## Dr. Lorimer-An Appreciation

The company of those who have passed to their reward recently has received a notable accession in the death of Dr, Gsorge C. Larimer. He was perh1ps, all things considered, the foremost man in the leading rank of our own denom ination. As preacher, anthor, orator, and leader of those who bring things to pass he hal no superior and his goitg will cause a gap that will make its presence felt for many a day it hat been known for some time that the illness which came to him late last winter had sadly shaken him, but it was fo idly hoped that recuperation had begun and that he would soon be found again in his accustomed piace. These hopes have been doomed to disappointment, for in the foreign land to which he had goae for rest and healing, the grim messenger suddenly cane, and he was not, for God had taken him.
Born in Scotland, in 1838 , at the time of his death, Dr. Lorimer was sixty-six years of age. Parentage had something, perhaps much, to do with his success, for out of the granite of Scoteh character has been molded many a man who has stood foremost in the place where he has chosen to work. Coming to this country when he was seventeen, he expected to devote himself to the profession of an actor. That he would have made a success therein no one who appreciated his power of dramatic utterance in the pulpit and on the platform would for a moment doubt. But God had other work for him. His mission was not to amuse but to redeem. He was not to be the minisiry of an idle hoar, but o e that should tell for eternity. He was converted at Losisville, Kentucky, and shortly after began to preach the word which had so changed his own life. He was pastor afterward at Lonisville, Ky , Albany, N. Y, at Chicago at the First and the Immanuel churches, at Tremont Temple, Boston, twice, and at last at Madison Avenue church, New York City, where his career ended. Perhaps this last ought not to have bsen undertaken. Perhaps at his age it was too great a wrench to take him from soil in which he was so deeply rooted and transplant him to surroundings so wholly different. It was a magnificent hope though that lured him. It was his thought that in lower New York he might build up a second Tremont Temple that might centre about the Uplifted Christ and form a new sour ee of light and warmth where so mueh of it is needed. It was not to be, however, and he had to leave the task he had so much at heart. That he was summoned to it was a splendid tribute to his virility and ever-enlarging powers; that he was compelled to leque it scarce begun may fashion an obligatio: assumer hands and hearts should
assur
Dr. Lorime $\because$ 's power as a preacher and platform spei-r was continuous and conspicuous from the st 't He was massive in his conceptions and in the marshaling of his material. He needed a larke field for the deplosing of his rhetorical battalions and time in which to bring them to the desired end. No sermotnettes for him! No mere accessory occupying a part of the scene would he be, simply an incident thrown out on the background of something else that might eclipse or rival him. He wanted the whole stage and he wanted it because he had thought and a vehicle of expression worthy of snch monopolizing. He saw all truth focusing in Jesus Christ. He beheld in Him the solvent Wor life's problems and the healing for its woes. With a fervid imagination, with a wealth of verbal imagery, with a superb mastery of the art of expression and with a profound loyalty to the supremacy of divine revelation he set this furth. Nor did his message ever suffer from inadequate preparation. Latent power was not allowed to prcelude work. The great truth to him was worthy of the best form. He brought The leaten oil to the pulpit and the platform He laid all departments uuder contribution and made them enrich his themes So it came about that people took him at his own estimate and they were ready to listen as long as he cared to
speak. We can think of no ane now to just take his place, and for many a day it will be said, "If Lorimez were only here to develop this teme
The characteristics marking his public addresses are to be found in his broks. They give evidence of thorough study, of careful expression, of wide reading. He was quite roluminous as an author and had he done nothing else he would be remembered by what he has written. His mind dwelt on the social and religious problems of the day and in his published works he sought to grapple with them. He did it manfully and well. His "Argume ? for Christianity," his "Messages of Today to the Men of Tomorrow," his "Christiarity and Social State," and his "Christianity atd the Nineteenth Century" principal among what he did wilt live. Perhaps the best of these is the last, for it sums np in grapinic form the progress and results of that which has been the greatest force in it since the world began. Perhaps had he kept to this line it would have been better. Not every successful preacher can be a novelist. He was not and his effort was a disappointment. That he has counpany in this did not remove the sting from the fact. Perbaps it would have been better had he not done so much. The bow incessantly bent must beconee less resilient. But his nature was strenuous, and its outcome could be no other. He lived his life and perhaps he would not have changed it if he could.
We have left little space to spaak of him as a man. We ever found him delightful, genial, kindly, inspiring,-and the relations between him and this writer during the past ten years were very close. No one has he ever found to appreciate service rendered more fully or to express it so generously. He will not forget the close fellowship of many a conference and his life will be richer for their having been. It is but a slight tribute we have paid to Dr . Lorimer's memory, but among the many he will reseive none more than it will have come from the heart.

