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Vol 36

## Poetry.

### Only the clothes she wore.

There is the hat  
With the blue veil thrown round it, just as they  
found it,  
Spotted and soiled, stained and all spoiled—  
Do you recognize that?

The gloves, too, lie there,  
And in them still lingers the shape of her fingers.  
That some one has pressed, perhaps and caressed,  
So slender and fair

There are the shoes,  
With their long silken laces, still bearing traces,  
To the toe's dainty tip, of the mud of the slip,  
The slime and the ooze.

There is the dress,  
Like the blue veil, all discolored, and  
drabbed—  
This you should know, without doubt, and if so,  
All else you may guess.

There is the shawl,  
With the striped border, hung next in order,  
Soiled hardly less than the light muslin dress,  
And—that is all.

Ah, here's a ring  
We were forgetting, with a pearl setting;  
There was only this one—name or date?—none!

A fruit pith thing;  
A keepsake, maybe,  
The gift of another, perhaps a brother.

Or, love, who knows? him her heart chose.  
Or, was she heart-free?  
Does the hat here,

With the blue veil around it, the same as they  
found it,  
Summon up a fair face with just a trace  
Of gold in the hair?

A month now has passed  
And her sad history remains yet a mystery,  
But these we keep still, and shall keep them until  
Hope dies at last.

## Interesting Case.

### THE MYSTERIOUS THIEF.

[Continued.]

I don't suppose, madam, returned the Chief Constable with extreme contempt, that the Bench of Justices would take your word for it? even if I was weak enough to do so—which I am not. The servants are all above suspicion, both at Sir Robert's and Mrs. Pevitt's—that was the first thing we looked to of course. But even if it were otherwise, do you suppose that thieving is an epidemic, that it should break out in one household to day, and another to-morrow, as this has done? You had better go to sleep, madam, and leave me to think the matter out alone. Which according to the great man, I proceeded to do. Two hours later, on the following night, in a town under his personal superintendence, and nobody yet in custody! He had never imagined that such a blot could befall his "arch-enemy." It was not impossible, in a town so slenderly guarded, that a ladder might have been em-

The next night, the Mayor's own house was robbed in a precisely similar manner.

It was on Friday, and the local papers which came out the next day, published second and third editions, to describe the details. Besides the burglary, a sort of sacrilege had been committed. The thief had actually possessed himself of the Municipal Mace.

This beautiful object, although not intrinsically valuable, had apparently excited his greed, for he had dragged it out of its case as far as a window, and thence let it fall with a report that had alarmed the house, and dented the ground below. When the door was opened, however, the "proper authorities" arrived, the mace had vanished, and with him this Emblem of Authority, as well as a pair of his Lordship's boot-laces.

There happened to be nothing kept in that room but the Mayor's boots and the town mace. But the accident was of course, as distressing to Mr. John Stott as though the regalia had been plundered. He felt that his great reputation was giving way under these repeated shocks; while the rest of the constabulary were of course overwhelmed with grief; and the Tory newspaper openly advocated "stringent measures" and the calling out of the Yeomanry.

I supposed, sighed his wife, upon this Saturday afternoon, there is no chance of your going with me to-night to the show? And yet it seems such a pity, after that civil Mr. Shaw has sent us these tickets; and you know I never enjoy anything—let it be wild beast-esses, or what not—without you, John. How fine they look, with this picture of the lion and the unicorn—though the bill says, as the ushers are dead—with Sitow's Snow, "patronized by all the crowned heads of Europe," and "admit the beard!" with his autograph in the corner, in red ink! Why the Mayor's own invitations are not more splendid.

Don't talk of the Mayor, woman, for that makes me think of the mace, replied her husband, with a shiver. I don't wish to see any show but one, and that's the man that stole that mace, with a pair of handcuffs on him, or what would be better still, a standing underneath a bit of wool, with a rope round his neck, and a parson by his side. But there, it's no good wishing. Upon my life, I sometimes wonder if the Devil himself is not a doing on it all to vex me.

Well, John, you make me creep!

Well, I can't make you fly, I reckon, replied Mrs. Stott, smilingly; and yet that fellow can do, confound him! He's like a bird of the air—a bird of prey!

Well, John, do you know I can't help sometimes thinking—only I would not have mentioned it unless you had—that, perhaps, after all, it is a bird! You know a magpie is a thief by nature.

And so you suppose a magpie could have stolen the town mace, do you? Why you are a greater fool than the newspapers.

I forgot the mace, John, observed Mrs. Stott, humbly.

I wish I could forget it, growled the chief constable. You had better put on your bonnet and take my ticket round the corner to Mrs. Jones, who will be glad enough to go with you; only take care Shaw don't keep you there, and put you in a cage for a pair of owls. Both, I am sorry to be so rude, Mrs. Stott; but the fact is, I feel as I shall go out of my mind unless I tackle this mystery; and I must be left alone to think it out.

So Mrs. Stott, obedient wife as she was, retired herself in gorgeous apparel, and accompanied by her friend and neighbor, the parish doctor's wife, honored Mr. Shaw's menagerie with her presence. It was a sort of fête which that practical student of Natural History (which included some knowledge of mankind) had given to the inhabitants of the town, and everything was on a very splendid scale. The show was lit up by rows of chandeliers, made by circles of wood and candles, from the latter of which, as they of necessity hung very low, the tallow dripped upon the heads of the company; but that was not found out till the next morning.

The floor and cages had been thoroughly swept and garnished, and some attempt had even been made, by means of unguents and spices (or, in other words, chlorate of lime), to mitigate the odor that hangs about all establishments devoted to the reception of wild beasts. But it must be confessed that this last refinement was a failure—it was like the jar of oyster, which "do what you will, the scent of the roses would cling to it still"; only in this case the perfume was the result of a combination of the hyena and the muskrat, the royal Bengal tiger and the marmoset, each contrived to put in a word. In place of the usual showman, Mr. Shaw himself, with an elegant white waist, explained their habits and narrated anecdotes of their extraordinary sagacity.

The monkey cages, as usual, were the chief attraction; their innocent gambols, and the remarkable pendant they exhibited for biting each other's tails, were the admiration of the beholder.

Mrs. Stott, while regarding these parodies

upon mankind with a contemplative air, was very busily—literally within half an inch or so—paying a great penalty for her philosophic abstraction. A ribbed face balloon of gigantic size, looking not unlike one of Mr. Cooper's Indian heroes in his war paint, made a snatch at her fingers, which loaded with rings, happened to be ungloved, for she had been taking refreshments.

Your charms even vanquish the brute creation, Mrs. Stott, observed the clerk; the enamored animal seeks your hand.

