

TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1908.

VOL. 46

No. 26

CONCLUSION OF SEALING CASE

MR. JUSTICE MARTIN RESERVED JUDGMENT

The Hearing of Charge Against Schooner Carlotta Cox Completed Yesterday.

The case against the Carlotta Cox, the sealing schooner that is being prosecuted for illegal sealing, she having been seized by the U. S. revenue cutter Rush, was concluded yesterday afternoon before Mr. Justice Martin, sitting in the admiralty court.

Upon resuming court yesterday afternoon Captain Alsworth was recalled to put in a certificate of his own appointment, and also a letter from the U. S. government, authorizing him especially to seize any vessels unlawfully sealing in the prohibited area.

Fred Peters, K. C., for the Carlotta Cox, took strong objection to the introduction which he claimed was a general one, dealing with U. S. vessels, and having nothing to do with British vessels. There was no proof that the schooner was sealing with the directions, or that the fact had been communicated to the King of England, as provided in the Behring Sea award.

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from the notebook which showed exactly when they had killed them. He should think it would be a very pleasant thing for the judge to find that the law had not been broken when the Japanese were sealing all around them, and they, because they were British, were not allowed to do so.

C. P. R. PLANS FOR GRAND FORKS

Sum of \$150,000 Will Be Expended on Terminal Round Houses.

Grand Forks, B. C., Feb. 7.—A report has to-day reached here from the east to the effect that the C. P. R. has just appropriated the sum of \$150,000 to be expended in terminal round houses and other divisional point requisites at Grand Forks.

It is stated that the sum of \$70,000 will be held out in erecting a fifteen-stall round house and extensive coal chutes, the sum of \$40,000 will be required for an elaborate passenger depot which will contain all the requisite conveniences, and a further sum of \$40,000 will go towards making an extensive railway yard.

Throughout the city there is general satisfaction expressed with the announcement made by the Times last evening that the Fourth cruiser squadron is to visit Esquimalt this summer.

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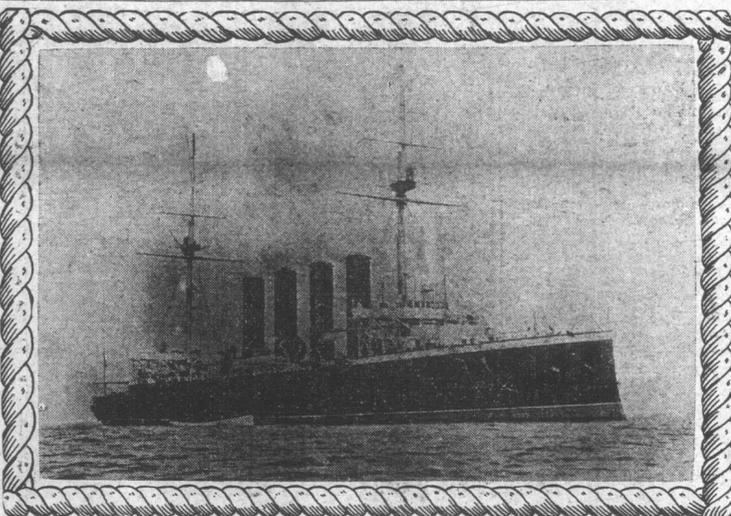
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H. M. S. EURYALUS, THE FLAGSHIP OF THE CRUISER SQUADRON EXPECTED HERE IN MAY.

Cruiser Fleet Which Is Coming to Esquimalt

Vessels That Will Compose the Squadron Expected at This Port in May—The Vessels Are all of Good Fighting Types.

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WANT NINE-HOUR DAY LAW MODIFIED

Railway Representatives Wait on Congress in Behalf of Employees.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 5.—A number of representatives of the railway trunk lines of the country to-day appeared before the House committee on Interstate and foreign commerce and urged a modification of the act of March 4th last, affecting the hours of service of telegraph operators, train dispatchers and other employees.

GRANBY RUNNING AT FULL BLAST

Eight Furnaces Now in Operation, Employing Nearly 1,000 Men.

Phoenix, Feb. 5.—With its full battery of eight furnaces now finally all in operation at fullest capacity, eating up over 2,000 tons of ore from the company's Phoenix mines, the Granby company is to-day employing, it is understood, about as many men as at any previous time in its history, somewhere between 800 and 1,000 men being on the pay-rolls and the motorman thought he would get out of the way, but Johnson was bent on winning his bet.

LOST HIS LIFE IN WINNING BET

Tacoma Man Met Terrible Death Trying to Stop Train.

Seattle, Feb. 5.—To win a bet made in drunken jest, John Johnson, a laborer, 35 years old, lost his life under the wheels of a fast Seattle-Tacoma interurban train at Kent.

LIQUOR MEN INCENSED

Effort May Be Made to Unseat Toronto Officials.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—An effort to unseat Mayor Oliver and several councilors and aldermen may be the step taken by the liquor interests to invalidate the license reduction by-law passed by the city council a few days ago.

AMERICA'S ONLY LORD.

Lord Fairfax, of Cameron, to Determine Right to Title.

London, Feb. 6.—Albert Kirby Fairfax, who has been described as the only American bearing an English title, has taken steps to determine his right to the title of Lord Fairfax of Cameron. The declaration asked for is a formal one necessary for the legal use of the title. The genuineness of the title has never been questioned in England.

Lord Fairfax was born in the United States, where he is also at present in business. He is 37 years old.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Speech From Throne Dealt With Boundary Question.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—The last session of the eleventh Ontario legislature was opened yesterday. The speech from the throne said that the decision regarding the boundaries was expected soon. The revenue of the province was much in excess of the estimates.

FOR VIOLATING THE LORD'S DAY LAW

Large Numbers Slated for Prosecution in Winnipeg—Test of Law.

Winnipeg, Feb. 6.—The attorney-general was yesterday supplied with a list of 232 names by the chief of police in connection with the activity of last Sunday under the Lord's Day Act. These are the cases in which flats are requested permitting prosecution for alleged violations. A large number of names referred by the chief of police were struck off by the chief as trivial, or not in his judgment constituting an offence under the act.

The names of the newspaper men, some of whom were engaged in editing reports of local matters delivered during the day for the Monday morning paper, when their offices were invaded by the police, it is said, have been left off the list of those slated for prosecution.

CHINESE NAVY

Loan of Fifty Million Dollars to be Raised at Once.

Hongkong, Feb. 5.—It is reported that a loan, to the amount of fifty million dollars for the Chinese navy, will be raised at once.

RAGING SNOW STORM IN MONTREAL

Eastern Canada in Grip of Cruel Weather—Conditions in Montreal.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—Since 7 o'clock last Sunday evening the thermometer has been below the zero mark, but at 11 o'clock to-night a snow storm set in and the mercury began rising rapidly, and while at midnight it was still six below, the probabilities are that before daylight it will be far above the zero mark, and that the big snow storm of last winter, when 18 inches of snow fell, may be duplicated.

