London, W. C. United States: 118 Beaver road, Buffalo, N. Y.

Beaver Board

For Sale by W. H. Thorne & Co.

ANNUAL MEETING OF N. B. COAL, IRON AND CLAY CO. YESTERDAY

Special to The Standard.

Frederickton, March 11.—The annual meeting of the New Brunswick Coal, Iron and Clay Company was held at the Barker House. Last year the company carried on investigations and development as their property in Queen's County for a season of five months and with encouraging results. This year it is expected to have the provincial government fully engaged and to continue the investigations and development work.

The following officers were re-elected: President, H. W. Woods, M. L. A.; Vice-President, Dr. William W. King; Secretary, W. H. King; Treasurer, D. King; and W. H. King.

People of Sch... in Still...
MORE STR... METHO...
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Berlin, Mar. 11.—The... of Schlew... has been pass... semi-continent... of the pro... ally considered...
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Porto to minimize Portion of Danes Fails

People of Schleswig-Holstein Still Anti-Prussian.

Indications that Prussia is to Use More Severe Methods in Dealing with Alien Races.

Berlin, Mar. 11.—Half a century of effort to Erastianize the Danish population of Schleswig-Holstein, which has been passing in review with the semi-centennial celebration of the conquering of the province, is being generally considered as a failure.

The Danish people of northern Schleswig are today more unrecanted and more anti-Prussian than ever. Although the younger generation knows nothing at first hand of the days when the province was Danish, the thousands of Danes have declined to participate in the celebrations which are being held.

By the treaty of Prague, which terminated the Franco-Austrian war, Austria renounced all claim to Schleswig-Holstein, but insisted that there should be a plebiscite in northern Schleswig, and that if the inhabitants or any defined district should vote in favor of remaining Danish subjects, such territory was to be ceded back to Denmark.

Efforts of the authorities to prevent the Danes from coming together in associations or other gatherings, manifested particularly in threats of governmental displeasure to the owners of suitable halls, have been met by the Danes through the erection of some fifty assembly halls in various towns. They still refer to themselves as "anti-Prussians," Prussians by compulsion.

Much the same state of affairs exists in East Prussia and Posen among the Poles. Despite their claims, unlike the Danes, they do not occupy any considerable territory exclusively, they have firmly resisted the Prussian efforts to wear them down to their mother tongue and their own customs. Prussia has expended nearly \$250,000,000 in expatriating Polish landowners and settling Germans on the land thus acquired; but the Polish landowners are probably larger today than ever before.

There are manifold indications that Prussia's treatment of alien races subject to her is to be much severer in the future. The Prussian authorities of a small Danish town, refused to permit the arrival of a Danish university to make public address in the Danish tongue on methods of combating the housing. The address has been prohibited, undoubtedly in compliance to instructions from Berlin.

Fifty thousand more recruits must be called to the colors every year and the term of service increased from two years to thirty months, if the German army is to be kept full strength and able to cope with General Von Bernhardi, cavalry tactician, who supports the campaign for increased appropriations for the army. It is argued that even the increase of 155,000 men voted in July will not exhaust the supply of possible recruits. Estimates of the number of able bodied men who will escape conscription vary from 30,000 to 70,000. These men, if not trained, will not be available for service in the next European war, which Von Bernhardi is convinced is impending, and one of two hundred thousand possible soldiers of the younger generation would be left at home, with an equal number of older men with families who would be mobilized in their places. He proposes to remedy this by law authorizing the regulation of the peace strength of the army at a fixed percentage of the population, calculated on the full percentage of able bodied men twenty years old. Other demands to the Reichstag, he says, include increase of the transport and of the aerial fleet, bicycle detachments to accompany the cavalry, more anti-balloon cannon and a further development of wireless telegraphy. Though not boasting openly, the military authorities are satisfied with the development of the aerial division of the army. More than half of the 800 licensed pilots are available for military service. They are trained for reliability rather than for spectacular stunts and have been flying steadily throughout the winter in all kinds of weather, always entrusted with some military task. German aviators now hold both distance and duration records for the world.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of John F. Johnston was held at 2.30 yesterday afternoon from his residence, Bayview. Rev. H. Nobles conducted the services. Interment was in the family lot at Baywater.

The funeral of Mrs. Selma Wetherbee took place yesterday from her late home, Clarence street. Rev. Mr. Crisp officiated and burial was in the Methodist burial ground.

The funeral of little Evelyn Colohan was held yesterday from her parents' residence, Somerset street, interment was in the new Catholic cemetery.

SHIPPING NEWS

SIGNAL SERVICE BULLETIN.

(Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.)

St. John, Mar. 11, 10.00 a. m.—Cape Race, 720—Clear, light southwest. Twenty fifty-five a. m., Emperor of Britain 755 miles southeast, inward. Mar. 10th, two fifteen p. m., Victorian ahead, inward.

Cape Race, 130—Cloudy, northwest. Mar. 10th, four p. m., Lake Manitoba, 65 miles southeast, bound St. John.

Halifax, 287—Clear, moderate northwest. Arr'd Boston 7.35 a. m. S. Mar. 10th, Manchester Commerce at 10.10 p. m.

Cape Race, 130—Snow squalls, strong northwest.

Brier Island, 61—Fair, fresh northwest.

Point Lepreau, 23—Clear, moderate northwest.

Partridge Island, 32—Clear, moderate northwest.

Cape Race, 720—Eleven fifty-five a. m., Kanawha 85 miles east, bound to Halifax.

Sable Island, 328—Cloudy, fresh northwest. Ten a. m., Victorian ahead bound St. John.

Halifax, 287—Cloudy, moderate northwest.

Cape Sable, 138—Clear, strong northwest.

Brier Island, 61—Fair, moderate northwest. Brierdene inward at 11.10 a. m.

Point Lepreau, 23—Cloudy, strong northwest.

Partridge Island, 32—Cloudy, moderate northwest.

Louisburg, N. S., Sid: Strs Hochelega and Heatcoote for St. John at 10 a. m.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamship Royal George left this port last night for Bristol with a large passenger list and general cargo.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

C. P. R. Line steamer Empress of Britain, was 765 miles southeast of Cape Race at 12.55 a. m. today, bound from Liverpool to Halifax.

Allan Line steamer Victorian, bound from Liverpool to St. John, with mails, passengers and general cargo, was ahead of Cape Race at 2.15 p. m. on March 10.

Q. P. R. Line steamer Lake Manitoba, bound from Liverpool to St. John with passengers and general freight, was 65 miles southeast of Sable Island at 4 p. m. March 10.

Head Line steamer Bray Head sailed Tuesday morning from Andrews at St. John.

Manchester Commerce, called from Halifax at 10.10 p. m. Tuesday for St. John.

VESSEL SOLD.

Schooner Bobs has been sold by Herbert Hicks to Medley Blenkinsop, at Parrsboro. A crew arrived there yesterday for Clementson where the Bobs is now in winter quarters. The Bobs is 77 tons register and was built in Sackville in 1894.

VISITS HIS NATIVE CITY.

Captain Wallace Laney, a former Nova Scotian who has been following the sea along the Pacific Coast off and on for the last twenty-seven years and now occupies the important position of President and Manager of the Alaska Rivers Navigation Co., Alaska, is paying a short visit to Halifax.

HARD COAL SCHOONER.

The schooner Wanola is now on her way here from Elizabethport with a cargo of hard coal.

RHEIN'S PASSENGERS HELD UP.

Halifax, March 11.—Docking at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, the North German Lloyd steamer Rhein landed 523 passengers, 200 of whom were held up, not having the passports required by the Canadian immigration laws. The passengers, who were Russians, were detained and the laws read to the effect that immigrants from countries which issue passports must have these passports. The immigration department here submitted the case to Ottawa, where, after the consideration of the authorities telegraphed to Halifax to the effect that the passengers were to continue the journey to their destination, with the exception of some 30 or 40 who did not meet with other regulations required by the department; it is not known yet whether they will be deported or not. The Rhein had 1,683 passengers on board, 1,150 of whom were bound for Balt.

It All Depends On the Liver

So important is the liver and so great is its influence on the other vital organs of the body that it may be said you have little to fear from the ordinary ill of life so long as the liver is in healthful working order. The digestive processes are so dependent on free action of the liver that any derangement of this organ soon brings trouble.

Biliousness and constipation follow with headache and depressed spirits. Additional work is thrown on the kidneys, and soon the whole eliminating system is deranged and the blood carries poisons through the body. Careful eating is a great help towards keeping the liver right, but when it does get wrong there is nothing like Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to restore the liver to healthful action.

With the secretion of bile to the liver, constipation and biliousness are cured, and the digestive and secretory functions set in order. It is wonderful the benefit obtained by a few doses of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills under these circumstances. A trial will convince you of their superior

When you've ordered Silk do you accept Sateen?

Almost a foolish question, but—not quite!

There are still some people who order Kellogg's Corn Flakes and are given a substitute "just as good"—and accept the imitation.

The difference between

more, for which port she sailed at eleven o'clock, three hours after docking. She made a fast passage from Rotterdam, covering the distance to Halifax in ten days.

FOREIGN PORTS.

New York, March 10.—Arr'd schrs Mary A. Hall, St. John; Ernest T. Lee, Calais, St. John; and ...

Portland, Me., March 10.—Arr'd str ...

Antwerp, March 8.—Arr'd str Mount ...

Assu, March 8.—Arr'd str Saga, Halifax ...

Bertha, Halifax, March 6.—Sld str ...

City of London, March 10.—Bound east, schr Wanola from Elizabethport for St. John.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

First Quarter ... 5 1 5 9 a. m. Full Moon ... 15 6 18 a. m.

Last Quarter ... 23 3 39 p. m. New Moon ... 31 2 9 p. m.

W. Water ... 12 4.47 6.21 11.36 ... 5.53 17.55

E. Water ... 12 4.47 6.21 11.36 ... 5.53 17.55

VESSLS IN PORT.

Steamers Briardene, Wm. Thomson & Co. Latitia, 5,764, Robt. Reford Co., Ltd. Montfort, 4,124, C. P. R.

Schooners Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Carrie C. Ware, 165, A. W. Adams. Doane, 239, J. E. Moore.

Elma, 299, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Conans, 360, R. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy.

Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Lucia Porter, 284, P. McIntyre. Laura O'Hall, 99, Master.

Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, J. Splane Co. Oromozito, 121, A. W. Adams.

Peter Schicht, 378, A. W. Adams. Sallie E. Ludlam, 199, D. J. Purdy. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 395, Gregory.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Halifax, March 10.—Sld str Rhein, Baltimore.

Dieby, March 10.—Schr Flora M. of Windsor, arrived here from Boston last night, and is docked at the government pier where she will load lumber for Boston.

Yanconver, B. C., March 8.—Arr'd str Empress of Asia, Robinson, Hong Kong, etc.

Liverpool, N. S., March 5.—Arr'd str Nancy Lee, Las Palmas; 6th, schr Frances V. Swyer, Boston.

BRITISH PORTS.

Barbados, March 8.—Arr'd shp Timandra, Gilkey, Concepcion.

Glasgow, March 10.—Arr'd str N. midian, Portland.

Manchester, March 8.—Sld str ...

STOP THAT DISGUSTING SNIFFLE!

SOOTHING "CATARRHOZONE"—A QUICK CURE

THE RICH HEALING BALSAMS OF CATARRHOZONE ARE DEATH TO COLDS, BAD THROAT AND CATARRH.

Simply a marvel—you get relief so quick from Catarrhozone.

Try the inhaler and count ten; your throat and nose are cleared; you feel better at once.

Every breath you take is laden with the rich spicy vapor of Catarrhozone—every breath is full of healing—full of soothing curative medicine that destroys sniffles and nose colds almost instantly.

