



The Chartered Banks.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Five PER CENT. for the current half year, (making a total distribution for the year of Ten per cent.) non the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, and that the same will be PAY-BUE at its Banking House in this City, and at its Branches, on and sfter SATURDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JUNE next.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be closed from the 17th to the 3ist of May next, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institu-tion on Monday, the Third day of June next The chair to be taken at One o'clock. By order of the Board,

E. S. CLOUSTON,

General Manager.

Montreal, 19th April, 1901.

The Bank of Toronto.

DIVIDEND No. 90.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. for the current half-year, being at the rate of TEN PER CENT, per samum, upon the Paid-up Capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Saturday, the First day of June next.

First day of June next, The Transfer Books will be closed from the Seventeenth to the Thirty-first day of May, both days included. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Baaking House of the Institu-tion on Wedneeday, the Nineteenth day of June next. The Chair to be taken at Noon. By order of the Board

By order of the Board. D. COULSON,

General Manager. The Bank of Toronto, Toronto, 24th April, 1901.

The Chartered Banks.

THE BANK OF BRITISH
NORTH AMERICA.
Established in 1836.
Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840. Paid-up Capital, £1,000,000 stg Reserve Fund, 350,000 stg
London Office, - 5 Gracechurch St E,C. COURT OF DIRECTORS:
J. H. Brodie, John James Cater, Gaspard Farrer, Richard H. Glyn, George D. Whatman,
Gaspard Farrer, F.ederic Lubbock,
Henry R. Farrer, George D. Whatman,
Secret»: A. G. Wallis,.
Head Office in C2-Va, St. James street, Montreal H. STIKEMAN, General Manager. J. ELMSLY, Inspector.
BRANCHES IN CANADA:
London, Ont., Quebec, Brandon, Brantford Halifar NS Ashgroff B C
Hamilton, Sydney, C.B., Altin, D. C. Hamilton, Sydney, C.B., Altin, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Greenwood, Kingston, Fredericton, Victoria, Midland, Yukon District, Vancouver, Ottawa, Dawson City, Rossland,
Kingston, St. John, N.B., Greenwood,
Midland, Yukon District, Vancouver,
Ottawa, Dawson City, Rossland,
Montreal, Que., Winnipeg, Man. Kaslo. DRAFTS ON SOUTH AFRICA MAY BE OB.
MATATIN AN MITT NAME OF ASTOCITION

TAINED AT THE BANK'S BRANCHES.

TAINED AT THE BANK'S BRANCHES. Agents in the United States. New York (52 Wall St.,)-W. Lawson and J. C. Welsh, Agents. San Francisco (127 Sansome Street)-H. M. J. McMichael and J. R. Ambrose, Agents. London Bankers-The Bank of England and Messrs. Glyn & Co. Foreign Agents-Liverpool-Bank of Liverpool. Scotland-National Bank of Scotland, Limited, and branches. Ireland-Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited, and branches; National Bank, Limited, and branches. Australia-Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand-Union Bank of Australia. India, China and Japan-Mercantile Bank of India, Lim-ited. West Indies-Colonial Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss et Cle. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais. The Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.

THE MOLSONS BANK

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital, 2,050,000 Reserve Fund, 2,050,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Wm. Molson Macpherson, President. S. H. Ewing, Vice-President. W. M. Ramsay, Samuel Finley, J. P. Cleghorn, H. Markland Molson, Lt.-Col. F. C. Henshaw. JAMES FILLIOT, General Manager. A. D. Durnford, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of branches; W. H. Draper, Inspector. H. Lockwood W. W. L. Chivman, Aset. I as ecture. BRANCHES: Alvinston, Ont. Meaford, Ont. Sorel, P.Q. Aylmer, "Montreal, F.C. St. Thomas, Ont. Montreal, St. Catherine St. Branch. Brockville, "Morrisburg, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Chesterville, Ont. Ottawa, "Trenton, " Clinton, "Owen Sound, "Valleyfield, Que. Exeter, "Port Arthur, "Vancouver, B. C. Fraserville, Que. Quebec, P.Q., Victoria, B. C. Hensall, "Station, B.C. Waterloo, Ont. Kingsville, "Ridgetown, Ont. Winnipeg, Man. Knowlton, Que. Simcoe, "Woodstock, Ont. London, Ont. Smith's Falls, Ont. Maribia-Canadian Bank of Commerce. Manitoba and North-West-Imperial Bank of Canada. New Brunswick-Bank of Nova Scotia. New Brunswick-Bank of Nova Scotia. Mediand-Bank of Commerce, Dominion Bak, Imperial Bank of Canada. Prince Edward Island-Merchants Bank of P.E.I., Summeride Bank. "Quebec-Eastern Townships Bank. "uebec-Eastern Townships Bank. "Cueben-Parr's Bank, Ltd.; Messrs. Chaplin;

Guebee-Eastern Townships Bank.
 Tawa Town Townships Bank.
 The URNOPE:
 Indon-Par's Bank, Ltd.: Meess. Chaplin:
 Mine, Grenfell & Co., Ltd.
 Tiverpool-The Bank of Liverpool, Limited.
 Trance-Societe Generale, Credit Lyonnais.
 Genamy-Deutsche Bank.
 Belgium, Antwerp-La Banque d'Anvers.
 Thu UNITED STATES:
 The Montore National Bank: National Bank: The Mortor
 Tryst Co. Boston-State National Bank: Kidder,
 Peabody & Co. Philadelphia-Philadelphia National Bank: Fourth Street National Bank. Portland,
 Meroit-State Savings Bank. Buffalo Githman Bank. of Chicago-First National Bank. Detroit-State Savings Bank. Buffalo Githman Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank. Bank: National Bank. Detroit-State Savings Bank. Buffalo Githman Bank. of Commercial National Bank. Detroit-State Savings Bank. Buffalo Githman Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank.
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 Wational Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank.
 Butte, Montana-First National Bank. San Francisco-Canadian Bank of Commerce. Seatter.
 Wational Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Thos. E. Kenny, Esq., - President Thomas Ritchie, Esq., - Vice-President Wiley Smith, Esq., H. G. Bauld, Esq., Hon. David MacKeen, President.

HEAD OFFICE: HALIFAX, N.S. E. L. Pease, General Manager (Office of the fer-etal Manager, Montreal); W. B. Torrance, Sec. and Supt. of Branches; W. F. Brock, D. M. Stewart, Inspectors.

Inspectors.	15 63
Antigonish, N.S.	Newcastle, N.B.
Bathurst, N.B.	Ottawa, Ont.
Bridgewater, N.S.	
Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Port Hawkesbury, N.S.
Dorchester, N.B.	Rossiand, D.U.
Fredericton, N.B.	Captrinillo N H
Grand Forks. B.C.	
Guysboro, N.S.	Shubengeadle, the
Halifax, N.S.	
Kingston, N.B.	Summerside, P.L.
Londonderry, N.S.	Sydney, C.B.
Louisburg, C.B.	Marro MS
Lunenburg, N.S.	Vancouver, B.C. BC.
Maitland, N.S.	Vancouver, East Entry
Moncton, N.B.	
Montreal, Que.	Westmount, P.V.
Montreal, West End.	Woymouth, N.D.
Nanaimo, B.C.	Woodstock, N.D.
Nelson, B.C.	NY; and

Agencies in Havana, Cuba; New York Republic, Washington.

Republic, Washington. CORRESPONDENTS: Great Britain, Bank of Scotland. France, Gredit Lyonnais. Germany, Deutsche Bank, fond Gredit Lyonnais. China and Japan. Hong Che & Shanghai Banking Corporation. New York, Back-National Bank. Boston, National Shawmit Ba-Chicago, Illinois Trust and Savings Bank. Criancisco, First National Bank. Seattle, Washington Ka-First National Bank. Seattle, Washington Ka-tional Bank. Spokane, Exchange National Bank Collections made at lowest rates and prompted remitted for. Telegraphic transfer made and drafts issued at current rates.

ST. STEPHEN'S BANK.

	St. S	tepl			B.	#200.000
Capital,						\$200.000
Reserve,	5		*		Preside	ont.
F. 1	H. TODD				Cash	ier.
J. F	. GRANT	, -				
London-	11	AGE	NTS:	Chur	rie &	Co. globe
London-	-Messrs. (alvnn.	MILLS.	RA	Bosto	Sh St

National Bank. Montreal-Bank of Montreal a John, N.B.-Bank of Montreal. Drafts issued on any branch of the Bank of Montreal John, N Drafts Montreal.

THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Authorized, Capital Subscribed, Capital Paid-up, Reserve, State State

Reserve, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: John Cowan, Esq., President Reuben S, Hamlin, Esq., Vice. President W. F. Cowan, Esq., W. F. Allan, Esq., Thomas Patterson, Esq. Thomas Patterson, Esq. T. H. McMillan, Tilsonburg, BRANCHES-Whitby, Midland, Tilsonburg, BRANCHES-Whitby, Midland, Tilsonburg, BRANCHES-Whitby, Midland, Tilsonburg, Brantson, New York and Sterling Eschange back and sold. Deposits received and interest anosic Collections solicited and promptly made. Correspondents at New York and In Canada Merchants Bank of Canada. London, England Royal Bank of Scotland.

THE ONTARIO BANK,

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of the and One-half per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the capital stok of it Institution, and that the same will be paid it Bank and its Branches, on and after Saturday, the first day of June next

The Transfer Books will be closed from the fill to the 31st May, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the Shared of

By order of the Board, C. McGILL.

General Manages

Toronto, 24th April, 1901.

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The Chartered Banks.

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The Chartered Banks.

The Chartered Banks.

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The Canadian Bank of Commerce

DIVIDEND No. 68.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT Upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches On and after

Saturday, the first day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th of May to the 31st of May, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the bank will be held at the bank will be held at the

of the bank will be held at the banking house, in Toronto, on

Tuesday, the 18th day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock. At this meeting the board will propose for the consideration of the shareholders an amendment of by-law No. 2, providing that the snnual meeting shall thenceforth be held on the second Tuesday in January in each year. By order of the board,

B. E. WALKER,

Toronto, April 23, 1901. General Manager.

The Traders Bank of Canada.

DIVIDEND No. 31.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum upon the paid-up Capital Stock of the Bank has this day been declared a stock of the Bank has this day been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and its Branches, on and after SATURDAY, THE IST OF The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th

to the 31st of May, both days inclusive The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders

will be held in the Banking House in Toronto, on TUESDAY, THE 1STH OF JUNE. The chair to be taken at twelve o'clock ncon.

H. S. SFRATHY, Toronto, 16th April, 1901. General Manager.

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTIOE is hereby given that a dividead of Three and one-half per cent. $(3\frac{1}{2})$ for the current half tear, equal to seven per cent. (7 per cent.) per an-tion, has been declared, and that the same will be or after the head, office or at its B.anches, on

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th the 31st of a The sum of the sum of the Share

The slat of May next, both days inclusive. The annual general meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the head-office of this bank, on Saturday, the 15th of June next, at noon. By order of the Board.

Contract	M. J. A.	PRENDERGAST,
dontreal, April,	19th, 1901.	General Manager

Bank of Hamilton.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. for the current half-year has this day been declared, making nine per cent. for the present year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its agencies on and after 1st June next.

The transfer books will be closed from 17th to Sist May, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank on Monday, 17th June, at 12 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

J. TURNBULL, Cash'er.

Hamilton, 24th April, 1901.

Eastern Townships Bank.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL GEN-ERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Bank will be held in their Banking House in the City of Sherbrooke on

Wednesday, the 5th day of June next.

THE DUMINION BANK Capital, \$2,400,000 | Reserve Fund, \$2,400,000 DIRECTORS: E. B. OSLER, M.P., - President. WILMOT D. MATTHEWS, Vice-President. Wm. Ince, Timothy Eaton, W. R. Brock, M.P. A. W. Austin, James J. Foy, K.C., M.P.P. HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. Acencies-Brampton, Belleville, Cobourg, Guelph, Huntsville, Lindsav, Napanee, Oshawa, Orillia, Sea-forth Uxbridge, Whitby, Toronto, Queen St. W. cor. Esther: Dundas St., cor. Queen: St. Montreal, Quee; Winnipeg, Man. Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Britain and the Continent of Europe bought and sold. Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of Burope. Chins. Japan and the West Indies.

The Standard Bank of Canada

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Capital Paid-up, - \$1.000,000						
Reserve F	und	- 700.000				
	D OFFICE, T	TO PONTO				
	DIRECTORS	04.01110.				
W. F. COWAN,	President	·				
Wikitoonaan		RNS, Vice-President,				
W W	Allan, Fr	MNS, VICE-Freeluent,				
T. 16. WOOdy		A. J. Somerville				
Alles Caster	AGENCIES.					
Ailsa Craig,	Cannington,	Kingston,				
Bowmanville,	Chatham,	Markham,				
Brantford,	Colborne,	Parkdale, Toronto				
Bradford,	Durham,	Picton.				
Brighton,	Forest,	Richmond Hill,				
Brussels,	Harriston,	Stouffville.				
Campbellford.	BANKERS	the second s				
New York-Importers and Traders National Bank						
Montreal-Can. Bank of Commerce.						
Tandan Mashand Matter 172 1 10						

London, England-National Bank of Scotland All banking business promptly attended to. Cor-respondence solicited. GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

The BANK OF OTTAWA.

HEAD OFFICE, Ottawa,	Canada:
Capital (anthorized)	- \$2,000,000
Capital (subscribed)	- 1,994,900
Capital (paid up)	- 1,993,940
GEO. BURN, Gen. Mgr D. M. FINNIE	- 1,660,455
DIPROPODE	c, Ottawa Mgr.

GRO. BORN, GER. Mgr. D. R. FINNLE, Ottawa Mgr. DIRECTORS:
 CHARLES MAGEE . . . President, GEORGE HAY, . . Vice-President
 Hon. Geo, Bryson, Alex. Fraser, David Mac-laren, John Mather, D. Murphy.
 Branches : Ontario-Alexandria, Arnprior, Av-onmore, Bracebridge, Carleton Place, Hawkeebury, Keewatin, Kemptville, Lanark, Mattawa, Ottawa, Rideau St., Ottawa, Bank St., Parry Sound, Pem-broke, Rat Portage, Renfrew, Smith's Falls, Toronto Vankleek Hill, Winchester. Que.-Lachute, Hull, Montreal. Shawinigan Falls. Manitoba-Dauphin.
 Portage la Prairie, Winnipeg. AGENTS-CANADA-Bank of Montreal. St. Paul-Merchants of Montreal. Chicago-Bank of Montreal. St. Paul-Merchants NationaiBank. Leudon, Eng.-Parr's Bank, Limited

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 69

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of Three per cent. on the paid 'up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and at its Branches, on and after

Saturday, the first day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Saturday, the 15th of June.

The Chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock. By order of the Board.

E. E. WEBB.

General Manager. Quebec, April 28rd, 1901.

THE QUEBEC BANK.
I THE VUEDEC BANK.
HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC Founded 1818. Incorporated 1832. CAPITAL AUTHORISED - \$3,000,000
Founded 1919 Trans GUEBEC
CAPITAL AUTHORISED
" BAID TID . \$3,000,000
1.10101
DIRECTORS : 700,000
JOHN BREAKEY, President. JOHN T ROSS, Vice-President. Gaspard Lemoine, W. A. Marsh, Vesey Boswell, F. Billingsley, C. F. Smith. THOMAS McDOUGALL, Gen. Manager. Branches
Gegnerd Lamoine W A W Vice-President.
F Billingelow G B Gesty Boswell,
THOMAS MCDOUGALL
Branches. Gen. Manager.
Quebec, St. Peter St. Thorold, Ont. do Upper Town. Three Rivers, Que. do St Roch. Toronto, Ont. Montreal, St. James St. Shawaran Pall.
do Upper Town, Three Rivers One
do St Roch. Toronto, Ont
Montreal, St. James St. Shawenegan Falls, Q.
do St. Catharing St F St Carton St.
Ottawa, Ont. St. Henry, Que.
Pombroka Onte, Que, Victoriaville, Que,
London Fing. Agents.
Boston, Eng., Bank of Scotland,
New York, U.S.A Acts Ph of Patt the Republic.
do Henovor Nettorth Amer.
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Ottawa, Ont. Thetford Mines, Que. Pembroke Ont. London, Eng., Boston, New York, U.S.A. Agts. Bk. of Brit. North Amer. do
HALIFAX BANKING CO
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HALIFAX BANKING CO. Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-Up,
HALIFAX BANKING CO. Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-Up
HALIFAX BANKING CO. Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-Up
HALIFAX BANKING CO. Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-Up,

INCORPORATED 1882

Head Office, - HALIFAX, N.S.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN Y. PAYZANT, -CHARLES ARCHIBALD, R. L. BORDEN, GEO. S. CAMPBELL, - President - Vice-President J. WALTER ALLISON. HECTOR MOINNES.

General Office, TORONTO, Ont.

H. C. McLeon, Gen, Manager. D. WATERS, Chief Insp'r. GEO. SANDERSON, Insp'r. BRANCHES.

BRANCHES. In Nova Scotla—Amherst, Annapolis, Bridgetown, Digby, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, New Glas-gow, North Sydney, Oxford, Pictou, Stellarton, Westville, Yarmouth. In New Brunswick—Campbellton, Chatham, Fre-dericton, Moncton, Newcastle, St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews (sub. to St. Stephen), Sussex, Wood-stock. In Chatto—Almonte, Arnpitor, Berlin, Toronto. In Gabec—Montreal and Paspebiac. In Gabec—Montreal and Paspebiac. In Gabec—Montreal and Paspebiac. In Manitoba—Winnipeg. In Newfoundland—St. John's and Harbor Grace. In West Inddes-Kingston, Jamaica. In United States.—Boston, Mass.: Calais, Maine. bicago, Ill.

The chair will be taken at 2 o'clock p.m. By order of the Board, WM. FARWELL, General Manager. Sherbrooke, 4th May, 1901. THE DOMINION BANK

Ocean Steamships.

The Chartered Banks.

Imperial Bank of Canada.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. for the current half-year upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office of the Bank and its Branches on and after Saturday, the first day of Ju. enext. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in To-ronto, on Wednesday, the 19th June next.

The chair to be taken at noon. By order of the Board.

D. R. WILKIE,

General Manager. Toronto, April 23rd, 1901.

La Banque Nationale. do (St. Johns St.) St. Marie, do Montreal, Chicoutini, P. Q., Ottawa, Ont., Roberval, P. Q., Sherbrooke, P. Q., St. Hyscinthe, P. Q., Joliette, P. Q., St. Hyscinthe, P. Q., Murrey Bay, F. Q., Rimouski, P. Q., Murrey Bay, P. Q., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., Fraserville, P. Q. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., St. Johns, P. G. St. Casimir, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., St. Johns, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., St. Johns, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., St. Johns, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., St. Hyston, P. Q., Montmagny, P. C., St. Hyston, P. Q., Montmagny, P. Q., St. Hyston, P.

Union Bank of Halifax. INCORPORATED 1856. Capital Authorized, Capital Paid up Rest,

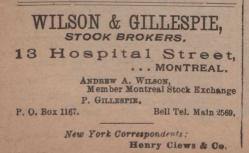
Best, DIRECTORS.
WM. ROBERTSON, Esq., President.
WM. ROCHE, Esq., M.P., Vice-President.
C. C. BLACKADAR, Esq. J. H. SYMONS, Esq.
G. MITCHELL, Esq., M.P.P., E. G. SWITH, Esq.
A. E. JONES, Esq.
HEAD OFFICE: HALIFAX, N.S.
E. L. THORNE, Genl. Mgr.,
U. N. S. STRICKLAND, Inspector.

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gr

C. N. S STRICKLAND, Inspector.
BRANCHES :
Annapolis, N.S., - E. D. Arnaud, Manige
Barrington Passage, N.S., C. Robertson, "
Bridgetown, N.S., - N. R. Burrows, "
Broad Cove, C.B., J. A. Irving, Act. Mgr.
Clarke's Harbour, N.S., - C. Robertson, "
Dartmouth, N.S., - J. P. L. Stewart, Mgr.
Digby, N.S., J. E. Allen,
Glace Bay, C.B., - J. W. Ryan, "
Granville Ferry, N.S., - E. D. Arnaud, Act. Mg
Halifax, N.S., A. D. McRae, Manage
Kentville, N.S., W. C. Harvey, "
Lawrencetown, N.S., - N R. Burrows, Act. M.
Liverpool, N.S., E. R. Mulhall, Mgr.
Mabou, C. B., J. R. McLean, Act. Mg
New Glasgow, N.S., - R. C. Wright, Manage
North Sydney, C.B., - C. W. Frazee, "
Sherbrooke, N.S., F. O Robertson, "
byuncy, o. D., II. W. bubien,
Sydney Mines, C.B., - R. Creighton, Act. Mgr
St. Peter's, C.B., A. F. Little, Manager.
Wolfville, N.S., - J. D. Leavitt, "
CORRESPONDENTS:

CORRESPONDENTS: Bank of Toronto and Branches, Canada. National Bank of Commerce, New York. Merchants' National Bank, Boston. London & Westminster Bank, Lt. London, Eng. Royal Bank of Canada, St. John's, Nid. Interest allowed on Deposit Receipts and De-posits in Savings Bank Department. Collections receive immediate attention and prompt returns made.



DOMINION LINE . . . Steamships. LIVERPOOL SERVICE. FROM PORTLAND. VANCOUVER May 18th, 9 a.m. *OTTOMAN May 25th, 9 a m. DOMINION June 1t, 9 a m. CAMBROMAN June 8th, 9 a m. *ROMAN June 1fth, 9 a.m. *These steamers do not carry passeng, rs. Rates of Passage. Cabin - \$60 '0 and upwards. Second Cabin - \$35 00 and \$37.50 according Third Class-\$:5.00 and \$26 00, according to steamer. FROM BOSTON. (Via Queenstown) Rates of Passage. Cabin-\$75,00 and upwards. Second Cabin-\$42,50 and upwards Third Class-\$28.00 to Liverpool, London Lo dondery. Belfast and Glasgow. Midehip saloons, electric light, spacious prom-enade decks For further information apply to any agent of the company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., Gereral Agents Montreau. 17 St. Sacrament Street.

Loan Societies.



Respectfully solicits trial consignments in the fol-lowing lines of goods handled: Flour and Breadstuffs, Pork, Beef, and General Provisions, Sugar and Molasses, Nova Scotia and P.E.I. produce. Canadian products of all kinds, Teas, Manufactured Goods, Proprietary Articles. Fish, Oll and Newfoundland Products,





General Bruille &c. All library books and other sets promit attended to.

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Special prices to Canadians under New Tariff.

SOLE MAKERS:

BRITISH MACHINE Co., Ltd.,

West Parade Works, HALIFAX ENGLAND.

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25 May. 1 June. 8 June 15 June. 22 June. d finest is used its being ur of the ooms are

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Canadian Cities.

Agents Wanted in all

Price of Admission to this Directory is ervice

\$10 per annum. NEW YORK STATE. NEW YORK CITY David T. Davis

(Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law). ONTARIO. ARNPRIOR Thompson & Hunt

Legal Directory.

The BRITISH CASH

(Jackson's Patents.)

The Cheapest Cash

Register Invented.

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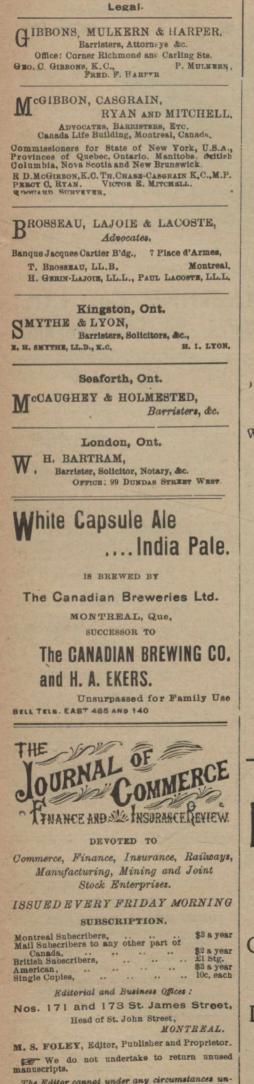
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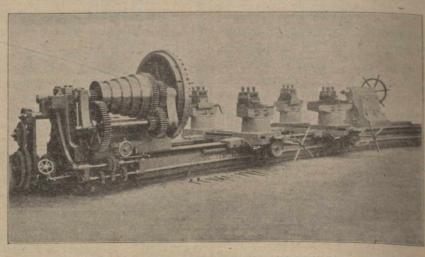
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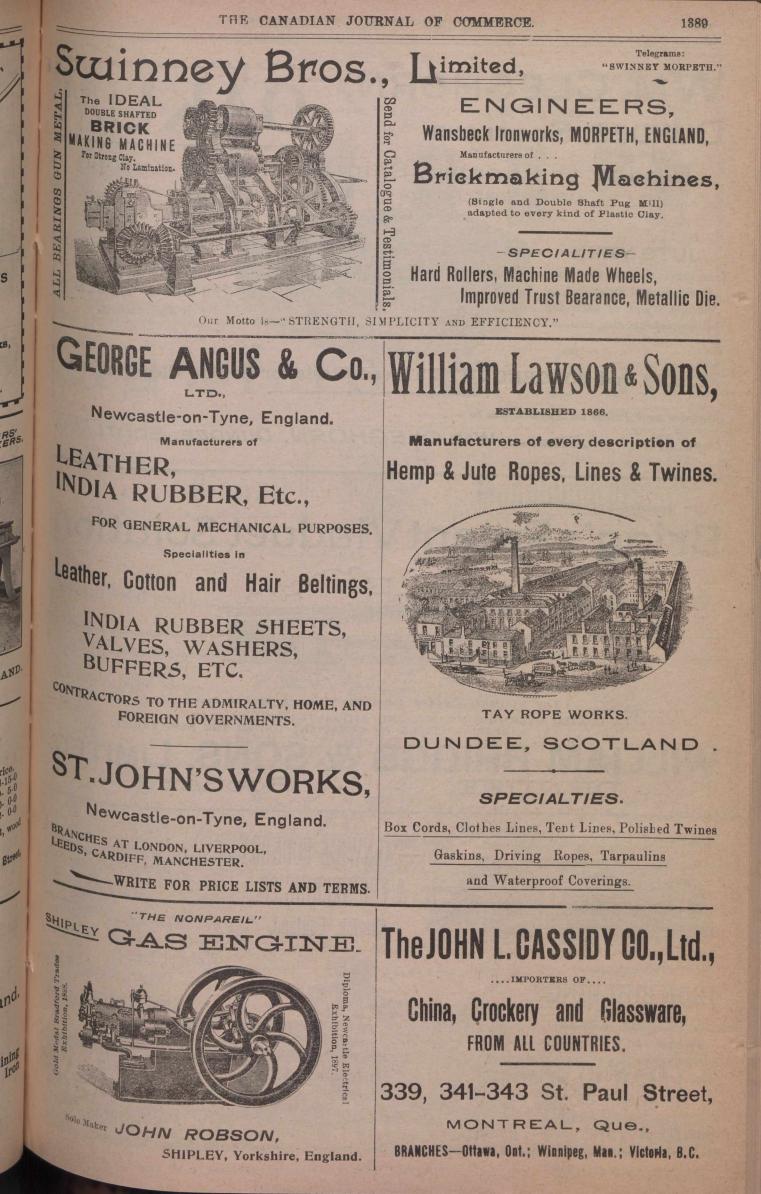


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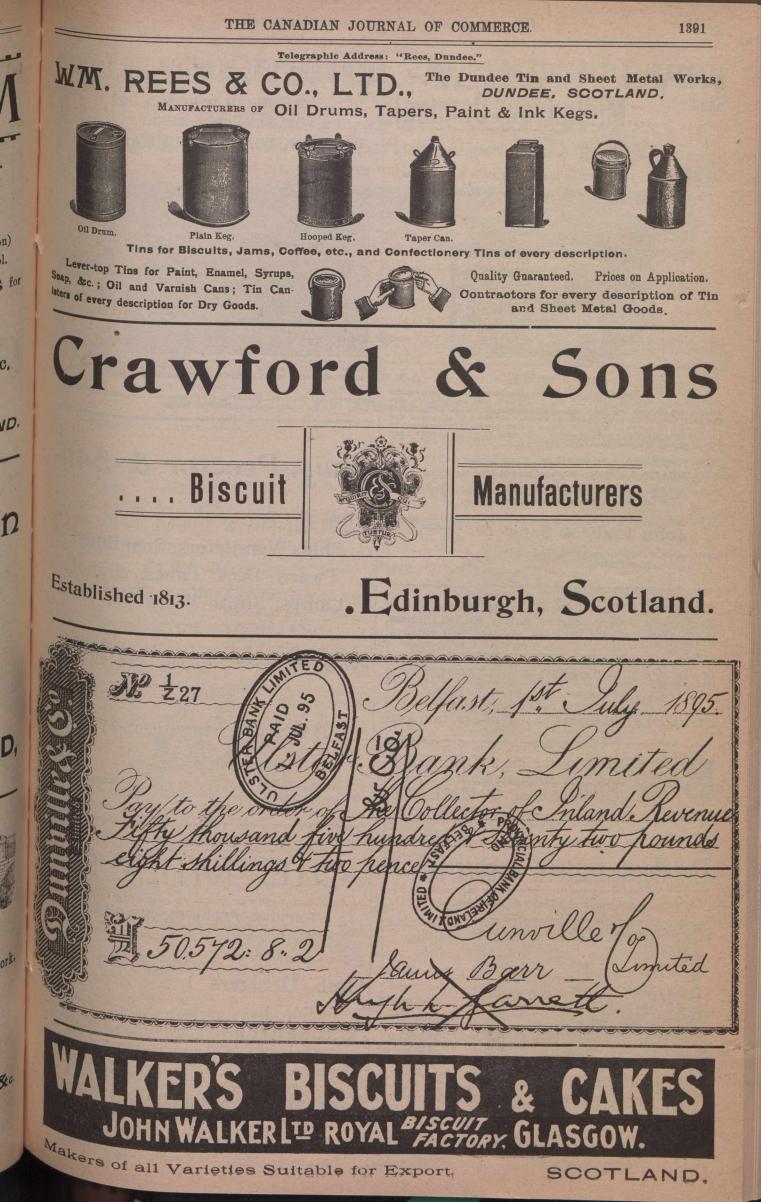
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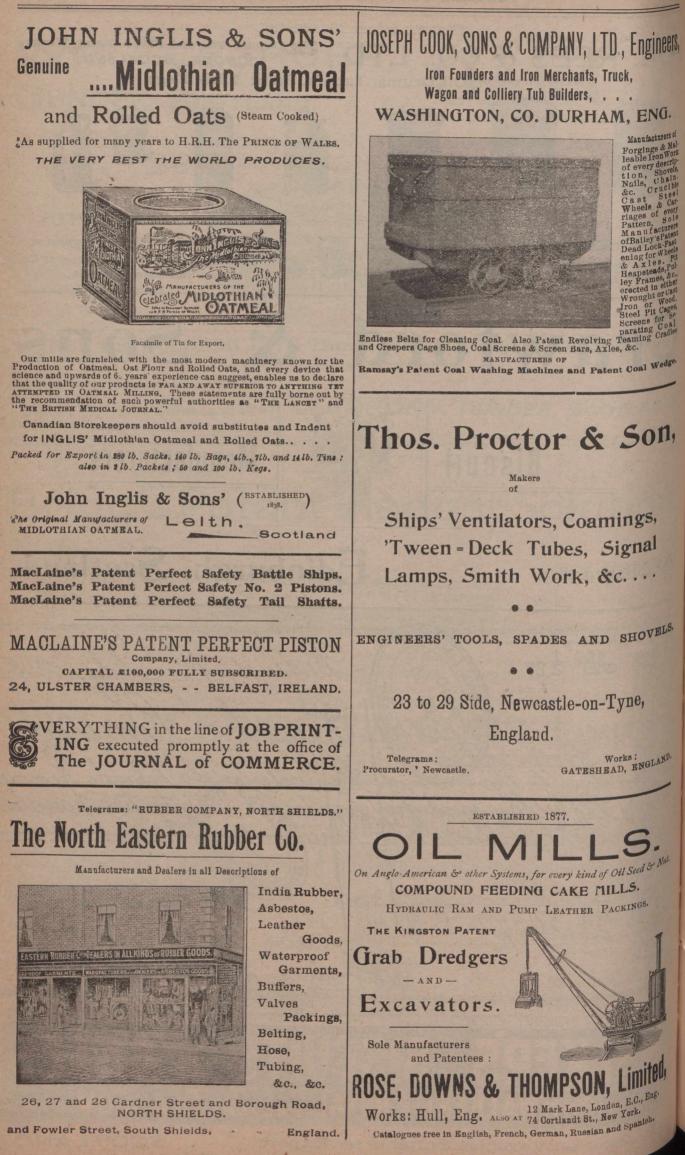
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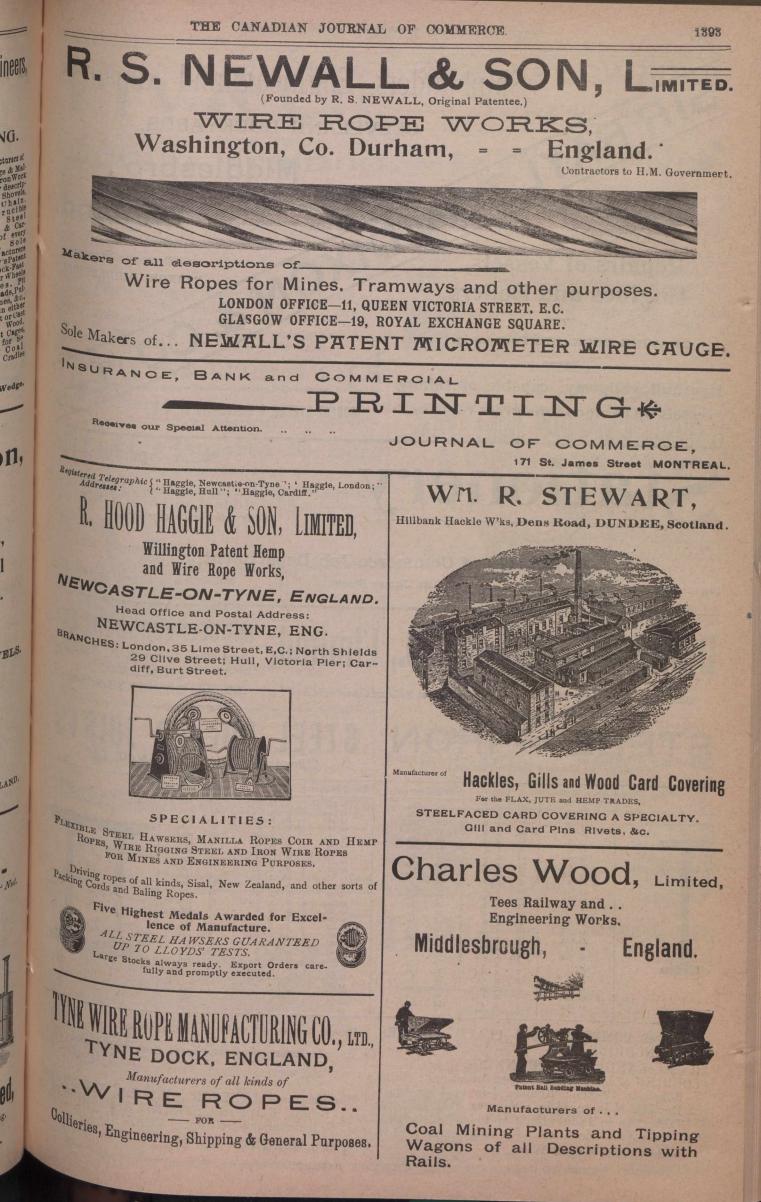


