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## ANGUS \& LOGAN

DAPER MANUFACTURERS AND W HOLESALE STATIGNERS, 206 St. Paul st.

## H. W. IRELAND,

NAIL AND METAL BROKER, Agent for Cut-Nail and Spike Manufacturers.

235 St. Paul st., Montreal

## MONDERLOH \& STEENCKEN, MPORTERS OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, 236 St. Paul st., corner of Custom House square, Montreal.

EDWARD MAITLAND, TYLEE \& CO.,
HOI, ESALE WINE, GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

10 Hospital st.

## M. LAING,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 97 Commissioners st., Montreal. Hams, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Butter, Flour, \&c.

## JOHN RHYNAS,

COMMISSION AND SHIPPING $U$ MERCHANT, Montreal.-Cash advances made on Cousiguments to myself; or to friends in England.

## TO THE MAKERS AND PURCHASERS OF

 BUTTER THROUGHOUT CANADA.$A^{T}$ the beginning of another season we take the A liberty of respectfully reminding our customers and the trade generally, that we have for many years given special attention to the Butter Trade of Canada, no inconsiderable portion of which has passed through our hands, and corsequently that we have an estab lished connection for the sale of Butter to the best advantage, that we have extensive cellars, remarkably suitable or the storage and sale of Butter, and hat Consigumente are respectfully invited, and will receive our best attention.
Montreal, 1st June, 1865.
JOHN DOUGALL \& CO.
JAMES DOUGLAS \& CO.,

$D^{\mathrm{F}}$FALERS IN TEAS AND TOBACCOS; attend to sales of Butter, \&c., \&c.

296 St. Y'aul st., Montreal.

## WALTER MARRIAGE,

## W

 HOLESALE AGEN'T, AND IMPORTER of ENGLISH GROCERIES,22 Lemoine st., Montreal.

## B HUTCHINS,

OMMISSION MERCHANT,
IMPORTER OF GENERAL GROCERIES,
88 McGill street, MONTREAL.
THOMPSON, MURRAY \& CO.,
COMMIESION AND GENERAL MERCHANTS, St. Sacrament st., Montreal.

GREENE \& SONS,
HAT and FUR MANUFACTURERS
and importers. [See next Page.]

## CAMELON \& RUSS,

COMMTSSION MERCHANTS for the U sale and purchase of Grain, Flour, Pork, Butter, Ashes, Wool, Flax,and General Merchandise, Montieal.

PRODUCE

## GEO. WAIT,

merchan AND COMMISSION Machant Montreal.

Young's Buildings, No. 2 McGill st.

## 8. H. MAY \& CO.,

TMPORTERS OF STAR \& DIAMOND STAR WINDOW GLASS, Paints, Oil, Varnish. Brushes, Spirits Turpentine, Benzole, Gold Leaf, \&c., 274 St. Paul st., Montreal.

## THOMAS HOBSON \& CO.,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION Consiguments of Fiour, P'ork, Butter, Lard, Tallow, Ashes, and all Desoriptions of Produce, promptly realized.

## BROWN \& CHILDS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
B00TS, shoes, AND leather, Montreal.
Office and W arehouse - Corner St. Peter and Lemoine sts.
Manufactory-Corner Queen and Ottawa sts. Tannery-Corner Bonaventure and Canning sts.

The articles manufactured by us are under one general superintendence duriug the whole process of manufacture, be finning with the raw hide, and end-
ing with the finished boot and shoe. By this arrangeing with the tinished boot and shoe. By this arrange-
ment we secure uniform quality throughout. ment we secure uniform quality throughout.
Orders received by post promptly executed: and should the goods sent not be approved of, they may be returned at our expense.
To occupy the extensive facilities which we have at our command for the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, it is necessary that we should rend goods to all sec-
tions of the Province, however remote; every inducetions of the Province, however remote; every induce-
ment allowable in commerce will be granted to this ment allowable in commerce will be granted to this
end. end.

## THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANT Montreal. Consignments of Flour. Girain, Leather, Ashes, Butter, \&c., receive peisonal attention.

FORSALE.
Olive Oil, in qr. casks, Cual Oil, Cedar Creek,
Hemlock Sole Leather, Spanish Sole Leather,
Waxed Upper,
Wrime Mess B
Pebbled Calf, Prime Mess Beef in therces, Prime, Prime Mess and Mess Pork, Upper Canada Lcaf lobacco,
Flour, Supertine,
Flour, Extra,
Flour, Superior Extra.
THOMAS W. RAPHAEL
15 St. Nicholas Street. Agent for Hamilton Powder Company.

## LINTON \& COOPER,

## M

 ANUFAC'TURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES, , 308 \& 310 St. P'aul st., Montreal.We invite the attellion of Merchants, East and West, to our large and varied stock of Boots and Shoess now on hand. and in process of manufacture fir the spring trade. Goods in every conceivable style will be found in our establishment, from the finest Kid or Satin
Giaiter, to the strongest Stoga or Hungarian Boot. Gaiter, to the strongest Stoga or Hungarian Boot,
Men's, Boys', Youths', Ladies, Misses' and Children's Men's, Boys', Youths', Ladies, Misses' and Children's
wear, in over 200 different patterns. Special notice is wear, in over 200 different patteris. Special notice is
requested to the fact that all our goods are hand-malle. requested to the fact that all our goods are hand-male. and of the very best material. The litroduction of Pegging ach nes having throwna aige number of workmen out of employment, and convequently re-
duced the cost of labor, we are thereby eliabled to duced the cone and wore substantial Buots and Shoes, at no greater cost than if made by machinery. and are prepared to offer the choicest goods at the and are prepares Orders personally or by Post, will have our immediate and most careful attention.

## J. TIFFIN \& SONS,

GENERAL MERCHAN'TS, IMPORT.
( ERS of TEAS. SUGARS, and GENERAL (iROCERIES, WIN ES, BRANDY. \&c., Nos. 184 aud 186 St. Paul st., and 49 and 50 Commissioners kt .
Offer for sale the balance of TEAS, ex "Lettice Catherine," from Shanghae, consisting of:

Imperial Gunpowder. Japan, Colored
Old Hyson.
and Uncolored
Young Hyso
Young Hyson.
Oolongs.
Twankay. Sounkay. Shong.
Also sever
Also several Invoices FRESH TEAS, juct received per steamer via Portland, together AiPh a fuce assortThe cargo of the Brig " John J. Fraser" consisting of:

## $\left.\begin{array}{r}228 \text { Hhgds } \\ 62 \text { Boxes }\end{array}\right\}$ Choice Grocery Sugar.

Montreal, 4th April. 1865.
AKIN\&KIRKPATRICK, an exclusively Commission business, and possess the an excsusively
amplest experience and facilities for, its efi cient management. Consignments if GRA1N, FLOUR, ASHES fORK, BUTTEK, ąnd general prodnce, receive ner' sonal attention. Sales eflected, ald returns made with the utmost promptitude. Liberal advances made on goods for sale in this market, (ir shipment of liritain. Charges the lowest adopted $\mathrm{b}_{j}$ the respunsible houses of the trade.

Corner William and Grey Nun streets.

## DAVID ROBERTSON,

IMPORTER TEAS, TOBACCO, AND General groceries, 24 St. Jeter st., Montreal.

## REUTER, LIONAIS \& CO.,

| M P ORTER心OF WINES AND SPIRITS, 11 and 13 Hospital st., Montreal.

## ROBERT MITCHELL,

(OMMTSSION MERCHANT AND
BROK ER. 24 St. Sacrament st., Montreal.
Drafts authorised and advances made on shipments of Flour, (irain, Pork, Butter, and General Produce, to my adriress here.
Advances made on shipments to Europe.
The sale and purchase of Stocks and Exchange will receive prompt attention.

## GREENE \& SONS

TNVITE the attention of close buyers to their Fall Stock of Furs, Hats, \&c. [See next P.]

## J. A. \& H. MATHEWSON

MPORTERS AND WHOLESAIE
GROCERS. A complete and extensive arsort ment of General Groceries. Special attention to TEAS.

## HALL, KAY \& CO.,

Young's Buildings, McGill street, montreal,

## [MPORTERS OF

Charenal Tinplates,
Coke Tinplates,
Canach liates,
Galvinized Iron,
Galvi nized Iron,
Shet Zine,

Sheet Copper and Brass,
Ingot Copper and Tin,
Composition Tubes,
Malleable Iron Tubes,
Copper and Brass Tubes,
and every defcription of Furuifhings suitable for Tinsmiths, Plumlers, IBrassfounders, and Gasfitters.

GREENE \& SONS,
【ATS, FURS, BUCK MITTS, \&c. See next Page.

## W. D. MILLER \& CO.,

HANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS of Boots and Shoes,

Corner of McGill and Lemoine sts., Montreal.

## A. RAMSAY \& SON,

MPORTEIS OF WINDOW GLASS, 1 OILS, I'A1NTS,\&c.,21,23,\& 25 lecollet st., Montreal.

## MCMILLAN \& CARSON

TMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING, Wholerale, have constantly on haid a very carefully manufactured Stock of Ready-made Clothing, suitable for the country trade.

Mcrchants are respectfully requested to call and examiue.

No. 66 McGill st., Montreal.
AIDI,AW, MLDDLETON \& CO., 1 Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, Montreal.

JOHN MCARTHUR \& SON,
IL, LEAD \& COLOR of Window MERCHANTS, Importers of Window Glass, \&c.

118, 120 and 122 McGill st., Montreal.
I. L. BANGS \& CO.,
(Successors to T. L. Steele \& Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OFF FELT, COMPOSITION, AND GRAVEL ROOFING, ENGLISH FELT ROOFING, \&C,
Keep constantly on hand Fklt Composition, \&o. Parties building, in any part of Canada, can be supplied with the requisite materials; also, a Compotent Workman to apply the same.
Office, No. 5 Place d'Armes Hill, opposite Oity Bank,
MONTREAL.

