

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 45.--No. 11.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916.

Whole No. 2305.

GLENCOE PICTURE SHOW

TOWN HALL
Saturday Night, March 18, 1916

The management presents three stirring features
"Till the Sands of the Desert Grow Cold"
A drama in three parts
"The Coast Guard's Bride"
A story in two parts
"Eddie's Awful Predicament"
A delightful roaring comedy

TWO SHOWS 7.30 and 8.45
Popular Prices, 10c and 15c

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION of Lorne Lodge No. 22, A.F. & A.M., will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, March 16, at 7.30 o'clock sharp. General Business. Conferring Degrees. AN EXERCISE IN MEDITATION will be held on the evening of Thursday, March 23, at 7.30 p.m. Conference Degrees. All Masonic brethren welcome.—L. H. Payne, W. M.; J. Y. McLachlan, Secretary.

Farm for Sale.
North half lot 8, second range north L. W. R. Moss; 100 acres, clay loam; 7 roomed house, barn 30 x 24, orchard, 30 trees bearing, 10 acres in fall wheat, 12 acres seeded, 12 fall ploughed, etc., balance creek watered pasture. Apply to A. L. Lovell, R. R. 3, Glencoe, Ont.

Farm for Sale.
64 acres, lot 21, Gore, Ekfrid, 2 1/2 miles to Glencoe, close to school, 7 roomed house, barn 30 x 24, orchard, 30 trees bearing, 10 acres in fall wheat, 12 acres seeded, 12 fall ploughed, etc., balance creek watered pasture. Apply to A. L. Lovell, R. R. 3, Glencoe, Ont.

Cream Wanted.
Will receive cream daily throughout the week, but ask you to avoid Saturdays as much as possible. Cream wagon will be on its routes again this summer. Cash for eggs.—Alex. McNeil.

Farm for Sale.
South half lot 8, first range north Longwoods Road, at Woodgreen; 94 acres, good buildings.—Isaac Watterworth.

House and Lot for Sale.
In Glencoe, on Concession St.; corner lot containing one quarter of an acre, with good barn.—Isaac Watterworth.

G. C. McNaughton
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance
Phone Bothwell 11, R. 40 P. O. Newbury No. 41, R. R. No. 3

CHANTRY FARM
Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

DENTISTRY
R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone 16.
JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first road south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON
Clerk of the Division Court, Concession, R. 40, Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in H. C. J. Office—Main Street, over Lumley's drug store.

J. B. COUGH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone: Day 23, Night 93

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

Advertising Rates.—Cards of Thanks, in Memorial Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5 cents per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

Holloway's Corn Cure is the medicine to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

"King" Hats for Spring



The particular and dressy young men will find just the correct things with lots of snappy styles among the largest stock in town.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.
The 20th Century Clothing Store

Opera House, Glencoe

With the Allied Armies
Wednesday March 22, 1916
Official War Motion Pictures

Taken under authorization of the British, French, Belgian and Russian governments.

Thrilling Authentic
8,000 Feet of Pictures 8,000

Hour, 8.15 p. m.

Prices:
Adults, 25c Children, 15c

Flour!

Five Roses
Royal Household
Alberta
(PURE MANITOBA FLOURS)

Hunt's Diamond, and a number of other makes of blended flour.

Clover, Timothy, Alsike and other Farm and Garden Seeds for sale.

CASH FOR EGGS
McAlpine Bros.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY
You can ward off many anxious moments if, at the first sign of a Cough or Cold, you will use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It loosens the phlegm, it heals the sore throat and bronchial tissues, always fever and gives good results at once. If Influenza, Bronchitis or Whooping Cough have developed, you can count on this splendid old family remedy for sure relief.
Be sure and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always in the house. Prices 25c and 50c.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

ARE YOU GOING WEST?

The Grand Trunk Ry. System will run **HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS** EACH TUESDAY

March 7th to October 31st (INCLUSIVE)

Tickets valid to return within two months, inclusive of date of sale.

Edmonton & return, \$43.00

Winnipeg & return, \$35.00
Proportionate low rates to other points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Full particulars and tickets on application to Agents.



STOP SUFFERING

Nervousness, dizziness and other troubles are caused by eye-strain in 95 per cent. of cases. The taking of headache powders is dangerous and ineffective.

PERMANENT RELIEF

We can relieve permanently these afflictions at small cost, for our method of diagnosing each error of the vision is accurate and scientific.

Lenses and frame complete, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

We make a specialty of Soldiers' Supplies—Swagger Canes, Whistle Cords, Canada Badges, Maple Leaf Cap and Shoulder Badges, "INF" and "135" Numerals, Unbreakable Mirrors, Safety Razors, Purses; Luminous and Plain Dial Watches, \$3.50 to \$12.00.

C. E. DAVIDSON - JEWELER

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Keith's Cash Store

Our SPRING MILLINERY OPENING takes place on **THURSDAY, MARCH 23rd**

and following days. The ladies of Glencoe and surrounding country are invited to see the new styles.

P. D. KEITH

MITCHELL & HAGERTY

Hardware Merchants, Glencoe, Ontario

HALTERS HORSE BLANKETS

We have just received our fall order of Stoves and Ranges. Call and inspect our line of Stoves before buying. Let us help you pick out a first-class Range from our stock. We have also a full line of Stable Fittings, such as Glass, Rollers, Litter Carriers and Stall Fixtures.

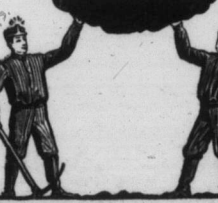
STOVE PIPE FROST WIRE FENCING

ESTABLISHED IN NEW PREMISES

We are now fully established in the McCreery & Young old stand. Our whole attention will be given to Staple and Fancy Groceries, Domestic and Foreign Fruits. We are heavily stocked with new goods and can quote you interesting low prices, quality considered. Call and be convinced.
Highest market prices given for good Table Butter and Eggs in cash or trade.
We sell Parnell's Homemade Bread at 5c a loaf—the kind mother makes—healthiest.
Try our specials in Bulk Teas and Coffees.
Goods promptly delivered anywhere in town.

W. A. CURRIE & CO.

COAL



Do you realize that clean Coal means a saving of fifty cents a ton. Our **D. L. & W. Scranton Coal** is well screened, no slag nor clinkers.

McPHERSON & CLARKE
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard
GLENCOE, ONT.

District and General.

A West Lorne poultryman sold a pair of Single Comb White Leghorns for \$20.
An effort is being made in Sarnia to have the poll tax raised from \$1 to \$5 per year.

Between thirty and forty hogs were burned to death in a fire which destroyed Arthur Leake's hog pen near Port Stanley.

William Black, who has been in the hardware business in Dutton for nearly twenty years, has sold out to Shirley McIntyre.

One hundred years ago, 1816, is said to have been "a year without a summer." There was snow in every month of the year.

All Grand Trunk Railway employees will be assessed one per cent. of their wages as a patriotic tax until the end of the year.

The Essex Canning Co. are contracting for the growing of 550 acres of corn and tomatoes for the coming season, 275 acres of each.

Some two hundred bales singled out by the License Board to close will remain open as a result of the decision to have a referendum.

Mrs. Nancy Crawford, widow of the late John Crawford, aged 80 years, died Wednesday at the home of her son, Wallace Crawford, near Palmyra.

Fred J. Cullen, of West Lorne, and Miss Margaret C. Patterson, only daughter of James Patterson, of Dutton, were united in marriage last week.

A prominent farmer near St. Catharines paid \$25 to the Railway Co. to have a crossing named after him. The money was turned over to the Red Cross.

Ptes. McDonald and Duffy, of the 50th Battalion, Brockville, were sentenced to four and three months respectively in the county jail for overstaying leave of absence.

Chas. Davis, who for some time has been caretaker of the Stratford cemetery, was found by his daughter lying face downward dead in a partially dug grave. He was in his 45th year.

E. Lewis Franklin, for some time agent for the Western Real Estate Exchange, London, was killed by a falling tree last week on his farm in Oxford Township. He was 47 years old.

The vote on the temperance referendum, promised by the Ontario Government to the monster delegation that waited off last week, will be taken some time in June, it is anticipated.

The minister of education has announced that the high school and collegiate institute boys will be released from their studies about the first of May until October to assist on the farms.

An old document giving the census of the township of Dunwich one hundred years ago has turned up. It is signed by Leslie Patterson, town clerk and shows the population to have been 147 for the year 1816.

G. A. Elliot, member for North Middlesex, and several other prominent men narrowly escaped serious injury on Saturday when a Canadian Northern Pullman car jumped the track and rolled down an embankment near Toronto.

The Hamilton Recruiting League calls upon the Government to take a census of all males in Canada from eighteen years upwards, indicating married and unmarried, and classifying them for certain industries, with ultimate elimination of such as are non-essential.

Since January 1 seven more States of the United States have adopted prohibition, and about 4,120 saloons have been permanently closed. One liquor dealer has declared his belief that in two years there will be no liquor shops in California, and in seven years there will not be one in the United States.

Last year a farmer in Goodfield South put away a few hundred pounds of sweet clover to see how his stock would relish it in the winter. He finds that his cows will leave clover hay to eat it, and devour even good sized stalks of the "weed." He will likely put up a large quantity of it this year.

As an immediate result of the bringing into force of the Ontario Highway Act and the increase in the Government grant to good roads construction from a third to forty per cent., seven additional counties are now considering the establishment of county highway systems. The good roads system of Ontario now embraces twenty counties.

Details of the disposition of the wheat commandeered by the Dominion Government on November 27 are contained in a return brought down in the House of Commons. A total of 3,314,569 bushels of the wheat has been shipped overseas, leaving 8,198,670 in Canada. The commandeering was financed by a loan of \$12,000,000 from the Bank of Montreal.

The funeral of the largest man in Elgin county took place recently in the township of Bayham. His name was John H. Dennis, and he lived all his life on the farm where he died. When eleven years old he weighed 200 pounds, and at his death his weight was 360 pounds. His waist measure was nine feet, his chest eight feet. The casket was 30 by 30 by 6 feet, and the body had to be carried outside and put into it where it lay, under a tent.

Soon the Kaiser will be about the only father in all Germany who can call a family reunion, call the roll of his sons, and have all of them cheerfully answer "Here."

SAD END OF FRED DOUGLAS

Perished Alone in His Cabin—Rats Gnawed Frozen Corpse.

Appin, March 11.—Frederick Douglas, a colored man, living one and a half miles east of Appin, after being missing for a week, was discovered yesterday lying dead in the little cabin in which he lived, frozen stiff and partly covered with snow. The coroner, Dr. Walker, of Glencoe, was notified and went out to investigate.

It seemed he had risen from his bed on account of the cold and lay on the floor beside the stove. He must have perished from the cold, as no fuel was to be seen anywhere about the place. He was covered by an old quilt. On removing it, it was discovered that the remains had been partly devoured by rats, as their tracks were plainly visible all around the body. One side of the face was completely eaten away, and one wrist gnawed to the bone.

Douglas was an eccentric character, well known and conspicuous on holidays and fair days, when he would be seen arrayed in a railroad conductor's cap, and wearing a number of medals and tokens fastened to his breast by ribbons of every conceivable color.

H. S. Literary Society.

A meeting of the High School Literary Society was held on March 9th, the president, Miss Byrne, occupying the chair. After the reading of the secretary's report the following program was rendered: Debate, "Resolved that more misery is caused by riches than poverty." Affirmative—Miss M. Mitchell, Miss M. B. Duncan; negative—Miss B. King, Miss R. Gilbert. Decision was given in favor of the affirmative. Instrumental, Miss A. Poole; humorous reading, Miss C. Howe; impromptu speeches, Miss B. Silcott, Miss M. Belbin, Miss E. Poole. The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

A VICTIM OF ALCOHOL

Pte. Allan Rae Dies After Taking Dope to Satisfy Craving.

Pte. Allan Rae, of the 135th Middlesex Battalion, and a veteran of the South African War, died at Glencoe on Saturday afternoon from the effects of poisoning by wood alcohol contained in his rum, a quantity of which he drank as a substitute for liquor.

Rae was billeted at the home of W. R. Sutherland, and on Saturday morning was seized with intense suffering, followed by a period of unconsciousness during which he passed away about half-past three o'clock. Dr. Walker, coroner, who attended the case, declared that there was no occasion for an inquest, as Rae's own admission as to what he had taken, together with the symptoms of his illness, made the case quite clear.

On account of his drinking habits Rae had been placed on the prohibited list by Major Stuart. More recently he was before the major for being intoxicated, and confessed that his condition was due to having taken a quantity of patent medicine which is known to contain a large percentage of alcohol.

Rae came to Glencoe first some twenty-five years ago and was assisted by the townspeople in the opening of a gymnasium, which he conducted for a short time. At the outbreak of the South African War he enlisted for service as a private and fought in several engagements. Returning in the fall of 1900, he was given a demonstration and banquet by his fellow citizens, a crowd of thousands of people being at the train to welcome his return. For some years he has not been living in Glencoe, but when recruiting started for the Middlesex Battalion he came back and was one of the first to enlist. He was a splendid type of the trained soldier, intelligent and efficient, and the officers took a special interest in him and did everything in their power to help him. Great sorrow is expressed at his tragic end.

A sister living at Kingston was communicated with, and her request the remains were shipped to that point on Monday morning. A service was held at the house, conducted by Revs. Weir and Owen, and the remains were given military escort to the train, after lying in state covered with the Union Jack. Handsome floral tributes from his comrades of D Company consisted of a large wreath and a spray.

New Recruits.

Since February 7th the following recruits for D Company of the 135th Battalion have enlisted at Glencoe: C. R. Cole, W. J. Newman, F. A. Edmunds, H. S. Archer, D. W. Leitch, C. E. Hadden, W. J. Pierce, G. Tomlinson, C. Males, S. Chelkie, J. Rodaske, S. Hegans, J. L. McIntyre, T. Hopper, R. G. Lovell, E. A. Young, D. S. Allen, W. T. Brown, J. Portch, M. Sittler. Besides the above about thirty-five men have enlisted at London for this company in the same time, bringing the company's strength up to about 180 at this date.

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER
It is our educational anniversary next Sunday. Mr. Howson may be expected to occupy his own pulpit. Morning subject, "The man who knows, and knows that he knows"; evening subject, "The perfection of Beauty." All lovers of the beautiful will be pleased and helped by the morning subject. All are invited. Good music. Interesting addresses.

Pte. Constant Killed.

Wardsville, March 12.—Mrs. Constant received official notice on Saturday of the death of her son, Charley, in France. Two other sons are with the colors, Arthur at Saloniki and George with the 33rd. Charley was the main support of his widowed mother and two young brothers and was one of the first to respond to the call for men from this community. In recent letters to his mother he stated that he had been in the hospital for some time owing to slight wounds and was returning to the trenches. The Wardsville Red Cross Society sent him a special box of comforts only a few days ago.

Three-legged Calf.

Mac Leitch, of Walkers, has a genuine curiosity, which no doubt the exhibitors of freaks would like to get hold of. It is a three-legged calf, born in September last and in as prime condition and frisky as any ordinary critter on four legs. The right shoulder and leg are lacking, however. People who have been to see it pronounce it a remarkable specimen of nature's freaks.

Clifford—Small.

London, March 14.—A very pleasant event took place on March 9th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Small, 844 Stedwell street, it being the occasion of the marriage of their youngest daughter, Ada, to Warren Clifford, a prosperous young farmer of Loversna, Sask. Led by the strains of Lohengrin's Wedding March, played by Miss Estella Smith, niece of the bride, the happy couple took their places before a bank of palms, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. John Veal, of Dorchester. The bride looked charming in a costume of Brussels net over white silk, wearing an embroidered veil caught up in boudoir style with roses, and carried a sheaf of cream roses and maidenhair fern. Little Carrie Smith, of Glencoe, niece of the bride, made a charming flower girl, carrying a basket of Richmond roses and narcissus.

After congratulations the bridal couple led the way to the dining-room, where a sumptuous dinner was served. The color scheme throughout was pink and white. The groom's gift to the pianist was a gold brooch set with garnets. To the flower girl a signed bracelet. Mr. and Mrs. Clifford left by 5.40 via G. T. R. for Sarnia, Port Huron, Detroit and Glencoe, the bride travelling in a military suit of Belgian blue chiffon serge, with turban to match. Guests were present from Harrisburg, Pa., Sarnia, Glencoe, Embro and Putnam.

The valuable gifts they received showed the high esteem in which they were held. Among the gifts was a handsome silver tea service from The Signory Limited, with whom Miss Small had been engaged for the past three years as stenographer and bookkeeper. The members of the Builders' Bible Class of Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church presented her with a handsome mantel clock. Mr. and Mrs. Clifford will leave for their home about March 25th and will be at home to their friends after May 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Marley, of the Signory Limited, gave miscellaneous favors at their home on Monday evening in honor of Miss Small. The evening was spent in games and music and a dainty luncheon was served.

Twenty Years Ago.

Pie socials popular.
Maccabees organize at Newbury.
Disaster to Italian army at Abyssinia.

Patent medicine manufacturers advised by council election big following in Chicago.

Ontario bakers shops come under Government supervision.

County council election list introduced in the Legislature.

"Green goods" swindle worked in Canada by Chicago crooks.

Glencoe Amateur Athletic Association hold annual meeting.

Arkonsa little boy dies of hydrophobia, and a mad dog scare exists.

The Peachey Orchestra is a live musical organization in Glencoe.

Emperor of Germany writes festive autograph letter to Czar of Russia.

Toronto clergymen move to get the Armenians to take up homes in Canada.

Rev. G. J. Kerr, of Mount Brydges, preaches anniversary sermons in Glencoe Methodist church.

Rev. R. W. Ross and I. Rathburn appointed commissioners to Presbyterian General Assembly.

S. D. Jamieson, of Presbyterian College, Montreal, appointed to North Ekfrid mission for the summer.

New York man astonishes Broadway with an intermittent electric flashlight advertising sign in his hat.

Bill introduced in the Legislature provides for printing and posting municipal voters' lists once in two years only.

Prize winners at Glencoe skating carnival—Miss Ince, H. S. Blackburn, Jennie Simpson, James Newport, Martin McCreery, Miss Knapton, Gordon Dobie, Ethel Blackwell, Robin McCreery, Mabel Howes.