Yes; but like the rest of the male sex, for what is it, or on it, replied Mrs. Jones, who had been as before in a small way, till her husband removed from her that invidious distinction by spending all her money.

The ribbed face balloon screamed with disappointment, and swung by his rope head foremost and with his eyes shut for the rest of the evening.

It was a man, and the chief constable's wife had been in bed since midnight, but she had not yet fallen asleep. She was awaiting the arrival of Mr. Stott, in hopes that he might have some good news to tell her, or to comfort her with his sympathy in case he hadn't any. It was a beautiful night and she had left the window open, through which the soft fresh air came gratefully enough after the atmosphere of the menagerie. She would be able to catch the majestic footfall of her lord while it was yet a great way off, and she was listening for. Presently through the deep summer stillness sounded a human step, while albeit not that she was expecting, seemed familiar to her. It was a step which although it moved with quickness, had a slight limp such as she had noticed in the gait of Mr. Shaw. Yet he had himself assured her that very evening that he was a man of early habits, and always shut up his house on wheels before 12 o'clock. It was most unlikely that on the night of his fate, of all other nights, he should have made an exception to this salutary practice; and yet she knew no other step than his like that step.

It stopped beneath the window, and then there was a sliding, scrambling noise, as though a melting were struggling up the water-pipe that ran down the side of the house, and she felt as once that the mystery of these nightly thefts was about to be solved.

She was frightened of course, but she did not shut her eyes and put her head under the bedclothes, as some ladies would have done under the circumstances; on the contrary, she started so hard at the window that the sides seemed to meet and leave no window at all. Or was it the space had become obscured by the presence of the marauder! Yes, that was it; and what a marauder!

The face of the marauder she could not see but she saw that he was quick, very inadequately attired, and provided with a long tail. That last had impudent reply of hers to her husband, "that the devil has wings," came into her mind with terrible emphasis. No wonder the chief constable's vigilance had failed to—

Ah, that face! There was no mistaking those very strikingly marked features! It was his about-don't-her-admirer, the ribbed face balloon, and whether from motives of delicacy or fear, Mrs. Stott did give under the bedclothes then, with only her nose left out to breathe through, like the elephant when under water, as Mr. Shaw had instructively informed her the a hours ago.

She could hear a little however, as well as breathe; and she distinctly caught the quite casual of her visitor, and the click of her rings as he swept them off the dressing table with his hair paws. Presently there was a shrill whistle from below, and chuckling ceased and then came the sliding, scrambling noise again. The ribbed-face balloon had put the ring in his mouth—having no pocket—and slid down the water-spout to his master with the spoil.

John, cried Mrs. Stott when the chief constable put in his long wished for appearance, and as soon as he had got in side the door, I've found it all out.

Pshaw, said her husband contemptuously. Lor, cried she, well you are a wonder—How ever did you find it out was Mr. Shaw and his ribbed face balloon?

Never you mind madam, rejoined Mr. Stott with his old confident air, I have found it out And now let me hear how far your testimony goes in corroboration of my views.

The next day, from "information received," as he darkly hinted, the chief constable approached his house on wheels with such effect that all the stolen property was recovered. Mr. Shaw it appeared, had trained the ribbed face balloon to climb up water spouts and sweep from dressing tables all articles that glittered, which accounted for his taking the plated inkstand and municipal mace. If his education had been suffered to progress, he would doubtless in time have been taught to carry off bank notes and railway dividends.

But thanks to Mrs. Stott, his occupation was henceforth gone, and the chief constable, however old the credit for the discovery, and was held by everybody including his wife in higher estimation for sagacity than ever. It was true that he had been at fault at first, and in more than one instance; I may still say as no

man ever took me in twice,—for this was not a man, but a Hape.

## A QUAKER DETECTIVE.

A Story of the Road.  
BY JUDGE CLARK.

We were five passengers in all; two ladies on the back seat, a middle-aged gentleman and a Quaker on the middle, and myself on the one in front.

The two ladies might have been mother and daughter, aunt and niece, governess and charge, or might have sustained any other relationship which made it proper for two ladies to travel together unattended.

The middle-aged gentleman was sprightly and talkative. He soon struck up an acquaintance with the ladies, towards whom, in his zeal to do, he rather overdid the agreeable—bowing and smiling and chattering over his shoulder in a way painfully suggestive, at his time of life, of a "rick" in the neck. He was evidently a gray Lothario.

The Quaker wore the uniform of his sect and confined his speech, as many a parliamentarian would save his credit by doing, to simple "yess" and "nays." As for myself, I make it an invariable rule of the road to be merely a looker-on and listener.

Towards evening, I was aroused from one of those reveries into which a young man, without being either a poet or a lover, will sometimes fall, by the abrupt query from the talkative gentleman:

Are you armed, sir?

I am not, I answered, astonished, no doubt visibly, at the question.

I am sorry to hear it, he replied; for before reaching our next stopping place it will be several hours in the night, and we must pass over a portion of the road on which more than one robbery is reported to have been committed.

The ladies turned pale, but the stranger did his best to reassure them.

"Not that I think there is the slightest danger at present," he resumed; "only when I am responsible for the safety of ladies, you know, such a thing as a pistol in reach would materially add to one's confidence."

Your principles, my friend, addressing the Quaker, I presume are as much opposed to carrying as to using carnal weapons.

Yes, was the response.

Have the villains murdered any of their victims? the elder lady nervously inquired.

Or have they contented themselves with—plundering them? added the younger, in a timorous voice.

Decidedly the latter, the amiable gentleman hastened to give assurance; and as we were about to start, he was conversing in the car of attack, nothing worse than robbery can possibly befall us.

Then, after blanching his thoughtlessness in having unnecessarily introduced a disagreeable subject, the gentleman quite excelled himself in efforts to raise the spirits of the company, and had succeeded so well by the time night set in, that all had quite forgotten, or only remembered their fears to laugh at them.

Our genial companion fairly talked himself hoarse. Perceiving which, he took from his pocket a package of newly invented "Cough Candy," and, after passing it first to the ladies, he helped himself to the balance, and tossed the paper out of the window.

He was in the midst of a high eulogium on the new nostrum, more than half the efficacy of which, he insisted, depended on its being taken by suction, when a shrill whistle was heard, and almost immediately the coach stopped, while two faces, hideously blacked, presented themselves, one at each window.

Sorry to trouble you, said the man on the right, acknowledging with a bow two lady like screams from the back seat; but business is business, and ours will soon be over, if things go smoothly.