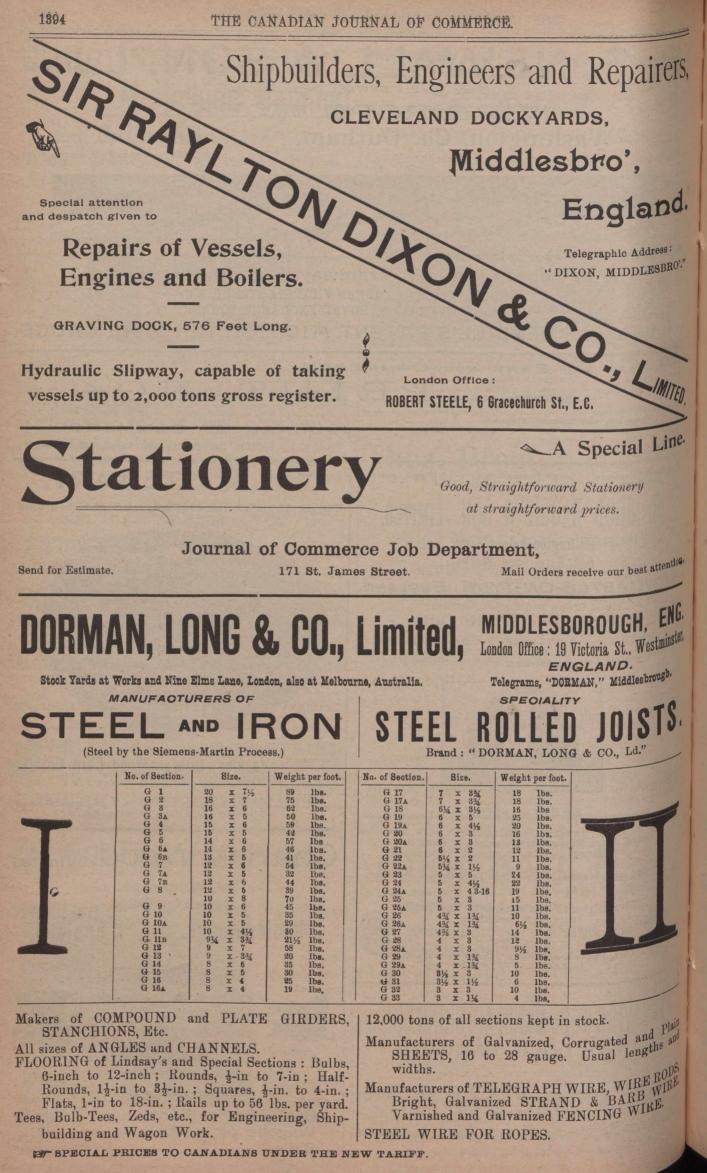
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-Plans for a new city hall, at Hull, Que., have been approved by the council. The cost will be \$24,000. Tenders must be in by June 8th.

-The town council of Oshawa, Ont., we are informed, has concluded an agreement with the Detroit Wire Fence Company for the removal of their entire plant to that town. The Luke Factory, situated on the line of the Oshawa Railway, has been bought by the firm for their business, and operations will be begun at once. The company expects to use four thousand tons of raw material the first year, and will employ about twenty-five hands at the start. There is not now a vacnt fatcory or house in Oshawa.

-From London, England, it is learned that the Admiralty will lay down in 1901 three battleships of 18,000 tons each, which will be the largest and most powerful of their class ever built. Each will carry four 50-ton 12-inch guns, and ten instead of twelve 6-inch rapid-fire guns. The reduction in the number of six-inch guns is due to the introduction of an entirely new weapon, namely, the 7.5-inch wire-wound breech-loader, which is adopted because 8-inch guns are too heavy for rapid work, and something is needed between the twelve and six-inchers. Each ship will cost fully \mathfrak{L} 1,-250,000. The paper cites Capt. Mahan and other naval authorities in favour of big ships, and it predicts that battleships will soon reach a displacement of from 20,000 to 30,000 tons.

-A meeting of canners held in Toronto recently will, it is stated, signify the complete formation of a syndicate to handle all the canned goods packed in Ontario in 1901. The canners have been quiet since February, but they have been working as Canada's national animal is popularly supposed to work, and in consequence the big syndicate is now a fact. This syndicate has put up \$25,000 as a guarantee fund, and on July 1 will take over the unsold pack in the hands of canners at fixed prices. Then the canners agree to put up reliable goods to an amount not exceeding seventy per cent. of last year's pack, and to sell these to the syndicate at a set price, or if they sell to their brokers direct, to turn over the difference in price to the syndicate. It is further said that this strong syndicate has got all the Ontario canners into its scheme with the exception of one cannery at St. Catharines. The headquarters are likely to be in Toronto. Information from other sources is to the effect that the canners saw the Canadian Freight Association, and, upon the representation that in order to find a market for the goods it was necessary to export, received a reduction in export rates, via Montreal, of 11/2 cents per hundred pounds over both steamship and railway lines, going into effect immediately and lasting until November 15. This is given to place the Ontario canners, who are all inland, on a better footing in competition with the canners of New Jersey, and Maryland, who are on the seaboard. On their part the canners agreed to put a resident agent in England, who will push the sale of the goods. This will get rid of that great bugbear of the past the stock carried over from season to season, and will allow the syndicate arrangement to be carried out, the syndicate arranging for the cost of the English agent. Local freight rates remain as last year, and canners may sell direct to their brokers, pooling the difference between the price to the syndicate and the wholesale price, or through the agent of the syndicate, the only question being, whether all the canners will keep in line.

Bay of Quinte Notes .- The steamer Armenia has been shi into the water after undergoing repairs on the Deseronia marine railway.—The steamer Arctic came in from Toronto on Tuesday and is now at the Deseronto shipyard for re pairs.-The Rathbuns have purchased the schooner Fisher She is to be converted into a tow barge.-B. W. Folger and nounces that the proposed extension of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway from Sharbot Lake to Carleton Place which the Governments of the Dominion and Ontario have subsidized, will be built at once, and early in 1902 the will be operated.—The Central Ontario Railway has placed an order for twenty flat cars with the Deseronto Car Works -Deseronto merchants have decided to close their store one afternoon a week during June, July and August Kingston Times says that two Boston men are endeavoring to float a scheme to build a trolley line to connect Ganan oue, Napanee, and Deseronto, with the street railway sys tem of Kingston.-At the Napanee Cheese Board on Wet nesday 685 boxes of white were offered. Bids of Se war made, but there were no sales.—Business is booming at the Deseronto wharf. Cheese is coming in in large quantities as well as other freight. One car of cheese was sent out last week, one on Wednesday and another yesterday. cheese goes to London, England, via Portland, Maine. currently rumored around Madoe that the Rathburs negotiating for the purchase of the old White foundry that village, with the object of establishing a branch their business there.—A rumor is current that the City Quebec will give a bonus to the Kingston Locomotive work to go there.—There is a scarcity of houses in Deseronte good investment for some capitalist would be the erection of some good houses. The land could be procured at resonable figures, and the rents should pay good interest the investment. Some families have had to remove to vanue panee in order to secure accommodation, the bread-winner making the trip every day to Deseronto to their employment ______ ment.—The Grand Trunk Railway have started the erection of a new station at the institution of a new station at the junction of the Central Ontario Trenton.-Building operations are brisk in Marmoramining village is undergoing a boom, which, it is hopen may prove a permanent one.—The Sun, Belleville, is offered for sale. Besides the dati Besides the daily and weekly edition the Printing Company have a job printing establishment.

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-South Africa will shortly be falling into line as subto the peaceful invasions of the syndicates. From Duried Natal, comes information of a scheme of development with has been submitted to the Imperial Government. syndicate has been established with a capital of $\pounds 7,000$ for this purpose, and it is proposed to build immediate direct railway trunk line from Durban to Johannes with the trains on this route with make the trip in twelve hours, which is about one-half of present time, and will also beat the trains on the other rout considerably. The syndicate also proposes to dredge bay and construct wharves and piers.

-Arrangementsr are in progress at Ottawa for the tra fer from the Department of Inland Revenue to the Department of Trade and Commerce of the administration of spections. The Department of Inland Revenue will relate only the inspection of gas, electricity, coal oil, and weigh and measures. The regulations respecting grain negation will be looked after by the Department of Trade at Commerce. The transfer from one department to the other will take place at the end of the session.



-It is not unlikely that United States "trusts" intend to shortly have a fleet of coal carrying vessels of a capa-city ant city out of all proportion to any hitherto floated. A Paris Publication discussing the exportation of coal from the United States to Europe, anticipates that eventually Ameen will not only supply France, but will compete with England in supplying the rest of Europe. It says that the present are Present difficulty in regard to France is to find a port that will account the Baltimore Will accommodate the large steamers that the Baltimore exporters propose to employ.

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Further supplementary estimates for the next fiscal year ending June 30th, 1902, have been submitted by the Minister of Finance, bringing the total amount to be voted, exclusive of the three and a half millions of railway subsidies, up to \$60,008,540. The chief items in this supplementary vote are: \$671,836, for the payment of the award in the Eastern is Eastern Extension Railway case, Nova Scotia; \$280,692 for the payment of Extension Railway case, Nova Scotia; \$280,692 for the payment of the the payment of the award in the Eastern Extension Railway claim from New Brunswick; \$15,000 for the erection at Oltawa Ottawa of an astronomical observatory; \$15,000 for the ottawa of an astronomical observatory; \$20,000 for the the purchase of telescope and appartus; \$20,000 for the antipping and maintaining of an assay office in British Columbia or the Yukon; \$80,000 to pay for the purchase from the line time to the Plains the Ursulines the property at Quebec known as the Plains of Abrah of Abraham; \$3,000 for the expense of the enquiry into the existence of an alleged paper combine; \$10,000 for a hy-drogram. drographic survey of Lake Winnipeg; \$25,000 for an addi-tional allow tional allowance for schools in the North-West Territories; ^{31,900} to pay to the heir of the late Senator Ross his sesional indemnity; \$100,000 additional required for the takof the census, and \$5,000 for a public building at Fort

-The British Canadian Gold Fields Co., of Ontario, Limited, formed to take over the business of the British Canadian Gold Fields Exploration, Development & Investment Company, Limited, with a capitalization of \$100,000, has received incorporation. The provisional directors are Hon. Geo. E. Foster and Geo. Gillies of Ottawa, and Dr. W. T. Stewart, Dr. T. Millman and W. H. Wallbridge of Toronto. -The Chaudiere Hotel Co., Limited, capitalized at \$500,000. has been incorporated, with the following directors: J. T. Bethune, Victoria, B.C.; A. MacLean, Lieut.-Col. J. Macpherson, McLeod Stewart, and R. V. Sinclair, all of Ottawa. -Other Ontario companies recently incorporated are: -The Iroquois Electric Light & Power Co., Limited, capital, \$10,000; head office, Iroquois. The F. Smith Pork Packing Co., Limited, capital, \$40,000, head office, Toronto. The T. S. Ford Co., Limited, general merchants, capital, \$40,000, head office, Mitchell.-The Arnprior Creamery Company, Limited, capital, \$25,000, head office, Arnprior .- The World Furnishing Company, furniture manufacturers, capital, \$40,000, head office, Orillia.-The Cox & Baillie, Limited, capital, \$40,-000, insurance agents, head office, Toronto. - The H. H. Vivian Co., Limited, capital, \$15,000, is licensed to acquire certain undeveloped nickel lands in the district of Nipissing. The King Bridge Co., capital \$5,000, is licensed to build iron bridges and do iron manufacturing in Ontario.

1399

-A representative of the Mingan Steamship Company, of Montreal and Quebec, has been sent to England to purchase a steamer to run betweeen Quebec and Blanc Sablon. The steamer is to be similar to the Bruce or Glencoe, and to make three trips a month, beginning in May and closing the season in November. It is to be fitted up with a view to attract American tourists.





Plans by which the Canadian Government hopes to check the rapid waste of Sable Island by action of the sea, are, according to a Halifax dispatch, to be carried out at once. Dr. William Saunders, of the Agricultural Experimental Station at Ottawa, and his son will leave on the steamer Minto for the island to plant Sable Island with trees in the hope that its shifting sands may be given stability by a forest growth. The trees to be used were imported from France and are of a hardy nature.

1400

-The director-general of the Hamburg-American Line, says a New York letter, has confirmed the statement that his company intends to establish a new line of steamers between San Francisco and China and Japan. It is understood that the line will be run in connection with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad. Negotiations are drawing to a close. The Hamburg Line, with the purchase of a small inland China fleet and the operation of a line between China and California, will circumnavigate the globe. Mr. Ballin, made a tour of the world to arrange this and the Atlas Line deal, and, realizing, with J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller and other financial magnates, that a transatlantic steamship line must have first-class transcontinental connections on this side, he is negotiating with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad to handle that part of the new enterprise. The details of the proposed new line have not yet been fully discussed. The number of vessels, their tonnage and speed have not been considered. The acquisition of the Atlas Line is merely one of the details of the plan. The company will build its own ships for the new service. The new line will stop at Honolulu, Yokohama and Hong Kong on the way to and from Shanghai. It has been been rumored that the line might purchase some of the United States transport fleet for use on the Pacific, but it is known that a new steamship company, to ply between this city, and Manila, is after these Government vessels, should they be put on the market.

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-The Canadian representative of Swan & Hunter, famous shipbuilders of Tyneside, states that his firm an planning to put a fleet of grain-carriers on the Canadian canals as soon as Montreal is equipped with elevators and the improvements at Port Colborne are carried out. signs for the boats and barges have already been decide It is intended to build steamers and barges in the proportion of one to two. Two barges will be towed the upon. each steamer or propeller. The dimensions will be to the same, but the same, but the space in the steamers occupied by machine" make their carrying capacity less than that of the barge The boats will be about 160 feet long, 42 feet beam, and will have a draited be about 160 feet long, 42 feet beam, and will have a draught of 14 feet each. Each of the steamer will have a capacity of 80,000 bushels, and each of the barges will community for each of the barges will community the construction of the barges will community the community of the barges will community the community of the barges will be barges wil barges will carry 100,000 bushels. Therefore, each feel steamer with two barges in tow, will have a capacity 280,000 bushels, With a number of these fleets in the nals, grain can be moved eastward from Port Colborne pretty rapid rate and very cheaply. Some of the steams and barges will be built on the other side of the Atlan but probably a shipyard will be established in Canada it is found the business warrants the expenditure for o struction. With Swan & Hunter will be associated in development of the Child development of the St. Lawrence route the Cockerel Iron of Belgium, which employ 14,000 men. This company, in new process, has greatly reduced the cost of smelting, it is expected this with a it is expected this method will enable English and Europe iron and steel producers to continue their competition the manufacturers of the United States and Canada and have at their disposal unlimited quantities of cheap coal

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-Letters patent of incorporation have been issued to L Tate, J. S. Robertson, M. G. Robertson, of St. Thomas, on B. M. Tate, of Buffalo, and W. Higginson, of L'Orignal.⁽¹⁾ to manufacture castings, etc., under the title of the adian Bronze Co, Capital stock, \$75,000.—Letters paten have been issued to the John Bertram & Sons Compuof Dundas, Ont., with a capital stock of \$300,000.





Recent advices from Kingston are to the effect that the Chicago men who were negotiating with the civic authorities regarding the establishment of a smelter have finally declined the offer, as provisions in the agreement which they objected ^{objected} to are continued, and the bonus offered is not up to expectations. They conclude their letter: "The continuance of the bonus offered by the Dominion Government is at least a matter of uncertainty, and should that be taken away, there are many places in the United States we deem more desi $n_{\rm Nore} desirable$ for the erection of a smelter than King-

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-A sale of pine timber properties, in both old and new Ontario has been decided upon by the Government. It will take place at the Parliament buildings on Sept. 17th, and will be by public auction. The most important is a block of six townships, Jarvis, Anderson, Chesley, Whitman, Carter, and Gilmour, northeast of Sault Ste. Marie. This sale is is in consequence of the construction of the Algoma Central Railway The presence of the railway and the construction gangs would, it was concluded, endanger the standing timber from fire, and besides, the land is needed for settlement. It is fairly well timbered, and is reported as being well suited for agricultural purposes. A large number of mining applications have been made for a portion of this area. It is necessary to give the purchasers some time to remove the pine, and this has been fixed at ten years. The other berths to be sold are those which were offered in March, part of which were withdrawn, and the balance postponed on account of the smallpox epidemic in the north. These berths were all forefited or abandoned some time ago. They are located in the following townships: Digby, Sherborne, Lutterworth, Graham, Cartier, Levack, Hart, and on Lake Temiscaming. ship.

The miners of Rossland, B.C., Camp last week established a banner record, beating all previous shipments, by sending to the smelters 12,048 tons. The total shipments for the year aggregate 162,902 tons.

-The incorporation of the Algoma Steel Company, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., has been announced. The capital is \$20,-000.000.



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-Under the heading, "Canadian rade," Dun's report, for the edification of those who "run and read," says, under date 18th instant: "St. John reports good trade in footwear, especially rubbers. Dry goods and millinery move well, and staple groceries are in demand. Business is not as vigorous at Halifax as last year, but dealers are hopeful and prospects fair. Collections are not satisfactory, many renewals being asked. Quebec reports weather favorable for seeding and general business up to the mark. Trade conditions are favorable at Montreal, though cool weather does not help dry goods. Collections are prompt and money abundant. Toronto reports wholesale trade rather quiet, though manufacturers are busy, and failures light. Wholesale business conditions at Victoria are satisfactory, owing to northern shipments, and collections well met."

1402

-The commercial agent in Trinidad for Canada, reports, under date of May 3rd, that the representative of the Canadian syndicate which has so successfully established itself in Jamaica and Demerara, has obtained the legislative authority necessary and has completed arrangements for the purchase of the electric light and tramway companies of Port of Spain. The undertakings and special privileges for a term of years acquired by the syndicate are very valuable, covering' as they do exclusive rights to supply electric light and power in this large and fast growing city. The capital of the new company is stated to be \$1,000,000, of which over \$200,000 has been subscribed locally. Regret is expressed that the Canadian bank which intended to open an agency at Port of Spain has abandoned the idea for the present. Last year, the report states, Canada sent 2,550 barrels of flour into Trinidad, as against 716 in 1899. This is deemed satisfactory, although but a small proportion of the total importation of 184,037 barrels. The importations of fish and oats remain practically about the same, although there was a slight falling off for 1900. The United States has a practical monopoly of the bicycle trade, of which they secured £3,021 out of a total of £3,232. The announcement that, by an arrangement with Canadian refineries, it had been agreed to purchase sugars consigned to Halifax at rates equivalent to those in New York, has been received with much satisfaction in Trinidad, and will, no doubt, induce, if it has not done so already, much larger shipments than hitherto. According to present returns this year, trade with the Dominion bids fair to exceed any in the last decade. Although there was a decrease in the import trade of British colonies with Trinidad last year, as compared with the year previous, the imports from British North America in 1900 amounted to £66,245, as against £62,629 in 1899. The increase of trade with the United States, which has been so conspicuous a factor during recent years, was not maintained last year, the imports in 1900 being £605,405, against £\$628,324 in 1899.

-The power of the railway and steamboat lines in P ning and perfecting improvements is unique, but it has be only during recent years that advantage has been taken all available chances for making the most of it. The sp cial iced car service of the Canadian Pacific Railway the transportation of butter to Montreal for the com season has been inaugurated. Cars will leave Bedon Que., Wednesday mornings; Sherbrooke, West Shefford Wednesday evenings, and Cookshire, ex Maine Central L Wednesday mornings, arriving at Montreal mornings. It will leave Mansonville on Thursday morning, and South Roxton, via Sutton Junction, on gesday, evening esday evening, arriving here Friday morning, leaving Jerome Thursday morning, and arriving here Thursday noon; from Quebec Wednesday morning, arriving here we nesday afternoon; Lebally Wednesday morning, arriving here we nesday afternoon; Labelle, Wednesday morning, arriving here same afternoon; St. Columnia same afternoon; Labelle, Wednesday morning, here afternoon; St. Gabriel de Brandon, Wednesday morning noon, here the same afternoon; St. Lin, Friday mornin here the same morning; Pembroke, Wednesday morning here Thursday afternoon; Vankleek Hill, Friday afterno here Saturday morning. Butter will be picked up loaded into these cars at all intermediate points of direct route to Montreal. Car leaving Sherbrook Wednesday will start from Stanstead or Stanstead Mail tion, running over the northern end of Boston and Stars R.R., and taking on butter at all stations between and stations between stead Junction and Lennoxville. Butter in Quebec and Gabriel de Brander Gabriel de Brandon cars will be delivered Thursday that from Pembroke Friday morning, This car will from Montealm, G.N. Ry., Thursday morning, and bu will be delivered in Montreal Thursday morning, and will be delivered in Montreal Thursday noon. Car will disposal of shippers immediate disposal of shippers immediately on arrival each Thur evening until ten p.m. to store their butter, and agin the morning before train leaves. Cheese $\max_{a,b}$ loaded into these cars and transported to Montreal at a rates and without additional charges for icing. the company reserves the right to remove such from the indifrom the iced butter cars to ordinary freight cars sary to make room for shipments of butter, which shall all cases have preference

-New York advices state that contracts are being and tiated between the River Bridge Company and the old railway companies, whose traffic will be accommode for the building of a new bridge from Hoboken to Math tan. It is estimated that the bridge, to be the larger the world, can be completed within four years. There be 16 tracks for railroad trains, and the strength of structure will be such that they can be run at full st Above them will be the trolley tracks, driveways. paths and footways. The estimated cost of the bridge, approaches, and the passenger terminal, is \$50,000,000. of of 42 with co Th Mi Fin An Ag Mai Mi

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-It has been announced at Kingston, Ont., that the pro-Posed extension of the Kingston and Pembroke railway from Sharbot Lake to Carelton Place which the Governments of the Dominion and Ontario have subsidized will be built at once, and early in 1902 the line will be operated. Lanark promises to give a bonus to the line for going through the

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Canada's aggregate trade on the basis of goods entered for consumption and export exclusive of coin and bullion for the ten months ended April 30th shows a satisfactory sate ten months ended April 30th shows a second state of the previous year. The actual figures were \$302,567,352, as against \$283,517,239, ^{showing} an advance of \$19.050,113. The imports totalled ^{\$142,049} to $s_{142,942,420}$, for the ten months, as against \$143,303,759 in 1900 a for the ten months, as against \$143,303,759 in 1900, a falling off of \$361,339. The diminution is accounted for by 41 for by the fact that the dutiable goods were less by \$1,-164,703 th ^{064,708} than in 1900. The free goods were \$703,369 in excess of the of the same class of imports for last year. For the month ^{April} the imports of dutiable and free goods were \$322,-⁴²³ aband $\frac{423}{W_{as}}$ ahead of the same period of last year. The increase was wholly in free goods. The exports, reckoning both foreign and in free goods. foreign and domestic produce, amounted to \$159,024,932, as The followith \$140,213,480 for the preceding the two periods: The following are the exports in detail for the two periods:

Ten Months Ending April, 1900.

Mis	The share april, 1900.	
Fines.	Domestic.	Foreign.
For	Domestic. 	\$168,866
Ap:	\$10,833,379 \$9,048,910 \$24,577,226 \$10,833,379	50,086
Annals	•••••••• 9,048,910 •••••• 24,577,226 •••••• 48,187,911 ••••• 23,410,785	286,149
Manaulture	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··	960,685
Missiactures	···· ··· ··· ··· 23,410,785	9,991,330
scellaneous	48,187,911 23,410,785 11,118,976 284,258	1,014,448
71	23,410,785 11,118,976 284,258	280,471
rotal	a state and the second second	
Ton		\$12,752,035
Fish	Domestic.	Foreign.
Fores	Months Ending April, 1901. Domestic. \$30,163,967 	\$121,593
Anima	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 8,665,271	9,759
Agricals	Domestic. \$30,163,967 \$,665,271 23,065,604 48,299,828 21,448,758 12,834,520	263,720
Manauture		2,060,058
Miscell	···· ··· ··· ··· 21,448,758	10,981,329
Miscellaneous		1,428,957
	42,955	238,613
For the	AND	

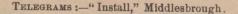
eign and domestic, show a betterment of \$1,622,414, as compared with the same month of last year.

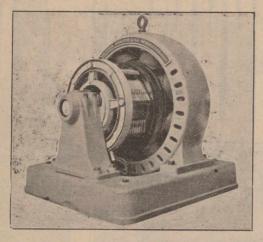
Examinations for degrees in the British "Institute of Acturaies" were held recently at Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. The supervisor at Ottawa, is stated to have received a cable announcing that the candidates who wrote at that centre had been successful. Among the successful candidates were: Part I., examinations: Mr. Milton D. Grant, B.A., Insurance Department, Ottawa; Mr. C. R. Fitzgerald, B.A., Home Life Association, Toronto, and Mr. Jas. J. Harpell, B.A., Kingston.

-The census of Ireland shows the population to be 4,456,-546, a decrease of 5.3 per cent. This is less than during the previous decade.-Scotland's population numbers 4,471,957 persons.



40 St. John Street, London, E.C., Eng.





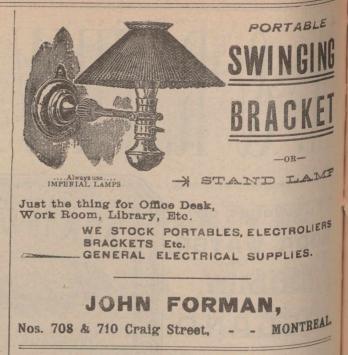
<u>3'0 KILOWATT DYNAMO.</u> Wairen, Beattie & Co., ELECTRIC POWER ENCINEERS, Contractors for Complete Blectric Power and Ligh ing Installations for Mines, Shipyards, Iron and Steel Works, etc., e^{*}C.

... MIDDLESBROUGH, England.

-We learn from Toronto that an order has been issued by the Master authorizing the liquidation of the Imperial Woollen Mills, Streetsville. The company was incorporated in 1899 and the liabilities are small.

-Letters patent have been issued incorporating Robert A. C. Smith, New York; James J. Fitzgibbon, Toronto; David C. Reid, New York; Sir Wm. Van Horne, Montreal, and Charles R. Hosmer, Montreal; as a steamship and transportation company, by the name of the North American Mail Steamship Company, with a total capital of \$175,090. -Messrs. J. O. Gravel, Hugh M. Allan, John Baillie, John J. McGill, and Edward Tiersch, of Montreal, are incorporated under the name of the Canada Linseed Oil Mills, with a capital of \$180,000.-Messrs. Wm. Mitchell, Drummondville; David Mitchell, Forestdale; Joseph Wilson, Joseph Patrick and W. J. Mitchell, Montreal, have been incorporated as a company of fuel merchants, with right to purchase the assets and liabilities of the Wilson Company, under the name of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, with a capital of \$100.000.





-In so far as mining is concerned the people of British Columbia are having their stated rights given all consideration tion. We learn from Ottawa that the Government has de cided to grant a bonus in aid of the refining of lead in that country. The deputation that waited upon the Cabinet some time ago asked for a bonus of \$5 a ton for five years It has been thought best, however, to adopt a sliding scale of bounties. These are restricted to lead refined in the Doll inion from materials produced in Canadian smelters from Canadian lead ore. The bounty begins at \$5 a ton, and is "" duced by a dollar each year until 1906, when it will cease. The scale will be: Calendar year, 1902, \$5 a ton: 1903, 56 1904, \$3; 1905, \$2; 1906, \$1. The bounties are to be paid half yearly, but the total sum so payable is not to exceed \$100. 000 in any year. If the sum earned during any half year exceeds \$50,000 the bounties are to be reduced as regards that six months, so that the maximum payable shall not be more than the \$50,000. If the sum earned is less than \$50,000 the balance 000 the balance is to be carried to the credit of the next half year, and may be paid out in addition to the amount falling due for the latter period. The payments of bout the approximate the payments of bout the second sec ties as well as the rates and charges for refining are to be made in accordance with regulations to be framed by Government. The bounties are to cease on 31st December 1906.

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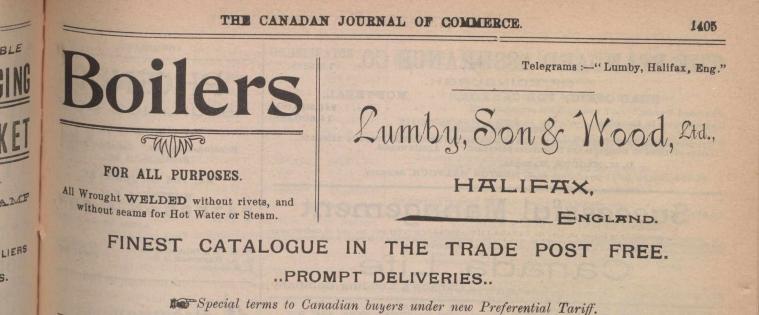
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-Halifax Notes.-A recent despatch from Meat Cove, C.B. states that the famous John McLellan, who has been tilling moonshine whiskey on Black Point mountain, in the vicinity for many years, until the very rocks were rolling around drunk, has been captured by a member of the pupilion Covernment of the minion Government cruiser, Constance, and a special officer, They got a large quantity of worts and the still.-At a recent conference between the delegation from the Canadian Board of Underwriters and the state of the canadian Board of Underwriters and the Nova Scotia Board it was decided that the fire premium from this province must be increased 25 per cent increased 25 per cent. A committee of the Nova Seolia Board will be appointed to Board will be appointed to report within two months how this increase is to be work this increase is to be made. It may be a question of that the extra amount is to be raised from insurers, but the it shall be raised has been decided, and in two months affect new tariff will, unless something is done, go into effect The decision was arrived at by a small majority.

