The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original zopy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.Coloured covers/
Couverture de couleurCovers damaged/
Couverture endommagéeCovers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculéeCover title missing/
Le titre de couverture manqueCo‘oured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleurColoured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleurBound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, forsque cela était possible, ces pages nont pas éêẽ filmées.

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-étre uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.Coloured pages/
Pages de couleurPages damaged/
Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées


Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquéesPages detached/
Pages détachées


Showthrough/
Transparence


Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression

Continuous pagination/
Pagination continue


Includes index(es)/
Comprend un (des) index

Title on header taken from:/
Le titre de l'en-tête provient:


Title page of issue/
Page de titre de la lizraison


Caption of issue/
Titre de départ de la livraison


Masthead/
Générique (périodiques) de la livraison

Additional comments:/
Page 7 is incorrectly numbered page 9.
Commentaires supplémentaires:

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


# THE DISGIPLE OF GHRIST AND CANADIAN EVANGE 

"If ye abide in my word, then are ye truly my disciplese

## Vor. X., No. 22.

HAMILTON, MAR. 16. 1896.
fesus the christ.
\$i Per Year in Advance.

## The Disciple of Christ

Is devoted to the furtherance of the Gospel of Ch ist, and pleads for the un on of all be hevers in the Lord Jesus in hammony with lis uwn prayer recorded in the seventeenth chapler of John, and an the basis set forth by he Aposite Paul in the following terms: "I therefore, the prisoncr in the Lord, beseech vou to walk worthily of the calling wherewith ye were called, with all lowliness and meek. ness, with long suffering, forbearing ode another in love; giving diligence to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. There is one body and one Spirit, eren as also ye were called in one hope of your calling; one Lord, one faith, one baptism, one Gud and Father of all, who is over all, and hrough all, and in all."-Eph. iv. t.6.
This paper, while not claiming to be what is styled an " organ," may be taken as fastly representing the people known as Disciples of Christ in this country.

## Editorial Motes.

We remarked in our Feb. 15 th num. ber that the religious papers of Canada seemed not so pay much attention to those things which characterize their respective denominations. We do not think there is any connection betwepn our note and the fact that a writer in the Presbylerian Reaicio of Feb. 27th strongly urges that his brethren should proclaim and maintain the doctrines of Calvin-predevination, etc. Neverthe less we are interested in the fact, and we call upon some Presbyterian to show, from the Bible, that "By the d. crec of God, f.rr the manifestation of His glory, some men and angels are predestinated unto everlasting life, and whers foreordained toeverlasting death." We had been thinking that as presbyterian ministers are not preaching that ductrine now, they had ceased ic believe it, although it is in the Confes. sion of Faith which they solemnly professed to believe, and as soleminly undertook to conform their teaching thereto.

The Congregationalist publishes a paper, read by the Rev. Wm. Johnston at the Turonto District Association, on the "Evils of Church Compeiaion.", He clearly shows the dreadful saste raused by denominationalism-waste of time, strength, money. But he is not clear as to the remedy. He does win present a plain, simple, scriptural
basis of union. . He speaks ab sut " the broad principles of the kinedom of God," and says that a church has departed fom the fuith the momert she has formulated a polity whose principles are anything else. But "broad pri.ciples" do not furnish what the case demands. What is wanted is a plain authoritative statement declaring the basis of fellowship in a church of Christ. The Great Commission cun tains such statement; the practice of the Apostles illustrates it.

Another good effect of the discussion concerning the reading and study of the Bible should be to emphasize the fact that neither day-school teacher, nor Sunday-school teacher, nor preacher can fll the place of the parent. It is to be feared that many a Christian parent is not qualified to fill his or her place as an instructor of the children in the Bible. The preachers shonld make it a p-int to raise up a generation who will be able to do its duty in that respect.

It is easy to take too narrow a view of what preaching the Gospel is. When a preacher urges that the prin ciples of the Sermon on the Mount should be applied to social, political and moral questions he is not then to te clarged with neglecting the Guspel.

Nor is a preacher to be l'amed for discussing questions of the day, provided he treats them from a New Testament point of view. Our Saviour did not refuse to consider such questions, as for instance when He was asked whether it was lawful to give rrbute to Cexar or not. That was a great live burning question, and the Lord settled it.

The agitation of the question as to whether or not the Bible should be read in the Public schools is certain, we think, to tend to good results. The outcome, we expect, is that the churches and the preachers will have impressed upon them the obligation to teach the Bible-to makethatileir supreme work. The preachers should take the lead in this. D. L. Moody's adv.ce is very good in this conncclion, vir., to give more prominence to meetings for Biole
stuily. Some have fiven an exabgeratedand unscriptural place to prayer. Pcople have been taught to pray for what they might have obtained by searching the Scriptures. Too much stress can not be placed upon prayer according to the will of Gud, but the time spent in prayer which is not according to the will of God might better far be devoted to the study of the Wurd of God.

The Christian Leadee is still further assisting to remove the question of music in the churches from the realm of cuntroversy by poiating out, as we have done here repeatedly, that there is neither example nor precept for congregational singing in the New Testament churches. We are drawing nearer the latter end of the bitter controversy concerning the organ.

We have been hoping against hope that the accounts of the Armenian atroci ies would prove to have heen very much exaggerated, but the re.,ort of Sir Philip Currie, British Ambassadur at Consiantinople, to the Fureign Office settles the matter by showing that " the total loss of life, respecting which accurate information was obtaintairab'e, amounts to about 25000 persons, and, if we add to this the massacres respecting which there are no details, the estimate may be increased to a much ingher figure." And sill: furiher, to quote from the Toronto: Giobe,
"The work of slaughter in Armenia has been arcompanied with every circumstance to make it most repulsive, most shocking, most inhuman. Su; pense, famine, homelessitess, privatio? and ontrage, were the terrors thit p:e. ceded assas.ination. Wives sam their: husbands hicked to rieces before their eyes. M thers sa:. their children ruthlessly slain; while the infamy to which they were themselves subjected made even death seem like a merciful stroke."
Why the so-called Christian powers of Europe permit all this, or decline to punish it after being committed, is the questiun that occurs to one that is not versed in the ways of statesmen. We would like to thank that the British Government can jusufy its course. And, if it can, then other powers are
behaving shamefully. O.ice mure we would ask, Why would not the United States $j$ in with Ensland in restraining and punishing "the unspeakabie Tuik"?

## NJotice to Correspondents.

" When you've got a thing to say.
Say it! Don't take half a day, When yuur tale's got litile in it, Crowd the whole thang in a minute! Life is short-a flecing vap $r$ Don't fill an eight page paper With a tale which, at a pinch, Could be cornered in an inch! R, il her down untll she simmers : P. lish her until she glimniers.

When you've got a thing to say,
Szy it! Don't take half a day."
Use paper not wider than six inches. Write un one side of the paper only. Write with Ink.
Write distinctly, and place your words and lines far enough apart to be read easily.
"Close your o's and open your e's, Dut your i's and cross your t's." is n't make your u's and n's alike.
Don't punctuate unless you know how.

When quoting Seripture or giving B.ble proot, be careful and exact.
$\mathrm{B} a$ plain, but brief and to the point. Never roll your MSS. Always fold and enclose in an envelope.

Always read the above before beginning to write.

- Preacher's Helper.

Bro. J. B. Lister is now living in Independence, O egon, and is eliting a fuur page weckly papar called the 0 . C. MI. C. Reporter. We wish him good success in his labors as preacher and editor.

With the bezinning of 1896, The Christian Slantard assumed a new form and a new dress. It now presents a finer appearance than it has done for several years. Tne Slandard is sound in the taith, and gives no c Juntenance to the "Sentimentalists," who open the door of the church more widely ihan the New Testament dues. A perusal, however, of the pages of the Sfandard sug:ests the idea that the editor, or the pruof-reader, or so:nebody, needs a little instruction in the use of "caps."

## ERontributions.

## Reminiscences of St. Thomas, Canada.

The growth of the church at St . Thomas brings to our memories recollections of the mighry wo kings of a little missionary seed sown in that soil. How true that "God moves in n mys. terious way." In May, 1849, myse!f and wife moved to the city of London, Canada West. We opened a select school in the city. Becomin.: acquaint ed with the supervisors of the county, we leained (f one Edmund Sheppard. He was a teacher and preacher from Bethany College. After six months we were offered the St Thomas $S$ minary which we arcepted, and visited Bro. Sheppard, some twelve miles distant. Attending meeting when we could, and becoming arquainted with him, we engaged him to visit our town and preach there. He also preached in the coun try, near town

Bro. Sheppard held a discussion with a Methodist preacher at Aylnier, in which the writer acted as moderator for him. He succeeded admirably in the discussion. My wife and her sister were baplized by him soon after the debate.

While conducting the St. Thomas
mill, we sent some twelve or four. teen students over the lake to Hiram. While there, some three of them united with the church in a meeting held by Isaac Errett, when 56 came forward and obeyed the Gospel.

We count on Bio. Sheppard's preaching in St. Thomas as the first of the Disciples sowing the seed of the King. dom in that locality. But this was in 1852 or 1853 . How wonderfully the seed planted by Bro. Sheppard and others since has grown! Of course the laborers since in watering the seed have done great things. Yet it is God who has given the inctease.

During the four years conducting the Seminary we enjoyed the Christian friendship and fellowship of Bro. Shep-pard-a choice spirit, gone to his reward. We also formed the acquaintance of Edders Black, O iphant, Kilgour, Anderson, and some others. Our perseverance in making Bro. Sheppard's acquaintance and insisting upon his coming to preach for us in St. Thomas was the first of any effort made in that town. We rejoice at the present growth and prospenty of the church there.

Wuh great love for the truth and the brethren in Canada, I am,

Your most affectionate brother,
Dr. J. B. Crane, A.M.

## Wedges.

anNa d. bradley.
I we!l remember, when I was quite a tiny child, being in the country, and sering for the first time a woodman irying to insert a wedge in a buge log. I gazed wondeningly upon the strange pracess, unti), overpowered by currosity, I boldly asked the meaning of this mysterious performance.
"Why," explained the good-natured woodman, " you see I want to split this $\log$, but the log don't want to be spltt. But if I can once get the fine point of this wedge driven in, why then the wulk is easy enough. The log will soon fall apart."

With a fascination that was new t., me I st od by and gravely watched while the work went un, and, sure - nough, in a little while, the huge log lay separated in two disti, ct parts.

Upon my childish spirit there seemed to fall something like a shadow. I did not like tu see those two great halves of what ajpeared desinned to be one perfect whole.
"No matter how much you had kept hitting the log, you never could have gotten it apart wi:hout the wedge, could you ?" I questioned earnestly.
"Never in the world," was his reply, laughing either at the intertst or the verdancy of his small interrogator; "but the wedge made it easy."

I turned and looked curiuusly at the wedge, which now lay on the ground be.ween the two great halves. Yet it appeared so trivial. How could it accomplish such mighty results? My baby instinct of justice was aroused. I did not at all like that wedge. What right had it to exist whin its orly work was to separate what had been intended to live together!
Well, I grew older-this is an unfortunate habit into whirh most of us fall, but which none of us like to acknow-ledge-and by some means that first unpleasant impression of the wedge has, with persistent tenacity, clung to me ever since.
" Just get the least bit of the edge serurely in," said the man, "and the rest is easy work."

How true!
I have seen friends of a lifetimefriends whom God had given to be a solace to each other-separated forever, because that the tuny edge of susplcion had been inseried. Oncestarted, then deeper and deeper the dividing edge pressed, until at last there was no unkindness or unfaithfulness of which each did not believe the other capable. $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { I have seen brothers and sisters, who } \\ & \text { used to kneel by the same littie bed to }\end{aligned}\right.$
pray, grow cold and bitter toward each other, because the cruel wedge of distrust had driven them apart.

