







The Colonist

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1892.

AN IMPENDING DANGER.

The Oregonian is among those who believe that the danger from cholera has not passed away. It is its opinion that the cold of winter will not kill the cholera bacilli. It will simply make them torpid while it lasts, and when the warmer weather comes again they will wake up to renew their deadly work. In an excellent article on the "Peril Postponed" our contemporary says:—

While the menace is removed for a few months, the danger of appearance of the disease next year has been from the first the most probable peril. Experience has shown that the bacilli of cholera can and do lie dormant during the winter and revive again in the spring, and in view of this fact every precaution should be observed against the infection next spring.

The brief contest with cholera and its victorious ending this fall showed what quarantine and sanitation can do. Medical science was not thrown upon its remedial resources in this contest, so sharply did it wage war with its pestiferous invader, and while there is no doubt but that these would be vigorously applied, and that they would prove relatively effective in case of necessity, the wisdom of removing remedy to the second place on the list in fighting disease is unquestioned. The cordial co-operation of the people in sanitary matters can be secured only through the presence of fear; hence, while it is not wise to create needless alarm, it is well enough to remind the public that the actual danger from an invasion of cholera will be fully as great in April as it was in September, and that the effects of such invasion would prove much more disastrous in the summer months than they could have been in the winter.

The reappearance of the cholera on this continent next spring, while it would be a serious cause of alarm to all its inhabitants, would be to our American neighbors peculiarly unfortunate. A visitation of the dread disease next summer would make the failure of the Chicago Exhibition a certainty. This would be a calamity to them in many ways, and Canadians would be sharers in the misfortune. It is, therefore, greatly to be hoped that the vigilance and care of the authorities, national and civic, on both sides of the national boundary line, will prevent an outbreak of the cholera on this continent next year.

"A NEW RAILWAY."

The Seattle Telegraph, of Tuesday, contains an article on the Canadian Western Railway which is conceived in the right spirit. It shows that our neighbors regard the progress of this province with kindly interest and are quick to see the merits of any enterprise which is calculated to contribute to its prosperity and its advancement. Our Seattle contemporary says:—

Late British Columbia papers contain a proclamation bringing the act relating to the Canadian Western Central Railway Company into operation, and the announcement is made that the British Pacific Construction Company has been organized in Chicago and that the construction of this railway will be immediately begun, and be pushed on rapidly to completion. The enterprise, which is possibly the largest ever originated upon the coast north of San Francisco, is worthy of notice.

After describing the country through which the road is to pass and commenting on the extent of the land subsidy granted by the province, the Telegraph goes on to say:—

The project appears to be an excellent one. The country which the road will open is very valuable, its resources of timber, precious metals and other minerals being enormous and its possibilities for agriculture, dairying and stock-raising being very great. The land subsidy cannot fail to yield the company in time more than the road will cost. A thorough survey of the mainline section was made by the Dominion Government several years ago, and the perfect feasibility of the route fully demonstrated. The survey of the island section is now in progress, and it is found to be very favorable.

QUEEN'S COUNSEL.

Have the Governors of the Provinces of the Dominion the power to appoint Queen's Counsel? It is one of the controverted constitutional questions of the Dominion of Canada. The point has, it appears, been also raised in the Australian colonies.

The Law Journal has considered the question of sufficient importance to be discussed in its columns. The following paragraph is taken from a late issue of that journal:—

A curious question has been raised in regard to the appointment of Queen's Counsel in the colonies. It appears that in Canada it has for some time been assumed that the Governor-General, and even the Lieutenant-Governors of provinces, had power to confer the dignity of silk.

The question is now under discussion in Ontario, and has been submitted to the Chancery Division of the High Court at Toronto. It will be interesting to observe whether the decision of that Court will agree with the opinion of the Australian jurist.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ELECTION.

Our New Brunswick exchanges show that the election campaign in that province is likely to be interesting. The Opposition is strong and in good heart, while the Government is resorting to tricks and shifts in order to obtain support from those who do not approve of its policy or believe in its principles.

The Provincial Government is doing all it can to prevent the people from having anything to say in this election. The Blair campaign is a campaign of compacts and deals, by which the privilege of choice is taken away from the electors.

The St. John Telegraph, the principal advocate of Liberal principles in St. John, is lukewarm in its support of the Government. It reads the Premier a lecture on one of the paragraphs of his address to the electors, and from its tone we are inclined to think it would not take a great deal to transform it into an opponent of the Government.

A NEW EXODUS.

We have heard a great deal about the exodus from Canada to the United States but appearances just now indicate that there will be, before very long, an exodus in the opposite direction. As a matter of fact such an exodus has commenced already.

The indications are that if the Opposition in New Brunswick sticks to its guns and refuses to make terms with the administration there will be, before long, a change of Government in New Brunswick.

THE PRICE OF SILVER.

It is worthy of remark that since some American politicians have been attempting to give silver an artificial value it has gone down in price and keeps going down. When they began their agitation there was about ninety cents' worth of silver in the dollar; as the agitation proceeded, notwithstanding the large purchases of silver made by the Government, the price kept going down until now the quantity of silver in an American dollar is worth about 64.56 cents.

The silver dollar is supposed to be worth 100 cents and to have the purchasing power of one hundred cents gold. The United States Government therefore requires those under its jurisdiction to call 64.56 cents the equivalent in every way of one hundred cents. This is the *Carum* with a vengeance. But this thing cannot be done. The people may in appearance obey the decree, but in time prices will be adapted to the real value of the silver dollar. And it is when silver is to be had at this cheap rate that the silver men are asking the Government to place no restraint on the coinage of silver! It is no wonder that the leaders of both parties, at the risk of losing votes, reject this proposal.

At first the politicians coquetted with the silver men and made them believe that they favored their scheme; but the strong common sense of the people expressed itself in such a way that they were compelled to hesitate, and the silver men's proposals grew more and more out of favor, until now they cannot get any one to entertain them except the fanatics of the People's Party, which is utterly discredited in almost every part of the Union except the silver states.

It is evident now, that instead of coining more silver, the United States Government will, as soon as the election is over, have to find some way of getting clear of its surplus stock of depreciated silver coin. The fiction of calling 64 cents 100 cents, cannot go on long without deranging the whole business of the States. No one need be surprised if, before very long, the state of the currency in the States brings on a commercial crisis in which there will be much suffering and many wrecks.

A LEVEL-HEADED MAN.

Dr. Briggs is a man of large experience, and he is the sort of man whom experience benefits. When the question of exalting the press from the sittings of the Presbytery came up for discussion, Dr. Briggs said: "I have learned to trust the gentlemen of the press, and have found that the best way is to give them free access to the information they want. I trust them a great deal more than some persons, who, writing from a partisan point of view in the religious newspapers, are guilty of much greater misrepresentation. This case had better be fully heard. I shall object very strongly to closed doors."

Whatever the learned Doctor may be on questions of theology, his estimate of newspaper men is sound and just. The man who is too high and mighty or too suspicious to trust the reporters and other representatives of newspapers makes a great mistake. The public man who trusts them and treats them frankly seldom finds that his confidence has been betrayed, but he who treats them as if they were pick-pockets or chimney-sweeps, is always complaining that they misrepresent him and do not do him justice. We must not forget to add that the decision arrived at was that "the brethren of the press," as they were called by Dr. Thompson, should be admitted.

NOT A SUPERIOR PERSON.

Mr. Kier Hardie is one of the men who seem to think that they do something praiseworthy when they outrage the feelings of orthodox Christians. His insisting on keeping his cap on his head when he took the oath required of a member of the House of Commons, showed that he is a man of this kind. Mr. Hardie would not, we presume, keep on his hat in any respectable man's parlor, or present himself at a friend's house, where he was invited to dinner, in his shirt sleeves. Of course he is as good and as credible a man with his cap on as when he takes it off, and, if worthy of respect at all, he is as much to be esteemed in his shirt sleeves as if he had on a coat of the best broad cloth; but there are proprieties in social and in civil life which all decent men are expected to observe, and the neglect of which is considered as indicative of either great ignorance or utter want of reverence or respect.

Mr. Kier Hardie may think that forms mean nothing, and that they are more honored in the breach than in the observance, but the majority of people are not of that opinion, and every one is bound, as far as he can conscientiously refrain from giving offence or shocking the sense of propriety of those with whom he has intercourse. And it is a mistake to think that forms mean nothing. They, to very many people, mean a very great deal. There were, for instance, many in the House of Commons who felt pained and grieved, and were as indignant, when they saw Mr. Hardie ready to perform so solemn an act as taking an oath, with his head covered. Why should he offend these good people and cause them to form a low opinion of him? If he is to heart a devout man, and feels the solemnity of the act of taking an oath, he surely can have no conscientious objection to showing, in the conventional way, that he feels reverence for the Name he in-

HAPPENINGS IN CHINA.

Outrages on Strangers Who are Killed or Imprisoned by Fanatical Mongolians.

Lai Hung Chang, the Prime Minister, Said to be Going Crazy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—The steamer Oceanic arrived from Hongkong shortly before noon to-day, bringing the news that cholera is raging to an awful extent at Fanchow, China, and hundreds are dying daily. Haters of foreigners are circulating malicious reports that some Chinese are travelling around in the pay of Europeans, poisoning the wells and rivers, hence the great number of deaths. Consequently all strangers are imprisoned, and many have had their heads cut off, and entrails and hearts thrown into the river.

The other principal item of news brought by the steamer is the announcement that Lai Hung Chang, the Prime Minister of China, and the most important man in the kingdom, after the Emperor, Kwong Sue, is going mad. As is the custom in China, all the audiences he is given in public—all the officers of the court and all the servants are in attendance. For the head of the Government to alap the face of an official in the presence of an inferior is a most degrading and disgraceful act.

World's Fair Architecture. Something about the Buildings—Their Character, Advantages and General Appearance.

The transition from formality to comparative freedom—a transition which may be considered the most significant of the century—has been completed in the various state buildings which occupy the extreme north and northwest part of the park.

While these minor architectural manifestations may seem insignificant, compared with the great buildings which compose the principal groups, they are really worthy an almost equal degree of attention. Compared with the same class of buildings at the centennial, they indicate an advance nearly equal to that shown in the larger buildings. Those who recall "State avenue" at Fairmount park will see that the present state buildings surpass those invariably in size and generally in taste.