—An advance of 10 per cent. in the cost of higher price chamber suite furnifure was decided on at the annual meet ing of the National Association of Furniture Manufactures in Chicago recently, who represent a large proportion of the output in those goods.

-An electrically propelled submarine boat. designed by Lieut. Kolbasjes, of the Russian navy, is, it is stated, being built at Krondstadt, by order of the Government. It is due to be delivered by the end of June.



REAL

British sidera has dein that Cabinet years. g scale e Doms from l is recease. 03, \$4: id half \$100; egards not be n \$50, e next mount boun to be by the mber

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April 30, 1901, was 44,548 cwts.; for same period 1900, 12,416 cwts, and c ^{cwts}, and for same period in 1899, 11,379 cwts.

Mr. K. Eardley-Wilmot, of the Hamilton, Ont., branch of Bank of at Mr. K. Eardley-Wilmot, of the Hamilton, Ont., Dramage-ment of Montreal, has been transferred to the manage-nent of the second ment of Montreal, has been transferred to the manual be succeeded has branch at Almonte, Ont., and will be succeeded by Mr. George Dean, Halifax.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

A London circular date May 10th, treating of dairy pro-

ducts, says: Butter.—The dry period of nearly three weeks

has come to an end. Heavy showers of rain mingled with

hail and accompanied by northerly winds and a consider-

able lowering of the temperature have succeeded. There is

Is yet a complete absence of balmy, moist and growing

weather. During the last week the pastures have shown

scarcely any improvement. The demand for New Zealand

butter is now limited to two classes of customers, those

who buy for present consumption and those who purchase

tor placing in cold store, mostly for export business. Prices

remain unchanged on the week and at the close there is a stiffening

⁵⁰me cases a shilling or two more. Finest ranges from 94s to 96s. The quality and condition of the Nairnshire and Banfisht.

Banffshire cargoes gave great satisfaction to importers. The Aoto

The Aotea, which had to wait in the river a day or two while

the dock gates were repaired, has speedily discharged her

17,152 boxes of butter, and its quality and condition are

Brazilian, with the first shipment from Montreal this sea-

^{son,} left that port on the 5th inst. The Danish Committee

has again left the Official Quotation unchanged, and the

market in Copenhagen is reported quiet. The Board of Trade Det

Trade Returns for April show that the total imports of but-ter for 4

ter for the three months of February, March and April are

^{tor} the three months of February, March and 15,325 tons res-^{lim}est stationary, being 15,046 tons, and 15,325 tons show a

beetively. Danish imports for these three months show a great inc.

great increase, being 5,890 tons, 6,683 tons, and 7,777 tons; Russia 1

Russia also exhibits an increase, being 463 tons, 795 tons, and 1.299

and 1,322 tons. The United States, on the contrary, shows a degree and 415 tons. Turn-

decrease as follows: 1,212 tons, 934 tons, and 415 tons. Turn-

ing to the home production, there is no doubt that the lateness of home production.

ateness of the season prevnts there being such large sup-plies of the season were

blies of butter as would be in evidence if the season were

normal. The Irish supply is fully a month late, and so is the British. D

the British. The Irish supply is fully a month late, and will largely in the next fortnight the Irish supply will

largely increase if the weather be warm, while the British will prototo a for milk for cheese-

will probably diminish as the demand for milk for cheese-

^{habing} will be greater than the increased supply of milk

caused by the weather. Cheese, The demand for white cheese by the weather.

cheese remains about the same as last week, and, if any-

thing there is a weakening in the demand for colored, long hold.

ome holders of the latter kind appear to have made up their mind

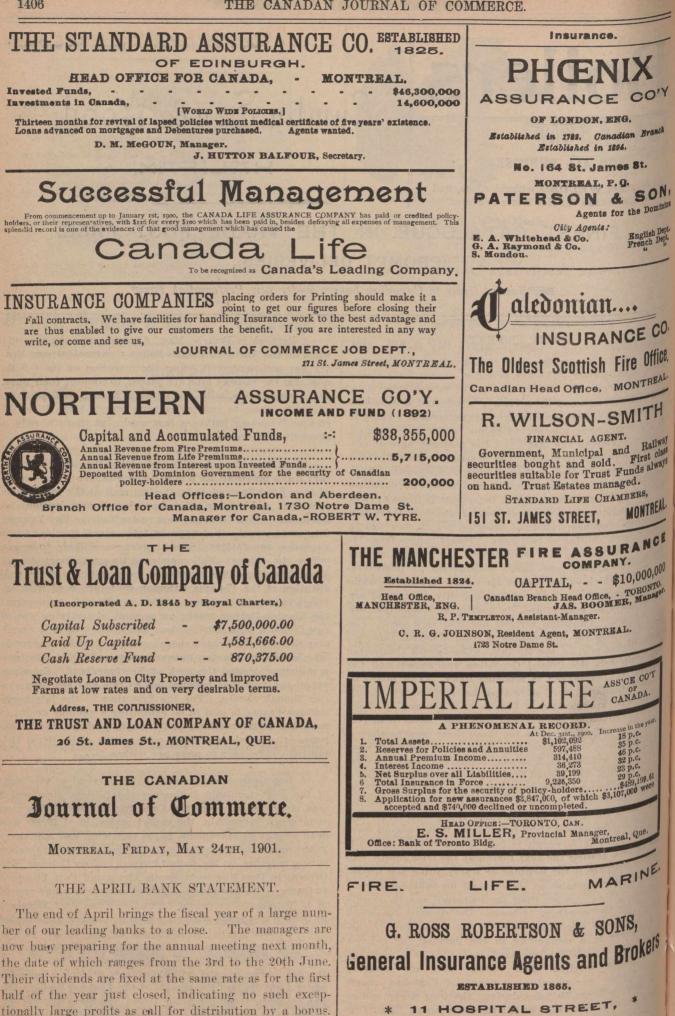
their minds to clear their stocks, and are lowering their price

their minds to clear their stocks, and are nonceres their prices accordingly. Amount of Canadian cheese shippped to Great Britain during the four weeks ending April 30, 1004

-A Portage la Prairie, Man., dispatch says construction work on the Northern Pacific Railway, extension from Beaver has commenced, it being the intention of the C.N.R., now that the railway bills are passed, to connect their lines. The acquired line, with the Dauphin branch at Gladstone, will allow them to run trains from beyond Swan River direct to Winnipeg within a few weeks, as there is only a short link to construct.

A late cable from London states that the draft of secretary Hay's proposals for a new Nicaragua treaty was received from Lord Pauncefote by the last mail. It is a voluminous document, and is being printed previous to examination and discussion. It is described as a re-draft of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, with what appears from casual perusal to be extensive annotations. Several weeks are likely to elapse before the Cabinet shall commence its preliminary discussions. The dispatches relative to the possibility of the substitution of the Panama isthmian route are read with interest in Downing street. "If it is advisable to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty on account of its being out of date," said a high official, "how much more so is it necessary to annul the French shore agreement, which was made long before the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and which has been a millstone around the neck of Newfoundland." Enquiries reveal the fact that negotiations to this end are progressing, though slowly. For the first time in the late negotiations France is said to be exhibiting a genuine desire to have the matter settled, and though, perhaps, at the expense of concessions in other parts of the globe, Great Britain will endeavour to meet her wishes.

-A late Quebec letter refers to the arrival at that port of the new steamship Indian, of the Leyland line, which was not expected from the Cape for ten days. This new twin screw steamship, the report states, is of 16,000 tons dead weight measurement, is 500 feet long, and will carry 11,600 tons of cargo. She is on her first voyage to Quebec, having only run, so far, from Liverpool to New Orleans, New Orleans to Port Elizabeth, South Africa, and Port Elizabeth to Quebec. In two months she has made the round voyage of 15,000 miles. The run of 7,500 miles from Port Elizabeth to Quebec was made without a stop in 25 days, and she has now on board not only enough coal for her voyage to London, but a quantity to spare, which she will discharge. She will take on board about the largest cargo that has ever left the St. Lawrence, and will then draw 28 feet 6 inches of water. At present the vessels of the Leyland line are taking on grain faster than the Great Northern Railway can deliver it at the elevator. But new locomotives have been secured, and the business will be rushed. The harbour commissioners are rushing the new freight shed for the Leyland line to completion. It measures 900 feet long by 90 wide, and Mr. Harling expects to tax it to the utmost capacity. Both the C.P.R. and the G.T.R. are being called into requisition to bring down freight to Quebec for steamers and facilities for the shipment of cattle at the port are also to be immediately improved.



half of the year just closed, indicating no such exceptionally large profits as call for distribution by a bonus. Indeed there are signs of the met profits of the past year not having been as good in proportion to their resources and business as in previous year. The expansion in 1900-1901 of deposits payable after notice were unprecedented in any year, as will appear by the comparisons instituted below for the last ten years, but in many previous years the circulation, deposits on demand, and discounts exceeded the increase last year.

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P. O. Box 2081

Depts after

notice.

\$215,352,273

174,041,686

163,093,210

Current

loans.

\$283,160,50

281,615,49

245,498,33

MONTREAL.

demand.

\$92,907,158

94,979,467

88,537,362

Circulation. Depts on

Telephone Main 1277.

1901.. \$47,006,701

1900.. 43,908,432

1899.. .. ., 37,369,887

April

30th.

T

THE CANADAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

1898 1897		35,843,651	78,196,100	139,997,150	222,115,392	
1896.	•• ••		69,730,791	126,994,097	216,284,936	
1895.	•• ••	29,654,973	60,859,929	120,644,617	210,292,087	
1894.	•• ••	29,152,152	65,578,633	114,457,027	203,273,500	
1893.	•• ••	29,996,472	63,772,064	109,589,042	205,051,675	
1800	•• ••	32,633,073	64,542,427	104,216,667	206,789,141	
Incost	•• ••	31,496,369	60,730,909	94,447,185	191,995,277	
1897	- uncu				Jan Carro	
Incr'se		16,191,778	23,176,367	88,358,176	66,875,571	
Vega	in 10	2 and a little			Provident Station	

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rs . . 15,510,332 30,176,249 120,905,088 91,165,230 The most important feature in the above comparison is the enormous increase in deposits payable after notice, those funds in one year having been enlarged to the extent of \$41,310,587, which is 34.14 per cent., over onethird, of the gross increase in the last ten years and more than half as much as the increase between 1891 and 1990. Last year at the end of April the circulation and deposits aggregated \$312,929,585 and the discounts were \$281, ^{615,493}, the discounts amounting to 90 per cent. of the circulation and deposits. This year those resources amounted to \$355,266,124 and the discounts to \$283,-160,507, the proportion of the discounts to circulation and deposits being 79.70 per cent. Ten years ago the proportion of these items was 102.80 per cent. That is, in 1892 the discounts exceeded the aggregate of the circulation and deposits by 2.80 per cent., whereas this year the discounts fall below the aggregate of circulation and deposits by 20.30 per cent. The change in the relative proportion of resources to current loans is not favourable to profit-making. If we allow only one per. cent, as the net profit on the increased deposits payable after notice the total increase of the net profits of all the banks would this year be \$413,105. When their statements are all issued we shall be able to judge whether the enlarged deposits have yielded this moderate profit. As the current loans only increased a million and a half last year, from April 30th, 1900, to April 30th, 1901, it is evident that the great bulk of the 45 millions' increase in circulation and deposits had to be diverted to other classes of business than mercantile discounts.

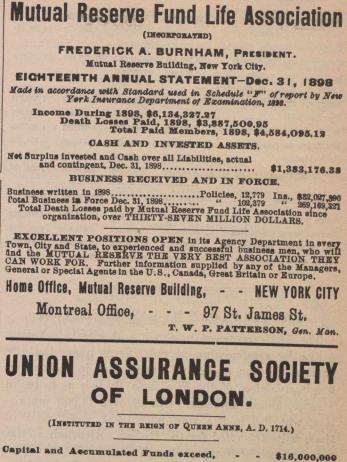
Naturally, under such conditions a considerable inerease has taken place in the amount of securities held by the banks. Their several totals last year and this were.

Governities.]	ncrease or
Government bonds Municipal, &c., bonds	April, 1901	April, 1900	decrease.
Municipal, &c., bonds Railway bonds	\$12,054,654	\$4,499,049	i \$7,555,605
allway bonds, bonds	11,622,810	17,004,868	d 5,382,058
	28,293,006	14,336,216	i 13,956,790
Total	and the second second second		

Call loans also show a large increase in the year. Assuming the returns for April, 1900, to include all the same class of loans as in the statement for last April, the increase has been \$39,872,000, but the change made in the form the form of the monthly statement renders this comparison uncertain.

The Clearing House figures for week ending 11th av she May show a very large increase over some week last year, the respective totals being

Mont	caus	ne.	mg	g as tollow	WS:	
Montreal Toronto				May, 1901.	May, 1900.	Increase.
Winner	** **	••	:	\$20,412,421	\$15,259,949	\$5,152,472
Halifax	-	••-	•••	13,816,582	11,108,603	2,707,979
a point a second	The state	••	• •	2,104,200	2,024,289	79,911
St. John	Contractor	••	••	1,550,009	1,541,928	8,081
Victoria Vance		••	••	1,003,993	812,854	191,139
Vancouver		•••	• •	913,464	752,523	160,941
ouver		••	••	752,474	714.842	Decrease.
A DAMAS	N. Com	••	•••	808,605	848,369	Decrease.
Quebec		-		the states in		
			\$4	1,361,748	\$33,063,357	i\$8,298,391
and your		••	• •	1,529,693		



ONE OF THE OLDEST AND STRONGEST OF FIRE OFFICES.

CANADA BRANCE : Cor. St. James and McGill Streets, MONTREAL.

T. L. MORRISEY, Manager

Beyond a short flurry and anxiety the New York stock exchange panic affected our banks to only a trifling ex-We now leave each of the principal banks to present its annual report to the shareholders' meeting, which we have no doubt will without exception be satisfactory, though not as roseate as some anticipated.

THE BANK ST.	ATEMENTS.		
April, 1901.	Mar., 1901.	April,1900.	April, 1891.
Capital authorized 74,875,332	2 74,875,332	79,108,664	75,258,665
Capital subscribed 68,020,549	67,997,228	65,701,528	
Capital paid up 66,819,010	66,680,797	64,454,351	60,371,784
Reserve Fund 35,405,456	35,187,087	30,581,347	22,137,459
LIABILITIES.			
Notes in circulation 47,006,701	47,611,967	43,908,432	30,904,096
Due Dominion Government 2,634,312	2,590,953	2,404,425	3,204,733
Due Provincial Govts 3,296,268	3,364,301	3,099,686	2, \$12, 321
Deposits on demand 92,907,158	90,645,676	94,979,467	54,862,875
Deposits after notice 215,352,273	210,033,367	174,041,686	83,557,758
Peposits outside Canada 22,706,825	22,173,575		
oans on bks in Canada, sec 1,372,693	1,788,032	568,245	209,000
Pepts on demand in Can. bks. 2,756,438	2,626,351	2,226,568	1,553,239
ue agencies in U.K 4,482,774	4,314,964	5,671,691	3,591,519
ue agencies abroad912,217	864,826	1,167,813	123,334
ther liabilities 7,374,465	5,535,293	360,726	S6,317
· The second stand			
Total liabilities 400,802,203	301,549,383	328,568,220	181,564,745
ASSETS.			
becie 11,819,200	11.649,543	10,040,239	6,672,504
ominion Notes 19,944,669	20,176,628	16,973,871	10,634,792
eposits securing circulation 2,402,973	2,402,973	0.000.000	
otes & cheques on other bks. 13,554,128	10,730,708	10,340,636	5,987,059
ans to other bks in Can., sec. 1,342,692	1,715,167		
ppts on demand in Can. bks. 3,789,573	4,032,327	3,470,661	2,982,608
te from bks, &c., in U.K 4,149,055	3,144,003	5,216,026	1,099,731
e from foreign bks, etc 10,493,659	9,361,102	19,148,974	15,145,251
m. and Prov. Govt. secs, 12,054,654	11,444,144	4,499,049	2,507,973
n. municipal & other pub, sec 11,622,810	11,480,188	17,004,868	6,534,412
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Railway and other sets 28,293,006	28,243,623	14,336,216	
Call loans in Canada 32,617,029	33,004,857	28,905,583	14,505,454
Call loans outside Canada 36,160,553	35,568,757		
Current loans in Canada 283,160,507	280,041,076	281,615,493	152,778,348
Current loans outside Canada. 20,374,386	19,580,081		**********
Loans to Govt. of Canada			
Loans to Provincial Govts 3,496,053	2,995,190	2,361,468	1,706,764
Overdue debts 1,940,336	2,208,728	• 1,897,427	2,809,055
R. E. besides bank premises . 1,053,802	1,078,810	1,037,131	1,035,788
Mortgages on real estate 618,081	602,622	690,806	754,205
Bank premises 6,563,202	6,421,183	6,192,828	4,246,718
Other assets 6,119,055	6,361,528	3,209,307	2,525,476
Notes Transfer	N 08 1 18	133.14	
Total assets	502,243,420	429,714,067	263,476,221
Loans to directors & their firms. 12,062,084	12,377,812	10,477,190	6,963,523
Average specie for month 11,870,296	11,624,296	9,671,682	6,649,642
Av. Dominion notes for mo 19,892,376	20,380,693	16,398,174	10,544,502
Grt'st crculation during mo 49,549,246	48,409,885	45,620,310	

THE FIRE LOAN BY-LAW DEFEATED.

The first experiment to obtain authority to negotiate a loan by a referendum to the citizens under the new charter has been made, and has resulted in such an ignominous defeat of the Fire Loan By-Law as to be, in a sense, almost amusing. Out of over 11,000 proprietors, who had each a vote, only 1,284 voted, and of these only 315 voted for the By-law. Although a large vote had not been expected such a result as this cannot be otherwise than a disappointment, as well as a surprise to the Aldermen and the officials at the City Hall.

The lack of enthusiasm in favour of the By-law, and its evident unpopularity may be accounted for in various ways. Many people are against increasing the debt of the eity for such purposes as fire apparatus, which should be paid for out of revenue. Much stress had been laid on the increase of insurance rates that followed the great fires of last winter. That increase only applied to the business portion of the city, and the residential portions were not affected. That will, in a measure, account for the apathy of a large number of those who had the right to vote.

To many the amount seemed small, and might easily have been taken gradually from the large civic revenue of over \$3,000,000 with proper economy, whilst others acted on the principle of not trusting the Aldermen with any further money to be squandered. Whatever the reasons, the result is the defeat of the By-law. It is unfortunate that it is so, but, perhaps, good may come from it.

It may be remembered that when the terms of the new charter were being framed and under discussion, this journal strongly advocated the change from a fixed rate of annual assessment to a flexible one, which would provide sufficient revenue for all the estimated expenses of each current year. That system of raising a revenue for municipal purposes is general in Great Britain and in the United States, and also, with the exception of Montreal, in nearly all the municipalities of Canada. That system commended itself to many people at the time the new charter was under discussion, both in the City Hall and in the Legislature, but a few of the influential Aldermen objected, and it failed to be adopted.

As a consequence, it has now to be admitted that the revenue is not sufficient to meet all that has to be met, and the citizens have given a quietus to all attempts to raise money by loans through referendums to them. What then can be done? It looks now as if the flexible system of annual rates will eventually take the place of the present rigid cast iron one.

THE CITY SEWER IN THE HARBOUR.

The Harbour and Civic authorities have now apparent the public health ly realized the danger to of one of the main city from the outlet sewer, which empties into the harbour-where there " no current-opposite to the Custom House. More than two years ago, and since then from time to time, this journal pointed out the necessity for the diversion a that sewer to running water before the new piers wer constructed. Last autumn the Provincial Board Health took action in the matter, without effect, and finally passed a legal ordinance that unless the diver sion was commenced not later than the first of May this year, and completed hr the first of November next the city would be liable to a penalty of twenty-fire dollars a day for each and every day that the order comply with it was neglected, which penalty could le such for and recovered, with costs, either by the Provincial Board of Health or any individual citizen. That order has not been complied with, and to the discredit of the city, there is no appearance of any intention of doing Instead of that, it looks as if there was a de SO. liberate intention of allowing it to continue until harbour in its most important and central portion be comes à pestilent cesspool,

It is evident to the most casual observer that the condition of things cannot be allowed to continue, harbour works cannot be continued in conformity with the plans agreed to by the City Council unless that seven is blocked up at its mouth, and if that is done, what the will happen to a very large section of the city dependent on that sever for its drainage?

That view of the matter is serious, and not pleasant to contemplate. The position is not creditable to the city authorities; they have been notified and warned and although it has been talked over in a quiet war among the Aldermen, not one of them has had the courage to face the question in a way that would ten to bring about action to provide a remedy that would guard the city from a certain pestilence, if nothing done.

Better than this might have been expected from better elements that now compose the majority of the C Council. It will not avail to say that there are obstinobstructionists in the way. The Aldermen were aware the necessity for providing for this work before pr appropriations for the present year were made. prevision for that all-important work should have then been made, instead of frittering the revenue available some of the measures adopted, on the log-rolling system to suit the sectional requirements of certain individu-Aldermen, and which might well have remained abeyance for a while without serious consequences.

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We have been told again and again that we have a Hygiene Committee of the City Council. We have heard much of late about hygiene, without, so far, and great result from the work of that committee. The is all very well in its way, but this harbour sewage a practical question of vital interest to the city, as well the shipping interests, on which the prosperity of the city as a port depends; yet, strange to say, this Hygien Committee has not, so far as the public knows, take a single step, or advanced a single word in favour of diverting the sewer and carrying out the order of the Provincial Board of Health.

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It is difficult to understand why this should be so, unless possibly the Committee has been hypnotized in some mysterious way by stronger minds outside of it.

Any way, the order of the Provincial Board of Health is set at defiance, it remains to be seen if that-what should be an authoritative body-has sufficient vitality to enforce its order, or if it will be content to have it ignored as of no moment or weight.

STRAW HATS.

Firmly interwoven with the earlier memories of all who have outgrown boyhood days are remembrances of the cool, sheltering straw hat as it re-appeared with each succeeding summer. In the rural districts its expanding leaf, vieing with the average umbrella, has often played a considerable part in assisting "to have and to hold" anything over a half-bushel of apples, grapes, green peas, butternuts, eggs, or chickens. Its endurance under such trying conditions doubtless done much toward keep ing it high up in memory as the years rolled by, and which, together with the tried and satisfied knowledge of its cooling and cheering qualities, has caused those who were once boys to invest, annually or oftener, a dollar or over in further quest of these sustaining features of the trying summer days. If the straw hat does not come to stay, it is certain to re-appear when the first thought of its need arises; and it proves its dignity and determination at further ingratiating itself into the lavor of society by the many little additions to shape, binding, braiding, size, etc., now about to be aired for another season.

In a previous issue we drew attention to some features of the popular straw hats of the opening century as distinguishing them from their predecessor that faded with the last autumn leaves. Reference was then made to the gradual passing of the polka dot band, likewise the extreme coarse braids. As the season advances, however, and retailers' windows are temptingly arrayed we find both the above prominent features of last season still striving for large and conspicuous place. many other distinguishing features of style or make, which have been glow to gain entrance, these styles in the state of th the straw hat are proving slow in passing away. sequently this season will see fully as many of the coarse or "Jumbo" braids worn as during the height of their ^{popularity} last summer. This season, however, is likely to witness their withdrawal. Polka dot bands are also prominent. pronounced, being confined to lighter shades. The color, or groundwork, is not as are scarcely seen this season. Their popularity during the past two summers was heightened by war and war colors, which like features of less moment, are compelled to bow before the popular will. The new "Jumbo" braid straw hat has a smaller appearance, being a little narrower in the brim and slightly lower in the crown during the past seasons, but the opinion prevails that this style straw has had its existence measured and that its course, in so far as being generally worn, is nearly run. Fedora shape crash linen hats, for outing, sell freely. These are running into finer goods, with costlier and heater a

The best straw hats come from the

United States, medium qualities are principally made in Canada while the cheaper goods come from England.

It may not be generally known among the retail trade that in order to assist the disposal of smaller sizes in straw hats, and keep them from accumulating, the use of the hat stretcher is of great importance. On a damp day,-always a poor day for selling these goods-a 6 7-8 size can be readily stretched two sizes larger, to a 7 or a 7 1-8, and other sizes in proportion. The hat will neither lose its shape nor will the band be injured, if care is taken in this regard. By leaving the stretcher in the hat during the night the latter will not again contract. These measures, however, are necessary, if at all, only near the close of the season, or in unearthing some heldover stock.

LESSONS OF RECENT DATE.

The observing man is apt to learn much from public acts other than those to which he would desire to be a partner. How many will have learned an invaluable lesson from the great stock panic of recent date the future only can determine, yet aside from the serious losses incurred the public have been given free access to the sober conclusion which all must have reached as the news of losses and gains was wired near and far. Wild stock speculation spread wider and wider for weeks until it finally culminated in a crash, lifting a few with the rebound from the force of the fall which buried numbers who were least prepared.

As the clouds rolled away what was the picture presented? A few jubilant speculators, not in ecstacy over their gains for that is their daily aim, but pleased at the good fortune which smiled on their lot. The intensity of feeling, however, was of another order. One of the principal actors in the railway world, whose name has of late been connected with some of the most important transactions on the continent, found letters pouring in upon his desk next morning, imploring his aid in behalf of family friends who risked only to regret. A few instances are given of tradesmen who, through circumstance or accident, held a hundred or two of Northern Pacific stock, and who, being urged to dispose of it at that critical moment, became independently wealthy. Such instances are apt to influence in a disastrous manner young men throughout the several branches of trade, whose first thoughts, on reading of these rare occurrences, are that, at the same moment, or at various periods during the past decade, they might readily have secured a few hundred shares of the same stock when it was offering at a trifle, thus becoming at once masters of wealth, acquiring in a moment what their entire lives may not bring.

Shoving aside the phantom and viewing this in reality what is presented? Of some twenty million men on the continent all may be said to have had their minds fixed on Wall Street, New York, that week, yet how many wcre gainers? A few dozen. How many were losers? Thousands. How many more would have risked their savings on wild stocks at that time, had the opportunity occurred and suitable explanation offered, cannot be told. but for ninety-nine per cent. of them it is well that circumstance or opportunity did not come in their way. Not the plungers, but the sober, patient workers make sure headway.

THE WAY OTHERS ARE MADE TO SEE US.

The sober serious-going New York "Outlook" has an article in its last number headed "Two Striking Victories." It has reference to the meeting of municipal reformers recently held in Rochester, N.Y., for the purpose of exchanging views as to the progress made in purifying civic corporations.

The first victory alluded to occurred in the City of Scranton, where one public-spirited man-Mr. Sturges -gave time, money and enthusiasm to exposing and successfully suppressing saloons, gambling houses and other disreputable places conducted in violation of law, with official connivance.

The article goes on to say that Mr. Ames's report from Montreal was even more encouraging, because the reform work was not so dependent on a single personality. In giving a synopsis of that report it says that a corrupt city council has squandered the city resources, and heaped up a debt more burdensome than that of any other municipality in America. This debt, it says, finally aggregated \$150,000,000, or \$250 for every family in the city.

We have no concern with the remainder of the article, although the condition of the city of Montreal, as left by the so-called corruptionists, is painted in lurid colours, but the effect is somewhat relieved by the beneficial efforts of the reformed council which now controls civic matters, are alluded to and which are expected to bear good fruit in the future. The exaggerated statement of the city debt should be corrected. It is given as considerably more than five times greater than it really is, and the same ratio will apply to the proportion of the burden each on family, although the number of families in the city is family, although the number of families in the city is only guess work. The funded and other debts of the city is under \$29,000,000. That is a debt large enough in all conscience, but it is not fair to the credit and good name of the city to allow it to be swollen to so ridiculously large a figure as such a respectable magazine as the "Outlook" has placed before its large number of intelligent readers.

RAPID TRANSIT.

The speed attained by steam and electric cars prior to the past decade has not been increased to any extent since. Schedule time on through trips has been greatly lowered, but this has been accomplished by numerous savings on stops, improved and shortened tracks, etc., rather than by any noticeable gain in actual running time per hour over recent achievements. Perhaps the public, with some thought for personal safety, consider forty to fifty miles per hour fast enough, and are not clamoring for greater saving of time in travelling. When electric street cars were being first introduced, one of the chief features of their claim for preference lay in the statement that they would transfer passengers in onehalf the time taken by horse-cars. Against this the point was raised, and with apparent reason at the time, that where the cars would require to be stopped at most every street intersection, a greater speed than that attained by the plodding horses would not avail, for bettween the time taken in acquiring the maximum and the time necessary to stop the car at the next crossing, there would be, really, no space for test of speed, even But the outcome is apparent to should it be available.

It was but another proof that imaginary impedall. ments should not be thrown in the way of improve ments which are shown to be, if practical, of incalculable benefit to humanity.

Citizens of Liverpool and Manchester, England, have now a similar proposition, but we have not as yet heard of any serious objections to the necessary right of way. A late cable from London states that a bill passed the House of Lords last week for the construction of Behr's electric mono-railway, connecting Manchester and Liverpool. The distance of 33 miles is to be covered in 20 minutes, The train runs on an at a speed of 110 miles an hour. inverted V, of which the mono-rail is the apex, with * car hanging on each side like the pack saddle on the There will be a ten-minute service. back of a mule. Each car is its own locomotive, and will run separately. Instead of a train of six cars every hour, there will be one car six times an hour. The only obstacle, it states not overcome is that of obtaining a brake for a car train elling at such a high rate of speed. A car service of the design was spoken of some years ago as about to be placed between Chicago and Milwaukee. The clear heads why were planning the Western flyer, however, did not intend to limit the service to any such slow time as the above This suspended car service would transfer indicates. passengers from one of these points to the other at a speed which would admit of a man doing business in Chicago going home to Milwaukee each day for lunch The public will await the outcome of the proposed Liv erpool-Manchester service with some interest, giving little fear, however, to any impediment which might es pect to be caused through inability to satisfactorily stop when necessary.

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THE CARNEGIE GIFT.

Great gifts to the higher educational establishments are not unfamiliar in Montreal, where men like Lord Strathcona, Lord Mountstephen, Sir W. C. McDonald and other citizens who have amassed great wealth by their own personal ability and industry, have been more than generous towards our universities. But all of these have been outdone elsewhere by Mr. Andrew Carnegie another Scotchman—but who has made his millions in the United States-by his gift of equal to nearly ter millions of dollars to the four leading universities Scotland-Edinburgh, Glasgow, Aberdeen and St. A drew's-but for the use of natives alone.

There is no people in the world where education more valued, more general and more thorough that in "North Britain"-as it is known in England Scotchmen have set a world-wide example in its promo The father of the present Lord Lovat (Fratr) tion. whose ancestor lost his head on Tower Hill, and his tate because he fought with the clans at Culloden in 1745, signalized the recovery of his attainted ancestra lands-covering a large portion of inverness-shire of devoting about \$300,000 to the erection and endowned of a college at Fort Augustus, on Loch Ness.

Among the three earliest of the Oxford colleges, liol is so termed from its founder, John Balliol, (ered 1263), the father of the Scottish king of that name. University of St. Andrew's the first in Scotland, date from 1411; that of Glasgow from 1453, and that of Aber deen some forty-one years later. The "College of Edir While garding the gift as one of extraordinary munificence, the burgh" was founded by James VI. in 1582.

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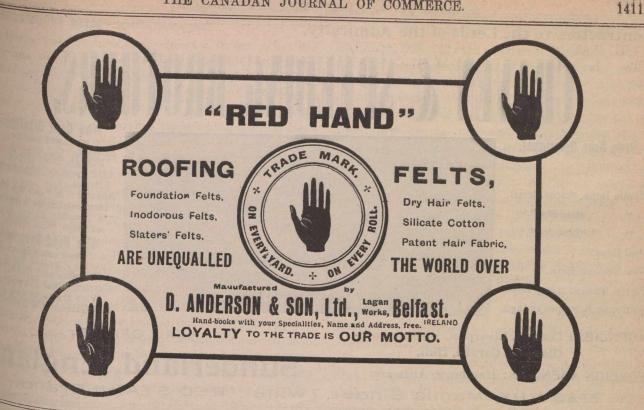
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leading Scottish papers point to some difficulties likely to arise therefrom. The whole system is likely to suffer Some disorganization. The Edinburgh Scotsman points out that the fees which students pay are only a small Part of the cost of educating them, the remainder being ^{supplied} by endowments, and that, if Mr. Carnegie's Project were to bring an increase of students, the universities would be compelled to appeal to the public for further funds. the country will soon be asked, the Scotsman contends, Then, if university education is free, to make secondary education free also. it asserts that "acceptance of the offer demands the most ^{careful} consideration, although it is an offer which Scotand cannot afford to decline without the best of good masons."—The Scottish papers, owing to the administration difficulties in the way, are for the present, rather ^{looking} the gift horse in the mouth, while the English Press is inclined to cavil at the method of Mr. Carnegie's annot leave Scotch education as it was before. Cam-The Times says that "this splendid gift ridge has not been lucky enough to be associated by bigh or otherwise with a trans-Atlantic millionaire, but hohody south of the Tweed will envy the Scotch uni-Versities, if we can only be sure that Mr. Carnegie's gen-Tons donation will be well applied and administered in the best interests of education. Splendid as the prom-^{sed} gift may appear, it ought not to be allowed to pau-Perize the whole system of university education in Scotand, where the sturdy spirit of independence has been mong the moral and intellectual characteristics of the The fees paid to the four universities annual-Y are nearly \$250,000, and the income from the gift will full will fully equal this. tendance in future. There is likely to be a larger at-

INDEBTEDNESS OF THE NATIONS.