The Suffering of Christ. By Alexander Maclaren, D. D.

The suffering of Christ was threefold-the suffering of flesh and blood-the suffering of the body, every nerve of which became the avenue of pain; the suffering of the mind, in view of great problems; the shffering of the heart, pouring out love not responded to and left solitary and alone-the suffering which a man bears as part of the human family, which made the Master often sigh, and extorted tears at the grave of Lazarus.
Our Master had flesh and blood. He knows what flesh suffers when it is lacerated and torn; He knows what blood suffers when it runs hot or cold; He knows all the exigencies and conditions and sorrows and pangs of our human heart. All this is known to him, and he was perfected in knowing it, that he might be a perfect Priest and Savior, Friend and Sympathizer.
There was suffering that came to him from temptation. He did not know what it is to fail. We have known temptation by failure; He knew what it was by bearing and vanquishing it-as in the forty days of temptation and in the garden of Gethsemane.

There were also his sufferings as the mediator, when upon his heart he took the guilt of the world. We know something of that. We know how we feel when we are in contact with those tens of thousands who are pent up in miserable hovels, where prayer and decency are alike impossible. We know something of what it is to.
bear the ibjustice and pain and wrong of the world; but not as be did, for he bore it as the Mediator, and, by bearing it, put away both the penalty and the blame.

And so today we betold him perfected through suffering; through suffering making his way into glory and standing there perfected, to become priest and Savior for us. We must not look at the cross alone, but at the throne to whioh it led. Angels are beneath his feet, and devils; all creation does him homage; all the worlds wait upon his will: but we are his brothers. He is the Son and we are sons. Our brother is on the throne, and we are being brought to stand by his side.

We, also, must be perfected-by the suffering of flesh and blood, by wrestling with temptation, by bearing in our measure the sorrows and sins of men, and filling up what is behind of the sufferings of Christ.
Do not tell us to evade suffering; do not hold us back with piry; do not spend tears upon us; do not tell us that we must stand aside and be darlings of fortune, only caressed by the soft air and kissed by sunbeams; let us go the way our Captain went before. There is no way to his crown but by the cross; no way of being perfected but by suffering.
Let us bear it as he bore it-willingly, with the sweat upon our brow, but with loyalty to the will of God in our heart. Let us suffer so. Then the darkness will vanish and the light come; then the cross will be behind us forever, and the crown beckoning us before; and, like our Lord, we shall be perfected through suffering.

## Prager Hymp.

By Chas. B. Botsford.
O come and live with me, dear Lord, In condescending grace;
The furnishings are poor indeed,
Unworthy is the place
For such a royal Guest divine, Our risen reigning King.
Whose triumphs as the Prince of Peace The worlds celestial sing
Thou wilt rebuild the broken walls, The temple readorn,
The darkened windows will replace To greet the light of morn.
New day in brightness will begin, The clouds will disappear;
The home renewed made clean and sweet, Be brightened all the year.
To life with Thee I cannot reach,
$O$ condescend to me,
For Thy companionship I pine,
My help must coune from Thee.
O come and live with me, dear Lord,
Thy presence will be strength;

## All that is bestin me will then

Fruition find at length.
To think Thy thoughts and do Thy will
And breathe Thy spirit sweet,
I must have fellowship with Thee.
Thy daily presence meet.

## Che fome mission Jourral

Arecord of Mind.nary, Suntay. Wchoot and Troperaace a and a repurter in church and ministetial activities. and geteral reigions buerat te, l'ublished nemi monthly.

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## Terms

50 Cents a Year.

## Cruising for the Cross.

By Rev. C. A. S. Dwight.
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## CHAPTER XIV.

