

TIER, FRUIT
Just received, for sale
a New York
and S. F. PICKER,
St. John's
DONALD CLARK.

Properties for
TO LET.

House, Stores and
St. Andrews
the Jones' property.
Out-Houses and
formerly known as
St. James', about
in Milltown, St. Ste-
in St. Patrick through
Ireland & Quebec Re-
in which, or in its
it will be established as
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1, within five minutes
St. Andrews, a delight-
Country Seat. If not
it will be laid in for
in building purposes, and let
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to announce to the
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or lease Building Lots
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the proposed pier on the
the immediate opposite,
ie of the most desirable
British North Ameri-
Capitalist, the Mel-
or. In view of which
ons are offered to the
onable.

R. FITZGERALD.
June 30, 1852.

WINE
resort especially fitted
to be the best of the
H. B. HATCH.

LONDON
STOUT
WINE &c.
L.R. 1852

LONDON, via St.
of LONDON, via St.

RECEIVED:
Casks Byass' London
and Pale Ale,
Rotated in Geneva,
Port Wine,
Sica Rum,
from the Clyde
Whisky.

J. W. STR.
12, 1853.

WINE
Licence to sell of the
of Nevin Thomson, late
the County of Charlotte
was, on the 28th day of
r, duly granted by the
r said County, to
d Administrator of all
de, chattels and credits
Thompson, for the pur-
poses:

the real estate of which
mpton died seized, con-
ed moiety or half part
of the said County, to
the grant to Alexander
r, in Macclesfield, in
e George, and which de-
said Nevin Thomson is
ther the late Ebenezer
said lot is bounded as
est by land granted to
the East by land own-
r; Northernly by land
Nichol; and Southernly
ant, (so called) arda-
fore conveyed to the said
by Alexander McVicar,
ore is hereby given, that
as Administrator, shall
eed to sell the above
ate, under and by virtue
by Public Auction, on
day of December next,
at the Homestead, in

JOHN McNICHOIL
Administrator.

WINE
of Wilson & Bolton, mer-
chanter will carry on busi-
ness in his own name.

T. B. WILSON.

The Standard.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
A. W. SMITH.
At his Office, Market Square, Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS.
12s 6d per annum—if paid in advance,
15s, if not paid until the end of the year.

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Each repetition of Ditto 1s
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Each repetition of Ditto 1d per line
Advertisements by the year as may be agreed on.

The Standard

OR RA. IWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E parvissimum est optimum. - Cic.

No 18 SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1854. [Vol. 21]

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS
Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
If Subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrearages are paid.
If Subscribers neglect, or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued.
If Subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC AT NEW YORK.
FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.
New York, May 1.
The Collins steamship Pacific, Capt. Nye, from Liverpool 19th ult., arrived here at half-past 9 o'clock this morning.
Liverpool circulars quote Cotton 57 1/2, Flour advanced 1 to 2s. What is also 3d per bushel higher. Corn 1s lower. McHenry quotes Bacon quiet. Good beef scarce and wanted. Pork plenty, but sales dull. Lard is selling at 92s. Tallow declining.
At Manchester, trade has improved. Consols closed at 87 1/2.

WAR MOVEMENTS
Admiral Napier's whole fleet had gone eastward, to attack the Russian fleet.
Navigation was open in the Black Sea, and the Allied fleets had sailed direct, with the intention of attacking Sebastopol.
By advices of 6th April, it is understood that sanguinary skirmishes continue daily on the Danube.
Omar Pasha was said to be waiting the arrival of the Allied armies before he would make a general attack.
The reports of the Austrians having entered Servia are not confirmed.
England and France have entered into a treaty, offensive and defensive.
The recall of the Prussian Minister from London, was on personal not political grounds.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.
A large Russian force was said to have entered Russia.
All the Russian ports were declared blockaded.
A portion of the English and French troops had reached Gallipoli.
No important actions have occurred on the Danube.
There was a report that five Russian ships had been captured by the British fleet in the Baltic.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.
New York, May 5, 1854.
The steamship Africa arrived this morning.
A treaty of alliance offensive and defensive was signed between Austria and Prussia.
The Greek insurrection had assumed the form of a Guerrilla warfare. Prince Daniel is reported to have summoned the Montenegro to arms against the Turks.
Russia has published a reply to the Declaration of War. Count Nessloff's circular favors the Greek insurrection in Spain.
The Black Warrior matter is not settled, and wears a threatening aspect.
A despatch from Omar Pasha states that the Turks were successful in three encounters with the Russians on the Danube.
Nothing new from the Baltic.
Consols 87 1/2 to 87 3/4. Flour advanced 1s. Cotton firmer.

MAGNITUDE OF RUSSIA.—Russia is the greatest unbroken Empire. For extent, that ever existed, occupying one sixth of the habitable globe. It is forty one times the size of France, and one hundred and thirty eight times that of England. Yet it was too small for the ambition of Alexander, who is reported to have said, "I insist upon having the Baltic to skate upon, the Caspian for a bathing place, the Black Sea a wash hand basin, and the North Pacific Ocean as a fish pond." He intended upon Asia for a pasture, on Persia and Georgia for a vineyard, on Turkey for a farm, on Finland and Lapland as a hunting ground, and took part of North America as a place of banishment for offenders.

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF RUSSIA.—The falling amiable family picture may be interesting at this time when Russia is thrusting her ursine nose into politics of Europe.
Peter I, the founder, as he is called, of the present imperial family, was the murderer of the two daughters and the sons of his brother Ivan, and the murderer, it is asserted, according to more than one of the annalists of his reign, by his own hand of Alexis. He was himself murdered by Menzikoff. (a name that has again risen up in history) the favorite of his wife Catherine, who when united to Peter, was already the wife of a living husband, and their children were afterward declared incapable of reigning because born in sin. Anna the eldest daughter of Ivan, put fourteen thousand Russians to death and banished twice as many. A revolution displaced the young Ivan, to put on the throne Elizabeth, daughter of Peter I, and her reign was remarkable for her drunkenness and debauchery. Peter III, her successor, was notoriously the offspring of crime, and was dethroned and strangled by his wife, Catharine II, the same infamous woman who assassinated the Danish Emperor, and whose son, Paul, the father of the present Em-

peror Nicholas, was strangled by courtiers.

THE BALTIC.
Notwithstanding its extent, the Baltic has all the characteristics of a great lake. No sea has, in proportion to its size, so great an influx of fresh water hence it contains but little salt. In proportion to the North Sea, this is found to be as 194 to 373. The depth of the Baltic on the west is not more than 15 fathoms, and in general it is only from eight to ten fathoms deep; on the south it is nowhere more than fifty fathoms; but towards the North it deepens to 100 fathoms. The Baltic receives the waters of the Niemen, Vistula, and the Oder, besides numerous lakes and smaller streams. The great quantity of sand and mud carried down by the rivers has considerably raised the bottom of this sea, and closed the mouth of many of its navigable streams, so that ships which formerly entered these rivers, must now be anchored at a considerable distance from their mouths. This, together with the numerous islands and sandbanks, and the gradual upward movement of the bed of the sea at the rate of several feet in a century, renders navigation on the Danish shores of the Baltic troublesome and dangerous. It has no tides, or rather the effect of the tide is so little felt, as not to be observable; but it is subject to changes of level depending on the winds, retarding or accelerating the passage of the water through the sound and the belts, but a great part of its surface, are covered with ice. The ancients were but slightly acquainted with the Baltic; its shores however gave forth its hardy warriors who overthrew in its decrepit the Roman empire, and laid the foundation of the European states.