However, they are worthy of consideration for themselves alone, and on other grounds. The main buildings represent the best work of the picked men of the large centres—work conceived under the stimulus of a great opportunity and wrought out under the searching cross fire of mutual criticism. The state buildings, on the other hand, represent largely the work of isolated practitioners who have come from various parts of the country, and who have passed a new structure representing some slight advance, in some instances at least, since they were somewhat perfunctory and even indolgent. The main buildings show our architecture as it may shortly come to be. The state buildings show it more nearly as it is.

The group of state buildings will make its strongest impression on those visitors who enter the grounds through the old 57th street approach, where the State avenue of the present exhibition stretches eastward in a straight line towards the lake. On the south of this avenue stands the art building, with its two pavilions; on the north is a new structure representing some slight advance in the art of building. The difference between the speed of Flora Temple in 1850 and Nancy Hanks in 1892 is only 156 seconds. It took thirty-three years of careful breeding and constant training to make this apparently trifling change of a little more than a quarter of a minute. It is said that the wonderful performance of Nancy Hanks is in great part due to the mechanical improvements of late years. The New York Herald says:—

THE PAPA DELEGATE.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 13.—Monsignor Sattoli, the Pope's delegate to the World's Fair dedication, accompanied by Rev. Dr. O'Connell, rector of the American college at Rome, and the committed that went to the Vatican to receive the Roman pontiff's blessing. The Pope's residence this afternoon, where a reception was held. Mons. Sattoli delivered some pleasing verbal messages sent by the Pope and other high dignitaries to His Eminence. A banquet was given this evening, at which the United Press despatch from Rome to the effect that the Vatican had decided to elevate Archbishop Vaughan and Monsignor Stever to the Cardinalate, caused considerable comment.

New York, Oct. 14.—The Danish Government has informed the Navy Department that it will not be able to send any vessels to the world's naval review next April, its fleet not being large enough to admit of a creditable representation in these waters. Mexico has already declined for a similar reason. Great Britain and France are the only countries which have formally accepted the invitation thus far, but it is known, unofficially, that Russia, Germany and Italy will each send a large fleet, and it is expected that the United States will be represented by one or more vessels.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—It is announced that on the 12th inst. Secretary of State Foster instructed Minister Scruggs, by cable, that if the new government of Venezuela was fully established in possession of the power of the nation and accepted by the people, he should make formal recognition of it. Information from Mr. Scruggs as to his action is momentarily expected.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Henry Watterson has been asked to make the dedicatory speech at the World's Fair grounds in place of Congressman Breckinridge, who has declined not to speak.

OLD CHUM (CUT PLUG.)

OLD CHUM (PLUG.)

No other brand of Tobacco has ever enjoyed such an immense sale and popularity in the same period as this brand of Cut Plug and Plug Tobacco.

Oldest Cut Tobacco manufacturers in Canada.

Sketches of MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Cheapest and Quickest Route to the Old Country.

From Montreal to London via Halifax, Liverpool, London, etc.

From Montreal to London via Quebec, Liverpool, London, etc.

From Montreal to London via St. John's, Liverpool, London, etc.

INVERTAVISH NURSERY.

G. A. MOTAIVISH, Proprietor.

Seeds, Plants, Shrubs, Trees. Or any other Garden Requisites, send for my Catalogue.

IN USE 100 YEARS.

POOR MAN'S FRIEND

Dr. Roberts' OINTMENT

SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT is originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D. is confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for every description of skin diseases.

Dr. ROBERTS' ALTERNATIVE PILLS FOR THE BLOOD AND SKIN.

National Surgical Institute

Oriental Hotel, Victoria, MAY 14 & 16.

From the DAILY COLONIST

New Entry. In the Gazette of yesterday the certificates of incorporation of Cooperage & Jute Co., Ltd., Kamloops, B.C., were published.

A Regular B. Messrs. R. T. Williams and H. Moss formed the society last evening, the 28th drawing of 105; shares 105 C and Mrs. Eliza Wootton, and drawing owing to being...

At 4:25 o'clock yesterday a fire brigade was called to box 45. The blaze was by J. A. Sayer, 60 Nor and before it could be extinguished the City of Victoria was insured in the City of Victoria sufficient to cover the loss.

His regular weekly Harrison writes a report on the market for the week consisting of the Coast mines and 17,7 sources. Business is slow, although the terms is upward, but cargoes for held at higher figures.

Mr. William Clark builder, has just returned he has erected a good which, it is hoped, will district, it having long great disadvantage of more cottages for rent. Advantage has already wharf for the unloading of lumber for house building it being intended for more cottages for rent. Advantage has already wharf for the unloading of lumber for house building it being intended for more cottages for rent.

Active preparations the Guild of St. Luke generally to have year, and all are hard the church for the occasion the pressing occasion on Tuesday, the 18th has consented to attend the service, commencing sermon will be by the Lipscomb. After with the rectory will with an address according gift.

The Harvest Thank the annual sale of the awaiting the arrival of the Lord Bishop of C learned with regret th by an early boat fr evening service at St. at 7:30, sermon by S son. The ladies of S arranged for refreshm all friends coming fr up for the sale of w departments.

A Man Found Suffocated. A man was found suffocated in a room at the Hotel Victoria, on the 14th inst. The man was identified as John Peter Hand, who was found in a room at the Hotel Victoria, on the 14th inst. The man was identified as John Peter Hand, who was found in a room at the Hotel Victoria, on the 14th inst.

Edison will with Electric company, a Pittsburg capitalist to fight the electric A bomb accident, a bomb exploded, and a man was killed. Edison will with Electric company, a Pittsburg capitalist to fight the electric A bomb accident, a bomb exploded, and a man was killed.

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Pitcher's MONTREAL, 12-23-w-a-2-w

STEAMSHIPS MAIL LINES. Fast and Quickest Route to the Old Country.

McTAVISH NURSERY. Plants, Shrubs, Trees

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THE CITY. From the DAILY COLONIST, Oct. 31. THE CITY. New Enterprises.

A Regular Drawing. Messrs. R. T. Williams, Johanna Holland and H. Moss formed the committee directing the 28th drawing of the Victoria Building Society last evening.

Coal at San Francisco. In his regular weekly circular, J. W. Harrison writes in reference to the San Francisco coal market.

St. Saviour's Harvest Home. The ladies of St. Saviour's, Victoria, B.C., have decorated the interior of the edifice very prettily for the Thanksgiving service to be held on Monday morning.

Prosperous Seeker. Mr. William Clark, Government wharf builder, has just returned from Sooke where he has erected a good substantial wharf which, it is hoped, will prove a boon to the district.

Cedar Hill. Active preparations are being made by the Guild of St. Luke's and the congregation generally to have effective services on Tuesday, the 18th instant.

Sudden Death. A Man Found Suffocating on the Street—Unsuccessful Efforts to Restore Life.

Supreme Court. IN CHAMBERS. (Before Mr. Justice Drake).

Edison will withdraw from the Edison Electric company, and with Henry Villard, Pittsburg capitalists and others, organize to fight the electric trust.

THE SEA LION IS HOME. Made a Prisoner at Sand Point, She Lands the Marshal and Sets Sail.

A Prosperous Maiden Cruise—Will There be a Sequel to the Story.

Order for His Papers. The Chief of Police yesterday received a telegram from New York signed by Conrad Cox, and the late Dr. J. H. Cox.

Two Girls Missionaries. When the Empress of India sails from Victoria, to-morrow, she will carry the two missionaries, Mrs. K. and Mrs. A. A. Harris.

Round the World on a Wedding Trip. Col. and Mrs. Bell, who are now in England, and who leave here by the Empress of India to-morrow, are making a honeymoon journey round the world.

Valuable Property Sale. The valuable property, which includes the Victoria Driving Park, and is known as section 26 Victoria district, comprising in all 28 1/2 acres, was sold yesterday morning under the hammer by Officer A. Wind.

Blaine Interviewed. The Ex-Secretary of State May Speak This Campaign, but Will Not Say So.

A Peculiar Case. A peculiarly interesting suit, coming under the divorce law of Washington, was brought Thursday by Sylvia R. Lane.

Port Townsend Shipping. PORT TOWNSEND, Oct. 31.—Arrived—British ship Eambsell, 21 days from Santiago for Tacoma to load wheat for Europe; back Newby, 32 days from Guaymas, seeking charter; bark Melrose, at Port Angeles for Departure Bay; to load coal for San Francisco.

THE DR. COX MYSTERY. The Dead Man Known in New York. Where He Left an Embizzler.

THE SAANICH FAIR. Sporting Day an Immense Success, But for a Soft Track and Slow Time.

Old Favorites Ahead in Most of the Events—Some Curious Running.

Broke His Leg. Mate Kynaost, of the bark Martin Fisher, met with a very painful accident last evening.

Funeral of Captain Riley. The funeral of the late Captain Riley took place yesterday morning from the C. P. Cathedral, by Father Mandar.

Tickets for the Ball. Tickets for the annual ball given by the ladies of Victoria in aid of the infirmary hospital finances have been placed at the exceedingly reasonable price of five dollars.

GRAHAM ISLAND. An Interesting Report on the Coal Fields and Country Near Rennell's Sound.

A Short Railroad Will Connect the Fields with Yakoum Bay.

THE COLUMBIAN EXHIBITION. Interest Manifested in the Enterprise by the Vatican Authorities—Their Contributions.

BAPTISTS IN COUNCIL. Satisfactory Reports Presented—A University Project Discussed and Specially Referred.

Proposal to Establish a School at Vancouver—Appointment of Committees, Etc.

THE DEAL COMPLETED. The W. P. Sayward Sawmills Have Now Been Transferred to the Tacoma Syndicate.

Extensive Improvements to Be Made and a New Mill Built Within a Year.

Having secured permission from the Dominion Government a new wharf will be built, or what will be speaking more correctly an addition or extension of the present wharf.

Home Missions—Rev. A. B. Banks, D.D., Everett, Wash.; R. E. Jossey, Tacoma; Rev. J. Cairns, Vancouver; Wash., and Rev. W. C. Weir, Vancouver, B.C.

ROME, Oct. 14.—Cardinal Rampoll, Papal Secretary of State, has received a letter from Secretary Foster, U. S., expressing the satisfaction of the President at the approaching Columbian exhibition.

