

Telegraphic News.

London, May 23. The Mussulman inhabitants of Piedor in Bosnia under the pretext that a number of Christians were about to quit the town, attacked and massacred 100 persons. The Turkish troops afterwards occupied the place and made numerous arrests. The reception and entertainment of the Prince of Wales in London was a magnificent affair. The Prince accompanied by the Princesses and members of the Royal family arrived at Guildhall soon after 7 o'clock, after triumphal progress, the streets being crowded with spectators who cheered enthusiastically as the carriage passed. The masses of people around Guildhall was immense. The venerable building, and the pavilion erected for the occasion, were splendidly illuminated. After receiving the address of the Corporation, the Prince was escorted by the Lord Mayor to the main hall, where he sat down to a banquet with about 500 of the most distinguished persons of the kingdom. The decorations of the hall were rich and tasteful, the company brilliant, and the banquet excellent. After the cloth was removed a few toasts were given. The responses were short and were preceded and followed by music. Edmund Buckley, a member of Parliament, has been declared a bankrupt; liabilities £2,500,000.

A despatch from Berlin says the refusal of the British Government to adhere to the memorandum of the Berlin conference is felt there as a serious disappointment. It is hoped, however, that England will of her own accord accede at a later stage. A Constantinople despatch says the Porte has finally resolved to reject the proposals made by the Berlin Conference of Chancellors. The situation continues warlike and threatening.

New York, May 23. The Mexican revolutionists evacuated Matamoros, and the city has been placed under the care of the United States Consul.

An explosion at Duponts powder mills near Wilmington, Del., today, killed four men. Gold 112 1/2.

An Extraordinary Fire-proof Suit Invented by a Swede.

A few days since an exhibition of the new Oestberg fire extinguishing apparatus took place on the Linden strasse in Berlin in the presence of the Emperor, the Empress, the Crown Prince, the Grand Duke of Baden, the Swedish Minister, the Ministers of War and the Interior, and other distinguished persons. The inventor who is a Swede named, Oestberg, and Messrs. Brandt and Nawrocki, who had charge of the exhibition, were presented to the Emperor before the experiment took place.

Capt. Ahlstrom appeared in a peculiar looking costume, made of the Oestberg invention, and walked into an immense fire made of wood and saturated with petroleum. The heat of the fire was so intense that no one else could approach within eighty paces without being burned or scorched. The Captain, however, walked around in the glowing pile perfectly undisturbed, leaning on the burning wood, and finally quietly seating himself on the coals. He remained in the fire for fifteen minutes, and on his coming out, every one pressed round to see how much he had been injured. He was unharmed, and in spite of the Emperor's observation that he had seen enough of so dangerous an experiment, Capt. Ahlstrom went again into the fiery oven.

On finally emerging, he took off his suit, and appeared clothed in red flannel. The Emperor said, "One must see this to form any just conception of it." He then asked Messrs. Brandt and Nawrocki about the patent in Prussia, and when informed that the application for a patent had been refused, he expressed great surprise. K6nische Zeitung.

New Discovery in Agriculture.

The curious discovery is announced by Professor P. B. Wilson, of Washington University, Baltimore, that minute pulverized silica is taken up in a free state by plants from the soil, and that silica is assimilated with chemical or other change. The experiment of which a more full account is given in the Supplement of the Scientific American, consisted in fertilizing a field of wheat with the infusorial earth found near Richmond, Va. This earth, it is well known, consists of the shells of microscopic marine insects, known as diatoms, which under strong magnifying powers reveal many beautiful forms that have been resolved, classed Professor Wilson treated the straw with nitric acid, subjected the remains to microscopic test, and found therein the same kinds of shells or diatoms that are present in the Richmond earth, except that the larger sized shells were absent; showing that only silica particles below a certain degree of fineness can ascend the sap pores of the plant. This discovery opens up a new line of research in agricultural investigation from which important results and much additional knowledge may accrue.