ATROCIOUS MURDER.—As Lawrence Gallagher of this place, and a man named Andrew Mekin, were travelling in a Pong on the road from Houston to No. 11, Restook, on the 19th instant, about 38 miles from Houston, they overtook a man named Samuels James, he applied for a ride, but Gallagher told him he was in a hurry to reach Clark's and could not carry him; on going a little further they met a man named Mawthis, and a woman named White, Mawthis had a gun in his hand. After passing Mawthis and the woman a few rods Gallagher heard the report of gun, and on looking round he saw James fall, he and Mekin returned, and found that James had been shot, and came out at the back. Gallagher placed the wounded man in the Pong, got possession of the gun, assisted by Mekin, compelled Mawthis to return to Clark's, the Sheriff and a Magistrate were sent for from No. 11, when they arrived the man and woman were put into separate rooms for examination, and while the examination of Mawthis was going on, the woman found her way into the garret and set fire to the house, in order, as she said, to give Mawthis a chance to escape, but he was taken in charge by the Sheriff and Gallagher, and made to assist in extinguishing the fire. The house was considerably damaged. Mawthis acknowledged he shot James, and gave as a reason that James had slept at his camp in his absence. Mawthis is from the Kennebec, the woman White, is a native of this Province and lived with Mawthis in the camp, they are now both in Jail at Houston. After Gallagher had found that James was shot he expressed his regret that he had not given him a ride as it might have saved his life, but Mawthis replied that he would have shot him in the Pong or anywhere else. Woodstock Sentinel.

REDUCTION OF POSTAGE.—The Postmaster General of Canada has given notice that from the 23d of March the rate of postage on letters not half an ounce in weight, sent to England by the closed mails through the United States and by the British Mail Steamers, would be 8d. sterling, equal to 10d. currency, and by the mails for England via Quebec and Halifax, 6d. sterling, equal to 7d. currency. These rates not to apply to letters forwarded by the U. S. Government steamers, which are to remain as at present.

Strawberries and Green Peas.—The steamship Florida brought to New York on Tuesday between thirty and forty bushels of green peas, and six champagne baskets of strawberries. They were raised at Savannah and Florida.

THE FASHION.—We learn that no damage from the late heavy rain has resulted to the Eastern or Maine Railroad as far as Portland, the trains having come through on time yesterday. The Mercantile River is reported to be nearly as high as it has been known for a number of years, and still rising.

In Vermont the rivers are all very high, but we do not hear, as yet, of any damage.

At Fitzwilliam, N. H., on Saturday, some fifteen or twenty rods of the Chesire Railroad were washed away, but have since been repaired, and the trains came through yesterday from Brattleboro'—Boston paper.

Sir Charles Napier.—Sir Charles Napier was born on the 6th of March, 1759, and is the eldest son of the Hon. Charles Napier, of Murchison Hall, in the county of sterling, a captain in the Royal Navy, by his second wife, Christiana, daughter of Gabriel Hamilton Esq., of Westbury, Lancashire. The gallant Admiral is grandson, by a first marriage, of Francis, fifth Lord Napier, brother to Colonel Thomas Erskine, and cousin to Lord Napier, R. N., who, in 1834, died in China, to the late distinguished soldier, Sir C. J. Napier, and to Major Gen. Sir W. Napier, the historian of the Peninsular War.

Sir Charles entered the navy in 1799 on board the *Martin* ship, as a midshipman before he was 14 years old, and has soon a very large share of active service. In 1845 he was promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral; and in May, 1853, he obtained his present station of Vice Admiral.

PROVOCATION OF THE ASSEMBLY—GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.
FREDERICTON, May 1.
At 2 o'clock his Excellency closed the Session with the following Speech:

Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:
You have brought to a close the business of this Session and I thank you for your exertions. I trust that the consolidation and revival of the Provincial Statutes may prove advantageous to the country and that the changes in the administration of the Law occasioned in the present session may afford satisfaction.

The subjects of King's College and the Audit Office will not fail to receive the consideration of myself and my Council during the recess.
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:
I acknowledge with thanks the supplies you have granted for the public service. Some portions of these supplies relative to bridges has been voted in a manner which fills me with confidence in me and my advisers. I assure you that every precaution will be taken to insure a proper outlay of the public funds.

I feel confident that her Most Gracious Majesty will highly value the loyal feeling which attend your resolution placing at my disposal the resources of the Province for the defence of the country and the honour of the British Flag.
As representatives of the people you will have the satisfaction of restoring to your constituents at a time of general prosperity the public trust reposed in you at a time of depression.

Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:
You have heard with deep regret that Great Britain has been reluctantly forced into a war. In the name of the Queen I thank you very heartily for the expression of your loyalty and attachment to the throne, which I shall not fail to cherish before our Gracious Sovereign.

THE ARCTIC REGIONS.
Dr. Kane thus sketches a morning's walk in the regions of ice:
Now I set out upon a walk, clothed in well fashioned Arctic costume. The thermometer is, say 25 deg., not lower, and the wind blowing a royal breeze, but gently. Close the lips for the first time or two, and admit the air suspiciously through nostril and mustache. Presently you breathe in a dry pungent, but gracious and agreeable atmosphere. The beard, eyebrows, eyelashes, and the downy pubescence of the ears, acquire a delicate white, and perfectly enveloping cover of venerable hoar frost. The mustache and under lip form pendulous beads of dazzling ice. Put your tongue, and it instantly freezes to this icy crust, and a rapid throb and some hand will be required to liberate it. The less you talk the better. Your chin has a trick of freezing to your upper jaw by the lodging of your beard, even as you have often been so glued, as to show that a sink would be useful. As you walk on, you find that the iron work of your gun begins to penetrate through two coats of wadded mittens, with a sensation like hot water. But we have been supping your back to the wind; and if you see a good Arctic subject, a warm gown has already been followed by a prism glass.

Now turn about and face the wind; what a change! How the atmosphere are wafted off! How penetratingly the cold trickles down your neck, and in at your pockets! Whew! a jack-knife heretofore, like Bob Sawyer's apple, "unpleasantly warm" in his breeches pocket, has changed to something as cold as ice and hot as fire: make your way back to the ship! I was once caught three miles off with freshening wind, and at one time feared that I would hardly see the brig again. Morton, who accompanied me, had his check frozen, and I felt that lethargic numbness mentioned in story-books. I will tell you what this feels like, for I have been twice "caught out." Sleepiness is not the sensation. Have you ever received the shocks of a magnetic electric machine, and had the peculiar quivering sensation of your legs, extending up your elbow-joints? Deprive this of its paroxysmal character; subdue, but diffuse it over every part of the system, and you have the so-called pleasurable feelings of incipient freezing. It seems even to extend to your brain. Its poetic is augmented; every thing about you seems of a ponderous sort; and the whole amount of pleasure is in gratifying the disposition to remain at rest, and spare yourself an encounter with this latent resistance. This, I suppose, the pleasurable sleepiness of the story books.

