

4 miles from where it empties into the Duncan river, thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 4.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," planted on the west bank of Teetzel creek, about 5 miles up Teetzel creek, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 5.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of Teetzel creek about 6 miles up Teetzel creek, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 6.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of Teetzel creek about 7 miles up Teetzel creek, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 7.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, near the railway, thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 8.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, one mile further west than No. 7, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 9.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, about 4 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 10.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, three miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 11.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and adjoining No. 10 on the west, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 12.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and adjoining No. 11 on the west, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 13.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, about 5 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 14.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, about 6 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 15.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and adjoining No. 14 on the west, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 16.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, about 7 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 17.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and adjoining No. 16 on the west, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 18.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, about 8 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 19.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and adjoining No. 18 on the west, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 20.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, about 9 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 21.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and adjoining No. 20 on the west, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 22.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and about 11 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 23.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and about 12 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 24.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and about 13 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 25.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.E. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and about 14 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

No. 26.—Commencing at a post marked "Ole Oberg's S.W. corner post," and planted on the east bank of the Duncan river, and about 15 miles from headwaters, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

## VOL. 6

### BACKS DOWN

#### Joe Martin Not in Nomination for Election

#### NO TIME FOR CAMPAIGN

#### KEIR HARDIE, BRITISH LEADER, ADDRESSES PUBLIC MEETING IN VANCOUVER ON JAPANESE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

(Special to The Daily News)  
Vancouver, Aug. 2.—Joe Martin failed to come to time when nominations for Bowers seat were received this morning.

Interviewed, he said his backdown was due to the time before election being too short to wage the energetic campaign he desired. Kingsley, socialist, was nominated, however, and will fight the contest out with Bowers tomorrow. J. Keir Hardie, member of the imperial parliament and English labor leader, addressed a large crowd at an open air meeting tonight. The chief point touched upon was the Japanese immigration, in which he recommended legislation making it illegal for employers to pay Orientals less wages than white men. He thought this would settle the immigration question, but did not believe that imperial policies would stand in the way of restriction of immigration if a colony or province thought such protection was necessary.

#### QUEBEC LABEL SUITS

Quebec, Aug. 2.—Hon. Mr. Turgeon has entered suit for civil action for libel against the Nationalist for articles accusing him of perjury. Premier Gouin has entered suit against La Patrie for an article last night saying that the premier had smothered the hands of the labor leader and his negotiations.

#### TO OUST U. S. SILVER

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—With the opening of the royal Canadian mine, which is expected to take place in November, the government will take stronger measures to transport United States silver across the border, so that the profits of manufacture may all accrue to Canada.

#### SITUATION IS IMPROVING

#### AUTHORITIES HAVE BELFAST NOW BETTER IN HAND.

#### PLAN FOR BREAKING UP POLICE DISCONTENT

Belfast, Aug. 2.—The strike situation tonight is much more hopeful. Chief secretary for Ireland, Birrell, will arrive here tomorrow and use his personal influence to secure a peaceful settlement of the difficulty. Although the hotheads still talk of defying the authorities, among the cooler men there appears to be a spirit of compromise. When the constables paraded today to the various barracks to receive their weekly pay, there was not a murmur of discontent. Every constable left without incident and it is now believed that it will not be necessary to hold the postponed parade of the disaffected members of the local police force.

The trades disputes are also in a fair way of settlement. It was stated this afternoon that the dispute of both the coal men and the carters had been settled. This, however, was erroneous and the conference will not take place until a late hour tonight. The coal men arrived at a compromise with their employers on the basis of an increase in pay, the men to abandon the demand that their employers must be visited by their trades unions. The carters adjourned until tomorrow morning, when it is said their problem also will be settled. It is understood that the government is dealing with the discontent of the constables by gradually transferring them in batches to different parts of the country, to the wider parts of Skibbereen, Achill and elsewhere, so that concerted action and disaffection in the future will be impossible by them in the future will be impossible by them from other towns who are not likely to risk the loss of their pensions by agitation.

#### CANADIAN ENLIGHT

#### Argonauts Win Junior Fours

S. Catherines, Aug. 2.—Only two finals were rowed this afternoon at the Canadian Henley. The Argonaut junior eights won from the Ottawa in a race that gave the winners a fine victory. The Argonauts showed excellent judgment throughout. S. Catherines gave the Lachine boat and canoe club of Summerside, Que., a hard race in the junior eights, which was won by a length. It was the first eights entered by S. Catherines for their own course. The heats finished as follows: S. Catherines, 1st; Ottawa, 2nd; Argonauts, 3rd; Summerside, 4th.

The surprise of the day was the victory of Fred Fussell of New York in the difficulty of Fred Fussell of New York in winning his heat from J. Colson of Toronto. He appeared against J. C. and won by a length. The race was a hard one, but he was in a grand race. Junior singles, heat 1, Richard Seagrave, Don rowing club, Toronto, won; W. R. Maurice, Detroit rowing club, 2nd; E. A. Springs, Toronto rowing club, 3rd; time, 1:30.33, distance 1.2 miles.

Junior singles, heat 2, W. D. D. Emery, Mutual rowing club, Buffalo, won; E. W. Benson, 2nd, time 1:30.33.

Junior singles, heat 3, M. J. Burns, Celtic R.C., Buffalo, won; J. F. Cosgrove, Argonaut R.C., Toronto, time 1:30.33.

Senior singles, 2nd heat, W. B. Wilam, Don R.C., won; H. Gargent, Fort Wistar R.C., second, time 1:42.42.

Senior singles, 3rd heat, Fred Fussell, Metropolitan R.C., New York, won; J. Colson, 2nd, time 1:30.33.

### FUEL FAMINE

#### Worse Shortage Coming Winter Than Last Year

#### SAY BIG COAL SHIPPERS

#### THERE WILL BE FROM THREE TO FIVE MILLION TONS LESS THAN REQUIREMENTS ACCORDING TO ESTIMATES OF EXPERT AUTHORITIES.

Cleveland, Aug. 2.—The northwest will suffer a more severe coal famine during the coming winter than the record breaking one last year, which cost so many lives according to the big coal shippers of this city. It is declared that the inability of the railroads to supply boats enough with coal and the great demand for ore, occasioned by the closing of the strike of ore handlers will bring about a far-reaching shortage of the supply of fuel at the upper lakes.

With the best of fortune and if all the hopes of vessel men are fulfilled the region beyond the upper lakes will have from 3,000,000 to 5,000,000 tons of coal less than it will require according to estimates made by prominent shippers. Ohio shippers are rushing fuel to the upper lake points in every vessel they can charter. Since the opening of navigation shipments to the head of the lakes are considerably greater at this time than they were a year ago.

Many boats, however, are tied up in the river here awaiting cargoes for the season, and it will not be until the coal that the railroads are not bringing fast enough to load ships.

Discussing the situation today a prominent mine owner said: "There are now 100 big ore carriers up the river waiting cargoes, they cannot get away till the ore reaches the docks, which means a delay of perhaps ten days. These huge vessels, when they reach Ohio ports with their decks piled high with coal, the cry is 'ore, ore, more ore.' No vessel owner who is not under contract to carry coal will wait for a coal load, so the northwest, even with 11,000,000 tons of coal on the way, will experience a fuel famine before next spring."