After watching the East Indiaman burn to the Ater's edge-whereupon it became a dangerous derelict constituting a continnal menace to all ther craft-the captain of the Glad Tidings ave orders that the course should be set for the sland of Mauritius. "And we must be sure to kcep an extra bright lookout. Nickerson." added Henton, 'for we shall be in the particular region of hurricanes
It was a great reliff to the ship's company of the Glad Tidngs to work gradually to the southward of the equator, toward a clime where somewhat more invigotating breczes were to be enjoyed.
The crossing of the line was marked by goodhumored pleasantries. Bill Saunders, the boat. swain's na'e, di-appeared from view several houns bef. To the invinible line was reached, yet no cry of "Man overtoard" was ras ic bells in
older hands were 1 the secret. By tw. the forenoon watch noest of the green hands, who bad sever before crossed the equator. by one excuse and another had been collected forward. Suddenly as the bow rose on a ponderous wave over the b,wsprit came a remarkablelooking individual, neither whale, ea-serpent, dolphin, fish, fowl or man, but apparently a combination of all these forms of being, whose coming, however, did not seem greatly to surprive the older seamen on boadd, for they im: mediately, with strange familiarity, began grecting the dripping denizen of the sea, who brand ished a huge tritent, as "Nep." and proceedel to introduce him to the green hands in ways pro ductive of a vast amonnt of mirth and jollity. After this Neptune was conducted by the old hoatswain with dne formality to the tridge. where he howed with a certain marine dignity to Captain Henton and his sistct, who greeted him with amused cordiality. After some ineffectual :uttempt- to draw the uncouth visitor out regarding the precise socation and character of the line. the waggish boatswain stepping quickly behind him, undid the fastening around his mask, which immeriately fell off revealing the manly features of sill sannders, the burly boatswain's mate. whereupon a roar of laughter arose from the a aist of the ship, where most of the crew were by this time congregated.
The days pas ed pleasantly by while the Glad Tilings ander full press of canvas kept steadily on its sontherly way. Now and then a dark clond lowered in the distance, but no very heavy weather was encotntered. Several times, however, the order "Aloft, top-men!"' was given, when it stemed to be the part of prudence to take in a ref or tws, and there were a number of days when topgallant sails and royals conld not be catr ed Captain Henton knew enough of he art of navigation not to clap on too much bellowing canvas, with the result, perhaps, of blowing the masts out of the ship or at any rate of snapping a yard and alike in his sailing and in the conduct of his worldly aflairs generally, in the condinct of has content to make haste slowly though he was
steadily

At last the shores of Manritius were sighted, here a stop was made for coal, water and fresh provisions The crew of the burned ship had never lived so well at sea as they had been faring nerer lived messmates with the ceew of the Glad Tid'ugs. for while Henton did not coddle his men by providing them with luxuries-in which, indeed, he indu:ged only moderately himself-he ook pains to see that all reasouable demands of his crew were met both as to wages and general living.

Say. is your cap'n a' easy fool?" asked "Hoggy" the f.ascar, who knew a little English, one day of Bill Saunders.

What do you mean by that kint of talk?' demanded Bill, stemly.

Oh, I thinkin' he big fool give you tuss so much eat"' rejoined the Lascar.
The Yankee sailor thus aldressed felt like throwing a bucket of water over "Hoggy" for his iagratitude and impudence, but his religions priseiples restrained him. and he contented him. stli with saying severely, "No, our captain's a Chri tian man. Do you know what that means, Lascar? If yout don't, you'd better find ont ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ And after that the boatswain's mate thought he would keep an ey; on "Hoggy.