The U.S. correspondent of the Economist furnishes the following summary of the public indebtedness of all nations in advance of the next report of the Bureau of the Statistics of the next report of the Bureau of the statistics: "One of the features is the reduction of the debt to a debt to debt to common terms, by adding the floating debt to

the funded debt and ascertaining the exact rate of interest. The national debts of the world, according to data brought together, aggregated more than thirty thousand millions of dollars (\$30,000,000,000), at the close of the 19th century. In 1793, at the beginning of the Napoleonic wars, these debts, according to the best information obtainable, were about \$2,500,000,000. The following table represents the figures for different dates:

INDEBTEDNESS OF THE NATIONS.

1900	 		 	 		\$31,201,759,000
1882					 	26,249,901,000
1070			 	 	 	26,249,901,000
1012	 • • • •		 	 	 	22,410,232,500
1862	 		 	 		13,382,875,000
1848	 	6.19				8,419,045,000
1820			 	 	 	8,419,045,000
TONO	 		 	 	 	7,299,750,000
1793	 		 	 	 	2,433,250,000
						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

It is stated that the question whether national wealth. has increased as rapidly as national indebtedness is difficult to determine, since official estimates of national wealth were made at the beginning of the century in the case of only a few nations. The wealth of the United Kingdom, France, Spain, and the United States in 1800 is estimated at \$20,244,640,000, while Mulhall in 1895 estimated their wealth at \$195,759,829,000, or practically ten times that at the beginning of the century. The debts of these four nations in 1793 aggregated but \$1,-630,279,000, and in 1900 were \$11,764,000,000; or seven times as much as in 1793. This indicates that in the case of the four nations whose wealth in 1800 can be measured, the wealth figures for 1900 are tenfold those of 1800, and the debt figures sevenfold those at the beginning of the century.

The heavy growth in indebtedness is declared by the foregoing report 'to be chiefly the result of wars, standing armies, and works of public utility.' To this may be added a tendency in many cases to create an annual deficit by expenditures exceeding revenues made in deference to popular demand, which deficits ultimately take the form of funded or bonded indebtedness. But the bulk of the enormous debt which has been accumulated by the nations in the century is from war and war preparations and the construction of public works, such as railways, canals, harbours, and the improvement of

Contractors to the Lords of the Admiralty.

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waterways. Of the railways of the world, whose total cost has been estimated at thirty billion dollars, about one-third are owned by national Governments, indicating that approximately one-third of the increase in indebtedness has been applied to works of this character; but the fact that great wars have compelled the nations engaged in them to instantly make enormous additions to their funded indebtedness identifies this as the principal factor in the great increase in national indebtedness which has characterised the history of national finances in the nineteenth century."

RESUMPTION OF SOUTH AFRICAN MINING.

The resumption of mining operations in the Rand district of South Africa on the 4th inst., marks more effectually than anything else could do the close of the Boer war. It is expected that gradually other mills will be set to work, and that the production of gcld will steadily increase. It is not to be forgotten, however, as a contemporary observes, that "most of the plant and machinery throughout the district has been lying idle for more than eighteen months, and that, although the majority of the mines escaped serious injury at the hands of the Boers, they have necessarily suffered more or less damage during the long interval, notwithstanding an expenditure estimated at a round million sterling in pamping operations and care-taking since the war commenced. Besides the difficulty of obtaining the necessary labour supplies, therefore, there can be no doubt that substantial sums will have to be provided by the companies for effecting the necessary repairs and restorations to bring the properties once more into the condition of effective working in which they existed a couple of years ago.

What this expenditure will actually amount to, and the means which the companies have at their disposed for meeting it, cannot at present be accurately gauged, with regard to the future incidence of taxation in the Transvaal and its relation to the total cost of gold proauction, all we know, so far, is that until the whole subject can be dealt with upon a permanent footing, the imposts of the erstwhile Transvaal Government are 10 In the meantime the representatives be continued. the mining industry are naturally to the fore in claim ing very tender treatment from the new tiscal author ties, not only because of the heaviness of their burden already but because of the beneficent influence which would be exercised upon the development of the mineral resources of the country by the imposition of compartively light taxation. At the function already allude to, for instance, Mr. Albu said: "The industry would expand to such proportions as would make its presult dimensions insignificant. An important improvement in the economic conditions would take place, and he trusted that the question of taxation would be dealt with on the basis that the induct basis that the industry was a magnificent security for the ultimate return of the capital sum involved, and that the greatest moville and the sum involved. that the greatest possible leniency in the matter taxation would be shown at this juncture, in order to enable the industry and the people to recover from the heavy strain entailed by the war.'

Statements of this kind, intended to show that the new administration is expected from the outset, as Albu shid, 'to usher in a general amelioration of minite conditions,' and to not conditions,' and to postpone anything like normal take tion for an indefinite period, must be taken with certain amount of reserve, as it caunot be expected hit the mining companies will be at all anxious to show he



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returns which would invite taxation based upon the profits earned. It may, indeed, be taken for granted that for some time to come the working and other easts of the Rand mining companies will not be lower than they were under the old regime, but will in all probability, be a good deal higher, though ultimately no doubt the advantages of stable and honest fiscal administration will be manifested in the condition of the industry generally. It is also t be borne in mind that a considerable amount of new capital will have to be provided by the less advanced of the outcrop companies for development and other purposes apart altogether from the absolute necessities of the deep-ievel properties, before they can be brought into a position to vield returns of gold and profits. These are reasons why market operators should not jump to the conclusion that because a few of the Rand mines are about to resume work, more or less partially, there must be a sharp advance in share values. Since the restarting of the Meyer and Charlton battery prices have given way to a moderate extent, owing to the all-pervading influence of the American railroad gamble in its breakdown stage; but even now the level is little, if at all, lower than before the commencement of the South African War; in some instances it is considerably higher, and it is obvious that the aim of those in control of the market for Rand shares will be to maintain quotations, so that the additional capital required by so many of the companies may be raised upon as favourable terms as possible. The fact remains, however, that before the industry can again be placed upon a normal working basis, these new capital demands will have to be met, and this circumstance is calculated to impose a distinct check upon any sustained or pronounced increase in market valuations, apart altogether from any questions affecting taxation, working costs, and other

factors in the progress of the mining industry. From another point of view the reopening of the Rand mines will be regarded with a considerable amount of interest: that is, with reference to the influence of the renewed production of gold in South Africa upon the money market. The resumption of operations throughout the district will add enormously to the supply of the precious metal and help to dissipate the semi- scarcity in the gold supplies which has been experienced since the Rand yields ceased. In this connection also there is, however, a qualifying consideration, viz., that, as has already been remarked, owing to the large amount of new capital required for exploration, development, and other purposes in the early stages of restored activity, the mines will absorb a large portion, perhaps the whole, output of gold. cumstances, the further capital requirements of the industry as a whole will act as a substantial offset to the supply of gold for some time to come. While, therefore, the resumption of milling operations in the Rand district is naturally a matter for congratulation among those who are interested in the industry, directly and indirectly, it would be very rash to assume that the status quo ante the war has been, or is about to be in the near future, re-established under greatly ameliorated condi-The most that can be hoped for is a gradual retum to prosperity, and an ultimate improvement upon

Before leaving the subject of Rand mining a brief reference may be permitted to the charges made against some of the leading South African financiers by Mr.

THE CANADAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Markham, first in the House of Commons, and subquently to the constituents of the honourable member, As these charges are, it is to be presumed, to be fought out in the Courts, it would be obviously improper to make them the subject of comment on our part. At the same time there can be no harm in pointing out that the laws of the Transvaal Republic did undoubtedly lend themselves to certain grave abuses in company-promotion and other matters. We by no means wish to suggest that these abuses were participated in by the parties against whom Mr. Markham's charges have been levelled; but one may be permitted to express the hope that, the administration of the Transvaal having passed into British hands, a higher standard of company law and commercial morality will be introduced and absolutely insisted upon, where bribery and all kinds of corruption was formerly so much in evidence. change from the venal and rapacious Boer administration to the honest and equitable treatment of the industry will obviously be of great advantage to it, but it is by no means so cerain that the change will suit the purposes of those who are more concerned in market fluctuations than in profits and dividends."

NOVELTY IN STEAM ENGINES.

The application of steam to turbine wheels, and of electricity to all kinds of motors, are likely to find a competitor in a new invention in steam engines described in a St. Louis paper. The inventor is an Iowan named Kess-He claims that a locomotive equipped with his ler. engine can carny a passenger train 2,000 miles with the consumption of only one barrel of crude petroleum and two barrels of water. To make the run from New York to San Francisco would, he says, require only two barrela of oil and a barrel and a half of water. He savs his invention will reduce the weight of locomotives and automobiles by making it possible to provide them with engines which will occupy only one-third of the space taken up by those now in use, and that it will supplant windmills as pumping agents and increase the speed of submarine boats one-third.

The central idea of the Kessler invention is the recondensation of the steam automatically, so that the water in the boiler may be used over and over again. Operating in this boiler is a long hollow piston, lacking about one thirty-second of an inch of fitting to the sides of the boiler. thus leaving room for a steam cushion all the way around it, and also making it possible for the condensed steam to run down the sides. A rod connected with this piston passes up through the centre of another piston, which operates in a vacuum cylinder above the boiler, and is geared direct to the fly-wheels. The upper piston fits absolutely air-tight in the vacuum cylinder, and is feared to the shaft in the usual crank manner. As the steam piston is forced upward it pushes the upper piston up, leaving a vacuum, which draws it back again, thus giving, in addition to the steam power of from 45 to 60 pounds pressure, the additional 15 pounds pressure of atmosphere.

One of the great advantages claimed for the invention is that, in view of the fact that these two pistons are connected directly to the machinery, and there being a great difference in the length of their stroke, the new engine dispenses entirely with the "dead centre" principle of all other engines, as one of the pistons be-

gins work before the other ceases. Surrounding the vacuum cylinder is a jacket containing water, and which prevents the heat from the friction of the air-tight piston from expanding the metal and wasting any power. It also operates to keep the upper end of the boiler cool and assists in the condensation of the steam, which trickles down to the lower end of the boiler, where it immediately becomes steam again, and is used indefinitely. There is no vent, exhaust or escape to the engine. No steam is wasted and only a small quantity of water is used to furnish steam, for the reason that it is condensed and used again.

GENERAL HOSPITAL STATISTICS.

A step in the right direction is being taken by the committee of management of the General Hospital of Montreal. At the annual meeting of the Governors on Wednesday last, Mr. James Crathern in the chair, it was decided that on and afer June 1 outdoor patients shall bt charged for medicine, ten cents for first prescription, including the bottle, and five cents for each refilling. There was a constnsus of opinion also that a scale of charges should be established for dressings. In the event of any patient claiming inability to pay, no charge will be made, but a record will be kept of such cases, and referred to the general secretary of the Charity Organization Society, to report thereon. Four hopitals in New York charge ten cents each time, including bottles; two charge ten and five, and one fifteen and five cents; St. Mark's Hospital alone makes no charge. This will tend to lessen deficit of \$8,286 for the year. The income was \$75,994. There is now a debit balance of \$25,000 against permanent account. Of the 3,178 indoor patients during the year, 2,823 were treated to a conclusion; 2,573 were discharged, and 250, or 8.85 per cent., died. Excluding 105 who died within three days of admission, the death rate was 5.13 per cent. The average number patients in the wards was 178, and their average stay 22.3 days. The average cost per day per patient was 31.37. Of the 2,823 treated to a conclusion, 1,783 were males and 1,085 females; 1,360 were Protestant, 1,250 Catholics; other religions, 213. In the outdoor department there were 41,606 consultations; medical, 12,431; surgical, 14,378; eye and ear, 6,099; gynaecological, 1,495; nose and throat, 3,068; dermatological, 1,861; dental, 144; emergency, 2,130 The endowment fund rose in the last quarter from \$16,000 to \$25,000. Legacies for the year amounted to \$1,500; special donation, \$1,000.

OFFENSIVE OR DEFENSIVE.

Among the more enterprising of our citizens, whose aim is to help build the city while building their fortunes, are those who have recently returned to Montreal from such financial centres as San Francisco, Los Angeles, Chicago and other western points, as witnessed by the recent erection of stores on St. Catherine street west. One of the principal cities of the Eastern Townships has lately been the seat of similar ambition, but owing to plans that do not always carry, there is likely to be food for professional minds before the property begins to make returns. In this case the plumber, whose thoughts are always "on the mend." when not on the break, is, it appears, both the aggrieving and the aggrieved. This class of tradesman, while not known to use other than the most approved methods of enlarging his purse, is, nevertheless, credited with possession of the necessary keenness in "holding his own" not always the lot of the man who plies his trade not below but only on the surface. In this case the part the plumber played in the building did not prove capable of a mid-winter temperature above 45 degrees, a limit net altogether distressing on the outside of a dwelling but somewhat inconvenient within. The plumber may not have been at fault here, but as he is always believed by

everybody to be always at fault, he was blamed, and be-As a final resort he being blamed was not being paid. took himself to the building "when the clock was striking late" and with the requisite caravans, carried away to a place of safety some 5,000 feet of pipe. Meantime none of the parties to the deal are making money out of it; the returned Western capitalist deems the situation anything but gratifying and sees visions of pleasanter scenes abroad. while the anxious plumber is burdened with a load some what heavier than the average man allows on his mind.

NEW BANK PREMISES.

The Molsons Bank has purchased from the Tiffin Bros. es tate the large cut-stone warehouse lot, corner of St. Paul street and Jacques Cartier Square, Montreal, immediately above the Richelieu boat wharf landing, and will, soon as the place is prepared, open a branch of the bank in that With the constantly increasing market trade, locality. of recent years assuming, in many cases, wholesale proportions, together with growing needs from navigation sources, the Bank expects to do a successful business in mediately.

FORCED INTO BUSINESS.

We hear almost daily of "cases" where men have been forced out of business, but we feel free to quote history as proof that it has remained for the 20th century to reveal a "case" of where a man has been forced in. While "spir" its" are not-except to a trusting few-supposed to acet rately disclose financial affairs, extremes in recent trans actions within the "Saintly Isle" show that "tappings" are occasionally resorted to by some outside the favored circle. Some 60 cases of Scotch distilling have been of late seeking a congenial spot, without the necessary sign over the door denoting the aim of the man supposed to be inside. The ears, even of the man whose duty it is to keep "spirits" from free or forced flight, were found to be sufficiently trained to such "tappings" with the result that the price for doing a straight business on the ground floor was next proffered. But even "spirits" are not free from trouble, as the latest chapter discloses. position of the Chairman of the Licensed Victuallers, As is as he sociation is not always a sinecure, transnot likely to look with favor on any gressions of the laws which, as we all know, cannot exist without payment of taxes, etc. People who cannot get money for services rendered, are occasionally inclined to take goods, which goods must be marketed somehow of somewhere to keep the ball rolling.

COMPARATIVE CENSUS FIGURES.

The census returns for England and Wales, according to latest advices, are practically complete, and show a total population for the two counts population for the two countries of 32,525,716. This is an increase of 2,500 tot increase of 3,523,191 over the population of 1891, a $g_{1,191}^{ain ol}$ 12.15 per cent. during the ten years. The census of 1891, a gain showed an increase in the ten years. showed an increase in the ten years from 1881 of 11.65 per cent, for the same districts. Much interest attaches to the returns from the agricultural districts. Forty-eight com ties show decided gains. These include the cities and manufacturing towns while the manufacturing towns, while fourteen counties, mostly confined to agricultural interest fined to agricultural interests, show decreases. The figures lation of the United Kingdom, taken at the last census in 1891, was 38,104,975. This taken 1891, was 38,104,975. This total was divided as follows, exclusive of the Channel Islands and the army and national;-Total.

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AMOS COWEN,

BUILDER & CONTRACTOR. 294 Peel Street, MONTREAL, Que.

The progress of the population in Great Britain and Ireland during the last fifty years is shown by the following

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1851 ... 27,745,942 1871 The estimated population of the United Kingdom and its colonies at the present time is 388,000,000. The follow-

ing table shows the population of the great powers at home and abroad from the latest census and estimated

United Kingdom	Colonial.	Home.	Total.
France	.347,000,000	41,000,000	388,000,000
Germann.	. 55,000,000	39,000,000	95,000,000
mussia	. 15,000,000	, 56,000,000	71,000,000
Austria	3,000,000	130,000,000	133,000,000
United States.	. 2,000,000	47,000,000	47,000,000
States	10,000,000	76,000,000	86,000,000

RECENT FIRES.

Winnipeg, Man., May 20.—Lake of the Woods Milling Co.'s elevator at Indian Head, burned, with about 23,000 bushes bushels wheat; insured.—Mountain Grove, Ont., 19.—Saw mill and 40,000 feet lumber, belonging to Geo. Mills & Son, doct Son, destroyed. Cause, spark from locomotive.—St. John, N.B. 20 N.B., 20.—Fire at Spur Cove burned six wooden dwellings occupied by eight families. Total loss about \$9,000; partial insurance.—Kingston, 19.—A disastrous fire is reported from the Village of Bath, eighteen miles west. The blaze was discovered in the rear of the Bay View Hotel,



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Patent Plough Steel Rope Wire. Patent Mild Plough Steel Rope Wire, Patent Steel Rope Wire, Galvanised Hawser Wire to Lloyds' Tests, Galvanised Hawser wire to hopen aled Wire. Bright and Annealed Core Wire, Galvanised Mild Steel Rigging Wire, Soft Steel Screw Wire, Tinned Mattress Wire. SOWERBY BRIDGE,

ENGLAND,

ALSO AT

DARLINGTON.

owned by Norman Rightley. The entire building, with all its contents, was destroyed. The fire spread to Mack Robinson's residence and wrought equally disastrous havoc. Mott's general store, with its new spring and summer stock, and a harness shop connected therewith, were both detroyed. None of the contents were removed. The hotel was insured for only \$600. Mott and Robinson carried only small insurance .- Winnipeg, 18 .- Buildings occupied by E. Tapper, merchant. and Wm. O'Meara, restaurant keeper, respectievly, were consumed. The Dominion Bank branch premises and the Mansion House, adjoining were slightly damaged .- Port Colborne. Ont., 18 .- Hogan & Macdonald's compressor house destroyed. Origin un-Loss about \$2,000.-Sydney, C.B., 18.-McDonald known. & Hanrahan's general store gutted by fire. Loss, \$1,400; insurance, \$500 .- Doon, Ont., 18 .- Cluthe & Co.'s large shoddy mill destroyed. The fire started in the basement of the mill. All the machinery was destroyed. Loss about \$10,000; no insurance. Cause of fire not known.

R

-A branch of the bank of Montreal will be opened at Glace Bay, N.S.

-About \$10,000 is being spent on improvements in the St. Nicholas Hotel, Hamilton, in future to be known as the Osborne House.

-Paris advices state that France will, in all probability, grant a subsidy to the proposed direct steamship line between that country and Canada. This subsidy will be similar to the one voted by the Canadian Parliament. -- --

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-It is rumored at North Sydney, N.S., that the Anglo-American syndicate has taken up the option on the Nova Scotia Steel Company and the properties have passed into its hands. The deal is reported to have been closed on the 21st instant.

-We learn from Mr. W. B. Torrance, Chief Superintendent, and acting general manager of the Royal Bank of Canada during the absence of Mr. Pease in British Columbia, that the name of the town previously known as Kingston, Kent County, N.B., has been changed to Rexton, N.B.

-The Toronto Milkmen's Company, Limited, has been incorporated, with a share capital of \$125,000. The company has been negotiating with the city milk dealers and claim to have secured control of eight hundred cans of milk per day. Among the provisional directors is the Hon. Clarke Wallace.

-The section of the Canadian Northern railway between Winnipeg and Port Arthur will, it is stated, be completed in time to permit the Canadian Northern to participate in bringing the wheat crop from Manitoba and the North-west



B Special estimates to Canadians under the New Tariff.

to Lake Superior. The entire line from Lake Superior to the Red River is now under contract.

-A 10-storey departmental store will be erected by R. H. Macy & Co., New York, work having been commenced. It necessitates the destruction of thirty-two buildings, including a Broadway hotel. The structure will have a frontage of 160 feet on Broadway, 264 feet on Thirty-fifth street and 357 feet on Thirty-fourth street.

-Mr. Neil McLean, for the past sixteen years manager of the Brockville, Ont., branch of the Bank of Montreal, has resigned, and will removed to Belleville and live retired. Mr. McLean has been in the service of the bank for forty-four years. He will be succeeded by R. W. Travers, of Almonte, formerly of Brockville.

-The Ontario San Jose scale inspector reports that the apple and peach trees in the Niagara peninsula have a light bloom, no doubt owing to the heavy crop last year. In the case of plums, pears, cherries and strawberries, the crop promises to be exceptionally heavy, at least so far as can be judged from the blossoms.

-The central government has purchased the historical Plains of Abraham at Quebec from the Ursuline Nuns for \$80,000. The community had owned it for 200 years. It was leased to the Government in 1803 for 99 years. Some local parties had valued the property at a much higher figure. What is known as the Marchmont property, adjoining, had possibly some weight in the matter.

-The convenient adaptation of liquid air to blasting purposes is the subject of careful study in Germany. Experiments made in the new Simplon tunnel-about 12 miles in length-resulted in failure, not because the explosion was not effective, but because the cartridges had to be used within a few minutes after being taken out of the liquid, as they very soon lost their power. The cartridges consisted of wrappers filled with paraffin and charcoal soaked with the liquid air. When placed in the shot holes they were detonated with gun-cotton primers.

-Interesting statistics have just been issued by the German postal authorities. The German craze for sending illustrated postal cards showing views of cities and landscapes is well known. To what extent this custom has grown may be gathered from the fact that during one single week no less than 10,128,569 such cards were sent through the German mail. These 10,000,000 cards, a Ger man contemporary says, would, if piled up, form a column 11,468 feet high. Their weight exceeds 36 tons. Postals from Baden-Baden are largely of playing-card patternsas souvenirs of the bygone gaming days.

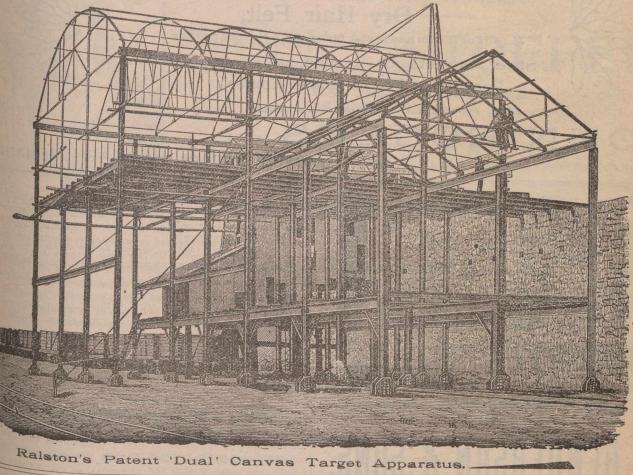
-A meeting of the creditors of John Calder & Co., Ham ilton, whose assignment we referred to in a previous issue was held on the 21st instant. The liabilities were stated to be \$185,000, and \$250,000 indirect liabilities due the banks on customers' paper. The assets were placed at \$178,000. There were some 200 creditors, fifty of them being old court try houses. The following inspectors were appointed: Messrs. D. B. Dewar, Bank of Commerce; T. B. Phepoe. Molsons Bank; W. D. Long, George Pattison, Preston; Geo Kerr, Toronto. The establishment will be carried on for a time and will be liquidated under the advice of the in spectors.

-The Dominion Government have decided to extend the policy of the Ontario Cabinet, requiring the manufacture in the Province of pine and other timber cut on Crown lands to Indian reserves and Indian lands. This will tend to enhance for the Indians the value of the reserves and Indian lands held in trust by the Government, and create occupations by which the Indians may add to their means of living. An order in Council has been passed establishing the necessary regulations, which provide that every license or permit to cut pine on Indian lands or reserves issued on or after 30th April, ult., shall contain and be subject to the manufacturing clause.

-Ottawa advices state that Mr. L. V. Labelle, of St Jacques, Quebec, has been authorized by the Minister of Agriculture to present Agriculture to prepare for shipment to Antwerp several cases of tobacco in the various conditions in which it is sold by the farmers here. The intention is to learn whe ther such tobacco grown in the province of Quebec is suit able for the European able for the European market; what alterations, if any in the mode or growing and packing will be required that suit the preferences of these foreign markets; also what types of tobacco grown in the types of tobacco grown in the province of Quebec will be the most acceptable on there the most acceptable on these markets. Mr. Labelle, more over, has been authorized to resume for this year his work of illustrating and incertion is of illustrating and investigating the growing, curing and sweating of tobacco

Recent advices from Toronto are to the effect that an other big consolidation in the agricultural implement trade

SMATTHE & CO. Saracen Street, - - GLASGOW, Scotland JB. MANUFACTURERS OF COLLIERY BUILDINGS, BRIDGES, PIERS, STEEL ROOFS, Iron and Steel Fireproof Flooring, Plate, Lattice, and Compound GIRDERS, Steel Roof Principals, Constructional Work of all kinds, Hay Sheds, Iron Fencing, Gates, Railing.



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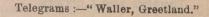
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> is under way. The Frost and Wood Company, Limited, of Smith of Smith's Falls, one of the largest implement companies in Canada, has purchased the buildings, plant and good will of the Coulthard Scott Company of Oshawa. The latter company manufactures seeding and cultivating machinery while the Frost & Wood Company has heretofore confined its output largely to harvesting machinery. A member of the latter company stated that the company would would enter into possession of their property at Oshawa on June 1 next. He believed it was their intention to largeby increase the output of machines at Oshawa and would require require a much larger force of men than heretofore. There is also ^{1s} also a prospect of a second concern being taken in. It is ^{situated} situated west of Toronto, on the line of the Grand Trunk Railway Railway, and the intention of the company is to move all to some central point.

In the matetr of "The William Drysdale Co." stationery, Montreal, the following final statement of affairs has been presented: Receipts—To cash on hand, \$46.03; collec-tions \$1 on the section of the section tions, \$1,429.40; cash sales, \$1,683.80; proceeds sale of St. Catheric ^{(atherine} street—stock, fixtures, and furniture and book debts h. debts by tender, \$900; proceeds sale of St. James street, assets stated assets at the state of the state of the street state of the street state of the street state of the st assets, stock, \$5,344.57; fixtures and furniture, \$414; total, \$5,758.67. \$5,758,57; book debts, \$700; returns: rent St. James street, \$300; book debts, \$700; returns: rent St. James street, \$371.78; ^{\$300}; book debts, \$700; returns: rent St. Jan. \$371.78; bank internal sale "On Sale" books, etc., \$371.78; bank interest on deposits, \$58.15; total, \$11,247.73. Dis-^a interest on deposits, \$58.15; total, \$11,51..., general, bursements—By merchandise, \$689.63; charges, general, \$177.84. 177.84; wages, arrears, \$561.94; wages, current, \$924; advering, \$115.73; insurance, \$40.70; Hon. A. Boyer, \$2,800, less \$83.34; total ^{\$33,34}; total, \$2,716.66; H. T. Perrault, \$1,462.50, less paid by tenants for the second state of the se liquidator, \$777.85; advisory committee, \$115; city of Mont-real, \$325. real, \$335.10; provincial revenue, \$136.40; Dandurand, Brodeur & Boyer, \$83.85; Montreal Witness, final statements, etc. etc. Store, Statements, Sta etc., etc., \$49; dividend, \$3,561; grand total, \$11,247.73.

The Postoffice Department has been advised that on and atter the Postoffice Department has been advised and so and so atter the 1st of June, 1901, no parcel which contains coin bullion if the United Kingdom if the or bullion can be sent to or via the United Kingdom if the





MANUFACTURERS OF

Cotton Main Driving Ropes

ROPE, TWINE, COTTON BANDING & COP FLY.

Onecliffe Mills, West Vale, near Halifax, England.

value exceeds £5 sterling. This prohibition will not apply, however, to coins clearly designed for purposes of ornament.-It is expected that the summer arrangements for mail service to and from Dawson and other places in the Yukon district will be resumed on or about the 20th of May, when the mails will again be open to all classes of mail matter .- On the 1st March of this year the British colony of Southern Rhodesia, Africa, and the British Protectorate of Bechuanaland, Africa, entered the postal union. This will not affect the postage rates chargeable in this country on correspondence addressed to the British possessions in question .- Money order offices have been established at Carlingford, Perth County; Cordova Mines, Peterborough County; Farquhar, Huron County, and Jamestown, Huron County. The money order office at York street, Toronto, has been

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ESTABLISHED 1827.

H. HENDERSON & SONS. Tanners and Curriers.

Makers of Leather Belting and Fire Hose.

DUDHOPE & PLEASANCE TANYARDS, DUNDEE, Scotland.

-SPECIALTIES-

Oak Bark Tanned Strap Butts.

Oak Bark Tanned Harness Leather.

Best Curried Black and Stained Harness and Trace Backs, and all Leathers for Saddlers' Purposes.

Leather Belting-Single and Double.

Mechanical Leathers of Every Description, for Foundries, Shipbuilding Yards, Jute, Cotton. Flax and Woollen Mills. Pump Leathers and Hydraulic Rings, etc., etc.

Walrus Leather in sides from $\frac{1}{2}$ " to $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick.

JUBORS' AWARD INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1862. MEDAL & HIGHEST AWARD, Jubilee International Exhibition, ADELAIDE, 1887. MEDAL & HIGHEST AWARD, Centennial Exhibition, MELBOURNE, 1888.

removed from the list. Postoffice savings banks have been opened at Atwood, Perth County; Copper Cliffe, Nipissing; Thamesford, Oxford County, and Vernon, Russell County.

-Our Belleville, Ont., correspondent writes: W. O. Matthews & Co., of Peterboro, are about starting a branch of their pork business here. They have purchased some six acres of land to the north of and adjoining the G.T.R. station, and are expecting to purchase several acres more. They intend, they state, to proceed to work at once laying out the ground and preparing for building, so as to commence manufacturing this fall. I fancy it was the proposition started here by our Mayor to get the farmers in this neighborhood to take stock in such a concern that awoke the Matthews' up to the fact that they would lose the stock raised about here unless by their extending their factory to this place they should stop another being started. However, we hope it will be a success, especially as they are asking no great concessions and no money, whereas all our

other industries wanted bonuses.-A lock factory has also been started and Mr. W. W. Chown, one of our leading merchants; and a shareholder in the concern says it is pushing its way on and he expects before many months to have over 100 men employed. - Our city fathers have about closed the long-disputed question of lighting our city by closing a contract with the Trenton Electric and Water Power Co., for five years, at a rate generally admitted to be very low, and with the privilege of extending the term for another five years. He also expects to close a favorable bargain with the same company for electric power, of which more anon.

LEGAL RECORD.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judg ments Rendered for sums of \$300 and upwards (Montreal, from \$175 and upwards), and Chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale (for sums of \$550 and upwards), as taken from the public records. It will be understood that the actions of items do not necessarily affect the credit and soundness of the persons or concerns named, as they may have been paid or otherwise settled, and that good defence may exist in case of writs, etc.

WRITS ISSUED-ONTARIO.