An appropriation of \$850,000 for mobilizing 10,000 regulars and 90,000 state troops at the World's Fair is asked for by General Miles; also \$1,500,000 for the proposed encampment.

Roberts' OINTMENT. DISEASES. This VALUABLE OINTMENT is originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D.

WASH HATS at Half Price. B. WILLIAMS & CO. CLOTHIERS & HATTERS, 97 JOHNSON ST.

THE CITY

Messrs. Carter & Tolmie, of the Vancouver brewery, have assigned for the benefit of their creditors.

The Chinaman who arrived down from the North on the steamer Barbara Boscoff, a few months ago, and who has since that time been in the lunatic asylum, New Westminster, was sent back to China on the steamer Loo Sok, last evening.

The telegraph communication with Eastern Canada was suspended about midnight. The wires were not "down" the usual obstacle—the report this time being that the "aurora" were in absolute possession to the exclusion of everything else.

The Hawaiian Fruit Steamer. George Lycouris, of Honolulu, returned to Port Townsend yesterday. He has been perfecting arrangements for his line of fruit steamers to ply between here and the Hawaiian Islands. The first boat will leave Honolulu next month.

A company of American capitalists have secured a lease on the four claim and acreage property of the Tezada Gold and Silver Mining Co., on Tezada Island. If the present negotiations are successful a strong company will be formed to thoroughly prospect and develop the property. Several hundred thousand dollars will change hands on the transaction.

Will Honor Their Teachers. This morning the children of the Emanuel Sabbath school, together with their parents and friends, will meet at 10 o'clock in the Temple for the purpose of presenting to Miss L. Sylvester and Miss Pauline Frank, a testimonial of their appreciation of the efficient manner in which the two ladies have discharged their duties as teachers in the Sabbath school.

An Eastern Tourist Party. The Yosemite last evening brought over from Vancouver four gentlemen who constitute a little party of Easterners now touring on the coast, and paying a brief visit to the Pacific Province. They are Hon. D. McMillan, B. R. McLellan, P. Major Beattie and S. Lomax, all hailing from Ontario, and registered at the Driad as "Glenparry." They will remain in Victoria several days and see the city thoroughly before leaving.

Will Visit Victoria. A number of leading railroad men are expected over from the Mainland to-day. Among them will be Messrs. Kerr, general freight and passenger agent C.P.R., whose headquarters are in Winnipeg; Manager Kenna, of the Liverpool agency of the Allan Line; Archer Baker, general European agent of the C.P.R.; and W. B. McMillan, freight and passenger agent of the C.P.R. Mr. Cameron will meet the party at its arrival and see that the gentlemen are suitably entertained and shown the attractions of Victoria and vicinity.

A Train's Narrow Escape. Passengers by the C.P.R. train arriving at Vancouver yesterday, are congratulating themselves upon a narrow escape from a wreck. An immense mass of rock fell from the mountain side on the track a few miles this side of Hope station, and the engineer of the west bound train was the first to discover it. He brought the train to a stop about 20 yards from the obstacle, and was sent to the station authorities, and a gang of men were soon at work laying a temporary track around the fallen rock, which will have to be blasted off. It was removed. A subscription was taken up as a reward for the engineer.

Patrols Redoubt. Mr. Hugh Grant, the well known logger, came down from his camp yesterday, reports that the Guellet Indians are still polishing. As the potatoes proceed they diminish in liberality and extravagance. Sub-Chief Neekah was holding forth when Hugh left the reservation a few days ago. He had as had only 500 blankets and \$1,000 to distribute the potatoes was pronounced excellent. How the mighty have fallen! The potatoes were honored with the presence of the poor Neekah had but one supply of fuel, and while not more than 500 danced around its lurid flames, the former potatoes were honored with the presence of from 3,000 to 5,000 grateful participants.

They Were All Ready. The Junior Patent Company, which was delayed and did not show here last night as billed, did some great work coming over the Yosemite from Vancouver. At the Terminal City every effort was made by Capt. Radin and Mr. V. Kennedy, business manager for the company, to get the boat away from time without waiting for the delayed train. When it was finally ascertained that this could not be done, Mr. Kennedy sent Mr. Jno. Cort, manager of the theatre here, a telegram, asking him to crowd the company would be ready to raise the curtain 10 minutes after the boat was in. All the members of the company were dressed and "made up" to go upon the stage when the steamer landed, and as soon as a hack could take the first lot up to the theatre, they were ready for work, but were somewhat surprised to find an empty house. Manager Kennedy says he does not propose to disappoint Victorians if he can help it, and will endeavor to arrange to come back here from Portland to show a week from to-morrow night.

A Blaze at the Ballroom. Shortly after 4 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, the fire brigade were again summoned to the Kirk block, and turned out in full strength and with promptitude. The seat of trouble was at once located over the store room where a lamp had been in the room for bed linen, and found the room to be filled with smoke. She at once proceeded to examine her stores, but while thus engaged some drops of molten lead fell from the roof upon her shoulders, realizing that the danger was overhead, she at once reported the matter, and the fire alarm was turned in. When the brigade arrived the seat of danger was pointed out, and the chemical engine brought into play, with good effect. The blaze having been cleared a closer examination was made, revealing the fact that the fire must have been smouldering in the rafters near the roof for some hours. A beam was introduced and the fire put out, but not before the ceiling of the main hall and sitting room had been well charred. The water descended freely, injuring more or less the furniture and carpeting, but beyond this the damage was trifling, not exceeding in all \$300. The extension ladder was

brought into requisition, and to effect its placement the telephone and telegraph wires suffered. The damage is fully covered by insurance.

Beats Back to China. The Chinaman who arrived down from the North on the steamer Barbara Boscoff, a few months ago, and who has since that time been in the lunatic asylum, New Westminster, was sent back to China on the steamer Loo Sok, last evening.

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Will Visit Victoria. A number of leading railroad men are expected over from the Mainland to-day. Among them will be Messrs. Kerr, general freight and passenger agent C.P.R., whose headquarters are in Winnipeg; Manager Kenna, of the Liverpool agency of the Allan Line; Archer Baker, general European agent of the C.P.R.; and W. B. McMillan, freight and passenger agent of the C.P.R. Mr. Cameron will meet the party at its arrival and see that the gentlemen are suitably entertained and shown the attractions of Victoria and vicinity.

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Patrols Redoubt. Mr. Hugh Grant, the well known logger, came down from his camp yesterday, reports that the Guellet Indians are still polishing. As the potatoes proceed they diminish in liberality and extravagance. Sub-Chief Neekah was holding forth when Hugh left the reservation a few days ago. He had as had only 500 blankets and \$1,000 to distribute the potatoes was pronounced excellent. How the mighty have fallen! The potatoes were honored with the presence of the poor Neekah had but one supply of fuel, and while not more than 500 danced around its lurid flames, the former potatoes were honored with the presence of from 3,000 to 5,000 grateful participants.

They Were All Ready. The Junior Patent Company, which was delayed and did not show here last night as billed, did some great work coming over the Yosemite from Vancouver. At the Terminal City every effort was made by Capt. Radin and Mr. V. Kennedy, business manager for the company, to get the boat away from time without waiting for the delayed train. When it was finally ascertained that this could not be done, Mr. Kennedy sent Mr. Jno. Cort, manager of the theatre here, a telegram, asking him to crowd the company would be ready to raise the curtain 10 minutes after the boat was in. All the members of the company were dressed and "made up" to go upon the stage when the steamer landed, and as soon as a hack could take the first lot up to the theatre, they were ready for work, but were somewhat surprised to find an empty house. Manager Kennedy says he does not propose to disappoint Victorians if he can help it, and will endeavor to arrange to come back here from Portland to show a week from to-morrow night.

A Blaze at the Ballroom. Shortly after 4 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, the fire brigade were again summoned to the Kirk block, and turned out in full strength and with promptitude. The seat of trouble was at once located over the store room where a lamp had been in the room for bed linen, and found the room to be filled with smoke. She at once proceeded to examine her stores, but while thus engaged some drops of molten lead fell from the roof upon her shoulders, realizing that the danger was overhead, she at once reported the matter, and the fire alarm was turned in. When the brigade arrived the seat of danger was pointed out, and the chemical engine brought into play, with good effect. The blaze having been cleared a closer examination was made, revealing the fact that the fire must have been smouldering in the rafters near the roof for some hours. A beam was introduced and the fire put out, but not before the ceiling of the main hall and sitting room had been well charred. The water descended freely, injuring more or less the furniture and carpeting, but beyond this the damage was trifling, not exceeding in all \$300. The extension ladder was

CHAMPIONS OF THE WORLD

The Shamrock Lacrosse Club Won This Proud Title at Montreal Yesterday.

The Navy Give a Fine Football Exhibition Against the Victoria Rugby Club.

A match between the Royal Navy and the Victoria Football Club took place yesterday at Beacon Hill Park before a large assembly, and a very interesting game was witnessed, the result being another victory for the Navy.

Haines kicked off the ball and the Navy were well returned by Fisher. A good run by Fisher was neutralized by Millett kicking into touch and the game settled down in neutral territory. The play now became very fast.

Arbutnot for the Navy and Ward and Fisher for the Victoria forwards, were playing very good runs. After a series of scrummages, in which the Victoria forwards were rather more than their own, Barker and Crease came away with the ball at their feet, but Hayward saved in the nick of time and removed play to the centre with a good kick into touch.

Arbutnot and Eichelston now gave an exhibition of pretty passing, in their own style, the consequence being a vigorous assault on the Victoria lines, a series of exciting scrummages taking place under the goal, and Millett eventually scoring. Fish falling to improve upon the point, Fitch was conspicuous by running well, but the advantage thus gained was shortly after neutralized by Clarke failing to take a pass and letting Arbutnot, who scored right under the posts, and he had no difficulty in converting. Half time was called shortly after, with the Navy still pressing.

Jones kicked off, and the Navy forwards at once rushed the ball into the Victoria 25, Martin saving well. Millett, Arbutnot and Eichelston were the mainstays in an exceedingly pretty piece of combination, which nearly resulted in the latter scoring. Haines saved well, and shortly after gained ground by kicking into touch from a free kick awarded for offside play. The Victoria forwards worked their way into their opponents' 25, but their efforts were doomed to disappointment, as Arbutnot, getting possession from a loose scrum, scored between the posts, Fitch again converting.