"The story that I have had a quarrel with one of the coal men is not true, where other similar stories, equally false, have started before," said Haywood during his ride from Ogdon to Salt Lake. "There is absolutely no quarrel between me and the coal men. I am not here to stay near Pettibone as long as possible. As to the changes that may be made in counsel for the west, I do not know. It will probably be a change. Some slight difficulty has arisen between Messrs Richardson and Darrow. Both are big men and such differences are not unusual. It is not as if two big men are on the same case. Mr. Haywood said he would leave with his family for Denver at 6 o'clock tomorrow evening on the Rio Grande. He is to take the train in federation headquarters on Monday.

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### MAY BE WAR

#### France and Spain to Coerce Morocco

#### GERMANS ARE SUSPICIOUS

#### ACTIVE PREPARATIONS STARTED TO BEGIN A CAMPAIGN IN THE SULTAN'S DOMAINS—MANY TROOPS ARE BEING RUSHED TO AFRICA.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The French and Spanish governments are acting in concert with great promptness to meet the situation that has arisen in Morocco. A warship of each of these powers is now in the harbor of Casa Blanca and three French and one Spanish man of war are on the way to Morocco. France has proposed to Spain the immediate landing of French and Spanish troops at Casa Blanca and in anticipation of a favorable reply has prepared three transports at Toulon to convey 2,500 men and 300 horses to Morocco. What further steps if any are contemplated have not been made public.

Slight delay and embarrassment in meeting with the situation is caused by the absence of premier Clemenceau, who is at Carlsbad. An official communication issued today says that the action of the powers in Morocco is limited to that granted them under the Algeiras convention. Up to midnight no telegram reporting the arrival of fresh news from Casa Blanca. A dispatch received here from Oran, Algeria, reports that the bridge across the river near Tangier has been captured between Tangier and Elksare. There is no confirmation of this news from Tangier.

Toulon, Aug. 2.—The French cruisers Conde and Ducaulle, left here today for Tangier. The transports Nive, Mythe and Shamrock have been given rush orders to prepare to receive 100 soldiers and 300 horses. The Nive sails tomorrow.

Berlin, Aug. 2.—The French charge d'affaires here informed the foreign secretary today and notified foreign secretary Taehiry of the situation at Casa Blanca, and the intention of the French government to send warships to Morocco.

Die Post, who has received views of the government discusses the Moroccan situation at length today and concludes its article with the statement that Germany will interpose no unnecessary objections to the French action, and also by general superintendent Bury are required to restore order. Die Post, however, is little pleased with the turn affairs have taken and says that if France set out in the beginning to secure control of Morocco, that circumstances seem to be making it easy for her by constantly bringing up new excuses for her to settle more firmly into the saddle.

Madrid, Aug. 2.—The government announces that in addition to the Infanta Isabella which already has arrived at Tangier, the cruiser Don Alvaro de Bazan now at Las Palmas has been ordered to the Moroccan coast. Furthermore orders have been given that the cruiser Don Maria de Molina be held in readiness to sail at a moment's notice.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The Echo de Paris this morning prints an interview from Tangier with colonel Armin Mullock, inspector general of the international Moroccan police. He knows the map, he knows its length and breadth, he knows that it contains a vigorous and patriotic population; these things he seizes as facts, but he can never grasp the real situation. He knows that Canada, though a very potent kind of the present is even for a land of the future. As for ourselves, not only have we learned much that we shall not forget but through the courtesy and kindness of everybody we have met in the course of our tour, we shall carry away with us pleasant recollections of the hospitality which can never fade. I must add a cordial word of thanks to the C.P.R. for the admirable manner in which it organized our tour and for the excellent way in which it carried out its arrangements."

Neither is winner  
Grand Forks, Aug. 2.—After listening all day to counsel's argument Judge Brown yesterday gave his decision in the case of Governor vs. Ye. W. H. C. v. cert, the pioneer fruit grower of this state, leased a portion of his land to one J. M. Ye, a Chinaman, and under the agreement sued for an accounting, receipts and damages amounting to \$100.00. Ye brought a counter claim, contending that owing to certain's failure to supply water and to other reasons his crops were partly ruined. The court held that the defendant was to procure conduit to take the place of Delmas and McKee, who are now engaged in the trial of T. V. Halsey.

Application for a writ of mandamus to compel Taylor to resign as mayor of San Francisco was made at the supreme court today by Harry G. McKenny secretary to mayor Taylor. The supreme court justices have signified that they will give the matter immediate consideration and a decision may be had early next week. This action will determine the legality of Dr. Taylor's selection as mayor.

San Francisco's New Chief Magistrate Appeals to the Law  
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### "PURE FOOD"

#### Commons Gives 2nd Reading to Burns Bill

#### PROTECTS PUBLIC HEALTH

#### BRITISH BOARD OF TRADE GIVEN EXTENSIVE POWERS OF CONTROL OVER THE IMPORTATION OF TINNED GOODS.

London, Aug. 2.—The bill introduced by John Burns, president of the local government board, enabling the board of trade to institute more stringent regulations for the prevention of danger arising to the public health from the importation, preparation, storage and distribution of articles of food, passed its second reading in the house of commons today.

In the course of debate on the bill Mr. Burns explained that it empowered the authorities at all ports to inspect food to take samples and destroy unsound goods. It might be argued, Mr. Burns said since the recent tinned meat exposures in England and elsewhere that things have been put right, but the government could not allow the laws to remain defective because of inconceivable probability that matters would relapse to where they were before.

Continuing Mr. Burns declared that he had received a report that a German consul had said that American meat packers had informed his government that they were willing to consent to the inspection of any meat providing that whatever goods the German officials rejected should be returned to the packer as they could be sold in the United Kingdom.

The speaker said he was not going to allow that and he did not see why the United Kingdom should take whatever Germany, France, or other European countries would not accept. He was prepared not to enforce the regulations for a period of four years after the adoption of the bill. "The government would tolerate, harass, or inconvenience those persons carrying on legitimate trade decently, but the local government board must have greater power over imported tinned goods in order that the people who suffered most from the dangers of disease should be protected."

MOTOR BOAT RACE  
Southampton, Aug. 2.—The American motor boat race, owned by Commodore E. J. Schroeder of the auto boat club of America, today won the race for the international marine motor cup in Southampton waters, by beating the nearest British boat Dainler II, by three-quarters of a mile.

ARRESTED FOR LARCENY  
Queenstown, Aug. 2.—James Robertson of Wemyss, passenger on Commodore E. J. Schroeder liner Lucania, which arrived this afternoon has been arrested for the alleged larceny of \$100.

HAYWOOD'S HOME COMING  
GREAT WELCOME TO BE GIVEN HIM BY DENVER UNIONISTS  
RICHARDSON, OF COUNSEL FOR DEFENSE DENOUNCES DARROW

Denver, Aug. 2.—Practically all the unions of the city were represented at a meeting last night which had for its purpose the perfecting of plans for honoring William D. Haywood, secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, who was acquitted of the charge of conspiring to kill former governor Sweeney of Idaho.

