

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. 1. No. 67.]

QUEBEC, TUESDAY 31ST JULY, 1838.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.

THE CORONATION OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA.

From an early hour, indeed long before daylight, numbers of persons were to be seen gathering into little knots in the immediate vicinity of Buckingham Palace, and as the day advanced considerable additions to that number continued to be made, until the hour of 8 o'clock had arrived, when the whole line on either side of the road leading up Constitution hill from the new Palace, as well as the inner side of the iron railing which divides St. James's from the Green Park, was crowded with well dressed persons of whom a very large proportion consisted of ladies. Within the railing there were erected a series of platform of various elevations, on which standings were obtainable at a charge of 2s 6d per head. This accommodation the whole George's Hospital, as well as the fronts of the roofs of the houses at the upper end of Grosvenor place, presented one mass of galleries, the majority of their occupants being members of the fair sex.

The roof of the palace itself, too, was thickly studded with spectators.

Soon after half past 9 detachments of the Blues and the life Guards, accompanied with their respective bands, arrived opposite the entrance gate of the palace, and their appearance was quickly followed by that of Her Majesty's dress carriages together with the state coach. The carriages of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent, with those of her Royal Highnesses the Duke of Cambridge, Duchess of Gloucester and the Duke of Sussex next reached the Royal residence in rapid succession. The whole of these coaches were into the court yard.

At a quarter before 10 o'clock the final formation of the procession was commenced, and after the necessary arrangements had been completed, it set out in manner following:—

- 1. Lee, the high constable of the city of Westminster.
- A Squadron of Life Guards.
- Carriages of the foreign resident ambassadors ministers, in the order in which they take precedence in this country.
- The Charge d'Affaires of Mexico.
- The Charge d'Affaires of Portugal.
- The Charge d'Affaires of Sweden.
- The Saxon Minister.
- The Hanoverian Minister.
- The Greek Minister.
- The Sardinian Minister.
- The Spanish Minister.
- The Minister from the United States.
- The Minister from the Netherlands.
- The Brazilian Minister.
- The Bavarian Minister.
- The Danish Minister.
- The Belgian Minister.
- The Wurtemberg Minister.
- The Prussian Minister.
- Carriage of the foreign ambassadors and ministers extraordinary, in the order in which they respectively, report their arrival in that country.
- The Turkish Ambassador.
- The French Ambassador.
- The Russian Ambassador.
- The Austrian Ambassador.
- Mounted Band of a Regiment of Household Brigade.
- Detachment of Life Guards.
- Carriages of the Branches of the Royal Family, with their respective Escorts.
- The Duchess of Kent and Attendants.
- The Duchess of Gloucester and Attendants.
- The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester and Attendants.
- Mounted Band of a Regiment of the Household Brigade.
- The Queen's Bargewaster.
- The Queen's Forty eight Watermen.
- HER MAJESTY'S REALTY. CARRIAGES each drawn by six horses.
- Lord Chamberlain. The Marquis Conyngham.
- The Lord Steward, The Duke of Argyll.
- A Squadron of Life Guards.
- Mounted Band of the Household Brigade.

Military Staff and Aides-de-Camp to the Queen.

Lieutenant General Sir Herbert Taylor.

B. E., attended by the Esquary of the Crown Stable.

Sir George Quentin.

The Queen's Gentleman Rider, J. Fozard Esq.

Deputy Adjutant General, Major General J. Gardiner.

Deputy Quartermaster General, Col. Freeth.

Deputy Adjutant General, Royal Artillery, Sir Alexander Dickson.

Quartermaster General, Sir J. Willoughby Gordon, Bart.

Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief, Lord Fitzroy Somerset, K. C. B.

Adjutant General, Sir J. Macdonald, K. C. B.

The Royal Huntsmen, Yeoman Prickers, and Foresters.

Six of Her Majesty's horses, with rich trappings, each horse led by two grooms.

The Knight Marshal, Sir J. C. Lamb, Bart.

Marshmen in ranks of four.

The Exors of the yeoman of the guard on horse back.

One hundred yeomen of the guard, four and four.

The clerk of the check, James Bunce Curling, Esquire.

Harbinger, Samuel Wilson, Esquire.

Ensign Sir Thomas N. Reeve.

Lieutenant, Sir Samuel Spry, M. P.

THE STATE COACH.

Drawn by eight cream colored horses, attended by a Yeoman of the Guard at each wheel, and two footmen at each door.

The gold stick, And the captain of Viscount Conbermere, the Yeomen of the Guard, the Earl of Hchester, riding on either side attended by two grooms, each, Conveying

THE QUEEN.

The mistress of the robes, the Duchess of Sutherland, the master of the horse, the Earl of Albemarle.

The Captain general of the Royal Archers, Duke of Buccleugh, attended by two grooms.

A Squadron of Life Guards.

The various members of the royal family were loudly greeted as they passed in succession, and when the youthful Queen appeared the loudest plaudits rent the air. Not a male head remained covered, and loud were most of the assembled multitude in their wishes for Her Majesty's continued enjoyment of good health.

Her Majesty's state hamper, clothed with scarlet silk Genoa velvet, embroidered throughout with gold. The badges on each side and back, the fringes, ropes, and tassels, being of that valuable metal. We understand that it cost £1,000.

At half past 9 o'clock the members of the House of Commons took their seats in the galleries adjacent to them, and immediately afterwards the doors were closed against all persons but Her Majesty, her official attendants and the foreign Ministers. At 10 the great officers of state who were appointed to carry the regalia assembled, as we have stated elsewhere, in the Jerusalem Chamber, to receive the different articles which they had to bear during this momentous day. In less than a quarter of an hour afterwards a discharge of 21 guns gave notice to the inmates of the Abbey that the Royal procession had started from Buckingham Palace, and if the curiosity of any person had been slumbering the general enthusiasm which that discharge excited would have awakened it. About 11 the Duke de Nemours arrived in the Abbey, and conversed for some time with the nobleman whom he found in the theatre before he went to the Royal box.

Shortly after ward: the Ambassadors Extraordinary from Foreign Powers began to arrive, and by the magnificence of their dresses, and by the number of their suite, excited considerable admiration. The reception of Marshal Soult was particularly striking. Prince Esterhazy was almost as much admired as his diamonds, which when the sun was on them,

glistened, to use a phrase of Scott's like a galaxy. The Turkish Ambassador was also the subject of admiration. The Duchess of Kent was welcomed with enthusiasm on her arrival, as were also the Duke of Sussex, and the Duke and Duchess and Princess Augusta of Cambridge. But the most enthusiastic reception was reserved for the Duke of Wellington, who was greeted with loud and long continued cheering from all parts of the Abbey. At half past 11 the officers of the army, and the deans and prebendaries of Westminster habited in full canonicals marshalled themselves in order to receive Her Majesty. The Guards were put under arms. The visitants of the Abbey and the different persons who had to take part in the procession, held themselves in immediate readiness to fall in.