I have seen husband; and wives whon God had $j$ ined together, and whom He forbate others to put apart, allow this same deadly, poisonous wedge to come bgtween them and to separate them forever. Inderd, the nuarer and the dearer the tie, it stems that if once the fatal wedge is inserted, the farther asunder the two are driven. "For of course," as the woodman said, " we don't need a wedge except for that which is intendid to cling very close toge ther."
I have seen disciples of the Lord Jesus Chrul, whom once the world looked upon as "one body," but again and again the wedge has been inserted, until now even the King Himself might weep to see in o how many frag. ments the kingdom is divided.

And I have een-and this is the saddest sight I ever saw-those who were at one tume happy, trustung Christoans, rejorcing in the unspeakable love of their Suviour; courting no sa=rifice too great if it did but draw them nearer and yet nearer to the Heart divine ; I have $s$ en the cold, piercing wedge of indifference, doubt or infidelity come betr. en them and their Saviour. And those who once had rejuicingly held up the banner of the Crows now trail it in the dust, and scoffingly deride the sacred Name which once they had revered.
I revert again to that first lesson, learned in my childhood davs, concerning the wedge. I remember how the woodman said to me, "You just make the point sharp and fine enough and you can drive it in every time where you may want to rend it."
And this peculiari $y$ of the conquering power of the wedge was not without its weighty lesson to the listening, wondering child of long ago. She lived to see how very true this was.
You cannot come to me and boldly assert some monstrous tale of evil about a friend I love. I who love him would boldly tell you that your tale was false, and love and trust him more because he had been so maligned.
But you might drop a tiny, almost invisible seed of distrust in my heart, and you might nourish it with such care that it would grow into a mighty wedge that would drive me forever from the side of my once trusted, trusting friend.

Ah me! I cannot help but wishas I did in my baby days-that there was no such thing as a wedge. What frıendship or love or companionship is proof against its sharp and cruel edge ? But while it is well nigh impossible
to dislodge the wedge that has once been thoroughly inserted, still it is possible to fight back its first approach. The first insinuation of doubt, unkindness or of fancied slight means only an altempt to insert the wedge. For the sake of our own future happiness; in the name of all that we hold sacred and pure and true, let us fight back the cruel instrument that would divide us from all we hold so dear. Oftener than atherwise the one we love, but doubt, has given us no cause for our distrust, and if we were $n$ nt too proud to ask and off $r$ explanation, much bitter sorrow and many future tears might be prevented. But no! We cry to our secret soul that the change is not in us, hut in the one we love. And though we still love, yet do we allow the wedge to be driven deeper and yet deeper, until after awhile no power in |heaven or in earth could bind again the severed hearts.
Beware of the wedgl:

## What We Believe, and Why We Believe It.

w. D. cunningham.
"Be ready alwajs to give an answer o every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you."-1 Peter iii. 15 .

No man has a right to hold or teach a religious faith for which he has no adequate foundation. Fancy and speculation may be excusable in other realms of thought, but never here. The value of an immortal soul is so great, that its salvation must rest upon no mere theory while plain truth is close at hand. If, when the Christian world was practically one, it was necessary to "be ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you," how much more at the present day, "hen the body of Christ is so dismembered and warring factions hold and teach for gospel truth, opinions so contradictors -how much more necessary is it for each one to be able to give as a foundation of his faith a "Thus saith the Lord." If such a foundation cannot be found, would it not be in the interest of peace and the readier evangelization of the world, to renounce such faith and cling only to that of which we may say, "We know and are sure"?
It is my purpose to state as briefly as is consistent with clearness, the faith held and taught by the Disciples of Christ, together with the Scriptures

[^0]apon which that faith is based. Before doing so let me call attention to the wonderful

GROWIH
of this religious body. In less than one hundred years it has grown to such proportions that it is now exceeded in numbers by only three Protestant bodies in America.

Notwithstanding the three and a half centuries of the Presbyterian and English churches, and three centuries of the Congregational church, we have in less than one century overtaken and surpassed them all. Statistics recently collected by the New York Independent show that our rate of growib is three times that of the Presbyterian church, three and a half umes that of the Methodist church, and more than thirteen times that of the Baptist church.

Our nine thousand congregations, and more than a million communicants are building and dedicating three churches every two days of the year.

We have forty colleges and umversties, ninety foreign and four hundred home missionarres. . For missionary and church extersion purposes we raise $\$ \mathrm{r}, 200,000$ per year.

With nothing but the simple gospel, we have gone into India, China, Japan, Scandınavia, Turkey, Armenia, Jamaica and other lands, and the Lord has wonderfully blessed our effurts.

What is the secret of this wonderful success?

First, and above all, I would say, it ts the simple gospel that we preach

No book contains more of mystery than the book we call the Bible, and yet no book could claim to express man's duty in plainer terms. While man confines himself to plain commands, all goes well ; but when he aspires to understand the methods by which God works, "confusion worse confounded" and discord worse dis. tracted invariably result.

Another secret of our success is that we preach salvation through Christ, and then give an opportunity for believ. ers to confess Him without waiting for revival services, communion season or annual confirmation. We do not preach " now is the day of salvation," and leave the impression that some other day will do as well. Another element of our strength is

OUR CREED.
This is not the Augsburg Confession of the Lutheran Church, nor the Westminster Confession of the Presbyterian Church, nor the Philadelphia Confession of the Baptist Church, nor the socalled " Apostles' Creed " used by sume wher churches. These are not fuund
in Scrip'u'e nor enj ined on the Apostolic Church. Therefore, we rej-ct them as divisional and unnecessary, believing that for purposes of doctrine, reproof, correction, instruction in righteousness and thorough furnishing unto dl gond works," Scripture giv $n$ by incpiration of God" is quite sufficient. Our Creed contains but one article of rai:h. It never needs revision, for it is the ever living, loving Christ.

There is no uther name (or creed, or dogma, or system) by which we may be saved. (Acts iv. 12.j
While others make faith in Christ an essential thing, we make it the essential thing. We believe that if.we get right about Christ, Christ will get us right about everything else. To be scriptural, our creed must be something that can be believed with the heart and expressed with the mouth, Rom. $x$, 10 This we have in Matt. xui. 16, with Christ's strongest endorsement, "Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God."

This confession we make without adding any such theological nonsense as "God of God, Very God of Very God,"'etc. etc.

Dr. Philip Schaff calls this the fund amental Christian confession and the rock upon which the church is built. We believe it will become the universal creed. All others are crumbling. Men do not preach them, and except in modified form, do not believe them. The popular cry for revision may well be interpreted to mean, "Back to Christ."
It is now needless to say that, to. gether with all other evangelical bodies, we believe in God the Father, Christ the Son, and the Holy Spirit, faith in Christ, and salvation by his sacrifice, repentance, prayer and holy living.
We take the word of God to mean just what it says, and do not undertake to improve upon it. Accepting it without comment, we are freed from theological wranglings over any formulated statement of the Trinity, regeneration, transubstantiation, consubstantiation, or the barbarous and revolting doctrine of infant damnation. This explains why we are so free from heresy trials and church divisions. Where the Bible speaks we speak. and from that position we will not deviate, but where the Bible is silent, we allow the largest liberty of opinion.
We believe in the divine inspiration of both the Old and New Testament. We are not living under the Law of the Old. Testament, for that would make Christ of no effect. (Gal. v. 4.) The Law was for the government of the Jerrs, but Christ "took it out of ! the way, nailing it to lis cross" (Col.


## Weak and Nervous

Whenever the body has been weskmed b!' discase, it should be built up by Houd's Sarsaparilla. Read this: "Abont two years ago I sufrored with a Tery bevere attack of inflammation of the
bowela. When I began to recover I was boweig. When I began to recover I was
in a very weak and nervous condition, and in a very weak and nervous condition, and
anffered intensely with neuralg pains in my head, which caused loss of oleep, end
my having no appetite, I

Became Very Thin
and weak. Fortunately a friend who had nsed Hood's Sarsaparilla with great bene-
git tindly recommended me to try it. I it tindly recommended me to try it. I.
did so and aparfect cure has been errectod. Iam now as well as. I merer was, and i Iam now as well as. © ever Fis, and fn my house for anything," Mrs G.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only
True Blood Purifier
Prominently in the public ese today.
Hood's Pills easy to bay, easy to takco,
ii. 14), and gave us the gospel, which is a " better covenant." (Heb. viii. 6.) This, we claim, is a faith that is faultle $s$, and a creed beyond criticism.

True to our standard we demand the confession,
"Thou art the Christ, the Son of the livinı Gord," before baptism and churc!? membership. This we do because the Scriptures demand it. (Acts viii. 37.) We establish no court uf inquiry to establish the finess of a candidate for baptism-because the Werd does not. We demand no three months' probation -becnuse the Word does not ; but teaches to the contrary when it says, "And the same day there were added to them about three thousand souls." (Acts ii. 4 I.)

UNION.
It was not the purpose of the leaders of thls "Restoration" to build up a separate denomination. Indeed, they regarded, as we do now, the various parties as being in direct opposition to Christ's prajer in John xvii., and therefore sinful. They strove rather to unite all by removing the causes of separa. tion, and leading them back to Christ.
It is pitiful to see how fondly men

When we began our work, it was not unusual for men to thank God for de: nominations and sects. It is different now. None but bigoted partisans; who love their clique better than they love Christ's cause, do that. The li ading men of all the religious denominations are lamenting the fact of $\mathfrak{a}$ divided church, and praying that the tıme may speedily come when we "all shall be one." The most popular sermons to: day are sermons on Christian union. '

As a practical illustration of the criminal waste of effort and funds' occasioned by sectarianism, let us notice the state of affairs in our own city. We have ten Protestant churchés with an aggregate membership of 2,600 . These ten congregations have houses of wor-hip with an aggregate seating capacity of 6,000 . Each con: gregation employs its own pastor: Three of the present buildings would accommodate the entire membership of all. Half the cost of the other seven would construct two houses to accommodate all who now attend. Five pastors could, without exira effort, do all that is now being done by ten. Thus the salaries of five ministers and the funds sufficient to build three or four houses could be used on home or foreign misston fields, and that without the sacrifice of a single penny, to say nothing of the time and talent that could then be spent in saving sinners which now are spent in keeping denomirational fences in repair.

What is true of this city is also true of almost every other city on the continent. In the face of that, who dares, as 1 recently heard a minister of the gospel do, thank God for denominational differences? One might as consistently thank the devil for the Bible.

Dr. Francis E. Clark expressed surprise at the similarity brtween the principles of the Christian Church and those of the Christian Endeavor.
Evidently, the Lord is using this latter movement, together with the $Y$. M. C. A., the International S. S. Lessons and Union meetings "with nothing ruled out," to answer His own prayer for union. Therefore, we stand for all these, and deplore any tendency toward fencing off young people in denominational groups as the B. Y. P. U. and Epworth League.
It does look as if the ambition of young people is leading them to something a little higher than the perpetuation of denominational differences.

We believe that. it is the voice of the Lord that says, "Now I beseech you, brethren, by the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, that ye all speak the same thing, and that there be no division
among you; but that ye be perfectly joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment. (I Cor. i io).

Therefore, these ministers who advosate divisiens are not only serving some selfish purpose, but are positively breaking a divine command.
A divided church is a non conductor. We pray and preach for a return, "in letter and in spirit, in principle and in practice," to the original basis of union. This will inevitab'y lead us to "one Lord, one faith, one baptism." (Eph. iv. 5.)

Jealous Europe makes Armenian outrages possible. Sectarian spirt in our churches goes far toward permitting the liquor business at home and heathen worship abroad. In siew of this, we invile all Christians to come with us (not to us) back to Christ, and leave all luggage behind.
(To be continued.)

