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# IN THE QUEEN＇S BENCH． <br> MANI＇T（）IBA． 

#  liailurn！C＇omıjian！！and olmas 




BLLL OF COMPLATNT ANO

## JUDGMENT

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## CHIEFJUSTICE WOOD

IN PRONOUNCING THE JUDGMENT OF THE COURT，
Granting．on motion ame motier to the defembants． order for interlacolory

## INJUNCTION

in terms of the prayti of the bha of complaint．

WINNIPE；MANITOBA：
MANITOBS FREF PRESS STEAS 1PRIN゙T．

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1882
$$

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\eta-2 \dot{u}\}
$$

## IN THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

## IN EQUITY.

## Between

THE MANITOBA SOUTH- WESTERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY, GEORGE H. ADAMS. ARTEMI'S I HOLMES, THOMAS F. OAKES, ANTHONY J. THOMAS, HUGH SU'THERLAND, JAMES. H. ASHDOWN, JOHN H. HAMMOND, (EEORGE II. CUMMIN(i, dEORGE BROWN, CHARLES V.MEAJ,JAMES R.SUTHERLANI, ROBER'T E. O'BRIEN aND WILLIAM P. CLOUGH.

Phantiffs,
AND
W. R. BOWN, JOHN C. SCHULTY, E. A. C. PEW, W. N. KENNEDY, WILLAM MORDOOH, R. L. MrqREGOR, R. R. Molennan, 1). H. Mollhlan, 'T. ('. sodble, L. O. ARMSTRONG AND STEEWART MULVEY.

Defendants.

The Bill sets firth :-
(1.) The Manitoba South-Westem Colonization Railway ('ompany, is a corporation, organized and existing moler that certain Act of Parlianemt of Canada, passed in the forty-second year of the reign of Ho Majesty, , 1 -
 Railway Compeny," and also under the further Act of the said Palianent. passed in the forty-third year of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled, "A" Act to catemd the powers of the Manitalue South- IVexter"u Codoniantion Railway Compeny, amel to farther" "mend the Act incorpmotetiu! ther seid Compery."
 vidner and emarted.
 mipeg, banker, W. W. Wgilvic, of Montreal, empitalist, J. H. Asholown, of





 Pomug, of Wiminew, merchant, tugether with all surd persoms and conomatome as shall beconie sharcholders in the company hereby ineorporated, whall be and are herehe comstituted a boly ropmate and politie, by and monder the mane of tha" Manitola smoth-Western Colomizntion Railway ('mulitys:"
"S'e: (\&) The sad ('ompany shall have fall power and anthority to lay


 now Row lake, and to constrict, wow and oprate lines of telograp along the line of surlo milway and to construct hridges across the Red and Assinilubine rivers, and to "ombert with the Pembina Branch of the Canalian ? Pife Railway at or mar St. Bomifare; hat the said company shall not amene the romstruetion of the said railway or any work theremento ap." ortaining, until the lowation of the atid railway shall have heem appoved of he the (Governor in ('ommil."
"Sore. (i) 'The persmm named in the first section of this Act, with power to add to thoir momber, wall be and are herehy constituted provisional divertors of the saill company, of whom five shail be a glommon, and shall hold otlice as such matil the first election of dimertors moler this Aet, and shall have power forthwith to onen stock-beoks and proenre subseriptions of stow for the molertaking. piving at last four weeks prewions motice ly advertisement in the ('r,"."ln liosette, of the time and place of their meeting

 to lo madr, and to arpuive and pans and surves now existing, and to deposit in any chartamed hank of ('amada all moness received by them, on aceome of stak shliseribed and to withhaw the same soldy for the purposes of the midertaking ind to reniwe on hohalf of the company any grant, han, homus. of gift mand. to it, in ait of th a molertaking, and to enter intor any agrement resperting the combioms on disposition of any sift or boms in aid of the railway.
"S'e: (") The cappital stock of the company shall be one million dotlars (with power to increase the samu in mamer movided hy The Railarey Ade 1StSS') to hedivided into sharm of ome hombred dollars eath, and the monev so raised shall be applied in the finst phace to the payment of all fees, expenses and dishmsements for preming the pasing of this Act and for making the survers, plans and estimates comected with the works hereby authorized, and all the remaimer of such moneys shall he applied to the making, equip-
ing, completing and maintaining of the sail milway, and wher purposes of this Act."
"Sec. (9.) The said empany may meiventher from the Dominion Goverment or my of the Provincial Govommens of from my passons as boties corporate, municipal or polite, who may haw power to make we grant the same in aid of the construction. mpigment and mantemane of the said milway, free grants of lamls, bommsen, lomes or afte of money or secarities for momey."
"Sec. (10.) When and sus som as shares to the moment of one hamdred thonsand dollars in the capital stomek of the said rompary have been sub)seribed and fifteen per cent paid therem mome , fide, the povisional directass shall call a qenemal meting of the sumpribers to the said rapital stock at
 pany giving at lenst fime wede previons motion by mblie adrortsement in some newspoper publishad in the eity of Wimiperg and abs, by eirenha
 said meeting."
"Sere (11.) No premon shall Ine vileoted a divecter of the rompany, maless he shat be the homber and wom in his own right on an trustere fin any corpration, or at least forty (+0) shares in the stock of the rompuy and shatl have paid ap all callo therom."
 assimbled whe shall bive so pid m, tell per rentum theremf, with surh proxies as may be pexent shall chome nine pussons tal, directors of the
 rules and regulations and ley laws as may hedeaned expedient, provited

"Sore. (13.) Thereather the encmeal ammal mertime of the shareboblems of the said eompany for the chertion of directers and ather genemal prosposes, shall be helif at such phate as may be ap, inted by helan of the

 Cumuln Gusette."
 and completed within tive reas from the pasing of thin Aet : and in de-
 to so mach of the milway as thon momins incomplate."
 thing provided and enacted.
"Ser: (2.) In this Ant the erompany" means 'The Mainitula SomthWestern Colonization Railway ('mmpuy."



and amplete,- the said extemsion theommence at some proint at or hear linck Laks, in the Nonth-Wiest'lemiteries, and to min thence in a westerly direction th the Somis comb fidde, on a line parallel or nearly so to the hamblary lino of the bominiom of C'mada, and also from a point at or near the eity of Wiming, and rmming thence to the point where the Canadian Pacifie Ratway will dons the Rod iver, all such lines or extensions to be "ppowe of hy the Governor in Comatil."
(2.) (fter the passing of the tinst act, on the 17 th June, 1879 , a quormom to wit, fomrturn (1t,) in mmber of the persons maned in section one ( 1 ) of ach act, as "provisiomal dire tors" doly comsened at the city Hall in Winnipug, in this Province, due notiee of such meeting having been first given and of the thme umi place thereof, by publication in the C'emudu Gazette, fon the purnose of orsanizing and opening hooks for subscriptions to the (alpital stack of the saill corporation; and thereupon at such meeting, the satil provisimal diments did dnly organize and did duly open books for sulnseriperion to sull capital stork. After the opening of the said stock sul)-
 maned pursons harl suliseribed to the eapital stock of the said eomporation the momber of shares and total smis as follows, that is to say:

|  | ntamer ofshares. | Total. amt. of stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Davil Momug. | 100shares. | \$10.000. |
| Willian Mmatek. | \%) " | :,000. |
| R. La. Mramen | 10.) | 10,000. |
| M. N. Remmedy. | . 01 | S,000. |
| -1aseph Whitulual. | 100 " | 10,000. |
| dames H. Ashulown | 50 " | :,000. |
| Willian II. Lyon. | .0) " | \%,000. |
| $\therefore$ C. Bigan . . . . | 100 " | 10,000. |
| Hanry Hackett. | 50 " | 5,000. |
| IV R. Bown |  | $\underline{0} 0,1000$ |
|  | 1.50 | 15,000. |

Amd on the shares su sumerihend, heing one thonsand ( 1,000 ) in number
 centum themof was paid hy the resective sulseribers thereof ; and on the day last mentioned, in !manance of previns motiec daly given by the board of prowisimal directers, the said subseribers convemed in general meeting and orsanion the said conjomation permanently ; and to that end, elected a luarid of directors of sam comphation comsisting of nime of the said subseribirn, manely: Mosiss, Seholtz, Bown, Vome, Ashown, Lyom, Murdoch, McGhore, Hackett and Kemedy; afterwarls and on the same day the said directors who hat been clected as aforesaid duly convened and organized thomselves as the burd of directors of the said corporation ; and to that rim. clectend the said kemorly tolw persident of the said conjoration and the said Voung to he the sercetary and treasimer thereof,
(3.) Afterwand and in Augnst 2.th, 1s80, at a lawful mecting of the boud of directors of the said conporation, such board duly resolved and di-





 paid thereon finthwith. Aiml at the same meetheg, the said hame of diment-

 paid to the company, with the sulneriptione to the sail militional now than-
 retary should be therehy instrieted torallot tormeh of the said owigimal suhserihers, or their assigns, an ammont of stock which womblatare the in in


 to the copital stork of the said company, fin the momber of hames and to the respective ammonts following, that is to say :

| Names of stincthamis. |  | Amorests. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R. S. MeChregor. | 30 shanres. | - |
| W. N. Kemmely... | -. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.3100 |
| W. N. Kenuely, truster. | :1) " | -,000. |
| George Brown... | . ${ }^{1}$ | $\therefore 1000$ |
| David Young. | 20.; " | $\because 0.300$ |
| John C. Schnit\%. | ㄹ.0.; " | $20.30 \%$ |
| Hagh Sutherinud. | :11: " | -1, |
| Walter R. Bown. | $\because$ | 20.300 . |

And on the said shaves, bring ome thomsand (1,0001) in manlury and



 to. and vested in, the following named persms, who then wron ailure sub-
 assignees of subseribers for surh shares, finther and athtimal wame of the capital stack of sail company to the momber and of the amomus following, that is to say :

NAMES OF SLBECRABERS.

Wh. Murdoch.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
R. L. Mcefregor. . . . . . . . . . . . .
J. H. Ashulown . . . . . . . . . . . . .


| $\because .7$ | shater. | $\therefore$ - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .) | " | ., 0)00. |
| 0.7 | " | $\because .500$. |
| 100 | " | 10,000) |


| W．N．Kırumerly | $\because$ | ＊ | $\because, 000$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13ainl Vombry．． | 85 | ＂ | 8,800 ． |
| S． 1 ＇birses． | 2.7 | ＂ | $\because$ \＃0） |
|  | 60 | ， | （6，$=0$ ） |
|  | $\cdots$ | ＂ | $\because, \% 100$ |
|  | $\because$ | ＂ | $\because, \% 00$ |
| Hn－wh sutherland | $\cdots$ | ＂ | $\because, .000$ 。 |
| IV．（i，l＇ulla＇tio． | ご「 | ． | $\because .000$ 。 |













 after talloul．










 forst al sum line being wimated in such onder at，and intact being， ahont there hamben and twelse milos，and the tetal prantity of lands












 is and will 1 ，of and value te atit ampany and dows and will hargely
 line of railway：

(1).
$\qquad$ (1.
$\qquad$

 :11, 1 ; thereline of y of La in: the t being, $f$ lands rder at, IMIstand cil, the ulitions which ld buila ; anl it he sail within imment ire com; which of lands largely lee said
(i) Althongh the said company, from the time if the permanent ingani-












 Homy Villaid, of the rity of Now Yink, and ompan whem prome with him





 same heing all the shares of the stork of the said mompany raminine mashe-





 of might be receivel ly such company to aid in the romatraction of the sain lime of talway : and the saill principals of the satio lew, on thir part, in
 th melertake the construction of, mal to complete the sad line of milway,



 acting on behalf of themselven and of surh other storkholders of the said


 transfer to him, the sain l'ew, all the shares of stork then bey them repre-



 hand respectively pail to satal company upon their mberiptions for shach
 mepectively a quantity of the said fully paid ambl masemsalike sterk engal


 after, reduced to writur in the fom of comremmener betwen the said

hibit $A$; and afterwarls, and at a meeting of the said board doly held on Oefober tith, 1851 , the said memomadum of agrement was corrected by muthal assent of the saill parties thereto he inserting the words "in excess
 "David Kemp, Surentary", as noted on the margin of the copy of said communcation forming part of Exhint 1 : and the said aruurement was




## I'I.

(i) For the promse of cenving out the said armangement, the said company, alter the said arangenent had beem entred into, and on Joly

 fieped and rested the satid seven thomsand tive hombed ( $\mathbf{7}, \mathbf{5} 00$ ) shares of finly paid amb maneressable stork twand in the following mamed persons an follows, mamely:

| wame of thastrfrem. | NCMBAR Of shames. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Artemas II. Holmes | 2,0060 ¢hares. |
| (ienmer R. Howrll | +1) |
| Walter (\% Stokes | 40 |
| George H. Adams | 40 |
| E. A. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Pew. | 2,340 " |
| Edward 1). Adanis. | +0) |

Amb all the said persoms so receiving the said shares of paid up and massessable stork, incluming the said Pew, were at the time of such receipt the trosters and agente of the said Hemy Villand and his assoriates in whose hehalf the sain Prow had antel in making the sail ardugement; and they and each of thom recerved and hed all such shares of stack as such turnstees.
(7) 'The satid two thensand tive homdred (o, ©00) shates of subseribed (apital stork were, at ho time whon the sabl arramanant was entered
 anmunts below onewiliod, that is to saly:

NAMES OF SHAMEHOTHERS.
NUMHER OF NHARBAS HEI.J.


| 7.5 | shares. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 275 | $"$ |
| 7.5 | $"$ |
| $+(1.5$ | $"$ |
| 1.0 | $"$ |



Subsequent to the making of the said arrangment, and prion to Augnst 1st, 1881, for the purpose of carring ont and in part perfoname of the said arrangement, the said Pew, acting for and on lobialf of the sath Villand and his associates, paid to the following named persons the full sme which they and their assignoms or either of them hat paid to the waid company upon their said subseriptions of capital stock-which smas were an fullows, that is to say :

| names of shareholders. | Amorsts Pamb. |
| :---: | :---: |
| W.R. Bown. | $\therefore+6.6 .0 \%$ |
| John C. S'chult\%. | 4, $\because(6)$ |
| R. At: MeGregor. | -2.0) |
| William Mardoch.. | - 70 |
| David Kemp... | 7 \% |
| W. N. Kemnedy.... | 1.500 |
| Willian Banmerman. | 7.50 |