Another discharge of cannon informed them that Her Majesty was approaching the doors, and immediately afterwards the cheers of the people, and the music of the military bands, and the clash of presented arms gave notice that she was under the roof of the Abbey, though the necessity of changing her robes in her tiring room prevented her from appearing within it till nearly half an hour afterward. At that moment the spectacle was peculiarly glittering and gorgeous. Every part of the Abbey save the choir was filled. The orchestra by itself formed a singular picture with its surplised and red hooded choristers flanking on both sides a band of instrumental performers habited in scarlet. Opposite to them were the members of the House of Commons, sparkling with plumage and dressed in every variety of uniform which is known to the military service of our country. In the north transept were the peeresses, making the temple bright by the display of their beauty and the brilliancy of their decorations. In the south transept, again, were the peers a moving mass of glittering grandeur.

It is impossible for words to compass, but those who saw it know how to appreciate it, and no description of theirs can compete with the glorious realities they then witnessed.

Under such circumstances Her Majesty entered the Abbey, and immediately a hundred instruments and more than twice as many voices rang out their notes at once, and the loud anthem blended with the applauding shouts of the spectators, echoed to the very roofs of the Abbey.

The officers of the wardrobe having spread a rich cloth of gold carpet, and cushions for Her Majesty to kneel on, at the steps of the altar, the Queen, supported by the bishops of Durham, and Bath and Wells, and attended by the Dean of Westminster, the great officers and the lords that carried the regalia going before her, proceeded to the altar, and kneeling upon the steps made her first oblation of a pall or altar-cloth of gold, and an ingot, or wedge of gold of a pound weight, the pall to be reverently laid upon the altar, and the gold to be received into the oblation basin, and with the like reverence put upon the altar.

The archbishop then said a prayer, the Queen still kneeling.

Then followed the Litany, read by the Bishops of Worcester and St. David's, vested in copes, and kneeling at a faldstool above the steps. The Epistle was read by the Bishop of Rochester from 1 Peter, 11, 13. The Gospel was read by the Bishop of Carlisle, the Queen with the people standing. St. Matthew, xxii, 15.

The service being concluded, the bishops who had assisted returned to their seats. The sermon was preached by the Bishop of London. The text was taken from 2d Chronicles, ch. xxxiv, v. 31.

The Oath.

The sermon being concluded, and her Majesty having on Monday, the 20th day of November, 1837, in the presence of the two houses of Parliament, made and signed the declaration, the Archbishop advanced toward the Queen, and standing before her, addressed her Majesty thus—

Madam,

Is your Majesty willing to take the oath I

And the Queen answering I am willing,

The Archbishop ministered these questions; the Queen, having a copy of the printed form and order of the coronation service in her hands, answered each question severally, as follows:—

Archbishop.—Will you solemnly promise and swear to govern the people of this United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions thereto belonging, according to the statutes in Parliament agreed on, and the respective laws and customs of the same?

Queen.—I solemnly promise so to do.

Archbishop.—Will you to the best of your power cause law and justice, in mercy, to be executed in all your judgments?

Queen.—I will.

Archbishop.—Will you to the utmost of your power maintain the laws of God, the true profession of the Gospel, and the Protestant reformed religion established by law? And will you maintain and preserve inviolably the settlement of the united church of England and Ireland, and the doctrine, worship, discipline, and government thereof, as by law established within England and Ireland, and the territory thereto belonging? And will you preserve unto the bishops and clergy of England and Ireland, and to the churches there committed to their charge, all such rights and privileges, as by law do, or shall appertain to them, or any of them?

Queen.—All this I promise to do.

Then the Queen arose out of her chair, attended by her supporters, and assisted by the Lord Great Chamberlain, the sword of state alone being carried before Her Majesty, and proceeded to the altar, where kneeling on the cushion placed on the steps, and having her right hand upon the Holy Gospel in the Great Bible, which had been carried in the procession, and was now brought from the altar by the Archbishop, and tendered to Her Majesty, who took the coronation oath, saying these words:—

The things which I have here before promised, I will perform and keep. So help me God.

Then the Queen kissed the book, and to a transcript of the oath set her Royal sign manual, the Lord Chamberlain of the Household holding a silver standish for that purpose delivered to him by an officer of the jewel office.

The Anointing.

The Queen having thus taken her oath, returned to her chair on the south side of the altar, where Her Majesty had sat during the sermon; while kneeling at her faldstool, the hymn *Veni, Creator Spiritus*, was sung by the choir, the Archbishop of Canterbury reading the first line.

The hymn being ended, the Archbishop read the prayer preparatory to the anointing:

The choir then sang the anthem:

Zadok the priest, Nathan the prophet, anointed Solomon King; and all the people rejoiced and said: God save the King, long live the King, may the King live forever. Amen. Hallelujah.

At the commencement of the anthem the Queen, rising from her devotions, went before the altar, attended by her supporters, and assisted by the Lord Great Chamberlain, the sword of state being carried before her, where the mistress of the robes, assisted by the Lord Great Chamberlain, divested her Majesty of her crimson robe, which was immediately carried by the groom of the robes into St. Edward's Chapel. The Queen then proceeded to King Edward's chair, which was placed in the midst of the area over against the altar, covered with cloth of gold, with a faldstool before it, and sat down to be anointed.—

Four knights of the garter—namely, the Duke of Rutland, the Marquis of Anglesey, the Duke of Exeter, and the Duke of Buccleugh (announced by deputy garter), holding over her Majesty a rich pall of silk, or cloth of gold, delivered to them by the Lord Chamberlain, who had received it from an officer of the Wardrobe. The anthem being concluded, the Dean of Westminster, taking the ampulla and spoon from

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 31st JULY, 1858.

LATEST DATES.

London, - - July 4. New-York, - - July 26.
Liverpool, - - July 5. Halifax, - - July 18.
Havre, - - July 2. Toronto, - - July 19.

NINETEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Royal William* arrived at New York on the 21st instant, in nineteen days from Liverpool, bringing files of London papers to the 4th, and Liverpool to the 5th. We have given, to the exclusion of almost every thing else, an account of the ceremony of the coronation, and other items of interest, from the latest English papers.

We have availed ourselves principally of the summaries given in the *Montreal Herald and Gazette*, and in the *Quebec Gazette* of last night.

On the 2d instant, there was a conversation in the House of Lords between Lords Wharncliffe and Melbourne on the appointment of Mr. Turton by Lord Durham to be his secretary. Lord Melbourne said that when on a former occasion he had stated that Mr. Turton had gone to Canada without any promise or hope, either from himself or Lord Durham, that he should be appointed to a public situation, he did so, in the full persuasion that no situation whatever would be given to Mr. Turton, an assertion which leaves a point of honour between Lord Melbourne and Lord Durham.

Among the promotions in the Army & Navy we observe that Sir John Colborne, who held the local rank in British America of Lieutenant-General, has been raised to that rank in the British Army by brevet; Lt. Colonel Wetherall and Colonel the Hon. John Maitland have been created Commanders of the Bath, and the former has been raised to the rank of Colonel by brevet; Captain Birwhistle, 32d Regiment has been raised to the rank of Brevet Major.

