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\$1.50 PER ANNUM \$1.50

VOL. 18.

The Fighting Continues

McArthur's Division Meets a Stubborn Resistance on Advancing Northward.

The Filipino Forces Now Being Strongly Reinforced From Dagupan.

United States Soldiers Suffer Severely and There Are Many Casualties.

New York, March 28.—A despatch to the Herald from Manila, dated to-day, says: "The gunboat Laguna de Bay at- tacked the insurgents at Bulacan. Three Americans were wounded.

"McArthur's division has crossed the Marilao river and is advancing north- ward.

"The insurgents attacked the American last evening at Marilao but were repulsed with severe loss. Our loss was five killed and 14 wounded.

"Later—Garcia, a native general, came down from Dagupan by train with one thousand riflemen and four thousand Bolomen, and took possession at Mar- ilao. A river was between the American and insurgent forces. The South Dak- ota volunteers and the Third artillery, acting as infantry, were thrown forward.

"The South Dakotas charged brilliantly in an open space from the east of the railway to the edge of some woods. They lost ten killed and eleven wounded, including three lieutenants.

"The Third artillery on the right of the railroad charged and lost nine men wounded, two mortally.

"On the left the insurgents in the trenches on the east of the river offered a stubborn resistance. Lieut. Critchlow and two guns of the Utah battery, and Lieut. Davis, with a navy coil gun, forced thirty insurgents in a long trench on the opposite side of the river to sur- render at the close quarters of one hun- dred yards.

"The rest of the insurgents got out with severe loss. Ninety dead insurgents were counted."

Prince Loewenstein Killed. Washington, March 28.—Adjutant- General Corbin has received the follow- ing despatch from Manila 28th: "The following is from Ilite: All is quiet here. Smith's additional troops have been received at Parique with a great show of gladness. Additional troops of the Second Battalion of the California have been sent by Colonel Smith to pro- tect the inhabitants from the raids of bill robbers.

Negros is developing internal govern- ment under Smith's supervision, and re- ports are very encouraging.

Inspector Loewenstein, who was with Wheaton's command on the morning of the 26th, took refreshments to the offi- cers of the Second Oregon regiment on the firing line. He was captured as he was about to advance with the line when it charged the insurgents' en- trenchments. He was killed by the enemy and a friend with him was wounded. His remains have been re- ceived at friends in Manila. (Signed) Otis.

Yesterday's Fighting. Washington, March 28.—The following despatch has just been received from General Otis: "Manila, March 28.—McArthur had severe fighting yesterday afternoon be- yond Marilao. A brilliant charge was made by the South Dakotas men, led by Field against famed troops of Aguin- aldo's brigade, but advanced with the re- pulsion of the enemy with slaughter. Ad- jutant Lien and Lieutenants Adams and Morrison and four enlisted men of that regiment were killed. Lieut. McClelland and 22 enlisted men were wounded. The loss yesterday was mostly confined to this regiment.

"The partial destruction of the rail- road which is being rapidly repaired, impedes MacArthur's progress. Supply railway trains have now reached Marilao and MacArthur is pushing on. Our small gunboats are in the Bulacan river, where great execution was done yesterday. They will relieve the pressure on Mac- arthur's front materially. The troops are in excellent condition and spirits.

"The proclamation signed by Luna, general-in-chief of the insurgent forces, directs that all towns abandoned be burned. In consequence there is much of the country north in flames. (Signed) Otis."

The above despatch was received in Washington at 2:40 a.m. It refers only to the fighting of yesterday, nothing be- ing said about the operations of to-day, March 28th.

Promotion for MacArthur. New York, March 28.—A despatch to the Herald from Washington says: As a result of his gallant and judicious conduct of the campaign against the insurgents, the war department has determined to appoint Arthur MacArthur, now major-general of the army, and a lieutenant-colonel in the navy, to be brigadier-general in the regular service. Major-General Otis is now on duty with General Otis, and is appointed brigadier-general in the regular service.

Philip Becoming More Active. Daily Press says: A study of the wounded men in the hospitals and ob- servation of the firing lines develops the

fact that the accuracy of the native aim is fast improving. A large per- centage of the wounds are in the lower part of the body and legs. The great mass of bullets still fly high, as they do even in well trained armies but the lines itself, previously more safe than some two or three hundred yards in the rear, is becoming more dangerous.

Aguinaldo's smokeless powder supply seems to be running short, for now the position of the natives is easily made out by the puff of smoke, where form- erly they were absent.

Will Next Attack Bulacan. Manila, March 28, 11 a.m.—General MacArthur's division advanced two miles without encountering opposition this morning.

On approaching Bulacan, a town of 25,000 people, he halted preparatory to attacking it. The heat, which was in- tense, being ninety degrees on the coast and fully 100 degrees in the interior, made the Americans suffer a great deal. But, in spite of this every man was eager to proceed.

A detachment of 96 Filipino prisoners was escorted into Manila to-day. Their appearance aroused great interest, as they were marched from the railroad de- pot to the prison.

The rebels have unloaded about five hundred men from a train half a mile in front of General MacArthur's forces, with the object of reinforcing the Phi- lippine garrisons at Bulacan and Guiz- uato on the other side of the railway leading to Malolos. The fact that the railroad is in operation from here to our front greatly facilitates the transporta- tion of supplies to the troops. Before the break in the road was repaired the transportation of supplies was very un- certain.

All is quiet in front of the lines of Gen- erals Overhise and Hale.