ROMANCE OF REAL LIFE.
Mr. C—, assuming the name of Jones, some years since, purchased a small piece of land, and built on it a neat house, on the edge of a common in Wiltshire. Here he long resided, unknown and almost unknown, by the neighbourhood. Various conjectures were formed respecting this solitary and singular stranger; at length a clergyman took notice of him, and occasionally inquiring him to his house, he found him possessed of intelligence and manners, which evidently indicated his origin to have been in the higher stations of life. Returning one day from a visit to this clergyman, he passed the house of a farmer at the door of which was the daughter, employed at the washing-tub. He looked at the girl, and thus accosted her:
"My girl, would you like to be married?"
"Sir," exclaimed the girl.
"I looked you, young woman, if you wish to be married, because if you do, I will marry you."
"Lord, sir! these are strange questions, from a man I never saw in my life before."
"Very likely," replied Mr. Jones; "but however, I am serious, and I will leave you till ten o'clock to-morrow to consider of it; I will then call on you again, and if I have your father's consent, we will be married the following day."
He kept his appointment, and meeting with the father, thus addressed him:
"Sir, I have seen your daughter, I should like her for a wife, and I am come to ask your consent."
"This proposal," answered the old man, "is a very extraordinary one from a stranger. Pray, sir, who are you and what are you?"
"Sir," replied Mr. J., "you have a right to ask these questions. My name is Jones; the new house on the edge of the common is mine, and if it be necessary I can purchase your house and the farm and half the neighbourhood."
They were married. Three or four years they lived in this retirement, and had two children. Mr. J. employed his time in improving his wife's mind but never disclosed his origin. At length, on taking a journey of pleasure with her, on coming to a country seat, "This, my dear," said he, "is B—, the seat of the Earl of E—, and we will go in and ask leave to look at it. It will probably amuse you."
The nobleman who possessed this mansion was lately dead. His heir, a nephew, whom debts had driven into retirement, had not been heard of for some years. This nephew was the identical Mr. Jones, who is the present Earl of E.—English Paper.

Sale of Mustachios.—The sale of capillary ornaments for the upper lip has been held in our street trades. Several individuals are doing a good business in disposing of them. The mustachios are manufactured from seal-skins, and look very much like the genuine growth of buck-lips. We suggest to those who are fond of such developments, that an artificial mustache has many advantages, the chief of which is, however that of being easily removed when a good dinner is to be eaten, or a kiss taken from ruby lips. But in the latter case, perhaps it would be well to retain the mustache to serve as the seal of affection.

Phd. Gazette.
WARREN, (Ohio) April 27th.—A disastrous fire occurred here last night. An entire block of six large stores in Market Street was burned. P. L. Vanborden, losses \$13,000; B. H. Beck, (dry goods) \$3,000; J. M. Wiley, (book store) \$3,000; J. G. Shely, (druggist) \$2,000; and many other smaller losses; total, about \$23,000.

A Russian vessel is lying in our Harbour from Vess, Gall of Bohemia, unable to return home under present difficulties. The captain has discharged his men, and will be forced to remain here until the war is over. [N. Y. Paper.]

On Sunday morning the body of Miss E. F. on the young lady who has been for some time missing, and whose father appeared

once caused such painful sensations, was discovered on the Bar in the rear of the city, near low water mark. There is no doubt that she unconsciously walked into the water, and was thus drowned.—New Brunswick.

Religious Exiles.—An arrival at N. York from Madras, on Wednesday, brought 155 passengers, who are bound to the colony, already established in Illinois. Having seceded from the Roman and joined the Presbyterian Church, they have been obliged to leave their native land.

A Personally Well.—Mr. De Quincy has recently related how the well known Andrew Bell was persecuted by his wife, from whom he was legally separated. The lady was constantly sending the Doctor letters, enclosed outside to the records of her emity and spite. Sometimes she addressed her epistles thus:—"To the supreme of rogues, who looks the hang dog that he is, Doctor (such a Doctor!) Andrew Bell." Or again:—"To the ape of apes, and the knave of knaves, who is recorded to have once paid a debt—but a small one, you may be sure, it was that he selected for this wonderful experiment—in fact, it was 4s. 2d. Had it been on the other side of 6s., he must have died before he could have achieved so dreadful a sacrifice."

A Steamer to Carry Ten Thousand Men.—At the Annual Meeting of the Eastern Steam Navigation Company, on Wednesday, the 15th ult. the chairman said the opinion of practical men and of steam navigation companies in favour of large vessels had led to the extension of the dimensions of steamships, and whatever steam navigation companies might say on the subject, it was well known how they had always congratulated themselves when they had succeeded in completing a steamer larger than the ordinary size. In the report of the last year, the directors went upon the calculation of fifteen knots an hour, but it was now well understood that that rate was by no means a great speed, and he had no doubt many of the gentlemen present had heard of a report, that a Steam vessel was to be constructed to make the passage from America to this country in six days. But whatever speed the vessel spoken of might attain, it was evident that the desire to increase the speed of steam vessels had recently received a considerable impetus. The warlike movements that were going on in this country must forcibly strike us with the utility of moving large numbers of men and the importance in this respect of the class of vessels which this company desired to construct, which would be best understood when he stated that the one now being built would take out the whole of the 10,000 men the Government were sending to the East.

ROWLAND HILL.—The late Rev. Rowland Hill was remarkable for his eccentric remarks from the pulpit. He once said, on observing some persons enter his chapel to avoid the rain that was falling—"Many persons arise to be blamed for making their religion a cloak; but I do not think those are much better who make it an umbrella!" Again, after receiving some anonymous letters from some of his congregation—"If you wish me to read your anonymous letters, you enclose a 25 note in them for some good charity." On another occasion—"I do not want the walls of separation between different orders of Christians to be destroyed but only lowered, that we may shake hands a little easier over them."

The man who saw the joke, unquestionably used a spy glass. His sister was a good deal injured by the discharge of her lover. His cousin raised his wages with a derisive kick. Another was injured by running against the wind. His wife often floats of imagination. Her sister sat Sunday, got up to her neck in the drift of the sermon. Some remarks offered by her uncle, were not taken. A friend of the family who was in hopes, has taken a joint to the suburbs. Nice people those.

But they have moved away from where they live now. The orator who carried away his audience, is affectionately and humbly requested to bring it back as there were 300 more there in it who left "sneaking babies" at home that are fabled to want "something" sometime or another, or from that time to this both and a half.

Total Riot at Saigon.—The *Alphington* papers contain accounts of a dreadful riot at Saigon on the 17th ult. It is stated that an attempt of some three hundred armed men to burn the jail at that place, had the effect of prisoners. The Sheriff and others, were ordered to put down the riot, and the Sheriff was killed. A large number of the rioters were arrested and bound by it to await the examination.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Disloyalty on the Beach in Canada! We learn from Montreal papers that Wednesday the 25th ult., the day of humiliation and prayer for the success of the British arms, according to the appointment of Her Majesty, was very generally observed in that city.

The Superior Court being in session, Mr. Berchelt suggested to the Judges that the Court should adjourn till the following day. This was the opinion of the Bar generally, and was acquiesced in by Mr. Justice Day, who said that the Court only wished an application from the Bar, whose wishes it would most readily meet in the matter.

Mr. Judge Mondelet said he, for one, would never consent to adjourn for any occasion. If a set of murderers chose to cut each other's throats, he saw nothing to call for prayer in it. These belligerent arms were murderers, and the war a disgrace to the nineteenth century. Why could not they settle their quarrels in some other way, without cutting each other's throats? He would never consent to adjourn. His Honour repeated these sentiments with great emphasis.

Mr. Bidwell had come prepared to move an adjournment if no one else had. If what the learned Judge said was true, then the Sovereign from whom he held his commission was a murderer, and that the prayers offered up blasphemous.

Judge Mondelet—so they are!

Messrs Loranger and Darnon here rose and said that the Bar was unanimous in favour of an adjournment. After the courtesy always extended by the English members on like occasions—as, for instance, adjourning on the occasion of the St. Jean Baptiste Society—there ought to be, and there was, but one opinion on the matter, and they trusted that the adjournment would be made.

Judge Day—That being the feeling, we have, of course, no hesitation in complying.