White the Glad Tidings was at Port Lotis, Matritius, a fearfut hurricate broke over the coast and the town, and John Henton devoutly thanked hi* Maker that the Glad Tidings had not been canght approaching the shores of the island during such a gate, In the barbor, with alt anchors out, stean np, and everything snug slow and aloft-for the topmasts, in pursnance of the advice of the experiesed captain of the Eavi Indianan, had been sent down in a harry just before the storm broke-methe G/ad Tilings was enabled safely to ride out the gale, which seemed to blow from all quarters at once, and swept many smaller and less protected craft ist batt ted ruin on the beach. When the storm subsided, Henton went ashore to see what he conld dn for the victims of the storm, many of whom were practically peuniless, as well as braised and bleding-thus practicing, in that vut-of-the way region of the werld the gospel of the "Inasmuch." In serving those needy strangers at Port Louis John IIentonf fth that he had been serving Jesus Christ.
Soon atterward the prow of the Gilad Tidings was pointed scaward, and its course was had almost due w.st, which brought it before ong to the port of Tamatave, on the east coast of Madagascar. Here Henton took advantage of the opportumity to, go ashore and in the company of an English missicnary took a short trip into the in'erior. It greatly impressed the young American Christan to observe the tesult in modern Madagascar, of the pioneer, missionary work Madagaschat in that wild country years ago aecomplished in that wid country yelers fruits of work which, before it bore the richer fruts of
these later times, was hallowed again and again by the blood of martyrs. It greatly strengthened Henton's faith to talk through an interpreter with same of the gray-haired conver:s, whose memoris ran back to the days of pirsecution, and who had often endangered their own lives for the sake of the Master, and to hear them tell in quaint phrase, with many a curions idiomatic turn. the story of their faith in Jesus. Trulv, thought Henton, believers on earth have many tungues but all speak one common languag: of love and faith toward the redeeming Son of God.
In Henton's program of his cruise a visit to the Cap: of Good Hope had a place It was not long therefore before the Glad Tidings was again at sea. Captain Henton thought it well to give the coast of Madigascar a wide berth, so the laid his course southeast by east unt I he had left the island many leagues astern. Then when he had made a sufficient casting to avoid any danger of being blown upon a lee shore, he laid the eourse first sontherly, and then finally south westerly, for the Cape of G, d Hope.
(To be continued.)

## The New Branswick Convention.

The annual session of this body met with Lower Wickham church, Sept. 24th. Some of the delegates and ministe $s$ in attendance wem by the Elaine on Friday; others came by the Crystal Stream on Sa arday. The day of open ing prosed somewhat unfavirable for th:ose driving, but on Sunday the weather cleared away, and large audiences, utterly be ond the capacity of the house of worship to contain them, assembled at all the services.

The business of the convention began at 10 a . m . on Saturday, and was contimued until 4 P .; when the Annuity Association held its annual meeting. As the convention had resolved, in event of union with the Free Baptists, to merge itself into the united body, it was thought best to have the Annuity Association to meet next year in the city of Fredericton. Accordingly a resolution was passed that that socicty should meet with the Baptist church in Fredericton on
the fourth W. Insesfay in September, 1903, at $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Its reports and constitution are to he included in the An nafof the present year.

On Saturday evening Edder Itughes preached from Matthew VII. 29. 'For he trught them as one having aathority, mid not as the Scribes." It was evident that the veteran preacher had lost none of his former vigor and grasp of Scriptural doctrines, and the occasion was a treat to all wesent.

The treaxurer reported a balance on hand of \$32 88, which was ordered to be expended in the publication of the dimut? Reforence baving been made to the pt po ed onsjetsion of the Home Afssion foumal at the cloze of the fresent year, a resolution was ifatimatisti, pasee ix. pressing appreciation of the latar of Elder Hughes who has been managing editor of thas paper during the six years of its publicatiou.

Also resolsed that the Convention terder its deeepest sympathy to Rev S. McCully Black. D. D., editor of the Mess.nger and Visitor, now it enfeebled health. The $M, \mathcal{G} V$, also came in for a hearty idorsement, as the standard organ - i the body. Fitting refetence was made to the departure of Bros, Hall. Coombs and Ervine, who had passed away since the last meeting.
At 9.30 a Sunday morning an interesting social service was conducted by Eilder A. B. Maedonald, who, thuthg sonewhat enfeebled, appeared as actively interested in the Master's work as in the dins gone by. This service gave way a little laier to a funeral occasion-the butrial of Mrs. Albert Day. Pastor Ganong preached from I.uke XXIII, 33. Elders Thorne. Worden, Perry, Gordon and others were atso present.
la the afterooon a large congregation came to hear the convantion sermon, which was preached by Rev. W. E McIntyre, from II. Thess. IIL: - Rev, w J. Gordon read Scripture lesson in Ephes. IV : prayer was offered by Rev. Samnel Pery. An off-ring was tiken for Home Mis sions.