It was generally understood amongst persons likely to be well informed on the subject, that Parliament would close its session about the end of the present month.

SIR FRANCIS HEAD.—It would seem that Sir Francis' conduct as Governor of Upper Canada was about to come under discussion in the House of Commons. In the meantime he had sent up to that body an "explanatory memorandum" on the subject, which, on motion, was laid on the table. Sir Francis proposes five questions, and then answers them in succession, and at some length.

Capt. W. W. Henderson, of H. M. S. *Edinburgh*, arrived at the Colonial Office on the 21 July, with despatches from His Excellency the Earl of Durham.

Sir George Gipps, the new Governor of New South Wales, had reached the seat of his government early in March.

The Irish corporation bill had its third reading June 25, and was carried by a majority of 35—with Lord John Russell's 26 qualification.

Three baronets were created on the day of the coronation, among whom were Sir John Herschell, E. L. Bulwer, Esq. and Sir Lionel Smith.

In the House of Lords, June 22d, a petition was presented from merchants of Liverpool, complaining of the blockade of Mexico by the French.

Mr. M. Woulfe, catholic, has been appointed chief Baron in Ireland, succeeding the deceased Baron Joy. It is said that the place was offered to Mr. O'Connell, and also the mastership of the Rolls, but that he declined both.

Miss Landon, the poet (or poetess) was married June 7th, to George Maclean, Esq. Governor of Cape Coast, Africa.

Mr. John Van Buren, Governor Cass and Col. Thome were presented to the Queen at her levee, held June 20, being the anniversary of her Majesty's accession.

The city of Kingston steamer, which sailed from Baltimore on the 16th May, arrived at London on the 20th June.

The old affair of the Vixen was brought up again by Sir Stratford Canning, who moved for papers relating thereto. Lord Palmerston said the affair had been grossly misrepresented.

Lord Castlereagh fought a duel with a foreign nobleman on the 17th of June, and was shot through the wrist.

off the altar, held them ready, pouring some of the holy oil into the spoon, with which the Archbishop then anointed the Queen, in the form of a cross, on the crown of the head, and on the palms of both the hands, pronouncing the words—

Be thou anointed with holy oil, as kings, priests and prophets were anointed: And as Solomon was anointed King by Zadock the priest, and Nathan the prophet, so be you anointed, blessed, and consecrated Queen over this people, whom the Lord your God hath given you to rule and govern, in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen.

The Dean of Westminster then laid the ampulla and spoon upon the altar, and the Queen kneeling at the faldstool, the Archbishop standing on the north side of the altar, pronounced this prayer or blessing over her:—

Our Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of God, who by his Father was anointed with the oil of gladness above his fellows, by his holy anointing pour down upon your head and heart the blessing of the Holy Ghost, and prosper the works of your hands; that by the assistance of his heavenly grace you may preserve the people committed to your charge in wealth, peace and godliness; and after a long and glorious course of ruling this temporal kingdom wisely, justly and religiously, you may at last be made partaker of an eternal kingdom, through the merits of Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

This prayer being ended, the Queen arose and resumed her seat in St. Edward's chair. The knights of the garter having returned the pall to the Lord Chamberlain, who delivered it again to the officer of the wardrobe, went to their proper seats.

After the ceremony of investing with the royal robe, and the delivery of the orb, the officer of the Jewel house now delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who delivered to the Archbishop, the Queen's ring, in which a table jewel is encased; the Archbishop put it on the fourth finger of Her Majesty's right hand, saying—

"Receive this ring, the ensign of king's dignity, and of defence of the Catholic faith; and as you are this day solemnly invested in the government of this earthly kingdom, so may you be sealed with that spirit of promise which is the earnest of a heavenly inheritance and reign with Him who is the blessed and only possessor of glory for ever and ever.—Amen."

Then the Dean of Westminster brought the Sceptre and rod to the Archbishop, and the Lord of the Manor of Workop (who claims to hold an estate by the service of presenting to the Queen a right hand glove on the day of her coronation, and supporting the Queen's right arm whilst she holds the Sceptre with the Cross) delivered to the Queen a pair of rich gloves, and, as occasion happened afterward supported her Majesty's right arm, or held the Sceptre by her side.

The gloves being put on, the Archbishop delivered the Sceptre with the Cross into the Queen's right hand, saying—

Receive the Royal Sceptre, the ensign of kingly power and justice.

Then he delivered the rod with the dove into the Queen's left hand, saying—

Receive the rod of equity and mercy, and God, from whom all holy desires, all good counsels, and all just works do proceed, direct and assist you in the administration and exercise of all those powers which he hath given you. Be so merciful that you be not too remiss; so execute justice that you forget not mercy. Judge with righteousness, and reprove with equity, and accept no man's person. Abuse the proud, protect and cherish the just, and lead your people in the way wherein they should go; thus in all things following his great and holy example, of whom the prophet David said, "Thou lovest righteousness and hatest iniquity; the sceptre of thy kingdom is a right sceptre," even Jesus Christ our Lord.—Amen.

The putting on the Crown.

The Archbishop, standing before the altar, then took the crown into his hands, and laying it again before him upon the altar, said—O God! who crownest thy faithful servants with mercy and loving kindness, look down upon this thy servant Victoria, our Queen, who now in lofty devotion boweth her head to thy divine majesty (here the Queen bowed her head); and as thou dost this day set a crown of pure gold on her head, so enrich her royal heart with thy heavenly grace, and crown her with all princely virtues, which

may adorn the high station wherein thou hast placed her, through Jesus Christ, our Lord, to whom be honor and glory for ever and ever. Amen.

The Queen still sitting in King Edward's chair; the Dean of Westminster brought the Crown, and the Archbishop taking it of him, reverently placed it on the Queen's head.

Immediately Her Majesty was crowned the peers and peeresses put on their coronets, bishops their caps, and kings of arms their crowns. The effect was magnificent in the extreme; the shouts that followed this part of the ceremony were really tumultuous, and all but made the vaulted roof rebound.

A signal being given the instant the crown was placed on the Queen's head, the great guns at the Tower fired a royal salute, which gave an additional but somewhat startling solemnity to the occasion.

The acclamation ceasing, the Archbishop said: Be strong and of good courage; observe the commandments of God, and walk in his holy ways; fight the good fight of faith, and lay hold on eternal life; that in this world you may be crowned with success and honor, and when you have finished your course, receive a crown of righteousness, which God the righteous judge, shall give you in that day. Amen.

The Inthronisation.