## The $\mathfrak{F u}$ unday $\mathfrak{W c h o o l}$.

Comsirter: James Lediard, Geo. Fouler, Miss L. Pitcher.

## "Shut Up" and "Shut Out."

These words are not placed at the head of this paragraph on account of elegance, but to call the attention of the reader to an article in last " Dis caple" over the signature of Bro. Burriss. At teachers' meetings or among Sunday-school wookers, he advises to "shut up" and "shut out" those who ariue. Students with such training would be of the mollusk type. The objection against argument, discussion or debate li-s against the manner, way, or method so frequently practiced, and the brother should have thus discriminated. Uddfellow.

## The Young Men.

Editor Discifle of Chisist.
Dear Sir:-Permit me to commend to your readers, espt cially those interested in agg:essive Sunday-school work, the excellent suggestions made by Mr. W. D. Cunningham in your issue of March 2nd, as to how to keep the young men in the Sunday-school. Is not this one of the most important problems before the churches to-day? Allow me to restate numbers 12 and 13 of his suggestions: Get them into the church before they are young inen. Teath them something.
R. D. Warren.

Georgetown, Ma-ch 3rd, 1896.
Impoverished blood causes that tired feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood and gives vigor and vitality.

The following letter from Sisier Rioch speaks for itself. Will the superintendent and teachers give it their attention in view of the Children's Offerings for Foreign Missions?
" Deak Bro. Lamhind:
" When our board met last Easter we decided that, if possible, we would get the Sunday-schools to send their contributions for Fure'gn Misious through our Board. Now, as chairman of the Sundays school Commutee, it occuried to me that you might be able to do a good deal for us. If you have noticed our reasurer's reporis in the paper, you will have noticed that the amount raised so f.r this year is very small. We need the children's offer ings. I do not ste at prisent how we are to maintain the Japan work another year, unless funds come in rapidly between now and June. So far this year, there has not been enough raised f., 5 Foreign Missions to pay one month's salary. Will you not do what you can to help?"

All I desire to say just now in reference to the above appeal is that it is our first duty to see to the support of our own missionary in Japan. There tnust be no thought of failing; and, if, through the stringency of the times or any other cause, there is a lack of funds to meet these obligations, then the offerings of our Canadian children should certainly go to help our Canadian missionary, and I trust the schools of Canada will take this view of the matter, and make the offering of June next the largest on record.
J. Lediard.

We learn through Bro. J. A. Aikin that the Disciples in Orangevile have recently organ'zed a Sunday-school. We doubt not it will be a good school

## Џoung Deople's đulork. <br> FOR CHRIST AND THE CHURCH.

$\overline{=}=-\cdots=$ W. Coulter, H. L. McKinnon Miss A. M. Hall.

## The College.

College circulars have beenforwarded to all the Young Perple's Socreties in the province. Should any fail to receive one, notify Bio. Munro, and he will see that you are supplied.
In accordance with the recommendations of the Co -operation meeting held at London, each society is requester', yea, urged to make a contribution to the school. A number of societies have responded. All should do so before the next June meeting. The training and educating of young men for the ministry and for doing better scrvice in the Sunday-school and the prayer meeting should appeal to the young throughout the length and
all will consider it a privilege to contribute of their means to this cause.

Already the College is fulfilling its mission. The students are con ducting the Lord's Day services for our mission church at Glencoe, and we hope, ere long, that several other points will be supplied by these earnest young men
We would ask your careful perucal of the letter from the soripty at Guelph, which, by the way, is one of the societie; that has contributed to tha College.
W. W. C.

Guelph.-At our February monthly business merting, the following cfficers were elected for the next six months: President, May MacDou_all; vicepresident, Sarah Mahhieson; corresponding secretary, Colin Campbell; recording secretary, Annie Sunter; 'reasurer, Arnie Harris ; junior superintendent, H. E. MacDuugall ; a ssis. tant superintendent, Colin Campbell
Our meetings are growing in intere: and attendance. Much credit is due to the prayer meeting committe, who give us variety. Our last consecration meeting was a projer consecration, all answering to their names in prayer. We are to have an abient members' meeting before long, when letters will be read from absent members. And March the 8th is our missionary meet. ing, when a number who are preparing papers on mission work in foreign fields will occupy most of the time. And, in this way, the interest has grown very murh in our society.
Our pastor, Bro. J. B. Yager, tho is an earnest worker, has helped us very much in our meetings, and his love for Him who gave His life for all has prompted him to go out and bring in associate members, that they may hear the $G$ ispel and obey it. Pray for us, :hat the Lord may own and bless our feeble efforts.

## A Member.

February 2nd, 1896.

## A Pleasirg Theme.

Rev. Henry Helzinger, Neustadt, Ont. : "It is a pleasure to me to wite a few lines about your dyspepsia medı cine-K. D. C., and if the English language were as easy to write as the German, I would like to say a good deal more. I used your medicine, and can say it is just what I wanted and needed My surur stomach and heattburn after eatitr, and that gas which came from the stomach, is gune, and I am able to take cold water.again ; before I had to take the water hot on account of stomach trouble. I recom mend K. D. C. 10 our ptople where I can, and to everyone who knows what a weak stomach is."

## Four Hundred New Lives.

A YEAR'S RECORD OF THE FEDGRAL t.IFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Satisfactory Report Presented by the Directors at the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders--The Report UnanimnusIy Adopted-Board of Directors ReElected.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Federal Life Asurance Company was held at the head effice, in Hamilton, Tuesday, March the 3 td. The president, Mr. James H. Beatty, sccupied the chair. Mr. David Dexter, managing director, acting as secrelaty, when the following report was submitted :

## DIRECTORS' REPORT.

Your dirictors have the pleasure to submit h rewith, for your approval, the fourteenth annual statement of the company, showing the amount of in surance written, and the receipts and disbursements for the year $\mathbf{1 8 9 5}$, together with the assets and liabilities of the company at the close of the year.
Fiften hundred and forty-seven applications for insurance, amounting 10 $\$ 2,128,550$, were received during the year. Ot these applications, thirteen hundred and sixty-two were accepted, for $\$ 1,830,050$. The remainder was either declined or in abeyance, waiting further information, at the end of the year.
The average new risk assumed on each life, and the premium obtained therefor, prove the satisfactory nature of the business written.
Though the aggregate amount assured by the company was not greatly increased, more thin four hundred lives were added to those insured.
The assets of the company were increased duing the year $\$ 7,96612$, and are now within a fraction uf half a million of dollars. A very satisfactory result, in view of the considerable amount paid to policy-holders for claims and profits.
The security to policy-holders, including guarantee c.pital, was, at the close of the year, $\$ 1,119,576.30$, and the liabilities for reserves and all outstanding claims $\$ 415,621.88$, showing a surplus of $\$ 703,050$ 02. Exclusive of uncalled guarantee capital, the surplus to policy-holders was $\$ 84,15$ 1.02.
The death claims amounted to $\$ 92,500$ (re insurance deducted), under 43 policies-a reduction in the amount of insurance paid by reason of death as compared with latt year. Including cash dividends and dividends applied to premium reductions ( $\$ 30141.59$ ), our total payments to policy-holders
amounted to $\$ 123,224.55$ during the year.

The depression in nearly all branches of business felt throughout the country in the previous year was increased, rather than diminished, during the past year. On the whole, however, the results of the conlpany's business have given your directors reasonable satis faction. It is hoped that the $c$ nditions of business in general will be improved durng the current jear, in which event we may expect additional prosperity. Our agents are active and intelligent workers, earnest in their fforts to advance the interests of the company and the insured, and can $b=$ relieil upon for such results as may fairly be expected from their respecive fields.

Your directors have now to surrender their trust into your hands, and in doing so desire to express their apprecia. tion of the confidence reposed in them from year to year, and to acknowledge the able co-operation and efficient services of the office stiff of the company.

The accompanying certificate from the company's auditors vouches for the correctness of the statements submitted herewith, all accounts, securities and vouchers having been examined by them.

David Dexter,
Managing Director.
James H. Bibatty, President. allditors' report.
To the Presidfnt and Directors of
the Federal Life Assurance
Company.
Gentlemen :-We have made a caresul audit of the books of your compans for the year ending December 3 1st 1895, and have cortlfied to their correctness.

The securities have been inspected and compared with the ledger accounts, and found to agree therewith.

The financial position of your com. pany as on December $3 r$ is indicated by the accompanying statement.

Respectfully submitted,

## H. Stephens. <br> Sherman E. Townsend,

Auditors.
Hamilton, March 2, 1896 .
financial statement.
income.
insurance premiums
(nel) ….......\$257,647 35
Interust and Rents. 19,929 10
$\$ 277,57645$
disuursempents.
D:ah claims and en-
dowments (less re.
insurance).
73.50000

Jividends to policy.
holders …… 30,141 59
Surrendered policies
holders.........
Commissions, salar.
ies , medical fees
and traveling ex-
penses …..... $\$ 83,47848$
3 rinting, advertis.
$\$ 113,22455$

. $\$ 97.99962$
$\begin{array}{r}97.99962 \\ 66.35228 \\ \hline-77.57645\end{array}$
Assets.
Loans on morigages
and on policirs... $\$ 209,69541$
Muncipal d ben.
I11-res ........... 7043014
Real estate
Real estate.........
$B$ ink depcsits and
cah ............
Other leilger assels..
88,02570
18,651 67
bremiums defersed
any in course of
callecion, $i$ iclud.
ing horrt date nules
securid by pul cies
in force ( 1 om nis-
sions deducted).

## 80,020 93

499.77390
619.80300 619,80300
Security for policy-holiders . . . . $\$ 1, \overline{119,570} 9$ hiabilities.
Reserve fund ...... $\$ 403.44876$
Claıms unadjusted... 12,17312
$\$ 415.62188$ . 703,95502 \$ $1,119,57690$
Amount assured . . . . ......... $\$ 10,664,22726$
The adoption of the report was moved by Mr. Beatty; secondrd by Mr. Kerns; and carried unanimiously, after favorable comments from the mover: seconder and other shareholders.

The medical director, Dr. A. Wool verton, submitted an interestin; report and analysis of the death-rate experience of the company for the year, for which he was tendered a vote of thanks.

The following directors were reelected : M. H. Aikins, M. D., James H. Beatty, A. Burns, LL. D., Edwin Chown, David Dexter, Win. Drysdale Hon. G. E Fuster, Hon. J. M. Gıbson, Thomas Hulthy, Wm. K. rus, M. P. P., Hon. E Mcleod, John Putts, D. D., Rev. John G. Scott, George S ot, Rev. A. E. Russ, J. A. VanlVart, Rev. John Wakefield, Rev. Wm Williams A. Woolverton, M. D.

At a sub equent mecting of the directors the officers of the buard were all re-elected.

## Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away,

Is the truthful, startling title of a book about No-To-B.ıc, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up ncotunized nerves, e.iminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No To Bac is sold under guarantec to cure or nioncy refunded. Bonk free, Ad. Ste rling Remedy Co., 374 St. Paul strect, Morlical.

## Children's 才ullork.

Mis. Jas. Lediart, Supt., OwenS, und, Ont. to whim communications tor thas departaneni should be addrensent.

Special.
Dear Mission Bands and Juniors:
Aswearenow wellintothe $f$ urthquarter of our missionary year, I am beginning to feel anxious respecting our work Some of you are keeping on, bravely and faithfully, doing your best, while others have dropped out of the ranks, owing to the difficulties which they had to encounter. I wonder if it is impossible for every such band to make antother iff irt, and to do scmething, even now, fur our be'oved mission? Du you know, I can hardly persuade myself that the difficulties are insurmountable? It seems as though you could all do something during the next two months if you only thought so. The worst ot the winter is over now, the days are cetting longer, and surely there is some way of working so that you could send me a report and some money, if it is ever so little, by the end of May. The work is not all done by any means, and there is great need of more workers in stead of any less. Dear children and Leaders, those of you who have done nothing this year, will you not let the importance of our work and its needs touse ;ou, even now, to do what you c.an, and every dollar will count.