Haywood will arrive in this city from Salt Lake next Saturday evening. A popular demonstration will be made in which it is estimated that between 2,000 and 3,000 people will take part. Haywood will be met at the union station and will be driven to his hotel in a carriage drawn by six white horses, symbolical of his innocence of the crime with which he was charged. An effort will be made to have Haywood address the people somewhere along the line of march and also to submit to a reception when all who wish may shake hands with him.

Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, co-lecturer with W. D. Haywood in the conspiracy charge will not come to Denver to participate in the demonstration now

Remember the Date

Remember the Date

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday,  
September 18, 19 & 20

# FIFTH ANNUAL NELSON FRUIT FAIR

Of the Nelson Agricultural & Industrial Association

Larger and Better than Ever

Larger and Better than Ever

Cheap Excursion Rates on all Transportation Lines

\$5000 PRIZES \$5000

## See the Fruit, Mineral, Lumber Products of GLORIOUS KOOTENAY

The Amusement Attractions Offered by the Association this year are more numerous and costlier than heretofore attempted

Something Doing Every Minute. Free Show Twice Daily

# BIG ONE RING CIRCUS

SEVEN BIG ACTS

SEVEN BIG ACTS

MADAM WANDA and her troupe of high-class and well trained coach dogs. This attraction just brought from Europe where it was one of the features of Barnum & Bailey's Circus while over in that country

THE SIM LETTA FAMILY of Acrobats, Nelson Favorites.

COULER & KEELSON, in their Comedy Flying Ladder Act.

THE McDANIELS FAMILY in their sensational trick house performance.

"MAXIMO," the highest diving dog in the world, diving from a 48 foot ladder into a net.

THE FORREST FAMILY, who do a grand flying return casting act 30 feet in mid air. One of the grandest acts in the country.

PROF. THEODORE SILVESTER, in a slack wire performance in mid air

FIVE FUNNY CLOWNS between each and every act--FIVE FUNNY CLOWNS. In addition to the foregoing free attraction THE NAT REISS CARNIVAL CO. will be in attendance on the grounds. HORSE AND PONY RACING DAILY. Send for prize list, ready July 15th.

C. W. BUSK, President

P. O. BOX 85

D. C. McMorris, Secretary

## WORLD W

Vancouver, July 31.—After fifteen minutes, the jury in the Green vs. the World, this brought in a verdict for the with costs.

The principal feature of the the scathing language in which the Clement scored Caron in his charge to the jury. "It is very difficult for me to find language to properly the action of Mr Adolphe Caron all it seems to me that a man life, when a transaction is going an office, who writes to the that office a letter of that of should have the insignia of which has been conferred stripped from him. I have not est hesitation in making that and making it as strongly a bly can.

That letter reached Green, ed the court, "and I say Green should have resented the dial him in making him such a p. Nor have I the slightest hes saying so. Either Green is most innocent of men, unal that a proposition of that sort honorable, or else he must hav that in the long run possibly ent would accrue to him from are only two hypotheses and the worst construction upon of Green in respect to that p then I say he has only himsel if your verdict should be aga

"I trust that the day has when any man in British makes any difference between vate and his public life." D. G. MacDonnell, counsel World also scored Caron, al him as "a sly and wily old was in politics before many o born and is still at the ga claimed that Caron had wite meshed Green in his toils an the latter would have had the destroy the letters at issue, Ca too much to trust to any such Donnell closed with a plea to to remember the liberty of the public press in behalf of interests of good government.

Green himself was the star the day. He acknowledged ha up the letter in question and copy of the answer. He tho this was the only portion of t pondence with Caron not on the letter had evidently been wr his wire to Caron that the 2 censures would issue. He had Mackay as the recipient of th but never had a conversation concerning their value or di Questioned as to whether t were the cause of his resigna answered that he had resig personal reasons. It might b that he would re-enter politic as to his position with referen government, he said he wiche get around his obligation an he knew.

D. W. Higgins, editor of t stated that he had secured a corning the letters and had a famous article. He submitted per and Cowan and both refu to affirm or deny the facts. Then he was sure he was on track and published the expo

The article in the World, wh Green, ex-commissioner of lands claimed to be libellous, read a "In 1866 a company called the tinental Exploration Syndicate to R. F. Green, then chief cor of lands and works, for lease tions of coal lands on Pine riv when the early construction of Tank Pacific railway through tion of British Columbia is o ara certain to become of great ditate value. Representing the was sir Adolph Caron, formerl vative minister of the crown i The application was refused by who alleged, as his reason, th minion government had not the 3,500,000 acres of land in the corner of the province which veyed to it by the terms of the act under which the Esquamit a no railway was built. Later arrangements were arrived at Green, representing the B.C. and sir Adolph Caron, acting for continental syndicate and the granted.

"Caron had previously wrt a name a friend who could be hold shares in the syndicate (Green's) interest. Green wolle ing Caron for his beneficence an N. McKay, then premier McBri secretary as a safe person in vest the ownership of the sha wrote Green stating that the va shares which were to be given free gift and were rated at \$1 was \$200. Green replied than for the very great kindness. were then issued by the chief er of lands and works to the tinental Exploration Syndicate, secured leases for coal lands river in the same section of the for which Green was given and in the name of Neil McKay.

"Later on there was a hit Green thought he had not reced ticiently large share of the the objection was raised by one leagues. Be that as it may, t conservative lawyers, then re who still reside in the city v, were retained by Caron, claims. Armed with the cor between Green and Caron, viewed the executive council. At ing all the members except w were present. The lawyers we in pressing sir Adolph Caron's Green put up a show of res was dumbfounded when conr sir Adolph Caron's letter and h ter thanking sir Adolph for his ness and instructing him to shares in Neil McKay's name. The difficulty must have bee over for it was stated in the government organ printed in on the 10th October last, that continental Exploration Syndicate formed in London with a obje to explore and develop coal t

WORLD WINS

Vancouver, July 31.—After being out fifteen minutes, the jury in the libel suit Green vs. the World, this afternoon brought in a verdict for the defendant with costs.

The principal feature of the suit was the scathing language in which Mr. Justice Clement scored Caron and Green in his charge to the jury. "It is very difficult for me," he said, "to find language to properly criticize the action of Mr. Adolph Caron. After all it seems to me that a man in public life, when a transaction is going through an office, who writes to the head of that office a letter of that description, should have the insignia of royal favor which has been conferred upon him stripped from him. I have not the slightest hesitation in making that statement and making it as strongly as I possibly can."

"The letter reached Green," continued the court, "and I say Green at once should have resented the dishonor done him in making him such a proposition. Nor have I the slightest hesitation in saying so. Either Green must be the most innocent of men, unable to see that a proposition of that sort was dishonorable, or else he must have thought that in the long run it was possible that the verdict would be against him. There are only two hypotheses and if you put the worst construction upon the action of Green in respect to that proposition, then I say he has only himself to blame if your verdict should be against him."

"I trust that the day has not come when any man in British Columbia makes any difference between his private and his public life. The World also scored Caron, alluding to him as 'a sly and wily old fox, who was in politics before many of us were born and is still as the game as ever.' The Caron had written Green in his tolls and though the latter would have had the grace to destroy the letters at issue, Caron knew Donnell closed with a plea to the jury to remember that liberty should be given the public press in behalf of the best interests of good government."