The wreck of the ship Neptune on Sable Island last month and the terrible sufferings of the Captain and crew have brought prominently before us the necessity of telegraphic communication between this dangerous Island and the mainland. This magnificent vessel, by the force of wind and wave, was driven ashore on a most

exposed and bleak part of the Island. The captain, his wife with an infant nine months old and the crew of the captain's boat, were obliged to walk seven miles before they came to the light house. One man died on the way from exhaustion. When they arrived at the friendly light it was found that the stock of provisions was short and these poor shipwrecked beings, worn out by the toils of land and sea, were obliged to eat sparingly lest immediate starvation would be presented to all. After one or two unsuccessful attempts the Government steamer at last arrived and the crew of the wrecked vessel were brought to Halifax.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, MAY 24, 1876.

This is the QUEEN'S BIRTH DAY. Long may Her Majesty be spared to rule over a contented and loyal people.

DAILY TRAINS.—We are happy to announce that Trains are to run daily over the Railway from and to St. Andrews. The mail, will be despatched by the cars, leaving the Post office at 8:30 A. M., and will be due at 6 P. M.

GRAND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—The date for receiving tenders was incorrectly published in our last issue, it should read until "Monday, 29th day of May." We regret the misprints.

RETURNED CALIFORNIA.—During the past week, Mr. Edward Morrison, who has been in California for upwards of eight years, arrived here on a visit to his brother, Mr. Wm. Morrison, proprietor of "Morrison's Hotel." He has traveled over a large part of the "Golden State," having been engaged in bridge and culvert building on railways. Being a young man of observation, his description of that country, its soil, climate, population, and general business, is interesting. As a general rule, men are well paid for their labor, but they have to work hard and constantly, and there is abundance of employment. It is true, that in that country, as elsewhere, every one does not succeed, nor, to use one of his phrases "make a pile." New Brunswickers generally have done well, who work at their trades, and some have been very fortunate at the mines. He cautions about advising any of his friends to emigrate to California, who have studied employment at home, believing that steady and industrious men can make a livelihood anywhere there is employment, and unless persons have employment promised them, the increase of population has been so large during the past in California, that they may be disappointed after arriving there. Mr. Morrison says his brothers who have been there for some years, are doing well, and will remain. He intends returning after a short visit to his native town (St. Andrews) and seeing his relatives in this County. We are pleased to learn from him that the St. Andrews boys in San Francisco, and other places in the State, are all employed.

Col. Inches.—We much regret that the Militia Authorities have thought proper to dispense with the services of Lt. Col. Inches Brigade Major. True he is not alone in being relieved of his command, but we fancy it will be a difficult matter for the Department to obtain an officer of his ability and acquirements. The gratuity is not to be mentioned, with the actual loss sustained by the Volunteers, as we have it from an officer and soldier of high rank that Col. Inches is an excellent officer and well qualified for the position which he has held. This fit of economy which has seized the Ministry, should have begun with the heads of Departments, instead of their subordinates; further, in some instances salaries have been increased by the reduction of the daily pay of mechanics and others. However we must look forward to "the good time coming" and "wait a little longer."

The Rev. C. M. SULLS, has been appointed Curate of St. Luke's Cathedral, Halifax, and departed yesterday morning for his new and extensive field of labor. The Rev. gentleman's parishioners at Campo Bello, where he has been officiating, were much affected on his leaving them, having even offered to increase his salary to the same he will now receive, if he would remain among them. Mr. Sulls was beloved by his parishioners, and was also highly esteemed by residents of St. Andrews, where he was master of the Grammar School for some years. We heartily join with other friends in wishing him abundant success in his sacred office.

HANDSOME YACHT.—Mr. Bradford has had his pretty yacht "Fannie" painted and grained, her rigging set up, and everything made ready for sailing. Many persons here, and visitors while on a visit to this town have enjoyed a sail in the beautiful little craft on our splendid bay.

There is a vigorous discussion between some of our contemporaries with reference to building the Miramichi Valley and Central Railroad. The arguments pro and con show that there is a strong local interest at work. The first named line, appears to have the most

influential backers, and it is probable will be the first under contract.

DEATH OF HENRY E. SEELYE.—In another column, we record the death of Henry E. Seelye, Esq., a native and former resident of St. George, where he carried on an extensive business, and occupied a prominent position. He was at one time Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance of this Province, and always took a lively interest in the order.