The coldest of the spell was reached at 6 o'clock this morning, when the mercury dropped to 29 below. McGill University, but the thermometers down town record 24 below. The mark was the lowest recorded at that point in the past 25 years, while the duration of zero weather has never been exceeded. Railway trains have been arriving hours late, even on short runs. Country points report as low as 40 below.

FLOODS AT BELLEVILLE

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 5.—Flood here is causing much distress. Fires on the west side of Front street have been put out, and families in the lower part of the city have had to move with the temperature 15 below. The water is 18 inches higher than ever before at this time of the year.

SNOWFALL IN MANTOBA

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—The heaviest snowfall of the season occurred in Manitoba last night. The snow did not drift, and caused no serious delay to street cars or railway trains. The weather is moderately cold, about zero.

STORE STREET EXTENSION

AMICABLE SOLUTION OF VEXED QUESTION

City Council and E. & N. Officials Reached Settlement Last Night.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The Store Street dispute between the city council and the C. P. R. has been settled and both sides are satisfied. No special privileges are given to the company which may not be given to any other railway applying for similar ones on the same street. The agreement which will be made with the C. P. R. will not stand in the way of granting anything equitable to other companies that may need to use the street for railway purposes.

Even had the old clause remained in the agreement it would have been necessary to appeal to the Railway Commission in case another company wished to secure running rights, and that is all the present agreement provides.

As soon as the necessary by-law is passed and the agreement signed, the railway company will commence work on their new terminals, which, with the large number of other works planned for the coming year will have the effect of keeping everyone busy in the city.

The merchants of the city are the ones of course who will, more than anyone else, be pleased to hear of the settlement of the dispute, which it is generally thought might have been settled before. Had that been done the terminal buildings would now have been well under way. The congestion at the E. & N. railway yards still continues and will get worse rather than better until such time as the new yards are ready. The growth of trade in the city has been such that it has become quite impossible to cope with it in the limited space at the disposal of the railway company.

Now, however, any inconvenience which may be suffered by the general public will be incured with the knowledge that the present state of affairs cannot last long, but that it is only a matter of a few months before the new yards will be ready.

MOROCCAN SITUATION

No Confirmation of Report That 10,000 Moors Were Killed in Battle.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The foreign office is without confirmation of the statement published by a London news agency that there had been a battle between the French and the Moors near Serrat, Morocco, in which 10,000 Moors were killed or wounded and the French losses amounted to 160 men, including four officers.

It is believed that this report refers to the recent engagement near Kasbah Ber Rechid, in which eight Frenchmen were killed and 50 wounded. Kasbah Ber Rechid is near Serrat. Further reports of this fight show that not less than 500 Moors were killed by the French.

OVERSUBSCRIBED

Bank of Montreal Debentures Eagerly Snapped Up on London Market.

Montreal, Feb. 6.—The Montreal Star has received the following from its special correspondent: "London, Feb. 5.—The manager of the Bank of Montreal here states that the issue of £400,000 for 4 1/2 per cent. debentures of the Montreal street railway at 95 is over-subscribed. The list opened on Tuesday morning and closed the same afternoon. The success of the issue is attributed to the high character of the security and the attractiveness of the price."

QUEBEC BRIDGE

Special Committee Will Be Appointed to Inquire Into Matters Affecting Structure.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier accepted a resolution of F. D. Monk's to-day for a special committee to inquire into all matters affecting the Quebec bridge.

to Contractors

SIZES & Co. SALE DRY GOODS

RDWARE call your attention to which is dressed with a BUILDERS' HARD on buildings from the

ARE. CO.

623 Yates St.

re Scarce

ANS, 2 tins for 25c. SPKIN, 15c. per tin. EPS, per tin 15c. PARAGUS, 25c. and 25c.

TSON

623 Yates St.

aining 640 acres more or less. December 20th, 1907. FRANK E. HAVERTY, BYRON WELLER, Agent.

DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

notice that I, M. Foster, of Washington, merchant, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about west of the northwest corner of Section No. 2, Township 33, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

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ALBERT HAMMER.





Twice-a-Week Times

Published Tuesdays and Fridays by THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED. JOHN NELSON, Managing Director.

CONCLUDING EVIDENCE OF INSINCERITY.

We do not know that any statements made by Premier McBride are worthy of serious consideration. That hon. gentleman has publicly disavowed any claims to statesmanship in his conduct of public affairs.

NOT CANDID; SIMPLY CUNNING.

Mr. Borden incorporated a false statement in the resolution he moved in the House of Commons upon the subject of Japanese immigration.

had succeeded and that he had authentic information that his friend M. Gotoh was coming here with fifty thousand laborers behind him.

SIR WILLIAM VAN HORNE EXPRESSES HIS VIEWS.

A correspondent of the Toronto Globe had an interesting interview in Montreal recently with Sir William Van Horne. Sir William desired to make clear the fact that in any statements he made he was not speaking with authority.

SHOULDERS FULL RESPONSIBILITY.

Premier McBride seems to be foundering more deeply in the mire at every attempt he makes to discuss the course of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor in withholding assent from the Bowser Bill.

at Ottawa. That can only be done by the government which, having a majority of the Legislature behind it, presumably represents the people of British Columbia.

SHEARWATER AT SAN DIEGO

San Diego, Feb. 6.—The British ship "Shearwater" arrived in San Diego this morning and will sail south later this afternoon.

BOARD OF HEALTH HAS FIRST MEETING

The health board of the city held its first meeting of the year last night in the city hall.

ANNUAL REPORT OF DR. ROBERTSON, MEDICAL HEALTH OFFICER, WAS RECEIVED.

The health board of the city held its first meeting of the year last night in the city hall. The annual report of the medical health officer was received and arrangements were made for disinfecting the garbage heap on the James Bay flats.

FUSHIMA'S PORTRAIT FOR COUNCIL CHAMBER

Japanese Prince Presents the City With Picture of Himself. The Japanese are not to be outdone in politeness or in acknowledgement of courtesies by even the people of the European races.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including Cabbages, Onions, Potatoes, and other goods.

Japan has never broken faith with us in this business of immigration, or for that matter, in any other. Our flood of Japanese came from Hawaii—American territory—and through the operations of contract labor companies.

PRICES STEADY DURING WEEK

The markets are in a very stable condition. Any changes that are being made are of so minor a nature that they are not worth mentioning.

ORANGES BEING IMPORTED IN LARGE QUANTITIES FROM REDLAND, CAL.

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FRANCISCO CEDO, WHO BLEW UP GRAND FORKS HOTEL, CAPTURED.

Nelson, Feb. 4.—Word reached here yesterday that an Italian named Francisco Cedio, who blew up the Canadian hotel near Grand Forks, with dynamite on November 18, 1898, killing Louise King, has been captured at Salt Lake City.

RAILWAY CHARTERS BEFORE COMMITTEE

In the railway committee of the provincial legislature yesterday the bills to incorporate the Crow's Nest & Northern Railway Company and the Hudson Bay Pacific Railway Co. were passed upon and approved.