Green himself was the star witness of the day. He acknowledged having torn up the letter in question and kept no copy of the answer. He thought that this was the only portion of the correspondence with Caron not on file. The letter had evidently been written after his wife to Caron that the Telqua licenses would issue. He had suggested Mackay as the recipient of the shares, but never had a conversation with him concerning the value of the shares. Questioned as to whether the letters were the cause of his resignation, Green answered that he resigned because of personal reasons. It might be possible that he would have been written after his wife to his position with reference to the government, he said he wished he could get around his obligation and tell all he knew.

D. W. Higgins, editor of the World, stated that he had secured a hint concerning the letters and had written the famous article. He submitted it to Tupper and Cowan and both refused either to affirm or deny the facts charged. Then he was sure he was on the right track and published the expose.

The article in the World, which R. F. Green, ex-commissioner of lands and works claimed to be libellous, read as follows: "In 1905 a company called the Transcontinental Exploration Syndicate, applied to R. F. Green, then chief commissioner of lands and works, for leases of 23 sections of coal lands on P.N.E. river, which when the early commencement of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway through that portion of British Columbia is considered, are certain to become of great and immediate value. Representing the syndicate was Mr. Adolph Caron, a man of conservative mind of the crown at Ottawa. The application was refused by Mr. Green who alleged, as his reason, that the Dominion government had not then selected the 3,500-acre site of land in the northwest corner of the province which were conveyed to it by the terms of the Settlement act under which the Esquimaux and Nahalin railway was built. Later a private arrangement was arrived at by R. F. Green, representing the B.C. government, and Mr. Adolph Caron, acting for the Transcontinental syndicate and the leases were granted."

"Caron had previously written Green to name a friend who could be trusted to hold shares in the syndicate in his own name. Green replied, thanking Caron for his benevolence and naming N. McKay, then premier's private secretary as a safe name. Later Caron wrote Green stating that the value of the shares which were to be given him as a free gift and were rated at \$118, each, was \$25,000. Green replied thanking Caron for the very great kindness. The leases were then issued by the chief commissioner of lands and works to the Transcontinental Exploration Syndicate on Telqua river in the same section of the country, for which Green was given another share in the name of Neil McKay."

"Later on there was a hitch. Either Green thought he had not received a sufficiently large share of the plunder or objection was raised by one of his colleagues. Be that as it may, two eminent conservative lawyers, then residing in the city who still reside in the city of Vancouver, were retained by Caron to press his claims. Armed with the correspondence between Green and Caron, they met the executive council at its meeting on the 10th of October last, that the Transcontinental Exploration Syndicate be dissolved in London with a capital of \$400,000 and develop coal measures in Telqua valley. In the interval that elapsed between the granting of the lease and the mysterious and abrupt disposing of Mr. W. S. Gore from his position as deputy of the lands and works department. Mr. Neil McKay, the premier's private secretary and holder of \$25,000 worth of Transcontinental Exploration Syndicate shares, for the gift of which Mr. Green had thanked Mr. Adolph Caron for his great kindness, was appointed deputy in Mr. Gore's place. It was probably felt that the custodian of the shares should be changed at any rate and the name of Granville Cuppage, a junior clerk in the lands and works department at Victoria, appears in the Province of October 10th as one of the directors of the company that is about to spend \$400,000 in developing the coal lands along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific."

"From whom Mr. Cuppage's shares are not at present known but there is reason to believe that the \$27,000 worth of stock which was originally conveyed to Neil McKay are the shares which Mr. Granville Cuppage represents and by virtue of which he sits as a director of the company."

"The above is a plain narration of a most appalling instance of provincial government corruption. Readers will have no difficulty in arriving at a conclusion unfavorable to the government. The correspondence has been photographed and Mr. Green's letter thanking Mr. Adolph Caron for his munificence and requesting that the shares be placed in the name of Neil McKay, is in Vancouver at this moment. Special attention will be directed to the fact that, although the secretary council meeting at which Mr. Green's conduct was exposed was held in May last, the other ministers, immaculate Mr. Cotton included, continued to sit and act with Mr. Green until the 10th of October last, when the pressure from Vancouver conservatives became so great that he resigned from the lands and works department. He is now at Kasilno engaged in an effort to cover up his official tracks by the return of Mr. Neil McKay, his former deputy, whom he plans to succeed him in the lands and works department."

BOOSTS TELQUA DISTRICT

JIM CRONIN WELL PLEASED WITH TRIP NORTH

PREDICTS GREAT COPPER OUTPUT IN NEAR FUTURE

Vancouver, July 30.—"If surface indications are anything, the Telqua mining region will, within a few years be as great a copper producer as the Boundary district; in fact, it may in time exceed the joint output of the Rossland and the Boundary districts," was the enthusiastic prediction made today by James Cronin, who with Charles Theiss, returned yesterday on the Princess Royal from a stay in the north. Mr. Cronin is probably the best known mining operator in the west. His latest official position which he resigned less than a year ago, was that of general manager of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting company of Canada, owning the St. Eugene mine at Moyle, the smelter at Trail and the War Eagle, Centre Star and Idaho mines at Kamloops.

"The Telqua district, which is reached by the Bulkley valley," said Mr. Cronin "is about five miles wide and thirty miles long. The surface showings of copper ore of good value at present, but sufficient work has not been done to prove them at depth. Two of the principal companies there employ about 40 men and the mines in the district amount to 200. They are all abandoned owing to the lack of trails. The government seems to have done little in that direction. At least 40 claims are being worked. Harry Howison has built up miles of trails leading into the various camps."

"We also visited the Babine range north-east of Telqua. Owing to the lack of trails we could not travel faster than a mile an hour. The Babine range is a promising mining district which is destined to add another rich lead district to British Columbia. The lead and silver ores are known to be located in a belt six miles long and two miles wide. The first discovery was on the Devil group and it has the most developed surface showings. The owners cannot undertake extensive work owing to the difficulty in getting supplies. My visit was undertaken with a view to securing investments. I shall know more about my plans as soon as I get my ore samples assayed."

MOYER RELEASED

Ball Bond Completed After Debty of Some Thirty-Six Hours

Boise, July 30.—After a delay of 36 hours Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, was released from the custody of the Ada county jail at a late hour tonight on a bond of \$35,000 signed by Timothy Reagan and Thomas J. Jones of Boise.

Moyer will leave for Salt Lake tomorrow night in company with William D. Hayward, who on Sunday was acquitted of the murder of former governor Steunenberg. After a stop of a few hours at Salt Lake they will proceed to Denver, the headquarters of the Federation.

ions in jail, the courtship extended to by sheriff Holgren, former sheriff Moseley and his deputies. "As to the outcome of the trial, I have never had any fear, and would have expressed yesterday the same belief I expressed when first arrested; that is, that with a fair trial and an impartial jury, the verdict would be such as has been given to the country."

"Senator Borah treated me most fairly, and I appreciate it. "Judge Wood was extremely fair to me and I have extended to him my thanks for his treatment of me during the ordeal of this trial. "I do not in any way blame governor Gooding for the position he took. Appended will be found the ore shipments and smelter receipts in detail for the past week and year to date in tons."

BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Mother Lode, Snowshoe, Brooklyn, Kawahda, Sunset, Mountain Rose, Oro, Oro Denoro, Other mines.

HIGH SCHOOL RESULTS

In Recent Examinations Nelson Maintained its Fine Record. The result of the recent examinations for the high school have just been published in the coast papers and Nelson figures well in the list. It had entered 15 scholars for the various grades of whom nine passed. These were as follows: W. Brown, R. Harris, Wood, G. Gore, 90%; C. E. Swannell, 88%; Alice Corry, 86%; Olive McLeod, 84%; Eva McVicar, 82%; W. E. Poupore, 78%. The maximum marks for each grade were: Senior, 1100; Intermediate, 1300; Junior, 1500.

In Rossland only junior certificates were entered for and all candidates were successful; Laura Jewel, Frances Brown, Emma Gies, Nettie C. Tingle and Alma O. Beverley.

The Kaslo scholars were also successful for the junior grade, none other entering the scholars' ranks being Elizabeth Giegler, Mary Garland, Douglas Bruce, Electa Power, David Hartin and Alice Zwicky.

In Revelstoke again only junior papers were asked for. The only candidates but the only successful candidate was Jean Hyatt.

Grand Forks entered three for junior and for the intermediate grades, only one being successful in each grade, Jessie Stewart for the intermediate and J. H. Reid for the junior.

MINING RECORDS.

Record has been made of the location of the Good Hope, on the north fork of Sheep creek by H. M. Billings and J. Waldbeser; of the Pipe Dream, on the south fork of Wolf creek by A. Garvin; of the Fool Hen and Victor, also on the south fork of Wolf creek, by J. Van Hook. Certificates of work have been granted on the Idaho, for work done upon the Kootenay, to J. Fitch, of the Fool Hen and Victor, also on the south fork of Wolf creek, by J. Van Hook. Certificates of work have been granted on the Idaho, for work done upon the Kootenay, to J. Fitch, of the Fool Hen and Victor, also on the south fork of Wolf creek, by J. Van Hook. Certificates of work have been granted on the Idaho, for work done upon the Kootenay, to J. Fitch, of the Fool Hen and Victor, also on the south fork of Wolf creek, by J. Van Hook.

SQUANDERING HIS WEALTH.

Montreal, July 29.—The transfer of two papers from liberal to conservative control is announced by D. B. Russell. The five daily papers in St. John, N. B., have been heretofore liberal in politics and though Russell declined to be interviewed, he admitted that John McKane, of New Castle, N. B. a wealthy conservative, had purchased the Telegraph and Times. The purchase price is not stated, but Mr. Russell remarked that the money had been paid over.

Money Saved!

A SAVING OF 25c to 50c on the \$ CAN BE MADE ON YOUR GROCERY, CLOTHING DRY GOOD AND SHOE BILLS BY DEALING WITH US ALL GOODS ARE QUOTED EXPRESS OR FREIGHT PREPAID We pay freight to any railway station in western Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. Write for our latest price list, it is mailed free on request. We handle only the best goods money can buy, only goods of best mills, manufacturers and dealers supplied. We make prompt shipments. We absolutely guarantee satisfaction and delivery. All goods guaranteed or money refunded. It is a duty to you, your family and to your pocket book to investigate our prices. We do not belong to the jobbers' or retailers' guild or association or any trust. References: Any bank, railway or express company in the city, or the names of twenty thousand satisfied patrons in the four provinces. WRITE FOR OUR PRICE LIST TODAY Northwestern Supply House 239 and 201 Stanley St. WINNIPEG MANTOBA

ORE SHIPMENTS OF WEEK

OUTPUT AND SMELTER RECEIPTS SUSTAINED AVERAGE

DETAILS OF ALL SMELTERS AND SHIPPING MINES

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Mother Lode, Snowshoe, Brooklyn, Kawahda, Sunset, Mountain Rose, Oro, Oro Denoro, Other mines.

ROSSLAND SHIPMENTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Centre Star, Le Roi, Le Roi No. 2, White Bear, Other mines.

SLOCAN-KOOTENAY SHIPMENTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Sullivan, Second Relief, Queen, Evo, White Water Deep, Hunter V., St. Eugene, La Plata, North Star, Spokane, Arlington, Keystone, Standard, Rambler-Cariboo, Hartney, Queen, Second Relief, Other mines.

B. C. COPPER CO'S RECEIPTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Mother Lode, Snowshoe, Sunset, Mountain Rose, Other mines.

DOMINION COPPER CO'S RECEIPTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Brooklyn, Rawhide, Sunset, Other mines.

TRAIL SMELTER RECEIPTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Centre Star, Le Roi No. 2, St. Eugene, Hartney, White Bear, Queen, La Plata, North Star, Spokane, Arlington, Keystone, Standard, Rambler-Cariboo, Other mines.

HALL MINES SMELTER RECEIPTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include First Thought, Hunter V., North Star, Other mines.

LE ROI SMELTER RECEIPTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Le Roi, Hunter V., First Thought, Queen, Second Relief, Other mines.

MARYSVILLE SMELTER RECEIPTS

Table with columns: Mine, Week, Year. Rows include Sullivan, Other mines.

NEW DENVER ITEMS

New Denver, Aug. 1.—The weather by day is unusually hot, but the delightful evenings and cool nights are more than ever appreciated. The fiftieth of launches is doing good work today conveying nearly every family in town, with impediments, across the lake to 3-mile point, where the local K.P.'s have prepared a delightful picnic grounds and intend to give their townsfolk a good time. A party of lady school teachers from Nelson are spending their holidays here and they are having all kinds of fun and excitement. A few days ago an animal such as you see on Bovril pictures, chased the ladies along the lake shore and like deer, they took to the water. The provincial police happened along and arranged matters so that all ended well and the ladies had a special item for their diary. It is rumored here that Angus McInnes will vacate the record office to become a provincial road inspector and that Arthur St. G. Brantley will be made deputy record-

er. This is a kind of afterthought from the plant elect's but as everything will still be in the family as it were, these changes are not likely to cause trouble.

If the urgent demand for more men is an indication, this camp must be on the road to prosperous times. Anyhow, at present, as Atherton of Sandon says, every body, even father, works, or can work just now.

Herbert Cus has opened up up to do bakery and is turning out bread of all kinds and in every form known to bakers. He must have some original business ideas as he opened up just as the hot spell of weather came on—result, an immediate howling business—as no housewife cares to bake bread or peas during such weather.

George H. Aylard, manager of the Standard mine, was going to Ohio to see his brother who is seriously ill.

Wm. Thomlinson has returned from examining a number of silver lead prospects near Hillcroft on the C.P.R. main line and a "new find" of copper somewhere in the north end of the Kamloops district. He reports the C.P.R. hotels in the mountains east of Revelstoke as being full of tourists and that the company is spending a great deal of money in building new trails and reopening old ones for the use of the pleasure seekers. There is a regular network of trails and roads in the mountains of the Slokan and these would easily be put in good order in some one would come in and build a first class hotel in this, "the Lucerne of the west."