About fifteen years ago, he removed to British Columbia, where he held a leading position in public affairs, having been, if we are correct, a member of the local legislature, and also for a time editor of the "Free Press." He took an active part in the agitation which resulted in that country becoming a Province of the Dominion. Mr. Seelye was a brother-in-law of the Hon. A. H. Gillmor, Jr., M. P., and his death will be regretted by a large number of relatives and friends in this county, by whom he was esteemed for his virtues and manly qualities.

We also announce the death of another old and respected friend, MATTHEW STEVENSON, Esq., a gentleman universally respected by all who knew him. By his death St. Patrick has lost one of its best representatives at the Board of Sessions, and his neighbors a kind friend and wise adviser. He belonged to a class of men, who it is to be regretted are fast passing away.

THE CHINESE QUESTION still engages the attention of the citizens of California. A committee has been appointed to proceed to Washington, and call the attention of Congress to the evils of Chinese immigration. The facts are, that the Chinese men have reduced the price of labor, and the Towns are being filled with lewd Chinese women. Looking at the question from an independent stand point, the introduction of Chinese labor has been an injury to the country, and the Celestials are not a desirable addition to the American or other English speaking people.

DR. HALL.—The well known editor of Hall's Journal of Health, Dr. Wm. W. Hall, is dead, aged 66 years. He was a native of Paris, Kentucky, and after finishing his collegiate course was ordained a minister. Finding a knowledge of medicine so indispensable to missionary labor, he studied medicine and ultimately devoted himself to the profession, practicing in some of the larger cities in the United States. As a writer he had few equals, and his paper became such a favorite with the people that it had a circulation of 25,000 copies. His articles on sanitary matters were widely copied and adopted. He died from degeneration of the heart, a common result of, and an almost necessary consequence of an over-taxed brain. The Dr. was widely known and respected in the City of New York.

NEW BRUNSWICKERS wherever they go distinguish themselves in every walk of life. They are to be found in the far off Isles of the Southern ocean, in the East, West, North and South, holding positions of honor and emolument in the learned professions, army and navy, and workshops. Prof. C. F. Hart, of this Province, is at present engaged in a geological survey of Brazil, at a salary of \$10,000 per annum; and a recent lecture of his before the Emperor and other dignitaries was highly complimented by Dom Pedro. Our Province has just cause to feel proud of its sons—yes and daughters too.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for June is an excellent number. It contains the entire Fourth Book of George Elliot's "Daniel Deronda," a story, "the constructive art of which," says the London Times, "seems to approach perfection." According to promise, Miss Mulock's new story, "The Laurel Bush" is begun in this number. It is indeed "An Old-fashioned Love-Story," and, from the start, fascinates the reader. In addition to the brilliant novels already commenced, there will be begun in the July number an anonymous serial story of great promise, to be published simultaneously in Blackwood and Harper.

The other contents are as usual, interesting and instructive. The editorial departments are replete with gossip and information which none other Magazine in America contains. Will the publishers kindly mail Harper direct to this office.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—The letter signed "Common Sense" is calculated to bring ridicule upon the matter adverted to, and its publication would be injurious to the town.

The last two numbers of the Scientific American, have some beautifully executed drawings of the "Centennial Building" with finely written letter press descriptions. The paper is well worth the subscription, indeed one number is value for the annual charge.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, a large breadth of land has been planted and sown, but much yet remains to be done, the rain of Monday evening and Tuesday morning was of great service to the grass fields.

We omitted to notice in our last issue, the Grand Display of Dry and Fancy Goods, newly imported by Messrs. (Mell & Turner, and advertised in these columns. From the way in which the goods are going it is plain people have some money in these "piping times" of depression.

Some of our contemporaries have chosen to drop the good old name of the Queen's Birth Day, and now call it the "Birth Day of the Empress of India." It is a decided change of title but to our view is not an improvement.

The Arney Brown trial, at Fredericton, has excited much interest in that city. Some of the leading clergymen and officials have been present at the trial.

Some very fine specimens of the Anarville may be seen in Mrs. Ingram's window. They belong to the genus Illies, are large and showy.