The presenting of the Holy Bible, and the Te Deum being ended, the Queen ascended the theatre and was lifted up into her throne by the Archbishop and Bishops, and other peers of the kingdom, and being inthronised, or placed therein, all the great officers, those who bore the swords and the sceptres, and the rest of the nobles, stood round about the steps of the throne, and the Archbishop standing before the Queen, said:

Stand firm, and hold fast from henceforth the seat and state of royal imperial dignity, which is this day delivered unto you in the name and by the authority of Almighty God, and by the hands of us the Bishops and servants of God, though unworthy; and as you see us to approach nearer to God's altar, so vouchsafe the more graciously to continue to us your royal favor and protection. And the Lord God Almighty establish your throne in righteousness, that it may stand fast for ever more. Amen.

The Homage.

The exhortation now concluded all the Peers kneeling in their places and solemnly to the Queen upon the theatre. The Archbishop kneeling down before her Majesty's knee, the rest of the Bishops on either hand did their homage together, the Archbishop saying—

I William, Archbishop of Canterbury, (the rest repeating audibly after the Archbishop,) will be faithful and true, and faith and truth will bear, unto you our Sovereign Lady, and your heirs, kings or queens of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. And I will do, and truly acknowledge the service of the lands which I claim to hold of you as in the right of the church. So help me God.

The Archbishop then kissed the Queen's hand, and the rest of the Bishops after him.

Then the other Peers of the realm did their homage in like manner. This part of the ceremony was peculiarly affecting, especially when the Duke of Sussex embraced her Majesty, and was obliged to be led off the theatre by the Peers around; but there was no indication of popular feeling until the Duke of Wellington presented himself before her Majesty to do homage for the Dukes, when the shout of enthusiastic recognition was immediately raised, and prolonged even after His Grace had descended from the theatre.

When the homage was ended, the drums beat, the trumpets sounded, and all the people shouted—

God save Queen Victoria.
Long live Queen Victoria.
May the Queen live for ever.

Her Majesty then, having descended from her throne, with the same ceremony as before, made her second oblation, a purse of gold, after which followed the prayers, and finally the anthem. The Queen then, wearing her crown proceeded through the choir to the door of the Abbey.

Her Majesty went through the long and even to those not actively engaged in them, most fatiguing services of the day, with the most perfect composure, self possession, and dignity. Indeed, as far as we could judge from her appearance and manner we should say Her Majesty not only evinced the utmost coolness, composure and command, but kept up, unflagging, an eager interest in the whole proceeding.

A grand review was to take place at Woolwich on the 5th, at which, by special invitation, His Royal Highness the Duke de Nemours, Marshal Soult, and suit were to be present.

Lord Gosford had an interview with the Colonial Secretary on the 8th.

The burning of the Robert Peel caused only a momentary depression in the consols.

One of the marquee booths on the Coronation fair in Hyde Park was 600 feet long.

Mrs. Graham went up from Green Park in a mammoth balloon at the moment of the Coronation.

There has been another abortive attempt at revolution in Portugal. The Queen is again about to become a mother.

The Colists in Spain are nearly done up. They have been defeated lately on all points. The Hanoverian Second Chamber has decided against the King and his new constitution.

The Emperor of Russia has returned to St. Petersburg.

THE ARMY.

Of the Coronation Brevet, we have only time to give the names of Officers, now, or lately serving in these Colonies. The commissions are dated 28th June.

WAR OFFICE, June 3.
ARMY BREVET.

To be General in the Army.
Sir Roger Hale Sheeile, Bart.
To be Lieutenant-Generals in the Army.
Sir Colin Campbell, K. C. B.; Sir John Colborne, G. C. B.; Sir Archibald Campbell, Bart. G. C. B.

To be Major-Generals in the Army.
Henry D'Oyley, Grenadier Foot Guards; Sir George Teesdale, half-pay unattached; Thomas Evans, 70th Foot.

To be Colonels in the Army.
George Augustus Wetherall, 1st Foot; John Carter, 1st Foot; James Frederick Love, 73d Foot; Duncan McGregor, 53d Foot; Robert Nickle, on a particular service; Joseph Patterson, on particular service.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels in the Army.
William Erke Williams, on a particular service; Charles Levinge, 71st Foot.

To be Majors in the Army.
John Birwhistle, 22d Foot; William Fraser, 43d Foot; John Clarke, 66th Foot; John Steele, 24th Foot; G. G. O'Connor, 85th Foot; William A. Riech, 79th Foot; Thomas Nickell, 1st Foot; W. Thomas Hunt, 85th Foot; Charles Baillie Elish, 24th Foot; Charles Hastings Doyle, 21st Foot; Stanley Power, 85th Foot; William Henry Law, 53d Foot; Joseph Swinburne, 80d Foot; Du,ald Mc-Nicol, 1st Foot.

WAR OFFICE, July 3.
To be Majors in the Army.

Patrick Yule, Royal Engineers; George Phillpotts, Royal Engineers; Emiel Bolton, Royal Engineers; Ralph Carr Alderson, Royal Engineers; Charles Wright, Royal Engineers.

WAR OFFICE, July 19.
COMMISSARIAT.

To be Deputy Commissary General—Assistant Commissary General, J. B. Price. To be Assistant Commissary General—Deputy Assistant Commissary General, T. Scobell; Deputy Assistant Commissary General, T. Rae; Deputy Assistant Commissary General, J. Lewis; Deputy Assistant Commissary General, G. Sandford; Deputy Assistant Commissary General, T. Stickney.

(London Correspondence of the Quebec Gazette.)
Royal Exchange, July 4th, 1858.

"It is too true, I hear, that Lord Gosford has been using all his influence to extenuate the crimes of Papineau and his adherents. In the highest quarter, however, there is but one feeling as respects the leader of the revolt, that of abhorrence. The loyalty and affection of the English, Irish and Scotch in Canada to their Queen, is a topic of frequent conversation at the Royal table.

"A rather heavy fall has taken place in Canada Timber—the prices are full 5s. per load lower for all sorts. This depression is the result of the Baltic people having lowered their prices. There is not much demand even at this reduction.

"Apprehensions are again beginning to be experienced relative to the prospects of the harvest. The heavy rains continue, and the markets are again looking firm. Bonded Wheat has advanced 2s. per quarter to-day. The average of wheat is now higher than it has been for years, viz: 64s 11d. per quarter, and should no favourable change soon take place, it is expected to reach 70s per quarter.

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THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT.

The Steam-ship *Royal William* is appointed to sail from New-York for England on Saturday next, the 4th August. The Montreal papers are authorised to state that arrangements, will shortly be concluded for the reception of letters for transmission to New-York, to be forwarded regularly by the Steam packets to England.

P. S.—Letters intended to go by the *Royal William*, will be in time if forwarded by steamer to Montreal this evening, from whence an express will be despatched on Tuesday morning by the Exchange.

We regret to learn that His Excellency the Governor General has been reluctantly compelled, by indisposition, to postpone his visit to the Eastern Townships, till a latter part of the summer.

The execution of Moreau, convicted of high treason, was to take place at Niagara yesterday.

On Sunday evening between seven and eight, a drunken affray occurred in Champlain street, when one of the Police was knocked down senseless, and his clothes torn off him. A strong party came up and secured two of the rioters, who were committed yesterday morning to two months' hard labour in goal. We understand it is the intention of the authorities to suppress such affrays, and to punish the actors to the utmost rigour of the law.—*Gazette*.

