

HOMESEEKERS!

\$2300 buys well built, solid brick, semi-detached, pine roomed house, northeast section, two fireplaces, back stairs, furnace, etc., terms \$300 cash. H. H. WILLIAMS, 15 Victoria St.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR

NO WORD FROM PRETORIA SINCE THURSDAY LAST

On Saturday at 9.10 a.m. Lord Roberts Was at Orange Grove, Twenty-Five Miles From the Capital.

A Combined Effort Made by Boers to Cut British Communication North of Bloemfontein, But It Failed—Censorship Again Complete.

London, June 4.—(4 a.m.)—There is no direct news from Pretoria of later date than Thursday evening. Gen. French's cavalry were then at Irene, eight miles south of Pretoria, and firing was heard there. Lord Roberts' messages about secondary operations elsewhere and the situation at Johannesburg, dated from Orange Grove, a farm four miles northeast of Johannesburg, show that on Saturday at 9.10 a.m. he was 25 miles from Pretoria.

Not a Line Permitted to Pass. The correspondents with Lord Roberts have not got even a line about the operations after the occupation of Johannesburg. Official messages continue to come through, but these telegrams are held up, probably to avoid giving a hint as to what may be the pending operations.

Filtered Thru Boer Sources. From the other side there filters thru Lorenzo Marques a mass of statements, some contradictory, others obviously improbable, but purporting to be facts. Passengers arriving at Lorenzo Marques Saturday direct from Pretoria say that the capital was preparing to surrender when they left Thursday. The forts were dismantled. The Boer guard at Komatipoort, searched all trains and turned back most of the fugitives, among them deserting foreigners who were trying to reach neutral soil.

Boer Convoys of Provisions. Immense Boer convoys of provisions are between Pretoria and Middelburg. Fifteen trains are sent daily to Machadodorp with supplies for Lydenburg. Pretoria is picnured by the refugees as in a state of indescribable chaos. The populace are dismayed, and the British are expected hourly.

Foreign Attacks See the End. Some foreign attacks have arrived at Lorenzo Marques to communicate with their Governments for orders to leave, as they consider that organized war on the Transvaal side is at an end.

Boer Reports of British Repulse. Flying among the Boers are reports that the British have beaten back at Lindley, with heavy loss; that the main attack at Elandsfontein failed, and Lord Roberts was forced to retire to Klipspruit-Riverton; that the railway has been cut but that a provision train has been captured.

Great Effort to Paralyze Advance. Without crediting any of these Boer bulletins, everything from the field of war behind Lord Roberts points to a great effort last week to paralyze his advance from the eastward, at the railway north of Bloemfontein. No less than four Boer columns were in a movement seemingly with this objective. There was a commando in front of Gen. Brabant, near Ficksburg; another faced Gen. Runde, near Senekal; a third occupied Lindley and pressed towards the railway, and a fourth seized Heilbron and pushed towards Kroonstad. These operations, assuming them to have been independent, all appear to have failed.

The revival of the Boer fighting power east of Lord Roberts' advance, altho fruitless, is a symptom that the Boers are not yet crushed.

Boers Completely Screened. In fact, the Boers took the entrenched, seven miles east of Senekal, May 29, the British did not see a Boer all day, so completely were they screened. The British infantry did not get within 300 yards of their riflemen. The 1500 loss suffered by Lord Roberts were suffered by the Grenadiers and Scots Guards, while advancing over a level from which the grass had been burned. The Britishers in truth were a conspicuous target against the black background.

Bandise Was Gay. Gen. Runde withdrew his whole force southward to Senekal, having succeeded in drawing the Boers from Lindley, allowing the threatened force to get away safely. The Boers sent to the British for medical help, saying that Commandant De Villiers was ill. They were given a doctor, with a bottle of champagne, and his compliments, as well as a message that he would release all the Boer prisoners at Senekal.

ONE CANADIAN KILLED, 8 WOUNDED

In the Uprising at Douglas By-A-Night Attack.

Ottawa, June 2.—(Special)—Col. Ayler, who is recognized in the Military as the successor to Gen. Hutton, reported Saturday morning a cable from Major General G. D. Ross, the War minister, dated Douglas, June 2, reporting the following as killed and wounded in a night attack on Fabre's Farm:

KILLED.