One of the very pleasant incidents of my visit into Wellington County was to meet the "Wurkers for the Master," Everton, and have a talk with them. Notwithstanding the abundance of snow, and a blizzard at the time of the meeling, there were about fifty present. I. is true that some of them wert children of a large growth, but I think I ams safe in saying that we all enjoyed meeting with each other, and ralking about the interests of our work. This band has the honor of being the Eanner Band this year.

I have much pleasure in welcoming a new band to our ranks, and feel sure that the following repurt will do us all good.
J. E. L

Dear Sister Lejiard :
Hamilton Mission Band-"The Su beams" held its fourti) meeting last night (Much 4ih). We have now a membership) of forty-seven, we began with thirty-three. We hold our meetings from-seven to eight the first and third Wednesday cvenings inthe month. Our officers are, Miss Tolton, Pres; Miss Harding, Vice Pres.; Lily Lightheart, Scc., and Gussie Culp, Treas. We have several good committees,-A Look Out, Literary, News and Musical. We have also a card collector-one of
our boys-who takes charge of cards: given to him fier Miss Rioch's sctioól in Japan. The present prospects are, that we will have a big b.ix full for you when we meet in Convention in June. We have taken up the siudy of $J$ pan the Geopraplyy one night, the social condition of the people another, and its histery, mostly religious hi.tory, last night. We have talented young ladies among $u$, who are succeeding in making it instructive and entertaining to us all. Our children, too, are prepared to supply a goodly part of the programnie themselves. Indeed, the only trolible has been so far, that we have not been able to give the whole 'programme within the allotted time.
Iwo weeks ago we paid our first money, the sum of one dollar and twenty five cents ( $\$ 1.25$ ) to Miss L. V. Rioch, Sec. of W. M. S. We intend holding an open meeting about Easter when you may expec: to hear from us again.

Our prayer is that we may be "Sunbeams," not in name only, but that each one may be a true Sunbeam. helping to orighten up the dark places hy kind words and deeds, always remembering our motto, "For Christ's Sake." Yours in the work,
A. Munro, Supt.


OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO, IE TEE VERY BEBC Plack in Canada to get a Thorough Business Educatioiz TARE A FOIND THIP and visit all othes and Commercial Departments in Canada, the visit the Northern Business College; examine everything thoroughly. If we fail to produce the must thorough, complete, practical and extensive course of stuay: the lest college premises and the best and most complete and most suitable furniture and appliances, we will give you a full course, FREE. For Annual dnnuuncement, giving full particulars, frees address
C. A. FLEMING,

Princioal.


ANDERSON'S Double Acting FORCE PUMPS
For Wells and Cisterns, Spraying Trees. hand POWER ORWino mill Hever Froezes ! Almays Primeal

Guaranteed casiest trorking, most duralie and hest pump made, of no salc. Will send a pump 10 any responsible person, on itiol. Catalugue sent free. Wo guarantet satisfaction. Address
J. W. ANDERSON,

Patentee, Aylmer West, Oois

## Disciple of Christ

## and canadian evangelist. <br> PUBLISIIED SEMI MONTIILY

${ }^{A T}$
NORTH BARTON HALL, hamllton, ont.
Terns, $\$$ r.oo fer anmurt in atyance.
Georger Munro, - Eifitor and Publisher.
All mather intended for pubicatiom. aif ex. changes, and a I husinew commumeations and changes, smis to lie sent to George Mlunro, North Iarion IIull, IIamilton, Ont.
Remitranies sent by pist office order or *egisered le ter will come at our rink.
ear No mper discontinued without express orders and payment of all arrearages. tai
In ordering change of address, ine sure to give the old port office as well as the new.

## HAMILTON, MAR. 16, 8896.

"Go....speak....ta the reople ALL the words
Take a look at the label on this copy of your paper. If it shows that you are in arrears please remit the amount due at once.

## The College.

When Paul wrote to Timothy, "And the things which thou hast heard from ine among many witnesses, the same commit thou to faithful men, who shall be able to teach others also," he gave the warrant for a college whoce aim should be to fit persons for the Gospel ministry. That verse contains more than an exhortation to preach the Gospet. It enjoins the stlection of "faithful men," with ability to teach. and the preparing of them for that important work. That theological colfeges have been largely in times past devoted to the maintenance of unscrip). tural dogmas, the upbuilding of sects, and the production of a class of preachers not qualifited to teach the Scriptures, is nn valid ohjection to the establishment of a school whese objects are in harmony with Paul's instructions to Timothy.
A reasonable inference from the words before us is that, if surh faithful men are not found and trained, the Lord's work will nof prosper. Before a person is qualified to go forth as a public pooclaimer of the truth, he need. to know more than the first principles of the Gospel. He should be " mighty -in the Scriptures." Fiuency of speech, the desire to do good, loyalty to the truth, are qnalities to be esteemed, but zeal without knowledge is alrays dangerous and especially in one who 2ssumes to teach. The necessity. therefore, of giving those who intend 10 go foith to preach and teach system. atic and thorough instruction in the Scriptuies is apparent, and the people
who fall to recognize and act upon this, sound and scriptural principle mu-t in the very nature of things go to the wall. The College in St. Thomas has been started wi h such an end in view and $i t$ is proposed to carry it on with no lower aim than the production of able ministers of the $\mathrm{N} w \mathrm{~T}$. stament.
It has bean held, not unnaturally; that we do not need a college in thi. rountry; that our young people cen find all the ne cessary facilities for ministerial training at one or another of our colleges in the States. There is no doubt but that there is room in any on of those colleges for all the Disciples that are likely to go to the States to cullege. And we are not am ng thost who would suggest that theie would $b^{\prime}$ inefficiency in the teachers, or deficiency in the course of instruction. But, nevertheless, taking our brethren in the States for example, we are led lo the conclusion that we should have a rol'ege of our own in this country: Their aim is, we might say to have a college in every State where possible. There are obvious reasons for this. Every such cullepe is a centre of influence for our plea; it altracts attention in us in a way that nothi $g$ else will ; it is an evangelistic force for al the region round about it. Witness what we read of in the notes in another column from "The Philomathian Socie $y$ " of the Collrge in St. Thomas, Thuse notes came to hand as we were writing this article. They gave us further testimnny as to the wisdom of founding a college. It is the testimons of facts, 1 ot of reaso ing, suppositron and inference. Brethren, we need a college in our own countiy that shall stand for the simple truth of thi Gospel, that shall appeal to the hopefo' zeal of our own young perple, a. a that shal be carried on in harmony with the national aspirations of the Canadian people. The fact is, brethren, whout intending it, we have been plasing into the hands of those whu have no faith in Cinnada's future. B. tooking to the United States for preach ers, papers, tracts, hooks, colleges, we have been "sitting upon" ourselves, branding ourselves as " nobod es," and leading the Dsc'ples in the States to look upon us with ill-concealed contempt. We have smiled inwardly, even though we have outwardly resented it, when brethren from the States, at our annual meetings, have treated us like babies, and very weak babies al that, who could hardly take milk, hut only a little sugar and water. But they were not to be blamed; they merely judged us by our own estimate of our selves.
It is scarcely necessary for us to re-
mark that nothing in the foregoing paragraph is intended to reflect upon the brethren from the States who are now preaching in this country. The e.litor was one of the first, and one of the most active. in urging that able men were needed for impontant points, and much censure he has received for heine so forward sometimes in pavine the way for the introduction of United States preachers, and so he can wite fre ely without fear of hurting the feetlags of the wnathy beehren from "the ther side " now with us. If these breth. ren should decide to heonme sulijects if Her Gracious Majesty Queen Vi.totio, and so free themselves irom the bondige of "the stars and stripes," we should not interpose any obj ctions, but rather welcome them to a position wherein they might erj y to the tull all the blessed influences that atterd a connection with the British peop'e.
In all seriousness let us say, preachers will come and go, will come here from the Statec, and go to the States from here, in greater or lesser numbers, college or no college; but, if the cause we plead is ever to be strong in Canada, it will, humanly speaking, be mainly through the effurts of Canadian preach. ers, men who, while they belive in preaching the Gospel to every creature, neveltheless see thit, as things have thenselves in this imperfect world, the interests of the Lord's woik require that the people of any given country should assume the chicf hurden of carrsing on that work. And so agon we reach the conclusion that we need and must have a cullege in this country.

But it is oljected hy some brethren that we are not yet able to support a c ollege. These brethren are not the Li ast among the Disciples in Ontariu, whether we regard their $z=a l$, intelli yence or liberality. We thonk they are wrong on this point, and they think wo are. And su we are even. It is not a question of church fellowship, nor one that should alienate brethren. Let those who believe in the college sup. port it, and those who do not believe in the college not oppose it. If the college deserves to live, it wi. live; it not, it will die. In the meal me, let us do all we can to further • a cause of our common lord in every way we conscientiously can. For our own part, we would say, not dogmatically, not as desiring contemptuously to trample under foot the brother who holds a contrary opinion that, in our humble judgment, if we do not start a college, we never will be able 10 support one. This may be extreme, but it is honest ; and we propose, "wi h charity towards all and malice towards none," to bold

10 and maintain this opinion, and to advocate the claims and the importance of the college, unless, of course we whall find reascns for altering our views.

As a closing word, we would siy that every friend of the college, whu has not already done so, should send, if possible, a contribution to its treasury as a ioken of sympthy, as a help towards the expenses of the present session, and as an earnest of continued and hearty support in the year to come.

## "Immersion the Act of Christian Baprism."

The above is the title of a book which is wothy of more than all ordinary b iok nulice. The author is Dr. J. T. Chilitian, an emineni Baptist minister. For a description of the book and its contents we refer the reader to the advertisement on another paxe. We recommend, for gencral distribuion, the edition in paper covers, price 35 cents.

We do not belong to that class of immersionists who believe that the baptismal que-tion will right itself by leaving it alone. Nor do:we approve of the tactics of those who may be f.irly industriots in propagatirg their views in private, but are careful to say as litle as possible abo't baptism in public. We believe in the old way, "publicly and from house to house." And we like to see all immer. soouists place a good hearty emphasis upon " publicly."
Peace with our Pre io-baptist friends and neighl) rs is disiable, but not when the pife of it is silence in regard to the truth. We have a very decided ddmiration for the man who loved the truth so much that he was willing to fight for it. And it is well to remind .urselves occasiunally that the Prince of Prace said, "I came not to send peace "n earth but a sword." Dr. Christian's bouk is well calculated to make trouble in a l'xjo-baptint community. It is such a complete treatment of the question, and is so thorough a vindication of the position that "Immersion is the Act of Christian Baptism," that it is difficult to see how any honest seeker after truth who would rend it could have any duubt on the subject. The method of the book is exhibited in the table of contents which appears in the advertusement. It is clear, con. densed, cuniulative, conclusive. It rices not leave pouring or sprinkling. to say nothing of the application of a damp hand to a child's forchead, a leg in stand upon. We most heartily second the opinion of President Mc. Diarmid that this book should be
circulated by the hundred thousand. President McDiarmid is a fir-l-class authority on the baptismal questio $n$, and when we have quoted hins we need no further endor ement for the readers of the Disciple. Every reader of this paper should procure a copy of "lamersion the Act of Christiann B.pplisn." master its contents and lend it to his neighbor.

## Omnibus.

It was A. T. P.ers.mn, late of Philadelphia, who was recently baptized by J. A. Spurgeon.

Those owing us on their subicrip. tions will confer a great favor by remutting to us very soon.

We are glad so note that the Tran sylvantan, of Kentucky Unversity, is on the up-grade. The "Washingt $n$ 's Birthday issue" is a superior paper. Everything seems to be prospercu, about the University.