A battalion of the California regiment which has been landed on the island of Negros has been received with every satisfaction of joy upon the part of the natives.

Steamer Captured. Manila, March 28, 7:10 p.m.—The United States gunboat Yorktown has ar- rived here with the Spanish steamer Mandara, owned by the Mendocino com- pany of this place. The steamer was captured after a stiff chase in the Gulf of Lingayan, 245 miles north. When she was first sighted the Mandara was entering the gulf but she headed south- ward. The Yorktown fired two shots be- fore the steamer was overhauled.

NEWS FROM OTTAWA. Ontario Members Ask for Another Valu- Subsidy—The Incorporation of the Nel- son and Bedfordton Road.

Ottawa, March 28.—A large delega- tion of members of parliament from Western Ontario and others waited on Ministers Laurier, Cartwright, Field- ing, Tarte, Blair, Mulock, Sirton, Do- bell and Mills to-day and asked for a subsidy for a railway from Thunder Bay to Nepegin, a distance of 80 miles.

Premier Laurier said he thought they came to thank the government for the aid given to the Rainy River road, but he saw it was more that they wanted. The Premier said it would be difficult to settle forest country, while prairie lands remained vacant.

Inspector Hogan and two Dominion policemen returned to-day from St. Re- gis, where they were endeavoring to prevent Indians holding an election there. The Indians are resisting the white man's law, saying the reserve is exempt from the same. The Indian ring leaders succeeded in locking the Indian agent up in a room until the time for holding the election was over, and used the policemen roughly. The Indians will be criminally prosecuted.

Mr. Bostock introduced a bill incorporat- ing the Nelson & Bedfordton Rail- way. The bill was read a first time.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave notice that when the house adjourned on Thursday it stands adjourned until Tuesday next.

W. W. B. McInnes, M. P., left for New York to-day.

Sir Herbert Tupper will leave for British Columbia on Friday night. He has paired with Sir Louis Davies. Sir Herbert goes west to permit his part- ner, Mr. Peters, to go to the Maritime Provinces on business.

THE ALASKA BOUNDARY. Senator Fairbank Will Make a Trip to the Lynn Canal to Study the Subject.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 29.—Senator Fairbanks, of the Joint High Commis- sion, announces that he intends to make a trip to Alaska this spring. The time of the departure is dependent upon word from Senator Perkins, of California, who will be a member of the party. The plan is to go to the head of the Lynn Canal, which is 15 or 20 miles from the scene of the recent rioting over the boundary line. The trip will be for the purpose of making an investigation of the boundary question. Senator Fair- banks says that two or three members of the commission besides himself will make the trip.

VANDERBILT'S WEDDING PRESENT. New York, March 29.—The World says: "William K. Vanderbilt has duplicated his wedding present to his daughter, Consuelo, Duchess of Marl- borough, for his son, William K. Van- derbilt, jr. Securities amounting in value to \$10,000,000 have been turned over to the young man by his father. Miss Virginia Fair, the bride to be, is said to have \$5,000,000 in her own right.

To Develop Ontario

List of Proposed Subsidies to New Railway Lines in the East.

Cash and Land Will Be Given For the Building of Several Roads.

Toronto, March 28.—The Ontario government proposes large grants to develop the northern country. It is proposed to grant a subsidy of \$480,000 for a line of railway connecting with the C.P.R. at Mississauga station and reaching to the tide water at the mouth of Moose river in James Bay, a distance of 240 miles.

This will form a westerly route to the great inland sea. In addition to a cash subsidy a grant of 5,000 acres per mile of railway constructed is proposed to be given out of the lands through which the railway will pass. A similar subsidy of \$2,000 a mile or \$350,000 in all to- gether with a land grant is proposed to be given to the James Bay railway, which, starting at a point near Sudbury, is to be pushed forward in the direction of Lake Abitibi, and will form an Easterly trunk line to Hudson Bay, a distance of 175 miles. This line is expected to open up a very large tract of val- uable agricultural land in the vicinity of lakes Temiscamingue and Abitibi.

Other important railway grants are set forth in a resolution as follows: To the Haliburton, Whitney and Mat- tawa railway, between Haliburton and Whitney, distance not exceeding thirty miles, cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile—\$90,000.

To the Ontario and Rainy River rail- way from a junction with the Por Ar- thur, Duluth and Western railway to Fort Frances, distance not exceeding two hundred and five miles, a subsidy of \$1,000 a mile, and from Fort Frances to the mouth of the Rainy river, distance not exceeding 75 miles, cash subsidy of \$4,000 a mile—\$300,000.

To the Central Ontario railway from Ormsby or Coehill to a point at or near Bancroft, distance not exceeding twenty- one miles, cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile—\$63,000.

To the Central Counties railway from Glen Robertson to Vankle Hill, a dis- tance not exceeding 14 miles, cash sub- sidy of \$2,000 a mile—\$28,000.

To the Ontario, Belmont and North- ern railway from the northern terminus thereof in the direction of the townships of Belmont and Lake, distance not ex- ceeding 20 miles, at the rate of \$5,200 a mile—\$104,000.

AMONG ICE FLOES. Five Fishermen Have a Thrilling Experience in a Disabled Boat on Lake Erie.

Sandusky, Ohio, March 28.—Five fish- ermen of this city, R. C. Payson and his three sons, and Louis Roberts have reached their homes here after a most thrilling experience on Lake Erie. They went out in a small sail boat to lift their nets and were caught in a terrific storm which carried away the spar of the boat and drove the ice down upon them so that for nearly twenty hours they were drifting helplessly about in a heavy sea, among crushing and grinding ice floes and in momentary danger of going to the bottom. They had a small row boat in tow. Two of the men started for Mar- blehead life saving station, but they were finally forced ashore on Cedar Point af- ter a terrible experience and were al- most dead from cold and exhaustion.