We learn from the Commercial Advertiser, that Peter W. Grayson, Esq. of Texas, committed suicide at Bon's Station, by shooting himself with a pistol through the head. He was on his way to Washington as minister plenipotentiary to the United States from Texas.—*Ibid*.

The length of the account which we have given in our first page of the ceremonies on the interesting occasion of the Coronation of Her Majesty, obliges us to defer the conclusion of the story entitled "The Coquette," to our next paper.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—The Communications of "Q," "A Whig," and several others will appear in our next.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED

July 29th.
Box Tom, Coulthard, 8th May, Dublin, Gilmour & Co. ballast and goods, 36 passengers.

CLEARED.

July 28th.
Bark *Caledonia*, Bibby, Dublin, Price & Co. bark William Cten Anderson, London, Pemberton.
Bark *Isabella*, Miller, Tron, Symes & Ross.
Bark *Hope*, Hamer, Dublin, Symes & Ross.
Bark *Isabella*, Richardson, Sunderland.
Schr. H. M. C., McKnough, Guysborough, H. J. Noad.
Schr. *Lazy*, Bass, St. John (N. B.) R. Peustoun.

H. M. steamship *Medea*, with Admiral Sir C. Paget on board, arrived yesterday afternoon from Montreal.

H. M. S. *Edinburgh*, arrived at Portsmouth on the 31 July from Quebec.

H. M. Steamer *Dee*, arrived at Sydney, (Cape Breton) in three days from Quebec—carried in coal and sailed the next day for Jamaica.

H. M. brigantine *Charybdis*, Commander Gore, arrived at Pictou on the 14th July, in 6 days from Quebec and Miramichi.

ARRIVALS FROM CANADA.

[By the *Royal William*.]

Deal, July 3rd.—Arrived and proceeded on the river—Stately, Neagle; and Elizabeth, Warwick, from Quebec.
Liverpool, June 22d.—Arrived—Java, Wms. on Quebec.

Southampton, June 29th.—Arrived—Procris, on from Quebec, 24 days.
Waterford Passage, July 1st.—The John H. Black, of and for Ross, arrived in 37 days, and the City of Waterford in 31 days from Quebec—the latter was detained 18 days in the Gulf of St. Lawrence by strong easterly winds, June 29th.—Arrived—Mercury, from Quebec.

The *Cottingham*, Short, from Quebec, had arrived off the Wight.

Falmouth, July 1st.—Louis, Lamsden, from Quebec.

Limerick, June 28th.—Arrived—Borneo, Goman, from Quebec.
Newhaven, July 1st.—Arrived—Wetherall, McArthur, from Quebec.

Cove of Cork, June 29th.—Arrived—Try Again, Heacock, from Quebec.
The bark *Recovery*, Shaxton, of Newport, from Quebec has arrived in Kinross, after a fine passage of 10 days from the banks of Newfoundland.

VESSELS SAILED—CLEARED AND LOADING FOR CANADA.

Deal, July 3d.—Came down the river and remain—Nester, Pidgeon. Sailed—Elizabeth Samson, for Quebec. June 28th—Came down the river and sailed—Richard & Ann, Ventish, for Quebec.

London, June 27th.—Entered out—Diamen, Leslie, for Quebec. July 2d.—Cleared in ballast—Glenora, Jackson, for Quebec. June 30th—Resource, Batty, for Quebec; Ann Grant, Duncanson, for Quebec.

The Tyne, Todd, of and from London for Quebec, was spoken by the *Caroline*, Daniell, on the 27th June, in lat. 50. 25. long. 15. 45. out 10 days; all well.

The *Cecrops*, from Quebec for London was spoken on the 28th of June, lat. 43. long. 46. Liverpool, July 30th.—Sailed *Caledonia*, Pilcher, for Quebec; July 3d.—*Victoria*, Ross, for Quebec; Cleared—July 2d.—*Britannia*, Atheson; Alexander, Self, for Quebec. Loading—Winesales, Walmesley, for Montreal; China, Larmour; Resolution, Carter; Cumberland, Power, for Quebec; 2d.—Sailed—Eleanor, Ralph. Cleared—Courde Lion, for Montreal.

The *Mariana*, —, for Quebec, struck on a piece of ice on the 13th May, in lat. 46. 33. long. 49. 29. and sunk in three quarters of an hour.

The *Ocean Queen*, McMaster, for Montreal; Bruce, Stevens, were advertised at Liverpool.

Greenock, June 30th.—Cleared—Thetis, Spaving, for Quebec. Loading—Superb, Shannon, for Quebec; Corsair, Quebec and Montreal; Mary, Smith, for Quebec. 26th.—Cleared—Deveron, Cameron, for Quebec.

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT

is PUBLISHED Every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Price Ten Shillings per annum.

The Office of the Transcript has been removed from St. Antoine Street to No. 12, Sault-au-Matelot Street.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

A LETTER containing money, addressed to the Transcript Office, brought by the steamer *Canada*, on Saturday last, was stolen from the Exchange in the course of the afternoon of that day.—The above reward will be given to any person who will give such information as may lead to the recovery of the letter and conviction of the thief.
Transcript Office,
Quebec, 28th July, 1838.

BROWN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES CLEARING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 9, outside St. John Street Gate.

* Cast off Clothes bought, sold, or exchanged for new, and money advanced on goods given in for sale.
Quebec, 28th July, 1838 6 m 2

ENGRAVING, &c.

J. JONES, Visiting Card Engraver and Printer, REMOVED to No. 18, Coulthard Street, two doors from St. John Street, Upper Town.
Quebec, 29th July, 1838 3 m 2

NEW PUBLICATION.

ON the 1st September will be published by Messrs. ARMOUR & RAMSAY, Montreal, and at the office of the *Quebec Gazette*,—PERSONAL MEMOIRS OF MAJOR RICHARDSON, as connected with the unprecedented oppression of that Officer while in Spain, by LIEUTENANT GENERAL SIR DE LACY EVANS.

The above work, founded on official documents, and embracing a variety of public correspondence with Lieutenant General Evans and Brigadiers Shaw, Chichester, &c., is intended for publication with a view of being submitted to the British House of Commons, before whom the questions at issue have already been partially, agitated, and to whom the Volume will be inscribed.

QUEBEC AUTUMN RACES. 1838.

Under the Patronage of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

MONDAY, the 3rd, & TUESDAY, the 4th SEPTEMBER, 1838.

FIRST DAY,—MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER.

Her Majesty's Plate of Fifty Guineas.
Entrance, Five Pounds: heats two miles and a distance. Open to all horses bred in the Province of Lower Canada, that never won match, plate or sweepstakes. Weights—three years old, 8 st. 2 lb.; four yrs. 9 st. 3 lb.; five yrs. 9 st. 9 lb.; six yrs. and aged, 10 st.

