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Lawless Outbreaks All Over England

CIVILIAN DISTURBANCES BECOMING COMMON AND SERIOUS DAMAGE REPORTED—ONE CITY HALL BURNED AND MANY PERSONS BADLY INJURED.

Labor Issues Bigger Than Any Great Britain Has Had Yet To Face.

LONDON.—Civilian disturbances in different parts of the country have been as destructive as anything committed by the military. At Swindon gangs of youths and discharged imperial soldiers looted twenty business premises and burned the flagstaff outside the municipal buildings. At Luton, where the town hall was burned, further disturbances were quelled by police charges. Men and four women were arrested and further arrests are imminent. At Coventry many shops were attacked; forty persons were injured, some dangerously, and police assistance was sought from Birmingham. At Bilston the mob tore down a wall and used the bricks as missiles against the police. Additional police were summoned from neighboring towns.

LONDON.—The labor expert of the London Times has summarized the present labor situation in Britain as follows:
The labor issues maturing in the next few weeks are bigger than any Great Britain has yet had to face. The labor organizations are bigger than they were before the war. Labor ideas are bigger. On the one hand we have organized workers like a strong man with determination. On the other hand the employers' organizations were never better consolidated. Left to themselves a terrific conflict would be inevitable and would be fought as a war of extermination by each side.

It probably would end in the exhaustion of both sides, but there is a third party vitally interested in keeping peace, namely, the general public, whose trustees are the government. The question of destructive industrial war or peaceful industrial reconstruction will be determined by the action of the government. The present cabinet has not yet shown anything like a broad, sympathetic, progressive policy towards labor and independent attitude towards capital, which will be needed if disaster is to be averted.

Whether the government will have foresight and courage to do their duty is premier Lloyd George's secret. The outcry against the state to purchase coal mines and the indecision of the ministers on this test question of their democratic good-will create a strong suspicion that without drastic changes in the composition of the cabinet the government will fail to satisfy labor. Labor, therefore, will await

eagerly the foreshadowed reshuffling of the cabinet before taking extreme steps.

The danger in the present situation is the increasing want of confidence among the workers in the government and in parliament the majority of the British trade unionists still retain some trust in the house of commons and the ministers, but unless the house and the cabinet produce convincing evidence that they intend to give workmen all they can legitimately respect for the existing system of government will inevitably lessen.

If and when that happens we Britishers shall find ourselves straggling into the face of revolution.

Mr. Lloyd George might decide that the present house of commons is too one-sided to carry out real progressive measures. The shrewdest course would be to dissolve parliament and give the working-class electors a clear field for the elections anew.

Of the twenty million British electors, at least fourteen million are workmen and workmen's wives. Labor, therefore, if it chooses, can control the existing constitutional machine. This is the surest safeguard against a violent revolutionary outbreak by any large body of British workmen.

Only when balked by the cabinet and flouted by parliament will the workers attempt drastic action. Meanwhile the public must expect intermittent and sometimes extensive strikes. They are the growing pains of the labor movement.

The strikes have stopped the pumps in the Yorkshire mines for the first time in many years and several mines are flooding. Marines have been called for duty on the pumps in order to save the mines.

LONDON.—Prophecy that the price of food next winter will "climb to a level never dreamed of" was uttered by Sir Auckland Geddes, the British minister of reconstruction, in an address at Crewe recently.

A member of the audience shouted "More Wages." Sir Auckland replied that there would be no money to pay wages because it would have to go overseas to pay for food. The minister warned the public that it was squandering its money in a colossal way on things that did not matter.

"You cannot live like millionaires," he said, "if you are as poor as a churchmouse. This nation is now poor. It is living as if it were wealthy."

Hon. Walter Scott Arrested at U. S. Border For Non-Production of Passport

PEMBINA, North Dakota, July 28.—En route from Victoria, B.C., via Winnipeg to Detroit Lakes, Minnesota, Hon. Walter Scott, ex-premier of Saskatchewan, was promptly ordered from the Northern Pacific train at ten o'clock this forenoon by United States Immigration Officer E. R. Russell, and kept locked up during three and a half hours, until nearly two o'clock p. m., in a strongly barred cell. Mr. Scott alleges that he then liberated himself by breaking through the plastered wall into a hall which led by a stairway into a ground floor office, and thence it was a simple matter to open a window and regain freedom. A jagged hole in the wall confirms the said assertion. The officer later found Mr. Scott in the Northern Pacific telegraph office, and said he should be re-arrested, went out, and returned, together with a man whom he said was a constable, but changed his mind on being shown the draft of a telegram which Mr. Scott was filing, addressed to Sir Robert Borden, premier of Canada, regarding the incident.

At four o'clock, A. R. Davidson, of Davidson and McCree, Winnipeg, motored into Pembina, going south. Mr. Davidson kindly offered

him his services to take Mr. Scott back to Winnipeg, or elsewhere, but Mr. Scott expressed the wish to travel to Naves to take the Soo line evening train on to Detroit. Officer Russell forbade this; his order was that Mr. Scott must return to Winnipeg and obtain a passport.

Mr. Scott's statement is to the effect that Officer Russell became angry and overbearing over perfectly truthful answers which Mr. Scott made to the officer's questions at the outset. He alleges that he told the officer that he was a Canadian citizen, that he had had no fixed residence during three years past, and that, if he now followed any business, it was farming. Officer Russell professed to believe that these answers were not truthful and in the end, as stated, ordered Mr. Scott from the train and locked him in the cell.

It is understood here that, regardless of Officer Russell's threat to have him again arrested if he attempted to do other than return to Canada, Mr. Scott made his way to Naves and boarded the south-bound Soo line train, presumably for Detroit.

Sir Robert Borden has been requested already to make protest to Washington against the unmerited indignity to which ex-Premier Scott was subjected.

Big Forest Fire in Michigan

ONE VILLAGE DESTROYED.

DETROIT, July 26.—High winds continued today to drive fires at a rapid rate through pine forests, brush and over prairie lands of upper Michigan, and the northern counties of the lower peninsula. Reports from fire wardens in half a dozen counties, indicated that the situation was more threatening than at any time this year.

In the upper peninsula, forests around Trout Lake and Raeco appear to be the scenes of the largest fires which have been sweeping along unchecked for four days. Railroad men who have passed through the district say the woods for miles along the right-of-way are a seething furnace, and the fires are so scattered that efforts of fire fighters are all but useless. Only a heavy rain, they say, will check the blaze.

One village, Dollar settlement, was destroyed yesterday, a short time after the residents had abandoned their homes. So far as known, no towns in lower Michigan are in peril.

Montana-Idaho Fires Spreading.

SPOKANE, July 25.—Twenty-five hundred forestry men, soon to be increased to 3,000, and hundreds of men in the employ of the Forest Fire Protective association, have failed to hold in check serious forest fires which were raging today, many of them far out of bounds, in northern Idaho and western and central Montana.

Four Montana towns, Thompson Falls, county seat of Sanders county; St. Regis, Henderson and Maiden, were menaced seriously by the flames. The blaze is within a mile and a quarter of Thompson Falls and citizens, ranchers and forest service employees were combating it.

The Mission Creek blaze, on the Canadian-Idaho line, burst into

bounds yesterday and is now burning in timber on the American side, after destroying the camp of the fire fighting crews.

Rain in eastern Montana and northern Idaho has improved the forest fire situation.

Reports from Oregon indicated that 55 forest fires had been started by lightning.

Eleven Boys Drowned at Picnic

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 25.—Eleven boys, all members of the Springfield Boys' club, were drowned this afternoon in Big Pond, East Otis, when a flatboat and several canoes in which they were being towed, were tipped over by high waves.

The boys, who were in camp with 42 other boys on an island, had been on the mainland for athletic sports and were being taken back for dinner. About half way across, a high wind came up, causing a wave to partly fill the flatboat with water. When the launch towing them turned to go back to the mainland, other waves quickly filled the boat and it soon sank.

Some of the boys held on to the boat, but when one of the youngsters lost his hold, all of the others on that side of the boat started to rescue him. This caused the boat to turn over and all lost their hold. The boys who were following in canoes, paddled to the struggling mass of humanity, and some of this craft was capsized also, accounting for other drownings.

Santasiero, who was one of four directors in the launch, when he saw the panic among the boys, jumped into the water in an effort at rescue. He was soon pulled down by the struggling boys and drowned with the others.

Minimum Wage Set For Saskatchewan

The minimum wage for experienced females employed in shops, stores and other mercantile institutions in Saskatchewan will be \$15 a week, it was announced, following an all-day session of the minimum wage board. The minimum for beginners is to be \$9.50 per week, with an increase every three months until one year of service has been completed, when the employee is deemed to be experienced and will be entitled to the \$15 scale.

The minimum for beginners will be \$9.50 the first three months, \$10.50 the second three months, \$11.50 the third three months and \$13.50 for the remainder of the first year's service. Out of 659 adult women and girls employed in this class of work in Saskatchewan, 341 are being paid wages ranging from \$6 to \$15 a week, and a very large proportion of these will be automatically increased when the order of the board is put into effect.

The board also set the hours of employment for women and girls in the same classification, providing for a maximum of 48 hours per week. Provision, however, was made for an extension of the number of hours' employment under special circumstances, when permits may be issued for additional hours not to exceed 36 days during the year. Power to issue such permits was delegated to the secretary, Thomas M. Molley, commissioner of labor for Saskatchewan.

GERMANS START IN BUSINESS AGAIN

PARIS.—Germans, through their agents, and by circulars, are offering cutlery, bicycles and other articles on the French market 75 per cent. under French prices, according to a statement during the debate in the chamber of deputies.

Drastic Prohibition Law Passed in United States Lower House

WASHINGTON.—By a vote of nearly three to one, the house, weary of talk on prohibition, passed a bill for its enforcement with provisions and penalties so drastic as to bring from the men who framed it the prediction that it would forever suppress the liquor traffic on United States soil.

Exactly 100 members, 52 Democrats and 48 Republicans, refused to support it. Against this even 100, the prohibitionists, putting up a solid front to the very last, polled 287 votes.

The measure now goes to the senate, where many of its restrictions may be modified or stricken out. The cloakroom rumor persisted that all of this legislative effort might end on the shoal of a presidential vote, although the general view was that it would be signed as passed.

Provisions of Measure.—The bill, as it passed the house, provides after January 26, 1920, Every person permitted under the law to have liquor in his possession shall report the quantity and kind to the commissioner of internal revenue. (This applies to chemists, physicians, etc.)

After February 1, 1920, the possession of any liquor other than as authorized by the law, shall be prima facie evidence that it is being kept for sale or otherwise in violation of the law. It will not be required however, to report and it will not be illegal to have in one's possession, liquor

in a private dwelling while the same is occupied and used by the possessor as his private dwelling, and the liquor is used for personal consumption by the owner, his family or his guests.

The possessor of such liquors, however, bears the burden of proof that the liquor was acquired and is possessed lawfully.

Intoxicating liquor is defined as a beverage containing more than one-half per cent. of alcohol. Any house, vehicle, or other place where liquor is manufactured or sold, is declared a nuisance. No person shall manufacture, sell, barter, give away, transport, import, export, deliver, furnish or receive any intoxicating liquors.

Liquor for non-beverage purposes, and wine for sacramental use, may be sold under specified regulations.

Denatured alcohol, medical preparations (including patent medicines) unfit for beverage purposes, toilet articles, flavoring extracts and vinegar are exempted.

Registered physicians are authorized to issue prescriptions under strict regulations for the use of liquor in cases where it may be considered necessary as a medicine.

Liquor advertisements of all kinds are prohibited.

Sale, manufacture or distribution of compounds intended for use in the unlawful manufacture of liquor is prohibited, together with sale or publication of recipes for home manufacture.

Fatal Race Riots Break Out in Chicago

Nine Dead And a Score Fatally Wounded by Bullets or Missiles

CHICAGO, July 27.—A series of riots in the negro districts today resulted in the drowning of one negro; the reported drowning of a white man; the probable fatal injury of another negro; the wounding of a policeman, and injury to a score of whites and blacks by bullets or missiles. Police tonight said they had the situation well in hand.

The trouble started at the 29th Street beach, where whites and blacks are segregated, and soon spread to State street, the main thoroughfare in the heart of the negro district, which extends about five miles. Shooting started near the beach. There was also some shooting in the vicinity of State street.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Seven persons were killed and more than two score injured, many of them seriously, in a renewal of race riots in Chicago tonight. For more than five hours the five mile area on the south side was a battle ground of scattered battles between policemen and negroes, who fired from rooftops and from dark alleys, and other points of vantage.

The call for troops to quell the outbreaks resulted in four regiments of National Guardsmen being mobilized, but at a late hour tonight they had not been dispatched to the disturbed district and Chief of Police Garrity expressed the belief that the worst of the disorder had passed.

Five of the dead are negroes and two are whites.

A "flying squadron" of blacks mounted a touring car, and riding at full speed through the section sent a volley of shots at a group of whites. One white woman was injured but not fatally. The remainder received sentences from one to twenty years' imprisonment.

The charge against the accused was denouncing compatriots to the German authorities during the occupation of Laon. In many cases the hiding places of French soldiers, who had escaped the German advance, were pointed out, with the result that a large number of the soldiers were executed.

groes were overtaken after a long chase and placed under arrest. Shortly afterward a mob of several hundred blacks formed at 35th street and began stoning a policeman. Gun fire was opened and four of the negroes fell, all mortally wounded.

A white man in the same neighborhood was dragged from a truck and stabbed to death.

Negroes began looting stores of whites in one district shortly after the firing of revolvers by a squad of policemen in an effort to break up a fight over a small purchase of groceries. The police soon emptied their guns. The looting continued until a special squad of police, armed with rifles arrived. They fired low, felling half a dozen blacks.

A white woman was pulled from a street car by a negro. He was soon lying unconscious against the curb. The angry whites left him for dead.

Groups of blacks formed in football fashion and charged against whites with razors and clubs. On one corner the scene was like a miniature battleground. Unconscious negroes and white dotted the street.

Seattle Police Charge Crowd of Bolsheviks

SEATTLE, July 25.—A meeting of I.W.W. in the lower end of the town was dispersed by the police. Crowds jammed the intersection before three radical speakers, who were alleged to be spreading treasonable propaganda. Chief of Police Warren, with 150 patrolmen, headed the raid. It was found necessary to charge the crowd with police automobiles to disperse the meeting.

Many missiles were thrown at the police, chiefly fruit taken from a fruit stand nearby. Several patrolmen were struck and sustained bruises. Half-a-dozen arrests were made for resisting the police.

At the time of the arrival of the police, banners were thrown across the streets, calling for supporters for the Soviet government in Russia. Three speakers were mounted on platforms at the street corners, but disappeared when the police appeared.

For an hour afterward police in pairs patrolled the streets of that section, dispersing small crowds that gathered.

NEWS IN BRIEF

800 NATIVES KILLED

LONDON.—Eight hundred natives were killed and 1,600 wounded during the recent disturbances in Egypt, according to despatches from General E. H. Allenby.

The casualties to European and other civilians were:

Killed, 31; wounded, 35.

The casualties to the military were:

Killed, 29; wounded, 114.

The death sentence was imposed on 39 natives; detention for life, 26. upwards of 1,000 were sentenced to short terms of imprisonment. The military courts have been dispensed with, the sentences which they imposed being reduced by three months.

THREATENS LONDON WITH COAL FAMINE

LONDON.—A decision by the government that not more than 200 pounds of coal may be delivered to a private residence weekly threatens to a stoppage of coal deliveries in London, except in urgent cases. Coal dealers say they cannot deliver such small quantities as it would take 20 trips to deliver the usual load of two tons. Much of the trucking in London is dependent on coal.

LOCUSTS EATING CROPS

RIO JANEIRO.—This city and vicinity is suffering today from a plague of locusts. Clouds of locusts from the south swept in upon the towns massed in such dense swarms that in some places they almost obscured the sun. Damage to the crops and to vegetation in general in the interior is feared.

WILL FORMALLY REFUSE TO SURRENDER EX-KAISER

GENEVA.—It is reported from Bern that the Dutch Prince Consort, who is travelling in Switzerland, has declared in private conversations that Holland will formally refuse to surrender the former German emperor to the allies if asked. Holland, however, would not hinder him from voluntarily appearing before an allied or neutral tribunal, or from returning to

Radical Proposals Adopted by Political Party at Calgary

CALGARY, Alta.—The afternoon session July 25, of the farmer's political party was packed with vital action. Policy was declared on many important problems, and officers elected.

The constitution was finally completed and adopted. One of the most important resolutions was that dealing with the method of the trial of the Winnipeg aliens. The convention demanded the restoration of British justice in Canada by resumption of trial by jury for all offenders. The convention also called for repeal of the amendment to the Immigration act, which gives immigration officers power to deport British subjects born outside Canada, without trial.

The convention also endorsed the \$2,000 gratuity scheme for soldiers, asking the minister of education to advance money to keep the schools open in drought-stricken areas. A most radical proposal was adopted in resolution form, as a method of compelling attention to the farmers' demands for tariff reform. It was proposed that, what amounts to a boycott, be instituted against Canadian goods which are manufactured under protection of the tariff.

Germany, as, according to Dutch laws, the former monarch is considered simply a political exile.

NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PRESIDENCY IN GERMANY

WEIMAR.—No member of a family that at any time has ruled Germany is eligible for the office of president of Germany. The national assembly has thus ruled by adopting a motion of one of its members, Frau Angnus.

NOTED CHILDREN'S DOCTOR KILLED

LONDON.—Dr. Nikolas Berend, widely known as an authority on children's diseases and a member of the University of Budapest faculty, was killed during the last attempt to overthrow the soviet government in Budapest, according to a Vienna despatch.

President of Manitoba Grain Growers Resigns

BRANDON, Man.—R. C. Henders, M.P., president of the Manitoba Grain Growers' association, at a meeting of the board of the association held in Brandon July 23, tendered his resignation of the presidency in the following terms:

"This certifies that I, R. C. Henders, do hereby and now tender my resignation as president of the Manitoba Grain Growers' association, believing that my position has been misunderstood and my motives entirely misjudged. I, therefore, feel that my presidency of the association ought to terminate.

"Sincerely Yours,

(Signed) "R. C. Henders."

Resolution in Reply

In this connection the board of the association, after thorough discussion of the whole question of the budget and the vote of the western members of the house of commons, passed the following resolution:

"We, the board of directors of the Manitoba Grain Growers' association, while deeply regretting the circumstances which have necessitated the resignation of our president, R. C. Henders, and while we fully appreciate the long years of faithful services rendered our organization, yet, after careful consideration, we cannot in any degree accept his attitude on the tariff in the recent budget debate and vote. We, therefore, repudiate his stand, accept his resignation and reaffirm our adherence to the principles of the farmers' platform.