Subsequently the tug Silvergray sighted the three men in the sail boat and after hard work managed to reach them. The men were in a pitiable con- dition, being almost frozen and com- pletely exhausted.

UNITED STATES CASUALTIES. Since the 4th of February 157 Soldiers Have Been Killed.

Washington, March 28.—A list pre- pared in the office of the adjutant gen- eral shows the casualties in Manila since February 4th to be 157 killed, and 864 wounded.

GRAND TRUNK SHAREHOLDERS. London, March 29.—A meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk rail- way of Canada to-day unanimously adopted the report. There was no in- cident of note.

The president, Sir Charles Rivers- Wilson, explained that the great de- crease in freightage was largely due to the fact that prosperous farmers were withholding their grains in the hope of betterment, and also the rate war, which is now settled, and which is un- likely to recur.

Sherman's Condition. Norfolk, Va., March 28.—The cruiser Chicago arrived in Hampton Roads at 12:20 p.m. The condition of ex-Secretary Sherman is improving.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weeds and Belladonna Backache Disasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

A SPANISH STORY.

It is Reported That American Soldiers Murdered a Negro Child in Havana.

Valencia, Spain, March 28.—Passen- gers who have arrived here on board the Spanish steamer Monte Video, Captain Moret from Havana, March 12, which reached Cadix yesterday, assert that at the moment of their departure from Havana a number of American soldiers killed a negro child who stole a loaf of bread, and the populace thereupon at- tacked the soldiers who, the passengers added, had to be reinforced.

New York, March 28.—No such oc- currence as the one reported from Val- encia has been announced in despatches received here from that place.

THE BULGARIA AT PLYMOUTH. Captain Schmidt Presented With a Con- gratulatory Address.

Plymouth, Eng., March 28.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Bul- garia, Captain Schmidt, which left New York January 28, for Hamburg and ar- rived in distress at St. Michaels, Azore Islands, on February 24th, where she was repaired temporarily and left on March 23 for home ports, arrived here to-day. The mayor of Plymouth and townsmen presented Captain Schmidt with a congratulatory address. The Bulgaria will proceed to Hamburg, and it is announced that Emperor William has decided to send the band of the Outrassiers to meet the steamer there.

DEADMAN'S ISLAND LEASE. Mr. Maxwell, M. P. Writes That It Will Not Be Annulled—A Child's Miraculous Escape.

Vancouver, March 28.—A child fell from a top story window of a block on Granville street to the sidewalk be- low this morning, a distance of 50 feet. A pedestrian picked it up unscathed. Dr. McNaughton found that it had only been slightly injured about the head, while one wrist was sprained.

Mr. G. R. Maxwell, M. P., writes from Ottawa that the Deadman's Is- land lease for a sawmill will not be annulled. He says the deputations to protest against it was a fiasco.

A young man named Mason was ar- rested this morning on a charge of swindling. He is alleged to have sold the exclusive rights of a patent photo process to a number of people for \$25 each.

BIRKET FOSTER DEAD. The Well Known English Water Color Painter Passes Away—Sketch of His Career.

London, March 28.—Birket Foster, the water-color painter, is dead. Birket Foster was born at North Baddesley, North- berland, Eng., in 1812. He was educated at Hitchin, Herts, was apprenticed to Mr. Landells, wood engraver, by whose advice he became a draughtsman and when 21 years old, established himself as an artist. His early work embraced numerous illus- trations for children's books and the in- terested London News and some years he illustrated Longfellow's Evangeline, Bos- ton's Minstrel, Goldsmith's Poetical Works, Tom Taylor's work on English Landscapes and other high art publications. While at Hitchin with Tom Taylor he began paint- ing in water-color and became the most widely known and popular English artist in that line.

CYCLE TIRES COMPANIES. Toronto, March 28.—Richard Garland, who figured in connection with the float- ing of the Dunlop Tire Company, Cana- dia, has purchased some rights of the company for all the Australian colonies. He leaves for Australia on Monday and will immediately float a company. Each of these companies is required to sell only what it manufactures, which, it is thought, will interfere somewhat with the success of the Canadian company, which had looked to supply tires to thousands of bicycles sent to Australia by the Massey Harris Company.

CHARGE AGAINST MOLINEAUX. New York, March 28.—An agreement was reached to-day between District Attorney Gardner and Barton S. Weeks, defendant's counsel, that the motion to quash the indictment against Roland B. Molineaux should be argued before Jus- tice Williams in the criminal branch of the supreme court on Friday next.

BRITISH HOUSE ADJOURNS. London, March 28.—The House of Commons adjourned to-day until April 10.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair. DR. J. C. AYER'S PINKET CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

A Picture of Desolation

Filipinos Flee From Their Homes on the Approach of Soldiers.

Panic Stricken They Desert Two Towns Leaving Money and Valuables Behind.

New York, March 29.—A despatch to the Herald from Manila dated Tues- day says: Information received here in- dicates that the insurgent capital has been removed from Malolos to San Fernando. The army has not advanced to-day. The men are building bridges, and awaiting for supplies to come up. The insurgents burned Bulayan this afternoon. Marines are patrolling Malabon. The monitor Monadnock shelled Las Pinas, south of the city, this noon.