Murder and Arson in Aroostook. Me.—Two persons, James Mathews, and Mary Ann White, were committed to jail in Houlton, Me., on the 21st ult. The first charged with the murder of Samuel James, the latter for setting fire to a tavern on the West Aroostook road. The man and woman had been living together several months. On the Sunday previous to the arrest the deceased visited Mathews' camp, and staid with Mary Ann over night. She told Mathews that James had treated her badly. He seized a gun, followed after and shot James through the breast. The wounded man survived but a few hours. Two men who happened to be passing at the time apprehended Mathews and Mary Ann, and took them to Hewes' tavern. While preparations were making for the examination of Mathews, the girl White stole up into the attic with some matches, set fire to the house, and came down. When the fire was discovered, it had progressed so far that it was with much difficulty it could be extinguished, though there were some fifteen able men in the house. She was not suspected to have participated in the murder, and was in custody merely as a witness.—N. Y. Herald.

We understand that the Steamer's Eastern City and Admiral will make three trips a week between Portland, Eastport, and St. John, as soon as the season is suitable, probably by the middle of May. This arrangement is intended to accommodate the increasing business of Portland, as one of the trips from St. John will terminate here, and the other two continue to Boston. They will thus be enabled to take all the freight offered; and by laying over one day here will have plenty of time to discharge and take in cargo. We are pleased to learn that arrangements have been made by those steamers to forward passengers from St. John to Windsor and Halifax, and to other parts of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

These steamers have been put in first rate order—have experienced officers and engineers—and in point of speed, safety and comfort, are not surpassed by any boats in New England.—Portland Argus.

A little son of G. T. Swartz set fire to his father's house in Providence while playing with matches, and his mother was fatally burned in rescuing him. The house was destroyed.—Portland Argus.

Count Adam de Gubowski has written a letter to the New-York Tribune to show that the germs of a revolution at present exist in Russia—a rebellion, which, he thinks, only requires opportunity to manifest itself, and by which the future grandeur and destiny of Russia will be achieved.

The present British army despatched to Turkey, numbers 25,731 men, of whom 2591 consist of Horse Artillery; 2000 of cavalry; 23 regiments of infantry, numbering in all, 18,750 men, besides 3 regiments of Foot Guards, numbering 2550.

Accounts from Ireland give cheering accounts of the progress of farming work. The quantity of wheat sown by far exceeds that of last year. Notwithstanding the cheering prospects of the country, however, emigration proceeds with even increased earnestness.

The codfishermen are fitting away from the New England ports later, but more extensively, than usual. The present prices of fish, and the withdrawal of the French fishermen for the navy, leads to the expectation of profitable year's work. There will be an increase of the Labrador vessels from Newburyport the present season.—Boston Post.

Bank Failure.—The Cobalt Bank Boston, suspended payment on Saturday last. It is believed that it will ultimately redeem its bills in circulation.

Sir Charles Napier, previous to his departure for the Baltic, was received at the Portsmouth Guildhall, by the Mayor and Common Council, and presented with an address. In his reply the Admiral said:—

"I will do the best I can to prevent the British flag from being tarnished. I know a great deal is expected from the fleet; but, gentlemen, you must not expect too much—(cheers)—We are going to meet an enemy well prepared. I am sure every officer and man in the fleet will do his duty gloriously; but at the same, I warn you again that you must not expect too much—(cheers). The fleet is a new one: the system of warfare is new; great consideration is required to ascertain how it is best to manage a fleet urged by steam. The system of warfare is entirely different now to what it was formerly; but we will do our best—(cheers)—and I am sure I shall remember to the last day of my life the kindness of the people of Portsmouth—(loud cheers)."

The Cholera.—We are pleased to find that all the Cholera patients at Partridge Island are in a convalescent state, and all the healthy passengers have come up to the city. We have reason to be thankful that we are spared such a dismal visitation as the Cholera would be in this City at the present time, and trust that the arrangements of precaution already taken by the Board of Health, and by private individuals will be persisted in, that another such arrival will find us prepared as far as human means will permit.—Chronicle.

N. Y. Crystal Palace.—This great American Exhibition, after having been closed a short time for re-arrangement and requisite alterations, was opened on the 4th instant to the public under a new and improved administration, and it is now intended to be continued as a permanent institution. A large number of articles in the Fine Arts, Horticulture, Mechanics, &c., have been added to the former extensive collection, and steam power and space will continue to be furnished to parties desirous of exhibiting new articles and inventions. Medals, Diplomas, and other marks of merit will be awarded to inventors and others worthy of the distinction. The President of the Crystal Palace Association, P. T. Barnum, Esq., announces that the Exhibition has been opened under the most auspicious circumstances, and is now presented in a form which must command the sympathy of Skill and Industry throughout the World, and deserve, as well as receive, a success at once gratifying and consoling to their patriotism and perseverance. All travellers from the Colonies should make it their business to inspect this extensive exhibition of American Art and Industry, where also the similar products of every quarter of the globe are placed side by side, that the visitor may himself easily institute a comparison between the different developments of taste and skill of the different countries.—Id.

Liquor Law in Pennsylvania.—A committee of conference of the two Houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature have agreed to provide for a vote of the people, on the second Tuesday of October next, for and against the enactment of a law to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor, except for medicinal, medicinal, and sacramental purposes. The vote of the people is to be considered their prayer to the next Legislature.

Cucumbers are selling in Cincinnati at 25 cents a piece. Green corn, asparagus, tomatoes and fresh peaches are in the market, and sold at reasonable prices.

The Quebec-Gazette says:—The order to charge one penny additional on Colonial newspapers to Great Britain has been rescinded. The postal regulations remain as former.—Id., on each paper via United States, and all via Halifax free.

The California newspapers have a new feature. They have not only headings as we have for births, marriages, and deaths, but also for divorces. Thus in the California paper the arrangement is, "births, marriages, deaths and divorces."

The Voice of the Fugitive states, that numbers of fugitives from slavery continue to arrive in Canada from the boasted land of freedom. If they had not Canada to fly to, their fate would be sad indeed. But once here, where true freedom exists, they need have no further fear of the lash unless indeed, our "virtuous" friend, Mitchell's ideas of liberty should prevail us—which heaven forbid!

We are not much in error when we state that the Sheriff's returns of the approaching Elections will be limited to the first of July. The whole of them will consequently be held in the month of June, it may be on the same day; but the later part will be discretionary with the Sheriff.—[Reporter.

The gentlemen hitherto announced either by themselves or friends as candidates at the approaching Election in this County, are, besides the four "old ones," Hon. Charles Fisher, W. H. Needham, James S. Beck, Lieut. Col. Hayne, D. S. Kerr, John A. Beckwith, and George F. H. Minchin, Esqrs.—Id.

A writer in the St. John Morning News is abusing the hon. Mr. Chandler with all his might for having once advocated the only line Railroad which could either now or hereafter be of any advantage to this Province, and naming him with his present position in connection with that hubbug called the European and North American Railroad. We regret as much as any one that Mr. Chandler has by the pressure of such repulsive circumstances been driven into such bad company; but let

the writer of these reform articles remember that the whole farce has not yet been concluded.—Id.

THE STANDARD OFFICE IS REMOVED to the Bank buildings, over Mr. Moore's shop, Market Square.

THE STANDARD. WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1854.

A False Report.—The report lately put in circulation that Mr. John McAdam, of Milltown, had resigned as a candidate for this county, in favour of Wm. Todd, Esq., is, we can state, a false report. Mr. McAdam, understands agriculture sufficiently, to "look ahead" after "putting his hand to the plough." Who first started the lie—does anyone know? Such fabricated tales will but hurt the originators themselves, and not those whom they wish to injure.—Provincial Patriot.