Ladies' Purse.
Entrance Five Dollars, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Free for all horses.—Weight for age—aged horses, 10 st. 7 lb. Each year under allowed 7 lb. Mile-heats, starting from the distance. Gentlemen riders.

Trial Stakes.
Five Dollars entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. For all horses bred in the Canadas, which have never won a race in Quebec, Montreal, or Three-Rivers.—Weight for age—four yrs. 8 st. 7 lb.; five yrs. 9 st.; 6 yrs. and aged, 9 st. 7 lb. Heats once round the course and a distance.

Scurry Stakes.
Five Dollars entrance, to which the Stewards will add — dollars. Catch weights. One third of a mile. Gentlemen riders. Winner to be sold for £10.

Bonnet Rouge Stakes of — D. Lar's.
Entrance One Dollar. For all horses proved to the satisfaction of the Stewards to be of thorough Canadian breed. One mile, starting from the distance post. Habitant riders.

SECOND DAY, TUESDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER.

Hurdle Race.
Four Dollars entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Free for all horses. One heat of two miles, starting from the distance. Gentlemen riders. Weight, 11 st. His Excellency's Cup, value £100.

Entrance Ten Dollars. For all horses bona fide the property of Officers of the Army residing in the Canadas, and in their possession for one calendar month previous to these races. Once round the course, and a distance. Gentlemen riders. To close and name on the 3rd August. Horses to be handicapped by the Stewards—to be shown on the course at two, P. M. on the 27th August, and weights declared on the following day. Ten horses to start, or no race. Winner to be sold for one hundred sovereigns.

Quebec Stakes.
Five Pounds entrance, to which the Stewards will add — Pounds. Free for all horses; second horse to save his entrance. Weights as in the Trial Stakes. Two mile heats, starting from the distance. A winner of one race to carry 7 lb., and of two races 14 lb. extra. Three horses to start, or no race.

Garrison Plate of — Pounds.
Entrance Five Dollars: For all horses bona fide the property of Officers of the Army, one month previous to the races. Weight as in the Trial Stakes. The winner of any one race to carry 7 lb. extra. Mile heats, starting from the distance. Gentlemen riders.

Beaten Plate.
For all horses beaten at this meeting. Entrance Five Dollars, to which the Stewards will add — Dollars. Heats once round the course, and a distance. To be handicapped by the Stewards.

ORDER OF RUNNING.

FIRST DAY.—Queen's Plate—Ladies' Purse and Trial Stakes, alternate heats,—Scurry Stakes,—Bonnet Rouge Stakes.
SECOND DAY.—Hurdle Race,—His Excellency's Cup,—Quebec Stakes and Garrison Plate, alternate heats,—Beaten Plate.

N. B.—The Rules and Regulations of these Races may be had at T. CARV & Co.'s Printing Office.

None but subscribers of Five Dollars to enter a horse.
No public money given for a walk over.
Horse to be entered for the first day's races before twelve o'clock on
Esplanade.

Admission Tickets to the Stand House, Half-a-Dollar each, to be had at the Printing Office of Messrs. T. CARV & Co. and at the Stand.

All carriages admitted on the course to pay a quarter of a dollar each day. Horses, seven pence halfpenny.

Hours of starting—One o'clock each day. It is particularly requested that no dogs be brought upon the Course.

STEWARDS.

Captain Lord Clarence Paget, R. N. Colonel Hon. C. Gore, K. H. Lieut.-Colonel Greenwood, G. G. Captain Hon. R. E. Boyle, C. G. Captain Hon. F. W. Villiers, A. D. C. Captain Tylden, R. A. Hon. George Pemberton, G. H. Ryland, Esquire, W. K. McCord, Esquire, C. Delery, Esquire, Lieut.-Colonel Gully, J. C. Fisher, Esquire and Secretary.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

(SEE SOUS-LE-PORT—QUEBEC.)

GEORGE ARNOLD, PROPRIETOR.

IS now open for the reception of visitors. The situation and accommodation of the premises combining advantages unequalled by any similar establishment in Quebec, and unsurpassed in the Canadas. The arrangements have been made under the immediate superintendance of the proprietor, and as the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be ensured to those who may favor him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the port, the situation of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steam-Port Wharves, and Custom House, offers great advantages; and to the public in general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to present every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive Saloon and Reading Room. On the first floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, may, when required, be converted, into one magnificent apartment of 70 feet by 32 feet, and 15 feet high; dimension which render it a most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery on the roof commands a splendid view of the harbor of Quebec and the surrounding country.

The Wines and other liquors of the establishment will be of the 6th order; refreshments of the best may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor, in providing for his guests, to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation.
Quebec, 28th June, 1838.

GEO. ARNOLD.

NOTE.—Lumber Merchants and others connected with that branch of commerce, will meet with every accommodation and attention, at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Upper Province and the United State.

HORATIO CARWEL, L.

No. 4, Fabrique Street, IMPORTER OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS.

IS now receiving, per the "Hibernia," from London, a small selection of choice Court, Paradise, and Maraboe Plumes, rich Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, real Chantilla, Brussels, and Brocade Veils, Brussels and Blond Laces, 4-4 Fg and Thulle Brussels Capes, Mantillas and Collettes. 1 dozen beautiful Moustine de Laine Dresses, with Flounces. 3 elegant French Shawls, printed and plain, 6-4 Stuff and Cloth Merinos.

ALSO ON HAND.

Rich Damask and Watered Moreens for Curtains with Fringes and Bindings to match, of the newest style, Brussels Carpet, very low, 4s 6d to 6s 6d per yard, Royal Rush Matting for passages, Venetian and Wilton Star Carpeting, Persian Rugs, Printed Druggat, Furniture pinto, 10-4 Russia Sheeting, Towelling, Damask Table Linen, Quilts and Counterpanes, a few very fine Summer Quilts, Cloth Ottoman and Table Covers, richly embossed. Gentlemen's Beaver Hats of the newest shape, and a few of very superior quality—price 8s. Horse Hair Caps and Stacks, quite new, Longcloth and Linen Shirts, Silk and Furrosta Stocks, with a general assortment of Plain and Fancy Goods.

H. CARWELL would respectfully solicit the attention of his friends and the public to an examination of his Stock. Being desirous of making quick sales, he is disposed to offer his Goods at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.
Quebec, 19th July, 1838.

DOG LOST.

A ROUGH BEAGLE, marked grey, yellow, and white, answers to the name of "Ragman." To be taken to Mr. Robinson, Coldstream Guards, at the Cape Barracks, who will pay
FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.
Quebec, 24th July, 1838.

BEGG & URQUHART.
 BEG to intimate to the public, that they have opened and stocked with Fresh Medicines, of the finest quality, that Street
 No. 8, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town, (formerly occupied by the late DR. ROBERTS,) where they intend carrying on the business of
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS
 in all its branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
 THEY HAVE NOW ON SALE—
 Very superior Slaughter Bitters,
 Black, Red, and Copying Inks,
 Ship's Medicine Chests, complete,
 Soda Water and Lemonade from the Fountain and in Bottle.
 Moffat's Eye Pills and Phoenix Bitters.
 Quebec, 17th May, 1838.