(Signed) "W. B. Wood,

Secretary,"

J. L. Brown,

Vice-President."

Eight French Informers Sentenced to Death

PARIS, July 28.—Sentences were delivered this afternoon in the case known as "The Laon Informers" after a trial of more than sixty days.

Of the 28 persons accused, eight were condemned to death, two of them being women; three others were condemned to death by default, six were acquitted, and the



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Canadian Industrial Congress Opens August 13

Detail of plans, program and attendant features of the Canadian Industrial Congress, to be held at Calgary on August 13 and 14 and to include a tour of the province by special train, has now been completely worked out and congress headquarters, located in the Palliser Hotel, Calgary, announces that reservations are being made for the special train tour, for the congress sessions, which are to be held in the Grand Theatre, Calgary, and for hotel accommodation.

The special train, it is announced, will leave Medicine Hat, on the morning of August 12, will run then to Lethbridge, from that city to Calgary, will be held here for two days during the congress sessions, then will run to Edmonton and from the capital city will move to Banff, arriving in the Rockies on Sunday morning, August 17. The theatre sessions will open in the morning at 10 o'clock on Wednesday, August 13 and will continue until 6 o'clock that evening, with intermission of 2 and 1-2 hours for luncheon, and on the following day, Thursday, will open at the same hour. There will be no evening sessions at the theatre, that portion of the day being utilized with entertainment and motoring. The program is perhaps the most impressive ever gotten together at one industrial gathering on the continent, including among others, Sir Robert Borden, E. W. Beatty, D. B. Hanna, Henry Ford, A. R. Erskine, Finley P. Mount, and many other industrial leaders of continental and world fame.

Congress headquarters asks that all who desire reservation on either the special train, the congress sessions at Calgary or for hotel accommodation write or wire to John M. McGreevy, Congress Manager, Palliser Hotel, Calgary, Canada, as early as possible.

"Where Valley and Height Fills Your Soul With Delight"

Such is the general opinion of patrons of the Canadian National Railways travelling to the Pacific Coast through beautiful Jasper National Park and in full view of majestic Mount Robson, Mt. Edith Cavell, Mt. Warren and other wonderful sights. The railway traverses an entirely new section of the Rockies and is replete with magnificent scenery the whole 600 miles through the Mountains. Advantages of this route are absence of grades, the highest point reached being only 3600 feet, the lowest altitude crossing the Rockies anywhere on the Continent and of immense benefit to people who are affected by high climbing; then again there is little curvature and a splendid roadbed, which with electric lighted Standard and Tourist Sleepers, Dining Car and Observation Car makes for a most comfortable journey. Summer Tourist fares are now effective to all points on the Pacific Coast from Vancouver, B.C., to San Diego, Cal., and North to Alaska.

Any C.N.R. Agent or District Passenger Agent, C.N.R., Saskatoon, will consider it a pleasure to give information on the trip and describe to you how "Nature glows in grandest glory—along the National's Territory."

A CHANCE FOR ALL The percentage of Bond-buyers in this nation may be thin, But Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps Let the millions in.

"I want the Canadian people to get a vast vision of the trade opportunities in Europe. It is not trade between one firm and another, but trade between whole nations and a sister nation." That is the message of Mr. Lloyd Harris, head of the Canadian Mission in London, on his return to Canada.

YOU CAN EARN \$50 PER DAY With Improved Standard Wash Drilling Machine. Fastest and Simplest Drilling Machine on the Market. Drills through any formation. Has record of drilling 70 ft. on 3/4 gal. of fluid. One man can operate. Write for catalogue. Manufactured by Roberts Machinery Co., 1225 Broad St., Portland, Oregon.

The Exodus of the Immigrant-Emigrants

NEW YORK. — Outside the heavy granite custom house, in the rear, there may be seen daily a double line of dark-hued men, some of them mere boys, some of them grizzled; none of them of any great height, but many with muscles which have been tanned and hardened by labor. Slowly the line creeps along the gray wall to a door where a few at a time are let in by one of the uniformed officials who guard the line. Some of the men carry papers tightly clasped in their hands; others take them out from secret places now and then to make sure that they have not been lost.

Inside the building they make their way to a room in charge of internal revenue collectors. Here they must give an accounting of the money in their possession, and the money they have made during the last year or more. A large number of these men are liable for income taxes which in many cases they have not paid.

Those who do not have to pay, and those who have paid, move along slowly again to another room where there are more officials and more translators. Women and naturalized Americans are pushed along and dealt with first. All papers are examined to make sure that they are in order and then the line goes forward again to the apartment where the final permits are issued and the immigrant is free, as far as the government is concerned, to proceed to the land of his birth.

These immigrant emigrants, mostly Italians, have come from all parts of the United States, and some from Canada. They pass through the custom house at the rate of a thousand a day and they have been going through like that since the day after the armistice was signed. Tens of thousands of them have been working in the various war industries. That work is largely finished now. Besides, these men want to go home and see how their families, relatives and friends have fared during the war. The Italian immigrant has always made it a practice to go home at dull times and live there for a time on what he has saved from his American wages, but there has never been a time since the panic year when men have gone in such great numbers and for so long a period.

It is interesting to note that the Italians who have gone into agriculture and own larger or smaller pieces of land are not going home. It is the industrial worker, the wage earner with nothing at stake but his job, who, sharing in the present prevalent unrest and apprehension, takes the occasion to leave. Will they come back, and when?

Byron Newton, collector of the port, who deprecates their going because he feels that this country needs the services of such men, says their return is problematical. A representative of the Society for the Assistance of Italian Immigrants is of the opinion that a large number of them will return. He admits, however, that if they can find work at home they will remain there, and reports are to the effect that there is employment for all who want it. While living conditions are higher than they were, in Italy as elsewhere, wages have risen commensurately.

While the great majority of Italians never become naturalized, those who do prize the privilege highly. A man who had taken out his papers and was eager to go home for a visit was told that he, as an American citizen, would have to get a passport from Washington, and that this could be done only at the expense of great delay. If he would relinquish his citizenship, he could get a permit and leave promptly. After thinking it over, he decided that he would rather abandon his visit than surrender his citizenship.

There are no immigrants from Italy in these days. There are said to be a few who are ready to come, but they are of the class that would be of no advantage to this country. Meanwhile two million Jews from Russia and Rumania are eager to come to America, but they will not do the work that the Italians have been doing. They will tend to congest the cities even more and will swarm into the already overcrowded trades and occupations. Moreover, they are likely to have been inculcated with the pernicious political doctrines which have gained such currency in the part of the country from which they came. Mr. Newton puts it that we need subway builders rather than soviet makers on the American continent.

taxation was only 6 per cent. the percentage met in this manner by the United States was 44 per cent.

Free Boots and Cement Canada could learn a great many useful lessons from the United States while moving towards that platform of the organized farmers which is anathema to the readers of Industrial Canada. Boots and shoes are free of duty in the United States while in Canada they carry a 35 per cent. tax. This country keeps a considerable duty on cement which in the United States is free! The United States does not keep a duty on farm implements while calling upon its farmers to produce! And so the list might be multiplied, though it is not by such argument that members of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association will be converted. E. C. D.

ARE PETITIONING PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

The members of the Dobson Local Grain Growers' association held a meeting July 10 for the purpose of petitioning the Provincial government to supply the farmers of the district with fall rye seed. The petition read as follows: "Whereas during 1915, in response to the call for greater production, large areas were planted to wheat, which gave a good return for the labor expended, but the profits of that crop were used to pay off the losses incurred during 1914 and paying for the seed grain advanced by the government for that crop; and during 1916 the farmers suffered the loss of a goodly amount of their crops from black rust, drought and hail, whereas they were insured up to 85 per cent. per acre they were only paid 40 per cent. of that amount; and during 1917 they again suffered great losses from drought, not making any more than expenses; whereas in the year 1918 they were heavy losers through soil drifting, and the situation began to look serious; this year, 1919, crops are almost totally destroyed through soil drifting, and a great many pledged their credit to the banks for oats to reseed the large areas of wheat fields that are almost all totally destroyed by soil drifting; and whereas those farmers that were in a position to seed fall rye a year ago have proven it to be a success, insofar as it did not inter-kill and has eliminated to a certain extent soil drifting in nearby fields and will have a stubble for seeding another year, and that some farmers would have seeded a small acreage in rye but could not get the wire for fencing. Therefore this local is petitioning the government to send a man to review the situation and loan them fall rye seed to prevent the abandonment of the farms by the farmers, there being several already abandoned and very many farmers do not see any hope of holding their farms if something is not done."

VILE ATTACK ON DR. BLAND

Whatever may be the rights and wrongs of the recent Winnipeg Labor troubles will probably be determined as a result of the trials now pending in conjunction with Judge Robson's commission, which will be sitting in Winnipeg before this article appears.

But for sheer bigotry and deliberate, brutal insult, the attack on Dr. Salem G. Bland, by the Toronto Saturday Night, in its issue of July 5th, is one of the worst appearing in the Canadian press. Dr. Bland needs no defence from anybody; as he is eminently qualified to attend to this matter himself. Neither does the above article require any reply; as it only requires reproduction for his myriad of friends and admirers to repudiate the Saturday Night article and all its works. If this is the temper in which the great problems of Canada's future political and economic battles are to be fought, God help Canada.

"Appertaining to Rev. Salem G. Bland"

Under the above caption the Toronto Saturday Night editor dips his pen in gall and wormwood and spills forth the following, as an example of Canadian journalism: "We should imagine that Methodism will soon be as tired as the rest of the community of the peripatetic quack, Rev. Salem G. Bland, who is going about and telling the working people that they are oppressed and that capital is their enemy. His latest delirance was made at an open air meeting held in Queen's Park, Toronto, June 21st, to protest against Bolshevist agitators in Canada. The general doctrine expounded by Dr. Bland was that all agitators who profess to speak for labor are above the law; that they have a right to defy government and to frame movements for the rest of the community, without interference. Any attempt on the part of the community, as represented in the civil authorities, to protect itself in the right to work and eat and enjoy the common decencies of civilization, is painted as an unfair use of power."

"Dr. Bland said he knew some of the men arrested in Winnipeg (it is an open secret that Rev. William Ivens is a protege of his) and he declared that they had not been treated "as we are accustomed to have Canadians treated." To this the answer is obvious, that this is the first time we have had to deal with Canadians who have openly sought the overthrow of our entire governmental and economic system; who connelled the repudiation of all agreements between capital and labor; who attempted the suppression of a free press; and did countless things which have been abhorrent to free-spirited and free-born Canadians. As a matter of fact, though some of them were born in this country, these Winnipeg leaders are neither flesh, fish, nor good red herring-internationalists and outlaws, who don't know where they are going, but are on the way. Consequently, we must devise new ways to deal with such alleged Canadians as this.

"Between smirks Dr. Bland urged the Government to seek counsel of 'that old Book, the Bible.' We wonder if he has really read it, the prophets of Solomon, for instance, which contain most of this worldly wisdom, which finds expression in the best of our modern 'capitalistic' laws. Perhaps, Dr. Bland was thinking of Herod, whose methods were frankly adapted to modern conditions by the Strike Committee of Winnipeg, when it sentenced little children to death, by cutting off the milk supply. Perhaps he had in mind some of the other worthy captains chronicled in Holy Writ, who operated by spreading drought and pestilence. This is what the Winnipeg Strike Committee hoped to compass, when it tried to cut off the water supply and the sanitary conveniences of a population which largely lives in apartment houses. For the men who devised such measures as these Dr. Bland has all sympathy and he paints as tyrannical the authorities which stepped in to stop their mischievous activities.

"Generally speaking Dr. Bland's methods resemble nothing so much as those of the patent medicine fakers, who work by suggesting horrifying 'symptoms' to the ignorant. He makes the suggestion that the people cannot get a square deal—a palpable lie. He says 90 per cent. of the measures passed at Ottawa are 'in the interest of capital,' but forgets to mention that good measures are in the interests of everyone—capitalists included. Then he hints that the Government is taking counsel of the old absolutist governments of Russia and Germany; ignoring the fact that the action of Winnipeg was taken by one of the recognized heads of organized labor, Senator Robson.

"Now, Rev. Salem G. Bland is probably not an educated man in the true definition of the term; but his cloth gives a certain respectability to his words. Therefore he should try to weigh them and open his eyes to the plain fact that in no country in the world is mankind so free as it is in Canada to-day. In no land are wages better and food more plentiful. In no land does opportunity hold the door open so wide for the honest and industrious. The friends of Dr. Bland tried to murder freedom from the moment they planned a general strike in Winnipeg; while the authorities showed a fantastic devotion to the theory of liberty in allowing them to remain at large. The doctor is unappreciative of the privileges he himself enjoys. He is permitted to go about spreading half-truths and falsehoods where they will do the most harm; when he might be conscripted for the performance of some mental service."

TRACHOMA EXISTS IN THIS PROVINCE TO SERIOUS EXTENT.

The survey now being made of the schools and homes in the municipalities of Lost River, Bluecher, Colonsay and Morris shows a large increase in the number of people afflicted with trachoma or granulated eyelids, not only amongst the non-English speaking population but also amongst Canadians. It is recognized that trachoma now exists in this province to a very serious extent. The survey, which is not yet complete, shows that up to the present time 2,346 persons have been examined, of whom 384 have trachoma. In one locality about 20 per cent. of the population were found to be suffering from the disease. Special arrangements are being made for treatment, but although the bureau of public health is sending out doctors and nurses, unless they have the support and co-operation of the public their success can never be complete.

In order to check this disease, which eventually causes blindness, the public must adopt better hygienic precaution in their homes. Common washbasins and hand towels should be abolished, and special precautions must be taken at harvest and threshing time, when dust continually irritates the eyes and makes the lining of the

A. STANLEY JONES THRESHERS SASKATOON SASK. 28x36 Self Feeder, Wind Stacker. All freight paid, \$795.00 cash, \$845.00 time, designed for the 'Fordson.' Complete outfits, engines and separators, from \$725.00 to \$1,356.00. Threshers alone from \$445.00 to \$845.00. We have a thresher for any engine from 3 H.P. up to 30 H.P. Whatever sort of a Farm you work, whether grain or mixed, whether only oats, or wheat, this complete, simple, foolproof outfit, with years of reputation behind it, is the only sensible choice. FOR INDEPENDENT FARMERS No. 4.—Combination 28-36 Separator, Hand-Feed, Wind Stacker, 11 H.P. Engine, Clutch Pulley, Oscillating Magneto, all Belts. ALL FREIGHT PAID Cash: \$1,121.00 Time: \$1,261.00 No. 4A.—same as above, but with Self-Feeder, instead of Hand-Feed. Cash: \$1,214.00 Time: \$1,354.00 Capacity: about 700 wheat and 1,200 oats per day. Prices advance August 1st.

CROP REPORT

Harvest Expected to Begin August 1 to 10—Many Harvest Hands Will be Required—Estimate of Yield in All Districts.

The bureau of statistics of the provincial department of agriculture has issued the fortnightly bulletin containing estimates of grain acreages and average yields of wheat and oats, also information regarding the number of men that will be required to assist in harvesting the crop.

The estimates of the grain acreage show very little difference to that compiled by the Dominion bureau of statistics a short time ago, and are as follows: Wheat, 9,274,816 acres; oats, 5,089,334 acres; barley, 651,798 acres; flax, 850,686 acres; rye, 138,317 acres. It is expected that harvesting operations will commence early in August and will be general over the province about the middle of the month. Estimates of yield vary to a very great extent, even in the same districts. The best yield, however, would appear to be in the eastern part of the province as far south as the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, while the worst reports have been received from districts three, four and seven, where in many places the crops are reported to be a total failure. It is not expected that many men will be available for harvest work in the dried out portion of the province owing, no doubt, to the fact that they are obliged to remain at home to take care of what little crop they have and also the necessity of providing for their stock.

No. 1, Southeastern. The estimated acreage seeded to cereals in this district is as follows: Wheat, 659,561; oats, 502,997; barley, 88,843; flax, 54,228; rye, 43,386. Harvesting is expected to start the first week in August and be general about the middle of the month. Reports as to grain yields vary from two to twenty-two bushels per acre, the average being estimated at seventeen bushels per acre for wheat and for oats about twenty. It is considered too early to make any estimate as to average yields of other grains. Harvest laborers will be needed in almost all points in the district with the exception of the southeastern points, where grasshoppers and drought have done so much damage.

No. 2, Regina-Weyburn. Grain acreage in this district are: Wheat, 1,105,440; oats, 586,922; barley, 60,571; flax, 78,706; rye, 6,994 acres. Harvesting operations will commence about the first of August in some districts while in others it is not expected grain will be ready for the binder until the 10th of the month. It is estimated that wheat will average about twenty bushels per acre in this district, with oats averaging forty bushels in many parts. Many eyes will be more susceptible to infection.

In order that the disease may be more readily recognized, the following notes are given: The acute type of trachoma commences with ordinary sore eyes. Most people imagine that a foreign body is irritating the eye. There is sensitivity to light, an excess of tears, swelling of the lids and inflammation. Recovery is never complete and a relapse occurs once or twice a year. The disease in this stage is most infectious, but sometimes only affects one eye. The onset of trachoma may be of the slowly progressive chronic type. Nothing can be seen from the outside of the eye until the disease is well advanced. The symptoms of this type of trachoma are in the beginning so slight that they very often escape notice. Later on strong light hurts the eye, there is an excess of tears and a feeling of irritation.

District No. 3, South Central. It is estimated that the grain acreages in this district are: Wheat, 2,088,979; oats, 927,193; barley, 94,160; flax, 415,238; rye, 12,847 acres. Conditions in this district are reported to be very bad. It is not expected that wheat will average more than five bushels per acre, while the highest estimate for oats is given as ten bushels per acre. Feed is scarce in all parts and it is expected that both feed and seed will have to be imported into the district. Several hundred men will be available for harvest work in more favored parts of the province.

No. 4, Southwestern. Grain acreages: Wheat, 719,694; oats, 279,455; barley, 52,609; flax, 103,000; rye, 37,255. Conditions in this part of the province are reported to be the worst experienced. Crops are burned up and not more than fifty per cent. of the crop seeded will be harvested.

No. 5, East Central. Grain acreages as follows: Wheat, 735,287; oats, 826,529; barley, 143,887; flax, 8,513; rye, 10,970 acres. In some parts early grain will be cut about August 1, but harvesting will not be general until about the 15th of the month. It is estimated that wheat will yield an average crop of twenty-five bushels per acre, except in those parts that have been damaged by hail. Oats are also a good crop, many correspondents expecting a yield of fifty bushels per acre and others as high as seventy-five bushels. A great number of men will be needed during the harvest.