The lines are being strengthened at Pasay and some firing is going on in the vicinity of that place.

When this morning the insurgent force encamped last night the Third Artillery was across the railroad bridge in Marilao, and the Nebraska regiment was in the wood on the extreme right. The other troops had not gone across the river.

At half-past five o'clock the insur- gents appeared on the edge of the woods, a mile and a half off. They deployed in skirmishing line, about a mile long, and advanced quickly, swinging to the left, to drive the Third Artillery away from the bridge. The Kansas volunteers promptly crossed the bridge in columns of fours to give support to the Third Artillery. They lost two men killed and some wounded in their advance.

At the same time, the First Montana regiment crossed the river on a ponton bridge and took a position on the ex- treme left, so as to be able to cut off the back of the insurgents if the latter came far enough. They lost six men wounded in this movement, while the Third Artillery had two sergeants and one man killed, and two wounded.

Masked by the woods, the Nebraska volunteers were not seen by the enemy. They suddenly opened a flank fire on the insurgents' line, and left their trenches with a great shout. At the sight of them the whole insurgent force, officers and men fled pell-mell. The eager Ne- braska men chased them a mile and a half, but were finally drawn back by General MacArthur to preserve the line intact.

The Advance. Manila, March 29, noon.—The Ameri- can army advanced at six o'clock this morning, sweeping onward three miles before ten o'clock, and driving the re- bels beyond Boca, to the west of Boca, and on the railroad leading to Malolos. Our troops met with but slight resistance.

The Filipinos fired volleys yesterday evening for the purpose of drawing the American fire and disclosing the lo- cality of their positions. Two men of the Pennsylvania regiment and one man belonging to the Dakota regiment, were wounded. The Americans remained silent.

The country between Marilao and Manila presents

A Picture of Desolation. Smoke is curling from hundreds of ash heaps, and the remains of trees and fences, torn by shrapnel, are to be seen everywhere.

The general appearance of the coun- try is as if it had been swept by a cyclone. The roads are strewn with ruined and clothing drooping from the flight of the Filipinos. The only peo- ple remaining behind are a few aged persons, too infirm to escape. They camp beside the ruins of their former homes, which they passers by for any kind of assistance; the majority of them living on the generosity of the soldiers who give them portions of their rations.

Flags belonging to the Filipinos cover in the bushes, still terrified and barking while hundreds of pigs are to be seen busily searching for food.

The Bodies of Dead Filipinos are stranded in the shallows of the river, or are resting in the jungle where they crawled to die, or were left in the wake of the hurriedly retreating army. These bodies give forth a horrible odor, but there is no one present to bury them.

The inhabitants who fled from Marilao and Marcaupan, left in such a panic that on the tables our soldiers found spread money and valuables, and in the rooms were trunks containing other property of value. This was the case in most of the houses deserted. They were not molested by the Ameri- can soldiers, but Chinese, who slip in between the armies, are looting when they can. They have taken possession of several houses, and over them rais- ed Chinese flags, some of which were torn down. An old woman was found hidden in a house at Marcaupan yester- day just dead, apparently from fright and hunger.

Despatch From Otis. Washington, March 29.—The follow- ing cablegram from General Otis has been received by Adjutant-General Corbin: "Manila, March 29.—McArthur's advance yesterday was only to the out- skirts of Marilao. It took until late in the afternoon to repair the road and railway bridges, and send cars through with supplies.

"The advance commenced at six this morning. The men marched rapidly on Boca, and will continue to Bigas,

Twice-a-Week.



Absolutely Pure Made from pure grape cream of tartar

seven miles from Malolos. The enemy having destroyed the railway and tele- graph line, a construction train is fol- lowing our forces.

"The enemy's resistance was not so vigorous to-day. Our loss thus far is slight. Towns in front of our advance are being destroyed by fire. The troops are in excellent spirits. (Signed) Otis."

The Filipinos Retreating. Manila, March 29, 7:30 p.m.—At day- light General MacArthur's division ad- vanced from Manila along the railroad to Bigas five miles distant in the fol- lowing order: The Nebraska regiment, the South Dakota regiment and the Pennsylv- ania regiment on the right; the Kansas regiment, the Third Artillery and the Montana on the left.

General Wheaton's brigade is in re- serve. The marine forces met with strong op- position in the jungle. First one of the Nebraskans, then one of the Pennsylvan- ian and afterwards two of the Montana regiment were killed, and thirty-four wounded, including an officer of the Kansas regiment.

Thence the troops pushed on to Bigas without opposition, the rebels burning the villages as they retreated in bad or- der to Malolos. The enemy also tore up sections of a railroad in many places and attempted to burn the bridge at Bigas, but the fire was extinguished owing to the timely arrival of Ameri- cans.

The rebels had not finished their trenches along the line of to-day's march, showing that they were not pre- pared for our advance. It is believed, however, that there will be hard fight- ing before Malolos is taken.

The Minnesota regiment re-inforced the division to-day, marching from the water works during the night to Manila and going to the front by train.

Volunteers for Manila. Washington, March 29.—A cabinet meeting has been called for 11 o'clock this morning, with the adjutant-general as guest.

Secretary of War McKinley will at once issue a call for 35,000 volunteers for work at Manila. These men, it is said, will probably be selected from the west.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.

Deficit Will Be Less Than £1,000,000 and Taxes Will Not Be Increased.

London, March 28.—It is announced that the deficit in the British budget, which has generated so much contro- versy and comment, will in the final showing prove to be less than £1,000,000 instead of £5,000,000 as was stated. This means that an increase in taxes will not be required.