Digby-J. J. Lundy vs J. Commerford et al, \$1,100; Exeter -G. Rook et al vs Mary Trott, \$6,158; Gwillimbury E. Tp-A. Goodwin vs J. Graham, \$5,000; London-Bank of Most real vs S. A. and G. McDowell, \$635; Otonabee Tp.-Peter boro Protestant Poor Trust vs Julia Robson, \$1,149; d ronto-R. Evans vs Consolidated Pulp & Paper Co., et al. \$1,317; J. J. Foy et al vs Ellen S. Macdonald, admrx, \$4, 288; D. Taylor vs People's Coal Co., Ltd., \$5,000; Whychwood -C. Tackaberry vs J. and Elizth. Christie, \$753; -L. Booth et al exrs vs Ottawa Independent Ice Co., Ltd., \$697; Hamilton-J. J. Scott vs M. Lowery, \$681; Havelock -H. T. Strickland et al vs J. and Elizth. Henry, \$880; Kin burn-Grace L. Cochrane vs J. de B. Fraser and L. La rocque, Ottawa, \$730; Ottawa-W. Mann vs C. L. Meyer, \$1,152; Toronto-J. A. Brirely vs Bell Telephone Co., \$2,000; P. Ryan vs J. J. MacIntyre, \$6,009; Vancouver, B.C.-G. Gooderham vs W. T. and M. Newman, \$1,505; Winnipeg E. J. Foster et al vs E. C. Egan et al, \$877.

WRITS ISSUED-BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Somenos—G. G. Macneal, \$636; Vancouver—A. Gerster, \$473.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED—ONTARIO.

Addington-Standard Bank agt Addington Horse Asan Ltd., \$725; Brussels-W. Govenlock vs D. McLauchlin, \$402: Woodstock-Imperial Bank of Canada agt F. C. and W. H. Martin, \$524; Arnprior-P. N. Thompson et al agt W. Major et al, \$1,447; Etobicoke Tp.—Farmers' L. & S. Co. agt G. W. and W. P. Atkinson, \$3,372; Fairbank-O'Keefe Brewing Co. agt Margt. and J. Macfarlane, \$1,104; Ham ilton-City of Hamilton agt W. Hughes, \$682; National

Willis



Charlottetown-P. Curley, \$866.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED-MANITOBA & N.W.T.

Miami-J. W. Umphrey, \$1,584. Winnipeg-J. McVicar, \$1,973.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED-NEW BRUNSWICK.

Fredericton-W. T. H. Fenety, \$403.

EXECUTIONS-QUEBEC.

Montreal-J. F. Gravel agt C. H. Cholette, \$539; Valleyfield-N. Rheaume agt T. F. G. Foisy, \$6,457; Varennes-De. Lucie Trudeau agt L. Choquette et al, \$705; F. Tremblay agt S. A. Adler, \$448; J. St. G. Dillon et al agt Atlantic and Lake Superior Ry. Co., \$1,840.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-ONTARIO.

Fort William-J. Tonkin to G. S. Beck, \$1,136; Hamilton -H. Hogben to Grant Spring Brewery Co., \$3,000; Hoepfner Refining Co., Ltd., et al to W. W. Osborne, \$10,000; J. White to P. Ronan, \$2,116; Toronto-P. J. Haffey to T. B. Taylor, \$7,693; Mary B. Houghton to Toronto Brewing & Malting Co., \$1,826; Walkerton-P. Cummins to Randall & Roos, \$1,590; Barton Tp.-D. Cotter and wife to D. Sullivan, \$1,000; Fort William-R. Guerard, \$2,000; J. Tonkin, \$1,136; Guelph-D. J. Kennedy to Mary A. Hall, \$1,945; Hamilton-H. Hogben to H. B. Witton, \$1,000; G. Washington and wife to J. Gompf, \$3,350; M. Washington and J. J. O'Brien to J. Gompf, \$2,500; M. Washington et al to Mary O'Brien, \$1,000; Niagara Falls-R. McGarr to Taylor & Bate, \$1,800; Peterborough-Cathe. and Rose Rountree to T. Rountree, \$1,020; Port Arthur-W. G. and Ida L. John-

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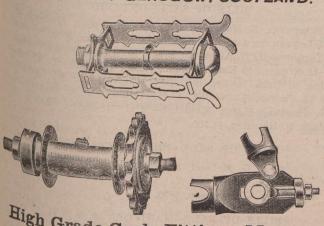
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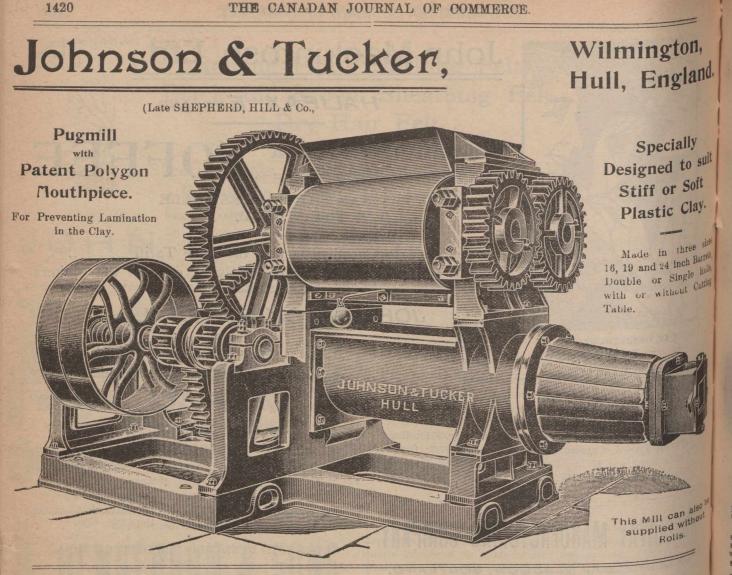


High Grade Cycle Fittings, Motors and General Engineering.

TYNE IRON SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED, Steel and Iron Shipbuilders and Repairers.



ENGLAND



son to D. F. Burk, \$1,700; Rat Portage-E. G. Hall, \$8,-190; Toronto-Ida R. Alexander to R. Bayley, \$1,062; J. Hunter to J. Mandleberg & Co., \$1,500.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-MANITOBA & N.W.T.

Calgary-C. T. Gilbert, \$800; Sintaluta-T. Blenkin, jr., \$600; Birtle-B. Fenwick, \$851.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Nelson - S. Johns, \$2,000; Chapleau Gold Mining Co., \$38,000.

New Westminster-C. E. Hoard, \$900; Vancouver-Largen & Tupper, \$620; G. W. Weeks, \$3,500; R. A. Anderson, \$1,000; Victoria-A. W. More, \$9,000.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-NOVA SCOTIA.

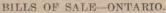
Dartmouth-J. A. Hunt, \$675.

PERSONAL .- Mr. Wm. Molson Macpherson, president of the Molsons Bank, who has just returned from a trip abroad, found time to visit some of the great shipyards in the United Kingdom during his trip. He learnt that certain large steel castings for modern steamers of Belfast make are now supplied by the Carnegies, Pittsburg and others by the Krupp foundry in Germany .- Mr. Geo. Hague, joint general manager of the Merchants Bank of Canada, has returned from a sojourn in the old lands, including Asia (the Holy Land), and Northern Africa. Mr. Hague found the scenes of his youth in England almost unrecognizable. The six-miles rural walk from Sheffield to Rotherhide is now a continuous, built up street. He says the Mother Country is forging ahead, and yielding not a jot to her modern rivals in trade and commerce.

Stirlingshire, Scotland, paid a hurried visit to Montreal yesterday on his return from the Great North West, Washington (Tacoma), British Columbia, Manitoba, Ontario, and part of the Province of Quebec. He sails from Boston to-day.

BUSINESS DIFFICULTIES.

-The Berlin Furniture Company, a recently organized concern at Berlin, Ont., has been compelled to assign. A meeting of creditors was held on the 18th instant, when the firm's offer to compromise at 331/2 cents on the dollar was declined, Creditors would have accepted 50c in the dollar. The company's liabilities are about \$48,000, and Made and Guaranteed by assets about \$51,000. The largest unsecured creditor is Mr. Gies, whose claim is between \$1,800 and \$1,900. This



Sidney-G. K. Mabey et al to A. Little, \$600; Lindsay-J. McLennan, as assignee, to Mary A. Robinson, \$669.

Toronto-M. B. Alison to Alison & Alison, \$1,800; Acton -D. Kopman to Kate Kopman, \$1,000; Durham-J. A. Dar ling to Eliza M. Darling, \$886; Elmvale-J. A. Gadd to F. C. & W. C. Wallis, \$1,150; Hamilton-L. Daniels to H. Hogben, \$6,000; Kingston-Mrs. Jeanette Baker to Mary E. Hemsley, \$1,500.

BILLS OF SALE-BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Nelson-R. G. McLeod, \$1,000; Vancouver-B. Wehrfritz \$2,000.

Vancouver-J. Swanson, \$800.

BILLS OF SALE-MANITOBA & N.W.T. Okotoks-C. M. Dolmage, \$3,500.

> Padre Needles 10 Cents. ARSITY, 5 Cents. The Best____

> > that money, skill, and nearly half a century's experience can produce.

CIGARS

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S. DAVIS & SONS,



PATEMIELE

to suit Soft Clay.

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Instantian in the province, and had only been in the province. oten in operation about seven months. The failure is attributed to insufficient capital, considering the heavy outlay incurred. Finances must have been down to a pretty low ebb of late from the the fact of the firm drawing on a Montreal house for \$23 in order to rethe a previously accepted draft for that slight amount. The business, it is thought, will be wound up.

Ex racts from Letters Received.

"Shall be pleased to show the 20 b, h. p. Oil Engine to any of your clients, and can thoroughly recommend it."

have every pleasure in stating that the 4 b. h. p. Oil Engine you sup-d ma with far Electric-lighting purplees and for Pum, ing 's giving station. It is doing its work most efficiently."

"You will be glad to know that the S-Brake Oil Engine which I got some time, ago is giving me entire satisfaction. It is running very sithout the slightest waver in the light. It is very easily started. I should say your Engines are as near perfection as possible."

John Young, doing business as J. G. H. Young & Co., Montreal, has assigned. The principal creditors are: Paton Manufacturing Company, \$4,285; R. C. Manufacturing Company, \$4,285 R. C. Mentgonierie, \$,848; Bank of Torona. Toronto, partly secured, \$4,450; Geo. H. Young, salary, \$2,500; Fielding & Johnston, Balary, \$2,500; Hamilton Johnston, England, \$926; Hamilton Cotton Company, \$1,042; G. V. Mether-Well, \$200, Dany, \$1,042; G. V. Metherwell, \$300; D. W. Hibbard, \$820; Wm. Moore Company, Bradford, England, ^{\$225}; city taxes, \$204.—Charles C. Coraeille, trader, Montreal, has assigned. The minimum Synod of The principal creditors are: Synod of Giocometers (1990) (diocese of Montreal, mortgage, \$3,000; Masson Masson estate, mortgage, \$8,000; Mc-Allastar Allaster estate, mortgage, \$2,000; Nor-thern r: thern Life Insurance Company, \$950; Sunlicht Sunlight Gas syndicate, \$2,000; Onta-tio Paul r₀ Bank, \$1,400; Miss Dempster, mort-^{age, \$1,000}; Miss Dempson, \$350; ^{lejano}, \$1,000; Santell, estate, \$350; Melancon estate, mortgage, \$4,000; St. James the Apostle church, \$200; City of Montreal and Town of Westmount, laxes and Town of Westmount, \$1,075; Bank of Out, Molsons Bank, \$1,075; Bank of Ottawa, \$550; Imperial Bank. ^{3500;} Ontario Bank, notes partly se-cured station of the state of the second state ^{cured}, \$1,533, and P. H. Dufresne, \$500.

FINANCIAL.

Montreal, Thursday, 23rd May, 1901.

The comments on the April bank statement on an earlier page will be found interesting to financiers, more especially to bank shareholders. It is quite evident that there is a supply of money held by the banks more than ample for their present needs, or probable ones for some time to come. In view of this, which is a new aspect of the question, it is open to question whether the establishment of a Canadian Mint is not a mistake. It will cost \$75,000 a year, or more, a vote has been passed for that sum and votes are always exceeded. To carry on this concern there will be \$94,000 of revenue utilised every year, which has been received from the manufacture of our silver and copper coins. This will not make the Mint "self-supporting," as the Finance Minister claimed, for the money for its support will be diverted for this purpose from the general revenue of the country. The Mint will be out of work most of the year, probably nine months out of twelve, though it is more likely to have an annual rest of a longer term after there has been sufficient gold coined to replace the stock on hand of British and American. As the Canadian sovereign will contain \$5 in gold its use in Great Britain, the States, and Europe is certain to entail a loss to travellers of the difference between the exchange value of the Brit-

SHIPLEY, YORKS,

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LIMITED.

R. CUNDALL& SONS LTD MAKERS SHIPLEY

ENGLAND.

ish sovereign, say, about \$4.86, and the \$5 which the Canadian coin will cost. A Mint at Ottawa is likely to turn out a white elephant. What is needed is a Government Assay Office in British Columbia where also the native gold could be smelted into bullion bars, or ingots, by which its value would be established as a market commodity, and gold be put into a convenient form for export as such. The property owners decided on the 21st to reject the by-law for borrowing \$100,000 towards raising the efficiency of the fire brigade The apathy of the citizens over this is not readily explainable. The need of better fire protection is admitted, but, probably, the great mass of real estate owners have not enough confidence in the City Council to enhance their taxing power even to so slight an extent as the by-law asked for. The local stock market is very quiet, as is that of New York; lassitude follows fever. Pacific has been ranging to and fro from 103 to 1041/8 and back to 1031/2. Iron and Steel has sold at 331/2; Iron and Steel bonds, 88; Heat and Power, 95 to 953/4; Montreal St., 285 to 2851/4; Toronto St., 109 to 1091/4; Dom. Cotton, 72 to 76. Sales of bank stocks have been very limited, a few Molsons fetched 199 to 1991/2; Commerce, 1541/2; Hamilton, 217; Dominion, 2421/2; Standard, 231; Imperial, 23034; Toronto, 245; Traders', 103. The Eastern Townships Bank open a branch a few doors from this office on Monday next. Paris, exchange on London, 25f. 16c. Consols, 94 1-16.



Foreign exchange, 60 days, $9\frac{1}{4}$ to $9\frac{3}{8}$; demand, 10 to $10\frac{1}{8}$.

The folowing is a comparative table of stocks for week ending May 23rd, supplied by Chas. Meredith & Co., Stock Brokers, Montreal:—

DIORCIS, MONOICAL.	
	Average
Shares.	date
Banks. sold. Highst. Low Montreal xd 54 2543/4 254	st. 1900
Molsons 62 1991/2 199	
Quebec 34 117 116	
Miscellaneous.	
	1/2 933/4
	0 4
Mont. St. Ry3785 2861/4 284	£ 253
Do. new2273 284 279) 242
Toronto St. Ry 455 110 109	981/2
Twin City Trans.1385 77 73	51/4 63
Mont. Power Co.7257 961/2 93	1.2
Rich. & Ont. Nav. 650 117 115	1/4 107
Com. Cable 100 1831/2 183	3 164
Mont. Tele 49 169 168	
Mont. Gas 132 2371/2 234	182
Royal Electric 1 240 240	2021/4
Montreal Cot, 114 132 130	141
Dom. Cot. xd1797 761/2 68	
Can. Col. Cotton . 10 63 63	
Merchants' Cot 25 120 12	
War Eagle 500 20 20	
Republic	£ 99
Payne 4000 30 29	108
Virtue	1021/2
North Star 500 60 60	114
	3/8 40
Do. pref 5 1151/2 115	
Winnipeg Ry 20 110 110	
Dom. I. & S. com. 279 351/2 331	
Do. pfd 233 86 85	
Nat. Salt, com 100 435% 435	8
Can. Col. Cot 700 991/2 991	
Laurentide Pulp.10000 105 105	
Dom. I. & S. bds.34,000 88 871	12
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MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.

Clearings. Balances.

Total for week end-

ing May 23, 1901..18,912,969 2,524,135 Corresponding

week,	1900.	·	11,518,702	1,696,056
56	1899.		12,606,804	1,684,585
66	1898.		10,928,631	1,441,582

BRAZILIAN EXCHANGE,

For week ending May 21st, 1901.

May	15	 	12 11-16d
	16	 	121/2d
	17	 	
	18	 	121/2d
	20	 	12 9-16d
	21	 	12 11-32d

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Thursday, May 23, 1901.

For seasonable lines the weather, with the exception of a single day, has not been favorable, and consequently wholesale houses feel the effects of what would otherwise be favorable trade, assisted by the extra demand always preceding an early summer holiday. On staple lines subject only to the return of navigation there has been displayed much activity, and dealers are hopeful that such will remain for a time, as it has been brought about by conditions warranting a continuance. Butter has been moving very freely and at an advance in price. Cheese has been to some extent following in the same path, but the extremely backward state of the latter for many months appears to have placed it in such a hole that it will take both time and strong united efforts on the part of shippers to lift it up to a satisfactory notch. The real activity in the cheese producing centres has begun, and a gain in price is now "the one thing needful" for the Canadian farmer, and cheesemaker and then the shipper will look out for himself. Hardware is moving freely to interior points. Leather, beyond export movement, is extremely dull, even beyond the anticipations which knowledge of an expected dull period brings about. Groceries are steady at unchanged prices. Future salmon and molasses are selling, the latter quite freely. In oils linseed has again advanced. Glass has been marked up owing to light supplies and the firm situation in the U.S. markets. Crop prospects, so far, are very favorable. The third auction sale of Mediterranean fruit held in Montreal this week caused much less interest, partly owing to' the smaller offerings and partly to the fact that buyers have been pretty well filled up from the enormous quantities sold in previous weeks.

BUTTER. — Large and satisfactory transactions have been passing both for export and local purposes, receipts moving out quickly at an advance all round over last week's figures. Finest creamery has been selling at $18\frac{1}{2}$ c to 19c, and at the close holders are asking $19\frac{1}{2}$ c. Second grades bring $17\frac{1}{2}$ c to 18c. There is also a good demand for dairy, finest Townships being firm at 17e to $17\frac{1}{2}$ c, and Western at 14e to 15c per lb. The market appears to be well cleaned up and is showing a strong tendency, although there is a feeling throughout the trade that prices may reach the danger point, owing to the advancing season and the weather being favorable for production.

CEMENTS, FIRE BRICKS, &c. — The mysterious dulness which characterized the market since actual stock began to arrive on the wharf is still apparent. Dealers are filling orders received prior to opening of navigation, but nothing is apparent since. Pries are nominally unchanged. Arrivals for week ending May 22nd were: Belgian and German cement, 8,340 brls.; 19,000 firebricks

CHEESE.-In sympathy with the ad vance in butter, there is a steadler feeling noted here, with somewhat firm er prices ruling. Finest is quoted at 8½ to 8¾ c, and Quebec district at 8 to 8½c. Export orders are increas ing, Receipts are somewhat light for the season, being much under is year's receipts at same time. Campbellford, Ont., on the 21st, the following sales were made: 400 at 8% 225 at 8 5-16c; 235 at 8 5-16c. - Inger soll, Ont., 21.—Only 233 boxes from Burnside and Mount Elgin factorie were boarded; no sales; 81/4e was for and refused. Salesmen holding higher prices, which may be paid street after the market.—Ormstown Que., 22.—Offerings on the board war 257 tubs butter and 124 boxes chees Sales were 35 cheese at 8 7-16^c, e^{ff} 102 tubs butter at 18% c. Balance sold.—Woodstock, Ont., 22.—The cheese market was well attended, 1,064 best boarded. The bidding was brisk, and prices higher than last week. Seren sales, 719 boxes, were made, the high est price paid 8 7-16c. — Picton, 22.—16 factories boarded 985 bose 125 colored, 862 white; highest 8%c, all sold.—Napanee, Ont., 22. There were 1,178 boarded; S^{3/4}C No sales Stine No sales.—Stirling, Ont., 22.—800 bare white boarded. Sales: 200 boxes, at 9-16c; 345 at 8½c; 100 at 8 7-16c, pr ance unsold. Board adjourned one week.—Peterboro, Ont., 22.—Ab^{out} 1,900 colored 1,900 colored cheese were offered, pr first half of May make. The highest bid was 81/2e; at that price in round figures one ship figures one shipper bought S00 boxes one factory got 1-16c more to control plete the quantity the buyer wanted.

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Bever, Dorling & Co., Ltd.,

Contractors to H. M. War Offices Admiralty, India Offices, and Crown Agent for the Colonies.

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Makers of High-Class STATIONARY ENGINES for Factories, &c. AIR COMPRESSOR ENGINES A SPECIALITY.

DUPLEX PUMPS

For Boiler Feeding, General Marine Purpeses, Mines and Hydraulic Power . . ,

MPROVED TEA MACHINERY.

Queens Foundry,

REGISTERED OFFICE AND WORKS :

-

Dewsbury, England.

PATENT FRICTION OLUTCHES.

The board adjourned for two weeks.

EGG8.—Arrivals are larger and the market i harket is now liberally supplied. There is talk of 10¹/₄c as a price on ^{arge lots}, but the bulk is sold at 11c ^{be lots}, but the bulk is solu at to 111/4c. The presence of inferior quality, which appears to possess to get into and the appears to rest into a month life and ambition to get into better company, is having its effect the sale of both first and second malities, but, doutbless, city grocers will shortly keep them sufficiently apart to trade. apart to prevent injury to their trade.

FLOUR & FEED.—The demand for four for local needs is all that millers desire, consequently there is little attention being paid outside fields. Prices re being firmly held. Corn meal shows a slight advance in sympathy

with the higher price of the kernel. Feed is also subject to sufficient demand to keep stocks moving rapidly. Prices are given on another page

LEATHER & SHOES .- While this is generally acknowledged to be the dull season in leather, there appears to be a severe test of that undesirable element at present existing. Dealers anticipate no relief now before the turn of the month. Export business goes ahead as steady as in preceding weeks and prices are satisfactory. In shoes there is nothing of importance to note. The intervening holiday will take many employes and salesmen out of town for the remainder of the week.

GREEN HIDES. -- The local market shows little improvement from a steady

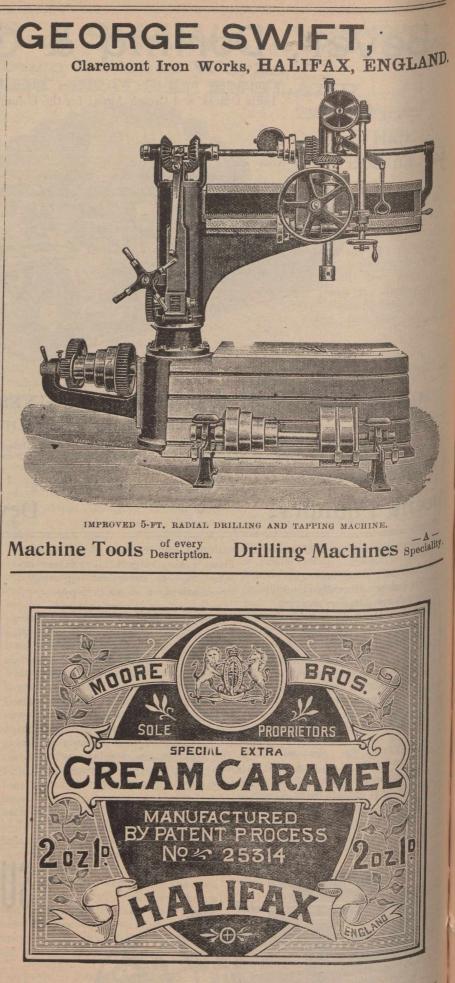
quiet tone. Prices are unchanged. Calfskins are arriving more freely. In the New York market tanners have been buying close up to supplies, and paying full prices in face of extra ar-Round lots green were rerivals. ported held firmly at outside quotations. The Chicago market for packer hides was firm with buyers paying full queted figures.

GREEN FRUITS, ETC .- The rainy or otherwise backward weather has checked the distribution of many lines which are usually sold through display. The steamship Escalona's cargo of fruit, consisting of 10,000 boxes oranges and 9,000 boxes lemons, was sold on Wednesday. There was a notable falling off in atendance and, as a consequence, the bidding was not as

	SUTCLIFFE BROS.,
SUTCLIFFE.BROS MAKERS HALIFRX	<u>Wood-Working</u> <u>Machine</u> .
	Makers
	Causeway, Halifax, Yorks,

spirited as at the previous sales, and only a small portion of the offerings will go to the States. The principal feature was the weakness in lemons, all grades selling lower than at the previous sales, with the exception of extremely fancy. The prices realized for fancy lemons shows a decline of 25c per box, and choice 30c. Messina lemons sold at \$1.45 to \$3.65 per box, and Sorrentos 80c to \$2.15. Messina oranges, Rounds, sold at 75c to \$1 per box; Ovals, \$1 to \$1.25. Catania oranges, Ovals, sold at \$1 to \$1.40; Rounds, 65c to \$1.10; Sorrento oranges old at \$1 to \$1.70 per box, and at 65c to \$1.20 per half-box. Southern fruit and vegetables are seen in abundance if not in variety. Pineapples are stacked high on the sidewalks, and Georgia tomatoes, in cases, are shown in liberal quantities, considering the price at which they are held. Strawberries sell retail at 121/2c for small boxes. Other quotations are: Winter apples, fancy, \$5 to \$5.50; Navel oranges, fancy, \$3 25 to \$3.50; bitter, in boxes, \$3 to \$3.25; Messina, boxes, \$2.25 to \$2.50; do. halfboxes, \$1.25 to \$1.75; do. ovals, halfboxes, \$1.50 to \$1.75; do. blood, half boxes, \$1.25 to \$1.50; Lemons, 300s, \$1.75 to \$3.00; Bananas, 8-hands, \$1.50 to \$1.75; No. 1, \$175 to \$2.00; extras, \$200 to \$2.25; pineapples, each, 5c to 20c; Grapes, Malagas, per keg, \$5.00 to \$7; Sweet potatoes, Vineland, per brl., \$.400; cranberries, Cape Cod, per 100-qt.' \$9.00 to \$11.50; frozen, \$5.50 to 6.50; new figs, mats, 31/2c per lb.; do. boxes, 8c to 12c per lb.; new dates, 41/4 to 41/2c per lb. Nuts, Pecans, extra large, 14c; do. large, 121/2c; walnuts, 12c; filberts, 12c; French chestnuts, 10c per lb.; cocoanuts, \$3.50; Boston lettuce, per dozen, \$1.25 to \$1.40; California celery, per crate, green tops, \$7.50; new Florida tomatoes, \$3.00 to \$3.25; radishes, 25c to 30c doz. bunch.; Florida strawberries, 15c to 16c per box; spinach, brl., \$2.25 to \$2.50; cucumbers, Boston hot house, \$1.75 doz.; new Bermuda potatoes, \$6.50 brl.: do. onions, \$3.25 crate; Egyptian onions, 2c lb.; Canadian brls., \$2.75; new carrots, 35c dozen bunches. According to Havana advices the crop of pineapples in Cuba this season will be considerably short of that of last year. Advices from the principal sections in Florida indicate the yield there will be larger than was the case last year.

GROCERIES.—Sugars remain steady at \$3.75 to \$4.30 for yellows and \$4.60 for granulated. As the active season for sugar draws near it is a question whether supplies can be procured later even at these figures, which, if we compare by former seasons, are nearly at low mark. Opening prices on Horse



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Telegrams:-"PUMPHREY, Glasgow." W. & M. PUMPHREY, Bridal & Banquet Sugars. SUGAR MILLERS, Crownpoint Road, - Glasgow, Scotland. And at Thornaby-on-Tees, London & Manchester England.

Special Prices to Canadian⁵ under the New Tariff.

SUGARS

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REGISTERED BRAND "WAVERLEY."

Special Prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

Waverley Iron & Steel Co., COATBRIDGE, SCOTLAND, Manufacturers of

HIGHEST CLASS SCOTCH IRON & FINEST INGOT STEEL. IN BARS, ANGLES, TEES AND HOOPS.

Iron and Steel tested with "Buckton's" latest machine, and certified accordingly, if required, before leaving the Works. Special attention given to the quality for Horse-Shoeing, Rivet, and all other purposes.

Shipping Ports :- GLASGOW, GREENOCK, LEITH, GRANGEMOUTH.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

NAME.	Par Val's	Capital Sub- scribed.	Capital paid-up,	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms	Dates of Dividends,	Per Cent. Price May %3. (Bid)	Cash value per S
British North Am. Can. Bank of Commerce Commercial, Windsor	248	4 888 688	4 265 665	1.750.000	81	Apl. Oct	12734	309 8
Domiercial, Window	50	4,866,665 8,000,000	4,866,666 8,000,000 350,000	1,750,000 2,000,000 50,000	84	June Dec	147	78 5
Bastarn	40 50	500,000 2,483 700	350,000	50,000	3		105	42 0
	50	1,833,900	2 400,000 1,646,280	2,400.000 900,000	*8	May Jan July	244	75 0
Halifax Banking Co Hamilton Hochelaga	20	600,000	600,000	and the second second	31/2	Feb. Aug	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER	79 0
Hochelaga Imperial	100	1,981,900	1,900,000	1.400,000	4	June Dec	2041/2	204 5
Mass	100	1.500,000	1,500,000	630,000	3%	June Dec		152 0
Merchante' Can Moisons Montreal New Brunswick.	100	2,500,000	2,491,701		- deres	June Dec	and the second se	229 0
Montreal	100 50	5,000,000 2,500,000	6,000,000 2,500,000	2,600,000	8½ 4&1	June Dec Oct April		156 0 99 2
Netionale	200	12,000,000	12.000,000	2,050,000 7,000,000 275,000	5	Oct April June Dec	2541/2	509 0
New Brunswick	30	12,000,000 1,200,000 500,000	12.000,000 1,200.000	275,000	3	May Nov	95	28 5
Nova Scotta Ontario.	100	500,000	500,000	700,000	7	Jan July	800	300 0
Ontario Ottawa People's car	100	1,860,000	1,860,000 1,840,828	', 418,000 200,000	41/2	Feb. Aug.	232 123	282 0
People's of N. B.	100 100	1,888,500 1,994,900	1,998,940	1,680,455	4 & 1	June Dec June Dec		128 (205 (
Quahacial. B	150	180,000	180,000	155,000	4	States and the states of the s	250	375 (
Rouge	25	873,387	743,558		3	June Dec	155	155 0
Of 0. ""	100	2,500,000	2,500,000	700,000	3	June Dec	122	122 (
Standard Toronto Traders	100 100	2,000.000	2 000,000	1,700,000	31	Feb Aug	175	175 0
Toronto	50	200,000 1,000.000	200,000 1,000,000	700,000	2%	April Oct April Oct	232	116
Toronto Traders	100	2,000,000	2,000,000	45,000 700,000 1,900,000	6	June Dec	240	240 0
Int. Haltan	100	1,260,000	1,211,510	150,000	81/8	June Dec	1121	112 2
Western	50	800,000	800,000	455,000	81%	Mch . Sept	150	75 0
D	100 100	2,000,000	2,000,000 400,789	500,000	8	June Dec		
Sav. and Loan Co Telephone Co Can, Loan & Inv. Co	1.11.4	500,000	1 - I and the set	184,000	31%	Apl Oct	•••••	
. Oan Tone Co	50	630,200	630,200	192,000	8	Jan July		
	100 100	1 037 000	398 481	800,000 120,000	48/0	Jan * Jan July	170	170 0
VUID - HUBD I'S	100	5.000,000 1,937,900 450 000	5,000,000 398,481 389,214 2,700,000	130,000	8	Jan July	128	128 0
Per & Nat'l Is Co	100	2,700,000	2,700,000			Jan *	66	66 0
	100	2,008,000	1,004,000	350,000		Jan July Jan July	90 115	90 0
	50 & 71	5,951.350 750,000 2,500,000 1,000,000	5,951,350 750,000 1,250,000	1,490,057 250,000 450,000		Jan July Jan July	114	57 5 57 0
Din Sav. and Sav. Co	100	2,500,000	1,250,000	450,000	*11/2	Jan July	136	136 0
, Panded & N. Mills Go, Per & W. Can. M. Corpn. . Say & Can. M. Corpn. that Can. Loan & Say. Co. atalon Say. and Inv. Co. atalon Say. and Inv. Co. atalon Coston Mills Go atalon And Say. Co. atalon And Say. Co.	50	1,000,000	934,200	30,000	and the second s	July Dec	72	86 0
ehold I Wotton Mills Co	50	1,000,000	1,000,000			Jan • Mar •	124 70	62 0
uiton Prop and Sav. Co	100 100	3,333,600 3,221,500	8,833,600	300,000		June Dec	10	70 0
	100	1,500,000	1,319,100 1,100,000	356,758		Jan July	112	112 0
atton Prov. and Sav. Co ae Sav. and Loan Co on & Erie Loan & Sav.Co berial Loan and Inv. Co ded Banking and Inv. Co	10	2,000,000	200,000	200,000		Jan July	185	135 0
ued Replan and Low Co	50	3,000,0001	1,400,000 720,647	890,000		Jan July	179	89 5
	100	732,724	720,047	160,000		Jan July Jan July	70 111	70 0
erial Loan & Sav. Go deal Banking and Inv. Co d. & canking and Loan don Loan toon and Ag diand Ont. Too	50	732,724 700,000 1,000,000	700,000 877,267	890,000 160,000 175,000 210,000		Jan July Jan July	68	111 0 84 0
utohd Ont Tom	50	679,700	678.550	87.500	3	Jan, July	110	50 0
don Loan A Loan and Ag. d. and Ont V. Co thread X North-W. Ln Co thread X North-W. Ln Co thread Gas Co thread Gas Co	100	679,700 2,750,000 1,500,000	678,550, 559,000 375,000	87,500 160,000 50,000	81%	Jan July	and the second second	
treal G. Lelegraph Co	100 40	1,500,000	375,000	50,000		Jan July Jan	55	55 0
treal Street	40	2,000,000	2,000,000 2,998,640		5	and the second se	167	66 8
chan Cotton G. Co.	50	3,000,000 5,000,000	4,500,000	560,318	24	April Oct Feb. *	2411/4 2851/4	96 5 142 5
treal L Cot. Co	100	1,400,000	1.400.000	600,000	4	Mch. *	132	132 0
treal Telegraph Co treal Gelegraph Co treal Street Ry. Co chante otton Co treal Cotto Co Indus, J. Con. Morter	100	1.250.000	1 250,000 500,000	March	4	Feb Aag	111	111 0
chants Cotton V, Co treat Loot, Co Ladus, Loan and Mortg Loans and Mortg Loan and Den. Co Be's Loan and Dep. Co Ret, Loan and Dep. Co Leigu aon Cont. N	25 100	500,000 466,800 2,000,000	314,886	360,000 150,000 585,000	8 100	Mch Sep Jan July	1371/2	34 3
Bet Toan and Doo.	50	2,000,000	314,886 1,200,000	585,000	3	Jan July	1211/2	60 7
tellan Loan Coop. Co.	50	000,000	600,000 373,720 2,088,000			Jan July	24	12 0
Royal my Ont. Nay Co	40 100	373,720	2 088 000	50,000	2 3	Jan July	70	35 0
	100	2,088,000	2,250,000	162,355	0	May Nov	1143/	114 7
onto Electric Co		2,250,000	2 000 000	320,155		Jan. * Jan. *	240½ 136	240 5 136 0
onto Mortgage Conto Mortgage		2.000.0001				and the second se		100 0
Juan and San and Inv. Jule's Loan and Deb. Co. I fat, Loan and Dep. Co. helies and Ont. Nav.Co. Stoyal Electric Co. onto Alectric Light Co. onto Street Relwer. deor Hock Relwer.	100 50	2,000,000 1,445,860	724,540	250,000	21/2		761/2	76 5
ato Electric Co onto Mortgage Co onto Street Kailway	100	2,000,000 1,445,860 6,000,000	2,000,000 724,540 6,000,000	250,000	21/2	Jan. * July	76½ 108	108 0
ontal Electric Co onto Electric Light Co onto Stretz Railway daor Hotel	100 50	2,000,000 1,445,860 6,000,000	724,540 6,000,000	the set of a set of the set	21/2	Jan. * July	761/2	
anto Hietric Co into Mietric Light Co into Mietric Light Co into Street Railway daor Hotel	100 50	2,000,000 1,445,860 6,000,000	724,540 6,000,000	the set of a set of the set	21/5	Jan. * July	76½ 108	108 (