The above is not the only false report in circulation. In the Morning Times, a correspondent writing from Charlotte County, says:—"the temperance body are forming an alliance with the Roman Catholic party, on the grounds of expediency &c." We have ascertained from respectable sources, that there is no such combination, nor have overtures been made. The real state of the case is simply this:—the constituency in some of the Parishes, are resolved to have a change in the representation, if they can bring it about,—some of the candidates are temperance men, (although they do not base their popularity or merits upon that fact), the freeholders of various denominations have promised their support, and we believe any one of the candidates would be delighted to receive the united Catholic support if he could obtain it, without pandering. Let the truth be told there are no coalitions. Every candidate must stand upon his own merits.

There appears to be a very general desire to elect men of known integrity and talent,—men who are not seeking office, and would accept it if proffered to them, men of enlightened and liberal views, and who will explain on the hustings their political opinions, and give their views on the leading measures now agitated in the Province, such as Municipal Corporations—direct taxation for the support of Schools—a new Election Law—Economy and retrenchment in the Public Expenditure—and the internal improvement of the Province.

FIRE.—On Friday night last about 11 o'clock a Barn belonging to Mr. Charles Stevenson was discovered on fire, and before assistance could be obtained, was together with its contents destroyed. Lieut. Clarke and the detachment under his command, together with several persons from Town, were early on the spot, but their efforts were unavailing. We regret to state that Mr. Stevenson's loss amounts to £50; the barn had not been entered for some days, consequently the origin of the fire is a mystery.

THE WEATHER during last week up to Saturday was clear and warm; but on that morning the wind shifted to the south west with a degree of cold seldom experienced so late in the spring; during the night a large quantity of snow fell covering the ground, and the mercury in the thermometer was several degrees below the freezing point—ice nearly half an inch in thickness formed and altogether it looked more like falling "in" to the lap of winter than spring. The weather is now more like spring.

We notice in the Head Quarters, a Requisition signed by 420 Freeholders of the County of Northumberland, to the Hon. J. A. Street, Attorney General, requesting him to come forward again as a Candidate, to represent that County in the General Assembly, and pledging themselves to support him by their votes and influence. Mr. Street in his reply accepts the call, and states that he has represented the County of Northumberland for upwards of twenty years, and thanks the requisitionists for the honor they have done him. It appears to us now, that the Attorney General acted as he ought to have done, in not complying with the wishes of those of his constituents who two years ago requested him to resign the trust placed in his hands as representative, as the requisition to him which is now published, is an additional proof that he has given satisfaction, and retains the confidence of the constituency.

THE FREE PRESS.—We regret to perceive that our contemporary of the "Free Press," will discontinue the paper during the present month. In his valedictory he says (the paper) "does not breathe in a congenial atmosphere"—and, "he therefore prefers for it a sudden rather than a lingering decease. The truth we believe, is—that a free press is not greatly desired in this community." Mr.

Porter is a clever writer, independent, and honest in his views.

CAUTION IN USING FIREARMS.—We have received the following note from Dr. Fletcher, which we trust may serve as a caution to persons using firearms. Truly his children had a narrow escape:—

While conversing with a Gentleman yesterday in my House, he expressed a wish to see my Revolver. It had been loaded some time, and we went into the dooryard to discharge it. I looked towards the field to be sure that no cattle were within the range of the Pistol, and seeing that all was clear, took aim at a close Board Fence, about five rods distant. Four barrels were discharged in as many seconds, the other two missed fire.—As we went forward to examine the fence two of my boys who had been stooping in a little brook at play with a water-wheel, hearing the reports in rapid succession stood up (their heads being directly in the range of the Bullets), and inquired what was the matter. Upon examination one Bullet had passed through the first fence, two others had passed through the pickets in a graveyard fence, three or four rods beyond where the boys were playing. The three Bullets were within a circle of four or five feet; and had they fallen as low as the bottom of the circle the boys would have been aimed at with great exactness.

Let all who read this, imagine the feelings of a Father at the moment, and guard against similar dangers. Never fire at a building or fence without strict examination.

I am Sir, Your most obed^t servant. M. R. FLETCHER. Digdegunsh, May 5, 1854.

COSTLY ANIMALS.—A gentleman, at Port Hope, Canada West, imported in the Sarah Sands, which arrived at Portland, some specimens of English stock viz: 40 choice Leicester sheep, 1 Durham Bull, 2 Yorkshire pigs, and a pair of English-rabbits. The value of the stock may be estimated, when it is stated the freight on each sheep was £4 10s. stg. for the Bull £20, £9 per pair for the pigs. It is said that they were fine specimens of English Stock.

PORTLAND is truly becoming a great place—what with steamships, grand trunk rail ways, manufactories and the like, the comparatively new City of Portland is fast becoming the great Emporium of the Northern States. The "old folks" too, have "waked up" they trot off twice a week with singing books under their arms to "singing school." Our worthy, witty, and talented exchange, "the Eclectic," gives a most amusing notice of the progress of the scholars. He says: "The truth is, the going to school, and the excitement of singing the old familiar tunes, have so carried them back to the good old times, that many of them imagine themselves in the bread and butter age again, and we think we have detected two or three cases of desperate flirtations, even among staid grandmothers and fathers."

THE LICENSE LAW.

The last Royal Gazette contains the Act to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors, which received His Excellency's assent and became a Law on Monday last. It provides that the Justices in General Sessions may grant whole and in part licenses to so many persons of good character as they may think proper, demanding for each license no more than £25, nor less than £5; such license to be in force not longer than one year. Tavern licenses may, however, be granted to persons in remote situations for forty shillings, when necessary for the accommodation of travellers. No license is to be granted to any person to keep a tavern, unless he is of orderly and sober habits, and shall have the means of entertaining travellers comfortably. No person licensed to sell by wholesale shall sell in any quantity less than one pint, nor shall he permit any liquor to be drunk on his premises.

The Fredericton Reporter of Friday last says:—"Several members of the Legislature from St. Andrews, King's, and the Northern Counties, have been detained here since the rising of the Legislature in consequence of the impassable condition both of the Roads and the River."

RIOUS DISTURBANCES.—The Montreal Gazette says:—"The effect of the recent current of judicial decisions and the immunity afforded to crimes of violence, when political or religious prejudices furnish the motive for them, all these things are bearing their fruits. On Tuesday evening some evil-disposed persons attacked Dr. Taylor's Church, Chenneville street, and broke some 20 or 30 panes."

For the last week an east wind has been blowing so cold and ungenial that we are convinced that it must have come right straight from the hyperborean region of Quebec. It was prolific of a great deal of influenza, but happily a change of wind on Tuesday night gave us a warmer atmosphere.—The season, is at least, a fortnight later than usual. Ploughing has hardly been commenced as yet, the frost at night keeping the land very wet.—[Toronto-Globe, 19th ult.

RAILROAD IRON.—Two ship loads of railroad iron from England for the Grand Trunk arrived here on Wednesday. We learn that it is contemplated to lay another track as

far as Danville, during the present season.—[Portland Advertiser.

Great religious excitement prevails in Ellsworth, Maine, between the Roman Catholics and Protestants. The former have sued the superintending School Committee for compelling their children to read the Bible in the common schools.

We learn from the Brazilian correspondence of the New York Post, that Mrs. Wines, wife of the British consul at Para, and daughter of Daniel O'Connell, the great Irish agitator, is about to connect herself with the Episcopal Church, of which her husband is a member.

The body of an infant was discovered on Wednesday, concealed in the late Judge Chipman's field. It appeared to have been placed there some time ago.—Times.