No. 6, Central. Estimate of acreages: Wheat, 1,855,658; oats, 728,309; barley, 86,710; flax, 46,911; rye, 14,219 acres. Crop conditions vary in this district to such a degree as to make it almost impossible to give a report showing conditions generally. In the Saskatoon district crops reported to be practically a failure. Wheat is not expected to average more than five bushels per acre, with oats almost a total failure. In the Jansen district it is expected that wheat will average about twenty-five bushels, with oats yielding from fifty to seventy bushels from acre. Other places report yields from five to ten bushels of wheat.

District No. 7, West Central. Grain acreages: Wheat, 1,116,785; oats 688,663; barley 30,304; flax, 139,294; rye, 5,901. In some parts of this district average crops are reported, in others it is expected that they will be a total failure. From Salvador it is reported wheat will yield seventeen bushels and oats as high as fifty bushels per acre. Men will be needed at some parts, but it is thought that other points in the district will be able to fill the demand.

District No. 8, North Eastern. Wheat, 387,514; oats, 191,106; barley, 54,986; flax, 3,152; rye 1,182 acres. Crop conditions in this part of the province are very satisfactory, although a good rain would help the grain to fill. It is expected cutting will start the first week in August and an average of about fifteen bushels of wheat and twenty-five bushels of oats per acre is expected.

District No. 9, North Western. Grain acreages: Wheat, 607,899; oats, 358,160; barley, 39,728; flax, 1,544; rye, 5,561 acres. Condition of the crop in this district is only medium. Near North Battleford it is expected that wheat will yield an average of five bushels with oats expected. In the vicinity farther north it is thought that the oats may yield as high as thirty-five bushels per acre. In other parts various estimates are given ranging from five to ten bushels per acre for wheat, and oats from ten to thirty bushels. It is not thought that many laborers will be needed in this part of the province.



# Canadian Provinces

## Saskatchewan

### TOTAL CROP FAILURE AT RUSH LAKE

RUSH LAKE, Sask. — Many fields of grain are already past redemption, as they started to head out, while only about six inches high. Feed for stock is becoming scarce, and farmers may be compelled to dispose of their stock on account of the scarcity of feed. Rain now would relieve the feed and water situation, if it came in abundance. Water must be getting scarce on the prairie for wild ducks came in to town looking for water lately.

### FINED FOR SELLING LEMON EXTRACT TO INDIANS

For selling lemon extract to Crooked Lake Indians a Lemberg merchant was fined \$200 and three Indians were fined \$25 each, and two sent to jail for three months. The lemon extract was used to produce a jag and the partakers proceeded to make merry, one beating up his squaw.

### FIRST SEMANS FAIR WAS BIG SUCCESS

SEMANS, Sask. — This little town held the second week of the month its first exhibition. Efforts have been made from time to time to obtain a provincial grant for an exhibition here but without success. Accordingly, the people undertook to finance the project for themselves. Within a few days after the organization of a committee to take the project in hand, more than \$6,000 had been subscribed and paid for stock in the new enterprise. Many farmers took \$100 shares. The first organization meeting was held on June 9. Within a month after that, buildings to the value of \$4,000 had been erected and paid for. The land had also been bought and paid for; the exhibition association had no debts.

The fair was held on July 8 and 9, the first day being devoted to the exhibits of livestock and agricultural products, the second to racing and attractions. About \$900 was paid in prizes for agricultural exhibits.

The racing and attractions on the second day brought nearly 4,000 people to the fair. Flight-Lieutenant Groom, of Regina, flew to Semans with his plane and delighted the crowd with his exhibition. The racing was of a high class not to be excelled at the big centres. Perhaps this is accounted for by the fact that the management paid out \$2,400 in purses and in expenses for attractions. Fast time was made on a fast track.

With fair grounds and buildings paid for, in spite of the heavy expenses incurred for prizes, purses and attractions, the management has a surplus on hand of approximately \$1,500. For next year it is planning bigger and better things.

### CUTTING RYE AT MELVILLE

According to word from Melville, rye cutting commenced on the farm of Lionel Stillborn, on Monday, July 21, and is now general in the district. Mr. Stillborn resides three miles south of Duff. J. A. Smith in the same district, commenced cutting rye the following day.

Considerable annoyance has been caused in the district recently through animals running at large. Not only have the crops been damaged, but much harm has been done to the growing gardens.

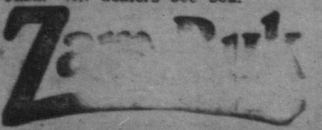
### C. M. HAMILTON WINS WEYBURN PROVINCIAL SEAT

"Elected by acclamation," was the announcement of the returning officer in the provincial by-election for the Weyburn seat on Thursday, July 23. When the time for nominations closed C. M. Hamilton, of MacTaggart, was the only candidate placed in nomination, and was duly declared elected.

## MOTHERS!

Watch your children's skin. As soon as you see the slightest trace of a rash or sore, apply Zam-Buk. This antiseptic balm will protect the sore place from infection, prevent it from spreading and healing soon follows.

Careful mothers always keep Zam-Buk on hand for their children's injuries—it ends pain so quickly and prevents any possibility of festering. Best for cuts, burns, scalds, bruises, ringworm, scalp sores, eczema and itching rash. All dealers 50c box.



In the provincial by-election for Pelly, Mrs. M. O. Ramsland was nominated as Liberal candidate, and Mr. Whelan, of Pelly, as an independent.

### WOOL MARKETING WAREHOUSE IS FILLED TO ROOF

The demand for the facilities offered by the department of agriculture for the co-operative marketing of wool for the Saskatchewan farmers has been so great this year that it has been necessary to open an overflow warehouse in Regina to handle the fleeces, it was announced yesterday by W. W. Thomson, director of the Co-Operative Organization branch.

While last year the total amount of wool marketed by the department was 394,000 pounds, so far this year a total of 425,000 pounds has been sold and there is still another two weeks before the season closes. Earlier in the season it was hoped that the total sales for this year would amount to 500,000 pounds, but there is every indication that it will be nearer 600,000.

### UNHAPPY MARRIED LIFE IS ALLEGED CAUSE OF SUICIDE

GRAVELBOURNE, Sask. — The preliminary report of Corp. Mortimer, provincial police, Gravelbourg detachment, concerning the death of Mrs. F. Walker, of Mazeno, includes the alleged statement of the husband of deceased, and bears out the first reports that Mrs. Walker took gopher poison to end her life. The alleged statement of Mr. Walker bears on their married life.

According to the statement to headquarters of the provincial police Mr. Walker married the deceased on May 19, this year, and the couple started to quarrel on their wedding day. The quarrel began in a hotel in Moose Jaw, and from that day to the day Mrs. Walker poisoned herself, the alleged statement of Mr. Walker is to the effect there were very few occasions when a quarrel was not on. This is borne out by other statements said to have been secured from relatives of deceased.

### NO ONE-MAN STREET CAR FOR SASKATOON

By a vote of 174 to 123 the ratepayers of Saskatoon voted against the proposal for one-man street cars. By a slightly smaller majority they also voted against the proposal to have the cars altered for one-man operation.

### TWO WOMEN FINED FOR ILLEGAL ENTRY

NORTH PORTAL, Sask. — Before Magistrates P. C. and L. A. Duncan, of Estevan, Mrs. Steve Balot and Mrs. Julia Sudom were each fined \$50 and costs or three months in jail on the charge of entering Canada contrary to the immigration laws. Geo. Balot and Nick Sudom, of Rouleau, Sask., brothers-in-law of above, were each fined \$100 and costs or 30 days in jail on the charge of harboring and abetting the above women. Paul Sudom, of Regina was fined \$200 and costs or six months in jail, he having come to North Portal and taken the above offenders to Rouleau in his auto.

### EXPECT TO BUILD CREAMERY

The Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries, Limited, hope to go on this season with their proposed creamery and cold storage plant at Melfort, according to a statement made by the company. Plans have been held up temporarily, but it is expected that tenders will be called within the next week or two.

### FOUR BANK BUILDINGS TO BE ERECTED

While not yet embarking upon an extensive building plan the Union Bank of Canada will endeavor to meet the accommodation needs of several of its Saskatchewan branches in the immediate future, according to W. M. Chandler, superintendent of western branches, Winnipeg, who is in Regina attending the branch managers' convention.

New buildings of the standard type, two-story brick structures, will be erected at Limerick, Wawota, Abbey and Sceptre. At the two later points the new buildings two latter points the new buildings by fire. Extensive remodeling of the Moose Jaw branch has just been completed.

### LODAS PAQUIN DIES FROM STROKE

Lodas Paquin, one of the best-known farmers of the Lebrét district, died at the Grey Nuns' hospital at Regina, after suffering for ten days from a severe stroke. The body will be shipped to Lebrét

by George Speers. The funeral services will take place at the Sacred Heart church, Lebrét, and the body buried beside the remains of a brother, who died about three years ago.

Lodas Paquin was one of the pioneers of the district, being one of the first farmers to enter on a homestead north of the valley. The Paquin family came to Lebrét district in 1900 from Manitoba.

## MANITOBA

### WINNIPEG RIOTER GIVEN SENTENCE

WINNIPEG, July 29. — Ortenberg, arrested during the riot, June 21, was sentenced by Magistrate MacDonald in police court today to six months in jail on a charge of rioting. Evidence given showed that Ortenberg was hurling missiles at special constables and mounted police during the disturbances.

Four other men, held on a similar charge, were released because of lack of evidence.

### DROWNED

STEINBACH, Man. — On July 1st some young parties from this vicinity who worked at P. K. Doerksen, Berghal, went on the above mentioned date to the Red River, bathing, and somehow one of them, Mr. P. Guenther, a son-in-law of Mr. Jacob Wiebe, living a few miles south of Steinbach, not being able to swim lost his footing and drowned. His partners were not able to give him any assistance, although he came to the top once, because none of them could swim.

### MENNONITES FINED

WINNIPEG. — Guilty, with a fine of \$5 and costs, was the judgment given in the cases of eleven Mennonites charged with unlawfully neglecting to send their children to school or make satisfactory provision for their education by Magistrate C. C. Milne, of Morden, Man., in the law courts recently. The charges, which were laid by the government of Manitoba, constitute a test of whether the Mennonites are immune from the acts of the provincial government so far as education is concerned or not. One of the eleven cases will be appealed as a test case and will be taken by the Mennonites to the highest authority in the empire—the privy council.

### STILL SENTENCE DEFAULTERS

BRANDON. — As defaulters under the military service act, three men, Michael Stardinski, Albert Dronski and William Pecherzi, were sentenced recently to six months imprisonment by Inspector F. H. French, of the R.N.W.M.P.

### FOUR TONS COLD STORAGE EGGS DESTROYED

WINNIPEG. — Four tons of eggs and thirteen hundred pounds of fish were taken from several Winnipeg cold storage plants and burned. Chief Health Inspector Pearson stated that the commodities apparently had rotted in the plants during the strike owing to the lack of transportation to distribute them.

### HUDSON BAY LINE NOW SACRIFICED BY GOVERNMENT

THE PAS, Man. — That the union government sacrificed the Hudson Bay Railway for branch line construction elsewhere in the west, of which only a small portion would be built, was charged by J. A. Campbell, M. P., in a public address here a few days ago.

He went on to say that the government had made huge votes to give money for public works in order to give employment to labor and in the same breath almost the government declared that it was impossible to secure labor for the completion of the Hudson Bay railway.

### EXCITEMENT BROUGHT DEATH

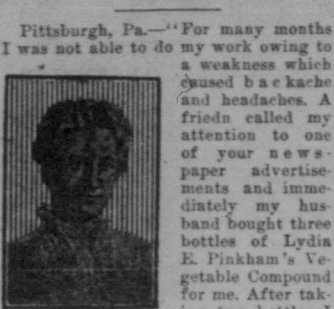
PORT ELGIN, Man. — Mrs. Humphreys, of Winnipeg, who was spending a vacation with relatives here, was drowned while attempting to rescue her little son, who was wading along the shore and had gone into the channel at the end of the dock. Mrs. Humphreys had apparently become excited for her son was safe.

### AIRPLANE FELL AND TWO DEAD

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE. — Lt. W. R. "Buster" Cross and Mrs. S. P. Kerr are dead and Lt. S. P. Kerr, of the Veteran Aeroplane company, of Winnipeg, is in the Portage general hospital in a precarious condition, as a result of a nose dive made by his machine at about 5:15 on July 24th, about two miles north of this city. How the accident happened cannot be learned except from those who saw the machine come down, and they state that the engine stopped of a sudden, the nose of the machine turned upward and it came down with a crash.

## HUSBAND SAVES WIFE

From Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Pittsburgh, Pa. — "For many months I was not able to do my work owing to a weakness which caused backache and headaches. A friend called my attention to one of your newspapers, advertisements and immediately my husband bought three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me. After taking two bottles I felt fine and my troubles caused by that weakness are a thing of the past. All women who suffer as I did should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. Jas. Rohrbach, 620 Knapp St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should accept Mrs. Rohrbach's suggestion and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years it has been correcting such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Lt. Kerr and party arrived here on July 23rd from Winnipeg with their machine, and had arranged to proceed to the Brandon exhibition. They made an early start, but had some kind of trouble west of the city and were forced to land in a plowed field, necessitating assistance in getting out. Nothing more was heard of them until late in the afternoon when they were observed flying north of the city, heading evidently for the landing place used during the visit here exhibition week. They were flying at an altitude of about 200 feet, when of a sudden the engine stopped and the plane came down on the farm of the Home for Incurables.

It is surmised that they were flying so close to ground that Lt. Kerr who was running the machine, did not have time to straighten out before the crash came. The nose of the machine crashed into the ground and drove the engine in on top of Mrs. Kerr and Lt. Cross, who were in the front seat, and when taken out they were crushed almost beyond recognition. When the machine struck, Lt. Kerr, who was in the back seat looking after the control, bounced out and landed clear of the machine, but he was unconscious when picked up, and rushed to the hospital. At eight o'clock in the evening he was still unconscious.

Parts of the machine had to be torn away to get the bodies of Mrs. Kerr and Lt. Cross out of the wreckage, but there was no sign of life, and they must have been instantly killed.

The machine was what is known as the L.W.F. war type, 145 horsepower, and has 48-foot wing span.

### SASKATHEWAN IN BRANDON HONOR LIST

BRANDON, July 25. — At the Brandon fair today, honors in the grand champion Percherons went to Private, owned by J. A. Grant, of Black Diamond, Alta. Paragon was second and Marquisat third, both local horses. The grand champion Belgian is Perfection, and aged stallion shown by Vanstone and Rogers, North Battleford, Sask. The reserve champion is Pioneer Flashwood, entered by G. Rupp, of Lampman, Sask. The Clydesdale champions are yet to be selected.

### CUTTING GRAIN

WINNIPEG, July 25. — D. Henderson, Hazelridge, Man., started cutting barley yesterday and will commence on wheat almost immediately.

### FINED AS DESERTER

WINNIPEG. — With no reasonable excuse to offer, further than that he forgot, John Gallic, of Brandon, was ordered by Magistrate McKerchar to pay a fine of \$250 and costs or spend 18 months in jail. He was prosecuted in provincial police court by the R.N.W.M.P. for failing to register under the Military Service act. Gallic is held pending an effort to pay his fine.

## ALBERTA

### RELIEF FOR FEED SITUATION ACTIVE

CALGARY. — Hon. Duncan Marshall stated to the Canadian Press tonight that arrangements had been made to ship, free of charge, two carloads of stock for any one man, into the feed areas from any point in southern Alberta. It has also been arranged that free transportation will be provided for seven cars of hay for any one man from any point in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta to the drought areas. Mr. Marshall stated that a

good deal of hay and feed had been located in the northern part of Alberta.

### TOOK GOPHER POISON

CALGARY. — C. A. Hamaker, of Baintree, Alta., 15 years old, committed suicide by taking gopher poison. The jury decided he was unbalanced mentally.

### UNDER LAWN MOWER

CALGARY. — John Amour, 40 of Moran, Alta., was thrown under a mower and ragged to death.

### DROWNED IN BANFF POOL

CALGARY. — Frederick A. Wilmot, 22 years old, a returned soldier of Calgary, was accidentally drowned in the swimming pools at Banff. He evidently took cramps in the deep part of the pool. The body is being taken east to Kingston, Ont., for interment.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA

### FOREST FIRES THREATENING NELSON CITY

NELSON, B. C. — Mayor J. A. McDonald has issued a call for 200 volunteers to fight a forest fire which is threatening the city from the southwest. The club house of the Nelson Golf and Country Club on the nine-hole course at the base of Evening Mountain, about a mile and a half southwest of Nelson, is threatened with destruction by a bush fire which broke out about 8 o'clock in the evening on July 23. The fire is being driven toward the club house by a strong wind, which is blowing down Cottonwood Canyon. A crew of men are fighting the blaze.

### WOULD LIMIT PRESCRIPTIONS

VICTORIA. — That no medical man in the province of British Columbia shall issue more than 100 prescriptions for liquor in any month is the expressed wish of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of this province, contained in a resolution forwarded to Hon. J. D. MacLean, provincial secretary and minister of education.

### TWO WERE KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

VANCOUVER. — Miss Olga Freeman, 26 of Roseland, and Sergt. John Elmer, 27, lately returned from overseas, where he served with the American army, are dead as the result of a collision between their motor car and a telephone pole at the top of a steep hill at New Westminster. Elmer, who was driving, was killed instantly. Miss Freeman died later in the New Westminster hospital.

Witnesses to the accident stated that the car was going at a terrific speed into the pole. Miss Freeman was secretary to Chairman Wynn, of the British Columbia workmen's compensation board.

## Eastern Provinces

### DOMINION LABOR CONGRESS SEPT. 22

OTTAWA. — The date for the Dominion Trade and Labor congress has been fixed for Sept. 22, at Hamilton, Ont. The 1919 convention of the congress will be one of the most momentous in its history, as never was labor unrest so widespread and never were so many problems to be faced. One of the principal questions to be brought up will be the One Big Union.