Of course, gentlemen, you will spare, as far as may be consistent with your disagreeable duty, the feelings of these ladies, appealed the polite passenger, in his blandest manner.

Oh! certainly, they shall be first attended to, and shall not be required to leave their places, or submit to a search, unless their conduct renders it necessary.

And now ladies, continued the robber, the barrel of his pistol, glittering in the light of the coach lamp, be so good as to pass out your purses, watches, and such other trinkets as may be accessible without too much trouble.

The ladies came down handsomely, and were no further molested.

One by one the rest of us were compelled to get out, the middle-aged gentleman's turn coming first. He submitted with a winning grace, and was robbed like a very Chesterfield.

My own affair, like the sum I last, is scarcely worth mentioning. The Quaker's turn came next. He quietly handed over his pocket book and watch and when asked if he had any other valuables, said, "Nay."

A Quaker's word is good even among thieves; so after a hasty good night, the rob-

ber thrust his pistol in his pocket, and with his two companions, one of the leaders, was about taking his departure.

Stop! exclaimed the Quaker, in a tone of more command than request.

Stop! what for? returned the other, in evident surprise.

For at least two good reasons, was the reply, emphasized with a couple of Deringers cocked and presented.

Help! shouted the robber.

Stop! the Quaker again exclaimed. And of one of the sinful companions advances a step to the relief of the spirit it will surely move me to blow thy brains out.

The robber at the opposite window, and the one at the leaders' head thought it a good time to leave.

Now get in said the Quaker still covering his man, and take the middle seat; but first deliver up thy pistol.

The other hesitated.

These had better not delay, I feel the spirit beginning to move my right fore finger.

The robber did as he was directed, and the Quaker took his place by his side, giving the us corner the middle of the seat.

The driver, who was frightened out of his wits, now set forward at a rapid rate. The lively gentleman soon recovered his vivacity. He was especially facetious on the Quaker's prowess.

You're a rum Quaker, you are. Why you don't quake worth a cent.

I'm not a "Shaking Quaker," if that's what these mean.

Of the "hickory," or rather of the "old hickory" stripe, I should say, retorted the lively man; but the Quaker relapsing into his usual monosyllabic conversation flugged.

True speed, and sooner than we expected, the coach stopped where we were to have supper, and a change of horses. We had deferred a re-distribution of our effects till we should reach this place, as the dim light of the coach lamp would have rendered the process somewhat difficult before.

It was now necessary, however, that it should be attended to at once, as our jovial companion had previously announced his intention of leaving us at this point. He proposed a postponement till after supper, which he offered to go and order.

Nay, urged the Quaker, with an approach to abruptness, laying his hand on the arm of business—force pleasure; and for business there is no time like the present.

Will thee be good enough to search the prisoner? he said to me, still keeping his hand, in a friendly way, on the passenger's arm.

I did so, but not one of the stolen articles could be found.

The man turned pale, and struggled to release his arm. In an instant one of the Deringers was levelled at his heart.

Sit a hand or a foot, and you're a dead man!

The Quaker must have been awfully excited so completely as to forget both the language and principles of his persuasion.

Placing the other pistol on my hand, with directions to fire on the first of the two men that made a suspicious movement, he went to work on Lothario, from whose pockets, in less time than it takes to tell it, he produced every item of the missing property, to the utter amazement of the two ladies, who had begun, in no measured terms, to remonstrate against the shameful treatment the gentleman was receiving.

The Quaker I need scarcely add, was no Quaker at all; but a shrewd detective, who had been set on the track of a band of desperadoes of whom our middle-aged friend—who didn't look near so middle-aged with his wig off—was the chief. The robbery had been admirably planned. The leader of the gang had taken passage in the coach, and after learning our defenceless condition, had given the signal to his companions by throwing out the scrap of paper already mentioned. After the unexpected capture of the first robber, it was attempted to save the booty by secretly passing it to the accomplice, still believed to be unsuspected, who counted on being able to make off with it at the next stopping place.

The result was that both for season, did the Statesome service.—N. Y. Ledger.

The Jubilee period produced an extraordinary demand for flowers, and greenhouses in all quarters within reasonable distance were put to a contribution. The quantities sold were such that men had to work day and night during the whole week making bouquets.

An English nobleman drives a public coach from London to Windsor just for the fun of it.

A patent had been obtained for the manufacture of water-proof paper. It will be an uncommon thing, by and by, to carry a quart of milk home in a paper bag.

Garibaldi is stated to be in very bad health—so bad that some of his physicians think it very doubtful whether he will recover.

# TELEGRAPH NEWS

**LONDON, June 25.**  
In the House of Lords to night, Baron Coleridge gave notice of an amendment to the Irish Church Bill to allow Irish Bishops to retain their seats in the House of Lords.

**New York, June 25.**  
Late advices from Cuba state that volunteers have surrendered the charge of Morro Castle to the regulars.

The troops at Matanzas have executed an English boy who was charged with carrying correspondence to the insurgents, and the English Commando is investigating the affair.

The cholera is raging violently in both armies, and military operations are entirely suspended.

**Gold 137½.**  
London, June 25.  
It is reported that France is endeavoring to renew the September Convention with Italy for the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome, and that she only requires sufficient guarantees from Italy for the security of the Papal territory before concluding.

**New York, June 25.**  
Mr. Borie has resigned his seat in President Grant's Cabinet as Secretary of the Navy, and George M. Robertson of New Jersey has been appointed to the vacancy.

**Gold 137½.**  
New York, June 26.  
A despatch from Montreal says it is asserted there that Bright and Gladstone both advocate Canadian independence.

**London, June 27.**  
The Queen reviewed the guard at Windsor yesterday in honor of the Viceroy of Egypt. There were 20,000 spectators present, and great enthusiasm was manifested.

**Fredericton, June 28.**  
Application for discharge under liberty of subject was made to Judge Allen by the Railroad Rioters, through their Counsel, H. B. Beaton, of irregularly in proceeding before Mayor, but failed.

Adjourned County Court sitting to day to try them. Objection taken to jurisdiction of Court and Legality of adjournment, offence being committed after June Court opened. Court considering.

**New York, June 28.**  
The Ocean Bank was broken into and robbed yesterday of a large amount of money and securities, mostly belonging to depositors.

The British Minister has officially announced that an International Exhibition of the products of workmen's labor will be held at London in 1870, and Americans will be invited to take part in the show.

**Gold steady.**  
Toronto, June 28.  
G. C. Reiffenstein, chief clerk in the Receiver General's Department, has been arrested, charged with appropriating public money.