COUNTY ATTORNEY INJURED

Bellefleur, Aug. 2.—A probably fatal accident happened to county attorney Anderson, of this city, while returning from Treton last night. His horse became frightened at an automobile and ran away throwing the county attorney out and cracking several of his ribs and injuring him internally.

OTTAWA'S Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

Ottawa, August 2.—A construction permit was taken out today by Peter Lyall & company, of Montreal, for Ottawa's new Y. M. C. A. building. The contract calls for the work being finished by next November.

MANITOBA CROP OUTLOOK.

Winnipeg, August 2.—The weekly crop report handed out by the C. P. R. today shows the outlook is far more favorable than was expected three weeks ago.

TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district: No. 1 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 6 miles up Snake creek from the Slokan river, and marked "A. L. McCulloch's southwest corner," then 30 chains north; then 30 chains east; then 30 chains south; then 30 chains west to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907.

No. 2 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 7 1/2 miles up Snake creek and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northeast corner," then 30 chains south; then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907.

No. 3 Limit—Commencing at a post planted 7 1/2 miles up Snake creek, and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northwest corner," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907.

No. 4 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 1 1/2 miles up the south fork of Snake creek, and marked "A. L. McCulloch's southwest corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907.

No. 5 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 1 1/2 miles up the south fork of Snake creek and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907.

No. 6 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 2 1/2 miles up Snake creek from Slokan river and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northeast corner," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907.

No. 7 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 3 1/4 miles up Poplar creek, and marked "B. F. Reamy's southeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 8 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 3 1/4 miles up Poplar creek, and marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 9 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 3 1/4 miles up Poplar creek, and marked "B. F. Reamy's northwest corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

"R. T. Dewar's N.W. corner post," and located at the E.E. corner of Location No. 2, thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains, to point of commencement.

No. 4—Commencing at a post marked "Donald Dewar's N.W. corner post," and located at the N.E. corner of Location No. 3, thence east 30 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence north 30 chains, to point of commencement.

No. 5—Commencing at a post marked "Donald Dewar's S.W. corner post," and located at the N.W. corner of Location No. 3, thence east 30 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence north 30 chains, to point of commencement.

No. 6—Commencing at a post marked "Donald Dewar's S.E. corner post," and located at the N.W. corner of Location No. 3, thence east 30 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence north 30 chains, to point of commencement.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

TAKE NOTICE that the Bowman Lumber Co., Ltd., of Revelstoke, B.C., occupation lumber manufacturers, intend to apply for special timber licenses over the following described lands:

No. 1—Commencing at a post planted two miles north of the N.W. corner of Lot 4273 and marked "Bowman Lumber Co.'s N.E. corner," thence west 40 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains, to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

BOWMAN LUMBER CO., Ltd. By M. C. LAWLER, Their Agent. Dated June 15th, 1907.

No. 2—Commencing at a post planted on the S.E. corner of Lot 4273, and marked "Bowman Lumber Company's southwest corner," thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence south 30 chains, to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

BOWMAN LUMBER CO., Ltd. By M. C. LAWLER, Their Agent. Dated June 15th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

TAKE NOTICE that Fred A. Krubs of Portland, Ore., occupation timber merchant intends to apply for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about 30 rods west and 350 rods north of the confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek, about 14 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence west 30 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains, to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less. Sold point of commencement can be reached from said confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek by going west up a gulch about 30 rods to a point where a trail running in a northerly direction has been blazed or about 350 paces.

FRED A. KRUBS, PHILIP BOBBY, Agent. Dated July 8, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district: No. 1 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about nine miles up Poplar creek, on the north side, about 150 feet from the creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains west; then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 2 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 9 1/4 miles up Poplar creek, about a quarter of a mile westerly from No. 1 Limit, marked "B. F. Reamy's southeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 3 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 1 1/4 miles up Poplar creek, about 200 feet from creek, about 11 miles up Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northwest corner post," then 30 chains west; then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 4 Limit—Commencing at a post planted on the west side of the second south tributary, about one-quarter mile from the forks of Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 5 Limit—Commencing at a post planted on the east side, about 100 feet from Poplar creek, 14 miles up Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 6 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 14 miles up Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 7 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 14 miles up Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

No. 8 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 14 miles up Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," then 30 chains east; then 30 chains north; then 30 chains west; then 30 chains south to point of commencement. Located, April 12, 1907.

of the Salmon river and Wilson creek, about 14 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence west 30 chains; thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence south 30 chains, to point of commencement. Said point of commencement can be reached from the east confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek by going west up a gulch about 30 rods to a point where a trail, running in a northerly direction, has been blazed for about 350 paces.

Location 3.—Commencing at a post planted about 20 rods south and 30 chains west of the confluence of the North Fork of the South Fork of the Salmon river, and the South Fork of the Salmon river, about 20 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence north 30 chains; thence east 30 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains, to point of commencement. About 700 paces north of said point of commencement will be found an earth slide about 50 feet in height, where the said South Fork of the Salmon River makes a turn, and where a small creek from the southwest flows thereal.

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HAYWOOD ACQUITTED

(Special to The Daily News) Boise, Idaho, July 29.—By consent of counsel of both sides Charles H. Moyer was today admitted to bail in the sum of \$25,000. In the morning the defense will apply for bail for Pettibone. The trial of the latter was set for hearing October 1st by Judge Wood. The Butte union has deposited \$25,000 in the First National bank here and the bank will be security for Moyer who will be released in the morning. The fratting of bail for Moyer is because of the acquittal of Haywood. On Wednesday Haywood and family will leave for Denver, they will take John H. Murphy, the Federation attorney with them. He has been very ill and is in the hospital. Mrs. Carruthers, Haywood's mother is also in the hospital having had a nervous collapse at the close of the trial.

Boise, Idaho, July 29.—At 8 o'clock on Sunday morning the jury in the Haywood murder trial returned a verdict of "not guilty." Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners and co-defendant with William D. Haywood, acquitted yesterday of the murder of ex-governor Steunenberg, was ordered released on \$25,000 bail today by Judge Wood, who presided at the Haywood trial. The attorneys representing the defense expected to have the bond ready tonight but the arrangements had not been completed at a late hour and Moyer will stay in jail tonight.

He will probably be released tomorrow and will leave for Denver, his home. No application for bail was made in the case of George A. Pettibone, the third of the alleged conspirators, but the motion was made for a speedy trial and his case was set down for Tuesday, October 1. Counsel intimated today that they might apply for bond for Pettibone later but it is not believed that the state attorney will consent. It has been generally expected that the state would not permit the release of Pettibone, but the case against Moyer is the weakest.

Haywood today continued to receive congratulatory telegrams from all sections of the country. They came from officials of labor unions, from local unions of the Western Federation and from socialist organizations. The messages nearly all expressed the sentiment that "labor triumphed over the oppressive measures of capital." Haywood spent the day at the cottage occupied by his family and received many callers. He expects to leave for Denver Thursday. The matter of releasing Moyer on bail is being held in abeyance until the time for Pettibone's trial came up before Judge Wood at 10 o'clock this morning, but was postponed until 2 p. m. to allow further consideration to be given to the case.