And the said several persons last ahove named firther to carry ont the said arrangement, having received the satil sums of money so repait to them, dach acting for himself, respertively assigned and transiowed to the said Pew acting for the said Villard amd his assuciates, all amd simgular thorir said shares. ${ }^{7}$ of subseribedstock; and theremon, simmltanomily with such transfers to him, the said Pew in torn assigned and transforme into dach of the sain several prevsons a number of the satid shatere of fully paid and massessable
 of the said suliseribed stock so transforeel to him, the said Pew, the mumher of shares of fully paid and massessable stom son thansfermed by the satid Pow to the said persons was as follows, vi\%:

| Same of asmigite | NTMbere of shatas. |
| :---: | :---: |
| W. R. Bown. | :3-2 shams |
| Tohn (. Schult\% | $3+1$ |
| R. L. Mr(iregor. | 2010 |
| William Murdorh. | (i) |
| W. N. Kemmedy . | 1010 |
| Willian Bannerman | $1(1)$ |

Afterwards and before December 1st, 18s1, further to carry out the said arrangemont, an! in further perfinmance thoreof, the said Villand and his associates or their assigns had paid to the remaining persons hodding subselined stock of the sail rompray, at the time when the said arragenent was entered into, all the sums which they or their assigmors had paid to said company upen their sulaseriptions to saibl stock, the namen of the stocklold. ers receiving such payments and thr amomes paid to then having leen as follows, that is to say--

| J. H. Ashulown. | $\therefore 750$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| David Yomug | 4, 6 (19) |
| S. C. Biggs | 7 H |
| Hugh Sutherlami. | $\bigcirc$ |
| George Brown. | 300 |

For the perpore of prowing the necessary means to ennstruct the saind line of railway, the said compmer acting throngh its bave of directors, hat hefore the making of tho armagement aforesaid duly delemined to issue its negotiable bonds seewe i by a first mortgage of all its rights, framhises and property, including its railway and all the tolls, income and porits thereof, to the amont of twenty theinsmil dollars ( $\mathcal{S} \boldsymbol{0}(0,000)$ for carh mile of said railway; and hard, arting throngh its sath hoard, duly anthorized and empowered its president and sedetary to sign, seal and ileliver the said bomis and mortgage for it and in its name and hehalf. Voder and in pursiance of such authority, the president and secretary of the sadid empany, abont the time of the said arrangement, dhly signel and sealed the compon honds of the said railway eompany to the total amome of six million two hombed
 railway as aforesain, hearing interest at the rate of per centun pee year and payable in Veas from the late the reof, and after signing and sealing said bonds, placed the same in the tenperary constenly of "The Farmers' Loan and Trust 'ompany," a corporation under the laws of the State of New Sork in the lonited Staten of Am rim, amd having its prineipal place of busimess in the eity of Now Yowk in the said State: : mel at on alout the sane time, the sad president or seretary, arting moler and in pusmane: of the anthomity aforesaid, doly sigmel and soabed for and in the name of the said company the montgag on dian of trinst of sheh company to the said Farmers' Loan and 'Trust rompany is truster of all the rights, framblises
 tole derived firm the same, pronely woditional to secure the payment of such bomds: and such bomse are the same bonds mentioned in the said menorandum of the said arangenent betwen the said company and the said Pew ; and the same bombs an these refored to in the fomal agrement
 herrinafter mentiomed.
(9.) During all the period of time since July 1st, $18 s 1$. "The Oregom and Transcontinental company" has heen a eorporation duly orgmized and
existing umber the laws of the State of (Orewn, in the United States, and has hail full power and anthority in Caman and elsewhere to undertake the construction of railways and other poblic works, and to enter into and cary out all contracts to that enl which any natural persom might lawfully enter into or carry ont.
(10.) Shorty atter the making of said ammement between the said malway company and the said Per, hy prom and lawfalassigments, all the rights and interests which the said bew on the said Villard and his assuchates had acenimed moder such armoroment were duly and lawfilly transferred to and rested in the said Oregon and Transcontinental company, which compation has exor since hell and owned all such rights and interests. After the said transfer to the aid Ory and Transeontinental company, for the parpose of setting forth the in said armarement for the construction of the said railway in a more formal and imerise manner than the same had heen stated in the said memomandmof Joly ith, 1851 , the torms of the said arrangement were embulied in a fomad writen instrment bearing date on Uetober Ifth, Issi, ant of which a eopy is heremto annexed, marked Exhihit B. After the sail instroment had beem drawn up and signed on behalf of the sad milvay company her the pesident and secretary of such company, and sealed with the "onnorate soal thereof, at a meeting of the hoaral of directoms thereof huly held on Nuvember !th, 1881 , at Wimijeg in this Provines, the said contract was duly ratified by a resolution of the
 company. After the said ematract hand heen executed on the part of the said railway company, the same was duly exemoded on the part of the said Oregon and 'Transeontinental sompany:
(11. After the naking of the sail ammenent lnetwem the said railway company amb the transere thereof th the sail Oregom and 'Transentinental company, the last mentioned company forthwith provedel to earry out such abrangement on its part in grond faith: and to that ond it is at once set about and has ever since continnol proseduting the work of locating and constructing the sail line of milway with the nomost prssible vigor and despateh; and prior to the exhihition of this hill, it the said Oregon and Transcontinental company had waded and prepared far the wopersucture
 peg in a somth-westerly direction, amb hardually comphated fiftem (1.) miles and uprards of shoh line of vilway and proened and provided lavge gmantities of iron mils, bride timbers, mons-tise, amd other materials and bemotive aminen and cars meded for use in the comennetion of the said
 by the said railway rompany, pion the making of suth armagement, in the location and construction of the said railway and in the prownem of materals, engines and ears therelor. and in the pament of the said ohl in-
 Oremon and Transeontinental company, hat, prior to the exhihition of thin hinl, expended money and inemred liahilition to an anoment exceeding eight

 mately the smm following, that in to saly

Amomat expembed in prying wh imblenthess of said mailway company
$\therefore 16,46+46$
Imome expmond in prying for work done mod materiaks furnished in this prowinee.

314,57600

Amomit expembed fir lowmotive engines and rolling stock and exelnsise of freight and duties.

98,18200
Amome expended for materials besides rolling sterk purchased mutside this provine exelnsive of freight and duties
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328,00000
$43,4+400$
Ammant expulded fin duties on emgines, rolling stork, de., and materials bronght into this provine
$31,(88500$
Fxpmond since Fobriary list for current expenses, lahor, matmiaks, de

10,00000

> 'I'otal
8842,34746

All the said work was prowed to be done and all the said materials,
 the said moners were paid ont and liabilities incurred by and on behalf of the said orew and Transomtinental company in full reliance upon its part that the said arrangenent metwerat the said railway company and the said E. A. C. Pew anting as aforsaid, womld be camied out, as each and all the defendants herem are and have born well aware doring all the progrese of such work and during all the period of time, while the sad engines, rolling stock and materials were hing fumished and while the said moneys were being paid out and the said indelitenhess was being incurred.

1: At a mwinl meeting of the board of directors of the said railway rompany hod at Wimiper, in this provinee, on November 9th, 1881, the plantif (aomge H. Ahans leing present, the said board duly passed certan resolutions which were duls morded in the minutes of the said railway complay, and which wow of the tenser fullowing, that is to say :
"Wharas it han bed chamed by ertain parties that omly two thon" and shame of the capital stock of this company have been actually suh"aribed tor, with the payment of ten per centmo of the amomet thereof in
 " minel an to the fine that two thomsum tive humbed shares of the eapital "stomk of this ampan! hate admally beran subserihol, with ten per centum " of the ammont themif paid in canli, Be it resolved that George H. Arlans, "the lowhe of empain shates of the stock sold and transferred to E. A. C. *Pew he reodution of the wamb of dincetors passed July sth, 1881, be and "and hir herthe is amburizel tormonder to this company five hondred of "the shamen lan montimed and in liow thereof to sulseribe five hundred " shater of the stork if this compraty, and to pay ten per centum of the " moment of surh sten-k in cash; Resolvid, finther, that the seeretary of this

 - the payment to ta male therom, and to issue to the said Adans certiti-


Fonthwith 4un the paning of the reshutions aforesaid the said George 1t. Adans, who was then present and the holder of live homdred (se(i)) shates and u!nauds of the satill fully paid and unassessable stock, by an in-
strmment duly entered and recorded upom the minnters of the said railway company, and by him subscribed, duly sumendered to said railway company five hundred (a) shares of the said fully paid and massessable stock; which surrender was, theremon, by a further instrment duly entered and recorded upon such mimutes and subseribed by .J. H. Hammond, then secretary of the said milway company, duly acepted by the said railway company; and forthwith thereafter by a further instrment duly entered and recorled upon such minutes and sulsseribed ing him, the sabll George H . Adams, he, the said George H. Metans, duly subseribed for five hundred (. 500 ) other shares of the capital stock of the said railway company, in hen of those shares by him so surrendered as aforesaid; and forthwith after such subseription, he, the said George H. Alams, paid into the treasury of the satid railway company, in cash, the sim of five thonsamd dollars (s.0) (000) as the first instament of ten (10) per cent. on the satid stock so subseribed as aforesaid.
(13) At a lawfinl meeting of the board of directom of the said malway company, heh at Wimipeg, in this Province, on Jamary onl, 185 doly resolved and ordered that the general ammal meetings of the shareholders of the said railway company, for the election of directors and other purposes, shonld thereafter be held at the genema witice of such eompany, in the eity of Wimiperg ; and that sulh mectings shonld begin at eleven (1i) o'clock, A. M. And, at the same meeting of the said hard, it was further duly resolved that the secretary of the said empany shonh give motice, as required by law, of the then ne.t genema ammal meeting of the shareholders of the said railway company for the dection of directors and for other purposes, to be hohlen at the genemal office of such company, in the eity of Wimipeg, on the first Wednesilay in Felsmany, 18s: , hegiming at eleven (11) o'elock A. M. Under and in pursinance of the sain resolutions, and of the statutes in such case made and provided, the secretary of the said mailway company did, therealter, and before the first Wednesilay in Fehrary, 1ss:2, canse to be published, and there was actually publisheil in the Comeila, Gusette daning the period of two ( $\because$ ) weeks a notice in dhe form of law setting forth in substance that the gremeral ammal meeting of the stockholders of the said railway company for the elention of directors of said rompany and for other purposes, womble he hed at the general oftice of such eompany, in Wimniper, on the first (1st) Wiohnewlay of Fehnary. 1s8: begimniatg at eleven (il) belock A. m.
(14.) On Wednesday, February 1st, $185^{\circ}$, at eleven odelock A. M., the following named person* were hodiors, and save as hereinattel stated, were owners in their own right or as trasteres for a compation, of the following mentioned shares of the eapital stack of the said milway compamy, that is to say:

NAME OF SHAREHOLDFR.
NUMBER OF SHARES.

| J. H. Ashdown Geo. H. A.lams W. R. Bown <br> S. C. Biggs <br> W. Bannerman |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

7.5 shares.
$\because(730)$
$\because 98 \quad$ "
(6.) "
(i) "

|  | 40 | ‘ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lieorge M．（inmming | ．） | ＂ |
| W．P＇．Clowirh | i） | ＂ |
| W．S．Davisom | 4.7 | ＂ |
| J．H．Hannomil | （i．） | ＂ |
| A．If．Ilohates． |  | ＂ |
| （：．R．Howril． | 40 | ＂ |
| IV．N．Kemmedy | S0 | ＂ |
| IV．Mmelorla． | i． | ＂ |
| （＇．V．Mand | 111 | ＂ |
| Ri．1．Men incern | 40 | ＂ |
| IV．J．．hedimero： | i | ＂ |
| Robrert Ri．O＇Bricm | in） | ＂ |
| ＇T，ド，Oilice． | 1000） | ＂ |
| E，入．（！Prw． | 3：3s | ＂ |
| ．l．C．Schult\％． | H！！！ | ＂ |
| Hugh Suthurdant． | 290 | ． |
| SV．（\％．Stokes． | $H^{(1)}$ | ＂ |
|  | 1010 | ＂ |
| F．II．Wowl． | 4.5 | ＂ |
| Oavill Vomme | ！ 1 | ＂ |
| 1）．Tisilate． | 10 | ＂ |
| F．H．Buagrs． | 10 | ＂ |
| H．N．Ruttan． | 10 | ＂ |
| d．R．Suthomame．． | 10 | ＂ |
|  | 111 | ＂ |
| P．．J．Smowti． | 111 | ＂ |
| lis．A．Winistanlay． | 111 | ＂ |
| d．A．Ewing． | 111 | － |
| V．Nomul． | $11)$ | ＂ |
| J．1）．Baine． | $11)$ | ． |
| F．F．Wrals | 11） | ． |
| J．il．Kun－meatix | 10 | ＂ |
| ．Stewatt． | ： | ． |
| li．Wlliolt． | ．） | ＂ |
| $\therefore$ Anlser． | 111 | ＂ |
| 1．（）．Amotrong． | ： | ＂ |
| Li．Mr－hemman． | H） | ＂ |
| ．I．II．Smans． | ．） | ＂ |
| F．B．Ruhntixall | 1 | ＂ |
| iV．1：1）Mminam | 5） | ＂ |
| b．H．Me：lillias． | 41 | ． |
| I．H．Paivhimat． | ： | ＂ |
| li．（ammirht． | 5 | ＂ |
| I＇．（＇．Erohtr． | 11 | ＂ |
| （1．M．NVilson． | 10 |  |
| －－－－．．．－．．．－－－ | 0，000 |  |