AS THE OIL RUBS IN, THE PAIN RUBS OUT.—Applied to the seat of a pain in any part of the body the skin absorbs the soothing liniment under brisk friction and the patient obtains almost instant relief. The results of the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil have surprised many who were acquainted with its qualities, and once known it will not be neglected. Try it.

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Dainty Dishes.

Pepper and Celery Salad.—Three cups chopped celery, one cup broken walnut meats, pepper cups for individual service and mayonnaise sufficient to make celery and walnut mixture of right salad consistency. Fill pepper cups and set on ice. Garnish with nut meats and celery.

Apple cream is a tasty dessert. Peel and core tart apples; slice and weigh them and to three pounds take one cupful of sugar; put in a granite kettle with the grated rind and the juice of one lemon; two cloves and one in ch of stick cinnamon, simmer slowly until the apples are very tender, then rub through a colander. Scald one pint of fresh cream, mix with it the apple pulp and serve cold.

Planked Steak, Potatoes.—Heat plank through before placing meat on it. Brush meat over with olive oil, dust with pepper and salt and lay plank in broiling oven for fifteen or twenty minutes. When steak is nearly done, take plank from oven and garnish by pressing mashed potatoes through pastry tube in little nests around steak. Fill nests with buttered peas.

Onion Soup With Cheese.—Four medium sized onions, three tablespoons butter, one quart stock, American cheese, toast. Slice onions thin and cook them gently in butter until perfectly tender, but not browned. Add to stock and let simmer five minutes. Cut slices of cheese one-fourth inch thin and lay on toast. Set in oven until cheese melts, put slice of toast in each soup plate and pour soup over it.

Prune Souffle.—Wash one pound prunes thoroughly in several waters and soak over night in warm water to cover. Place over fire in morning with one-half cup sugar and simmer slowly until they are soft and tender. Stone and pass through sieve. Crack pits, chop kernels fine and add to prune pulp. Beat whites of three eggs very stiff and fold in. Place in baking dish and bake about twenty minutes, until puffed up and whites of eggs set. Have oven at moderate heat.

Jellied Chicken Salad makes a fine luncheon dish. Cut up into small cubes sufficient cold cooked chicken to make a quart. Season well with salt and pepper, add two cupfuls of celery cut fine, and moisten thoroughly with plain gelatine dissolved in a little hot chicken stock. Pour into pans the depth of about half an inch and set in a cool place until firm. At serving time, cut the jellied chicken in strips, arrange on a bed of lettuce.

To make walnut salad break the shells of some walnuts, remove the kernels carefully, blanch them to remove the skins, place them on a dish, squeeze over them the juice of one or two lemons, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and let them macerate for three hours, turning them about occasionally. At the end of that time they will be ready for serving, and will make a very nice dish arranged on a lettuce leaf. If the juice of some unripe grapes can be obtained, it will be preferable to the lemon juice.

To make codfish-balls shred one cup of raw codfish and press into the cup, put two and one-fourth cups of potato cubes in a saucepan, add the fish and cover with boiling water. Cook until the potatoes are tender, but not mushy. Drain in a colander, mash thoroughly. Add one-eighth of a teaspoonful of salt, a quarter teaspoonful of pepper, one tablespoonful of vegetable oil, beat with a fork until light and fluffy, add one egg well beaten and beat again. Shape into balls, brush over with beaten egg, toss in fine breadcrumbs and fry in smoking hot oil. Drain on white paper and serve hot, decorated with sprigs of parsley.

Jellied Apples.—Pare and halve tart apples, then core, making good sized cavity in each half. Put two cups sugar on to boil with two cups water and in about ten minutes add apples, letting them cook slowly until tender and transparent. Take out apples, drain and arrange in dish, filling cavities with orange or strawberry marmalade mixed with chopped nuts. Add enough water to syrup in which apples were cooked to make one pint, flavor with lemon extract and stir into liquid one tablespoon gelatin or jelly powder dissolved in a little cold water. If pink gelatin is not used, color pink with fruit coloring, and pour over apples in dish. When cold and firm, turn out and serve with custard sauce.

Household Hints.

Corn and milk-fed chickens are tenderest. Cakes without butter require a quick oven.

No tea table is complete without a lemon dish. Plunging soiled linen into boiling water will set the stains. It pays better to buy regular scrub clothes than to use up old rags.

If very warm bedroom slippers are desired, they can be lined with shaker flannel.

It is a good idea to keep one pint jar just for melting chocolate, then no chocolate is wasted.

The Fashions

Spanish Combs and Scarfs Worn.

The Spanish influence, they call our tendency this season toward ruffles, flounces, laces, full short skirts, and basques. Whether it will really be an important issue in the summer fashions is yet to be seen; so far it is being noticed only in a strong leaning toward the deep Spanish flounce of lace on dance and dinner dresses, and on lingerie summer frocks.

In the fascinating Fandango, danced in the second act of Goyescas, the dancer wears a charming little frock of yellow, with two deep black lace flounces joined to veil the skirt from



Novel Skirt Drapery.

below a deep yoke depth; the frock is so dainty and graceful that it should incline us all to Spanish lace flounces.

The Vogue of Lace.

Much lace is being used on dresses aside from flounces. One of the favorite methods is to veil a deep band of lace in the bodice, as shown in our first illustration, and another use is shown in the sleeves and front panel effect on the other frock. The metal laces, rather heavy in weave, are especially effective for veiling purposes. The gold and silver bandings are most attractive. Often in the costume blouse the lace is attached to a fresh colored lining, or is veiled first with pale pink chiffon and the pink in turn veiled with the dark blue black, or other shade of the blouse.

Raglan and Drop Shoulders.

Becoming and graceful for all types is the drop-shoulder, especially when



A Charming Use of Lace.

the blouse or frock is fashioned of a soft, drapy stuff like crepe Georgette, chiffon or some of the soft silk crepes. The fad for trimming these soft materials with colored beads is one of the most artistic and effective notions we have seen for many a day. A blouse in Russian style, imported recently by one of our smart shops, was fashioned of a dull copper-colored

New Records Created by The Sun Life of Canada

PROGRESSIVE business methods, backed by forty-five years of fair-dealing, have achieved for the Sun Life of Canada during 1915 records that are new in the Canadian life assurance field.

Assurances of over \$34,000,000 issued and paid for in cash; Total Assurances in Force of over \$250,000,000; Total Payments to Policyholders since organization of more than \$52,600,000; Assets in excess of \$74,000,000; a Cash Income of nearly \$16,000,000 and an Undistributed Net Surplus of over \$7,500,000—all are high-water marks in the annals of Canadian life assurance.

Their achievement maintains the established prestige of the Sun Life of Canada as

A Leader Among the Life Companies of the Empire

The following substantial and uniform increases registered during the past year clearly demonstrate the strength of the Company's position:—

	1915	1914	INCREASE
Assets at December 31st.	\$74,328,423	\$64,187,656	\$10,138,767 (15.8%)
Cash Income	15,972,672	15,002,275	970,397 (6.1%)
Surplus Distributed to Policyholders	985,487	801,703	183,784 (23.0%)
Net Surplus at December 31st.	7,545,531	6,003,791	1,541,740 (25.7%)
Total Payments to Policyholders	7,129,479	6,101,247	1,028,232 (16.8%)
Assurances Issued and Paid for in Cash	34,873,851	32,107,289	2,766,562 (8.6%)
Assurances in Force	257,404,160	218,209,835	39,194,325 (17.9%)

THE COMPANY'S GROWTH

YEAR	INCOME	ASSETS	LIFE ASSURANCE IN FORCE
1871	43,000.00	50,000.00	1,000,000.00
1880	200,000.00	250,000.00	5,000,000.00
1890	1,000,000.00	1,500,000.00	25,000,000.00
1900	5,000,000.00	7,500,000.00	125,000,000.00
1915	15,972,672.00	74,328,423.00	257,404,160.00

T. B. MACAULAY, F.I.A., F.A.S., S. H. EWING, FREDERICK G. COPE
PRESIDENT AND MANAGING DIRECTOR, VICE-PRESIDENT, SECRETARY

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

1871 HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL 1916

MEAT TO BE SCARCE ABROAD AFTER WAR

SERIOUS PROBLEM FACES THE EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

Stock Breeding on a Great Scale Needed to Replenish Supply.

None too plentiful before the war, meat is likely to become a real luxury in Europe after peace is declared and remain so for a considerable time until stock breeding has progressed on an immense scale.

The Central Power group believes it will find itself better off than the Entente group in this respect, but both groups will certainly find it a serious problem. At the expiration of two years of warfare—which period will soon be reached—it is estimated the Entente Powers will be left with 1,519,000 head of meat animals, while the Central group, owing to the territories occupied by their armies, would in that time lose only 2,000,000 head through overconsumption due to the war.

Commenting on the situation, the Paris Revue des Deux Mondes points out that France lost 20 per cent. of its meat animal stock by the occupation of ten departments by the Germans. France lost through this 1,519,000 head of cattle, 14,804,310 sheep and 814,919 pigs. This means, says the periodical, that France is deprived of an annual meat production of 411,000 tons.

The livestock of Belgium also was lost by the Entente, this being estimated to amount to about 2,000,000 head of cattle, 18,000,000 sheep and 2,000,000 pigs. Germany gained thus the meat production of roughly 39,000,000 animals in the western theatre alone.

Though the Russians saved much of their livestock in Poland and the invaded Russian provinces, nearly 40,000,000 meat animals fell into the hands of the Germans and Austro-Hungarians. Against this must be charged the losses sustained by the Central Powers in Galicia and East Prussia, said to amount to about 8,000,000 head, because in East Prussia much of the stock was driven off beforehand, while the Galician livestock had already been drawn on heavily by the Austro-Hungarian troops.

The livestock found in Serbia is estimated at about 8,000,000 head of meat animals, so that the Central Powers have in their favor a balance of about 78,000,000 animals. This means a meat production of roughly 1,910,000 tons a year.

Central Powers' Supply.

This cannot be looked upon as an increase altogether of the Central Powers' food supply. In the territories from which this livestock comes, a population of about 35,000,000, whose wants must be met, of course. Nevertheless, the meat production of the territories occupied by the German and Austro-Hungarian troops being some 38,218,000,000 pounds an-

nually, which is 1,692 pounds per capita, a large surplus is left for the occupying troops. A daily meat ration of eight ounces for each inhabitant of the districts held, would place at the disposal of the Germans and Austro-Hungarians 20,700,000,000 pounds a year. Even in view of the fact that the meat consumption of the Central Powers' armies is 450 pounds for each man a year, this quantity would go far toward maintaining the men in the field.

That pork and pork fats are hard to get at present in the Central Powers' countries may be hard to understand in the light of these conditions. But the following explanation of this fact is given here. Pork has been the favorite meat of the men at the front, owing to its heat-producing qualities, and in addition, last year, when the grain and potato-crops of the Central Empires were decidedly poor, too many pigs were butchered in order to lessen the demand for feed.

Entente States which are least favorably situated in their meat supply coming from home production are Great Britain and Italy. The annual per capita consumption in Great Britain is about 150 pounds. Of this, 60 per cent. has to be imported. A table recently compiled by the Italian economist Ferretti shows that Italy has already used one-half of its horned cattle to feed its army.

Russia's 8,000,000 Men.

Russia is probably best off in this respect, though heavy demands on its meat production have been made. To feed its army, estimated at 8,000,000 men under arms, took in the first year no fewer than 300,000,000 head of meat animals.

Between the average normal meat consumption of the nations at war, ranging from 110 to 150 pounds per capita, and the consumption of meat by some 25,000,000 men under arms, ranging from 220 to 250 pounds a man in the Italian and French armies, respectively, and reaching 450 pounds a man in the German, Austro-Hungarian and Russian armies, there is a difference of roughly 3,450,000 tons. According to French economists, it takes 142,000,000 animals to produce this annually.

The total meat animal stock of the belligerent States was 343,700,000 head at the start of the war. The excess consumption by the armies of Europe is, therefore, a little more than 41 per cent. of the annual supply of meat, a serious matter when it is considered that with these inroads on livestock the rate of reproduction is also much decreased.

For the time being the problem affects the Central Powers mainly in the supply of pork. The man at the front prefers that meat to any other because, in army terms, it "sticks to the ribs" better. Mutton is not a favorite, because the men think it too "light," and beef is enjoyed only if it has been cooked in the field kitchen. Pigs, however, are prolific reproducers, and a few years' chance to multiply will make them as plentiful as ever. With horned cattle a quick rehabilitation in this manner is not possible, and beef is for this reason likely to remain a scarce article long after peace is declared.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Glasgow School Board are considering the advisability of closing the old town school.

The Admiralty have intimated that herring fishing cannot be permitted on the Forth as it was last year.

Narrative Farming Society has decided that there will be no seed show or public dinner this spring.

Dr. McNamara has stated that as far as the Admiralty were concerned the construction of a canal from the Forth to the Clyde was not contemplated.

A class for the study of the Russian language has been started during the present winter at Edinburgh University, and also at Leith Technical College.

The Executive Council of the Highland Association at a meeting in Edinburgh, have agreed to petition the Treasury for the grant for the testing of Gaelic in schools.

The death is announced of Mr. Robert Sim, formerly postmaster at Lonsborough, at the age of 73 years. The family of Sim have carried on the work of the postoffice for 90 years.

A young man named William Mannion was sentenced at Glasgow Sheriff Court to one month's imprisonment with hard labor for making a statement likely to prejudice recruiting.

While the inmates of Morningside Lunatic Asylum, Edinburgh, one of the largest in Scotland, were asleep, five broke out in the female section. All the inmates were rescued with difficulty.

A portion of Lochinch Castle, the Wigtownshire seat of Major the Earl of Stair, who is at present a prisoner of war in Germany, has been converted into a home for convalescent soldiers.

There is a proposal in Edinburgh to provide facilities for the housing and training in useful occupations of Scottish soldiers who have had the misfortune to lose their sight in the war.

Lord Inverclyde, presiding at the annual meeting of the Glasgow Ship-owners' Association, declared that shipowners had done all in their power to assist the Government at the present time.

At a conference of the Scottish Football Association and the Scottish Football League held in Glasgow, it was decided to expel from football any player or official who bets on the result of matches.

Mr. Alexander Yule, aged 73, and Mrs. Gardiner, aged 71, residing in Perth, were married recently. This is the third time the lady has been married and Mr. Yule was a widower. About half a century ago the couple were sweethearts.

The honorary treasurer of the Incorporated Corn Trade Association of Leith, has handed to the Lord Provost of Edinburgh a cheque for \$2,500, the amount subscribed by the corn trade towards the funds of the Scottish Red Cross Society.

QUEER JOBS FOR WARSHIPS.

The Navy Attends to Other Work Beside Sea Fighting.

A couple of French warships were sent out into the Mediterranean some years ago to wage war against a school of porpoises which were doing an immense damage to the fishing industry in those waters, and after three days' hostilities, during which quick-firing guns were used with considerable effect, the vessels returned to port triumphant, having practically annihilated the enemy.

A year or two ago a warship of the Australian fleet was given the strange job of capturing or destroying a mysterious sea monster which had been reported off the Falkland Islands, the scene of the recent German naval defeat. It is pretty safe to say that the officers, if not the crew, entertained grave doubts of the actual existence of the frightful creature which had been described; it was too terrifying, hideous, gigantic, and ferocious. But shortly after the ship arrived in the waters where the monster was supposed to lie in wait for vessels, the officer of the watch described a strange-looking beast making towards his ship, and it was immediately guessed that this must be the substance of all the alarming tales. And a pretty good substance it proved, too.

An attack was made upon it, and after some hours' fighting with harpoons and quick-firers, the mysterious monster, which proved to be a sea-elephant between 13 and 14 years long, was slaughtered and taken aboard.

Some years ago the Norwegian Government sent out a powerful little fleet of warships, armed with mines, torpedoes and quick-firing guns, to exterminate a vast horde of seals which was denuding the sea on the north-west coast of all fish life. But the Government had reckoned for tens of thousands of seals, whereas there were millions, and so unending was their number that the fleet had eventually to admit itself defeated, with the loss of one man and two slightly wounded, owing to an accident, and to "retire in order," having exhausted all their ammunition.—London Tit-Bits.

A tight man and a loose dog are equally dangerous.

Any woman may drive her husband to drink, but she can not make him take water.

Young Folks

The Baby Bear.

There was much excitement in the lumber camp the day that Roger went there with his Uncle Henry. It had been a long ride through the woods, and they were cold when they reached the camp, but there was a roaring fire at which to warm themselves; and as they stood round it they heard the men, who had come in from their work in the woods for dinner, talking about a bear that they had killed in her winter den.

"I am sorry for the little bear," said one man. He was rough-looking, but he spoke in a kindly tone that made Roger like him at once.

"What became of it?" asked the other man.

"I brought it to the camp in my pocket; it is over in that box," answered the first man, pointing to a corner of the camp.

Lying in the box on some rags was the baby bear, a little creature no larger than a kitten, whimpering softly and feeling round blindly with its nose.

"How little it is!" exclaimed Roger, who had half expected to be afraid of a baby bear.

"Yes," said the man. "I have heard that, compared with its size when it is full grown, a baby bear is the smallest of all animals. This fellow weighs less than a pound. I don't know what we can do with it."

"Oh, let me have it! Can't I take it home?" burst out Roger, speaking to the lumberman and to his uncle at the same time.

The lumberman was much more willing to part with the helpless creature than Uncle Henry was to have Roger adopt such a pet. At last, however, Uncle Henry gave in, and when they rode home in the afternoon the little bear went with them, carefully wrapped up from the cold and nestling in a small basket under the heavy robes.

Aunt Mattie was indeed surprised when Roger opened the basket in the kitchen, but her heart was quickly touched by the helplessness of the little creature of the forest that had lost its mother.

"What can we do with it? How can we feed it?" she asked.

They soon settled the food question. They took an old nursing bottle that Aunt Mattie found where it had been laid away many years before, and filling it with warm milk, put the end of the rubber tube into the little bear's mouth, and it took its supper just as a hungry baby would have taken it.