The Navy still continued to press, and the Victoria goal was repeatedly threatened. Ward saving well. The Victoria forwards worked hard, and their best to prevent further scoring on the part of their opponents, but Arbutnot again made a splendid run, and was only brought down close to the goal line. Auckland and Langley came away with good dribble, and gave temporary relief. Fisher took over a kicking splendid run. The Navy forwards, however, rushed the ball back again, and Eichelston, picking up, made a very good run, and scored the fourth time for the Navy. Fitch converted from a difficult angle, and no side was called.

That the better side won there could be no doubt, the winners outplaying their opponents at every point of the game, this being especially noticeable behind the scrum, the Victoria team being decidedly weaker in comparison with their opponents as regards their three-quarters, although at times their efforts were very good. The whole team, however, lacked the combination and dash which characterized the play of the Navy, and which undoubtedly won them the match yesterday.

People who take an interest in the welfare of the Victoria club, and consequently in the results of their matches, would like to see the team trust more to combination play rather than individual efforts to win them the match. Among the Navy backs passing is evidently a *vine qua non*, but was quite exceptional, yesterday, to see the ball transferred more than once—and then often very badly—among their opponents.

For the winners Arbutnot, Eichelston, Hodges and Fitch were very noticeable and played their usual style, while for the Victoria, Haines, Fisher, Ward and Auckland did all they knew to stop their opponents behind the scrum, and Crease, Langley and Jones, and, in fact, all the forwards worked very hard.

THE TEAMS. Victoria. A. Ward, back; W. A. Hayward, back; H. Hodges, back; H. Eichelston, back; H. Sarnard, back; H. Haines, back; A. Auckland, half; L. Langley, half; W. B. McMillan, three-quarter; J. Fraser, three-quarter; L. Langley, three-quarter; H. P. M. Jones, forward; W. H. Pegram, forward; C. Brimstone, forward.

The James Bay Junior and the Sunflower Rugby football teams played the first of their series of games at the Hill yesterday afternoon, which resulted in a draw, neither side scoring.

It was 2:30 before the teams lined up, and the Victoria vs. Navy match was to come off later. It was decided to play 25 minutes each way.

The James Bays won the toss and chose to play with the sun behind them. Fisher, the kick-off for the Sunflowers pressed their opponents hard, and several times came near scoring, but the defence of the James Bays was excellent, McCall, Myers and Smith distinguishing themselves, while on the other hand the passing of the Sunflowers and the clever runs of Jordan, Marshall and Courtney were much admired.

Half time was called with no score, but the Sunflowers so far had the best of it. Play being re-commenced after a short interval the James Bays rushed the ball into their opponents' goal, and kept it in that vicinity for the rest of the game. Over and over again the James Bays were on the point of scoring, but the defence of the Sunflowers was always handy. Myers on two occasions very nearly got over the

line, but in each case was thrown into touch at the corner post. Anderson had a shot at goal, but the players being so thick around him, he missed, the ball passing just outside the post.

At this stage of the game the seniors interposed, and, of course, the juniors had to go, however rather reluctantly, and the game was left unfinished, there being 123 minutes to play. The J.B.'s were willing to play off the balance of time on a different ground, but the Sunflowers refused, and the match was decided a draw.

To enlarge the playing of any particular member of either team would be an injustice to the rest, all putting up a strong game, but speaking generally, the defence of both sides did excellent work, and with a little more practice for the forwards, either of these teams will be able to hold its own against any junior team in the Province.

LACROSSE. CHAMPIONS OF THE WORLD. MONTREAL, Oct. 15.—(Special)—The final match in the lacrosse series for the championship of the world, between the Capitals, of Ottawa, and the Shamrocks, of Montreal, was played here this afternoon, in the presence of 15,000 or more people, many of whom came from Ottawa.

The match was won by the Shamrocks by three goals to two. The play was very even, and the match was acknowledged by everybody to be the best lacrosse ever exhibited in Canada.

The Montrealers are wild with delight to-night. HOW THE GAMES WERE TAKEN. Game. Won by. Time. 1. Shamrocks. 25 min. 2. Shamrocks. 22 " 3. Capitals. 22 " 4. Shamrocks. 22 " 5. Shamrocks. 18 "

FROM THE ORIENT. A Budget of News brought by the Latest Mails. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—Mail advices from Japan and China are as follows: Japanese papers state that the new Ministry seem to be following a more liberal policy than their predecessors. The governors of provinces, who come to Tokyo for instruction, have been demoralized by the Prime Minister's refusal to aloof from political interference.

Considerable feeling is displayed throughout the country in connection with the reported arrival of Japanese subjects in Idaho, and the Japanese Government has ordered an investigation. On the night of September 9, Uchiyama Hikohei and his wife and son, a wealthy man, were found dead in bed, having been murdered by unknown parties. A blood-stained chopper, with which the bodies had been hacked, was found in the room. Robbery is supposed to have been the motive.

The wreck of the steamer Inagawa Maru has been floated, and taken to Osaka for repairs. The dead body of a man found on the steamer was not identified. The steamer Inagawa Maru foundered on September 18 at Jizohama, and the crew and passengers escaped safely.

The United States steamer Alert left Nagasaki on September 12 for Yokohama, where she arrived on the 18th, and was immediately dispatched to the coast of Honshu, where she was engaged to transport Capt. Darand, of the United States steamer Lancaster and Palos, had remained at Nagasaki.

It is reported that cholera prevails at Chant, and that a large number of uncoffined bodies are lying outside the city. Extensive fires occurred near Ichang on September 4, destroying nearly the whole of the village, with a loss of about 200 lives. Fifty junks were burned on the river. H. M. S. Esk was present, but unable to render assistance.

The Prefect of Taichow committed suicide on September 1 by hanging, being several thousand taels short in his accounts, owing to embezzlements of his accountants. More Missionaries Steady. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.—Chinese advices state that Pollitt Turner and wife, of the Cambridge band of China inland missionaries, and who were engaged in missionary work among Tibetans on the border, were assailed by a mob at Sung Pan, on August 17, and nearly escaped with their lives. Mr. Turner is ill and had to be sent to Sung Pan for treatment. The natives accused the strangers of being missionaries and of preventing rainfall.

The mob turned upon the missionaries, and made the attack on the house, and Mr. Turner said his wife was dragged out, beaten over the head with pickets and with their clothes half torn from their bodies were marched, handcuffed through the streets under a blazing sun, but were threatened to drown them, but were prevented by military officials, who suggested that the missionaries be tried before a native court. This was done and the court ordered Mr. and Mrs. Turner to be beaten, but two native Christian servants volunteered and were beaten in their stead. The Turners gathered their children about them and fled to Sechuen. Subsequently rain fell at Sung Pan to such an extent that the village was nearly submerged by the mud washed from the hills.

Indian Lynched. ASHFORD, Ariz., Oct. 15.—Lizzie Nicholas, eight years old, while after stray animals on Thursday, was dragged from her horse by an Indian and nearly choked to death; besides being badly injured. Her garments were nearly torn off, but she escaped. The Indian returned at 8 p.m., bartered mother found her in a fainting condition. She was returned to her home, but she was again lynched. He was seen and between 1 and 2 a.m. they took him, and with a groan and protest, hanged him to a telegraph pole. His body being left hanging until about 10 a.m.

Defender Wants to Settle. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 15.—M. J. O'Brien, the defaulting ex-supreme treasurer of the Catholic Knights of America, who is at his home here, under bond for \$20,000, has written the board of trustees asking to have a conference for the purpose of arranging a settlement of his difficulties.

BILL NYE'S LETTER.

How He Came to Lose Confidence in a Promising Class of Advertisements. Dissertation on Prunes—Bill's Efforts to Provide Matrimonial Joy For Another.

[Copyright, 1892, by Edgar W. Nye.] FLETCHER P. O., "N. C.," October, 1892. It has been such a long, restful summer here in the glades and canyons, the ferny moor and the breezy mead of this most blessed land of recuperation, filled as it is with tonicity and a keen desire to cook and eat everything one can overtake, that shortly anterior to the writing of this letter a wild ambition seized upon me to engage in some light occupation between haying and harvest by which I could add more means to my little red savings bank at home and be in a position to purchase a pale green plush album for the glad yuletide.

Yesterday I received the following letter from one of my many admirers in Washington: "VANCOUVER, Wash., Oct. 1. Mr. Bill Nye, New York: Dear Sir—Can you tell me where I can get a good wife? I am a poor man with good prospects; have set out 31.5 acres of land in this (Clarke) county in prunes, which will bear in four years. I don't know much about farming, so I would like to get a good strong woman who understands the theory and practice of prune growing. If you will help me I will buy one of your books. Write soon. Yours, ROBERT DAGGETT."

Here is a man who is in earnest, and should any bright eyed single person, who knows the habits of prunes and how to cultivate them, run across this letter, let her write to me inclosing photograph, can tell of a few months' correspondence I can tell of other she would be a suitable wife for him or not.

Prune growing in Oregon and Washington has grown to be immensely profitable, and as there are so many two dollar per day hotels in the United States with fruit on the bill of fare, which is dried prune sauce the year round, the prune crop here, as in Idaho, is being inclosed and intelligent young men. I was willing—have always been so regarded—and intelligent—even ten years ago, with no advantages at all, I was intelligent—and I wrote to a number of these men. They said that I could easily make from \$500 to \$800 per month without publicizing, and some advertised to pay that amount anyway.

Most of them said they would place a column of advertisements offering employment at one's own home, and stating without equivocation that they would pay \$20 per day would be paid to willing and intelligent young men. I was willing—have always been so regarded—and intelligent—even ten years ago, with no advantages at all, I was intelligent—and I wrote to a number of these men. They said that I could easily make from \$500 to \$800 per month without publicizing, and some advertised to pay that amount anyway.

These men lied. I had to make \$18 per day at my own home, and as I had a good deal of my scribble telling how to grow prunes in mandarin or orange, and you have a glazed top and bottom to it which, if decorated with metallic colors in bright designs before baking, becomes highly ornamental when framed or used as tiles in mantels or ceilings. A prune pie glazed with maroon juice and with sun-bossed porcelain figures in same, representing the discovery of America by Columbus and framed in fried cakes, was a very attractive feature at the "expo" of 1889, celebrating the 100th anniversary of the first attempt to save Patton avenue.