At the time and phece fixed hy law aml by the said resolntions of the



comb
and shar men ＇L． E
ampany duly hold their generil ammal meating for the election of direrens and other purposes; and at such bureting all the persons mentimed as shareholders in the said railway rompany in the mext prese ling pararaph mentioned, save, G. H. Adans, W. Bammeman, A. H. Holmes, (i. R. Howell, 'T. F. Onkes, W. C. Stokes A. J. Thman and David Somer wer pesent in their proper persons and participated in the busimess thereot. of the said stockhoders not personally present at the said meeting, the nail Alams, Hohnes, Howrdl, Uakes, Stokes and Thomas, prow to the said merting, by several instroments executed by them repectivaly and in the formpresulned by sub-section seven ( $\mathbf{7}$ ) of section nineteen (1!) off "The ('onsoliduled Ruil-
 proxy, and in their absence to vote or give their menective assents to ang hosiness matter or thing relating to the modentaking of the sal railway company that might be mentioned or promsen at any meeting of the charehoders of the said milway company, or any of then, in sumblmane an he, the said Hammond, shomld think promer and likewise prom to the sad meeting by an instrment in like form as those last aforesail, the sain David Young had duly constituted the said J. H. Ashlown his proxy with like power as those enjoyed by the said Hammom muler the satel lest named instrment; and likewise prion to the sail merting hy amilar instrument, the said $W$. Bamerman had duly eonstithed the said P. J. Brown, his proxy, with like powers an these ajoged by the said Hammoml as aforesaid. The said Alams, Holmes, Howell, Dakes, Stokers and Thomas were all aboent from the sald moting, and moder and in pursmane of his sail authority so to do, the said Hammond duly artomed the said meeting and voted upon all questions arising thereat, and for all officers of said menting and for directors of the said railway comprany fo: the coming war, as the poxy of them, the sail Alams, Holmes, Howell, (Saken, Stokes and Thomas. The said Yomge and the satid Bamerman worr ajow abent fiom the said meeting, and the said Ashlown aml P. J. Brown, acting medre their said respective authorizations, so to do, respectively attomben said meting and voted upon all questions arising thereat, and for all otheres of sald meeting, and for divectors of the said maiway company for the coming year, as the reppective proxies of them, the salid Fomg anif bamerman.
(16.) At the said merting last alowe mentiomed, the said Hugh sutherland was dnly elected chaiman theroot, and the midd (ieroge M. ('mmming was dnty electod secretary thereof; and the sablis. ('. Bigg, J. H. Ashown
 of sad malway eompany, and after such merting had heen duly oranizod i,y the election of the sabl oftions thereof, the fillowing mand persons, complainants in this hill mamely : J. H. Hammom, Hush shtherland, (iem.
 ('mmming and W. P. Clough turether with Ehmmad M. Wonl, cath of whom was then the owner in his own name on as the trostee of a compatiom, of at least forty shares of stack of said compans. and othowise dhy of talified
 dientors of such ralway company for the yar mext sinereding sheh meeting. And at the same meeting id poshotion was duly passed that all proarelings had and taken and all orders and menhtions passed by the hard of directoss of the said malway company at any meetine of such boave of of a majority of the said diecetors, heli on and sine the filth sth day of July,

bee and were therely rafifict and contirmed, exepptomy such artion ans re-
 hehalf of the said ombuny, comerning the town of Ningara; and also exeept any action which might have boen taken, momping William Murdoch as rhicf engineer of surh company or employing Joseph Ryan as solicitor thereof; and the chaiman and seovetary of the said semtincers of votes cast thereat fon directers and the said direetors themodves were each and all clected and the said resolutions were passed by the lawfin votes in favor of the same of thirty-two ( 30 ) shareholders of the said railway compny, owning and voting upon eight thonsand five hmudred and nineteen (8.519) shores of the capital stock of such eompany, whose mames and number of shares are as fillows, that is to say-

|  | Nomblr of silanats voted foros by sidell shariHoblORS. |
| :---: | :---: |
| J. H. Ashown. | 7.) shares. |
| demor H. Ailams | $26: 30$ |
| S. ( ${ }^{\text {c Bigegs. }}$ | (i.) " |
| W. Bammernan. | (i) |
| Gerrge Brown.. | +1) |
| (eenge M. ( mmming . | S) |
| W. P. Clough . | . 10 |
| W. S. Davisom.. | 4.5 |
| J. H. Hammend. | (i.) |
| A. H. Hothnes. | $\because 7010$ |
| (i. R. Howell. | 10 |
| (1. V. Meal. | H) |
| R. E. O'Brien. | 511 |
| Thomas li. Oakes. | 1000 |
| W. 1. Stokes. | 11 |
| Hugh sutherland. | ?111 |
| A. S. Thomas. | 1010 |
| E. M. Woon. | +.) |
| Davici Youns. | ! 1 |
| Havid Tisidale... | 11 |
| F. H. Brydges. | 10 |
| H. N. Ruttan. | 10 |
| (i, M. Wilson. | 111 |
| James R. Suthertam | 10 |
| Johm Osionne | 10 |
| P. J. Brown | 111 |
| John Rosseans | 110 |
| E. A. Winstanley | 10 |
| John A. Ewing. . | 10 |
| Vemon Noad | 10 |
| J. J). Batur | 10 |
| E. F. wells | 10 " |
| 'Total mumber of shares | N,\%I! shares. |

(17) After the complainants Hammond, Hugh Sutherland, Ashdown, abrown, O'Brien, Mand, Comming and Clongh, and the said Woon, had been clected directors of the said milway compung as aforesaid, and on the tirst (1st) day of Fehnary, 185 ? , they, the said directoms, all duly met at the general oftice of the said mailway empany, in Wimipers, atoresaid, and duly "rgmized as such board; and to that com they, the said directors, duly elected the said Hammond to be president of the said eompany, and the said Mead to be secretary thereof for the oming year: At the same meeting of the said board such hard duly passed a resolution that the president of the said railway eompany, and in lis absence the vice-president thereof, lave for and on hehalf of such company the enstorly of all the property of such company; and that it should he the duty of such officers and they should thereby be anthorized to take such measires and to institute such proceedings in the mame of such company, or otherwise, as might be necessary or expedient, to protect all the peopurty of such company in such possession against any attempt on the part of any person to violate such possession : and at the same meeting of the said hord of directors, such board duly passed a further resolntion that the president of the said company, and the solicitor thereof, the Hom. S. U. Biggs, should he, and thereby were, anthorized and instructed to institnte silch legal proceedings as to them might, or either of them might seem necessary or proper, in the name and on behalf of sueh company against any person or persons wrongtinly or in. properly claming to be officers or directors of this company, to prevent them acting as sne⿻ officers or dinectons.
(1s) At a subsergent lawful meeting of the said lowat of directoms of the said railway eompany, held at the said gemeral othe of sueh company on Febmary (ith, 1ss:-, the sail E. M. Whol duly resignell his ottiee if director of said company, which resignation was forthwith duly accepted by the said boad; and therenpon the plaintiff, James R. Sutherlaml, who was then the holder of forty ( +0 ) shares and upwards of the stock of the said railway eompany in his own right, and who was otherwise duly gualified to act as a director of such company, was duly appointed and chosen by said hoard as a director of such compray to fill the vacancy made as afinesaid ly the resignation of the said Woorl.
(19) Fon and during a period of several months immediately prior to the time of the holding of the said ammal meeting of sharehoders, the plaintiff, J. H. Hammond, was and actel as the secretary and treasmer of the said railwaycompany and the general manager of its business affairs, and by
reason of his several enpacities, he, the said Hammond, was and remained in the lawfin! and peaceable possesssion of the corporation seal of the said rail way compmy, mad of all the books and records thereof and of the general oflice building thereof, and of all other property and effects of said company ; and he, the saici phantifl, ever since the stid ammal meeting, by virtue of his satd otlice of President of said railway company, and of the said resolution of the said board of directors mentioned in parmorah XVII of this bill, has heen and now is in lawful and peaceable possession and has continuously ham and still has the custoly of the naid corporate seal and recoads, and of the said general oflice building mot other property and effects of the said railway company.
(XX) Notwithstanding the premises, the defendants in this bill, John C. Schulta, W. R. Brown, W. N. Kemnedy, Willian Mmrloch, R. L. MeGregor, mad E. A. C. Pew, although eollectively holding but one thousand four homdrel and cighty one ( 1, tSb) shares of the stock of the said railway company; including the said three homdred and eight (30s) shares of subsuribed stock wrongfilly retained by the said leew as aforesaid, and actual owners of hat one thonsand one hundred mad seventy-three $(1,173)$ shares, all betonging to the sail class of fully paid and massessable stock, shortly prior to the said ammal meeting, eonspired to deprive, fradulently the said holders of the remaining stock in said railiway company of the control of the said company and of the management of its aftairs, and to seize the (omporate seal and records of the said company, and to take the property and effects thereof into their own hands; to the end, as the complainants are informed and believe, of cither whotly preventing the construction of the said line of rilway umber the suid arrangement and contract for the construction thereof, ind within the time preseribed by the said Order-inCombeil, or of eompelling the said Oregon and Transcontinental Company to pay to them or for their use a large sum of money or to bestow plon them large pecuniary advantages of some sort as a consideration of refraining from their said wrongfin and frandukent designs and permitting the said artangement and eontract to be canied ont. For the porpose of promoting the said wromgfinl and framdulent seheme, the said Bown, Kennedy, and Mardach, or one of them, on on shortly prior to the day of the said ammal meeting, transfered to the said Stewart, Filliott, Mlulvey, Armstrong, McLemma, Bums, Robertson, Demnison, McMillan, Leishman, Cartwright and Seoble the small guantities of stock standing in their respective names, as aforesaid, to the end, as the plantifts are informed and believe, that said persons might be present at such ammal meeting moler pretence of being sharehoklers in said railway company and assist in weatever violent or matawful proceedings the said chief conspirators might deem necessary to accompish the sad mawfol purposes; and further to cany forward the said wrongtinl designs, the said persons did attend the said ammal meeting, and all of them, namely: the said Bown, Kemneny, Murdoch, MeGregor, Pew, Schlt\%, Stewart, Elliott, Marvey, Amatrong, MeLemma, Burns, Dennison, Alelitlan, Leishman, ('artwright and Scoble, then and there conducted themselves in a violent, moisy and riotons manner, with intent to prevent the other stockholders then pesent from transacting any business, and pretended to vote for and derlare elected as directors of the said railway company, the said Kemedy, Murdueh, MeGregor, MeLeman, Schultz, Bown, Pew, McMillan and Scoble. And afterwands and furthes to carry forward the said unlawful project, on the same day of the said ammal meet-
ing, the said Kennedy, Mardoch, Mreiruror, Mchemman, Schultz, Pew, McMillan and Scoble assembled themelver at the oflice of the said Schulta, in the said eity of Wimnipeg, and protended to organize themselves as the board of directors of the said milwny company, anil to that end, they pretended to elects the said Schult\% as president, and the mid Armstrong as secretary, and the said Murvey as treasurer of the said railway company.

And further to carry forward the said consjuracy, the smid jursons last aforesaid lave from time to time, since the said protomded bomal meeting and organization, assembleal themselves and pretenden to be, and to transact business as the bard of lirectors of the said milway compmy; and they have repeatedly and emtimously somght to ohstruct, as moch as possible, the business of the said railway combany ly denying in a public manner the authority of the said lawful divecture and oflicers, who are plaintifs in this bill, and by publishing in one or more newspapers of gemeral cireulation at Wimniper aforesnid, a notice of which a coply is hereminto momesed, marked Exhibit ©. And they, the said defenlants, further to promote the said framdulent scheme, bublicly deny the binding effect of the said nrmugement and contract for the construction of the snid line of railway, and theaten and announce that they will foreibly prevent such eontract fiom heine carried out and said line of ralway from being bilt therembler; mud in fintherance of such purpose, they caused to be made ont and signed by the said L. O. Armstrong, pretending to act as secretary of the said railway company, and caused to be delivered to the phandif, J. H. Hammond, a paper witing of which a eopy is hereunto annexed, marked Exhibit J. And the said defendants further give out and threaten that they will wrongfinlly seize upon the correspondence of the said railway eompany, passing throngh the putlie mails; and to enable them to seize sueh correspondence, the said Selultz falsely pretending to act as president of the sail railway company, shortly prior to the exhibition of this bill, being instigated thereto by the other defendants aforesaid, proemed a box in the public post office, at the said city of Winnipeg, over which he would have complete control, and to which he would have aceess at his pleasure; and he instructed the postmaster in charge of such office, or his deputies or elerks, to place in such hox all correspondence and other mail matter arriving at such post office for the saind railway compray. And the defendants give ont and threaten that they will forcibly seize upon the general office builing and upon the bouks, papers and seal of the said railway company, and will deprive the lawfully constituted directors and ofticers of sail company of the possession and custody of said building, books, papers and the said seal.
(이.) If the sail Oregon and Transeontinental company be mot hindered in the prosecution of the work of constructing the said line of railway in accordance with the said arrangement and centract for the eonstruction thereof, and the business operations of dhe said eompany be not interferd with by the defendants, in the manmer threatemed hy them as aforesaid, and the plaintiffs, who are the lawfilly ennstituted directons and offieess of the said railway eompany, be not deprived off, or whatructed in, the proper conduct of the affairs of such emporation, the said line of railway can and will be constructed and completed in the time and manner preseribed ly the said Acts of Parliament, and of the sail Order in Comeil ; but in case any hindrances or obstructions be interposed to the prosecution of such work, or to
the management of the concerns of the said company by the said lawfilly ronstituted directors on aflicers thereof, as threatened hy the defemdants, the completion of my considerabla purtion of the said line of railway will be wholly prevented.
(르․) By rensom of the promises, the plantiffs will be driven to a great multiplicity of actionsto defend their rights in the said corporation, and in its books, property and etferets, mill will lue withont any adognate remedy at law whatever:
(2:3) 'The phintiffs, wther than the said milway eompany, and the snid otheers and lifectors of such eompmy, are the holiders of stock in such eompayy to the respective amomes held hy them at the thme of the said ammal mecting, of stakholders.

## Wherefore the plaintiffs pray:-

1. That the deliomlants and cach of them and their agents and servants, and the wents amb servants af emeh of them, be: restrainem and propetually engoined from distmothog or in any manmer interfering with the emmphanats, J. H. Hammomid, Hugh Sutherlam, J. H. Ashown, George Brown, dmane R. sutherbund, Robert E. O'Brien, Charles V. Meal, George M. C'mming, and W. P. (lough, in the exercise of their daties and powers as directors, of the said Manitolan Somth-Western (obonization Railway Company, until their respective terms of office as such directors shall have expiverl mod their successons have been derted and have qualified.
2. That the defembants and each of them and their arents and servants, and the agents and servants of rach of them be restmined and engine from disturhing the persession hy the said John H. Hammond, as president of the said milway company, or his snceesson in office, or any other lawfilly appointed arent of sail milway company, of the momeys, papers, of offects of the said railway company, incluting the eorrespondence thereol passing throngh the mails; and from interfering with the comstraction of the line of railway of the said railway company umber the existing contract, and arangement with the said Orecron and Transeontinental Company, as the salue are set forth in this bill of complaint.
3. That the complainants may have their costs in this suit and have surf other and further relief as may be just.