- God does not employ the means of grace in any mechanical or magical way. He allows full scope for human freedom. The opportunity for loving heroic service involves the possibulity of disastrous failures.-Briggs.

The annual report of the Federal Life Assurance Company will be found on another page. It shov:s that this institution is in a prosperous and hopeful condition. The results altained doring the past year bear ample te-timony to the skill and prudence of the Board of Directors.

With reference to the suzgestion made in certain quarters that Dr. A. T. Pierson was baptized in order to qualify for the office of pastor of the Metropolitan Tabernacle, London, we bey to say that we do not b lieve any such thing. We have not the least doubt but that Dr. Pierson was baptized tw please the Lord and not to please men.

One of the m'st welcome visitors to our table is the Christian, of St. J.hn, N. B. Aim ing other things, we like " for that fr-e and sensible way in which it speaks of our brethren as the " Di , ciples of Christ." No small "d" nunsense there, as in the Christion Shandard. We are glad to see that the cause is moving on in the Maritine Piovinces
The editor of the Disciple, like all editors, feels compelied sometimes to decline to publish articles sent to him. This is usualy not pleasing to the writers of the articles. Sometumes they order the, paper stopped, and sometimes they try to induce others to do the
same. We would $j$ ist remark to our friends that before they turn against u under any such influence it would b well and fair to hear what we have to say in our uwn defence.

It gives us uncummon pleasure to abserve the progress made by the Canadian Afrasianc. Amung the pood things in the March No. is an artiol. by Bio. W. J. Lhamon, of Turonto, on - Human Stirpiculture." iv uld you like $t$, know what that means? $\mathrm{S} \cdot \mathrm{nd}$ ${ }^{2} 5$ cents to the Ontario Publishing C o. Toronto, for a copy of the Murch No. of our national monthls.

Among the great men and women of the winld who have heen wimes or rither opium or alculch were Culeridge. Thompson, Carew, Sheridan, Steele. Addison, Huffwan, Charlis lami Mme de Statl. Burne, Sivage, A fier de Musset, Preire Dupomt, Kırist, Caracci, Jean Steen, Murland. Turner (ierard de Nerval, Duscek, Handel Gluck, Praga, Rovani and the poet $S$ merville. These men won then uiches in fame's tenple, but who knowhow much more they mieht have dae for mankind had they chos 11 to lead better ordered lives?-Humillon Times.
"Who knows," indeed? And who knows how much more some of th. hrightest met. of our own countiy and time might do for mankind if they would but heed the lesson of the livis of those named ahove?

When the Scriptures Speak, etc. -The well known words of Thomas Campbell, "Where the Bible speaks, we speak, and where it is silent we are silent," have had censiderable in fluence in moulding the religious thought and practice of the people known as "Discipies of Christ." They are indeed but the amplification of Chilling worth "The Bible, and the Bible alone, is the religion of P.otestanis." If ou religion is based solely on the Bible, it fllows that we shall resp ct is silence no less than its speech. Tuat which the Word of God clearly teaches, we have no option but to teach. On the other hand, the silence of Scipture must have its due weight, and we have no sight to enfurce upon our brethren as a matter of faith and practice that ior which we have not a "Thus saith the Lord."-Australian Chrestian Pioncer.

## College Notes.

## contributions.

Miss M. Hogarth, St. Mays.... \$1 00
Y P S., S. Thomas.......... 1000
N. S. Listy, Rodn-y.

500
Ladies' Aid Sucirty. Rodney... Arch. McKillol, West Lune.. H. Byers, Hager.ville. 500 100

Here is what a brother writes: "I
have received the Cullege Annourice. ments you sent. I cungratulate you on their conten's and general appearance and I am pleased that the young institution already shows such signs of life and activity."

Read what the $E$ deavor Column nas to say about the College, and rente apicially al out Glencue. Who does nut favor the C Hige now?

The Young People's Societies have been asked 10 t. . ke up a collection for the College Fund on or ahoul Marcil 22 ND . It would be very gratitying to hear from each society. Thin Colltge enterprice should stir the hearts of the young Disciplec. It is a source of joy to aged hrethren and sisters. Enthus iasm is the word :o denote the appropriate ferling of the young people.

At the suggesinon of a brother, who we judge, wishes to present some book. to the Cullege Library, we state dis inctly here that all books fir the Library should be sent to T . L. Fuwler, Bux 1093, St. Thomas. Ont.

Once more let us remind our readers that, as the College session close Murch 31 st, the College Board is specially anxious to recelve contributuons toward the fuid very soon.
G. M.

## The Philomathian Society.

The Pbilomathan society of the Col lege met Monday evening in their class room. The programnie consisted of nusic and inapromptu speechec, which were intesesting and very instructive. Miss Nulan's reading of "Anchored," was much appre clated.

The students are conducting services every Sunday at Glencore, Erwin M. Stafford is anr.ounced f., M.r. h 15th The students will be plad to hold meetings at other places as opportinity offers.

We are glad to mote that our library is growing fast, and attracts attention from those who visit the school.
Mr. J. W. Cook, of St. Thomac, has loaned a set of Appleton's Encyclo paedia for an indefinite time. These will be found very useful.

Bro. J. H. Coultard, of Rodney, preached his first srrmon a few wetks ago. Bro. W. M. Logan, of Bowmanvil'e, had a sinilar experience the last Sunday in February. The effurss of

There is an everincreasing dcmand for the beautiful photos turned out from Morrov's whoto studio, 181 Liug St. E., Hámilton.

These students are well spaken of. Bio. Cuul and goes to Glencoe every two weeks.

During the meetings, in progress here, one of the students went fotward and obey d the gospl, and another who was not furmerly identified with us touk up nembership.

The Philomathian society will give a public performance at commencemetit on the evening of April and.
The prospects for :ludents next year are very encouraying.

C im.

## MISSIONARY INTELLIGENCER

organ of the foreion chribtian MIBSIONARY SOCIETY.

In lispenable to the Christian homes that Whulit be alive to our grealest missinnary il vement. Cisina, Ins ia, Jupan Depaitments, conduced bu nien and wumen nuw on the cepecise fielids.

## Only so rents a Year. Club of Ten, \$4.00.

Old subscribers in Ontario asked to renew. New subseribers solicie! !.
By arrangement with W. J. Lhamon, for
 go to the Cecil St. Church Bullang, Fund.
J. L. LEARY,

396 Mauning Ave., Toronto.


ADAYSURE, sEND WII ,how gulluress and we Wil Shov sua hav to makopa
day uhsulunely Rure;we furmish thin hurk audicacliy you freetigous
in tho localles where you ilve
 we nurante a clilur ins bushmess sulty; remember
 MENEELY BELL COMPANT

Clinton H. Menfely, Genetal Manager.
TROY, N. Y., and NEW YORKCITY, Mhưheture sibrion church bells

The Sun Savings and Loan Co. HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
A SYSTEMATIC means of aecumulating small A savings. with addrion of profits on buniness. Write


> CHURCH
whto to CIncinnati Bell Foundey concincinnati, $a^{\prime}$


## D. L. SINCLAIR,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Public, Etc.
Ofrices-Canada Life Building, 46 King Stroce Wesz, Tomonio. Telephone a39t.

IN ordering gnods or in making inquiuics concerring anything adverticed in this paper, you will oblige the publisher as well as the advertiser by stating that you saw the adverlirement in The Dicciple.
 For MERYOUS DYSP EPSIA


## (:ihurch lolews.

tems of (hurch New, should be parted and breef. What can be clearis writell on a polt cird will be wa.lly ample. 'Iit elloure prumptincertun sil hande at leart five ( $s$ ) dass betore the daie of uub. lus.livo.

Gustiph, March 9 th.-Thereen adduions to the memberstip here b) letter and otherwise at regular service: since I began my wook here.
J. B. Yager.

Fortage la Prathie, March 2nd.We had une baptism here last Wednes. day evening, and two confersions last night.

John Munro.
St. Thonas, March gth.-The fifi.h week of our meeting begins with unabated interst. Houre is sull overflowing. Furty-three bipisms to date. Foreign Mission collection $\$ 17279$. W. D. Cunnhigham.

Winger, March roth, 1896. -We are pleased to report that we have Bru R. Burriss, of Bowwanville, with us for a few weeks. The people here, with out exception, are pleased with his preaching, as he sets forth the primitive Gospet in its purty and sumplicity Bro. Burriss is an ahle speaker, and much good seed is being sown. The good done by these meeti gs can hardly be estinnated. House filled and the best of attention given. No additons jet.

> Ella C. Swayze.

Collingwood, Feb. 29, 1896.—One baptism last night.

## Married.

MiPder-Rodgers.-At the Parson. age, Grand Valley, by A. H. Finch, on February roth, 1896 , Charles Miller, of Fevershan. C, Grey, Outari), io Fanny Rodgers, of Monticello, Dufferin Co., Ontario.

Whitfieln-Mackie.-On the 3rd March, in Owen Sound, by C. J Lister, Arthur Whitficld and Janet Mackic, buth of St. Vincent. Endless, like the wedding ring, may their love, usefulness and happiness be. Com.
Dr. J. C. Mulhall, of St. Louis, in the British Medical Journal, speaks stiongly of the danger to the young from cig-arette-sinoking, because to their unstable nervous system, the nicotine is a subtle and sometimes a deadly poison. Does your boy smoke cigarettes? Have you pointed out to your boy the evil effects of the cigarette babit? If not, why not?

If you huven't had your Photos taken at Morrow's photo stadio, do so. The photos are bieautiful. Horrow, 181 Ming E., Hamilton.

## Ieriterary IPotes.

To l'ullisilteks.-All bi uks, tra.ts, pain phlets mage zines, etc., intended for nontice on ecrew in this dip rement mist be andiresced
 Norih Buthen Itall, Itamil on. Ont.

## New Sacred Music.

We have receivel the following piec 's of sacred Music from J. Fischer \& Bro., 7 Bible Houre, New York.
i. Abake my soul. rojoypul i.ays. Duet for S-prano and Alto. By J. Wiegand. Price, 50 cen s .
2. Ahieluta. Eacter Anthem for four voices. By 1. Wing ulld. Price 15 cents.
3. Cimist ahove ala.giogzy seated. Fur four varces. By Fr. Verdusern. Prace 15 centEach of these pieces is a comp sition of eare neerit of devutional and dignifi d, as well as persing character, with beautiful accompani. ments.
We anticipate for them a considerable de. nand in church choirs for the cuming Easter service and other celebrations.
A nell and decingmly attractive song. " I'LL TELL I'Al'A ON YOU," is the ti te of a new and must delightrul song;' enmposed by Frei. L ine, and rublishe $i$ hy J. Fischer \& is o., No. 7 Bible House, New Yurk. Pice 40 cenis.
It is written in a sweet, flowing and graceful style, with a pleaving and effective accompaniment. We predict for it a merited success.

Littelli's living, age has a special cha m of its own. "Mide up of every creature's hest," its contents are
"Variouc, that the mind
Of desultory man, studinus of change. And pleased with novelty, may be indulged "
Questions of gravest pesent mone it from the pens of the ablest known writers, recent discoveries in the realm; of science, att and exploration; fiction, p.etry, biugraphi al ske ches and contributions trom the field of general literalure, fill its poges.
Th: Fibruary numbers well attest the versatility and value of thi ; ma!!azine. Taking almust at ranciom, an article or two frum exch werkly issue we find, "Five weeks with the Cuban Insurgenis," by H n. H. H ward; "The Venezuela and British Guiana Bound. ary," by liugh Robert M II; "The Advantage of Fiction," by M. G. Tultiet; "The Sultan and his Priests," by Richard Davey; "The Rule of the Liywoman," by Mri. Stephen Biston; "Some Seventeenih. Cenuy Matrons and their Hourekeeping," by Marvaret M. Verney; "American Dislike of Enyland," Isom the Spectintor: "The Reipn of the Qieen," from the Edinhurgh Revicav; "The Wild Wa-a Head-hununy Race," by J. George Scott, C. I. E.; "The Seizure of a Turkish Flag.h'p,'by Dimetrei, Bikelas; "The New Photugraphic Discovery," by Silvanus P. Thompson; "How to Read," by Arnold Haultain, and "Germany Uuder the Empire," by A. Eubule Evans.
But these only make a dozen or so of the forty-four pap.rs, including fiction, which ap. pear in this one month's issue.
pear in this one month's issuc: fron $\$ 8.00$ to $\$ 6.00$ a year hrings this magazine within th". icach of a much larger circle of reader. It is published, weekly, by Llttel.L \& Co., Boston.