Thousands are using Catarrhozone today who couldn't live without it.

Try it for your irritable throat, test it out for that bronchial cough, give it a chance to rid you of that chronic catarrhal condition.

Years of wonderful success and testimony from the best people of our land go to prove that nothing so far discovered is quicker, safer, surer, more pleasant than Catarrhozone. It is in its application purely scientific—is recommended only for certain ailments above mentioned—but those it does certainly cure.

Use the complete dollar outfit of Catarrhozone; it always does the work; small size 50c., sample size, 25c., sold by dealers everywhere.

When you've ordered Silk do you accept Sateen?

Almost a foolish question, but—not quite!

There are still some people who order Kellogg's Corn Flakes and are given a substitute "just as good"—and accept the imitation.

The difference between

Manchester Commerce, Everett, St. John, N. B. Plymouth, March 10.—Arr'd str Olympe, New York.

Portland, Me., March 10.—Arr'd str ...

Antwerp, March 8.—Arr'd str Mount ...

Assu, March 8.—Arr'd str Saga, Halifax ...

Bertha, Halifax, March 6.—Sld str ...

City of London, March 10.—Bound east, schr Wanola from Elizabethport for St. John.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

First Quarter ... 5 1 5 9 a. m. Full Moon ... 15 6 18 a. m.

Last Quarter ... 23 3 39 p. m. New Moon ... 31 2 9 p. m.

W. Water ... 12 4.47 6.21 11.36 ... 5.53 17.55

E. Water ... 12 4.47 6.21 11.36 ... 5.53 17.55

VESSLS IN PORT.

Steamers Briardene, Wm. Thomson & Co. Latitia, 5,764, Robt. Reford Co., Ltd. Montfort, 4,124, C. P. R.

Schooners Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Carrie C. Ware, 165, A. W. Adams. Doane, 239, J. E. Moore.

Elma, 299, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Conans, 360, R. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy.

Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Lucia Porter, 284, P. McIntyre. Laura O'Hall, 99, Master.

Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, J. Splane Co. Oromozito, 121, A. W. Adams.

Peter Schicht, 378, A. W. Adams. Sallie E. Ludlam, 199, D. J. Purdy. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 395, Gregory.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Halifax, March 10.—Sld str Rhein, Baltimore.

Dieby, March 10.—Schr Flora M. of Windsor, arrived here from Boston last night, and is docked at the government pier where she will load lumber for Boston.

Yanconver, B. C., March 8.—Arr'd str Empress of Asia, Robinson, Hong Kong, etc.

Liverpool, N. S., March 5.—Arr'd str Nancy Lee, Las Palmas; 6th, schr Frances V. Swyer, Boston.

BRITISH PORTS.

Barbados, March 8.—Arr'd shp Timandra, Gilkey, Concepcion.

Glasgow, March 10.—Arr'd str N. midian, Portland.

Manchester, March 8.—Sld str ...

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Ask Your Doctor

Ingredients of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR: Sulfur, Glycerin, Castor Oil, Perfum. Anything Injurious here? Ask your doctor. Anything of merit here? Ask your doctor. Will it stop falling hair? Ask your doctor. Will it destroy dandruff? Ask your doctor. Will it color the hair? Ask your doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

TORONTO WOMAN WELL AGAIN

Freed From Bearing Down Pains, Backache and Pain in Side by Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Toronto, Ont.—"Last October, I wrote you for advice as I was completely run down, had bearing down sensation in the lower part of bowels, backache, and pain in the side. I also suffered terribly from gas. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound and am now entirely free from pain in back and bowels and an stronger in every way. I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound highly to all expectant mothers."—Mrs. E. WANDY, 99 Logan Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF AN ABSCESS BY Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mr. A. W. Dryden, Amherst, N.S., writes:—"I am going to tell you what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. My son 'Vance,' when only nine months old, got an abscess on his cheek bone. I took him to a doctor in St. John, N.B., and he lanced it, and told me it would get well in a few days, and wanted me to get any better, so my wife took him home and it would soon get better. I would gather and break, and it went on that way until he was over four years old. He lost four pieces of bone out of where it was lanced, and two pieces came from his mouth; he has lost all of his cheek bone, and his eye was drawn down. I took him to doctors in St. John, N.B., and he lanced it, and all wanted me to let him go under an operation. He was so small I told them that if he was going to die he might as well die as he was to go there and be all cut to pieces, so I declined to have the operation done. I told them I was going to try Burdock Blood Bitters, as I had heard my mother talk so much about it. I got a bottle, and when it was about half gone noticed it was doing good, and before many days the sore stopped running, and healed up, and the abscess has never broken out again. This happened nearly six years ago, so you can see I have great faith in Burdock Blood Bitters, and I can say with all my heart that it is the best blood medicine in the world."

REV. EDWARD J. BYRNE

OF NOTON IS DEAD

Many friends throughout the city and province were grieved yesterday to learn of the death of Rev. Edward J. Byrne at the home of his mother in ...

A Household Friend for 103 Years

First aid to the injured—sure relief from Croup, Colds, Cramps, Rheumatism.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Use it for both internal and external ills. Sold everywhere in 25c and 50c bottles.

L. S. JOHNSON & Co., Inc. Boston, Mass.

Private Office

Cramping down ill—cheese food, and rushing back to work, leads straight to dyspepsia, with

The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard, Limited, 22 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., Canada. H. V. MACKINNON, Managing Editor. ALFRED E. MCINLNEY, Editor.

ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1914.

THE INTERCOLONIAL.

The affairs and management of the Intercolonial Railway have reached the Canadian Senate, and, at yesterday's session of that august body, Senators representing both sides of political opinion were heard in disapproval of the policy followed by Mr. Guellet.

It was claimed in defence of the management that an effort had been made to put the railway on a paying basis and that the withdrawal of trains, when found unprofitable, was merely following the course adopted by all representative railways.

Apparently the difficulty in the affairs of the I. C. R. is a matter very largely hanging upon the policy of the new general manager. If it is his intention to run the road on a paying basis then the services must be modelled accordingly.

No matter what policy is decided upon in the future, it is generally recognized that Mr. Guellet has not tended by his management to enhance the popularity of the road. The withdrawal of the suburban trains was an error and although it was corrected the memory of it still remains.

The desire of the Minister of Railways, and of the government, is to give the people of Canada the very best service of which the government railway is capable, and at a minimum of cost to the public.

At last the extravagance practised in the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway has found a champion, and none other than Hon. George P. Graham, ex-minister of railways and canals.

On Friday night last Mr. Graham journeyed from Ottawa to Toronto and there, surrounded by members of the Toronto University Liberal club, delivered an address in which he is reported by the Toronto Globe as "mercilessly laying" the report of the investigating commission.

By a few millions, it is worth the money, and the expenditure was in the interests of Canada too. Prior to entering public life Mr. Graham's business experience was chiefly in connection with the ownership and operation of a small country newspaper.

It was claimed by the Senator Loughheed that the Ocean Limited, last winter, had been run at a loss of \$1,600 per day, or, taking into account the two trains comprising the limited service, at about \$800 per train.

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Probably the greatest need confronting New Brunswick today is that of more population, and any plan that may serve to supply it should meet with general approval.

Western Canada has been advertised as a grain country and is probably better fitted for that than for mixed farming.

The master of the city room does not expect any of the few reporters present to manifest any particular anxiety about venturing forth into that forty-six mile gale and those terrible drifts in quest of a story.

President Wilson of the United States continues in the steadfast prosecution of his policy of "watchful waiting" toward Mexico, although, through it, he is daily losing popularity with hundreds of thousands of people who believe that he should grapple firmly and purposefully with the situation as it exists.

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European powers, could speedily impose upon Huerta and his opponents the necessity of arranging a permanent peace, to be followed by stable government. As the Mexican situation now is, it makes little difference whether Huerta should be successful in defending his power, or whether Villa, or another, becomes the next occupant of the presidential chair.

Social reformers are a force of good in any community but they seem to be inclined to exaggerate their statements. A learned and respected gentleman in attendance at the Social Service Congress in Ottawa was authoritative for the statement that half the members of his constituency were purchasable and it is evident that he intended to represent his constituency as an average one.

There have been blizzards and blizzards, but the first major one at its height twenty-six years ago today, March 12, 1888, and millions of people along the Atlantic coast, from Pennsylvania to Nova Scotia, and from the city of Toronto, and leader of the 1837 rebellion in the Upper Province, was born in Dundee, Scotland, 119 years ago today.

There are no need to search through ancient files for statistical details in regard to Reilly's magic expedition. We hear the city editor's casual remark about the Coney Island "tip."

Reilly was found in a snowdrift in Flatbush and taken to the county hospital where he died soon afterward. That was the end of Reilly—his tragic "thirty." Reilly represented a type. Reilly is dead, but the world is still full of Reillys—strange and inexplicable young men who risk life and limb for a "story."

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Little Benny's Note Book

My cousin Artie stayed at our house last night, sleeping with me, which after we had laid there a while talking about berquins and who would be awn our base ball team next season, and different things we went to sleep, and pretty soon I woke up with a crill feeling in my leg, feeling as if there was going to be a kramp in it.

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"It Requires Both Nerve and Money"

To pack and sell such truly exceptional quality and value as "SATARA" Cents 25 Per Pound NO DUST NO DIRT Fresh—Fragrant—Delicious

Sealed Packets Only—Never in Bulk. Get a packet today at your Grocer's. M105

FOR Gems, Jewelry and Watches And all kindred lines, our stock will afford you the largest range for selection and the Best Values to be Obtained Anywhere.

Everybody should have the comfort and convenience that a THERMOS gives at home, in the sick-room, or when travelling, motoring, fishing, picnicking, etc.

Had but one damper—Controls both fire and oven. The kindling position marked King. The baking position marked Baker.

Ask Your Grocer for GUNN'S BREAKFAST BACON GUNNS LIMITED, 674 Main Street M 1970

LACE LEATHER CANADIAN and AMERICAN RAW HIDE and TANNED Both in Sides and Cut ALSO A COMPLETE STOCK OF Leather, Balata, Hair and Rubber Belting

Do Not Hope For the Best Insist upon FOUR CROWN SCOTCH and you have got it. The finest Whisky in the world.

FOSTER & CO., Agents, St. John.

Diary of Events

HISTORIC DAYS IN CANADA Simon Newcomb, the great astronomer and mathematician, was born in Wallace, Nova Scotia, seventy-nine years ago today.

THE PASSING DAY A REPORTER NAMED REILLY. There have been blizzards and blizzards, but the first major one at its height twenty-six years ago today, March 12, 1888, and millions of people along the Atlantic coast, from Pennsylvania to Nova Scotia, and from the city of Toronto, and leader of the 1837 rebellion in the Upper Province, was born in Dundee, Scotland, 119 years ago today.

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See

Water King

MACAULAY B...

90c EACH

90c EACH

THE PRESBY...

Commission...

Newcastle, Mar...

FROM E...

East Side, W...

New Brunswick's Greatest Shoe House

See That Shape

That's the new model this season in the Waterbury & Rising "Special" for men. It's called the "Bond Street," just over from the old country. Americans are gone "daffy" on the style. We believe it's going to be a winner. We have it in Tan Calf, Patent Colt and Gun Metal—Button, Lace and Oxfords. Of course many will prefer the high toe last and we have fully a dozen different patterns in high toes. All leathers.

Prices \$4.00 to \$9.00 a pair

Waterbury & Rising, Limited
King St. Union St. Mill St.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO., KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
Our Stores Open at 8.30 a. m. Close 6 p. m.