MOFFAT'S
Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters.
 THE subscribers have just received a fresh supply of the above.
BEGG & URQUHART,
 Agents.
 Quebec, 5th May, 1838.

MORISON'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINE.
NOTICE.
 THE subscribers, general Agents for Morison's Pills, have appointed WILLIAM WHITEAKER, Sub-Agent for the Upper Town, No. 27, St. John Street.

LEGGE & Co.
 That the public may be able to form some idea of Morison's Pills by their great success, the following calculation was made by Mr. WING, Clerk to the Stamp Office, Somerset House, in a period of six years. (part only of the time that Morison's Pills have been before the public,) the number of stamps delivered for that medicine amounted to three million, nine hundred, and one thousand.

The object in placing the foregoing before the public is to deduce therefrom the following powerful argument in favour of Mr. Morison's system, and to which the public attention is directed, namely, that it was only by trying an innocuous purgative medicine to such an extent that the truth of the Hygeine system could possibly have been established. It is clear that all the medical men in England, or the world, put together, have not tried a system of vegetable purgation to the extent and in manner prescribed by the Hygeists. How, therefore, can they (much less individually) know any thing about the extent of its properties.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.
MRS MARTYN Gracely Leighton respectfully acquaints the Public that she intends again opening a Boarding Establishment in the House formerly occupied by Sir John Caldwell, St. Peter Street, Lower Town and hopes by strict attention to merit a share of Public favour.
 The Stabling attached to the above premises is let.

FASHIONABLE GOODS.
 THE subscribers beg to inform the public that they have received a splendid assortment of FASHIONABLE GOODS of every description, including Straw and Dauntable Bonnets of the latest shapes, which, with the newest Gause Ribbons,—they will be prepared to show on Saturday. The other Goods are now preparing, and will be ready for sale early next week.
R. SYMES & Co.
 Who have also an assortment of Gentlemen's best and most fashionable BEAVER HATS.
 May 17, 1838.
H. CARWELL,
 REMOVED from Palace Street to Fabrique Street opposite the Upper Town Market.
 Quebec, 4th May, 1838.

T. COWAN,
BOOT AND SHOS MAKER,
 13, Baude Street, Upper Town,
 HAS on hand a choice Assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS AND SHOES made by first-rate workmen.
 Orders executed on the shortest notice.
 Quebec, 9th June, 1838

WILLIAM BURKE,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
 No. 15, Fabrique Street,
 RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and he Public that he has received from London a choice assortment of articles in his line, among which are black Buck antedecurred Goat Skins, of a superior quality, for Gentlemen's Summer Boots, which will be made up in the first style and on the shortest notice.
 Quebec, 31st May, 1838.

BRITISH AND ITALIAN MARBLE CHIMNEY PIECES, for Sale by
RICHARDSON BROWNE,
 Hope Street.
 Quebec, 2nd July, 1838

WHOLESALE & RETAIL-GROCERY STORE.

THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully intimates that he has constantly on hand a choice Assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Groceries, &c., all of the best quality.
JOHN JOHNSTON,
 Corner of the Upper Town Market Place, Opposite the Gate of the Jesuits' Baracks

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE.
 No. 52, St. John Street.
 THE subscribers most respectfully intimate to their friends and the public at large, that they have also received a choice assortment of Fresh Cake and Confectionary as usual.
SCOTT McCONKEY.
 Quebec, 1st May, 1838.

T. RICKABY,
CABINET MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
 And Underwriter,
 RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed to No. 26, St. John Street, Suburbs, the house formerly occupied by Mr. Allan, boot and shoe-maker, where he hopes by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit and receive a continuance of the liberal support he has hitherto received.
 Funerals furnished on the shortest notice.
 Quebec, 20th May, 1838.

AGENCY FOR THE TRANSCRIPT
 IN THE UPPER TOWN.
MR JAMIESON, LIBRARIAN, No. 24, Fabrique Street, opposite the Market Place, is AGENT FOR THE TRANSCRIPT in the Upper Town; he is authorized to receive Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., and from him the paper may always be had immediately after publication.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE LITERARY GARLAND,
A Monthly Magazine,
 TO BE DEVOTED TO LITERATURE AND SCIENCE.
 WHILE so many publications of a political character find a liberal support in public intelligence and generosity, it surely will not be deemed presumptuous to hope that one of a purely literary nature may find a corresponding degree of favor and encouragement; reading, as it would, to form a species of relaxation from the labors of political speculation, and to entertain, if in a trifling degree, some of the hours which might otherwise be hurried with ennui.
 In this hope, it is proposed, by an Amateur in Literary Horticulture, to devote a few leisure hours to the cultivation of the nearly unbroken ground of Canadian Literature, fearing not that a field so fair and promising will fail to yield an abundant return for the labour expended in reclaiming it. He does not scruple to confess, that the flowers with which the literary garden will, for a time, be decorated, will be principally culled and borrowed from the parterres of more productive climes; but, as such only will be selected as can be selected, and can be readily acclimated, there is little danger but that they will expand as fully as in their native soil, while, by implanting in native hearts the germ of honorable emulation, they may assist in fostering into strength a growth of native flowers as rich and luxuriant as the most beautiful of their foreign rivals.
 With this view, it is proposed to issue, monthly, a Magazine corresponding to the above title, containing the usual variety of poetry and prose, of tales and sketches, historical and fictitious, with occasionally a me banical or philosophical treatise, which, by blending instruction with amusement, will render the Magazine a fit companion for the study as well as the draw room, for the latter of which, however, it is of course more particularly designed.
 The work will consist of forty-eight royal octavo pages, and will be printed on good paper, with beautiful new type, and in as fair a style as it is possible to attain. The price is fixed at Three Dollars a year to city subscribers—postage being, as matter of course, added to those who favour us with orders from the country. The first number will be issued as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers have been obtained to guarantee a reimbursement of the funds expended in the mechanical part of the undertaking.
 No payments will be expected before the appearance of the sixth number, between which period and the publication of the twelfth, it is respectfully anticipated that all subscriptions will be cheerfully paid.
 Should the hope of the publisher of the success of the undertaking be realized, it is intended to enlarge and beautify the work with Music, Engravings, &c., so as to render it unsurpassed by any American publication.
 The Magazine will be printed and published by the undersigned, at Montreal, by whom all letters and orders, postage paid, will be attended to with gratitude and punctuality.
JOHN LOVELL.
 Montreal 18th June 1838.