The following are the exhibits reforreal to in, and made a part of, the liill of complaint:

## EXHIBIT A.

# Board of Directors of the Manitohn South-Western Colonization Railway Company. 

## Gentlemen:-

I am instructed hy certain quollemen who take an interest in your effirts to secure the construction of your milway to offer such aid an is containel in the following propositions:-

The parties I represent are willing to go on at once with the construetion and equipment of your whole line of railway and will secure the runmug of trains to a point fifty miles listant trom Wimnipeg ley the tist day of June, A.D 1882 ; but as the doing of this involves the provision of many millions of dollars, they require you to place them in a position wherely they will aeguire say mine thonsand six humded and forty shares of the rapital stock of the emprany, and in the meantime a controlling interest in the management of the samic.

The parties whon I represent, recognizing the value of the proliminary work done by the present shareholdons in the seemring of the franchise, land grant and momicipai and other aid, and are willing that they should be reromped the amome which in the payment of ten pere cent. on their stoek they have expender, and that in the settlement of the whole storek, they shall retain so much of the stock as has been repuired to qualify them as Hrectors. Inasmuch also as the holding of a large sontrolling interest in the capital stock ly the parties I represent is in the mematime the only valuable interest they acquire as against the large amount they agree to expend, it will be required that the company should issue to the capitalists furnishing the money, all stock lelivered to them, fully paid and unassessable, in consideration of the large sums to be expended, advanced.

We will bild the railroad from Wimipeg to La Ruche Percée, with all the necessary stations, water tanks, switches and sidings, in a good substantial manner, with a four feet eight and a half inches grage and equip the same according to the plans and specitications to be agreed noon by and between the directors of said eompany and miselves, for and in consideration of nine thousand six humbed and forty shares of the capital stock of said company, of the pas value of one honitred dollars each, the same being fully prid and unassessable, to the delivered to us, the whole capital being $\$ 1,000$,OOO), and in the further eonsideration of the delivery to os of the first mortgage bombs of the company to the amome of six millions. two humdred and forty thousand dollars, to íe issued in three series, vi\%: Finst, second and third, acenaling to the terms of the mortgage male on the first day of July, one thomsand cight hombred and eighty-moe, by said company to the Farmers' Luan and Trust Company of the city of New York, in jursuance of "An

Act of Paliament of the Dominion of Canada," passed in the forty-second year of the reign of Her present Majesty, chap. i6, entitled "An Act to incorporate 'The Manitoba Sonth-Western Colonization Railway Company" with the unlerstanding, however, that all previous and existing contracts made by the saill company with all other parties stall be cancelled, saving and excepting one contract for constructing the road bed made with P. J. Brown on the end September, 1880. We on our part further agree as part of this proposal to complete the first fifty miles of road from Winnipeg west, on or befor the first day of June, 1852, and if possible to comply with the provisions of the North Dutferm bonus ly-law for 880,000 . We further agree to give railivay service once a day to the village of Nelsonville on or before the first day of February, 18so; and such fence as shall be required by muniepalities giving bonuses shall be built.

> Yours respectfilly,

E. A. C. PEW.

Welland, July .th, 1ssi.
Welland, Ont., 5th July, 1881.

## E. A. C. Pew, Est.

Dear Rir :-The Boarl of the Manitoba South-Western Colonization Railway Company, in discussing your proposition of this afternoon, in which you ask as a conlition of furnishing the large sum of money required to build the road, that nine thonsand six hundred and forty shares of the capital stuck of the company should be transferred to you, and that thedirectors retain emongh to qualify themselves. In regard to this part of your proposition the board direet me to say that in all matters of subscribed stock they have only power to deal with such stock as they individually hohl, and that while the phorum of the board are willing to entertain individually any reasonabie proposition as regards stock, yet they cannot as a board promise you to transfer in the name of the company, and for the eompany's purposes and benetit, more than seven thousand five humdred shares; and I an also requested to say that the bonds not having been pinted, cannot be given to you; and that as the trustee for the bonds is the Farmers Loan and Trust Company of New York, the bonds must first go there ; but that there i 31.0 objection to your taking on yourself the task of seeing them duly registered upon the books of that eompany.

The indivicual members of the board now here desire me to say that as regards the stock they now hold they are willing to transfer to you all exeept that quantity necessary for their qualifiaation whieh they now hold, in eonsideration of your paying to them the amome which they paid for it, and in consileration that you will transfer back to them forthwith fourfifths of the quantity transferred to you in exeess of seven thonand tive hundred shares. * and also that you give an undertaking agreeing that should the remaining stockholders desire to a a ail themselves of the same terms and combitions that you will hold the offer open to them for at least long enourl to make them arquainted with its nature. As regards the representation on the board, I an requested to say that the one vacancy
-second Act to upany" ontracts , saving h P. J. as part eg west, rith the further on or equired

EWW.

## 81.

 at there ly reg-ay that you all whold, for it, h fourand tive ng that e same at least uds the racancy
which we now have upon the board may be filled by the appointment of yourself as diruetor and Vice-President. The great object of the present directorate is to obtain the building of the road, and the building of the whole road within three years must be the essence of this agreement; meantime the present board will do everything it ean to facilitate your effort, and desire you to answer this commumication before proceeding firther with the discussion of your proossition.

I am Sir, Yours trily,

## DAVID KEMP,

## Sceretary.

## Welland, Ont.

P. S.-The board wish to remind you of the arrangenent with the Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Dunem McArthur regarding the sale of bonds, and to stipulate that this shall continue, and also to the appointment of such persons who have had tha promise of situations in the company.

DAVII) KEMP,
Secretary.
The above is satisfactory, and will be considered part of my proposition.
E. A. C. PEW.

Welland, July 5th, 1881.

* Marginal note in minute book: " Anthority for inserting words 'in excess of seven thonsand five hundred shares' will be found in page !o, proceedings October (ith, 1881.


## J. H. HAMMON1),

Secretary."

## EXHIBIT B.

This memorandum of agreement mate this 1 thh day of Octohor, A. 1). 18si, between the Manitoba South-Western Colonization Railway ('onvany, a corporation incerporated by an Act of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, passed in the forty-second year of the Reign of Her Majesty, Chapter 66, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Manitoba, South-Western Colonization Railway Company," heremafter referred to and described as the SonthWestern Company, of the first pert, and the Oregon and Transeontinental
company, a corporation duly organized, created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Oregon, hereinafter referred to and deseribed as the Oregon Company, of the secoued perit.

Whereas ly the Act hereinbefore referred to, the Sonth-Western Company was, incorporated with power to construct a railway commencing at Wimipeg in the Province of Manitoba, and following a line thence southwestwardly trom Winnipeg to some point at or near Rock Lake, near the western boundary of the Province, and by further Aet of Parliament of said Dominion of Canada, passed in the year 1880, Chapter 5:3 entitled "An Act to extend the powers of the Manitola Sonth-Western Colonization Railway, Company, and to further Amend the Act incorporating the said company," the South-Western company was inter alic authorized to extend their said line of railway, the said extension to commence at some point at or near Rock Lake in the North-West Territory, and to rim thence in a westwardly direction to the Souris coal tields, on a line parallel or nearly so to the boundary line of the Dominion of Canala, making on the whole a total estimated length of three hondred and twelve miles, ( $31-2$ ) of railway, and whereas the said Sonth-Western company has been and is mable without negotiating its bonds and stock to ohtain the moneys wherewith $t$, lmikd the said railway above described, and whereas the Oregon company is willing to build and complete and efpip the same for the consideration herein named.

Now these presents witurss, that the parties hereto covenant and agree cach with the other as follows:

1. The Sonth-Western company promises and agrees forthwith to issue, sell and deliver in proportion of twenty thsusand dollars per mile, for cach mile of the longth of said railway constructed or under contract to be constructed, all and every its first mortgage bomes mentioned and described in the mortgage or the Sonth-Western eompany to the Parmers' Loan and Trust company, being in the aggregate six thonsand two humdred and forty bonds of one thonsand dollars each as set forth and deseribed in the said mortgage as and to be the absolute property of the sail Oregon comprany to be ly it diposed of in such manner as to it may seem proper ; and the SonthWestern company will also forthwith issme, sell, assign, transfir and deliver to the Oregon Company of the shares of its capital stock, fully paid and moasisessable, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained on the part of the Oregon company to be perfonmed, not less than seven thousand five hmotred shares of one hombed lollass cach, amb somany of the remaining twenty-five humdred shares of its anthorized (apital upon which ten per cent, has heen fully paid, as the hoblers thereof shall comsent and agree to transfer and deliver.
II. The Oregon eompany covenants and agrees that upon the performance of the agreement of the sonth-Western comprany herem contained, and the apmowal by the Canadian ( ovemment of the grale, plans and location of the said malway as preseribed by the said Aets or any other Act of Parliament, and the Order in Comeil of date 3 th of March, 1ss , tonching the land grant of the said Sonth-Westron company, it will at its own expernse and with its own funds lay out, locate, eonstruct. eomplete and tally equip with the requisite and proper amont of rolling stock and equipments, furnish and equip a single track railway of four feet cight and one-half inches
and hy ind den Comcing at southear the of sair An Act lailway יpany," ir said or near wardly e bounimated eas the ting its ailway ld and
agree
o issue, II cach e combed in 11 and 1 forty he said many to Sonthdeliver nd mutained seven any of 1 "ן" ment

Iformill ll, and cation of Parng the pense "I!ip" cs, fininches
in wilth of guage, between the points hereinhufire deseribed, an estimated length in all of three homdred and twelve milus, in all respeets as required by the Acts of Parlianent hereinh fore reformil to, or any other Act in any manner relating thereto, and the tirst firte miles thereof pion to the first day of Junce, 1 s8:.

And alse the said Oregon Company wifl pay to the Govermment of the Dominion of C'mada all sums of moner which intay at any time hereafter become due and parable by the salid simth-listern Company, as payment for lands granted to the said compray under the provisions of the Order in Comeil dated the $2+t h$ of Marel, $1 \times \mathrm{si}$. an amy farther Orders in Conneil whichmaybemade in relation thereto. Ind will assume allexpenses ind dehts froperly incurred, ow which may hereater be incurred hy the board of directors of the said South-Western Compamy or their ulfices in relation to the Insiness of the sadid company.

Aud will provide out of their own fumblo for any of the erapons of the said mortgage honds of the Sonth-Wistern Complany which may become dhe and payable and which may mot be provided for hy the sail Fermers Lom and Trust Company, and will aceept from any of the sulseribers or holders of the two hundred and tifty thomami dollars $0.0,0,000$ stock upon which the ten per cent, has iecon praid such anome theren as they may desire or be willing to transfer to the satid Orewon ('ompany and will assigh and transter to the said stuckhonders an trabisfering the said stoek respectively an ennal amomen of paid up and mineminered stock of the said empany.

Is witabs wherem the somblhentern Company han ansed its corporate seal to to affixed hereto and these presents to bee attested by the signatnre of its president and secretary; and the Oregon Company has heremonto set its eorporote seal attested by the signeture of its president and seceetary.

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\end{array}\right\}
$$

. 10 HN st'HULTZ,
Pusident.
.I. H. HADMOND,
secretary.

## EXHIBIT :

## PUBLLC NOTHE

1s hereby given that that the following remblution was alopted at a meeting of the Directors of the Manitola Ronth- Western Colonization Railway Company, held at Wimiperg Fednary lat. Issio, "That all officiah and
servante of this mmpmy, excepting L. O. Armstreng, seeretary, and Stewart Molvey, treasurer, be and are herehy dismissed from the service of the combany, and that the Secretary be directed to insert in the newspapers of this rity an alvertisment to the public that this company will not be responsible for any debes sentracted by any person not duly anthorized by this hoard. Carmin,"

All germens are therefore requested to take notice and govern themselves arorroingly.

## L. O. ARMSTRONG,

Secretary M. S. W. C. Ry.

## EXHIBIT D.

Tho Manituba Somth-Western Culonization Railway Company.
Winalpeg, Mantoba, ond February, 188.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Prowidmat. } \\
& \text { Tow Gemerald Hammond, } \\
& \text { Wimnipeg. } \\
& \text { sils. }
\end{aligned}
$$

1 an instruted by the Boad of Directors of the Manitoba SouthWestom Colonization Railway Company to inform ron as trustee and
 ahtisent that the "ontrat issmed to be mate hetween the two companies alme mentinnel, fir the comatruction of the Manitoba South-Western Col"Vaim hatway was and is "lt, rem ver the Railway Cempany and
 than bumble detay at hew arabement with the Oregon and Transeonthental Company. whene the latter Company may be filly and equitably

 Whemphetion of the work of amburtion of the wal. I am instructed to
 pany. with the replest of thi band tor an arly reply thereto.

I am Sir. Vour , wedient servant.
L. U. ARMSTRONG,

Secretary.
junc plair hear eom Com
by t mon mana lavi bill tiled pain fomr bill, math some exee plain rent. This, defer une abom
fact fact. tiffs tione

Stewart the eoms of this ponsille is hoard.
on them-

## THE CHIEF JUSTICE.-

This is a motion, on notice to the defendants, for an order for an injunction to restrain the defendants in terms of the prayer of the bill of complaint. The motion, by arrangement between the parties, came on for hearing befure the Court on the 16 th Femmary, 1sse, in the presence of comsel fir all parties, except the defendant, Pew, who, althongh mesent in Court during the whole argument, did not appear hy counsel.

The accuracy of the allegations and statements in the bill are verition by the affidavit of General Hammond, one of the plaintifis, and for several months last past the secretary of the railway company and the gromeral manager of its aftairs, who was subjected to crosis-xamination on his allidavit, and to examination on the allegations and statements in the whole hill of emmplaint. Aftidavits in mswer to some alla gations in the lifl were filed by the defemdants, and altidavit, in reply thereto were filed hy the plaintiffs. But from a carcful review of all the materials now before the (ourt, I ann of opinion that the allegations, statements and rharge in the bill of eomplaint have heen and are, if not literally, at least sumantially made ont beyond all teasonable controversy. 'Ihis, indeed, throughout a somewhat lengthy argument, seemed to have been admitted, with one simgle exception as to the retention and possession by those who voted fon the plaintift--directors of the indentical 2,500 shares of steck in which 10 per rent. had been paid-called for the sake of distinetion, "the wirinal stork." This, I think, was the only material fact, as "fert, denied ly counsel for the defendants, althongh as it seemed to me, the evidmow on this point was all one way with no contradiction. I shall hereafter refer to the controversy about "original stock.."