At first the little bear slept most of the time between its meals, and did not grow half fast enough to suit Roger. But one day its eyes opened, and Roger, who had been studying a book on animals, knew that it was then five weeks old. After that it soon began to be playful, and in a few weeks it sat up and peered round with its shining, head-like eyes, it looked for all the world like a live black teddy-bear. It was full of mischief and spent much of its time tumbling across the floor, and looking for something to upset or for a morsel to eat.

They named it Ursus, which Roger found is the Latin word for bear. As spring came on Ursus, then several months old, became more and more active and intelligent. Usually he was full of good-natured fun, and even when his temper was bad he did nothing worse than to sulk a little. No boy ever had a better time with a pet than Roger had with Ursus during that spring and summer—YOUTH'S COMPANION.

SAVES MANY WOUNDED.

Canal Barges Used as French Army Ambulances.

Twelve barges on the French canals are being used to carry many wounded men from the trenches to hospitals in the rear with great success.

So quiet is the operation of the barges, which are towed along the waterways, that many critically wounded men have been saved by the restful method of transportation. The barges, originally French transport boats, are about 150 feet long by 20 feet wide. The interiors have been altered to suit the requirements of the ambulance service. Thirty cots are placed in two long rows with a broad passageway between, affording as airy and sanitary a ward as in any hospital or sick bay aboard a ship.

There is also a kitchen and a dynamo room, where current for the lighting system is generated. Here too there are accommodations for twelve privates and petty officers. In the forward part of the barge are quarters for four sisters who act as nurses and a fully equipped dispensary.

The barges move from one dressing station to another, taking on board the more serious cases and then are towed back to the base. The success of the barges has been so marked that more are being constructed.

A Message of His Love.

First Barber—That was a bad cut you gave that old man while shaving him.

Second Barber—Oh, there's a shaving for that. I'm courting his maid, and the cut will let her know I'll meet her this evening.

RHEUMATISM A MYSTERY

Unless Rooted Out of the System it Grows Worse and Worse.

Some diseases give immunity from another attack, but rheumatism works just the other way. Every attack of rheumatism invites another. Worse than that it reduces the body's power so that each attack is worse than the one before. If any disease needs curing early it is rheumatism, but there are few diseases physicians find more difficult to treat successfully. Wet weather does not cause rheumatism as once thought, though weather conditions may start the aches and pains. Rheumatism is now known to be dependent upon the blood condition and medical authorities agree that the blood becomes thin with alarming rapidity as rheumatism develops. Maintaining the quality of the blood is, therefore, a reasonable way of preventing and curing rheumatism. That is why it is shown by the beneficial results which follow a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich blood which drives out the rheumatic poison, and while the blood is kept in this condition there is no danger of the trouble returning. Mr. W. T. Pell, Palermo, Ont., says:—"I was attacked with a trouble which was ultimately pronounced rheumatism. Often I was barely able to crawl into bed, and seldom able to do a full day's work. In this condition I doctored for a year, absolutely getting no better. Then I consulted another doctor whose chief consolation was that unless I could get rid of the trouble I would be a cripple for life. He prescribed dieting, and I doctored with him for at least six months, but instead of getting relief I became weaker and less able to get around. Then I decided to try a doctor in Toronto, and was under his treatment for about four months with no better results. I gave up the doctors and tried other remedies which were equally futile. Then one day our storekeeper sent me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, saying, 'that if they did not help me I need not pay for them.' I took them and then got some more and found they were helping me. I probably used \$10.00 worth before I felt fully cured, but they did cure me and were cheap as compared with the other treatments which did not help me. The cure was made several years ago, and I have not had a twinge of rheumatism since. To-day I am well and strong and I believe I owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Drink Water.

Very few people realize the health-ministering power of water-drinking, and it is fairly safe to state that not half the population drinks anything like the quantity they should do.

It is a common error of mothers and nurses to curtail the child's wish to drink water whenever thirsty, under the impression that too much water is bad for it in every way. This is only correct if the child is very hot, simply because the sudden chill on an over-heated frame is very liable to set up ill effects, and applies equally to anything cold.

Apart from this, there is really no need to limit the quantity consumed by a child, and the average amount that an adult should drink daily should be, roughly, three pints.

It is necessary as a cleanser for all the internal organs as much as a bath is for the exterior of the body, and yet there are people who consider the fact that they never drink water adulterated something to be proud of.

CROSS, FRETFUL BABIES

The cross fretful baby is a sickly baby—the well child is always happy and smiling. Mothers if your baby is cross and cries a great deal something is wrong. His little stomach and bowels may be out of order; his teeth troubling him, or he may be bothered with worms. The mother should immediately give him Baby's Own Tablets.

Concerning them Mrs. Ronald Hurley, Gilks, N.B., writes:—"I know of nothing so good for cross, fretful babies as Baby's Own Tablets and I am pleased to recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The habits of old age are generally the habits of youth matured and confirmed.

At the last meeting of the Belfast Board of Guardians it was reported that there were 127 cases of scurvy in the hospital.

MURINE

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust quickly relieved by Murine.

YOUR EYES Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Tinkles Your Druggists 60¢ per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25¢. For Book of the Eye Free Write Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

The best of friends we often find are those we have taken good care never to offend.

DEMANDS ON RAILWAYS.

What the Railway Train Employees Are Asking.

The demands being made by organizations of railway train service employees on western railways for a 25 per cent. increase in wages, a demand which affects Canadian as well as United States railways, would mean the disbursement of no less than \$100,000,000 a year. In order to acquaint the public with some of the facts of the case the executive committee of the Association of Western Railways has issued the following interesting statement:

Mr. Farmer, once upon a time—like the railways—you paid your employees a fixed monthly wage. They worked till their work was done, no matter how many hours.

Your farm hand followed a plow behind a yoke of oxen, perhaps from sun up till sun down, then did his "chores" and was contented.

Suppose that when you invested more of your capital in a good team of horses, to replace the oxen, your employee had said: "These horses turn more furrows in a day than the oxen and hereafter I want to be paid by the furrow, or the distance the plow travels, but in case anything stops the plow you must pay me for a full day if I work 10 hours or less—if that plan would give more money than the plow mileage amounts to."

Suppose that when you invested more money in a wheel plow on which your employee could ride at ease instead of being required to walk in a heavy furrow and wrestle with a heavy plow, he said: "Hereafter I want you to pay me for a full day if I work 8 hours or less, with time-and-a-half pay for over time, either on a time or distance basis, which ever will give me the most money."

Suppose, further, Mr. Farmer, that from 1904 to 1914 you had increased the wages of your farm hand from \$902.00 a year to \$1,253.37 a year, would you feel like granting his last demand for more wages for doing exactly the same work in the same hours?

That is precisely the question that the railway managers of this country are now called on to answer. The men employed in railway train service are asking a 25 per cent. increase in pay for exactly the work they have been doing, and under the same conditions, except as to pay. As with the farm hand, the working conditions of railway train service men have been constantly improved at the expense of the employers. Government statistics prove that the hazard of their occupation has steadily decreased. This is the result of millions spent by the railroads for better roadbeds, heavier rails, double tracks, block signals, automatic couplers, air brakes, mechanical stokers, oil burning engines and many other safety and labor-saving devices, for which the employees made no investment and assumed no financial risk.

The men who are now asking for 25 per cent. higher pay are and always have been the best paid of all railway employees. Their wages range from \$800 a year for inexperienced brakemen to nearly \$4,000 a year for engineers on the best runs. The average wages of the 300,000 employees who are demanding the increase are \$1,253.37 a year, an increase of 40 per cent. since 1904. The 1,400,000 other railway employees average \$684.78, an increase of 25.2 per cent. since 1904.

These are the facts, Mr. Farmer. Will you think them over and then say if you think the railway train service employees are justified in threatening the prosperity of every industry in this country, of even the very existence of individuals dependent for food supply on uninterrupted railroad service?

CHILDREN IN WAR.

Get Quite Accustomed to Shells and Bullets.

Those who were in Ladysmith during the siege have told us that the children soon got used to the state of affairs, and it has been the same elsewhere.

During the siege of Lucknow the unfortunate children used to get tired of stopping in the stifling rooms, and occasionally as a treat were allowed to play in the least exposed places outside. On one occasion a swing was demolished by a shell, while bullets would frequently fall close to them, but they soon got used to it.

When Madame Modjeska was a child she and her little brother were in Cracow when it was bombarded by the Austrians. Their mother retired to the cellar and called to the children to follow, but the small boy cried: "I will not go to the cellar; I want to see."

Madame Modjeska stayed with him, and almost at once a shell carried away part of the house, and the bullets began to fall. Her brother picked them up and ran from room to room, finally pushing her into the corner of the room most exposed.

"Hide in that corner. There will be more bullets," he cried. And there were. So, picking them up, he told her to hold out her apron, and dropped them in. Then, looking out of the window she saw a man shot, which frightened her, and so both ran to the cellar.

Speaking of educated snakes, the adder's in a class by himself.

Further meetings are being held in Belfast dealing with the questions of house rent-increases and advancing coal prices, and resolutions have been passed calling upon the Government to take steps to curtail the extortionate prices for coal.

The Bread Problem is

not a problem in the home where Shredded Wheat is known. The whole wheat grain is the real staff of life, and you have it in Shredded Wheat Biscuit prepared in a digestible form. It contains more real body-building material than meat or eggs, is more easily digested, and costs much less. The food for the up-and-coming man who does things with hand or brain—for the kiddies that need a well-balanced food for study or play—for the housewife who must save herself from kitchen drudgery. Delicious for breakfast or any meal, with milk or cream.

Made in Canada.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S GREEN SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to All True Irishmen.

At Leinster Assizes, Dublin, Geo. Bell was found guilty, but insane, on a charge of the murder of his father in County Meath, and was committed to an asylum.

News has reached Stewartstown that a farmer named Geo. Rankin, residing in the town land of Newlangors, aged 35 years, dropped dead outside his home.

At a meeting of the governors of the Royal Irish Academy of Music, a letter was read from the secretary stating that the treasury grant of \$1,500 is to be discontinued.

The Dublin Port and Docks Board is taking steps to have the provisions of the Emergency Act suspending elections in connection with local government bodies applied to itself.

Speaking at a recruiting meeting in Waterford, Mr. Redmond made a special appeal to farmers to assist in securing recruits for reserve battalions to make good the wastage in the ranks.

The death took place recently of Mr. William Tully, J. P., proprietor and editor of the Roscommon Journal. He was a Justice of the Peace for the Co. Roscommon for the past twenty-five years.

At a meeting of the Clonmel Corporation it was proposed that owing to the very depressed state the position of Mayor of Clonmel during the war by one of honor, without emoluments. The proposals were defeated.

At Cork Winter Assizes John Stafford Dunne, manager of the Macroom branch of the National Bank pleaded guilty to embezzling \$7,500, the monies of the bank, and was sentenced to twelve months imprisonment.

Chief Inspector Murphy, Inspector Love, Sergeant Halley and other members of the Detective Division of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, raided the shop of Messrs. Lawler, in Forum street, and took possession of a large quantity of firearms, ammunition, etc.

A Local Government Board inquiry was held in the board room of the South Dublin Union, into an application of the South Dublin Rural Council for a loan of \$50,000 to complete a scheme of laborers' cottages. There was no objection.

The Dublin police recently raided a number of homes dealing with the Defence of the Realm Act, amongst which was that of the Countess Markey, Rathmines, where a printing press was seized, which was being used for printing pro-German literature.

STOPPED SHORT

Taking Tonics, and Built up on Right Food.

The mistake is frequently made of trying to build up a worn-out nervous system on so-called tonics.

New material from which to rebuild used up tissue cells is what should be supplied, and this can be obtained only from proper food.

"I found myself on the verge of a nervous collapse, due to overwork and study, and to illness in the family," writes a young mother.

"My friends became alarmed because I grew pale and thin and could not sleep nights. I took various tonics, but their effects wore off shortly after I stopped taking them. My food did not seem to nourish me."

"Reading of Grape-Nuts, I determined to stop the tonics and see what a change of diet would do. I ate Grape-Nuts four times a day with cream, and drank milk also, went to bed early after a dish of Grape-Nuts."

"In about two weeks I was sleeping soundly. In a short time gained weight and felt like a different woman. Grape-Nuts and fresh air were the only agents used to accomplish the happy results." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

An Incident Which Shows His Kindness of Heart.

The Prince of Wales is making himself beloved as well as respected at the front. Endless stories of his kindness are told. The latest was related to me by a very old friend who has lost four sons on the battlefield. The only surviving one is an army chaplain, and he was chatting to a group of men, "somewhere in France," about the loss of his last surviving brother and the loneliness and sadness of his old mother.

Suddenly a young officer stepped forward with outstretched hand and remarked: "I heard what you said, sir, about your brothers and I am extremely sorry to hear it. I hope you will accept this expression of my profound sympathy, but," he said, "I do wish you would give this card to your colonel, and ask him to give you leave of absence for ten days, so that you may go and see your mother in London and console her on her loss." He took out his card and wrote a few words on it and handed it over. It was the Prince of Wales.

Are Worth Their Weight in Gold

WHAT MRS. BROWN SAYS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

New Brunswick Lady Tells Her Duty to Tell Women That Dodd's Kidney Pills Are the Best Remedy She Ever Used.

Miscou Harbor, Gloucester Co., N.B., Mar. 13th (Special).—"I think Dodd's Kidney Pills are worth their weight in gold." This is the statement of Mrs. James Brown, well known and highly respected here.

"I think it would be ungrateful on my part if I did not tell what a blessing Dodd's Kidney Pills have been to me," Mrs. Brown continued. "I was laid up for three weeks with headache and sore back. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and I found them the best remedy I have ever used."

Mrs. Brown is just one of the many women in New Brunswick who are telling of pains relieved and health restored by the great Canadian kidney remedy. Dodd's Kidney Pills are suffering women's best friend, because they act directly on the kidneys. They tone up the kidneys and put them in condition to do their full work of straining all the impurities out of the blood. Nine-tenths of women's troubles come from diseased or disordered kidneys. There is abundant evidence on every hand that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all kidney troubles.

ABOUT MACHINE GUNS.

The different kinds Used by the Armies at War.

Every day in the newspapers there crop up incidents dealing with the effect of machine-gun fire, and an enormous number of these weapons are doing their deadly work to-day.

In the British Army the machine-gun is the Maxim; the French use the Hotchkiss, or Puteaux, Austrians employ the Schwarzlose, and Germans the Maxim. In all cases machine-guns are attached to the infantry forces, usually at the proportion of two guns per battalion, or 1,000 men.

These guns fire rifle cartridges at immense speed by mechanical means, and usually the kick, or recoil, of the gun is used for the purpose of reloading.

It is interesting to note that in a test forty-two British first-class shots engaged against a machine-gun, each firing at the same target for one minute, the gun discharged 228 rounds and made sixty-nine hits; the forty-two marksmen discharged 408 rounds and made sixty-two hits.

Good for Children.

Mothers! Physicians agree that flavor and the body building elements of grains lie in the dark parts usually thrown away. So also do the lime salts which your child needs to harden bones and teeth. Children fed upon coarse dark cereals develop greater resistance. Witness the Bulgarians and Serbs. Roman soldiers who consumed the wheat fed upon two bowls of entire grain food a day. Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal is scientifically balanced ration made from several entire grains. Its deliciously easy prepared in a variety of ways and nourishes better than meat. It's a natural laxative. Most grocers sell it.

Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto, Canada.

The Neighbors Say.

If he is regular in attending church, he is too pious.

If he doesn't attend church, he is on the road to perdition.

If he sends his family away for the summer, it is more than he can afford.

If he doesn't he is stingy.

If he happens to be successful in business, he achieved success by swindling.

If he gives freely to charity, it is done for show.

If he doesn't, he is classed as a skinflint.

If his wife does her own work, she is "killing herself" for the family.

If she has servants, she ought to be more economical.

If all the world's a stage it's up to each of us to contribute something toward the elevation thereof.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff



MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUMINA

The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and which has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label.

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO MONTREAL

POSTAL EMPLOYEES ENLIST.

Over 50,000 at the Front With British Forces.

Over 50,000 post office employees are with the colors. At present 1,620 have lost their lives, and there are on the books of the relief fund 1,300 orphans. In the majority of cases the Government pension is or will be supplemented by the fund, the maximum assistance of five shillings a week being given to widows under 35 years of age, with four or more children.

Parcels of food are sent weekly to post office prisoners of war, of whom there are now over 570.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA.

New Records Have Been Created By This Company.

The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, achieved records during 1915 that are new in the Canadian life assurance field. Assurances of over \$34,000,000 were issued and paid for in cash; total assurances now in force over \$250,000,000; total payments to policyholders since organization more than \$52,600,000; assets in excess of \$74,000,000, a cash income of nearly \$16,000,000, and an undistributed net surplus of over \$7,500,000. All these figures are high-water marks in the annals of Canadian life assurance. On another column will be found a comparative statement of the business done for 1914 and 1915, and also a statement showing the Company's growth from 1872 to 1915, all of which show a remarkable increase, and also reflects the greatest credit on the management of the Sun Life.

For Have Leatherless Shoe.

A new type of "leatherless shoe" is being widely advertised in the German newspapers. The uppers are made of grey or black waterproof linen sailcloth, while the soles are built of thin layers of wood glued together with waterproof glue.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

The Furnace.

"Shakespeare, I believe" uses the term "sighing for a furnace."

"I believe so. Why?"

"Mine has a sort of wheeze."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Group; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.

CHAS. E. SHARP.

Hawthorn, N.B., Sept. 1st, 1905.

He that has never known adversity is but half acquainted with himself or with others. Constant triumph shows us but one side of life; the reverse side is necessary to full knowledge.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Great System.

Teacher—"In what year was the Battle of Waterloo fought?"

Pupil—"I don't know." Teacher—"It's simple enough if you only would learn how to cultivate artificial memory. Remember the twelve apostles. Add half that number to them. That's eighteen. Multiply that by 100. That's 1800. Take the twelve apostles again. Add a quarter of their number to them. That's fifteen. Add what you've got. That's 1815. That's the date. Quite simple, you see, to remember dates if you will only adopt my system."

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia.

Men are like tea, says Estelle Klaunder; it takes hot water to draw out their strength.

BERMUDA

The Ideal Winter Resort.