At 7.35 p .m. a mass meeting and evangelistic service was conducted by Rev H. D Worden Theme-the "Fai: Faces." The building was filled to overflowing, many having to remain outside. Folly one hundred took part in public testimony.

Rev. J. H. Hughes also preached duriug the day across the lake at Lower Cambridge, Macdonald's Coruer and the Narrows. Thus closed one of the most interesting and profitable meet ings ever held in the locality. The attractive scenery and surroundings of the place contributed much to the pleasure of all present, while the nubounded hospitality of the people made every one feel perfectly at home. An excellent choir. composed chiefly of the yonng people, furnished suitable music at each meeting, adding mu:h to the tone and spiritual uplift given. Miss Bessie Macdonald of Charlestown, Mass., gave some fine renderiags of piec:s which were highy ap preciated. Most touching indeed was the final chrot:s "God be With You Till We Meet Again."

## Centennial Annivarsary at Nashwauk.

On Sunday. Sept. 26th, large congregations gathered at the Baptist chureh to extend 11 eir engratula ions and unite with the Na-hwauk Baptist church in the celebration of the centennia! anniyersary of the organization of the church. The services egan Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock when the Rev, J. A. Cahill of Jacksontown, Carleton Co, preached an able and interesting sermon from the words found in J hn $1_{3}{ }^{\text {th }}$ chapter, last part of the first vetse on the eternal and unchangeable love of God having loved h's own which were in the world, he loved them unto the end

In the afternoon the Pastor stated that the Rev. Dr. Manning of St. Jolin who was expected to le present and speak on missions had sent his regr.ts at not beiug able to be present and the Rev. Mr. Cahill again preached from the words found in Matt. 6:33. Seek ye first the kingdom of God and His righteousness and all these things shall be added unto you.

At the cliss of the sermon the pastor, Rev. C. W. Sables presented a partial sketch of the history of the church, after which deacon Claris-
lopher Manzer who has beet a nember of the church for $\mathbf{5 2}$ years led the emgregation in a prayer of thanksgiving and praise for past blessings.
The pastor stated that ouly three of the former pastors was now liviog. Rev John Williams, of Cumberland Bay; Rev. H. B. Sloat, of Milton. N. S., and Rev, F. B Seeley of Albert Co, also that the church had sent out three preachers:-Rev, Dr, Goodspeed, the late Rev. W. 8 . Manzer and Rev. Mr. Coy, now a preacher for the Rcformed Baptists. The pastor stated that he hal received letters from Rev. H. B. Sleat and Rev. F. B. Sceley former pastors, expressing their regret at not being able to be present and also sending greetings to the church.
In the evening a large congregation gathered and listened to an able and practical discourse by the Rev. J. H. McDonald of Fredericton from the text Psflm 73, verse 17, on the Influence and Power of the Sanctuary of the Church of God, after which a social service was conducted by the pastor. Miss Viola Howland, the popular musie teacher Irom Springfield, presided at the organ and a male quartette from Fredericton rendered valuable assistance in making the services of the day a stuccess.
On Monday evening the Rev. W. R. Robinson of Gibson was with tis, and preached a very practical and heipfut sermon from the text, Malachi 4 h chapter. 2ad verse: Unto |you that fear my uame shall the Sun of Righteousness arise with healing in his wings. Messages of congratalations were brought from the churches at Fredericton, Gibson and Marysville by their pastors, Rev. J. H. McDonold and Rev. W. R. Robinson.
C. W. Sables,

Pastor Nashwank Chureh.

## THE ALBERT CO QUARTERLY MEET. ING.

The Albert Co. Quarterly Meeting convened with the ist Covardale Baptist church at Turtle Creek, Sept. 6th. Quarterly Conference opened at $2.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. led by the Pastor, at the close of which Pres. Rev. M. Addison took the chair and the new officers for the ensuing year were appointed, as follows, Pres. Rev. H. Eirb; VicePres. Rev. Milton Addison; Sec. Treas. Rev. Dr. Brown. Very glad indeed were we to see amongst us the fam liar form and hear the familiar voice of Father Hughes, who then not having fully recovered if $m$ his recent illness, cheered us through ali the meetings with droppings from his ripe © $x$, rience, and his sermon on Tuesday evening was received in the same appreciative manner as his sermons always are. No less bound were we, however, to extend a welcone to Rev. H. S. Erb, upon his first appearance at the Albert Co. Quarterly, who at the close of Bro. Hughes discourse, preached to us the Quarterly sermon in an able and eloquent manner. Tuesday evening closed with an evangelistic service led by Bro. Addisou.