SENTENCED.—O'Neill, who murdered his mother-in-law, Mrs. Pothergill, in February last, was sentenced by His Honor Judge Fisher, to be hanged on the 3rd of August next. The prisoner when asked why he sentence of death should not be passed upon him, replied—"I have nothing to say."

BRIGADE MAJOR'S RETURN.—An Ottawa despatch to the Telegraph says the following are the names of the Brigade Major, whose services were dispensed with by the Militia Dept. with a gratuity of fifteen months pay, allowed in consideration of their long service in militia brigade division: Col. Laurie, 2nd Lt. Col. Major Smith, 6th do; Col. Hanson, 6th do; Col. DeBelleville, 7th do; Col. Duchesne, 7th do; Col. McCully, 8th do; Col. Innes 8th do; Col. Sawyer.

THE WINSLOW CASE. EARL DERRY'S REPLY TO SECRETARY FISH'S PROTEST AGAINST THE VIOLATION OF THE TREATY.

A Washington special says that Secretary Fish received, on the 17th, Earl Derry's reply to Secretary Fish's protest to Great Britain, against the violation of the extradition treaty. It does not yield to the position taken by Mr. Fish in the slightest, and the ground is assumed by the British Foreign office that the act of 1870 has necessarily to do with the case in dispute so far as the provisions of the treaty relate to the extradition of Winslow with or without the act of 1870. The same objection would apply to the surrender of a person not duly extraditable by the magistrical dicit of an English court, having jurisdiction of extraterritorial offences. The same process of law as observed now, was followed in extraditing fugitives before the law of 1870 went upon the British statute books. There is no reason for varying from what was the custom then. In pursuance of this line of argument it is urged this must be the case, because heretofore no such exceptions have been taken as are now insisted upon by Mr. Fish, whose objection now is regarded as a mere technicality. More especial emphasis is laid upon the provision of the treaty in regard to the extradition of persons charged with crime and offence, may be political only, are to be extradited. Who is to judge whether the crime is political or not? When Great Britain is to deliver up a prisoner, shall it not in such case be Great Britain, and shall it not be through magistrates, and a critical examination of the law?

But Mr. Fish seems to question if not deny the right of magistrical interference and judgment, and claims that as the Secretary of State he must decide. This position taken by Mr. Fish in this respect is regarded as untenable, if not absurd. Such an attempt to construe the treaty would lose not only the men but also the treaty. Emphasis is laid on a similar misstep when Cass was Secretary of State. After a treaty had been negotiated Cass objected to its submission to Parliament, and thus lost the whole treaty. It is further maintained that Great Britain, in her disposition to serve the ends of law and justice, was disposed to extend the limitation of the class of cases to be comprehended in the treaty stipulation with this country so as to take in all crimes, while the interpretation of American officials has inclined them to circumscribe them by technical analysis and dissection. The attitude of the United States Government and its recent treatment of the extradition provisions are not regarded as fair or equitable to England, nor within the purview of either an exact or literal meaning and the interpretation of the treaty and its provisions.

A committee recently appointed at the Convention of Fire Underwriters has made a report that thirty-five per cent. of all the fire of last year originated from incendiarism, and that fifty five per cent. of the whole amount

of property destroyed by fire was through incendiarism, or, in other words, that the losses by this crime for the year in the United States and Canada ran up to fifty million of dollars. This is a statement sufficient to stagger belief; but the Committee declare they have proof for the assertion. They recommended the offering of small rewards for the detection and apprehension of incendiaries.

Fire last Night. About 9 o'clock last night, the large barn on the old Wyer property, owned by the Messrs. O'Neil, corner of Queen and Frederick streets, was discovered in flames. Owing to the inflammable contents, five tons of hay and a quantity of straw, the efforts of the firemen and populace were directed to confining the fire to the barn, as it was not possible to save the building, and so great was the heat that the houses on each side were in danger, and it was by great efforts they were saved. There was a small insurance on the barn.

MARRIED. On the 17th inst, by the Rev. W. Richardson, Mr. Peter Clark, to Miss Margaret A. McQuarry, all of St. Andrews.