Beautiful Drives, Saddle Riding, Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Fishing and Sea Bathing. President Garrison of the Ottawa (38th) Regiment.

Princess Hotel

Is open from DECEMBER to MAY. Situated on the Harbor of Hamilton. Accommodates 400. Rates: \$25 per week and upward.

HOWE & TROGER, Managers.

HAMILTON, BERMUDA. Bermuda is reached by the steamers of the Quebec & S. Co. 32 Broadway, New York.

"Is it anything serious, doctor?"

asked a youth of a doctor after the latter had examined him. "No, no; not at all," replied the medical man. "Nothing serious—just a little stiffness in the back of your neck my lad. But you must keep an eye on it."

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES. IRISH COB BLEW, Delaware, Carman, Orford, etc. Supply limited. Write for catalogue. H. V. Dawson, Brampton.

FOR SALE

PERFECTED NEWFOUNDLAND and other breeds for sale. Also few Persian kittens. R. A. Gillespie, Abbotsford, Quebec.

FOR EXCHANGE

PAIR SILVER BLACK CROSS BRED foxes, trade for used car. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

NURSERY STOCK

HIGH-CLASS NURSERY STOCK—buy and save middleman's profit; write for catalogue. Dominion Nurseries (Smith, Reed & Co.) St. Catharines, Ont.

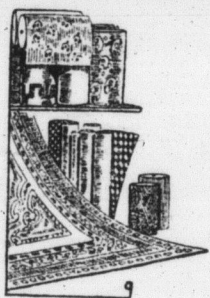
AGENTS WANTED

LADY OR YOUNG MAN TO COLLECT in their locality. Dominion Works, Toronto.

20th ANNIVERSARY AT J. N. CURRIE & CO.'S

20 years of successful merchandising.
20 years of increasing stocks.
20 years of doing business with same wholesale houses and manufacturers.
20 years doing business with same customers.
20 years continued business in same store enlarged several times and now requiring larger space means something.

Today When Many Merchants Are Caught
Short of Goods
this store has never had such large stocks in every department. This means much to our customers.



J. N. CURRIE & CO.

HIGHEST PRICES FOR BUTTER AND EGGS, CASH OR TRADE

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—To addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.00 per year; to addresses in the United States, \$1.50 per year—payable in advance.
Advertising.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. The Transcript is a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. The Transcript is a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916

The Manitoba Prohibition Act.

If the referendum shortly to be submitted to the electors of Ontario is favorable to prohibition, it is said that the Act will be drafted on the lines of the one proposed in Manitoba. The principal features of the Manitoba Act are:
(1) Abolition of bar, shop and club licenses.
(2) Prohibition of the sale of liquor excepting for medicinal and mechanical purposes.
(3) Establishment of licenses for wholesale and retail drug stores, permitting them to sell liquor in certain quantities, viz:
Wholesale stores—Ten gallons for mechanical purposes, such as preservation of human and animal bodies; five gallons to physicians for medicinal purposes.
Retail stores—Sale only on prescription of physician or to a dentist or veterinary or a minister of the gospel. In quantities of one pint to dentists for the treatment of patients; two gallons to veterinaries for treatment of dumb animals.
A physician can carry two quarts with him for use as medicine for patients.
A dentist can give a portion to a patient.
A minister of the gospel can have in his possession two gallons of wine for sacramental purposes.
Heavy penalties for those who obtain liquor for mechanical purposes and use it for drinking, etc.
Act does not prevent the importation of liquor from any other province or country by a householder or prohibit him having such liquor on his premises.
It does not prevent the manufacture or export of liquor from the province.
No sale made after 8 o'clock at night and 7 o'clock on Saturday night.
No liquor to be consumed on drug premises.

Newbury's Machine Gun.

The following letter from the Department of Militia and Defence of Canada speaks for itself:
Immigration Buildings,
Quebec, P. Q.,
March 7th, 1916.
John Bayne, Esq.,
Newbury, Ont.
Dear Sir.—We have just to-day received information from Divisional Headquarters, here, that the "Machine Gun" donated by the citizens of Newbury, Ont., and vicinity, had arrived, and would be issued to the 33rd Overseas Battalion at once.
I have asked them to have it engraved "The Newbury" and trust that we will be enabled to bring it back without any marks of dishonor.
Again thanking you on behalf of the Officers and men of the Unit under my Command for your generosity, I have the honor to be, Sir,
ALEX. WILSON, Lieut.-Col.,
O. C. 33rd Overseas Battalion.

The Transcript is agent for all the daily papers. Let us remit your subscription.

School Reports.

Report of S. S. No. 1, Metcalfe, for the months of January and February, 1916, in per cent.
Class Jr. IV.—Hugh McCallum 70, John Walker 30, a Russell Leitch 30.
Class Sr. III.—Gordon Field 63, Archie Walker 61.
Class Jr. III.—Ida Graham 61, Philip Patterson 60, a Minnie McNeill 50, a Duncan McNaughton 50, Malcolm Walker 55.
Class II.—a Verna McCallum 75, Edna Munroe 67, a Jean Patterson 63, Annabell Graham 57.
Pt. IV.—Beatrice Munroe 60, Ernest Walker 55.
Pt. II. Class, Jr.—Ann Eva Walker 75.
Primer.—Gordon McCallum, Jean McNaughton, John H. Walker, James Graham, Mildred Graham, Elsie Walker, Colin D. Walker, Lloyd Denning, Mary Munroe, Gordon Denning.
a Absent for one or more examinations.
Best speller for Jan. and Feb. in IV. Class, Hugh McCallum; III. Class, Gordon Field; II. Class, Jr., Ida Graham; I. Class, Edna Munroe; Pt. II. Class, Beatrice Munroe; Pt. I. Class, Jr.—Ann Eva Walker.

S. S. No. 1, Moss, February report, in per cent. a Absent for 1 exam. p
Sr. IV.—a Willie McQuillan 78, Alice Kook 74, a Willie Simpson 71, Gladys Thompson 64, Annie McIntyre 63.
Pt. IV.—Guendolene Goff 72, a Russell Childs 69, a Lizzie Gould 52, a Lila McQuillan 48.
III.—a Norman Gould 60, D. H. McRae 68, J. D. Simpson 63, a Lloyd Gould 50.
II.—Helen Cameron 70, Maggie McIntyre 70, Charley Kook 68, Mary Simpson 50, Ernest McCutcheon 51, Robert Holmes 52, a Lita Gould 45, Campbell McRae 30, absent L. D. Sidwell.
I.—Isabel Cameron 83, a Sam Sharp 77, Ruby McQuillan 74, Irene Gould 63, Elmer Thompson 41, absent—Graham Simpson.
B.—Arthur Childs, Melvin Holmes.
A.—Alice McIntyre, Robert Siddall, W. L. QUIGLEY, Teacher.

The Proven Asthma Remedy. Since asthma existed there has been no lack of much heralded remedies, but they have proved short lived and worthless. The ever-growing reputation of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has given it a place in the field of medicine which no other can approach. It has never been pushed by sensational methods, but has simply gone on effecting relief and making new converts.

Glencoe Public School.

Hygiene.
Class IV, Sr.—Dorothy Weir 88, Munroe Anderson 83, Muriel Precious 80, Christina Sutherland 78, Cameron McPherson 71, Anna Reycraft 68, Russell Quick 65, Harley Luckham 63, Harry McLachlan 63, Edna Leitch 48.
Class III, Sr.—Frances Moss 60, Annie George 66, Marion Owen 63, Helen McCutcheon 50, Mamie Grant 50, Catharine Stuart 43.
Class III, Jr.—Mary Simpson 98, George McCracken 83, Jean McEachren 74, Hazel McAlpine 56, R. D. McDonald 54, Frances Sutherland 45, Lloyd Farrell 42.
Reading.
Junior III. Class.—Marion Copeland 40, Clifford Ewing 40, Gladys George 30, Ulea Moore 30, Floyd Jolley 37, Willie Stinson 38, Albert Anderson 37, Alex. Stuart 37, Sadie Young 37, Clarence Leitch 36, Willie Quinn 36, Gladys Bechill 35, Zaida Moore 35, Ethel George 34, Lynn Wehlann 34, Cecil McAlpine 33, John McIntosh 32.
Senior II. Class.—Margaret McDonald 30, Arlie Parrott 30, Nuala Stuart

30, Gladys Eddie 38, Leslie Reeves 38, John Simpson 38, Alexander Sutherland 38, Grace Dalgity 37, Florence McEachren 37, John Hillman 36, Mariner McCracken 36, Marion McLellan 35, Mary Quick 34, Violet Wilson 33, Roderick Stuart 31.
Junior II.—Jessie Wilson 30, Willie Kelly 35, Gladys Wilson 31, Charlie Davenport 31.
Form I.—Language.
First Class.—Marjorie McLarty 42, Donna McAlpine 40, Billy Donell 39, Willie Stuart 34, Daisy McCracken 28, Primer Class A.—Lyman Stuart 42, Bessie McKellar 33, Mildred Anderson 32, Charles George 31, George Kelly 31, Leonard Donaldson 29, Fred George 24.

High School Exams.

Form I.—Science.
E. McKellar 97
C. Howe 89
M. Mitchell 89
R. Gilbert 88
A. Poole 85
M. McKellar 84
B. King 83
J. Eddie 81
V. Eddie 81
S. McLachlan 79
M. Leitch 77
M. Fryer 75
G. Hurley 70
M. Westcott 68
M. B. Duncanson 51
Form II.—Literature.
J. McAlpine 92
S. McKellar 90
M. Baldwin 89
C. McKellar 86
C. Hicks 86
E. Leitch 80
C. Sutton 80
D. McAlpine 77
G. Grant 75
F. Smith 75
A. Barker 71
E. McDonald 70
A. Aldred 68
M. Gardiner 66
F. Westcott 65
R. Owen 64
E. Campbell 57
H. Sutherland 51
L. Dalgity 34
Form III.—Composition.
F. Keith 83
B. Silcox 83
H. Moss 81
M. McArthur 81
J. McLachlan 80
L. Luckham 79
A. McArthur 78
J. Humphries 76
E. Smith 75
A. Campbell 75
W. McVicar 73
L. Eddie 72
M. Galbraith 72
R. Clannahan 70
C. Bayne 68
F. McLachlan 67
S. McCutcheon 64
A. D. McDonald 61
W. Letbridge 60
Form IV.—Zoology.
M. Bayne 95
M. Chalk 91
A. Mawhinney 88
G. Campbell 81

If fifteen thousand able-bodied boys are set at farming during the coming summer some of them may choose agriculture as a life occupation. Much will depend on the treatment they get from the farmers and their wives.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Wardsville

Miss Millard spent Saturday in London.
Miss Hazel Miller, of Chatham, spent the week-end at her home here.
Leonard Purdy spent the week-end with friends in London and Strathroy.
The Women's Institute will give an Irish supper on Friday, March 24. A grand program is being prepared.
Miss L. Sheppard, of Windsor, spent the week-end at her home here.
Archie Campbell, of Springfield, Mass., is here attending his aunt's funeral.
Charles Miller spent last week with friends in Chatham.
Lenten services are now being held in the English church every Friday night.
Mrs. Constant received word on Saturday morning of the death of her son, Pte. Charles Constant, in France on March 3rd. Deep sympathy is extended to the bereaved family. Another son is with the 33rd at Quebec.

BETHEL.

The ladies of the Bethel R-d Cross Club held a tea on Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Charles Towers on Wednesday evening. The weather was very stormy and not at all favorable, but the ladies realized \$7.75 from the tea and \$5 from a guessing contest. Master Curtis Gough was the lucky contestant and won the rug. During the evening Mrs. James Goff and Mrs. Albert Gates, on behalf of the Willing Workers and Red Cross Club, presented Mrs. Stanley Towers with a beautiful leather rocker. The ladies also presented Mr. Towers with a gold tie pin. Mr. and Mrs. Towers are leaving to make their home in the West, and a complimentary address which accompanied the presentations referred to the high esteem in which they are held in the community which they are leaving. Mrs. Towers has very ably filled the position of vice-president of the Red Cross Club, and has always in a very cheerful way "done her bit" in helping in the work for the soldiers.
The Bethel Red Cross Club have made and sent away since the first of the year 38 pairs of day sox, 18 scarfs, 4 pairs of mitts, 22 day shirts, 16 pajama suits, and 61 towels for the trenches.

Kilmartin.

The robins are here again.
Joseph Moore disposed of a fine horse to Neil J. McKellar last week.
Jae. McInne, of Detroit, is home for a few weeks.
Dougald and Misses Sara and Isabelle Patterson, of Appin, spent Sunday at John Little's.
Mrs. Quigley spent the week-end at her home at Wardsville.
A. D. and Dan L. McKellar leave this week for the West after spending the winter at their homes here.
Mrs. Elizabeth McAlpine, of Detroit, is spending some time with relatives here.

EKFRID STATION.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. McDonald spent last week with friends in London.
D. J. McEachren paid a short visit to friends here last week.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Carr, of Iona, and Mrs. Chas. Weidman, of Eldon, visited at D. McDonald's last week.
Miss Etta Black is visiting her sister in Delaware.
P. D. McDonald, of London, is spending the week at his home here.
The S. S. committee have purchased enough land from G. C. Smith to erect sheds for the accommodation of horses.

Appin

Monday was a busy day in Appin. Neil Galbraith and Peter McIntyre shipped three carloads of horses and pure bred cattle to the West. There were 38 horses and 14 head of cattle.
The Appin Park Association will have their annual meeting on Monday, March 13th, to transact all business and appoint directors. All interested please attend at the Orange Hall.
A. D. McIntyre leaves for Jasper, Alberta, Thursday, to start in the lumber business. We wish him every success.
Frank Pole shipped a fine bunch of cattle and hogs on Tuesday.
John Mullins is able to be around.
The South Ekfrid Club intend holding an Assembly here next week.
The next meeting of the literary society will be held on Tuesday evening, March 21st. A good program is expected.

KNAPDALE.

Miss J. Beattie visited at her home in Wilton Grove recently.
John Mitchell is not, we are sorry to say, improving in health.
J. Grey, of Shetland, visited friends here last week.
Mr. Thompson, sr., has recovered from his illness.
There was no school on Monday owing to the illness of the teacher, Miss J. Beattie.
John McConnell is on the sick list.
John Farrell, who has opened an office in Port Huron in connection with the immigration department, states that the number of men applying for positions on farms in Ontario exceeds by a long way their expectations. A guarantee is given the men that they will not be called upon to do any work in this section requiring help should apply to Mr. Farrell.
Educational work of any kind is slow and discouraging, and at times one is almost forced to the conclusion that mankind is quite contented with itself. At the farmers' institute meetings last Thursday, a mere handful gathered to hear an expert speak on two important branches of Canada's greatest industries. Yet on Monday night people came from far and near, and packed the opera house to the doors, to see a very fourth-rate company play "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The world owes a great debt to the dauntless souls who continue to press on with the torch of learning despite discouragements and disappointments.—Thamesville Herald.

LACROSSE AT THE FRONT.

Writer Describes Amusements of Men in France.

"Too contemptuous to grace with the dignity of a denial," is how a high Canada officer characterizes the statement issued by Wolff's German Press Bureau, that among the papers of Brigadier-General Turner, which were alleged to have fallen into German hands at Ypres, was an order signed by Lieut.-Adjutant Col. Taylor, of the Fourth Division, to the effect that many men of that division had surrendered to the enemy, and giving orders that officers of other units were to shoot every man who attempted to surrender, and to direct artillery fire to the spot if the movement is a large one.

The British papers, with a free translation of this German libel on Canadian troops, reached the little hamlets behind Bethune, where the division is now resting to-day.
Where the Canadian division is now resting is out of range of stray shells, though it is not out of the bound of the continuous artillery duel, which is going on round La Bassée. Now and again they can hear the big caliber guns strapping over Bethune. Sometimes there is an interesting air duel to watch, as happened on Monday, almost over our billets, in which the British aviator brought down one fast German aviator.

It is broiling hot summer now, with the heat rivalling the prairie weather. The men are allowed the luxury of doing their daily tasks without tunics, and sunbaths have been served out for caps.
Over near a wood is a practice ground, where, day after day, squads of grenade-throwers are practicing, keeping up a continual bombardment against a dummy German figure in a dummy trench. Southward bordering the road that runs to St. Pol, a field has been found for baseball. Foul lines are marked out, a real rubber diamond has miraculously appeared, and base are strapping during in regulation fashion. A seven-team league, with fanciful names, has been started, and a regular schedule been drawn up to last the two weeks which have been promised the division for resting.

French soldiers who come up from camps to the south are interested spectators. Lacrosse is often played in the evenings, and all games are encouraged by the Brigade Commanders, for they are the best possible cure for the slightly unnerved men who went through the terrific fighting around Festubert.
An officer tells me that the experience of the latest fighting was worse than Langemark.
"The Germans," he said, "had piled their weeks-old dead into barricades along the communication trenches which we captured, and the shells would burst on the heaps, spraying our men with human remains, sometimes in such ghastly quantity that nature revolted and the men had to be sick."
The parapets, behind which the Germans fought for two days, were made of bodies, bound together with barbed wire, and when we gained them there was no chance of burying them, for the bodies in the trench was of the same material, with an inch or two of earth packed down, and here and there an arm or leg, perhaps a face, was gruesomely exposed.

By a vote of fully two to one Manitoba, on Monday, decided in favor of the prohibitory liquor law recently passed by the Legislature of that province. The result, says the Globe, will probably be regarded as evidence that public opinion is so overwhelming against the traffic that Ontario's bars and liquor shops may safely be closed by the Legislature without reference to the electorate.
Places of amusement, particularly the racetracks, throughout Ontario are to provide the additional revenue required by the government during the present year. The racetracks, instead of paying a tax of \$500 per day of operation, as heretofore, will pay \$1,250 for each day they do their business. A tax of one cent will be imposed upon each paid admission to amusement halls, dance halls, picture houses, baseball parks, circuses and all places of amusement.