**A. W. McLellan, of Nova Scotia, has been appointed a Senator, in the room of B. Wier.**  
London, June 28.  
The English Chancellor of the Exchequer has announced his intention to make quarterly payments of interest on Government securities.

**Gold 137½.**  
New York, June 29.  
The FARM—Farming is a profession, not a science. If any one doubts this state of affairs let him leave this city home—for no one in the country will doubt it—and understand the farmer.

Half an acre of land is to be about equally divided between fruits and weeds, as between the trade of a modern commercial city and the barter of a back woods settlement. It is true that agriculture has been the last to receive the impetus of modern science. It is true that agriculturists are content to go in the ways of their fathers, because experiments are costly.

But it is also true that they are unable to compete with those who understand the use of new instruments, methods, and fertilizers. Agriculture is also becoming in this country a popular recreation. Many a gentleman is content to spend on his country seat money which he makes in the counting room. The practicable farmer is thus able to get the benefit of experiments without paying for them. This change in agriculture, which has converted it from drudgery to an art, has created a demand for a corresponding literature.

Fifty years ago a stable agricultural periodical did not exist on the American Continent. Now every considerable district has one, while almost every weekly paper, secular or religious, has its agricultural department; and it will not be long before something of a library will be part of the furniture of every well ordered farm—BOOK TABLE, Harper's Magazine for July.

The caricatures of the Freeman have at times a spice of bitterness about them, not to speak of malignity, hate and disappointed ambition. This is particularly noticeable in one dated June 22, and is published on the 10th ult., referring to the speech of the Hon. Mr. TILLEY on the Banking question. Dr. JONES said he liked a good hater; he would have loved T. W. A. for neat exhibition. Anything more unfair or unjust than this attack upon the Minister of Customs we have seldom seen.

The speech as we remember it, was a moderate attempt to set forth one of the advantages of the Government Banking scheme, which, notwithstanding defects, certainly has many commendable features. Some of these Mr. TILLEY pointed out with force and clearness. But it suited T. W. A. to misrepresent a speech in the darkest colors and the most twisted lines. The correspondent could not forget old antagonisms, and old defeats; and

this was the result. If he expected to make anything by such a proceeding he is greatly mistaken. If he desires to obtain influence in his own Province and in Parliament, he must abandon his advocacy of Fenianism, and be thoroughly in rapport with the loyal sentiment of the people of this Dominion. It would be all the better if he could study political questions from a different stand point from which he has been regarding them since 1848.—Ottawa Citizen.

**THE TRAINING SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS** were nearly completed on Saturday. There were 44 teachers examined, of whom 18 were young men. The Chief Superintendent was present. The maps drawn by some of the young ladies were executed in the most accurate and beautiful manner. The examinations otherwise were of average character.

The Spanish war steamer Fernando Catholic sailed 21st inst., with the captured schooner La Have in tow for Kingston, for the purpose of bringing her before the English court there for carrying articles contraband of war. The Spanish authorities refused to take any action as the La Have was captured on the high seas.

**The Standard.**  
SAINT ANDREWS, JUNE 30, 1869.

The question of Independence is one which is freely discussed by persons of all shades of politics; the recent withdrawal of the troops and other causes, has led those most interested to take up the matter. They believe that the Dominion is to be thrown on its own resources for purposes of defence, and it is apparent that the British Government are quite willing, may more, they appear anxious that as Colonists we should become a Nation. A telegram from Montreal says that "the hon. Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Bright advocate Canadian Independence." If this be true added to Mr. Galt's urging the Dominion Parliament to seek for "Independence," there cannot be a doubt that the Imperial Government will readily accede to the request.

It has been argued that were the British North American Colonies an Independent Nation, the United States would not think of attempting to annex it; but that better terms for trading, and even kinder feelings would be entertained. It is understood that the repeal of the reciprocity treaty on the part of the States was a direct blow at England; but who has suffered? The Colonies undoubtedly. Again it is urged, and with considerable weight, that in the event of a difference between England and the United States, resulting in a war, the Dominion which had no voice in the matter, would be made the battle ground. Such a contingency, we trust is not probable, but who will argue that it is impossible. To have independence without rebellion, the British Government must take the initiative, and offer it to the Dominion;—then indeed the sincerity of English statesmen's speeches, and British writers' hints would take effect, and the Dominion people could accept or reject it as a boon conferred by the parent government. There is scarcely one article produced in the Dominion which our Republican neighbors do not require, and were our trade relations on an equitable footing, both peoples would be benefited.

**GOLD** it is reported, has been discovered at Canterbury, York Co. We trust we will be in a position to announce the fact of a similar discovery in this County; a specimen is at present in the STANDARD OFFICE, and we are only waiting for further developments to make "assurance doubly sure."

The "Telegraph" after the 1st July will be issued daily; the "Morning Journal" is to be incorporated with it, under the title of the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Journal." The "Colonial Presbyterian" is also to be united with the "Presbyterian Advocate"—in a word, the two offices are to be merged into one, with the staff editorial, reporters and correspondents combined, giving a circulation of twenty thousand copies weekly. We trust that the union may prove remunerative, and wish the proprietors abundant success. St. John will have three daily papers—the Globe, News and Telegraph.

**THE ESCORT** of the University of New Brunswick was largely attended by visitors, and the exercises are reported to have been interesting. Among the honorary degrees conferred we notice—Doctor of Philosophy on John Bennett, Esq., Chief Superintendent of Schools; Master of Arts on Mr. Manning of the St. John Grammar School. The principal visitors were the guests of Dr. Jack, President, at a luncheon, after the close of the exercises. The Oration was delivered by Professor Jardine.

We are not sorry that the Election Bill, introduced in the Parliament at Ottawa, has not become law; the people generally of this

Province, have no desire to return to open voting; the ballot system since it was adopted has worked well, and the people appear to be satisfied with it.

**PUBLIC MEETING.**—We beg to direct the attention of those interested, to the notice of a Public Meeting to be held on the 8th proximo, in the Town Hall.

The first of July is to be a Dominion holiday. We confess to a desire to see a more general and hearty observance of the "Queen's Birthday," than any other holiday, while the country forms a portion of the British Empire. We cannot shut our eyes nor close our ears to what we see, hear, and read, of the changes which are now advocated, even in high quarters. The Independence idea is gaining ground, and from political reasons. The Proclamation to "observe and keep the 1st of July, and every succeeding 1st of July" a holiday, was received this morning.

While a detachment of the 78th Highlanders detailed for garrison duty in St. John, were landing in that city last week, the curiosity of the people was so great, that the passage way was crowded to excess to see the kilted heroes; and Gen. Doyle had to use his umbrella freely over some young urchins who blocked up the landing. The 78th is the regiment of which Col. Anderson, late Adj. Genl. of this Province, was Captain of the Light Company, and served with during the Indian mutiny.