LOCAL NEWS

A special meeting of the municipal committee of the city of Victoria was called for 8:30 o'clock.

OPERATION IN SPLENDID FEAT OF A LITTLE STORM

One of the most dramatic in the history of Atlantic Canada is working in the ice of the tug William Joffe.

CHINESE EMPEROR

Pekin, Feb. 6.—The Emperor and the Dowager Empress of China yesterday received an official reception from the members of the diplomatic corps in Peking.

requested to catch and destroy as many rats as possible, and carry out a thorough fumigation with sulphur at different intervals.

FLYING COLUMNS FOR MACEDONIA

London, Feb. 4.—The plans of Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, for the restoration of order in Macedonia include the formation of flying columns to be supplemented by increases in the gendarmerie force.

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WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS

At the commencement of the week the pressure was high and accompanied with a cold wave extending from North Columbia across Canada to the westward over the Pacific slope.

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UNIVERSITY BILL EXPLAINED MINISTER OF EDUCATION DISCUSSED SUBJECT

He Explained Pains He Had Taken to Perfect Measure Before House.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Yesterday afternoon Hon. Dr. Young, on the second reading of the University Bill, introduced by him, went into the whole question fully. The minister of education is acknowledged to have taken a vast amount of trouble with his bill, and the speech showed that he had made a careful study of the whole question of higher education. The importance of the subject warrants a full report of his speech, which was as follows: Last year, Mr. Speaker, I presented to this House a bill for the establishment of a university for the needs of this province—a bill, sir, of great importance, not only from the standpoint of object, but also and particularly perhaps from the fact that it was the first step taken on the part of the government to carry out the pledges which, some time previously they had given to the country, and to this House, in regard to that important matter. And to-day, sir, I present to the House for a second reading a bill which represents as far as this government is concerned, our final stand—final, sir, I mean to add, in the sense that it fully completes the pledges which we have made and which we are now carrying into effect by this measure.

The history of the bills which have been brought before this House during last parliament and this has been somewhat checked, in consequence of the fact that in reality they have involved two schemes—one looking to the establishment of an institution which would exist and be controlled under the auspices of McGill College of Montreal, and the second having directly in view the establishment of a provincial university. In the minds of many persons in this province, sir, these two projects have been regarded as one, and charges have been made against this government to the effect that for the measure which was proposed last year I am concerned, that we were merely confirming the intention of the bill which was introduced in the interest of the Royal Institution of Learning here, in connection with McGill University. Considerable opposition was offered in 1906 to any steps being taken tending towards the establishment of the Royal Institution of Learning here, and this opposition was based on many grounds. And while it was in part political, it owed its origin and its strength in much the greater degree to what might be termed intercollegiate jealousy.

In British Columbia, sir, we have as a matter of fact no representative of nearly all the representative universities of the Dominion, and these gentlemen have, generally speaking, while concurring in any adequate provision being made towards higher education, are all nevertheless actuated by but one sentiment, which is expressed in the following words: "Opposition to Dominion."

In the educational matters of the province, by any one institution. At the time when the bill which would have brought about the establishment of the Royal Institution was before the House, the government was established with regard to the subject, and heard the statements which were presented by many deputations, denominational and otherwise, which represented the different universities in question. And meeting the issue which was advanced by these deputations, the government then made the plain statement to the House, that they had introduced a bill as a government measure for the encouragement of higher education, and that it was to be under the control of the McGill university authorities to introduce a bill which was supported by the statement of the representative of McGill college, and at that time Principal Peterson, of McGill, in a public meeting, which was sent out by the Associated Press entirely disclaimed any intention or any desire on the part of McGill to dominate in any way over its proceedings. We were also, and in the plainest possible manner, informed that they were at the time engaged in the work of carrying out a scheme of university extension which was being adopted by nearly all the great universities of the day, and further, that if in the fullness of time we desire to establish our own university in this province they would then at once, both willingly and gladly, step down and out, and turn over everything to our university from the institution, which in order to show their deep interest in educational issues in this province, they have brought into existence and financed, and which moreover is to-day in a very, very good condition indeed. This pledge which was then given on the part of McGill to this government still remains good, and when I had the opportunity and the pleasure last summer of meeting Principal Peterson, he repeated that statement, that McGill, when the time came, would turn over the control and management of their own institution in this province to the provincial university whenever it might be established.

I also found, sir, in the East, when acting in accordance with the suggestion of the hon. the premier, I met and discussed this matter with many educationalists of that province. During my trip, that the debate, which had been carried on here in reference to this matter, had still further received the most careful consideration there, and that they were not only greatly interested in, but also were possessed of a thorough knowledge of what was proposed to be done in connection with the establishment of our own institution.

In Toronto, in pursuance of Hon. Mr. McBride's suggestion, I waited on Dr. Falconer, the president of the university, with the view of explaining the exact position of the government of British Columbia in reference to our proposed university as well as these institutions of learning in general in the East, and I then explained to Dr. Falconer that some years ago the city of Vancouver made an effort to secure University Extension.

In connection with a high school, The University of Toronto was the first institution which at that time was approached, but unfortunately, it was because the project was not properly understood in Toronto at the time, or whether it was because they did not wish to entertain it, the letter, which was received in reply to this particular application from the then president of that institution, declined to have anything to do with the scheme, on the ground that as the Toronto university was purely a provincial institution, its funds must necessarily be expended in that province.

When I last fall discussed this matter with Dr. Falconer, he said that he could see nothing whatever either in their charter or in their aims, which confined their work and operations wholly to the province of Ontario, he assured me, and I have here say that the strong impression which at the time he made not only on myself, but on the representatives of the educational world, which were then assembled in Toronto, was that he was both able and willing to carry it out, was that he meant to adopt a very aggressive educational policy. He further assured me that he would be glad to assist us in any way he could, and I communicated to him in my official capacity as minister of education of this province, the views of this government upon the subject as well as the stand, which we proposed to take. Dr. Falconer said that he was very glad to become possessed of this information, and I feel confident, sir, that whenever we may ask for the aid and assistance of the governing body which is in the control of our university, we will get it just as freely and just as generously as we could secure it if it came from McGill university.

In addition, sir, I met Principal Gordon of Queen's university, which is one of the best educational institutions in Canada, and found that he also had the same cognizance and the same thorough knowledge of the subject as I explain here. I fully explained the matter and the views of this government upon the subject to him, and my statements received from him the same hearty and sympathetic approval and treatment which they had obtained from Principal Peterson.