90c TODAY 90c

EACH EACH

Bargain Sale of UNDERSKIRTS

We have about 40 dozen Ladies' Fine English Longcloth Under-skirts which we purchased at a price far below what is usually asked for these high-grade garments, consequently our customers will be able to reap the benefit of our thrifty buying.

These garments are made of Fine English Longcloth and are trimmed with new designs in Torchon Insertion and Lace, with two small tucks above the lace; all are made to meet the demand of the fashionable outside skirt, and are shown in lengths 38 to 42.

NO SALE GOODS ON APPROVAL OR RETURNABLE.

90c Special Sale Price 90c

EACH 90c each EACH

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

THE PRESBYTERY OF MIRAMICHI MEETS AT NEWCASTLE, N. B.

Commissioners to General Assembly Chosen - Will Give Share to Provide More Accommodation at Pine Hill.

Newcastle, Mar. 11.—The Miramichi Presbytery met here yesterday at 11 o'clock.

Following were elected commissioners to General Assembly: Revs. Wm. McLeod, New Carlisle, P.Q.; Tatiste, Folley and Stewart and Elders A. G. Dixon, W. D. Duncan, Joseph Henderson and H. H. Lamont, Douglastown; alternates, Revs. Beaton, Wood, Drum and MacArthur, and Elders Geo. Stothart, Newcastle, John Dickie, Pt. Le Lim; Thos. Fyvie, Pointe Road, P. Q.; and H. F. Fair, Kempt Lake, P. Q.

The usual grants were made to St. Eustace, Matapedia and Harcourt congregations.

Presbytery accepted the resignation of Rev. J. M. McLean, who is retiring from the ministry to take care of his aged parents in Cape Breton. Rev. Mr. Mowatt was appointed moderator of St. John's.

Principal Mackinnon spoke at Pine Hill College. Thirty students could not be lodged last year in the college. An annex of 20 rooms is needed, to cost \$25,000. The Presbytery guaranteed its share of the expense.

Judge Forbes' statement of how the McLaughlin Trust funds of \$4,500 were invested was received.

The budget for 1914 showed an increase of \$2,000, and was as follows: Foreign missions, \$4,200; home missions, \$2,500; social service and evangelism, \$725; aged and infirm ministers' fund, \$500; Sunday schools, and Young People's Societies, \$252; bureau, \$217; synod, \$159; assembly, \$94; ministers' widows and orphans, \$38—total, \$10,000.

FROM EVERYWHERE

East Side, West Side, North End and South End come and buy your rubbers at unheard of prices at Basson's, 207 Union street, Opera House Block, and 14 Charlotte street.

Mexican Rebels Want Uncle Sam's Support

J. D. O'Connell, Writes on the Mexican Revolution—Says Prospects for Ultimate Peace, under Rebel Regime are very Slight

To the Editor of The Standard:

Sir,—Kindly permit me to answer through your paper, some of the questions I have been asked by many of your subscribers, regarding the Mexican war, and the prospects for permanent peace there and in Central America.

First, I may say that I cannot see much difference between the opposing factions in their plans for the future government of the country. The great difference, however, is in regard to the governing and in regard to permanent peace when the rebels come into power, I see no hope that all rebels, even on the support of the United States. This may surprise many people who have not travelled through these countries but, to me it is no surprise, as I have spent much time in these Latin American countries and understand their language fairly well. I have had it pointed out to me that the rebels, who shall do the governing and in regard to permanent peace when the rebels, no matter who they were, or where they were. I have heard the story of American support of the rebels in the different revolts in the Hawaiian Islands, and in the final overthrow of the queen, and how, when she appealed to Grover Cleveland (then president of the United States), to help her to get some measure of justice because the government of his country helped to depose her against the wishes of the majority of her subjects, and how, when she showed a disposition to do so, the how that went up from the press of that country to the effect that he was trying to bolster up a "rotten monarchy" in the matter was abandoned, and the islands were annexed to the United States.

American support of the rebels in Cuba, and against Spain in 1898, and against President Palma in 1906, was also directed to me. Also the stories of American sympathy in supporting the rebels in Santo Domingo and Nicaragua; how American sailors and marines invaded that country during the Estrada revolution in 1909, and that it was on account of American intervention that Dr. Jose Madris turned over the presidency to J. D. Estrada; they tell how the American consul at Bluefield, who was Thomas P. Moffat, opened a custom house on territory occupied by the rebels, thereby allowing them to get arms at a time when the government thought that the rebellion was over. This has been stated again and again under oath by prominent men of Nicaragua; and that it was done under the guns of the American gunboat, "Palmer," whose commander threatened to use his gun if the Madris government interfered.

And they say that the present government of Nicaragua, under the presidency of Adolfo Diaz, is a corrupt, self-seeking, and is propped up by American arms, and that American bluejackets are retained in the executive mansion at Managua, the capital of that country, and guard President Diaz from his own constituents. And how they fear that an American protectorate will be formed over Nicaragua by this means, and thereby shatter their dream of Central American federation.

Also the story of how the United States caused the capital of Nicaragua, the city of Managua, and formed out of it what is now the republic of Panama, because they could make a better deal regarding the Panama canal with the new republic of Panama than they could with the old republic of Columbia.

Not Valuable for Timber Purposes

The Crown Lands included in their application were not particularly valuable as timber land, though part of it was under lease, but it would be seen from accounts that stamper receipts, in respect to the last year, were not large, and it might therefore be reasonably concluded that as lumber lands their value was not very great. The area of land applied for in no way interferes with the unbroken forest. It would be apparent to the members that the proposal was an entirely satisfactory one from the standpoint of the province, and the provisions of the bill were such as would commend themselves to good judgment of the House, and for carrying out was done to safeguard provincial interests.

No authority was asked for to convey the land to the company, and the company was not asking the government to give them something, and they were not asking anything in return. The bill provides that they must first carry out what they promise to do, and then they will get their title to the land. The government is not giving anything to the company, but that the company fulfilled its agreement.

What Company Will Do.

The object of the company was to bring out desirable settlers from the old country and settle them on land. To this end they would clear land, build houses, and other necessary buildings. Undertaking to spend in this way not less than \$5,000 per year for the next five years, and to have spent \$50,000 for this purpose for every 100 acres of land granted. Members would remember that under the Labor act, an applicant is called upon to do \$30 worth of work on roads before he can get his grant. In addition they undertake to clear each acre of land, and to have the same granted and get the same under cultivation, to spend \$400 in building a house and out-buildings on each lot, the cost of such buildings to be subject to the approval of the minister of lands and mines; also as soon as fifteen children of school age were available in any school district to erect a suitable school building according to the plans approved by the board of education, and to spend a sum not exceeding \$1,000 for each school house. They undertake, moreover, to settle not less than ten families in any year, or a total of seventy-five in five years, and to have the whole area granted settled within a period of fifteen years. The company will further spend not less than \$1,000 a year for the next ten years in advertising the property and similar properties in Great Britain and elsewhere, spreading general information of the opportunities to be found in this province among the people of Great Britain. The company further agreed to carry out the whole obligation within fifteen years from the time they commence operations.

Full Protection for Settlers.

Ample provisions are made in the bill for protecting the rights of settlers. The company specifically agreeing that any settler who may have any grievance against the company in any way relating to his holding, shall file a statement of such grievance with the lieutenant governor in council, who shall have power to consider the matter, and order such remedy as they think necessary, the company undertaking to abide by the decision of any such council's decision. No interferences would take place with any existing timber licenses, but they would remain as they are until they were under license was wanted for settlement. A copy of the prospectus of the company, and all advertising matter, which the company may put out, shall be filed with the minister of lands and mines, and power is given to the lieutenant governor in council, if occasion should require, to increase the area of land granted to the company from 20,000 to 50,000 acres.

English Capitalists Interested.

The colonization work would be undertaken by a company to be known as New Brunswick Company Limited, a company which was composed of prominent gentlemen in Great Britain, who are incorporated as a company in that country. They were all of them men of substance, and their attention had been drawn to the advantages which this province offered for colonization purposes, and they were anxious to avail themselves of such advantages, and to this end had applied for facilities to be granted to them to carry out their objects. In addition to application they were making for a considerable section of the Crown lands, they had also purchased a considerable area of granted lands adjoining Crown lands for which they had applied.

The cause for American support of rebels in what is now Panama, is plain to all, but in many cases it is not so plain to outsiders. But to the majority of the inhabitants of the Central America and Mexico it is no mystery at all. They think that they know and their belief seems to be well founded, and this together with the ill disguised feeling of superiority which many Americans display towards the principal causes why Americans are hated in these countries. I will not relate why they believe Americans support rebels in this detail. If interested will give it in detail in another letter.

And in fact, it makes no difference what the motive is, the effect will be just the same, namely, permanent peace in these countries so long as the United States maintains her past and present attitude toward rebels. I have been asked to point out even those who are sympathetic to the United States on the side of constituted government, or where she ever failed through either sympathy or open support to help the rebels. Then I ask what hope for peace in Mexico, when the rebels come into power, as they are likely to do through the support of the United States? I am sure that one can expect that bloodthirsty scoundrels like the present Rebel Generals, Villa and Zapata, who were always bandits, robbers and murderers, will become law-abiding citizens, when the present revolution succeeds, or is it not more likely that they or other men of their class will again revolt against the constituted government, feeling that a certain measure of success is assured them through the support or sympathy they will expect from the United States.

All countries have men who place their personal aggrandizement above the welfare of their country, and in these weak, newly formed republics where many of the people do not yet fully understand the republican form of government, it is easy to start a rebellion, when the rebels are all counting on the support, or at least sympathy of a powerful country that lays close by her side.

Yours truly,
J. D. O'CONNELL.
February 23rd, 1914.

Questions and Answers in the Legislature

Fredericton, Mar. 11.—The following questions were answered in the house yesterday.

Mr. Morrissey gave the following:

Q. 1. Has the repairing of the Fredericton bridge crossing the St. John at Fredericton been completed?
A. No.

Q. 2. What is the total cost of the work to date? A. Substructure \$64,227.22. Superstructure \$1,486,763.00.

Q. 3. Was the work done by tender and contract or upon a percentage basis? A. Substructure—percentage, superstructure—contract.

Q. 4. Who was the contractor? A. Substructure, Foundation Company Limited; superstructure, Dominion Bridge Company.

Q. 5. If the work was done by the day or upon a percentage basis, what was the percentage? A. Fifteen per cent. (15 p.c.) substructure per thousand tons, and 10 p.c. superstructure per ton.

Q. 6. Who were employed upon the work, and in what capacity? What rate of wages was each person paid, and for how many days did each person work? A. Accounts are in the hands of the Public Accounts Committee and can be seen by any member of this house.

Q. 7. Was a percentage paid upon the cost of the plant, office supplies, etc.? A. Substructure two per cent monthly rental on value of plant furnished as owned by contractors.

Q. 8. What kind of lumber was used for the temporary work? Who supplied it and at what price per thousand feet? A. Answered by number 6.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey gave the following answer to Mr. Pelletier's notice of enquiry No. 4.

Q. 1. What amount has been spent upon the permanent bridge structure including approaches crossing the Miramichi at Newcastle to date? A. Substructure \$236,292.97, superstructure \$2,517.14. Preliminary survey \$4,511.81.

Q. 2. Is the work performed by contract or upon a percentage basis? A. Contract.

Q. 3. If by contract, who are the contractors, and what is the amount of their contract? A. Substructure, Foundation Company Limited, \$352,725.00; superstructure, Dominion Bridge Company, approximately 2,945,000.