A correspondent complains of "the unruly lads who are in the habit of annoying newly married persons, by firing guns close to their windows, blowing fog horns, and otherwise 'disturbing them.' Only last week several 'pains of glass were broken, simply because 'the groom would not treat the rowdies.' He suggests 'that unless the authorities put a stop to such unseemly conduct in future, parties must protect themselves, by taking the law in their own hands.'"

**LEWIS CARVELL, Esq.**, the popular and efficient Superintendent of Railways in this Province, has been appointed Superintendent of the Nova Scotia Railways. Thus the Railways in the maritime provinces are placed under the supervision of a competent and efficient officer, and one who performs his duty.

**T. T. Odell, Esq.**, of the firm of Odell & Turner, left here on Tuesday morning for England, via Halifax, to take passage in the Steamship City of Washington.

The fine weather during the latter part of the week, brought on the crops. Grass promises an abundant yield, the grain and root crops are also coming forward rapidly.

The "Telegraph" announces that Western Extension, or rather about 60 miles of the road from Fairville to Hart's mills will be opened on Thursday 1st proximo.

**WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.**—At the recent meeting at Charlottetown, Rev. Mr. Daniel was elected President by a majority of three over Dr. Pickard. We notice that Rev. Robert Wilson who has been stationed here for the last three years, is appointed to Sheffield, and Rev. C. B. Pitts to St. Andrews.

**HARPER'S MAGAZINE** for July is received, and is an interesting number. The contents are:

Early Aeronautics—with eleven illustrations—Jacob Abbott. Border Reminiscences—with six illustrations—R. B. Marcy. Making Watches by Machinery—with twenty illustrations—A. D. Richardson. The Birds of Paradise—with eight illustrations—Alfred R. Wallace. A Night at Sea—J. W. De Forest. Giants and Dwarfs—W. A. Seaver. Grant on the Battle-field—Eugene Lawrence. A Street Arab—with an illustration—N. G. Shepherd. A Brave Lady—with two illustrations—by the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." The Lover's Interdict—Alice Cary. Notes for Travellers in Europe—Lyman Abbott. My Enemy's Daughter—with an illustration—By Justin McCarthy. Fishing in Mists—Sarah E. Chester. The Button-hole Boquet—Jane Splatters. Squire Suffolk's Subscription—Mary N. Prescott. Mother and Child—Alice Cary. Editor's Easy Chair. Editor's Book Table. Editor's Record of Current Events. Editor's Drawer—with twelve illustrations.

**GOOD HEALTH.**—The July number of this ably conducted and useful work has been received from the publisher, Alex. Moore, 21 Franklin St. Boston. It has a neatly published supplement containing rules for the "Treatment of the Apparently Drowned." The contents of the number before us, are:

Practical Physiology—The Eye and Sight—Part I. Taking Cold. Light in the Sick Chamber. Thinking. Boat Racing at Cambridge and Oxford. Lecture to Ladies. Serpents and Venomous Snakes. Freezing the Brain. Reading for a Leisure Hour—Life at Oxford. The Vision. Don't Stand Still. Natural Criticism. Results of Reading. Dr. Marce on the Voice. Food. Liebig's Meat Extract. Earth Closet System. Bread. Editorial—Scarlet Fever. Management of Infants. Stay at Home. The New Education. Liquor and Health. Crying Terms \$2 per annum.

**ITEMS.**  
Number four of the "Presbyterian Advocate" is an excellent number; with each issue this journal becomes more interesting.

The Examination of the Parish School will take place on Friday next 10 o'clock. The public are invited to attend.

Mr. Bridges card will be seen in another column.

Rev. P. KEAT, will be absent next Sabbath, having to attend a meeting of the Synod at Chatham, Miramichi. There will be social worship in the Church in the forenoon.

The Baptist Church here has been without a pastor for the past month, but we learn that a Minister is shortly expected.

The Pic Nic and Bazaar held by the Catholics of Woodstock is reported to have been a pleasant and successful gathering. The proceeds are said to amount to \$1,000. This shows what union and energy can accomplish.

The Sultan of Turkey has conferred the title of Pasha upon Sir Samuel Baker in recognition of his humane gallantry in assuming the guidance of the expedition to exterminate the slave traffic on the White Nile, despatched by the Viceroy of Egypt at the instance of the Prince of Wales.

Two young lads belonging to Carleton went out drifting for Salmon on Saturday night and were not heard of for several days, to the great anxiety of their friends. They were, it appears, blown over to the Nova Scotia shore of the Bay, and only reached home last evening.—Globe.

The Directors of the Commercial Bank having taken steps for the release of Mr. Sanction, that gentleman is now at liberty. It is understood that the Bank folks were pretty well "sailed" by their New York lawyers by the time proceedings against Mr. S. were stopped.—Telegraph.

After June 30th the Secretary of the U. S. Treasury will purchase a million in bonds every other week, beginning Thursday, July 1, and will sell a million in gold July 8.

The British Government has given the Canadian authorities practical control of the negotiations respecting the trade relations of the United States and the Dominion, and Canadian commissioners are expected immediately at Washington to confer with the British Minister.

The son of the late Theodoros, of Abyssinia, who has been at school in England, will be sent to India as the climate proves unfavorable to his health.

In some parts of Minnesota thousands of geese are raised simply for their feathers and it is said to be a very profitable crop. We make politicians of them in this section.—Portland Adv.

At the recent examination of the University of London there were six successful women candidates.

**SACKVILLE ITEMS.**—Mr. Tweed has commenced framing the railway station house with a gang of seven men. The building—lumber for which is on the premises—promises to be a fine one, covering 900 square feet of land more than the one at Dorchester.—Gazette.

**NEW JUDGE.**—The Hon. Joseph Henley, Attorney General and Premier of Prince Edward Island, who we believe, nephew of Sir Robert Hodgdon, the Chief Justice, now the administrator of the Government, withdraws from the political arena and takes the vacant Judgeship. The Hon. Edward Palmer or the Hon. John Longstreet is spoken of as his successor.

**EASTERN EXTENSION** is being rapidly pushed forward at Dorchester. Mr. Joseph Townsend, the Superintendent of this branch, upwards of one hundred men employed, and states that they will have a ballast train running through from Sackville in about two months. There are at present about 650 men employed on this road. It will be completed in about five months.

**WHAT WE ARE COMING TO.**—An English chemist professes to have discovered a fluid which he asserts will cause bodies plunged in it to petrify within five years. His proposition to utilize this preparation is unique. He wishes people to turn the corpses of their relatives to stone and use them in domestic architecture.