Strenuous efforts were made to secure the consent of the state attorney to release Pettibone but without avail. Moyer and Pettibone were brought into court at 2 o'clock. The latter's wife was present and broke down when the order was made releasing Moyer and holding Pettibone. It was said tonight that Pettibone may be taken back to the Boise county jail at Caldwell. The prisoners were brought to Boise six months ago on a charge of venue from Canyon to Ada county.

Attorney Darrow of Chicago made the formal application for Moyer's release and objection was interposed by senator Borah, representing the state. When it came to fixing the amount, the senator named \$25,000, and that was reasonable, said Darrow. Judge Wood said he would approve the bond and would make it continuous so Moyer could remain at his Colorado home until wanted at Pettibone. Mr. Darrow urged that the earliest possible date be fixed for his trial. The next term of court begins September 1st and Judge Wood said he would like to clear the calendar as far as possible before going into an extended trial. October 1st was then set as a date agreeable to all. The bond for Moyer is to be given in an unique way. The Butte local of the Western Federation of Miners is the richest in the organization and has a deposit of from \$100,000 to \$140,000 in the bank. Arrangements were made by wire today to have the Butte union make \$25,000 subject to draft by the First National bank of Boise. Some of the Boise banks will sign the bail bond as surety. A telegram tonight said the arrangement at Butte had been completed.

Discussion of the verdict in the Haywood case was widespread today, the counsel of opinion being that the jury had done its duty at it saw it, and should not be criticized. Editorial comment of the local papers is to this effect. The Daily Statesman says: "The Statesman in common with the great mass of the people regrets that the trial of the late Charles H. Moyer, president of the former governor Frank Steunenberg, resulted as it did. The verdict came as a great surprise, as it had not been reached, even if it had been, according to the best information available, hoping for nothing more than a hanging. But the case has been decided by the Idaho jury under the facts as found them and the law as laid down by the court, and it is the duty of all, as in all cases, fairly and fully submitted to our constituted tribunals of justice, to accept the result in that spirit of loyalty to our courts which is the necessary attitude of mind of every citizen of the republic. If our rights are to be protected and peace and order and good will are to reign."

The Evening Capital News says: "There was found to be kept disappointment whatever the verdict might have been, but the jury that tried the case was one whose honor, integrity, ability and good citizenship were not doubted, and now they have expressed themselves, it will come with little grace on the part of those whose minds,

made up to the contrary verdict, to complain of their decision as it would for those who are not pleased to have denounced the verdict had it been the other way. There is but one thing to do, and that is to let the case die from the public mind as quickly and quietly as possible."

The jurors continue to publicly discuss the part they played in trying to Samuel Gilman, the last man to vote for acquittal said: "There has been published one statement that I want to correct. One of the jurors is quoted as saying that the jury had to spend a long disagreeable and tiresome night in order to convince two jurors that the defendant was not guilty. I want to say that they never did convince me. I believed that he was guilty and I still think that he is guilty, and I want the world to know it. I simply acquiesced in the verdict of acquittal because I found the entire eleven other jurors consenting to the verdict, but not because I thought it was right; kindly make the correction for me."

S. A. P. Burns, juror No. 11, said: "I was firmly convinced when we left the court room that the first ballot would show a vote for conviction. I still had the belief that Haywood was guilty and only changed my vote because it struck me that if the evidence presented the outcome of the trial would be impossible to convince twelve men in another trial and that it would be better to settle the question by acquiescing in their decision."

Denver, Colorado, July 29.—Secretary-treasurer Haywood's return to Denver will be made the occasion of a demonstration in the city by the Western Federation of Miners, and other labor organizations. The date of his arrival is not yet announced but he is expected the last of the week. Arrangements are being made to run special trains from Cripple Creek and other places to bring members of the Federation and others to Denver to join in the celebration. It is announced that one feature of the celebration will be a parade of Federation members, the first in this city in three years. Telegrams of congratulation to the outcome of the trial were received today at Federation headquarters from all parts of the country and from abroad. Some of Haywood's union co-workers are making a list of names of logical candidates for the presidency on the socialist ticket. As candidate for governor of Colorado last year when in prison in Idaho he received 16,328 votes.

Phoenix, July 29.—Upon receipt of the news yesterday that William D. Haywood, secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, who has been on trial for his life for the assassination of ex-governor Steunenberg, had been acquitted of the crime by the jury at Boise, arrangements were immediately made by the members of Phoenix Miners' Union No. 3 for a parade in honor of the event to take place last night.

Bonfires were lighted on the surrounding hills of the city, the Phoenix fire brigade band was secured and a monster parade was organized. The parade was perhaps the principal event of the day. It was through the principal streets of the city. The occasion was a propitious one for a parade, as the streets were free of the usual traffic. The parade was held yesterday for the first time in several weeks.

After parading the streets, the marchers stopped at the miners' union opera house, and that building was crowded to the doors for two or three hours, while a number of congratulatory speeches were made and an interesting musical program by local talent was given. Phoenix miners' union is understood to have close to a thousand members and to be growing steadily. They express great satisfaction with the result of the trial of the general secretary of the organization.

SOCIALIST CONGRATULATIONS. Chicago, July 29.—The nationalist secretary of the socialist party, W. M. Barnes, has sent this telegram to William D. Haywood: "Greetings and congratulations; your vindication brings irrepressible joy everywhere. The verdict is a complete rout for the conspirators and a signal victory for the working class. The 'undesirable citizens,' Moyer and Pettibone."

It was reported that Haywood would go to Duluth, Minnesota, to take charge of the strike of the iron ore miners. BRYAN'S COMMENT. Peoria, Ill., July 29.—W. J. Bryan is quoted as having the following comment on the Haywood verdict: "I am glad to learn a verdict has been rendered and that it was 'not guilty.' I watched the trial and did not see how any one could be found guilty on Orchard's testimony. Every crime he charged was one he himself suggested and he was known to be in communication with the mine owners and attempting to induce the defendants to engage in crime. The manner in which the prisoners were taken from their cells is a thing in keeping with a fair prosecution."

Boise, Idaho, July 29.—Judge Wood, in the district court this afternoon, ordered Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, admitted to bail in the sum of \$25,000. It was announced that the bond would be ready some time tonight. Cash bail may be given. The trial of George A. Pettibone, one of the alleged conspirators, was set for Tuesday, October 1. No application for bond was made in behalf of Pettibone, the conference of counsel having been fruitless in this respect.

Haywood expects to leave for Denver Thursday. Moyer may leave today if the case is not a hitch in the bail proceedings.

NEXT VAST UNDERTAKING

LATEST DATA REGARDING PROPOSED GEORGIAN BAY CANAL SURVEY COMPLETED AFTER THREE YEAR'S CONTINUOUS WORK.