No. 452, Bombardier (Corporal in nominal rank) W. Latimer, 15th Shropshire, Quebec. Wounded.

WOUNDED.

No. 408, Corp. H. M. Brown, severely.

No. 420, Bombardier J. McAskill, "B" Battery, Kingston, severely.

No. 411, Driver J. Kane, slightly.

No. 445, Gunner H. B. Tait, slightly.

No. 520, Gunner C. Wollard, 13th Field Battery, Winnipeg, slightly.

No. 425, G. F. Fletcher, Halifax, slightly.

No. 491, C. Jackson, Pictou Garrison Artillery, slightly.

New Story of the Fight. London, June 3.—A Cape Town despatch, dated Thursday, gives more details of the fight at Douglas, Cape Colony. In which a number of British soldiers were killed by Cape rebels. It says that last Tuesday Gen. Sir Charles Warren, the Governor of Cape Colony, with 700 men, encamped at Douglas, and positioned at Faber Spruit, where 700 rebels were encamped. The British force advanced and severely attacked his force after stampeding the cattle. The British quickly retreated and repulsed the rebels. A small party that was holding a garden continued

The Toronto World.

EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING JUNE 4 1900—EIGHT PAGES

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SPENSER WILKINSON SIZES UP THE SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA

Military Expert Says the Boer Military Power is Now Completely Broken and the War Practically is Over—Flying Columns to Do the Rest.

London, June 3.—Mr. Spenser Wilkinson reviewing the events of the week in South Africa for the Associated Press, says:

"The situation can clearly be understood if we in the first instance neglect the Pretoria telegrams. Lord Roberts advanced from the Vaal in two columns, he himself with the main body following the line of railway and Generals French and Hamilton keeping pace with him a short march to the left and slightly in advance.

"On Monday night Gen. Roberts was at Klap River Station, the left wing column being south of Klap River. The Boers retreated before Gen. Roberts, but resisted the left wings.

"On Tuesday night Gen. Roberts was at Germiston and the left wing near Florida, just west of Johannesburg.

"On Wednesday morning Gen. Roberts summoned Johannesburg and agreed to give 24 hours' delay before entering the town, which, however, he surrounded.

"Generals French and Hamilton were kept away from the town and pursued forward.

"On Thursday Gen. Roberts entered Johannesburg and made a formal speech to the people. He divided the city into two districts and then, leaving a brigade to garrison the town, he put his main body into camp to the north on the Pretoria road on May 29.

"At this time Gen. Brabant and Hamilton were well forward towards Pretoria. Very likely Gen. Buller will be east of the railway and the remainder of the Boer capital.

"Meantime Lord Roberts' communications were well covered and the Free State forces were receiving punishment.

ROBERTS' BULLETIN MEAGER.

Only Three Boer Guns Were Left in the Fort at Johannesburg—Queenslanders Capture a Cruiser.

London, June 3.—Lord Lansdowne, Secretary of State for War, has received the following from Lord Roberts, dated Orange Grove, June 2:

"Volunteers are quiet. The people are surrendering arms and ponies. Only three Boer guns were left in the fort.

"The Queenlanders captured, May 29, a Cruiser with 11 wagons of stores and ammunition.

"Commandant Botha of Zoutpansberg has his field corps and 100 prisoners were taken in the fighting around Johannesburg, sent back to the foreign contingents and the Irish Army."

"The 13th Yeomanry were attacked May 22, between Kroonstad and Lindley. There were some casualties."

ROBERTS' LINES INTERRUPTED.

Says Imperial Yeomanry Were Attacked by the Boers on May 20—Johannesburg Is Quiet.

London, June 3.—The War Office has received the following additional advices from Lord Roberts, dated Orange Grove, June 2:

"Owing to the interruption of the telegraph lines, I only to-day received a report from Col. Sprig that his battalion of Imperial Yeomanry was attacked between Kroonstad and Lindley, May 29.

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STRONG PRESSURE WAS BROUGHT TO BEAR ON THE SPEAKER TO HOLD ON, BUT MR. BAIN HAS DEFINITELY MADE UP HIS MIND TO QUIT—ELECTIONS IN OCTOBER.

Hamilton, June 3.—(Special)—The executive of the South Wentworth Liberal Association held its annual meeting at the New American Hotel, yesterday afternoon to consider Speaker Thomas Bain's decision to retire into private life at the close of the present session.