Wednesday morning after an uplifting devotional service conducted by Pastor A. C. Berrie, the subject of Home Missions being next on the program, addresses were delivered on that subject by Bro's Addison. Hughes and Erb, followed with remarks by Bro's Berrie, Seelye and Henry Colpitts. Wednesday afternoon was devoted to S. S. Work No officers present, no reports, save the annual financial report, no program at hand. So the Convention had to content itself with verbal reports from S. S. some of which were very encouraging. The question box being instituted, an interesting and we hope profitable season was spent answering questions. In the evening a stiring gospel sermon by Pastor Berrie, was followed with an evangelistic serviee led by Pastor Eirb. The meetings from first to last were characterized with the presence of the Holy Spirit, and several manifested a desire to
lead a bew life.
With the passing of a hearty vote of thanks for the hospitality of the entertaining church. the Quarterly Meeting and S. S. Convention adjourned to areet with the 3 rd Coverdale church in Dec. F. B. Skelive, Sor pro tem
P. S. Pres. S. S. Cont, for ensuing year Rev. M. Addison; Sec. Treas, Rev. Z. L. 'rash

Conference at Dec. Quarterly, led by Rev. I.
C. H. Crandale, Quarterly sermon, Rev. Z. L. Iash; Alternate, Rev. F. P. Dresser.

## Religious News.

It will be a source of joy to

## St. Manv's Kent Co.

 those who love the Lord's work to learn that God is wonderfully blessing his people in this place. Yesterday Brother R. M. Bynon kindly spent with us and baptized six happy believers, giving us also two excellent Gospel sermons. We are much indebted to the good brother for the services he has rendered the people here in the past. I hope to continue the services here some days longer, and feel confideut that many more upot whose hearts deep conviction has settled, will be fully dacided to live for Christ. I deeply regret that I mast sson leave a field so ready to Harvest.Sept. 12, 1904.

## Fred A. Bowhr.

Last Sunday, Sept. wth, I
St. Grorge, N. B. had the pleasure of exchanging with Brother Geldart who has beea stpplying the St. Andrews and Bay Side churches for the summer. All speak w. ll of our brother's labors and prophecy that he will make a good preacher. I baptized the following for him at St. Andrews: Cora Richardson, Ivy Richardson, Alice Bryant, Nettie Miller; and at Bay Side Mildred Greenlaw. At St. George we have begun the building of a new house of worship which we hope to have completed before Christmas. Daniel Gilmor, Esq., of Montreal has very generously given us $\$ 1000$ gowards our building fund. At Second Falls the debt on the new church has been reduced to $\$ 50$.

The Lord has graciously Doaktown, N, B. refreshed his people. It came like a gentle shower, while nine men and three young women gave up their lives for the service of the Master. We had the joyful privilege of baptizing 12 in a pouring rain last Sabbath evening, when the baptism was witnessed by a large congregation. Bro. C. O. Howlett and writer are working this week at Lower Ludlow.
C. P. Wilson.

Sorry indeed to leave the
Richmond,Car. Co. kind people at Cambridge
pastorless, yet seeking to be
found in the way of duty, I settled with these churches two months ago. Since then the midweek prayer meetings have been revived, one $S$. school re-organized and another resuscitated. We are hoping to have baptism in a few days. The pastor and his wife were recently presented with an address, a new carriage and a young cow. God be thanked and the good hearted donors blessed.
F. N. Atkikson.

Green Road, N. B. Sept. 19th.

## During the past summer a

 good work of grace has been in progress in our commun-ity. Several have professed conversion and have united with the church. These, all young, are a staff of ready helpers in all our social services, and give good promise of useful Christian lives. For these tokens of divine power we give God thanks. .Next Sunday, the 25th inst., our
pastor wifl close six years of service with the church. These have been years of faithful serviee. In the pulpit especially has he manifested his strength. Iarge appreciative andiences have regularly been fed from the word; and feel that his retirement from our church will leave a place hard to fill, in the Sabhath and week-night ministrations. During his pastorate forty have united with the church, thirty-one of whom united by baptism. The Springfield church tunanimonsly wishes Pastor L.ocke Godspeed. Praying that the divine may open up to him a new field of service where be may continue to labor for the glory of His name.
E. C. Darling.