THE MAYBRICK CASE.

Baroness de Rocques Has Not Abandoned Her Efforts to Obtain the Release of Her Daughter.

London, March 28.—The statement published in the United States that Baroness de Rocques has abandoned her efforts to obtain the release of her daughter, Mrs. Florence Maybrick, now undergoing the sentence of imprisonment for life, and that the baroness is now endeavoring to have her transferred to a convent as has been done with two Eng- lish prisoners, is not correct.

In response to an inquiry upon the sub- ject the baroness wrote as follows to the representative of the Associated Press: "I have not abandoned my ef- forts for her release or pardon. I wish- ed, however, to draw attention to the manner in which other prisoners are treated and alleviated, when I think that if any one on earth deserves allevi- ation and consideration it is this dou- bly unfortunate American. I have, in despair and grief at the condition in which I find her, felt like any mother would, that almost anything which could be ever so slight a change and allevi- ation in her surroundings would perhaps keep her in life from which, in my eyes, she is surely slipping. I am told she has no fatal chronic disease such as the rules require for her release to die outside. I have, however, thought that if English women and their sentences can be al- tered, my most unfortunate American might be returned to her own country, to pass the balance of the period which the English authorities consider the neces- sary punishment for an unproven at- tempt."

A SAFE COMBINE. New York, March 28.—The announce- ment is made that a combine of safe manufacturers is being organized. At a meeting held in this city ten of the largest manufacturers agreed to join the combine. The proposed capital is \$7,000,000 preferred and \$10,000,000 com- mon stock.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what Virginia Fair has done for her dyspepsia, indigestion, pain in the side constipation, and disordered stomach.







Croup

all diseases among appearance of a com-



positive guarantee medicine does not do in United States

Food

on, Prin

VICTORIA, B.C.

little while, as it is council to support and before it was selves upon record to another.

And whereas, the said city of Grand Forks is situated at the junction of the north and west branches of the Kettle river;

And whereas, the projected line of the Canadian Pacific Railway traverses the limits of the said city of Grand Forks, which is in the midst of a thriving farming community with valuable mining properties, tributary and adjacent thereto;

And whereas, in the short space of time since the incorporation of the said city, it has become, through the energy, enterprise and perseverance of the citizens, a thriving and prosperous centre, with unlimited possibilities and advantages respecting trade;

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Grand Forks vs. Columbia

Protest of Grand Forks Against the Incorporation of Columbia.

The Boundaries of the New City Would Adjoin the Forks.

Grand Forks, B.C., March 20.—A campaign has just been started here with the object of preventing the incorporation as a city of Columbia, the adjoining townsite.

There is considerable interest felt in Nelson regarding East Kootenay. The Nelson Miner interviewed Mr. B. E. Gosnell, on his return from a trip over the C. P. R. to the Crow's Nest Pass.

There is, he says, "evidence of progress on all sides, but a certain amount of uncertainty exists at Fort Steele and Cranbrook with respect, particularly, to railway matters. The great question agitating the minds of the residents of both towns is where the branch to the north will be built, and how it will affect their respective interests.

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The Porcupine Country

A Port Townsend Newspaper Man Talks of Mines of Dal-ton's Trail.

Float Quartz Being Found in the River Bottom in That District.

L. F. Shaw, an erstwhile newspaper man of Port Townsend, who has left the pen for the pick and prospecting gun, recently returned to the coast from the Porcupine district, accompanied by W. H. Merrick, F. R. Baker of Port Townsend, and H. Wiseman of Dren, the proprietor of the Palace hotel, lately burnt. Mr. Shaw speaks as follows in regard to the trip:

"For the past month we have been looking over this new country and have paid particular attention to the Big Salmon river. As you go up the Chilkat the first branch of consequence is Glacier creek, or as some call it, the Kicking Horse. Our party found good floaters on this stream, but it is staked from the glacier at its source to the mouth. The stakers are mostly residents of Juneau, Collector of Customs being one of the locators. Some two miles further up the Chilkat the Takhena river empties its key waters. The formation is very favorable for placer mines, being principally slate. A couple of pans taken from the surface sand showed a very few small corals. This river is likewise staked from the beginning to its end, although there are some draws and benches yet remaining open.

"Then you come to the Big Salmon, its mouth being opposite the Indian village of Kluk One, some thirty miles from Haines' Mission. This river and its numerous branches will, in my humble opinion, develop into the leading mining section of the new country. Were I to rely on my opinion as to the good field of activity there, Fort Steele at present is quiet, but hopeful on account of its splendid natural situation. It is reported that the steamer service on the Kootenay from Bonanza Ferry will not be continued this summer. At Cranbrook business is very lively, owing largely to travel. Trains from both ways meet there, and stay over night and consequently create a demand for hotel accommodations every alternate night, it being usually very difficult to secure rooms. Building is active. A notable feature of the travel is the coming and going of commercial men who take in Cranbrook and Fort Steele. It is safe to say that no other places in British Columbia are so thoroughly canvassed. Haines is progressing steadily and promises to become a permanent well built place, with a population commensurate with the pay roll. The output of the coal mines is steadily increasing, and Mr. Ferris says that within two years they will be shipping at the rate of 2,000 tons per day. It has been decided to build 250 more rock houses this summer, and the prospecting work is being pushed to the limit. The Klahena is another large river, running nearly parallel with the Big Salmon and empties into the Chilkat some three miles above the latter. The now famous Porcupine is a branch of the Klahena and there is no reason why the larger stream may not develop good paying mines upon further prospecting. Dr. Demorette, a mining expert of reputation, has located a quartz mine at the confluence of the Porcupine and Klahena.