## A. H. FORBES,

[MPORTER OF IRON, ALL KINDS I of HEAYY HARDWARE, \&c. Has alwayn in of HEAYY HARDWARE, \&c. Has alwayn in
stock Iron Tubes for Gas, Boiler Tubes, Ho se Nails, stack Iron Tube
Sota Spirinks, \&c.
Drain l ipes, Fire Bricke all shapes, Roman and other (ements, Cuithoes I'avinc-Stones, lleaiths Burr [3locks for Millstones, lioltilp Cloths, Terra (Jotta Vases, Fountains, Chimney-lops, dc.. גc

## FROTHINGHAM \& WORKMAN.

IRON, STEEL, AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS, ST. Paul Street. Opposite the Custom House Sq.

Montreal.


#### Abstract

$S^{T}$ LOUIS HOTEL, ST. LOUIS STREET. This well-known HOUSE, which, during the past winter, has been not only enlarged by an addition of new wing four stories in height, and which, otherwise, has been much improved by the completion of a commodious, pasily accessible, airy, and well-lighted DINING ROOM; by the introduction of all the modern improvements known in similar first class es-tablishments- ond by the complete refurnishing of the whole \&c.: and by the complete refurnishing of the whote bedrooms. Reading Rocms, \&c., was re-opened for Bedrooms. Reading hocms, DAY, 6th JUNE, 1865. The undersigned proprietors have spared neither pains nor expense to make their Hute in St. Louis Sritish North America, with a view to obtain a conBritish North America, with a view to obtain a conhas been so long extended to them in Quebec, and which it has been their care to merit.

> WILLIAM RUSS

Quebec, July 7, 1865.


## CRATHERN \& CAVERHILL,

[MPORTERS OF HARDWARE. IRON, STEEL, TIN PLATES, \&c., WINDOW glass, Paints \& OILS, 197 St. Paul st., Montreal. Agents, Victoria Rope Walk, Vieille Montagne Zinc Company.
A. A. BARBER \& CO.,

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF HARDWAPE,
Nos. 23 and 25 St. Sacrament st.

## EVANS \& EVANS,

WHOLESALE HARDWARE merchants, montreal.

Agents for
HARE'S CELEBRATED PAINTS AND COLORS. AGENTS FOR
CURTISS \& HARVEY'S POWDER. 263 St. Paul street, Montreal.

## CHOICE IORTO RICO, BARBADOS, AND <br> CUB ${ }^{\text {² }}$ SUGARS

THE Subscribers are now landing, and have in Store:
403 hhds 112 bils. Choice Muscovado SUGAR.
112 bils. 200 puns Cienfuegos Syrur.
${ }_{20}^{200}$ puns Cuba Rum, strong, prouf, and
20 ". Cuba Rum, strong, proof, and fine flavour. 15 hhds United Vineyald Proprietors' Brandy, pale and dark.
Bags l'imento, Jamaica Liquorice, \&c., \&c
MITCHELL, KINNEAR \& CO.,
No. 6 St. Helen street.
28th July, 1865.

HENRY J. GEAR,
(Late Mitchell \& Gear,)
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Importer and Dealer in Teas, General Groceries Havana and German Cigars, 38 st. Yeter st., Montreal

JEFFERY BROTHERS \& CO General and Commission $G$ merchants, 44 St . Sacrament st., Montreal.

BACON, CLARKE \& CO., TMPORTERS OF WINES, SPIRITS
CIGARS, \&c.,

St. Peter street, opposite St. Sacrament strect, MONTREAL

## KLRSHAW \& EDWARDS,

ESTABLISHED


YEAR 1838.
[MPROVED FIRE PROOF SAFE.
The favor these Safes have won by their many and severe trials during the last quarter of a century, from the fact that not one has ever failed in preserving and with recent improvements made during the past two years, we offer them as the most perfect Fire Proof security extant, and free from dampuess.
Our Burglar Proof Specie Bores made of combined iron and steel in a namner peculiarly our own, the stecl so lighly tempered and placed as to be beyond the reach of, and defy the tools of the most ingenious burglars, and when placed inside of one of our live roofs's produce a most pertect Fire and Burglar Proof security. Meichants having large amounts of silver on liand should not be witliout one.
We also manufacture Patent Combination Bank Locks, and the most modern Bank and other securities.
Lists of sizes and prices mailed on application.
KERSHAW \& EDWARDS,
82, 84 \& 86, St. Frauçois Xavier strect, Montreal.
FURS, HATS, BUCK MIITS, \&c.

## GREENE \& sONS

NVI'is inspection to their lALL STOCK of
LADIES' FUHS, MEN'S WOOL HATS,

## MEN'S FUKS, BOYS' FANCY HATS, BUFFALU HOBES, WHITNEY CAPS,

FURS, SKINS, \&c.

## HAT and CAP TRIMMINGS, \&c.

The attention of the Trade is directed to our Stock this Fall, which is very complete, embracing all the

## NEW AND LEADING STYLES,

among which will be found a Jarge variety of Mens aud Boys' STEEL BRIM RESORTE HATS, which are becoming very tarhionable. Samples sent by Express to parties not visiting the city.

Orders promptly executed.
GREENE \& SONS,
Moutreal.
DAVID E. MACLEAN \& CO..
PRODUCE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS. Advances made on all descriptious of Produce, either for sale in this market, or shipment. No. 3 St. Nicholas street, Montreal.

Davide. Maclean.
benj. Hagaman
Thos. C. Chisholm.
WEST BROTHERS,
Tobaccos. - Plug, various BRANDS, CUT SMOKING, FINE CUT CHEWING.

CIGARS.-HAVANA,
GERMAN,
WEST \& BROTHERS
Montreal.

## MORRISON \& SAMPSON,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, CONVEYANCERS,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY \& BANKRUPTCY,
Offices corner Church and Colborne streets, TORONTO.
Collections made at all points in Canada West. angus Morrison.
D. A. SAmpan.

## CHARLES G. DAGG,

MPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER in British and Canadian Stationery Goods, Writung Papers, Wrapping Papers, Envelopes. Steel Pens, luks, Pocket Books, Twines, \&c.; also, Account Book Manufacturer, Publisher of the National Series of School Books, Canadian and Progressive School Copy Books, Bookbinder, \&e. MANUFACTURED FOR, AND NOW IN STOCK, several hundred reams each, of Manilla, Brown, Tea, and Coffee Papers, all sizes. Several tons Straw Wrapping P'apers, all sizes. The above goods will be sold at very low prices, and a liberal discount will be allowed to CASH BUYERS.

37 St. François Xavier street, Montreal.
Montreal, Feb. 27th, 1865.

MULholland \& baker, iron AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS, offer for sale PIG IRON, Scotch (chiefly Govan), Best Refined English, Swedes and Three Rivers IRON; Hoops, Bands, and Sheets of all sizes; BOILER PLATES, of best brands and sizes; Firths \& Sons' Cast STEEL, Spring, Sleigh-shoe, and other steel; Cut, Pressed, and Wrought NAILS, and the celebrated F HORSE NAILS. AXES of their own and other approved brands. A complete assortment of HEAVY GOODS, Chains, Anvils, Vices, \&c. An extensive assortment of most saleable CUTLERY; SHELF GOODS in great variety, of English, French, German, and American make. GLASS, PUTTY, UILS, \&c., CORDAGE; LEATHER, and RUBBER BELTING.
Also, a first class SHAPING MACHINE made by Smith, Beacock \& Tannet, of Leeds, England, will plane or shape a flat surface $48 \times 12$ inches, will plane circular work to 30 in . dia. by 12 inches broad; will plane any angle or curve, cost $£ 90$ sterling in Leeds, and has been only a short time in use.

243 St. Paul street,
Yard entrance St. François Xavier street.

## F. SHAW \& BROS.,

TANNERS AND LEATHER MER-
CHANTS.-Our Leather is tanned at the wellknown Roxton Falls Tanneries, under our own superintendence, thereby enabling us to produce an article of superior quality at the least possible cost, which we are prepared to offer to the trade at lowest market prices. All orders promptly attended to.

## HUA \& RICHARDSON,

EATHER IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have always in Stock an excellent assortment of FRENCH CALFS, KidS and PATENTS, \&c. Also a large supply of 0. L. Richardson \& Sons' Spanish Sole and Slaughter Leather, for which they are agents in Canada.
Consignments of leather respectfully solicited.
Sole Agents for Alexander's Kid Gloves.
HUA \& RICHARDSON,
St. Peter st., Montreal.

## LEEMING \& BUCHANAN, <br> Produce and commission

 MERCHANTSSt. Nicholas street, Montreal.
Special attention devoted to the Sale and Shipment of Flax, and liberal advances made on consignments of either Fibre or Seed.

## SINCLAIR, JACK \& CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, St. Andrew's Buildings, St. Peter street, Montreal.

Constantly on hand, a large Stock of TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, TObaccos, DRIED FRUITS, \&c., \&c., \&c.
Consignments of BUTTER, PORK, FLOUR, WHEAT, and other products solicited.
The Sale of POT and PEARL ASHES shall have the very best and most prompt attention. Agents for Coote's celebrated GROOND ROCK SALT, for Dairy and Table use.

## MESSRS. BAUKHAGE, BEAK \& CO.

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF

DRY AND FANCY GOODS, have the pleasure of announcing to their Customers and the trade, that they have removed to 481 St. Paul street, a new spacious building, opposite Messrs. Andrew Robertson \& Co., and Thos. May.
well asseg to draw selected Spring Stock.

## KERR \& FINDLAY,

CONVERSE, COLSON \& LAMB, COMMISSIO N MERCHANTS, TEA DEALERS AND IMPORTERS or GENERAL GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, $\$ c$. , Corner of Hospital and St. John Streets, Montreal, Offer for sale a large assortment of ERESH TEAS, now arriving from England, per Steamers via Portland; comprising, Hysons, Yourg Hysons, Imperials, Gunpowders, Colored and Uncolored Japans, Congous, Souchongs, and Scented Teas; and their usual variety of Coffees, Tobaccos, Wines, Brandies, Cigars, tc.