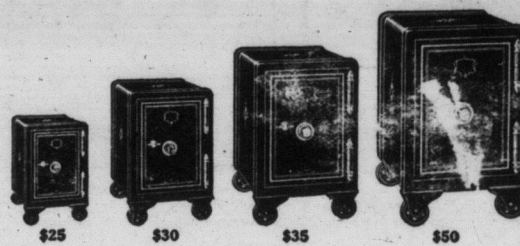
CLUBBING RATES

Renew your newspaper and magazine subscriptions at The Transcript office. We can save you money, as well as the trouble and expense of remitting. The following are some of our clubbing rates:—

The Transcript and
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Daily Advertiser, morning or afternoon edition 2.95
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Daily Free Press, afternoon 2.95
Daily Globe 3.90
Daily Mail and Empire 3.90
Farmer's Advocate 2.45
Weekly Sun 1.85
Weekly Mail and Empire 1.85
Weekly Advertiser 1.85
Toronto Daily News 2.90
Weekly Free Press 1.95
Canadian Countryman 1.50
All subscriptions are payable in advance. Address
TRANSCRIPT OFFICE,
Glencoe, Ont.

Eve was the first woman—and probably the last—who did not gather up her skirts and scream at sight of a mouse.

SAFETY FIRST



WE MAKE A SIZE FOR EVERY NEED

FIRE may sweep your home tonight and destroy all your valuable records.

Has this fact ever come home to you? Would you take \$25.00 and stand the loss of all your private papers, your will, deeds, notes, mortgages, etc., the careful accumulation of a business lifetime—your sole security and protection against litigation and re-payment?

Would not \$25.00 be mighty cheap insurance against such a loss?

That is what our "Special Fireproof" Home Safe will do for you—not just for one year, but for all the years to come.

Your insurance "policy" protects your home and chattels—we protect your papers.

Safes on view at Hayter's Barber Shop

J. HAYTER, Agent, Glencoe

W. H. Ferguson, Thamesville, Ont., General District Agent

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Homeseekers Excursions

Every Tuesday, March to October
"All Rail"
Every Wednesday During Season Navigation
"Great Lakes Route"

Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you. The

CANADIAN PACIFIC

will take you there, give you all the information about the best places, and help you to succeed.

Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

We give Big Value in Men's Worsted and Serge Suits Made to Measure

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET,
GLENCOE Phone 25

WARDSVILLE
ONTARIO

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:27 a. m.; No. 114, express to London and intermediate points, 3 p. m.; No. 10, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, 4:20 p. m.; No. 116, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m. Westbound—No. 113, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 331, way freight and passenger, 10:45 a. m.; No. 115, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 6:37 p. m.; No. 18, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 9:51 p. m. Nos. 114, 115 and 116, Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:25 p. m.; No. 354, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:20 p. m. Westbound—No. 351, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 353, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:30 p. m. Nos. 2 and No. 3, Sundays included.

Kingscourt branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west. No. 36, mixed, 7:35 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 8:10 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 5:10 p. m. Arrive at Glencoe—No. 18, passenger, 7:55 a. m.; No. 12, express, 2:40 p. m.; No. 34, mixed, 6:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 634, Sundays included, 12:27 p. m.; No. 672, 6:10 p. m. Westbound—No. 671, 9:25 a. m.; No. 633, Sundays included, 6:30 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE.

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m. Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:15 a. m.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC

S. S. LINE

Donaldson S. S. Line
Allan S. S. Line
White Star S. S. Line
Royal S. S. Line

Tickets issued both outward and prepaid for the above lines.

R. CLANAHAN Ticket Agent
GLENCOE

EASY SHOES

THIS SEASON'S STYLES

are ready for your selection in styles that are pretty and graceful. Every detail of fit and finish are perfect in our shoes. Call and examine and try them on.

MODERN SHOE STORE
MAIN STREET

George Wilson, municipal and division court clerk, is confined to his bed with a serious illness as a result of a recent attack of the grippe.

The curlers are having a season of excellent sport. Nearly all the local competitions have been played off and results will be announced shortly.

A mock trial will be held under the auspices of the Guild of the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening, March 21st. A good time is expected.

The Militia Act provides that every person who obstructs any corps or portion thereof on march or elsewhere shall incur a penalty not exceeding \$100.

A. F. Johnston, of Merlin, was in town last week. He has made arrangements to reopen his store at Merlin, where he was burned out a few weeks ago.

T. J. Grover, of Flaxcombe, Sask., who has been spending the winter here, returned to the West on Monday and was accompanied by his sister, Nurse Lila Grover.

It may not be generally known that anyone found guilty of hindering or preventing in any way men enlisting is guilty of felony and is liable to two years' imprisonment.

A number of the members of D Company, Glencoe, are attending the special course for non-commissioned officers for the 135th Battalion which opened at London on Monday.

A number from Glencoe and vicinity attended the prohibition demonstration in Toronto last week. A few of them bore mark of the rough treatment experienced by the procession.

George Wilson has tendered his resignation of the office of municipal clerk of Glencoe and the council is holding a special meeting and will appoint Charles George his successor.

A fourth advance of 10 cents per hundred lbs. took place last week on all grades of refined sugar, and a further advance of 15 cents was announced on Tuesday. Prepare to tap your maples.

J. C. Watterworth has resigned his position as blockman for the International Harvester Company after being thirteen years on the road. He purposes remaining at home and handling a local business.

Bishop Farthing of Montreal says that "God Save the King" is a hymn and a prayer, and not sign for putting on coats. "Tis said, but true, that the average audience seems to prefer to do its praying on the way home."

The following members of D Company 135th Battalion are taking the non-commissioned officers' course at London:—Sergeant Richard Blacklock, Corp. C. Stinson, Lance Corporals A. Sutton, J. Southin, Harry Hicks and J. Darke.

On the occasion of the presentation of the colors to the 70th Battalion at London on Friday the Grand Trunk will give a special excursion rate of a fare for the third for the round trip, good going evening trains on Thursday and all trains on Friday, returning up to Saturday evening.

The editor of every local newspaper is under obligation to all who bring in items of news, and to those who bring them early. As the time for going to press draws near, time and space become more crowded and greater condensation or cancellation of valuable contributions becomes necessary.

The Government has issued instructions to the police throughout the province to summon dilatory owners of motor cars who have not secured their licenses and must do so by the 1st of the month.

The usual time allowed for securing new licenses is thirty days after Jan. 1st, but in view of the fact that the application blanks were not sent out until about Feb. 1st, the time was extended, but they must now be secured.

A correspondent writes:—The U. S. Government has been lately investigating the price of gasoline and finds that the stores of it and production are greater proportionately than ever were known before. There was more than 15 per cent. of the 1915 output stored up for use this year, so it does not look like any famine when the truth is known. Even if it remained at its present price it would not make more than \$15 or \$20 difference to the pocket of the average user in a season, at most.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Russell Parish was home from Detroit for the week-end.

—Miss Millie Gardiner spent Sunday with her sister in London.

—Mrs. R. P. McFarley is improving after a protracted illness.

—Mrs. W. A. Currie is at the millinery openings in Toronto this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Currie returned to their home in Alberta on Saturday.

—Mrs. Angus Elliott and son George have returned home after spending some time here.

—John Oldrieve is making good recovery from a severe illness with appendicitis.

—Mrs. Mary McAlpine was in London last week attending the funeral of the late Miss Margaret Auld.

—A. M. Graham is in Toronto attending school of instruction on Chevrolet cars.

—Miss Winnie Poole was home from London Normal for the week-end.

—Trooper Wallace Scott, of the Mounted Rifles, is visiting at Duncan A. McCallum's.

—John E. Hull has been confined to his bed for some days with a severe attack of the grippe.

—Mrs. D. A. McCallum and Mrs. Chas. Gould attended the funeral of the late Mrs. E. A. Dobie in Detroit last week.

—Miss Wilhelmina Hull is home from her school near Lindsay for a couple of weeks, the school having been closed owing to an epidemic of measles in the section.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Beckton were in London on Wednesday of last week attending the funeral of the late Miss Margaret Auld, a cousin of Mr. Beckton's.

—Mrs. Edward Galbraith and son, Joseph Wilson, left on Tuesday for her home in Limerick, Sask., after a six months' visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Squire, Glencoe.

HOW LONG WILL THE WAR LAST?

The War Against Health Is Quickly Ended By "Fruit-a-tives".



MRS. DEWOLFE

East Ship Harbour, N.S. "It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For years I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, I feel like a new person and I am deeply thankful to have relief from those sickening Headaches."

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE. "FRUIT-A-TIVES", the medicine made from fruit juices, has relieved more sufferers from Headaches, Constipation, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery. 05tf

Marriage licenses issued by D. H. McRae, Strathburn. 05tf

For sale—good cow, due to calve in May.—Wm. Gilbert, Glencoe.

Keith's millinery opening Thursday, March 25th, and following days.

A few second-hand sewing machines for sale cheap at Alex. McNeil's store.

If you want good values in shoes and rubbers, go to Sexsmith's. Repairing a specialty.

The Capleton photographic studio will be open every day, except Sunday, until further notice. 08

Miss Tena Elliott is receiving pupils in Elocution and Physical Culture on Thursdays and Saturdays.

Last opportunity to get furniture bargains at McEay & Munroe's old stand, as store will be closed in a few days.

For sale—1 horse, 7 years old, about 1,200 lbs., also corn on the cob.—L. H. Cloonan, Box 6, Longwoods Road, Mossa; Route 1, Glencoe.

If you have the "blues", come and laugh at "The Awful Possum" in the picture show next Saturday night. Prices 10 and 15 cents.

"Till the Sands of the Desert Grow Cold" is an interesting story and a thrilling romance, and will be seen at the picture show next Saturday night.

A box social will be held in the schoolhouse, S. S. No. 4, Ekfrid, on Friday evening, March 17th. Splendid program of music, with singing by Charlie Auld. Proceeds for erecting church sheds.

There is no doubt in the minds of the public from the evidence in the hands of the authorities that a conviction in favor of plaintiff will be given, when the case between Adolph Ambler and Jess Ketchum comes up for trial next Tuesday evening.

Tom Marks will return to Glencoe with his splendid company and Highland band for one night only—Monday, March 20th, presenting the four act comedy-drama "The Irish Attorney" and seven new vaudeville numbers. Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c. Seats reserved at Scott's drug store. Keep this date open.

Right in line for the spring shoe trade. Our stock of spring shoes has arrived and is ready for sale. A fuller and better line than ever. We are prepared to offer some of the best values in shoes ever offered. Shoes for everyone—the babies, the children, the boys and girls, the men and women. The very latest and best, at reasonable prices. A pleasure to show them. Come and see them before purchasing elsewhere. A full line of groceries always in stock. Fresh fish a specialty in season.—C. George. 05tf

—Mrs. Levi Smith held a very pretty reception on Tuesday afternoon for her sister, Mrs. Warren Clifford, who arrived in Glencoe last week in London. The hostess was becomingly attired in green taffeta, and the bride received in her wedding gown of Brussels net over white silk. Carrie Smith, niece of the bride, who was the dainty little flower girl at the wedding, attended the dog.

Mrs. Sutherland ushered to the tea room, where Mrs. John D. Smith presided and poured tea, assisted by Miss Lorna Luckham and Miss Estella Smith. Miss Pearl George rendered suitable music at the piano. The reception room was decorated with carnations and ferns and the tea room was in ferns and shamrock, and centered with cream roses. Mrs. Clifford is well and popularly known in Glencoe where she resided for some time.

Homeseekers' Excursions to The Land of Wheat.

Homeseekers' Excursions to West-Central Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday, March 7th to October 31st inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Metcalfe Council.

Meeting of Metcalfe township council held Monday, March 6. Members all present.

On motion of Campbell and Denning the following accounts were ordered to be paid:—Dispatch, \$12; printing; Treasurer of Brooke, \$56.70, townline account 1915; J. B. McNeil, \$2, shovelling snow Brooke and Metcalfe townline, half to Brooke div. 3; Angus McLean, \$1.50, shovelling snow Currie road, con. 3, div. 2; C. A. Munroe, \$4, services as deputy returning officer; Wesley Inch, \$16.20, 900 4-inch tile Brooke and Metcalfe townline, half to Brooke div. 2; Jas. Brown, \$2.75, help surveying Ward drain, and \$2, grading sidewalk 3, con. 12, div. 4; Sylvester Brown, \$4, services as deputy returning officer, and \$3, use of hat; R. Ward, \$5, help surveying Morrow drain; G. J. Giles, \$2, help surveying Ward drain.

A deputation from the Bethel Red Cross Circle asked the council for a grant of a monthly sum.

Moved by Denning and Hawken, that consideration of the same be laid over to next council meeting.

Moved by McCallum and Campbell, that the Circle be paid \$12 per month during the pleasure of the council. Carried.

The council adjourned and opened as a court of revision on the Ward drain. The appeal of John Beckett was heard, but on motion of Denning and Campbell no action was taken.

The council then resumed general business.

Moved by Campbell and McCallum, that Mrs. C. J. Towers be paid \$12 for Red Cross Circle for March.

Moved by Denning and Hawken, that the collector's roll be accepted and that H. McLean be paid \$80 salary and \$1.50 postage.

Council adjourned to Monday, April 3rd at 10 a. m.

HARRY THOMPSON, Clerk.

London Presbytery, at its meeting last week, declared anew its approval of the basis of church union, but viewed with disfavor the consummation of the union at the present time.

The first report of the Dominion analyst on the inspection of maple syrup and maple sugar under the new law, shows 102 samples out of 243 to be genuine, while 42 are adulterated, according to the standard laid down by the new act. A number of others are doubtful. It is illegal now to offer for sale any product under a name including the word "maple" unless it is a product of the maple sap. The question of purity is fixed by the amount of water and other constituents.

ASKS \$800, AWARDED \$423. Mrs. E. J. Robertson sued for Boarding Her Niece After Mother's Death.

In the County Court Mrs. Eliza J. Robertson sued her brother-in-law, Frank Shaw, of Sunderland, for \$800 for boarding his daughter from September 10, 1909, until May 10, 1915. Mrs. Robertson said that she had kept the girl from the time of her mother's death until her marriage in 1915, and charged the rate of \$5 a week.

The defendant stated that his daughter lived at Mrs. Robertson's at the request of his wife. He disputed the amount charged, and declared that he had supplied the plaintiff with butter and eggs.

Judge Coatsworth allowed Mrs. Robertson \$423.—Toronto Star.

There is nothing equal to Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction.

AUCTION SALES

Farm stock and implements and some household effects, on south half lot 3, con. 4, Ekfrid, on Thursday, March 16, at 1 o'clock Albert Perry, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

On north half lot 14, con. 1, Ekfrid, Friday, March 17th, 1916, at one o'clock sharp—1 mare, heavy; 1 mare, 7 years old, by Nubility; 1 mare, good driver, in foal by Oakland Audubon; 1 gelding, 3 years old, heavy, broken; 1 two-year-old gelding, by Imperial Star; 1 sucking calf, 6 ly, by Lewis; 1 aged mare, 1 fresh milch cow, 1 cow, due to calve April 1st; 4 cows, supposed to be in calf; 2 milch cows, milking now, due in Aug.; 1 heifer, supposed to be in calf; 1 heifer, with calf by side; 1 heifer, due about April 1st; 3 2-year-old heifers, in good condition; 5 2-year-old steers, 4 yearling steers and heifers, 1 c-h, 5 months old; 1 calf, 2 weeks old; 1 Durham bull, eligible for registration; 12 ewes, supposed to be in lamb; 1 sow, supposed to be in pig; 5 boats, 20 hens, 1 binder, Deering, nearly new; 1 m-w-m, Massey-Harris; 1 hay loader, Massey-Harris; 1 manure spreader, Frost & Wood, in good order; 1 disk harrow, 1 lance-tooth harrow, 1 straight-tooth harrow, 1 steel hand roller, 1 set of sleighs, 1 cutter, 1 gone plow, 1 s-l-k ing plow, 1 sugar beet cultivator, 1 corn scuffler, 1 top buggy, 1 gravel box, 1 hay rack, car, fork, slings and 50 ft. of new rope, and pulleys; 1 flanging mill, 1 barrel churn, 1 set double heavy harness, 1 set single light harness, a quantity of hay, 100 bushels of oats, and a quantity of mixed grain; 1 wheelbarrow, forks, shovels, chains, etc., and other articles usually used on a farm. Roy Eddie, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

We carry a Full Line of Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith Plumber

IDEAL WIRE FENCE

Now is the time to buy your Fence. The price is as low as it will be; in fact, there have been several raises lately, but our buying last fall enables us to sell at the low prices.

Ideal Fence is made of all No. 9 hard steel wire, well galvanized, and is well known as the evenest woven wire fence on the market. A carload taken into stock.

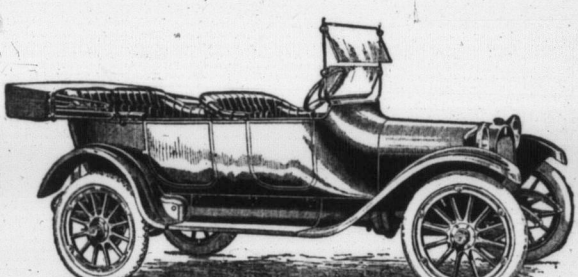
JAMES WRIGHT & SON
McCLARY'S RANGES SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

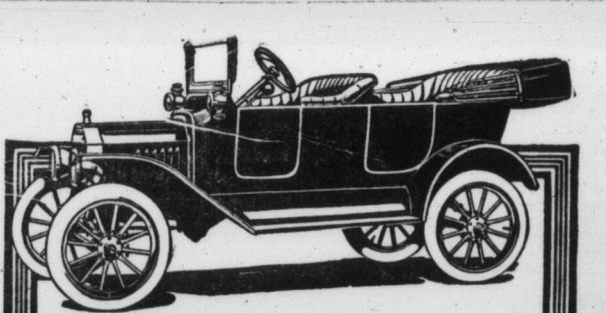
Your enthusiasm over one feature has scarcely subsided before you discover that another and then another reaches the same high plane.

The full floating rear axle seems to stand out as an extraordinary value until you discover other values equally important—as, for instance, the Chrome-Vanadium steel springs, the Chrome-Vanadium steel gears, the Timken bearings, the real leather upholstery, etc.

The wheelbase is 110 inches. The price of the car complete is \$1100, duty paid on b. b. Detroit.