We have just closed our I.utes Mocntain. labors with this church to resume studies at Hamilton. During the four "months of labor here, God was surely with us and blessed. Monday July ith, the first roll call of the church was beld. Pastors Hutchinson and Baird of Moncton, and Bro. Carpenter who resides here were present and rendered valuable assistance. We also conducted a series of special services. The power of God was manifested. in the reclaiming of wanderers and the salvation of simers. On Sunday July 21st. Bro. E. C. Corey buried in the likeness of onr Lord's death, Iwelve happy believers in Jesus. Bro. Corey also preached an inspiring and helpful sermon. We are grateful to these brethren for the help they gave in the work of the Master. On Sunday the itth, we preached our farewell to a well-filled house. The people were kind and sympathetic, and it was with reluctance we severed our connection with them. We pray that the God of all grace will continue to bless them and that soon he will send one of his servants to break unto this people the bread of life. For all the blessings and benefits re ceived by pastor and people, we render unto God praise. Here is a great opportunity for work; May God grant that it shall not be neglected.
A. C. Berrie.

## Shediac.

This is one of our small interests, but one worthy of thought and attention. We have been four months with this people, but have not been able to give them the same attertion that was given at Lutes Mountain. However God blessed us without any effort on our part and on Sunday Aug. 7th, Bro. Seeley of ist Coverdale church administered the ordinance of baptism to Mr. A. Wilber. Bro. Wilber is past middle life, and decided to hold out no longer; so yielded to his God and followed in his appointed way. Bro. Seeley's services were much appreciated. One, and perhaps the greatest need here is a new house of worship, as the old one is very uncomfortable. Our number here is few, and we may regret to learn since leaving them on Monday 5 th, that the messenger of death has caller away one of their leaders, Deacon Gay. Bro. Gay was always present at services if possible, and ever ready to speak in honor of his Master. His death will no doubt weaken the interest there. But we pray that God will carry on the goxd work, that a new housa will be erected and many more turn to Christ Here too the people were kind and appreciative and we shall ever cherish fond remembrances of them.
A. C. Berrik.

A Christian is a man in whom there is something so different from other men that it should awakeu questioning.

## Conscience.

## By Rev. D F. Lamson.

The question often arises, 1s Conscience always relahlle? Can it always be tristed? Paul steaks, Titus 1:15. of sone whose "mind and conscience is defined:" he speaks alwo, 1 Cor. $8: 7,12$, of a "weak conscience," $i$. e. one whose standard of judgment is imperfect; and of sume whove "consciencr is seared with her iton," $i$. e. those whose stamand is wholly persetted or destroyed by disothedience and lawlesstress. "A gost conscience" is spoken of, implying that thete is a couscie: ce that is not good; Acts $2,3: 1,1$ Tim. 3:19. 1 Pet 3:16.
The truth seem; to be that the moral nature may suffer much degradation, that the night be. comes dathness and conscience ceaws to le a trustwonthy guide. There may be a deceiving conscience, a consciettee that has become warped bvevil habit, by false training by passion or prejedice, so that like an unjust and partial judge, it delivers false judgments. Conscience is not infallible: it partakes of the iufirmity of human mature, and may therefore lead astray.

To recur to the illnstation of the magnetic compass: the needle may be deflected from its true bearing by sone extraneous attraction, and then the more closely it is followed the greater will be the danger. As a matter of fact, an ocean steamship once came near being, wrecked by a bar of iton being catelessly left wear the binnacle. Conscience may be turned aside from the polar-star of truth, and then it becomes as great a power for evil as in its right and normal action it is for good. We are inttrad bot ondy to "follos conscience," but to have a right conscience to follow; a man must not onty live up to his moral judgment, his moral judgment mant be one that it is right to live up to.