## ESTABLISHED 1842 .

STEAM MADE CUNFECTIONERY.
GUM DROPS and JUJUBE PASTE.
PAN GOODS. and CANDIES of all kinds.
LUZENGES of every description.
FRENCH CREAM BON-BUNS and CHOCOLATE
REAM DRUPS. CREAM DRUPS.
Manufactured and sold at his New Block, erected on the Old Stand, 243 (New No. 391) Notre Dame Street.

ChARLES ALEXANDER,
Wholesale and ketail Contectioner.

## FITZPATRICK \& MOORE,

TMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE 1 DEALERS in Groceries, Teas, Sugars, Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos, Cigars, Fish, Oils, \&c., \&c.

No. 4 Lemoine st.

## SMITH \& MCCULLOCH,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
Importers to order of China, Glass, and EarthenWare; Japanned and Tinware; Hardware and ElectroWare; Irombers, Photographists', and Chemists Tiles, \&c., \&cc.
We are now receiving our Spring consignments of China Tea and Breakfast Sets; White Granite and Printed Dinner and Toilet Ware; Tumblers, Wines, Lamp Chimneys, etc., which we offer for Sale to the Trade in original packages.

Office, Sample Rooms, and Warehouse:
18 and 20 Hospital Street, Montreal.
J U S T $\quad \mathrm{L} \underset{\text { Hx "hibernian ", }}{\mathrm{A}} \underset{\mathrm{D}}{\mathrm{D}} \mathrm{E}$,
FIFTY BALES COTTON YARN.
This Yarn is made from American Cotton, and is superior in quality to any Yarn in the market.
Numbers and $W$ eight guaranteed. ALEX. WALKER,

Montreal.

## JAMES LOCKHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANT AND U MANUFACTURERS' AGENT, No. 3 st. Sacrament street, Montreal.

## ROBERT SIMMS \& CO.,

GENERAL AND COMMISSION $G$ merchants, 8 Gillespie Buildings, Common street.

## F. H. SIMMS,

MONTREAL IRON WORKS, MANUFACTURES to Order, and has in Stock, Carriage Bolts of all sizes, Nuts and Bolts of every description, Rivets, Lifti,
Ratchet Braces, Copyiug Presses, \&cc., \&c.

## W. F. LEWIS \& CO.,

 WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS, §'.. Peter st., Montreal.CANAIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Establisbed 1847. Head Office, Hamilton, C. W. Capital, $\$ 1,000,000$. Sums Assured over $\$ 4,00,600,000$.
over
$\$ 000$,

Manager:
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General Agent:
T. W. MEDLEY.
hiberal conditions and privilegers.
Perfeot Security, and lates Lower than those offered by English or Foreigu Companies.
policies can be effected withodt trouble or DELAY.
28 Great St. James street, Montreal.

FALL TRADE, 1865.
0 UR STOCK will be
COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT by the
TWENTI-FIRST OF AUGUST. THOMSON, CLAXTON \& CO.

GEOR ${ }^{-1}$ - - JRD \& CO.,
Contractors for Convic, Labor at the Provincial Peniteutiary,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE SALE DEALERS in every description of BUOTS and SHOES, made almost exciusively by hand.
All orders will receive prompt attention.
Offices and Warehouse-Kingston, C. W.

## GEORGE CHILDS \& CO.,

[MPORTERS AND GENERAL wholesale grocers, No. 13 St. Frangois Xavier strcet, Montreal.
Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market rates.

## ROBERTSON \& BEATTIE,

[MPORTERS, WHOLESALE GRO. 1 CERS, and Genera commission Merchants, corner McGill aud College stmis, Montreal.

## ROBERT CKOOKS \& CO.,

OMMISSION MERCHANTS,
liveriool, england.
Execute Canadian Orders on the best terms, giving special attention to the Grocery Department. They make liberal Advances on Produce consigued to them, and give prompt dispatch to the Forwarding and Insurance of Goods.

## DUNDAS.

OSLER \& BEGUE,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries and Conveyancers, DUNDAS, C. W
Office:-Moore's Buildings, Main Street.
B. B. Osler, LL.B. T. H. A. Begue, LL.b.
 FIELD SEEDS now ready.

LYMANS, CLARE \& CO.,
St. Yaul Sireet, Montreal.
INSEED OIL CAKE FUR STOCK FEEDING.

LYMANS, Clare \& CO,
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
FLAX SEED.
TMPORTED RIGA, AMERICAN, and selected canadian, for sowing.

LYMANS, Clare \& CO.
LINSEED OIL.
20,000
GALLONS RAW, REFINED, AND DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OIL.

For Sale low, for CASH.
LYMANS, "LARE \& CO.
PAINTS, PUTTY, AND WINDOW GLASS.
LYMANS, CLARE A CO.

## KINGAN \& KINLOGH,

TMPORTERS AND GENERAL
IWHOLESAlE GROCERS, and Commission Merchants, corner St. Sacrament and St. l'eter streets,
Montreal.
Wm. Kinloch.
W. B. Lindsat.

THOMAS NAY \& CO., IMPORTERS
of STRAW and FANCY DKY qUODS, 280 St . Paul, and 105 Commissioners street, Montreal.

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## The Trade Review.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 18, 1865.

## QUITE PRACTICABLE.

LAST year there were imported, into this city alone, Hides to the vaiue of $\$ 220,000$, and Green Coffee to the value of $\$ 94,000$, almost the whole of it being the produce of South America. What was the quantity entered into the whole of Canada, we have not the figures at hand to show, but we must suppose it to be at least as much more. And yet not one vessel arrived at this port from any part of that continent. One of the principal articles of import at Buenos Ayres (whence most of the Hides are shipped) is lumber They are also large importers of flour. Rio Janeiro is also a large importer of both of these articles. A great portion of the lumber which these two largest shipping cities in South America take is of Canada growth and manufacture, and yet not one particle of the trade is in our hands. We have a large supply of two of the principal articles of consumption in South America, and they have the same of two very needful arti les which we consume in large quantities, and yet both are content to derive the supplies of the other through a third party-the merchants of the United States. We scud our lumber and flour to the United States, and they ship it to South America, and derive the profit; and they purchase in South America the Hide and Coffee, and sell them to us and again make a protit. They are the factors and carriers for both parties. If the Reciprocity Treaty is actually rescinded it is to be hoped that it will make a change in this trade, and that Cauadian merchauts will take bold of it, and thus open up a direct market for our produce. Some large tirms in Boston have for a number of sears cut lumber in Canada on the line of the Grand Trunk Railway, and had it carried to Portland, thence to be shipped to the La I'lata. The description of lumber shipped was principally spruce, cut to certain dimensions known to the tradere to that market. There is also shipped a certain quantity of pine. Ordinary spruce timber on the Grand Trunk Railroad, in the vicinity of Sherbrooke costs from seven to eight dol. per thousand feet, and seils in Buenos Ayres at six to ten times that price. Here is a large and profitable busine $s$ from which the merchants of Canada might realise a considerable amount of money as well as finding a market for our produce. And at no better time than the present could that business be entered upon. Lumber is in exceedingly large supply and low, and consequently freights are low; and flour and

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grain are cheaper comparatively here than in the United States markets.
There is no reason why our inland position should keep us from entering into the most profitable shipping trades of the outside world. We trade with China, the West Indies, and the Mediterranean. Why could we not also trade direct with South America? A few years ago we would have occasionally an arrival from South America, but they have dropped off until now, we have had none for some years. We never did anything of an exporting trade to that country, but we did receive a portion of our coffee direct from Rio. If our merchants hesitate to avail themselves of the opportunity for an extension of our commerce, should the Confederation of the provinces take place, our fellow colonists of the Lower Provinces will soon take this trade from us. They have already a considerable trade in fish with Rio del Janeiro; and should the Intercolonial Railroad be built, as it undoubtedly will, they will be the great exporters of Canadian flour to South America and the West Indies, and the importers of their Hides and Coffee for us, as they now are to a cortain extent of our sugar from the West Indies.

## ACTION ON RECIPROCITY.

HON. MR. CARTIER, on Wednesday night, made the following announcement to Parliament, indicating the action which the Government have adopted in relation to the Reciprocity Treaty:-
"The subject of Reciprocity has been and is still en"gaging the anxious consideration of the Govern" ment. Under the authority of the Imperial Gov"ernment, a meeting of delegatos from British " North American Provinces, under the I'residency of " the Governor General, entitled 'A Confederate " Council to advise on Treaties of Commerce,' will " meet in Quebec next month, with the view of ar"ranging for united action in regard to the Recipro"city Treaty. As this Conference is to take place " shortly, it is not at present considered advisable to " indicate the policy of the Government, further than " to state that they are prepared to enter into nego"tiations with the American Government on the " most liberal and friendly footing."
As a preliminary step, we think the idea of a "Confederate Council" an excellent one. Delegates will probably be appointed from it to proceed to Washing. ing to confer with Sir Frederick Bruce, who, we presume, will, immediately on their arrival, commence negotiations for a renewal of the Treaty. We rejoice that at length some definite action is about to be taken on this most important subject.

PROBABLE PRICE OF PRODUCE.