Name of Bridge	County	Length of Superstructure	Remarks	Cost
Rocky Mouth, Madawaska	...	63 ft	1 span	\$ 385.94
Tobique Narrows, Victoria	...	280 ft	2 span	1,432.44
Andover, Victoria	...	330 ft	2 span	1,647.89
Marysville, York	...	493 ft	5 span	1,667.23
Brookville, St. John	...	313 ft	2 span	1,743.31
St. George (Lower) Charlotte	...	160 ft	2 span	282.73
St. George (Upper) Charlotte	...	112 ft	2 span	729.63
Taylor, Kings	...	63 ft	1 span	340.00
Bel River Bar, Restigouche	...	241 ft	1 span	2,013.14
Charlo River Mouth, Restigouche	...	112 ft	2 span	1,054.17
Charlo River, Restigouche	...	110 ft	2 span	278.34
Will Cove, Restigouche	...	62 ft	1 span	709.96
Nepesquit, Gloucester	...	450 ft	3 span	452.17
Speech Fort Cove, Northumberland	...	702 ft	15 span	2,664.41
Black River, Northumberland	...	60 ft	1 span	2,870.53
Douglas town, Northumberland	...	147 ft	3 span	354.90
St. Louis, Kent	...	150 ft	1 span	999.67
Reston, Kent	...	580 ft	3 span	4,820.21
		5468	53	\$24,787.30

Hon. Mr. Morrissey gave the following answer to Mr. Dugal's notice of enquiry No. 5:

Q. 1. What public works have been undertaken by the Foundation Co. Ltd. in the Province of New Brunswick? A. Substructure Newcastle bridge and substructure draw span, Fredericton bridge.

Q. 2. What is the total amount of money that has been paid to this company up to the present date? A. \$387,813.62.

Q. 3. Who is the manager of the company, who are the president and directors, and do any of these reside in the province? A. Department has no knowledge.

Q. 4. Is the government aware if any members of the legislature or officials of the government are financially interested in this company? A. No.

sure that the House would agree that the enterprise which the company was showing was worthy of all encouragement, as it was one that could not be otherwise than helpful to the province. It was admitted that the province's most crying need at the present time, is more people upon the land, men who produced wealth. Such an opportunity as was now occurring should not be passed by. The land applied for was good, sound agricultural land, of a fertile character.

The gentleman connected with the company were all of them substantial men, who were not taking up this for speculative purposes, but were investing their own money. Mr. Leonard Palmer had interested himself considerably in the matter for the good of the province. Amongst the gentlemen forming the company were such men as Messrs. David N. Shaw, J. H. Annandale, P. Dawson, C. Newsome Smith, L. B. Everett, C. W. Outram, and W. L. Palmer.

All of these gentlemen were prominent capitalists, directors of some of the leading industrial concerns of the United Kingdom.

The Premier said it seemed to him that the opportunity which now afforded itself of promoting the settlement of this large vacant area must not be overlooked. If two hundred families could be settled on the land, it would be a splendid thing for the province, and ten years hence one should be able to look back and see a large tract of settled country with every evidence of prosperity about.

Mr. Tilley introduced a bill to legalize the crossing over Protection street, St. John, of the C. P. R. grain conveyor, and to give power for the erection of overhead crossings, also a bill to exempt the harbor master of St. John from liability in certain cases.

Mr. Slipp introduced a bill to incorporate the Carpenter Temperance and Public Hall Company.

Pavement Bill

Dr. Price introduced a bill relating to the City of Moncton.

Mr. Baxter presented petition of City of St. John in favor of a bill to amend the act respecting paving streets in the City of St. John.

Mr. Grattan introduced a bill to amend the St. John city assessment act, 1909.

Mr. Tilley asked leave of absence until Friday next.

Mr. Young, with unanimous consent, moved for the suspension of rules to permit the introduction of a bill to amend the act respecting the Fredericton Gas Light Company.

The house went into committee with Mr. Humphrey in the chair and agreed to bills to authorize the school trustees of Lancaster, St. John, to issue debentures; relating to assessment and collection of taxes in Town of Chatham; to provide electric lighting in St. John Municipal Home; and to amend the act to provide for an elec-

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Cut this out and the next time you require any dentistry of any kind whatever, such as teeth extracted, filled, cleaned, artificial teeth made or mended, call and see us, as you may be the lucky one.

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827 Main St.—245 Union St.
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With Vigorous Penetrating Heat

Our extra clean hard coal, brimful of burnableness, is so superior to the common kinds that there's no comparison.

For the sake of comfort and economy

TELEPHONE MAIN 2670

for a trial ton.

CONSUMERS' COAL CO., LTD.

331 Charlotte Street.

Mill Supplies

Polished Shafting, all sizes. Friction Board, Emery Wheels, Lacing Leather, Rubber, Leather and Balata Belting, Steam Packings, Cotton Waste, Valves and Valve Packing, Steam and Water Hoses, Cast Steel for Drills and Tools.

ESTEY & CO.,

49 Dock Street.

tive commission in City of St. John with amendments, recommended by the municipalities committee.

The house adjourned at 5.25 o'clock. The municipalities committee organized this morning, re-electing Mr. Munroe of Carleton, as chairman. A number of urgent St. John bills were taken up and passed. A bill to amend an act to provide for the government of the City of St. John by an elective commission was amended so as to make polling hours from ten a. m. to seven p. m. instead of from eight a. m. to six p. m. as stated in the bill. The bills provided for issuing of school debentures and to provide for lighting the Municipal Home were agreed to by the committee. Friday has been set as the date for hearing of St. John legislation before the municipalities committee.

The public accounts committee will meet for organization purposes tomorrow morning, and a meeting of the agriculture committee has been called for Friday.

Tomorrow will be budget day in the house, and members are looking forward with much interest to Hon. Dr. Landry's first budget speech. It will probably be about 4 o'clock, or perhaps a little later, when he commences his speech, and its delivery will probably occupy not much more than an hour.

The house will not sit tomorrow evening, the second double dinner given by the Governor and Mrs. Wood to be on for Thursday evening. This afternoon the Governor and Mrs. Wood are holding their weekly reception at the Queen Hotel.

Leslie Governor Wood will visit the legislature this afternoon for the purpose of assenting to bills.

Messrs. W. H. Harrison, J. G. Harrison, P. C. Smith and T. W. Somerville, of St. John, appeared before the government last evening and submitted the new bulk sales act, assuring that it be made a government measure. It was explained that the new measure is not as drastic as that of last year. Careful consideration was promised.

The government heard delegations yesterday relative to some arrangement for re-opening of the iron mines at Gloucester county, which the Canadian Iron Corporation, formerly operated. An effort has been made to have the parties agree as to the fishing rights on the river, but thus far no agreement has been reached.

A delegation of sheriffs will meet the government to ask for increased remuneration, with increased cost of living as the basis for the application. Sheriffs Freeze of Kings, Carter of Albert, Stewart of Restigouche, and Williams of Queens are among those here.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
GRAVEL
NEURALGIA
23 THE PR

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

CLEANS AND DISINFECTS

THE CLEANLINESS OF SINKS, CLOSETS, BATHS, DRAINS, ETC. IS OF VITAL IMPORTANCE TO HEALTH.

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

THE GILLETTE COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

OFFICER WHEN BIG GUN EXPLODED

Twelve Inch Gun Bursts during Powder Test at Sandy Hook—Pieces Scattered for Half Mile.

New York, Mar. 11.—First Lieutenant William A. Pendleton, Jr., U. S. A., was slightly hurt and several other officers and men narrowly escaped Monday afternoon, when a 12-inch gun being used in a powder test exploded at the Sandy Hook proving ground.

At the post, weighed 1,945 pounds. Lieutenant Pendleton, who was in charge of the gun crew, said that all of the men were in the places of safety assigned to them well behind the gun before it was fired. Then the order was given and the testing carriage shivered under the concussion. The gun went off with a mighty roar and the air was filled with the shattered bits of steel as the back of the barrel blew out.

Lieutenant Pendleton was struck by the bit of the steel while he was standing a few yards back of the spot where the explosion occurred. The missile penetrated one of his legs just below the knee. Officers and men standing him ran to his assistance and he was led to the post hospital. There his injury was dressed and he was sent to his quarters. He will not be able to return to duty for more than a week.

At the post the powder testing operations were in charge of Colonel Edwin B. Rabbitt, of the Ordnance Department, to which Lieutenant Pendleton, who is attached to the Coast Artillery Corps, is now assigned. It was said that the charge under which the gun was exploded was the first use of explosive at that post. The sections of steel blown out of the gun weighed more than two thousand pounds.

Eighteen men composed the crew that handled the gun.

CATCH NEGRO OFFER CHASE OVER ROOFS

Fugitive Leads Police Merry Chase—Charged with Stabbing Another Negro in Row Over Woman.

New York, Mar. 10.—After a chase, which led over snow piles, up fire escapes, across roofs, into cellars and through cross streets, Detectives O'Neill and Donohue, of the West 152nd street station, last night arrested Charles Bell, a negro, in the basement of No. 522 West 152nd street. Bell, putting sternly after his mad race was found with his coat off busily washing the furnace door.

"I belong here," he told the detectives between gasps. Peter Little, the janitor, denied any knowledge of the negro, however, and Bell was locked up, accused of felonious assault. Bell, with John H. Moyer, another negro, of No. 22 Lawrence street, was arrested as he was passing the station house soon after ten o'clock last night, and accused of having shot and stabbed Lacey White, also a negro, in a fight over a woman.

Women friends of White had hurried to the police station and told Detectives O'Neill and Donohue that Moyer was being "booked" one of the women cried out that Bell was passing and the chase started.

Bell ran down Amsterdam avenue as far as 151st street, across 151st street to Broadway and up Broadway to 152nd street. He climbed a fire escape at No. 506 West 152nd street and ran half a block across the roofs of the buildings, while the detectives shot him. Each shot added a little to Bell's speed. He jumped through the trap door on the roof of No. 522 and ran to the basement, where he was arrested.

HOW TEDDY LOST THE BEAR.

They say a sore corn interfered with his speed. Always apply Putnam's Corn Extract. For fifty years it has been curing corns and warts. "Putnam's" never fails. Use no other 25c. at all dealers.

TELLS HOW TO TRUNCE A HOLD-UP

Young Woman Gives Advice to other Girls—Man's Bandaged Head Proves Effectiveness of her Methods.

Brooklyn, Mar. 11.—Miss Minnie Goldstein in court today how she trounced the would-be hold-up man who snatched her pocketbook last night. The man in question, Charles A. Peterson, captured in the dock, his head bandaged—leaving a sign of relief when the judge held him in \$600 for the grand jury.

"This man snatched my pocketbook. I turned on him and caught him by the neck and squeezed till he gave it back. Then I took a good hold of his collar and started to take him to the police station."

The judge asked: "His head is bandaged—did you hit him?" "Oh yes," she confessed, "I slapped him a little."

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Parik. Geo E Betts, Fredericton; W Woods Boston; Robt Scott, Fredericton; W F Young, Kentville, N S; T B Williams, Bay Du Vin; T A McKay, St George; S Reid, Lunenburg; J Craig, St George; P J Young, Renous; Miss McCafferty, Woodstock; J Hodgson, Grand; D H Williams, Chicago; D Girouard, Buxton; P Newman, N Y; W S George; F H Withers, Halifax; F Foley, Montreal; James Steele, Halifax; J Stanfield, John Dix, Montreal.

REAL ESTATE.

The following transfers of property in St. John, N. B., have been recorded: Eliza Brown to G. E. W. Taylor, property on Elliott Row; G. A. Harding et al to J. M. Robinson et al, property at Lancaster; Samuel Linton to Allan Dingley, property at Lancaster; J. E. Quinn to G. W. Howes, property at Simonds; T. M. Rodgers to B. W. Thompson, property at St. Martin's.