And going a step further, and in order to show precisely how McGill stands in relation to this government, as well as in reference to educational institutions in general, I wish to read a letter from Dr. Porter, a professor in McGill who has been in England, and who has been in charge of the mining school in connection with McGill. I have at different times discussed this subject with this gentleman, and he understands perfectly and correctly all the points which have been raised. In the light of this letter, written in answer to my request, we have:

An Authoritative Statement, showing exactly what the position of McGill is in relation to this government. "I wish to preface my remarks with a very definite statement that McGill has no intention of using its mining school proposals, or the larger Royal Institution schemes in connection with McGill, as a device for securing possession of the educational field in British Columbia. The university of McGill, in a non-political and non-sectarian body, occupies a position which differs from that of any other university in Canada. We are distinctly Canadian, or even Imperial, rather than provincial in our aims and for years past have been our policy to promote and unify advanced teaching in the east as well as the west, by affiliating local institutions, wherever possible, and thus establishing a standard which can scarcely be maintained by separate and weaker bodies. In attempting what we now propose in British Columbia, we are merely extending this work. Our experience and prestige will undoubtedly be useful to British Columbia for a few years at least, but whenever you are in a position to get on without our help we shall contentedly drop out. Our proposals are all made with a view to this ultimate separation, and the last thing we wish to do is to extend this provincial educational schemes of your province."

This comes, sir, from a prominent professor of McGill university, and I do hope that this plain statement, which has been made, will make it plain to the House that we are not making a statement which is intended to make to the House will for ever set at rest the criticism and objection that the present scheme is in any way intended to place the university of this province under the dominion or control of any one institution. I look, sir, with confidence for the help of the east and for the continuance of the kindly interest which has been shown in the past there in our scheme; and I well know what an inestimable value this will have for us in the future, in connection with our efforts to establish a great and independent provincial university.

During the recess, I may say, sir, that I have come in contact with many men who are interested in the educational projects of the province, and I have fortunately found, that a very great change indeed has somewhat recently taken place in public opinion. Formerly much doubt was expressed, and a disposition tending towards aloofness, and a sense, as it were, of waiting the coming events, as well as of evidence being given on our part that we were really serious in the exertions which we were making for the establishment of a great provincial educational institution. But rather recently I have been made acquainted with the views of many graduates of different colleges, resident in the province, and am become assured that we can rely upon receiving very great and most valuable help.

Most Materials Help. In many of them in formulating the scheme which we are putting forward in the interests of this province, and that we can confidently count upon the support of the public, and that the measures which we are proposing in a greater or lesser degree they represent, in this province in forwarding this great educational project, which is the object of our ambition to bring to a completely successful issue. It has been objected, sir, on many hands that this province is not yet in a position to support in a provincial university. It is to be established in the province, and that we were merely proposing to establish an institution of learning which must of necessity fail for lack of the material with which it can be supported.

Mr. Speaker, I do not think so. I have made very careful enquiries on this subject, not only in this province, but throughout Canada, and I have found, sir, that in the east very great prominence indeed is to-day given in their universities to the practical side of education, and I have further ascertained that the most gratifying fact that the departments which are devoted to instruction in the subjects which are so intimately connected with the practical side of education, have been the most successful in their results.

In Toronto university, sir, in this Dominion of Canada, we have a great and commanding institution for the advancement of learning, which to-day has a much greater number of students in attendance upon its classes than is possessed by any other university in the British dominions, with the exception of Edinburgh, which, by my own recollection, 25 years ago, in instruction in the department of practical science finds accommodation in one of the main buildings connected with the university, while more money is expended in order to make suitable provision for the increased accommodation which will be imperative for the years to come near future. At McGill university, sir, the very same condition of affairs exists. The buildings, which at that institution were destroyed last year by fire, are being replaced, while the accommodations for the students attending in the departments of engineering and of practical science are being doubled in point of capacity.

In the case of McGill university with the greater satisfaction because this Practical Department occupies a most prominent position in the very forefront of our scheme. At St. Anne de Bellevue, where only 18 months ago, in the practical department of agriculture, plans were drawn up on the basis of \$1,000,000 for the buildings and \$2,000,000 for the equipment, and the superintendence of Sir William Macdonald and his advisers, in the expectation that this would meet all requirements for the next ten years, it was found that the month of October last there had already been spent \$1,000,000 more than had been set aside for this purpose; that the buildings, which it was originally thought would have been completed last fall, would not be ready for occupancy until January, and further, sir, that instead of looking forward to an extension of these accommodations some ten years hence, they are already engaged in the work of drawing up plans, not for future, but for immediate extension. (Hear, hear.) And these facts, sir, give some idea in regard to the Royal Institution which in this relation exist in the Dominion at large.

In our own province the condition of things, as far as our operations and the development of the resources of the country have at the present time engaged in the work of drawing up plans, and what the department of education now recommends and what the government is at present supporting, is, that the very first concern of the educational department of this province, once it is in full operation, shall lie in the direction of the development of our mines and of our agricultural, as well as of our industrial resources. We will establish schools, which will bring these departments, and in the most prominent manner, too, to the front and in this way we expect and with the utmost confidence that we will be able to secure the most beneficial results. And we are confident that we will not fritter away our money in providing an expensive staff of teachers, and in the erection of expensive buildings.

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Teaching body was now, as it were, relegated to the background, and the very strenuous efforts were made in the way of increased endowment and of enlarged buildings, the teaching body as a result became seriously weakened. I have endeavored, sir, to strike a happy mean, and I wish to take this opportunity to express my obligations to those who assisted me in this matter while I was in the east. I submitted my views on the subject to the hon. the premier, Mr. W. Meredith, the chief justice of Ontario, who draughted the Toronto university act, and he, I may say, represented the business end of the proposition, because his business methods had resulted in the appointment of a royal committee by which they were corrected. Then from Principal Gordon, of McGill, I received the kind of advice which one would expect from men who are at the head of the teaching staff of their respective universities, and I have endeavored to carry out the wishes of the management of the university which will be left in the hands of a board of governors, appointed by the government, and the academic side will be left entirely in the hands of the university, which will report to the government on all questions of expenditure. (Hear, hear.)

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MISS WINS SUIT

MISS WINS SUIT... MISS ALICE... MISS ALICE... MISS ALICE...

MISS ALICE... MISS ALICE... MISS ALICE... MISS ALICE...

COAL QUESTION BEFORE HOUSE

SUBJECT CAME UP ON AMENDING BILL... COAL QUESTION BEFORE HOUSE...

COAL QUESTION BEFORE HOUSE... COAL QUESTION BEFORE HOUSE...

was committed, Mr. Macgowan in the chair. In reply to John Oliver, the attorney-general explained that the act was intended to enable the government to proceed against corporations which are railway companies, through which forest fires were sometimes occasioned, in a summary way, as they could now against individuals.

Bill Passed Committee. The bill to amend the Summary Convictions Act, passed the committee in stage without amendment; also the bill to amend the Farmers' Institutes and Co-operation Act. Also the bill to amend the University Bill, which introduced an act regarding a certificate issued to the Greenwood City Waterworks Company, under the provisions of the Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1907.