NOW that there is a certainty of a large crop of every description of produce, the next best thing to consider is the price which it islikely to realize. The success of the farmer is the foundation of our prosperity; but however large his crops may be, his success can only be partial unless he gets a remunerative rate. Providence has blessed us with a bountiful harvest; let us trust that Providence will equally bless us with a gocd price. Although we cannot be too grateful for an al urcarce, curgratitur' will be greatly augmented if we car realize a satisfactory figure for what the country has to spare.
The opinion is generally prevalent that Great Britain is more or less dependent on this continent for its supplies of Breadstuff, when its own crop is not sufficient for its consumption. It is certain that America with its great productive power relies upon Great Britain as a market for its surplus. It would, therefore, seem but natural that anything which would interfere with the extent of supply, would necessitate a rise in price. Yet we find, that within the last two or three years such has not been the result. The exports from the United States and Canada, in 1863 and 1864, show a very great falling off as compared with previous years, notwithstanding which, prices have continued to rule at remarkably low figures. In the cereal year just closing, the rates in London and Liverpool have rarely showed the slightest margin of profit. There is no doubt that the crops in Britain, indeed all over Europe, during the last two years, have been of a very extraordinary character; seldom, if ever before, in the histories of these countries, have they drawn less from outside sources. The statistics, however, of the English Produce markets indicate that other countries contribute to its supply as well as America. Russia is a large shipper of grain, and her Danubian Principalities are constantly producing far more than they consume. Ports on the Mediterranean are noted for the extent of their products; and from Spain and Germany the receipts are usually large. France seldom produces more than she consumes, though occasionally, as in last year, she contributes not a little to supply the English markets. Other years, however, she is deficient, and American grain not unfrequently has found an excellent market at Hayre, and other French ports. It is impossible, with any degree of accuracy, to obtain information as to the probable amount these countries will contribute to the great consumptive markets of the world. The fao that they are very distant, are of a foreign nationality, regarding the interior of which but little information can be had, makes it still more difficult to estimate the extent of supply. Even respecting this continent there is the greatest diversity of opinion, and within the past two weeks the fluctuations in prices in Chicago, the greatest produce point in the world, have been of a very violent character.
In England a similar condition of uncertainty seems at present to exist. Each steamer brings a different report to the previous one. Last wcek we were advised of a very serious damage to the crops by bad weather, and a material advance in prices, and the prospect of a scarcity even affected the rate of interest. The following steamer, however, dissipates the fear. The weather is reported as brilliant; the previous advance in prices had not been sustained; and an average crop is anticipated. It is thus impossible, with any degree of certainty whatever, to attempt prophecies as to future prices.
Notwithstanding all this uncertainty, however, there seems to be a very general impression that crops everywhere this season will be good. Certainly in Canada this is now beyond a doubt. In the United States the increased area under cultivation, and the good weather which they have had recently, is likely to result in a very considerable surplua; and in England, notwithstanding the fears of the alarmists, the better informed journals concur in anticipating very nearly an average crop. From the Continent of Europe reports of the same tenor have been received. Certainly there is nothing which indicates serious loss any where. Admitting that this is about the condition of things generally, over the world, it follows that if prices were low last year, with a partial failure in this country, prices cannot be very high this year, with a surplus. We do not, therefore, anticipate that rates will exceed those current at present. Indeed we can hardly hope that these figures will be maintained, especially in this Province. The higher prices which have been realized during the Spring were mainly the result of scarcity in certain localities; and the local
consumptive demand of the Eastern section of the Province more than absorbed all that the Western district had to spare. Prices were, therefore, much higher than under ordinary circumstances.
But, beyond the effect even of supply and demand, another cause will operate against extravagant rates. Hitherto the ease with which the Banks have afforded facilities for operations of a speculative character has induced an amount of competition in this country which has seriously inflated prices, resulting almost universally in loss to the operators. This year, however, a different policy is being pursued; the Banks advance rarely, except upon security of the property bought, which necessitates an early realization, and induces an amount of caution which precludes the possibility of extravagant rates. Again, the generally unfortunate result of speculation in produce will induce more than usual care this year : first, the men left in the business have little money to lose; next, the uncertainty which prevails as to the future, and above all the large quantity of stuff which there is to handle. All these considerations ought to effect a great change in the mode of moving the crop. Hitherto prices have been outrageously high, which is the true explanation of the lack of success. Buyers have seldom purchased on the basis of realizing the rates then current, but have bought in the hope of an advance. This, we trust, will be reversed, not because wo do not wish the farmer to get a good price for his grain, but because it is fatal to the health and success of the trade, if this good price is got at the expense of the trader.
In view of all these considerations, we think the farmers must make up thoir minds to accept reasonable rates for their wheat. They will do well to bear in mind the fact that they are not likely to improve the price by withholding their supplies from the market. The necessities of the country and the chances of a still further decline make it imperative that they should realize at the carliest moment. Nothing is to be gained by the opposite coursc, but very serious risk of loss incurred.

With respect to coarse grains, there is a certainty of a good demand for Barley during the next few months. The bad weather throughout the Western States has had a very damaging effect on this grain in that section, and it is said to be seriously injured for malting purposes. Samples of Western Barley already in market bring 25 c per bushel less than the crop of last year. Canadian farmers have had a very large yield of this cereal this year. The success of the crop during the last four or five years has stimulated increased productions; indeed it has been one of the most profitable products of the farm, and this year is not likely to prove an exception. In view of the possible repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, there is likely to be an active demand throughout the autumn, and prices will, probably, rule at satisfactory rates. Of course it will be utter folly on the part of farmers to hold over this grain until Spring, or even till late in Autumn. Large stocks at Albany and other points may check prices in October and November, while high profts and the crowding of the usual channels of transportation may seriously affect the condition of the market It will, therefore, be the greatest wisdom on the part of our farmers to commence delivering this description of produce early, and realize thereon as fast as possible. The condition of the grain is said to be excellent. It is now being harvested throughout Western Canada, undor most favourable auspices.

With regard to Oats, the product of this year is immense both in Upper and Lower Canada, as well as in the United States, and prices are certain to rule at a very low figure. Fodder of all kinds is very plentiful; the necessities of the army not being nearly so large this year, will lessen the demand for Oats, while the possibility of a close of the American markets, cannot fail to influence both the present and prospective rates. The earliest price, therefore will, we think, be the best. The hay crop exceeds all previous experience in this country, and we will, unquestionably, have a large surplus. Under proper management a good market could be found for our hay in New York and elsewhere, if the rendering of the Reciprocity Treaty by the United States authorities could be made at all fair or equitable. It is perfectly outrageous that hay in bulk or loose should be admitted free under this Treaty, while in some ports the collectors insist upon levying a duty of 20 per cent, if pressed in bundles. Cannot our Government, during the few months that remain of the Treaty, endeavour to obtain from the Secretary of the Treasury a modification of this extreme view of the law?

## GOOD SIGNS.

THE tariff of the United States, and the existing condition of the finances of that country, are, in one respect at least, doing Canada no harm. All along the frontier there is the greatest activity in general business. The Americans at various lake and river towns are buying more in Canada of what they consume and wear than they are in their own country. At Windsor, Sarnia, St. Catherines, and other towns on the Welland (ana), at Niagara, Kingston, Irescott, and Brockville, the trade for some months has been exceedingly active, and the amount of greenbacks which are being remitted to this city indicates the extent which the trade has reached. The demand is not confined to any particular class, but there is an increased animation in boots, shoes, groceries, clothing and dry goods at the points above mentioned. We do not believe that our own people are doing much in the smuggling line, the Americans themselves being the purchasers in almost all cases; and we see nothing to prevent a continuance of this class of trade, which cannot but materially increase the profts of our importers and dealers. But in a larger sense are wo being benefitted by the condition of things in the United States. . There is just now a healthy and increasing demand for groceries at wholesale from various points in the Fast and $W$ est. It is not exag. gerating the fact to say that within the last three months Montreal merchants have sold in the United States a million of dollars worth of tea alone: and within the present month there have been large transactions in a variety of other articles, such as rice, sugar, spices, \&c. Some of these orders were from Detroit, Chicago and Cincinnati; and hardly a day passes without some new connection being opened up in these cities. We must rejoice at these indications of an enlarged commerce on the part of our importers; and we trust it will be fostered and conducted on liberal principles and with every success. Even in Canadian manufactures there are indications of a trade. In Canadian tweeds the transactions have been important. A leading Montreal house has sold to A. T. Stewart \& Co., of New York, large parcels of this description of goods at remunerative rates, and we believe other transactions of a similar character have taken place. The reputation which this class of goods has now achieved ought to beget for them a demand even from our neighbours. We can sell a class of goods to them better suited to their wants and at cheaper rates than they can be had from England. We know this is saying a good deal, but we think it may be demonstrated, and we shall shortly attempt to do so.
We have indications, too, of an`enlarged trade with our sister Provinces, satisfactory orders for leather, boots and shoes having been received and executed. Some tweeds have bcen shipped, and an occasional transaction in furs. There is no question whatever that, with an assimilation of the tariffs, there are a great many articles, as we showed last week, in which a profitable exchange could be made. There has also been very considerable shipments of leather to England, and an attempt is being made to introduce Cansdian hoots and shoes, which we earnestly trust will be successful. We are also happy to announce the success of a considerable shipment of furniture of Canadian manufacture, to the English market, from two of the largest manufacturers in Western Canada ; and orders are now in the country for as much as can be manufactured of certain classes of goods, on which there is a good profit.
We purpose going more extensively into this subject at a future day, but in the meantime the country may be congratulated upon the inception of an enlarged foreign commerce.

## Was it ever tried ?

Mr. Galt in his speech on Reciprocity in Parliament last week, stated, in extenuation of the delay which had taken place, that "it was not known that the other party (the American Government), without whose concurrence nothing could be done, was wil. ling to enter into negociations." Was it ever tried? How could it be known, if no attempt was ever made to ascertain? If the American Government refused positively to treat on the subject, it was an answer sufficiently final. This is not however the case; and if the Treaty is lost or allowed to lapse in consequence of delay, it will be poor satisfaction to make such paltry excuses as this.

THE PROPOSED PUBLIC WORES.

## Article ili.

THE state of the lrovincial finances being such as to call for retrenchment and economy, the question is pertinent:-Which of the great public works proposed should be proceeded with? We answer, none that Canada can do without.
It would be well for the country if all these undertakings could be postponed until our population and wealth had increased. But the peculiarities of our position, both geographical and political, and the retrograde policy in commercial affairs which the United States threatens to adopt, seems to render some of these public works alsolutely necessary to our prosperity and well-being.