"Hon. Mr. Bain came from the room looking tired out, yet wearing the expression of a man who, by a timely confession, has got his mind of a burdensome secret. To the world he said:

"The executive begged me to reconsider my decision, but I have definitely decided to cut away from public life. I have now been nearly 30 years in harness, and like Cincinnatus, long for the quiet of rural life. Besides, my 'eyebright' is a great source of trouble."

STRONG GLASSES PRESCRIBED.

"Asked if he had consulted any oculist of eminence, the Speaker went on to say that he had been overhauled by Dr. Osborne or Hamilton, and that doctor, before leaving for South Africa, had prescribed a pair of strong glasses. "The light in the House of Commons is very kindly," remarked the Speaker, "but it pained my eyes, and whenever I did any reading, people exclaimed, 'How tired you look.'"

There was absolutely no other reason for his retirement, he said.

NOT LOOKING FOR HONOR.

Asked if it would not be wiser to remain in public life a little longer, and thereby

secure some of the honors which would likely fall to Canadians when the war was over, Mr. Bain laughingly said: "I don't care for honors. To live in the British Empire is honor enough for me."

ELECTIONS IN OCTOBER.

As to the date of the elections, Mr. Bain thought October would be the likely month, and said the executive had not yet taken up the subject of a successor to himself in South Wentworth.

It is said that a meeting of the association will be called in a few days to determine this, and the names mentioned are Editor Alex. Pirie, always in bloom, and W. O. Sealey, lumber merchant.

"Mr. Sealey, who was congratulated yesterday by a friend, in regard to his probable nomination, looked like a man who has something to suppress, but denied the story confusedly.

WHAT CONSERVATIVES SAY.

Among the city Conservatives, the reason of Speaker Bain's retirement is cruelly assigned to an unwillingness to face so formidable a rival as E. D. Smith. Those who know South Wentworth well say that the Conservative candidate will roll up a majority of 300 over the Liberal nominee.

The retirement of Mr. Bain does not come as an entire surprise, as it has only been with difficulty that the last two conventions have induced him to run.

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There was absolutely no other reason for his retirement, he said.

EIGHT MEN KILLED AND 26 WOUNDED—RUNDLES CASUALTIES 32 KILLED AND 150 WOUNDED.

London, June 2.—(8.34 p.m.)—The War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts:

"Johannesburg, June 1.—(8.40 a.m.)—French's report of his operations during May 28 and 29 reached me at 11 a.m. to-day. We were pursuing them but he still managed to drive off the enemy from the strong positions they successfully held from the railway. The troops who had been held in reserve were sent to reinforce the commandos who had been sent to the rescue of the Queen's Own Royal Fusiliers, a royal salute was fired, the troops advanced and the Boers surrendered.

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MONDAY MORNING

THE TORONTO WORLD

JUNE 4 1900



HAMILTON NEWS

DEATH FROM A LIVE WIRE. REPORTS FROM COLLEGES

Joseph Lemaine Was the Victim—
Reuben Shaw Fell Dead From Heart Disease.

ADAM YOUNG OF GALT ALSO DEAD.

Major Prentice Fell From a Ladder and Was Stunned-General City News.

A Slight Financial Detail is Expected to Be Overcome—Love Feast and Ordination.

Hamilton, June 3.—(Special)—Joseph Lemaine, a lineman employed by the Hamilton Electric Light Company, fell from the top of a pole at the corner of Pearl and Main-streets, at noon to-day. He seized a live wire and that was the cause of his fall. The unfortunate man was picked up in an unconscious state and removed to the General Hospital, where it was discovered that his right arm was broken and his left thigh and leg were fractured. He was also injured about the head, and, as it was thought he was injured internally, no hope for his recovery was held out by the physicians.

The Injuries Proved Fatal. Lemaine died during the evening about 8 o'clock. An inquest will be held tomorrow morning by Coroner Griffin. The dead man buried at the Dominion Hotel. His home was in Dundas.

"Shang" Clark Now in Jail. Young, who was the notorious burglar, who broke his leg some weeks ago in jumping from a window in Mr. Pierce's house, was remanded to the General Hospital yesterday afternoon. His trial will take place in eight days.