Increased Coal Tax. Hon. R. G. Tatlow moved the second reading of the Coal Tax Act. In doing so he remarked that the Crow's Nest Coal Company paid to the government a royalty of 10 per cent on the coal which they would pay \$66,000 next year. This company had produced 720,000 tons of coal, of which they sold in Canada 150,000 tons, and in the United States 250,000 tons. The coal sold in Canada and the United States had paid ten cents a ton, five cents in royalty and five cents in tax. The coal which they had produced in the province nine cents a ton, and was not subject to royalty on that account, while the coal which they were escaping taxation in this way they were finding it more profitable to make this coal into coke than the profits even of the lump coal. As the slack and dross which they produce such a high return the government felt it should pay the amount it was intended should apply to merchantable coal.

It was shown in the report of the Crow's Nest Coal Company in 1907 that in the seven years preceding their net earnings were \$2,107,000, and that for the preceding year they had paid \$350,000 in dividends, being ten per cent on the capital stock of the company. The capital stock, which in the first place was \$3,500,000, had developed into the magnificent sum of \$6,500,000 owing practically to the amount of money taken from the public in the form of royalties. The company had not only paid a dividend of ten per cent on \$3,500,000, but had nearly doubled the amount of the company's assets. He thought the House would agree that it was not a hardship to ask these people to pay the additional sum in the way of taxation proposed in the bill.

On Vancouver Island there were two companies working, the Wellington Mines and the Western Coal Company. The production last year was 1,195,000 tons, of which about 150,000 tons were taken in the province. Of this production 581,000 tons were sold in Canada, and 448,000 were sold elsewhere. It was only the Wellington Colliery that had managed to produce, and the 7,000 tons used for this purpose, less the cost of the dross. The condition was practically this, that one-half of the coal produced by these collieries last year was sold to the United States. Taking \$4.50 per ton as the average for which this coal was sold, they got a little over \$9,000,000 for the coal. The tax on the coal, tax amounted to not quite two per cent, on this amount. Consequently they were only putting coal on the same basis as the precious minerals, which is a resolution which the House had passed, as compared with coal paying that amount at the pit's mouth. In 1904 the Vancouver Island collieries produced 1,195,000 tons, and in 1907 \$3,200,000. The price of coal at Victoria and Vancouver was about \$7.50 a ton of 2,000 pounds, whereas the ton sold at the pit at Nanaimo was \$2.60 pounds, making the local price to the consumer a great deal more in proportion than appeared from the actual figures. The coal which was being sold at Nanaimo from \$8.50 to \$7.00 a ton, with charges against it of about \$2.25 for freight and duty, irrespective of the cost of loading and trans-shipment. So it was to be gathered that there was a profit of from \$2 to \$2.25 from every ton of coal raised from the Nanaimo mines, although they had no means of getting it with absolute certainty. In view of these things he thought the House would agree that the small increase in taxation was perfectly reasonable. He believed this industry would bear the increased burden which would be put upon it, and it was the intention of the government to apply a portion of the increase they might be able to get to a reduction of next year and real property taxation next year.

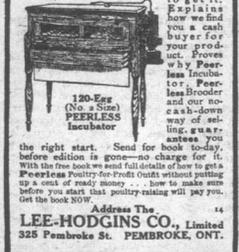
John Oliver said that taking the figures given by the finance minister, they found that coal was being sold at Nanaimo at \$4.50 per ton, and presumably the same price would be charged at other points. If he turned to the questions that had been asked in the House during the present session they would find that the coal mines of the Crow's Nest were restricted as to the price which they might charge for their coal. On January 27th they were told that the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company was restricted from charging more than 30 cents per ton for coal at the pit mouth, and yet they had the statement made by the finance minister that even operating under these restrictions as to price, they were able to pay the whole amount of the capital stock of the company. If this company could pay ten per cent on their capital stock selling coal at a maximum price of \$2 per ton at the pit mouth, he thought it a fit subject for inquiry as to the profits which the Wellington Colliery Company was making out of coal sold at the pit mouth for \$4.50 per ton. He thought inquiry should also be made as to the conditions imposed by the E. & N. Railway Company in connection with the sale of their lands.

On the Bill Reported. The report on the bill to amend the Summary Convictions Act, which he had no objection to the adjournment of the debate if the hon. member desired it. The debate was adjourned.

Goods in Bulk. The bill to regulate the purchase, sale and transfer of stocks of goods in bulk, was taken up in committee, L. W. Shattford in the chair. It was reported committed.

Bush Fire Act Amendment. The bill to amend the Bush Fire Act

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wholesale. In addition to this the local consumer got a ton of 2,000 pounds, while in San Francisco the ton was 2,240 pounds. He suggested to the finance minister that, in the public interest, it would be advisable to have a thorough inquiry into these matters to see how it was that the people of British Columbia, where the coal was mined, belonged to the public people of the province as a matter of fact, had to pay all the way from \$1 to \$2 a ton more for their fuel than their consignor did in San Francisco. If the government were to take the public interest, it would be thought, make a thorough inquiry into the matter. The bill passed its second reading.

University Bill. Dr. Young moved the second reading of the bill to incorporate a university in the province, as is reported in another column. Stuart Henderson moved the adjournment of the debate, which was carried. The House adjourned until tomorrow.

Yesterday afternoon in the legislature the resolution of John Oliver, relative to the Lieut-Governor's removal, was ruled out of order by the speaker. Very strong arguments in support of the contention that the resolution was in order were offered, but the speaker would not give the floor to those who were in opposition. Of this resolution a motion of J. H. Hawthorthwaite along similar lines took the same course.

The debate on the bill which proposes to give to the government the power to exempt railways from taxation brought out some good work on the part of the opposition. The more the subject is looked into the more undesirable does it seem to transfer to the government the power asked for and which should reside in the legislature. In reply to H. C. Brewster, the premier admitted that there was no correspondence except of a private nature looking to the exemption of the E. & N. extension and later on the subject of the treatment, as compared with coal paying that amount at the pit's mouth. In 1904 the Vancouver Island collieries produced 1,195,000 tons, and in 1907 \$3,200,000. The price of coal at Victoria and Vancouver was about \$7.50 a ton of 2,000 pounds, whereas the ton sold at the pit at Nanaimo was \$2.60 pounds, making the local price to the consumer a great deal more in proportion than appeared from the actual figures.

The government admitted that nothing had been done by them along that line. A number of bills were advanced through various stages at yesterday's sitting. Press Gallery, Feb. 4th. The House met at 2:30 o'clock. Petitions. Robt. Grant presented a petition from W. J. Miller and others in regard to railway rights on the E. & N. railway grant.