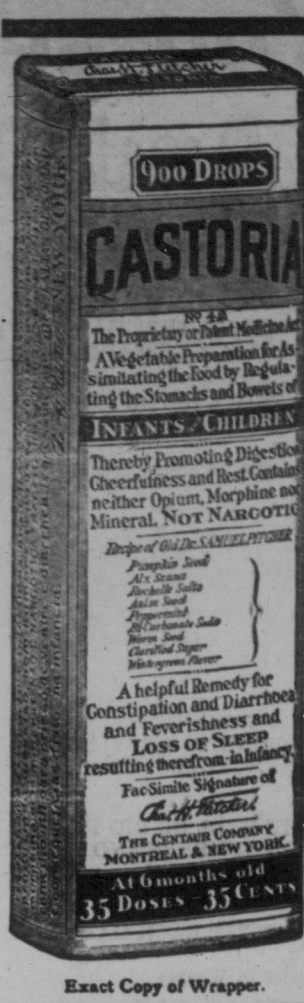
### CONSTABLE SHOT WHILE SEEKING THIEVES

PORT ARTHUR, Ont. — Provincial constables have gone to Nipigon to hunt for two alleged murderers of a local constable, named George Armstrong. The report here is that two foreigners, said to be Bulgarians, broke into a storehouse and stole a quantity of supplies, including guns. The constable went out in search of them and while walking along the railway track was shot from the cliffs bordering the track, supposedly by the men he had been seeking to arrest.

Up to now word was received from constables in search of the murderers of Armstrong, that one man was captured after an exchange of shots. The other man escaped into the woods and is being pursued by constables, assisted by R.N.W.M.P. The capture was made at Silver Harbor, six miles east of here. The man was shot, but how seriously is not known.

### SOLDIERS DEMAND IMMEDIATE REPEAL OF PROHIBITION LAW

HAMILTON, Ont. — The Hamilton War Veterans, at a largely attended meeting, on a standing vote, to a man demanded immediate repeal of prohibition. The resolution said: "We would like to point out to the government that we made all these sacrifices for democracy and in our opinion we are not getting as much show in that direction as the Germans got in Germany be-



## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

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CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

fore the war. We go on record demanding that this war measure be rescinded at once as it is an infringement on the rights of the people."

### PRIEST MUST PAY

KINGSTON, Ont. — Judge Lavell has issued an attaching order to twelve Roman Catholic clergymen in the Kingston archdiocese for the "Cathedrarium," the ten per cent of the revenue of a parish priest which is payable to Archbishop Spratt from the respective parishes of these men. This step is being taken to realize under the judgement obtained by Sister Mary Basil against Archbishop Spratt and Sister Margregie, of the House of Providence, for the sum of \$20,000.

### HULL WANTS BEER AND WANTS IT EARLY

HULL, Quebec. — After a year in the "dry" column, through a local option vote, the city of Hull has asked to allow the issue of beer and wine regulations of the province of Quebec. The voting which began on Monday and ended Thursday, resulted in 816 for and 103 against beer and wine.

The provincial government will be asked to allow the issue of beer and wine licenses at once, although under the local option by-law, none could be issued before May 1 of 1920.

### TRIPLE TRAGEDY

OWEN SOUND, Ont. — Three little daughters of W. E. Foster, were drowned in the Sydenham river Thursday last. They were aged nine, eleven and twelve. When the bodies were found the youngest girl was clasped in the arms of the eldest.

### JUSTIFIABLE MURDER

COLLINGWOOD, Ont. — That Amos Sherrick, the farmer who shot and killed John Mooney in a pig sty on the Sherrick farm early last Wednesday morning, and died a few hours afterward from shock, was justified in his action, was the decision of a coroner's jury here.

### OUR STATE-OWNED SHIPS

OTTAWA. — By the end of this year the government will have twenty ships with a total net tonnage of 110,000 tons operating in the North Atlantic and West Indian trade. The voyages made by the seven steamers already in commission have been very profitable.

### LADY PROMISES TO STAY IN JAIL

TORONTO. — Pleading guilty to escaping from custody, Vera Delavalle was today sentenced to two months in the jail farm on that charge and a similar sentence was imposed on her by Judge Coatsworth on the charge of aiding and abetting Frank McCullough to escape. The terms are to run concurrently. She promised his honor that she would not try to escape.

### 1,500 DELEGATES FOR NATIONAL LIBERAL MEET

OTTAWA. — Twelve hundred and thirty-eight certificates have been received and the same number of credentials issued to date for the national Liberal convention here on August 5, 6, and 7. About 200 more names have been received of probable delegates, making altogether an attendance of accredited

delegates exceeding 1,500. To each delegate, pamphlets reviewing the work of the Liberal party, are being issued. One of these gives in detail the tariff record from 1893 to 1919.

### OFFICIAL DEMOBILIZATION

OTTAWA. — As promised by Sir Robert Borden when the By-elections act was under consideration at the late session of parliament, an order-in-council has just been passed advising "that on the first day of August, 1919, demobilization shall be deemed completed insofar as the operation of the War Time Elections act is concerned."

### LIBERALS SWEPT PROVINCE OF P.E.I.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I. — Liberals swept the province in the general elections Thursday, capturing twenty-six seats out of thirty. The only Conservative survivors of the debacle were Hon. Arnauld, premier; Hon. James A. McNeill, commissioner of public works, and H. F. Murdoch Kennedy, without portfolio, and J. D. Stewart McKinnon, commissioner of agriculture was defeated.

This was the most one-sided election since Confederation, with the exception of 1911, when the Liberals won only two seats. When the house dissolved, the parties stood: Conservatives, 18; Liberals, 11; and one seat vacant.

## United States

### HIGHEST PRICE YET FOR CHICAGO HOGS

CHICAGO. — The basis for the cost of lard, bacon and pork rose to a new record on Wednesday. Live hogs were selling at \$23.33 a hundred weight as against \$23 the day before. Until Wednesday \$23 was the highest price ever reached. Decrease in the number of arrivals of hogs is the reason given for the new record breaking advance of prices.

### HE CAN AFFORD IT

TOPEKA, Kas. — Jess Willard, former heavyweight champion, who received \$100,000 for his percentage in the boxing match with Jack Dempsey at Toledo, July 4, has purchased a farm containing 700 acres near his home at Lawrence. Willard took possession on Thursday, having paid down \$100,000 in cash. The total purchase price, it is understood was \$175,000.

### Men, When in Chicago Come and see for Yourself

The Dr. Lorenz Electric Body Battery is the greatest invention for health by the world has ever known. No drug, no medicine, no dieting, no unusual demands of any sort, just once a day, a stream of vital life into your nerves, organs and muscles. This invention will do the work. It sends a stream of vital life into your nerves, organs and muscles. For the treatment of rheumatism, weak back, nervousness, stomach, liver and kidney ailments, it is incomparable. Dr. Lorenz Dry Cell Storage Battery is a high-grade battery requires no charging with vinegar or acids. It is 500 per cent. better than any other battery of its kind. Write today for Free Illustrated Folder.

Dr. Lorenz Electric Works 2520 Lincoln Avenue. CHICAGO, ILL.



# Enjoy Yourselves During Exhibition Week And Don't Forget To Call At The Courier

## Visitors of The Big Fair Please Note the Following:

REDUCED TICKETS FOR ROUND TRIP WILL BE ISSUED AND SPECIAL TRAINS WILL BE RUNNING TO REGINA

AUTOMOBILES ADMITTED FREE TO THE GROUNDS

ROOM FOR 2,000 CARS INSIDE ENCLOSURE AND PARKING SPACE FOR OVER 5,000 JUST EAST OF MAIN ENTRANCE

ALL BUSINESS FACILITIES TO BE PROVIDED AT FAIR—BANK, TELEPHONE, TELEGRAPH OFFICES AND MAIL BOXES

OVER \$150,000 EXPENDED ON NEW BUILDINGS AND EVERYTHING POSSIBLE HAS BEEN DONE TO AID VISITORS IN ENJOYING THEMSELVES

EXHIBIT OF FARM IMPLEMENTS WILL BE BIG FEATURE ALL RECORDS BROKEN BOTH FOR NUMBERS AND VARIETY AT THIS YEAR'S EXHIBITION

INTERNATIONAL AUTO POLO CONTEST EACH DAY BEFORE GRANDSTAND (Most Thrilling Sport in World)

JOHNNY J. JONES EXPOSITION MORE WONDERFULLY BRILLIANT THAN AT ANY PREVIOUS TIME

Over 10,000 exhibits at Regina Fair. Horse races each afternoon of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

Automobile races Friday afternoon and evening and Saturday afternoon.

Thrilling race between automobile and airplane Saturday evening. Sousa's Band each afternoon and evening for six days. Stunts by military aviators twice daily from Monday afternoon to Saturday night.

See the automobile show, including assembling of Ford cars.

NO ADVANCE IN CAFE AND HOTEL RATES FOR FAIR

## Livestock Judging Program

MONDAY, JULY 28, 1.30 P.M. Cattle—Shorthorn males, classes 33 to 37 and 47. Agricultural horses, classes 56 to 61, 64 and 65. Farmers' driving horses, classes 127 and 128. Saddle horses, classes 129 to 131. Ponies, classes 132 to 136. Delivery and dray, classes 138 to 240.

Cattle—Aberdeen Angus females, classes 260 to 269, Ayrshire males, classes 303 to 312.

Sheep—Southdowns, classes 400 to 410. Shropshires, classes 411 to 421.

Swine—Yorkshires, classes 500 to 514.

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 9.30 A.M. Horses—Belgian females, classes 38 to 44 and 48. Belgian groups, classes 45 and 46. Standardbreds, classes 115 to 120.

Cattle—Hobstein males, classes 278 to 287. Shorthorn females, classes 210 to 219.

Sheep—Oxfords, classes 422 to 432. Suffolks or Hampshires, classes 433 to 443.

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1.30 P.M. Horses—Clydesdales stallions, classes 1 to 5. Percheron females, classes 22 to 28.

Light draft horses, harness, classes 62 to 63.

Cattle—Aberdeen Angus males, classes 250 to 259. Shorthorn groups, classes 220 to 224. Dual purpose Shorthorn, classes 328 and 329. Holstein females and groups, classes 288 to 302.

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 9.30 A.M. Horses—Clydesdale championships, classes 15 and 16. Clydesdale specials, classes 66 to 69 and 72 to 75. Boys' and girls' class, 610.

Cattle—Aberdeen Angus groups, classes 245 to 249. Boys' and girls' competition, 611.

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1.30 P.M. Horses—Heavy draft horses, harness (farmers), classes 53 to 55. Heavy draft horses in harness, specials, classes 70 and 71.

Cattle—Hereford groups, classes 245 to 249. Herdsmen's competition, class 275. Special class, 277.

## Regina and District

### SAD PLIGHT OF A RETURNED SOLDIER

Announced in the papers as killed, and believed dead by all his friends in Regina, Fred S. Smith, of the 1st Battalion Grenadier Guards, who fought with the "Comptibles" in 1914, returned to Regina very much alive Wednesday night only to find, on visiting his home yesterday morning, that it had been ransacked so badly that only the shell of the little home remains. Doors, sashes and furniture were gone and the home served as a playground for the youngsters from round about.

The house is the last lot on Robinson street north, within the city limits, and stands alongside the G.T.P. railway.

### H.B.C. WILL OPEN HERE AUGUST 1ST

On August 1 the Hudson's Bay company will open a wholesale tobacconery in part of the premises occupied by T. A. Smeed, at 2125 South Railway street. Floor space of about 35x75 feet has been rented on a monthly lease and a staff of travellers will work out of Regina, covering southern and central Saskatchewan. The company has had a similar branch for some time in Saskatoon.

### GASOLINE FLOWING INTO THE DITCH

Gasoline flowed like water when two cars became derailed on the G.T.P. Pacific line from Northgate. The accident happened two miles south of Lewvan on the mixed train for Regina. The passengers in the rear coach got somewhat of a fright, but no one was injured. They quite enjoyed seeing the gasoline running, and on arrival in Regina, predicted a rise in the price per gallon during the next few days. The passengers were motored to Lewvan and brought to Regina on a special train.

### CROPS AROUND MELVILLE NOT SO BAD

The crops around Melville do not look so bad after the several hailstorms and heavy rains of two weeks ago. Within a fifty-mile radius of town, the yield will be the heaviest ever known. The hail has done some bad damage, and the amount varies from 10 to 50 per cent. in some localities; others were not touched, and some crops are a total loss. Prior to the hail, crops looked so good and were so heavy that the hail will not affect the average yield very much. There is plenty of moisture, and ideal growing weather; no bother from insects or other causes.

### MOVING EASTWARD

July 11 a family which had been living on a farm near Eyebrow passed through Parkbeg with all their little effects in a vehicle drawn by a team. There were six children, all walking with their parents. The father stated that they had been on the farm for six years, and had not yet had a crop. They could stand it no longer, and had left. He intended to walk until he struck something green, then to get work at anything that offered in order to get food for his family.

### SMALL FARMERS HARD HIT

The crop failure will hit the small farmers in the Webb district very hard. It is a question whether some of them will be able to recover from the effects of three years' drought in succession. Unless the government steps in with relief again this fall, there will be a lot of suffering and privation.

## BACK FROM ARGENTINE

Frank and Abe Unger from Rush Lake reached home July 20, after spending some interesting months in the Argentine. They thought of looking for new homes in South America, but have returned home firmly convinced that Canada is the "best yet." Abe says he found no place that he likes better than Rush Lake. They returned via New York, spending a few days there on the way home. They report that while crops are good in the Argentine, the farmers there have no way of selling the grain, most of them having last year's crop still in storage.

Jacob H. Goertzen died at the home of P. H. Goertzen, July 13, and was buried from the Mennonite Brethren church.

## HELP FOR LIVESTOCK MEN ASSURED

Following a conference of officials of the Dominion government, the railways and the provincial governments of the prairie provinces held at Winnipeg on Thursday, it was announced at the conclusion that so far as the railways and the provincial governments are concerned, an agreement had been reached respecting the transportation of feed to stock in drought areas, and the transportation of stock from drought areas to pasture. The Dominion government, it is hoped, will also agree to the policy reached at the conference.

## "NEARLY" BEER IS UP IN PRICE

Beer (the two per cent. variety) has gone up in price, and commencing yesterday morning, the 10-doz. barrel, which was quoted on Wednesday at \$14 a barrel, is now selling at \$16 a barrel. Loath to see the beer brewers get ahead in the price raising, the pop manufacturers came back immediately with a raise of \$1 per barrel.

## PHYSICIANS ADVANCE FEES

In order to obtain greater uniformity in the fees charged by doctors throughout Saskatchewan, the Medical association has revised the schedule of fees which was drawn up in 1908 and has not been revised since. The result will be that there will now be a uniform minimum charge made for medical attention of all sorts for Saskatchewan.

This is of special importance inasmuch that, in a court case hereafter, a doctor will have to give special reasons for charging more than the fee laid down in the schedule. The schedules will shortly be available to the doctors and may be examined by patients.

The new schedule does not change the charges materially. The minimum charge for a doctor's visit is increased from \$2 to \$3, but the price for consultation, visits to the country, administering of anaesthetics remain unchanged, as do a great many of the charges.

CONSTIPATION. Mr. J. Berling of Star City, Sask., writes: "Since my wife has been using Forni's Alpenkrouten, she no longer suffers from constipation as she did before. Others here, who have used the remedy, have made similar experiences." This old, reliable family remedy is not sold through druggists. For further particulars write to Dr. Peter Fahney & Sons Co., 2501 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Delivered free of duty in Canada.

## BREAD CARDS AGAIN

PARIS. — France may again be put on bread rations in September. It was said that the system of bread cards probably will be re-established in that month, because of a possible shortage of wheat.


## BOLSHEVIK LEADER BOASTS OF PROGRESS OF RED MOVEMENT

VIENNA, July 28. — George Tsheterin, the Russian Bolshevik foreign minister, answering an enquiry made by a Vienna newspaper as to the present situation of the Soviet is quoted as follows: "We are stronger than ever. Our revolution has vanquished the Hohenzollerns and the entente has gathered the ripe fruit. The Russian rejuvenation is progressing but breakers are still ahead. Kolchak has foreign backing; he has gathered a large army. Denikine is well equipped.

"Despite difficulties the Soviets are gaining ground, discrediting imperialism. The entente armies are crumbling away. All the oppressed recognize the Soviet as a magic force and that they must ultimately imitate it."

# EXHIBITION VISITORS

Most of you have read my special announcement in the last weeks issue of this paper and no doubt you will remember some of the things I have told you about my goods, my prices and my service. During this week I shall endeavour to give special attention to Exhibition Visitors. Come to my store, make my store your headquarters and let me give you all the information desired and in your own language. Above all remember this, whether you buy or not, you are always heartily welcome at



OUTFITTER TO MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Our staff will be glad to show you around without any obligation on your part.

"THE SHOP OF BETTER VALUES" 1911 South Railway Street REGINA, SASK.

## SERIOUS STRIKE IN SILESIA

BERLIN, July 28. — One of the most serious strikes in the history of Upper Silesia has broken out at Chorzow and Sarboeurs, near Katowitz, where the electric light workers walked out, ostensibly owing to Spartan influence. The artificial lighting of the entire province has been cut off, coal mines are not operating and every industry that depends upon electricity for light and power is threatened.

## COUNT KAROLYI ARRESTED AT PRAGUE

BERLIN, July 28. — Count Karolyi, former Hungarian provisional president, with his wife and children and entire suite, have been arrested and are being detained at Prague, according to the Vossische Zeitung.

## CUTTING WHEAT

SASKATOON, July 26. — The first wheat cutting in the Saskatoon district started today. The yield on the early ripened fields is estimated at from six to eight bushels. Some of the later wheat will give a much larger yield however.

## PABST BREWING STOCK FOR AUCTION

MILWAUKEE. — Stock of the Pabst Brewing company, with a par value of \$2,889,900, owned by enemy aliens, will be sold at auction by the alien property custodian at the office of the company. The property was owned by Henry Best and Mrs. Clara Schulbeck. Both are now in Germany.

## FORCE TO GUARD RHINE LAND

PARIS, July 26. — The size of the force required for the occupation of the Rhineland under the terms of the German peace treaty, was a question under consideration by the supreme council at today's session. For the present it is said forces of 150,000 men are likely to be considered necessary on the left bank of the Rhine.

## POLISH VICTORY

PARIS. — The Poles have defeated the Bolshevik north of Pinsk, according to a despatch from Pinsk under date of July 10, and have captured the important railroad centre of Luminetz, cutting the communications of the Bolsheviks operating in Podolia and Galicia with Moscow. A number of armored railroad trains were taken by the Poles.

Official despatches from Warsaw say that the Bolsheviks defeated by the Poles at Luminetz, were reinforced by the best detachments of the Red army, marines and Chinese.

The following item has been forwarded to us for publication by one of our readers.

As we ourselves know that in many cases a cross injustice was done to people who speak the German language, we have no hesitation to publish said article and let the great masses know the facts:

The writer has been informed that the T. Eaton Co. of Winnipeg has dismissed all their employees with German names irrespective of the fact that most of them were born in this country and are thus British subjects by birth. Such a procedure seems incomprehensible considering the fact that Eatons have thousands of German-speaking customers throughout the West who have for years ordered large quantities of all kinds of goods from the mail-order department of that firm after receiving Eaton's catalogue (the women's bible, as some people call it.) If the hard-earned money of the German-speaking farmers is good enough to be accepted by that firm then we farmers fail to see what harm there can be if some of those goods are being handled by German-speaking employees.