DIED. At his residence in the Parish of Saint Patrick, Charlotte County, on the 17th inst., MATTHEW STEVENSON, Esq., aged 85 years. His funeral on Saturday last was attended by all his family and many relatives, by whom he was much beloved, and a very large number of acquaintances by whom he was admired and respected as a good man. At Kootenay, British Columbia, on the 27th of March last, Henry E. Seelye, Esq., formerly of St. George.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED. May. Schr. J. A. Webster, Bree, Machias, Furniture &c. H. V. Crandall, Maloney, Boston, ballast. Sarah Glass, Glass, Boston, ballast. Susanna, Crockett, New York, Hides, R. Ross. 16, Black Warrior, Stevens, New York, Corn, G. S. Grimmer. 17, Linda, Evans, Eastport, Fish &c.

CLEARED. May. Schr. Nettie, Britt, Boston, 3200 sleepers, R. Ross. 17, H. V. Crandall, Maloney, Boston, 4000 sleepers, R. Ross. Black Warrior, Stevens, Eastport, ballast. 23, Linda, Evans, Eastport, scrap iron, Susanna, Crockett, Windsor, ballast. 22, R. Ross, Clark, Po., Cand. 4200 sleepers, R. Ross. 23, Harrie, McQuill, Boston, 2300 sleepers, Robinson & Glenn.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are forbid trespassing on or attempting to sell, the lower half of Water Lot No. 5, Black D. Morris's Division of the Town Plat of St. Andrews, owned by the under signed.

The above property is offered for sale. Apply to Mr. H. ARMSTRONG, May 24. FANNIE ROBINSON.

AUCTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER is authorized to offer for sale, at auction, on THURSDAY, the 1st DAY OF JUNE, at 12 o'clock, noon:

All that valuable Lease hold property situated on the South East side of the Market Square in St. Andrews, fronting on Water Street and extending to low water mark, about 1000 feet, with all the buildings and erections thereon. The corner building is of the most substantial kind; the second story finished as a dwelling house; good stone and lime cellar wall.

The lease has about 10 years to run, is renewable every 14 years at the same rent, or the improvements to be paid for at a valuation. Terms made known at sale. C. E. O. HATHWAY, auctioneer. May 15 1876.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Company at St. George, until MONDAY, 29th day of MAY, at noon, for the GRADING and MASONRY of the Western Division of the Grand Southern Railway.

PROFILES and Specifications can be seen at the Office in St. George, on and after Thursday, May 25. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids, not deemed for the interest of the Company. St. George, May 17, 1876. J. N. GREENE, Chief Engineer.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, May 13, 1876. AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN IRON VOICES until further notice: 11 per cent. J. JOHNSON, Comptroller of Customs.

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TENDERS will be received at Ottawa, for the construction of a House at Blue Island, Plans and Specifications Offices of the Collector ST. ANDREWS.

where forms of tender, intending Contractors. Tenders to be addressed and marked on the Island Dwelling. W Deputy Department of Marine Ottawa, 15th Ap

CANADIAN PA

Tenders for Grain

SEALED TENDERS are of Public Work Pacific Railway, will be received at the Office of the Chief of the Western Division of the St. Andrews Division of the Town Plat of St. Andrews, owned by the under signed.

ASSESSOR THE undersigned, Auditor of Saint Andrews, has and request all persons in to the Assessors with lication of this Notice. property and income list. And further, the Val at the small building he Balson and Green, on ance of the provisions of 1875. Dated 28th ds S. H. W. J. R. BR R. DEN

CHARLOTTE GEN

ORDERED.—That all LICENSES 70 may be granted in full out and pay for the same the close of the Sessions that the name of all parti granted and who fall to be published by the Cler newspaper printed in the published within ten day twenty days aforesaid. ORDERED.—That a ce lished forthwith in the Journal, two weeks in an Extract from minutes in GE

MAIL CO

SEALED TENDERS must be General, an Mail Services, will be re 12 o'clock, noon, on Fri for the conveyance of 1 times per week each way St. George and St. Step years on and from the 15 Pri'd notices contain into conditions of the p seen and blank forms of at the Post Offices at S and St. Stephen, or at J