Counsel for the defendants had many objections to the infereures on fact and conclusions of law which the plaintiffes injervel fom anmitted facts, or drew from admitted or inferential facts-and to the relief the phantiffs ask-but substantially nome to the simple farts, except as I have mentimed.

This is not surprising ; for Schultz, Boew, Memoch, McGrequr, Kennedy and Pew, the real defendants in this snit, the other acfendants being only aneillary and aceidental, having been made shareholders by the transfer to them by the real defenlente of a small number of slanes a day or two prior to the general ammal meeting of shareholders, as is with reasim allegerl, only for the aceomplishment of the perpose of the real defembutswere directors of the comprany and initiated, negotiated, aranged, finminated and consummated those transactions, and suhsernently at varions rimes as directors duly convened, in the form of law, acguiesced in, ratithen and contirmed, and wholly executed on their part, acting as dinectors , if the company, those transactions which they now inpeadh and serk to be made voidthe record and history of which they have laft behini hem inseribed in the minutes of their procedings, and in broks and docmaents, wot susepptible of contradietion as gucstions of fact -oft all which the hill of omplaint gives a short and sinceinct history and statement.

It will be emvenient, in the first place to diymen of certain dijerations to the plaintiffs' i, ill, taken in the form of demurre ore tones.

It is said the bill is motridarions. Assuming all the allegations and statements to be true, I fail to detect the slightest gromil upon which such an objection can rest, either in substance or form-uresuets the subject aratter of the bill or the parties to it. All the plaintiffs have an interest in
common-have but one interst -ane rourse of proedure in pursuing that interest, and aim at buit whe ohy. It. Ln so far as the plaintiffs are concerned nothing combld the more free firm disersity of interest, the mode of prosecntfur it, or the purpose or ohject : ined at. The defendants, against whom relief is somght, are, assmitug the allegations and statements in the bill to he true, nos we must, in comsidering the demurer, a band of reckless conspinators, hent on ate injurions and hestructive of the interests and property of the plaintills. The detionlants are calledupon to answer one distinet charge of which it is allured they are all alike guity. I will way more. I simple rifor a very primary, ehmentary and ensilyncessihleanthory, Story's



But hy tiand 16. V. e. abs. sec. +!, no suit in Equity is to be dismissed be rasom inly of the wisointhe of persoms as plaintiffs therein: "hut whenwer it apreas the the court that motwithetanding the eontlict of interest in the co-phantith, or the ument of interest in some of the plumiatis, or the ex-

 pown tw grat anch redief and tomolify its deare aconding to the special circmotaners of the anc: and for that pmone to direct shel amembents, if any, as may boressary and at the hemeng, before such amendments we mate. th that ane one on mone of the phantitis an if he or they was or were a defendant or defemdants in the shit, and if as the remaining or other piantill or plaintith was were the mly plantif or plantift's, on the record ; and where there is a misoinder of paintits, and the plantitf having an interest has dion having the plantiff on the reood withont an interest. the come mas at the hemring of the cans, onder the canse to stand revived as may appar just, and proeed tha leciom of the cause if it serestand th give such divections as thento or otherwise as appear fut and expedi"ant." This relieses the cont fom any embrasment in respect of misjoinher of phantiti smpuing there were any in this case: hat I bereat, I do not think thare is.

 thatiom comsisting of otock which they repowtively behl transerren to them by the compation. The Uwem and Tramentinemal Company, but







It is admitad fin the puapo.. of the determination of the yuestion










at the election at which he is chasen．＂＂The Suecial Act of imenportion says：

 a slockholder owning stoek absolutel！in his oren right－not having in it． the adlitional words found in the Sperial Aet，＂ar as trestere for feny ner－
 tion＂to be added to the thl sulh－sece of are tion 19 of the Comsolidated Rut－ way Act，1879，in construing that clanse！I have mot a shadow of dombt that it is：and if it is so，there is no eremblom rom for argument as to the meanng of the section in the Sereval，and the elanse in the Cemeral Ratway Act，when read turether；they state and mean that the gmalitiontion of a director in the M．S．W．C．Ry． 1 ＇o whall he，at the time of cleation，the luhlo
 paration，in the stent of the compen！．The＇quelticution of the director is
 as if held cobsolutely i．u his ow＇＂riyht．

If my contimation of the conclosion at which I have arrived on this print wewe neded，it is tol formed in section 2 ，suld－sertion $\because$ ，and suretions
 the suhordination of the provisions of the Gemeral Railway det to the m－ astments in the Special Act．Seetion two of the（bomeal dat says：－










 shall therempon be conswrwed weremdiu！l！！．＂
＂The expression the＂Speriel Ant＂used in this atel shell herementued （1）metn＂＂ay act anthorizin！ther romstrution of＂milmob，with which


From a consideration of the sertims l have cited，and in short from a consideration of the whole seon＂，aim ami intent of the Lemislatme in
 asifecial Act，which misht axprosly vary mivins in the Gemeral Act， or might except enartments in the General Act from＂ppheation to the
 to me，would be a violonerand an invanion of common sense．

Another wheretom was mend agame these same divectoms．It was sald
 to b．is compation within the memine of seetion 11 of the Sicerial Act，


 thine beveng by ite tristees，the diretom in puestion；and having a comtare divectly with the eompany．it in efiect is placing itself inte the management of the affais of the company in the shape of five directors．－ Hammond，O＇Brien，Comming，Meal，ani（＇lomgh，firming a quorm．For
the proposition that the cestui que trust can vote on his stock transferred to. and in the hands, of his trustee, comsel referred to Redtield on railways, $p$. 1fit. This was the only mothority cited. [ have not that treatise, and am, therefore mable to consult it. But in the ease of this company, alter examination of the Sprecial Art and the Ceneral Railway Act, 1579,1 ann quite clear that no such power exists in the costui que trust, after the stock has been duly and regularly transfinmed, and white it is duly and properly held
 sections therender of the foneral Ralway Act. The transters must in form be absolute and uncomlitional, and the company is "ntirely relieved from seeing to the excention of any trists. express or implied, mad are bound to recognize the presons in whose names the shares stand in the books of the company as the absolute owners thereof for the pmpase of voting am for all other purposes whatsonver: In re Stranton, de., Co. L. R. 1 ii, Eg. 5.59; Fender us. Lashington, L. R. 6 Chy: D. 70; Pullbrook ve.


I monst eonfers that a destui que brow having, as in the mase of the Oregon and Transontinental Company, an impertant contraet with the railway ampang: and he its thosens, having within itself the power of com-
 tionalife; and that the Legistatme might woil have provided against it. That the Legiskature might hase domen may be readily inferred fiom see-
 seems to be in ctiert. thomghot in form on fact, within the miselhief intended by that sub seerion to be mohiliterl. The clanse to which thave reformel realis as follows:-


 whell. any perwou being a diactor af the compuen!s ontor inta, ar be directly
 compreny, not welatiny to the parchise of laned necessari!y for the withey, on


In this, howerers and in all uther cases, it is not for the Comet to say what ought to be, but whet is the low. Soretion II of the Sjerecial Aet, as we have determined, deedares that the holling of not hess than to sheres, wes
 and the expres enactment in section II in the Special Aet, as we have also determined, must he emstrued along with sertion 19, suh-section 16 of the General Railway A.t which I have gunter. Laven if section 19 , whesection 16, in its terms, words and languase, were manifestly contradictory of the Sperial Act, the latter must prevail. It, however, is not contradictory. It in no way, expressly or he necessary implication, leclares that a trostere shatl not he a director if the irstai que tomet has a contrant with. or is interested in, 心e:

It follows that (what incefiet has been already determined) that this ubjection affords no gromul of dispualifation of the directors Hammomd, O'Brien, Comming, Mead and Clough.

Having now disposed of the preliminary objections taken by way of demmrer ore ton us to the constitution of tre paintiffs' bill, as to liatter and form, and to the qualitication of the plaintiff-directors, Hammond, O'Bricn, Cumming, Mead and Clough, I will now proceed to an exanination of the
status of the plaintiffs, claming to be the duly elected lirectors of the company, and of the title of all the plaintillis to maintain this suit.

I shall first take me the transaction which was initiated amd, apparantly, co arenifel, if not then fully emmmanated, at Wellame, on the sth day of Suly, 1881.
 was obtained by the defembant, Docter Sche"ll:, on the i.5th of May, 1879, who was then and is now a member of the House of Commons of Cannda,
 movements of that company. On the $17 \mathrm{th}^{\prime}$ of Jume, Isa!, thromgh Dr. Scholt\%, a mereting was held of the provisionaldirectors manel in the Special Act; an organization took place and stock-books were ordered to be opened lin the shincription in shares of the capital stock of the compmy. Just one thousand shares were subseribeal, and were so distributed, as is alleged, that the eontrolling power was in the hands of Br. Seholtz. It is alleged that L.) per cent. was paid on this 1000 shares: and, about December, 187!, a beard of directors of the nomination of Dr. Schnlta was elected by the sharehohlers. For some months thereafter, the directors serm to have beengactive, except dombtless, in applying whatever moneys that were pind in to the eredit of the emmmey, in the way of 1.5 pre cent. on the 1,000 shares subseribed. "in preyments of cull fees, ropperses and disbucsememts for pro-
 to the 7 th seetion of the Set.

On the 25th of Augnst, Isso, there was a meeting of the hoard of directors for the purpose of laying the fombation for the isme of mortgage bonds on the proprosed line of ralway, (of conse there was not then any railway made); and to this end they poomed another suliseription of 1,000 shares of the cappital stock and $\mathrm{i}^{-\prime}$, themom was, :s is alleged paid; but of this 1,000 shares all but a small mombre wore sumeribed by D. $\mathrm{D}_{1}$. Schalta and his co-direators; and the hoart then allotted to the subseribers rateahly and propertionably, For shares, in the whote, and marked them $10 \%$ paid thereon, transferning the.$\%$ in excess of $10 \%$ paid on the first 1,000 shares of stock subseribel, to and in payment of 10 per exat. on the $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ shares allotuad-making as the board thought and considered, $\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{5 0 0}$ shares subscribed and 10 per cent paid thereon, and laying, as they thought and comsintered, the basis for the issue of lomsts, mending to one of the conditions precedent, contained in the 1.5 th sere $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{m}$ of the special Act.

It was alleged on the argment and not domied that, bomls were afterwads issued, and efforts makle in England and ebewhere to begotiate and dispose of them, but without suceess ; aid, ahthough Dr. Schult\% and his eodirecters had, from the listh of May, 1879, to the sth of holy, 18s8-over two years-incessantly made the most strenums efforts to secmer capital to go on with the constraction of the railway eontemplated by the speial Act. yet he fornd at the emd of two yeurs his company without a cent in the treasury - having expended all the momey paid on subseribed stock (sers,000) in the proyment of tres, ecpenses "nit disbussements fine procuring the pens-
 with no available assets, with nothing to show for the money expended or the debt inemred, except about 1100 feet of track lain, with samely any right of way procmed, or plant to use or materials for construction-in short the company on the verge of a collapse

In this state of atfairs $\mathcal{D}_{i}$. Schultz and his co-direstors, Bown, McGregor, Murdoch and Kemp, who (except Kemp) with Dr: Schult\% as chief,
are now defembants in this suit, as dimentors of the compmy, on the 5 th of duly, Issi, hed a bamed menting at the Dexter Honse in Welland, in the rominty af Wrolland, in the Provinur of Ontanio, and "pumel up merotiations with one Prow, another of the delomdants, meting fin comban capitalists in Niow York, and emme to a sperific armenent with him, so acting as I have montinued, whele the empang was to ansign, trmafer and deliver to Pew



 the so-malled original stork should he transtemend to Pew on the like trust


 and wherele: in comsideration wherenf. Pew, in belabtiof the Now York caplatisto, imdertond and promisell that the Now Sirk capitalists should and womld hmilh the railway and "guip the same--with all the mesersary





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 able" shate of the sterk of the rompany that hime the residue of the 1 m-
 (alloil"wimal biares or stock." as a patial thitihnent of the arrangement
 Wentem Combization hailway:

The next mexting of the board ot difectur was held in Wimaiper the






5th of in the ations sts in I have 4) Pew apital "painl 1 tilares of - trust holdts. + -i shile;" York chould csary from $\because 12$ and . $188 \div$ stateuri ob י10 ule ai ecuterl rerrolimils. to "lutrel
at Welland. Ontario, ns reoorded in the minntex, the hereby matified and confirmed ; and all the resolutions mentioned in satil minutes as passed at said meeting are horeby passed moll womend as the resolations of this meeting."
 read as follows--(then follows inserilnal in full in the minutes the proposition of Pew the the lomard of livectors at the loward macting at Welland on the 5 th July, 1881, and in like momer inseribed in the minntes, the reply and aeceptance of Pew's promsition ly the compmos, with some slight modification, and Pew's nssent thereto. - (nee exhibit $\hat{d}$ wet wht in the plaintiffer bill of complaint, and alsor hamed mimiten of meeting of Isth July, IS81.)

Several meetings of the luad of directors were held between the 18 th of Iuly, and the $2+t h$ of Aurnst. On the 2 th August a regular and duly comvened board merting of the dirertons was held, and it was anmonst other things, moved, seeonded and resolved - "that the president(1)r. Schultz) and tho secretary be authorized to sign and seal sories A of the bombs of the eompany and deliver them to Mr. Pew."

At meetings of the bard of directors hell abunt the month of October, and the forepart of November, 185I, from the minutes of the promeelings as recorled in the minute book, I rather that the New Vork cup,italists with the full consent and appohation of the company, had transferred their comtract with the company, with all its ine idents and aceidents, and everything pertaining thereto, to a corporation called "The Oregom and Transeontintal company," with which the railway empany, after discussion and consideration, tormulated a contrast embracing the partionlars and stipulations to be observed and performed by the railway empany and New York capitalists respectively, eontained in the propusition of Mr. Pew and accepted by the railway company-(see exhibit A)-by which the railway company arain in the strongest mamer possible, ratified and contimed all the proceedings at the Welland meeting on the sth July, and consmmunted tha whole by the contract with the Orecon company with which the railway company dealt, and tow in substitution for the New Yorle capitalists, anil with which the railway empany about the middle of October, 1881, executed under their corporate seal by Ir. Schult\% as president, and General Hammond as secretary, a formal contract, and delivered the same to "The Oregon and Transcontimental company." (See Exhibit B.)