## Too Late to Classify

MARRIED COUPLE wanted immediately to work on farm during threshing time. Wages according to arrangements. Woman, for whom position is also open if single, must be able to cook, do housework and milk one or two cows. Apply personal or by letter to A. WEISBERG, Odessa, Sask.

WANTED TO RENT A FARM of 2 or 3 Sections. Have lots of horses and implements. Lots of Help. Apply Box 32 Kenaston, Sask.

FOR SALE ONE FAIRBANKS Morse Engine 30x60, first class shape; One Runley Advance Separator, 32x56 together with full equipment; One Engine Gang Plow 10 feet. Price for the whole outfit only \$3500; good terms. Apply Adolf Kasper, Prelate, Sask.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## A HEARTY WELCOME

To our fellow-country-men and all visitors of the big

# FAIR

You are cordially invited to make our store your headquarters

WE GLADLY WILL STORE YOUR BAGGAGE FREE OF CHARGE

Look around and see the BIG bargains we have to offer in BOOTS, SHOES and SLIPPERS

You surely will save money by buying in our store, as storemen in the country naturally have to charge more for the goods. By buying at our place you will get all the benefit of our large purchasing facilities.

# ENGEL BROS.

1723 Scarth St. Opposite King's Hotel  
REGINA

## VISITORS TO EXHIBITION

See the

# BIG SALE

— of —

## Watches, Clocks, Diamonds, Silverware, Etc.



Eyes tested. Glasses fitted. Watches repaired. Alarmclocks \$1.50

# M. G. HOWE

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

Scarth Street Regina, Sask.



## When Is Peace?

### Big Question Yet Unsettled

Ottawa in Throes of Doubt as to "Proclamation" Which Will Kill Rule by Order-in-Council.

OTTAWA, Ont. — Parliament will be in session again before the War Measures act expires and with it the race track betting, prohibition, and other war time orders-in-council passed under its provisions. Such is the understanding here and was the understanding when parliament prorogued a fortnight ago. At that time the final complete text of the peace treaty with Germany had not been received in Ottawa and therefore could not be submitted to parliament for ratification. Drafts as prepared had been received and changes made are cabled from Paris. But it was not till the arrival in Ottawa of Hon. C. J. Doherty, who with Hon. A. L. Sifton, signed the treaty for Canada, that the text as signed at Versailles was available. The understanding with the British government when Sir Robert Borden left London was that there would be no proclamation of peace by Great Britain, for some time and at any rate not till the Canadian parliament had full opportunity to ratify.

Since then, however, greater necessity has apparently arisen in Great Britain for an early proclamation that a state of war no longer exists. It is understood that the government here is in communication with the imperial authorities on the subject and that stress is being laid on the necessity for full opportunity being given to the Dominion parliament for discussion of the treaty's terms before formal proclamation of peace by the king. Notice has already been given of a special session in the fall for ratification.

While the question has not been discussed in cabinet as yet, it is probable that the date of opening will be advanced a week or two to avoid any unnecessary delay. But

that peace will be officially proclaimed before the Dominion parliament can be summoned is regarded here as extremely unlikely. The point raised by Sir A. B. Aylesworth that the war time orders-in-council, notwithstanding their own provisions, will not be operative after expiry of the War Measures act is generally conceded. A similar opinion was given by a committee of legal experts in Great Britain with regard to orders-in-council passed under the Defence of the Realm act.

It is pointed out that under the treaty with Germany peace cannot be proclaimed until after ratification by Germany and by three of the principal allied and associated powers. The principal allied and associated powers are defined in the treaty as U. S., British Empire, France, Italy and Japan. Ratification of the treaty with Germany alone is not regarded as being sufficient to end the war and the War Measures act. There will be also need to be ratification of peace with Austria. Peace with Germany would be merely a partial peace. But whether ratifications of the peace with Bulgaria and Turkey first would be necessary insofar as the termination of the War Measures act is concerned is regarded as somewhat doubtful. There is little likelihood, in actual practice, of much difference in time between the proclamation of peace in Great Britain and its proclamation in Canada by the governor-general.

What Sir Aylesworth Has To Say About It.

TORONTO. — Sir Allan B. Aylesworth, K. C., formerly minister of justice for Canada, has given a written opinion to the effect that racing in Canada with betting will be legal the moment the royal proclamation issues in England that the state of war as to both German and Austria-Hungary ceases, and at the same moment the order-in-council of June 7, 1917, will cease to continue in force because from that moment Canada is no longer at war, no matter what the governor-in-council or the parliament of Canada might do or say.

## AUSTRIA SEES ONLY RUIN IN PEACE TREATY IMPOSED

VIENNA, July 27. — Dr. Otto Bauer, the Austrian foreign minister, discussing the Austrian treaty today, said:

"For thirty years we will be the slaves of the Allies economically. Austria loses her economic importance. Austria must cover seventy per cent, of the sixty-eight billions war debt, which means 800 crowns per person, or 4,000 crowns for a family of five persons. This shameful peace can be destroyed only through the victory of international solidarity."

Dr. Friedrich Adler, editor of Der Kampf, said: "Economically, it is our death sentence. We are relegated to the role of a colony and forced to declare our bankruptcy immediately."

## LENINE OFFERS TO MAKE PEACE WITH RUMANIA

LONDON. — A Bolshevik delegation has arrived at Kishineff with an offer of peace to the commander of the Rumanian troops on behalf of Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevik premier, according to a Berlin government wireless despatch.

Lenine offers to cede Bessarabia to Rumania on condition that Rumania shall prohibit Ukrainian citizens and bands of Admiral Kolchak, head of the All-Russian government at Omsk, from crossing the Rumanian frontier.

An armistice to last eight days has been concluded on the Bessarabian front and the delegation has gone to Rumanian headquarters.

## ASQUITH AGAINST BRITAIN TAKING PART IN RUSSIA

LONDON, July 27. — The former prime minister, H. H. Asquith, speaking at Edgware yesterday, said:

"I heard with bewilderment and apprehension the part this country is playing in Russia. The country wants a clearer definition than has yet been given of what are our commitments, definite and pros-

pective. I sincerely hope that the attempt to commit us further in Russia will be successfully resisted. The future government of Russia is a matter for the Russian people and for no one else.

"The economic conditions of the world and of our own country were never more menacing."

## U.S. HOUSE TO REPEAL RECIPROCIITY PACT WITH CANADA

WASHINGTON, July 26. — Repeal of the Canadian Reciprocity act of 1911 was recommended today by the house ways and means committee. Some Democrats joined with Republicans in voting for repeal but others said that action should be deferred pending further investigation.

## CHINA DEFENDS BORDERS WITH MODERN WAR ENGINES

PEKING. — An expedition for the defence of the northwestern frontiers against General Semenov's alleged aggression there is, perhaps, China's most modern military effort.

Five thousand troops drawn from contingents trained by the Japanese for the national defence army are being dispatched toward Uraga. For the first time in Chinese history, automobiles in large numbers are being employed for the transportation of troops. It is expected that airplanes also will be utilized.

## UKRAINIANS WON—BOLSHEVIKS RETIRE

LONDON. — A wireless despatch received from Moscow, dated Tuesday, says a Bolshevik wireless message received there asserts that Ukrainian red troops have captured Konstantinograd, 40 miles southeast of Poltava, and that the Poles occupied Tarnopol Monday.

In the region of Pskov, the Bolsheviks are rapidly retiring under pressure. In the capture of Konstantinograd, a large quantity of military booty was taken by the Ukrainian reds, according to the despatch.

## Are You Taking Proper Care of Your Horses?



### HOW ABOUT BOTS and PINWORMS?

Improved "HEUREKA CAPSULES" are the proper medicine your horses should get.

There is no other medicine or remedy on the market that could be used with nearly the success obtained by the use of the great "HEUREKA CAPSULES."

We have hundreds of testimonials from

grateful and satisfied users. Many successful farmers and horsebreeders have saved and improved their stock by using our improved HEUREKA CAPSULES. How about you? Have you ever thought of giving this remedy a trial. If your horses are troubled with bots and pinworms, they are suffering just as much as any human being. No matter what you feed them or how well you feed them, and no amount of extra good care will do them any good. The horses will steadily lose flesh and after a while will be run down and unfit for work. You must exterminate the root of the evil, the cause of the different diseases which develop from bots and pinworms.

A GOOD HEALTHY STOCK OF HORSES IS THE BACKBONE FOR A THRIVING FARM.

If your horses are unfit for work, you cannot prepare your soil, you cannot harvest and thresh your crop.

If you have never tried these famous "HEUREKA CAPSULES," you should give them a trial at once. One trial will convince you. Why not do it now!

"IT PAYS".

AGENTS WANTED IN ALL UNREPRESENTED LOCALITIES.

Write today to the

**CANADIAN IMPORTING CO.**

BOX 124

REGINA, SASK.

### PLUCKY GERMAN PRISONER

LONDON. — A British airplane crashed afloat at a Wiltshire aerodrome where German prisoners of war were employed. The pilot was entrapped in the burning wreckage and was in great danger of being burnt to death when a German prisoner named Bruckmann went to the officer's assistance and effected his rescue at great personal risk. It has been decided that

Bruckmann shall be forthwith released from captivity and granted free passage home, and also to present him with a silver watch suitably inscribed in recognition of his gallant and chivalrous action.

### PRESIDENT OF FINNS

HELSINGFORS, July 28. — The Finnish diet today elected professor K. J. Stahlberg president of the republic. Prof. Stahlberg received

143 votes, while General Justus Mannerheim, who has been acting as regent was given fifty votes.

### BULGARIAN WOMAN HAD FORTUNE IN PERFUME

A Bulgarian woman arriving in New York from Christiana, had eight bottles containing 40 kilos of perfume known as attar of roses, said to be worth \$75,000.

# SPECIALS FOR EXHIBITION WEEK

## Make Your Exhibition Visit a Profitable One

<b>MEN'S TWEED SUITS</b> Regular \$35.00 Tailored from fancy Scotch Tweeds, in conservative styles; all wool materials that will give excellent wear. Special ..... <b>\$24.95</b>	<b>MEN'S SERGE SUITS</b> Regular \$45.00 A limited quantity of these fine Indigo-Dyed Woolen Serges; the tailoring leaves nothing to be desired; the trimmings and finish are also strictly first class. Special ..... <b>\$27.50</b>
<b>LADIES' SKIRTS</b> Regular \$5.50 Fine Summer Skirts of checked Gabardines; patch pockets and pearl button trimmings. Special ..... <b>\$2.49</b>	<b>OVERALL DRESSES</b> Regular \$2.00 An extremely useful garment for kitchen wear. Special ..... <b>\$1.25</b>
<b>MEN'S DRESS SHOES</b> Regular \$9.50 Uppers of fine mahogany calf leather, Goodyear welted soles; an extremely smart street shoe. Spec'l <b>\$6.95</b>	<b>TAFETTA SILK</b> Regular \$4.00 Heavy weight Silks in all the wanted colors and black. Special ..... <b>\$2.98</b>
<b>BOYS' SUITS</b> Regular \$5.50 Tailored from fine Union Cloth that will give excellent wear; in neat stripe patterns; sizes 4 to 8 years. Special ..... <b>\$3.49</b>	<b>WASH SKIRTS</b> Regular \$3.00 Summer Tub Skirts, cut from good quality drills in plain white. All sizes. Special ..... <b>\$1.59</b>
<b>BOYS' WASH SUITS</b> Regular \$2.50 Strongly made from good quality Prints and Cadis; in several colors and styles. Reg. \$1.50, Special ..... 75c Reg. \$2.25, Special ..... \$1.39 Reg. \$3.00, Special ..... \$1.98	<b>MEN'S OVERALLS</b> Regular \$2.50 Cut upon roomy lines from American Stifel's Drills and Denims; sizes 34 to 42; you save \$1 upon each pair. Special ..... <b>\$1.49</b>
<b>LADIES' PANAMA HATS</b> Regular \$3.50 Several different shapes to choose from; some of these neat Panama Hats have silk ribbon trimmings; others plain. Special <b>\$2.45</b>	<b>MEN'S CANVAS OXFORDS</b> Regular \$4.50 White or brown canvas uppers with McKay welted neola or leather soles. Special <b>\$2.45</b>

<b>MEN'S SHIRTS</b> Regular \$1.75 A large assortment of neck patterns, in pin stripes and blazer stripes; in Percales and fancy Crepe Madras, etc.; all sizes; soft cuffs and starched. Special ..... <b>98c</b>	<b>MEN'S PYJAMAS</b> Regular \$3.50 Tailored from fine American Percales, in striped patterns and plain whites; fancy frog fasteners; all sizes. Special ..... <b>\$2.69</b>
<b>BOYS' OVERALLS</b> Regular \$1.50 Strong Black Denim Overalls, in sizes 8 to 14 years; an exceptional value. Special ..... <b>89c</b>	<b>BOYS' BLOUSES</b> Regular \$1.10 Grand Wash Blouses of strong Prints, in neat patterns; elastic waist band; loose neck; sizes 4 to 12 years. Special ..... <b>75c</b>

<b>LADIES' SERGE DRESSES</b> Regular \$20.00 A sample lot of Pretty Serge Dresses that exemplify the latest in style perfection. Colors are Navy Blue, Burgundy, Russian Green, etc. Special ..... <b>\$10.98</b>	<b>LADIES' SKIRTS</b> Values to \$9.00 A large color and style range of Fine Silk Poplin Skirts, arranged upon a large rack for quick selling; all sizes to 32 in. waist. Special ..... <b>\$5.98</b>
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<b>CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS</b> Regular \$2.00 Single strap, patent leather Slippers, with knee strap; sizes 5 to 14 years. Special ..... <b>\$1.29</b>	<b>BOYS' PANTS</b> Regular \$2.50 Tailored from strong Cottonades but in bloomer style, with knee strap; sizes 5 to 14 years. Special ..... <b>\$1.59</b>
<b>BOYS' SPORT SHIRTS</b> Regular 85c Well cut Shirts to fit Boys from 6 to 14 years, in several different colors and patterns. Special ..... <b>49c</b>	<b>BUNGALOW APRONS</b> Regular \$1.25 Full cut Garments of strong Prints and Ginghams, in stripe and check patterns, square cut neck; short sleeves. Special <b>89c</b>

<b>BOYS' CANVAS SHOES</b> Regular \$3.25 Strong canvas uppers of white duck, stitched neola soles, solid rubber heels. Special ..... <b>\$2.25</b>	<b>MEN'S CANVAS SHOES</b> Regular \$5.00 White or brown canvas uppers, leather soles, medium or English heels. All sizes. Special ..... <b>\$3.48</b>
<b>LADIES' STREET SHOES</b> Regular \$7.00 High cut uppers of fine calf leather, plain toe; ovis or English heels; all sizes; C D widths. Special <b>\$4.28</b>	<b>Men's Shoes</b> 300 PAIRS MEN'S SHOES Values to \$7.00 Smart Goodyear welted Shoes in patent leather, gummet calf, and vici kid; lace and button. Special ..... <b>\$3.88</b>

<b>MEN'S PANAMAS</b> Regular \$4.50 Fedora, boater and telescope styles, fine woven Japanese Panama Hats, in all sizes. Special ..... <b>\$2.78</b>	<b>MEN'S RAINCOATS</b> Regular \$8.50 Light weight Parametta Rainproof Cloth, garments cut in motor style; all sizes. Special <b>\$4.98</b>
<b>MEN'S TROUSERS</b> Regular \$6.50 Tailored from fine English Worsteds in neat pin stripe patterns; 5 pockets and all belt loops. Special <b>\$5.95</b>	<b>THE CLOTHING SITUATION AT THE PRESENT TIME</b> was never so serious in Canada's history. What with strikes and material shortage and European requirements, prices are bound to advance; so, while our stock lasts, we will continue to sell at prices that we defy our competitors to duplicate.

<b>GEORGETTE CREPE</b> Regular \$4.00 An extra quality of Crepe at a \$1 per yard saving. Nine different shades. Special ..... <b>\$2.98</b>	<b>BRASSIERES</b> Regular 75c D. and A. Brassieres of white Coutil trimmed with wide insertion. Special ..... <b>49c</b>
<b>PETTICOATS</b> Regular \$2.25 Made from American Sateen in black, orange, green, etc. Special <b>\$1.39</b>	<b>CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES</b> Regular \$2.25 Pretty Lawn and Voile garments with lace and silk ribbon trimmings. Special <b>\$1.39</b>

<b>LADIES' VESTS</b> Regular 50c Elastic flat rib Knitted Underwear, in white only. Special ..... <b>39c</b>	<b>LADIES' COMBINATIONS</b> Regular \$1.75 Elastic Knit Form-fitting Underwear, lace trimmed neck and knees. Special <b>\$1.00</b>
<b>GIRLS' BLOOMERS</b> Regular 90c In sizes 2 to 12 years, made from fine black sateen. Special <b>65c</b>	<b>CHILDREN'S SANDALS</b> Regular \$3.00 Welted Sandals, with strong soles and patent leather uppers; sizes to 2. Special <b>\$1.69</b>

### The Time to Stock Up with Shoes is Now

Latest advices from the Eastern Shoe Markets point to a raise in prices of from \$1.50 to \$3.50 per pair. We were prepared as usual with a large and well assorted stock and we will close them out at a reduction from the old prices—prices that are beyond duplication.

<b>BOYS' CANVAS SHOES</b> Regular \$3.25 Strong canvas uppers of white duck, stitched neola soles, solid rubber heels. Special ..... <b>\$2.25</b>	<b>MEN'S CANVAS SHOES</b> Regular \$5.00 White or brown canvas uppers, leather soles, medium or English heels. All sizes. Special ..... <b>\$3.48</b>
<b>LADIES' STREET SHOES</b> Regular \$7.00 High cut uppers of fine calf leather, plain toe; ovis or English heels; all sizes; C D widths. Special <b>\$4.28</b>	<b>Men's Shoes</b> 300 PAIRS MEN'S SHOES Values to \$7.00 Smart Goodyear welted Shoes in patent leather, gummet calf, and vici kid; lace and button. Special ..... <b>\$3.88</b>

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## The Great West Dept. Stores

The Store with the Long Red Sign

1915 South Railway Street

<b>LADIES' VESTS</b> Regular 50c Elastic flat rib Knitted Underwear, in white only. Special ..... <b>39c</b>	<b>LADIES' COMBINATIONS</b> Regular \$1.75 Elastic Knit Form-fitting Underwear, lace trimmed neck and knees. Special <b>\$1.00</b>
<b>GIRLS' BLOOMERS</b> Regular 90c In sizes 2 to 12 years, made from fine black sateen. Special <b>65c</b>	<b>CHILDREN'S SANDALS</b> Regular \$3.00 Welted Sandals, with strong soles and patent leather uppers; sizes to 2. Special <b>\$1.69</b>



# The Mill on the Floss

BY GEORGE ELIOT

(44. Instalment.)  
 "Servant, Mister Tom," said he of the red locks, with a smile which seemed to break through a self-imposed air of melancholy. "You don't know me again, I doubt," he went on, as Tom continued to look at him inquiringly; "but I'd like to talk to you yourself a bit, please."