## Let us glauce at each briefly in detail.

And first.-What of furtitications? We say emphatically they are not one of the necessities of our pusition. The people of Canada are utterly opposed to the semi-barbaric policy, which even Europe is beginning to discard, of one state arming against another in time of peace. Frowning battlements, bristling cannon, and an idte soldiery, may be gratifying to the despotic sovereigns who regard Europe as a chessboard and their subjects as pawns. But for the peopleof Canada they have no attractions. If the furtifications proposed to be built at Montreal, Kingston, Toronto, and Hamilton, would prevent war; or, in case that were impossible, protect our soil from invasion and consequent desolation, their coustruction might be wise and prudent. But would they attain either of these desirable objects? Even Col. Jervois, in his report to the British Government, anticipates no such result. The mere proposal to erect these military works has largely stimulated the opposition to the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty in the United States; and there can be little doubt that their erection would do far more to engender bad feeling and precipitate hostilities, than to prevent them. As a means to prevent invasion they would be almost valueless. Common sense must teach any one that a few forts could not, in the very nature of things, do much to assist us in guarding a frontier of a thousand miles against an enemy outnumbering us ten to one. And why should we arm, for such in reality it is, against the United States at the present time? For the past half century we have lived as their neighbours in peace and quictness. We were never better prepared to defend ourselves, or the United States less able or likely to attack us, than at the present moment. During the past four years, the Republic has bled at every pore, it is encumvered with an enormous debt, and the fires of the great revolution slumber but are not extinguishedwhat statesmen retaining their senses, American or otherwise, could think of foreign aggression at such a time? Everything points to peace for many years to come. Then why should Cavada, in the face of heary financial burdens, and to the cudangerment of her commercial relatious with her best customer, throw away $\$ 7,000,000$ upon useless preparation for an imaginary danger? Letter far to Lusband our resources and improve our financial position, so that if the dire calamity of war docs overtake us, we may have the means and the credit necessary to enable us to pass through the conflict successfully.
The Intercolonial Railway is the largest and most costly of the undertakings which our Government has had under consideration. Its proposod length is 350 miles, and its estimated cost, which is doubtless below the mark, $£ 3,000,000$ sterling. Is a commercial speculation it will not pay. A large portion of the country through which it must pass is barren and unsettled; and the dividends it will pay are, with justice, expected to be like angels' visits-" few and far between." But the position of Canada is such that this line of communication with the occan can hardly be dispensed with. If Confederation takes place, its construction will be imperative. Besides being part of the compact entered into at the Quebec Conference: it would be very absurd for Canada and the Maritime Provinces to be united under onc Government, and yet have no means of communication with each other during the winter months! At the present time, whilst our noble St. Lawrence is sealed with ice, we are entirely dependent upon the Americans for an outlet to the sca-board. Upon any whim or caprice of the Federal Government we may be shut out from communication with Europe during five months of the year: The interests of Canada are becoming too vast and important to be thus dependent on a foreign power, however friendly; and although the construc.
tion of the lutercolonial Kailway may add to the pressure of our finances, there seems no prudent course open to us but to make a route to the Atlantic through our own territory. If the railway should pay no "dividends," it will at least increase our trade with the Lower Provinces, and open up and develop the section of country through which it passes.
The enlargement of our Provincial canals should entirely depend upon whether the United States renew the Reciprocity Treaty or not. If our neighbours are desirous to continue the close commercial intercourse which has added so much to the prosperity of both countries during the past ten years, then it will be our duty and our interest to enlarge our canals to meet the requirements of Western trade. This expenditure would, we think, be no drag upon our Finances. Our Government derives considerable revenue from our canals each year. In the Trade aud Navigation returns, the gross and net revenue of our canals from 1858 to 1863 , is given as follows :

| Years. | Gross Revente. | Net Revenue. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1858. | . . . \$293,322 | \$186,437 |
| 1859. | 223,414 | 92,359 |
| 1860*. | 333,262 | 83,064 |
| 1861. | 419,385 | 60,612 |
| 1862. | 497,302 | 88,470 |
| 1863. | 385,220 | 274,527 |
|  | \$2,152,205 | \$785,479 |

With the enlargement of our canals, we might naturally expect a large increase of American traffic through the St. Lawrence route. Three regular lines of vessels are at present engaged in trading between Lake ports and European countries, and before twenty years from the present time, we could easily imagine our magnificent inland seas whitened with sails from every clime. Under the least favourable circumstances, the increased revenue from our canals would go far towards paying the interest upon the cost of their enlargement. Should the United States, however, decline to renew the Reciprocity Treaty, we would not spend a dollar in their improvement. Their capacity is quite sufficient for the trade of Canada for many years to come, and until our Provincial exchequer becomes replenished, we would be very foolish to make costly improvements simply to accommodate our neighbours.
The purchase of the North West territory is not a necessity to Canada, and if the Hudson's Lay Contpany want $£ 1,500,000 \mathrm{stg}$. for it, we had better let them keep it. A great amount of dowuright bosh has been penned on this subject. There is doubtless much fertile land in the Red River and other districts. But it is unreasonable to suppose that the young men of Canada, or the immigrant from Europe, will direct their steps to a country so far northwards, surrounded by half civilized Indian tribes, when there are valuable lands in Canada, and millions of acres to be had for nothing in the "great West," with its genial climate. When these lands are filled up, we do not doubt that the settlement of the North West territory will progress rapidly; but not till then. In view of this contingency, a nominal sum might be paid to get rid of the great Fur trading monopoly. But for Canada to pay millions for the territory, and to undertake the vast cost of opening it up for settlement, of goveruing and protecting it, would be, in the present state of our finances, perfectly preposterous.
MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.
$A^{\text {LL Horsed Cattle continue very scarce, the Ameri- }}$ cans being eager competitors in the markets both of Western Canada and also the Townships. l'rices consequently rule higher than last week, best quality of Beef bringing from $\$ 6.50$ to $\$ 7.50$, medium $\$ 5.50$ to $\$ 6$. Inferior sells at $\$ 4$ to $\$ 5$. Milch Cows scarce at $\$ 24$ to $\$ 36$ per head. Sheep are in plentiful supply, and prices range from $\$ 4$ to $\$ 6$, according to quality. Lambs range from $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 3$. Calves-There is so little demand for Veal that our quotations are nearly nominal, say $\$ 6$ to $\$ 7$ for flrst quality, and $\$ 4$ to $\$ 5.50$ for lower qualities. Hogs very scarce, but demand limited. Live weight $\$ 7$ to $\$ 7.25$; Dressed ditto, $\$ 9.50$ to $\$ 10$.
Hides. - No demand, 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ c. per lb. Sheep and Calf Skins 70 to 80 c . each. Calf Skius active at $13_{1}^{\prime}$ to 14 c . per lb .
Tallow.-Rough, dull at 5 s c. per 1b. Lard, 12 to $12 \frac{1}{c}$. per 1 b . undressed.
*The great difforence which exists betwoon the yrows aind the wet Tolls of 1860, '61 and '62, arisco frvin the large amount of Tolls rofunded during those gears.

## MOST IMPORTANT.

A MONG the papers submitted to Parliament last week is the Report of the Delegates from the Canadian Government to England. Referring to the subject of Reciprocity the Report states:-" We ex"plained" to Mr. Cardwell "the immediate injury " that would result to Canadian interests from the abro" gation of the Treaty, but we pointed out at the same " time the new and ultimately more profitable channels " in which our foreign trade would in that event be "turned, and the necessity of preparing for the change, " if, indeed, it would come." This Report is signed by four of the principal members of the Canadian Government, and is an important document. The extract juat quoted contains information of a very important character, which it is very necessary, if it is not a piece of humbug, should be at once elaborated. "The new and ultimately more profitable channels' ought certainly to be indicated. The prospects of a new Reciprocity Treaty do not improve; but, though our Ministers have something better in store for us, they fail to give the necessary particulars to make it avail. able for the public good. They are either unwilling or unable to be more definite in their information. Either view is bad for them, but worse for the country. "The more profitable channels" should be demonstrated, in order that efforts could be made for diverting trade into that direction bofore the Treaty is repealed, and we are left on the broad of our back. The necessity of preparing for the change is admitted; yet our Ministers, who know of "more profitable channels" for our trado than now exist, fail to show the grounds of their belief. There is an uncertain, anxious feeling in relation to this subject, which is paralyzing the good effects of our harvest and the improved prospects of trade; and it is the duty of the Executive not only to take early action to get a decision on the Reciprocity question, but to make kuown their views as to what the "new channels" indicated in this grave document really are.

## PETROLEUM EXCITEMENT.

$\mathrm{F}^{\text {VENTS }}$ of a very defiuite and satisfactory nature Das to the existence of Oil-paying properties in Bothwell, Canada West, have transpired during the past week. The "Boston well," owned by a number of Americans, has been made the subject of a test my a committee composed of representatives from the different States of the Union and Cauada, who, over their signature under date of 9 th August, report that " the well when put into operation, yielded in four hours 32 barrels of oil, with an increased flow as the pump proceeded." Au accident to the pumping valve prevented the test being further proceeded with, but the result was so satisfactory as to convince these gentlemen that nowhere on this continent was there bettor chance for oil operations than in Bothwell. The "Lick" well which has, at times, been yielding 50 brls. a day, but which has been yielding somewhat less recently, has been sold to a Chicago Company for $\$ 75,000$ cash, American curreucy. The Company have large capital, and have taken steps to furnish the well with every description of apparatus, and they have no doubt the well will yield 75 or 80 barrels a day. From all sections of the country we hear of wells being sunk, and notwithstanding the fact that oil is now dearer than it was some time ago, and that too, in face of decreased exports, indicative of decreased production, the belief is still apparently universsl, that success must attend intelligent and legitimate operations in oil. A very large amount of money has been invested in Canada, within the last six months, both foreigu and local capital; and we still hold the belief that this product will yet contribute largely to the wealth and prosperity of the country.