**FATAL ACCIDENT.**—A singular and melancholy accident occurred at West Houlton, on Wednesday of last week. A child of William McGinley, about two years old, while playing in the road in front of the house, was run over by a cow and literally trampled to death, and that instantly, as we learn there was no trace of life when the child was picked up.—(Woodstock Acadian).

**FATAL ACCIDENT.**—On Monday last while two brothers, sons of John McLellan, North Richmond, were proceeding to the work, one of the boys being on horseback, by some mischance a cultivator which the lad on the horse was carrying with him fell off, causing the horse to kick, striking the other boy, James, aged 19, so severely that he died on the following day. Dr. N. R. Colter was promptly

in attendance, but medical skill was of no avail. The deceased was a promising young man, and we sincerely sympathize with the parents in their sad bereavement.—Car. Sentinel.

**Ship News.**  
PORT OF ST. ANDREW'S.  
ARRIVED.

June 26, Slp. Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.  
28, Sclr. Harrie, Ross, Portland, Flour, R. Ross.  
Mary Ellen, Britt, New York. Flour & Corn, Bradbury & Hibbard.  
Hall & Fairweather, Vail, St. John, Rail road iron, R. Ross.  
Frank, Thompson, Pembroke, ballast.

**DEPARTED.**  
June 25, Sclr. Franklin, Coats, Boston, 80 cords Hemlock bark, R. Ross.  
28, Hall & Fairweather, Vail, St. John, ballast.  
Frank, Thompson, Pembroke, pig iron.  
28, Bgt. Mary Ellen, Britt, St. George, corn, Bradbury & Hibbard.

**PUBLIC NOTICE.**  
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that we the undersigned two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Charlotte, resident in the District mentioned in the first section of an Act passed on the 21st April last, entitled—"An Act to authorize the Justices of the Peace for the County of Charlotte to issue Warrants for certain purposes on the credit of a part of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said County,"—do call together and will hold a **Public Meeting**, of all persons liable to be assessed under the provisions of the said Act, on

**Thursday, the Eighth day of July** next, at the **Town Hall**, in Saint Andrews, and will keep said meeting open from twelve o'clock noon till four o'clock P. M. for the purpose of receiving the votes of such persons as may desire to vote for or against the adoption of the said Act.

Dated 29th June, A. D. 1869.  
J. W. STREET, J. P.  
J. S. MAGLE, J. P.

**For sale or to Let.**  
THE House and premises opposite Kennedy's Hotel, near the Railway Station, a Steamboat Landing. The building is adapted for a hotel, with parlors, kitchen and dormitories; there is also a good store. On the premises are a Barn and Woodshed, and also an excellent spring of water. For particulars apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.  
St. Andrews, June 30.

**SUMMER RETREAT.**  
The Subscriber has newly furnished the pleasantly situated house, corner of Queen and Edward streets, for the reception of families visiting St. Andrews for health or pleasure. He will spare no efforts to please and give satisfaction to all who may stop at his house; and trusts to receive a share of patronage.  
Horses and carriages to hire.  
St. Andrews, June 30, 1869.  
C. BRIDGES.

**SEALED TENDERS** will be received at the Office of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Saint John, until SATURDAY, the 3rd day of July next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the erection of a **LIGHT HOUSE** on Machias Seal Island, at the entrance of the Bay of Fundy. Tenders to be addressed to John Harley, Inspector of Lights, and marked "Tender for Machias Seal Island Light House."

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full; also the signatures of two responsible parties, willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Plans and specifications can be obtained at the office of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Custom House Building. By order of the Department of Public Works.  
Saint John, N. B., 15th June, 1869.  
JOHN HARLEY, Inspector of Lights.

**THE "WAVE"**  
78 KING ST.  
THIS House has been built by the British by the English Navy the most distinct new or please are made who have lived in it.  
The favorite of the Proprietor would respectfully be that he will spare the House still age.—Every attention

**His Excellency**  
ON the recommendation of the Minister of Customs of the 8th Section of the said Act, an Act respecting the Exchequer has been passed by the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick, and the same is hereby declared to be an Act in name of Port Caledonia Survey of the Port of St. Andrews, May 1869.

**At Albion**  
Ladies' Cambric, 18s New Mantle Cord, two New Buttons, New Corsets, New Skeletons, G O and Panniers. Men's Lined Dusters, New Hats, New Boots, Inspection invited.  
St. Andrews, May 1869.

**Parish**  
SPECIAL CLASSES: man, for young labor, for more pupils can 345. For terms, see, St. Andrews, May 1869.

**KENNEDY'S**  
Front Street  
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**Ship News.**  
PORT OF ST. ANDREW'S.  
ARRIVED.

June 26, Slp. Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.  
28, Sclr. Harrie, Ross, Portland, Flour, R. Ross.  
Mary Ellen, Britt, New York. Flour & Corn, Bradbury & Hibbard.  
Hall & Fairweather, Vail, St. John, Rail road iron, R. Ross.  
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**DEPARTED.**  
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## Ship News

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Schr. Harrie, Ross, Portland, Flour, R. Ross.  
Mary Ellen, Britt, New York, Flour & Corn, Bradbury & Hibbard.  
Fall & Fairweather, Vail, St. John, Rail road iron, R. Ross.  
Frank, Thompson, Pembroke, ballast.

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25, Schr. Franklin, Coats, Boston, 80 cords Hemlock bark, R. Ross.  
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Bgt. Mary Ellen, Britt, St. George, corn, Bradbury & Hibbard.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the estate of James Low, formerly, late of the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

ROBT. LOW, Executors.  
ALEX. DICK, 3m.  
St. George, June 21, 1869.

## LAND FOR SALE.

50 ACRES of land under cultivation on the Western Side of the Digdiguan river, (in the grant to Archibald Williams and others.) Apply to Gordon McKay, Receiver, or the subscriber.  
J. W. STREET.  
St. Andrews, June 22d, 1869.

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday 7th day of June, 1869.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council that it is advisable and expedient that no Tolls should be levied or collected on Coal passing upwards through the St. Lawrence, Chambly, St. Urs, Burlington Bay or Ottawa Canals, or St. Ann's Lock, or either of them:

And whereas by the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intitled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," it is in effect enacted, that the Governor may, by Order in Council, impose and authorize the collection of dues or tolls on Canals and other public works vested in Her Majesty, and from time to time, in like manner, may alter or change such dues or tolls, and may declare the exemptions therefrom.