"There's a fire in the parlour, Master Tom," said Kezia, who objected to leaving the kitchen in the crisis of toasting.

"Come this way, then," said Tom, wondering if this young fellow belonged to Guest & Co.'s Warehouse; for his imagination ran continually towards that particular spot, and uncle Deane might any time be sending for him to say that there was a situation at liberty.

The bright fire in the parlour was the only light that showed the few chairs, the bureau, the carpetless floor, and the one table—no, not the one table: there was a second table, in a corner, with a large Bible and a few other books upon it. It was this new, strange bareness that Tom left first, before he thought of looking again at the face which was also lit up by the fire, and which stole a half-shy, questioning glance at him as the eagerly strange voice said—

"Why! you don't remember Bob, then, as you get the pocket-knife to, Mr. Tom?"

The rough-handed pocket-knife was taken out in the same moment, and the largest blade opened by way of irresistible demonstration.

"What! Bob Jakin?" said Tom—not with any cordial delight, for he felt a little ashamed of that early intimacy symbolised by the pocket-knife, and was not at all sure that Bob's motives for recalling it were entirely admirable.

"Ay, ay, Bob Jakin—if Jakin it must be, 'cause there's so many Bobs as you went after the sperrits with, that day as I plumped right down from the bough, and bruised my shins a good un—but I got the squerrel tight for all that, an' a scatter it was. An' this little blade broke, you see, but I wouldn't hav a new un put in, 'cause they might be cheatin' me an' givin' me another knife istid, for there isn't such a blade i' the country—it's got used to my hand, like. An' there was niver nobody else gen me nothin' but what I got by my own sharpness, only you, Mr. Tom; if it wasn't Bill Fawks as gen me the terrier pup istid o' drowndin' it, an' I had to jaw him a good un afore he'd give it me."

Bob spoke with a sharp and rather treble volubility, and got through his long speech with surprising despatch, giving the table of his knife an affectionate rub on his sleeve when he had finished.

"Well, Bob," said Tom, with a slight air of patronage, the foregoing reminiscences having disposed him to be as friendly as was becoming, though there was no part of his acquaintance with Bob that he remembered better than the cause of their parting quarrel; "is there anything I can do for you?"

"Why, no, Mr. Tom," answered Bob, shutting up his knife with a click and returning it to his pocket, where he seemed to be feeling for something else. "I shouldn't ha' come back upon you now ye're i' trouble, an' folks say as the master, as I used to frighten the birds for, an' he flogged me a bit for fun when he caught me eatin' the turnip, as they say he'll niver lift up his yead no more—I shouldn't ha' come now to ax you to gi' me another knife, 'cause you gen me one afore. If a chap gives me one black eye, that's enough for me: I shan't ax him for another afore I serve him out; an' a good turn's worth as much as a bad un, anyhow. I shall niver grow dow'nards again, Mr. Tom, an' you war the little chap as I liked the best when I war a little chap, for all you leathered me, and wouldn't look at me again. There's Dick Brumby, there, I could leather him as much as I'd a mind; but fers! you get tired o' leatherin' a chap when you can

niver make him see what you want him to shy at. I'n seen chaps as 'ud stand starin' at a bough till their eyes shot out, afore they'd see as a bird's tail war'n't a leaf. It's poor work goin' wi' such raff—but you war allays a rare un at shyin', Mr. Tom, an' I could trusten to you for droppin' down wi' your stick in the nick o' time at a runnin' rat, or a stoat or that, when I war a-beatin' the bushes."

Bob had drawn out a dirty canvas bag, and would perhaps not have paused just then if Maggie had not entered the room and darted a look of surprise and curiosity at him, whereupon he pulled his red locks again with due respect. But the next moment the sense of the altered room came upon Maggie with a force that immediately glanced from him to the place where the bookcase had hung; there was nothing now but the oblong unfaded space on the wall, and below it the small table with the Bible and the few other books.

"Oh, Tom," she burst out, clasping her hands, "where are the books! I thought my uncle Glegg said he would buy them—didn't he—are those all they've left us?"

"I suppose so," said Tom, with a sort of desperate indifference. "Why should they buy many books when they bought so little furniture?"

"Oh but, Tom," said Maggie, her eyes filling with tears, as she rushed up to the table to see what books had been rescued. "Our dear old Pilgrim's Progress that you coloured with your little paints; and that picture of Pilgrim with a mantle on, looking just like a turtle—oh dear!" Maggie went on, half sobbing as she turned over the few books. "I thought we should never part with that while we lived—everything is going away from us—the end of our lives will have nothing in it like the beginning!"

Maggie turned away from the table and threw herself into a chair, with the big tears ready to roll down her cheeks—quite blinded to the presence of Bob, who was looking at her with the pursuant gaze of an intelligent dumb animal, with perceptions more perfect than his comprehension.

"Well, Bob," said Tom, feeling that the subject of the books was unseasonable, "I suppose you just came to see me because we're in trouble? That was very good-natured of you."

"I'll tell you how it is, Master Tom," said Bob, beginning to untwist his canvas bag. "You see, I'n been with a barge this two 'ear—that's how I'n been gettin' my livin'—if it wasn't when I was tentin' the furnace, between whiles, at Torry's mill. But a fortn' ago I'd a rare bit o' luck—I allays thought I was a lucky chap, for I niver set a trap but what I caught something; but this wasn't a trap, it was a fire! Torry's mill, an' I doused it, else it 'ud ha' set th' oil alight, an' the gentleman gen me ten suvrens—he gen me 'em himself last week. An' he said first, I was a sperrit chapp—but I knowed that afore—but then he outs wi' the ten suvrens, an' that war summat new. Here they are—all but one!" Here Bob emptied the canvas bag on the table. "An' when I'd got 'em, my head was all of a boil like a kettle o' broth, th'inkin' what sort o' life I should take to—for there war a many trades I'd thought on; for as for the barge, I'm clean tired out wi' it, for it pulls the days out till they're as long as pigs' chitterlings. An' I thought first I'd ha' ferrets an' dogs, an' be a rat-catcher; an' then I thought as I should like a bigger way o' life, as I didn't know so well; for I'n seen to the bottom o' rat-catchin'; an' I thought, an' thought, till at last I settled I'd be a packman, for they're knowin' fellers, the packmen are—au' I'd carry the lightest things I could i' my pack—an' there'd be a use for a feller's tongue, as is no use neither wi' rats nor barges. An' I should go about the country far an' wide; an' come round the women wi' my tongue, an' get my dinner hot at the public—fers! it 'ud be a lovely life!"

Bob paused, and then said, with defiant decision, as if resolutely turning his back on that paradise picture—

"But I don't mind about it—not a chip! An' I'n changed one o' the suvrens to buy my mother a goose for dinner, an' I'n bought a blue plush wescot, an' a seal-skin cap—for if I meant to be a packman, I'd do it respectable. But I don't mind about it—not a chip! My yead isn't turnip, an' I shall p'r'aps have a chance o' donsin' another fire afore long. I'm a lucky chap. S'I'll thank you to take the nine suvrens, Mr. Tom, and set yoursen up with 'em some-how—if it's true as the master's

broke. They mayn't go far enough—but they'll help."

Tom was touched keenly enough to forget his pride and suspicion. "You're a very kind fellow, Bob," he said, colouring, with that little diffident tremor in his voice, which gave a certain charm even to Tom's pride and severity, "and I shan't forget you again, though I didn't know you this evening. But I can't take the nine suvrens; I should be taking your little fortune from you, and they wouldn't do me much good either."

"Wouldn't they, Mr. Tom?" said Bob regretfully. "Now don't say so 'cause you think I want 'em. I aren't a poor chap. My mother gets a good penn'orth wi' pickin' feathers an' things; an' if she eats nothin' but bread-an'-water, it runs to fat. An' I'm such a lucky chap; an' I doubt you aren't quite so lucky, Mr. Tom—th' old master isn't, anyhow—an' so you might take a s'ize o' my luck, an' no harm done. Lors! I found a leg o' pork i' the river one day; it had tumbled out o' one o' them round-sterned Dutchmen, I'll be bound. Come, think better on it, Mr. Tom, for old 'quintance sake—else I shall think you bear me a grudge."

Bob pushed the suvrens forward, but before Tom could speak, Maggie clashing her hands, and looking penitently at Bob, said—

"Oh, I'm so sorry, Bob—I never thought you were so good. Why, I think you're the kindest person in the world!"

Bob had not been aware of the injurious opinion for which Maggie was performing an inward act of penitence, but he smiled with pleasure at this handsome eulogy—especially from a young lass who, he informed his mother that evening, had "such uncommon eyes, they looked somehow as they made him feel nohow."

"No, indeed, Bob, I can't take them," said Tom; "but don't think I feel your kindness less because I say so. I don't want to take any thing from anybody, but to work my own way. And those suvrens wouldn't help me much—they wouldn't, really—if I were to take them. Let me shake hands with you instead."

Tom put on his pink palm, and Bob was not slow to place his hand, grimy hand within it.

"Let me put the suvrens in the bag again," said Maggie; "and you'll come and see us when you've bought your pack, Bob."

"It's like as if I'd come out o' make-believe, o' purpose to show 'em you," said Bob, with an air of discomfiture, as Maggie gave him the bag again, "a-taking 'em back i' this way. I am a bit of a Do you know; but it isn't that sort o' Do; it's on'y when a feller's a big rogue, or a big flat, I like to let him in a bit, that's all."

"Now, don't you be up to any tricks, Bob," said Tom, "else you'll get transported some day."

"No, no; not me, Mr. Tom," said Bob, with an air of cheerful confidence. "There's no law again' flea-bites. If I wasn't to take a leg in now and then, he'd niver get any wiser. But, lors! here I suvren to buy you and miss summat, on'y for a token—just to match my pocket-knife."

While Bob was speaking he laid down the suvren, and resolutely twisted up his bag again. Tom pushed back the gold, and said, "No, indeed, Bob; thank you heartily; but I can't take it." And Maggie, taking it between her fingers, held it up to Bob, and said more persuasively—

"Not now—but perhaps another time. If ever Tom or my father wants help that you can give, we'll let you know—won't we, Tom? That's what you would like—to have us always depend on you as a friend that we can go to—isn't it, Bob?"

"Yes, miss, and thank you," said Bob, reluctantly taking the money; "that's what I'd like—any thing as you like. An' I wish you good-bye, miss, and good-luck, Mr. Tom, and thank you for shaking hands wi' me, though you wouldn't take the money."

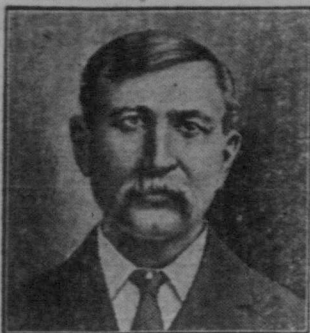
Kezia's entrance, with very black looks, to inquire if she shouldn't bring in the tea now, or whether the toast was to get hardened to a brick, was a reasonable check on Bob's flux of words, and hastened his parting bow.

(To be continued)

**TWELVE DIE IN EXPLOSION**  
 CARDIFF.—Twelve persons were killed in the explosion on board of the British tank steamer *Roseleaf*. The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas. The ship was undergoing repairs here at the time of the accident.

## Friends Thought He Would Die

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Conquered Dyspepsia and Restored His Health.



MR. ROBERT NEWTON.

Little Bras d'Or, C. B. "I was a terrible sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation for years. I had pain after eating, belching gas, constant headaches, and did not sleep well at night. I lost so much weight—going from 185 pounds to 146 pounds—that I became alarmed and saw several doctors who, however, did me no good. Finally, a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-tives'.

In a week, there was improvement. The constipation was corrected; and soon I was free of pain, headaches and that miserable feeling that accompanies Dyspepsia. I continued to take this splendid fruit medicine and now I am well, strong and vigorous."

ROBERT NEWTON.  
 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## TRANSPORTATION IN GERMANY OPENS

BERLIN.—The strike of employees of the tramways has ended after having lasted a fortnight. Following a vote by the strikers Monday night, in which 10,643 ballots to 6,545 were cast in favor of a continuation of the strike, four mass meetings were held and it was resolved to resume work forthwith. Work will begin immediately in all branches of the transportation service, including tramways and elevated railways.

Agitation has been started in all provinces calling for a general strike of agricultural laborers, just prior to the coming harvest.

## GOLD DISCOVERY IN NORTH ONTARIO

KENOGAMI, Ont.—A gold discovery of considerable promise has been made on the Four Nations gold claim, situated a mile or two northwest of Kenogami station, in the township of Grenfell. The vein in which the gold has been discovered has been traced for about 300 feet, being found at Outcrop, on both sides of the Blanche river.

The Four Nations gold claim derives its name from being owned by four men, one of whom is a French-Canadian, one a Scotchman, one a negro from the United States, and one a Russian.

## GERMAN CONTROL OF ALL IMPORTS WILL BE STRICT

BERLIN.—In connection with the imminent raising of the blockade, it is stated that a portion of necessities such as footwear and clothing will be imported freely, but the cabinet intends to admit luxuries and materials only to the extent thought advantageous from an economic viewpoint. Some individual firms lacked credit facilities; the cabinet takes the standpoint that import syndicates must be formed and that these can only succeed if the government participates in their direction.

## AIRPLANE LAWS FOR PROTECTION

OTTAWA.—On recommendation of the air board, the privy council has approved of regulations forbidding dangerous flying. Trick or exhibition flying over urban areas is absolutely prohibited as is also such flying at regattas or other public assemblies, except where specially arranged for by the promoters. Dangerous flying is forbidden everywhere and flying over cities or towns must be at a height which permits the machine to land outside in the event of engine failure.

Nothing dangerous must be dropped under any circumstances from a flying machine. The penalties provided are six months imprisonment, or a fine of one thousand dollars or both and not only the pilot, but the owner of the machine is liable.

## LOSES HIGH VALUED SECURITIES

LONDON.—Securities valued at \$2,000,000 belonging to former King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, which have been in London since the beginning of the war were declared forfeit to the crown recently. The forfeiture was made after proceedings before a commissioner and a jury.

## HUGE GASOLINE BLAST

BAYONNE, N.J.—Eighty thousand gallons of gasoline, contained in eight tanks exploded on the switching track of the Texas Oil company here, causing a fire which resulted in the serious injury of four persons with many others suffering burns. The property loss to the company was about \$1,000,000.



## SOCIALISTS OPPOSE RATIFICATION OF PEACE TREATY

PARIS.—The national council of the Socialist party decided to oppose ratification of the peace treaty. The vote was 1,420 to 114, with 387 abstentions.

The moderate element, which formerly formed a majority, led by Albert Thomas, ex-minister of munitions, and Paul Renaudel, once editor of *L'Humanite* endeavored to secure a vote favorable to the treaty on account, as they said, of the results which might be obtained through the League of Nations and with the hope of securing revision of the treaty subsequently. They were overwhelmed by the extremists, however.

## LIKE A BUCKETFUL OF POTATOES

"There is something fascinating about buying War Sav. Stamps," said a big business man the other day. "You may buy at one time all that you think you can afford for the year," said he, "but before very long you find that you will be able to buy more."

This man's experience is like the bucket of potatoes to which the habit of buying War Savings Stamps has been likened.

"You may fill a bucket with potatoes to the top until you cannot get in another potato; but the bucket is not yet filled for you will find that you can still add a quart or so of beans; then there will be room for a pint or two of peas; and after that a pound or more of sugar; and when the pail is full to the brim there is still room for a couple of quarts of water."

## COST OF FOODS STILL SOARING

OTTAWA.—The cost of living is still going up. Labor department returns show the increase during June to have been slight, however. The average cost of a list of twenty-nine staple foods in some sixty cities at the middle of the month was \$13.72 as compared with \$13.53 at the middle of May, \$12.79 in June, 1918, and \$7.35 in June, 1914.



## NEW TREATMENT THAT KNOCKS RHEUMATISM

75c. BOX FREE TO ANY SUFFERER  
 Up in Syracuse, N. Y., a treatment for rheumatism has been found that hundreds of users say is a wonder, reporting cases that seem little short of miraculous. Just a few treatments even in the worst cases seem to accomplish wonders even after other remedies have failed entirely. It seems to neutralize the uric acid and lime salt deposits in the blood, driving all the poisonous clinging waste from the system. Swelling, pain, stiffness, swelling, just seem to melt away and vanish.

The treatment first introduced by Mr. Delano is so good that its owner wants everybody that suffers from rheumatism or who has a friend so afflicted, to get a free 75c. package from him to prove just what it will do in every case before a penny is spent. Mr. Delano says: "To prove that the Delano treatment will surely, establish or long standing the case, and even after all other treatments have failed, I will, if you have never previously used the treatment, send you a full size 75c. package free if you will just cut out this notice and send it with your name and address, with 10c. to help pay postage and distribution expense to me personally."

P. H. DELANO, 761 N. Wood Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y. I can send you one Free Package to an address.

NOTE.—Orders for Delano's Rheumatic Coughner will be filled from their Canadian Laboratories without delay.

## NINE OUT OF TEN

of the common ailments have their origin in impure blood, caused by a weakened condition of the vital organs.

## Forn's Alpenkräuter

is without an equal for strengthening the vital organs, improving the blood and building up the system. It is an old, plain herb-remedy and contains nothing, but what will do you good.

Do not ask the druggist for it, as it is supplied by special agents only.

For further particulars address,  
**DR. PETER FAHRNEY & SONS CO.,**  
 2501-17 Washington Blvd. CHICAGO, ILL.  
 (Delivered in Canada free of duty)

## Germany As Defined By Peace Treaty

The political and territorial changes to which Germany is being required to submit are embodied in Section III. of the Peace Treaty. As the map of the former German Empire shows, these changes are most extensive in the west and in the east. Minor rectifications both north and south are contemplated at the expense of the predatory ex-Kingdom of Prussia.

## Western Frontier

Germany's frontier with Holland remains provisionally unchanged. On the Belgian border Germany is to recognize the full sovereignty of Belgium over the contested territory of Moresnet and over part of Prussian Moresnet; and she is further to renounce all rights over Eupen and Malmédy.