The petition from the Esquimalt Waterworks Company, opposing the private bill to amend the Victoria Waterworks Act, was received. Railway Reported. W. R. Ross (chairman) reported from the railway committee the preamble proved of an act to incorporate the Crow's Nest and Northern Railway Company. Private Bills. Mr. McPhillips (chairman) reported that the private bills committee had proved the preamble of an act to incorporate the city of Chilliwack; also that the standing orders had not been complied with in regard to the following bills: An act to incorporate the Vancouver and Nicola Valley Railway Company. An act to amend the corporation of the Victoria Waterworks Act, 1873, and the Victoria Waterworks Amendment Act, Chapter 64 of Statutes of 1882, and to give additional powers. Mr. McPhillips also reported that the committee recommended that the time limited for the receiving of petitions and for the presentation of private bills to the House be extended until Thursday, February 12th, 1908. The reports were adopted. Return Presented. Hon. F. J. Fulton presented a return of copies of all correspondence in respect to the acquisition by the Victoria Terminal Railway Company of the lands of John Weaver at Mud Bay. In connection with this he explained that on looking into the matter he had found that the letter of advice to Mr. Oliver, as Mr. Weaver's agent, had been mailed a day later than he formerly stated to the House. John Oliver said this did not affect the further fact stated by him that the certificate was granted to the railway company before the date of the notice received by him saying that it would be delayed.

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for a month previous, and that if Mr. Oliver had protested he could have got a hearing in the matter. Cemetery Grant. Hon. F. J. Fulton introduced a bill to authorize the grant of certain lands (the Quadra street cemetery) to the corporation of the city of Victoria. The Lieut-Governor. John Oliver moved: Whereas at the last session of this House Bill No. 30, entitled An Act to Regulate Immigration into British Columbia, unanimously passed the third reading, but the King's assent thereto was withheld by His Honor the Lieut-Governor and the said bill was refused for signature of the pleasure of His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada: And whereas it appears that His Honor reserved the said bill without notice to the province, had, on the Governor-General to do so, and at a time when it appears that the Wellington Colliery Company, of which His Honor was a director, had been under contract to give employment to a large number of Asiatics to be brought into this province by an immigration company, contrary to the spirit of the law, and in violation of the contrary to the almost unanimous sentiment of the people of British Columbia against Oriental immigration into the province: And whereas, by reason of the above, the confidence of the people of this province in His Honor the Lieut-Governor is greatly impaired, if not wholly destroyed: Therefore, be it resolved, that a humble address be presented to His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada, praying for the removal of the Hon. James Dunsmuir from the office of Lieut-Governor of the province of British Columbia.

Hon. Mr. McBride objected that the resolution was debarred by Rule 15, on the ground that it contained language which was disrespectful to the representative of the crown. John Oliver challenged the premier to show wherein the resolution was disrespectful. The Lieut-Governor said that the resolution was not disrespectful to the representative of the crown. Hon. Mr. McBride said that the resolution was not disrespectful to the representative of the crown. Hon. Mr. McBride said that the resolution was not disrespectful to the representative of the crown.

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stages in this legislature, was supported by the members of the executive council at that time present, and was enacted, so far as it lay in the power of the members of this legislature; and which was introduced by Hon. James Dunsmuir, Lieut-Governor of this province, refused to assent to the passage of said bill; and Whereas the Hon. Richard McBride, premier of British Columbia, has publicly stated that the Lieut-Governor was not advised by his government to refuse to give his assent to said bill; and Whereas it has transpired, during an investigation by the deputy minister of labor, Mackenzie King, acting under instructions from the Dominion government, into the causes and nature of the extraordinary immigration of Japanese laborers into this province, that the Hon. James Dunsmuir, in his private capacity as an operator of coal mines in this province, had, on the time of the passage of said bill, entered into contract with the Canadian Nippon Company, of Vancouver, to procure and employ Japanese laborers for exploitation in his coal mines; and Whereas the passage of the aforesaid bill would have had the effect of delaying or preventing the coming into this province of the laborers of the said Nippon Company, and of the said Japanese laborers into this province, that the Hon. 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Classified and Real Estate Advertisements

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS—W. Lang, Contractor and Builder, jobbing and repairing, 27 Avalon road, James Bay, Phone 4812.

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad street, Building in all its branches; what work and general jobbing, Tel. 523.

CHAS. A. WAREGORD, 122 Blanchard street, Jobbing, trade a specialty. Twenty years experience. Orders promptly filled. Phone 2187.

DINSDALE & MALCOLM, Builders and Contractors, BRICK AND STONE BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY.

DINSDALE, MALCOLM, 20 Quadra St., 23 Hillside Ave.

NOTICE, Book blasted; rock for sale for building and concrete. J. H. Williams, 408 Mitchell street, Phone 1943.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING, NO MATTER where you bought your shoes, bring them here to be repaired. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opposite Panage Theatre.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING, CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 23 Quadra street, Phone 1018.

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewell Block, cor. Hill and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephone—Office, 537; Residence, 121.

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ROBERTSON & GRIFFITH.

124 GOVERNMENT ST. PHONE 1462.

TO RENT, FINE LARGE 10-ROOMED HOUSE in Splendid Locality.

TO RENT—5-ROOM COTTAGE, all modern and in splendid shape, per month. . . . . \$25.00

6-ROOMED HOUSE, good basement, all modern, nice lawn, beautiful view, in good locality, near High school. Price for quick sale. \$4,250

5-ROOMED COTTAGE, all modern, in splendid condition, on Frederick street. . . . . \$2,500

We have some FINE LOTS, on half mile radius from city centre, on easy terms. Price, each. . . . . \$650

REPLIES TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Letters in reply to advertisements in the classified columns of the Times await claimants as follows:

LETTERS—A. B., T. L., X. Y. Z. NUMBERS—40, 73, 99, 100, 101, 102, 111, 123, 124, 125, 146, 151, 152, 156, 160, 163, 167, 172, 173, 447, 88.

WANTED—MALE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

MALE TEACHER wanted for South Saanich public school; salary \$50 per month and free house; duties to commence March 2nd. Apply before 11th inst. to William Campbell, secretary Saanich S. B. Royal Oak.

WANTED—Man to work on farms; state wages and experience. Box 133, Times office.

MEN WANTED—In every locality in Canada to advertise our goods, tack up showcards in all conspicuous places and distribute small advertising matter. Commission or salary, \$3 per day. Steady work the year round; entirely new plan; no begging; thoroughly taught. Graduates filling good positions. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

WANTED—Men and women to learn Barber Trade; wages earned while learning; catalogue free; write Moler Barber College, Montreal, St. Vancouver.

WANTED—Good camp cook; capable boy as cook's assistant; four expert tie makers. Apply Box 113, this office.

WANTED—Contractor to clear land or put up fence. E. H. Hall, P. O. Box 225, city.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LOAN—\$1,500 at 7 per cent on improved real estate. Apply Money, P. O. Box 123, city.

WANTED—Elderly couple to look after old couple. Apply Capt. Moore, 313 Kingdon street.

INDIAN LABORERS SUPPLIED—Messrs. Harman Singh & Co., Indian labor contractors, 283 Douglas street. Laborers supplied in any number on description on short notice; moderate terms. Telephone A 169.

JUST ARRIVED—Full line of ladies' and men's winter wear; hats and accessories less than half price. Garesche Block, R. J. Soper.