TORTURED WITH RHEUMATISM

Could Not Walk, Until "Fruit-atives" Completely Cured Him.

Chatham, Ont., April 9th, 1913. "I am a veteran of the Crimean War and the Indian Mutiny, volunteering from the Royal Artillery into the Royal Engineers, and served under Lord Roberts during the Indian Mutiny, and am a pensioner of the British Government. Pierce hand-to-hand fighting and continual exposure, left me a great sufferer from Rheumatism, so much so that my legs swelled up, making it impossible for me to walk. My bowels were so constipated that I only had one passage a week until I got to using "Fruit-atives." They cured me of both the Rheumatism and Constipation. In my regular employment, I walk thirty miles a day and enjoy perfect health. No more Rheumatism or Constipation. You are at perfect liberty to publish this letter if it will be advantageous to "Fruit-atives."

CURRENT PRICES ON NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Open	High	Low	Close
Am Cop	74 1/2	74 1/2	73 3/4
Am Can	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/4
Am Loco	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/4
Am Sm and R	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/4
Am T and T	213 1/2	213 1/2	212 3/4
Am Sug	90 1/2	90 1/2	89 3/4
Am Cop	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/4
Atchison	96	96	95 3/4
Balt and Ohio	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/4
Car and F	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/4
CPR	208	208	207 1/4
Ches and Ohio	52 1/2	52 1/2	51 3/4
Chic and St P	99 1/2	99 1/2	98 3/4
Chino Cop	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/4
Del and H	108 1/2	108 1/2	107 3/4
Den and R G	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/4
Erie	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/4
Erie 1st Pfd	44	44	43 3/4
Gen Elec	149 1/2	149 1/2	148 3/4
Illinois	127 1/2	127 1/2	126 3/4
Int Harvest	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/4
J Cent	89 1/2	89 1/2	88 3/4
III Cent	108 1/2	108 1/2	107 3/4
Nor Pac	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/4
Nor and West	103 1/2	103 1/2	102 3/4
Penn	111	111	110 3/4
Reading	164	164	162 3/4
Rep Ir and St L	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/4
So Pac	48 1/2	48 1/2	47 3/4
So Pac	94 1/2	94 1/2	93 3/4
Utah Cop	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/4
U Pac	157 1/2	157 1/2	156 3/4
U S Rub	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/4
U S Steel	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/4
U S Steel Pfd	109 1/2	109 1/2	108 3/4
Virginia Chem	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/4
West Union	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/4
Westing Elec	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/4
Total sales	265,000		

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS

F. B. McCURDY & CO.

Advised	Asked	Bid.
Adventure	2	1 1/4
Albion	41	40
Arcadian	6	5 1/2
Cal and Ariz	67 1/2	66 1/2
Cal and Hecla	422	420
Centennial	17	16 1/2
Copper Range	38	37 1/2
Daily West	2 1/2	2 1/4
Franklin	5 1/2	5 1/4
Granby	85 1/2	85
Greene Cananea	36 1/2	36
Hancock	19 1/2	19
Mass Gas Cos	94	93 1/2
Mass Gas Cos Pfd	95 1/2	95
Mass Elec Cos	12	11 1/2
Mass Gas Cos Pfd	62 1/2	62
Mohawk	4 1/2	4 1/4
Parrott	62 1/2	61 1/2
Quincy	6 1/2	6 1/4
Shoe Machy	55	54 1/2
Shawmut Pfd	29 1/2	29 1/4
Superior Copper	29 1/2	29 1/4
Swift	105 1/2	105
Tamarack	41	40
Trinity	4 1/2	4 1/4
Utah Cop	19	18 1/2
U S M and Smeltg	40 1/2	40
U S M and Smeltg Pfd	48 1/2	48
Utah Apex	2 1/2	2 1/4
United Fruit	164 1/2	164
Winona	4 1/2	4 1/4
Wolverine	47	46

THE DAY'S SALES ON THE MONTREAL MARKET

(F. B. McCURDY & CO.)

Morning Sales.

Cement, 115 @ 30 3/4.
Canada Cotton Pfd., 10 @ 77 1/2.
Canada Car, 50 @ 63.
Cement Pfd., 15 @ 151 1/2.
Bell Phone, 2 @ 152.
Illinois Pfd., 4 @ 93.
C. P. R., 25 @ 208, 25 @ 207 3/4.
25 @ 207 1/2, 1 @ 208 1/4.
Crown Reserve, 1130 @ 185.
Detroit, 29 @ 72 1/2 @ 72 1/4.
Textile Pfd., 5 @ 106 1/2.
Dominion Steel, 205 @ 32 1/2, 10 @ 32 5/8, 25 @ 32 3/4, 25 @ 32 5/8, 10 @ 32 1/2, 50 @ 32 3/4, 25 @ 32 5/8, 100 @ 32 1/2.
100 @ 32 1/2.
25 @ 207 1/2, 1 @ 208 1/4.
227, 4 @ 226.
Penmans, 10 @ 54 3/4, 2 @ 53.
N. S. Steel, 25 @ 76 1/4, 75 @ 76 3/8.
Dominion Iron Bonds, 3,000 @ 88.
Shawingau, 10 @ 139.
Ottawa Power, 25 @ 110 7/8, 75 @ 151, 50 @ 151 1/2.
Dominion Iron Bonds, 3,000 @ 88.
244 @ 12.
Quebec Railway, 125 @ 15 3/4, 5 @ 15 1/2.
Illinois Pfd., 10 @ 93.
Ames Com., 1 @ 13 3/4, 60 @ 13 1/2 @ 13 3/4.
Brazilian, 130 @ 84, 25 @ 84 1/8, 50 @ 84, 100 @ 83 1/2, 25 @ 83 3/4.
Toronto Railway, 15 @ 141 3/8.
Spanish River Com., 5 @ 15.
Tuckets, 35 @ 40, 10 @ 40 1/4.
Twin City, 5 @ 106.
Hollinger, 10 @ 16 5/8.
Dominion Coal Bonds, 1,000 @ 100.
Tram Debentures, 1,700 @ 83.
Quebec Bonds, 5 @ 121 1/2, 1 @ 121.
Quebec Railway Bonds, 2,000 @ 63.
Banque D'Hotelage, 25 @ 155.
Merchants Bank of Canada, 2 @ 191.
Quebec Bonds, 5 @ 121 1/2, 1 @ 121.
Nelson's Bank, 2 @ 203.



Twenty-three years ago one pleased housewife told another her great secret of success— And now over nine hundred thousand home-cooks use FIVE ROSES.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached Not Blended

The Nicest Thing in Bread

BUTTERNUT

Delightfully soft and dainty, with a delicate taste like nuts; it charms the palate.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

GIRLS! STOP WASHING THE HAIR WITH SOAP

Soap Dries Your Scalp, Causing Dandruff, Then Hair Falls Out.

After washing your hair with soap always apply a little Danderine to the scalp to invigorate the hair and prevent dryness. Better still, use soap as sparingly as possible, and instead have a "Danderine Hair Cleanse." Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one strand at a time. This will remove dust, dirt and excessive oil. In a few moments you will be amazed, your hair will not only be clean, but it will be wavy, fluffy and abundant, and possess an incomparable softness and lustre.

Besides cleansing and beautifying the hair, an application of Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; stimulates the scalp, stopping itching and falling hair. Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

Men! Ladies! You can surely have lots of charming hair. The one and only bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it.

ON RUBBERS

Look at our prices! Unheard of before Men's rubbers 75c. a pair. Ladies' rubbers 38c. a pair. Misses' rubbers 28c. a pair. Infants' rubbers 24c. a pair. All hands come to Bassett's, 207 Union Street, Opera House block, and 14 Charlotte street.

MORMONS BUSY IN TOWNS OF MAINE

For Majority of their Converts Women—Latter Day Saints Incensed at S. S. Association.

Special to The Standard. Jonesport, Me., March 11.—Great indignation is expressed by members of the Church of Latter Day Saints here over the action of the Maine Sunday School Association at its recent meeting in Portland in refusing a certificate of membership to the Sunday school connected with the church here.

Mormonism has grown rapidly in this section of Maine since the advent of a number of missionaries a few weeks ago but there is a pronounced feeling of hostility to the sect on the part of many of the other church people of which the action of the state association at Portland was a manifestation. Mormon missionaries have been numerous in many Maine towns this winter, most of their converts having been women.

EASTERN TRUST CO. AN ANNUAL MEETING

Seventy-first Annual Report Shows a Successful Year Despite Financial Depression—Increase in Profits.

The twenty-first annual report of the Eastern Trust Company shows that in spite of the depression of the past year this enterprising company has continued its career of progress. The net profits for the year, after making due allowance for depreciation of securities, were \$87,248.78, as compared with \$63,321.34 for the year 1912. The sum of \$70,660.00 was transferred to reserve fund, which has now reached the amount of \$219,000.00. During the last quarter an installment of twenty-five per cent was paid on new stock. The paid-up capital is now \$900,000.00; the premiums on the payments on account of new stock received during the year amounted to \$48,958.34.

During the year forty trust estates amounting to \$1,159,050.00 were added to those previously held by the company. The aggregate of mortgages now held by the company is \$3,352,905.16; while the bond issues for which it is trustee have increased to \$23,900,000.

Suffered Intense Agony With His Back. Kidneys Were The Cause.

Weak back is caused by weak kidneys, and on the first approach or evidence of kidney trouble Doan's Kidney Pills should be used, and serious trouble avoided.

Doan's Kidney Pills go right to the seat of the trouble, cure the weak aching back, and prevent any further complications arising.

Mr. John Briggs, Whitewood, Sask., writes:—"I am sending you this testimonial out of pure gratitude, as I am not a believer in patent medicines, but I got to run down, that I became quite willing to give anything a trial. I paid a visit to our local druggist, and told him I was suffering intense agony with my back. He told me I had kidney trouble, and handed me a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, saying it was the best thing he could possibly give me. I tried them, and the effect was certainly marvelous. They are worth \$10.00 a box of anybody's money, and I would not be without a box by me. I certainly owe my present condition to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box, 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. When ordering direct specify "Doan's."

DUSTBANE

puts the ee's (ease) in sweeping

IT KNOCKS THE DRUDGERY OUT OF SWEEP-DAY

Cleans Carpets Brightens Floors

Order a tin today at your grocers or from your hardware man

Don't ask for sweeping compound

SAY DUSTBANE

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

CHICAGO AND WISCONSIN GRAIN

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Open	High	Low	Close
May	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/4
July	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/4
May	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/4
July	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/4
May	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/4
July	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/4
May	93	92 1/2	93
July	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/4
May	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/4

N. Y. COTTON MARKET.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

High	Low	Close
Mar	12.41	32 3/8-37
May	11.83	74 77-78
July	11.73	69-70
Aug	11.81	52 57-57
Sept	11.45	42 40-41
Oct	11.40	31 35-36
Dec	11.49	38 42-43
Spot—13.10.		

MONTREAL UNLISTED SALES

(F. B. McCURDY & CO.)

Morning.

Brick—10 at 52 1/2; 5 at 52.
Wyagmack Bonds—\$500 at 76.
Brick—50 at 52 1/2.
Close.
Porcupine—130 asked.
Can Light Bonds—65 1/2 at 70.
Tram Power—39 1/2 at 40.
Brick—52 1/2 to 52 3/4.
Brick Bonds—75 bid.
Wyagmack—28 to 29.

PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

Montreal, Mar. 11.—CORN—American No. 2 yellow, 72 1/2 @ 73. OATS—Canadian western, No. 2, 44; No. 3, 43 @ 43 1/2. WHEAT—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.00; seconds, \$5.10; strong bakers, \$4.90; winter patents, choice, \$5.05 @ \$5.25; straight rollers, \$4.70 @ \$4.90; base, \$2.25 @ \$2.30. MILFEED—Brass, \$23; shorts, \$25; middlings, \$23; moultrie, \$28 @ \$32. POTATOES—\$5 @ 90.

DR. WILSON'S HERBINE BITTERS

is the surest and safest agent. Why experiment with cheap imitations when HERBINE is backed by more than fifty years trial. You can go wrong when you insist on HERBINE BITTERS.

At All Druggists Prices 25c and \$1.00

The Brayley Drug Co., Limited, Sole Proprietors St. John, N.B.

King George's Navy Plug

10¢

KING GEORGE'S NAVY PLUG CHEWING TOBACCO

IS IN A CLASS BY ITSELF!

It surpasses all others in quality and flavour because the process by which it is made differs from others.—It is deliciously sweet and non-irritating.

SOLD EVERYWHERE: 100% PLUG

ROCK CITY TOBACCO Co., Manufacturers, QUEBEC

Hemlock Sheathing

Kiln dried. No. 1 --- \$40.00 No. 2 --- 30.00 Hemlock Trim and Base.

Christie Woodworking Co. Ltd 248 City Road

A. C. SMITH & CO. New Brunswick Agents for Molascuit

We can guarantee you food to be the best Molascuit feed on the market. The price is very low in order to get it introduced. Telephone—West 74-11 and West 81.

PRINTING

of Every Description Promptly and Neatly Done

COMMERCIAL PRINTING OF ALL KINDS

Place Your Order at Once

STANDARD JOB PRINTING COMPANY

LD
Daily
Week
urries
25 Cents
WOOD
AL
ONEY—Especially
UND—A splendid
EENE—Give an
all household pur
ST HARD COAL
STARR, Ltd
225 Union St.
DING
rd W. A. Coal
Geo. Dick
46 British St.
I COALS
SCOTCH HARD
we have your
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McGIVERN
5 Mill Street.
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1914

By ARTHUR STRINGER

(Continued from yesterday.)
He had to maintain the myth which had grown about him, the myth of his great cleverness and personal courage. He showed a tendency for the more intricate cases. He went among the people without a gun. He dropped into dives, protected by nothing more than the tradition of his office. He pushed his way through the crowd to get to his man, and told him to come to Headquarters in an hour's time—and the man usually came. His appetite for the spectacular press was preferred to head his own gambling raids, as in hand. But more than that, his authority he liked to parade his ideas. He liked to see the light of day. "This is Steensy's coup!" or "That's a job that only Soup-Can Charlie could do!" When a police surgeon hit on the idea of charging an obdurate "dummy shucker" to determine if the prisoner could talk or not, Blake appropriated the suggestion as his own. He liked to see the boys trooped in for their daily list of news, he asked them, as usual, not to couple his name with the incident; and they, at unusual, made him the hero of the occasion.
For Never-Fall Blake had made it a point to be good to the press boys. He acquired an ability to "jolly" them without too obvious loss of dignity. He took them into his confidence, apparently, and made his disclosures personal matters, individual favors, as he called them. He liked to see the boys' characteristics, their interests. He cultivated them, keeping as careful track of them from city to city as he did of the "big" criminals themselves. They got into the habit of going to him for their special stories. He always exacted secrecy, pretended reluctance, yet parcelled out to the reporter and another those dicta to which his name could be most appropriately attached. He even surrounded a clue or two in his own hand, and activities and triumphs might be worked into a given story. When he perceived that those worldly-wise young men of the press saw through the dodge, he became more adept, more adroit, more delicate in method. But the end was the same.
It was about this time that he invented his first scrap-book. Into this secret granary went every seed of his printed personal history. Then came the higher records of the magazine, the newspaper articles written about "Blake, the Harard of America," as one of them expressed it, and Never-Fall Blake, as another put it. He was very proud of those magazine articles, he even made ponderous and painstaking efforts for their reproduction, at considerable expense. He kept a list of the names of the magazines, he even made ponderous and painstaking efforts for their reproduction, at considerable expense. He kept a list of the names of the magazines, he even made ponderous and painstaking efforts for their reproduction, at considerable expense. He kept a list of the names of the magazines, he even made ponderous and painstaking efforts for their reproduction, at considerable expense.

Let the chair take care of him. It could be arranged, you know."
Blake had the stage-digger's satisfaction of seeing things fall into his hands, especially when he had maneuvered a foe. It was as bad as trying to shoulder back a shadow.
He had his own "spots" and "finds" on the force. When he had been tipped off that the powers above were about to send him out to the Binhart case, he passed the word along to his associates without loss of time, for he felt that he was about to be put on trial, that they were making the Binhart capture a lost case. And he had not forgotten that his capture had brought up the unexpected tip that Elsie Verrier had been in recent communication with Binhart, and that, presumably, the right quarter could be made to talk.
This tip had been a secret one. Blake, on his part, kept it well guarded for he intended that his capture of Binhart should be not only a personal triumph for the Second Deputy, but a vindication of that Second Deputy's methods.
"Go when the Commissioner called him and Copeland into conference, the day after his talk with Elsie Verrier," Blake said, "I was secretly prepared for any advances that might be made.
"Then where's the trouble?"
"Then there is none, if you are willing to go out."
"Wait, we can't get Binhart here by pink-ink invitations. Somebody's got to go out and get him!"
The bank related the reward of eight thousand this week, interposed the ruminative Copeland.
"Wait, I'll take the money to get him," snapped back the Second Deputy, "remembering that he had a nest of his own to feather.
(Continued tomorrow.)

LOCAL NEWS CONDENSED

Carlton Fire Alarm.
About 1:30 yesterday afternoon the West Side fire department was called out to a fire in the house occupied by Isaac Ketchum when it was shown a spark fell from the stove pipe. The fire was put out before much damage was done. The department was also called out Tuesday evening by a still alarm from King street, but there was practically no fire.
Committed for Trial.
The preliminary examination was completed yesterday morning in the case against James Lockhart alias McDonald and Arthur Doyle charged with breaking and entering several Express camps at Millidgeville and the two prisoners were committed for trial. Sergeant Kilpatrick gave further evidence.
Riotous Living.
A scandalous case of riotous living in a residential street in the city was brought to light in the police court yesterday morning when it was shown that a man had squandered no less than \$5,000 within a year. His two sons appeared in court and asked that some steps might be taken to protect their father who, they said, had been spending practically all his time in a house, the proprietor of which has lately been reported by the police for keeping a disorderly place.
Contracts Awarded.
Contracts for remodeling the building at the corner of King and Germain streets for the Dominion Express Company were awarded yesterday morning, the tender of J. M. Boleyn for the main work being accepted. The sub-contract for the masonry work has been awarded to Messrs. B. Mooney and Sons, for the painting and glazing, J. H. Fuller, and for the plumbing and heating James H. Doody. The contractors work at once and it is expected that the ground floor will be completed and ready for occupancy about the middle of next month.

The Delicacy of Baby's Skin

More beautiful than the rose is baby's skin when in health, and so delicate that it is susceptible to anything which irritates. For this reason baby skin troubles are many, and frequently chronic itching eczema is developed.
Nothing can be better for baby's skin when irritated than Dr. Chase's Ointment, and when eczema is developed you can apply this preparation with the knowledge that its wonderful record as a healer of the skin is due to the success it has proven in the cure of eczema.
The intense itching of eczema of the face and scalp is very hard for the little one to bear, and is a source of worry and anxiety to the mother. The itching parts are scratched, and many colored scars are formed. Eczema naturally becomes chronic and spreads over the body. You can positively control eczema and cure it by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. What is better still is to use this ointment for all chafing and irritation of the skin and prevent eczema from getting started.

Cold Air, Rough Winds, Strong Soaps
Often Bring on Chronic Eczema.

Deputy Minister of the Interior, N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Clean Bath Tubs Quicker Better

"Old Dutch" quickly removes all scum and sediment from both tubs and wash bowls. Stains and tarnish on metal fixtures disappear with half the effort and in half the time.
Save Your Energy
Largest Size 12 1/2" x 14 1/2"



the middle of July, while the entire building will be finished by the first of October.
Tribute to late Sheriff.
In the police court yesterday morning Hon. R. J. Ritchie expressed deep regret on hearing of the sudden death of High Sheriff S. E. deForest. He referred to him in the following words:
"The late S. E. deForest was a worthy son of a very respectable merchant in this city. He was a man of integrity and was honored and respected by all classes. I have known him ever since he was a boy and regret very much to learn of his death. In his dealings with the courts he was always kind and courteous and will be greatly missed."

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wiggins.
Johnston, Quebec, Co., Mar. 7.—The death of Mrs. Elizabeth Wiggins, widow of James B. Wiggins of Johnston, and daughter of the late Robert Orchard, occurred on March 7th. Deceased had passed away after two days illness of an acute attack of pleurisy. She was 66 years of age and highly respected by all who knew her.
She leaves to mourn a loving husband and eleven children, five sons and six daughters. The sons are: Edward of Vancouver, B. C.; Edward of Johnston; William and Ray of Annapolis, Charles and Arnold of Waterbury, H. Wiggins of Princeton, Mass.; Arthur Worden, of Johnston; Mrs. William Canada, of Waterbury; Mrs. Lea Kelly of Cambridge; Mrs. Hazel, Lynn, and Beatrice at home. She also leaves 36 grandchildren.

MAILED TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 27th May, 1914, for the conveyance of His Majesty's mails, on a proposed contract for four years, two times per week each way, between Gaspareaux and Lakestream, from the 1st July next.
Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Office of Gaspareaux and Lakestream, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector.
A. E. COLTIER,
Post Office Inspector, Office, St. John, N. B., March 19, 1914.

MAILED TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 1st May, 1914, for the conveyance of His Majesty's mails, on a proposed contract for four years, two times per week each way, between Cole's Island and Forks, from the 1st July next.
Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Cole's Island and Forks, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector.
A. R. COLTIER,
Post Office Inspector, Office, St. John, N. B., March 19, 1914.

MAILED TENDERS.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, Ottawa, and marked on envelope "Tender for Illuminating Oil and Oil for Kerosene Engines," will be received up to noon of the twenty-eighth day of March, 1914, for supplying and delivering about 150,000 gallons of Illuminating Oil and about 50,000 gallons of Oil for Kerosene Engines, both made according to the specifications prepared by the Department of Marine and Fisheries.
The quantities mentioned herein are only estimates and the department reserves the right to order larger or smaller quantities as required.
Specifications and forms of tender can be procured from the collectors of customs at Toronto, Petrolia, and Sarnia, and from the agents of this department at Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax and Charlottetown, and also from the purchasing and contract agent, marine department, Ottawa.
Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit cheque equal to five per cent of the total amount of the tender.
All tenders must be made on the tender form prepared by the department.
No tender will be considered except for oil strictly in accordance with the specifications and put up in packages called for in said specifications.
Samples of the oils, cans and cases must be submitted.
The department reserves the right to accept the whole or any part of a tender.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Newspapers copying this advertisement without authority will not be paid for same. A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
-56784, Ottawa, 16th February, 1914

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick at its next session, for the passage of a Bill "To vest the property and trusts of Masonic Bodies in Corporations and to provide for the dissolution of the same."
The Bill is known as "The Masonic Hall Company, Such Bill or act provides for the incorporation of a body to be known as 'The Masonic Hall Company, Incorporated under the Act of Assembly 35 Victoria Chapter 14, and amending the Act shall be dissolved and cease to exist, and said Act repealed as soon as a vote of its directors shall transfer its property to Corporation 'The Masonic Lodge Corporation."
Dated this seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1914.