"Mr. Mix, who first discovered gold on the Porcupine, is now at his claim, having recently arrived from a trip to the States. He is preparing for his season's work, although he says it is too early to do much development, the snow being some three or four feet deep.

"Plenty of game and fish can be found in this new country, and in the summer time it is said to be a second Garden of Eden. Large bears will soon be found from their winter sleep, and yelp of wolves can already be heard, porcupines, rabbits, squirrels and other animals abound, while ducks, pheasants, ptarmigans and others of the feathered tribe are plentiful. From salmon and other fishes can also be had.

"Haines Mission is awakening from a sleepy Indian village into a live, ambitious town, and you people of Skagway had better look to your laurels as the metropolis of Alaska. Building is going on rapidly and a wharf will soon be constructed. So I am told.

"Camp Walker, in my opinion, will be the leading mining camp of this new section, its central location assuring of this honor. It is an ideal location from the rather rigorous winds of winter."

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

France makes aluminium violins.

Children's Coughs QUICKLY CURED.

Hard to keep the children from catching cold—will run out of doors not properly wrapped—get wet—kick the bed clothes off at night—about it!

Mustn't neglect the children's Coughs and Colds—might end in Croup—and Croup end-fatally or weaken the lungs for life.

Most mothers now give their children Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It's nice to take, and cures all kinds of Coughs and Colds more quickly and effectually than any remedy known.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

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Licence Authorizing an Extra Provincial Company to Carry on Business.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1887."

Canada, Province of British Columbia. No. 127.

This is to certify that "The Quesselle Dredging and Hydraulic Engineering, Ltd., Limited," is authorized to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects hereinafter set forth, to-wit:—

(1) To acquire from time to time, by purchase or otherwise, concessions, grants, franchises, leases, rights, claims and interests in any part of the world, including inland waters, railways, tramways, canals, and public improvements in any part of the world;

(2) To acquire from time to time, by purchase or otherwise, concessions, grants, franchises, leases, rights, claims and interests in any part of the world, including inland waters, railways, tramways, canals, and public improvements in any part of the world;

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Recognition of Merit.

Miss Gladys Butler of South Saanich School, Friday Harbor Work Appreciated.

A very interesting ceremony took place on Friday evening last at the residence of Mr. William McHugh, South Saanich, the occasion being the presentation of an address, and some more substantial gifts, to Miss Gladys Butler, teacher at South Saanich, a daughter of the late Captain Butler of the 16th Lancers.

The testimonial, which was signed by almost every resident of the district, reads as follows:

"We, the undersigned residents of South Saanich and Lake School districts, having taken into consideration that a testimonial should be given you in appreciation of your ability as a school teacher, and your having carried on the present temporary school at Elk Lake under the most trying circumstances, and that your interest in the children under your care deserves special recognition on our part, we would therefore ask you to accept this testimonial and these presents from our hands.

Among the presenters was a beautiful Japanese inlaid writing desk, the presentation is especially worthy of mention as being perhaps the first in the province prompted by a desire on the part of the parents of the children to express their appreciation of the kindness of the teacher.

Among the visitors from Victoria was Mr. C. E. Skagway, who gave a very appropriate address on the subject of kindness to children and assisted in making the presentation.

In acknowledging the testimonial and the accompanying gifts, Miss Butler expressed her appreciation of the kindness shown her, and assured those present that she took very great pleasure indeed in the assurance that she had done her duty to those entrusted to her care. A firm believer in Hinduism rather than in severe punishment, she had endeavored to carry out that rule in her work, being convinced that more good was thus accomplished, and believing that it was the duty of everyone to save children from suffering ill-usage at the hands of anyone.

A very pleasant social evening was spent at Mr. McHugh's, the best morning everyone present felt, perfectly happy and the assembly dispersed with an expression of the best good-will towards the guest of the evening, Miss Butler.

HEE WAS IN ATLIN.

C. W. Sturges D'scredits the Stories of Trouble.

C. W. Sturges, who claims to have spent 12 years, off and on, prospecting in Alaska, is in the city, says the Spokane Review, having lately returned from Atlin district. He discredits the stories of fighting in the Atlin district and says he does not believe there are guns enough in the camp to make a decent fight almost anywhere, but that in the country he would seek the first opportunity to trade it for grub," said Mr. Sturges. "There was no indication of trouble when I left, although there was considerable grumblings on account of the passage of the exclusion act.

"I owned, a few years ago, as good a silver-lead claim on the south fork of Kaslo creek near Sandon, as there was in the Slooan. It was called the Beacon view. I was doing fairly well with it until the United States passed the lead tariff law and capital turned its back upon the Slooan. So I thought I would try to make a stake in Alaska, and had been over the Alaskan coast from the McKenzie river to Dixon Entrance and I wanted to tackle the interior. So I sold out everything and went up there and spent two years. I am glad to say right here that for a district so much boomed and covering so large an area, Alaska and the bordering Northwest Territory are about as poor mineral bearing countries as you can find. The country is mostly basalt or diorite, and occasionally you meet a little dike of hornblend schist, and if you dig into it you may get a prospect of \$1 in gold per ton. I have seen a chunk of iron that came out of that soft silty lime rock that assayed \$8 in gold but anything as good as that is a rare find.

There are millions of stringers of 6-inch to 18-inch glassy quartz frozen on to both walls and not carrying any value at all. These stringers are all over the country.