Reuben Shaw Fell Dead. Reuben Shaw, market gardener, 40, Butcher-street, fell dead this morning. It is believed he started to walk to the washstand. He staggered, dropped, and died instantly. His wife, who had been sent for a doctor, decided that death was due to heart disease.

Young is Dead. Adam Young, the retired farmer from Galt, who took a dose of laudanum, his house, and died Friday night, died Wednesday, died this afternoon from the effects of the poison and from a complication of diseases. Young was unmarried.

Major Prentice Hurt. Major Prentice is off duty. While trimming grape vines, a ladder he was on broke and he fell to the ground,alling on his head. He was unable to stand for several days, and is expected he will be again in a few days.

Police Notes. John Murray, at yesterday's police court, charged up the criminal trial on the charge of breaking into John McCoy's residence and stealing a gold watch and a gold ring.

Henry Hull, Mulberry-street, was remanded to jail on the charge of assaulting his wife. The police say he split her head open last Friday night.

Court of Common Walks.

According to a statement of the cost of several sets of cement sidewalks, prepared by Engineer Wingate, it is known that the average cost of a walk, including curving in 12 to 12 feet, costs a sum of \$100 per cent of the property pays 40 per cent spread over five years. The curbing is put down at 30 cents per foot.

F. W. H. was Harmony. J. B. Neilligan has retired from the leadership of the choir of St. Lawrence Church after ten years' service. On Friday evening he sang his last solo. Mr. S. Dugay was the chairman. Rev. Mr. Moore was a comprehensive and eloquent. He spoke of the Bible's inexhaustibility, breadth, and depth; beauty of language, unity, types, adaptations, achievement, and what the Book accomplished.

A short discussion followed, during which Rev. Mr. Moore was highly complimented on his lecture.

Conservation. The Wentworth Historical Society's annual meeting will be held next Tuesday evening.

Theological Union Lecture. The Theological Union lecture was delivered yesterday afternoon in Wesley Church schoolroom. The lecturer was Rev. D. A. Mair, and the subject was "The Ministry of the Word." Mr. S. Dugay was the chairman. Rev. Mr. Moore was a comprehensive and eloquent. He spoke of the Bible's inexhaustibility, breadth, and depth; beauty of language, unity, types, adaptations, achievement, and what the Book accomplished.

Anything for the Shah. The Dirty Crown Destroyed the Beautiful Furniture of Buckingham Palace—Nothing Goes Nowhere.

London, June 2.—A suite of rooms at Buckingham Palace, known as the Belgian apartment, is being prepared for the reception of the Shah of Persia. This does not mean that they are being decorated or beautified, but the reverse.

The last Shah who visited England was however in the same room, and, on his arrival, the arrangement of civilized nations and domestic and sanitary requirements by himself and his entourage, \$20,000 had to be spent in restoring the room to its former condition. The burning of cigars and cigarettes had been thrown on the costly furniture. The carpets and walls had been defaced and destruction dealt all around.

At present all the valuable or fragile articles are being replaced by cheap, plain furniture, the walls protected by gaudy hangings and every precaution taken to forestall the effects of the carcasses and vanity habits of the coming Oriental potentates.

The Downfall of Pretoria. A Service at St. Andrew's That Was Patriotic Whether Pretoria Has Fallen or Not.

Every preparation was made by the congregation of St. Andrew's Church for a service of praise to be held last evening in honor of the British successes in South Africa when the announcement was made last week of the downfall of Pretoria. The church was apparently unprepared, but a grand and special program of musical entertainment was arranged. Before the service began, the organist, Mr. C. F. Forsyth, recited the "Song of the Shirt," and the service proceeded with an anticipation of such victory. During the service Rev. Arthur H. Doherty, who had remained the large congregation present, reminded the large congregation present that there was no recognition of the services of the British in the service, and that the service be proceeded with an acknowledgment of the services of the British.

After the service, Mr. C. F. Forsyth, in good assurance, hung up the flag of the Empire as an emblem of victory, it was at the time rung out of the window of the church, and the organist, Mr. C. F. Forsyth, recited the "Song of the Shirt," and the service proceeded with an anticipation of such victory. During the service Rev. Arthur H. Doherty, who had remained the large congregation present, reminded the large congregation present that there was no recognition of the services of the British in the service, and that the service be proceeded with an acknowledgment of the services of the British.