Now that a survey of the Montreal, Ottawa and Georgian Bay ship canal line has been completed and in such detail as not only determine the most economical and feasible route but to afford data for a close estimate of cost, there may be looked for next session of parliament an announcement that the government has decided to proceed with the work of construction. For the prime minister has practically committed his administration to the undertaking as a solution of the knotty problem of transportation. The survey recently completed is the result of nearly three years' hard work by a competent staff of engineers who have not only examined the possible routes for an effective canalization of the Ottawa systems, but have investigated the sources of water supply and determined with the utmost exactitude the effect of every artificial raise of the natural water level contemplated as essential to the perfection of the channel. This has necessitated a system of survey frequently carried out on either side of the proposed canal line, and a determination of details that when the record is published will establish the reputation of the engineers entrusted with the work. Perhaps the most markedly intricate problem to be solved was that of securing an adequate water supply at the head of the canal in the Indian frontier and in Persia. Both powers have consented to the delimitation of their spheres of interest in the British ambassador at St. Petersburg is at present in London arranging final details of the matter.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN ENTENTE. London, July 29.—It is announced that negotiations between Great Britain and Russia have resulted in an agreement amicably adjusting the Indian frontier and in Persia. Both powers have consented to the delimitation of their spheres of interest in the British ambassador at St. Petersburg is at present in London arranging final details of the matter.

What the survey has demonstrated to be the best route for the great ship canal of the near future may be best described by tracing its course from the mouth of the Ottawa river, at the Georgian bay outlet, the line proceeds up the French river by one of its five estuaries, known as the French river, near the village of that name, where the first lock is encountered. By this lock the line is taken into the Pickering river, which is followed for 37 miles to the second lock, then a bit of the French river. This stream is utilized for a distance of 14 miles to the third lock, another lift of 24 feet at this point, the line is taken into the Ottawa river, which is followed for 32 miles is accomplished, at the end of which is a lock which elevates the eastbound craft from the level of the Ottawa river to that of the St. Lawrence river, 677 feet above sea level, and 24 1/2 miles long, mainly free navigation, but requiring small cuttings at places where the channel narrows. The line is then taken into the Ottawa river, an expansion of the Hattawa, which is to be raised 37 feet by a dam constructed at the head of Tallon falls. The survey is therefore 5 for a distance of the event to take place last night.

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TO BUILD TO GERRARD.

During his recent tour of the Kootenay vice-president, McNeill, who is greatly impressed by the inadequate facilities for handling freight via the Arrow lake and Nakusp-Slocan branch, and he emphatically expressed the opinion that the extension of the Arrowhead branch to Gerrard should no longer be delayed. He intimated that he is immediately upon his arrival in Winnipeg on his way to Montreal he would consult with Mr. Whyte relative to the immediate action in the kind of a survey party to locate a route between Arrowhead and Gerrard. If Mr. McNeill's views prevail with Mr. Whyte, a draft of 20 feet new extension may be underway before the snow flies. The construction of this piece of railway will put new life into the Lakelse and the handling of freight. The line offers no engineering difficulties of moment, an easy grade being obtainable the entire distance.

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LAND NOTICES

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that I, Patrick Mullins, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation, gentleman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at the west shore of Upper Arrow lake, adjoining Thomas McKinnon's on the north, thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement. PATRICK MULLINS. Dated June 19th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that I, Thomas E. Scott, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation, gentleman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the foot of Upper Arrow lake on the west shore, adjoining Reid's on the north, thence north 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to the point of commencement. THOMAS E. SCOTT. Dated June 15th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Emily Wrenneth, of Hayfield, England, occupation, farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted on the north boundary, and 20 chains from the N.W. corner of lot 770, P. and O'Reille river, B.C., thence 40 chains north; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres, more or less. EMILY WRENNETH. A. G. LANG, Agent. Dated 16th June, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Henry Davis of McLaughlin, B.C., occupation, teamster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of Lot No. 8625, G1, thence east 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 80 acres, more or less. HENRY DAVIS. Dated May 29th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Robert Evans of Teeswater, occupation, gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of Sec. 21, Township 68, thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 20 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres, more or less. ROBERT EVANS. W. A. CALDER, Agent. Dated Nelson, B.C., June 2, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that John Carscadden of Kaslo, B.C., occupation, teamster, intends to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of lot No. 6218 G1, thence east 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 240 acres, more or less. JOHN CARSCADDEN. Dated Nelson, B.C., June 2, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that I, Patrick Mullins, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation, gentleman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at the west shore of Upper Arrow lake, adjoining Thomas McKinnon's on the north, thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement. PATRICK MULLINS. Dated June 19th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that I, Thomas E. Scott, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation, gentleman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the foot of Upper Arrow lake on the west shore, adjoining Reid's on the north, thence north 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to the point of commencement. THOMAS E. SCOTT. Dated June 15th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Emily Wrenneth, of Hayfield, England, occupation, farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted on the north boundary, and 20 chains from the N.W. corner of lot 770, P. and O'Reille river, B.C., thence 40 chains north; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres, more or less. EMILY WRENNETH. A. G. LANG, Agent. Dated 16th June, 1907.

LAND NOTICES

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NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Henry Davis of McLaughlin, B.C., occupation, teamster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of Lot No. 8625, G1, thence east 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 80 acres, more or less. HENRY DAVIS. Dated May 29th, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Robert Evans of Teeswater, occupation, gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of Sec. 21, Township 68, thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 20 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres, more or less. ROBERT EVANS. W. A. CALDER, Agent. Dated Nelson, B.C., June 2, 1907.

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in West Kootenay District: Situate on the Lower Arrow lake, about 5 miles west from Robson, and known as McCreary's claim, said land being on the north shore of said lake, commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner and known as "initial post G.B.," thence 10 chains east; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement. NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in West Kootenay District: Commencing at a post planted on the south side of Lemain creek, near the mouth of the first North Fork, and known as "initial post," thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to point of commencement. R. W. GLADSTONE. April 29, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that I, Thomas E. Scott, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation, gentleman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the foot of Upper Arrow lake on the west shore, adjoining Reid's on the north, thence north 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to the point of commencement. THOMAS E. SCOTT. Dated June 15th, 1907.

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WORLD A Granby Property As Copper Produ A NOTED EXPERT'S

ESTIMATED TO BE 100,000 TONS OF ORE AVAILABLE NORMALLY CHEAP BASIS—GRANBY HAS COMPETITORS.

(Special to The Daily Phoenix, Aug. 10.—Recent L. Walker, editor of the Bounda... an inspection of the copper of this section. Being known of conservation, and making the visit entirely on his own account, his views on the matter looked upon with no little regard by the best informed regarding copper. Here I wrote to his own paper re Granby Consolidated.

Granby Consolidated is the world's big copper mines. It now establishes beyond question that the company's problems are now out, and from now on it will operate simply and periodically on a profitable basis. With its production facilities, which are now being increased, the company will reach 100,000 tons several years, if ever, it is not beyond question that the company is an established enterprise, and will continue a growing one for a number of years to come.

Granby is a tremendous body of its eight furnaces is run at an average of 3,100 tons of ore means that it is producing the 27,000,000 pounds of copper annually. Its eight furnaces are now operating at an average of 3,100 tons of ore daily and 31,000,000 pounds yearly.

During its fiscal year, July 1st, Granby spent about \$1,000,000 on construction. Its eight furnaces are now operating at an average of 3,100 tons of ore daily and 31,000,000 pounds yearly.

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