Some of the propositions made by these men were scandalous. Most of them lived in New York. One man wanted me to take hold of a slight of hand outfit he had and sell it among the yeomanry of Buncombe county. I did handle a false moustache and a subscription book by a man who was his own worst enemy.

"Two hundred dollars per week at your own home; light employment; no publicizing; success made in a few years. Write for particulars. No capital required." This was one of the advertisements that I answered, "inclosing \$1 for instructions." I got a circular saying that the above wages would be paid to a good, active, conscientious man who would be willing to give massage treatment to plumbers who need artificial exercise. "Much suffering," said the circular, "is noted in the abodes of wealth among plumbers who will not take exercise. They are willing to pay almost any price rather than exert themselves. You can practically name your own figures."

One man wanted me to introduce a potato bug destroyer which "cost very little, never failed and required very little capital." Nine dollars would buy the prospectus and instructions. Other farmers are now having received the Philadelphia pressed bricks—numbered one and two. The instructions say, "Place the bug on No. 1, and then by pressing on him with No. 2 death will in most cases ensue."

I hate people who will do that way to a total stranger. Fodder is mostly pulled now, and sweet potatoes in North Carolina have arrived at their maturity. The lightning bug now and then a night glimmers painfully and with an effort like Bug light in Boston harbor in a fog. His days are gliding swiftly by. I often think how many of us there are like the lightning bug. In life's

bright summer time we "juggle 'em up," as Dr. Pardee says, with a lavish hand, but when autumn comes where are we? As each year goes slowly past the grass stands where our lives are being reviewed, we notice that we do not fly so high, and there is less glimmer under our wings. Looking back over my own past I see how hot headed I have been, and impulsive too.

That is the reason I was expelled from Yale. I was too impulsive. The president told me I could not keep up with my classes unless I burned more midnight oil, and none of the stores kept it there, and so I came away. It was the same at Princeton. We had the same trouble over lights. Dr. McCosh said I talked too much through my hat. He then had me expelled. I should have been more careful and less fresh. I can see it now. Oh, how bitterly I bewail these lost opportunities which I have not had. I had finished my theological course at Princeton, what might I have not have been doing? Possibly speaking to Phi Kappa Psi at the opera house in Jerusalem, or taking a buggy ride through Capernum, or trolling for pickerei in the Sea of Galilee. But let us not bewail the past. Bewailing the past commands less salary now under the McKinley law than most any other skilled labor.

Four pages of these notices are in the paper before me, but I give only the most desirable. Some of the advertisers have had the way from a sewing machine or a mill up to \$50,000. Some say they will marry any good, honorable man except a farmer; others bar the barber and the barkeeper. Most of them insist that there shall be no "double life" business, and seem prejudiced against pretty men. Some drop into poetry, like Silas Wegg. One says she is fond of art, literature, music, ice cream and corn in the ear. Another says "Forty-seven years of age little widow four feet wide experience in all branches of housekeeping," etc.

A widow four feet wide might strike the prima farmer as a cunning little elf to hold on one's knee of an evening when the work was over and the tiny prune culturist had ceased from his pruning. Possibly, however, in the absence of punctation, we have misunderstood her, and her experience is four feet wide, or she may be four feet, with wide experience.

Another lady of Toronto, Canada, 6 feet 2 inches, with no relatives, desires to correspond with the treasurer of the national committee would be willing to nurse him through a long fit of illness if wedded to him; does not use tobacco in any form; speaks French fluently and exclusively, having come here recently from the Scandins. She has all the chic and bonhomie of France, it seems, and can still read fine print. She has also been fumigated and would make some man a good wife.

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LOOKING OVER THE MATRIMONIAL PAPER.

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EDUCATION OFFICE.

WHEREAS, the Council of Public Instruction is empowered, under the "Public School Act," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof, and from time to time to alter the boundaries of existing Districts; it is hereby notified that the Council has been pleased to create the following tract of land to be a School District, under the title of "Galiano School District."

All that tract of land known as Galiano Island. Also, that the Council has been pleased to create the following tract of land to be a School District, under the title of "North Vesuvius School District."

All that portion of Salt Spring Island lying north of the boundary line between Sections

who never knew a mother's love to acquire a wife and parental to the same time. This ad is general leads one to ask why a woman could be looking around for a land- gardener to decorate her grave...

ALLETT'S PURE POWDERED EYE. BEST, STRONGEST, BEST. Use in any quantity. For more health Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses...

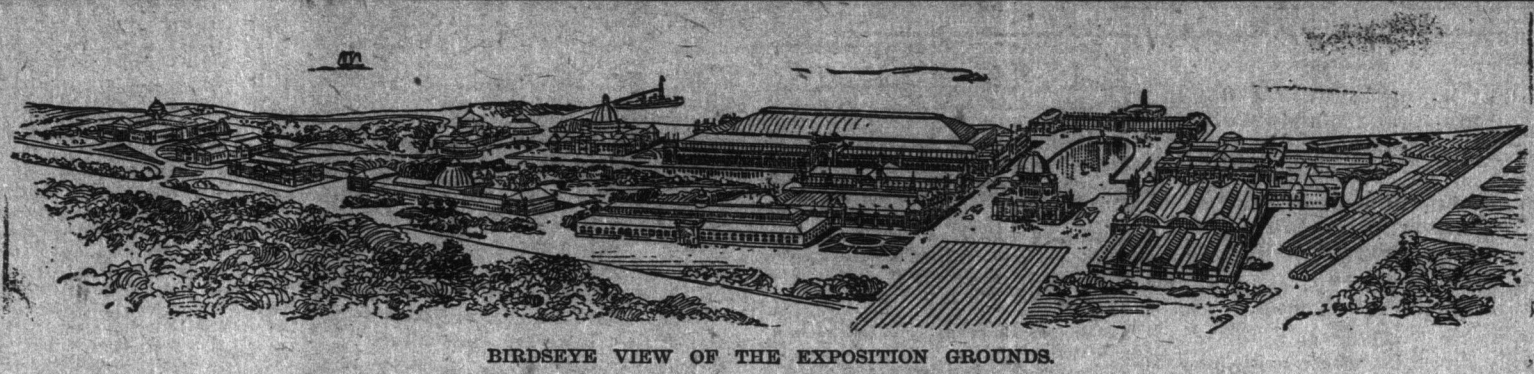
FOR A CHICKEN. an interest in the breeding of high- ly. I will award a special prize to the person raising the heaviest Rock chicken hatched from eggs of...

50 or more well preserved Canadian, Indian, or other postage stamps. Old and you will receive the same number of other European ones...

HATS OFF TO THE FAIR.

The Great Building to be Used for the Dedicatory Ceremonies. A Record of Progress and Achievement Carefully Compiled and Embellished.

Four hundred years after the day on which Columbus first saw land in the New World—to wit, on Oct. 21, 1892—at least 125,000 people will assemble in the great hall of the Manufactures and Liberal Arts building at Chicago...



is open to the outside, thus forming a covered loggia, which forms an open promenade for the public, and will provide a very interesting feature, particularly on the east side, where it faces the lake. It is intended to locate here a number of cafes, where the great crowds can loiter at their ease and enjoy the breezes and cool shadows of the afternoon...

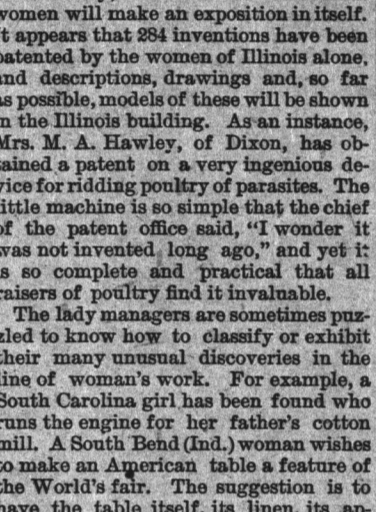
of the exposition one of its most attractive features. The ladies' board was informed, in response to its invitation to the women of China to participate in the exposition, that China would be glad to make a fine exhibit if the wives of some of the prominent men were allowed to accompany the exhibit...

stages. Most of the main buildings are so near done that even now the visitor can realize their fitness, and in no case more than in that of the Fine Arts building. It is an admirable type of the refined classical architecture of Grecian-Ionic design...

8,463; Spain, 7,507; Russia, 7,725; Sweden, 7,705; Denmark, 5,900; Japan, 5,919; Canada, 2,895; Mexico, 1,500. Special efforts are being employed to bring to light the work of America's earliest artists, such as Copley, Stuart, and others...



BARGE OF STATE.



TYPICAL OF INDUSTRY.



STATUE OF COMMERCE.

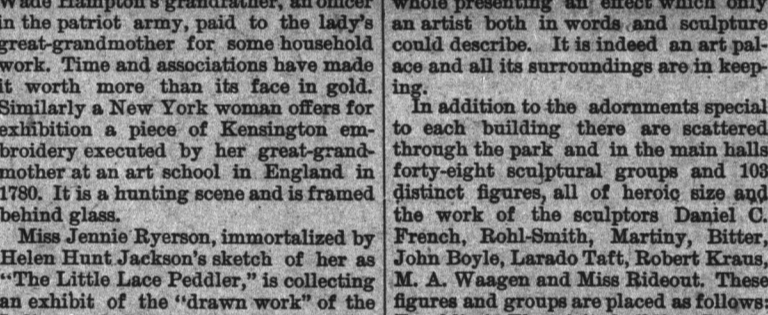


MANUFACTURES BUILDING.

ganizations in the nation passing in review before the president and cabinet. At night Jackson park will be illuminated as no ground in America ever has been, and the last day, Oct. 23, will be devoted to military reviews and the evening to grand social features.

One million men could stand on the floor spaces with ease, and 300,000 could be seated. The Roman Coliseum when crowded held but 80,000. Under the roof 1,000 cottages, 25 by 50 feet each, could be placed, and the area equals that of four average city blocks.

WOMAN'S SPLENDID WORK. It's a matter of pride as well as congratulation that although work on the exposition was begun at least a year too late, yet such energy and ability has been shown that the most important...