NOW LANDING
 AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

30 HIDS. VERY FINE GENEVA,
 27 hids. Cognac Brandy,
 500 kegs London Whi e and Spanish Brown
 Faint.
LEMESURIER, TILSTONE & CO.
 St. Peter Street, 5th July, 1838

ON SALE,
 AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
UPPER CANADA PASTRY FLOUR,
 OIL PAINTS, warranted.
 This last article will be sold very cheap.
 Just arrived,—A beautiful assortment of STRAW BONNETS; very fashionable fancy Tuscan and split straw, the newest shapes
 A Consignment of Single and Double-barrelled GUNS, all proved and warranted the best ever imported into Canada; to be sold at reduced prices.
 Iron bound cases very clean and well made, having contained silk Goods, Cashmere and Thibet Wool Shawls. They will be sold cheap.
 JUST RECEIVED—
 2 hals White and Black Wadding,
 4 hals Pastboard.
R. McMONT.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
 BY THE SUBSCRIBER:—
450 MINOTS superior Marrow Fat Peas
 100 do Boiling Peas
 20 bushels Irish Pot Potatoes
 10 barrels Longon Paper, 3 dozen each
 —ALSO—
 A general Assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Canned-Treat, Penner's Cider, and every article in the general Grocery line, July 16
T. RICKELL
 Corner of St. John & Stanislas Streets.

FOR SALE
 JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER
 No. 11, Notre Dame Street
20 BASKETS ENGLISH CHEESE
 70 casks Superior London Portes
 70 doz. Leith Ale
 150 boxes Liverpool Candles
 200 boxes Soap,
 8 hids. Loaf Sugar,
 30 boxes Pines,
 40 barrels Roasted Coffee,
 20 qr casks Superior Sherry Wine
 —ALSO—
 Port, Madeira, Claret, L. P. T. Coffee, &c wood and bottle,
 —Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, 7 w an tea, Hyson Skin, Congou, and Boha
JOHN FISHER,
 Quebec, 3rd July, 1838

LANDING,
 EX "DOVE" AND "SPLENDID,"
100 HIDS. ery Bright Muscovado Sugar,
 110 punceons Jamaica Rum,
 15 hogsheads
 25 punceons Demerara Rum,
 7 hogsheads
 10 barrels Cod Oil,
 144 boxes Bunch Raisins.
H. J. NOAD,
 Hunt's Wharf.
 31st May, 1838

MADEIRA WINE.
 A FEW CASES Howard, March & Co's Madeira Wine,—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons,—for Sale by
JOHN GORDON & Co.
 Quebec, May 31, 1838. St. Paul Street

MARSALA, SHERRY, & CHAMPAIGN
FOR SALE.
MARSALA WINE, in pipes, hids. and qr. casks Sherry do. Pale and Brown, in butts, qr. casks, and octaves;
 —ALSO—
 24 dozen Superior Creaming Champaign, Vin d'ay 40 dozen Champaign, various qualities
P. LANGLOIS,
 25th June, 1838 Fabrique Street

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
 BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—
FIRST-RATE HAVANAHI CIGARS,—various brands,
 Natche Touche Snuff,
 American Gentlemen do.
 Prince's Mixture, French Rappee,
 Macebay do.
 Canister Tobaccos,
 Spanish Cut d.
 Ladies' Twist do. and
 Plug Tobacco, &c. &c
 —ALSO—
 Their usual Stock of LEATHERS,—consisting of English, American, and Canada manufacture, to be sold low for cash or approved credit.
C. F. FRATT & BROTHER.
 Foot of Mountain Street, Lower Town.
 Quebec, 12th June, 1838.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE
 BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

100 CASES BASTON & GENEVIA'S CHOCOLATE, CLARET, Laroze, Leoville, and Sacré Julien,
 50 cases Sparkling Sillery Champagne,—Comet Brand,
 25 cases Old Cognac Brandy;
 —ALSO—
 Port, Madeira, Sherry and Marsala, in wood and bottles; Brandy, French White Wine Vinegar; Corks; Wine Bottles; Window Glass, assorted sizes; Crate Glass; sinter; Sponges; 9-16, 11-16 & 8-8 Chains
LEMESURIER, TILSTONE & CO

FOR SALE,
 BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—
SIX HUNDRED Minots Peas,
 50 cwt Ship Biscuit,
 20 barrels Boston Crackers,
 50 kegs Butter,
 30 cases Salad Oil,
 40 casks Haul Cement,
 Green and Blue Paint.
CREELEMAN & LEPPER,
 WINE S.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO. have just received, and offer for Sale, the following Wines of a very choice description:—
 Sherry, Pale and Brown, in butts, hids. & qr casks
 Port, in pipes and hids,
 Masdeu, in hids,
 Champaign,
 Hock,
 Sauterne, } in cases of 3 dozen each,
 Port,
 Quebec, 16th June, 1838

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
 24, Fabrique Street, Upper Town, Quebec.
J. JAMIESON
 BEGS respectfully to inform his Subscribers and the public in general, that he has made a considerable addition to his Library. It at present contains the whole of Sir Walter Scott's Works; the Novels and Romances of Cooper (the American novelist), Marryat, Bulwer, D'Israeli, the Misses Porter, Smollet, &c., the Pickwick Papers, and upwards of 500 others; b various authors; a considerable portion of History, Biography, Voyages, Travels, &c.

TERMS:
 Per Quarter, - - - - 4s. 6d.
 Per Month, - - - - 1s. 6d.
 For casual readers, per vol. 6s. 2s.
 Being one half cheaper than any other Library

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL.
H. PROUDLEY returns his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public, for the liberal encouragement which he has received since he has left his old residence, and begs to inform them that he has
REMOVED
 Opposite the old "St. Lawrence Hotel," (fronting on the Queen's and Napoleon's Wharves,) under the sign of the ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL.
 He will have constantly on hand the best LIQUORS the market can afford.—ORDINARY on the Table each day at ONE o'clock.

SCOTCH MARMALADE.
JUST RECEIVED,—A few cases New MA MALADE, in lb. jars.
SCOTT & McCONKEY,
 Quebec May 31, 1838. Confectioners.

FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD.
WHERLAS WILLIAM COATES, of St. City Quebec, late First Teller, of the Bank of the Montreal Bank, established at Quebec, and charged with feloniously stealing, in the month of February last, from the Office of the said Bank a Quebec, a large quantity of notes of the Montreal Bank, amounting in the whole to nearly Ten Thousand Pounds currency; and whereas the said William Coates hath been committed to the common jail of the District of Quebec, to take his trial for the said offence, and whereas the greater part of the said Notes so stolen, as aforesaid, has not been found or traced;—Notice is hereby given, that the above reward of
ONE THOUSAND POUNDS
 currency, will be paid to any person or persons who shall give information by which the whole of the said stolen property shall be recovered, and a proportionate part of the above Reward according to amount which may be so found and recovered upon application to the undersigned at the office of the said Bank, in St. Peter Street, in the City of Quebec.
A. SIMPSON, Cashier.
 N.B.—The Notes stolen are principally Notes of 100 dollars, 50 dollars and 20 dollars each, of the Montreal Bank, payable at Quebec.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY
 THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY
THOMAS J. DONOUGHUE,
 At the Office No. 12, Sault-au-Matlot Street, Lower Town.