* Paying quarterly dividends,

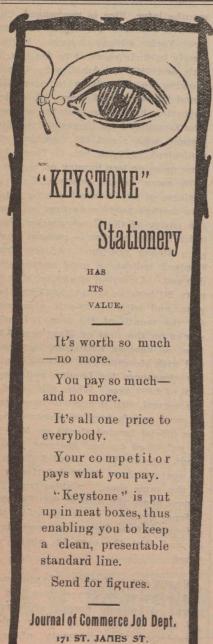
Shoe brand salmon, 1 1b. talls, have been made. Dealers here are booking orders at \$1.45 for less than 25 cases. and for 25 or over at \$1.421/2. Considerable molasses is being ordered also, for future delivery. Wholesale houses guarantee price (29c) as against a drop up to date of delivery, a few months later. Rice is unchanged. Currants are firmer at 9c for cheapest. New York advices report holders steady in their views at 9c for Provincials and 91/4c for Amalias in barrels, showing no disposition to part with round lots at those figures. A leading importing firm state that the steamer Alsatia sailed from Greece on the 14th instant, with about 425 tons, or the equivalent of 2,500 brls. There has been more or less inquiry on the spot, with some orders passing, but no business of any moment can be noted. The market holds very firm at about the parity of the Greek market. Statistically, the market is without doubt in a strong position. Advices from England indicate a good consumptive demand. Liverpool stocks on May 1st were 721 tons, as against 2,342 tons last year, and with duty-paid clearances for the month of 893 tons. London stocks on the first of May were 6,730 tons, as against 7,420 tons last year, and with clearances of 1,459 tons, making clearances for London and Liverrool of 2,352 tons While this is below the normal, still it must be considered as most satisfactory at present prices The official bonded stocks on May 1st as published by our customs department note stocks of about 7,5'00 brls. as against about 16,000 brls last year at the same time. Cables from Liverpool quote the market for Egyptian onions strong. It is probable that shipments from Egypt are much lighter and that the crop is about finished.

HARDWARE & METALS.—No change in list prices on hardware since last report. Wholesale houses are having all they can attend to filling orders, accelerated by prospects of heavy crops in the West. The tin situation in London shows the usual unsteadi-



1426

dency. Monday's cables reported a continuance in the excitement with the market strong and advancing. Monday's advance was £2 5s on spot and £3 15s on futures. On Tuesday the price advanced to £127 10s for spot and £126 15s for futures. At the close, after a reaction, the figures stood 5s above Monday's closing prices. £126 12s 6d for spot and £126 5s for futures. Sales of spot, 130 tons; of futures, 400 tons. The prices of pig iron warrants on the Glasgow mar-





MAPLE PRODUCTS .- The market is

burg, plus freights.

trade is noticeable Prices range of 65c to 70c, for gallon tins and Sugar is so plentiful and guaranteed pure sell readily at 91/2° to 10° Ib.

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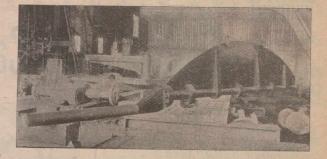
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Single Plated Built Rudder

FINISHED COMPLETE **READY FOR SHIPPING**

Manufactured in 8 DaysBy



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Fownes Forge & Engineering Company, ERY RINGS. LIMITED. ST. BEDE WORKS, TYNE DOCK, England South Shields, Eng.

PAINTS, OILS & GLASS .- Among the leatures of the week in the above was an advance all around in glass, occasioned by the troubles in the States and the proportionately light supplies here, very little having arrived so far this season. First break is now \$2.10, with others in proportion, as given in prices current. playing a vigor, even beyond what Linseed oils are distheir disposition might suggest, having advanced another 2c per gallon all to so. to soc and boiled 82c to 83c. Paints

PROVISIONS.-A better demand has existed for both hams and bacon, assisted by the warm weather and the arrival on the market of a quality of eggs which may safely be classed at Something below fresh. Prices are In and stocks comparatively light. In the Chicago market on the 22nd lower. Provisions opened weak and lower. There was open selling by buyers and a heavy trade was done. In the Livprovision market long cut heavy bacon and lard were stronger and prices advanced 3d. Pork at 61s ^{bil}; lard at 41 6d; long cut light bacon at 428 na at 42s 9d; long cut heavy bacon at 41s ^{3d}; short cut heavy at 40s 9d; Ameri-^{can tall} can tallow at 25s, and Australian talare Heavy Canadian short cut mess Pork, \$19.50 to \$20.00; selected heavy ahort cut mess pork, boneless, \$20.50 19 \$21.00. 19 \$21.00; family short cut back pork, sign to entry cut the second sign to second the second ^{\$19,50} to \$20.00; heavy short cut clear Pork sta Pork, \$19.00; heavy short cur lard in on to \$19.50, pure Canadian ard, in 375 lb. tierces, 111/2c; parchment lined, 50 lb. boxes, 11%c; parchment lined pails, 20 lbs., 11%, realls, 11%, to 121/c; ¹¹^{3/4}^C; tins, 3, 5 and 10 lbs., 12c; to 12¹/₄c; ^{component} compound refined lard in 3751b. tierces, Mei pana pails, 20 ^{appound} refined lard in 375lb. there 20 1/4c; Parchment lined wood pails, 20 (b, 73/a, then the lined wood pails, 20 ^{7/4}c; tin pails, 20 lb., 71/2c. Hams, ^{121/2e} to 14c; and bacon 11c to 14c per

RAW FURS,-Prices as paid by Mont-

real dealers: Badger, prime, 25c to 50c; bear, black, small, \$4 to \$10; bear, black, middling, \$8 to \$12; bear, black, large, \$12 to \$20; bear, brown, small, \$3 to \$8; bear, brown, middling, \$8 to \$12; bear, brown, large, \$12 to \$18; beaver, large, \$5 to \$7.50; beaver, small, \$1.50 to \$2.50; beaver, middling, \$3 to \$5; fisher, according to size and color, \$4.50 to \$8; fox, silver, according to size and color, \$50 to \$150; fox, cross, according to size and color, \$5 to \$15; fox, red, according to size and color, \$1 to \$2.50; lynx, according to size and color, \$1 to \$4; marten, large dark, \$5 to \$10; marten, large, brown, \$4.50 to \$7; marten, large, light, pale, \$3.50 to \$4; mink, according to size and color, \$1.50 to \$250; musquash, winter, 3c to 12c; musquash, spring 6c to 16c; otter, according to size and color, \$10 to \$16; skunk, according to size and color, 25c to 75c; wolf, timber, \$1.50 to \$2.50; wolf, prairie, 50c to \$1; wolverine, according to size and color, \$3 to \$6. The above are for prime skins only according to size and color.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS.

(Revised by Telegraph) Thursday, May 23rd, 1901.

The change to bright, warm, cheery weather has caused an amount of activity in Toronto wholesale circles seldom before witnessed in such a brief Dry goods' importers have interval. been suddenly awakened to the fact that visitors to the city are requiring much in the line of sorting goods, while every mail swells the amount of work which, we are informed, is already sufficient to keep all hands busy for weeks. Orders for fall dry goods have been arriving freely, while immediate wants are numerous and liberal in volume. The demand for plain pink, blue, and ox-blood Chambrays is very strong and as the season advances white piques are in greater request, this popular fabric appearing

to gain in favor with many as season follows season. Light ground prints for ladies' blouses and shirt waists are also in good demand, as well as organdie muslins, and grenadines, for dresses, etc. European buyers report difficulty in purchasing linen goods of all kinds owing to the advance in prices; and the chances are that importations for the coming season will be lighter than usual. Hosiery, gloves, and underwear are very active; many lines being hard to get, unless at advanced prices, as repeat orders would not be accepted by the mills only at heavy adavnces. Canadian made goods are selling with increasing favor, wholesale firms predicting that before many summers home manufacturers of the finer goods will be given every chance to greatly enlarge their output.

Butter.-Receipts are becoming more liberal under favorable pasture conditions, and prices are, accordingly low. Offerings of large and pound dairy rolls are liberal; there is a fair demand for the best and the market is steady. Choicest new made tub and dairy lb. and large rolls are quoted at 13c to 14c. Low grade and medium rolls are quoted at 10c to 11c. Creamery is in fair demand and steady at 17c to 18c for solid and 18c to 19c for prints.

Cheese.-Quiet and unchanged in price. Dealers are asking 9c to 91/4c for choicest.-Eggs.- Best stock is worth 101/2c to 11c. Prices are pretty well sustained owing to picklers taking considerable stock.-Potatoes. Now that farmers have about finished the rush work, stock is being delivered freely and prices have further declined. Car lots are quoted at 29c, and in a smaller way at 35c to 40c per bag. -Hides .-- Receipts are light for the season. Local dealers quote 61/2c for No. 1 green cows' and 7c for steers' and 1c less for No. 2. Cured hides unchanged at 7c for cows' and 81/c for steers'. Sheepskins are plentiful, but demand slow owing to unsatisfactory condition of wool markets. Prices



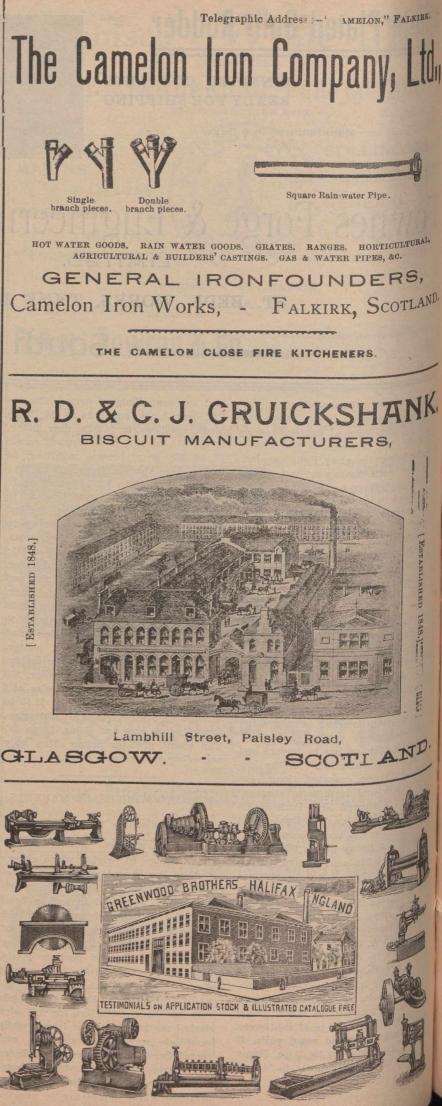
are unchanged. Calfskins are in liberal supply, there is a good demand at 9e for No. 1 and 8e for No. 2. Tallow is quiet. Local dealers are offering 5c to $5\frac{1}{2}c$ and asking $5\frac{1}{4}c$ to $5\frac{1}{2}c$.—Wool. New clip fleece is beginning to arrive and sales have been made at 13c; 18c was paid last year, much being still held, and which is likely to show an ultimate loss of 3c to 4c per lb.

-A. Schneiderholz. Keep de exbenses down.

-It is proposed at Ottawa to appoint a second Inspector of Penitentiaries at a salary of \$2,600 per annum.

-The assessment of the town of Owen Sound, Ont., has been completed. The population is 9,255, an increase of 401.

-The following complete weekly list of patents granted to Canadians is furnished by Messrs. Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Canada Life Building: Canadian patents: L. M. Jones, C. McLeod, and W. J. Clokey, drives for aprons for harvester binders, disc drills, mowers, cultivators, reaping machines; A. P. Gill, combined plate and film cameras; G. H. Stokoe, milk account books; W. A. Simister, cheese boxes; I. N. Kendall, saw mill slab grinders; T. Bell, moth proof bags; J. Clark, grain car doors; J. Booker, cooking stoves connected to a heating furnace; E. Currie, ties; A. J. Grenway, flush tank valves: W. J. Washbrood, casters; N. Dussault, hand lasting tools; E. J. Arthur, gates and doors; L. A. Desv, dredges; J. R. Hislop, machine for harvesting sugar beets and turnips; F. E. Ramsay, and F. E. Sloan, holders for use in shining boots; W. W. Alton, window sash locks; W. O. Roy, permanent foundation posts; J. J. Collins, process of heating and drving compressed air; C. M. Hurlbut, and C. E. Hurlbut, attachments and clips for men's belts: American patents: B. E. Bechtel, brick truck; D. A. Brittain, skidding tongs : J. M. Bryons, weather strip; James Calder, binding mechanism and shocking attachment for harvester binders; T. F. McCollum, momentum car brake: H. W. Wilcox, liquid measuring device.





Bellevue Apartments, METCALFE ST. Apply for Permit to M. S. FOLEY 171 St. James St

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The following letter speaks for itself: New York City, April 1, 1901-Mr. Joseph Ernstein, Columbus, Ohio. -Dear Sir,-Ve haf receiveded your letter von de 13th mid exbenze agount. Vat ve vant is orders. Ve haf big families to make exbenzes. Mr. Ernstein, ve. fint in your exbenze agount \$2.50 for billiards. Blease don't buy no more billiards; vat ve vant is orders. Also ve see \$7.50 for a horse and buggy. Vere is de horse und vat did you did mit the buggy? De rest von your exbenze agount is nix but schleebers. Vy is it you don't ride hore by day times? Ve sended you

dosoed on agount of de new dariff. Vot ve vant is orders. Dey is a nofelty as ve haf dem in stock two years und aint sold none. Louie says you should stop at Hambuldon, O., vare his gousin Max Blum lifts. Louie says vat you should sel Blum a good bill. Dry him on dose \$7.25 necties first. Get good prices-he is Louie's cousin. Sell him mostly for gash. Tell him ve vant orders. Also Louie says vat you can leave Columbus at 11.40 in te night, und git by Hambuldon at 3.35 in de morning. Do dot und you vont need no schleeber. Don't date any more bills ahead, begause de days are getting longer in summer dan in vinter dimes. Unt remember, Mr. Ernstein, vat ve vant is orders. Yous druly,

EDWARD FAIRBURN & SONS,

Caldervale Mills, Brighouse, England. Fulled Raw Hide Belting and Laces, Card Clothing of all kinds. Chrome

"Cemented" Belting, Double Belting, Rubbing Leathers. Every description of Leather for mechanical purposes. The name Fairburn has been identified with card making for 125 years, so that the firm can boast of a career which for long continuity puts most of their rivals completely out of court. It was established in 1770, as Abram Fairburn and Sons, and on the death of the father the sons carried it on till 1824, when their partnership was dissolved, and it was conducted solely by Mr. Chas. Fairburn until his death in 1827. The works were situated at Cooper Bridge until 1850. Mr. Edward Fairburn, the present proprietor, is the son of the late Mr. Charles Fairburn, and was born in 1819. He was left fatherless at the age of eight years, the business being carried on in the interests of the widow and her children. At the age of thirteen, however, Mr. Edward Fairburn commenced to take an active part in the concern, and has continued to do so up to the present time, being now ably



Caldervale Mills, BRIGHOUSE, Eng.

Special Terms to Canadians under the New Canadian Tariff.

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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

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	LIABILITIES.	Capital	Canital	0-11-2		Dividend	- Janear	Bal, due to	Balance	Deposits b
	Bank Statement to Govt. Month ending April 30, 1901	Anthonizod	Capital Subscribed	L. Paid up	and the second s	Rate p. c. p. annum	ROJON	Dom. Gov	due to Provincial Govts.	the public
1			\$2,000.00			0 10	\$1,615,596	\$ 26.878	\$ 113,113	\$ 4.097,86
8	Dominion	3,000,000	2,500,000	0 2,240,29	1 2.240.29	1 10	5,401,804 1,790,639	394.389 22,841	306,823 622.483	\$ 4.097,86 14.911,16 4.753,90
4	Standard	2 000,000	1 393,900	0 1.367.73 0 1.000 00			1,292,462 857,100	14 931 20,398	348,754	4,753,90 1,706.36 1,5 43 ,91
67		2,500,000	2,500,000	0 2,499,88 0 1,343,14		0 10	1,975,217	24,458	105,235 331,927	4.879.93
789	Hamilton	2 000 000	1,350,100	0 1,986,88	0 1,421,34	0 10	1,306,065	16,789	122,418 340,452	1,625,15 3 785,61
10	Western	1,000,000	1,994,900 500,000		0 1,660,74 9 134,00		1,794,236 358,355	20,787		2 339,68 308,89
	Total, Ontario		23,234,100				10.000 100	541,471	2,291,200	39,952,45
11	Montreal British North America Provincial Bk. of Can	12,000,000 4,866,666	12,000 000 4,866,666		0 7,000,000 6 1,703,333		6.492,214 2,033 915	1,270,563	36,918	21.149,47 4,622,70
12 18 14	Hochelaga	1,0 10,000 2 000,000	873,487	772,88	0 Nil.	Nil.	597,788	7,077 19,116	8,165 114 633	310,90
15	Molsons	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,5(0,00	0 2,050.000	8	1,364,813 2,184,592	21.147 29,577	71,853 81,902	1,675,707 4,668,679
16 17	Merchants	6,000,000 1,200,000	6,000,000 1,200,000	1,200,000			8,453,000 1,187,828	207,873 16,943	3.772	4,199,496
17 18 19	Quebec Union St. Jean	3,000,000 2,000,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	700.000	6	1,4%2,500	18,226	75,902 101,657	2,928,160 1,487,641
20	St. Jean	1.000,000	500,200	262,154	10,000	6	1,465,918 150,942	3,521	451,868 23,971	16,300
21 22	St. Hyacinthe Eastern Townships	2,000,000	504.600 1,980,900			67	278,955 1,209,070	30,900	26,590 7,837	89,972 893,581
	Total, Quebec	38,566,606	36,425,853	35,658,680			21,891,035	1,624,943	1,005,068	43,849,648
28 24	Nova Scotia Royal Bank of Canada	2,000,000 3,000 000	2,000,000 2,000,000		2.519.140 1 700,000	97	1,889,698	234,268		3,187,527 2,746 701
25	People's Union	800,000 1,500,000	700,000 800,000	700,000	260.000	6	1,873,748 684,089	106.703 14,498		171.013
26 27	Union Halifax B. Co	1,000,000	600,000	600 000	475,000	7	683,840 569,510	9,554 14,188		744,963 722,570
28 29	Yarmouth Exchange Commercial, Windsor	300,000 280,000	300 000 280,000	800,000 262,122		5	89.854 66.098	14,188 8,801		58,044 34,511
80	Total, Nova Scotia	9,380,000	500 000 7.180.000	350,000	60,000	6	261,322	10,551		360,750
81	New Brunswick	500,000	500 000	6,949,922 500,000			6,118,159	398,558		8,326,740
82 88	People s	180 000 200 000	180 000 200 000	180 000	155,000	12 8	476,893 165,359	47,799 12,240		555.998 74,818
	Total, N. B	880,000	880 000	880 000		5	103,311 745,563	9,301		107,644 737,960
84 85	Summerside, P.E.I Merchants, P.E.I	48 666 500,000	48,666 251.930	48,666	24,333	7 8	48,238	69,340		88,290 502,065
	Grand Total	74,815.332	68,020,549	248,297 66,819,010		8	182,571 47,006,701	9 894 919		<u>502,000</u> 92,907,158
					0012-012-0		11,000,101	2,634,312	8,296,268	92,0011-
_				Lange	- San and	1		Sec.		
	BANKS.	Dep.by public pay. after no		Loans from	Depo.made	Balances	Balances	SICHTR	10 14 00	and the second
1	Liabilities-Continued.	ticeor on fix'd	elsewhere	Banks in	Balances	Due other	Due bks or	Other	Total	
			than in	Can secuid	Due other	Bks or agts	agts not in	and the second second second second	and the second se	
- E. 4	LINDING COMMAND	day in Can.	Canada.	Can. secu'd	Due other Bks. inCan.	Bks or agts in U. K.	agts not in Can, or U.K	Liabilities.	Liabilities.	
1		day in Can.		Can, secu'd	Bks.inCan.	Bks or agts in U. K.	agts not in Can, or U.K	and the second second second second	the second s	
1 9	Torouto Commerce	day in Can.	Canada. \$5,180,188	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks. inCan. \$ 184,014 377,593	Bks or agts in U. K. \$2,130,970	agts not in Can. or U.K \$ 9.842	Liabilities,	Liabilities.	
1984	Toronto Commerce. Dominion Ontario	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102	Canada. \$5,180,188	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks. inCan. \$ 184,014 \$ 377,593 	in U. K.	8 9,842 217,317	Liabilities,	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256	
	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971	Canada. 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks. inCan. \$ 184,014 377,593 36,354	in U. K.	\$ 9,842 217,317	Liabilities,	Liabilities. 3 16,360,650 56,340,228	
84567	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imperial Traders	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18.176,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435	Canada.	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks, inCan. \$ 184,014 377,593 36,854 8,779 16,971	in U. K. \$\$2,130,970	agts not in Can. or U.K \$ 9,842 217,317 2,117	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,340,228 20,338,256 8,941,874 17,158,835	
3456789	Toronto Commerce Dominion Standard. Imperial. Traders. Hamiiton Ottawa	day in Can. \$ 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,394	Canada. 	Can, secu'd	Bks. inCan. % 184,014 % 184,014 % 77,593 % 36,854 % ,779	in U. K. \$3,130,970 213,253 209,675 428,939	agts not in Can. or U.K \$ 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,059,833 13,413,747	
845 678	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard. Imperial. Traders Hamiiton	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,176,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954	Canada.	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. ************************************	in U. K. \$\$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 428,939 20,319	agts not in Can. or U.K 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 	Liabilities. 5 16,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,955,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,059,833	
8 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Toronto Commerce. Dominion. Ontario. Standard. Imperial. Traders. Hamiiton Ottawa. Western. Total, Ontario Montreal.	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,356,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,144,889	Canada.	Can, secu'd	Bue other Bke, inCan. \$ 184,014 \$77,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023	in U. K. \$3,130,970 213,253 209,675 428,939 20,319 3,003,156	agts not in Can. or U.K \$ 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 	Liabilities, \$ 16 ,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,833 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,003,287	
8 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 18	Toronto Commerce	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,356,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,144,889	Canada. 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. \$ 184,014 \$77,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806	in U. K. \$\$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 428,939 20,319	agts not in Can. or U.K 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 2,502 54,172 7,178,329	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,833 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,003,267 79,289,499	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Traders Traders Traders Hamiiton Ottawa. Western Total, Ontario British North America Provincial Bk. of Can Pi-Bochelags	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,384 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,389 7,847,893 635,518 4,586,419	Canada. \$5,180,188 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 377,593 36,854 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806	in U. K. \$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 428,939 20,319 3,003,156 	agts not in Can. or U.K \$ 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 87,394 20,761	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 3,502 54,172	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,240,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,059,838 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,003,267 79,289,489 23,989,880 2,301,196	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Toronto Commerce	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,413 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,355,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,369 7,847,893 635,618 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761	Canada. \$5,180,188 5,180,188 12,655,856 2,107,598 86,227	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. \$ 184,014 \$77,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648	in U. K. \$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 209,675 209,675 209,675 3,003,156	agts not in Can. or U.K * 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 87,394 20,781	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 2,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910	Liabilities, \$ 16,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,838 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,455,644 165,008,267 79,289,489 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,767	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 18	Toronto Commerce	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,394 1,764,983 37,148,369 7,184,7993 635,518 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761 18,369,761 18,369,761	Canada. \$5,180,188 5,180,188 12,655,856 2,107,598 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. \$ 184,014 \$77,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648 662,260 125,444	in U. K. \$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 428,939 20,319 3,003,156 	agts not in Can. or U.K 	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 3,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910 576	Liabilities, \$ 16,380,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,833 13,413,747 11,940,335 2,453,644 165,003,267 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,757 22,573,241 6,707,031	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 14 15 16 17 8 9 10	Toronto Commerce. Dominion. Ontario. Standard. Imperial. Traders. Hamiiton. Ottawa. Western. Total, Ontario. Montreal. British North America Provincial Bk. of Can D'Hochelaga. Molsons. Mationale. Quebec. Union. St. Jean.	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,413 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,355,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,369 7,847,893 635,618 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761	Canada. \$5,180,188 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 377,593 36,354 36,354 6,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648 662,280 12,444 111,001 7,253	in U. K. \$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 209,675 209,675 209,675 3,003,156 50,968 640,272 45,046 203,916	agts not in Can. or U.K 	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 3,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910 576	Liabilities. \$ 16 ,360,650 56,340,228 20 ,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,059,833 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,455,644 165,003,267 79,289,499 23 ,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,757 22,573,241 6,707,031 9,019,145	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 14 15 16 17 8 9 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 14 15 14 15 15 14 15 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Toronto Commerce	day in Can. \$ 10,313,219 27,415 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,369 7,148,369 7,148,369 7,148,369 7,148,369 7,847,893 635,518 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761 3,061,947 4,377,599 4,654,696 232,751 906,427	Canada. \$5,180,188 5,180,188 5,180,188 12,655,856 2,107,598 86,227	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 377,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,643 662,260 12,444 111,001	in U. K. \$2,180,970 213,253 209,675 428,939 20,319 3,003,156 50,968 640,272 45,046 203,916	agts not in Can. or U.K <u>\$ 9,842</u> 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 87,394 20,781 22 22 	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 3,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910 576	Liabilities, \$ 16,380,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,833 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,003,267 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,757 22,573,241 8,274,817 427,014	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 14 15 16 17 8 9 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 14 15 14 15 15 14 15 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Toronto Commerce. Dominion. Ontario. Standard. Imperial. Traders. Hamiiton. Ottawa. Western. Total, Ontario. Montreal. British North America Provincial Bk. of Can D'Hochelaga. Molsons. Mationale. Quebec. Union. St. Jean.	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,384 1,764,983 37,148,389 95,112,658 37,148,369 7,847,893 635,518 4,536,419 9,864,356 18,369,761 3,061,947 4,377,599 4,654,696 232,761	Canada. \$5,180,188 5,180,188 5,180,188 12,655,856 2,107,593 36,227 	622,693	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 \$ 77,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648 662,280 12,444 111,001 7,253 	in U. K. ************************************	agts not in Can. or U.K <u>\$ 9,842</u> 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 87,394 20,781 22 16,040	Liabilities. \$ 125 1,283 	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,240,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,838 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,003,267 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,767 22,573,241 6,707,031 9,019,145 8,274,817 427,014 1,301,946 7,071,925	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 13 14 16 17 16 17 18 20 1 21 1 221 1 221 2 28 1	Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imperial Traders Hamiiton Ottawa Western Total, Ontario Montreal British North America Provincial Bk. of Can D'Hochelaga Molsons Merchants Nationale Quebec Union St. Jean St. Jean St. Jean, St. Jean, St. Jean, St. Joan, Quebec Nova Scotta	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,413 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,757,4355 7,594,354 7,355,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,3869 7,847,993 655,518 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761 3,061,947 4,377,599 4,653,696 232,751 906,427 4,384,735 91,520,521	Canada. \$5,180,188 	622,693	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 \$77,593 36,364 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648 662,280 12,444 111,001 7,253 	in U. K. ************************************	agts not in Can. or U.K <u>\$ 9,842</u> 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 87,394 20,781 22 16,040 124,287	Liabilities. \$ 125 1,283 1,094 2,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910 576 2,969	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,240,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,838 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,008,267 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,767 22,573,241 6,707,031 9,019,145 8,274,817 427,014 1,301,946 7,071,925 184,840,546	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 18 19 20 12 21 15 220 12 23 12 24 14 25 1 24 1 25 1	Toronto Commerce. Dominion. Ontario Standard. Imperial. Traders. Hamilton Ottawa. Western. Total, Ontario. Montreal. British North America. Provincial Bk. of Can. D'Hochelags. Molsons. Merchants. Nationale. Quebec. Onion. St. Jean. St. Jean. Total, Quebec. Nova Scotia. Nova Scotia. Nova Scotia. Nova Scotia. Canada	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 696 18,178,383 5,557,102 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,554 7,596,554 7,596,564 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,389 7,847,993 95,518 4,586,419 9,864,356 19,369,761 3,061,947 4,877,599 4,854,696 232,761 908,427 908,427 91,520,521 10,430,579 8,264,155 1,555,289	Canada. \$5,180,188 	622,693	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 \$77,593 36,354 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648 662,280 12,444 111,001 7,253 1,577,342 417,143 11,767	in U. K. 82,180,970 213,253 209,675 209,675 20,319 3,003,156 50,968 640,272 45,046 203,916 36,640 976,837 12,594	agts not in Can. or U.K <u>\$ 9,842</u> 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 87,394 20,781 22 16,040	Liabilities. \$ 125 1,283 	Liabilities. \$ 16 ,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,374 17,158,835 9,059,838 13,413,747 11,940,235 13,413,747 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,757 22,573,241 6,707,031 8,274,817 427,014 1,301,946 7,071,925 184,840,546 18,224,426 14,194,938	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 17 18 19 21 20 1 21 11 22 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 285 1 286 1 287 1	Toronito Commerce Dominion Ontario Standard Imperial Tradere Hamiiton Ottawa Western Total, Ontario Montreal British North America Provincial Bk. of Can D'Hochelaga Molsons Merchants Nationale Quebec Union St. Jean St. Lasan St. Jean St. Ayacinthe Eastern Townships Total, Quebec Nova Soctia Koyal Bank of Canada 'eople's Dinion Halifaz B. Oo	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,369 7,847,893 635,518 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761 3,061,947 4,536,696 232,751 906,427 4,884,785 91,520,521 10,430,679 8,264,155 1,555,289 2,533,948 2,694,901	Canada. 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan.	in U. K. ************************************	agts not in Can. or U.K \$ 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 201,457 201,457 201,457 201,457 20,781 22 16,040 124,287 287,500	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 2,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910 576 2,969 43,069 7,348,616 899 4,268	Liabilities. \$ 16,360,650 56,240,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,069,838 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,453,644 165,003,267 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,767 22,573,241 6,707,031 9,019,145 8,274,817 427,014 1,301,946 7,071,925 184,840,546 18,224,426 14,194,938 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194,194 14,194 14,194,194 14,194 14,194 14,194 14,194	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 13 14 16 17 17 18 6 211 11 18 20 21 11 22 11 18 20 21 12 22 11 230 12 24 11 25 1 26 1 27 1 26 1 27 1 28 1 28 1	Toronto Commerce. Dominion. Ontario Standard. Imperial. Traders. Hamiiton Ottawa. Western. Total, Ontario. Montreal. British North America. Provincial Bk. of Can. D'Hochelags. Molsons. Merchants. Nationale. Quebec. Union. St. Jean. St. Joan. Bastern Townships. Total, Quebec. Nova Scotia. Youth.	day in Can. 3 10,313,219 27,418 695 18,178,383 5,557,102 6,201,971 9,988,522 5,787,435 7,596,954 7,355,394 1,764,983 95,112,658 37,148,369 7,847,893 635,518 4,586,419 9,864,356 18,369,761 3,061,947 4,536,696 232,751 906,427 4,884,785 91,520,521 10,430,679 8,264,155 1,555,289 2,533,948 2,694,901	Canada. \$5,180,188 	Can, secu'd	Due other Bks.inCan. 3 184,014 377,593 36,364 8,779 16,971 12,505 807 637,023 491,930 96,806 195,648 662,260 12,444 111,001 7,253 1,577,342 417,143 11,767 10,375	in U. K. ************************************	agts not in Can. or U.K * 9,842 217,317 2,117 31,768 413 261,457 20,761 22,761 22 22 22,761 22 22,761 22,754 22,734	Liabilities, \$ 125 1,283 1,094 3,502 54,172 7,178,329 491 68,910 576 2,969 43,069 7,348,516 899	Liabilities. \$ 16 ,360,650 56,340,228 20,368,256 8,965,965 8,941,874 17,158,835 9,059,833 13,413,747 11,940,235 2,455,644 165,003,267 79,289,499 23,989,880 2,301,196 7,860,095 17,024,757 22,573,241 6,707,031 8,274,817 427,014 1,301,946 7,071,926 184,246 14,194,938 2,813,004 14,194,938 2,813,004 4,971,622 4,004,889	
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Moleons Bank boaus of one per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 9 per cent, per annum.

assisted by his sons, Edward and John. The business was originally devoted to card making, but other departments have been added with great success. The firm added the Kirklees Mill to their works in 1850, and in 1878 purchased the Victoria Works, in 1890 part of the Calder Vale Mill adjoining was taken in addition and in 1894 the whole of these premises were pur-

chased and converted) into leather works. The Calder Vale Mills comprise tannery, scouring-room, dryingsheds, rolling and currying-rooms, warehouse, and large room for the making of belting and other mechanical leather. Here also is carried on the manufacture of patent fulled raw hides. Fulled raw hide belting has been adapted to many purposes recently, and the output has very largely increased in recent years. The hiles, divested of their hair are very slight ly tanned in pure oak bark, no chemicals whatever being used; they are then fulled by patent machinery (are which this firm, we believe, hold are sole rights in Great Britain), and are practically curried by this process, nothing but pure tallow being used.