Wm. McCallum - Glencoe
Phones - Garage 88; Residence 95r2



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car
Price \$530

Take a little comfort as you go—especially if you can combine it with profit. The man who owns a Ford has provided healthful enjoyment for his entire family and equipped himself with an economical servant as well.

The Ford Runabout is \$480; the Coupelet \$730; the Sedan \$800; the Town Car \$780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale in Glencoe at Alex. Duncanson's.



A Tenderfoot's Wooing

By CLIVE PHILLIPPS WOLLEY

(Author of "Gold, Gold in Cariboo," Etc.)

CHAPTER VI. (cont'd.)

Yes, better; a good deal better. Jim tried to break into the conversation.

"That's a bad racket, Boss, about those cattle thieves," he said, and his own voice seemed hard and unnecessarily loud. "They will be making a hole in your pile this season."

"Mrs. Rolt tells me that you found a branded hide in one of the Chilcooten's old camps."

"Found an ear, anyways, but I'm scared that that is not all. Davies' murderer is out again with Khelewan's band. It means mischief."

"What ought we to do about that?" "If we want to stop it we've got to catch some of the thieves and make an example of them. You know what Indians are if you let them get away with you."

Then you would organize a posse and hunt them. It might be as well, but could we leave the Indians to look after the ranch for a week?"

"Might as well. The work is pretty well forward, and Mr. Anstruther could look after the ladies."

"What do you say to that, Kitty?" asked the Boss.

"Certainly, if Mr. Anstruther's whole soul is not in the cattle."

Anstruther muttered something in his low drawing voice which the others did not catch, but Kitty's answer was sufficiently audible.

"Oh," she laughed, "that is not nearly, Mr. Anstruther. It's cattle first and cattle all the time with the men."

"Cattle are naturally rather important on a ranch, my dear," put in Mrs. Rolt. "We Western people have to work for our daily bread, and that is what the cattle mean to us."

"Some people work in England," retorted Kitty, tossing her pretty head, "but they don't bring their work to all their meals."

It was as near a slap in the face as Mrs. Rolt had ever received at her own table, and for a moment an uncomfortable silence fell upon them all, but Anstruther saved the situation.

"I don't think we should have done well on the prairie to-night, Mrs. Rolt. Do you hear how the wind is getting up?"

It needed no training of ears to hear it.

For a spell there would be silence or only thick whispering round the corners of the old house, and then an angry shaking of every casement in the building as if some strong man was trying to find a place to make an entry.

Again there would be a pause, followed by a long wailing cry, and the grinding and shrieking of the thousand branches of the pines around the house, while again would come that wrenching and straining at the casements.

It's going to be an early winter," said Jim, "I guess that's why all the cattle are coming in."

No one heard her say anything, but Kitty's mutinous little face could speak without words.

"Let us have some music," said Rolt, rising and opening the door for the ladies. "It is stormy outside, and I fancy you ladies want your nerves soothing after that hard ride."

The two went out, and when they had gone the Boss stood pulling his long mustache in a way he had when he was annoyed. Then he went over to Jim and laid his hand kindly on his shoulder.

"Do you really think that we ought to go out?"

"I do, Sure."

"And you think that it is safe to leave Anstruther only with the women?" He spoke in a low tone, and he seemed to be asking more than his words implied.

"That's his place, sir."

"I don't know so much about that. Anstruther is very much of a man if he does carry a high polish. But do you wish it to be so?"

Jim looked squarely in the face and understood him.

"Yes, Boss, I think so."

The Boss threw his cigarette into the fire-place. He, too, had his dreams, and understood.

"All right, then, have it your own way. Tell the men quietly what you mean to do. You can trust them all, I suppose."

"Every last mother's son of them."

"All right, then. Of course I shall come with you."

Jim opened his mouth to protest.

"My cattle, Jim," was all that was needed to stop him. "When you have told them, come into the drawing-room; the wife wants you."

It was a "one man's show," to Jim's mind, when he did enter that dainty room in which Mrs. Rolt had gathered round her all her treasures, a room almost startlingly in contrast to the rest of the house, and its surroundings; one of those rooms which speak so plainly of that past which many up-country people have left behind them.

It was not only the phonographs, framed and otherwise, which the room was littered, which called to you, nor the two or three exquisite landscapes of Old Country scenery; not even the little cabinet with its collection of miniatures, Rolts and Vernons, bejeweled and uniformed, or patched and powdered, after the various fashions of their sex and of the days in which they had lived; not these, nor even the great bowls of flowers which it was Mary Rolt's labor of love to raise with infinite trouble in her green house in spite of the elements; rather was it the pervading atmosphere of the room, the visible expression of a loyal loving heart which, whilst it would tolerate no word against the new house, sweetened all things with its memories of the old.

It has been the work of such women as Mrs. Rolt to keep alive the spirit of England on the wildest and most ragged edges of the earth, and it may even be that for those who love the England of their childhood, they would find more of it in such distant colonial homes than they would to-day within the sound of Bow Bells.

Conditions change, but memory is faithful.

When he entered it, that room was almost too full of English memories for poor Jim Combe. The women were tired, and a little rift had appeared within the lute which had temporarily marred the harmony of their friendship, and Anstruther, seeing this, was busy charming them back to their most sweet natural selves.

Unasked and without any preface, he had seated himself down to the piano, and sometimes playing, sometimes singing softly to himself, he led them from ray to grave, from Sullivan to Beethoven, from "Little Yum-Yum" to "Douglas, tender and true," but never once away from that holy of holies, which the English call Home.

And as he played or sang, he talked to his lady, not in the foolish modern phrases, but in the music of the masters, and the words of love's great poets, until Jim, hating him the more, felt hope fading very far away.

"What a fool I have been," thought Jim. "I see it all now. Doves do not mate with hawks, and what possible use is my brute strength and woodcraft against this man's magic."

Such skill as Jim had might light on the dainty thing upon whom he had set his heart was never meant for the stress of hard living.

The voice of her own world was calling to her, and of course she would go back to it, and he could not blame her; but how he hated the other fellow.

"Thank you, Mr. Anstruther," said Mrs. Rolt, at last, as he paused for a moment. "You have been to us what David was to Saul, I think. But we must not make you do all the work. Won't you give us one song, Jim? Sing 'Somebody's a-calling'." Mr. Anstruther has carried us all off to England, I think, and I want somebody to call me home again.

Her hand was lying on the little Japanese table by the side of her chair, and in the fire-light the Boss's great fist closed over it.

He appreciated his mate's loyalty to himself and his chosen profession. Before the advent of Mr. Anstruther, Jim had whiled away many a long evening for the ranch folk with his mellow baritone, untrained it is true but full and sweet as a thrush's voice,

so that he could hardly refuse Mrs. Rolt's request.

"The herds are gathered in from plain and hill. Who's that a-calling? The boys are sleeping and the ranch is still. Who's that a-calling so sweet?"

he sang, and the old days came back to him. In spite of himself Kitty's face softened, and beneath her closed lids she saw the pictures in which the stranger had no part.

"Yes, that is pretty," said Anstruther critically, when the song had come to a close, "especially the air and that one verse, but the rest of it is but weak isn't it? It seems to me that fellows don't think the words matter nowadays."

"Especially in your favorite comic operas. There is not much poetry about the 'Colonel on his little tin ge-gee,' or your 'Singularly deep young man,' is there?" asked Mrs. Rolt.

"I did not think that people went to the comic operas for poetry?"

"Those seem to be about the only things they do go to."

"Perhaps, and yet you know we have some songs in the Old Country which hardly need the music to make them beautiful."

"Old songs?"

Yes, and the modern songs, too. Is there no dignity in this?" and rising, he went again to the piano and sang Pollock's noble song, in which a modern has for once caught the chivalrous spirit of the past.

"It is not mine to sing the stately grace, The great soul beaming in my lady's face. But mine it is to follow in her train, Do her behests in pleasure or in pain, Burn at her altar love's sweet frankincense, And worship her with distant reverence."

Nature had been kind to Frank Anstruther. There was no startling beauty in his face, but he had in an altogether uncommon degree, that highly-bred grace, without which no man should dare to sing those courtly words. When his song closed, even Mrs. Rolt could not help admitting, "Yes, that is best."

Whatever Kitty thought, it was left unsaid, but there was no reassurance for Jim Combe in the cold bow with which she bade him good-night.

It was "another victory for the Old Country."

(To be Continued.)

THE CZAR'S LITTLE WAR.

Fascinating Episodes on the Northern Front.

When the history of the Russian guerrilla warfare on the northern front, during the last winter is written it will prove a fascinating and remarkable story. Although little has appeared about it in the press, it has accomplished some important results, and the General Staff has frequently commended it in the highest terms. The people speak of it as "our little war."

Through the long winter months, when the regular operations are impossible, the Russians have kept at this guerrilla activity with the idea of wearing down the Germans and undermining their morale.

Late last autumn schemes for the conduct of guerrilla warfare were invited from the army, while it was still engaged in the long and steady withdrawal before the German invasion. Every smart young officer has tended to draw up his ideas of the best means of wearing down the enemy. The plan finally adopted was one proposed by a young cavalry officer. His scheme encouraged officers and men to volunteer for this dangerous service by assuring them of promotion, honors and money rewards, care being taken to frame the conditions so that only the best men of any rank had a chance of getting into the new branch of service. One of the conditions was that nothing whatever was to be published of the exploits of those chosen, and the only occasion when this rule has been broken was when the author of the scheme captured two German generals and their whole staff and escort in the Pinsk marshlands.

The work has been going on without intermission throughout the winter over the whole northern front. The enemy has never known a quiet night anywhere within 50 miles of his front trenches, and in some sections this feeling of threatened security was made to extend a hundred miles into the territory occupied by the Germans. Storehouses were fired, ammunition trains exploded, trains derailed, bridges dynamited, telegraph wires cut, officers and dispatch riders waylaid, villages filled with exhausted sleeping men were attacked or set on fire—this was the kind of exploit that the Russian guerrillas kept up continuously. Its nearest counterpart is found in the guerrilla activity which so harassed the northern troops during the American Civil War, except that the Russian scheme has been far more complete.

The Germans at first sought a remedy in reprisals upon the scanty remaining population of the occupied districts, but after a short time they began to realize that this was a mistake, as it only added to the numbers of their intangible foes.

The Farm

Transplanted Onions.

Most of us are beginning to think about our garden for the coming summer, and one of the vegetables which nearly everyone grows is onions.

The opinion seems to be prevalent that Spanish onions cannot be successfully grown under our conditions. This is by no means the case, since very good crops of some varieties of these Spanish varieties have been secured in various parts of Ontario. Nearly any good garden soil can grow good onions of this type, and they make a valuable acquisition to any family garden.

It is necessary to sow the seed in the house or greenhouse about March 1st, and from the seed flats they are transplanted to the field, or garden, the plants being placed about five inches apart in the row. On good soil there is no reason why onions weighing a pound each or more cannot be secured, and it is more economical to grow a few of these onions at home for table purposes than to pay five cents a pound for them at the stores. They must be kept free of all weeds of course, and given good cultivation, but are really no harder to grow than any other onions, once they are planted in the field.

There are several good varieties of this type, among them being the Denia, Yellow Prizetaker and Gibraltar. The Denia is supposed to be a superior strain of the Yellow Prizetaker, and consequently sells for a high price. Seedsmen ask 20c per ounce for Yellow Prizetaker and one dollar per ounce for Denia. Ordinarily one-half ounce of onion seed when drilled in, will be sufficient for one hundred feet of row, but with transplanted onions, not nearly so much would be required. Seed enough to sow a small box in the house will be enough to plant in the ordinary home garden and usually quite a few more.—Harold S. Fry, B.S.A., Ontario Agricultural College.

Farmstead Improvement.

The size of a farm business is not necessarily measured or limited by the number of acres in a farm. One of the field men of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, engaged in farm survey work, reports the case of a Wisconsin farmer, so situated as to make it impossible for him to buy or rent more land, who solved the problem of small acreage by "speeding up" the 80 acres that he had.

This farmer's first move was to dispose of his scrub cows and to replace them with grades and pure-breds; next, without great expense, he improved the sanitary condition of his barns. He established a cropping system based on corn and alfalfa, choosing the latter rather than clover because on his farm it produces at least 50 per cent. more feed per acre than does clover, and is much more dependable.

Pastures have now entirely disappeared from this farm, because its owner has demonstrated that 1 acre of corn and 1 of alfalfa together furnish him with more feed than do 5 acres of pasture. His improved, well-fed herd, housed in a clean, well-lighted and thoroughly ventilated barn, is yielding him more than double the milk he formerly got from his scrub herd. Furthermore, the quality of the milk has improved, and he demands and gets the price of a first-class article.

The largely increased net income which this farmer now receives from the sale of milk and of pure-bred cattle is based on the comparatively small 80-acre farm, and the only reason why he has been able to do this is because he has augmented his business without entailing any increase in the size of his farm.

A comparison of this farm with other dairy farms recently studied by the department indicates that the example of this Wisconsin man might well be followed in general, by any dairy farmer who lives where dairy products are high priced and who has a low-grade herd, provided he has sufficient knowledge of cattle to give high-class dairy cows the care that they demand.

Feeding the Orchard.

In the large commercial orchard, the owner supplies manure and fertilizers even more abundantly than the grain or stock farmer does for his crops of corn or roots. As the average farmer would not consider growing his herd crops without fertilizer of some kind, so the fruit-grower does not expect his trees to bear him a profitable crop of apples without feeding them. But where the fruit grower is only a side-line the trees are usually woefully neglected, drawing nourishment from the same soil for twenty-five or thirty years with only an occasional dressing of manure, and yet they are expected to bear large, high-colored apples every year. It is too much to expect of the trees. If first-class apples are desired for winter use, the trees require the best attention. Plan to give the old orchard a liberal supply of good, farmyard manure this spring. Do not put it just around the trunk, but cover all the ground, as the little feeders of the roots extend out as far as the

You may be deceived

some day by an imitation of

"SALADA"

and possibly you will not detect this imitation until the tea-pot reveals it. Demand always the genuine "Salada" in the sealed aluminum packet, and see that you get it, if you want that unique flavour of fresh, clean leaves properly prepared and packed.

MOTHER'S WISH GRATIFIED.

The King Gets Leave of Absence for a Corporal.

The King's great kindness towards his soldiers and sympathy for their relatives has long been known, and more than once has he intervened to secure, in an urgent case, leave for some "Tommy" to visit his loved ones at home.

An incident of this character has just come to light. It concerns a soldier who was refused leave to visit his dying mother, a Mrs. Thuey, who lives in Forest Gate, London.

She has four sons, all of them in the army, and Cecil, who is a corporal in the 2nd East Anglian Brigade, R.F.A., has been in France for three months. Recently the widow was seized with a dangerous illness, and craved for a sight of her boy Cecil.

Her daughter wrote, urging him to get leave and come home at once, if he wanted to see his mother alive. The corporal presented the communication to his captain, who told him there was no chance of leave, as he could not be spared.

The poor soldier wrote back to his sister (Mrs. Fifford by name) telling her that he could not get home to see mother, as all leave had been stopped. The sister then telegraphed to his captain, but he only replied, "Sorry, he cannot be spared."

All this time the poor, stricken mother was calling for her boy, and in desperation Mrs. Fifford decided to appeal to the King. King George, who has always been interested in such genuine cases, and willing to help, approached the War Office, with the result that leave was granted to the corporal.

A letter from the King was received by Mrs. Fifford, and also a communication from the War Office which ran:

Madam,—In reply to your petition to the King, which has been forwarded to this Department, I am commanded by the Army Council to acquaint you that a telegram has been sent to the military authorities overseas asking that leave may be granted to your brother, Corporal C. Thuey, as an exceptional case.

I am, your obedient servant, B. B. CUBITT.

Thus it happened that one night when the young corporal was sitting brooding on a bale of hay, his eyes sad, and an anxious expression on his face as he wondered if he would ever see his sick mother again, an orderly shouted in his ear

"Corporal Thuey, the captain wants to see you."

In hot haste Thuey went to the officer, who told him to saddle up at once, and a guide would take him ten miles across country to a station, where he would catch a coast-bound train and get home.

In a few minutes he was in the saddle and dashing to catch his train.

Without loss of time he was at his mother's bedside cheering her up, and tenderly brushing aside her tears of joy. The sight of her loved boy had a wonderful effect on the old lady, who, although still very ill, is expected to recover.

The young corporal is back at the front, but his heart is lighter, for he has seen his old mother, and he knows she is on the road to good health again.

WOMEN IN OIL WORKS.

An Experiment That Is Being Tried at Broxburn, England.

In Broxburn, (England), Oil Works female workers have been introduced for the first time in the history of the trade, the management making the experiment in the candlemaking department, where business is at present very brisk on account of the ordinary trade being supplemented by large Government contracts for the War Office as well as other supplies intended for various parts of France. The yield of paraffin wax from the company's works is plentiful, and the only difficulty preventing due fulfillment of orders has been the scarcity of labor.

The women will be paid 15s per week during the three weeks' course of training in the making of candles, after which they will be put in charge of two or more machines, and will receive payment according to production at the same rate as male workers. The employment of women, it is understood, will only continue while pressure lasts. The Home office representatives who visited the works recently are believed to have indicated that the candle department was the only place in the works where women could be introduced.

NEURALGIA STIFF NECK BRUISES KILLS PAIN

Why bear those pains?

A single bottle will convince you

Sloan's Liniment

Prevents Inflammation. Arrests severe complications. Just put a few drops on the painful spot and the pain disappears.

NEURALGIA STIFF NECK BRUISES KILLS PAIN

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SOLDIERS LEAVE

SOME ODD WILLS

DYING BEQUESTS ARE HASTILY WRITTEN.

Penned on Gloves, Cuffs, Belts, Helmets, Backs of Letters, Etc.

Never before have so many men of property been fighting in the ranks of the British army as in the present war, and one of the probable results will be that will be inscribed on all sorts of strange objects may be filed at Somerset House in London. The soldier is supposed to make his will before going on active service, and the majority of those forming the new army are likely to do so, but here and there will be found some who have put it off, and put it off until it is almost too late.