SILVER BAND MINING CO., LTD.—Shareholders in George's meeting; shareholders will be held at the office, 74 Wharf street, Victoria, on Wednesday, 15th February, 1905, at 3 p. m. P. H. Hedges, secretary-treasurer.

There is money in Central Park.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate and improved property. Dr. Hartman, 1319 Government street.

"THE ABERDEEN," 29 Yates St., Victoria, B. C. Private board and residence, well furnished, comfortable, home-like and select, all white labor. Mrs. J. Aberden Gordon.

Mt. H. E. HOWES, psychic medium and healer, can be consulted daily. Room 7, Vernon Buildings, Douglas street.

TRIMBLE & SON, general teaming, ploughing and harrowing, 17 Putman street, Phone 4183.

WANTED—Copying for a few hours each evening, manuscripts, letters, etc., neatly typewritten at reasonable rates. Apply M.S., Times Office.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds of labor supplied on short notice. 181 Government street, Tel. 1282.

THE JAPANESE GENERAL CONTRACT CO., LTD., 29 Store street, telephone No. 1666. Labor supplied of any number or description, on short notice.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—Having purchased the blacksmith and carriage shop of W. A. Robertson & Son, 56 Discovery street, between Douglas and Government streets, I am now prepared to do all kinds of carriage, blacksmith, painting and horse shoeing, etc. I make a specialty of shoeing horses with copper quarter crozes, etc. Attention is called to my change of address, and all old customers and new ones are cordially invited to give me a call. J. J. Fisher, 56 Discovery street.

THE LATEST sheet metal electric signs. J. Markey, maker, Victoria, B. C. Phone 2123.

CONTRACTORS—We can furnish you with laborers of any kind of men at short notice. Poles, Slavs, Hunga, Italians, Lithuanians, etc. also several well trained monkeys. Boston Shipping Co., 13 Norfolk street, New York City.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A girl to assist in light housework, can go home to sleep. Apply box 121, this office.

WANTED—Ladies to do plain sewing at home, whole or spare time; \$4 to \$12 per week. Work sent any distance by express paid. Send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

WANTED—GIRL to assist in housework. Apply to Mrs. Adams, 1123 Belcher st.

DRESSMAKING SCHOOL—Gris wanted to learn dressmaking. Patterns cut to measure. Corner Yates and Broad streets. D. P. Sprinkling.

WANTED—Waitress at The Windsor Restaurant.

WANTED—Immediately, general servant. Apply 127 Vancouver street.

TEACHER WANTED—For Keefe's assistant school. Salary \$50. Apply to J. T. Pirkin, Secretary, Keefe's.

A. B. McNEILL.

REALTY, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. PHONE 64. 12 TRUNCE AVE.

BUNGALOW—7 rooms, new, modern. . . . . \$4,500

NEW COTTAGE—5 rooms, furnace, etc. . . . . \$3,700

HOUSE, KING'S ROAD—7 rooms, good buy . . . . . \$1,800

COTTAGE, CLOSE IN—5 rooms . . . . . \$2,000

NEW COTTAGE—6 rooms, strictly modern . . . . . \$3,650

All have been greatly reduced.

LOTS, FAIRFIELD ESTATE . . . . . \$500 to \$350

CAMOUSIN AND ALFRED—Good buy . . . . . \$2,700

GRANT STREET . . . . . \$700

PEARSE ESTATE—Each . . . . . \$900 to \$400

Good Terms.

J. STUART YATES

22 BASTION STREET, VICTORIA. FOR SALE.

30 ACRES—Sooke District, just inside Sooke harbor.

FINE SEA FRONTAGE—At Esquimalt, about three acres, cheap.

TWO LOTS—On Victoria harbor, with large wharf and sheds and 2 large warehouses, in good condition, on easy terms.

THREE LOTS—On Yates street, with 10 stores, bringing in good rentals.

TO RENT—Large wharf at foot of Yates street, rent \$120 per month.

For further particulars apply to J. STUART YATES, 22 BASTION STREET, VICTORIA.

LEE & FRASER,

ONTARIO STREET—Lot for . . . . . \$750

BLANCHARD STREET—Lots for . . . . . \$1,200

NORTH PARK STREET, 1118—Cottage, 8 rooms, and very large lot . . . . . \$1,150

PANDORA STREET—Two lots for . . . . . \$500

COLINGWOOD STREET, Esquimalt—3 lots for sale cheap for cash.

PRIOR STREET, of Hillside Ave.—2 large lots for sale cheap and on easy terms.

BLACKWOOD STREET—Good lot, splendid location, easy terms.

CORNER THIRD AND BAY STREETS—2 lots for \$1,200; easy terms.

Money to loan in large or small amounts. Fire and Life Insurance.

11 TRUNCE AVE., VICTORIA, B. C.

EMPIRE REALTY CO.

Real Estate and Financial Brokers, 68 YATES ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

BUY LOTS IN EMPIRE SUBDIVISION. \$25.00 CASH. BALANCE EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

EMPIRE SUBDIVISION IS THE PRETTIEST HOMESITE IN VICTORIA CITY. EMPIRE REALTY CO.

WE SELL THE EARTH. DRURY & MACGURN, 34 GOVERNMENT STREET.

\$4,250 will buy NOW FINE TWO-STORY 8-ROOM HOUSE, nearly new; all modern; near Junction, Rockland avenue and Fort street. Small cash payment. Easy terms. Now is your opportunity to buy a home.

\$350 will buy CHOICE CITY LOT. (We can give you 1, 2, 3 or 4 together.) Will be worth \$600 to \$700 in one year. Water and sewer.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Small safe suitable for residence. 1014 Cook street.

WANTED—Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shotguns, revolvers, overcoats, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Aaronson's, near and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

WANTED—Scrap brass, copper, zinc, lead, cast iron, sacks, and all kinds of boxes and rubber. Highest cash prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 and 32 Store street. Phone 1282.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Two men desire immediate employment, general or rough carpenter work. Apply Box 133, this office.

WANTED—Employment by able-bodied man; accustomed to care of horses and cattle and farm work, or general labor. Box 150, Times office.

LOGGERS.

COLUMBIA LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. in K. of P. Hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets. R. W. Fawcett, Rec. Sec., 227 Government street.

COURT CARIBBO, No. 745, I. O. F., meets in K. of P. Hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets, on the 2nd Tuesday and 4th Monday of every month at 8 p. m. For information inquire of Edward Parsons, Fin. Sec., 21 Chancery Chambers, Langley street.

COMPANION COURT FAR WEST, I. O. F., No. 203, meets first and third Mondays each month in K. of P. Hall, corner Douglas and Douglas streets. Mrs. E. Carlow, financial secretary, 10 Amelia street.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—Victoria Camp, No. 8, Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, meets in K. of P. Hall, corner Douglas and Pandora streets 1st and 3rd Fridays in the month. Wm. Jackson, clerk.