## The Stock Market.

There has been a fair annount of business done this week in Stocks. Our quotations throughout, showing the advance of previous weeks, are firm, and a slight advance has been submitted to in favourite kinds. Bank of Montreal has been sold at $112 \frac{1}{2}$ to $112 \frac{1}{2}$, Ontario to some extent at 100t, and City Bank at 94 . Montreal Mining Consols have changed hands this week at provious rates, averaging nearly $\$ 3$ per share. Sterling Exchange is firm at $108 \frac{3}{4}$ to $109 \frac{1}{2}$ for Bank Bills.
Salt.
Little has been done since our last, and the only sale we hear of was from 2000 to 3000 bushels afluat at 60 o . ex store, small parcels 62 f silver. In bulk, Fine $\$ 1.10$.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

| Jumes Baillie \& C | MeIntyre, Denoon \& Co. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Buukhage, Beak \& Co. | Munderloh \& Steencken. |
| Wm. Benjnain \& Co. | Ogilvy \& Co. |
| James P. Clark. | Ringland, Ewart \& Co. |
| John Dougall \& Co. | A. Robertson $\& C^{2}$ Co. |
| Foulde \& Hordgeon. | Stirling, MeCall \& Co. |
| Gilmour, White \& C'o. | William Stephen \& Co. |
| Lewis, Kny \& Co. | Thomsion, Claxton \& Co. |
| Thomas May \& Co. | rander Walker. |

## W <br> present herewith an interesting letter from our Paris, August 1st, 1865.

Another season is about opening, and fabricants of fashion have not been idle. Indeed from the very great change in, now apparently, the most important articles of dress, namely, bonnets and hats, we can only call it marvellous, and wonder at the taste becoming familiarized as if by magic, yet so it is. When I describe a few of these great changes you will readily admit it exceeds expectations.
Firstly,-Bonnets in shape have changed from sloping crown to the abruptly opposite, flat and very small, with a small bavolet or curtain, very narrow, and close to suit chignon of hair; the textures employed are velvets, velours friseses or corded velvets, and gros de Venise, plain and studded with pearls of jet, steel or gold, presenting a very chaste appearance. To produce similar effect, and to accord with the spangled veil, and fall of spangled black tulle at back, the latter a favourite introduction, the bonnet is spangled with gold or steel. But it is the peculiar novel and varied decorations employed, which give the bonnets their great freshness of design. Jet and steel are much used, butgold and vert paillon is the striking novelty. The great variety of tasteful ornaments of the most opposite form manufactured is scarcely credible, chains of gold with hanging medallions of gold dollars of all nations, some with pear-shaped pendants of gold and vert paillon; others with acorns, the cup of filagree gold, and the kernel of vert paillon, and oruaments representing butterfies, flies and insects in filagree gold and steel-swords-arrowshorse shoes-axes-birds-fishes - grasshoppers-animals' heads and sporting emblems-no form or shape is too eccentric, requiring only to pass through the hands of these fabricators of fasition to become equally applicable and ta stefn'.
But of all the tasteful novelties for millinery purposes used in. concert with the above named, may be added the introduction of cameos, black or amethyst, and black and white cameos on jet; some mounted in brilliant cut steel, others in gold. This originality of design is adopted simultaneously by all the great modistes of Paris, and it adds to the perfection of the toilet to wear brooch and earrings of the same. Another singular freak of fashion is the placing in a conspicuous part of the bonnet the bird hirondelle, or domestic swallow, this bird and no other; many of the modistes will not use the natural bird, only the artificial, to check as much as possible the terrible and cruel onslanght on these harmless creatures. Its form is painted and otherwise worked in all articles de Paris for the coming season, portemonuaies, faus, satchels, belts, passementerie, \&c., \&c.
Another pleasing and rising extreme novelty for decorations of bonnets, also for demi-toilet for the hair, are the bandes Grecques, a style which will be much adapted for the coming winter. It is formed of three bands of gold, steef, jet, or velvet, embroidered with either of the before named. Large orders are placed for New York in this article, indeed so immense are the orders to the Paris manufacturers of all the above articles of mode for the United States market, that not one-sixth will or can be executed, and only those houses that have placed their requirements early will have them filled. Twenty per cent. more is frequently offered to induce manufacturers to break faith for a completed order. Fortunately the law in France is very stringent on this point.
I have much to tell you respecting hats, but must defer doing so until next week; meantime other articles may be remarked upon.
Sinall Veils of black lace or tutle double, studded with gold, steel or vert paillon in unison with decoration of hat are greatly in favour. Attached is the new invented spring which enables the veil to be attached or removed at pleasure without disturbing the decoration. Veils for Bonnets have undergone a great change, being worn in all cases fully three-fourths metre long, and square, similarly decorated with gold, steel or jet.
Flowers are also in accordance with prevailing taste, being studded with gold and vert paillon; the only novelty in colour is a shade of violet called regina, which will be greatly in favour, but it will be difficult
to put down the present and rising taste for ponceau. Among the several novelties in velvet may be named black, striped half inch wide on satin grounds of violet, ponceau and bleu de Mexique very original and will be much employed for decoration of black velvet bonnets producing a most tasteful effect when applied for these twisted rolls so much employed in bonnets, the black stripes to be spangled with gold or steel.
Mantles-still only the tight fitting coat will be worn made shorter,and when made of the amall curled Astracan only three or four inches deeper than a jacket below the waist, very small and particularly suited for young ladies. Both forms being made to accord with the present style of skirt; where much novelty is displayed in the decoration, the large cord "ganse nouccuute';" rifle cord, and Hungarian cord, (about one inch in circumference and quite original) being universally employed producing a startling, novel and tasteful effect: Another essential and much studied accessory to this masculine attire is the button; no form or style can be too extravagant, gold, steel and jet, and mixtures of same.
An article which modistes have given much attention to for coming season on account of its general adoption by ladies at the great baths, Baden, Wiesbaden, Vichy, etc., is the jacket for demi-toilet in doors; scarlet velour flannels and cloth being much in favour, decorated with hanging passementerie of gold with pendent fringe of gold dollars, also with steel fringes e paulettes and cuffs of same; black silk jackets simi' larly decorated, also full plaited bodies (after Garibaldis) with passementerie of gold and steel, made in cashmere.
Black Cloth Mantles are greatly in favour, trimmed with flat braids passed through steel and jet buckles, producing a very pretty effect.

Dress Materials for coming winter, Knickerbocker winsers, and plain winseys in dark colours have been largely ordered for Europe, and from their usefulness will be much sought after. The rifle cord will be much employed for these materials, but there are many chaste novelties in wool, and wool and silk in stripes and large silk spots on jasper grounds, as Toledos, Hellas, grains de poudre, mille rayé, Montbrillant, Atlantique, Grand Pekin a soie and others; for decoration of these fancy textures buttons are fabricated expressly, and as they form such an important feature, buyers should look round well to get the right thing.
Gimp Fassementerie, with jet, steel, and gold pearls, will be much used for the quiet taste. Great improvements will be seen in the styles of this necessary trim. ming. A favourite trimming for French merinos and plain textures is black ribbon velvet passed throngh buckles of steel or jet, a very novel and pleasing effect. For underskirts also, steel buckles are used, with scarlet braid passed through: the only novelty in skirtings are black grounds with stripes of scarlet, blue or violet, half inch wide and one inch apart. On these goods this buckle and braid application is very apropos. Belts for dresses have produced the greatest revolu tion in the shortest time, they are now worn, only forty centimetres wide, barely one and a half inch English; in Paris to wear wider would be barbarism. Plain colours and black are much in demand, but great novelties have been introduced in leather, velvet and silk, decorated with gold, steel and jet, and the favourite hirondelle; buckles of pearl, steel, gold, damascene and silver are all equally in favour; pearl buckles are especial favourites, with the new shades of blue and violet.
Ribbons--The taste is evidently for very quiet styles, plain centres, with edges fringed deep; those with steel introduced produce a most pleasing and brillant effect, plain velvet ribbons for bonnet ties in ponceau, and the leading colours will be much used, but the high price may limit the consumption, The same colours, one and a fourth inch wide, will be immensely used for streamers to the chignon for demi as well as full dress, and in black for promenade. Cachpeignes or combs are produced for coming season with wonderful display of taste and elegance; and while the present fashion of wearing the hair keeps in favour there will be an unceasing demand for this article. For autumn black straw and hair bonnets are much asked for trimmed with a band of black velvet one and a fourth inch wide covering frout of bonnet, the curtain a band threeeighths of an inch wide, the decoration of bonnet to taste of modiste. In gloves, the Duchesse is in much favour, but a great novelty in form suited for the present fashion of dress sleeve has been invented; its great peculiarity is a cuff bound with kid, in colour to contrast with the glove, and laving steel or jet buttons as a decoration, it will undoubtedly influence the sale of the Duchesse glove:

THEGROCERT TRADE.

 Wiun \& Holland.

TRansactions during the week have been extremely limited. The Stocks in bond of goods sought after for the United States are almost exhausted, and have been so culled that really there is little left of the classes of groceries in bond which have so eagerly of late been enquired for to supply the New York and Western States markets; and until additional imports come forward, we may almost consider our satisfactory operations with the American markets closed for the moment. There is no new feature to note of importance regarding the position of our market, and prices are without change.
Some little excitement has been experienced in consequence of the impression that the Government intended at once to impose an additional duty upon imported spirits, and also to increase the excise upon High Wines, \&c. With this view numbers of our merchants on Monday and Tuesday paid duties upon all their liquors in bond. Distillers also paid duties ou all their stocks. Holders of Tobacco in bond in many cases partaking of the alarm, the Government have received the immediate benefit of excise upon this commodity, and large lots of Tobaccos have been released. It appears, however, that Mr. Galt does not intend to propose this Session any material change in the present tariff.
Teas are quiet but firm; Sugars are stiffy held, and some fair lots are offered to arrive. We are advised that some shipments from England are on the way; the stock in that market continues very large and in excess. Our latest advices from Matanzas and Havana of August 4th, report these markets very active, and a large business doing at advanced rates; the stock is mucb reduced; quotations given for grocery kinds are 9 to $9 \frac{1}{2}$ reals. The export of sugar from Havana, Cardenas, Matanzas, till end of last month has been 153,010 hhds., an excess of 10,005 hhds. over 1861. We observe the New York matket has declined since our last $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{3}}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$; this however may be accounted for by the temporary decline in gold.
Coffees are unchanged, and in meagre supply. Rice, -the market very bare, and prices firin. Tobaccos steady. Molasses in fair supply without activity. In all other groceries the market is quiet, and we have no large sales to report.