In former wars many a strange will has been admitted to probate; a will hastily scribbled on an odd bit of paper, the back of a letter or elsewhere, has been found on a mortally wounded man. Dying bequests have been written on the old pipe-clayed belt, on a pugaree, in the fly-leaf of a pocket Bible, and on one occasion by means of a Martini bullet a testament was roughly scrawled on a cavalry man's glove.

"I Want My Mother to Have All."

It has been said that a soldier lying dying beneath a rock in Afghanistan in Lord Roberts' famous campaign, with his finger dipped into his own blood wrote on a stone:—"I want mother to have all." A guardsmen killed at Belmont, in the South African war, managed to inscribe a short will on his helmet, a bullet being the pen. Another private in the same war made his will on an odd piece of brown paper, writing in chalk.

However, it is not only soldiers who leave makeshift wills in this manner. Legend says that a shipwrecked man wrote a will on a plank, while some wills drafted in ordinary circumstances have been written on any odd scrap. One was written on an old envelope torn open, while it is said that H. C. Richards, at one time M.P. for Finsbury, used some House of Commons notepaper, a letter card, and a bit of foreign notepaper.

A lawyer sent for hurriedly by a farmer living in the wilds forgot to take any paper, and a hasty search revealed nothing suitable in the house. Time was pressing, and the dying man dictated his will, which was written in chalk on the hearthstone, the testator being lifted out of bed to append a hasty signature.

In another case the paper was there, but the only ink bottle was dry, and a pencil was not forthcoming. Fortunately a child's slate and pencil were discovered, and the dying man signed his will, one revoking former bequests to relatives.

A Shop-girl's Fortune.

More romantic than any of these cases was that of a will leaving a fortune of \$130,000 to a Hungarian girl who served in a bootmaker's shop. A bachelor customer who frequented the shop one day told the girl he was going to leave her all his property. Not believing his tale of wealth, as he did not appear to be rich, she only laughed.

However, he said: "I really mean it," and unfastening his links, he placed his cuff on the counter and wrote a will with a fountain pen. Calling two apprentices to sign as witnesses, he left the shop, the girl and her companions thinking it a good joke. But shortly after leaving he was knocked down by a motor while crossing the road, and a few days later the amazed shop-girl learned she was an heiress.

A man suffering from illness in Lancashire took some narcotic poison while visiting his daughter's house. He was found dead on a sofa with a will written on his shirt front, with the message: "I can stand this no longer. Good-bye," while a Lincolnshire laborer wrote his "will" with chalk on a manger near which he hanged himself. A Belgian suicide scratched his dying testament with a nail on a sheet of rusty iron.

FASHIONS SET BY SOLDIERS.

Alexander's Smooth Face Style to be Changed by Present War.

Alexander the Great is said to be responsible for men shaving their faces. When his phalanx swept into Asia, the beards of his soldiers were found to be a source of danger to themselves. In hand to hand encounters with the enemy the latter were found to possess too great an advantage in being able to grasp the beard. As a matter of military necessity Alexander ordered all his fighting men to shave. To-day in the trenches of Europe soldiers are permitting their beards to grow as a protection against cold—again a necessity of war—and doubtless the wearing of beards will be very generally revived in consequence.

Decision Deferred.

"How are you going to like your new neighbors?"

"Can't tell. I happened to be out when their furniture was moved in."

GOOD DIGESTION. When your digestion is faulty, weakness and pain are certain and disease is invited.

FOR 40 YEARS THE STANDARD REMEDY

MOTHER'S SEIGEL'S SYRUP

FOR STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLE

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WHITE & CO. LIMITED, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 4

GERMANY MUST PROPOSE PEACE, AND SHE MUST DO SO AT ONCE

Outspoken Article by Maximilian Harden in which He Presents the Internal Difficulties of the Empire.

A despatch from London says: Maximilian Harden is most outspoken in an article in Die Zukunft, which has been received here. He makes a strong demand for peace, and urges that the German Government start negotiations immediately.

"Germany," he says, "has heaped victory upon victory. Upon her therefore devolves the duty of making an offer of peace. Such an offer could only add to, and not diminish her prestige. It would be proof of her strength, not weakness. Besides, Germany must propose peace, because she is in need of peace. Germany is victorious in the field, but internally she is beset with difficulties. We cannot deny that the preparations for the third harvest are more difficult than for the second, humanity."

NEW SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN HAS ENJOYED NO SUCCESS

Lord Robert Cecil Declares Navy is Able to Deal With Any Manifestation of Frightfulness.

A despatch from London says: Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, in discussing the new German submarine campaign and its possible consequences, said:

As yet there is no indication of any success being enjoyed by the new submarine campaign, but it is dangerous to prophesy. However, the navy probably will be able to deal with any new manifestation of frightfulness. There is really nothing new in the German submarine memorandum, "We do not yet lack men, but we can no longer procure certain raw materials."

"Meanwhile, our war expenditure is increasing to an alarming extent. At the end of three years of war we should have lost every one of the commercial markets where we had established positions which were seemingly unassailable."

"If Germany waits longer she will find herself reduced to obey the will of her enemies. It thus becomes necessary that she invite the world to conclude peace. This invitation may be interpreted as a sign of weakness, but that matters little. If our offers are declined we shall have fulfilled the final duty which our conscience dictates toward Europe and toward more difficult than for the second, humanity."

FOE TROOPS DRIVEN FURTHER BACK

French Forces Make More Progress in Corbeaux Woods.

A despatch from Paris says: Re-assuring news is coming in from the battle front near Verdun. The struggle for the west bank of the Meuse continues, with the Germans repeatedly hurling massive formations against the French defenses. The manner in which the assaults have been repulsed has strengthened the popular belief that the huge German offensive is doomed to fail. The hottest fighting has been taking place on the line between Douaumont and Vaux. At the latter point several fierce attempts have been made to carry the village, but all have been repulsed. The losses suffered by the Germans in the most recent fighting are stated as enormous, exceeding the toll taken by the mitrailleuses and the 75's of the French in the beginning of the battle. On the west side of the Meuse the woods of Corbeaux have been the scene of repeated attacks. Thursday night the French are said to be in possession of the much-disputed bit of territory.

BOATS MAY MOVE
ABOUT APRIL FIRST.

Ice breakers ready to begin operations this week.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: Ice conditions seem favorable to an early opening of navigation. The ice breaking tug will be ready for orders to cut a channel any time after March 15, and the first of April may see the boats moving. Grain in the elevators at the head of the lakes totals approximately 35,000,000 bushels.

BRITISH DRIVE OFF
A GERMAN SEAPLANE.

A despatch from London says: A German seaplane was sighted approaching North Foreland about noon on Saturday. It was pursued by British aeroplanes from Dover, and flew seaward.

ONLY 16 ARMENIANS LEFT ALIVE WHEN RUSSIANS TOOK ERZERUM

40,000 Driven Out a Few Days Before Czar's Troops Arrived and All Massacred by Kurds.

A despatch from London says: The Russian found only sixteen Armenians alive in Erzerum out of the usual Armenian population of 40,000 according to information received in Peking and forwarded by Reuters' correspondent in the Russian Capital. "The Turkish inhabitants of Erzerum," the correspondent adds, "stated that a few days before the capture of the fortress by the Russians all the Armenians in the town were driven out by the police in a westerly direction, where the Kurds, who had been forwarded, massacred all of them."

Women Advised to Buy Only Necessaries

A despatch from London says: The Official Press Bureau issued the following statement on Friday: "The National War Savings Committee con-

demns extravagance in woman's dress, the purchase of new clothes, unless imperative, and luxurious hats, boots, stockings, gloves and veils."



THE WEEK'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE WAR.

The German attacks on the French lines around Verdun continue, but the great offensive against that fortress is referred to in Paris War Office statements as having failed. It is becoming more and more apparent that the enemy's plan has been entirely disconcerted by the Allies' defence. Perhaps no greater evidence of the German Staff's discomfiture and disappointment could be wanted than the fact that the German official communications have contained many mis-statements of the true situation around Verdun.

Artillery actions and bombing attacks have been the only activities along the rest of the Western front except in the Champagne where the French, by a surprise attack, regained certain ground which had been conquered by the enemy a short time ago.

The Russian army, assisted by the Russian Black Sea fleet, has gained considerable ground. The fleet bombarded Trebizond and other points on the coast and is said to have landed men and taken possession of certain towns. The fleet is serving as an advanced right wing for the Russian army operating in Asia Minor. The situation at Constantinople is reported to be extremely serious but any information comes in a roundabout way and must perhaps be taken with some reservation. It is very apparent, however, that the Russian advance is not only cutting Turkey in two but must prove a real menace to Turkish power in Europe as well as in Asia.

The British Relief Expedition in Mesopotamia has advanced to within a few miles of Kut-el-Amara, where a British force exists beleaguered. A junction may be expected, to be followed by an advance on Bagdad and co-operation with the Russian forces.

A German fleet during the past week left the Kiel Canal for a short cruise in the North Sea. A hasty retreat was made, however, before any engagement with British warships took place. It appears that during the recent Zeppelin raid on England several German cruisers left the canal intending to make a raid on the British coast. They discovered, however, that the preparations and watch of the British Fleet were greater than they had counted upon, with the result that the enemy warships were turned home.

A sensation in Great Britain was the attack on the policy of Mr. Balfour by Colonel Churchill, his predecessor as British Lord of the Admiralty. Mr. Balfour replied in as vigorous a speech as that of his critic.

SOMBRE SUNDAY FOR GERMANY

Awful Hecatombs in Fighting Around Vaux the Past Two Days.

A despatch from London says: The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphing Sunday, says: "Germany has had many black Sundays since she went to war, but none so sombre as to-day; when grief and desolation are like a pall over the empire, whose cities, towns and villages are filled with weeping women, who sorrow for their husbands, fathers and sons sacrificed at Verdun."

"However frightful the German losses may have been at Haumont, Herbebois, and Douaumont in the first phase of the battle, they pale into insignificance when compared with the awful hecatombs in the fighting last week. It is hardly an exaggeration to say that for every three Germans in Crow's wood there was a German corpse, and that the slopes of Bethincourt, even more than those of Vaux, are now covered with the grim shapes of massacred humanity."

"It would be idle to deny that the French in the past three sanguinary weeks have suffered, but when known beyond question that for every man General Petain has lost five are missing from the Kaiser's army one cannot but have confidence in the final result."

"That the Germans have fought well at Verdun the French themselves are the first to admit. It is obvious that in the twentieth month of the war the iron discipline of the Teuton army is so effectively maintained that the officers can lead the men forward in column of fours' formation for 20 successive attacks over ground converted into a shambles."

"When the Crown Prince first discussed the attack on Verdun he and his generals asserted that they were prepared to lose 200,000 men in taking the fortress. To-day that price is all but paid; so that it has been exceeded, and the tricolor still proudly floats over the citadel."

STATION AT METZ AGAIN BOMBARDED

A despatch from Paris says: One of the French bombing groups, composed of 16 aeroplanes, dropped 124 shells of all calibres on the Metz-Sablon station, where there were several trains, on Tuesday. The projectiles struck well, the official report says. A squadron of enemy aeroplanes gave chase to the French machines, which returned to their base with the exception of one which was obliged to make a landing owing to motor trouble.

GEN. AYLMER ATTACKS TURKS 7 MILES FROM KUT-EL-AMARA

Inflicted Heavy Loss on Enemy, But Was Unable to Dislodge Him.

A despatch from London says: The War Office issued on Thursday night the following official statement on the campaign in Mesopotamia:

"Gen. Lake (commander of the British forces) reports that Gen. Aylmer (in command of the relieving force) advanced on March 6, and, moving by the right bank of the Tigris, reached Esin, a position about 7 miles east of Kut-el-Amara. This position was attacked March 8, but Gen. Aylmer was unable to dislodge the enemy."

Gen. Aylmer states that the enemy suffered very severely, and, beyond strengthening his position, has shown no activity. Our casualties were not heavy, and in the majority of cases were very slight."

ANCHORED MINES LAID ALONG THE TRADE ROUTE TO HOLLAND

Threatened Blockade Already in Existence Between Thames and Galloper Lightship.

A despatch from London says: The blockade of England by mines, reported as threatened by Germany, is already in existence along the trade route to Holland, according to naval circles here. German submarines are reported to have been busy recently laying anchored mines between the mouth of the Thames and the Galloper Lightship.

Lightship. It is in this neighborhood that many disasters have occurred during the last month. Passenger ships, until recently, have been quite successful in dodging floating mines by making their voyages in daylight, but no method is known of guarding against submerged anchored mines.

GENERAL SMUTS WINS IN EAST AFRICA

Seizes Crossings of the Lumi River With Only Insignificant Loss.

A despatch from London says: The following official communication concerning the operations of the British in East Africa was made public on Thursday night: "Our troops under command of Lieut-General Smuts have advanced against the German forces in the Kilimanjaro (northeastern boundary of German East Africa) area. On March 7 General Smuts seized the crossings of the Lumi River with an insignificant loss. Several counter-attacks by the enemy were successfully repulsed."

ACTIVITY OF GERMAN NAVY.

A despatch from London says: The Rotterdam correspondent of the London Daily Mail telegraphs: The German navy is displaying an unwonted activity. Large forces of marines have left Hamburg and Bremen for Kiel. The Germans have built many submarines, each needing a crew of 45. There is difficulty in getting trained men owing to the numerous losses of submarines.

Trying to keep from worrying is what worries some people.

Canadian Casualties to Date, 25,000

A despatch from Ottawa says: The list of actual casualties among the Canadian forces including killed in action, died of wounds and sickness, by far the greater number of these men are dead, which swells the list of Canadian dead to almost 5,000. The total number of wounded is 9,325. If prisoners-of-war and cases of sickness are all included the total number of casualties would be nearer 25,000 known dead of 3,624. There is besides, however, a list of missing men not known to be prisoners-of-war, of 1,012. It is practically certain that the greater number of these men are dead, which swells the list of Canadian dead to almost 5,000. The total number of wounded is 9,325. If prisoners-of-war and cases of sickness are all included the total number of casualties would be nearer 25,000.

The Leading Markets

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Mar. 14.—Manitoba wheat—New crop, No. 1 Northern, \$1.09 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.06 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$1.04 1/2, in store Fort William. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 39 1/2%; No. 3 C.W., 37 1/2%; extra No. 1 feed, 37 1/2%; No. 1 feed, 36c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 76c, track Toronto.

Canadian corn—Feed, 68 to 70c, track Toronto.

Ontario wheat—No. 3 white, 41 to 42c; commercial, 40 to 41c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, 98 to 99c; wheat, slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 95 to 97c; wheat, sprouted and smutty and tough, according to sample, 92 to 94c; feed wheat, 85 to 90c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, \$1.60; peas, according to sample, \$1 to \$1.30, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 62 to 64c; feed, 57 to 60c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1, commercial, 85 to 86c; rejected, according to sample, 82 to 84c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.80; second patents, in jute bags, \$6.30; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$6.10, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$4.30 to \$4.40, track Toronto; \$4.25 to \$4.30, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots delivered Montreal: Bran, per ton, \$24; middlings, per ton, \$28; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.60 to \$1.70.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 17 to 20c; turkeys, 23 to 27c.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins, 19 1/2c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at \$1.70 to \$1.75, and New Brunswick at \$1.80 to \$1.90 per bag, on track.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Mar. 14.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 50 to 50 1/2c; do, No. 3, 48 to 48 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 48 to 48 1/2c; No. 2 local white, 47 1/2c; No. 3, do, 46 1/2c; No. 4, do, 45 1/2c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 66c; malting, 76 to 78c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 80 to 82c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.60; do, seconds, \$6.10; strong bakers', \$5.90; Winter patents, choice, \$6.30; straight rollers, \$5.70 to \$5.80; do, in bags, \$2.65 to \$2.75. Rolled oats, Barrels, \$5.05; bag of 90 lbs., \$2.35. Millfeed—Bran, \$23.50; shorts, \$26; middlings, \$28 to \$30; moultie, \$31 to \$32. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lot, \$20 to \$20.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 18 1/2 to 19c; do, easterns, 18 1/2 to 18 3/4c. Butter—Choice creamery, 33 1/2 to 34c; seconds, 31 to 32c. Eggs—Fresh, 32c; selected, 25 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 24 to 25c; No. 2, do, 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.75.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Mar. 14.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.08 1/2; No. 2, do, \$1.05 1/2; No. 3, do, \$1.03 1/2; No. 4, \$1.00 1/2; No. 5, 91 1/2c; No. 6, 84 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 39 1/2%; No. 3, do, 37 1/2%; extra No. 1 feed, 37 1/2%; No. 1 feed, 35 1/2%; No. 2 feed, 34 1/2c. Barley—No. 3, 61c; No. 4, 56c; feed, 51c. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$2.00; No. 2 C.W., \$2.03.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Mar. 14.—Wheat—May, \$1.11 1/2 to \$1.11 1/4; July, \$1.10 1/2; No. 1 hard, \$1.16 1/4; No. 1 Northern, \$1.13 1/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.08 1/2 to \$1.12 1/4. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 74 1/2 to 75 1/2c. Oats—No. 3 white, 39 1/2 to 40c. Flour unchanged; shipments, 60,565 barrels. Bran, \$18 to \$18.50.

Duluth, Mar. 14.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.13 1/2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.11 1/2 to \$1.13 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.06 1/2 to \$1.10 1/2. Linseed—Cash, May and July, \$2.31.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Mar. 14.—Choice heavy steers, \$7.75 to \$8.10; butcher steers, choice, \$7.40 to \$7.85; do, good, \$7 to \$7.75; do, medium, \$6.90 to \$7; do, common, \$5.75 to \$6.25; heifers, good to choice, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do, medium, \$6.50 to \$6.75; butcher cows, choice, \$6.50 to \$6.65; do, good, \$5.75 to \$6.50; butcher bulls, choice, \$6 to \$7; do, good bulls, \$5.50 to \$6; do, medium, \$5 to \$5.50; do, rough bologna, \$4.40 to \$4.50; feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.40 to \$6.80; do, bulls, \$4.50 to \$5.50; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., \$6 to \$6.50; do, medium, 650 to 750 lbs., \$5.75 to \$6; do, light, 500 to 650 lbs., \$5 to \$5.50; canners, \$5.50 to \$4.25; cutters, \$4.25 to \$4.50; milkers, choice, each, \$20 to \$25; springers, \$20 to \$25; calves, veal, choice, \$11 to \$12.50; do, medium, \$7 to \$8; do, common, \$5.50 to \$6; lambs, yearlings, \$7 to \$8; culled lambs, \$7 to \$7.25; spring lambs, \$10 to \$12.50; ewes, light, \$7.50 to \$8; sheep, heavy and bucks, \$6.50 to \$8; hogs, fed and watered, \$10.25; do, f.o.b., \$9.90; do, weighed at plant, \$10.65.