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THAT WEST ELGIN ENQUIRY

Mrs. Pritchett Goes into the Box and Tells How She Got Money for Her Husband

WHILE HE WAS AWAY IN DETROIT.

Gave Her Evidence in a Straightforward Manner and Was Complimented by the Commission.

The evidence of Mrs. Pritchett was the strong card at the sitting of the West Elgin Commission yesterday morning. She knew nothing of irregularities practised by her husband in the election, but had participated in the payments which were made to him. Her testimony was almost altogether about these payments, which were made to her husband, both before and after he left the country. She received the money on several occasions from Hastings, her brother, who said he received it from Lewis.

Mrs. Pritchett in the Box.

Mrs. Pritchett is a very handsome woman, of tall and attractive figure. Her testimony was given without hesitation, and with every appearance of frankness. She said she had not left her house in London for a week past, and had not evaded service of the subpoena. Her husband resided in London. She remembered that he had gone to St. Thomas to an election in January, 1890. Witness had no knowledge of her husband practising the art of ballot-slipping at home before he went to St. Thomas, so as to be expert. She had no knowledge of his doing anything wrong at an election time, nor had he ever spoken to her about it.

Knew Con O'Gorman.

Witness was acquainted with Con O'Gorman, a man who frequented at her house. She also knew Tom Lewis, but was not aware that he had called immediately before the St. Thomas election. Her husband had been to St. Thomas twice or twice before the election. But had not said anything to her about his business there. On Thursday, the day of the election, he had been home late, but had not mentioned anything about the election. Pritchett had left the country late one night in May, hearing that there was a warrant out for her arrest. She had gone to Hastings, and Mr. Hastings, her brother-in-law, had afterwards called for his clothes.

Lewis Had Called.

Lewis had called at the house the day before the election, left, but did not return. Her husband had no knowledge of this. He had left by the back door upon her arrival, which conduct she thought peculiar. Lewis called later that evening, and said that he had come to see her husband, who was to meet him next day at 10 o'clock. The next evening, after having tea at Hastings, her husband had said to her that he was going to St. Thomas. He said there was a little trouble, and he was going up to see the boys about it.

Witness Received \$100 a Month.

Witness was paid to her that she was to receive \$100 a month from Lewis to supply her husband while away. This statement was made between May 4 and 24, before he went away, for he left on the 26th.

Witness Knew of the Warrant Being Out.

Witness had no idea where Lewis was to go, or where he was to stay, and had remained at home until the payment had stopped. The payments stopped some time in July, and the warrant was still out when her husband returned, who did not know why the payment had ceased, and has never told her.

Shortly After Her Husband Returned.

Shortly after her husband returned, Lewis had called upon him, but she had no knowledge of the payment having been stopped.

Witness Knew of the Payment Being Out.

Witness knew of the payment being out because Lewis had got out of jail on June 10, and told her on the occasion that Lewis had once mentioned John O'Gorman to her, and that he wanted him to go back, and she was very uneasy all the time he was home.

Then \$50 a Month.

He had remained home until June 17 or 18 days ago, again, saying that Lewis had come to terms and was to send him \$50 a month thereafter. He had received some money before going, but witness did not know from whom.

He had once mentioned John O'Gorman to her, and that he wanted him to go back, and she was very uneasy all the time he was home.

Witness Knew of the Payment Being Out.

Witness had no idea where Lewis or O'Gorman were to go, and Lewis was a friend of the family, and merely a casual acquaintance. She had called on Lewis on one occasion, when her husband was away, and asked him if he had any money, the matter being that she and Lewis said they did not. On Jan. 16 last she had gone to Detroit to see her husband, and had returned with Lewis, who was informed by her husband that he had gone to see him. They had been unable to see them, but her husband had been dissatisfied because he was not receiving his monthly payments of \$50 regularly.

She had received the \$50 at this time from Lewis, who was then earning a salary as a photographer.

In reply to questions by Judge Morgan and G. H. Watson, witness said she had seen Hastings working in a garden in London recently, and knew that he was home last week. He had been steadily at work and not in hiding. His address in London was 108 Centre-street.

Witness was called to the witness stand.

Three Men Have Been Killed.

Following the Death of Mr. Henry Mullins on the Railway Two Others Are Reported.

Montreal, June 3.—(Special)—General Manager McNeil of the C.P.R. Who Has Just Returned.