## THE HARDWARETRADE

EVERAL large transactions have taken place in Staple goods the past week at rates fully up to our last quotations, and the Fall demand for most Staple goods having now conmmenced, it is not at all likely that prices will recede. It is rather felt by holder that the stocks coming forward will be insufficient for the extra demand which has sprung up from the Western States as well as from the favourable appearance of our own crops in Canada West. There are at preup any goods offered at a trifle under wanting to pick
Pig Iron.-The arrivals the past week were about 1000 tons principally of Gartsherrie, of which the bulk was at once taken for the Western States,at cash prices lots to arrive during the next fortnight have. Several secured for the Chicago market. The boats running from this to Chicago generally take from 150 to 200 tons of Iig Iron each trip. Several lots have also been secured to arrive for Western Canada. Prices to day are tending upwards, as holders are by no means anyious to press.
Bar Iron.-The prices remain the same as our last; a considerable demand has sprung up for the Western Canada trade. As stocks are good here, there is no
difficulty in tilling orders. As we now have a Rolling difficulty in tilling orders. As we now have a Rolling
Mill for bars here, there will not hereafter be the same difficulty as formeriy in keeping up sizes, should any unforeseen demand arise for particular sizes.
Cut Nails-Have again advanced in consequence of
the very large orders coming forward; and no doubt the very large orders coming forward; and no doubt, should the demand continue, a further rise will take place early next month. The stocks of this article are lighter than they have been at this season for several years; and it is confidently expected that the mills will be unable to supply the orders from now till end of season or avigation.
Boiler Plates-Still remain scarce, and the supply is not yet sufficient for the demand; prices for $i+\mathrm{in}$. are
very firm. very firm.
Boiler Tubes-Are now in full supply, and prices
have given way 1c. to 2 c . per foot.
Shef/ Goods-Are in full supply; prices are as usual.

FAILURES-MEETINGS OF CREDITORS FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF ASSIGNEES UNDER THE INSOLVENC


ASSIGNEES APPOINTED.


APPLICATIONS FOR DISCHARGE.

| name. | Residence. | WHERE TO BE Held. | nate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Edmison, IsmelBlack, } \\ & \text { \& Heary Edmison.. } \end{aligned}$ | Ceterbrough | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { County Court, Co. } \\ \text { Peterborough .... } \end{array}\right\}$ | Oct. 14. |
| Firatbrook, Willimn. | Leton, C. W. | John Whyte, Montreal.. | $\ldots$ |
| Mahoney, Thoms-.. | Peterborough | County Court Pet Co. $\qquad$ | 12. |
| Macbean, Arthur ...... | obourg | \{County Courthouse, $\}$ <br> Co. Northumberland | " 18. |

WRITSOF ATTACHMENT ISSUED.

| DRFENDANT'S NANE AND REST- | plaintipf'S name. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jull, Henry J., Hamilton.......... Pollard, Philip. | William McKinstry...... Arthur R. McMakter..... | July 28. |

## STOCK MARKET.

|  | Closing prices. | Last Week's Prices. | Corresponding week, 1864. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank of Montreal, | 1121 | 112 | 1121 |
| Ontario Bank, - | Par. | 101 | 104 |
| Bank of B. N. A., |  |  | Par. |
| Commercial Bank, | ${ }_{-9} 9$ | ${ }_{-9}{ }^{4}$ | 108 |
| Bank of Upper Canaia, | 89 | 30 | 84 53 |
| Ranque du Peuple, | 1024 | 101 | 107 |
| Molsons Bank, | 112 | 112 | 1131 |
| Bank of Toronto, - | 98 | Par. | 101 |
| Renque Jacques Cartier, | 103 | 1036 | 106 |
| Morchant Bank, E. . . | ${ }_{89}^{103 /}$ | 1024 89 | 102. |
| Enstern Townshipe Bank, |  |  | 92 |
| Montreal Telegraph Co., | 128 | 126 | 131 |
| City Pasenger R. R. Co., | ${ }_{1}^{130} 8$ | 129 92 | 131 |
| Government Debentures, 5 p . | Par. | 99 | Par. |
|  | 104 | 104 |  |
| Montreal Corporation Bonds, . | 90 | 90 | $\begin{gathered} 1013 \\ 96 \end{gathered}$ |


We present herewith. a table showing the imports at Montreal of the leading
items in trade, from 17th January to Sth August of present year as compared with


## Mour, Superior Ext. Extra Fancy Supa <br> Fine. <br> Bag Flour, ilicibs. Ontmeal, bbl 200 lbs. <br> Othmeal Wheat Pens Barley Oats

WEEKLY PRICES CURRENT,-MONTREAL, AUGUST 18, 1865.

| NAME OF | CURRENT RATEA. | namb of article | chates. | article. | CURRENT RATRS. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GROCERIES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coft |  | Bargundy Port, gal. Port Wine, | $\begin{array}{llll} 080 & \text { to } & 1 & 25 \\ 1000 & \text { to } & 5 & 00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coach Body (Turpt) } \\ & \text { Furniture } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Tagun | - ${ }^{0} 000$ to $0^{5} 000$ | Sherry, | $\begin{array}{llll} 1000 & \text { to } & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 80 & \text { to } & 5 \end{array}$ | (Benzine) | $\begin{array}{llll} 2 & 00 & \text { to } & 2 \\ 1 & 25 \\ 1 & \text { to } & 1 & 30 \end{array}$ |
| s, |  |  |  | Spirits Turpent. | 150 to 17 |
|  |  | HARDWARE. |  |  | 040 to 0 |
| Herringe, Lalbr |  | ck TIn, per 1 | 02 to 027 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} 0 & 25 & \text { to } \\ 0 & 0 & 27 \\ 0 & 25 & \text { to } \\ 0 & 265 \end{array}$ | SOAP |  |
| R Round... |  |  |  |  |  |
| No |  | Cut Nalls. |  |  | $\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 10 & \text { to } & 0 & 101 \\ 0 & 192 \\ 0 & \text { to } \\ 0\end{array}$ |
| Sry Cod, Ganke..... |  | Assorted, 1 per 112 lbs |  | Adamantine......... | 0 |
| Fru |  |  | 380   <br> 400 to 420 | Son |  |
|  | 260 to 300 | the and ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Montreal Common. |  |
| Valen |  | Galvanized |  | Sterm Refreal Paie.. | 00 |
| Currnta, per lb. $\ldots$. | $\begin{array}{llll}0 \\ 0 & 07 & \text { to } \\ \text { to } & 0 & 006\end{array}$ | Arsorted sizes....... <br> Best No. 24. | $\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 06 \\ 0 & \text { to } & 0 \\ 0 & 08 \\ 0 & \text { to } \\ 0 & 080\end{array}$ | Montreal Liverpool. |  |
| Molasses. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clayed, per ga | 028 |  |  |  |  |
| Muasovilo, ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 035 to 040 | Horse |  |  |  |
| Syrupr, | $\begin{array}{lllll}000 & \text { to } & 0 & \text { co }\end{array}$ | Guast's | 019 to 000 |  | 12 |
| Rice |  |  |  | BOOTS, SHO |  |
| ana | 335 to 350 |  | $\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 19 & \text { to } & 0 & 00\end{array}$ | Bors' Ware. |  |
| salt. |  | xo, | 0 18 to 0 as <br> 0 17 to 0 0 <br> 0     | Thick Borts No. 1... | 0 to |
|  |  |  |  | Men's Ware. |  |
| sp |  |  |  | Thick Boots N o. 1.. Kips. | 1-40 to |
|  | 028 to 030 |  |  |  | $2{ }^{2} 75$ to 3000 |
| ${ }_{\text {Clores }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ginger, J dra |  | Bar-Scotech, 112 libe: | $\begin{array}{cccc}2 & 70 \\ 3 & \text { to } \\ 3 & \text { to } \\ \text { to }\end{array}$ | wom |  |
| , Bla | ${ }_{0} 932{ }^{\text {a }}$ | Swedes, ' ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 450 to 500 |  |  |
|  | 0062 tol0 072 | Hoops-Coopers, "، |  |  | 0 |
| Suga |  |  | 380 to 3 3 00 |  |  |
| Porto Ric | 950 to 1025 | Mda Platee, Staft. |  | Y |  |
| Drer Crushed, per III |  | dd |  | Thick B | 125 to 130 |
|  | 000 to 000 |  | 140 to 000 |  |  |
| ry, Xell ${ }^{\text {a/ }}$ | 09 |  |  | RODUCE. |  |
|  | (1) $\begin{gathered}0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{gathered}$ | $\underset{9}{6}, \text { per bu }$ |  | Asher, |  |
|  | 0ill |  |  |  |  |
| " ${ }^{\text {x }}$ " |  | Lend. |  |  | $\begin{array}{lllll} 5 & 60 & \text { to } & 3 & 10 \\ 5 & 242 & \text { to } & 3 & 273 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Bar, | 675 | Butter, perlb. |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Dry Cry }}$ |  | $\stackrel{\text { She }}{\text { Shh }}$ |  |  |  |
| Extra G |  | Powder. |  |  | $\begin{array}{ccccc}0 & 16 & \text { to } & 0 & 1 / \\ 0 & 14 & 10 & \\ 0\end{array}$ |
| Sorver.ädid | $\begin{array}{ll}0 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 0 & \text { do } \\ 0\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {Brasting }}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}300 & \text { to } & 3: 0 \\ 400 & \text { coser }\end{array}$ |  | , |
| ns. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twankay ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Twankay }}$ Medium | 040 to 045 |  | 450 to 5000 |  |  |
| Commo | 030 to 038 | Rail | 4 ¢0) to 000 |  | 030 to 032 |
| Commo |  | T |  | Pcase, per 60 | 085 to 090 |
| Fine | $0{ }_{0} 03$ to 058 | IC | 825 to 875 | Flour, |  |
|  | $0{ }^{12 y}$ ts |  | ${ }_{7}^{9} 7$ | пuper | 590 to f 10 |
| Cine to | $\begin{array}{lllll}03 & 38 & \text { to } & 0 & 65\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Congoun and |  |  | 650 to 700 | Snne |  |
| Ordinary dusty |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fair to |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Infer | 034 to 039 | A | 250 to 280 |  |  |
| Go | 046 to 056 | A | 5 |  | $2{ }^{2} 565$ |
| Comm | 040 to 0.51 | " | 0 2s to 060 | Lard, per lh | 014 |
| medium |  | 1 | 010 to 01010 | Oatmeal, per bartel, |  |
| $\underset{\text { Pine to }}{ }$ |  | cam | 060 to 063 | ${ }^{200} \mathrm{lbs} . . . . . . . . .$. | 50 |
| com |  | Carb. Amm | 017 to 020 | Po |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Goma }}^{\text {Coma }}$ | (ex | Cochineal. | 100 to 105 |  |  |
| Fine | 085 to 099 | Cud | 018 to 025 | ${ }_{\text {Prim }}^{\text {Prin }}$ |  |
| Imperinal |  | Cr | 030 to 032 |  | 15 |
| $\underset{\text { Fine }}{\text { Fir }}$ | 071 to 082 |  | 300 to 350 |  | 900 |
| ${ }_{\text {Hygon }}^{\text {Fa }}$ |  | Gum |  |  | - |
| Fine to inetc.... |  |  |  |  |  |
| B |  |  | 035 to 045 |  |  |
|  |  | Liquorice, Calnbria | $\left.\begin{array}{l\|llll} 025 & \text { to } & 030 \\ 035 & \text { to } & 0 & 00 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Winter. | 0000 to 000 |
|  | 0 0 0 0 0 | Nutg | $035 \text { to } 060$ |  |  |
|  | O2\% |  |  | LEATHER. |  |
| Bright, | 037 to 060 | OfI, | 040 to 050 | Hem. BiA. Sole No. | 63 |
|  |  |  | 110 to 120 |  | 发 |
| R1T |  |  | $3{ }^{50}$ to | " Slaughter " |  |
| Li¢ |  |  | 600 to 650 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 400 to 450 | Enģlibh Oak Bend.... | to |
| Engl | 235 to 250 |  | 125 to 135 | Satin Calt, per |  |
| Montreal | 180 to 180 |  | 190 to 200 | " ${ }^{\text {c }}$ "ozen | 000 |
| Brandy. |  |  | $1{ }^{130}$ to 160 | Wa | tor |
| Henneest | $2{ }_{2}^{210}$ to 2930 | Rhubarb | 170 to 190 | Kipp, Whol | 033 to 0 O 45 |
| Robin \& | 边 | soap, | 010 to 012 | I | - |
| ${ }^{\text {Ota }}$ |  | Senna | 016 to 020 | Spha, Large | ${ }_{0}{ }_{15}^{2}$ do to 0 |
| J. ${ }_{\text {Jther }}$ |  | soda, | 370 to 280 | Wared Calf, 00 to 36 |  |
| Brandy in camen, doz. | 700 to 1000 | "\% Carb | 350 to | 18 to 27 Lbe. |  |
| Gin. |  | Wax, | O27 to 030 | Harneess Prenc | (1) |
| Hollands, | 087 |  |  | Enameliced C | to 016 |
|  |  | A. |  | Preat |  |
| per case... red cases. | 260  <br> 480 to <br> 48 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Porter. |  |  |  | Sheep Pelte, Country. |  |
|  |  |  | 075 to 080 |  |  |
| Dublin.... | $\begin{array}{ll}230 & \text { to } \\ 0 & 2 \\ 000 & \\ 0\end{array}$ | Winter |  |  |  |
| Montreal. |  |  |  | FURS. |  |
| R |  | Pale Sen | 085 to 090 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Demerara, | $\begin{array}{lllll}18 \\ 1 & 80 & \text { to } \\ 1 & 00 \\ \text { to }\end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{0} 8$ |  |  |
|  | 100 to 110 |  | 110 toll <br> 10  |  | to 200 |
| hiskey. |  | Lead, per 100 lbe |  |  |  |
| ch, | to to l l co |  | $\begin{array}{cccc} 8 & 40 & \text { to } & 0 \\ \mathbf{4} 0 \\ 8 & 00 & \text { to } & 0 \end{array}$ |  |  |