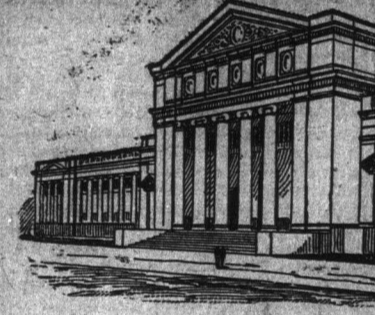
THE WOMAN'S BUILDING.

between the Agriculture and Machinery buildings. Several of these figures and groups deserve more description than can be given here, and those completed, as well as the designs for those yet in making, have received the highest praise.



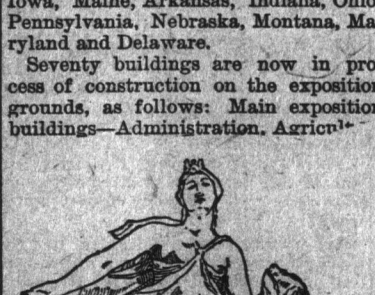
STATUE OF ART.

When the directors got fairly to work and it was indeed late in the day—there was many a prophet of failure. From many persons were heard such expressions as "They can't do it in time. It's impossible." But they have done it, even in advance of the time in many in-



FRONT VIEW OF THE ART PALACE.

great Machinery hall was placed early in September, and the principal carpentry is in finishing the two spires. The exterior covering is nearly all finished on the north front of the main building. The annex is practically finished exteriorly and is being lathed.



WEST FRONT AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned trading as HOOSON, TAYLOR & CO. at Satura Island, B. C., as a quarry proprietors has this day been dissolved by mutual consent...

The Cure For

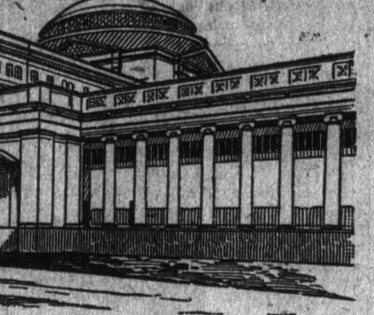
Scrofula was once supposed to be the touch of royalty. To-day, many grateful people know that the "sovereign remedy" is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This powerful alternative extirpates "the evil" by thoroughly eliminating all thestrumous poison from the blood.

THE APHRODISITIC CO. Sole Agents. WM. GORDON, Agent for B. C. OFFICE: GALEN BLOCK. P.O. Box 787. 49 Government St., Vt. Oct. 1892.

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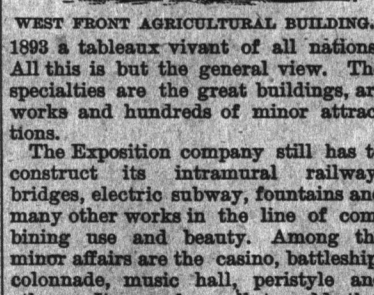
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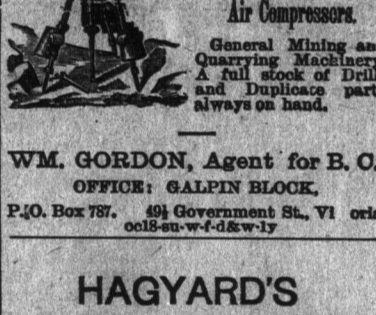
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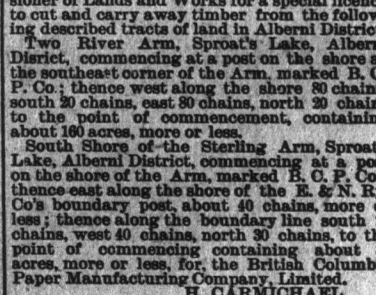
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CABLE NEWS.

Terrible Loss of Life at Sea—Suffocated in a Silver Mine.

Arrest of Polish Conspirators—Cossacks to be Sent to the Pamir Pass.

The Life Guards in Trouble—The Cholera on the Continent.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 17.—High social circles in Belgium are agitated over the scandal caused by the arrest in this city of a wealthy Canadian.

THE COLUMBUS CELEBRATION.

Secretary Foster on the Imperfections of Government in the United States.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The closing event of the Columbus celebration was a grand ball last night, at Lenox Lyceum.

HONGKONG, Oct. 17.—The P. & O. steamer Bokhara, from Shanghai, October 8th, for this port, is a total wreck.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Orders have been issued for the raising of a Cossack regiment, which is to be used altogether for service in the Pamirs.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The Duke of Devonshire denies that he has become a Roman Catholic.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—La Compagnie Franch-Marseilles, state that they have advised the French forces in the Pamirs.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—The Emperor has signed Count Von Caprivi's Military bill, and has empowered the Chancellor to dissolve the Reichstag in case it refuses to pass the measure.

OTTAWA, Oct. 17.—Hon. Edgar Dewdney is now Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, and Mr. Daly Minister of the Interior.

OTTAWA, Oct. 17.—The application for the loan of rifles by the Toronto public school cadets is likely to be blocked.

OTTAWA, Oct. 17.—Byron Leigh, who was dropped from the Victoria, is a son of James Leigh, of Crono.

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CAPITAL NOTES.

Hon. Mr. Dewdney to Assume the B. C. Lieutenant-Governorship in November.

Colonel Holmes' Report On the Victoria Highlanders Battalion Before the Minister.

The Premier Arrives in Liverpool—The Nationality Column to be Continued in the Census.

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SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—News was received here this morning that the U. S. steamer McArthur had lost her propeller thirty miles west of Humbolt.

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CANADIAN NEWS.

Theory Regarding the Smith's Falls Tragedy—New Brunswick Cabinet Change.

Canada's Future Discussed and Voted on—Percussion or Prosecution—Killed by Lightning.

Contraband Chinese From Canada—Dominion Franchise—Sorel Railway Inquiry.

(Special to the Colonist.) Toronto, Oct. 17.—The Arts vote for the election of 12 members of the University Senate resulted as follows: S. H. Baker, Prof. Baker, W. R. Keith, J. H. Gill, H. Vandellens, Wm. Dale, W. H. Ellis, W. G. Falconbridge, John Smith and J. M. Gibson.

TORONTO, Oct. 17.—A vote by ballot was taken on Saturday for the amendment of the Board of Trade, the result being 17 for and 14 against.

MONTREAL, Oct. 17.—Yipond & Co.'s fruit store was damaged by fire to-day, loss \$10,000.

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A Chilean Ship Fired Upon by the U. S. Revenue Cutter Wolcott.

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37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE.

1 1/2 Miles from Vernon Okanagan Country, 960 ACRES, adjoining the estates of LORD ABERDEEN and the BARNARD BROTHERS. 640 acres ploughable prairie; 320 acres grazing; 400 acres under cultivation. Dwelling House, Frame Granary and Stable, 23 Cows, 12 Horses, Reaper and Binder, Plough Harrows, Sulky Ploughs, etc., etc. Creek of water on the land. First-rate black soil. \$25 PER ACRE, INCLUDING EVERYTHING.

SHEEP FARM.

2,000 acres, more or less 30 acres; 1,000 acres grazing, 3 houses, barn, Orchard of 350 trees, pigsties, poultry houses, 2 horses, 2 oxen, 1 cow, 30 pigs, 250 sheep (about), wagon, cart and farm implements, £1 2/6 per acre, including everything; over 3-5 of purchase money can be left on the property for 4 years at 7 per cent per annum.

AN IMPROVED ESTATE—480 acres more or less; 250 acres cleared; 250 acres alluvial deposit, with clay subsoil; 80 acres alder, maple, cedar and balsam, vegetable deposit, clay subsoil; 150 acres level park-like land, some pine woods, etc.; water power sawmill in full running order; Houses, Barns, Blacksmith's shop, Poultry Houses, Orchards, etc.

Corner lot on Tramway line, Victoria West, \$1,200. 151 acres, Alberni, sawmill and water power, dwelling, stables, 20 acres plowed, opposite Anderson & Co's townsite, a fine speculation, \$6,500.

98 acres, 30 cropped, 25 plowed, log house, 2 barns, stable and outbuildings, half mile from school, near railway, \$3,500. House and 2 lots, Pembroke st., easy terms, \$1,000.

324 acres farm land, about 70 acres in clover and timothy, small house, well, good spring, etc. 4 building lots, Cedar Hill Road, near the gold mines, \$1,500.

7-room house, central alley, one-houses, modern conveniences, etc., 1/2 acre of land; facing the sea; beautiful view of Straits and Olympics, \$8,000. 6-room house, bath, etc.; corner lot, Henry and Turner streets, \$3,500.

5,900 acres timber land—22 GRANTIES—Estimate, 30 M per acre, principally cedar with hemlock, spruce and balsam. 320 acres, Alberni; 100 cleared; house, barn, ditching, etc. Cheap, \$6,500, on terms.

Building lot, Victoria West, \$500, \$600. 97 acres, South Saanich; dwelling, barn, stable, out-houses, etc. \$4,200. 142-3 40 acres, South Saanich, \$1,400. Building lot, 60 feet by 132 feet, Chatham street, near Blanchard, \$1,650. 14-1 10 acres; house, stables, sheds, etc.; all fenced; near the junction; good orchard land, \$3,000.

7-Room House and double lot; a bargain, \$1,400. 237 acres, Somerses Lake.

TO LET.

- 5-Room House, fully furnished, Piano, etc., James Bay. 4-Room House, Cook street, Bath, etc., \$12 per month. 8-Room House, fully furnished, bath, piano, etc., Soresby street, \$40 per month. 6-Room House, Jackson street, \$15 per month. 6-Room House, Erie street, partly furnished, \$25 per month.