As for placer, you can get a color of gold almost anywhere, but the best 15 years hundreds of all American and Canadian prospectors have never got even a fair prospect in all their years of toil and hardship and expense. As a rule the more you develop a claim in Alaska the worse it looks. The southeast coast offers a little inducement to mining men, but it does not compare to the possibilities of Washington and British Columbia, and I propose to stick to this country hereafter.

Mr. Sturges was at Skagway and Juneau and says that there are several thousand men at the two places who would be glad to get down to sea level if there were any way of working into the steamer for a passage.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, is a new system is remarkable and mysterious, which cures at once the cause, and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Sold by Deane & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

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Provincial News.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Work was commenced Monday on the new residence which is being built for Mrs. William Johnston, Agnes street.

The death occurred at 11 o'clock on Monday morning, in St. Mary's Hospital, of Scott McMurtry, aged twenty years.

Mr. Joe Thompson has received a letter from Mr. E. P. Paxton, secretary of the Roseland Lacrosse Club.

Mr. J. J. Campbell, of the Hall Mines, Limited, addressed the Nelson Board of Trade the other night on the lead question.

Those contemplating the beautifying of the streets, opposite their respective residences, will note that, hereafter, shade trees must be planted, at least, twenty feet apart, and three feet six inches from the outer edge of the sidewalk.

Considerable complaint is being found with a number of contractors who are making themselves obnoxious in regard to blocking the streets with their material.

The death is announced of Mr. Alexander James, one of the old-timers, and a highly respected resident of Coquitlam municipality.

The police were called to Chinatown on Wednesday night to stop a fight going on among a gang of the Celestials who had imbibed too freely.

Miss Grady, daughter of Mr. J. W. Grady, of the police department, is seriously ill.

The bicycle thief is about once more and has caused a few machines to be listed as "missing."

George Fisher, a native of Ramsdale, Bellinghoke, England, and late waiter at the Badminton, died yesterday.

The Stanley park zoo has been further enlarged by the arrival of two Australian birds of the species commonly known as "laughing jackasses."

It is reported that Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Maxwell, M.P., that the government will devote a sufficient sum to the repair of the Central Park range to render it perfectly safe this year for the Lee-Enfield rifle.

The death occurred on Monday afternoon of Mr. P. C. Van Horne, formerly of Prince Edward County, Ontario.

At the police court on Tuesday, the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Society prosecuted William Heald.

The regular meeting of the Kaslo volunteer fire department was particularly well attended, thirty-three members answering to the roll call.

about to build two theatres in the upper country for Harry Lindley.

Domestic and all sorts of trouble give the police a far from monotonous life.

The city council has given a first reading to a by-law defining the portions of the city within which laundries may not be operated.

C. A. E. Shaw, C. E., has resigned as city engineer. He found that his outside work so encroached upon his time that it was impossible for him to give credit that attention it deserved.

On Tuesday night the till of the Hotel Gladstone was robbed of between \$90 and \$75 in silver.

Some time on Friday night the contractors stable was broken into and Jack Stewart's saddle horse, with the saddle, was stolen.

Angus Cameron has been appointed Cascade manager of the new telephone line, and says he is to have the office open here within six weeks, or by May 1st.

The C. P. R. are having a large number of ties distributed along the S. & O. Railway, for the purpose of replacing the rotten ties in the road-bed.

A number of Vernonites are talking of pulling out for Atlin very shortly, as there is nothing here for them to do.

Work has commenced on the new Anglican church at New Denver, and the walls are looming up to view.

There are only three cases in the New Denver hospital, two with fractured legs and the third with a severe attack of pneumonia.

The four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis, of Campbell Creek, died at the Royal Inland Hospital on Monday morning of a spinal complaint.

At a meeting of the committee of the football club on Saturday afternoon it was decided to accept the offer of the Vancouver club, to go down there on May 24th and play in the tournament.

A requisition is being circulated for the signatures of the business men, having for its object the closing of all places of business at 6 p.m. during the spring and summer months, except on Saturdays and days preceding public holidays.

W. H. Cowley, of Chilliwack, has been in the city, the past week looking over the field with a view of starting a dairy.

An epidemic of measles is prevalent among the school children. They are of mild form and all the affected are getting along as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

The contractors have commenced delivering the poles along the proposed line of the Columbia Telephone Company, between the boundary line, and the work of setting them will be commenced as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

James Rainey, a freighter between Marcus and Redfish, met with a serious accident about 10 o'clock on Friday morning. Mr. Rainey was on his way to Republic with a four-horse team,

and while going down the steep hill near Grosvenor creek, his front wheel of his wagon dropped into a deep rut, near the foot of the hill, with such force that he was thrown from his seat on to the horse.

Mr. G. Mannel has resigned the office of coroner, and the position has been offered to Dr. Taylor.

Mr. J. Cardell, trainmaster and locomotive foreman at Canmore, has been appointed assistant master mechanic from Swift Current to Lacombe, and to Kootenay Landing, B. C.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the King gives relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes and speedily effects a cure.

SEVERE FIGHTING. Between United States Soldiers and Filipinos—Two Towns Taken.

Washington, March 29.—General Otis sent the following despatch from Manila to the war department to-night:

McArthur advanced at six yesterday morning from Maricao, passed rapidly to Rocavac. At 11:45 took advance for Bigra, and at 3:15 in the afternoon for Cagaitan, three and a half miles from Maloes, reaching that point at 5 o'clock; casualties for the day about 70. Fierce fighting in the afternoon. Troops made crossing of river at Guiguinto by working artillery over railway bridge by hand and swimming mules against fierce resistance.