PREPARED PURE HARD SOAP.

Classified Advertising
One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1/3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made by the Council of Physicians and Surgeons of New Brunswick to the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick at its next session to amend the New Brunswick Medical Act so as to increase the fees on Matriculation Examinations to \$15.00; the fees on Final Examinations to \$40.00, and the Registration Fee to \$30.00. Also to permit one applicant of \$20.00 in lieu of the Annual Registration Fee of \$1.00.
Dated this 19th day of February, 1914.
POWELL & HARRISON,
Solicitors for Applicants.

WANTED.
WANTED—Salesman calling on general trade to carry first class sideline of cigars. Large commission. Apply by letter, Clear Co., Montreal.
WANTED—Agents to sell boxes for immediate delivery and 1914 delivery. Fundy Fox Co., 96 Princess street, St. John, N. B.

MALE HELP WANTED.
LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN, BRAKE MEN, wages about \$100; experience unnecessary. Send age, postage, Railway, care Standard.

SITUATIONS VACANT.
AGENTS WANTED—Agents \$8 a day selling Mendota, which mends Graniteware, Hot Water Bags, Rubber Boots, Reservoirs, Bolders, Metal Tubs and Tinware without cement or solder. Sample ten cents. Collette Mfg Company, Collingwood, Ontario.
LEARN BARBER TRADE—Few weeks required; tools free; positions secured; Motor System; twenty-two year established modern method of teaching; write for particulars—MOLAR BARBER COLLEGE, 62F St. Lawrence Blvd., Montreal.

FOR SALE.
SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES all kinds, half dozen 17 cents, by mail New Singer hand machine \$10. White Machine \$5. New Home Machine at very low prices. Domestic and other machines repaired. One good typewriter cheap. William Crawford, 105 Princess street, St. John, N. B.

BLACK FOX STOCK—A few shares of 1913 stock which will pay a dividend in less than eight months. Best foxes, honest management. E. J. Treane, Broker, 115 Ludlow street, St. John, N. B. Phone W. 211-1.

FOR SALE—A good lot of work horses and one or two drivers. Apply The Hibbard Co., Limited, Fredericton, N. B.

SAWMILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT—Steam and water power plant in Victoria County is being offered for very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for renting and sawing out this season's cut of timber. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write P. O. Box 376, St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—Fifty ash sleighs for sale at Edgemoor's. Send for prices and catalogue. Edgemoor's, 115 City Road.

TO LET.
TO LET—Splendid Apartments lower floor 18 Garden street, at present occupied by H. C. Johnson, who is removing from city. Seen any time on appointment. House steam heated and in excellent repair. Occupancy April 1st.

FARM TO RENT—The subscriber will rent his farm at Spruce Lake for a term of years from the first of May next. It is now under a good state of cultivation; cuts about sixty tons of hay, can be made to cut double that in two or three years; large area of pasturage, well watered; a comfortable cottage (fourteen rooms), and the barn is one of the best and most up to date in the Maritime Provinces; in house and barn; there is also a small house for farm help, large henery, and pigery, with boiler set in furnace; frost proof cellar; dairy with concrete floors and ice chambers; grain and feed bins; carriage house; machinery and implement sheds; Fairbanks' scale set in main barn floor. A rare chance for a man with grown up family or permanent help. Possession can be given any time; rent to commence from 1st May. For further particulars, apply or write to John O'Regan, 17 Mill Street, St. John, N. B.

FLATS TO LET Inquire E. O. Parsons, Corner King and Ludlow.

TO LET—From May 1st large office in Dearborn building, Prince William street, now occupied by Jardine & Rive.

TO LET—Rooms newly furnished, electric light, and heated, 185 King street east.

LOST.
LOST—On the 4th inst. sum of money in American bills. Reward if left at this office.

PAROID ROOFING
THE BEST
GANDY & ALLISON,
3 and 4 North West

HORACE C. BROWN,
High-Class TAILOR
The Newest Patterns of English and Scotch Cloths to select from.
83 Germain Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

HOTELS.
ROYAL HOTEL
King Street.
St. John's Landing Hotel.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD
T. E. Reynolds, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN
ST. JOHN, N. B.
FOSTER, GATES & CO.
T. G. GATES, Manager.

CLIFTON HOUSE
H. E. GREEN, Proprietor.
Corner Germain and Princess Streets
ST. JOHN, N. B.

VICTORIA HOTEL
Better Now Than Ever.
87 King Street, St. John, N. B.
ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD.
Proprietors.
A. M. PHILIPS, Manager.

WINE AND LIQUORS.
RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO.
Established 1878.
Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants
Agents for
MACKIE'S WHITE HORSE CELLAR
SCOTCH WHISKY.
LAWSON'S LIQUOR SCOTCH WHISKY.
SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS
SCOTCH WHISKY.
KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKY.
LUK'S HEAD BASS ALE.
FABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER.
GBO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIER.
Banded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street,
Phone 529.

M. & T. MCGUIRE.
Direct Importers and dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Rye, Whisky, Ales and Stout, Imported and Domestic Cigars.
11 and 15 Water Street
Telephone 679.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.
William L. Williams, successors to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 110 and 112 Prince William street, Established 1870. Write for family price list.

JAMES M. RYAN
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Refrigerator Building a Specialty.
98 BRUSSELS STREET.
Phone M-2514.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.
ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS.
Iron and Brass Castings.
WEST ST. JOHN. Phone West 18.

ENGINEERING
Electric Motor and Generator Repairs, including rewinding. We try to keep your plant running while making repairs.
E. S. STEPHENSON & CO.
Nelson street, St. John, N. B.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON
MACHINIST AND ENGINEER.
Steamboat, Mill and General Repair Work.
INDIANTON, ST. JOHN, N. B.
Phones, M-229; residence M-1734-11.

ENGRAVERS
F. C. WESLEY & CO.
Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers
69 Water Street, St. John, N. B.
Telephone 982.

Musical Instruments Repaired
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS
and all stringed instruments and Bow repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS
81 Sydney street.

ERNEST LAW,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
Hamilton, Waltham and other high grade watches in stock.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
NO. 3 COBURG STREET.

If You Want Cheap Furniture
Go to Barn's Second-hand Furniture Store 157 to 161 Brussels street, the largest and cheapest place in the city, where you can buy for less than half the original cost.

T. DONOVAN & SON,
PURE FOOD STORE.
Buy Your Meats and Groceries from Us
203 QUEEN STREET, W. E.
Phone W. 286.

MACKEREL.
Salt Mackerel in Half Bbls.
JAMES PATTERSON,
19 and 20 South Market Wharf,
St. John, N. B.

California "Sunset" Oranges
Landing each week direct from the Coast, one car celebrated California "Sunset" Naval Oranges.
A. L. Goodwin, Market Building

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—From northwest to westerly winds; fair, not much change in temperature.

Toronto, March 11.—The pressure area of high pressure which was over Manitoba last night has moved southward and the weather has turned mild in the west. From the lake eastward it has been fair and cold.

Temperatures.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	40	54
Vancouver	34	56
Calgary	26	48
Edmonton	18	43
Regina	13	35
Winnipeg	4	13
Toronto	9	31
Ottawa	12	30
Montreal	14	29
Quebec	12	23
Halifax	20	34

—Below zero.

AROUND THE CITY

Will Attend Funeral

The county councillors will attend in a body the funeral of the High Sheriff which takes place this afternoon.

Ferry Traffic

The traffic on the ferry for the month of February showed a falling off as compared with the same month last year. The number of single teams carried in February was 837 less than last year, and the number of double teams was 370 less than for the same period last year.

Harbor Revenue

The city's revenues from the harbor for February showed a decrease of \$4,000 compared with the same month last year. It is anticipated that there will also be a loss of revenue from this source for March as compared with the corresponding month last year, when the accommodation of the harbor was taxed to its utmost.

Damage at Sand Point

The city engineer has submitted a report to the acting commissioner of harbors, showing that during the past month or so the amount of damage done at Sand Point through the breaking of ladders and fenders was \$650. Most of this damage was done by tugs and scoops. The city some time ago decided to collect compensation from all concerned causing damage at Sand Point.

PRESENTATION OF PRIZES FOR BEST ESSAYS

Adam H. Bell, well known here, Greatly Interested in Band of Mercy Work in Saskatoon.

The following from the Saskatoon Phoenix regarding a presentation of prizes to school children for the best essays on "The Treatment of Dumb Animals" will be read with much interest in St. John. Adam H. Bell who made the presentation is well known in this city and province. He is a Chas. Garton, eleven years of age, carries a gold tigger very proudly today. He won the prize offered by Adam H. Bell, honorary president of the Humane Society, for the best essay on "The treatment of dumb animals." Special prizes were given to Greta Mather and Edith Hope Johnson, who also had written splendid compositions. Honorable mention was made by Oswald Teifer, Gertrude Wallace, Richard Jamieson, Bertha Hinchelwood, and Nora Lewin. The other 111 essays had been interesting and most of them very well written.

The watch and the books were presented to the three lucky ones yesterday at the meeting of the directors of the Humane Society.

In presenting the watch to Charles Garton, Mr. Bell said: "I know of but few happenings that have given me greater pleasure than to be here this afternoon to meet you. We are anxious to form a band of mercy in this city, and you as a member would be of great assistance. A boy of your years having this knowledge cannot but make a good citizen. It is one of the noblest acts to take care of the dumb animals. I present you to with this watch. May it assist you to be successful in all your endeavours and that you will not lose a minute's interest in this noble work, even if the watch should."

It was stated that the prize essay had at first been thrown out by the examining committee as it was thought to be much too good for a boy of eleven to have written. Later, receiving assurance from several quarters that it was Charles' own work, the essay was replaced at the top of the list.

The directors were partly amused partly gratified, and partly regretful over an incident from one class room of a public school. The teacher had been impressing on the children the virtue of humanness to horses. She had them understanding very clearly that during the coldest days of a Saskatoon winter horses should not be left long standing unblanketed. Through her telling them that the inspector had official powers to take impressing horses to a stable and then "shape the matter to the police, the little children got the notion that it was their duty to do so too. One or two of them had carried it into action in good faith. The owners of the horses had not been tickled to death to have children leading their steers out to livery barns.

The inspector gave a detailed report upon the month's work. Several cases of unblanketed and lame horses had received attention.

REPLICATIONS FOR ONE FLAT

Demand for Dwellings Greater than Ever before — Predict Increase in Building Operations.

The demand for dwellings in St. John has during the present year been greater than ever before. Flats and houses for rent have been snapped up in all directions.

Early in January the house hunting campaign was in full swing, although it was generally the custom for house hunting to be at its height in February.

This year landlords were interviewed in regard to their premises before they knew whether or not they were to be vacant.

In many cases those having flats to let had many calls for them and in one case it was said that seventy applications had been received for a single flat.

Many landlords did not even take the trouble to advertise but still they were besieged with requests for their premises.

With the increased demand it was natural that rents should advance. In some extreme cases the rent asked for 1914 was double that paid in 1913. Still there is no chance of any remaining vacant.

There is so far only one case on record where the rent was reduced on a flat. The premises in question had been giving trouble during the winter on account of water pipes freezing and bursting. For this reason the rent was reduced until a furnace is installed.

The demand for houses and flats in the south end showed an increase over last year on account of street car men trying to locate near the new car barns in Westworth street. For this reason it was said that houses in the north end were earlier secured than for several years past.

The demand for houses has kept well in advance of the supply and it is believed that the coming summer will be the best in the history of St. John in respect to the number of dwellings erected.

A WEST SIDE STORE SWEEP BY FLAMES

Damage to Extent of \$300 to Establishment Owned by W. H. Smith—Covered by Insurance.