- 6-Room House and lot, Spring Ridge, 1-250. 3-Storey House, 12 Rooms, bath room, hot and cold water; all modern improvements, beautifully finished; lot 177 x 102 ft. 8 in.; unsurpassed view of the straits and beautiful scenery; 20 minutes' walk from post office; cars pass the property. 80 acres, Alberni, 2 1/2 miles from the townsite. \$20 per acre. 80 acres, Alberni, 2 1/2 miles from the townsite. \$15 per acre. 4-Room House, and lot, Front street, Victoria West, \$1,250. 40 acres, Lake District. \$10 per acre. 3 Building Lots, Sylvia street, each \$1,050. 20 acres, Alberni; 2-room house, 24 x 16; fine barn and lean-to; 4 acres ploughed and fenced; 15 acres chopped; crop, timothy and clover. \$600. Building Lot, Avalon street, close to the Park. \$1,500. 2 Building Lots, Richet street, each \$1,000. Building Lot, Beacon Hill, 50x150, \$1,000. 156 acres, Comox, convenient to steamer, post office, church, school, sawmill, Union Mines, etc.; good hunting and fishing, 70 acres cleared and fenced, orchard, well, springs, \$9000 with coal right. 6-Room House and lot, 44x120, more or less, on Pandora street, \$4,500. 6-Room House, 1 1/2 story, bath room, etc., junction Yates and Fort street, opposite Dunsmuir's castle. 151-3 Large Building lot, 90x112, corner Niagara and South Turner streets. 151-4 120 acres Farming Land, Alberni, within 2 miles steambot-landing, about 6 acres cleared and fenced, log cabin, sheep pen and shed, water power from creek, first class fruit ranch, \$1,200. 86 acres first class Farming Land, close to steambot landing, main road to Nanaimo runs through the property. Good water power, \$1,200. 153-1 280 acres Okanagan District, can be ploughed in an unbroken block, foundation of a fine house, large log house, 18x24, and other buildings, 1 mile from Larkin, \$5, & Co., \$45 an acre. 3 Houses, Second street, Work Estate. 153-2 1 1/2-Storey House, 7 rooms, bathroom and pantry. 1 Cottage, 3 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry and closets. 1 Cottage, 6 rooms, including kitchen, pantry, etc., \$4,500. 3388 acres, Sheep Ranch, \$2.25 per acre. 151-1 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161

P. O. BOX 188.

TELEPHONE NO. 74.

who made an examination, and assured him that he had not got the smallpox. Then he went to bed, and the next morning he found several of the messenger boys coming up to see him, and the manager of the company also coming up to see his friends. On Saturday morning he had a rash broken out, but when Dr. Sproule did not come he got up and went out for a walk. He went into Russell's barber shop and had a bath and a shave, and then went to the Clarence, but found that the manager with him had to go and see Dr. Milne. When Dr. Milne saw him he pronounced the case one of smallpox, and told witness to go back to his room and go to bed. He went back to his room, but found that the manager with him had been quarantined on the house, he went to Dr. Milne's office and reported the matter, and when he told the guard that he had smallpox he was refused admittance, unless he should get a written order from Dr. Milne to the quarantine on the house, he went to Dr. Milne's office and got this order, and came back, and was then admitted. He remembered that a messenger boy had been sent up to a house near the Fountain on the previous Wednesday evening. There was some sickness which was pronounced smallpox. He did not know whether the boy who had gone was the same boy (Snary) who was afterwards taken down with the disease or not.

F. C. McWinn was another of the lodgers at the Clarence. His little boy had been taken ill during the week, and on Thursday he had called Dr. Ernest Hall who said he would call again and had come the following day along with Dr. Leigh. They said they thought it was a case of smallpox, and witness had then gone down to Dr. Milne's office and reported the matter, and when he told the guard that he had smallpox he was refused admittance, unless he should get a written order from Dr. Milne to the quarantine on the house, he went to Dr. Milne's office and got this order, and came back, and was then admitted. He remembered that a messenger boy had been sent up to a house near the Fountain on the previous Wednesday evening. There was some sickness which was pronounced smallpox. He did not know whether the boy who had gone was the same boy (Snary) who was afterwards taken down with the disease or not.

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Johnson street was not quarantined, and his friends came in and out all the time. He told them that he had smallpox and said he wished they would not come, but they came and brought him food from time to time. He had no one looking after him. On Monday or Tuesday a grocery wagon came for him and took him out to Albert Head along with another man who had the smallpox. The other man's name was Alkman. When they got out to Albert Head there was no one to look after them, and there was only one yellow flag near the Albert Head quarantine station. This was quite a long distance off on the road from Victoria. There were no guards there that he knew anything about, and any one that wished to leave might have done so, so far as he knew, for there did not seem to be anything done to prevent their going. After having been in the hospital for some time, witness and the other smallpox patients had been removed to the Jubilee station where they had been well looked after.

The Commission then adjourned to meet again to-day, at 11 o'clock, when more witnesses will be examined.

OMNIBUS CRETAN CHRISTIANS. The Turks Take a Number of Them Prisoners to Tripoli. LONDON, Oct. 19.—Advice from the Island of Crete state that serious affairs have occurred there between the Christians and the Turks. In the encounter reported, four Christians were killed and fourteen Turkish soldiers lost their lives, besides twenty being wounded. The Bishop of Spakia obtained a promise from the Turkish Governor Cheurket Pasha that the Cretan who had taken part in the riot would not be molested if they were willing to act peaceably hereafter. In violation of this promise, it is reported eight Cretans were seized and sent to Tripoli, and the Christians are arming to demand their release.

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION. A successful medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures all diseases caused by abuse, intoxication, or over-exertion. Six packages GUARANTEED to give relief when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription. Price 25c. One package \$1. Six \$5. By mail, enclosed in return, \$10. BUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, U.S.A.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for license to prospect for coal on 600 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows:—Beginning at south east corner section corner of section 11, Township 10; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of beginning.

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a lone man was sitting on the porch. He recognized him as our ninth. "Is the matter here?" asked one of the crowd. "No," he replied, "he is not here."

THE SMALLPOX COMMISSION.

Continuation of the Enquiry Into the Cause of the Introduction of the Disease Into B. C.

How Dr. Richardson Traced the Cases—They Were in Bunches of Four and Five.

Two witnesses were examined at yesterday's session of the Royal Commission which is conducting the enquiry into the cause of the introduction and spread of smallpox in British Columbia. These were Dr. W. A. Richardson, resident medical officer at the Jubilee Quarantine station, and Dr. E. Crompton, who for a time was looking after smallpox patients for the city of Victoria.

Dr. Richardson was the first witness called when the Commission met at 11 o'clock. He was in the box from that hour until half-past 2 o'clock, and was able to give a great deal of very valuable information, which, while it could not be taken as evidence, will aid the Commissioners in their investigation. Dr. Richardson took charge of the Jubilee quarantine station as resident physician on the 14th of July, and has been there since that date. The first smallpox patient he saw during the present year was last May, when a man came to the hospital with an admission card which would ordinarily have permitted him to enter the institution as a patient. When this man was examined, however, he was found to have smallpox and he was immediately taken to the quarantine station. The case was reported to Dr. Hanington by telephone, and the office where the man had been was thoroughly disinfected. On July—some time about the 10th—a smallpox hospital had been erected on the Jubilee Hospital grounds, and patients then commenced to arrive. On the 14th, when witnesses took charge, there were probably 13 or 14 patients, and the number continued to increase for some time. From the time witness had charge of the quarantine hospital he had kept as complete a record as it was possible to obtain of the history of each case, with a list showing the number that had been vaccinated, the number of times vaccinated, the success, type of the disease, whether mild or severe, and all other particulars. Up to the present time the number of cases in all is 94, there being at this time three or four cases still left. The number of deaths that had occurred was 13, the balance being cured and discharged.

The most interesting part of the testimony given by Dr. Richardson was that relating to the way he traced the outbreak and spread of the disease in different parts of the city. He had, whether rightly or wrongly, placed the origin of the disease in the fact that the patients had said, where was the most likely place at which they could have caught the disease. Take for instance the Clarence Hotel. There were some six cases in all taken from this position. He had ascertained from the patients with whom he had talked that the first case of smallpox known to have existed in the city this year was at the Clarence Hotel, a house alongside or adjoining the Clarence. There was a dressmaking establishment there owned by a man named Niles who was down with the disease, there being the same or a patient by the name of Eckhart in the same place. One of the patients from the Clarence had told him that when these two men were sick the stenographer could quite clearly smell in the Clarence and he (Dr. Richardson) had therefore no doubt as to where that bunch of cases came from.

Another lot he traced to his own satisfaction to the introduction of the disease by March, who had told him that he had been over in Vancouver before taken down, and while there, had visited a woman on Dupont street, who was down with the disease. This man had then returned to Victoria from Vancouver on the Foresters' excursion, on June 11, and this being the case he did not think it at all surprising that several other passengers by the same steamer had become infected. There was a man named Burrows sick in a house on Pandora street. He seemed to have contracted the disease either from March or by coming over on the same steamer with March, or in some way of that kind, and this man seemed to have carried it to the Osborne House, just how the doctor was not quite clear, as at about the same time Burrows was taken sick there were also two other patients from the Osborne House. The Ramsey, Foster and Edgington cases on Pandora street were likewise closely associated, and had probably been infected in the same way.

There was another case of which the doctor could not speak with accuracy, but where he thought there was every reason for believing that infection had been necessarily conveyed about the same way.

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Interesting Addition Reading.

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RNS

SAUCE

When the steamer Montserrat, Capt.

Blackburn, left Nanaimo last spring, was

understand that the would engage laborers

from the South Sea Islands to Central

America. From San Pedro where the

steamer is presently detained for provisions

it is learned that the vessel was loaded at

the Gilbert Islands with 500 South Sea

Islanders, and on September 10 they steamed

for Central America, arriving in thirty-two

days at their destination, the west coast

of Nicaragua. They discharged their cargo

of coals; male and female, bound out for

three years to work the plantations of that

country at the rate of \$1.75 per month.

After having fulfilled their contract the

Montserrat sailed northward, arriving at

San Pedro. The steamer is in command of

Captain Blackburn, part owner, and has on

board as guests, Captain Ferguson and Dr.

McGilligan, who made the round trip with

him. They report a fine trip and pleasant

weather throughout. They were witnesses

of the continuation of the Island by Great

Britain and supplied the British mail with

THE CITY.

In a Green Old Age.

August Miller, a well known figure among the pioneer miners of British Columbia and a native of Prussia, died at the Old Folks' Home, yesterday, aged 74 years.

**Cedar Hill.**  
The harvest festival at St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, is fixed for Thursday, the 27th inst., and the sale of work which should have been held to-day postponed until the afternoon of the above date.

**To Take Evidence.**  
The Royal Commission on Epidemic Diseases will, in all probability, have to visit Nanaimo, Vancouver, and possibly New Westminster, before it concludes its work. Interesting evidence will be obtainable at all these points.