PIMPLES ON THE FACE.—Can be cured by the use of Dr. Agnew's Cure. However impossible this may seem, a few applications will convince. Many are cured who have been diagnosed for years.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ACHE. In the lane of so many lives that have it when they suffer from a headache.

STEEL SIDING. STONE BRICK. CLAPBOARD. CORRUGATED IRON.

For Stores, Houses, Halls, Barns, Sheds, Churches.

Entirely water proof, wind, storm and fire proof. Will last years and always look well.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS. A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.

CURE YOURSELF! The Big G for Gonorreth.

WRECKED. The name board of the Merchant Captain Lapsett, used the day before in Francisco, wrecked and sunk by the Red Sound at Bristol channel, as yet only be-

Important Judgment

Mr. Justice Marcini's Decision in Iron Mash Versus the Centre Star Mine Case.

Interesting Remarks on Scientific Knowledge and Evidence in Mining Litigation.

In the case of the Iron Mash vs. the Centre Star, the Hon. Mr. Justice Marcini has handed down the following judgment:

The application by the plaintiffs for a jury is refused on two grounds, (1) that this case is within rule 331 as being one which is precluded by the passing of the Judicature Act, and (2) that, without any consent of parties, have been tried by a jury.

Adopting this language to the present case, I, in turn, have no difficulty in coming to the conclusion that a scientific knowledge of a high order, and the application of that knowledge to a scientific investigation, will be required to satisfactorily determine the main question raised in a suit of this originality and importance.

Application refused, costs in the cause. (Signed) ARCHER MARTIN. 28th March, 1899.

LEAD FROM CANADIAN MINES.

Should Be Re-Admitted to Canada Duty Free, After Treatment at American Refineries.

J. J. Campbell, of the Hall Mines, Limited, addressed the Nelson Board of Trade the other night on the lead question.

He has a plan of his own for improving present conditions, which he says should meet with the approval of the Canadian miner, smelter and lead manufacturer.

As matters stand at present, the American smelters pay the Canadian miners above general expenses, and all Canadian lead bullion at present has to go to the United States, the Canadian smelters do the same.

The death is announced of Mr. Alexander James, one of the old-timers, and a highly respected resident of Coquitlam municipality.

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The bicycle thief is about once more and has caused a few machines to be listed as "missing."

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It is reported that Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Maxwell, M.P., that the government will devote a sufficient sum to the repair of the Central Park range to render it perfectly safe this year for the Lee-Enfield rifle.

rule I do not think that there will be here any such "prolonged examination of documents" as contemplated by the rule, and the defendants must rely on the case being one requiring a scientific or local investigation, which cannot be (my) opinion conveniently be made with a jury.

The plaintiffs rely mainly on the case of Hamilton vs. The Merchants Marine Insurance Co., (1889), 58 L. J. Q. B. 544.

"Now is when, in the case before me, a matter is one requiring scientific investigation; that is to say, scientific knowledge?" And Lord Justice Lindley says, "I do not feel justified in saying that there must be some very special sort of case, for scientific investigation, because in that part of the rule, at any rate, there is nothing more than the plain word 'scientific.'"

Applying this language to the present case, I, in turn, have no difficulty in coming to the conclusion that a scientific knowledge of a high order, and the application of that knowledge to a scientific investigation, will be required to satisfactorily determine the main question raised in a suit of this originality and importance.

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Stop

you want to buy, place to get it, we don't dabble in things. We keep a few things, and peo-

50c per roll

5c. per lb. 25c. per lb. 2 tins for 15c. 10c. per tin

SS & Co.

average depth, during the day, seemed to be lost, Sorby's calculations would be taken, but in response to the committee had received from which that gentleman's intention was the scheme of deposition ex-

discussed the with Mr. James, ited out to that building a small in connection Angeles and the Mr. Dunsuir, on, had expressed with the whole to render it all

New Vancouver wish the and discussing, bunkers being light enable the to steamers the use, instead go to Nanaimo, their own coal id the difference d and sea-borne in favor of the \$1 by rail, and this difference tend to be taken harbor dues, but which has not figures quoted in

de by Mr. Sorby he said that the formed him that they lose con- to the fact that near the bar at side, Mr. Sorby's of 14 feet ordinar, and some hether the Amur tioned drew so- ally agreed, how- on for instance, would experience the bar, and this argument in favor of such scheme as

ormal discussion meet again at the which will be ed that any sub- to make.

BORN. 's New Organiza-

the Native Sons as fairly launched R. Smith, assisted and S. Sca, Jr., in- ters, J. S. Helmecken, Yates, E. Higgin, E. Henley, and A. Ward.

K. Haynes. geon, M.P.P., D. Geo. Langley and the company, num- set down to a th being removed, chair and the fol- was honored: d by the chairman

the United States, Helmecken and re- van, F. Higgins and fr. by E. H. Henley Dallas Helmecken, sed by L. Cresce chairman, and

Proposed by Jos. by Robt. Kerr, sed by A. Lew's Harvey. t by E. C. Smith R. Ker. E. C. Smith R. Pottinger

enting was much by W. Burns, S. N. Hibben, and E. H. Helme- others. Lapsett, held on the 10th, to be held regular- in each month.

WRECKED. The name board of the Merchant Captain Lapsett, used the day before in Francisco, wrecked and sunk by the Red Sound at Bristol channel, as yet only be-