> INDIGESTION CONOUERED RYK.D.C. TT REATOHES THE STOMACH NES WH. LE BYSTEM.
TO WEALTHYACTION AND TGNE W

IMIIERSION


BY JOHN T. CHRISTIAN, D.D.

12th THOUSAND
卫RIC玉:
Niorocco, \$r. 50.
Cloth, \$1.00.
Paper, 35c.

It is printed upon calendered paper, handsomely bound, and contains $25^{6}$ pages, It has niet with a remarkable reception in all parts of the Uuited States, Canada and Europe.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Chapter 1.-The law of baptism and the Chapter 16.-_"The Teaching of the Twelve
principlas uf interprecation.
Chapter 2.-What the Lexicons say.
Chapter 3.-Wnat the classical w :!ers say.
Chapter 4.-lloes baptism necessarily mean to drown?
Chapter 5.-What the Septuagint, or the Gireck Od Testament says.
Chapter 6.-The bap!:sm of John.
Chapter 7. - The baptism of Jesus.
Chaptri 8.-Tne baplism mentioned in Malk vil 1-4.
Chapter 9. - The baptism of the three thous. and.
Chap er 10. -The baptism of the Ethiopian cunuch.
Chapter 11.-Paul's baptism.
Chapter 12. -The baptism of the jailer.
Chapter 13.-Theargument from R., mans vi.4.
Chapuer 14. - What the Greek fathers say.
Chapter 15.-What the Latin fathers say.
Aposites."
Chapter 17.-Tiae argument from history in' favor ot imenersion.
Chapter 18. - Sprinkling, 2 heathen custom.
Chapter 19 -The baptism of the sck.
Chapter 20. - The history of sprinkling.
Chaprer 2r.-What the Roman Catholic Councils say.
Chapter 22.-The testimony of Liturgies and Ritual.
Chapter 23.-What the poets say.
Chapter 24.-What the Greek Church says.
Chapter 25.-What the Catholic Church sayi: Chapter 26. - Wnat the Episcopal Church says.
Chapter 27.-What the Presbyterian Church says.
Ch- $\because$ :er 28. -What the Methodist Churek 2ajs.
Chapter 29. - What the Syriac says.

## TESTIMONIALS:

Rev. Joserb Angus, Ll D., President Kegent's Pakk Cullege, London, England, gents
says
" Its thorouphness and clearness, force and -pinis', are all admirable."
Rev. Al.exander Maclaren, D.D., Man-
shester, E. gland, says:
"Its fulness and comprehensiveness leaves nothing to be desired."
Rev. Johs A. B. Jadus, D.D., LL. D., Preident of the Southern Baptist Theoplegical Seminary, says:
"ligical Seminary, says: cholar:."
ccholar:."
Rev. Alvar Hovey, D.D., President New.
ion Theulogical Institu ion, says:
"It is a valuable and convincing work."
If. McDiarmid, President Bethany College, says:
"It saught to be sold by the one-hundred thousand."
Pres. J. W. McGarvey, Bible College, Lexington, Ky., says:
" A very valuable woik.
Rev. B. Manlus. Piofesior in Soulibera Bap.
ust Theulopical Scminary, Eays:
"It goes straghe to the heart of the matter."
B. B. TyLer, New Yoik, says:
"It leaves nothing to be said."
Rev. Gro. A. Lorten, D.D., Nashville; Tenn., says:
"No bouk will be more valuable for dist tritution, and none will ever be read with more avidity on the sulject, by the masiesi on accuunt of brevity, luciuness and freshness."
Rev. F. M. Ellis, D.D., Baltimore, Md.,
"It will confirm the faith of those who have. thus put on Christ."
Rev. W. A. Clark, D.D., Editor Arkansáó "Baptist, says :
"I ain cnarmed with the book."
The Gem, the organ of the Church of God, " says:
"The newest and the freshest."
The Christian Slandard says:
" Most satisfactory ard complete."
The Baptist N'ccord says :
"It is the most wonderfully pleasing combination in the form of a hook that we have Uination in
ever read."

## Sent post-paid on receipt of price by

GEO. MIUNRR, NORTH BARTON HALL.

IIamiliton, Ont:

## IXIoman＇s XXIork．

Thik Wi man＇s Mishionary Socirty，－．．P esident， Mr．S．M．Mrown．Wisrioll：Cortesponding Sere－


This do pariment is conducted by a committee，com poned or Mrx．A．E．Triut，Owen Sound；Mins 8 ． Miphant， 65 King suret，Lonuon；all
Muro，Norh Uation Hall．Hanilion．

All contributiona for the Woman＇s Miscionary Society are to be xent so Misa I．V．Rioch，Cur．Sec．， 22 Maia Ss．，IIamilion，Ont

## A Prospective Deficit．

To rhe Auxiliakies：
Dear Sisters：－For the first time in our history，there is very great danger that we close the present year with a deficit．

For some reason，many of the auxil－ iaries have not contributed as usual in fact，the greater number have not contributed at all．This onght not su to be．The work cannot be carried on if the funds are not available．Surely èvery auxiliary can do something．
For $\therefore:=$ foretgn work，we have not raist יffficient during the nine months since uur convention to pay one month＇s salary．We have no reserve fund．

Shall we be compelled to acknow． ledge that we have undertaken too much and ingloriously withdraw？ Surely not．I am certain that the work can be sustained，both at home and abroad，if each one of us does her duty．

We we uld urge those who，though not connected with our auxiliaries，have in former years done so much for the succes－ful carrying on of the work，not to withhuld their gifts at this time when there is so much need．

We would make a special plea to the Young People＇s Sucieties．At our last convention，they were asked to raise \＄100 for the Japan work，and，while $n$ ． promise was made，still a number looked favorably upon the request． We earnestly trust that the societies will be heard from．A small sum from each would make the whule amount asked．

Our work，so far，has been blessed in many ways，and we feel that we have much to be thal kful for．

Should we not have faith enough in our Father and in one another to go on doinf，what we may for the extension of His Kingdom ？

## L．V．RIOCH，Secretary．

Auxiliary Programme for Apri！．
Topic－Work，and how to do it．
1．Hymn，＂Work，for the night is coming．＂

2．Scripture reading：Colossians iii．
3．Prayer．
4．Reading of minutes，reports and other business．

5．＂Have you worked for the Mas． ter？＂etc．

6．Piayer．
7．Discussion of topic．
8．Rull call and collection，with Scriptural responses．
9．Benediction．
I think we can spend a very profit－ able hour in our Auxiliary meeting in talking about hove to do our work． The chapter firming a basis forour sub－ ject is full of good things．It cont．in－ many irjunctions to Christians；but at the r 7 h verse we find this statement， ＂Whatsotver ye do in word or deed， du all in the name of the Lord Jesus， giving thanks to God the Fathe through Him．＂ 1 wonder how clusely we observe this，doing all in Jesus＇ name．Just think of it－＂word or teed．＂How are we doing this part ol our work that asks us to speak in Jesus＇ name？Let our minds go bark ovet the last week or month．How often have we spoken in Jesus＇name and for His glory？Not nearly as often，I am sure，as we ought to do，nor as we would do if we but realized the import． ance of ibis part of our work．And then our deeds！We are doing deed： every day．Are they done in the name of Jesus？If they are，we may be sure they wiil have God＇s blessing．

Again，at verse 23．we have，＂What－ soever you do，wotk heartily as unto the Lord，and not unto men．＂（R V．）．Is all our work done heartily （．，r as the margin of the it vised versi $n$ reads＂frum the soul＂）？Are we work－ ing for God＇s blessing and approval，or for men＇s praise？

Dear sisters，let us give this subject ．ur careful prayerful attention．Ask our－ selves for what are we working．Is it for the praise of men，or fur our own glory，or 10 gain sumething for our． selves，or are we leaving self behind ind working heartily for the Lord that His kingdonn may brextended and His name magnified？Can we say as P．ul did，＂The love of Christ constraineth us＂？It we can．we may be quite sure our work will be blessed by Gud． ＂Whatever you do，do it heartily as to the Lord，and not unto men．＂

K．D．T．
From the Treasurer．
St．Thomas，March gth，1896．－The following sums have been received this month ：
Church at West Lake．．．．．．．．\＄200
．．．． 610
Auxiliary at Hamilton ．．．．．．． 410
Foreipn Misstons．
Children＇s Mission Eand at
Hamilton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25
Donald Munro．
100
Eotal．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 1445$
Mrs．J．Canipbell，Treasurer．

## Taken in Time

Hood＇s Sarsaparilla has achieved great success in warding off sickness，which， if allowed to progress，would have un－ dermined the whole sjsern and given disease a strong foothold 10 cause much suffering and even threaten death．Houd＇s S．rssiparilla has done all this and even more．It has been taken in thousands rif casts which were thought to be incurable，and after a fair trial has effected wonderful cures， bringing health，strength and $j y$ to the ifflicted．Another important point about Hood＇s Sarsaparilla is that it： cures are permanent，because they start from the solid foundation of puri fied，vitulized and enriched blood．Bu it is not what we say，but what Houd＇s Sarsapatilla does，that tell＇s the story．

＂The Shadows of Good and Faithful Men，＂viz：

## JAMES BLACK，

 DUGALD SINCLAIR， JAMES KILGOUR， EDMUND SHEPPARD， ALEXANDER ANDERSON， C．J．LISTER．
## 耳卫耳卫I

to every paid up sub－criter to the Disciple who bas not already received a copy．To all others，for the numinal price of

IENT CENTRE．
NOW IN ITS ELEVENTH YEAR． THE WEEK－

A Joumal lor men and women－
Is published every Fitiday at 5 Jordan Street，Turonto，by the Week Publishing Company．Subscription，$\$ 3$ per annum．

## THE WEEK－

Is indispenuable to all Canadians whe wish to keep informedi on current political and literary affars．Its contributurs anid eorrespondents sepresent all parts of the Duminion．
One of the ablest papers on the continent．！
tllustrated Amierica


The College of the Disciples．
ST．THOMAS，ONT．
T．L．FOWLER，
Principal．
Bession begins
Octobarlst．
Becond Termbegins January 7th． Bession ends $\qquad$ March 3lst

No place afforls hette，facilitics for the pretiaration of joung men fer the work of the

Currespondence Course in Bibie Study．
We have，in connictinn with our School pened a Correspunder ce Course in the study if the lible fur Sunday．－chool and Endeavor workers，and alsi f．u gung men who wish to qualify for the mirion．

T．L．FOIVIER，
How to9？${ }^{\text {Cl }}$ ．Thnmis，Ont．

## Your Face



WIII be wroathed with a most angatine smile，after you Invest in a
Mibfoperiug Hedina
equipped with ita new
PINCH TERSION，
TEMSION INDICATOR
AUTOMATIC TENSION RELEASER，
The most complete and useful devices eve： added to any sewing machine．

The WHIITE is
Durably and Handsomely Bullt， Of Fire Finish and Perfect Adjustment， Sews ALL Sewable Articies，
And will serve and please you up to the full limit oi your expectations．

Active Dealers Wanted in unoccu－ pied territory．Liberal terms．Address，

## WHITE SENIN MACHINE CO

 CLEVELAND，O．Fuk sile by
F．BOWMAN \＆CO
Ingersol．Ona．
and 223 King St．East．Hamiltin．

## the canadian magazine

 \＆R．50 per annum．This Magazine should be read by every Patriotic Canadian，and should find a place in homes where pure literature is appreciated．What the press says ：
＂Worthy he hearto support of all sections of the Duminion．＂－The Clohe，Toronto．
Bripht and intertsting．the aricles are remakahle for their taste and literary finish．${ }^{4}$ －Catholic Recond，Londion．
＂Allacive in appearance，excellent in typography and，abxive all，worthy and inter－ esting in matier．＂－The Mail，Toronlo．
estig in matre publishris by rhe
ONTARIO PUBLISHING CO ${ }_{11}$ LTD Toronto

## Foreign 4 reissions.

Eend all contrbutions for foreinn Miscions to A. lelecan, llon 750. Cisinnati. O.