**Arrangements for a Bazaar.**  
The ladies of St. Andrew's R. C. Cathedral met on Sunday afternoon for the purpose of arranging for a bazaar in aid of the cathedral fund. It is proposed to open the bazaar on Monday, November 31. Every effort will be made to secure a pleasant and successful event.

**Wearing the Bells.**  
A gentleman just back from a visit to the East States reports having renewed his acquaintance with the former chief of the Provincial police of British Columbia, Mr. H. B. Roycroft, in a little town in New York State. Mr. Roycroft is now himself Sergeant Morgan of the United States Army.

**A Missing Line.**  
In the review of the sealing industry for the year, published yesterday, the omission of a line rather mystifies. The total should be made up as below:

Lower Coast Catch..... 4,378  
Upper do. do..... 2,528  
Indians (casual)..... 14,000  
Total..... 20,906

**The Provincial Government.**  
The Provincial Government was officially notified by telegram yesterday of the appointment of Hon. E. Dewdney as Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia. The appointment takes effect from November 1, so that Hon. Mr. Dewdney may be expected within a very few weeks. Hon. Mr. Nelson, the present occupant of Carey Castle, was also notified of the appointment and will make his plans accordingly. It is understood he and Mrs. Nelson are going to England for a trip.

**The Premier's Visit to Ottawa.**  
Hon. Theodore Davis leaves to-morrow for Ottawa, the object of his trip being the discussion and adjustment of the immigration and enforcement of more perfect quarantine regulations, and the carrying into effect of the Judicial District Amendment Act of last session. The Premier will probably be away a month or five weeks.

**Asked Leave to Practice.**  
Dr. Sloggett, who is on the British Register of 1878, and carries diplomas as an M. D. of Glasgow, L.R.C.P. and L.S.S. of Edinburgh, formerly Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, and late coroner of San Juan county, Washington, has applied for permission to practise medicine in British Columbia without payment of the higher fees or examination. Receiving no satisfactory reply from the Medical Council he has placed his case in the hands of Hon. C. E. Foyle, Q.C. The case is said to present similar features to that of Dr. Methcalf, who received a favorable judgment from the court. Dr. Sloggett proposes to locate in Nanaimo. He left for the lower Sound last night, and will return with his family. He is quite confident that he will win his case.

**The Oregon Indian School.**  
Mr. D. E. Brewer, the disciplinarian of the Harrison Institute, a U. S. Government Indian school, located in Chemawa, Oregon, is in town on business at the same time as the institution. The Harrison Institute receives the pupils who have graduated from the reservation schools, and completes their training in the ordinary branches of an English education, at the same time trains the pupils in some useful trade or branch of industry. It has accommodations for some 300 scholars, and there are now about 200 enrolled as in actual attendance. Mr. Brewer is out for the purpose of examining candidates for the school. There are a number awaiting their return to Seattle, and some have expressed their intention to go down from the coast at the same time with the pupils in the United States are eligible for admission. This school, which is the largest of the kind on the coast, is doing a good work toward the civilization of the aborigines.

**The Pope Drowning Case.**  
Capt. Gaudin has concluded his investigation into the circumstances attending the Pope accident, and will, in the course of a few days, forward his report to Ottawa. George Corrie, a Fraser river fisherman, who was a passenger on the R. P. Ribbet at the time of the accident, on 25th May last, was seen by Capt. Gaudin at Nanaimo on Friday, and testified that the steamer was nearly stopped when the small boat containing Mr. and Mrs. Pope, child, and Mr. Deacon, drew near. Witness was one of those who took to the ship's boat and helped to rescue Mr. Pope. The boat was lowered as quickly as possible—it did not take longer than 10 minutes—and everything that could be done to save the Pope party. Had the small boat ceased pulling when signalled to do so, the accident might have been averted.

**With Human Freight.**  
When the steamer Montserrat, Capt. Blackburn, left Nanaimo last spring, was understood that the would engage laborers from the South Sea Islands to Central America. From San Pedro where the steamer is presently detained for provisions it is learned that the vessel was loaded at the Gilbert Islands with 500 South Sea Islanders, and on September 10 they steamed for Central America, arriving in thirty-two days at their destination, the west coast of Nicaragua. They discharged their cargo of coals; male and female, bound out for three years to work the plantations of that country at the rate of \$1.75 per month. After having fulfilled their contract the Montserrat sailed northward, arriving at San Pedro. The steamer is in command of Captain Blackburn, part owner, and has on board as guests, Captain Ferguson and Dr. McGilligan, who made the round trip with him. They report a fine trip and pleasant weather throughout. They were witnesses of the continuation of the Island by Great Britain and supplied the British mail with war with 100 tons of coal in time of great

**Published in columns of the**  
not extravagant, are not "written up," nor are they from his employees. They are facts, and you that Hon. S. S. Macmillan possesses absolute merit and is worthy the full confidence of the people.

**Wood's Pills are purely vegetable,** perfectly harmless, and will cause pain of grip. Be sure to get Wood's.

THE BISHOP'S SERMON.

An Earnest Exhortation to the Congregation of Christ Church Cathedral on Sunday Morning.

Reference to the Ordination Services and to the Selection of the Next Bishop.

The Bishop of Columbia, on Sunday morning, having given notice of an Ordination to be held to-day, at 11 o'clock, took for his subject the Christian Ministry, preaching from 1 Cor. iv. 1.

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THE SEAL ROOKERIES.

A Shore Patrol Will Assist in Preventing Raids—This Year's Catch.

Effects of the Protective Legislation—A Close Season by International Agreement.

Seattle, Oct. 17.—Advice just received from Behring Sea are that the stormy weather having rendered cruising an impossibility, the U. S. cruisers Ranger and Bash were ordered to sail for San Francisco on the 10th inst. This leaves the Adams and Bear still in Behring Sea, and they will be unable to get to the coast until the end of the month.

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THE CITY.

Latest advices from Lampson's, London, show an upward tendency in the seal skin quotations, consequent upon a general improvement in trade. The ruling price now is 65 to 66.

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CABLE NEWS.

Austria and the Triple-Alliance Treaty Affecting the Possession of Rome.

The Labor Troubles in France—The Commercial Treaty Between the U. S. and Spain.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The tug Columbia today towed into Plymouth the lightship Beha and Bianca and Sanboronbon, both destined for use on the Brazilian coast.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—Count Ladlasau Szegenyi has been appointed ambassador to Germany to succeed Count Szeczhényi, the present Austro-Hungarian ambassador at the court of Berlin.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 19.—A passenger train was thrown off the track near the station at Ruzsa, the capital of the province of that name.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The Chamber of Deputies opened yesterday. The labor troubles at Carmeux were discussed, and the Government interpellated.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—A despatch from Alexandria says that three attacks of the Dahomey have been repulsed with considerable loss.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—American experts deny that the bullock said to have a diseased lung, and which was landed at Deptford from America had contagious pleuro-pneumonia.

HAMBURG, Oct. 19.—There are 19 fresh cases of cholera to-day, and two deaths. There are 533 patients in the hospitals.

HAMBURG, Oct. 19.—The brick work of a sewer in which 14 men were at work, led to day in Steinward, a suburb of the city. Three men were killed.

BUKHOS AYRES, Oct. 19.—A revolution has broken out at Santiago del Norte, the capital of the province of the same name, the central province of the Argentine Republic.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—At the Alfred Dock, Liverpool, the gangway of a steamship in her berth fell, and nine persons were drowned.

ROME, Oct. 19.—The Government is trying to get Austria's consent to the publication of the Triple Alliance treaty.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The death of the academician Camille Boncompagni.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.—The public school children paraded to-day, fifteen thousand in honor of the four hundred anniversary of the discovery of America.

R. E. TELEGRAPHERS' STRIKE.

Possible Suspension of Negotiations and Extension of the Existing Difficulty.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—Twenty-two telegraphers arrived here last night from Chicago en route to Kansas City.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—It is announced that the contract between the Dominion Government and the Allan Steamship Company for carrying the mails between Great Britain and Canada will be renewed for another year.

FROM PORT TOWNSEND.

Health Regulations as Against British Columbia Ports Resuscitated by the U. S. Treasury Department.

PORT TOWNSEND, Oct. 19 (Special).—The order from the Treasury department requiring all foreign vessels to call at this port to secure a certificate of health from the United States quarantine officer has been rescinded.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The reminiscences of Dr. Le Caron or Thomas Phil Beech, the Fenian spy, who gained such notoriety in 1899 by his disclosures before the Parnell commission, have been made public.

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CAPITAL NOTES.

Colonel Villiers Reprimanded Before Reinstatement—The St. Lawrence Channel to be Tested.

Canadian Cadets for Imperial Service—A Victoria Case Before the Supreme Court.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—Colonel Villiers, D.A.G., of Winnipeg, has been reinstated after a severe reprimand for disobeying orders.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—The total amount the Government will have to pay for tolls on freight passing the St. Lawrence Canal will be about \$33,000.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—The Selkirk nomination takes place November 3.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—Hon. Mr. Laurier wants a committee of the House to take evidence as to what was promised the Catholics in Manitoba in the matter of schools at Confederation.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—Important changes in the staff of the Intercolonial railway have been made.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—A bad fire occurred at Boston, Ontario, to-day. The following are the places destroyed as far as can be learned:

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MRS. POTTER'S GREAT HIT.

When Mrs. James Brown Potter deserted the charmed circle of society and her old stage reputation, "Oleander Joe" for the precincts of the professional green-room, it created little short of a sensation.

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TO PLEASE THE MEN.

A WOMAN NEED NOT BE UNPOPULAR WITH HER OWN SEX.

That is the Opinion of Ella Wheeler Wilcox, and She Gives Cogent Reasons to Support Her Theory—Some Pertinent Anecdotes.

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WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Women Succeed in Business When They Get Their Heads to Work.

That is a good story which is told of four women pioneers in the mining town of Creede. They are Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Love, Mrs. Beebe and Miss Anna Man.

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THE TODHUNTER TRAGEDY.

Light Supposed to Have Been Shed on the Mystery—An Interesting Story.

Two Arrests Made—Governor Morley Goes to Kamloops to Make an Investigation.

(Special to the Colonist.) NEW WESTMINSTER, Oct. 19.—The May Todhunter tragedy, which caused such a sensation last February, has suddenly been brought before the public again by the news that Frank Beegan and his wife are under arrest.

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