A young man named Patrick Sullivan, whose parents reside in Cooper's Alley, St. John, was drowned near Houlton, on Monday morning; his body was brought into Houlton and interred on Wednesday.—Carleton Sentinel.

MARRIAGES.—On the 2d inst, by the Rev. Wm. Temple M. H. Valentine, Surgeon, to Mrs. Dorothy Murchie, widow of the late Capt. Murchie.

ALBION HOUSE, ST. ANDREWS, MAY 1854.

R. STORR & CO., BEG respectfully to inform the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and its vicinity, that they have taken the Store in Water-street, immediately opposite the Post Office, and that they will OPEN IT UNDER THE ABOVE TITLE ON Friday next, May 12th,

MAGNIFICENT & MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK OF DRY GOODS.

The Subscribers have been induced to take this step from a conviction that the people of St. Andrews have not hitherto enjoyed those advantages for buying goods from a LARGE, WELL ASSORTED, AND FASHIONABLE Stock, that the extent and importance of the place, would warrant them in expecting. With the view of affording this desideratum, a partner of this Establishment has visited the European and American markets, and bought with great advantage, a stock of Goods, which for taste, variety, quality and CHEAPNESS, cannot be surpassed by that of any house in the Province. It would be impossible in the limits of an advertisement, to particularize, but on inspection it will be found to contain everything that is supplied by the most extensive houses in the first cities in B. N. America, from the most eminent article in Haberdashery to those of the most costly character in DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS, VELVETS, &c. &c.

Particular attention has been paid to the Woolen department, which will contain every novelty of the season, together with a large supply of BROADCLOTHS, DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, &c.

With a full assortment of Linings, trimmings &c. In making this announcement we trust the public will encourage us in this undertaking and we pledge ourselves to carry on this business in a spirit of liberality and continue to offer to purchasers advantages which will have no doubt be appreciated. The above will be disposed of for Cash.

Assessor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Assessors will receive, at the store of John Lochary, until the 10th June next, statements from all who are liable to be assessed for the current year, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, of the real and personal properties and incomes they possess, in order that correct information may be received, and complaints prevented the assessment completed. These statements must be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires. S. H. WHITLOCK, Assessors JOHN LOCHARY, of H. MITCHINGS, Rates. St. Andrews, May 10, 1854.

A SPECIAL SESSIONS OF THE JUSTICES.

will be held at the COURT HOUSE in Saint Andrews, on Monday the 15th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the granting of Tavern and Retail Licences under the Act of Assembly passed the present Session. Dated 6th May, 1854.

By order, W. HATCH, Clerk of the Peace.

ST. ANDREWS & QUEBEC RAILROAD NOTICE.

AN adjourned general Meeting of the shareholders in this Company will be held at their offices in St. Andrews, on Thursday, the first day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of other business.

By order, S. H. WHITLOCK, Secretary. St. Andrews, May 6th, 1854.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that any Person or Persons found trespassing, or cutting and hauling away any timber of any description, from off the Lot known as the "Seely Lot," on the Eastern side of Lake Eutopia, belonging to the Estate of the late James Rait; containing two thousand eight hundred acres more or less; will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

WILLIAM KER, Trustee on Estate of J. Rait. May 4th, 1854.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field and Garden Seeds.

Warranted Fresh and True to their Kind. THE subscribers are now receiving extra assortment of Seeds, from Liverpool, a large assortment of Seeds, comprising— TURKISH—East Lothian, purple top Swedish, Shirving's improved Scotch, Aberdeen yellow, white globe, early white Dutch, yellow Malta, early white snow, Robertson's golden stone. CARROTS—Early horn, long orange, large Abingham, white Belgium. CABBAGE—Early and large York, flat Dutch, red pickling, drumhead, and Batter sea.

30 Bushels Hopcorn and potato OATS, Red and White Sugar BEEF. Long red Mangold Wurtzel; yellow globe Mangold Wurtzel; large Cow Grass and white Clover Seeds; Turnips; Lettuce Seeds; Onion Seeds; Pot Herbs; long and short Peckley Cucumbers; Salmon Radish; Celery Seeds; Parsley; Pumpkin; Spinage; Parsnip; garden Peas and Beans, and field horse Beans.

FLOWER SEEDS OF CHOICE VARIETIES From Boston—20 Tierces fresh CLOVER SEED. From Harvey Settlement—300 Bushels superior Timothy SEED. To arrive per John Barber—5 Tons Peru VIAN GUANO.

For sale wholesale and retail by JARDINE & CO. Always kept on hand—a large assortment of Agricultural Implements. St. John, April 8.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

On Thursday the 11th of May, the House and Lot now occupied by W. Hatch, Esq., corner of King and Queen Streets, the purchaser to have rent from the day of sale until he has paid the sum of thirty pounds per annum. Terms very liberal. W. WHITLOCK Auctioneer.

April 26, 1854.

FOR SALE.

A Tract of Land situate on the Pleasant Ridge in the Parish of Saint Patrick containing 200 acres more or less. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber. ALEX. T. PAUL, St. Andrews, Jan. 24, 1854.

PIG IRON.

EX AQUATIC from Glasgow via Saint John. 50 Tons No. 1 Galvanic Pig Iron, 1 Pancheon old Camberton whiskey. For sale by the undersigned. J. W. STRETT, January 25th, 1854.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WILSON & BOLTON terminates this day. Persons having any claims against the firm are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers. J. B. WILSON, JOHN BOLTON, Chamcook, 24th Dec 1853.

AXES.

THE well known superiority of the GENUINE HARTFORD COLLINS AXES, has induced some manufacturers to stamp their AXES H. COLLINS, and such axes are frequently sold as my manufacture. The genuine COLLINS AXES, which have been made, under my direction for more than twenty years, and which have sustained such an unrivalled reputation, are invariably stamped COLLINS & CO. HARTFORD. They are to be found at our Depot in the city of New York, and at the principal Hardware Stores in the large cities. SAMP. W. COLLINS, New York, April 22, 1853.

Paint, Gun Powder, NAILS, SPIKES, &c.

To arrive per the "Louisa Monroe," from Liverpool— 1 Ton best White Paint. 5 Cwt. Black Paint. 18 Bbls. Gun Powder. 23 Qrs. Do. 20 Box Hill's Patent Sarsaparilla. 12 Hhds. Hollands Gin. 14 Hhd. best Port Wine. 800 Gross Beer Corks. 12 Casks Shot, Assorted No. B. B. & C. 4 Bags Nails and Spikes. 53 Bars Ref'd & Common Iron. 35 Bbls. Do. 20 Boxes Tin Plates. 15 Do. Tobacco Pipes. 3 Blacksmith Vices. 1 Dozen Wire Riddles. A quantity of Stone Ware comprising—Milk Pans, Cream Pots, Covered Jars, Handled Bowls, Trays, Cake Pans, &c. &c. J. W. STRETT.

Refined Crushed & Loaf Sugar. To arrive per "Louisa Monroe." 6 Tierces Ref'd Crushed & Loaf Sugar. J. W. STRETT.

Just Received. Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low by JOS. WALTON.