The fact that Conscience may be perverted explains how it is that good men have been persecutors, as when our fathers were made to suffer disabitites, imprisonment and the spoiling of their goods, at the hands of a dominant hierwrehy of a state church. It explains how men have "thought they were doing God service" in putting his fathint servant- to death; how such a man ax Panl "verily thought that be ought to do many thines contrary to the natse of Jesus of Nazareth." Many of the apologi-ts of slavery and other evils have beet not bad men, but mis. guided men. Such men have often had conscience enough, but it was set a "good conscience."

In fact, the more conscientions a man is, to greater lengths will be often be led in wrong doing if his conscience is a misdirected and perverted one. Some one asked the celebrated Dr. limmons how certain men could be so ill tempered and cross-grained; he replied, "inecause they are conscientionsly ugiy.
Cotsci nce is like a railroad switch; if it is misplaced it will send the train off on a side-track. and perbaps to destruction. Panl exhorts us to have "faith and a good conscience;" which i. e. conscience, "some having put away, concerning f ith have made shipwreck," 1 Tim. 1:19. Some have conscience withont faith, and are mere formalists: some have faith without conscience, and are mere emotional Christians; their lives are not consistent with their professions. What God has joined together, we are not to put asutider.
The practical question is, How may a "good conscience" be secared? (1) The conscience must the enlightened by God's word. Psalm $19: 7.9 \quad 119.130$. (2) By obedience; if neglected or disobryed, like an alatm-clock its voice soon ceases to be heard. The conscience should be kept sensitive to the trinth like the photog. rapher's plate to the light; then it will he a trustworthy guide, the "vice gerent of God in the soul.'

## An Opan Lucter to Clergymen.

We are told in the mitle that Ged created every wiuged fowl after his kind; and God saw that it was good. And Gud bessed them, saying. Be fruitfal, and let fowl muhighy in the earth:
It is a sad fact that man is not permitting the birds of the air to multiply as God directs; they are wantonly killed for sport by men, and boys dentoy thousands of eggs and nestlings each year. lashion dectees that women must wear the plumage of widd tiods for ornaments. Glat ce at the bentuets worn at any church service and mote the large number of gracefn! planes known as "Aigrettes." There is not a woman that does not know that these flums are obtained only by the most criel and barbarous methods. How can she kneel and partake of the Holy Communion white weating then?
Can the chitdren of the Sunday Schools grow to le gool men and women maless they are taught that kindress to all Gol's widd creatures is a part of Christian life? The Sasiour says a spartow "shall not f.1l on the groand withont your Father." This certainly means that human beinge will be hald respon-ible for all cases of ertelty to even the tanst humble of God's creatures

Bids are a chect on insect life and so lessen ift tabot of the titier of the soil. Scientific study during the pawt two dec sies has demon strated the fact that birds ore the most valuable fiends the agriculturint has; they destroy insect pats and noxions vermat: they als, eat thousands of $t$ ms of weed sceds which if left to propagate would soon oyerrm the land.
Birds require no poy for their fabars, they onty ask to be let alone to enjoy in peace and safety the life the Creator gave thea, the same tight that every good citizen enjoys.
Are ciergymen doing their duty tf they do not call the attention of the people to the rights of the birds?

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While it is irue that "Religion never was issigned to make our pleasures less," it should a tenenbsted that there are pleasures and pleasures, an It tat evealegitimate pleasures may be followe $!$ foolishiy, selfishly an I blindly, so that they tead to the undoing, instead of the making of character. Some are in themselves degrading: others, right under certain conditions, become wrong when followed for theit own sakes, and thot as a means of recreation; or when they are intulged in to excess, or when associated w th questionable practices. The regeneration of pleasure, and its regultion and I ie sabordination to the higher enis of life, are matters that aced more careful asd honest treatment from religions deachers. - The Christian

The Biptist Yeir Book of the Maritime Provinces will, it is expected, b- issued before the end of October. By order of the Convention all persons desiring copies will be required to pay ten cents per copy, except thit a limited number will be sent free for the use of the several B ards of Conveation and the several Associations when convened, and also a number of complimentary copies will be sent out as usual. Therefore all churches and individuals interested are advised to notify the editor at an early day how many copies of the Year $B$ sok they require, and to enclose with this notification a sum sufficient to pay for the books ordered at to cts. each.