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BANKS. Assers.	Specie.	Domini'r Notes	Deposita with Dom Govt. fo s'c'rity o note cir	n Notes & r Cheq. on f other bks	Loans to oth'r bks. in Can. secured	Dep.m'de with&bal due from other bks. in Can.	Due from	Bal. due from bks not in Can or UK	Prov Gov	Prov'l or Pub.Sec's not Can.		Call Loans on Bonds sand Stocks in Can.	not in
Toronto Commerce. Sominion 40ntario Standard Imperial Traders. 8Hamilton 90ttava Western	$\begin{array}{c} 1,098.732\\ 849,626\\ 103.360\\ 188,852\\ 596,518\\ 153,942\\ 258,449\\ 339,694\\ 23,851\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,716,658\\ 1,418,519\\ 430,823\\ 412,251\\ 1,306,703\\ 415,899\\ 595,886\\ 599,561\\ 23,244\end{array}$	3 294,00 100,00 50,00 95,00 95,00 90,000 90,000 19,81	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 750,000	10,012 161,727 154,836 66,314 160,595 336,533 190,877 232,599 116,642 399,727	\$ 148,089 348,370 12,852 361,922 89,506	\$408,855 833,006 1,225,989 213,391 3',976 1,056,715 86,004 116,362 132,865 9,233	\$ 235,207 8,753,639 98,117 50,000 373,666 467,033 504,709 131,072 464,252 158,468	$\begin{array}{c} \$ & 38,737 \\ 262,048 \\ 718,463 \\ 83,619 \\ 1,295 \\ 996 \\ 1,211,1(6 \\ 5,094 \\ 1,134,970 \\ 584,939 \\ 418,492 \end{array}$	\$ 2,659,38 6,261,33 2,203,17 791,82 158,300 1,235,41(196,045 253 362 915,277 204,207	6 4,686,688 9 3,927,826 1 564,777 547 278 6 2,061,783 8 3,192,981 1,608,125	2,145,67
I Montreal 2B. N. A 2B. N. A 4D'Hochelaga 5 Molecnes 6 Molecnes 7 Nationale 8 Union 8 Union 9 St. Jean 15t. Hyacinthe 2 E. Townships	$\begin{array}{r} 2,564,358\\ 918\ 720\\ 5.763\\ 145\ 567\\ 361,239\\ 499.848\\ 80,078\\ 239.506\\ 251,603 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,472,440\\ 1,265,070\\ 22,406\\ 649,775\\ 1,036,717\\ 911,530\\ 210,927\\ 608,922\\ 195,418\\ 16,595\\ 30,745\\ \end{array}$	310,000	1,690,470 430,055 22,112 527,233 875,669 931,658 289,155 339,064	750,000 7,800 349,852 235,04)	1,849,952 20,402 16,170 169,292 29,540 138,649 1,097 65,727 7,026 23,380 33,970 30,782	960,739 2,534,166 175,358 2,148 39,467 265,986 	4,114,401 2,234,257 115,249 17,166 661,740 626,900 7.059 43,802 187,176 50,361 4,315	6,236,163 617,930 559,447 680,358 324,670 1,355,116 35,000 201,060	5,743,484 556,911 1,229,461 314,450 330,139 740,856 666,909 223,267 40,877	14,878,328 2.333 061 526,588 235,795 3.000 1,116 607 3,466,329 536.761 128 966	3 18,796,748 2,541,607 883,555 3,216,242 382,145 1,791,926 523,506	23,536,622 1,838,722 446,851 4,286,450 450,000
Total Que. SNova Scotia. Merchants People's Bk. Union HalifaxB.Co. Yarmouth Com'l W'dsor	5.261,281 1,030,091 791,535 55,757 96,197 71,238 27,488 3,868 28,308	120,645 8,539,180 1,317,267 1,003,752 17,0,811 231,318 185,932 20,336 6,550 31,380	70,000 1,115,743 85 210 90,600 35,000 40,000 40,000 43,000 40,	60,768 5,354,273 735,201 533,431 85,223	592,692	611,411 1,147,447 2,385 95,732 27,316 134,880 85 090 5,034 2 ¹ ,264 53,844	3.031,851 85,545 8,142 5,101	26,222 584,399 4,583,646 852,609 356,131 9,792 6,466 154,800 19,680 32,808 18,838	180,078 3,953,654 293 340 399 652 108,795 639,897 341,906 39,400	250,723 4,353,593 750,910 483,073 263,458 20,000	103,012 8,450,119 2,068,271 1,237,080 1,500,000 450 66,206	10,125,790 2,270,665 876,461 61,820 238,339	30,558,657 2,282,317 312,649
People's St. Stephen's Total N. B. Sun'e, P. E. I. Mcnt., P. E. I.	155,748 770 14 183	2.937,355 208,000 9,708 10,800 228,508 3,236 14,961	299.720 23,926 7,200 6,973 38,099 2,464 8,130	1,604,259 53,200 6,378 6,145	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	425,095 265,937 42,320 24,773 \$33,030 8,502	98,788 54,848 3,170 159 57,677	1,446,124 311,915 3,064 21,129 336,108 2,657	1,822,930 6,120 35,787 41,907	1,517,441 3,192 5,100 8,292	4,872,007 90,252 2,300 92,553		2,594,966 150,000 711,251 861,251
Gr. Total	11,819,200	19,914,639	2,402,973		1,342,692	25,547 3,789,573	4,149,055	5,723 10,493,659	12,054,654	11,622,810	28,293,006		36,160,553
BANKS Assets, con'd I	Current Loans. In Canada.	Current Loans elsewn're than Can.	Lo'ns Govt Lo: of Pr Can. Go	ov. Debts	ue R.E. s. sides I premis	be- onR.E Bk, sold b Bank.	s Bank Premises	Other Assets.	Total Assets,	Liabilit' of Direc tors & their firms.	Average specie	Average of Dom, Notes dur, month	Greatest amtNotes in circu'n dur'g mth
ontario Standard Imperial Graders Hamilton Utawa Vestern Total C	\$12,478,600 32,893,944 13,245,420 7,909,306 7,320,606 12,021,310 5,563,483 11,710,425 11,635,323 11,61,16,174	3 6,447,210 3 29,100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29,5 1,7 29,5 51,5 4,7 49,4	642 306 583 43 766 30 558 906 54.3 793 7 196 9 989 5.4	979 15,57 900 5,50 11,67 802 78,35 132 101 35,777 192 7,64	1 422,74 0 125,00 3 110,76 3 399,511 169,43 357,000 142,610 142,610	8 635,194 7,303 7 25,597 7 7,273 8 7,273 8 18,040 98,576	25,623,24 10,828,74 10,871,99 21,962,80 10,802,72 17,118,38 15,905 70	37 383,13 45 326,00 30 71,36	4 102,800 8 188,432 3 591,498 5 154,500 0 256,000 6 338,963	1,763,000	\$1,789,700 6,118,000 1,870,000 1,352,500 917,125 2,076,733 1,337,570 1,801,000 1,931,686 401,015
Valor Can Udochelaga lossons terchants ationale nton Jean Hyacinthe 	$\begin{array}{c} {}^{51}_{1}687,303\\ {}^{52}_{1},797,\\ {}^{61}_{52},777,\\ {}^{61}_{52},677,\\ {}^{14},910,083\\ {}^{14},324,414\\ {}^{5,838,696}\\ {}^{7},006,729\\ {}^{8},995,625\\ {}^{587},989\\ {}^{1},486,416\\ {}^{7},507,922\\ \end{array}$	5,78),116 3,535,165 246,901 47,929	720	462 249,3 446 68,0 26,4 83,9 • 97,6 182,4 137,4 65,1 • 29,8 12,20	185 49.3 138 49.6 668 23.6 57 54.8 71 85.6 56 23.2 21 5.9 44 59.7 68 99.3 20 16.7	25,000 778 31 12,217 35,217 17 12,375 29 61 99 9300 96 36,803 92 94 9,926 8,573 49 2,200	600,000 550,480 130,000 51,214 300,000 781,500 174,062 220,006 282,889 14,170	4,682,751 135,604 102,883 11,240 137,558 34,544 48,679 10,100	$\begin{array}{c} 203,902,15\\ 99,854,20\\ 31,229,16\\ 3,097,85\\ 10,329,09\\ 21,898,14\\ 31,584,47\\ 7,251,77\\ 12,466,86\\ 10,932,06\\ 726,23\\ 1,765,69\\ 10,003,84\\ \end{array}$	2 5,601,000 5 2 86.681 1 277,172 2 665,261 0 417,607 7 371,033 8 881,496 4 17,725 2 68,377	2,408,370 997,732 5,838 145,243 366,517 498,592 78,500 259,263 254,216 8,050 24,562	8,021,887	19,595,329 6,574,511 2 095,590 619,478 1,396,398 2 313,712 1,358,000 1,188,727 1,578,389 1,552,878 183,092 2 281,380 1985,000
erchants sople's BK ation attract B.Co armouth cchange m'1 W'dsor Fotal N. S.	1,251,719	2,692,315 .	219,	949 34 1; 447 58,66 15,54 901 3,88 39,22 5,98 1,55 38,41	34 1,19 35 15,63 51 6,00 91 9,19 18 12,67	92 261,696 96 1,000 15 52,071 01	3,256,800 41,662 60,000 61,039 52,000 2,500 8,000 23,387 58,319	5,268,785 10,080 13,445 1,743 10,872 719	241,179,03 22,907,90 18,073,19 3,827,57 6,313,771 5,168,950 922,03 563,814 1,544,683	8 8,099,682 162,880 290,924 256,151 352,867 3 18,491 40,907 5,721 103,519 103,519	5,183,738 1,070,306 739,257 56,448 101,563 71,940 29,748 4,431 28,243	8,834 837 2	1,235,900 2 22,662,915 1,896,741 2 1,890,923 2 996,509 2 788,950 2 588,900 2 89,855 2 70,102 2 263,142 3
otal N. B m'e,P.E.I. cht.,P.E.I. Gr. Tot	1,927,758 496,333 2,424,091 219,947 1,246,692	519,225 		5,25 4,60 17,60 27,46	8 6 5 46,69 69 46,69 69 46,69		906,907 30,000 8,500 12,000 50,500 250 20,958	36,859	59,321,949 4,015,386 844,686 653,448 5,513,718 280,549 1,381,198	96,332 99,495 65,916 264,743 47,636	155,598 870	199,325 9,952 10,775 220,052 3,135	6.287,122 492,551 168,455 106,640 767,646 48,238
28	83,160,507	20,374,386	3 496,0				6,563,202	6,119,055	1,381,198 511,569,603		13,596	14,801 19,892,376 4	187,996 36

Sunadian Bank of Commerce. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads," contains bullion purchased at Dawson \$163,000 deposit with the Receiver General re Bank of British Columbia note circulation. No. 8 Assets consists of balances due by other banks And \$162,000 deposit with the Receiver General re Bank of British Columbia note circulation. No. 5 Astron. Contains bullion purchased at Return of Bank of British North America. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads" contains bullion purchased at Arther City. The figures for the At.in and Dawson City Branches are taken from the last returns received, viz.: Atlin 23nd March and Dawson City 33th March Liability item No. 7.

till they are as soft and pliable as a facturing of the leather belting, etc., raw hide belting, laces, spinning rol-"hady's glove," mutual pliable as a facturing of the leather is every description of the leather description of the lea ^{10 S} glove," The pure raw hides is carried on, there is every descrip-^{way}, these heine

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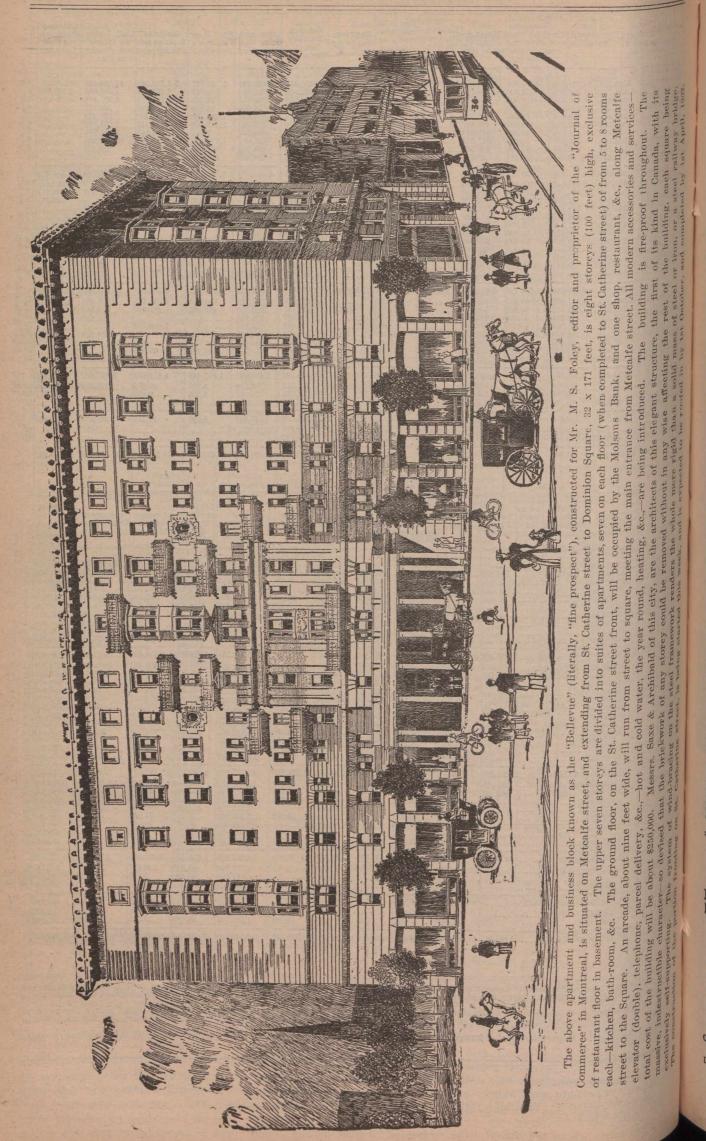
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^{way}, these being used for lacing, etc. eal appliance at work. Here is made the depart.

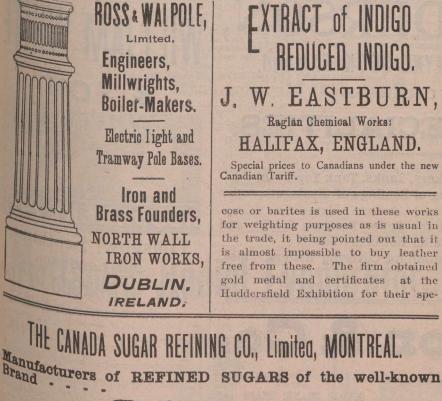
In the department where the manuers, for condensers; also the leather for card making, etc. Special atten-

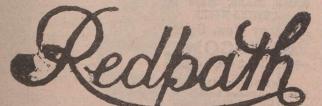
1431



MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1901.

Name of Article.	Wholesals.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale
u ii Goodyear make	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	do per keg, 1b Menthol, 1b Morphia Oil Peppermint lb Oil Lemon. Opium Oxalic Acid Phosporus. Potash Bichromate. Potash Ichida Quintue. Strychnine Tartaric Acid. Licorice Stick, 4, 5, 8, 12, & 16 to 1b., 5 lb. boxes Acme Licorice Pellets. Cans. Licorice Lozenges, 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Heavy Chemicals. Biesching Powder. Bine Vitriol. Brimstone. Caustic Soda 60. ""70. Soda Ash. Soda Bicarb. Soda Bicarb. Soda Bicarb. Soda Ash. "Soda Bicarb. Soda Chemical C	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$





of its kind in Canada, with its the building, each square being i room, or a steel railway bridge.

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the first rest the structure, affecting

of this elegant wise

Te use without in any v removed without in any v me the whole more rigid

renders

indestructible character—so devised that the brickwork of any storey could be ely self-supporting. The system of wind-bracing on the steel framework rende materiation of the position from the steel framework for the steel framework rende

massive, ind exclusively

city, are the

Of the Highest Quality and Furity, made by the Late Processes, and the Newest and Best Machinery, n LUMP Suc

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb. boxes. "CROWN" GRANULATED, Special Brand, the finest which can be made. S EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality. YELLOW SUGARS of all grades and Standards. SYRUPS of all grades in bris. and half bris. ty. SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrup in tins, 3 lb. and 8 lb. each. cialty in leather belting with joints "cemented only" working on the dynamos. Fulled raw hide, besides be-ing used so largely for belting and laces, is taking the place of ordinary leather for worsted spinning roller covering, all kinds of loom fittings such as heald bands and picking bands, also rubbers and tape leathers for condensers. In the Victoria Works. the card clothing and wire manufacturing is carried on with the help of a powerful plant of modern machinery. The accommodation includes thick and small wire drawing-rooms, annealing and cleaning sheds, hardening and tempering-rooms, setting machine, dressing and packing-rooms, etc. Wire is drawn in sizes from No. 5 to No. 38 in every conceivable shape and form for card making and other purposes, the trade being largely supplied. The firm do business in all parts of the globe direct to users, cr through agents, and mill furnishers, and are represented in Leeds, Dewsbury, and Huddersfield districts, by Mr. S. Kellett, of Liversedges; Bradford district by Mr. William Rishworth, of Bingley; and by Mr. J. Brooks, of Sowerby Bridge, in Halifax and Calder Valley, west from Elland, the Manchester, Rochdale, Bradford, Leeds, and Huddersfield markets being attended by Mr. J. Fairburn. Fulled Raw Hide stands in similar relation to oak tanned or chemicallymade leather as steel does to iron. For step or flange pulleys and shifting movements, double belts or Fairburn's oak tanned belts should be used. Special terms to Canadians under the New

Canadian Tariff.

1438

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT_THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1901.

				oonnight = 110105	Dati, Dia	The second se	-
Name of Article.	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Wholesale
Farm Products. BUTTER: Cholcest Cr Second Grade	\$ c. \$ c 0 18) 0 19)	Grain No. 1 Hard, Man. Lake & R. No. 2, "" No. 3, ""	0 00 0 89	Molasses (Barbados) do bris. & ½s Evaporated Apples,	0 311 0 321	miscarom,	\$ c. \$c. 0 05 0 00 0 05 0 00 0 10 0 11
Townships Dairy Western " Good to choice	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$	Oats, No. 1 Barley, No. 1, mid "No. 2, mid. ft Peas,	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 58 0 751 0 76	Raisins: Sultanas Loose Musc. Malaga Layers, London	0 08 0 10 0 00 2 40	Peel-Citron Orange Lemon	0 14 0 15 0 11 0 11 0 10 0 11
Fresh Rolls CHEESE: Finest, white Quebec.	0 084 0 083	Rye, mid. ft. Buckwheat, in store Groceries.	0 62 0 62}	Con. Cluster Extra Dessert. Royal Bucking'm Valencia	0 (0 8 25	do Chamois do do do Pink do do	0 50 0 50
EGGS: Select new Fall, held fresh	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 10\frac{3}{4} & 0 & 11\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 00 \end{array}$	Tea, (HfChest & Cad.) Japan, com. to med., D "good med. to fine "choicest	0 14 0 18 0 19 0 20 0 221 0 25	⁴⁴ Layers ⁴⁶ Currants, Provincials Filiatras ⁴⁶ Patras ⁴⁶ Vostizzas ⁴⁶	0 061 0 07 0 09 0 10 0 10 0 11 0 12 0 13 0 121 0 13	Trip. Van. Green do do 10 do Lilac do do	0 50 0 56 0 58 0 56 0 55 0 14
No. 2.	0 00 0 00 0 10 0 10	" dust. Y. Hyson, com. to good " fine to finest, h	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Prunes, Cal " do French " Figs in bags " new layers	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 05 \\ \hline 1 \ 0 \ 04 \ 0 \ 05 \\ \hline 0 \ 03 \\ \hline 1 \ 0 \ 00 \\ \hline 0 \ 08 \ 0 \ 13 \end{array}$	Unsweet'd blue prem do Starch:	0 041 0 00
Pacific Coast, Canadian "… German "… Brglish … British Columbia … Hoe FRODUCTS:	0 12 ¹ / ₂ 0 19 0 28 0 35 0 80 0 00 0 18 0 26	Pingsney med to good. " fing to to good. " fing to to finest " Congou, common"	0 25 0 35 0 121 0 16 0 19 0 23 0 28 0 42 0 (0 0 16	Dates Sh. Almonds, bxs '' S. S. Tarragona Walnuts ' '' Grenoble ''	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Silver Gloss Benson's Prep. Corn "Sat. Chr. label Can. Pure Corn No. 1 Wh. blue 48 lb	0 00 0 06
Bacon, smoked, per b Hams, city cured, " Pork Ca.s.c. per bbl do mess Dressed Hogs Habt	0 12; 0 14 0 00 19 00 18 00 18 50	" good common." " med. to good" " fine to finest" Indian	0 17 0 20 0 271	Filberts	0 10 0 11 0 051 0 08 0 00 1 70 0 12 0 15	Vinegar : less 10 p.c. dis. Imp Trip Cote D'or	0 28 000
Dressed Hogs, light " " heavy Lard, per D Can pure " Com. Refined SEEDS:	0 114 0 114	Darjeelings Ceylon	0 35 0 45 0 15 0 35 0 25 0 26 0 22 0 25 0 17 0 18	Mace	0 90 1 20 C 15 0 16 0 50 1 00 0 08 0 15 0 07 0 14		0 20 0 00 0 17 0 00 0 45 0 00
Clover, red, per lb '' alsike Timothy, (Can'n) per bsh. '' Western	0 12 0 15 8 00 3 40 2 50 3 00	Jamaica	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 17\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 18\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 27 & 0 & 29 \\ 0 & 06 & 0 & 11 \end{array}$	African ⁶⁵ pe ⁶⁵ Pimento	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Soan: Best Laundry	0 27 0 4
Flax 56 lbs Fall Rye Millet	0 80 0 85 0 98 1 00	Canadian do " Sugars: Factory. Ex Granulated, bris German gran'd		Mustard, 4 lb # jar, Eng 1 lb " <i>Bice</i> , C.C. standard B Patna	0 00 3 00 0 00 3 10	Matches: Telegraph "Telephone	8 60 3 10 3 40 5 60 3 30 5 50
Potatoes, per bag Honey, White Clov., Comb. "Extracted Beeswax	0 12 0 18 0 08 0 10 0 25 0 30	Ex Ground. in brls " in bxs Powdered, in brls " boxes	0 00 5 15 0 00 5 35 0 00 4 90 0 00 5 15	"Burmah" "Crystal Japan " "Carolina	4 00 4 10 5 00 5 10 6 60 7 60	Diamond Jubilee Walkerville	3 40 3 60
BEANS: prime do. Best hand-picked Sugar Maple. Syrup Maple, tins " wood, lb	1 50 1 55 0 09 0 10 0 65 0 70	Paris Lumps, in bris " " half bris " " 100-lb bxs Branded Yellows	0 00 5 25 0 00 5 15 0 00 5 25	Pearl " per lb Tapioca, Pearl" Flake" Ge latine, 1 qt pk" " 14 qt pk"	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Washboards: Royal Lily do Rose Globe Improved Globe	1 65 0 00 1 65 0 00 1 65 0 00 1 80 0 00
				-1 de basses			

Pipe

mining machinery, blast furnace and steel works plant, bridges, piers, realist columns, stanchions, girders, int cast iron or rivetted wrought and steel Bail and steel, Railway chairs and sleep



SPECIALTIES: Hand and Steam Scotch Der-rick Cranes, Ship's Deck Cranes, Hand and Steam Por table Cranes. Wharf Cranes Mortar Mills, Pileing En-gines, Hoisting Engines, and al kinds of Contractors' Plan. Extra B Best Short Link Crane and Stud Cable Chains Pitch Chains, Messenger Chains, and Anchors of every description.

Name of Article.	Wholesale	. Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesal
Hardware. M. Block, L&F, % D "Btraits" Striper. Ingot	0 00 0 00	¥ ¥ 1 in	8 60 0 00	Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs. Zinc: Spelter, per 100 lbs Sheet, Zinc "	a second s	Tallow, cake " rendered " Ordinary " rough No.1 B. A. Sole No.9 B. A. Sole	0 02 0 0
AALL SOREDULE. Se Guantity tras.Over and above 30d, fd, 50d, 60d and 70d Nails. tt and Fence Nails. and 20d Hot Cut, per 100 lbs and 20d Hot Cut, per 100 lbs and 20d to Cut, per 100 lbs the format of the format o	2 25 0 00 2 35 0 00 0 05 0 00 0 10 0 00 0 15 0 00	Bright, 1% to 1% Galvanized Iron: Queen's Head, } or equal} gauge 28 Comet do 28 gauge	8 50 0 00 3 25 0 00 4 50 4 75 4 40 4 65	Black Sheet Iron. Per 100 lbs. 8 to 16 grage. 18 to 20 do 22 to 24 do 26 do 28 do	2 85 0 00	No. 1 B. A. Sole No. 3 B. A. Sole No. 3 B. A. Spanish Sole Slaughter. No. 1. light medium & heavy ' No. 2 Harness Upper, heavy Grained Upper. Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French	0 24 0 9
vance. ae blued nails- per 100 lbs		No. 2 and larger No. 1 and smaller Bar Iron, per 100 lbs. Car lots Norway, base Am. Sh. St'l. 6 ft. x24 ft. 18	0 00 3 75 1 70 1 75 0 00 0 00	WIRE: Plain galv'd, No, 5 do do No. 6, 7, 8 do do No. 9 do do No. 10 do do No. 10 do do No. 10 do do No. 11 do do No. 12 do do No. 13 do do No. 14 do do No. 15 do do No. 15 do do No. 16	3 60 0 00 3 70 0 00 3 70 0 00 8 00 0 00 8 10 0 00	English. Canada Kip. Hemlock Calf. '' Light French Calf	0 45 0 8 0 50 0 6 0 50 0 7 0 50 0 6
and Flooring Nalls— to 30d per 100 lbs to 16d " and 9d " ^ 5d "	0 55 0 00 0 60 0 00 0 65 0 00 0 70 0 00	tt tt 42 tt 43 42 tt 44 44 42 Boiler plates, iron, 34 in. tt 45 42 Boiler plates, 34	0 00 8 10 0 00 8 20 0 00 8 45	Barbed Wire- Spring Wire per 100, 1.00 net extra. Iron and Steel Wire pl'n 6 to 9	8 05 f.o.h.	Splits, light and medium. ¹¹ heavy. ¹² small. Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain. Glove Grain. B. Calf. Brush (Cow) Kid. Br#	0 22 0 1 0 17 0 1 0 18 0 1 0 06 0 1 0 16 0 1 0 12 0 1
thing nails	0 60 0 00 0 65 0 00 0 70 0 00 0 95 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 50 0 00	Band Canadian, 1 to 5 in. 30c ; over base of ordin- iron, smaller size Extras <i>Canada Plates</i> : Full Polish Ord. 52 sheets	8 25	" 34 " " " " " " " " 3-16 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	0 10 0 091 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10	Russetts, light ¹⁴ heavy ¹⁴ No. 2 ¹⁴ Saddlers' doz Imt. French Calf. English Oak b	0 13 0 1 0 35 0 4 0 25 0 8 0 35 0 4 7 50 9 0 0 65 0 7
mmon barrel nails- inch per 100 lbs	0 95 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 00 0 00	Black Iron pipe, 1 in 1 in. % in % in 1 in 14 in.	2 80 2 95 8 20 4 50	" 3-16 " Lath yarn Base Price carlis.	0 14 0 15 0 09 2 77 4	" No. 1 " ordinary Colored Pebbles " Calf	
ach nails tch and longer per 100 lbs and 2% inch	1 25 0 00 1 50 0 00 0 60 0 00 0 65 0 00	per 100 ft. nett. Steel, cast p.lb., Blk Diam'd	7 45 9 90 0 08 base	2d extra 2d f " 3d " 4d and 5d "	2 85 1 00 1 00 0 65 0 40 0 30	Cod Oll. S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil, Nfid. Norw Process	045 0 5
TP and flat "	0 70 0 00 0 95 0 00 1 20 0 00 1 50 0 00	"Tire, " "Sleigh shoe, 100 lbs., "Toe Calk" Machinery" Harrow Tooth Tin Plates:	1 95 base 1 85 base 2 25 2 75 base 2 50	8d and 9d " 10d and 12d " 16d and 20d " 30d to 60d " H	0 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Castor Oil. Castor Oil brls	0 90 1 0 1 00 1 1 0 09 0 1 0 09 0 0 0 75 0 8 0 65 0 7
Chain_No. 6.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	IC Coke, 14 x 20 IC Charcoal, 14 x 20 IX Charcoal IXX " Terne Plate IC, 20x28 Russ. Sheet Iron	5 25	" No. 2		tinneed, raw, nett ti bolled, nett Olive, pure Extra, qt., per case. Purpentine, nett Petroleum:	0 00 0 00
4	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 0 \\ 10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$	Lion & Crown tin'd sh'ts. 22 and 24 guage case lots 26 guage	00 7 50 00 7 75 70 3 80	Clips	00 0 10 00 0 10 00 0 10 00 0 10	Benzine Gasoline Silver Star Imperial Acme American W. W	

bridge cylinders, well cylinders, tunhel segments, shaft tubbing. Constructional iron and steel work of every description. Castings of any weight. Iron and steel forgings of all kinds. Original makers and patentees: -Moore & Head's" hand hoists;

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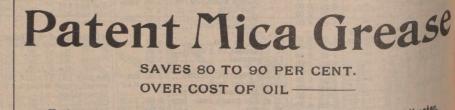
"Moore's" patent pulley blocks, "Teesdale" patent pulley blocks. Messrs. Head, Wrightson & Co., Limited, the well known proprietors of this establishment, are among the most extensive bridge builders and makers of general engineering construction work



in Great Britain. This important concern, says the Machinery Market, has like grown from small beginnings, many other of the now famous industrial establishments of the country. Its origin dates back to about the year 1840, when a small foundry was commenced by Mr. Skinner. That was at a period when South Stockton (now known as Thornaby-on-Tees) had just commenced its existence, the plans for a town on the Yorkshire side of the Tees having been laid out only two years previously. After various vicissitudes, the foundry passed into the hands of Messrs. Head and Wright, then Head, Ahby and Co., and eventually-in the '60s-to Messrs. Head and Wrightson. From this time progress became rapid, and it is due to the energy of these gentlemen, supplemented by their able managers that the concern has risen to its present high and flourishing position. In the year 1890 the business was converted into a limited liability company. It is now governed by a directorate consisting of Mr. C. Arthur Head, J.P., C.C., (Chairman), Sir Thos. Wrightson, Bart., M.P., Mr. Wm. Anderson, J.P., Mr. R. M. Littler, CB., Q.C., The Rt. Hon. J. G. Talbot, M.P., Mr. T. G. Wrightson, with W. Ridley Makepeace, as secretary, names which, it may be said, without hesitation,

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1901.