## A Circuit of the Globe

## a. milean.

- Vc. .: M - Missimury Methois in Japan.
lhe work of a missionary is clearly defined. He is to make disciples and :each them to observe all things tha Christ commanded. This task is not so simple and so easy of accomplish. ment as many suppose. The people are not standing on the shore waiting for the evangelist, and eager to hear and obey his message. They are not hunger. ing and thersting after rightcousness. Our l.ord said, "No man having drunk old wine desireth new; for he saith, The old is good." Myriads are satis. ned with what they have, and do not wish any change. In other minds there is an inveterate prejudice against a foreign faith. To secure a favorable hearing for the message requires wisdom, tact, patience and love. The work of a misstonary is a many-sided work, and it needs a many-sided soul 1 wish to give an account of some of the methods in Jspan.

1. Preathens the Gospel-A mis. sionary is to go and preach. It is God's ;ood pleasure through the foolishness of preaching to save them tha believe. thur l.ord was a preacher. He went asout all bahlec and Iudea teaching :n their synagogues and preaching the sospel of the kingdom. His apostles were prearhers. They filled the empire with their ductrinc. There is no sub. stitute for the living voice of the living :nan. The presence of all evangelist eimallenges attention and calls out m--fuiries. At once the people beceme curiuus as to his appearance and buines: and motives. It is for him to take .dvantage of this natural curiosity and , upply the information desired. A missionary is not long on the ground before he begins to preach. Hebegins with an merpreter. is soon as he is ait!e he begins to sprak without this and. 1)r. Meill began with two sentences: " (iod loves you: I love you." The work may be begun in his own hired house, or in a hotel, or on the street, or in a chavel, or in a temple. Wherever people are found who wish to learn something about the faith of Christ, he is ready to speak. Paul made scveral long missionary tours. He said that from Jerusalem and round about, even unto Illyricum, I have fully preached the gospel of Christ. The world was his parish. His example is followed tc-day in Japan. S'o mis.
sionary remains in one spot like on ojster. His labors are not confined $t$. one neighborhoor. Confucius sai. - A philosopher need not go abread to proclaim his doctrine: if he has the ruth, the people will c me to him." A missionary must go out on preachinf tours. He may be gone a month or two at a time. It is not dfficult to get a hearing. By announring that he is zoing to speak in sume temple or in the theatre, he can call from five hundred to a thousand prople toge her. The udience is in no hurry to so home. He can preach for an hour, or fur fiv. hours, as he prefers. In this w.ty he advertises Christianity. Many will call upon him at his hotel to hear more. They will come before he is awake in the morning, and they will remain till long after he ought to be asleep. S me mav be drawn by the idest curiosity. They may be like the A henians, eager to hear some new thing. Some may come to oppose. A few may come to inquire what they must do in order to he saved. In any event, he has a chance to apply the truth to the ha- . and the conscience, and to make cle what in his addeess was not undr -cuud. An audience at hoine has a thousand years of Christian history behind it. The hearers understood allusions to Biblical history: geography and social customs. Not so here in Japan. One man mpured of a speaker if jolin the Baptist was a place or a person. Such misconceptionsare not uncoimmon. On these tours the evangelist is breught face to face with multitudes who otherwise would never care to enquire concerning Cluristianity. He has thus unrivalled ofpיrrtunities of disarming prejudice, of exp aining difficulties, and of publishing far and wide the message of salvation.
2. The Studay sihools and Wonten's

Jfeetings. - The children are gathere? on Sunday in the chapels or in the buildings used by the charity schools. Some of the woikers have two, and others three schools a week. The exercises are conducted as at home. The same lessons are studied and the same songs sung. The results cannot fail to do good. On the seats are small children with babies strapped to lheir backs. The parents are busy and carnot come; the children are glad to attend. Once a week each of the ladies of the mission has a mecting for women. This mecting is held either in their homes or in the chapels. In the wo that I attended the women were studjing the Life of Christ. Songs were sung, prayers were offered, the Scriptures were read and explained. There is more need of such meetings here
than in America. The reason is this The women do not use the same language as the men. A woman m.ry go to church and hear the sermon and understand very little of it. If the preacher wishes to display his learning and uses Chinese words freely, the women will not be edified. In the meetings for women the leaders use Japanese words and phrases and their explanations are clear to all.

Charty Schools.-In Japan there are pubis.ic schools in all parts of the Empire. The intention of the government, as stated in an imperial edict, is that education shall be so dffused that there may not be a village with an isnorant family, nor a family with an innorant member. But the schools in Japan are not frec. It is true that the tuition fee is small, but a fee of fifteen or twenty cents a month is more than many families can pay. Hence the need of charity schools. In these no fees are charged, as a rule. Sometimes a small fee is charged: this is done only when the families are able to pay it. In these the course is substantially the same as in the Government schools The difference is that the Bible and Christian songs are taught. By this means distrust and dislike are broken down, and hearts and homes are opened to the gospel. For centuries the people of Japan were taught that fureigners were no better than the beast of the field. It was said that missionaries were sent out to teach the people to disobey the laws. This care for the children of the poor attracts attention. Persons that engage in such a work, with no promise or prospect of teward, cannot be so very bad at heart. The strongest evidence our loord could give that he was the Mrssian was this: "To the poor the gospel is prearhed." This evidence is as cogent and convincing now as it was then. Acquantance with the teachers dispels many foolish notions about them. They are seen to be possessed of ability, culture, refinement ; they are kind and gentle and patient. It is impossible to hate and despise such workers. By their consistent lives and unselfish conduct they commend the gospel to all who know them. The good seed is sown in the hearts of the pupils. Bishop Hughes satd: "Give me the children till they are cight years of age, and 1 don't care who has them after that." Some of the children are won to the faith. All are more favorably disposed towards Christianity and Christian people than otherwise they naturatly rould be. Whole communitics have been changed by a charity school. The pupils were brought into a new
at mosphere. The boys were taught to -erve therr country and to grow up into yood men. They were prepared to be heads of households The girls were better daughters, wives and mothers because of the instruction and inspira. tion received. These schools build up the nati $n$; they contribute to the ad. vancement of the Lord's work in :his land. Ore boy taught by ore of out workers sends his mother to the meeting for women. He keeps the baby in her absence. O ice his mother was going to a temple to pray that her sore eyes might be healed. The lesion that das was, "Thou shalt worship the Lord thy Gid, and Him only shalt thou serve." He urged her not to go. She did not. Afterwards she wanted to unite with the church, but her husband opposed.

## Ninety Per Cent

Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparill2 at this season to prevent that run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The. money invested in half a dozen bottles. of Hood's Sarsaparilla will com= back. with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

Hood's Pill's are easy to buy, easỵ to take, easy to operate. Cure all hiver ills. $=5 \mathrm{c}$.

## BOOKS!

eyE are not in the Book Business, but so many write to us about books that we have decided to make the following proposition:
We shall send any book published by the Disciples in the United States-Hymn Books cxcepted - post paid and duty paid upon receipt of the publishers' price.

## All orders sent to

GEORGE MUNRO,
North Barton Hall, Hamilton, Ont.
will be filled as quickly as possible.
A good book to begin with this winter is McGarvey's Ser-mons-price, $\$ 1.50$. A brother who has recently procured a copy, says, he gets fresh light from every sermon he reads

## Life on a Farm.

one (f hardship and constant bxposure.

Frequently the Most Rugged Constitutions are Broken Down-A Prominent Farmer Tells of the Wonderful Recuperative Powers of a Famous Medicine.
From the Assinaboian, Saltcoats, N.W.T. Everyone around Yorkton knows Mr. Dan Garry, and what a pusting active, business farmer he kas untul lid grippe took hold of him, and when that entay left him, how listess and unfitted for hard toil he bec.me. For months he suffered from the banefu after effects of the trouble, and al hough he still endeavored to toke his share of the faim work, he found that it wa, very trying; he had bicome greally weakened, had lost both appette and ambution, and was tired with the least exertion. He uied several remedies without deriving any benefit, and as one after the other had failed, he determined to give Dr. Wiltams' Pink


Pills a trial. He felt so utterly worn out that several boxes of the pills were taken before he found any benefit, but with the first signs of improvement he took fre-h courage, and continued taking the pills for thre months, by the and of which time he was again an active, hustling man, feeling better that. he had for years. Mr. Garry tells his own story in the folluwing letter to the Assiniboian :
"Dear Sir,-After a severe attack of la grippe I was unable to recover my former strength and acivity. I had no ambition for ether work or pleasure, and, to use a popular phrase, idid nut care whether school kept or not.' I

- tried various medicines without deriving any benefit from them. Without much hope I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and was agrecably pleased to find. after a fers boxes, a decided change for the better. My ap petite which had failed me, returned, and I began to look for my meals half an hour before time, and I was able to get around with my old time vim. I contiiucd the use of the Pink Pills tor three months, and find myself now better than ever. You may therefore de-
pend upon it that from this out I will be found among the thousands ot other enthusiantic admirers of Dr Willians' wonderful health restorin: medicine.
"Yours gratefully,

> "Dan Garry"

Dr. Willians' Pirk Pilis stuke at theroot of the disease, driving it from the ystem and restoring the parient tu health and strergth. In cases of paralysic, spinal rroubles, locomotor ataxia. ciatico, rheumati-m, erysipelas, scrof ulous troubles, etc., these pills are su pertor to all other treament They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women : rurden, and speedily restore the nich glow of health to pale and s.llow cheeks Men broken dawn by overwork worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a critain cure.
Suld by all dealers or sert by mai, poot pard, at 50 cents a box, or six berxes for $\$ 2.50$, by addressing the Dr. Willams' Meduine Comp.any, Brackville, Ont. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

## A Chance to Make Money.

In the past three months I have cleared $\$ 669.75$ selling Dish Washers. I did most of the mork, my brother helped some. I expect to do better next month, as every Dish Washer sold adverises itself, and sells several more. I don't have to leave the house. People hear about the Dish Washers and send for them-they are so cheap. Any lady or gentleman can make monty in this business, as every family wants a Dish Washer. Any of our readers who have energy enough to apply for an agency can easily make from S8 to Sto per day. You can get full piriculars by addressing the Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo. T.y is and publish your succe ss for the benefit of oiheis.
C. A. L.
 THE TWIN BAR SELLSFOR ALL GROCERS


THE PERFECT TEA MOMSOOM

FROM THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP IN ITE NATIVE PURITY.
of the Teansoon" Tea is packal under the supervision of the Tea growers, and is adrertised and nold by them
as 2 sample of tho best qualitics of Indian and C $y$ lon Teas. For that reason they ace that none but the very fresh leaves go into Monsoon packages
That is why "hlonsoon." the perfect Tex, can be oid ar the same price as inferiur tea
It is put up in sealod caddics of 33 lb , I lb . and libs and sold in three liavours at 400 . soc, and $60 c$. o STERL. HAYTE12 \& CO.s 26 and 23 Front $t_{0}$. Fast. Toronto.