ON THE Philosophy of Marriage and the Secret Influences of Youth and Maturity. With fifty Coloured Engravings on Steel. In a Sealed Envelope, price 2s 6d. Strongly recommended by the Faculty of Medicine. SELF PRESERVATION: an Analytical Investigation of the Physiology and Functions of Marriage, in all the various stages in which it is a potent subject of the health and happiness of man, with its disqualifications, and impediments, tracing their origin to the effects of juvenile debility, youthful excess, to preclimates, or close study; to howed by practical remarks, founded on twenty years experience in the treatment of impotence, nervous debility, local weakness, spermatorrhoea, syphilis, and all diseases of the urinary and generative system. Illustrated by fifty Coloured Engravings on the anatomy of the reproductive organs and their relative conditions in health and disease. By SAMUEL LA'MERT, M. D., No. 37, Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Medicine, Matriculated Member of the University of Edinburgh, Honorary Member of the London Hospital Medical Society, Licentiate of Apothecaries, Hall, London, &c.

The essential object of this treatise is to point out, the fearful consequences resulting from certain habits, irregularities and excesses, which have produced more misery in youth, degeneration in manhood, and premature decay at all stages of life, than perhaps any other class of disease known to modern pathologists. It is particularly recommended to persons entertaining secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness, and privileges to which every human being is entitled. The contents embrace the origin, effects, prevention and treatment of the deplorable catalogue of maladies connected with nervous debility, exhaustion of the vital energies, prostration of mental and physical capacity, local and general weakness, acute and chronic spermatorrhoea, and their endless modifications. The treatment adopted is founded on experience gained in the most celebrated schools of medicine, and by the most eminent practitioners, both in Great Britain and in Continental Europe. Every peculiarity relating to the physiology, pathology, and general treatment of the diseases incidental to the generative system is carefully explained, and the means of immediate relief and ultimate cure described in detail. The professional reputation of Dr. La'Mert, who has taken the most distinguished medical and academic honours, at home and abroad, is in itself a sufficient guarantee that those who may place their selves under his care will, in every instance, meet with that delicate consideration and inviolable secrecy which are so requisite in the treatment of these cases.

CAUTION—In consequence of the extensive sale of this work, which has now attained its sixteenth edition several spurious and imperfect copies are in circulation. The genuine edition can be had only from the Author or his advertised agents. The work may be had in St. John, of H. Chubb & Co., price 2s. 6d. -sg.; Halifax, Messrs. Morgan & Co.; Quebec, at the Gazette Office; Montreal, Mr. Dawson, bookseller. Dec. 14, 1853-6

STEAM BREWERY.

MESSERS. THOMPSON & CO. having completed the erection of their Patent Steam Brewery, beg respectfully to announce, that after the 1st October, they will be ready to supply Families and the Public in general, with BEER, in casks of various sizes. N. B. Malt, Hops, Grains, and Yeast, now on sale.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has lately received a very extensive assortment of British and American MERCHANDIZE, which together with a large stock of Groceries and Dye Stuffs, will be sold at a small profit for cash. JOHN LOCHARY.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

RANDAL E. SMITH B. A., Principal. The classes in this Institution, were re-opened on Monday August 1st. TERMS—PER QUARTER. English branches, £0 10 0. Mathematical, with the above, £0 15 0. Classical with all the above, £1 0 0.

WANTED, SHIP TIMBER of all descriptions, delivered at our Shipyard in Robbinston. Apply at our Store in Robbinston, or our Office in Saint Andrews. F. A. BABCOCK & CO., March 2 1853.

APPRENTICES.

Wanted, two Boys from 14 to 16 years of age to learn the Printing business. Apply at the STAND AND OFFICE.

Who would be without a HISTORY OF THEIR COUNTRY? DR. FRANKLIN.

NOW PUBLISHING, in parts at 1s. 3d. or Divisions, handsomely bound, at 9s. 4d. Each part of Division illustrated with several maps of highly finished steel engravings.—John Tallis & Co. 97 & 103, St. John St. London, publishers:— The History of England, from the text of Hume & Smollett to the reign of George III. thence continued to include the fall of Monarchy in Rome, and the Continental Revolution of 1848 to the exhibition of the maps of all Nations in 51.—By Thos. Wright, Esq. Do. of Scotland.—By Thos. Wright, Esq. M. A., F. S. A. Do. of Ireland.—By ditto. Do. U. S. America.—By J. B. Hinon, A. M. Do. The British Colonies—geographical, political, commercial, and statistical, including all H. M. S. possessions in North America, Australia, East and West Indies, &c. with maps of each possession, and portraits of the celebrated promoters and defenders of our Colonial Empire.—By R. M. Marten, Esq. Illustrated Atlas, and Modern History of the World.—Edited by ditto. MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.—The Universal Pronouncing Dictionary.—By Thos. Wright, Esq. Lodge's Portraits and Memoirs of all the eminent Personages of Great Britain. Mozart's complete Works. Shakspeare, a beautiful illustrated edition the best ever published. The American in Europe. Modern System of Veterinary. History and Description of the Chrysal Palace. Goldsmith's Earth and Animal Nature London Illustrated or a complete Guide to the British Metropolis. With several other beautifully Illustrated Works.

GEO. GAY, Agent. The above Works are now publishing in monthly parts, at 1s. 3d. each. Subscribers names received at this office.

FRUITS &c.

JOHN B. BALSON, Has just received a fresh supply of FRUIT, SPICES &c. among which are— Boxes RAISINS, Zante CURRANTS, FIGS, APPLES, NUTS, CONFECTION SPICES, &c., 50 barrels CANADA FIGS, 10 bags FRESH GROUND ditto. On board Schr. "SPRAY," lying at the market wharf. 60 Tubs Cumberland BUTTER, from 20lbs. and upwards. Also, with a general assortment of Groceries, will be disposed of at the lowest prices for cash. December 24.

EX the Lisbon from London, via St. John.

10 Chats fine Cognac Brandy. 4 Hhds. best "Martell" Brandy. 6 Hhds. Pale Rotterdam Geneva. 4 Boxes best Blue Poland March. 2 Casks D. & Martin's Japan Blacking. Also, to arrive per the Grace from Liverpool— 1 fine old PORT WINE, 1 Hhd. fine old Jamaica Rum, 2 Hhds. old Port Wine. 20 Hhds. Best Cognac BRANDY. 5 Pipes U. Vine Brandy. 1 Hhd. Brown Sherry. J. W. STRETT.

GENUINE LINIMENT.

This Liniment is an invaluable preparation for rheumatism, sprains, wounds, strains, and other injuries, such as bruises, cuts, joints, lumps, scalds, Lamb's Sacks, &c. Directions.—Shake it before using, and apply it once or twice per day, directly to the part affected, and rub it in. N. B. It has also been found one of the best applications for horses and dogs that can be produced for all sprains, wounds, cuts and falls, &c. Prepared in St. Stephen, N. B. by JACOB HALEY.

RHEUMATIC DROPS.

The best Medicine for Rheumatic Pains or pain in the stomach or Chest, ever offered to the Public. DIRECTIONS. Take one Teaspoonful three times a day, morning noon and night. Externally used, apply it to the part affected and rub it in thoroughly, and it will not fail to give almost immediate relief in the very worst cases. Also, a certain cure for Cholera or bowel Complaint. Prepared by JACOB HALEY, St. Stephen, N. B.

OINTMENT!

A'sure and efficacious cure for the Itch, scald head, and other diseases of the skin, and sores, burns, &c. DIRECTIONS. Apply a small portion once or twice per day to the diseased part. Prepared by JACOB HALEY, St. Stephen, N. B. The above Medicines are for sale at the store of Messrs. Donald Clarke, and Bibles Barnah.

Boiled and Raw Paint Oil.

EX the "John Holderness" from Hull: 14 Hhds. Double Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL; just received. For sale low by J. W. STRETT, May 24, 1853.

EXTRACT OF AN ACT REGULATING WEIGHTS AND MEASURES IN THE PROVINCE. Passed 3d May 1853.