## THE PRODUCE MARKET

TERE has been nothing this week to vary the monotony of the current of business usual at this season. Flour continues drooping in spite of accounts from various quarters of damage done to the growing grain. Pot ashes are also dull and drooping. Provisions form the sole exception to the dulness ruling in every other branch of the produce trade, and prices of all kinds have well sustained their value.
Flour-Arrivals are limited, but the demand being still restricted to local wants, the leading descriptions have been in full supply, and no material change in value can be noted. The higher grades are in somewhat improved demand, and sales to a moderate extent may be noted at prices within the range of quotations, the choice sample in some instances commanding exceptional rates. We quoted Superior extra $\$ 5.90$ to $\$ 6.10$, Extra $\$ 5.50$ to 5.70 , and Fancy $\$ 5.15$ to 5.30 Strictly choice and strong Canada supers from scarcity command exceptional prices for bakers' use, but even the handsomest samples, if lacking in the essential of strength, are neglected or only taken at about the rate of good Western. Many brands, formerly much in request because of strength and superior sponging properties, have for a time back been found adulterated tomed use, and the reputation of the brand thus inde finitely injured. It is to be regretted that millers, whose brand has generally sold un its merits without inspection or even sample,should have resorted to there adulterations, as the distrust created is likely to result in more expense and loss than any gain accruing from the sale of a few hured barrels above its intrinsic strong $\$ 4.90$ to $\$ 5.10$. Welland Canal flour constitutes a considerable proportion of the present receipts and has sold to a moderate extent at $\$ 4.80$ to $\$ 4.90$. Western supers, from the relatively high rates at the sources of supply tor a time back, are sparingly offered, and the better sam les find free sale at $\$ 4.60$ to $\$ 4.70$, but close ground and softare only taken to a small exten and at considerably lower rates. No. 2 is extremely scarce, and any stray parcel offered is promptly taken at $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 40$ according to sample; fine is also in small supply and command full prices say $\$ 3.95$ to $\$ 4.15$ Middlings and Pollards, though not largely offered, are believed to be held to a cousiderable extent; prices con tinued about as at the date of our last.
Bag Flour-Supplies have come forward rather sparingly, and previous stocks have become much rediced, imparting an improved tone to the market; and although no material advance can yet he noted, the anxiety to operate is on the part of purchasers, and some improvement is likely soon to take place; Canadu samples may be quoted $\$ 2.60$ to $\$ 2.70$, and those from $W$ estern wheat
Oatmeal stocks are small, and the demand is of the merest retail; nominal prices are $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 4.75$ per brl of 2001 bs.
Wheat-Receipts are fair and sales to a moderate extent may be noted Chicago bringing 93 to 96 cents. Milwaukee 96 to 99 cents; U C. Spring, may be quoted lower, sales being reported at $\$ 1.00$.
Coarse Grains-In the absence of wholesale transactions, may be quoted nominal.
Pork. - The New York market bas declined, but the feeling hele continues very strong; holders being firm at \$ 3 at which small sales are being made, no wholesale transactions transpiring the stock being small, and mostly in two or three hands.
Butter.-Receipts continue in advance of the corresponding period of last year, but with an active demand, all desirable parcels have been readily placed on arrival at from 17 to 17 fc . depending on quality and condition. Inferior 18 taken at a proportionate reducion from these prices, so that hitherto there has been provement in quality is noticeable, and such parcels readily command full rates. Were such improvement universal, and all the butter sent to this and other markets of a quality that could be consumed with pleasure, be the market rate such an articlo would be might e the mang its full value. With rourd to be sure of of butter many causes seem to indicate that there will be a smaller make this season than for some yeara past both in Canada and in the great butter producing sections of New York and neighbouring states-The last British advices speak of the pastures being much benefitted by rains; and dealers, in consequence, anticipating a larger make of Irish than was at one time expected, were operating very sparingly-still contidence is felt that good and fine qualities will maintain their value through the shipping season. A few weeks later a better judgment can be formed concerning the prospects of the fall trade.
Cherse.-Under the influence of somewhat more favourable advices from Britain the New York market regained its former activity, and sales of factory were
mide at an advanced rate-Here the market continues without change--dairy realising about 9 c . and factory with.
10.
LARD.-None coming forward-the stock is gradually working into consumption at $14 \frac{1}{2}$ to 15 .
in er ors.- Pots continue to decline in price, especially over.tock and but little demand. We quote all sorts an to $\$ 5.15$-with occasional sales of very poor tares under our quotation.
Pearls-Owing to somewhat more favourable advices from Britain, have rallied in a measure and may now be quoted $\$ 5.25$ to $\$ 5.27 \frac{1}{2}$ for First Sorts. Inferiors rery dull at about $\$ 5.00$.

Leather
We understand that a sale of $\$ 10,000$ worth of eather was made in this city during the week, to a buyer from the Western States. The leather market is frm without variation in prices.

## Provincial Finances.

For the eighteen months ending 30th June last, the Provincial Expenditure was $\$ 16,147,700$;--the Receipts were $\$ 15,751,250-$ showing a deficiency of $\$ 396,450$. It must be borne in mind that the revenue for 1864 was much larger than ever before-that owing to the excessive imports with which the country was deluged, the customs returns showed a great gain. This year, however, the case is reversed. The revenue from this source lor the first half of the year is only a trifle over half that for the same time last year, and the last half of the year will show only a slight improvement. If we have a deficiency of nearly half a million in eighteen months, twelve of which contributed so much to the revenue, what will be the deficiency for the current year, during which the revenue promises to be about one half of that of last year?

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Also 200 hbds. Choice Porto Rico Sugar; and $\left.\begin{array}{c}259 \text { hids. } \\ 50 \text { tierces. }\end{array}\right\}$ Pime retailing Molasses.
10th August, 1865.

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Milton \& Co.'s Superior BURGUNDY PORTS
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