Name of Article	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article. Wholes
Class. United inches,00 to 25 do 26 to 40 do 51 to 60 do 51 to 60 Paints, & c. Lead pure 50 to 100 lb. kgs.	0 00 2 20 0 00 4 70 0 00 4 95 0 00 6 25	Salt-Continued. Special Dairy, per brl. quarters Spl Cheese Salt p bag 2001b Turk's Island per bush Tobacco-Cut Smoking.	0 45 0 50 1 25 1 50 0 30 0 35	Capstan Cigarettes, 10s. 50s. Gold Flake, 10s, 50s. Three Castles, 10s, 50s Gold Tip, 50s, 100s Gerth's Smoking, per lb Wool.	1 25 2 50	Ports- Tarragona
do No. 1 do No. 3 do No. 4 White Lead dry Red Lead Venetian Red Eng'h Yei, Ochre, French	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	No. 1 Black Chewing, cads No. 2 do Old Chum, in pkg., 10s and 12s Old Chum, In tins, Ibs. and ½s. Old Chum, 1-6 tins. Puritan, in pkgs., 1-11s	0 50 0 0 65 1 0 59 0 00 0 00 0 82 0 00 0 82 0 00 0 95	Fieece. North West Unwashed Pulled, combing do super do extrs B. A. Scoured.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Clarets- St. Juliens
Whiting, ordinary do Gilders do Paris, do English Cement, cask Begian do German do American do Fire Bricks per 1000	0 45 0 50 0 60 0 70 0 85 1 00 2 25 2 35 1 70 1 95 2 30 2 50	do ¼ lb. tins do 1 hb tins Out Cavendish, in pkg., 1-106 Durham, in bags, 1-12s and 1-6s Durham, 1 lb. drums Ritchle's Navy Cut, 1-5 tins. do Smoking Mixture,	0 00 0 85 0 00 0 83 0 00 0 80 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 05	Natal Cape, greasy. Chilian Australian greasy Building Paper.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 14\frac{1}{2} \ 0 \ 15\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \ 12 \ 0 \ 13 \end{array}$	Champagnes- Pommery, Fils & Co
Fire Clay Rosin. Glue: Domestic Broken Sheet French Casks do bris American White, bris Coopers' Glue	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	% tins	0 00 0 95	Tarred felt, per 100 lbs 2 ply, Ready R'f'g., roll 8 ''' ''' Wines, Liquors, &c. Ale-English	0 80 0 00 1 05 0 00 2 50 2 55	Scotch Whiskeys Dewars Scotch extra spec. 2515 Spl. Liquear
Golden Ochre Brunswick Green French Imperial Green Genuine Quicksilver No.1 Furnit'e Varn'h, pr.gl a do do Brown Japan	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Plug Tobaccos- Ritchie's Derby Smoking, Solace, 3s, 8s and 16s Ritchie's Old Virginia Smok- ing Twist, 35/5 Old Virginia Solace, 35/5 Ritchie's Old Chum Ohewing Solace, Thick and Thin 9s,	0 00 0 68 0 00 0 70 0 00 0 70	Porter- Dublin Stont ats	2 40 2 45 1 57 1 62 4 50 4 60 4 15 4 25	do violet
Black Japan. Orange Shellac, No. 1 do do Pure White do Putty Bulk 100 lb, brl Parisgreen in drum 1 lb pk. Sait. Liverpool per bag	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(61b, cads) Standard, 91-3s, 61b. cads do Thin, 95 W. D. & H. O. Wills, (E. A. Gerth, agent.) Westward Ho, ½ 1b. tins Meridian (Cavendish ½ 1b Traveller	0 00 0 67 0 00 0 50 0 00 0 75	Club Whisky U.P Corby's IXL Rys, qrts " XTC " " " Rys Whisky Canadian Wines Golden Diana, qts	8 60 0 00 8 00 8 50 6 00 6 50 gal.2.20 2.30 cases gal. 6 00 0 00	Angostura Bitters, per case of 2 doz Banagher Irish Whisky,dt do do do per gai Watson'sOldIrish,dts,pros do do pts per cs.
Canadian, in small bags Canadian, Quarters Factory Filled per bag do Quarters	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 & 10 & 3 & 00 \\ 0 & 271 & 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 90 & 1 & 25 \end{array} $	Three Castles Bristol Birds Eye. Capstan Navy Cut	0 00 50	Fine Old Port " Niagara " Burgundy " Claret " Dry Concord "	5 00 1 25 5 00 1 25 4 50 1 00	



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constitute a strong administration. The nucleus of the works, as we have said, was a small foundry, and though iron founding is to-day an important branch of the Teesdale Ironworks, there has been a vast expansion in the variety of work turned out. The company find markets for their manufactures in all parts of the world-in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, and Australia. With the steady increase of orders there has been a corresponding expansion in the resources of the firm. The buildings and plant have been greatly extended from time to time, and a large area of ground has been added to the original establishment. The growing requirements of the place necessitated the purchase of a large adjoining building, which had been erected for the purposes of a cotton mill

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(the manufacture of cotton flaving proved unprofitable as well as unsuitable to the district (and the large timber bond ponds, which had been constructed by a Stockton pioneer of trade—the late Mr. William Smith were also acquired. On this site the present bridge building yard of the Teesdale Ironworks stands, and it is intersting to mention that the old lock gates of the ponds still regular embedded in the yard. The Tegelar Works cover an area of about sixts acres, and include three main deput ments, viz.: (1) the foundries, ⁽²⁾ bridge building, and general erection yard, and (3) the fitting and matrix ery shops. In addition, the computown the Eggleseliffe foundry.



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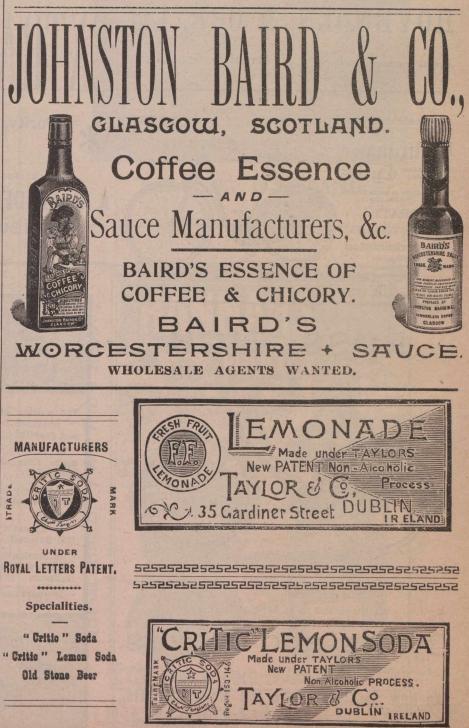
Montreal. Or A. G. THOMSON & CO., Glasgow, Scotland.

which the productive capacity of the establishment in the foundry depart-Meent has been greatly increased. Messrs. Head, Wrightson & Co.'s outbut in castings alone, it may be mentioned, is about 1,500 tons weekly. These castings, it may be added, range In all sizes up to thirty or forty tons Weight weight in a single casting. The Directors in 1897 also acquired the Stockton Forge Works at Stockton-on-Tees, covering about 61/2 acres of ground ground, as an auxiliary works. This company employ about 1,700 men in Their provide the source about 1,700 men 300 their various works, besides some 300 more in different parts of the country on erections. As most of our readers are aware, the Cleveland district is the aware, the Cleveland steel product producing centres, and the firm being in the very heart of it, they secure the benefit of material at the minimum ^{rost} of material at the minimum attack of transport. This consideration attack advanhaturally carries with it the advantage, which few other concerns can be said be said to possess in a similar degree, of being able to turn out high-class work at work at moderate prices: Sidings company nect all moderate prices. Sharing nect all the works of the company with a with the works of the company lines of North Eastern Railway, and lines of rails are laid to all parts, so that coal, iron, steel, and other in-coming materials are delivered into the yand the yard at the spot where they have to be handled. In addition, the firm possesses an extensive wharf on the

River Tees, and steamers up to 1,000 tons can load or discharge alongside; while from the neighbouring docks at Middlesborough there are regular lines of steamers loading for all parts of the

world. Such direct shipping facilities, it need hardly be remarked, are of no small importance to the success of a concern which has to deal with heavy tonnages for every part of the

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GEORGE SWIFT,

Claremont Iron Works, Halifax, Eng. Machine Tools of every description .-Drilling Machines a specialty. - The proprietor has recently increased the works to twice their original size, and has put down a special plant for the manufacture of slotting machines. The manufacture of drilling machines is a specialty, over 2,500 having been supplied customers in all parts of the globe. The illustrations in catalogue (sent free on request), are all numbered, showing to which specification they refer, and are as a rule the correct representation of the machine, but as improvements are constantly being made, they will, in some cases, perhaps, be found to vary a little in de-tail. The weights and measurements are given as near correct as possible. Cut Gearing-Machines can be supplied with machine-cut gearing throughout, or the principal wheels only machinecut. Special machinery of all descriptions quoted for, and enquiries for any machine you are in want of will be promptly attended to. All prices are quoted net on rails at Halifax, unless otherwise stated. Carriage will be paid on goods when required and charged extra. In cases where packing is needed for export, packing is charged extra. Cases are not returnable. Terms .- All quotations are net cash, and are due as soon as the machine is delivered. All foreign crders to be accompanied with a remittance, or arrangement to pay on presentation of invoice to some established house in England, Among the many illustrated machines in catalogue are: Sliding, Surfacing, and Screw-Cutting Gap Lathes.-Built on strong and accurately proportioned beds which are carefully fitted to standards, and have gaps open or covered by removable bridge piece; double-geared headstock with steel spindles for both heads; fast headstock; spindle, running in conical or parallel necks, with gunmetal or steel steps as required by user; leading screw and back shaft running the full length of bed, the screw is cut to Whitworth's Standard, and is engaged by double-grip nut, clipping screw top and bottom; a Quick reversing gear for cutting right or left hand threads, a full set of change wheels is provided. Saddle, carefully fitted to bed, carries compound rest adjustable for sliding, surfacing and conical turning, and has self-acting motions for all classes of work. A complete overhead driving apparatus, countershaft cone, pulleys, and hangers, back stay, face plate, driver, chuck, screw keys, and full set of twenty-two change wheels are sent out with every lathe. Every lathe is guaranteed free from any defect of workmanship, and, as only best materials are used in manufacture, they can be confidently recommended to stand any test in regard to the aceuracy of work done on them according to their capabilities. Lathes are

Road





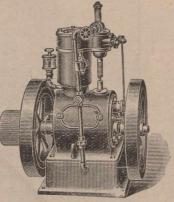
SAMUEL HANNAH & CO., GLASCOW, SCOTLAND,

1440

THE CANADAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

	SECURITIES.		ndon ay 9.
Br	tish Columbia, 1877 5 p.c	106	110
Ca	1557, 4% per cent 1891-9, 3 p.c nada, 4 per cent. loan, 1550	91 106	 93 108
	t per cent. loan, 1888-99	100	102
Ma	Debs. 1884, 8% per cent 2% p.c. loan, 1897 nitoba. 1885-6, 5 p.c.	103 88 107	105 90 109
SH	Bailway and other Stocks.	Ma	ay 9.
100 10 100 800	Buffalo & Lake Huron £10 shr do 5½ p.c. 1st mort. do 2nd mort Can. Central 6 p.c. M Bds. Ini guar. by Gov	119 18 ¹ / ₄ 137 137	141 141
100	Grand Trunk, Georgian Bay, &c	1. 2	114
	1st M	100	102
100 100 100 100 100 100	Ird pref. stock	125 981/4 823/	12% 128 98% 83% 83% 37 139 106
100 100 100	Great Western shares, 5 p.c Hamiton & N.W., 6 p.c M. of Canada Stg. 1st Mort. 5 p.c	127	130
100 100	N. of Canada, 1st mtg., 5 p.c Quebec Central, 5 p.c. 1st Inc. Bds T. G. & B. 4 p.c. bonds, 1st mort.	100 10; 44 105	102 102 46 107
100 100	Well., Grey & Bruce, 7 p. c. bas	112 105	116 109
	MUNICIPAL LOANS.		
100 100 100	City of London (Ont) 1st pref 5 p.c. City of Montreal stg. 5 p.c 1874 City of Ottawa, 4 ½ p.c.stg redeem 1878 redeem 1875	101	103 106 104 106
100	City of Quebec, 6 p.c. redeem 1875	107	.09
100	redeem 1978 City of Toronto, 4 p.c. 1889-98 6 p.c. stg. con. deb. 1874-1876 5 p.c. gen. con. deb. 1879 4 p.c. stg. bonds,	99 103 113 102	1: 2 109 115 104
100	City of Winnipeg deb., 1884, 5 p.c Deb. ecrip. 1888, 6 p.c		111
100 100 100	MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES. Canada Company Canada North-West Land Co Hudson Bay Banks.	31 3 221/4	84 5 223%
1000			64 520 60

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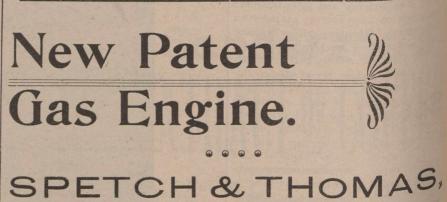
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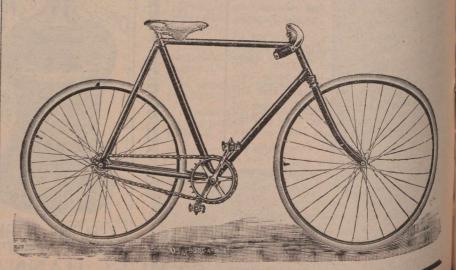
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(Continued from Page 1352.)

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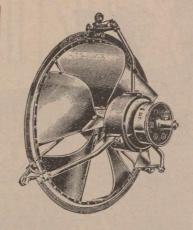
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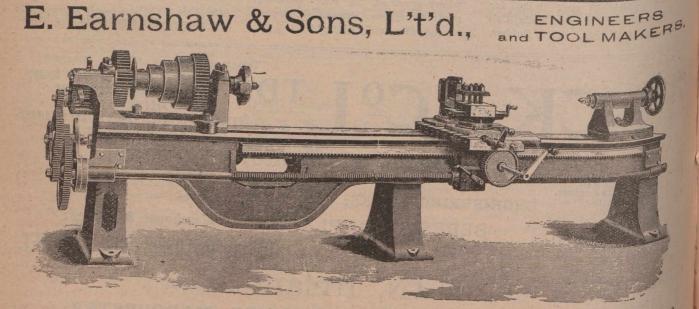
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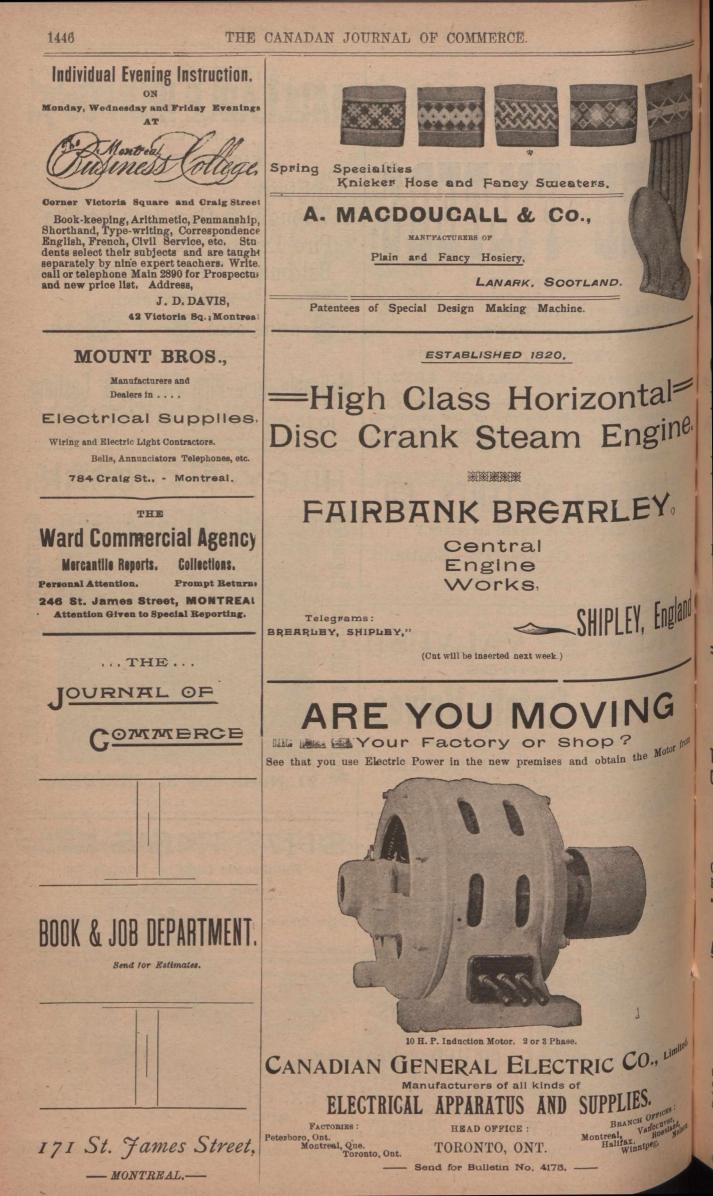
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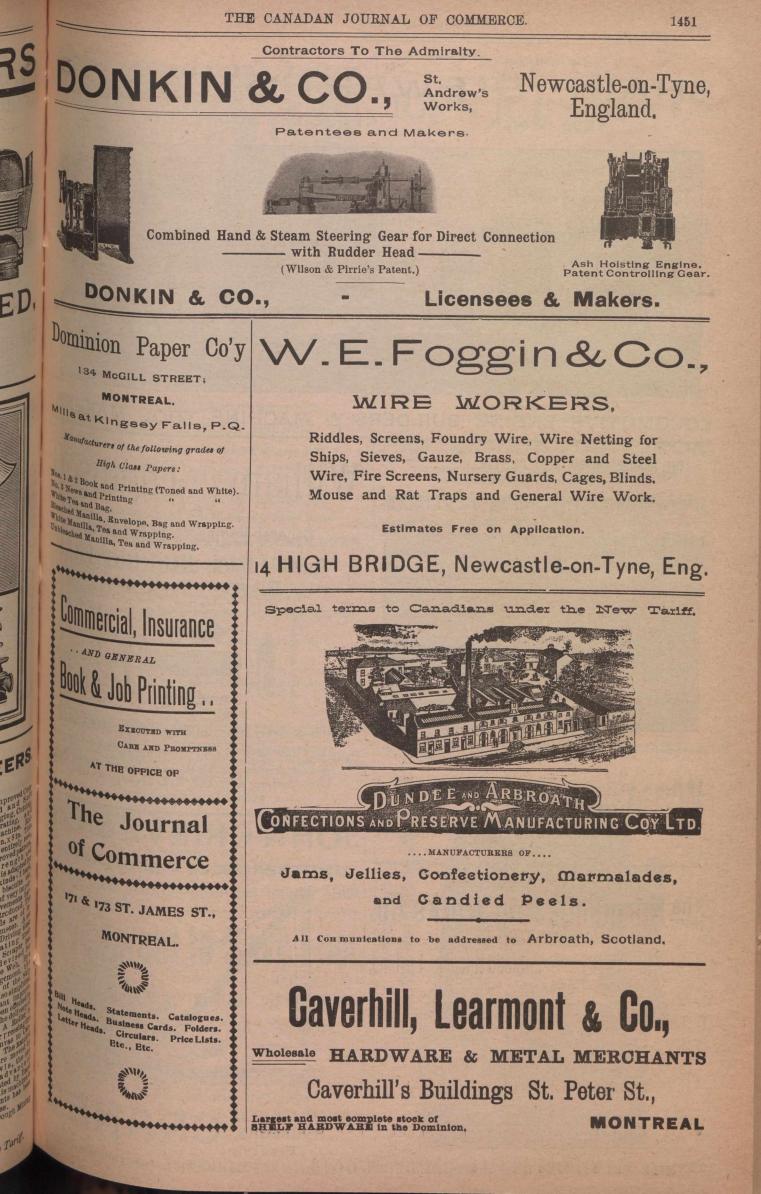
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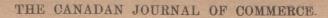


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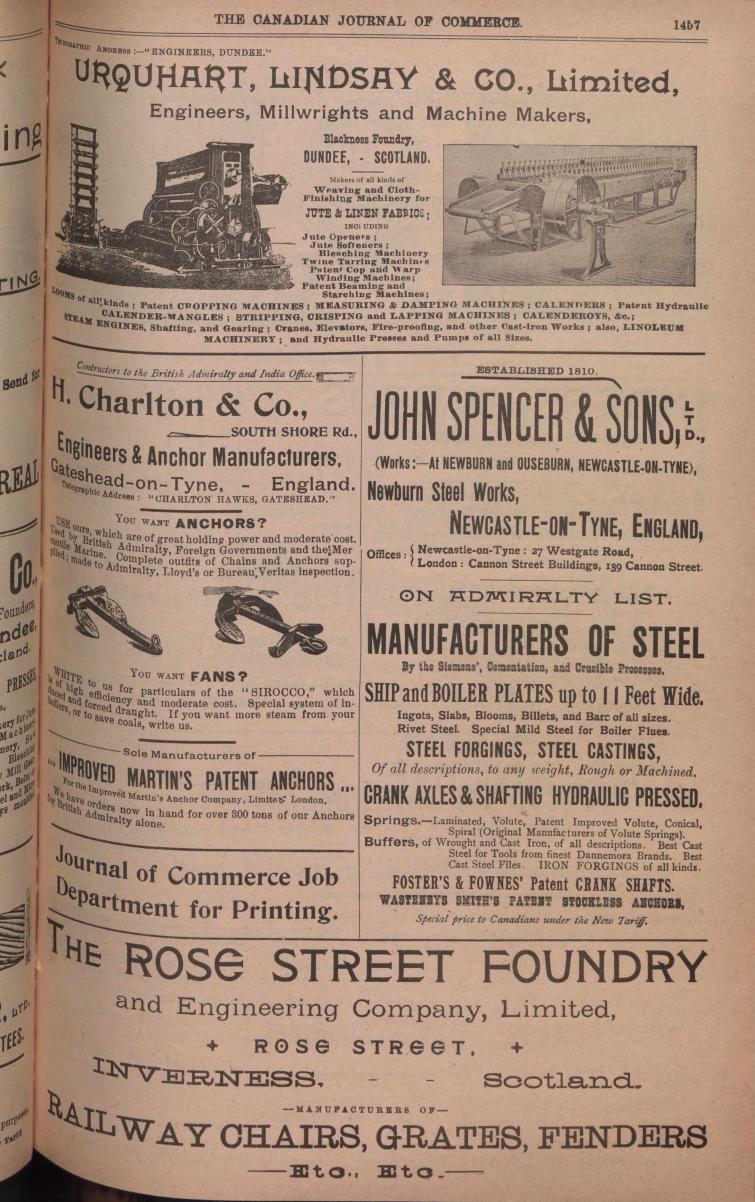
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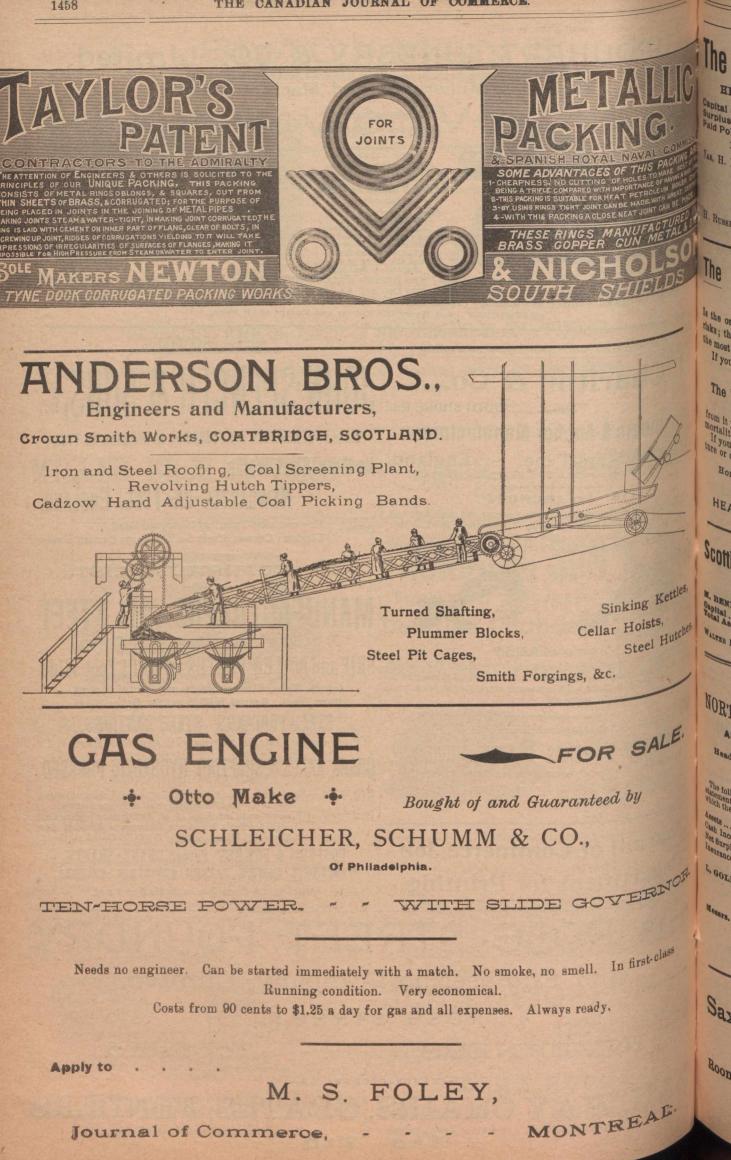


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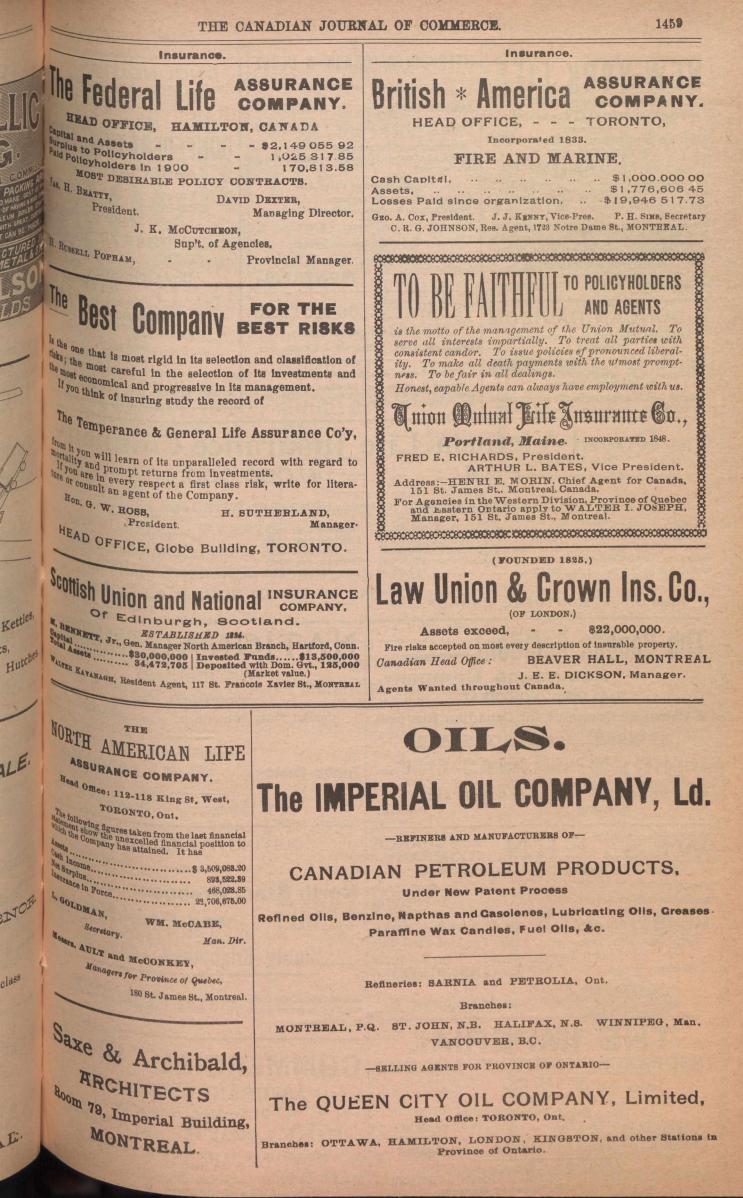
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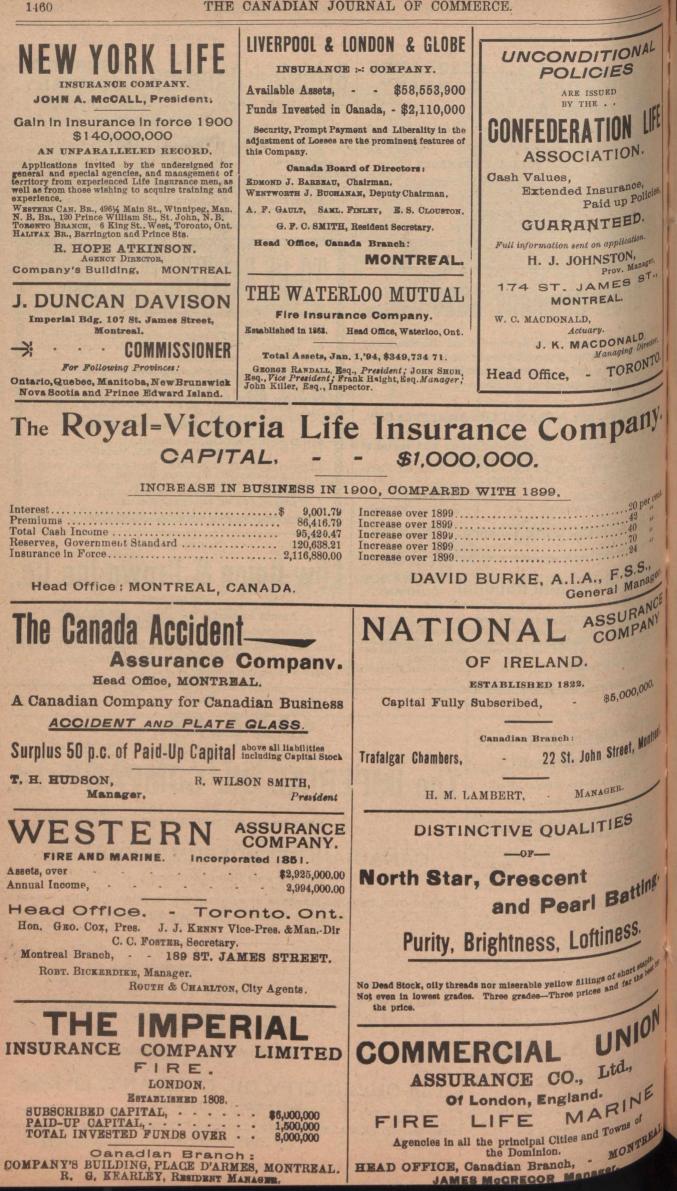




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