Under resolutions of the railway company, the railway company has, in performanee of the contract on its part duly and offectually transferved the 7.000 shares of the "paid ambon-asssessable" stork, and deliveredover its. $8(6 ; 2+0,000$ of bonds; and the Oregon and l'ranseontinentalempany hasalremly paid away well nigh $\$ 1,000,000(11$, wath of $\$ 8.00,000)$ in works of construction, ties, steel rails and plant, and has alrealy eompleted, now, upwarls of 35 miles of tailway, and is frosecoling the work of construction with all practicable vigor and despatch.

We have before us at eontract which appana to have been entered intu ing god faith on both sides, and to have heen repeatedy ratified and emmfirmed and incessantly acpuiesced in on the part of the ralway company by its directors, after mature and deliberate consileration, and at the general ammal meeting on the first of Feby, 158:, distinetly ratified ly the whol. body of shareholders withont a dissenting vote. It is not even sugge;ted that there was or is any frand, deceit or over-reaching in the whole transaction. Neither is it suggested that the work of construction is not being well and properly done and with reasonable experdition, on that any stipula-
lation made by the New York capitalists or the Oregon and Transeontinental eompany has, in word, or necording to the meaning, intent or understanding of the railway emmany, been broken.

But several oljections are raised as to the validity of this whole transantion.

1st. It is said it is void ab initio hecanse it is ultro vires.
2ad. It was and is illugal, beenuse certain formalities pointed out in the statute were mot emplied with; and therefore, the transter of the 7,500 of unsubseribed stock is void; and, I suppose, the mortgnge honds, although actually delivereci, are void.

Minch tinn was spent by counsel for the defendants in the argument, to whow that as a rule, an act done by a railway company which is ultric vires is void, and can mot he cured or made legal by my mount of ratification, contimation and acpuiesence of even every shareholder; and numerons cases were eited in support of this plain and manifest proposition of law-as Richie $e$. The directors of the Ashbury Ry. carringe umb irom Go., (limited), L. R. 7, H. L. 6.53 ; Richmoul's ectes and Painter's case, 4 Kay v. Johnaon, 30.5; Cidectar v. Eiester" Comenties Ry. Có, 10 Beav. 1; L'aster" Ampleren Ry's Co v. E'tastern Comuties Ry. Co, 11 C. B. 775; Solomons a Laimy, 2 Beav. B3:! ; Bagnvere v. Euster"" Union Ry. Co, 7 Ha. 11t;
 chy. fixo: Sonth Yorkshire Ry. and River Dun Con v. Great Nather'n
 Eustern Comutien Ry. w Hawkes, 5 H. L. C. 348 ; Bentock re. North Staffome


 go on almost to any extent citing casess all in the same line of decision, both in this comntry and the United States.

Now "ultue vires," or as Lond Chancellor Cains, in the ease of Richie v. Ashbuy Ry. Carriage (Ee., (bo., for the purpose of emphasis, and to distinguish it from the term of "illegality," calls "extre vires," in " orporation is an act or course of procelure entirely beyond the scope and objects of the express on the fair and reasonably implied powers ennferver by the legislature upon that corporation ; and no moment of ratification, confimation or acpuiesennee of the directurs, or even every shareholder, in the aet or procolure, can make it intor diows; as to all the word, the eompany, directors, shoreholders and every other penson, it is an act or procedure without any legal support; it is a maked illegrality. It is eontrary to public poliey simply becanse it is not anthorized by the will of the legislature as expressed in the Act creating the corporation. It may not be mulum prohibitum, or mulum inse; it is nevertheless withont legal basis andis ntterly voidubinitio et ad finem

A grood deal of emfusion scems to have existed in the minds of eounsel for the defendants, in respect of the proper and the appropriate application of the term ultio vires. An act is properes said to be ultra vires only when it is not within the seope of the powers of the corporation to perform it under any cirtunstances or for "uly purpose. An act done by a corporation with reference to the rights of certain parties, when the corporation is not authorized to perform it without their consem ; or with reference to some specific purpose when it is not anthorized to perionm it for that purpose, although fully within the scope of the general powers of the corporation, with the consent of the parties interested or for some other purpose,
tinental tanding
is not, properly speaking, ultra iores. The aet in the first conse supposed is generally, if not always, void in toto, and the corporation may avail itself of the plea. But in the second case supposed, "the right of the corporation to avail itself of the plea will depend on the circumstances of the case. When the net in question is one which the corporation is not authorized to perform under any cireumstances, the defense is available to the corporation ngainst all persons, because they are bound to know from the law of its existence, thint it has no prower to perform the act"; but when the aet itself is authorized to be done in a particular way or manner, or on some precedent act or conditions, or for some purpose, but not for others, the defence may or may not be available, depending upon whether or not the party dealing with the corporation is aware of the intention of the corporation, to perform the act in it manner different from that preseribed by the Act of incorporation, or in dissegard of the precedent conditions or the purposes for which it should be performed, or of circumstances not justifying its performance. And the test, as between strangers having no knowledge of these matters, as to the intention of the corporation, is to compare the terms of the contract with the provisions of the law from which the corporation derives its powers; and if the court can see that the act performed or to be performed is necessarily beyond the powers of the corporation for any purpose whatsoever, the contract is void-it cmmot be enforeed-otherwise it is binding, and can be enforeed. The confusion 1 spoke of has arisen from a want of discriminating that class of cases in which ratitication, confirmation and nequiesence cannot take the act performed or to be performed ont of "ltru vires or extra vires, and that chass of cases in which contracts are made or agreements entered into within the scope of the corporate powers of the corporationintra vires, but irregular or informal, in the mamer in which the contracts are made or the agrements entered iato. In one and a legal sense the former concerns the corporation and the public alone-the latter the imelividucel members of the corporation. The body of shareholders is not the rorporation. Now it is manifest thant any body of men-as the sharehodders in a company-may, in the name of the corporation, in a collective body, do any act that is intra vires of the corporation. In so far as they themselves are concerned the munner of doing it may appear to be important or otherwise to themselves. The manner of doing it, as between themselves, with which third parties have nothing to do, is merely directory and may be pursued or not, as they think advisable. Moduset conventio vincuntlegem. There is no doubt that when an association, comprising the entire shareholders in a given enterprise, takes the form of a corporation, and all or a majority of them concur in a given act within the scope of the powers of the corporation, they can legally do that act, though informal in the manner in wheh it is done-especially if the informality is pointed out and they are aware of it, and designedly waive it; or not being aware of it at the lime of the act, but after being made aware of it, subsequently acqinese in, or formally ratify and confirm the act.

I have made these observations preparatory to the stating of what I have regarded as the most formidable oljection to the transaction and contract made at Welland on the jth July 1881, and the sitbsequent contract mate at Winniper with "the Oregon and Transeontinental Co." about the 1th October 1881. (See exhibits A \& B.) The ohjection is based upon and arises under the heading of the General Railway Act of "General Provisions," sec. 28 , sub-sec. $\bar{a}$, which is as follows:-
"No contracts for uorks of construction or maintenance of the rait$w a y$ except works of orliniciy repuir, or imine liate necessity, sluall be entered into uatil refter tenders of such wark, respectively, have been invited by public notice therefor, given for, at least, four weeks, in some newspaper pablished in the place nearest to that at which the work is required to be done; but the company shall not be compelled to acept any such tender." This formality seems rather imperetive than directory; jyet, as any one, on a moment's reflection will see, by the last clanse, "but the compeny shall not be compelled to accept any such truler." the force of the whole provision is rendered inefficacious and ungatory for any purpose whatever, except an advertisement and a period of delay of four weeks.

It may be questioned whether the arrangement made at Welland with Pew acting for the New York capitalists, and the agreement subsequently made with the Oregon and Transcontinental Co. are strictly speaking within the perview of section 28, sub-section of General Railway Act, 1879. It would seem, on closely examining this arrangement with Pew and this agreement with the O. \& T. C. Co., that the sub-section in question was not intended to be, nor would it or conld it be, applicable to them or either of them. The sub-section of the Act in question was in no sense intendel as a protection to the pmblic ; it was intended as a direction to protect the constituent proprietors in the railway company, who alone, as it seems to me, could take exception to the agreement and contract I have mentioned, and who, if they desired to do so, must have been prompt, and not permit strangers and innocent parties, dealing in grood taith with ile fucts directors, to assume that the railway company had power to deal with them as it did, and acting on that assumption, to expend large sums of money and ineur henvy liabilities; otherwise, their acpuescence alone would operate as an estoppel to any objection as to irregularly or infonmality, by way of commission or omission, in the making of the arrangement at Welland or entering into the agreement at Wimnipeg. Moreover there was the most urgent reason for expedition. Two years and two months had elapsed since the passing of the Special Act ; the trifling sums paid in on shates had heen all exhausted; every effort had been made to thoat the bonds at any sacrifice, in - ain; no one ever, even conjectured that the venture was, as a property, of any value; the company was $\$ 50,000$ and upwards in delt, with not a dollar in the treasury, and no assets whence money conld be derived or expected; in short the existence of the company, as I have alrealy said, was on the verge of a collapse-the proposition by the New York "apitalists, on viewing the whole situation, was, in my upinion, hetter than could have berin got from any other source, and better than they, wonll have offered, had they mot been interested in other lines of railway with which tho milway of this company might form a connection. They sad-_" "We will take thin railway enterpise offyour hands with all its debts, "but we : inst control its franchise and be masters of the situation, and of "the property whieh shall twe made and produced by our money in con"structing and equipping the milway: We must have the 7,500 unsub"seribed shares of the ribpital stock, and the $2 . .500$ shares of the subseribed "stork on which it is alleged 10 prr eent. has been pairl, and we will pay " you back this ${ }^{10}$ per cent, in cash and in addition we will give you hack, "in 'quantity, the of thin stock in paid up and non-assessable stock of the "class of the 7,5 ) 0 shares of stock, so marked, whieh you are to transfer to "us. We must have your first mortgage bonds, not that they are worth "any thing now, but they may be worth something after we shall have built
the railshall be in invit2e nezusrequired tny such jyet, as the come of the purpose reks. nd with equently og withct, 1879 . and this was not ither of snded as the conto me, ntioned, t, and taith ower to nd large iescence y or in-arrangeer there monthes paid in loat the he venand upwhence mpany, n ly the pinion, nan they railway They is dents, and of in con-unsuliascribed ill pay 4 lack, of the isfer to worth ve built
"and equipped the railway; and at all events the bonls in our hauds will "enable us to protect the property we slall have created with our money
"from interference by other parties into whose hanls otherwise the bonds
" may fall. We, in fact, buy you out-true, you have nothing to sell, except
"your franchise, which we are afrail is worth nothing-nevertheless, we
"buy you ont, and give you $\$ 25,000$ in cash for your stock and 2,000 shares
" marked paid and unassessable stork back for nothing, and assume your
" $\$ 00,000$ and npwards of debts of the railway company." I repeat, the matter was urgent, as under section 24 , sulb-section 6, of General Railway Act and section 26 of the Special Aet, the company, in addition to all its other difficulties, way on the eve he failure to go on with the construction of the railway, and by lapse of time, of forfeiting its charter.

In reviewing the whole histury of the eompany, I think the arrangement inade at Welland, on the Gth. Jily, issi, and the sulsequent contract with the O. \& T.C.Co, at Winnipeg. on the 14th of Octoher following were, in its then and prospective state, wise and provident; and $[$ am not at all surprised, when the facts were fully explained to and understood by several subsequent meetings of the board of the directory; they aeciuiesced in, ratified and confirmed all that had been done; anc ordered that the whole arrangement shonld, in good faith, be carried out, and that the contract with the O. \& T. Co., should be executed by the railway company under its eorporate seal,all which was done. The bonds were delivered; the stock was transferred ; the $\$ 25,000$, 10 per cent. on the 2,5010 shares of sinbscribed stock was paid, and four-fifths in cquantity thereof, of the class of paid and non-assessable stock, was delivered and accepted by the varions subscrihers or holders of the 2,500 shares of subseribed stock on which 10 per cent. hat heen paid ; and the O. © T. C. Co., immediately went on in performance of the contract on its part and have already expended upwards of $\$ 850,000$ thereon, and are prosecuting the works, even in the inclement season of the winter, with the utinost vigor and despatell. The arrangement and contract on the part of the railway company has heen fully executed and performed in all things; and after all this, the whole body of shareholders, at the general annual meeting, held on the first of February, 1882, on full examination of the whole subject, without a dissenting voice approved, ratified and confirmed the entire transaction from the beginning to the end. In my view, it dues not need any, but I cite a few cases as bearing upon ratification: Wilson $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{ }$. West Hartlepool Harbour and Ry. Co., 1 De. D. J. \&S. 47.; ; Williams es. St. George's Itarbor Co, 2 De G \& J. 547 ; Phosphate of Lime Co., $v \mathrm{~s}$. Green, L. R. 7 , C. P. $4.3 ;$ Irvine es. Union Bank of A ustrollia, L. R. 2 , appeal cas. P. C. 366 ; Taff Vale Ry. Co., vs. Macnabb, L. R. G, H. L. 169 ; Renter $v$ s. Electric Telegraph Co., 6, E. \& B. $3+1$; Royal British Bank $r$ r. Turquand, 6, E \& B. 327, 332; Athenacun Life Assnt. Co., us. The Eagle Insurance Co, 4, K. \& J. 549; Browing es. The Great Central Mining Co., $\overline{5}$, H. \& N. 8.5 ; Biekford, The Grand Junction Ry . © © ., 1, Supreme Court, 696.

I repeat, the full consideration on the part of the railway company has been, for some time, paid and deliverel to the other party, and the consideration has ben fully executed; and the other party has gone on. with all minssible speed in the execution of the eontract on its part; and it is manifest that the cuecution of this contract, in its present condition, would be most disastrous to the whole railway enterprise, in which the publie, at large, aside from private individunls, has a deep interest-would he the disruption of the very existence of the railway company, and would be most
ruinous to the Oregon and Transcontinental Company and to the capitalists who support that company.