Luxemburg passes from the German sphere of influence. The Saar district, extending as far east as Homburg, is to be subjected for 15 years to a special regime under the auspices of the League of Nations, after which the wishes of the population are to be ascertained by plebiscite.

## Southern Frontier

Germany's frontier with Switzerland remains unchanged. The frontier with German Austria, whose complete independence Germany is to recognize, will run as on August 3, 1914, up to the point where the boundary of the new Czechoslovak state begins.

Germany's frontier with the new Czechoslovak state will follow the old frontier of Bohemia in 1914, up to the point where the territory of the new state of Poland begins.

## Eastern Frontier

In the east the situation is dominated by the partial resurrection of historic Poland. The eastern frontier of Prussia-Germany will now follow in the main the watershed between Oder and Vistula; including the greater part of Upper Silesia, of Posen, and of West Prussia, west of the Vistula.

Upper Silesia which, under the first draft of the treaty, was transferred outright to Poland, is under the revised treaty to decide its own fate by plebiscite, meanwhile passing to the control of Poland. The provisions for a plebiscite show that the vote will be taken in virtually all of upper Silesia, except small areas in the southwestern and northern corners, which were awarded unconditionally to Czechoslovakia and Poland, respectively. The plebiscite must be held between the sixth and eighteenth month after the signature of the peace treaty.

There is also a provision for exercise of the right of self-determination by the Protestant Polish inhabitants of the Mazurian districts of East Prussia, and by other Polish elements in West Prussia east of the Vistula.

To the northeast, moreover, the Province of East Prussia is definitely to be shorn of its northeastern corner about Memel, the fate of which is to be decided by the Allies.

## Northern Frontier

On the North Prussia's Baltic frontage is to be further interrupted by the coastline of Poland's new corridor to the sea, the outlet of which is to be the Free City of Danzig.

The Free City of Danzig is to be constituted, with territory of its own, under guarantee of the League of Nations.

In the revised draft "the principal Allied and associated powers" undertake to establish Danzig as a free city. This language, in which the responsibility of the five great powers for the creation of the new city and state is definitely assumed, is substituted for the original phrasing declaring merely that "Danzig is established as a free city."

Germany's frontier with Denmark, moreover, is to be regulated in North Schleswig and in part of Central Schleswig in accordance with the wishes of the population.

## Free City of Danzig

The proposal to constitute Danzig as Free City and a territorial unit revises ancient memories. The actual boundaries of the city and its territory have yet to be delimited. By the Treaty of Tilsit in 1807 Danzig was re-established as an independent city-state with a territory extending for a radius of two leagues. This miniature creation was placed under the protection of the Kings of Prussia and Saxony; and it survived for about seven years. The city authorities were required to pledge themselves in no wise to interfere with the free navigation of the Vistula.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
 In Use For Over 30 Years  
 Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hutchinson*

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN WILME, LATE OF THE VILLAGE OF VIBANK IN THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN, FARMER, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the Estate of John Wilme who died on or about the 11th day of November, A.D. 1918, are required to send to Messrs. Doerer & Guggisberg, Barristers, 205 Northern Bank Chambers, Regina, Saskatchewan, on or before the 2nd day of September, A.D. 1919, full statement of their claims, and of any securities held by them duly verified, and that after that date the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with Messrs. Doerer & Guggisberg.

Dated at Regina, Saskatchewan, this 24th day of July, A.D. 1919.

DOERER & GUGGISBERG,  
 Solicitors for Barbara Wilme, Executrix of the Estate of the late John Wilme.

## TENDERS for bridge abutments

Sealed tenders will be received up to 4:30 o'clock Tuesday, August 12th, 1919, for each of the undermentioned works:

(a) Two reinforced concrete abutments for a bridge over Dog Hills Creek, at Tadoussac on C. N. Railway.

(b) Two reinforced concrete abutments for a bridge over Swan River, North East to Arzac on C. N. Railway.

(c) A reinforced concrete bridge over Wascana Creek, near Regina.

The contract will be let separately for each individual work.

Tenders may be mailed under one cover, but tenders for each individual work must be accompanied by an accepted cheque or other satisfactory deposit for the amount of \$250.00. Deposits of unsuccessful tenders will be returned when the contracts are awarded.

The right to reject any or all tenders or to waive any defects or irregularities therein is to be at the discretion of the Minister, Department of Highways.

Plans, specifications, forms of tender and all information may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

The unqualified insertion of this advertisement will not be paid for.

H. S. CARPENTER,  
 Deputy Minister of Highways,  
 Government of Saskatchewan,  
 Regina, Saskatchewan,  
 July 22nd, 1919.

## GALL STONES

REMOVED IN 24 HOURS

WITHOUT ANY PAIN WHATSOEVER

INDIGESTION, Bilemash and Liver Disorders, Appendicitis, Peritonitis, and Kidney Stones are often caused by Gall Stones, which is a dangerous complaint and misleads persons to believe that they have stomach trouble, chronic dyspepsia and indigestion, until they had attacks of Gall Stone Colic—near; then they realize what the trouble is. Ninety out of every hundred persons who have Gall Stones don't know it. Proceed today and avoid an operation. Can be obtained at W. MASSIE'S DRUG STORE, Maple Leaf Block. Write in English or German.



# Classified Ads of "The Courier"

### Optometrist & Optician

M. S. McCLUNG, OFFICE 1833 Scarth street, south of post office. Phones 3597 and 3841.

### Photographers

BOSSIE'S PHOTO STUDIO. Largest Photo Studio in Western Canada.

### Chartered Accountants

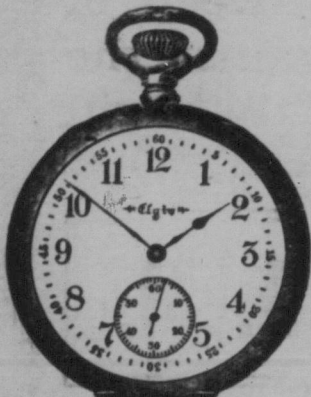
DAWSON AND BOWAN, C.A. Commercial and Municipal Auditing. Royal Bank Chambers. W. J. Dawson, C.A. (Eng. and Sask.) J. F. Bowan, C.A. (Scotland and Sask.)

### Jewellers

M. G. HOWE, WATCHMAKER AND Jeweler. Watch-repairing promptly attended to. Marriage licenses, wedding rings, Eyes tested free and glasses fitted while you wait. M. G. Howe, Jewellers, Scarth street, Regina

### DIAMOND JEWELLERY CO.

1835 South Railway St., Regina. Phone 6554. EXPERT WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS



Watch-repairing promptly attended by mail. Big assortment of watches, Rings, Diamonds and Jewels. Our prices are just right. We speak German. Marriage Licenses Issued.

### Painters and Decorators

FRANK DUMMER, PAINTER AND Decorator. All work guaranteed. Moderate prices. Ask for free estimates. Phone 4614-1913 St. John St., Regina, Sask.

### Trade Schools

FARMERS AND FARM LABORERS Learn to operate Gas-Tractors during your spare time and earn \$5.00 to \$12.00 per day during threshing. Special \$35.00 Tractor Course now on at Hemphill's Motor School 1827 So. Railway St., Regina.

GOOD WAGES AND MANY OPENINGS for Barbers. Why not learn this profitable and desirable trade? We teach and pay you while learning. Write or call for free Catalogue. Hemphill's Barber College 1827 So. Railway St. Branches at Saskatoon and Winnipeg.

### Land Surveyors

SMITH & PHILIPPS, Civil engineers and surveyors. We do all technical work in this line as road surveying, Waterworks system and other municipal work. We also supervise large excavating, brick building, etc. Write in English or German. Smith & Phillips, D.L.R., 1836 Scarth St., Regina, Sask.

### LAND SURVEYORS

PARSONS ENGINEERING CO. Engineers Surveyors Phone 2909 Land Surveying, Supervising construction of Rural Road systems, Railroad Surveys, Ry. Commission Cases, General Engineering. J. L. B. Parsons, Dominion, Ont., Sask. L.S. W. R. W. Parsons, M.E.I.C. J. N. de Stain, M.E.I.C. A. N. Ball, Dominion and Sask. L.S. K. N. Grotzner, Dominion and Sask. L.S. Correspondence invited in English and German.

### Real Estate & Financial Agents

WE HAVE MANY PROSPECTIVE buyers for small houses, also many who are desirous of buying Building Lots. Listings of all kinds wanted. Write in English or German to The Bink Land Co. 1605-11th Ave., Engel Block, Regina.

BELL & MITCHELL, Ltd. - Insurance of every kind for the farmer. Phone 3672 or write us. Western Trust Bldg., Regina

### Medical

JOHN A. ROSE, M.A., M.B., C.M., D.P.H. (Aberdeen). Physician and Surgeon. Specialties: Diseases of Children and Women. The Western Trust Building, Eleventh avenue, opposite Post office. Phones 4532 and 4466. Hours 11 to 12 a.m. 3 to 4 p.m.; 7 to 8 p.m.

I. W. H. HUYKMAN, M.D., FORMERLY of Balgonie, Suite 21 Canada Life Building, Regina. Studied at the University of Amsterdam, Holland. Postgraduate at Bonn and Heidelberg. Phone 6561, residence 3914 Dowdney street, residence phone 4242.

DR. L. BOY, M.D., C.M. STUDIED at the University of Paris, France. Specialist: Surgery and Maternity. Office Suite 12, Canada Life Bldg., Eleventh avenue and Cornwall street. Residence 2636 Victoria avenue, Regina. Phone 2407; Office Phone 2543.

DR. H. P. HENDRICKS desires to announce that he has recovered from his recent illness and that he has opened his office in Suite 909 McCallum & Hill Bldg. where he will be pleased to see his former friends and patients. Hours 11-12; 2-5. Sundays by appointment. Office Phone 6722. Residence Phone 6723.

IT WILL BE APPRECIATED IF YOU mention "The Courier" when answering advertisements.

### Undertakers

The Regina Burial Co. 2435 Victoria Ave., Regina. Our Funeral Home absolutely free for Services. Motor Ambulance. -Phone 2828- D. J. BLACK, Mgr.

### Dental

DR. H. LEDERMAN, OFFICE SUITE 105-106 Westman Chambers, East street. Phone 2937.

DR. A. GREGOR SMITH, W. FRASER Smith and J. A. McGregor; local and general anesthetics for painless extraction. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Royal Bank Building, side entrance, Hamilton street, opposite E. H. Williams & Sons' Store. Phone 3317.

DRS. WICKER & KIRKPATRICK. Drs. C. H. Wicker, graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto, and Dr. E. S. Kirkpatrick, graduate of Pennsylvania; Office Suites 203-204, Westman Chambers, Rose street, opposite city hall. Office equipped with every appliance known to modern dentistry, including latest model X-Ray machine. Closed Saturday afternoons. Phone 4962.

IT WILL BE APPRECIATED IF YOU mention "The Courier" when answering advertisements.

### Hotels and Restaurants

BRUNNER'S RESTAURANT Mrs. Brunner & Sons, Prop. 1234-47th Ave. Regina, Sask. Best and cheapest known home in city, for Farmers. Meals 35c, Clean beds 35c per person. Every-one can be assured of the best of services.—Phone 5476.

MAJESTIC HOTEL—THE FARMERS' Home. Phone 3191. —1735 Halifax St., opposite market square. Fine clean rooms 50c per day. STEVEN EHMANN, proprietor.

Paris Rooms and Restaurant! Good Meals - Clean Beds - Good Service - Moderate Rates. FR. and Mrs. BREUER 90th Street 10271 - Edmonton, Alta

COLUMBIA HOUSE AND RESTAURANT E. W. WARNER New Proprietor Newly Decorated

When in Edmonton, pay us a visit. The oldest house established in Edmonton. Sanitary rooms, clean beds. Moderate rates and courteous service. Every farmer welcome.

### BUSINESS CHANCES

MILLIONS ARE SUFFERING FROM RHEUMATISM. Most important discovery of the age. A herb that actually drives the most stubborn case of Rheumatism entirely out of the system. People write us and say they are astounded at the results, especially on the kidneys. Just think of the money making possibilities. Representative wants \$1.12 a pound postpaid, 10 pounds \$9.95. Write to: Rheumatism Herb Co., 1000-10th St., Regina, Sask.

### Barbers

THE CAPITAL BARBER SHOP, Hamilton Street, largest and best equipped barber shop in the city. Prompt attendance. Large assortment of cigars and tobacco. Billiard Rooms and Bath Rooms. We hone razors and safety razors. We speak different languages. R. Knorr Proprietor.

### For Sale

BUY LAND!—Now is the time to buy land, as prices for wheat are high. The country desires that you do it now. We have several good improved and non-improved farms for sale. When you intend to buy, sell or trade them, let us know. Quick and real service guaranteed. We write and speak German. C. B. Hoff, 1770 Scarth St., Regina, Sask.

FOR SALE SINGLE BUGGY with Rubbertires, in good condition, Hanlope Box, Apply 2435 Victoria Ave., Regina, Sask.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE 34 acres B.C. Fruit land, half cleared, about 400 fruit trees from 5 to 9 years old, many are bearing. Pasture for four cows, close to school, Methodist and Presbyterian churches, and only 1 1/2 miles from town. Will exchange for 160 acres of good farmland. Apply John Peters, Nakusp, B.C.

WE CAN SELL YOUR BUSINESS, Farm or Property for Cash, no matter where located. Capital prepared for meritorious enterprises. Give full particulars in first letter. R. S. HERBERT & CO., 116 W. Van Buren Str., Chicago, Ill.

### Situations Wanted

GERMAN LADY WITH FIVE year old child, wants position as house-keeper on farm. Speaks English and German. Apply Box 73, Courier, Regina, Sask.

TEACHER—MARRIED, VERY capable man with best of references wants position near city. House adjoining school and well in yard desired. Apply Box 72 Courier, Regina, Sask.

EXPERIENCED FARMER, German, wants position on farm during harvest and threshing season. German settlement preferred. Position must afford work for quite a time, and therefore only such farmers need apply, in whose districts an abundance of crop is expected. There must also be accommodation either at the farm or near the farm for a boy of 4 years of age.—Address letters to P.O. Box 113, Prince George, B.C.

WOXY-ACCTYL WELDING: —Wanted position in auto repair shop, garage or with farm implement dealer. — Would handle my own welding outfit. — German settlement preferred. Apply P. O. Box 1131, Edmonton.

MARRIED COUPLE WITH A four year old child seeks position on good farm. Position to be over winter months. Apply John Schernetzki, Veregin, Sask.

ELDERLY GENTLEMAN, former farmer and rancher, German speaking, wants to locate on farm or ranch near bush and water with game and fish. Is willing and able to assist to make the byproducts of milk, cheese, a profitable undertaking. May become interested financially or possibly purchase the farm. For information regarding a possible position or location greatly obliged. Apply Box 41, Courier, 1835

WANTED POSITION as house-keeper and cook by married woman with boy of nine years. Would be willing to take charge of cook car after harvest. Must be near school. State wages. Mrs. Wm. Eckel, Chief, Lake, B. C., Canada.

### Drug Stores

MASIG'S DRUG STORE, MAPLE Leaf Block—Prescriptions made up. Large stock of patent medicines, drugs, bandages, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to and sent all over Canada. Write in English or German to W. Masig, P. O. Box 124, Regina, Sask.

### Wants to Locate

EXPERIENCED, well trained Engineer and mechanic, German speaking, capable of doing Repairs to steam & Gas Engines and Automobiles, wants to locate in a good settlement. Address: J. Koehle, 1818 St. John St., Regina, Sask.

### Help Wanted

BACHELOR WANTS A GIRL or woman as housekeeper and to assist in Ice Cream Parlor. Pay the highest wages to suitable woman. Apply J. D. Beckstedt, Dysart, Sask.

WANTED WOMAN ON FARM to help with house work. Apply Otto Riecken, Girvin, Sask.

WANTED ON FARM young German speaking man, experienced in handling Horses and Machinery. Duties from July 1st till April 1st, 1921. Wages \$420. Apply P. W. Kobttsch, Hardisty, Alta., Box 429.

### MUSIC TEACHERS

FRANCIS BILEK TEACHER OF VIOLIN, PIANO AND ORGAN at Regina College Conservatory of Music. Private Studio: 1850 Toronto Str.

### Personal

FARMER, 35 YEARS OF AGE, wishes to marry Farmers daughter or Farmer widow with one or two children. I have \$5,000 to \$6,000 property and would prefer a German catholic girl. Enclose Photo with first letter. Apply Box 59, Courier, Regina.

MATRIMONY — Honest and upright man, Farmer, 43 years old, wishes to correspond with Girl or Widow 32 to 40 years of age, with object of matrimony. If possible lady with a little money preferred. Apply Box 56, Courier, 1835 Halifax St., Regina.

GERMAN FARMER 44 years old, with five children, wants to go into communication with German speaking Lady with or without children. Must not be over 40 years of age. Object Matrimony. Address letters to: Box 74, Courier, Regina, Sask.

WANTED BOARD AND ROOM in good house. Apply Robert Seiffer, 1860 Toronto St., Regina, Sask.

**You Need Badly**

a knowledge of the English language in order to be able to read your newspaper. The best and quickest way is by using

**Gosnell's New German Dictionary, English-German, 1244 pages. Price . . . . . \$1.75**

**Amerikanischer Dolmetscher, 60c**

**Mayer's Briefsteller, German-English letter-writer and book-keeper . . . . . 85c**

**Der Fertige Rechner 35c**

**Neues Taschenrechenbuch with pronunciation . . . . . \$1.25**

**Der Selbst-Doktor und Apotheker im eigenen Hause . . . . . \$1.00**

**Offene Volkssprache ueber Menschen-System und Gesunder Menschenverstand. 200 Illustrations, 860 pages. Price . . . . . \$2.00**

**Der Deutsche Farmer im Busch und auf der Praerie. Practical and instructive. Price . . . . . \$2.00**

**F. DOJACEK**  
850 Main St. — WINNIPEG.

**ARE YOUR EYES TO BLAME?**

Don't try to stop pain until you have found the cause. Get at the root of the trouble first, and remember pain is only nature's message that something has gone wrong.

Take headache for instance; do you suppose for a minute that the tablet or powder you take to relieve it is in any sense a remedy? You merely drug the nerves so that they no longer give their warning.

90% of all headaches are from defective eyes, and it is our pleasure as well as our business to provide you with glasses that stop the suffering once and for all, by correcting the cause.