K. O. F.—No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. H. Weber, K. of R. & S. Box 544.

VICTORIA, No. 11, K. of P., meets at K. of P. Hall, corner Douglas and Douglas streets, 1st and 3rd Fridays in the month. Wm. Jackson, clerk.

A. O. F. COURT NORTHERN LIGHT, No. 555, meets at K. of P. Hall 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, W. E. Fullerton, Secy.

VICTORIA LODGE, No. 1, A. O. U. W., meets every second and fourth Mondays in month at A. O. U. W. Hall. Members of Order visiting the city cordially invited to attend. R. Dunn, recorder.

COURT VICTORIA, A. O. F., No. 850, meets at Sir William Wallace Hall, 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, W. Noble, secretary, 14 Oswego street.

There is money in Central Park.

THE MAN OUT OF A JOB

In Victoria and throughout British Columbia some men are out of work, yet it is believed that at other points labor is required. There may be many persons seeking work on the farm, in the shops, offices, etc., and we would be glad to publish advertisements from such persons, with their addresses, in order that they may be communicated with by those who may require help.

SITUATIONS WANTED

THE TIMES is anxious to be of assistance, and for the month of February will insert advertisements under the above headings, once up to fifteen words.

FREE OF CHARGE

Note—If an additional insertion is necessary it will be given upon request.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good house; six rooms; in good, healthy situation, with nearly 1/2 acre of ground; well stocked with fruit trees, etc. Price, \$1,200. Also \$1,200 to land. Jos. Peterson, 1234 Government street, Victoria.

A BARGAIN on account of leaving city, 7-room house; part bath, water front, laundry, cellar, sheds, fruit trees, all plumbing done. 1434 Vining street.

THE OWNER wishes to exchange a good Manitoba town property for close in rentable property in Victoria. Address G. H., Times office.

There is money in Central Park.

FOR SALE—A snap, 4 roomed cottage, in splendid condition, beautiful garden and full sized lot, \$800 cash and balance on terms to suit. Apply 348 View street.

FOR SALE—A beautiful home, and furniture if desired, suitable for large family or high-class boarding house, immediate delivery. Particulars, Post Office Box 28.

FOR SALE—Some of the best fruit land on the island, convenient to city, and within 40 yards of railway station, no rock, will be sold at about half value. Apply C. H. Revercomb, 613 Trunche Ave.

FOR SALE—At January sale prices, choice acreage on George's water front, and other small tracts, bungalows, cottages, lots, etc. Apply C. H. Revercomb, 613 Trunche Ave.

ADVERTISER, leaving city, will sell some house property, lots and acreage, less than half value, fenced with wire, 10 per cent interest. Would take about half surrounding value. Write particulars of the property. No. 25, Times Office.

There is money in Central Park.

FOR SALE—3 choice large lots, on the highest part of Smith Hill, commanding elevations, magnificent views, 470 each, easy terms. Petherston, Woodlands, Cedar Vale, Victoria.

SIDNEY—Owner wishes to sell 10 acres good land, all clear, fenced with wire, 1/2 mile from Sidney station, 1/4 mile from school, cheap for immediate sale. Apply Box 48, S. Victoria.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Incubator, 120 egg; used twice; \$20. Apply 414 Esquimalt road.

There is money in Central Park.

FOR SALE—Good family cow. Apply 1002 Caledonia avenue.

FOR SALE—3 nearly new 120-egg incubators and 2 brooders, also several thoroughbred Brown Leghorn cockerles. Apply C. H. Revercomb, 613 Trunche Ave.

FOR SALE—Small brougham, with pole and shafts. Apply Coachman, Fernwood, Cadboro Bay road.

HARDY CABBAGE PLANTS, 50c per 100; \$3 per 1,000. Catalogue of 2,000 variety stock free on application. Mr. Tomlin Nursey, Victoria.

SLAB WOOD FOR SALE—Mill slabs cut into short lengths at \$100 per cord delivered to any part of city. B. F. Graham Lumber Co., Ltd. Phone No. 894. Orders also taken at Johns Bros' Store.

FOR SALE—Gramophone \$55, records \$85; Winchester rifle, .38; loggers' boots, \$2.50; revolver, 2-calibre, \$2.75; tramping rifle, chain \$2.50; tramping rings, 18-K; \$5; Tuxedo coat and vest, \$2.50; army overcoat, \$4.50. Jacob Aaronson's, New and Second-hand Store, 55 Johnson street, 4 doors below Government.

TO RENT—Nice furnished bungalow for 3 months; heated with furnace. G. W. Dean, Adelphi block, Government street.

FOR RENT—Well furnished room for couple. In 419 Plaguard street, corner Blanchard.

TO RENT—A well furnished room to rent, gentlemen, central, apply Box 132, Times Office.

TO RENT—Poultry and fruit farm, capable of carrying 2,000 chickens and 50 fruit trees. Address Box 143, this office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Saturday night, black watch, purse inside containing \$44 in bills. Please return to Times; reward.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

LIMITED. Established 1885. REAL ESTATE AGENTS, 104 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. PHONE 1388.

14-4 LOTS 60 x 120 feet each; good soil, the location. Big bargain. Only . . . . . \$800

104-5 ACRES good land Strawberry Vale. A real snap . . . . . \$1,650

12 FULL SIZED LOTS, 60 x 120 each; good soil; fine location; worth double; good terms. Only . . . . . \$1,650

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COUNCIL TO CONFER

WITH R. MARPOLE
Question of Store Street Extension of E. & N. Will Be Considered Again.

A special secret meeting of the city council will be held on Wednesday or Thursday of this week to confer with R. Marpole in regard to the Store street track question.

PRETTY WEDDING AT NOON TO-DAY

Miss Gladys Green and Mr. Warner Were United in Marriage.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Canon Beaulieu officiated at a very pretty marriage ceremony in Christ Church Cathedral this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

BIG MOVEMENT OF RUSSIAN TROOP

Five Thousand Ordered to Turko-Persian Frontier—Demonstration Against Turkey.

NEW COLLIERY.

The Steamer Thor is Adapted For Quick Handling of Cargo.

The new Norwegian steamer Thor, built at Sunderland for W. Wilhelmson & sons, of Tonsberg, Norway, under direction of Capt. Eggenes, former master of the steam collier, Thor.

This Will Interest Old Folks

Life to elderly people can only be pleasant when all the faculties are active. But as we all know, the human body is merely a machine.

CREAMERY AFFAIRS ARE SATISFACTORY

Annual Meeting of the Shareholders Shows Good Results for Year.

THE NEW SUIT

See the New Comer? It's the New Two Button Sack Suit for Spring wear.

We Will Take Pleasure In Showing You

The coat is cut medium length, the collar wide, the lapel long and wide and made into a soft roll.

A CRIPPLE CURED.

Helpless and Bent with Rheumatism—Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

RESIDENT MET

SAD AFFLICTION

Mrs. John Dunbar of Ladysmith Died on Sunday—Local Doings.

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