## WAUGH'S

MEN'S FURNISHING
AND
HAT STORE.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. hamilton.

EHAMMITION'S

## Leading Drug Store

EBTABLISHED OVER 50 YEARS.
VISITORS 10 Hamilton will find us headquarter paint and Vare and Puec Drucx. Painls, Varniches. Silver Bronex. Gold Lear. Gold Paint, Ariste Alaterials-inclurling Oil, Water and China Colorand Hrushes, Placques, Panels, etc.
A. HAMILTON \& CO.,

Cor. King and James Sts.
Hamitron, O:r.

## Coal, <br> Wood, <br> R. N. WHEFEER, <br> $=362=$

Flour,
Feed.
cannon st. east,
Cor. Tisdale.

$$
i_{i c}
$$

## It doesn't make any difercrect to us <br> THE SIZE OF THE MAN

## THE SIZE OF HIS PURSE:

From our extensive stock we can size up the man in short order and 212 less diain on his parse than at most clothing stores.

OAK hall,
10 James St. N. HAMILTON. W. Farrar, Manager.

## Miss A. E. Jones,

TYPEWRITER COPYIST.
Legal Documents, Auth ors' Manascripts, Architects' Specifications, Correspondence, ctc.
Tymentiter sapplien for saic.
17 MAIN ST. EAST, HAMILTON.
Accuracy Guaranteed. Telophono 1213

## Church 円irectory.

Any congrega iun of Disciples of Chaisa hat has in its member-hip ten (o) vaid-up uth crilers to the Discinles of Chisist, may ane fier, upmo application, a church notice, afier the mulel of those below.

## ONTARIO.

Hasintos:-Church, corner of Catheagt and Wilson Stre ets.

Lurd's Day Services.
Public worhhip. 11 a. m. and 7 P. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E.
at 8:15 p. m.
Prajer-meeting, Wednesday crening at 3. Strangers and visiors to the city are always welcome.
Geo. Munkn, Minister.
Toronro.-Cecil Sitrect (near Spadina Ave.,
W. J. Lhamon, 435 Euclid Ave., Minister. Services:
Sunday. 11 a.m., 7 p. m.; Sunday School, 3 p. mi.; Junior Endeavor, 4.15 p. m.; Senior Endeavor, $8.15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Wednesday, Prayer-meeting, S p. m.
Fiday; Teachers' Meeting, Sp. m.
All are cordially invited to hese services.
St. Thomas-Church, corner of Lailway and Elizabeih strects.

Lord's Day Servicer.
Pulalic worship, 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Mission Sunday-schoul, 9.30 a. m., Junior E. So. Cirt); $10.20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Sundar-school, 3 p. m. Wednusilay evening Prayer-mecting, 8 p.m. C. E. S.ciets, Friday, S'p. m. Strangers welcome to all seiv ces.
W. D. Cunningham, Pastor. Resudence, 43 Muchell Ṣ!.
London.-Elizabeth Street Church.
Sunday Sercites:
10a. m., Prayer Mecung. 112. m., Preach. ing Serv ce. 2:30 r.m., Sunday-school. p. m., Preaching Service.

Monday, 8 p. m.. C. l:. Prayer Meeling. Tueday, $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, Tachers' Mecting. Thurs: day, 8 p. m., Praycr Meeting. Saturday, 2:30 p. m., Mission 13and.
Seats Frec. All Welcome.
Geo. Fowler, Pastor, Residence, 376 Lyile St.
Guelph-Bridge Street Church.
Serjuices:
Sunday, 11 a.m. 7 p.m. Sunday-school, 2.55 ; Junior Endeavor, 4 p.m.; Sen. Endeavor, 8 p.m.
Prayer-mecting, Wednesday, 8 p.m.
Auxiliary, once each month.
J. B. Yenger, Minister.

Residence, Queen St., near Palmer St.

## THEY ALL READ IT.

Thoughtfully and at Leisure.
While eajoying the evening at home they turn and scan the eight pages of

## THE TIMES, <br> HAMILTON.

Is your advertisement on one of these pages?
OEXRESTMANT UNTON A TRACT
By James Rediard.
16 pares; price, 5 cents.
10 copies to one address, 25 cents. 100 copies - - $\$ 2.00$ Sead Orders to the Author, Owea

THIS IS FUR YOU CLOTHE YOUR FAMILY
wom head to font "ith our

## MONEY MAKER KNITTINC MACHINE

Old and Kchahic. Emabhallet 1872. e. You can make money while others (TREELMAN BROS., manciracturell., GEORGETOWN, ONT.


## McGARVEY'S

## SERMONS,

BY J. W. MCGARVEY,
Profesmor ol Sacred history, College of the Bible, Lexington, Kr.
 riew to the preparation of this volume.
Strong! Interesting! Instructive! Attractive !
It contains tho result of Prof. NcGarrey's long years of Biblical Study.
Nobnok has ever been issoed from the Christian press of more intercet aud importance. Nomomber of the Chursh call afford to te without it. It contains iventy-1our Scrabais
 Sent posi prid and duty paid on reneipt of price, by GEO. MOINRO, North Barton Hall. Hamilton. Ont


FINE-ART [1Printíng
This is the worl to express the Clicar and licautiful Fine-dri Pinting of the

## BLICKENSDERFER

## TYPE-WRITER

xhich pints without Ribimon, and shon saves its oun cost in Ribbons alone.

YINRELE WIRITEXE alone is witit the moncy-
Pakensbeitan-Wcinhu, nniy 6 llk.
CAPAAITY It will do all the $\$: 25$ Kiblon Machines will do, and do it better.

CREELMAN BROS., GEORGETOWN, ONT.


## Christian Sunday= School Publications.

TEE PRIMARY QUARTERLY.
A liesson Magazino for tho Jompireit Classos. It contalus J.eston Sturled, 1.usson Qubutons, Lesson Thoughts and lossoll incturos, and novor falls to siterost the litilo ones.
TELEALS-SInglo cops, per quartor, 5 cents: fro coplos or more to one address, 2 conts per quartor

THE YOUTH'S QUARTERLY.
A Lesson Magazine for tho Juntor Classos. The Scrlptaro Text is printed in full, hut an Interosting Lesson Stury akes tho placo of the usual oxplana tory notos.
TELLSIS-Singlo copy, per quartor, 5 ceats; ton coples or more so one address, $21-2$ conta por quar so:.

THE SCEOLAR'S QUARTERIY. A Leston sragarine for the Senlor Classes. This Quartorly contalus erory help needed by tho senior classes. Its popularity is chown by its immonso cliculation.


THE BIBLE STUDENT.
 ralaing the Scripituro Toxt in both the Commod Melptul Rosdlage, Practical Lessons, Maps, eic. TERMS.


## CRRISTIAN BIBLE IESSOKS.

Theso Lesfon Leares aro espocialls for the uro o Sunday-schools that mas not vo ablo to tolly supply sheraselres with tho Lesson Books or Quartorifios.


## OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

Lhargo Illustratod Wockly Merazine, dovoted to ho woltaro and rrork ot Our Y'uang Pooplo, grivta
 ahlus woot-cuts aud blographical shotchos of prom. hent workers, Notos ull tho Sundaj-schoml Los sons, nill Enueavor Prasor-mocting Toples for asch week, Outhucs of thark, oic. This Stakazlao has caherl forth moro commendators nutlees then ny ollior perioulcal ovor issued by our peopio. pulitcation will noell no other losson lielp am wIIl to abto to teop fully "abrot of the U, seat to the Sunder-school and Y. P. S. C. E. woits. TERYS-One cony, per yoar, 75 conts; In clut of ten. 60 cents each; in psckages of twonty-ife or more to nne name and adaress, ows 60 codth each. Sond for Samplo.

THE S. S. EVAFGELIST.
This ie a Weekly for the Sunday-school and Fame iy, of varled and atrractivo contonts, ombracle Sortal and Shorter Storsos: Skotches; Incldentu of Traval; Poolry: Ficla Notes; Lesson Talks, am
 trate with new and bean lut angraving. TERMS W-Vockty, in clabs of not lose the coples to one address, 40 cents a copy per year, 10 cente par quarter.

## TEE LITTLE ONES

Printed in Colors.

Thals is a Weokiy for the Pricarty Departurent in the Sanday-scbool and tho Littlo Ones at Homo full of Charmiag Littlo Storics, 8woet Foems, 3yort ribjmer and Jingles, Beankfal Picteres and Sirmplo Lesson Talks. Is is printec on fro alated paper, and no palas or oxponso is spared to make
is the prettlest and bost of all paperr for sbe rory It the prettles
Itsto peoplo.

TERMS-W゚och in clabe of not leas thas coples to one addreas, 23 conts a copy por year.

## MODEL S. S. RECORD.

A now and slmple plan for rocordlag and reportiog all matters pertalalng to the Sunday-school for 0 catire guarter without tarning a lesf. Good for troatr-seren claseas ino yearr. Prtce, clohh, $\$ 2$.

Oar \& S. Sapplles aro nriated frow oloctrozype plates, and can bo forniabna in
 Ing the hith chrractor of sho cout

GEO. MTUNRO,
North Barton Hall. Hamilton, Ont.

List of Agents for The Disciple. Acton, Miss Manic Vavales. dur-is, Miss Mary Wells. Ayimer. Cecil Lexin. Wvine P. 0. Bramvile. On Man M. Pudhomme. Henheim, Mras Jennie MiCCowan. Hrumanville, Mre Geo. lluichars. liring burg. A. 11. C.wheri, Amigari P. O. Cillingwind, Ont , Min Al. E. Frame. Erin Crnirr. Anss Filora Cuerie. On riajic P.O. Firin Village, Mis. David Mchsillan. Everton, Ont., Mies Ida Royce. Giencain, Ont., is s L. Fiame.
 Grand Valley, Geo. Tuuxh.
Guniph, Ont., Mergic M. Tindall.
Ilarwich, Miss M SNic JicCully, Mrall P. O. Iuntsville. On!.. VV. M. Crewson. Silsyth. Ont. James Fieming.
Lobr, Ont, Mli, E Meciluig, Itan P. O: Lnndon, Dr. D A. Mckillnp. 67i Dundas St Mimosa, Allan Robert-on, Millsburg P. O. Orangeville, Mariha Fir Kins. Oweo Sound, Ont.. A. E. Ts nut.
 llidge:own. Miss Na nic Green. Rodney, Juha lligg ie.
Smisedenc, Ont., Aliss Ella Mrot. Smither Wi Nienct St. Thomas, On. Soyner, Niss \%. Toronio f I Lin Tornnio, H . Le Lear, 400 Manning sive. West lorne. Miss Bel!a Mickillop.
West Lake, Ont., Mre. Catherine Mit Winger, Ont., Miss Ella C. Swayze.


34 incheshigh. Top cau be adjested to aus angle or hicight IWrolving Caso $15 \times 10 \times 12$ inside.
Holus about 20 rois Holds about gorois Law sizc Slrons Well finithed rictal Baso ard Siaes Yilh Solid Oak Shelyes ard Tch_100,000 n,0w usid. Erat knoclscd down ( EO lbs ). On
appronal $\Delta \mathrm{drces}$ appronal. Addres? Rarsh M'EG
CHICAGO. Agents Wantors


Kecommended by the Music Profession.
A TRIAL WILL PROVE THEIR SUPERIOR QUALITIES. Catalogue Free.
The Boll Ergan and Piano Co. (Lt'd). GUELPH, ONT.


[^0]:    THERE IS NOTHING LIKE TAD_C FOR NERYOUS DYSPEPSIA FREEEAMPLESKEDC.AND PLLLS Whis Wition