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While at Prince Arthur the general superintendent at Winnipeg wired Mr. McNeil that a soaking rain was falling all over Manitoba, and as heavy rains had already fallen from the Red River to Brandon, a much-needed wet June is probably at hand.

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Household Napery
AND.....
Housefurnishings

Stocks now complete, with fine assortments, high qualities and styles. What they have specially offered are what they have a good chance for summer cottage furnishings.

Linen Damasks

A quantity of odd ends of Linen Damask Tablecloths, 2 by 2 yards, at \$1.00 and \$2 each. Linen Damask Table Cloths, 3 by 3 yards, at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25.

White Cotton Bath Towels, 12x4 feet, at 25¢ each.

Remnants of Cotton Sheetings and Pillow Casings.

Useful lengths and oddments of all kinds—various prices—now grouped and sold at big reductions.

Blankets

Grey and White Flannel Summer Blankets, pink or blue borders, at 90¢, \$1 and \$1.25. White Wool Blankets, double-bed size, at \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.50 per pair.

French and English Blankets, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 up; Single Crib Blankets, at 90¢, \$1.

Table Covers

Fine stock of Select Patterns, single and double designs, with attractive borders, \$1.50 and \$2; 8x4 size, \$3 to \$8; 10x4 size, \$3.50 to \$8; 12x4 size, \$4 to \$15.

Batt Comforters

Good Chintz Satin Coverings, light, weight, filling, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Pillows and Cushions

Feather Pillows, \$1 to \$2.50 each. Down Pillows, at 75¢, 90¢, \$1 and \$1.25.

Lane Curtains

A few old pairs of Colored Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, extra wide, \$1.50 per pair.

White and Ecru Nottingham Lace Curtains, \$2 to \$8 pair.

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One pair of a kind, offered at very low prices.

White Quilts

Real Marseilles, full double-bed size, \$2.75 to \$3.00; 4x4 size, at \$1.75 to \$2.25; 10x4 size, \$2.50 to \$3.25.

Flannel and Cotton Quilts, at 75¢, 90¢, \$1, \$1.25.

American Horncomb Crochet Quilts, 40x45, 45x50, 50x55, 55x60, 60x65, 65x70 up; Crib Quilts, 65¢, 75¢, 80¢.

White Toilet Crib Quilts, 65¢, 75¢, 80¢.

White Quilts, \$1 to \$1.50 each.

House Muslins and Dimitties

Art Muslins shown in all shades from 6c to 25¢ yard. Fancy Art Muslins, 48 inches wide, at 30¢ to 75¢ yard.

White and Ecru Nottingham Lace Curtains, \$2 to \$8 pair.

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One pair of a kind, offered at very low prices.

Mail Orders

for goods, samples or estimates given prompt attention.

JOHN GATTO & SON

King Street—Opposite the Postoffice.

SOAKING RAIN IN THE WEST.

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A TORONTO GIRL'S ESCAPE.

How Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills Saved Miss Ida Hobkirk's Health.

Long Hours, Uncensing Attention to Business and Close Concentration Broke Down Her Health—Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills Fully Restored It.

The young woman who is closely confined to a store or office, during six or eight hours every day, obliged to breathe the impure, exhalations of the office, overcomes, pain, peculiar to those under the necessity of being on her feet the greater part of the time, cannot feel tired, heavy, languid and depressed—utterly worn out. In short, she is in the grip of the devil. Soon her blood becomes thin and watery, her nerves break down, she "goes into a decline," or some other of the many dangerous diseases which follow. She begins to complain, and, after a period of suffering, an untimely grave receives the victim. This can be avoided, and, instead of death, recovery, health and happiness await her day's work, the food fresh and vigorous, simply by using Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills, the greatest blood maker, restorer and nerve-strengthener on earth to-day.

Miss Ida Hobkirk, Harbord-street, Toronto, endured the miseries we have described. Her system was utterly run down, and she could not work, not usually existing, she became unable to do it. She used Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills, "and," she writes, "they set me up again." The result was, that her heavy feelings passed away. I grew strong and vigorous; the terrible nervous headaches vanished, and I now feel capable of doing the work I used to do. Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills are certainly a medicine that every girl who has to work for her living should use.

Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills are sold by all druggists, large box 75¢, small box 25¢; or send postpaid on receipt of postage.

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