The transaction is in no sense ultor vires; it is eminently intra vires. I refer to sections 2 and 1.5 of the Special Act, and to sections 7 , sub-sections 1 to 20 inclusive, mader the general head of "Powers," and to section 20, sub-section 12, of the General Railway Act, 1579 . Of the Special Act, section 2, and of the General Railway Act, section 7 sub-sections 1 to 20 , give the most ample powers of eonstruction; and section 15 of the Special Act gives power and anthority to issue bonds and to apply them or their proceeds in construction and equipment of the railway; and section 20 , subsection 12 of the General Railway Act gives the most illimitable power so to apply the unsubseribed shares in the words following: "The directors muy sell. either by mublic auction or private sale and in such manner and on such terms as to them may seem meet, any shaies so declared to $\dot{\text { o e for- }}$ feited, and also any shares remainins unsubscribed for in the ciijitul stock of the company, or pledse such forfeited or unsubscribed shares for the payment of loans or advances made or to be made theresn, or of any sums of money borrowed or advanced by or to the company."

The directors are empowered to dispose of the forfeited and unsubscrabed shares in such manner and on such terms as to them might seem meet for the purpose of accomplishing the objects of the incorporation---the eonstruction and equipment of tho railway anthorized to be built by the Special and General Acts; and for that purpose the stoek has in due corm of law, been translerred on the books of the company, "pail and unassessable," and delivered and accepted, and bonds have in like manner been issued in due form of law, and delivered and aceepted. The very purpse, object and intent in doing this was and is the carrying out and aceomplishment of the chief end of the Act of incorporation. There cannot be a shadow of doubt that the Acts were within the scope of the corporate powers of the company.

In construing this clanse it is to be ohserved that it contains the concession of two distinct classesof powers-one to sell the shares by public auction or private sale in such manner and en such torms as to them may seem meet, (as constructing the railway or for any other purpose within the corporate powers of the company.) The manner of sale and the terms of sale are left, discretionary with the company, provided they be within the scope of objects contemplated by the Act of incorporation. The others are not so apparent as being within the seope of the powers of the company, and hence the expression "or pledge, de., for the payment of loans or advances, or sums of money alvaneed hy or to the company." 'There are two distinct propositions ia the clanse, the one is general, the other limited.

Therefore, I think it impossible for the court to holl that the transaction or act objecterl to is voill for haing celtrit wires, or under the facts and circumstances stated, illegal, by rason of the want of previous notice inviting tenders.

I think the holders of that stock ( 7,500 shares) are entitled to all the privileges and immonities of legal stock ${ }^{3}$ olders in the company.

It is proper here to make an observation npon a contention in this connection made by comesel for the defendants. It was contended that at the several meetings of the directors at which this transaction was ratified and confirmed, it was not shown that notice of the meetings had been duly given, or that all the nine directors were present; and they instance the meeting of the 9th Nov'r, 1881, at which were six directors-three being absent-and it was admitterl that the absent directors, Pew, Stokes and

Howell, had not notice. All directors should in some way, if practicable, have notice of meetings, to make their acts valid, not as to third parties and strangers whodeal with the board as defacto, legally convened and properly the board of direetors, bin is between themselves. But in the absence of evidence to the contrary, I must assume that every meeting of directors which professes to be a properly constituted and lawful meeting, is so, and all resolutions professing to be passed at such meeting, are lawfully passed. In this case the maxim apphies-Omuice proesmmuntur rite at solemniter esse cuta, domee probefur in contrerimm. On the disenssion of counsel of this matter, it turned out that the threc absent directors had all sent in thei: resignations which were accepted at, that mecting, and that they were abroad, Pew in Ottawa, and Stokes and Howell in New York. One of the counsel for defendants, I think, cited Smyı, \& Darley, 2 H. L. C. 803, in support of his contention. But I tind on examining that ease, that being beyond smmmonsing distance, as for instance out of the country or abroad, is sulficient excuse for omitting to summon. The anthority of that case justifies the dispensation with notice to Pew, Stokes and Howell, of the board meeting of directors on the 9th Vov'ı, 1881, to which objection was made.

The next objection of eomel for the defendants is to the validity of the transaction of the subseription of 500 shares by Mr. Adams at the board meeting on the 10 th of November, at Winnipeg, to which I have already referred, and which is fully set forth in the 12th paragraph of the plaintiffs' bill of complaint.

Mr. Adams is one of the New York capitalists. He was in Wimnipeg, looking after the interests of himself and associates, and learned for the first time how Dr. Schulta and his co-directors hat made up the ? ${ }^{5}$.on shares of subscribed stock, with ten per centum paid thereon, whieh I have already deseribed, as the basis for issuing the bonds. It was, to say the least, an evasion of the statute. (See Section 1.) of the Special Aet.) 'To remove any doubts on this score, as he and his associates were deeply interested in a correct basis on which the issue of the bonds might rest, in effect, presented or made a present to the loward of curectors of serip for $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ shares of the capital stock of the company, of the elass of 7,500 shares of unsubseribed stork which had been transferred and delivered to him and his asaciates in pursuance of the arrangement with Pew, which was by Dr: Sehult\% and his eodirectors accepted and cancelled, and he padd.5000, 10 per rent. on 500 shares, in cash, into the treasury of the company, and took a serip under the seal of the company, signed by 1)r. Schulto as pesid at and (ieneral Hanmond as secretary, for 500 shares with 10 pre cent. paid thereon ; and proper entries were mate in the books of the transaction. Now it is said by the reul defendents, es. Dr. Schulte dec. that this transaction is void; and in support of this contention reference is mate to section 2.2 , sub-sec. tion 6 of the General Railway Act, whieh says:-"The furds of the rompany shall not be employed in the marchase of any stock in their own or in ctry other company."

One is at a loss to conceive any imaginable exeuse for such conduct on the part of the real defendruts who were consenting parties to this transaction, unless it be to do as much lamage as possible by casting diseredit on the bonds; for in effect, it was simply a present-a gift to the company of 8.5000 :

I shall say nothing more in respect of the objeetion to this being a good and legal subserıtion of $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ shares of stock, with ten per centum paid thereon; I do not feel it safe in trusting myself to do so

If this 500 shares is added to the 2,500 on which 10 per cent. was paid, according to Dr. Schultz and his defendants, it will make 3,000 shares of subscribed stock and 10 per cent. puid thereon-if it be subrogated in the place of the 500 allotted shares on which nothing was, in fact, paid, it will still leave the 2,500 shares with 1.5 per cent paid on 1,000 , and 10 per cent. paid on 1,500. In either view, there is a correct basis for the issue of the bonds, according to the statute. (See section 15, Special Act.)

The real defendants of whom Dr. Schultz is the bead and chief, prior to the annual meeting of the first of February, 1882, conceived the idea of controlling the election of drectors at the amual general meeting of shareholders; and to this end, they fom it necessary, in some way, to invalidate the 7,500 shares of unsubscribed stock transferred to Pew in trust for the New York capitalists, and by Pew transferred, by direction of the New York capitalists, to and held and owned by varions parties. Hence the attack on the arrangement, as it is called, with Pew, at Welland on the sth July, 1881, and on the contract or agreement, minder the seal of the company, executed by Dr. Schultz as president, with the Oregon and Transcontinental Company of the 14 th October, 1581 ; and with the same end in view, they saw that it was necessary to invalidate tine 500 shares subseribed by Adans on the 19th of November, 1881 ; and hence the attack on that stock, and the effort to displace it from the class of subscribed stock, on which ten per cent. had been paid, and tw include it within the caterory, or make it a part of, the 7,500 shares of unsubseribed stock transfen real, model the Pew arrangement, which they contend, for the reasons aheady given, was and is invalid. This would leave the 2,500 ) shares of the subseribed stoek with 10 per cent. paid thereon, to make $u_{1}$ p the full capital stork of 10,000 shares ; and of this 2,500 shares, the refl defendants claim they held a majority, ( 1,481 shares), and had a right to control the election of directors at the annual meeting on February the first. True, the attainment of this end, by the proposed means, would be a violation of all faith, all homor, all law, all justice and all right ; and would prove ruinons and disastrons to the railway enterprise and to the very existence of the company; but this seemed a matter of no moment to the real defendants-their motto seems to have been, that it was better $t_{0}$ rule in hell than serw in heaven.

Now, assuming for a moment that the 1481 shares that Dr. Sehnlty and his er-real defondents elaim to control is all of the class of the 2,500 subseribed shares, on which 10 per cent. has been paid, and that that class of stock is the only stock which cem be voted on; had they a majority of that elass of stock! It is asserted in the bill and verified by afficlavit, and not contradieted by Pew though a party to the suit, and although he was present during the argument and had every opportunity of denying it, if in-correct-nor was it in fact denied by eounsel on the argument-that of these 1481 shares, 30 s, of which Pew professed to be the holder of, must be struck jut, as Pew was the conduit pipe only ly which they were to pass to the New York eapitalists. From the evidence before the eourt and from the absence of any denial of the allegations in the bill, by Pew, by affidavit or other wise, I must take it that the allegations in the bill in respect of this 308 shares of stock are true, and that they must be struck out of the list of the party defendants; and this will leave 1)r.Schultz and his party lint 1173 shares, a minority of the 2,500 shares on which 10 per cent. had been paid, and on which, as he and his co-defendants contend, there only, could have been vou, ig at the ammal meeting; if the .500 shares of Adans were added to the 2,500 ,it would leave him and his party in a mincrity of 1173 to 1827 ;
 allotted, and displace them, we whold have to diminish $117: 3$ her 1-.5, which

 the mater as yom may, the 小efombans and their paty were in a minery withont taking into consideration anh oum the find that ham was mot
 originally suberihed and 10 per eront pain therom, hat fometifthe of the quantity therent.








 7,500 shares of paid and mansonains stow. It sumb tor me in the nature
 wherwise, would he intermeikhle with common wons: paragiph 7 of the




 the votes on it vere all cast fine the dimeters who are mow phantifts, exapt Mr: Woral, who althomgh clected he the sime vote of stibl!, had renighed before the filing of this linl. The whole temen of phibit A is in the same line of meaning and wore it mot that not anything semes in the watination
 defentants, the agrement signel he him molde the sal of combany, exhi-
 "lanse of which arr thes womb-." ani will acemptran any of the suh-

 "fer to the said Orwon company, and will aswign and transfor to the said "sharehohers son trambering the said stock, reynerively, an eqnal ammont
 the allogations in the bill of complaint :mat the allatat verifying the same. and the eross examination and direte examination before the baster on the athdavit of verilication, and the Exhibite, as tha minnte book, the stomk book and the transfor trok, all in aromed, as to the wase of stork and as to the quantity to be givon and shareholdor, hexiles the full amome paid on the
 New Yonk capitalisto woulid pay the fill amome pail on the stock for onefith of the stork, ly taking a transio of the whole stock and immediately
 that I have not patience to dimens such an imatmal pronemion. But the ghestion is condmed her exdene on the part of the plaintiffs, to which
 nedy, Murdoch aml Mecinegor, have nut, nem have any of them even rentured a denial.

The New York capitalists paid in cash to the holders of this stock 8. 5 ,000), and took a transter of the stock. They did more, they gave back to each shareholder fonr-fifths in quantity of the class of the 7 ,500 shares of unsubseribed stock previonsly sold and transferred to them by the company, marked-paid and massessalke-2,000 shares in all:

Sow these defendants, with Dr. Schultz ans their Chipf who have noi one cent of pecmiary interest in the railway enterprise and venture, not one cent of peemniary interest in the stock or property of the company, by reason of holding stock which was given them for nothing--these gentlemen, as a mank of gratitude I suppose, serpent-like, are attempting to sting the bosom that warmed them into life.

The stock which the defendants held on the first of February, 188.2, was all of the elass of the 7,500 shares unsubseribed, transferred to the New York capitalists or to Pew for them, aud transferred to the individual shareholders on their transterring their respective subscribed shares to the New York capitalist, or to Pew for them.

What is the logical result? If the contention of the defendants as to the Welland transaction prevails, they have not only invalidated the $\mathbf{7 , 5 0 0}$ unsubseribed shares transferred to the Now York eapitalists or to Pew for them, hut also their own stock which is a part of the same 7,500 shares: and in that case they cannot have any legul interest at all in this company. I have already shown that they nave no pecumiar! interest. They had no business or right to be at the annual meeting at all. The have no locus obandi before the Conrt.

But I do not take this view of the case. I feel disposed, if the law will permit it, and I think it dons, to protect the defendants against the madness of themstlves.

I think the defendants held or controlleed 1,481 shares, less 308 shares held by Pew for Villard and his associates in New York; and that they had the right at the annual meeting, aceording to law, individually, to cast their rotes one way or the other on all questions before the meeting; and I think on the other hand the individual plaintiffs, as a party opposed to the party of the defendants, held or controlled 8,519 shares; and that they had the right, at the amnual meeting, according to law, individually, to cast their votes, one way or the other, on all questions before the meeting.

After carefui examination and consideration, I am disposed to adopt the account given of the general ammal meeting of the shareholders for the election of directors and tor uther purposes, in pararraphs, 13, it, 15,16 . and 17, of the hill of complaint. Its accuracy has not been controverted by atidavits filed on behalf of the defentants, or shaken by eross-examination of Gencral Hammond; nor, as I umderstand, was its substantial correctness and truthfulness denied by comsel for defendants, on the argmment.

By paragraph 18 of the bill of complaint, it appears Mr. Woon resigned his position of director of the company on the (ith Felruary, before this hill was filed, and the plaintiff, James R. Sutherland, was chosen in his plave.