His Excellency on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after this day, Coal passing upwards through the public works of this Dominion, known as the St. Lawrence Canal, the Chambly Canal, the St. Urs Canal, the Burlington Bay Canal, the Ottawa Canal, or St. Ann's Lock or the several sub-divisions or sections of the same respectively, shall be, and is hereby declared to be exempt from the payment of Canal Tolls.

And it is further ordered that the Order in Council of the 24th day of May, 1869, be and the same is hereby cancelled.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

June 23, 1869.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Friday 25th May, 1869.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Harbour known as Big Glace Bay, in Cape Breton, Province of Nova Scotia, shall be and the same is hereby constituted and declared to be an Out Port of Entry, under the name of Port Caledonia, and placed under the Survey of the Port of Sydney.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

June 9, 1869.

At Albion House, Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, 40 cents per doz.

New Mantle Cord, two sizes, New Trimmings, New Buttons, New Corsets, New Dresses, Unbleached Skeletons, GOODS, Cottons and Panniers, very cheap, Men's Linen Dusters, Men's silk lounge Dusters, New Hats, New Boas, New Hair, New Collars, Inspection invited.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

Parish School.

SPECIAL CLASSES in French and German, for young Ladies have been formed. A few more pupils can be taken. Hours—2.15 to 3.15. Fortunate, can apply to the teacher.

D. B. WHITE.

St. Andrews, May 26, 1869.

KENNEDY'S HOTEL.

Front Street, St. Andrews.

THIS Hotel is situated in the most business part of the Town, and within a short distance of the Steamboat Landing and Railway Station. The house is new, commodious, newly furnished, and open to the travelling community. A good Stable is on the premises, and Horses and Carriages furnished at short notice.

A. KENNEDY, Proprietor.

may 10—3m

THE "WAVERLEY HOUSE,"

75 KING STREET, ST. JOHN.

THIS House has been patronized by H. R. H. the PRINCE OF WALES, H. R. H. PRINCE ALFRED, by all the British American Governors, and by the English Nobility and Gentry, as well as by the most distinguished Americans, whom business or pleasure may have brought to St. John, who have joined in pronouncing it

The favorite House of the Province.

The Proprietor, thankful for past favors, would respectfully intimate to the travelling Public that he will spare no pains or expense to render the House still further deserving their patronage.—Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

JOHN GUTHRIE, Proprietor.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that "Byng Inlet," situate at the mouth of the River Magalloway on the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry under the Survey of the Port of Toronto.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

may 20 31

NEW WORK.

EARLY in June the subscriber intends publishing a work, to be entitled

"LIVINGSTON'S HAND BOOK AND VISITOR'S GUIDE OF SAINT JOHN."

It will contain an account of the historical reminiscences of the city. Elaborate notices of its public buildings and institutions and a variety of other matter interesting alike to its inhabitants and to strangers who may visit St. John.

For the benefit of the latter, it will include information for travellers in reference to the Railways, Steamboats, Post and Telegraph Offices. It will also contain an account of Fredericton and the chief points of interest on the St. John River.

AN EDITION OF FIVE THOUSAND COPIES will be published, and such arrangements have been made as will ensure their sale.

The experience which the subscriber has had in the newspaper line during the past three and a half years, warrants him in saying that this work will afford

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM ever known in this city.

As the space for advertisements will be limited, persons who wish to advertise should lose no time in doing so.

Full Particulars as to terms, &c., furnished on application to

GORDON LIVINGSTON.

St. John, May 23, 1869.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

THE Subscriber lately of Railroad Hotel, has taken the new and commodious stables in rear of BRADFORD'S HOTEL, fitted them up with all the modern conveniences, and is prepared to furnish bays, for horses for any time, on reasonable terms, and solicits a continuance of patronage from his friends, who will find attentive hostlers in attendance.

Passengers conveyed Free by the Coach to and from

Kennedy's, Hatch's, and Bradford's Hotels.

He is also proprietor of the Stage Line between St. Andrews and St. George, leaving St. Andrews at 4 P. M., and St. George at 4 A. M., daily, Sundays excepted.

C. C. BRIDGES.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, June 4, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN IMPORTS until further notice: 27 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

June 2

Assessors of Rates.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Assessors of Rates and Taxes for the Parish of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, will receive, until the 31st day of June next, statements in writing, from all liable to be assessed, for the current year in the Parish of St. Andrews, of the real and personal properties and income they possess.

S. H. WHITLOCK, Assessors of Rates.

R. STEVENSON, Assessors of Rates.

CHAS. O'NEIL, Assessors of Rates.

St. Andrews, May 4, 1869.

New Brunswick & Canada Railway.

St. Stephen and Woodstock Branch Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

On Monday 17th May, and until further notice, Trains will run as follows:

UP Passenger and Freight TRAINS will leave St. Andrews every day at 8.45 a.m. (except Saturday, on Saturday will leave at 6.30 a.m.) and St. Stephens at 9.45 a.m., for Woodstock and Richmond.

DOWN Passenger and Freight Trains will leave Woodstock every day at 7.30 a.m. and Richmond at 8 a.m. for St. Andrews and St. Stephens.

On Monday 7th June and until further notice, a Passenger Train will leave St. Stephens every day at 8 a.m. for Woodstock and Richmond and return same day, leaving Woodstock at 2 p.m. and Richmond at 2.45 p.m.

A Train will leave St. Andrews every Saturday at 6.30 a.m. to connect with this Up Train only.

AGENT.

D. J. SEELY, Water street, St. John.

HENRY OSBURN, St. Andrews, May 12, 1869.

MANAGER.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Duncan Styles, late of Dumbarton, Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested to the subscriber within three months from date, and all parties indebted to said estate, will make immediate payment to

NATHAN SMITH, Executor.

St. Andrews, Jan. 2, 1869.

N.B.—Any demands against the estate, or moneys belonging to the same, may be left at the Office of the Clerk of the Peace, St. Andrews.

NEW GOODS.

NEW STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS.

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Which are offered at small advance on cost. Public patronage solicited.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

Albion House.

OIL & FLOUR.

10 Casks Kerosine Oil.

15 Barrels choice Brand Canada and California Flour. For sale by

C. E. O. HATHWAY.

April 28, 1869.

## MANCHESTER HOUSE,

MAY 1869.

## O'DELL & TURNER

Have received per Steamships "Palmyra," "Hecla," "China," &c., a well assorted stock of NEW DRESS GOODS, In Siliana Cords, German Lustres, Granites, Alpacaes, &c. Printed Calicoes Regatta, Brilliants and Skirtings, Velvet and Cloth Jackets and Mantels, Parasols, Gloves, White Cotton Hose, White Ballingigan Hose and Half Hose.