The use of the heaped Measure is hereby abolished and all sales or contracts for sales by the heaped measure, made after this Act comes into operation, shall be null and void. The Standard bushel of Wheat, or Indian Corn, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, and all other grains; Potatoes, and all other edible roots, shall respectively be taken to be of the following weight in pounds avoirdupois: Of clean Wheat, or Indian Corn, sixty pounds; Of clean Barley, or Buckwheat fifty pounds; Of clean Rye grain, Summer or Winter fifty six pounds; Of clean Oats, thirty six pounds; Of all other grains, fifty six pounds; Of Potatoes and all other edible Roots, fifty six pounds. Coals shall be sold by weight and not by measure, by the ton of two thousand two hundred and forty pounds avoirdupois, and its usual subdivisions.

LINSEED OIL AND WHITE LEAD.

To arrive per "Elizabeth Holderness" from Hull and "Miramichi" from London:— 17 Hhds. Boiled & Raw Linseed Oil. 1 Ton No. 1, White Lead. J. W. STRETT, Dec. 2, 1853.

LAND FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 250 Acres of Land, situated on Pleasant Ridge, so called, in the County of Charlotte, being Lot No. 13 on said Ridge. For particulars and a plan of said Land, apply at the office of the subscriber in St. Andrews. WILLIAM KER, Dec. 16, 1852.

CONFECTIONARY STORE.

WATER STREET, ST. ANDREWS. THE subscriber respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of St. Andrews, that he has taken the shop lately occupied by A. Y. Patterson, next Mr. Clarke's, and will keep constant for sale a varied assortment of CONFECTIONERY, which he will warrant equal to any in the Province, consisting of, in part— Lozenges, in great variety of colours and favours. Peppermint, Acid, Lemon, Bailey Sugar, Raspberry, and Cinnamon Drops. Almonds, Sugar Plums, Candies: Barley Sugar, Cream, Almond, Cinnamon, Lemon, and Horehound Candy. Enveloped sweets, superior Syrups. Also, Cakes of every description, Pies, Tarts and Tuffs. During the season, Peppermint, Ginger, and Root Beer. Hot Coffee, Tea, and fresh Milk. The undersigned trusts by his attention to business to receive a share of patronage. WM. INGRAM.

ART UNIONS SUPERSEDED!

EVERY Subscriber to any of the undermentioned Works will, on their completion, be presented with a choice of one of the two following Steel Engravings:— The Descent from the Cross, from the original painting by Daniele Ricciarelli. Our Saviour bearing the Cross—from the original painting, by Raffaele Urbino. The original plates cost £2,000. The Family Devotional Bible, by the Rev. M. Bentley. Filium Derelictum for every Morning and Evening throughout the year, translated from the German of Sturm and Tiede, by T. Gaspey Esq. Life of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, by the Rev. J. Plessington. Fox's Book of Martyrs, edited by the Rev. J. Kennedy. Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, the Holy War, and other select Works of the author, with his Life written by himself. The People's Scripture Gallery of Engravings. GEO. GAY, Agent. The above Works are now publishing in semi-monthly parts, at 1s. 3d. each. Subscribers names received at this Office. St. Andrews, Sept. 25, 1853.

PACKET SPRAY.

THE well known Packet Schooner SPRAY will resume her trips about the 1st of February, sailing from St. Stephens and St. Andrews for St. John; this Packet needs no puffing with respect either to the qualification of the Master or the Vessel. The subscriber begs to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received for the last four years, more especially the past one, a consequence of which he has been enabled to reduce the price of freight materially for the time to come, and respectfully solicits a continuance of patronage. Particular attention will be given as usual to all business entrusted to him, which will be executed with punctuality and dispatch. Good accommodations for Passengers—Fare 2s. 6d., until the steamers commence running again. JOHN BALSON, Master. St. Andrews, Jan. 19, 1854.

Blanks for sale, and printed to order.

FLOUR &c.

Ex.—Utica from Boston—just received. 60 Bbls. superfine flour. 10 Do. Rye do. 10 Bundles printing paper (Royal). J. W. STRETT, 7th March 1854.

TO LET.

And Possession given 1st of May. That large and commodious dwelling house and premises, at the Corner of Park and King Streets, recently occupied by A. King. The House has been thoroughly repaired and painted, and put in good repair, and is admirably adapted for a genteel private residence. The sheds, barns, &c. are well fitted up and in excellent order, and are attached to the premises. For terms &c. please apply at the STAND AND OFFICE. Feb. 1, 1854.

Now Publishing By JOHN TALLIS & CO OF LONDON. THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE LATE Duke of Wellington; By Lieut. Col. Williams; (a Companion in Arms of His Grace)

Comprising the Campaigns and Battle Fields of Wellington and his Comrades, the Political Life of the Duke and his Contemporaries, and a detailed account of England's Battles by Sea and Land, from the commencement of the Great French Revolution to the present time, interspersed with Anecdotes, Personal Incidents, and Adventures, &c. ADDRESS.

The earthly career of Arthur Duke Wellington has closed; one of the greatest men of the nineteenth century, the foremost military commander of his age has paid the debt of nature. The time has not arrived for giving to the world a History of the Great Captain—the Events of his Life and Time—a life marked by patriotism, probity and honour, and events the greatest which have ever agitated the civilized world, and whose influence will be felt upon society till the end of time. Such a work must appeal to the first and proudest feelings in the hearts of every Briton—the glory of his country, the honour of his name and position among the nations—may his own existence as a freeman, be recorded and engraven in the annals of the "well fought fields," the deadly immortal battles and the glorious sieges in which Wellington and his Companions in arms gallantly and gloriously placed their country's honour and renown on the highest pinnacle of glory and fame, and bore the victor's wreath from the brows of heroes decorated with the trophies of Italy, Egypt, and Germany. To supply such a desideratum in English literature, the publishers of The Life and Times of the Duke of Wellington have determined to produce a book which shall present to the reader, not only the dry details which a mere biographical sketch would afford, but a complete history, embracing the contemporary history of the period; explaining the circumstances which brought about the great events in which the Duke and his contemporaries were engaged, and going to the reader a connected narrative of the lives and actions of the Warriors and Statesmen of the nineteenth century; and this from the pen of one who was a companion in arms of the great hero, and participated with him in many a well fought field. In order to carry out their views the Publishers have determined that the work shall be profusely illustrated by Portraits of the Warriors and Statesmen of the age, the history of their country; also, a presentation of the most important events of the period, so that the work, when finished, shall form an Illustrated Gallery of the Naval and Military Exploits of England. It has been well said, "Character is the true birth of nations; true glory their true inheritance. When the time shall come that the British hearts no longer thrill at the names of Cressy, Poitiers, Agincourt, Blenheim, Ramillies, Oudenarde, Malplaque; of Talavera, Salamanca, Temora, Waterloo—the last hour of the British Empire will be struck." The promotion and elevation of national spirit and feeling is therefore the duty and interest of every true and loyal son of England. May Heaven inspire the hearts of every one of us with that spirit and feeling. Conditions of Publication.—The work will be issued on the 15th of every month, in Paris at 1s. 3d. and Divisions handsomely bound at 9s. 4d. each part will be embellished by two highly finished steel Engravings, and will contain 32 pages of letter press. A beautiful steel Engraving, 13 by 19 inches, the storming of Seringapatam, the first victory in which the late Duke of Wellington was engaged in India, to every subscriber to the work. GEO. GAY, Agent. March 23, 1853.

REMOVAL.

E. BAYARD, J. J. HAS removed to Mr. Thomas Wall's cottage opposite the brewery. Office in same building, entrance south end.