I find that Joh" H. Hammomil, Hugh sutherlawl, Jam": II. Ashdown, George Browon, Roburt E: G'Briem, Charles V. Meral, Georye M. Cumminy, William P. C'lough, and Eilmume M. Woorl, (for whom James R. Sutherland on his resigning was, on (ith February, by a vote of the directors substituted,) were at the general amual meeting of the shareholders held at the company's ottice in Wimijeg, on the lst of February, 188:
toek $\$ 2.5$,e back to shares of company,
have noi inture, not npany, by rentlemen, 0 sting the

1ary, 1882, ed to the individual ares to the
lants as to the 7,500
Pew for 0 shares company. ey had no e no locus
e law will e madness

308 shares that they ly, to cast meeting ; opposed and that lividually, efore the
to adopt rs for the $4,15,16$. verted by amination orrectness t. efore this en in his eorye M. m James of the direholders ry, 1882,
duly and lawfully by a majority of the votes of the shareholders then and there given, elected and chosen directors of the company for the year then next ensuing, and I deelare them to be such directors; and I find that Grearge II. Allums, Aitemas IV. Holmes, Thomus F. Octies, and Anthony J. Thomas, are, respectively, shareholders in the capital stock of the company, and as such have a joint interest with the eompany and its directors in maintaining this suit; and that both the directors and the shareholders, along with the eompany may, not must, be parties to a suit of this kind, ut least, in so for as a motion of this kime is concerned. If at the hearing of the eanse it is thonght by the Con't alvisable, the names of George H . Adams, Artemas H. Holmes, Thomas F. Oakes, and Anthony J. Thomas, may be struck ont. On this motion I see no necessity for it.

But it is oljected that the election of directors is void, because Aslunown and Hammond along with Mr. Biggs, acted as scrutineers of votes cast for directors of the company, while at the same time Ashdown and Hammond were put in nomination and were voted for, for directors; aud the case of Dickson vs. McMuray, 2S, Gr. 5333 is cited in support of the proposition.

I know not the preeise provisions as to voting in the charter-patent in Dickson $v$. Me.Murrty, but 1 assume them to have been the same as they are in most joint stoek companies. In the case before me the provision for the shareholders voting at groneral meetings for directors and on all other questions brought before them, as well relating to organization as itherwise, is as follows:

The number of votes to which each shareholier sh'uld be entilled, on " every occasion when the votes of the members are to be given, shall be in "the proportion of the number of shares held by him, unless otherwise pro" vided by the Special Act."
"All shareholders, whether resident in Canadn or else"here, may vote "by proxy, if they see fit; provided that such party produce from his con"stituent an appointment in writing or to the effect following, that is to "say: I, of one of the shareholders of "the do hereby appoint of "to be my proxy, and in my alsence to vote or give my assent to any busi"ness matteror other thing relating to the said undertaking, that may be men" tioned or proposed at any meeting of the shareholders of the said comiany, "or any of them, in such minner as he, the said thinks proper.
" In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal the " day of , etc."
"The votes by proxy shall be ws velid as if the principals h'ul voted " in person; "rill everythinir mroposed or considered in tany public meeting "of the sh treholders, shill be determined by the mijority of votes and "proxies then present ind given, cinl cll decisions "nd "cis of any such " majority sh ell bind the comptny, and be deemed the decisions "nd "cts of "the comp tny."-Sec. 18, sub-sec. 6, , $\downarrow 8$, Ruilwoty Act.

Now assuming that the eorporation in question in bicksan r.Mc.Murray hal ay such provisions in its patent charter, as I presume it hal, when the erroneons election of chairman, at the very ine ption of the meeting, and ats, the erroneons dection of seratinsers, and the decision of the serutineers as $t$, the rigit $t$, rote on stosk alleged to be heldin trist and other matters, are ensidered, 1 ann not at all surprised at the decision at which the learned Vice-Chancellor arrived; it was fully warranted by the premiers ; but I cannot concur in his rutio decedondi.

In every meeting of shardmhise, wery shareholder has a right to
 iole to any pesition of ofter tw whol he may be vected in any such met-
 or whece ho may till or hold in the mestime a ehamman, secretary,









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we, in intiffs ry inwenty, $l$ and caly
 (of which 308 shares helongel to Villad and his aswemates in Now York-
 paid and nom-issessable stock, and wot one single shat beine of the class of
 stock," while there was mitetanding thanst them, as they well knew, S, it!


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 empany and provintine the matration of its ratway, of of emperling
 niary alvatare to themselw. They apmontly sum ther wis lite


 of mumbers, and effect, if wepred, by violone what they romh mot do by voting on their shares, they, on win on mo them, only a day or two

 and nom-residmes, and were apmently hroght hore in furtherane of the
 the following list of sharehnders, at the ammal mertime all of whom I holive were present-1! in all. I wive the mames al his shachohlers, other
 ators, with the momber of shanes transfored to cablo-the total shares trams-

 the want of a better term to expers my meming mot ne onring to me-not in an odions sense.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { SV. SHARES } \\
& \text { W. J. Mefirworn . .......... ; } \\
& \text { Thomans J. Sed da. . . . . . . . . . } 40 \\
& \text { E. Eilint .................. ; } \\
& \text { S. Mulver, Ey............... . } 10 \\
& \text { 1. O. hinstring ........... : } \\
& \text { R. Mcheman ............. to }
\end{aligned}
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171
makine thirtem willing aml sulumbent instrmont. holding in all 171 sha: es, is the hamb of the wal drembente in this suit. to ro-operate with them at the general ammal inneting of the shareholders in overeming s.als
shares or votes, with 1173 shares on votes: If all this memnt mothing but a fair and onderly meeting it is passing strange. Taken in connection with the argament of commel lhefore the comrt an to valid med invalid stock for roting, I think it meant much more than that; and taken in comnection with simsergent erents at the general meting of the shareholders, and subsequent thereto, liselosed in the phantifts bill and verified by sworn evidenes, I think it meant all that is charged in the hill of eomplaint. I go farther ; I think that Dr: sidull: and his party attemted the gene, al ammal meeting of the shareholders comvenel on the list Felo, 1852, well knowing that they, on their own contention as to the stock on which votes roond be legally enst, were in a derivire mimority, as I have alrealy shown, supre; and yet determinel that they would, by diolence, if necessary, control the election of directors, and seize mon and take possession of the eompany's corporate seal, its books, papres, domments, reemde amp property, and pat new directors, with Dr. Sichult: at their home, in the comtrol and managrement of the whole undortaking: But they met at that meeting thirtytwo resolute sharehollars, hol ing collectively $8: 319$ shares of stuck, hatermined that the actom of the meeting shombli be governed by the mujorely of the votes of the shareholders, present in person or by froxy, and gave ummistakable evidener of this determination. After some manifestations of viodence and disor lerly emduct on the part of Dr. Sedmell: and his party, they saw that violence, if offerel, womble be repelted by violence. They fomind that the party of the plaintiff-directors had not only the majority of shares-8.519 to 1173 -but also, very much to the disappointment and surprise of the Sclenli: party, hal the in pority of stockholders personally puo-sent-32 to 19. Twe schultz party probalily thought the majonty mainst them too great; and that it was the better generalship to retreat that diseretion was the better part of valor-and they all in a bonly withorew from the meeting, at the instance of Dr. Schultz to Dr. Schuliz's private ollice; and there, on the same day, leclared Dr. Schultz, Bown, Kemnedy, M "r doch, McCregor, McLemuna, ''ew, Mc.Millan and Scoble to be the doly elected directors of the empany for the year ensuing from the lat of Feb., 1082; and the pretended elected directors did, then and there, pretend to organize themselves as the board $0^{-}$. directors of the company; and to that end they p eetended to choose Dr. Schultz, the chief conspirator, as president, and Armstrong as secretary, and Molvey as Treasurer of the company, and assumed to be the regrilarly elected directors, and as such to be elothed with all the powers of a regul wly elected boad of lirecturs of the company; while in the meantime, at the oltice of the company at which the general meeting of shareholders was callel, and at which the meeting was bemg hehl, and from which Dr. Shuelta and his party had seeseded, as I have mentioned, carrying along with them in all, $1+\$ 1$ shares or votes, or, if Pew's shares, of which he was the conduit pipe to Villard and his assuciates be deducted. 1173 shares or cotes, the plaintiff-directors were regularly and duly elected, organized and formally prit in possession of the property and effects, and management and ematrol of the eompany, as has been alrealy mentioned, and is described in the paintiffs' lill of complaint.

Now as we are toll a cone of erfuity is conversant only with questions of property and the maintenance of civil rights. lnjury to property, whether actual or prospective, in the foumbation on which its purisaliction rests. It has no juristiction in matters merely criminal or merely moral which do not affict property or the right to it:" The court hais no jurisdiction to restrain or prevent crime, or to enforce the perfomance of a moral
dnty, diseonnected with the rights to property; nor for putting a stop to nets, which, if permitted, wonld had to a brearch of the peace or worse crime. The possible effect of acts and comse of procelure of wne man on the repntation of another, fonm mo gromil for the interference of a eone of equity, unless such acts and coursi of procedure be attended with an ingury to property.

Now, if the defendants hal stopred where we left them, although their acts and conduct weo in a moral sensis highly reprohensible and in a criminal sense, it may be, indietable, this comrt would have no jurisdiction over their acts and eonduct. All will agree that their acts and comduct were at least very foolish and very absurl for moffectual grond or even a bad purpose. But the defembants did not stop where we left them. They, from time to time met, as it appears, at the office of Dr. Schulte in IV innipeg and pretended to to the directors of the company, and as such, to take upon themselves the conduet and manarement of its atlinis, and to issme mandates and orders to the officers, servants, workmen and employees of the eompany ; and, amongst other things, cansed to be inserted in the public newspapers of Wimipeg the following pullic notice, as an othicial doeument.

## " ploblic notice

" Is hereby given that the following resolution was adopted at a meet"ing of the Dhbectors of the Manifoba Somth-Western Cohonization " Rallway Company, held at Wimipeg, Felmary 1st, 1882:-" That all " officials and servants of this company exeepting L. O. Armstrong, secre-
" tary, and Stewart Mulvey, treasurer, be and are hereby dismissed from
" the service of the company; and that the secretary be directed to insert
" in the newspapers of this eity an melvertisement to the" pmblic that This
" company will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person
" not duly anthorized by this board. Carried."
"All persons are therefore requested to take nutice and govern them" selves accordingly.
" L. O. ARMS'TRON(i,
"Serretary M. S. W. R’y. Cor."
This public notice was followed the noxt day by a pretended ofticial document emanating from the pretended directois through their pretended officers of president and secretary, to Gendral Hammom, the red president of the real directors of the eompany, The docmment is as follows:
"The Manitoba Socth-Westerx (ononizaton Ramway Companyés "John Schulty,
" Presiderit.

- Wimipeg, Manitoha Ond February 18s•.
" To General Hammond,
". Wimuiper.
${ }^{\cdot} \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{H},-}$
"I am instructed by the mord of mamerons of the Mavitoba "South-Western Colonization Rahmay Compasy to infom you, as trus"tee and general agent of the Oreson and Transeontinental Company, that "they are advised that the contract assmod to be made between the two "companies above mentioned for the construction of the Maniioba South"Western Railway is ultwe cios of the railway eompany, and illegal.
"I an instrocted to all that this board is desirons of making with " the least possible delay, a new arraugement with the Oregon and Trans-





 "Mopls thercte.
"I ann, Sir, Mon obsedint servant,


## "L. O, ARMSTRONG, Scerctary,"







 "the whatition of this hill, wime instigatel themen, ly wother drem" lants atmesaid, promed a trex in the puldic pont all ... at the said rity of









 (1) of the atsumber, bramed.
 tiff. hill.












 "the defendants, the completion of an! masidmaher partion of the sad line "of ratway will be whilly poremed."
(O2) By wate on the memises, the paintilk will he driven to a great
 "in its books. property and efferts, and will be withont any alequate "remely at law whatever."

19 erpuitrfiormed uy, and

Orwgoll wealy

The allegations in these two purngraphs are rather inforenees of facts than the direct assertion of facts, and in the shlathoce of them I mowt fully conellir.

We now see clearly that the mets and omblurt of the defombants acting mitedly as diveetons a id ottionto if a compans, when they have moright or tites thereto, ay has born shave. profesning to leal with, and professing to have a right to deal with, the athiirs of that rompany th the exclasion of the lawfully constituten dicectors and outlieers of that company, is puite a ditherent matter from the girno of thomselves oheting themselves on a small fruction of stow dimetors, ant then omanizing. -apmointing one prexident and mother secretary, mal mother trasmere: (hiharon might engage in the seme firce for pastime: hat when these self-emstituted directors mul their protemal otticers by thein diretam, berin actively to assme the control mul mangement if the athirs of a great company-give public motice dismissing all oflieers and movants of the emmpany-send a dictorial letter to the lawfully constitnted president of the lawfill board of directors of the company, demanding erions rharges in the prolicy and terms of constrnction of in great line of milwny-order the comesponddence and mail matter addrensel to the compmy to be pint by the oftieers of the post oftice in a drawe or hox to whinh they alone hai the watside key, mad access-alispatch a pretemded otticial commmication to the lammers Loan and Trust Co, of New York, the trustere mand in the bomb, not to deliver over the bonds (which cane to the knowledge of the plaintitfs' after bill filed, but was almitted on the argmonent) - the the eatening to seize the commonseal, oftice bildings, luoks, remols, proprorty and effects of the company and take forcible pressession theroff, der, de.,-that "hich was a langhing farce at the initintion has evontmated in a most serions tragedy.

There las alrealy heron most surous injury to the property and eivil rights of the plaintiff, and greater in the same direction are threatered, and must, if the defemdants be f"omitted to go inn in their present comse of "omduct, ensue in the future, for which there is mondmate remody at law, and lomaly demand the intromition of the restraning power of this comrt by
 fuelums mimority of the shareholders is irreparable. The phantifts invoke
 gromel, they are entitled to it . Wire the comet to rofuse assistanee in such a case as is made before the comrt in this canse, it womble in atbect he, in the case of emporative associated commervial enternise, to relcgate the lawful action of majoritien to the illegal faction of minorities, and to crate distrust in joint stoek undertakings, and work the final dextruction and werthow of the coufederated enterprises of the world.

The order for an interheatory injunction upon the defendants restraining se., until the hearing of this canse and further order of this comet I think shomld be granted.

Mr. Justere Dubue:- 1 emene in the judgment of the chief justiee.
Mr. Justice Malarr-I agree in the conclusion at which the chiet' justice has arrived, except that I do not think the sharehohters, George $H$. 'Aldems, Artemas H. Holmes, Thomess $F$ '. Othes and Anthony J. Thomus are necessery or permissible parties-plaintiff in a suit of this kind. I see that the chief justice doubts that they are perminible parties. Their names, with no expense to either party, may be struck ont at the hearing of the canse. Their presence, however, makes no difference on this motion. I think the order for injunction should go.

By the court.-Order aecordingly.