HATS & BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS and Shapes, Gossamers, Hair Nets, Corsets, Muslins and Crapes. Every requisite for Family Mourning. GREY and WHITE COTTONS, LINENS, TICKINGS & TOWELINGS, BROAD CLOTHS, WATER PROOF and SCOTCH TWEEDS, Damasks, Moreens, Kidderminster CARPETINGS, Floor Oil Cloths, Mattings and Door Mats.

## Ready Made Clothing.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES. Also—10 Bales New Paper Hangings.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

O'DELL & TURNER.

St. Andrews, May 1869.

E. & N. A. Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1869.

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, 19th May next Trains will run daily as follows—

TRAINS GOING EAST—Leave St. John at 7 and 11.15 A. M. 2.15 and 5 P. M. the 2.15 train going to Kottisay, and the 5 P. M. to Sussex only.

TRAINS GOING WEST—Leave Point Du Chene at 6.30 and 10.45 A. M., Sussex at 6.15 and 10.15 A. M. and 4.05 P. M. and Rothsay at 8.45 and 11.11 A. M., 3.15 and 6.45 P. M.

The 11.15 A. M. and the 5 P. M. trains from St. Chene only will carry Freight.

The EASTERN EXTENSION Railway—Trains, to and from Dorchester, connect daily at Paines Junction.

STRAIGHTS to and from Prince Edward Island and Pictou, and to and from Quebec, Miramichi, and the intermediate ports, will arrive and leave Point DuChene upon each Wednesday and Saturday during the summer.

STAGES connect daily at Moncton, to and from Hillsborough, Hopewell, and the Albert Mines; at Shediac to and from Coogee, Richibucto, Miramichi, and other places upon the Nova Scotia Shore; and at Dorchester to and from Sackville, Amherst, and other places in Nova Scotia.

LEWIS CARVILL, General Manager.

Railway Office, St. John, N. B., May 6, 1869.

THE ST. STEPHEN BOOK STORE,

"COURIER PRINTING HOUSE,"

Saint Stephen, N. B.

THE business of the above establishment has been considerably enlarged, and we now offer the most liberal inducements to dealers in our line of goods. We make a specialty of

Flat, Folio, Foolscap, Letter and Note Papers and Envelopes;

SLATES, PENCILS,

Copy Books and Wrapping Paper.

Our Stock of ROOM PAPERS and Fishing Tackle will be found the most complete of any on the coast.

We invite the attention of dealers to the above, May 10, 1869.

DAVID MAIN.

COURIER BOOK BINDERY, St. Stephen, N. B.

Fitted up with new stock and machinery.

All kinds of BOOK BINDING done in the best style and at fair prices.

Books, Newspapers, Pamphlets, Magazines, &c., neatly bound.

DAVID MAIN, PROPRIETOR.

Pamphlets and Book Printing neatly executed. May 10, 1869.

3m

New Crop Molasses & Sugar.

10 HHDS. first quality Cienfuegos Molasses, 5 HHds. Barbadoes & Porto Rico Sugar.

March 24, J. W. STREET.

S. ALMOND.

(Superintendent of the St. Stephen Rural Cemetery.) Importer of Marble and Manufacturer of

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

Stone Cutting in all its branches executed at moderate rates.

Having competent and efficient workmen in his employ, he is prepared to fill all orders at the shortest notice.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Workshop Union St., St. Stephen.

Gin, Nutmegs, Tea, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London via St. John: 5 Cases Nutmegs,

30 Chests Congou Tea,

300 Cases Gin, 10 Kgs Bi-Carbonate Soda,

90 HHds Geneva,

40 Qr Casks boiled & raw Oil,

Do do White, yellow, and black Paints,

May 12, J. W. STREET.

## Kerosine Oil & Tobacco.

20 Bbls. Kerosine Oil,

20 Boxes Fruit Cake Tobacco.

Just received and for sale by

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.

Feb. 1869. St. Stephen.



THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

and acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be

the most reliable Preparation ever introduced for the RELIEF and CURE of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years; and when

resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy

cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza,

Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Palen or

Soreness in the Chest and Side.

Bleeding at the Lungs.

Liver Complaints, &c.

The unequalled success that has attended the application

of this medicine in all cases of

PULMONARY COMPLAINTS

has induced many physicians of high standing to employ

it in their practice, some of whom advise all of the best

over their own signatures. We have space only for the

names of a few of these—

ALEX. HAYDN, M.D. A. A. GIBB, M.D.

E. BODDIE, M.D. W. H. WISS, M.D.

W. A. REED, M.D. W. B. LYNN, M.D.

R. FELLOW, M.D. A. BELLMAN, M.D.

NATHAN FLETCHER, M.D. H. D. MARTIN, M.D.

H. G. RABOY, M.D. W. A. SHAW, M.D.

BRADFORD KRAFT, M.D. A. H. MACANAY, M.D.

SEYMOUR TEACHER, M.D. S. E. FLETCHER, M.D.

Such testimony

CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.

From the mass of evidence in our possession we select

the following:—

From L. J. KACINE, Esq.,

of La Mirra, Montreal: Having experienced the

most gratifying results from the use of Wistar's

Balsam of Wild Cherry, I am induced to express the

great confidence which I have in its efficacy. For some

years I have been afflicted with a cough, and have

obtained no relief until I commenced the use of the

Balsam. I have used it with great success, and in

the most difficult cases, and so reduced my

symptoms increased amazingly, and so reduced my

that I could walk and do my daily work without feeling

recover from the pain and fatigue which so often

attends the use of the Balsam. I am induced to

recommend it to all who are afflicted with any

of the above named complaints. I have used the

Balsam in my family, and it has proved to be a

valuable remedy. I am sure that such confidence in the

Balsam has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the

remedy for consumption.

A CURE FOR WHOOPING COUGH,

By H. B. COTTELL, C.E., Aug. 11, 1869.

My dear Sir: I have a little daughter of

about ten years of age, who was taken with Whooping

Cough in the early part of the month of May. She

was very much distressed, and I was unable to

do for her so much as I wished to. I had heard of

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and I had

heard that it was a very good remedy for

Whooping Cough, and I had bought a bottle of it.

I have used it in my family, and it has proved to be a

valuable remedy. I am sure that such confidence in the

Balsam has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the

remedy for consumption.

Yours truly,

H. B. COTTELL.

Proprietor of the Courier & St. Stephen.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual

expenditure of the vocal organs, will find this the BEST

Remedy which will effectively and permanently cure, if

truly

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the throat