**Exanthematic-Remedy**

(also called Rosenzschidimus)

Pamphlet in which everything concerning this cure is explained will be sent free. Only and genuine to be had from

**JOHN LINDEN**

Specialist and only Manufacturer of genuine and pure Exanthematic-Remedy. Office and Res. 9038 Front—Cdn. E. E. Leber Drawer 864 Cleveland, Ohio. Beware of imitations and false recommendations.

**SANTAL MIDY**

These small capsules are better than Balsam of Capella, Cubebs or Iodo. They cure MIDY the same diseases within 24 hours without interfering with your work. For sale everywhere.

**A.G. ORCHARD**

Optician - Optometrist  
1784 Hamilton Street, Regina, Sask. (At Kelly's Drug Store.)

Do not forget to call on us, if in need of Jewelry or Glasses. Let us show you our \$5.50 Waltham Watch.

**H. B. KLINE & SONS, Ltd.**

The Best Jewellers.  
Corner Jasper Avenue and 99th Street, EDMONTON. — ALEXANDER. Marriage Licenses Issued.

### MEETING OF MUNICIPALITY EXCELSIOR

The Seventh regular meeting of the Rural Municipality of Excelsior No. 166 was held at the Municipal Office Rush Lake on Tuesday, July 8, 1919, with the Reeve and all Councilors present. Moved by McCann that minutes of last meeting be adopted as read. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Friesen that Councilor Unger communicate with Mr. Klassen re petition for road between sections 18 and 19 in township 19, range 10, West 3rd. Carried.

Moved by Wilson that Court of Revision to hear assessment appeals pertaining to Townships 18, 19 and 20, range 13, East of Swift Current Creek be held August 5th. Carried.

Moved by McCann that map submitted by Sask. Land Municipality showing acreage comprised in townships 18, 19 and 20, range 13, East of Creek be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Friesen that all old lease taxes against lands now sold be abstracted from roll and placed to a suspense account, and sanction to do so be obtained from the Dept. of Municipal Affairs. Carried.

Moved by Unger that The Dept. of Highways be requested to build the following bridges on N.E. 25-19-11-3, on grade North of Rush Lake and East of S.E. 21-16-12-3, and also that an appropriation of \$1500.00 be spent on road East of 25-19-11-3. Carried.

Moved by Funk that road committee in company with Mr. Gehman examine and investigate the advantages of making and buying a roadway through 29-17-10-3. Carried.

Moved by McCann that petition for cancellation of road through S.W. 15-16-10-3 be refused and no steps taken to change same. Carr'd.

Moved by Unger that the municipality purchase land for diversion on N.W. 1/4 of 18-18-10-3 and compensation be guaranteed. Carried.

Moved by Wilson that road be surveyed on North side of sections 2 and 3 in 17-12-3, also small diversion on N.E. 1/4 11-17-12-3 and compensation guaranteed, and that previous motion respecting same be rescinded. Carried.

Moved by Funk that diversion be surveyed on S.W. 1-19-12-3 and compensation guaranteed. Carried.

Moved by McCann that F. I. Doell be allowed ten dollars for moving his fence on S.E. 22-18-12-3. Carried.

Moved by McCann that road committee investigate and report at next meeting respecting diversion required on N.W. 34-16-11-3. Carried.

Moved by Unger that account of C. B. Smith for roadwork be paid. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Friesen that whereas this municipality has Seed Grain Liens outstanding of about \$8,000.00, and whereas this fund constitutes public money, and whereas the security covering the loans is precarious, therefore be it resolved that this Council hereby petitions The Government to immediately take steps to place the

### Private Training School

ST. MARY'S CONVENT—2077 Scarth St., Regina, Sask. takes girls between the ages of 7-16 years in board. Music, fancy work and the German Language taught. For further information apply to Mother Superior.

### Notice

Mr. John Brunner of Brunner's Restaurant has no connection with J. Brunner's Auto Garage, Halifax and Tenth, and he is in no way related to us.

JOHN BRUNNER, 1324 Tenth Ave.

More Cure for the Sick by using the marvelous

**Exanthematic-Remedy**

(also called Rosenzschidimus)

Pamphlet in which everything concerning this cure is explained will be sent free. Only and genuine to be had from

**JOHN LINDEN**

Specialist and only Manufacturer of genuine and pure Exanthematic-Remedy. Office and Res. 9038 Front—Cdn. E. E. Leber Drawer 864 Cleveland, Ohio. Beware of imitations and false recommendations.

**SANTAL MIDY**

These small capsules are better than Balsam of Capella, Cubebs or Iodo. They cure MIDY the same diseases within 24 hours without interfering with your work. For sale everywhere.

**FURNITURE**

of every description in the best of qualities and at right prices. We have a big assortment, and you will find what you want. We sell on terms and give discounts for cash.

**REINHORN BROS.**

Store: "Old Sanitary Market Building", 11th Ave. opposite Bank of Quebec.—Phone 3433, Regina, Sask.

### Radical Cure for Nervousness

Weak and nervous persons, who consider their cases hopeless, suffering with headache, pains in the chest and back, bad dreams, weakening discharges, premature loss of hair, hearing and sight, catarrh, stomach trouble, constipation, fatigue, palpitation of the heart and melancholy will learn to their advantage in the booklet "JUGENDFERKE" how the evil consequences of youthful errors, pollution, stricture, phthisis, hydrocele, varicocele can be cured absolutely within the shortest possible time.

This interesting book (latest edition in English or German) from which young and old will profit, is sent upon receipt of only 25 Cents in stamps by the

PRIVATE CLINIC, 137 East 27. St. NEW YORK, N. Y.

By ordering it will be appreciated if you mention "The Courier"

liens and future liens on a safer and sounder basis. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Friesen that titles for R. M. Tax Sale Purchases 1916 be applied for on or immediately after October 1st. Carried.

Moved by Wallace that Alfred Wells be allowed to fence road allowance, South of S.E. 4-16-11-3 and C Grabham on between sections 5 and 6 16-11-3 provided gates are erected. Carried.

Moved by Funk that the Municipal Constable be paid at the rate of three dollars per day and mileage of ten cents per mile in discharge of duties. Carried.

Moved by Wilson that accounts as sanctioned be paid. Carried.

Moved by Wallace that the municipal rate for this year be struck at eight mills.

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FEARS GERMAN TRADERS

WINNIPEG, Man. — Despite the formation of a League of Nations, the nations should 'keep their armies and navies and not rely solely upon the league for protection. This was the opinion expressed by Premier W. F. Massey, of New Zealand, when his train stopped at Winnipeg for a short period. The League of Nations, although supported by the premier himself, is, in his opinion, unable to keep the world out of war, but is most effective in the preserving of the balance of the nations.

Discussing the labor question, Premier Massey expressed himself as being content with the effect that the signing of peace will have on the countries and their industries. His one great fear is that Germany will receive raw products now that peace has been signed.

"Their factories are intact and they are prepared to resume work immediately," he declared. "If we are not careful a number of our industries will be taken away from us."

"I have no faith in the regeneration of the Germans," said Mr. Massey, when he reached Vancouver. He emphasized his distrust of any lasting improvement in the defeated enemy by giving it as his opinion that German chemists would be at work soon, if they were not already at work devising new methods of destruction for use when the proper time arrives. The most serious mistake made with regard to the conclusion of peace, in the opinion of the speaker, was in not dictating a victorious peace on the soil of Germany.

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FARMERS! FARMERS! If you have Live Stock for sale or intend to buy some Live Stock communicate with

HERMAN SCHMIDT, Edmonton Best prices. Prompt services. (Live Stock taken from the farm) HERMANN SCHMIDT, 1227-47th Street, Edmonton, Alta. Eastwood Dairy. Residence Phone: 71441. Stockyard Phone: 71666.

### Dr. C. H. Grunert

Fort Saskatchewan, Alta. PRACTICAL VETERANARIAN Diplomas from the Leipzig University, Germany; the Zurich University, Switzerland. Specialist for surgery and operations. Office: Fort Saskatchewan. Phone 54 and 42. — P. O. Box 32.

### Nearer to the Goal

At last we have made another Step in the right Direction. On account of the establishing of a third store at Kendal, Sask., we have been put into the position to buy goods in greater quantities and to buy them cheap. The new store at Kendal is modern in every respect and keeps a first class assortment of goods of every description. In connection with this business we have opened a complete Lumber Yard.

All our customers who know the business methods adopted by us, no doubt are aware of the fact, that the advantages reaped by us are also to their best interest.

Our stock is really too numerous to be mentioned in detail. We assure our customers that we hold for sale in every one of our stores only the best of goods.

PLENTY OF STOCK TO SELECT FROM REASONABLE PRICES AND COURTEOUS SERVICE.

Huck & Kleckner, Vibank, Sask.

Kleckner, Huck & Gartner, Kendal, Sask.

Kleckner & Huck, Odessa, Sask.

### WANT TURKISH OFFICERS EXTRADITED

PARIS.—The newspapers of Constantinople assert that the Turkish government has decided to ask the entente to permit the extradition of Talaat Bey, Enver Pasha and Djemal Bey, leaders in the Turkish government during the war.

Talaat Bey, Enver Pasha and Djemal Bey were condemned to death on July 11, in default of their appearance by the Turkish court-martial which has been investigating the conduct of the Turkish government during the period of the war. The three men are now in Germany.

### FAREWELL ADVICE HANDED TO BRITAIN BY GENERAL SMUTS

LONDON, England.—Lieut-Gen. Smuts of the Union of South Africa, and member of the British peace delegation, in a farewell message, advocates appeasement and reconciliation with Germany and encouragement of the present moderate administration in Germany, which is successfully fighting the European battle against anarchy.

Gen. Smuts strongly urges leaving Russia to settle her own affairs, on the ground "that a sobered soviet system may be better than barbarism, to which the present policy seems inevitably to be tending," and declares that British statesmen should apply the same medicine to Ireland that they applied to Bohemia.

### SIX BURNED IN FIRE

MALONE, N. Y. — Six persons were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the home of Lee Hurteau, as Messina.

The dead are: Mrs. Lee Hurteau and two children, Hectorine, aged 15, and Earl, three years old; Mrs. Ernest Amell of Cornwall, Ont., a sister of Mr. Hurteau, and her two children, Lionel, 9, and Harold, aged 7.

"Their factories are intact and they are prepared to resume work immediately," he declared. "If we are not careful a number of our industries will be taken away from us."

Monuments, Memorial Tablets and All Kinds of Cemetery Work. Call and see our stock, or write for catalog. Phone 3347 REGINA MARBLE & TILE WORKS, LTD. Successors to F. Beck & Co., Limited. 826 DEWONEY AVE., REGINA.

The ORIGINAL and only GENUINE BEWARD of imitations such as "Just as good" Winkards' Liniment





# \$30,000.00 JULY CLEARANCE SALE

**FOR 10 DAYS ONLY**

The Fall Stocks are due to arrive at this store almost any day and we are so crammed full of high-class merchandise, that we are forced to clear out at least half of our present stock as we must have the room. This is a case **SELL-AT-A-LOSS**. Hamer's loss is your gain. Below you will find merchandise at less than present factory costs. Now is your chance to buy at wholesale prices and less. **BUY NOW!** Stock up to the limit! A \$ bill will do double duty at this gigantic Sale of Sales. Costs forgotten, prices shot to pieces, a clean sweep of everything in the store. Do not miss this opportunity to protect yourself against the rising Fall prices. Our prices are coming down during this sale to prices that will help you meet the high cost of living.

**SALE STARTS THURSDAY, JULY 31st, AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M.**

**REGULAR \$9.00**  
Men's Raincoats, in fine waterproof paramatta cloth, strongly made; good finish. Sale Price ..... **\$4.28**

**REGULAR 45c**  
Ladies' brown and white cotton hose. Sale Price ..... **29c**

**REGULAR 85c**  
Boys' fine rib black cotton stockings. Very strong and durable. Sale Price ..... **39c**

**REGULAR \$6.50**  
Boys' Paramatta raincoats. Get him one for school. Sale Price ..... **\$3.98**

**REGULAR 85c**  
An extra fine quality ladies' black lisle hose. Sale Price ..... **39c**

**MEN'S SUITS**  
These are made out of fine grey serge, well tailored, will wear like iron. Regular \$35.00. Sale Price ..... **\$17.48**

A FEW	DEY	GOODS	PRICES
Yards of fine quality Print in assorted colors; won't last long. Sale Price, yd. <b>17½c</b>	Reg. 35c, an extra fine piece Striped Shirt going on sale. Sale Price, yd. <b>24c</b>	Regular 75c Black and Grey Striped Denim, strong, good weight. Sale Price, yd. <b>54c</b>	Reg. 90c. A snap! 36-inch White Pique Cloth, fine white cord. Sale Price, yd. <b>59c</b>

**BOYS' SUITS**  
Adreasy, good wearing corduroy for the boy; up-to-date, slash pocket and belt. A regular \$15 value. Sale price. **\$8.89**

**REGULAR \$4.50**  
Men's felt hats, in fedora shapes, assorted colors, new styles. Sale Price ..... **\$3.48**

**BOYS' SHIRTS**  
A neat black and white stripe shirt, soft cuffs, soft separate collar. Sale price ..... **\$1.18**

**BOYS' SUITS**  
Regular \$20 boys' fine blue serge suits, slash pockets and belt, governor bottoms on knickers. Remember blues are high. Sale price ..... **\$11.98**

SNAPS	FROM ALL	OVER THE	STORE
Regular \$2.00 Children's Wash Dresses blue and white stripe, white collar and belt. Sale Price ..... <b>\$1.28</b>	Regular \$5.00 Ladies' White Middie, neat blue trimming, in V-neck. Sale Price ..... <b>\$2.88</b>	Panama Hats for girls, neat, fine straw, a few ribbons. Sale Price ..... <b>\$1.59</b>	Regular \$2.00 Children's Check Gingham Wash Dresses, neat and dressy. Sale Price ..... <b>\$1.38</b>

**REGULAR 40c**  
Flannelette Shirting, yd. 28c  
Fine Sheeting, double width, yard ..... 68c  
Laces and Embroideries, white they last, six yards for 25c

**REGULAR \$1.75**  
Fine Green Silk Poplin, with contrast spot. Sale Price, yard ..... 98c  
Reg. \$4.00 Pure Silk Dress Goods, makes lovely skirts, striped pattern, yard \$2.28

**REGULAR \$1.25**  
Colored Balbriggan 2-piece underwear at bargain prices. Garment ..... **64c**  
Regular \$2 men's negligee shirts, soft cuffs. Sale price ..... **\$1.29**  
Men's horsehide gauntlets, with male back. Sale price ..... **\$1.18**

**GROCERIES**

- Blue Ribbon Tea, lb ..... 55c
- Corn Flakes, packet ..... 11c
- Regular 25c Tomatoes ..... 19c
- Regular 25c B. C. Salmon ..... 17½c
- Regular 25c Fancy Corn ..... 21c
- Regular 25c Standard Peas ..... 19c
- Regular 35c Soda Biscuits ..... 23c
- Reg. 50c Roasted Coffee Beans 34c
- Regular 15c Siam Rice ..... 10c
- Royal Crown Soap ..... 5c
- Old Dutch Cleanser ..... 10c
- Dairy Butter, lb ..... 39c
- Compound Jam, 4 lbs ..... 69c
- Fancy Lemons, dozen ..... 39c
- 1-gallon jug Dill Pickles ..... \$1.24
- 5 lbs Pure Honey ..... \$1.69

**WORTH \$2.00**  
Ladies' Black Satteen Petticoats ..... **\$1.28**  
Reg. 65c Ladies' Summer Vests. Special Price ..... **39c**  
Men's Light Colored Work Socks. Special Price ..... **16c**

**WORTH \$2.00**  
Ladies' White Lawn Blouses, long sleeves, neat collars. A snap. Sale Price ..... **\$1.28**

**REGULAR 40c**  
Fine White Cotton, going at yard ..... 28c  
Reg. 85c Cotton and Wool Dress Goods, in brown, blue and black. Sale Price, yard ..... 46c  
Turkish Roller Towelling. Sale Price, yard ..... 29c

**REGULAR \$1.25**  
An Odd Few Pieces left in Fancy Crepe, assorted colors. Sale Price, ..... **74c**  
Reg. \$1.25, assorted colors, in Chinese Silks. Sale Price, yard ..... **68c**

**RAINCOATS**  
Men's fancy grey tweed raincoats, waterproof check lining and belted. Regular \$22.50. Better get one today. Sale price ..... **\$14.89**

**MEN'S SUITS**  
Regular \$40 men's extra fine black serge suit, full cut, well made. A bargain. Sale price ..... **\$24.89**

**BOYS' SUITS**  
A fine assortment of tweeds, some with fine stripes and close-up collar. Regular \$9.00. Sale price ..... **\$5.98**

Regular 35c Children's Black Cotton Hose, good buying. Sale Price ..... **24c**

Reg. to \$1.75 a good assortment in Men's Fine Spring Caps. Sale Price ..... **98c**

Reg. 35c Fancy Check and Stripe Gingham, a fine assortment to choose from. Sale Price, yd. **24c**

Reg. 75c Japanese Cotton Crepe kimono cloth, floral design. Sale Price, yd. **48c**

Regular 40c. A Fancy White Muslin, with dot, in a neat pattern, very cheap. Sale Price, yd. **29c**

Reg. 40c fancy floral design Dress Muslin, very neat, good colors. Sale Price, yd. **34c**

**LADIES' BOOTS**  
A regular \$6.50 boot, in black gunmetal, blucher style, low heel and laced. Sale Price ..... **\$3.98**

**REGULAR \$2.00**  
Children's white canvas slippers. Sizes 4-7. Sale Price ..... **\$1.18**

Ladies' Chinese Silk Corset Covers. Sale Price ..... **78c**

Ladies Black Satteen Waists. Sale Price ..... **\$1.24**

**REGULAR \$3.50**  
Misses' canvas slippers, low heels, 2 straps. Sale Price ..... **\$1.98**

**MEN'S WORK BOOTS**  
Regular \$6.50 Men's Solid Leather Work Boots, well made, sewn and standard screwed sole, a good buy. Sale Price ..... **\$3.28**

**REGULAR \$4.00**  
Ladies' White Canvas Bala, low heels, laced, a very comfortable boot. Sale Price ..... **\$2.58**

**BOYS' BOOTS**  
A dandy school boot, solid leather. Regular \$3.50. Sizes 5 to 10½. Sale Price ..... **\$2.38**

**I. HAMER**  
1526 10. Ave. GENERAL MERCHANT Regina, Sask.

**DRESS BOOTS**  
For men, in black and mahogany tan, full toe, double sole, Goodyear welt. Regular \$9.50. Sale Price ..... **\$6.98**

**BOYS**  
Black and Tan Pebble Grain Work Boots, in sizes 1 to 5. Reg. \$5.50. A Bargain. Sale Price ..... **\$3.79**