Montreal, Mar. 14.—Butchers' steers, best, \$7 to \$7.50; good, \$6.50 to \$7.50; do, fair, \$6 to \$6.50; medium, \$5.75 to \$6; butchers' bulls, best, \$5.75 to \$6.25; medium, \$5.25 to \$5.75; canners, \$4 to \$5; butchers' cows, best, \$6.25; good, \$6; fair, \$5.75; roughs, \$4.25 to \$5.50; canners, \$3 to \$3.50. Sheep, \$5 to \$7; lambs, \$9 to \$11. Hogs, selected, \$10.25 to \$10.75; roughs and mixed, \$9.50 to \$10.15; common, \$9.25; cows, \$7.60 to \$7.85. Calves, milk-fed, \$8 to \$9.50; grassfed, 4 1/2 to 5 1/2c.

REIGN OF TERROR

AGAINST THE BELGIANS.

A despatch from London says: A German court-martial at Glatz has sentenced four Belgians to death and many others to prison for from ten to fifteen years for various offences, according to an Amsterdam despatch. Many others are awaiting sentence, the despatch said, and the whole population is in a state of terror.

PROVINCE BUYS TRENT POWERS

Government Announces Purchase of Seymour Interests in Central Ontario.

A despatch from Toronto says: On Friday night just after the House rose Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, announced that the Government had signed an agreement with the Electric Power Company, which controls what are generally known as the Seymour enterprises, purchasing outright on behalf of the people all the vast interests of that corporation—water-powers, development plants, transmission lines, local water and light companies, and an electric railway. The purchase is the result of negotiations carried on for some time, and the purchase price—\$3,350,000, payable in Ontario Government 4 per cent. bonds—represents the amount actually invested in the various enterprises as agreed upon after thorough investigation by the engineers of the Hydro-Electric Commission.

Twenty-two companies have been taken over, all of them, with the exception of the Nipissing Power Company and its companion enterprise, the North Bay Light, Heat and Power Company, being in what is known as the Trent Valley district. By taking over the Seymour interests the Government, through the Hydro-Electric Commission, will be able to serve municipalities as far east as Kingston, and the Hydro Commission will make provision at once for carrying lines to all the municipalities that have been clamoring for Hydro power, but hitherto unable to get it owing to the Seymour monopoly water powers.

Companies Purchased.

Auburn Power Company, Central Ontario Power Co., City Gas Co., Oshawa, Cobourg Utilities Corporation, Cobourg Electric Co., Cobourg Gas, Heat and Water Co., Eastern Power Co., Lindsay Light, Heat and Power Co., Napanee Gas Co., Napanee Water and Electric Co., Northumberland Pulp Co., Oshawa Electric Light Co., Otonabee Power Co., Peterboro' Light and Power Co., Peterboro' Radial Ry. Co., Port Hope Electric Light and Power Co., Seymour Electric Power Co., Sydney Electric Power Co., Trenton Electric Power Co., Tweed Electric Light and Power Co., Nipissing Power Co., North Bay Light, Heat and Power Co.

HEAVY DAMAGE IS DONE BY FLOODS IN ENGLAND.

A despatch from London says: Hundreds have been made homeless and thousands of acres of farm land in southwestern England have been inundated as a result of the overflow of rivers caused by continued heavy snowfalls. Reports from the provinces show that snow fell generally over England on Thursday night, and that the fall was especially heavy in the Midlands and north.

BIG WAR CONTRACT FOR PORK AND BEANS.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: William Gray, M.P., for London, has secured for this city the biggest war order that has yet come to Western Ontario. A London canning company has been awarded an order for one million cases of pork and beans for the British army. The order amounts to \$3,000,000. The factory will have to be enlarged and much extra help secured.

IMPERIAL HOTEL AT GALT BURNED.

A despatch from Galt says: The Imperial Hotel, one of Galt's oldest hostels, was destroyed by fire Friday evening with a loss estimated at from \$30,000 to \$40,000 with some insurance. J. A. MacDonald, the owner, had only been absent from his office couple of minutes when his return discovered the blaze at the register. The fire spread with great rapidity. Some of the help had very narrow escapes.

CITIZENSHIP TAKEN FROM GERMAN-BORN

Cabinet of New South Wales Disfranchises Teutons During War.

A despatch from Sydney, N.S.W., says: The Cabinet has decided to disfranchise all German-born electors for the duration of the war, following the arrest and internment of several hundred aliens who are considered of hostile disposition.

BRITISH MERCHANT TONNAGE INCREASED

A despatch from London says: The total British merchant tonnage on register at the end of 1915 was 12,416,408 tons, as compared with 12,119,891 at the end of 1913. This statement was made in the House of Commons on Thursday by Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in answer to a question on the subject.

GEN. LECKIE'S WOUND AROUSSES ANXIETY.

A despatch from London says: Reports regarding the condition of Brig-Gen. Leckie are less satisfactory than at the beginning of the week, and fears that amputation of his leg may be necessary have been revived.

E. MAYHEW & CO. YOUR NEW HAT AND SUIT

Buy Them Here This Week They Will Be Correct Both in Style and Price
Our most successful Spring Fashion Display, with results beyond previous years

Men!
Don't forget about that Spring Suit
It is only five weeks from Easter. Come in and let us show you our famous Hobberlin's Suits, from \$18 to \$25 tailor-made. In our ready-to-wear department we have a complete range in nearly every style and kind, \$10 to \$20.

New arrivals in Silks and Dress Goods
We are now showing a most complete range of every style of dress material demanded this season by Dame Fashion. Come early while the selection is at its best.

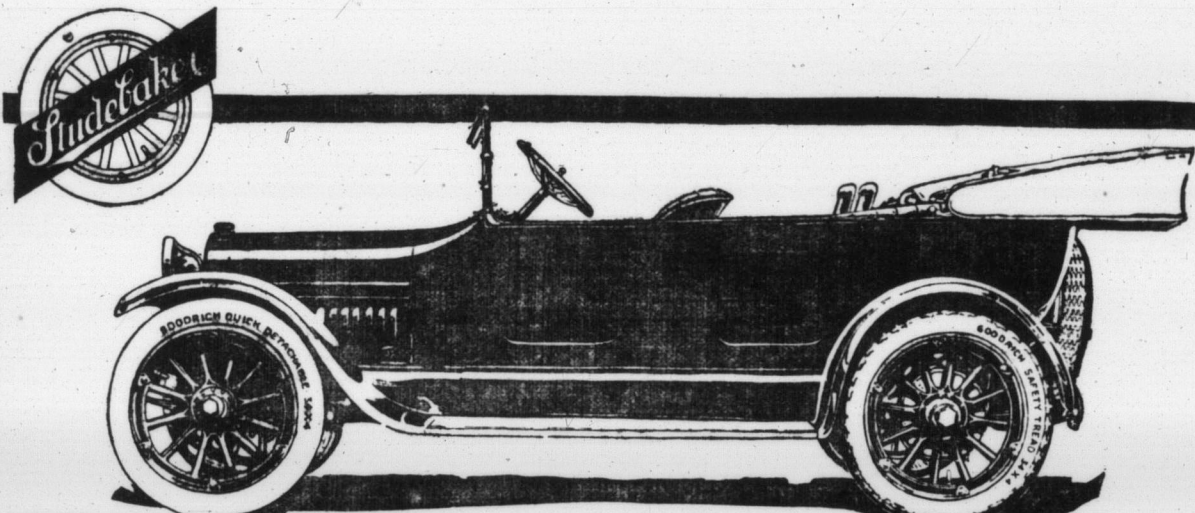
Spring Shoes arriving daily

FOR THE HOME
New Draperies, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums and Window Shades

Bring Spring into your home with new furnishings. Nothing makes the new season an actuality like new curtains or draperies. Now is the time to purchase your requirements. In Curtains, Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes and Madras we have your requirements at prices to make the economical housewife happy.

All Rugs at special prices.
Brass and Wood Poles for windows and doorways. All styles that are especially noted for smoothing away the housekeeper's difficulties in having dainty window hangings.

E. MAYHEW & CO.
"The Store of Dame Fashion"



NEW SERIES 17

The new Studebaker models sum up all the resources of the great Studebaker manufacturing organization—experience, efficient capability, unlimited factory equipment—and this means the last word in automobile designing, materials and workmanship.

Refinements have been incorporated in the new models and they now stand supreme as typical exemplars of the highest achievement of one of the world's great manufacturers of motor cars.

Owing to enormously increased volume and the unrivaled manufacturing facilities that Studebaker possesses, the prices are remarkably low for cars of such quality. But it must always be remembered that Studebaker price is never a measure of Studebaker quality—that it has always been Studebaker policy to produce the highest grade possible without regard to price—that such low prices are possible only by reason of Studebaker leadership and superiority in equipment.

MADE IN CANADA
STUDEBAKER
WALKERVILLE ONTARIO

FOUR-CYLINDER MODELS	SIX-CYLINDER MODELS
Touring Car, 7-passenger	Touring Car, 7-passenger
Roadster, 3-passenger	Roadster, 3-passenger
Landau-Roadster, 3-passenger	Landau-Roadster, 3-passenger

GEO. A. PARROTT
Dealer - Glencoe

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916.

Newbury

Miss Annabelle Hillman spent a few days in Detroit last week.

Mrs. J. H. Mitton and Miss Dillon, of Chatham, spent a few days with Mrs. Heatherington recently.

Walter Regis left on Wednesday last for Welland, where he has secured a position with the G. T. R. He had learned telegraphy with W. O. Kraft here.

Miss M. Chalk, of Alvinston, spent the week-end with Miss M. Bayne.

Born—at Ganancque, 13th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Lewthwaite, a son. Word was received last week of the death of Mrs. Robert Callan at her late home in Duluth after a few days' illness with pneumonia. The deceased was born here, being Kate Davis, and moved with her family to Duluth a few years ago. Besides her husband are two daughters—Blanche (Mrs. Hayter), and Mamie—and three sons—Fred, Wm. and Robbie. Much sympathy will be extended to the family.

Mrs. B. F. Jeffery and Mrs. Wm. H. Jeffery were in Detroit last week attending the funeral of the late Mr. Walters, a relative of Mr. Jeffery's.

The Methodist Adult Bible Class will hold their sixth annual St. Patrick's tea in the Town Hall Friday evening.

Wm. Bayne was in Toronto last week attending the Temperance celebration.

Miss Bertha Miller has entered Grace Hospital, Detroit, to train for a nurse. She began duty March 1st and writes home encouragingly of her work.

Friday evening last, one of those ideal winter nights, good sleighing and bright moonlight brought out a large crowd to see the production of "The Country Squire," and all were well repaid. The play was modern and well put on, every detail being perfect. A fine lot of new scenery, painted by Miss L. Fennell especially suitable for this play, made one think it was an up-to-date opera house. To in anyway describe or do justice to the splendid way he did his or her part would take more space than our share. Following is the cast of characters:—The Squire, Chas. Fennell; Ben Carleton, Alice's Squire, M. Fowler; John Tarborrow, Ben's Rival, J. Whittington; John Ross, New York Oilman, R. J.

Hagith; Jack Carter, the Tramp; Cecil Dobbyn; Jew Peddler, M. Fowler; Judge Hardaker, D. Stalker; Sheriff of the County, Barry McGuire; C. Mann; Mason, Oldriller, H. D. McNaughton; Alice, the Squire's Daughter, Mae Gillett; Cynthia Brown, Maiden Lady, Bessie Fennell; Mrs. McGuire, Barney's Wife, Mrs. C. Dobbyn; Sally, Street Wail, Mamie Fennell. The scene in which the boring for oil was represented was very realistic, with the derrick and everything complete, even to the shooting of the well, and the rail fence to keep back intruders. The orchestra, Messrs. Kelly, C. C. McNaughton and Heatherington and Miss Kelly, furnished good music. A very interesting and quite unexpected part was the reading between the 1st and 2nd acts of a letter just received by Secretary Bayne, stating that the money raised at the time the 33rd were here, Aug. 25, 1915, and by subscription, and sent in later, had been used for the purchase of a machine gun which was engraved "The Newbury" and presented to the 33rd. Residents of the village and surrounding parts helped in raising this money and will be glad, we feel sure, to know just where it is—namely, in this gun. Proceeds of this concert were \$70.05. The performers were entertained by the members of the Red Cross Circle at their rooms at Mrs. Owen's to a sumptuous lunch after the concert was over. Those who failed to see the play will have an opportunity, as it will be reproduced in the near future.

Strathburn

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dymock have returned from a visit with friends in Detroit.

Lumley & Watterworth have finished their contract of putting barn timber for D. K. McRae.

Wills Siddle left last week to work in an auto factory in Detroit.

Mrs. John Murray and Mrs. Cleskey, who have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. R. Dohie, have returned to their homes in Alberta.

Miss Violet Gould has gone to London to take a course in the Art School.

Alfred Kook and sister Annie went to Chicago last week on a visit.

Pte. Roy McIntyre was visiting his home here over Sunday. He says "Military is the life."

Mrs. W. W. Grover has returned to the West after visiting her old acquaintances here.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Currie were visiting in this vicinity.

Miss Helen Holmes is home from Detroit.

Mrs. Quick is ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Hurley.

Miss Kate Gillies is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Simpson.

Miller's Worm Powders work so effectively that no traces of worms can be found. The powders are macerated in the stomach and pass away in the stools without being perceptible. They make an entire and clean sweep of the intestines, and nothing in the shape of a worm can find lodgement there when these powders are in operation. Nothing could be more desirable than their action.

Crinan

The box social held in Markham's Hall on Friday evening was a decided success. The comforter donated to the Willing Workers by Mrs. W. J. Webster brought \$20, and Miss Mariel Gilchrist, of Dunwich, was the holder of the lucky ticket. The proceeds of the sale of boxes at the social was \$85, making a total of \$105, which will be handed to the Willing Workers to be used for patriotic purposes.

David Johnston, con. 1, is still visiting friends at Montreal and Ottawa.

Miss M. Craig, of Ridgetown, is visiting Miss Grace McIntyre, con. 2.

Word has been received from London that Pte. W. W. Welch, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Welch, con. 1, is in Victoria Hospital. Since joining the 91st at St. Thomas Pte. Welch has been troubled with nose-bleeding, and for this was sent to London. After receiving treatment Pte. Welch intends to get a week's leave of absence to spend at his home here.

Pte. Cela Welch, who also enlisted with the 91st from here, is undergoing treatment for a sore knee. Everybody here wishes the boys the best and hope they will soon be all right again.

John A. Watson, Graham Road, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Watson, con. 4, joined the colors on Saturday. He is married and has one child. This makes six who have enlisted from the vicinity; the others being Pte. Will Welch, Pte. Cela Welch, of the 91st Battalion, stationed at St. Thomas, and Ptes. F. Logan, Arch. McIvor and H. Main, of the 135th, stationed at Glencoe. Pte. Will Perryman, who enlisted at London, also spent several years here.

Elijah Sutton intends going West on Wednesday.

Malcolm McColl, con. 4, who spent the winter at his home here, goes back to the West this week. Mr. McColl is sending a car of six horses and farm implements.

Mrs. W. J. Webster has returned from visiting friends at Iona.

Last week word was received from Walter McMillan, an old resident of Crinan, who left here some years ago. Mr. McMillan, who is a brother of Mr. J. C. McMillan, of this place, formerly Mrs. Dan McIntyre of Glencoe, is now living in British Columbia. A couple of weeks ago he picked up a copy of the Glencoe Transcript, in which the name of Peter Stalker, of this place, was mentioned. He immediately wrote to Mr. Stalker asking about his relatives and old friends in this locality. Since Mr. McMillan was last heard from, his mother, the late Mrs. Grace McMillan, con. 2, has died. Mr. McMillan's many friends are pleased to hear of him.

THEY ARE CAREFULLY PREPARED. Pills which dissipate themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome costiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them intended to operate on the intestines is retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

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You Can Get Pure Water White
COAL OIL

In Barrel Lots at Lowest Price

We are now in a position to offer the Imperial Oil Company's, Limited, High-grade Oil

ROYALITE

(Refined in Canada from American Crude)

In galvanized steel barrels, with tap attached. For a short time this steel barrel with tap will be sold complete at \$5.50 net, and the Oil at 13¢ per gallon CASH.

This as well as any other steel barrels you may have will be refilled with

ROYALITE

at above price.

"Royalite" Oil is the most economical High-grade Oil on market.

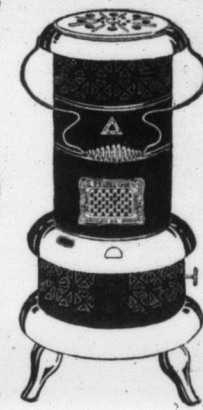
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Enquire from your Merchant who handles Royalite.

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Ready Mixed and Fire Resistant—Barn, Roof, Iron, Priming \$1.25 a gallon \$10 10 gallons for \$10

Our Paints are guaranteed to give satisfaction. MINERAL PAINT COMPANY, LONDON, ONT.

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Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

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We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One dollar only is necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest bank rate, and added twice a year without application or presentation of pass-book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a Joint Account, and either party can withdraw money.

FARMERS' BUSINESS

Money advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates. Sales Notes handled on most favorable terms.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager

GLENCOE BRANCH

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized	\$25,000,000
Capital Paid-up	11,500,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits	13,250,000
Total Assets	108,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—MONTREAL

MONEY ORDERS.—A safe and economical method of remitting small amounts.

\$5 and under	3c	Rates
Over \$5	\$10	6c
Over \$10	Not exceeding	\$30
Over \$30		\$50
		15c

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest at highest current rate added twice yearly.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

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Contracts made for building. Quality first. Get our prices.

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