A fire in the grocery store of W. H. Smith at the corner of St. John and Union streets, West Side, last evening, caused damage to the extent of several hundred dollars, mostly from water. About a quarter to nine o'clock an alarm was rung in from box 117 and both companies on the West Side responded. When the fire men arrived on the scene there was a considerable blaze in one corner of the store and volumes of smoke were coming out of the doors and penetrating into the flat above. Two streams were quickly turned on and the blaze was soon extinguished.

It is not known definitely how the fire originated, but in the corner where the fire occurred several large bundles of matches had been stored.

Mr. Smith carried \$1,500 insurance on his stock, and it was said about \$300 will cover his loss.

The building was owned by C. E. Lockhart, M.L.A., and the damage to it was slight.

R. A. Clark occupied the flat above the store. His premises were not burned, but a good deal of inconvenience was caused by the entrance of smoke.

ST. LUKE'S BRANCH OF W. A. ANNUAL MEETING

Reports Show Much Progress During Past Year—Interesting Papers on Social Work.

The eleventh annual meeting of St. Luke's branch of the Woman's Association of the Church of England was held yesterday afternoon in the school room of the church. The attendance was large and much interest was taken in the proceedings. The reports submitted for the year showed that the work in the various branches had been carried on very successfully and that much had been accomplished during the past year.

During the meeting an eloquent address was delivered by Rev. J. L. Cotton on the work of the Woman's Association. Mrs. C. F. Woodman read an interesting paper on social problems and missionary ideals, in which she gave a fine description of the social conditions of the day.

The following were chosen to fill the offices for the new term: Honorary president, Mrs. W. H. Smith; president, Mrs. E. E. McKim; vice-president, Mrs. C. F. Woodman; Mrs. E. R. Murray and Mrs. William Taylor; corresponding secretary, Mrs. J. McConnell; recording secretary, Mrs. Oscar Price; treasurer, Mrs. J. P.

Associated Charities to Lay Matter before Commissioners and Local Council of Women — To Work Hard for Prison Farm—Many Requests for Help

The problem of children and young girls on the streets in the night time, was one of the subjects discussed at the monthly meeting of the Associated Charities, held in the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon, when a resolution urging the city commissioners to appoint one or more police women was passed without a dissenting voice. The Associated Charities will also bring the importance of appointing police women before the local council of women at their annual meeting this week.

Another resolution passed by the meeting referred to the fact that the Associated Charities had last year, and again this year, urged the necessity of a prison farm. The association intends bringing this matter to the attention of the societies and brotherhoods of the city, and will endeavor to have a bill presented to the provincial legislature at its next session.

Mrs. Grace Robertson, the secretary, reported that during the month of February 225 applications were received, 78 for employment. Recommendations were given to 65 persons and work found for 6 men, 20 women, 4 girls and 3 boys. Records were given in 35 cases; 59 visits were made and relief supplied in 31 cases. The secretary also investigated 39 cases besides doing considerable other work.

Mrs. Robertson, in her report, said that more applications were received for work and relief during the month that during the same period last year.

BLAME NEWS AND TABS FOR THE ECLIPSE

Happening was Watched by Hundreds of People—Advance Various Reasons for the Occurrence.

There was an eclipse of the moon last night. The event was variously attributed to a sensational affair in the Milky Way, where Venus in a hobble skirt was observed earlier in the evening twinkling at Mars, but the most prevalent superstition was that the Young Liberal Club which died and went to the Celestial abodes some time ago had arranged the affair in honor of the arrival of their great leader at his old home on the terrestrial peninsula of St. John. There was another report that the suburbanites were much alarmed over the affair, as they were not afraid of the darkness, or something of a similar nature, forecasting or foreshadowing another spasm of economy on the part of Mr. Gutelius. It is authoritatively announced that two young lovers in Rothesay, who went out in the moon to spoon, were much troubled by the interruption of the glamour of the moonlight; and as in the bright and shining atmosphere of the suburbs the affair was observed to great advantage it was held up as another argument for buying lots.

In St. John, from doorstep and sidewalk and roof tree, the eclipse was witnessed by a large number of representative citizens, and a considerable portion of the fashion and beauty of this burg, together with their relatives from Jemseg and other near by metropolises. In this enterprising and progressive part of the country the affair was pulled off some time ahead of the time scheduled for Washington, and needless to say all of the spectators were not afraid of the darkness, were well pleased with the performance.

When he appeared on the stage in the second act of the wonderful drama, the man in the moon was given a great reception, but did not respond to an encore. It is announced, however, that the performance will be repeated several times with variations during the year.

Our correspondent in Indianapolis reported that the cats and other superstitious creatures were much disturbed by the event, and set up a great caterwauling when the moon began to disappear down the throat of the dark. It being swallowed by a box constructor, without a conscience. To those not familiar with the mechanism of eclipses of the moon it is sufficient to state that they occur every time the moon gets behind the earth, even more regularly than there follows an eclipse of a shining light in the community of every time a candidate for the city commission gets behind at the polls.

Owing to the darkness at the time it was impossible for the reporter who was busy chiming the bells of the office boy to throw any more light on the matter.

DRIBERDENE HAD STORMY VOYAGE UP

Has Largest Cargo brought North from West Indies—Officers Report Fierce Fight with Waves.

After frustrating the heavy seas of the Atlantic driving against, strong head winds and in stormy weather, riding the combers at full speed, the Royal Line steamer Driberdene, replacing the ill-fated Cobeguid, having into port yesterday and at 6:30 o'clock docked at Pettitling's wharf. On her maiden voyage under charter of the Royal Line, after almost two months of continuous sailing, reaching as far south as Demerara, the Driberdene arrived in port yesterday experiencing no difficulty in keeping up with the royal mail schedule time. True, in port yesterday, she was a day behind the time scheduled for her arrival in Saint John, but this is accounted for by a special call not included in the regular schedule at the port of St. Kitts, where the steamer secured heavy cargo for Halifax.

According to the genial officers of the chartered Royal steamer the Driberdene arrived in the Port of Saint John yesterday with one of the biggest cargoes she ever brought north. It was due to the ability of the officers in command that she was able to battle her way through the turbulent waters of the Atlantic, sticking fast to her schedule time, save that accounted for by the extra stop at St. Kitts. On her voyage here the Driberdene carried a total cargo of 3,200 tons which was composed largely of sugar, molasses, cocoa and spices. Nineteen thousand bags of sugar consigned to the Port of Halifax were shipped at Demerara. Captain George Faulkner is in command and with Purser Darnell, 1st Officer McCormick and Chief Engineer Buchan, who by the way stars at the cribbage board, the ship has a crew which will always be extended a warm welcome in Saint John, and indeed the officers are always glad to pull into this port.

The Driberdene left Saint John on the 19th of January, sailing in the place of the now destroyed Cobeguid. She travelled to the West Indies touching Demerara on her farthest point south. Special interest was attached to the journey from Antigua to Bonafina, in that the officers had on board as a passenger Sir Hesketh-Beil, K. C., Governor of Leeward Islands, with his suite. To those on board the ship the Governor proved a jovial companion. Another interesting passenger was an Upper Canadian millionaire-travelling south with his bride on a honeymoon.

Among those met by the officers at Trinidad was James Wood, formerly connected in this city with the Saint John Hide Company. "Jimmie" wished to be remembered to all his Saint John chums. In Trinidad both the Rev. Fred Clark of Bridgewater, Nova Scotia, are associated with the firm of T. G. Grant & Co., one of the biggest commission companies in the West Indies. Tourist travel to the south is heavy at the present time, according to the officers, and Harkins' Company is entertaining the American and European visitors.

With heavy seas experienced since she left Bermuda the ship proved a credit to the Royal Mail service.

WOMEN'S RAISINCAES

An entirely fresh lot just purchased by F. A. Dykeman & Co. New designs, new materials, new styles and new prices. You will be agreeably surprised when you examine them. Regular \$5.99 quality on sale at \$3.75. Regular \$9.99 quality on sale at \$4.49. Regular \$8.25 quality on sale at \$5.75. Regular \$9.99 quality on sale at \$6.98. Regular \$12.80 quality on sale at \$9.89.

Settle the umbrella question by buying your umbrella at their store; you will find just the rain-shedder your fancy prefers in their splendid line of samples that are now on sale.

Art Club monthly meeting, Thursday night, Mrs. Lawlor's lecture, business, music, refreshments.

FASHION'S FINEST FANCIES. In Millinery accessories for early spring have just arrived from the gay French capital and are shown today by the Marr Millinery Company.

The cold weather has again made the ice at Queen's Rink. Bad tonight.

PARK HOTEL, KING SQUARE.

Carborundum Grinders

For grinding any edged tool. Will grind easily and quickly. Every mechanic should have one.

PRICES

No. 1.	\$2.65
No. 2.	3.75
No. 3.	4.90
No. 4.	7.35

Foot attachment for 3 & 4, \$1.65

W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD.
MARKET SQUARE & KING ST.

Special Prices On a Few Lines

To Clean Up Before Spring Goods Arrive

Mens' Tan Laced Boots, - - - \$2.98 and \$3.48
Regular \$5.00 Values

Ladies' Tan and Black, Button and Laced Boots, - \$2.89

See Shoes in Our Windows

Slater Shoe Shop - 81 King St.

JAPALAC

Get a can of JAPALAC today at our paint department and see for yourself how wonderfully it will rejuvenate an old chair, or in fact any piece of furniture that is badly marred. It comes in 18 colors, and has a hundred uses.

OAK, DARK OAK, MAHOAGANY, WALNUT, CHERRY, MALACLUITE GREEN, ENAMEL RED, ALUMINUM, GLOSS WHITE, GOLD, BRILLIANT BLACK, DEAD BLACK.

Prices 10 cts. to 90 cts. per Tin

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Sale of House Furnishing Materials Continued This Morning

BOYS' NEW SPRING SUITS

All the new styles for spring are now ready for mothers' inspection and whether the first suit is to be in Norfolk or regular double breasted effect, there will be found a great array of the most novel things the season affords in boys' garments.

The suits are well up to the regular M. R. A. requirements of extra stout materials, careful tailoring and abundant good style, constructed as near "boy proof" as suits can be and calculated to give the most satisfactory kind of service.

Tweeds, Worsted, Cheviots in plain effects, fancy mixtures, neat plain checks and hairline stripes.

Suits for Boys from 7 to 12 Years

NORFOLK SUITS with two pair bloomers, from . . . \$3.50 to \$10.00
NORFOLK SUITS with two pair of bloomers, from . . . \$4.50 to \$11.00
DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS, one pair of bloomers from \$3.25 to \$6.50
DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS, two pairs of bloomers from \$4.50 to \$12.00

Suits for Boys from 13 to 16 Years

NORFOLK SUITS with one pair of bloomers, from . . . \$6.00 to \$10.00
NORFOLK SUITS with two pairs of bloomers, from . . . \$8.00 to \$11.00
DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS, one pair of bloomers, from \$4.50 to \$12.00
DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS, two pairs of bloomers from . . . \$6.75 to \$13.50

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Bedroom Furniture For 1914

The Dresser and Chiffonier designs for this season are more simple in effect, tending almost entirely to the old style plainness and showing very little ornamentation.

The finishes featured are brown mahogany, tuna mahogany, circulation walnut, grey maple and white enamel. A few of the styles will have wooden beds to harmonize.

Metal beds in both white finish and all brass will be correspondingly plain in design, and what is of decided interest, the prices will be very moderate, quality considered.

Every week adds to the variety and completeness of our stock for spring, and we shall be able to satisfy the most exacting purchaser.

FURNITURE DEPT.—MARKET SQUARE.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited