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 Warih 1ath to 13th, 1919

Issued by Instructions of the Convention.

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$\therefore$ FICVRK $1919-19020$

PRESIDENT :
.I. Kalalagh, Vomemorr, R. 1

## VICE-PRESIDENTS:


Vicloria: I. Taylor:

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Whand: A. Nivlon
(rows Nea Pass: W. K. Phillips.
haterior: T. B. Roherts.

SECRETARY-TREASURER:
A. S. W゙.lls. Valloolmy.

# List of Delegates to the B．C．Federation of Labor Convention， 1919 

## Vancouver

## Trades and Labor Council－

J．Kavanngh and W．1．l＇ritchurd．

## Boilermakers－

J．A．Murrs．I．Wi mel．I．F＇raver．T Grogin．

Bridge and Strictimal Iron Workers： Ruy Massictal

D．B．Carpenters－
Local fif，K．H：other，J．K．Camp bell：lanal goti，R Ninclair，A．
 stealman．

## Orvic Employees－

（i．W．Manliarlatm

## Electrical Workers－

E．H．Morrinat．IV II U，Whigsll W．Y．Murduch．I．I＇seott．

Hotel and Restamant Employees－ Harry Wionl．

B．C．Loggers Unos：－

Longshoremen－
A．Hill．（i．H1．．1：－

## Machinists－

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## Meat Cutters－

Thos．Alution－
Marine Firemen and Ollers－
Thos．sicotl．
Pattern Ifakers－
C．Hev．
Plumbers－
J．W．Kirkjatri，女
Painters and Decorators－ H．Grand．
Brotherhood of Railway Carmen－ T．smmmervills．

Street and Electric Railway Eur． ployees－
W．H．Cinterih，J．HI．．．．Ie，I．T．aft． ing．F\％．（7．Kırmorla．

## Shipwrights－

I．W．Wilkinsolt．I．Nixur．

## Shipyard Laborers－

 －ハוリ．
Steam and Operating Engineers－
W．A．Vexamdor．W．Head．W． lingur

General Teamsters and Chauteurs－ （i．Grallt．＇I．J．Handell．V．R


Typographical Uuton－
W．R．Trusior．
Uuited Warehousemen－
！＊ו：lu．

## Victoria

Trades Comecil－
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Blacksmitles－
－T． $11 / 1+1+11$ ．
Boilermakers－
1．Mh－holti．
U．B．Carpenters，A．S． 20551 －

Longshoremen－

Machinists．456－
T．lenfirn．
Painters and Decoraturs－
II．Moulton．
Steam and Operating Engineers－ J．Whandriff．

## Shipwrights－

1：H．Ciatiner．A．Witthmart．

## Shipyard Lahorers－

（ino．Si－hotick．H．©．Kingleson，d． Bard－ley．A．Bell，J．B．Mrad－ －romk．W．C．Flewin．

## New Westminster

Trades and Labor Conncil-
W. Visto.

Shipyard Laborers-
(i.n. N. Nr. Murphy.

Street and Electric Rallway Em-ployees-
r. 1. Ray. A. Wallabr.

## Port Coquitiam

U. B. Carpenters-


United Mine Workers

Cumberland -
lu. Nin! lon.
Femie -
W. K. lohillij.

Michel-

South Wellington -

Nanaimo Local 2155. U. M. W. A.-


## Metalliferous Miners

## Hedley-

W. smith

## silverton-

T. K. Ruhiori-

Kimberley -
F. T. Binden. A Bill.

## Revelatoke

Canadian Brotherhcor of Railroad. Employeer-
F. W. Hatiolk.

## Powell River

Pulp. Sulph.te and Paper Mill Workers-


## Prince Rupert

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Fish Pacl er, Union-
    lirn. ':1-!
Trades and Laber Conncil-
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## -PROCEEDINGS OF THENinth Annual Convention

T
 Labor was called to urder oll Munhay morning. hy V'ier.Presithent R. J. Tallon, of the 'algary 'Trates amt labor Commol. '/a stated that he welcomed the delegates to the City ol Calyary, ant while there was 10 Lieutenant-(Govemor low weleone them, his offer of the freedom of the eity would be just as affeetive. H1. starerl thint while the workers harl huilt large and commotious' ilthings, that 'hey had turned them over to the Board of Trate and Ma whethrers ssucia. toons, and while the temple ill which they were yatherenl wi hot the best buidding in town, it was the hest they had to ofitr. It manding

 it: assuming the chairmanship, stated tha: F - time wout rome when the workers would be ble to exteml to we workers the frembom of the cities in reality.

The Credentials Committer repartal, stating that righty-sebon delegates were in attomlancer. 'The other commithers were then strmek.

It was nowed ly Del. Pritchard, see. onded by Del. Nixou, that the officers. reports and the resolutions be allotted to the various emmmitter and taken as read.
The Chairman: You have beard the motion, are you ready for the question:
Del. McVety: I uld suggest that the subject matter of these resolution: be announced to the convention.
Del. Kees: It is a quarter to 11, and a number of people have the idea that they have until 2 o'elock to write resolutions. It may be that theser resolntions will be duplicated if the members th not know shat they arn. and dint we have an hour or so th spare. 1 would suggest the secretary road the resolutions now on hand. I would make that a motion, Mr. Chairman.
Del. Montgomery: I would second that motion, Mr. Chairman. (The motion was put and carried unanimous19.)

The Secretary: I have here greetings from the Alberta Federation of Labor. I would move that this communication be received and incorporared in the minutes.

Del. Kavanagh: I would secoud that
motion. (The motion was then pirt and "arried unanimunsly.

- Calgary. Alta., March loth, 1919.
- Mr. A. S. Wrlls.
- Ser. B. C. Feduration ut Sabor, "Calgary, Alta. - 1) arar sir and Brother:
"Kindly convery to the delegates 10 your convin ju traturnal greet. ings from the Abrerta trade unionints.
- We trust that your stay in our Province will he pleasant. and that your diliberations will prove profit. able.
- Fratermady yours.
"W. SMITTEN,
"Sceretary."
Thi Chairman: Wr will now read the resolutions thich the secretary has in hand. (The resolutions were then read aul referred $\because$ the ehairman t" the respetise eommittersy.

D, M. Nidgley: I just want to make a motion. Thu general proeedure-in the past has been to allont the resolutions as they ar" presente" to us by the resulatinns committer, and usually they Hu, hinin in mamerieal order without taking into consideration their inportance, and I would move that the reso-
lutions committee introduce these resolutions according to their importance.

Del. Sinclair: I would second that motion, Mr. Chairman.

The Chairman: You have heard the motion, are you ready for the question?

The Secretary: The resolutions are not numbered, and will be handed to the resolutions committee as they are, aid they can bring them ill as they see fit.

The ('hairman: Is that satisfactory to the movir and seronder of the motion 1

Del. Midgley: It is to me.
The Chairman: That will be satisfac. tory, then.

The Secretary, iu dealing with a six hour day resolition said: I might say, Mr. Chairman, in addition to this, the carpenters of Vancouver. through their Distriet Council, held a special merting to decide what action they would take in regard to wages aud so forth, and ther decided instead of asking for an increase in wage, they would try to institute the six-huur day on the lst of Mas. The carpenter: wore instructed at that moeting to wher this matter to the B. C. Federation of labor, whieh they did. In order to l.t the aftiliated locals have some kiowlodge of what was gning to be brought before the convention. I "irentarized the unions throughout tha lroviner asking them to let us know wherther they were pre pared to back up any attempt which would be mate ber orgenizel habor, and I fold them that naturally any action Which would he takrol 10 institute a six. ham day would have to low rettled by the aftiliated member-hip through a reterenclum, and 1 astord them if the would he willing to sen atheat with that: amd 1 had a large numbrer of rephes fimat the ditherem wranizatious. I woult shegret that these he handerd "Firy to the ruahtions commatter, so that they "ill understand bow many Farak of the lrovince atr in favor of having a six-hour day.

The chatman: This suggestion will lub arriad ollt if there is no objection. Hearing nons, the wermary will hand thes replife 10 the inonlutions eommittere.

Der. Intohard: Mr. Chaiman: J have anothor resolation which I nould like to inturum at this mument, if it is in urder.

Thu Clairman: I think it would be.
Del. Dritrhard: I will give the resolu.
tion to the eonvention. The resolution is as follows:
"Whereas, great and drastic clianges have taken place in the industrial world, and whereas, in the past, the policy of the British Columbia Federaion of Labor (in sending its executive committee to Victoria pleading for the passage of legislation whirh is never passed, and would he futile if it were), is now obsolete, if it ever were useful;
"Therefore, be it resolved, that this convention lay down as its future poliry the building ny or organizations of workers on industrial lines for the purpose of enforcing. by virtup of their industrial strength. wuch demands as such organizations may at any time -onsider necessary for their contiuued maintenance and well being, and shall not be, as heretofore, for the purpose of attempting to persuade legislative assemblies to amoud, add or take from existing statutes alligedly callei labor laws,
"Amd ber it further irsolved, that the rommitter on constitution and law be instructed to amend the constitution uf the British columbia Federatiou of labor in areorelaner with the poties h.eroin laid down.'.

The ('haman: Sou ran file your reablution. Has, you it in duplicate?

Wid. Pritehard: I have not at present. I rerogni\% the neocessity of drawing it uk in dupheate. lut at the same time 1 meognian thi further neressity of haviny the gumiont delated now. as it will instruet the committer our constitutional halw as to the course which it -hould follow.

Del. Trotter: Mr. Chairman. I move that the convention now assembled take this question up and decide ou the natter -liggested liy the mover's mo. tion.
(The motion of D)el. Trotter's was s.emndml.

Thu 'hatman: Sou have heard the notion. Sor ? tion?
(Thr morion "as then put and "ar. ried unamimonsly).

Del Rese: I haw attended these conbontions for a good many vears, and I -Hy!ner 1 whall shon be onf of those fossilized ginks. Howerer, I would think the convention pould deal with this quastion far hotter this aftermoon if our resolutions eommitte would lak. thi- with the other resulations, and toke the matter up in rommittee first. There is mothing to provent th
from taking this resolution up first, and the resolutions committee might, therefore, bring in their reports this afternoon on this resolution. I have listened carefully to the resolution and if, as I understand it, the resolution is carried by this convention, then you abolish the B. C. Federation of Labor. It seems to ne the proper place for the resolution is before the resolutions com. mittee. They will deal with it in the afternoon and bring sonie report back to this mecting.

Del. Pritchard: Mr. Chairman, Bro. Rees is probably laboring under a wrong conception of the resolution. It would not, in my mind, abolish the $\mathbf{B}$. C. Federation of Labor, but it would reconstruct it. If the B. C. Federation of fabor has performed any useful function, we will let it go at that. but these changed conditions which are now be. fore us, demand a change in the form of organization whieh we bave. W. would, therefore, to my mind, not be atolishing the B. C. Federation of I.abor, but we would be clanging it in accordanee with our dead past.

A delegute: I would be distiuctly op posed to pirking unt any one resolution whether it is on constitutional law or some other subjert, wit of the thirty. cight resolntions which have now bern submitted to this convention. and pass. ing it as soon us wo have assembled without proper consideration. Why should this resolution not be submitted 10 its proper committee with all other resolutions, and let them report aceording to the proper procedure? Then this convention will be in a pretty fair moot to consider it. I would move an amendment that this resolution shonla he subuited to the committee on Constitutional Law, and let them bring back a report. If any one resolution is to be taken from thest thirtrefive of more resolutions, and hurriedly passed through this cobvention. then we might proceed to disenss any other resolution which any dolegate might consider of importance ruough to bring right np before us at onee hefore this meet. ing. (Thr amendment was seconded.)

Det. Mingley: Mr, Chairman, a resulution would be of 110 value by lyeing referred to the rommittee on Constitutional Law, unless the convention gave its views on it. It winds up by instructing the Constitutional Law Committer to amend the Constitution ac. cording to this pulicy which is suggested, and the committer could not report
until the couvention has given them their wishes and instructed them what to do in the natter. It is tric. it is departing someshat froa. the past procedure to liring a cosintion: forward without consideration i,f a co anittec, but this resolution is different from the average resolutions. It not only affeets the committee on Constitutional Law, but it also affects the committee on resolutions, and I thiuk it must be dealt with at the very start of the convention, and the policy of the convention sert forth.

The surectary: The eommitte on Constitutional law numbers fifteen, and the representatives ou that committee are chosen from all parts of the l'rovince, particularly with the point in viow of giving the largest number possible of the affiliated members representation on that committee. Now, we can discuss this thing at this stage of the game it ne wish, but if the differrint fifteen representatives of the largrst unions in the Province discuss that proposition in the committer on Constifistional Iaw first, then I an convinced that they will bre able to rome back to this convention with a whold lot more molerstanding of it than they wonld hase if it is dealt with right hore at this moment. Those fittern members will know proti? woll whem the larger minmbership which they represent stands. And in view of the fact that this thing has to he submitted to a reforendum rote. after its adoption, I feel it might be the wiser poliey to rofire it to the committeres first. and let thom disense it and then hring it hack to this convention.

Del. Naylor: 1 think it most esselltial that this business should come before the convention resy eatly for this reason: We have hofrel these resolntions read this morning, and if that poliey is adopted to change a certain portinn of the Constitntional Iaws of the B. C. Federation of I.abor. it will do away with a whole lot of these resolutions which have bern read this morning. It was said hore this morning. that we wanted to finish in three days. There have been other conventions which have taken us six days to finish. And now in regard to this, it secms to me it is most essential if we are going to consider this policy at all, we should consider it early iu the convention, and for that reason and that rmason alone. If it ix accepted, it will do away with a large number of these
other resolutions. which have been read this norning. It will shorten the time or the proceedings of the convention, and do away with a lot of unnecessary debate on the floor of the convention. I ain in favor of considering it this morning.
Del. Kavanagh: The B. C. Federation of Labor is organized for the purpose of voieing the sentiments of its menbers. A mumber of the resolutions whieh have been introduced this morning are dealing with a necessary *hange in the eonstruction of the trate nnioms. If yon chang" them, then the central organization must necersarily change itself in "onjunction threwith. If an industrial organization is necessary in order that the worker may force upon his rmployer changes in his condition, then it seems to me ${ }^{+2}$. same toree night be used to change restric.tive measures. This will wot break down the B. C. Fracration of Labor, as I see it. but $i_{i}$ will change it for the better. It will make up in reality a great federation of labor instead of at the present time an organization made up of the joining together of seteral sualler units. Our organization is in the habit of sending representalives to Victorim to talk to the minis. ters there for a half an hour or so, and while they are talking. half of those ministurs ari asleep and at the end, they all promise to take into consideration what our representatives have said, and then go away and forget all about it. In 1913 an attempt was made to change this federation, and it did not suceefd at that time. because the conditions wre not making it neressary then. Today we are living in a time when great changes are taking place, and every nember should remember that whatever they have gotten from the members of parliament or from their individual employers, has been gotten by virtue of their indus. trial strength and, therefore, that being the ease, the only hope we have for any relicf, anything that will tend to improve the condition of our workers, is by virtue of our industrial strength being withheld. Thi* idea of going along in the old system and resoluting where no resolution ran be obtainedl. and with putting on the statute book statutes which are never adopted, or if they are adopted, are no good anyway. That day has gonc. True organization is the only way where the worker has ary powre. consequently in view of
the fact that resolutions have been introduced asking for changes to be made in our organization which is the only organization which can function politi. cally or otherwise. I say, therefore, I am in faver of the resolution, because it will put an end to all the waste of time, taking men whom you have elected to do something for you, and it will bring to the workers the idea of how they can get these results without doing that begging.
Del. Harris Alham: Mr. Chairnan. in spraking in favor of the resolution, I might state that to me it is the only thing which should be taken up at the present time, this very moment, and disenssed and threshed out and practically adopted for the simple reason, that if we do not adopt it and then we go to work and take these resolutions which have been read out this morning, and the B: C. Federation of lablor, atting as it has in the past, takes these to houest John or some more of those fellows in British Columhin, and asks them to put them on the statue hooks. it will be no use what"wer. By adopting this resolution, we arr practically laying the foundation uf an industrial organization which we :ure all after at the present time, and which is the only form of organization whielh ean get the workers anything they go after.
A Delegate: 1 ain not prepared to spuak against the resolution. I think I would be in favor of it when it comes before the convention, but unfortunately I have not been able to attend the convention which favored it bifore, and thereby gain some idea of its purport. If it has axy merit to it whatever. it will not depreciate that merit if it is sent to the committee on larr. and hrough back afterwards to us. I have only heard the resolution read once, and I cannot understand the full importaner of it. and I would like to hear it discussed by a committee's report hefor I rote either for it or against it.

A Delegate: I rise to support the motion ant olprose the amendment. I ronsider meself that this resolution is a vital onf, and I also think that this meeting here is capable of deciding as to whether they are in favor of that change of policy or not. We have a Hrint number of resolutions on which the resolution committee, I have no doubt. will aet in the best interests of all. acenrding to the past procedure.

Now, I think a majority of the dele. gates here are satisfied that the procedure which has been followed in the past of going to these men in the legislature and bowing down to them has bren a lot of foolishness but we have had to learn it br experienee, and I think we have learnt it fully and I think this is the place now to discuss this matter. decile right away on what poliey you are going in adopt and upon what policy you are going to conduct pour husiness. Then the resolutions committee or the committee on law will lave something to be guided hy. They will have definite instructions and I maintain that the place to discuses this matter and to thresh it out is right here, and it will save a great deal of time of this convention if it is done now. Therefore, I am in favor of the resolution being dealt with here, and disposed of and I also favor the reso lution because we will decide here and now whether we are in favor of a change of poliey of the B. C. Federation of Labor.

Del. Trotter: The delegates are debating the merits of the resolution when I understand the motion before the house is only whether it shall be referred or not. While I made the motion that the matter be considered, now I think the resolution should properly be referred to the committee on Constitutional Law, because that committee is charged with the duty of ascertaining in detail just exactly what changes are warranted, and whether they believe that they are in accordance with the best object of organized labor. Now, the resolution is one which rarries with it a great number of changes. It carries with it an admission on the part of thoso who have been asking us to organize along political lines for many years past, that that effort was not good and that it is not a good poliey any more and they are asking us now to ehange.

A Delegate: I rise to a point of order, Mr. Chairman. The speaker is referring to those who have been organizing politically.

The Chairman: I understand the speaker is using general phraseology, and is not mentioning any particular person. Procced.

Del. Trotter: I say, Mr. Chairman, it carries with it an eniire reversal of policy. We have been adopting a pol icy of industrial action, so far as we could, and political effort so far as we
could, securing what advantages we could by industrial effort, or political effort or legislative effort, or any other manner in which that could be accomplished. This resolution counsels an adoption of one polity and the prohibition of any other poliey no matter how the situation may look for tho time being. and whether proftable action rould be gotten along the other line. For that reason, as I see it, it contemplates a complete overturn of everything which has been advocated beforo and which has been carricd out. I think the resolution should be turend over to the resolntions committee or to the committee on Constituional Law, where the delegates could be given an opportunity of not five minutes, but all night, if necessary, to deeide where the different organizations stand, and as I understand from the secretary's remarks the committee is a very large my and represents a great many different seetions of our membership in different sections of a very large provinee and by doing that the committere will be able to tell us some of the advantages and some of the disadvantages of the results of the resolution passing which is a matter which we can hardly go into here on the floor or the convention now. For that reasnn I am prepared to refer it even if I am not now prepared to say whether I am in favor of it or not, bui I suggest this so that the delegates will liave an opportunity of looking into its merits.

A Delegat - Mr. Chairman, I would like to make a motion that the mover and seconder of that committee be alded to the committee on constitutional law.

A Delogate: I would like to make a motion. Mr. Chairman. in amendment. that this resolution be referred to the comunittere. and that the committee be instructed to act upon it first, and have it hrought bark early to this convention for discussiou.

The Chairman: I do not see that any motion such as that is necessary, as it has already been agreed upon that the resolution committee shall have the right to briug before the convention the resolution in the order of it portance in which they see them. If the matter is referred to the committee, thee will have that power.

A Delegate: The reason I offered that motion was to prevent all this unnecessary diseussion, and to instruct
the committee definitely to bring in to admit that Iam a nember of a that report first.

A Delegate: Mr. Chairman, I wr.n'd call for the previous question.

The Chairman: The question now befor the house is whether we shall close the debate on the question.

The Chairman: All those in favor of closing th $=$ debate on the question before the house raise your hands and the secretary will count.
(Ayes, 42; against, 32. The motion was declared carried by the chairman.)

The Chairman: The motion to close the debate having now been carried, the question now lefor the house is the motion that we proceed to immediately consider the resolution introduced by Del. Midgley, and the amendment to that motion. The amendment is to the effect that the resolution shall be referred to the resolutions committer, the amendment will be voted on first. I rule that the amendment to the amendment was not in order, although I am not sure whether it was scconded. You will vote on the amendment first.
(The amendment was then put to vote and defeated).

We will now vote on the motion to immediately consider the matter. The amendment having been defeated, prac. tically carries with it the wish of the meeting on this motion. However, we will vote on it.

Del. Midgley: Mr. Chairman, I will now move the adoption of the resolution.

Del. Pritchard: I will second that motion, Mr. Chairman.

A Delegate: Will the secretary read the resolution again.

The resolution was then reread hy the secretary.

The Chairmna: You have heard the motion mored by Del. Midgley, and seconded hy Del. I'ritchard, for the adoption of the resolution. The matter is now open for discussion.

Del. Pritclard: As nover of that motion. I want to state my views, Mr. Chairman, with respeet to it. In intro. Ancing this resolution. I fecl that the changed runditinns now demand rhanges in the statutes and in the form of organization, which the workers shall adopt. In the past, I have advo"ated different policies, and it may be .onstrued by those who are willing to thay with the fleshpr.ts of Egypt. that this is an rffort on the part of certais people who in times past followed and adromated cortain policies to now -hange their attitude. but I an: willing
sehool who are prepared to amend their thoughts if they feel it is necessary. In no other way can the working class organization be made the function which we all desire it to be except by readjusting not only its idea, but its machinery to the growing needs of that working class. There is nothing to be gained by attempting to lash dead horses, by attempting to stay with obscicte forms of organization, when it is proved that those forms of organization, if the have been useful, have long since outlived their usefulness, and looking at this thing from the standpoint of organized workers, we must admit that it has now reached a time for a change. And I agree with our brother, who has just spoken to us today, that altho'igh we are a legislative body; we have not legislative powers. My contention is this, Mr. Chairman, that the only time the workers can effect any resolutions that are of value, is the time when they make themselves a fort in that legislative body. In other words, the only time they can enforce their laws through the legislature is when they are masters of the legislative forces themselves, and until such a time arises, it is necessary, being interested in the needs of the laboring class, and the conditions of our work, being compelled to meet our masters from time to time as to the contents of that pay envelope, as to the conditions from which profits will be extracted from our hides and faculties, I say it is necessary for us to re-establish our organization to deal with these questions, and the more perfect we make that organization, the more immediate good can we accomplish. Now it has been proven and I am willing to confess to this extcut at least, my change that changes have occurred not only in the policies of some of us here, but changes have occurred itr the policies of trad, unionism the world over. The trades and labor movement thronghout the entige world. Mr. Chairman, is now hivided in two camps, it is divided into two canps which line up about at follows: Those who are willing to use ang wapon, whatever it is. if so hy the use of that wapon we will get what we want. We are more interested in getting what we want than we are in buidling up some organi\%ation that we do not know will be ablu to get us those things and, therefore I think the first thing to consider is this: What do we want Study that
problem, size it up properly and decide on those things which we now require to improve our conditions of living. That being the case, the next thing is then: How shall we obtain what we want 1 Our immediate problems, we are interested in them because we $r$ live through the medium oi the cay uvelope, and our problem is then: How cau we extend that pay envelope? How can we so effeet an organization that will restrict the encroaehment of the master class 9 Those are the questions. There are those who at all times would take the position of the man who works himself as against those who are at all times willing to $\varepsilon$ dopt the condition of the professional politician in the ranks of the working mau. The day of that kind of organization, Mr. Chairman, is gone and if we fail to rralize it, if we stand with these obsolete forms of organization we will, therefore, fail. We shall be pushed into oblivion along with those organizations and take with us the other obsolete organizations headed by Sam Gompers and others of his kiud.

Over in the oll country the movement has sprung up from the younger element, it is true. Today is the day of young men, but the movement all the same has sprung up irrespective of the desircs of the labor officials, and that movement is going to go ahead. It does no longer lister: to the teach ings of Ben Tillet and Peter Wright, who still stay with their teaehings of dead days. They say we have been perfectly willing to allow you to stay along with those days, but we intend to go ahead. -nd w. will go ahead, and they say, when the time comes you, along with the rest on a rotten machin. ery, which is today hanpering the work of the working natu, will be passed in the dump pile. Now, in adopting this resolution at this stage of the game, we not only set out a new policy of this Federation of Lofu: in keeping with yew conditions, but at the same time we uopt a poricy which, as Delegate Naylor pointed nut. will do away with these other resolutions on the tahle, or many of them. $\Upsilon$ submit we will adcent a policy wh. will consolidate those resolutions. Many of those resolutions are duplicates of one another. Many of the resolutions are not altogether accurately expressed. Reso lutions dealing with the adoption of the six-hour day, a better organizat:on of the workers in the various industries
and many other resolutions. These resolutions will not be dono away with, but they will be consolide.ted. They will be consolidated and put in a better sha. e so that we can deal with them. Mr. Chairman, I have nothing further to suy in support of resolution. If at any time in the F , I havo made ntterances which are nut in keeping with the utterances which I have just now made in support of this resolution, 1 have just this to say that I am a little older today than I was then. (Applause).

The Secretars: It is not exactly a new departure to try and bring our industrial streugth to bear on the question of legislative demands. I have a recollection of some years ago when this B. C. Federation of Labor took a referendum vete as to whether a general strike should be called to enforce certain things in connection with the mine workers of Vancouver Island. Later again when the position of the workers was threatened more than ever before in its history, the B. C. Federa$t ;$ in of Labor took another referendum vote on the question of calling a general strike as a protest against the establishmert of military couseription of the workers of this country. The workers as a whole, however, did not respond to these referendums. Either they were indifferent or they did not recognize the importanee of the proposition which was plaeed before them. I believe, though, Mr. Chairman, at this stage of the game, that there is a possibility of us getting into the position where we can use our industrial strength to back up our legislative denands. Let me point out to you that while we can depreciate all we will the efforts which have been made by the Federation during the past t. w years to secure legislation on beht + of our people, that out of the last sessiual of the House we did not secure some legis. lation of very great interest to the workers of this Province, which you will find out when the reports are placed iu your hands. I am convineed that the miners will be considerably benefited by some of the resolutions which were passed at the last session of the House. Some of the disadvantages under which they worked and which threatened their very lives and health, will be removed. Realize that and real. ize alsu that if we have more strength we inight get more resolutions passed. realizing that it will be beneficial to
have an industrial organization and also realizing that no matter what this convention proffers, that the amendment to the constitution of this organization must go before the membership of tho Federation. The affiliated membership and in the last analysis, the members are the people, who only ean amend the constitution, and not this convention, and recognizing the educational factor, if you might put it in that way, of putting a referendum to our nembership along these lines, I can see no harm in the aloption of the proposed resolution, and then let it go before our affiliated members. There is no doubt about it, men, that we have got to have an industrial organization different to what we have not now. We have got to have an orgauization whereby, when the time coues, when we have reached that point where we are going to take over and operate the wheels of industry, which time we have talked about so long, I say wheu that time comes, we need an organization which will be of use to us. At that time we will have to have our industrial organization similar to that which has proven of such a benefit in Russia, and which is also taking effeet in Eng. land and throughout the British Isles. We must recognize that the industrial weapon must be more and more used and, therefore, considering that a vote has to be taken: there is no harm, it seems to me. in submitting it to the nembers in that way.

The Chairman: The hour of adjourn ment has noti arrived.
It was moved and seconded that the session be extended until a vote was taken. The motion was put and earried unanimously.

Del. Wilkinsou: I would suggest that if there is any other person who wishes to speak further on this question, that he now move the adjournment of the debate, and it will give him an opportunity of speaking first upon it when we meet again this afterwon. It may be if you try to rush the :estion to a vote now, that some "gates may come back after lunch with an idea that he would like to have spoken on it and if this course is followed. this will give everybury an opportunity of speaking on the murits of the resolntion. and while it is promoting a great deal of general diseussion. such a course, I think, would result in more satisfaction if the resolution passes. I would suggest, Mr. Chairman, if any
other delegate rifges to speak on this question, that he move the adjournment of the debate now, and then it will come on at the proper time.

The Chairman: The motion before the house is that we extend the time intil we finish the dei ite. It will be n two-thirds vote to earry this notion.
Del. Kavanagh: Rather than pit the meeting to the necessity of putting the vote, I would move the adjournment of the debate.

Del. Pritehard: I would seeond the motion.
The motion was put and carried unaminously.

The meeting then adjourned at 12 p.m. to mect again at 2 p.in.

## Afternoon Session

The Chairman: In answer to the question that was asked this morning, the number of delegates seated is 87 . The order of business will be the resumption of the debate on the resolution. The motion before the house is the adoption of the sesolution as prevented and it is open for discussion.
Del. Kavanagh: In the remarks of the last spreaker on this question, in pointing out the faet that certain useful work had been done in the past: years by the legislative method, and further pointing out that this mode of procedure might be neeessary to the transition period in my understanding of the developments of this system and its transition, and in view of what happrned in the last few years, I find thi.t the transition period of capitalism to the eo-operative eommonwealth only takes place under the dietatorship of the proletariat. and until that time there "an be no transition period in the development frour capitalism to ad diffirent order of society. It is true and we must realize so immediately that in dealing with this, we must take the example of what happened to the workers of other countries. No doubt this sitnation has not so far arisen in this country at the present time. but we must take nute of this fant that the rise of the Soviet 10 lower in Russia, whieh is le Russian Workmen's Conncil, was "ffecterl by their sitting side by side with the political organization of that country and dictating to their masters what they had decided to demand in the form of remedial legislation for the welfare of the worker, and if wr come nearer home, we will find this: That following the last Trades and Labor

Cc zress of Canada in this country, at which ceriain resolutions were put for. ward, the movers were denied accese to the floor by the majority of that Congress, and you will hu.e that twe governmen! inmediately, upon the adjournment of that Congress; put into effect eurtain restrictive methods against the workers which liad not been dune prior to that time, and they taken their eue from the sentiments expreserd by the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, in spite of the fact that the entire western section repre. sented at tha: Congress had desired that those questions should be threshed out on the floor, and we must notice that all the fedrated bodies of these trades councils of lahor serve the purpose of the rulers at the present time by pointing out to what extent they can repress the worker, and innow to what extent they can attain their ends. Secondly, I contend it is no longer any use onr sending one or two individuals to a parliament when they can not function. to a place that is nothing more or less an assembly of people shooting off hot air, and passing laws in the interest of property. On the contrare, the questions we have to discuss are questions which vitally concern our existrmes, and we should dis. euse them in whr own council. and "nforee them as well as we wan by the power of our organization; because we must mukerstanel that parliament cannot fumetion when workers du not work, and while these things are apparently in the provess. Etill it is the procerse we are going through, the process of dutation, and until we get sutficient of the workers in that frame of mind where the are prepared to take wer the nachinery of production for themerles. then we must gain what concessith wer can ly the use ut that same power in industry by the prosurn in the only place where it is rffective. and that is upon these whom parliament represents. True, this change is a change frem policies whieh have beru cnuberated in the past. It is also trine that everything is in proess of runstant change and poliries ehange with the wher things. and we have now come to this position after rears of working. that something might be done and anything we call obtain is only obtained by the pressure we bring to bear from the outside by force of industrial organizations: which are in existence and that because of this fart, and be.
cause of the iact that the trend if Labor at this time is to limit the funstion of its organization, individuslly, and to form one organization then, in my opinion, this Federation should reflect and get thoroughly up in line with the membership, and reflect the ideas which hase bren expressed through their various organizations as reprepresented by the resolution presented on this floor.

Del. W. H. rotleell: I tull in support of the motion. There is no question about it, that the workurs at this con vention are, in the buin, infused with lle iden that something definite is goling to arise from this convel ion. Most of the urganizatiuns womlit not have sent in delegates at all if they had not -ome hope of a change in the policy of this convention. They are absolutely satisfied the: as it has functioned in the past. it has bern a dead issue. If one wants any further evidence of that it is right in the ottierers' report. The B. ©. Federation met in January last, athe ihe executive preseluterl different Hoposals on nlmost every subject, requesting eertain legislations from the powers that br. They had an exeeptionally cordial reception. Now, in Spomber this reply was remode nine urenths practically afte: the last $\mathbf{B}$. C. Findration ret, they recoived this reply:

- 1. S. Wells, Esy..

Sicetary-treasurer of
The B. C'. Fedemation of labar. Vancomver, R. $\because$

- Dear sir: 1 atn jn reoript ot Your letter of the 2nd iust. Further in refernace th the hegislative prosramms lat before the executive in Mareh of this ! ear. In reply I may alvise sun that 1 haw had a careful warth male of eur files, and I find that the memteraucdus in puestion wat- sellt to the legislation embutiter fit the Henter, from whirh it wat not fetururd to this or :lliy departinent. Fome memorandum. therefore. is ammags the files of the emanittee, and not available to me until the Honser meets. Under the circumstancos. I shall be greutly ohliged if yoll will favor ter with a copy of this ininute, which I may assure you, upon rewipt tarreof, will have the careful cunsideration wit the govermment following which yon will be advisud as 10 any decision llat may be reached.
"Regretting the necessity of impusing this extra wark upon yous, but
believing you will underatand the sittration, I am, your truly,
(Signed) $\therefore$ IOHN OL.IVER.
Nine months after the convention had met, and six months after they presented these proposale to the govornment, they received this intumation, which practically meant that all these beantifnl resolntions had been deposited in the waste paper bayket, and they did not even have a copy of it.

Del. J. A. Monre: Speaking in favor of the motion. I may sing that after at. tending the B. © Fidertation of Labor. and having some knowleder of the workings of the Feleration, and of its attested legishation, and as the workers well know, we hase never gained ans. thing by supplications. ant also follow. ing the United States of America Boilarmakers organization. who wrere atrempting, in a supplicatory manner. by interviewing varions powers that be. we find ourselves in a worse position at the present tilut than ever. It didn 't gain anything and our urganization. have recognized the fact that we must have a change. Now. to my mind, this shange should be "ppropriated at the present moment. As a rule, we come bere with the idea of elanging something, but unfurtunately in the gast we gever have aceomplishad that. I think the oertsion has arrised for ilderided action, and that is changing the attitude of the B. C. Finleration of lahor. by somb form of industrinl mionism aberefor we rall wet -umershere.
14.!. J. B. Bratstuck: I "un 't lue very iong in iny diseus-ion. hut I would like to say at the whtere that I feed on this wectaion that $I$ represint the disinherited of the disimberited. Sou eqn put shaterer eronstrittion voll like on it: it is not very grantematival. I will try and explaia an 1 … alours. I rion to -mplort the motion finmither vory fact and as has allead. horen stated here by -h brothere whi whemmed us to thi 1ty $\lambda_{f}$ calgars. it i- the first ronvers. tion of labor that 1 evor atrended itt my life, sind 1 :m ver pheseed person ally that it is s. in tarms obvions refisons. To my miad, this wems to hi she first cumbention that I have any cnowleolge of, of t! P Federation of $\dot{B}$. C. that has atteraited to do something in aceord with the wishes of the rank aml tile of the Ferleration. I miphitas that I want to particularly lity cmpha :is on the fact that there are a certain vereentage of worker oceupied in the ohiphuilding imlunty in the eity of

Victoria, and they, anyway, wish to attark the legislative inactinent in the thture that have taken into cousidera. tion tho censorship, orders-in-council, aud all that other gort of politicai junk which is not going to beneflt them in the least, and we want a chnnge whethar we retain the oll orter of things or not, and eapecinlly if we retain the old form of arganization. I refer in partic. ular to a large mmber of workers known as conscientious oljejectors to military mervice. Is we know, a great number of these men, who had eonscientions objections, and their conscientious objections were in line with my own eonscientious objertions under the present scheme of things, a good numher of them were found taking to the hills and woods, nnywhere, in fact. where it rat possible to escape this very benticial-

The Chairman: The ehair must re. quest vout to confine yous remarks to the rasolution. I do not wish to be arhitrary or anything or that kind, but vun realize the importane of delegates confining themselves to the question before the house, exeept where they make. refremer in order to support their tatcment, ant as chairman. I hardly think vour roferemer to consceitious .nojeremis rath be classed in that cate. -rrs.
[bel. Bradsterk Continmed: I may -ron somewhat rather lengthy seeing 1 :an not at pulhie speaker, and I think I am spating to this resolntion. This resiolutiontso fur as I can see. it affects thes men who are now, some of them. in the wrganization that 1 represent. They are bembers. and I feel that I ans - Ajreseine their views on this question ut reeonstruction of the B . C. Federation of lahmor. and I wis seaking of the pulitic:al aspert of this thing, as it affere there mom. We know that the I"were that he have got it consideration diffurent orders-in-comucil advocat. ind tho taking away of the franchise wit there hen. Now, theremen. it that franchise is taken away from them. will mot haw :hy voife in salying as to whinh of thu particular political par tho. I.ibutal and Consorvative. will go fo the House to pass laws concerning them, :und 1 think that is in line with this resulntion. Of course, I an quite sibling in atide by the deresion of the hairman, if I am ont of order. I feel it eover these men. and I know there ar, a large number of these men who think they are being disenfranchised.
and cannut have a votr for some of these fellows, evon if they winh to. Suppose, for instance, 11 member of the Federated Labor Party wero to put up in the "ity of Vietorin for the I.egisla ture in Vietorin. These moul might wish to vote for him, but areording to the order-in-council, that might bo passed in Ottrwa, disenfrumbhising thern for their attitude in the lato war, they would be disenfrnmelisidel whether thoy wanted it or not. Thrir muly rodress. Mr. Chairman, wonld roms under this resolution. They might be ablo to bring their tureses to bear through this risolution. They certainly could not do it along politioul limes, beronse the franchise will have bern tnkell nway from them, and it is for threse mon and the interests of these men I rise to support that motion.

Dol. licorge linay: 1 ruprentite the expenditure of $\$ 300$.

The Chairmmen: Alright. Det. Case will procend to justify it.

Del. Cavey, prueceding: ()n thi" part of 65 tish ynckers, which will amount to about $\$ 50$ per man, who aro seeking a reversml in the working status of the working rlasses of this Proviner, and the importaned nt this resolution, a - I see $i t$, is absolntrly in accord with the desires of the line of action by the class I represent. Can the secretnry give us any figures along these linesi In sending out referenduns, $I$ am ask ing this question, because if this resolation is pasided. it will have to be sub) mitted to a roferendum, what number of the attiliated membership votus as a rule on questinne that ary out mat for reterndm?

The sucretaty: 1 think 1 efn answer that. I might suy that the reforendums for the general strike on oppesition to eonsuription was ahout $2 \overline{0}$ ar 30 per cent.. that is , as near as I call give it . 1 want to say this: 'Yhere was a marked infrease itl the pereentagn of roter on the reterendum for the holding of the Westron rouforemere, rlat was not taken till a later date, und it was not a refromblum un at gemoral strik. ol ansthins like that. but it shuwerl, at any ratr, that the workers werr look ing th tho Wistrin eontrorende for something to be done there that would lend them somo plares, and 1 took it, at the thme, that it was a markod indicathen of ther sulvance in thr position taken ly the ramk and file as compared with that previously faken on reformalms. berase they hat taken a
gool denl more notice of it, and voted more strongly on it than any other referendum. On the island strike we had urganizers out and the referendum vote was only about 30 per cent. of the membership, nad oll vonseription about the same thing.
1)cl. A. Mek."Mre (ut the Loggers (Taion): 1 may sti! that the organiza. tion which I reprezent, would back up this motion in all its asperts. As most uf you kuow, the mithre af our necupatinn is casual, more ur less, and an far as giviner fulitieal uxpression to our whits, we ure at it disarlvantage on aecount "it the clroforml laws, and so forth, and wr wonld likn to see the Federation ut labor made into an organization that would organize all the workers of this I'rovinec into an organization where they could be united for common action in anything that whould affect them as a whole, and I think that nothing botter could bo accomplished by this ennvention than if they have that end in view. Tho time has arrived, as nevoral delegntes have mentioned, for labor not only to fass rosolutions, but to put them in action, for to edurate the rank and filo of flr organization as much as possible, of the uceessity of arry one of them taking an actibr part in the polities of the country, not ouly of the country, lint of their own orgas. cion and reslizing this, I know thnt wha* * want we have got to become sti, nenough to take it or ar leart erive a display of wur strength, so that the powers that for will recogniz, and hy so doing, they will give us far mew than hy going and. bugging for it.

Dill. A. Chisholm: Thure has already lwin a referpnelun vote of the momber. -hip of the orgatization that I repre s.lnt on this subject, otherwise they routd not possibly hatw got mu, as their atelegatr, tw comb forward. The resolution leals with the reorganzation of this institution on that it may beenmo - fifortor, oo that it maty berome an offeetion wrapon mi the hatbsh of the Whrins, and I terl condident that the matjorit: of thr del gatrs ill his reom frerolt, hat als hatd the same vote from the men the reprosent. Even if it has to go hark io somm othrr form, the whpession of this eonternome is that (xpmesion of the $1: 111 \mathrm{k}$ and filh'. and it 1s the expresion oi the rank and tila Wurking in llu dark, wanting light, :1. W't hat to show thesm a lead
through the expreman of their senti ments.

Del. A. Hill: I would like to state that I have not the sliglitest doubt that the body 1 ropremint winld back np the reaolution in evory shape and form. In going back to previous referendum votes-take ennsiription for onc. You suust maderstan! that the pryehology of the working elass sine that tinu has changed ronsiderall. Further, at the time the conseription vote was takern. whioh affertod a good mumber of the working rlasw, thore was a largt number aputherte beranse they did mat com. muler the afe limit. supposed to be conseriptid, aml 1 think if you take a reteremlun bote on this questiou, it will be the largest ulle usor polled. The working efass has. in uy experience, progressed mun, in the las! two years than they did in the previous twenty yents, and they realize that the working class atrught is net only a strug. ghe, a not :1 ynustion of slique with the wurking elass. They realize they ste all in the same box, and it has got to he universal aetion and I think a beforndhm rote will be entirely dif. feront to ally reterembum votu taken in the finst.

Del. Thomats Andersoul: 1 mity say that our horal must hatio seren this com3HE, bexame betore I foft they instruct. ed mit tlat if thin rame up for diserns. sion, that 1 was to suppert it. and it will rertainl! whe fur it.
 resolution of the wromels that the or ganization which 1 represent. in the gas h, has rowgize dhe futility of ap-
 comatry for hoghation on bobalf and ior the intorerts of the wowing elasses
 been prot fonath in elpositiont to the


 - Pry hanihn argunnh anainst the
 Labur, as at persedit coustituted, ant suppors argume3n- for a complete re. vision ut its fellin. :t:0l mernatruction of this intitution int the henefit of the workers as a whim. When a rote was saken of wal manhiokip, :ts represent. ed by the B. C. Iondeation of Labor in
 sampaign dufirit "t © tho, the only took it upon thanselves to repay to sur orgnuization $\mathbf{3 5 0}$. and to me they expressed in the payment of that debit
hat they were not in favor of the pol. iey "arried on by this body. We have in 13. C. nt the present time a series of acts for aut on behalf of the rorking elass, und they are emostructed in such "munner that they perform on lnjus. tier against a certain section. I hảve in mind the Fair Wage Board. as at preseut ronstitnted in British Colum. bit. They sat recently and awarded in girls under 18 verars of age, a sum "quivulout to about $\$ 13.5$ a week, and to girls over 18, $\$ 13.75$ per week ns at minimmm wage, and the employera, tur to keep up their private halances to their present level, ur tu possibly in--rease it, have disularged all gita of 18 nad wrer, and romtinne to employ the girls umier 1S. J have come to the conclusion that our legislatures, that our legislative attempts are abortive, und in no way of lonefit to the work. ing elnss. The organization, and for mis orgunization alone, they have paid my expruses to this convertion, and 1 minst uphold their dietates. They are of the upinion that the legislative polirins of the organizationt existing at presout are not functioning, such beiug the ease, I am obliged by my delegation to wote against any eontimation of the present policy.

Del. Rows: 1 hate not before attend - I : convention of the 13. C. Foderation uf labor, and 1 do not want, as oue delogate, to have any smap judgment (1I) any resulution, and I do not want. solle delegates to go home having adupted a question they did mot mader--tand. Now. the hing has bern dis. -nssid. I am inelined to tlink there "undil le very little opposition, if any. tr the resolution. 1 think the dehe. gition or all of us. are lugiming 10 unh.oviand what's meant liy the resolu. tion. I atm satisfed that mactically all of 110 : arr absolntely tired of send. ing ment in Victuria. Edumuton or Ottawa in the wh-fashimed way, by trying to get semething through these par. liament- in the wat of foblying and bogging from politiciano. It was my "xprrienber these last firl months to go for the first and onf time before the Donit on boely anl wre mad a caucus liocotitg prior to going in, of the dignitaries of tabor, if you likn. Which re sulted in ume presenting his own fat frentution or snmathing at that kind. to the body there at Ontawa, and the same old process was gone through. and I want to say frankly it was very, very painful, and there is no question about
it, many of un lance seen it for many ir and and $i$. han always proved a hope. lean task; and I, for one, have felt that iustend of wenting commalters to Vir. toria, Edmonton or elsewhere, that wo should have hind our representativen on the floor of the Honse, and that is why I say that induat rinl organizatlona, you may think rightly or wrongly, whould get men inside the lialls of the Legis. lature for us, and not go as a mani - Inpping lands to beg for something that is unr right. Seeing the futillt.if you will, of sending men there year after year, spending useless monery, these is no question about it that lhis resolution calls for the right thing. If 1 understand the resolution correcelly, it means this and I sincerely trust that it does. It means lliat the B. C. Fedration of labor will pave the ray. and give a llew slognn wherehy we send our executives no morr io Vieto. ria, but our cxecutive will sit in Van"ouver from time to time. alml say : "This is our policy, and this is where we aland on uny purtienlar question of the duy,' "und rither than go to Vie. toria, us alrendy ted, wur excentive will may: "This is the slogan or policy of the B. C $\therefore$ Federstion of Labor." Parliament then in Vietoria or nne. where else, can do as they like ahout what we nre arying, but we will be stating ontsile thal sphere altogether. and just stating our view in that manner, and if that is the purpese of the resolntion, wr ran pass a unanimous vote in favor of changing the old poliey.

The Serretary: J hase already spoken on the question, but in yiew af the fuet that the delegate who spoke a few min. utes ago suid the secretary whs opposed, in some of his remarks, to the resolution, I ask him to read the uftiecrs' report, and he will find thut I rould not bppose it, and would he a fuol to oppose a motion of this kind aftor 1 my self have wel ont my opinion of the indhetrial movement as it now stands. I may say that 1 favor lurgely the poliey of Bol smillie in the old conntry. In referring to the gencral strike reforrmdum taken in this Proviore, I arew attontion to it with a view of saying that wo hare tried in the past to use onr feommon strength 10 secure legislative (batomont. Dal. Kavamagh refferred to my retremeres to the trunsition jeriod. Perlaps, Mr. Chairman, I was not trehnically correet. What I meant to say, was that while we may
not recognian 1 . "ro ure in the midst of all rennomie rusulation in the world tolay, in other worils going through the transition period from capitalism to the ro.nprontive commonwonlth, and we will have lagishation loffore we are therongh with that.
W.l. Mnedonald. Primed Hupert: 1 rier to stipurt llue resolution. My vioves huvo hern very well ixpressed live my Brother kowes, atur as any-mo that it in not noceswary to lake up the Hene of the consurationi further than to ary that I lase liverl in Brltimh Colum. bia possilily us lons as uny velogato wnthered here thim "thersoon, and been robnectal will nll urganizal labar for thit proriod, und nw Bres Rees lus stat. rh. We lum. hern meroting from year to jear, nxing "l the money uf the Federation, and af the worker, golng to Victoria avoy Jammery and been glven "reception. We have honrd nhout these things this morning, and the way things hase gonat for yars. We have listened to the illustration as given hy Bro. Cottrell. We have heen gaing an ratirely wrong roble hat it is timu to -hange.

Del. Wilkinsom: I, 1 materstand the report of the rexolution in supposing that this Fedrration shall uo longer sind delegates to Vietorin for the purprse of a akium logislation, which will fre in line with resolntions passed by this body. In a word, it propases that any ronncetion, however slight, which this hody may at prewont have with the forlitios of this Prosines, that that eonlibretion shall lie surered, allul sovered antirely und for rood. It proposes, as I understand it. 10 instituto in its stead a relian"e er. 'v upon industrial or veonomic : fits mnny organizations for :nsce of securing such political m. .w. as it believos will redress the grievancers of the workers. It seems to mo, that lowking it it in lhat wey, the proposition from the gיu cral standpoint itself. that it in a $1:: 1$ position earefully thonglit out tor tan firpose of testing the question of whether or not this Ficderntion is any good to the organized workurs of this Provinee, and whether it is passible? for it to function in any way beneficial to them. If that is the eloject nt the back of this proposal, then 1 an en. tively in accord with it, heramse it it is lierided that this experiment shall be tried out. and then this experiment prowe to be a fuilure. then that diseovery shall bave beon math beranag
this gathering conte a lot of money, and a greut deal of time in dovoted to it. An to whether the Idea of the workers of this l'rovince relyiag upon their induntrial atrength wlll tove good one, I all momewhat in doubt. If that teat alac in malle, it may, perbaps, pavo the may for the nppearanec of what will be regurdnol ax a practical and denonture tive proof of the fact that the workers nevd something more than their economide atrongth to get what they nre en titled to. If tha: failure taken place, if the finilure to get what we want by industrial nethods shall fuil, it will be :i mon ent for any poi ical party, who thiuk they have the right illea, to then stel in and say to the workers, "you sere this proposition has failed. Th. muthod of going to the powire that be and asking for legisiation has, so far as soll attompted it by rofusing to go on it any longer you decided to try out the surugth of your ceonomic organi ation to get what you wanted. That also hus prused a failure. Now then here is what we helieve will acconplish the gooll results." When we gathered tugether in this convention, we more or loses separated for the time heing from our organization, and I don't care whut you say, when you get any gathcring of this kind you unnaliy find that the brightest men from the organizabion are gathered together, alld there is a sort of unionism. Prior th this. the atmoxphere is "harged with the nuwessity of doing something and they themstres rum ser the proposition wery rlearly and the men ragurd them it they are in line with them. That is : good many of the membership are hehime then. And although they do not wee this proposition in the sume way. aull I have come to the conelusion that wishes are very often fathers to the thomghts when putting a resolution to this hodys. Lat un ask ourselves fur a momell, and I usked the secretary a tew monnute ago the question with the thourht in virw, and from the answer which hir gilwe, I shound gather that ahout 30 prrent. is a normal number of those of our affilitited membership who wote on these questions. This guestion will have to go to the member. ship, and I huve not the slightest doubt that, provided we womld be desirous as a whole of making this propesition stick with the afiliated organization, we conld get this proposition through. and to all intents and purposes, it looks to be the real thing, and we might fig.
ure to abead. But what is the posiHon that eneentially affectr us when this resolution ls presented to our organizationt Wo do not, an a rule, find nore than 30 or 40 per cent. atternding the average meeting, and then that in the brightest and most interented of the men who are in the orgnaization. I go so fir us to nay thnt fifty per ewint. of the members of tile trade unione of this l'rovince are not acutely, I kay, are not acutcly intorested in the propositions that come before then. It is the vasient thing on the top of the enth, and everybody knows it, if it ta a propmitlon without them to shove it formari, and to. get it through. But what noult he the une if we did get it through, because when the moment of fist canne, it would not be only 40 per
 that the other tio or 70 per cent. who arr not present, whose personal element wr stiil require in such a proposition us this. Dei. Kavanagh mald a mominent ago that parliament cannot work if the workers quit work or tid nut funetion. Well, my idea of the pisition of the average worker in the B. C: Fideration of Labur is that when hio is mot whle to work for not by any meturs allong period, ler is not able to function cither simply because there is a wry suall perecontage of the workers of this I'rovilles who are many weeks awny from the uetual wants of the cardillal necessities of life. What are you
 theser men out9 My memory goes back th the day when 1 remember gather. ingo of organized labor who thought thut the mere seonomic weapon in the hinds of the worker would be sufficirat. We wore ridiculed, and the workrs of the mion wre ealled out, and what was the resulty the urganizations did not work together, we were in rontinual rompetition with rach "ther and ionseguently there could bo un identity of interest, and if you ever eun! 10 the point where you wanted to call a wencral strike of all these people yon would find that diversity of cointornst axisting mmengst them that it wanly spell fainure for that kind.

It this proposition ean be made to stick, if as a result of our experiente us nembers of organized lahor for many years we feel it will stick in this provinior, 1 saly 1 ala not in favar of Hs simply getting into the positiou which in the rad will turn out a failmir and which will mean going into rumbic: against highly organized capi-
fulimil am we have int the provinco.
Wologate F., (irugun: Firat of all 1 thuught I wonll seart hy tollhg yon that I atl the ropresentative of thirty boilerworkirs worklug with me mili, xuppene 1 say I ath a member of !ho libural party and that thewe thiry workers of hime wat mo to do sambe thing in the whop, where they nre work. ing that in going to bo for thele bine IIt, an" I way to them" "I won't (l) it." Then 1 .all 11 momber of the lih eron pury which is busted and mell asile funds to chect a reprosontative from my district to ropresent my in treaste. Then than workers of mine $f^{\prime \prime}$ to Bly represantilive 11 the Hans
 "h."'v rillink ulf my meal tieknt, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ןuss a lan ngninat ille. That's going suma, inn't it? Winct wonld happent to thit politician if he did this "gninst live at the eloetiont H0 wonld ha un
 his puak ehops to look athor and fins thermore, thre working elars. H10 luhms
 that is to Noty, that woresplathtions don't flon fanm inlustrind houndarios Whatsonver. Keprembtations how form
 Frophical distriots tion ware wortor and the mastor live. Now then ha "an low represcolted, xroing lhat represebta tion blows fonl westeraphial distriots am! the phaces of property lomens. The "urking man, hasing no proporiy, call
 lure, when he gere 10 Vialorin ar Otta
 - lass whirh wr ure worting for for allythinge they wernse to put thase kiw. to wurk wn the jol', alld haw ent rarth
 forer. $\quad 11$ is an imposibility. 'A ro mark was mat?e, "What percoutage of the workers takes an inferest in the husinuss of the lllions?' The two dehergatis that asked those questions. Ju they want to whe on the inactivity wf the large majurty within the union to kill this propositiong Why is tha quastion asked? If the active minority. é: liad the ignorant majority or shon the ignorant majority the way out, and port fhe proposition up to them and the: puwer illo their own hands and not in the hands of some representative in Virporia or Othawa, and come hack and tell thoy that these laws cannot he in furer, i. they think they won't vote? Hore w. 'are the Nanainu disaster of Sipto - 14. 191s.
"riting to Homest welle Bhace in ru guril to man lat pasmiol, which mhoulal

 - Thu reecont merident nt dinuaimu la nuother ineident of the finet that theso lows are but inf luter an they whould low und uir vxeeltion firely that now
 follig rhongh "" mion that thily Nre in
 in the wridt entoredment of the law. It is rery evidont "rell 11111 entaful Nutrey of the rinher: 1 laken at the
 tins that the mecident whe leronght


 are at this thme 1.4 atrigu for safuty that. null ill vies of thi . videner hlat has beroll wirn to lhe zowrmant of
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 proparal to ernaider raposplating

 l:ans on thu stututos: it i- "lon hats




 "it roripus in romk booke to rook mouls "ith, hut wher as the working ilass arr concorned, why, liver allul anions



 the soourer the working elase raliz. that ther hase ole rights, only those they can rufure themselves, it will tut bo meecesoary to have a lagishative lunty.
 tasor of the butions, Mr. ('hatuth1, :hat 1 r:an quite assurn yon, Mr. "hairman, that the men I represent will hambll: be in faror of a motion of this kind un. hess there is some action, and the reacoll I give yon is this: When the
 regated to certain reprosentationes goiner to this convention, we had guite a litthe "ppusition, and the opposition to the gurestion was this way: What arn
A. N. Wells, woretary-trasurwe, in
wo going to send a representative to the convention for? What are they going to do? All they have done, to my knowledg', in the past, is all kinds of resolutions, and sending the executive, eap in hand, kow-towing to John Oliver, and things of that kind, and as he has not been successful in getting anything done for thi resolutions, 99 times out of 100 , because they are tlopped in tho waste paper hasket, we had that opposition. I would just like to say this, that in my opinion the workers that comprise the lougshoremen's orghnization of Vnneouver are right behind any nove of this organization that will excreise matters that will benefit the workers of 13 . C.

Delegate slontgomery: I represent another investment of three hundred dollars and have been sent seven hundred miles of travel to come here, and when you rome here it is necessary to take some little part in the discussion. I beg to st..rt off with that I am hardly in fasor of the resolution, or I should eall it a Sinn Fein resolution, that the "ithdrawal of your support from parliament which we lave been looking to for years past and refusing to have any connection with it is undoubtedly due to the way yo: have gume about it and what you bave got. for your exertions and expense.

Now, this is a party of reconstruc$t i o n$ and there is no donht about what reconstruction is needed anll whose going to be reconstructed. It is us that's going to be reennstructed and this is the place for reconstruction, and $I$ an glad to find a sentiment in this convention that we will do obr own reconstructing, that we will inangurate a parliament of our "wn to a certain extent und our wish will lecome law instead of petitioning :und begging and praving to others, which does not repiesent us in anything that we require. I am talking from the organization that has sent me hew: and paid my expensis. I hate nu" that they will unt suppurt this bacin. they have "ommanded mos berehtions pased there.

Wid. lammalry iwpresmting Veforia Trardes and lahor (ouncil): Spraking in ruppurt of the rowntion. I have hat fiom the parties 1 represem wry littlo instrucrion. Shour practiatify the mbly impluetions I have aro alolige there limes: to support any movr ta bryanize the laby mormont :loms muduatrial liues. I heliew with Jolle. gate Chishotme here that pratimally all
the delegates hore have hewn instructed either explicitly or otherwisr along th. same lines und that if the case is opea where we should begin. the proper place, in my estination, is right hero and now. Dolegute Wilkinson ovel hure is not in favor of it becanse the ond policy was a failure. Secondly, w. must find in new umb. He admita can. didly that the old policy wo have bern following tor a mumber of reara is a total failurr and it secens to me it is about time: to find smmothing Mse

Del. Kirkpatrick: I haw no detinif: instructions to follow the emurse of this resolution, still I attended meet ings where they refused to send delo gates to the convention or of sendint:a delegato to this convention on the. grounds that it had been a waste of money in the pust and it was only. Whon it was pointed out i" them that this convention would, in all probalility, be the most impuriant eonvention in the history of labor in the West that they decided to send onc, and I ferl justified in supporting this motion.

Delegate W. Mnulton: 1 have ber 1 listening with rreat satisfaction and pleasure 10 the semarks that have been made herr. My mind reverted back to the dyind day of the last convention: at the end of Junuary, 1917, and 1 was particularly struck at the attitud. adopted at that conrontion in its dy ing moments and here, just when wr are beginning to show a little life, it little uetivity, we are resorting to : policy or diseussing a proposition $a$ to whether the rffects that were produced at the last convention are of any further use. It that period in the. artificial atmosphere ereated hy that convention referred to by Delegat. Wilkinson, it gave birth to a new state of things and by a sufficient sustenancer to be administered to it in additional duses to keep it in existence. I am referriag to the Fedcrated Labor Darty. Ou that particular oceasion 1 voicenl my sentiments as being opposed io it heeanse Delegata Trotter stated (III that oncasion that it would lave to pursur: : poliey of upportunism to justify its existrinec. That I was opposed to 011 that weraniou and that indicatrs ny frosent attidule. No longer are we tri lan sutivion with tho old shiblooleth
 minds of the working rlas: There i* at rotala amomat of justifieation fur arrising at thox colloflusion athl if that's the infar we "ant la rakn into con!--ideration the montality of mur organi

Adion, the rehwatwoal systrom, etc. Deiiln: fro ns what the conspiring masses "rawe, and mhthugh I suppose it docs
 "pon thest: whor are going to hang on to thi wh traditions and whl formulas that "xistad in the labor matiks, still this mu-t ald. Fifty per erent., sithl suy irisud here, are mot atetively inwerested in the propesals nt the conventions. J ant groing to tell my friend sittine $\quad$ "n the !aft, who guve expression IU that wombinent, that he is ratimely mistaken with regard to the local that 1 repersint. When 1 when sous hat there was int umanimons vote thut we whonld epluse the old system of vind ing dountations to parliament aml serk ing :mmendmonts to laws and formu. lating men arts that the local of ome unanimusuly votrd against jrolusitims of that matare. They plated theme shlos unt repord as berime hostile: f" surh : poliey and I lawe definite in. atrantions, Mr. ("lmimath, to rote for the: elimination in the constitution of the B. L. Federation af I.abor of thosio particular rules that have mited it in the past. I alli gruing to whll yout nothing gave we wreator gratification and pleasure whrn wy local irrived ut that dowision, lereans we recoghian that in doing that we have rune aster forwarl. Tha rothen pulitical s.estoma that $w$ e had th have in the past at the least is olsosolete. lat us try to get manimity mud lacak down and suhsti tute something of a mitirerot urdor in its plare.

Delegatr 1 . (iill uf tho Minms Union: Jt has beren wry woll stated that the Fobluatod Niners are in a poor pusition. The whistle hows at 0) black in the momines aud wr juit at 4. Jook at the lemishation that when hat wot throngh. not going thare will powcr. If wr lat irume there with puscrer and asked the logishation wor womb not los sonkiug six homre a day alober. Tlas? (g) oll :llu! work for bight st raight hours follay, which metars that we have Lot tor raku luturh baskicts into tho mines, whereis hefure we romlit retk (w) homs: for dima'r :and git the
 1 hate hän orring the mister owor in Framer, oror where it wit berdond. I got it intu mer briad liat 1 had then







Wro have it her sumething in this body. I an sate in saying that thels is not
 Columhia orgmized. What hise you fellows been doing in these opportume times, that [ have heard almit. Why. wo in unt budy ware divghoted with the progrese of the labur arganization and its the buratime the misters are piling up thriv millions. Wo are absolntoly disgusted. I think it was in 1913, if my memory serves me proper.
 will kuow, they had all mrbitration hoard appointerl, but what did we get? Xuthing. Wo lost all right. hat as a result 1 think quitu a lut of thr slaves art edheated in the socialist Party of Caminla. There me Jarge mines at the Cosat which have mever luen organ ised, which alsolutely pay no attention to organized labor. I know that Trail was nover organizod in Goodsin's time aul fet we have an exoretive like Bill Davidson who realizes the eromomic strongth the stime as allybudy else go ing liark and phemsing in the master. J would lo in fixwr of punsinging them uff herausu they did gond work years ago, but they have mover paile uny at tention to those arganization whatever. Ha told us a ferm montlos age it wis An use guinf into bamps to fry and or ganiza them, :lll] ия are arnding 50
 latele mothing all wi it.

Dol. Midghey: Delogate Wilkir. sum. in uraking of this matter. is por hap the only delomat, that has casi :lly dombes lipout the stahility "f the
 prosemid it. His thrme has bern well thonght wit and it might be all right mulder cortaill wirelmstames. The B. (. Findration of labur f hive known siner its combention in 1!09, ull, :s has benn eroterl hy other memhers, wo have hat this ammal convention daling with all kind wt enmeivahly suh
 whatives of the legs slatime allal the reanle: :tra proty well known. dust taka for instan"o the lequabitive proprasal
 rifinmas. amt the worettry han inform.


 propurals whiel. itwh what has. sars. I
 hatkuard in that raximer.



to my knowledge, to Victorin asking for the same things, we go back to the workers, and if we arc honest we tell them it is not any use, they won't pass those things. The Workinen's Compensation Act, the one bright jewel in the legislative elactment of the British Columbia government, that was put into effert because it was cheaper for the employers to administer compensation in that way than under the old system, and you will remember you only get compensation while actually making profits for the rmplovers, and so. you go on down the whole list of it, and new it is time for us to make a little chang".

I want to point out. Nr. Chaiman. that :my delegate that will vote for this resolntion. and I think if they mo back and explain to their organizations procisely what the resolntion means, it will romain to be vorn if it will be adogited. Of eromar it is ath amendment to the coms ithtion and it will have to se bark to the nembership for ratification. One ot tha matter we have for consideration is the six-loour day as : methed of aloobling the mem.
 becon gradmally gellillg wora from day to day. and many will hate to carry thoir miserable ramasere rombid the place just muttorine amd wombroing. 1 don't want torront. hut if that six
 than a pisesed resolution, thenthis or ganization will hatue th assiat itt putting it into retion I thal fillour of changring the poliery of the oreaniza. tion, and by so rhanging it making it a real ufferime orgenization instead of, as has beral the rato in the jast. onts operatime at ammal combobtions and existing ou lefter-heats till the hext courmation rialle ramal.
 firs: ©xpromer at the R. (. Ferlogation

 learmed gnito al lot of thangs. On lowk. ing "rop this uttion- repmet (amd there
 douht) alout the only thing lofit ont is the settloment of the question alomat the mixal bathing for the hime. I find sonte of the things in there very entertnining. In whe instancer. Serere tary Wrils foumb very surbobs fault in one of tha larew orgonzations.
 on this subjowt. and I tan mut winremg to Welegete Wells, heremise 1 realize ho is a harel-working afferer of the B. ©

Federation of Labor, but this speaks to me as definite evidener of the fact that the rank and $i i_{\text {are tired of the }}$ legislative activities of the B. C: Fedrration of Lahor and I shall go back to the Carpunters and request definite instructions as to how I should act on questions such us this. They left us practically to our own free will, and 1 am prepared to sny that I illm prepired to slpport that, and if they liang me I will support the resolntion.

Dill. Kavinagh: I think this question has bern fairl: well delated and I don't think this convention can wit anv further along, and I move the resolution should ho put.

Th, Chairman: I think we shonld give them an opportmity to express themselves if they slesire.
bel. W. A. Ilexamber fiterna and (oproting fingineer): 1 want to briug out s.viral puints that haw not lomen tourliet. I am in fawor of the mution. I wamt to point out a little of the Enginurs' organization. Ther were promised that in the ovent of the libural l'arty getting iuto power that legislation would be bronght blown giv. ing them an cighthour day. At this time the stationary engineers roumd the mills wor, working from ton to thirter! hours corry day or night and wore receiving peri hobir less wages than an wollary lathorer was recein. ing :and thrir comdition wats a ptiful Mit. Tho renginuris had a mion, the majority of then wore known as port: thla men, although a momber of stationtary pughoers were combered with fum. Tha areanizntion get intw the hamds of atuther budding politician who was mbleavoring ly logrislation
 un the statuto book for stationary an gimerss, athe I have sine sern compe
 liv that association informal them that flae womld be wilting to put ertatin hegi-lation on the books prosided that they rould get so many votes. The organization at that time was known
 is uf the manon. They were not aililiatme with any of the central labor lowhos and grabtically an outcast from the labor movernent. Howerer, along alobut a romplo uf geats ago the orgenization was protty nearly out of bus uess, and then they started up anWhar loral uf the enginerrs. I ocal died. aml aloug with the ofticers that were Whoted a momber were interested in the remomia. problem that conewried
the wotkmen, und they realized that if the: ringineers were to get an eighthour day they could get it easier throngh their industrial strength. and we organizal und edncated along that lius, ant wre also thought we would tost out the 8. C. Fedaration of fabor and ser if ' gislation could he got by

## that mouns.

latst ramr, owing fo industrial activ ity. wr wrore ahbe in June. by atestem of : odvertising and a threat of strikes of the enginerers, to get an right hour ding. log our industrial strongth. It the presellt time. owing to the slack ness of the lmber linsintiss of B. C.. Wr ant ronfronterl with tha position wherely the lmber wills are proparing to shut down for a month or son, chaim ing that the price of logs is ton high for them to rat lumber and sell it on th. murket. I huwo inside intormation on that. Wherely they are going to ofun ul again, and are going to start wo shifts of 10 hours for the cons Wecer instead of threre right-homr shifts. Unloss wor ratn get the assistance of "rganized labor, then dia mext few months the legislation qained by the work of the: roginerys will lor suatele . Cl : wate trom them atml we will have (o) on lark to tha ohl lelome day.

Whf. Hivid Rers: 1 halle mat
 there is a groatre mollowere taking plaro in this eity this work, allod I ant hopilng, muyllay. that this thing will he hronght up at this expeator ronfer roler, and for that reasme $\mid$ will not सay moth at this thate. 1 have a whold hif tu say with riegard to this guestion when it combes up at the xreater come firmere. hut at the present time $]$ will allute in the first place for the question asked by Delogata Trottor. That qumbion bas berar been answered. not dimetly. That was that this rhange in perlieg woulat mom that the exerentive of the B. C. Federation of Jahor "omld havo 10 draw ul a poliey ahso lute different from the preselt and wh you might call in "plosition to the givirmment, or in others words, ta sit $n$ Vabeonser athd eritidiza what the govermment is deing. Whon 1 hoart this poliey drawn in and pros souted and beard this disemsion, I was in finor of it, but if it is only going to 1 . a diselssion and resolntion of this rollormiom, if it going to go no finther than this atting in Vallousio atud ritirizing, then I allu not so stomgly in favor of it. l untion in

Helwate Mingley's aldress that he said it needed a little change. I conrend it needs a great change. I don't think we are spending the money of our organization to the bent advantage. If we lun, romm so far from the Coast to ebew ther fat for a little change, $I$ think the monty is badly spent if we are doing so, and in this greater conferener taking placo in Calgary this wrek wr ure going in for a great -lange, ant thut's all I wunt to say ut the presernt time.

Drl. Ninclair: I know it is uselosis arkiug fur hogislation and grtting anything lome for the workers. Anything thas is wot for the workers must low erot by the workers thomselves and 1 staml in favor of the persolution.

Datrente Trutter: $S$ o fiar as the mesolution row leffors tha House is
 of the thilitity of all fimerious efforts ahong thu limes that ro.. logislative bodies have born workong: it is a mighty mond thing that we have arrived at that point where creryhody -rיms lo br manimons muil it. Some uf us have for a long time beren trying to bring our legishation bodins to that fintiontar viow point, but ther have *) fiar rominurd to ridu along on the w! ! pulirimal limes. $B y$ the wanazing on industrial lines they hatwe ats politio:al mits. hern working neainst tholnsulus. If this ahmissinn is goiné 10 jurolure a diffrrent paychology molitiotlly amongst the rarkers than that which has been govoming tham

 helt uf this B. (․ Findriation of Iahor, whu has visiterl at smmlry times the henislature in Virtonia. I huse, with ather organizations outhe habr questions. visited eabints in othor prave ineres : ind the stupidity and uselossmess uf that form of promedure has born evi-
 lionlarly when visiting representatives in the B. C. House who hold the seat there at present, for a more stmpid upd
 I! her wathered togrolher elaiming to be the athonistratise bodirsi af any prosime whaterry. Howerm, if your :utiont is routcmplaterd. beramsa thero must he action "ontrmplated hehind this finms resohation.: it rests solely "ith the propagation of a geberal -trikn amd that alombe allul it mones that we shall falhom political action tumbst the workers, nul that we re-
frain from seeking politienl power. That question will be dehated later and $I$ will be found still rhiming that wo can le a lig factor in orgunizing our political superiority. Wr have Conservitives and lilierals. but. amongst the working class we have just the politienl party knowa as Labor. If yon don't have this when the workers are prepared to act as a nnit, well, nothing eatl rome of it; but on the other hand, if they are prepar. bd to act as ome hoty, well nothing but good ran come of it,

As far as this fisenssiom has grme there has beon a sort of silenee un the politieal end of it, with the excep. tion of one remark from my friend. Bro. Moulton, of the jarty I am secri:tary of, and am not ashamed of it hy any means. This resolution indieates that a number of drlegates in this conveution that hithrrto might have been suhjeet to opportunism. have changed their minds. I $11 m$ still prepared to say that the bolier of any party representing the working elass must be one of opportunism. If you serew them down to suly har.t and fast formula, you will be foum in the position that belognta. Iritehard foumel himself yesterdis-that lie will not be. governed by what he thoment of res. ferday. I will sol give over m! dirfatorship of my industrint untion th people who have a wange of thonght every ot huurs. If any stability boyond that is fomme. still I am prepareal to recognize oppormaism to this ux. fent. Wie must reognize the fure es that are rearranging thiugs. Lrablling up and lowelling down, and to starh in -xtent that wo hate he ojprortmists.

1 have no ondegetion to the resmlu fion. Fou will find that, when the resu.

 dganst the vere orginization frems whieh rou eomue, hut if this mganion tion exjerta to got its mombere to : (ell Penr reatution thes will be up against the organization frous whirh they held their eharter, st that a whole lot of reberanization will hase to be dons. Int thes. thises.s are rerone nized hy thi me,phle who has hromght the resolution forward. "There is Hu fault to find with the watur, of it, : wht
 form that wur intermational offiorers allat thorir inhas and perbologe take. I he fonse in the wrgani, 'tion that hece in this last 10 monthe lumed this inter
national to the extent of riphing through its agrecments, and even in this eity yon will find thr pristers threw up their hambs and came out and got what they wanted. The jubmen in Gunconver went on strike and they stood, though Conath didn't think thy would. pad a mew agreement to the extent of hottrer wages was the risult.

Now, you linve such results in what is considered a most conservative organization, so that this new arrangemont that sou are gring atter, if it metas a solid front. shoulal bring results und prodnce considerable fruit in stirring then: ul to take: different virn of things for that which ore have heretofore. Aty mind is molumal the present time obl rour resolution. I would favor it as an erheational pro[resjtion governal solely by what the majurity ot your peoplin are going to fo in the last instance. Leet us have them edmeated ny to that point, but as an individual I will mot surrender at the prosent time from taking what politienl actions that we eall in the politioral field anme what 's left to us under present emmlitions and has mot yet been drone.
6.1. Nixan: N1r. Chaimam, 1 ropresert the Shiperichts. Partly Seotrl and the rest of me from Mis. smuri. We hase no mandate here from -our union on this fluestion at all, nor :my gurstion, hut when we eet back to report to them, if is a ease us of "I n:u from Missouri. so shaw me.'.

One fisct has mot beron touthed upon liy athy of the mombers in swaking for the resolution, aum that 's a fact that
 ham muvoments. Guticism has leen offorod it the past records of the offirials rif the B. (․ Freleration of labor. Pritieism is "dss. Yubshow how they howe faileok, hut that is beranse there was no orghuzation lerhind it. When "ai conle down to brass tache when it connes fo : rase wi batking up. yon
 ther indituront m embers that won't at. tomel. but you lisw olso got to take intu :uremut, as ens bruther seain, the districts that have frool left umorgan ized. Thuse distriets umbht to he urganized toulay. Yuu las. all there farte th takio into aceobut in putting this roolution foward. In rengrd to the ниi,n 1 represent I ran only talke it hatek th them and leare it to them. There atr the deciding facturs and the
question will be asked me when I gut it forward, "What action call you take, what are you prepared th do: Show me." I cun agree with this brother here in the last remarky we had that we onght to have politional aetion. We have had none su far. You blanes it on the Conservatives and 1 blame it un the liferals. What did lather do at the last chection and every election and what will they do at the next metion. In every pace you saw labor meublers put ni and they last their deposites. As sume member said, their crganization was unanimams in sending them here. 1 shnuld sny the: same thing, but I woold be lying. My "rganization did nut send me. Tha antixe members did and those that sent me did nut empresent one third of the uaion, and I think if you get down to facts and ligures, if eapl delegato will nask himself the question. "How many attended tha mesting when this restilution was dealt with, and how many have yon gat helind son?" aud you said it was unanimons, I would douht the assortion. I enuld not make that assertion here: and 1 doubt it many Welcgates could, and it they can, they have a splendid arganizatimen and can get up hare and suy that they have their organzation, horkiud them in a merting. We, at the coast, are down to the peint of show ig our reonami: strength and boiled duwn th the fate that thes must go out on. strike it you are going tu du mytinine, and you mast tahe that into consiantation. Tho B. C. Federation oi labour has been loukeol upon as a dead riganizntion. thus we want to try und lace it woired abread that if we are the last to 20 inte the diedd, hald be the last to quit. It doe wint that, it is the first "rganiza at jumpe int twe fild who axes. .....lers things. :-x.e are namally the lirst to hollor to get
 organization I'll gut it un to the nnial represcat, and m:ytho they will se it hat mys, berast: they have but seen tuy resultes in the prast. 1 : 110 not eritiolizing any ufferers of this Fed aration, hot wan can't ariticizn facta
 nul if this gors down I hopes the uffi"Gals will have stmething different ob what they have hat in the past.

Deicerate Alluat: As I stated be fore this mfrning. as 1 said, I represent the bigget orgunization in the prow
ines, had as I am sitting here with the unammaus sote of that argunization. as far as the deleggite who offers the remark that the rank aud file night turn this resolution down, I do not think it is umeressary tu be atraid of that proposition at all, because eming down on the train I started out about tour ar five hlays allead of the other delogates to du a litile organiz. iug. and the question was nuled ne by memhers of the local, " What's going tr be the outcoms of the envention; what is the main olpjeet? What's going to be your line of organizatiout What are sen going afture Are yon still rmaning with the American Eed"ration of Lather or going to put up yoursell :and gring after he consolidation at the B. C. F'ederation of labor as a whole?" And they told me this: "When you coma lack, and in' the conrentiou groes on weord to reorganize the B. C. Federation of haler to beenme one urganization, then wr will line us as fast as youb can write us "ц."

Bel. Wrod: I allin in the happy lositime that my members, then menbers 1 represeut, were fom Mis. sonri. and they were shown and that is why thore are very manimons in the stan? i take. They wree slown in this way. That acrens the line they went in search of an idol and they ge and in the gerson of Charlic sirhwab. They sel himi up an an idol and presented hint with a gold wateh and ehain and a purse, and they gor what the workery will get whe tinker with any politieal systums-ther bills to pre.

Del. I. H. MeVory: Exiry dale rate vo far hat giveu tertimony as to the late of progress of this organization. None of them appars to attack amy of the problems that confront theng. If they fropuse to make any progrens atong those lines, it is gust as well to look the proldems fairly and suluarely in tha face :mand see what hlare is in the tumere a little lit and not pay all the attention to what has מumb hefore. I tikh it, as Delegnta Trother put it. that the line of action combuphated tiv the resolution is afther ome of two. Elither with the iden of eflnating the memberwhip or with the iand uf deciding with the exerative ufliwers of this Federation, that a eer lain prograsame is 1.1 the follown and is id lee started an at general strike throughont the sertiou of the provinee or the whole of the province. We have hath mane "xperimere of that. "egate

Midgley roferred to something we hat where we could not do anything with the legislation "xisting and he mentioned one instunce nhout the lanndry workers' strike that we settled. Thu laundry workers were out mutil the warkers hat contriluted twenty thonsand dollars and they did not accomplish $\pi$ simgle point they were ufter. That's one of the disasters he had in mind. Wi, have had plenty of illus trations of Nulch. Wir had one in Srathe now so far lank and ther set. tled alsolutily for moting. probably the higeret inamomstrationg if at solid ibise was whihited on the dmerican sidn in the hivery of orgamized lator generalls. Wra are asked rither to ar-
 frese ing t". 12 , k. ally murn pronerese rither polifeally or leqislatively ill we wot
 high pitch tu lyits it ahome ley mo.

 for armb "onvidneahle perime and in

 strongth "Haterneal strike on ques tions of pribiphe and intorest. and (an
 working clasme as that of eonser riptim.
 interes botworn ombe organzanian : 141

 mav sity that with tha range of tylue tions so firt sulminterl "ith the is. trembly fuen showing of support ra-
 -ight four- for emginere in six hours for pilltore or shortor hours fin other trados. bon will find lase edidatity on
 is lue romatin intarest between the lailurse of the interinar out tha question of at ix hems dise for priutors in the



 never with your whjert unlons this coluautiwn of hi" riak int tile paggresses far mare rapinlly thall it has sor far proghesson. Yuil will merer loring
 burere ant domant of the workere it Ang bartular sintr. Haw hamy work.




"rat strike could be pulled att undir Buy ciremnstances for the leggers of B. C., and my loclicf is this: That if you nre going to alandon the political ficlu, if you are guing to allandon the leginlative order of things for a rumedy hy means of general sitriks. then stime consideruble tilne will clapso he. farr nuything materin! arernes to us.

Thure is unly whe way you cibn get this rutsinle of legislative efforts, and that is hy a revolution. allil whin 1 say revolition I meme revolution in all its many meanings. What proluhility is there wo wettling any, prohbenas of the working classes in this cmantry in this untjost of the world's pepmlation with sumb a large country to the south if us not miving along similar lines. 1 say to you that thare wre no prob. lems. nome of the hasic problemes of the working clavies in the Proviner of British Cohtumbiat that rath lin suthed in the Prosiner of British Columbia. All tha, prohlows will lac willod in the. whar comatries :and wo will e.man ial at the tail [mill of what ther suttle for he I 小"n't vay we will thke the watace that: take. but in tha hasie ohanges of the system of productien that will hap. Pen in thr chlder comatries and in such watposis: :1s 13. (... with it: rxtrenuly
 aralimeal extent, atill to laty this fim pusition dewn nud tw larliove the mil |r1nimn "ill lan the ontreme. I say it
 it if it $\therefore$ as 1 think, for the al- -ion
 hut th wn to than aml say, : as prolahly A.pogatio will. "this is" eming to be
 mentons "مuncontion," why surelt it's :uing th le more monelitons if yon Nutr almint hius arour dologate.
 -The comvention intluded is nut gering to suthe vitil funstinns for the workinc
 berettend in the whin furtions of the "urld. I saty "\$0 ahmad $\cdot$ but romerne her whan yun startell his peselution hrow :und liave done so will the es
 atrike th settle this or that isware be
 that the memburship, "ill auport your prepoxition lutter than wh wher oectasions. Dresenter hat hefme supported inulat resol:atins athl yet whoth they "nt back to their organizations the hrew them down. Lat 115 got away from this ad idle of hhafr. Yon will

you will get called and you might just as well be prepared for the fifth or sixth application of the rules. We have tried it four times now. If you are prepared to believe the proposition is ige nd. let the resolution go through with that idea in view, ?nt if it is for a pirrely edncationt men has het not fool (Inrow
(It was moved and seromder) that the mines be suspended in order to allow Dedegate Pritehard to condmin the dr. 1:th: (:arried manimously.)
bahgate I'ritehard: I am not going to take a great deal of your time. Thu" dixchesion following the resolution has prowel itself in rach case. sexeral dol "gates are in faver of the resohlation with certnin reservations. nud I objeet particularly to many of them taking in: tane to show wherein we have tailond. Fur instanco. the demonstration int Nomtlo. Xow, while that was the first demberstration of that kind. I have rit to be shown wherin that demenstratim failed. Dellgate Nu. Vety mand a romark comerning soatth as being a failure that he rervgui:arol hate ats tat as Camala was comerned it lacing a small countre, it was ton sumall to hrad in international atiairs and ton small tiot to follow where the rest head. Then la, will rerogiter the similatity betworn the alemonstration in seatto on a suall scale and the $d$ monstration in Rihsswo. Brifast and Leeels and othor fatat amteres of Britain during the past vear, and in intralucing thi- resohution it was sut, as 1 attempted to poim nut This merning, in eriticisin of the utherers uf this Ferderation, but that we were ment in al mew "rat, and that it is time th) seral the rid machinery, and thet "In -hould elange areording to the: rhange meded. I may, moler rertain firchastances, whage my mind in twemty-tour hours. hint mulder other rir. ram-tateres 1 do wot chatige mes : mint
 of the politimal fabor faker. tha man "hao sereks at one time to olbtain a plate not with the interists of the worker.
 dowe not change and I will not chane on thic ymestion oo far as 1 kum, mow or in the future.

Therr are thinse on whim foll must make a quick change, and there wro other questions on which prin must sul. i.lly stimet. Un thic rucstion of serm
 "amonliage to elenr away, and polities hawe bern introdnced into this discussion by various delegates and secre-
turios of organizations attending, and "uch hus given his definition of the memning of the words "workers' poleties,' und secom to himk it is "rapped "i in the performmeers of a debating soricty in arrorl "ith its political action. Wir licliow in pelitions and elaims that we know then, "ulul in so doing wo do not want the "rrim "pulities", to
 to the "yיs and nare of cretain wad fossils gathered tokethre in a deloating chul.

There wow ather point bromght cutr and -wnur worr, that this. resolution and its adoption propuses a weraill phan of -ducation which the times called into being. As represinting the Vaneoneer Trahes and haker fommil old have heren, in the past, suljere to theme litto "riticisuss and iman"uloc", and any thing durime that time to makr life anything but pleavant when we were rhgand in anthing of progressiseness so far as the workers wore em"urned. Dracgat, Kavanagh amb myarlf wern elated th this contantinn by :arlamatom, and thase that mere in and armund Vanmonne knois that whatwer has laroll aromplished, there has hern a sast whane in the rometne of that commil. 1 masy say that from its rolor being a deridend limh pink, it has
 that inery orgamization in that town takre motion wh what that enumeil is Mang not horallse the comulil itecerf


 intome to maintain it " hat beranse it hrines tw hear with ifl the messure it
 the penation wir tikn with respert tu thi remblam. : $n$ ll waking further-


 Ni. rentrize the tark of the Lahor mownem, "f thane who aro mot actual-
 that! at muther if the membership in datins mions arre not intorested in anything at all. provided they ran be. matmanned with a whking rard, and a jult. Dat wr rablize the great rechomibibity dhat is pheed on the shoulders of thon whe realize these respon-


 is a mare sital fator of working alass Mavation in that rity than the be nan Catholic chureh, the board of ! rant. ©:d
the Narlisuisos Union all liaked to gether. They have male the delegates nad cunsider this convention moment. ous. I du myself, not beenuse I an sitting lurn as a delegate, luat I rec. ognize thore are new prohlemis before the labor meswment and perongion that the Inbor internsts in Rritain, the virile shap stewards' mesvinent that sprung illn existence and wis put into effect. that it is atfempting tor realize its anpurations despite the shppression uf Lubor hadsers, and Delogate IteVety whe sperots in exnetly the smme words as wher imdividuuls spoke in Inusita, and primis wit that thare is mot a man Who wis a Bilary, who has ben a failure, that is not willing tu sit down and state llat we Hresome on make a revolutian. I would reply in the words of nine of the greatasit thinkers of the Vimetrenth Century. "Only fouls iry to makr revolutions. Wis. men romtom, them," and we are on the way, if mut mow living in u revolutionar! furind. we are ar least in the proliwnaty stuges of a resolutionary crisis. I liank thers has liven enomgh stated in this resolution hy the others abmat the minds of the, dhlagates, abont this resthtionary rerisis, and I suggest that wo shembly attempet to falie the pmition of the wias mill whu 1.0n-

 them lulje: in its futilit. These prohlome ate wot of out secking. they fre formon ulent as alld the men who stand in th. why of theit renlization, are the ham who are livithe in the part hase fiructiond in the wher move. ments, bu't. what the regurd their

 !neline.

 huff :- ruing in he rethert. Deb.gate
 from the san: fown. and :re mombers
 sit, Elld 1 wageost that ho i-suaking from esperiblure that wio in the last fow months have rallen i.i- hbif-
(The herblutioti wir thion fitt to the
 against.)

The Hererale: 1 limine that the resohtion: k.e reterral for Hommitte on Constithtional I.aw.

This :ate mariad unatimetaly.)
The cobrention wat then sidjomrned



## March 11. A. M. Session.

The Chairman: (intthoner, fleas come to urdor. Thert urí 』и comamani. cations. The neat criter wi hasiness will be rejurts of commithess. is the enmmittre om rosilutions roudy to re. port?

Del. Kivohatgh: Irs. Mr. Whairmat.
(The lirat resolntion, number une, it. trohnern b!. .J. Ka


Resnlution:

 rgnimat lle Norict gurormment of Rus. sia. Despite the pritest at the work ing class of the sllied nution.
$\mathrm{Be}_{\mathrm{e}}$ it resolvid. That phis eablehtion protests against the rontinumber of the wor heing wagel ngninst the Soviet govarmment ut Kussia mat

Be it further vesiblece, That we ree ombuelul the whe attiliated memberghip that we refuse to assist it the forwnrd ing of tocm. money and materials inthided tor we against the workers of Russia am! that the rxecutive rommit tew carry on a system of jrupaganda with this cold in view."

1 Hove the eroserutrmet of the erom:mittur's report.

## A Membure: Seconded.

 rosolutios is heconnes ureersaery in soten uf these incts that lerpite the intiecure of the remescmatives ate the A) lied wawers. that they are intending
 against Russia. we still fint that nea surc: now bing undortakric with : view of rernshing the working rluss move ment of that bmintiy. and ineidentab. I. of Cont:al Eurupa. Nun wo are con.
 the same rlass that they are attempt ing to remsh. We are concermed insoth as the contitans of the times are sueb that it i- J. .essery. and it is breom ing illurabingly incoressusy that the workers :stermit in solvi their owa prublems it their wwh pimismbar manner. ard the luct that the whtion now in firsis uf dovelopment in Rus.ing is Heabust the intorests of the imperialint atatmas of the woth, this aggressivt movernatut theinst then is lming taker. Wi. find that in the: represt on the the hater on this pustion in the house at HHaw: Paterday asm reported in this mormiltes paper it was lointud out by Chenemi Minwhurn that the reasod: frmpe were ment frum ('inal?a to Rus.

ut this there wan 11 dangers that the fiurman fareas might brenk through to the enat or rather on the western frunt, that is, broak through insofiry as France was endresmed, and that the Carecho slovak fores in siberis were in bal atraights, and in order tu provent the Cirmans breaking through France: th
 men irom 'aumda la Niberia. Now if will ean find cut whele any four thou. and and odd wont, which is the mum lace being sput from this country to Niberia. cat lue ensistontly figured ns heing nseful in posilg the German riarel on the Finglish Channel then yon Have f groater inuspintion than I havr. They ince sibll sending melt to Siberia bul they lince sunt anen to St berin who were bow willing to gre men "ho lisw had fis be foreme om loned the ship at the point of the byonet, and we consider, heing andulners of the workire elass wural. is, that rumlitions uf atfairs shomld not exist. Wra have now arrived at the stuge where al pario eonference is in urration, a ronter rone that is intcuderl to bring prone. ", the wotht, whith hue heen maderg". ing a destrurtin wat for some four and a half yeats, :and wo find that in -real of 1 wing to whe the problint. and bringing forward somo solutiou af the problem which poncerned them, rhey are mere mencerncel with what they alall do with the rimshiat cit lins sia than aluwhing mo.

Bel. Hill: duat whe phase ill the prselution there iv lhat $\rfloor$ wish tre pint nit as a longuluremath und that is. int the present time thery are still whip bing munitions : atol supplies freon the fort of Vallewner th Siherit. I might tate that $a$ teademblons mujority of the longshoreman did not likn tho idest of handling thes. munitions. hut. if sis wfused to handl. These muntions it womh puretieally be the death blow :1, the: longeleriomen's mion. In the litst place they would inumediatoly du suc of two things. They would either anaseship this stuti by seattle or they would nse military formes to loun this ratgo. Wro malize the pinsition. The "xecutive buly ai the international fas notifled is by eireular letter, or asked us what stand we are willing to rake regarding the handling of muni tiuns and cxpressing the sentiments in the letter thés were upposed to it. We. cumedintely answered them and rold them we wete in necrerd wi'h the sent:bont hut we conld de nothing ns:
local orgauization. It would bo absolIstely foolish, nul this is the stand that the longahoremen's Union took.

If the Foderation of Lator is behind the longshoremen in not handling manitions to Siberin, they are willing to quit, but individually it would ho fool. ish to refuse to haudle them.

Del. l'ritchard: Supplementing whint Brother Hill of the Lougshoremen's orgnaizution has said, I think he will agree with me when I state the
 which resolved itself inte a long cable commmaration with Prosident Wilsou who was then in France stating our position on this particalar question. The movemest started from Seattle whs to liak up nll the longshore organizations of the varions ports tn. gether with the enilway mployees and trnnsport norkers generally into one lig nowoment the object af which would be the refusal to handle the stuif, nud that the local in Seattle evidently emusidered that it would be foolish for any one local or any one part of the workers that worked on the Pacifie: Coast to quit work without any consent of the whole of the const. It would he foolish, as Brother Hill puints ont. for the longshoremen in Vincomer to refuse to haudle this stuff when they eonld seud them to Seattle or 'latonia wr any other port and thip them in that manuer. I do not think there should be a discordant vote in this comention, as tu the sentiments appersed in this resolution. There haw beren eloogh of this meler the surface and sermet hliphansure, there bis not horn is the histury of the world two -uch hypu-ites as the professor presialdul lown smuth and Iord Northeliffe's ["t Welshman, the wizard of the Brit ish Empite. Ther are a mass of wurd and piffle. they :uce shouting big demaerary, and they :mer thruning people intogad tor marele exproswime bertuin ין inions.

In regand i., Kussis. the leust we cant do autil we leach saff alongside of thell is to suppot them and we sup port the resulntion to the ry last.

A beligute: Fivery organization thutghout F. (. . us fur as I know went on recorll and adopted it resolution against the intervention in Kussia so Hhat now is the time to titke up this resolution and take some kind of action and the only way is: Wo can refuse to handle supplies and munitions ot monnw of an! kind at all and if

Heceessary use the strikey thearry out that propusition. We know, ns Par as the longshoremen are concerned, they are only onn organization but they whould have the assistanco from every organization to carry out that proposition aud it is up to every organization to back them up in every shape and torm.

A Delegrate: Mr. Chairmme, is it not a wrll knowa fact that bun who have returnad to the const to receive their dishlurgre, they have tried to get them to reenlist in this Silorian Expedithmary Forme.

The Chairman: I belies that is, right.

A Delegate: I had a triend that jast merived his discharge a month ago and that is what he informed me.

A Dohegate (rpeaking fur Local 6il (arpenters): While supporting the res. olution $l^{4 r}$ romally, I cannot say that I hive witt the support of local 671. 'low't are alot of ment there that would not remne out on strike la suplurt at thing of thas kind. I am surro to say it. lollt 1 minst sity that.

The chaiman: The question lorfore the: hume is: 'The ndoption of the eom. mittee 's report.
(The motion wis put to the meeting and carried.)
 resolutoms introduced in regard to litMature and the exnsorship ind of these several the remmmittor hats whosen this
 "urds thatlo: illi wh the others.
"Kexulution:
B. ©. Findiration of labor,
fitgrav. March luth. ligl9.
lor. Antrmational Association of Ma
-hmists. lodge No. 757.
Vi:mbollor, B. $\boldsymbol{c}^{\circ}$.
 ligious literatme has heen placed prohibhitive awing tor regulations impused Hular the War Deasures Art ot the Jominion uf Canada, allel

Whereats. Wiar hats in all interuts and purpuses ceated. mut ammes being in fromes of demobilization. Therotore.

Bu, it resolverd. That this convention dramind foll frodom of spereh, press abl atsombly and advorall mated ac-
 these diminds.:

The commither repurta fitsor:bly and 1 move romenrmare with the committrå ropert.

I Wedegatte: I second the motion.
Th: 'lhaiman: The thetion is the
"aloplien w" the recommendation of the rommittre, Any discussion. Are you rualy for the cquestion
Kisolution put to the menting und decilarol earrind.)
D.l. Kıvanagh: Thas is aloo a rosso lation that was dealt with by several urgatizalions but this is the oue chosan for this comrintion:

## - IRasolution:

That this rombention demand the 10 . lense we all Politieal prisoners and the removal of nll disnbilities and restreslints How Hent working class orgatiationss and that we faver mited wetion ly urganized lalar to rnforce thase dommals."
'lh" "working chas urganiantions" retors tw all thas argasimations which hwい luren latmod in the order-in cotanril. Thr Kuscian Workers' Issociation. tha clainese lanbur Issmeiation and all asworiations ot a working class charme. wor whid hase leern plued noller the
 they helinver in domoserey and it is twe theremonotatises to denl with that pmextion. 'The commithor repurts favombly amb I mown concurrener in Stre combitters refort.
(The motinn was seconded, put to the (16roting and derlarml e:crried.)

## - Remohtion:

What the interests of all members of tha" illornational "orking class heing ithoticul. that this lorly of workers revogniar ma alion hat the capitalist. W thu -atur lime wr arr oppused ta : oly wholdesald intaigration of workive frous uthor pitt- of the world who wombl bee bunght hore at the request "f the ming elases"

Thu rommitter refurts favorably and
 lous sejort.
(Thn hotion was serounded.)
1)!l. Kituallagh: 'Thu idma ut thin res. whtions :rises out uf the strong efforts which are hring mate at this momut. TII hlaw the alion questiont arros. the tratek of the remperel sollion in ariler to prevelut hour from sero.

 vita him "ith tho juhs the? hitre promisid whrn he wrat they ine nows jult
 lee has heren awas the vist frofits haw. hen mate he the alion whon tatid hehinl :mflowk his jol. 111 erder to turn the soldia from the actulal eondifonns existing they dran the alion

any attempt to make it up with the organized labor movemint.

We take the stand that we recognize no ulien; the only alien, to our idea, is the ixploiter, alld consequently we are making this statement ipon this ques. tion in order the char the nie as far as this Foderation is remecerned.
1).1. L'riteharil: Ont point J think we nught to impress on this convantion, und that is the position of the atie: before the signitg of the urmistide. "t point which is deliberate ly forgotem by those sinindor influ. enion that ure wark. Wir have taken thin josition that labur has mothing to fisar I'rou the returned soldier if be be loft ulones, und that if the forees who insist "n asing him do mot have him HInts: they may comes neross in boome. raug that will behel.. them.

Wir hat a mertiag with rertain ant. diar orghnizations in Vanmenver and represulatives from thr Trales und laben rrganizations, aul this puestion "f the alien was hrought in. We nsk. rid the question lirst: "Who consti tulad :tu alien?" pminting ont that the imlividhal they considered the alien wat : working mun wha hat born brought larm be dibers pranises in order to himith tha ont posts of the rum
 in here huther $:$ at rimigrution sehemes. athl whell home aloug with the roxt of us
 work. selld the jow his is in herre now ix the trsult of hoing pressad into that
 and minting ent further, there wor fwo sids: for res bargain and if tho alin's hat mot his highly paid joh tha mat wha emphoyid libit was also a fedty to the :Mferellout. and who was hlat imbividm: h:
 woprtation uf the alions. that this
 anken in wher crimutres whern the alion prehbenn remble wo be consideren :ante heremse there ware no aliens. the sanne orcunumie problluse ronfronted the worknra :and peritapis io a grenter degrere than thry did hore: and it is just is well for this eonvention to -tatr its position an that alien ques. tions: that we ran got the various abldior uremazations and point ont the problemes that confront the working -lass and they, alomig with ns, beranse they :llw of 11 s .
11.f. Kere: I maty sily that we hold : morting lorr two weeks ago, in Colgars. in the sherman Grand, and I
hat min opportunity of mpeaking to " fow roturnell suldiers; nad the point that struck me viry forcilily was the fact that when they were inj in tise llnem they roull dig nut all kinds of thing mbint the mun on the jobstrik. ing, null nlian in particular, arning \$15 a duy, but thay nevor heard any thing ahout Flavelle and others untll they got lack to this land, and I mention this for this reason. Our dele. gatom anght to lue momewhat gunrded nhomt the woldiers, not to mitagonizo tho soldiors, especially for the first fuw woeks, llatil he las an opportmity to wet in different viewpoint than he had in the front lines.
 whlior, realize tho tuet that mont mon "hin rume linck Irous the front come hatek with is littlo more spirit than they
 hard furts. I hawe harat many gomat lisonssions in the fromt lime traches. but mosor against mionisul or hover againat sucialisin. When 1 wus whit. ing in Vonnomver, waiting my. dis. "harge, and being towsed aromad liy tha powere that be for abont three munthe. tho wife rocoiving no speration allow.
 I hipluadid to he a sergrant, and, hat. ing il fu shilling of 110 own. I did art have to become at jindie rharge. There was a monting in the theatre op pensite the Main llotel-1 formet the name of the thentr-and that night a m:ll Himet lioherts whs chairmna-ho roble: from liatoria-nand in? lis sur...h. Hurne wr low. he suggested that
 listrond th his $\cdot w$ arersution for 25 or : $: 1$ minllos. and as suon is ho was thrungh I jumpral ul nud atsked n !ubstion. i said that I hat follownal his main mremmeats as elosely as 1 ponhl prssihly follow hin, ind I conle unt realiay what he was talking ubout. 1 realized what he was doing all right. alled 1 hisd roman to the romelnsiom that La dict not hase the emarage to come out und say. "look here, ho!s, gro and sably." Hi did not have that eorrage at all, but. what hu did was to put un a nier littlo latk at this meeting, and suid hu wis inturesterl in hilding ships. ant after lie made his specech 1 askerl him the guestion. "Du you want
 us in andhar part of his speech that there wore returned suldiers workiug side by side with mion men in the shipurds at Victuria, and I toid him right thore he was rithor tryines to mis.
lend that mecthes or he wat ignarant an rigarls unionlam, and afterwarim he tried to athwer my question nud got right into it ngain, but ho would
 point of urder, alut be triod to nuswer it and ha could not. I thell raised ant ather pollut, and the conswipulice was, reme of them were whouting for twe ghestion mad xame were thating to throw ner. out, lut I can well woul disl 1mit git thriwn imt.
The Chairman: The quertion lue furs the Honse is the adoption wh the benmmeblation of the rmmitare.
(Che minion was putt th the meeting and dedared onrricil.)

## Resolution No. 5


 wrin, H. ! :
"Whereas. ladding the berider' in the ultimate apremasy of the working class in materes erromonic and political, ald that the light af modern davelopmonts buch poted thar the legitimute aspiratione of the latme movement aro rpentodly ontanted liy the extertag pulitioul forms, "loarly shaning tho "apitaliatie maturn of tha paliuncolary machinery:

- This "ombeminine expesore its upen romvietion that the enstem of industrial suviet cantrol lie whetion of representatives from industrics is more efficient and of grentel pelitieal whe than flu present symem of gowernthene ly soleretion froun distriet.
"This ramsulath lestares its tull are ceptane of the prineiple of 'lProle. turina Dicraturnhip' as bing ahsolute and edticient for the transformation of cupitalist private property to puldit: of comananal wraltl.
"The concentions semis inaternal
 "rmaent, the Spartacune in Germany and all drinite working class meve. ments in Enome and the world, reeng nizing they hava wom first place in the histore wit the "lass struggle",

The momitter womts favorallu. and 1 recomment the aldoption of the "entrmitwers repurt.

A Dibgate: s.romided.
belogete Pritobard: I wrula nowe an :mendment that llan word "Rarnge" bie deloted and thre wirl worlil" inserted.
1 Delegate: 1 secomd.
sill. Pritchand: "souding fratomal grectings in the working elasses in Rusi: :and Germany, epreifieally men-
tioned, mall then an a genernlization of the other deflaite working clans move. ments in Esurope, that would neem to indiente that Einroge was the world. While we rerogniza that mererenrils, bring nul obler conntry, suropu is tuk. ing the lend, wo at tine same titne recogniza she identity and the intar. est of the warkers the world werer, and in minding these greetinge 10 wherespr they may ga 1 nould errtaluly ho. in fache at linving lacm wht the woik. ars uf Rnswin, Cirmany. Ituly, Rom. manin, Framé, Britain, Anstraline sum! every wher purt af the world.

Del. Kiavalugh: I dit mot thank
 part of the eommither to muking the
 Pritelarel.
Ther Chaimuas: I taliee it, that wilt beot with the upproval of the commit fre and "ill meret wih the approval of Delogute l'titehuril, athe so that will form a part "t the committere's report.
 adeption of the wemmandation of tha "омmitto.

TThim was purt the merting atul dereluren "arrieid.)

## Local Onion No. 170, Plumbers suld Steamftters

"Wherrus, the tormiation of the war in Europe will finally reheave :at.
 it har indust riul tiellos; nul.
"Whareas, the wrokern of the world "ngaked in productis. asenpations dureng the: perind of hestilitios have pro duced xuftivient fond. elothing aml wher neressition of liti tor the peopho of the world:
"Therefore. Ine it risolven, that this anmention assmbled gn cur record av demandiag a six-hour work day, five day : 1 werk, to ge into effore on Maty 1, 1919, Jume 1, 1!19, and an intensive "clucution proprarania be instituted t." that end.'

The commifter reperty favorably und 1 move the adoptiun of the efomiteres repent.
1 Telegatit: I secoml.
it belegate: What diate was thaty
Delegate Kavanagh: dune 1. Tha. -riginal resulation men " lay 1, , but in virw of the fact that thene would
 the ral of this ronsomiun, and the first of May, and in sien of the fact that emsiderable propagandar is need (al threughout the proviure to mak. this thing at all effertive und partion larly thaughout the weserm prosinene
10. an whole, it was folt mor, grud rould he outuind by putting it off for oun" month in order to give a greatur time for propuganda, than by rushing it, and prabably not having such a mas: "eqafal resuli as would be obtalued lig the longer jurind of time in which prupsiganda abuld be carricd on.

The Necretars: While perfectly ill ueeord with the resolution I ann of the "pinion that a six-bour duy must be: leall with, liy, and in, a much willar lield than in the proviace of Brilisll 'olumbia, and I am of the opinion that whlle we cult rurry on our propaganda in this proviner. that in siew of the fact that wo are going ta lave a weat an conforence here which will com. pride the four westeril provinces, and that comtion-lere will linve? a lurge afrat on the ideas of the warkers in the anst. "rn provinees who arre mot going to lw erpresented, that while we ndopt the proposition the rewolntion shank then la referred to the western roblereme. for them to take action, Hul I mow arrorilingl:

The Chairman: It is mowel thit the mution be adopted and then hio refarred to the wistorin enoforener: Is there aty discussion?

Welegate MrDommeil: Dors that in - Hude the amemherent:

The Chairmate: The amenduront is that the recombumbtion of the roble
 tion be refermed th the westorn rencer -माe That is the ammolument. Tu! das!ussion?

Wel. Midghey: 1 have nut oligere finu to the mur-mbluent, and I do mot wish in dehotr the motinu herallse it ham atrendy beru threshed ant time and time ugain, in some parts of the proviner of Brilish Colmmbat at hast. hat I want to poin out that prothas the amendmont turefer this resohation th the western confarence migh refer "qually to each of the premeding five asolutions. All of them will rome wh for consideration at the westarn ponformece, and if wr arr quing to sulopt the rexolution we might as well adgit this and the same as we have the otinets and then refor the proposition to the western controme for its considerabion as heing the meat of the matter ! hat we have disensesid in this rons. veltion.

Drl. Kirkpatriok: In subnitting this resolntion the mombitter was well aware of the fatt that as six-hour day romld aot ha astahlished in Brit.
inle tolombin ulomet hat they were ulso uwure of the fnet thin sio combined citurta could lie mudio unlisa souncthing of this deseription hal chand from some ecotre. It had to have usturthy point,
 expresmed in that resulation and tho dut, and muth likn to lie fled for urtion to lue takon. In virw of that firet l. think thut thing would be hetIUR if the discussion whe lift to the wratry emiterence, Mr. Chairman.

 merotigg and, allong other things, it passed a remplution of this kind, that wr hil in for six-honr dhy and a five. duy wook. Is that inchibel in your mution, : fivrelay wrek:

Non. there are many thing hranght up in lhis restutum, int we might as
 is very puintol und that is. the effert of pour ogganimation. Wi. Hut in this
 luina of Distrim 18 , und they hat the
 alior reasouing out all the from atad "ens the milu Workers of Distriet 18. which is supmesell to be the most rovo. Intionary district in the Énited Dill.
 reoternizing the fintitity of bistrien is

 til such time as at herothes that is bis
 noxt, will nued 1 lhe te all the districts will be represented and fuke up the questina of the six-hour day mul the
 ther were wered intu that foxitim, be
 I wintre ranlt mot hel" the :ntopt a
 (res ont the whire sille of the list alo. :d"pling it. Fivell at the preatl lime
 mitur workors ont the uther sid, :llld ha.
 homer lay, amb they han wh:t in ratled all dight-hany ilas. They work : t
 from home ter homs. The mine wort ors in Aborta work wight hume frosn baink to bank, su there is a bigr ditfurrner, and I ant of opinion. When this merting takes place in Intianapolis. \& know, you men who have lwen readiag, the press. that the British miners, : fowerfal orfanization, has lurently taken at strike votr anf thure has bern an overwhelming majority in the old

Country for the adoption as speedily as possible of the six hour day, together with a thirty per eent. advance in wages and so on, but simply for some reason they have deferred action from March 15th until March 22nd, and in the meantime. some government commission is sitting there and taking up all the phases of the question.

The point I aul coming at is, Mr. Chairman, that uutil we go down to Minncapolis and discuss this six-hour lay in that policy committee meeting. we cannot disenss wishy and effective ly a six-hour day for the American coal miners or for the Aneriean workers on the Anerican rontineut. hut I will say now and rou can eall this reactionary or anything else, that it wonld be extrem folly for B. C. alone or for even the western conference, wen it ther prass a resolution unanimonsly to strike on June 1st for the six-hour day and the other people continued to work. There is no question about it and we: need not try to hide the fact, it is there. How ridienlous it would be for all the men east of lort Arthur not to be striking at the same time as ourselves, and how ridiculous it would be for cight millious of men, women and children in Canada, if you like to put it that way, to be on strike with a hundred and ten millions in the Unit. ed States to strike for the six hour day with the prople ot the Old Country working, and the people of Europe working. So we may ats well size it up. The resolution calls for, as I understaud it. your laying down tools on June 1st in B. C. and we will spread as much propaganda as we can in the menntine and I am going to say now without attempting to fuol myself and not wanting to fool you. at the same time you won't spread sufficient propaganda trom now to the list of June to get all parties in Canala alowe, apart from the people outsile of Canada to lay duwn their tools fur a six-hour day.

There are many things to eonsider and I am hoping when wo are in the policy committee meeting 1 will say this in one, if nobody else does it, that we naturally expect the OAd Country Triple Alliane movement if you like. or snmo r,ther kind to br brought abou., shereby wn will work as ne and at the sathe tirar. and I ean expect that if we can havie a favorable organ. ization like that Triple Alliance and these inh in watine thrit grecting ats we are sending, it to the Russians and the others and taking some co operative
steps simultaneously, at some date I am afraid not in Junc, that we can do something all right, and I will not support the motion to put a section of Canada and a small section at that on strike by June 1st when I earnot hope to succeed by so doing.

Del. Casey, Priner Rapert: Represeuting the Fish Pucking Union of Prince Rupert, I am in duty bound to carry out the mandate ot my union, but in accordance with the policy of the exceutive in dealing with this six-hour day. it might be as well to have a cirvular sent to all the mions to ascertain the extent, for instance. that the min. ars' unions would streteh themselves to act in conjunction on this six-hour day movement.

My particular union tuok the position they were prepared to go to any rxtent, provided the movement was of H national eharacter, at least. Now, that is the position taken by my union. and that is the position that I pointed out before the committer yesterday, and my expenses are being borne to re. presunt a certain union, and I am duly bonnd to nbey the mandate of that particular mion on this partienlar ques. tion.

Del. Mekenzie, of the Loggers: We realize that the six-hour day calls for mited action. This matter came from the earpenters union, and $I$, in the resolutions committer, moved that it be pustponed until Jume 1st. Particnlarly I an rather in acrord with Del. Rees' statemmut that to make it effective, we should organize all the forces at our command. and we should not ouly make it a national eharacter, as far as the Dominion of Canada is concerued, but extend it to the comntry south of the lime. and if possible, to Great Britain. Now, the organization which I represent is rually in the process of formation. Wi have just legun to organize the loggers, and as things are going therr is no doulty we will have them pretty well organized abotu the middl. of the smmmer probably, and although our union, in dealing with the $B$. C. Federation of Jabor, voted unanimously in favor of taking any action that would favor the effort to gain the sixhour day. still we realized, that in the condition we are now in, that we would be absolutely powerless to bring any preseure to herar, and the reason for extending it to June 1 was simply to get in the livpananut, and to get the necessary machinery working so that we would be abhe to show some display
of foree or power to the powes : Sw. be, in order to get the point.

Del. Naylor: Being on that resolutions eommitter I would have liked to oppose the extension from the 1st of May to the lst of June. It has bern pointed out-in the first place, I ought to say my reason for loing against ther "xtending of this strike away from the 1st of May to the 1 st of June. You must understand, follow delegatos, that we are living in a time, and, judg. ing by the signs of the times, by the lat of June most of us are going to be out of a joh anyway. whether we want it or not, and whether you eome out on strike or whother you do not come out on strike you are groing to be out of work: a whole lot of you that are in jobs today; that is the iondency of the times.

Now that was the reasun why I was against the extending of the ealling of this strike away from the 1st of May to the 1st of June. Del. Refes lias point. od out that in Britain they are going to take action on the enth of March. or the 22nd of March. That dores mot matter. it is immaterial; hut the workers of Britain will heve 10 decide before even the 1st of May what they are going to do with the six hours. and that means to say, if we are going to take the British workers as a criter ion, if the British workers fall down on this, we are gaing to fall down also: that we have not got the initiative ourselves, that we cannot do anything for ourselves, and we have got to act with the British workers whether they are reationary or frogressive.

Del. Fraser (Builurmakers): On the six-hour day question wou have only got to go baek to 1914 and 1915. when we were not even alloved to work six hours a day, when it depended on the number of your family for rou to get three days a wook; that was a 24 hour week. We were allowed to work only that. If you hat tluree in a family you got perhaps three days or two days. and four or five in a family. you got a day more, and the workers went serapping among themselves to get that extra day, or beranse so and so got a day or so more than the other fellow. Now we want to try and bring in : six-hour day to lelp ourselves along and to make room for the other fellow and give him a elaner to get half a loaf. and we think there is going to be a lot of opposition put forward by the bosses and we may have to tight for it. I revgnize wir may have to.
!et J do not sire why we should lay dow our tools to fight for it. Let the boss understand we are going to have the six-hour day and if he is 1 : satisfied with that let him withhold the tools of production from us, let lịn lock ns nut.

Del. Midgley: When thesp eonditions eome arommel in history, as they have dane repuatedy in the past yeara where the wimploviment problem incunases. in the last urganized labor musements hame sibply sit down and made no effort to mort the issile, and we have found that as tha memployed army inereasts. so our organizations lecrease in numbers. Ther wither away and disuplear like the snow out here does when the phinook wind hows. We nut only finl our organizations wither away, and that wages de. crease with the growth of the army of the memplored. hut we also find that the situntioni is aggravated by an inerease in the hours of labor. We have found in the building trade, where we have been able to establish a 44-hour week during the good times of prosprity. when most of the men were working, but when the work was slowed down to a large extent. a number of men were thrown out of employfilint, and not only did wages go down but the nours ineretsed and men were beginning in work Siturtay afternoons.

It is truta as. Del. Reas romarked, we must try and make this movement as wide and as big as possille and try to g't as many people as we possibly "tin to join with us. It you travel from Vancomver. British Columbia, eastward to the Atlantic eoast, you will find, if yon make mquiries as you travel east, that the rondition of the workers gradually liecomes worse as vou get east. Típir wages are lower ind their hours of work are longer. We find that while ther work in the shiprards on the lacifie coast cight hours a day, wn the Atlantic Coast they are working ton hours : lay, whieli disproves the argument that pou rannot make the hours shorter in our locality than anotbar. We find the shipyards in Vaneos ar are working 44 hours. and further south. down in San Francisco and the other shipyards south of the lime, they are working 48 hours a werk. You find eomditions are eonsiderah! different. One loeality is working eight hours a day and another is working ten hours, and if that is possible it is still possible to make a
further adjustameat. and, in my iden, we have to make the beginning somewhere. Some une has to make a start and make the suggestion. and I believe at this mecting the six-hour day will spread down the Pacifin Coast. I be. lieve that there is no doubt the Western Confercuce will ondorse it and put it into effeet. someone has to make a beginnng, and it would be better for ns to lose onr organizations, and evon lose the strike, as we find so many delegates at raid of ns doing from making aul attempt to improve the conditions rather than meekly lay down and let the memployed probleni swamp us entirely:

I am opinion different to most of the delegates who have spoken previously in regard to strikes bring lost. I do not think any strike is lost even if ostensibly the object for which the nen went out was not nhtained. The Seattle strike was referred to as being loot, but as a matter of fact you will fiad the coat.dions in this case are inuch better in working than they ever were before. evell though the object for which they went out was not oltained. The fact that they were prepared to quit any time to get better conditions is a more hopeful sign. than to see them meckly laying down and willing to take the chanees as the system wonld briag to them.

Del. MeDonneil: On risiag to support the resolution, Mr. President, the organization in dealing with this pro. prosition has gone inte the ways nil means of hringing uhout this thing. and in thinking so we took into consideration the millions of dollars that hate heen spent in the past hy organized lalwe throughout this rontinent for the establishment of the right-hour dey.
The same rondition prevails in the Dominion of Canada and throughout the eutire world. Conditions change as we go from one provinee to another. We find an urganization with one hundred per rent. organized in the provinee of British Colmmbia. and we start ont and go into Masitolat, and we fiad sembe organizations with the same sort of prophatandes arr only about 40 per cent. "rgainzed, nud we have to take into ronsideration before we sthrt any interuational propaganda for the estalilislument of the six-hour day the mer merical stranth of the arganizations who are going tw sulpert the propsganda, sud the position they are in. hat if we, in British Columbia, come to
a determination that we shall go to work at 9 o'elock und quit at 12 o'elock, and go to work at one nurd guit at 4 , with that as a day. and w" have decided to take action by direet action, and we will lay that down to the boszes and we are now ready to take our stand.

Del. Troter: In ronnectien with the five-day week and nueniploynent. which has heen refercd to. Our wrganization in the City of Vmeourarthe one I represint her--passed through that period of memploymunt in 1914 with 50 per ennt. of our argancation uncmployed, hut if you have Yo.lu strenfth in rour organiaztion you wi:' find that these things becoun. w. i. We de ded in our own loeal arga.ization to work five days per week antl some of them who maintained that it was alsolutely nocessary in the positions they wrere in that they shonld work, we ifecided that if they continuet to work the six days, that they would he finaacially un hetter off. Wic would fine them to the extent of that day and put that in the reliff fund. which was done, and the memlores phid the extra day per week to the relief fund, and those of onr mem. hirs who uneded relinf were paid fron that fund. In addition to restablishing the fiveday werk in onr own local organization, a trn per ernt. assessment was placed upoa the membership and also prid into the relief fund. and so the members were rarricd along in that way. but the point I want to makw. : bhont the firc-day werk is this: If you hare the strength in your organi zatinu you can drefide yourselves that you ari going to work so many days per week and hold your anembership to it. That is the situation. Aal if you are not organized sufficiently well to determiue that state of affairs, then yon are not organized sufficiently woll to carry the praposition to a successful issue. Xow you have got to look at things in that way. There is monsideralle murit, and in fact whaterer merit there is in the disenssion that has gone. on, in wy olinim. lies in Del. Rees' statement and the proposition that you imst hare an agrement with the floatlug population such as we lave on this Nortls Americ:um contincht, and with the fellaws in ol like industry to yoursolves who rath mensily mowd, if yon ran have such a propusition.

The six-hour duy and the five-diny werk ought to be a slogme which oughit to catrli werybody. We only work
*Wי口l and a half hours per day in our imlustry, end we demanded seremhomes (1) the last agreroment, hut we got nther "oaressions which, for the time hinge. atiscial us. lout we tolll ihell the mext timu "10 matle at "greeturot we shall work mit more than seren hours per day. The rhanees are now with the prousess that is mude, that the six. hour dily will he a shgan, and also, we bulter in shortening the honrs rather that burvasing tha wages.

I :1111 in fand of the resolntion, hat I la hat think it gors fiar romogh. I da mot think it covers the sitmation at atl. I said in 19It I was phered in the posi. tinn of fighting in Vallogwer for half. time. llan were worki- - werks sut wi four and then rone rame
 uf six, illut wr finally reath ar limit of 2 wo works out of pight. 1 may sate I sere no diffienty in putting the sixhour day illto forcer I do not sere whe wr slosild makr it muiversal, and I du not sire why we shonld when we wrot after tho right-lour day. Is oloetria:al workers we extablishod it in our braturh of the rentit mul whers in the *nme hranch of the raft working for other contractors and other mompanias were working tell. They tork it piome. moal, hut as the stromger wo arganized. and stronger efforts ware brought from time fotims, finally we got it all wor.
 working Saturdag aftermoms, and men working for othir eompanies were unt working Naturday aflormonns. I the not
 ran take it pirerollal: takr Buitish (on lumbia or a portion of British Cohnmhias. You rammot estahlish it muivor. **lly for a stat off.

 aro some to sulport the extalilishumet of the six-lome day in thrir vicinits: on
 to silppert the botion, lint still, at the same tillo. this remwention has alreaty
 "rotkers. intasmed as they pissed our pesohation tombing towatis that, and pobablye whor resulutions will amm "If. It the preselt time therre is at


 left open :med possibly be hamilled hy mome attive committor matil this comb veltion getw further aheal allal wios

What it run din aloug the lines of industrial mionisu.

Dol. Mroro: I may sas, fobowing but the instruetitus of mul loulgr. that I allu instructed for supher this resolutionl. Whether it was national. sertional or contincutul. or whateror it might be. I might say that in a mombution of the reacific Const metal watles, a six-hour resohation was passed througla there and they have alreaty appointed a propagondn committer to go yp and down the mast, alld I belins at committer in British Cohmbis to spread ormbe propationla in regatel for the sixhour alay : mut other anulitatating things for the inorknos, and I think that while things ane sumetimes statiol locally for the lonefit of the workers. the 44hour werk which wo established in 13. 1 . Was lut establishow in any other part of the Dominion of ranatia or on the where sidm, het I think it we could Let the conoreation of at la:at the bominion of ('tumala and the $\cdot$ 'o.operation "f the Taritie "oast on the uther side, we would be in a math letter pusition to get somewhere.
D.e. Chisholm: Fown the muatks of solus of the drhmites present. rous "oulll think, wr !ou "umht take it, that this moverment was a moscoment of the
 "世и patioular pusition, wit in ruality it is a moverotent of the workers in rorrespuntrone with the aromomis development of sociotre athd this question is mot morns it question of the warkers we the ropresentatives of the "orkrom. hom is a question of the masters lue, illil we fiul that this questions of shortoning the homrs of rimporment. is prohapse of mure interest tor the masfers than it is 10 us. Wir kumw well "lmogh the mastors, as a chass, alm not in a position to acerpt boug periods of
 alled that they uro wery mollola afraid of a retisis iu ally of these uncomployment: rrisps and they are afrod of thoir own pmsitions. so that in sulport of the motions. 1 believer that wo da wot meed
 from the mastire in that mammer, hat we most ill the me:mtime wrganizo our forers to the hest or our ability to rarY (1) a propagethlat eallyaign for the ntmost pressihar extront.

Del. Bamstex: I rise to sumper thos rewolation :1s a bember of the resolit-
 the wimed that broticer Xishor took. that the date should not be dolayed hevoud Jome Ist. It serms to me. from
what Del. Rres said, and I am not referring personally to him at all (I do not mean anything personal). lut it aeems to we that they arr frying io place us workers in the l'roviner of British Colmmaia in the position of: Father over hare in Britain. Nuther over here in the [Eniter States. Bur. here in B. C. Father says to son: "Hon, you panot mow unles: I si, st.' " and Mother says. "Ohey F 'hor. boys.' (taturhtrr.

No . Mr. Chairman., 1 matutain that Tune ast is quite lone enough to dolas this action, if any action is decidet to be taken by this ionsention. Wiemot always renmmier that nithough the workers who we represent may not $\mathrm{h}_{3}$. so glib of the tongue as what some no us are here, still we law get to repog. nize the fact that todily a ronsider. able number it these men whe have sent us here to represemt them. ter wplain this prom-ition, although thes camnot say it "put, an woll as we do. ther arr still in -llpurt of the propusition. Now then. I myselt take the stand that we ath mbking to break away from the hurtiet shop uf the intornational otherers of the Amerncan Federation of latbor, that is, I think. the essenfe of the uowe. They have tohd us long rhough: " Yull firllillshall not mow withrot us." and it is up to us to say th them umw. $\cdot$ Wir an going to move whin we tomsithe the combitions warrant ms moving. Whether you like it or whether youl oln wit." and British Cohmbia means therre on this propatimita and pontually it may huppern, as solle member, hall said, we go tw work atol to wot rall at strike but to ghto work at Hille s. III. in thr moming anl fulit at ruel.


 and do what rout like atumt it.
 this diselssinn is ronerthe guite s
 batk to what was perahher sulte tion vears ago. Noll, yon ratmot jullor ther
 any day wr aty reat which hat - bofore this. hatome alliffornt emblition of affatirs existe that what hatw existed sime Mupitadism itcolt rame in
 for some four aml a hadf ratre thirty millious of wenh hat men engagen in the proedes at destruetion. men whin have heren taken frome intuatrios. In
the warly stages of the war the regular armies were killed off. the retreat from Mons whiped out the Imperial army and all of the 1 unn who have been taken insofur as thr British army is ".wnerned were taken from industry lircetly and yet, in spite of the fact that some ten millions of mon were raised by the British workers, athd in spite of the fare that another aight nillions wre engaged in the producdinn if things meressing fur destructive purpeses. yot the whrkers have carried on prondection and tid mol elothed and his.. -uplifell the fightime furees with mob tood and clothing than date ever hatid of in their lives lefore not to se:ak of the dextrutule imploments of llar.

N゙ow, $n e$ are filond with the situa. ton wher thes burn :1re roming back and where places must wo found in in. hustry and places eaumot he found be--ense the market is "losed, wast quent. ly 110 atr in such a condition where finlitiad intherners :nor not worth just as math as imlustrial enntitions themselves. Wre realize this that the numher of men comitig biek to British Co. lumbia, are. ill greater proportion to the population ot that province than the hmmbor of man in any other part uf this romatry and that the unemphowent situation will be twh great--r. particularly in the largar centres of this provisise than it would her in the larger rentres of the ['nitarl states of America or of rastern canada, and we lumet further realize that the condi tions provaleut in any particular industrial district leterimine the conditions ut the workers in that distribt and not .wntitions in zome other part of the wirlh. Hoar, hear.

Tha, righthour day fing the building tan, wsa imangurated in this inuntry "ithrue (irnat Britain being ronsider. wh. aul the eight-hwur fay miners in Britisa OMumbia u:s beiug fought wut without amsibherins whether the miners :mewhere else han it or not. It w:s : ifurstion of whether or not it rombl hurered and hepathon Great Britait has not rat got the six hour hay or herams thr miners in Great Britall may mot get the six-hour day. it lows not alfer thi fact that the min-いr- anrwher, els $i_{1 l}$ Amorirs van not art that. If you taky that view point wert tath she stand that in a eertain romatry at a eovtan time. that a cer tain number of nume of work. produces a errtain number of pommorities, and thet sime experienco, athl the same
condition applies everywhere. We know that is not so. Wro know that in tie highly dera' eed Lnited Stater of America that the worker there is the cheapest anmat on the face wi the earth, but we also know that eluring the warl in coeat Rritain that the bre sons cugiged in the muntion prodne. tion in (ireat Britain, whe workirl the shortest hours ot aly worker ragateril in muntion production produed man and theapwr than any workers wh the tace rif the with in that melustr. for such an extent that the British firms couk lwhere shells furty dolitars cheaper than the American timus "inf all their moplowle nt produrtion atal all the rat maforials at their own dime. We knosi this comdition ders nut now "ssor"ly allly that becatlee the whth urs in whe part of (amata cathont ond a thing that the workers ill anothor part :lre romperiled to art in the samie way. Wi. must molerstand this aloo. that a rombtionary - pirit i- in the air.

The worknts of limseia diol not wat for the halamer withe worlel boferr they made their stan and it is not a "ase of whother we want a sixhomar day becanse "W desire a six hour dise, hut it is berallar the comblition bit the fillas lemand that a shertemang of the work. mg day takes flatere in obler that the sitnation might for allevistom. Wי, know it is : problam an! we montroizo We are -till as much ahead (1n th, six. hour tay as roce wr were on the uight. hour day :lmb wh mint reengizu fur. ther it is luothor to inamgurate. if p s. sible, a six-lumu day now whoroby a certain mastare of amployment wilf bo. provided thant in delay attion and w

 workers liy the use of the mathin.
 know the rxintomere of memplownent mpats find rints, ambl wo kuth that if that sillation shomblal arior anll the workers of that partionlar combity and that divtrivt ate lut orsallizel, it heallo
 tion and the Wiping out of the workpry on the slmote of the eitire. hat: wr. do not wotut th tak wheh artiom. In the lucalltime we shonld gn twe wotk so as to kiopl romditions is pume is
 "ation oll that when comblitions dur monprl theme take enntwl wi thing in
 wooluturn maty b, fort on gront as
they will he ill rases whole the mot is neer.

For these reasmas becanse of the face that the rulers of this and other enntrixs renognize the danger with wheth they are facod I blo not anticipate of funition un the part bit the larger in anstrial varporatimas th this proposat
 thore is math lipen flo, stathte books amb there is mothe in in wistener in rni- julnstrial wn thentrol produe tion : to allesial, vertain eonditions ut porlurtion that wrer mot inangurat .al ly the mateter clase for the benetit wi the mastor rlates alome, and it is the hody "t imdustrial bapitalistes in a -H:all line. the follons whe does not knos athything matrite of hiring and
 whow wa ave the far all:l they would. Hight this prommition !nut ally convineral that realiaing the sitmation that i- arisilus, allal reatizing the temper of the HuN. walising ther witl adoph a fromsitimu which will :lloviates their

 ambintmert that this romerntion in--trut their selemates prosent and by "irpular to thnse mot represented that the ropersellations of the internation al mions uf all wtaniasd bodies lots
 the 'llostion ai laving lown tools it: nowesary $i_{1}$ meder that a six-hour day -hall be methlished as spedily as pos. -iblor tollowing ther tabulation ot an : whrodty fiswrable wor on the questinh. and if plu Citornational mions fail for takr a lote as shrgested, that. -uth : bote he takinn thrmighout the D.aninion of Canula in order that na. timnal :uttion might hu taton. Du I get :1 menmber?

1 Mambir: 1 ッюmif.
WיI. Rers: N1. Chairman and frllow drlegater. 1 zabd listemed with inhuront to the disalosiont this morning :and th the remarks of Dhlegates Kay-
 tion :1s whe 小ries:tre in the batek apolo-
 15 try :mal axpres mar wan oplinions on the pheotitn withoms any promalities. $l_{11}$ arsuitge a quation narl man has got his "سn ilea or winn "piainu or theory tur :ulsanding. :H1H fr. - hting his case

 my Kother Strinfoll!, I difi not vay tha -ix-lomo thay was i. monlationary

did say it wha moresary, in my "pumb, to, if pussiblo. work in harnony with the British workirs and the Jmerienn workers to makn the change an nesurad s:rerss nud I do suly : mew and llat is the reasin for making the amemblument. The purpurt of the alluma surnt is: If it ran be whblisherl with each delegate when lue gues hame be. longing to ath international mion on otherwise, if he will lewe his lowal, it hr rall so ahlife them to writt the in termational mion, that a vhle shall hulaken imburdiatuly, und when I s:ly ime mediately you womhl have to sive them at wook (ir twn but wot further than
 or unt the working ritis, wh shatl I saly of this combery south wi lle at this time are prepamd in :allop the six-hour day.

 and whers at hatr herol mentionded in

 that votr will in. 1 athe rollvineed in my mind that mumithstamliny whit bas hern said lys mon dolegites that the workors ate now pregtred at this time for this andelion:tive mestante, the

 the six-lour atay is hut bhe pathera wo



 stufls : and muntions on kerp sheh oway wholming momhers of tholl entamed in that caparity, then tums assumetly the
 and I wis thinkiug the thinge tor the this: The xix hom they as Brother ster


 atharthel lank aftor hloy are hemolil

 is sombething that all kinds wif 1 "ole are looking fin at this time. Damy of the elolexatos. !umsitly the mitarity of
 senting the mrmbrship in British ('o. lumhia they ratu are, thas whot have
 this thing. it lons not git far momogh. Wo mast remomber there are all kims of thon in Rriti-li fotumbiat wh: : s yat haw unt giver at dive thonght to a question of this kimi. Wi monst also



tion in order to fure the six. hour day in British Columbin. but a gratern! strike is an alsurdity when there is n" wrat. We diseussed this matter pro amd eon in onr mincres conrontion and "1口 nsed ollu I think very alecent is. Lhotmion that stopped the strike as far as the miners were emberned, that. what was the use of rulling a gemeral strike fin the Bitmolmons miders 10 find the Distriet 15 miners when in the sumbur time wo show the lignite fechl is absolutely idlo. 'The same thing in :
 Wi. have all kimes of men ont of work am: minformately the majority of thes. notu out of work :re thinking tirat of athl to go to, and loot at six.hour day. Comsenthenty you mast remamber it is ? matter of "pinion as to it wo call finter a botc. I know (inmpers won't lik. it :and his kinal that if wr ran forea at vote in the latur mowemollt in this

 g" froum this rombention and sily "wr wrinituly lay down a probe whereby We atre gully thask all the workors ot this romatry and if possible. Smericit
 purpisi., allul also priat ollt in our prop agatula talk that this purgose was but thr patamea that was goliug to bring
 somb ather thing. but that it was mar.
 lishal sombthing hat it will he alost



 trikn for 13. ( $C^{\circ}$ or the jomr Western prosinces.
bil. (ixugam: 1 have heru listrol

 :Hents. Jn the first plater ho points wh:t ther pitiful situation of the workine

 t.11 bark 10 his atrombuts. that is to siry, he ars the :11gruments that the Surisilist propunands, that the workingr
 hay allut aits. The urgathization whirh ha represente is one of the higerst taj" worm institutions on the Smerie:an emon tincoll. Wi must har in mind that the
 goly to lake : new rolor, :and it is

 lts lutal is cuing th urne it, athl in ureler that its hrad moves it we haso
grot to take the musele out that was pat in here by the organizutions, and whon we take that musele wit and pitt some brains in, then wr w: 1 got ar tion alung those lines.

Dol. Nimplair ('arpulutrs): The organization I represent is firmly rom bimed on this issuc which has get to rollow hefore this colwontion here and thes arreed un May lst. (onsidering
 that thes have not the necerssary mathinery in urter to earry it ont hy that date and we allowed 1 bull 10 gio amother montl, hut Wre as I muherst:mat it. hise leen definitrly instructed in fight fir this resulation and thensak


Del. Wilkinsm: 1 was porsellt at at merting of the Trestos and labor Combell whell a wherentative fern
 trodureot this matter reported it to the Trades Conncil and 1 was struck with "hle signiticant bling he satit. Ha mato the athommernment at ally tute who wore going ent aftur this six-hour day and lluy were aping to it alled I think he mentioned llat ist as the late. 11, atan explained that thee Were having consithralle dittically at that time on at loast they wre monaikerang ways and means of prevemting the mell from |hroplitus out of their orgatizations. H at word he reportal a condition which it well known to every memher of or maniard labor.

Nos. in histening to dhis disemssion 1 motioed the propexition for the six hour day eomes from that rhement in the ronvention which we should regart as lowng the most matieat and the most progresive amongst us but to me it. does not surem that the six-hour dis is shleh at mirachlons thing. I alli aio most inchined to think that yont wombl bre bunch hedar allvised to dibent rame
 and Inmminion govroument: atu! fo the Emplosers Asemiatinn. Tha ascrage -mpherer is ouly intropsted in the work or frum une stamelpoint and that is. that provialed he can ger hime at a propor figure in the muttor of wages wit! it mitable stamend of prowedme wallo, that is all he wauts.

Nus. the prosporet at the preswot timer is that there will las plents of workers 10 gen around and the anderge -mplosers womld le much lertur all sian in hare ment to work tur six loours, than they would to hiere men tor eight lomers, beratha in six bumes a manl s

his frothetine capacity rat be made to a higlur pitrh lọ the diminution of the working diass. Ill statisties dealing with workmen 's cumpensation, and all statisties dealing with recidents befalling workinen in industry goint to the fac: that the workers rucrey und bower of resistrum ilowersis as the day als:ateres and the majority of the accidents takn place during the last Iwo hours of tho whking day. I do
 rath why the arrage hige hasiness man shonld nut rash to this six-lomer day propman with "lan arms. If it were hut for the fard that his mentak activities are contimatly aceupied with woly one thing wat that is the meres: sturlyige of husimess allul that watsidn of himsiurss he hats simb tor mahing dare, and very little sympather for aty-
 irs in a rmamontary way, it he onls touk י1p the mluly of suriology in a rmiimputary way he womble shett this is argond froposition fur him and hast for hlor six-hour day.

Sow, lif 11 - look at it for atment from the stampoint ol a puliticinn. Ther govirning athorithes of this erountry ate very scarel of whe thing and that is that if they let the unomployed
 whieh they beliose it way \&o $1 \mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{a}}$ and "hous all itw workmoll who rome batk
 from the amy, men who will. well : jussibly know thom, la very disrup tibe tores from the stathlawint of soeial orrler sath the crovermbent ot this comity, as well as of many othere who ate wekibes somb interest ill this mat for ara wruldring how they ram pos sibly avoid what they Inelicie to he at ruoblution ar a wear revolutiong vat es. they eat devise sollur matans of morting it and thes would in pertiontly pre pared, I beliose, if yom rath whos them that this six-heur day was aroilng la bre a sufticioutly reliahlo lwomsition for batane" tho situation, I think they woultl la preparmb ta gratut a six hont d:s and lea off your revolution with two homes fas for bothing.
 *hak for thr motirnt, allud I will ion so at this timu when the amomblarent is hofore thr honts: in sulporting tor orig nal mation amal opmsiug tho amumbuent. In tha lirst phare lat we stav: If that liflle forbibmatioal ran anction, if, if. you moldrataml, if my grandfather had hern my frambonther

would have tilisom my splendid sers ices. If the star, fall we would hie wiped out, and if the luss had any time for anything other than busines... and if he bad sympathy for unything .Ise but his buying of latwor powne then We: migint edheato him. to understama our position, lont it is a most ridiculons argument, lut we can start out with the supposition that you rat build any dammed thing yon there premins. I call start out with the first is mondne (renesi- :mbl huih up all the Chritian Religion apren it and prowe it. 1 can start out "ith the wherition that we ran charat, th. lion to miderst:ond
 yon at men durnsitron in twin mato. but the how hav ner nother time that the time he git... the hi- hasinese and he has ne wher - $\because$ muthy than arm. pathy for himertr. What i, the ure of nis trying to tell onmonder that we can go the the and whim that her can bays off om bindution lay giving u-

 not interenterl in the ha-inese of tert. rag anybots he ath hug off inur mothe tion. We thust lering it wis in the titot place, and when it cuture th hivtoriw conditions lochis rup. talk :ah.... Mas ing it off the mat mot st川, it is but a qur-tion of heving it ott?
In suppritt ut the -iv homit day. The
 Brhemate Kanallagh. Thi- combation of 13. $\therefore$ batwer waht tu hal with taw. tions that affere..el that hame in Brition



 front duriud the wat han how the bettor that the ondition- it : any when
 on behalf if the treet bailwayme that they wine an far a- pay i- mon armed, worhing andition that :anmot be comperent with the romdition?: that
 It has alrealy burne puinterl nat oy cert
 conditions (atalidibl atemding to Is

 olnained hy thu rowkrs on the coast an in B. C. Scherthe that have not
 cast and it i- well known that yont have a more radical and a more prog. ressive lakor nurement in B. C. than you will fiml. "I. "ill say, is the pros.
ince of Queber. Up until recent yeara, very reeent years in fact. the workers' mowement of B. C. from the industrial -tandminl has been far in advance of the whrkers' movement. I will not say judging numerically hut from the standpoint of your experiences as expressed from time to time has been :heal wern of the Workers' movement in Britain, that has up till recently lin, il poneerned only with kieping the agrements made lix the hans who can hroak them at any time. We have provch from our rxprime on in the past that in certan lowalitios, :nd aceord ing to rertain conditions, and under rortain eireumstanes we can foren certain things, and here is a point I want to. loring to the attention of this conrention. It was thehed upon by Dolgatr Kavanagh.
B. I: hat supplied more mern pro rata (1) fle, Canadian Fexpeditionary forco. than any other province. B. C. has the -malla-1 population of any province in Camala. The business man with symbetly for his business only and nothing .ha sees the problem of the returning owliar and he saly "all right." Now, 1 "am, across an mbertisement in a 1anal wate office and $i$ - say- "The war i- "w.r" in hig headlines and then thery wa- an old tinu and rather an"innt farmer looking at their soldier loy" anll it say: "the war is owr. Buy " barm fing your wn" aml there was
pivt:ly of the son and the couple hanime on a stack. That is the lans: :w... man': concepton of sottling the -hblier uff. Now. th:at misht work in a farmine community like olborta but in Briti-h Cohumbia where a man has t., maker a laswer and throw the lasson?
 ...f up int" his garden, it is mo noc tathing ahout artling the obltime on the latm where he has to serus the soil bern,ell the reck in onder grow one bobhe !extature There is mos solu tion :he noldier ell hase. It is a froburn that mant be shtom imdividual. Is for as h whthen. The thimk ly gis ine then potitional fobs the ean solve it. or beg giving them fishery righes ani Fronat theni w sumphere befllwh the Aretir "irely and forget form. and they will swh there own prohlema. But the hambling of this sol. hior problem is: a problem fur the la hin mondment, and it is muly on thi!inint 1 support the six-hour day. B $\because$ has the greater number of returning ohliers and the problem. herefore, for II. is greater than it "ill he for the
other provinies and $1 t$ ，th refure ha． comes a grenter responsibility tur the labor moveucent of B．C．to initinte any appealiorative measure in this regard that ean be taken．B．C．has takuot the initiative in times jast．It whs in Brit－ ish Culunbia we shoulal be initiativ： to tell the order－inerouncil lireed nit positiviaus und lawsers at Ottuwa when they toll tis wo roult unt stuly sworn
 －oncermed when they told us whist wi could read und what we could not wiel． that thes rould go to hell quick．：ull that initiatio brought intu beince ： noveronent throushout tar whole ot ：this country ant the hlanket orchereilecotal－
 side．

1 want tus say this．Whatevor rati
 inent in B．＇．in the pust lias lionn in tho van wi frogrose as far as tho lat

 ing oho taking ot trefinito－－to kie aguratd thw six－bour diy on ：Errtain latu．I＇akr it that gro sllyunes that we will urge joint aetion in the mon Holut with the wther provilumes and！wo will sue 10 what axtent thery are ribl． ing to gu alumy with us．＇Tht＇other proviness in fallala itre louking to wards tha kibor noventent in H．C．and at the present timu from persomal leto ters 1 hawn reexived iruil eomentes in （ilasgnw and in Manchoster，and in othor sections of Britain，that insofiar as us lembing tu them to takn eurtain movemolts at the presunt tinns，they are looking to B．T．to sur what the surtiments are（unt the worern boast wit the Ameriman rentinout and to sue what is being donw here It is lut it rase $n f$ any onc section ot the working vins waiting for the othror suretion to tato． atetom．but it is for hs to stito owlo jum tion and if we fail in corrving this sis hour day I waut to toll you．if wo fail we shall have learnerl lessons froul that fallure lint 1 du not think we shall fial．

Drlogate sixnn：In speaking to 1）．l． Roms atmemdment and ilsitinst tho mos tion．Brother Lriteland has just point ul ont that its and sumb do not eret us atlywhere．I amt mut it sisionatry I do mot doal in visjons al all or what tho loses thinks of it． 1 dual with it on the facts as I sew tham in tho City
 how have landled the unbstion tionn thoir pinint of viow as wristing thw ronditions in thour partimblar minurs＇ ＂reranization or boilarmation and so
furth．Now，in the earpenter tradu and dealing with it froun thut point of the six－hour skiy．You might liok at it as そou like lut you arr siuply asking for an increase in wargen．It is not the hours the looss is gring to look at．He looks nt it only frum whe standpoint and that is what is is going to cost hitio．Iou ar：workinge for as well ns the six－lonir tay fur all illerenso in whytes．Nuw，you all juing to work un the lat of Jume ，stud you are going IU equll ：t strike tu jupurn these condi－ luons．Now k＂allug with the carpenter fadr sumb the gur－tion of extling a gen－ cral strike in 1 he city of bencouver． Honse luililitg thetre is practically notno and that brings it duwn to what trmo is simply in thos ship statre．Wooders slip varls ara dying alld frrity soon will lee out of exi－tracte．Leave tho re－ furnol soldier purstion out ol it alto－ attlur．and it eommos fown simply o ytration of vour nwll ranks uf tlleme jlusument ami union falme itself．You －latia here you hate rstablished an eight－hour diy．You hisve not．There i－no יight－lowr day in the Cite of V＇un．
 as Foul ean huy thי runks ot maion lat－ hol tu work twelvo．folltren alll eigh－ tern hours it dat for loss thatu thirty luro＇s of silver ：unt hatye not got an －richt－hour day．＇There ar＂nu＇u work．
 fwelve atul fundoun lobirs a day，und bot only in the rarpentur irade but in the boilermakers＂ 1 m ：u trade where vonl 1 an hay any union mian in the City
 any vet P゚ロu say voll halie an ciget
 voll 1：an wot mon to will wit and buy principlo for mones．Y．，are up， ：rainst that samm＊hennent whon you wish to strika tor the sixhomr rlay． Will they look it it Fronn the stand－ juint for the gaol of wronnized inhor？ will thes look at it frome the stand
 on work an woll as themsulves．atld تon take tho drkergitrs iss they have spok－ 1－11．Thuy look 1 ןon it．wo can go to． work at nine tu twolve itmlyo to work it onu to folor．thai is at stanl point that does not tako nuta ronsideration the other ：＂dlow．When is he going to work his six hours．I have not hearat

 for to sive tho othol man a rehanco in got lis loaf of hroad．：umd somothing to eat as woll as us．Y nave hoard the？ drlumitrs put forwarl the wec tine
they will ge to wark, und the niee litne of the duy they will gnit, lat when is

- the ofher fellow going to fot his finert of the day in. You will hins: to put him on a night whift, so you have gat to 5 en down 10 the standpoint that you haver git br "ul wollishmess ont uf the
 other man' - puint 2 : vint as wrll as your. и"n, athl this questinn uf the vix hour day i- fo give law wher mati 11





 *Oい!
 of sirn :ll :1/ lout fran the rallke of Inbor. as it is :ll the procollt daly, allal




 ※ix-lome d:y


 to the orgativations ant tha six lownr
 number of ritlis on the quemtion. The disenssion has rithered ober for what
 the serretall has in hi: hand mplies

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 the qumetictr.
 a minutr Whil, $\pm$ mohulate athar figurn



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move which might lo made ber tha con vention fur the cenfullishoment uf a six

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 Horr $\cdot$ fromin in maldishing : : xhomi dity that fin us lu ory anal wath.


 tuk, inhatrorer satisfaction rom likn ant


It is bery widellt tr the in the leriof
 tions hatl tu dh:al with this gurotion that thera is at slother forlin: on the six homer dat prolilom in the prosinee
 ッuted.



 t0 ast a questimn and it is :an billems.






 sixtyoniph1 1 \&silust.


Nteam Einginecrs，L＇rince Rupert．
Tofomstors ant Chanffells，Vancou． ver．

Piledrivera and Hridgemen，Vancou－ vir．

Metallitermas Miners，Hedley．
Lathers＇linion，Vuncouver．
1．$⺀$ 1．13．Carpent ers，Vietoria．
Kailuay（＇mrmen，Victoria．
Bonkbinders，Vivtoria．
Marine Firamen，Vmonuver．
（＇igathakers，Vancouver．
l．ong－hommen，Victoris．
1．13．Camenters，Vaneonver．
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Garmant Makars，Vancouver． Machinists，lievelstoke．
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Stoman Enginors．Oictoria．

（＇onk－and Wimars，Vincouver．
l．ongshumben，Vanconver．
I Delogatio：So those replies all fat varable？
Thn Socrotary：They are with slight variatime as to conditions．

A DCheratr：Thrar is no letter frome the l．onshoremu＇h，Vancouver，but 1 may stat＂that it was takere ule at the motin！：mbl it wits manimously en－ dorsed，but thungh serme oversight at lotter was suppuse to be forwarded （1）this convention，lut I may state also that the thing wis kind of vague． athd tha＂xemtir．wre in douht as to what action would te taken，and until thare was some robrerto thing pat for ward they were inrlined to favor a roftrondum．

Thre Chaiman：＇Ehe information that haw hern reduestod las been givern by 140 medretary bit of course the ean only sive the inturustion that has bern pre sinted to him in the form of eorre 4ponderid＇

The＂hatimath：W゙い atr bow past our aljonrmarnt timb．
i． 1 motion was pasead for the ax． folsion of timu mitil the mattor in unestion latel heen disunesed of）．

1 Delagitle：Does the original reso－ latinn read＂that attín slall be sub－ fort th the approwal of＂trefomdum hofore ：strike is called．

The（Sluirman：It is not sot forth in thet reommendatian．No．The chair would naturally ［re－suppose that the matter would nerossarily lave to go th the alliliatol mombership for an ex
premion through a reforendum．That in the fosition the clair takes if a de． ersion is rergitred．

The chair will now froered to put the question．．Ill in favor of then amendment as set forth by Delegate Rees，yon will vignity in tha usum

（The ammblment was put to the merting und derinated）．

The Ghaiman：All in favor of the recammendation of the cenmmitter will signify in the hsual manner．
（Thie motion was declared eurried．）
It was deeded the grustion shonld fire referred to the Wentern Conference．

The couvention then adjourned．

## Tuesday Afternoon Session

（Virepresidut J．Tayior presiding）
The（hairman：We will now cantinue with the report wi the rommitter ont rasolutions．
Del．Kawamagh：Resolution mumber seven．＇This rasolution is n substitute for the many rewritutions sumbitter on the guestion of intustrial organization． lat vinw of the finet that here were so many eovering the same point，and as Ho methot of goilig about this was in－ fimated in the resolutions，the resolu－ tions committre ndopted the following substitute for those submitted．The moshlution is as follows：
－Resulved，that this convention rac ommend to its atiliated membershif that they seber alliliation with their in tornational organizstion，and that steps br taknll to Lorm an industrial organ－ iz．tion of all workrrs，and：
＂Br it further resolved，that a cir． rular mutlining n proposed plan of or－ gavization he sunt ont to the various ＂rganizations and that a referebalum on bhe question be tiaken it the same time．＂

1 nuone she aloption of the rommit． tor＇s report．
＇Ihu＇motion was sochended lyy athe her of the mumbers．

The chaimatn：The resolution has now been moved and secondod and the msttor is opern for discussion．Are you rustdy for the question？

Del．Mevety：The resoluton，Mr． Chaiman，is ome that recammends it． self to the bembership．If I have listeluol to the rasing of the resolu－ tions committer aright，there semm to he at gemeral complaint among the Welegates as the tratment they have recoived from their internationals，on varions orcasions，and they feel that bether progress ruthd lue made by ent．
ling loose from the inturuational union and having one hig unlon in the prov－ ince of British Columbia．The organ． iantion that I represent，the Interna－ tional Organi／ation of Machiniste，has had no such＂xperionce as that urged by other deligates us thu renson for endorsing the resolution．

To follow the poliey snt wit in：the resolution merely means，so far as our organization is coneremed，that flftern hundred machinists in the provinee of？ Britisk Coblmblar arr going to rut thatmaduas hoss from an wranization． one of the largive on the rontimitht now，with ware 300,000 of a member－ ship，sud an wryanization which has always morn than met any whligations to its mombership in the matter uf flameres or utherwise．If the loeals of the m：telumsta＇urgnizations in Cnn－ ada wrer to attrmpt to pay to the in－ tormational in 1 －r rapita，the ameunt ropecion！in strike pay and other simp ports for industrind inowoment－。 therl they would bu． 1 would think，fifty sars irow now，without any turther money lming sent neroses to this side in wider th luave ：hulanee in their favor．I way，so far as ont wryniza－ tion is roncirnen，that it would be． with the very large number of work． ers who are migrating back and forth arross the line that it would be folle for a large propertion of that momber－ ship at least to follow the roliry advo－ cated in the resolution．Now．I have been a member of tho ussociation for twenty yoars and I will say that if my friend．Del．l＇riteharil，finds it necessary to mak＂sumu insinuations． I would liku to say I hato sut to draw my first dollar from the finternational Union in any apacity whaterer．Dur－ ing that twonty sorars we have been deprocating a puliry of organization on sational limes．Cutting out all that wa know and spatik of as purciy Canadian unions，and＂udeavoring to luild uy a continnatal union on this continent un－ der the namb of the Intermational Union．In fart our organization has gone a good deal further than that． and has，for ten rears past，beon ac－ eppting without initiation fee，paid－up workers in the trate from nuy other country－Grrmany，Italy，Francr，Fine－ laind and so on．A main coming from those rommers，merily by depositimg his rard，took nut at once good stand． ing memhership withont payment of any fees whatrver and on this contin－ －nt we have mone further than that again，and wo tomk a reforrndun for an
nmalgamation along iudustrial lines of the iron trades nesociations or organi－ zations－the boilermakers，blackmiths． marhinista and so on－and that vote was earried by a largo majority In our own urganization，hut wns defeated in shar otners．＂That offer still holds Lood so far as the international or－ ganization of machinists is concerned． I suy，so far as our organization is conerernoul，at liast，that there is noth． ing or no artion which the interna． tional has litken or no rosult whirh has an far heren shown which will not lornetieially nfiem our memberalif in thi commey，and which would wareant ＊以リ＂ting the roxolution butor the llanme．

Wal Wills：Mr．Clairman，I would lik．th Hak＂questions 18 I tuke 19, the problation means a formation ut ollo inlustrial orghization trom 11 is provitor and not forganize the work ors hy industrice．Is that corrmet？

The charman：that is correet．One industrial urganiattion rowring nll lines．Is 1 unlerstand it，the varmus erafts mow in＂xisternen womb simply nll lo members of the same urganiza． thon while metaming their present ज्ञtanding．

A Dilegate：Do．I take it youmena the $\mathrm{I}^{\text {ressince }}$ uf Britisl Columbia or ：he whole of Callala．

The Chamiman：It in a working chase propumition and is not restricted in ans particular district．
i Bolegate：Does that mean that We are secroring our connection inter． nationally is rerafte：

The Chitipman：If the delogate was here when the resolution was read－it rads．＂That we recommend to the atfilitital nambership that thery sever their attilation with their interna－ tional organizations，and that steps be taken to form an industrial organiza． tion of all workers and，be it further resolved，that a rireular lutter omtin－ ing a propesed plan of organization br s．nt out to the various organizations， ant that a referendum on the question be tukion at the same time．＇That is the whole pieint of the resolution．

A Delogate：On a point of informa－ tion，Ahr．Charman．That would go hy refierendmm atwo？

The Chairnan：The resolution con－ fains in its latter gunhen a sugheotion that a circular letter outlining the pro－ position lee sent ollt to the various ar－ paniations，and that a referentum be taken at the samt time．The chair wrulul take it that any rewolution
which nuggests such an netioa as this, where the convention doos not form. any spectile plan, I would say it would be submitted la conformity with the glat of this resolution and that that would devolve upon the incoralng extcutive.

A Delcmate: Are there aur other resolutions on the table prome., th. organization of our industrial union and one only

The Chairman: The chalrman of the resolutions commitece pointed out the number of resolutions braring on this and saill they brought oue which sull. tituted for the whole.

The Chairman of the Committer: The mujority of the resolutions do not mention the internationals at all.. The Kluberley Minera' linion has juct gone in tavor of the Camadian men hers ifraviag away from the Interna. tional smelter Workers. Aunther rewo. lution grated that the craft organiza. tion has outgrown its usefulness :und suggested another form. The Marhinists of Yancourer, Lodge No. 777, took the position of the formntion of nur. aad one only iadustrial organization, including all workers. From the Priner Rupert Ludge eomes the proposition which is to be submited to the Trades and I abor Congeres on the point of withurawing from the Ameriena Fed. cration of Labor. All these deal with the same: question nod the resolution. which we have submitted is substithted for the entire lot.

A Delegate: The reuson I asked the question is this. The members of the association that 1 belong to ars in fawor of one, and oue only, orgaaization, and they do so only through the fact that their experiences in the past in aealing with international otherse have been very matisfactery. W: have learned throngh experiener that "hen we are desirous of exereising Incai antonomy, desirons of excreising nur rights to enforec npou our masters the legislation we ferl just at the time we are hampered by the rule which makes us apply for permission to do so before we can take a strike. That permission many or may not be grant. od, nnd we have come to the conclu. sion that the question of whether it will be granted or not the deciatul either one way or the other will be dictated as it relates to the funds of the organization. And in considering it, we also took into consideration the multiplicity of organizations, namely.
the iudividual unions to which we all belong which are amilinted only inter. nationally, and then lirough this internatlonal attillatlon we lave the metal trades null labor councils and thon wo hay the other ones which ariso out of ecertaln courlitioas. We have como to the conclusion that owigg to tho multiplicity of orgaaizations whlch have taken place, dae to the eennomir. conditiona arising out of our interna. timal nffairs, that mur organizations :are being hampered so thnt we ar" mas. ing our rights. and in fact we are grad. unlly losing the uscfulnegs of our orgnui/ations.

The question of directly breaking awny from the iuternational has not mented into our discussions to the exwht where it would be diseussed sufti"icutly to bring out the beactlent or wher iutorests il he rking uway. We rontend that is i C. Fideration "i Labar will p . vall on record as being in faver of one union and one in. duatrin! union only, representing all trades, we will do away largely with one class distinctions in the labor movemeat, which, I think, has been the: whe tactor which is holding back the progres. of the labor movement. Wi. are striving to do away with that class distinction and bring all members to me level, as they would be in one indastrial organization. Now, today we are su coustituted that if you take the condition where the machinists in the Aity of Vancouver, for instance. are dexirous of going ont on strike. Tha importance of that organization to the rommunity at large is not of sufficient importance th crate an improssion on the minds of the community as a whole and the ronsiquence is that an organization such ns the machinists is at a dismdsantas.

The street rnikwaym, if they go out on strike. their strike is felt at once in the community and the result is there is public interest set to work in the interest of that particular organization, so J say under the existing cendition of affars one orgnnization is placed in a far better position than others.

Now, in the merging of all these iaterests one class would not have any preference over the other. We are try: ing to hring aluut a unity of interezto and that is why our organization, as a body, has decided to carry on a propa. ganda umong its own members for the formation of ouc industrial organization, including all crafts.

Del. Wells: I would like to ask another question, Mr. Chairman. When the resolutions were introduced there were resolutions dealing with the interchange of cards, open books and a uniform initiation fee, as well as some other matters in connection with our organization. Has the resolutions com mittec any intention of dealing with these resolutions in case the membership do not accept the proposal as laid lown by it
The Chairman of the Committee: It will all depend on the stand inken by the convention on this particular reso. lution. If this resolution is rarried by the convention and rofermed to its attiliated mombessaip, then the other questions are no longer necessary; becanse if we form one and one only organization these other questions will not come ur. If, howerer, this is not acerpted ly the convention, then the resoltuians commatter will, of necessity, leal with the resolution coneerning the interchange of working cards. the minimum standard imtiation fee, and such questions as that, but it all depends upon the particular action taken upon this resolution.

Del. Wells: That does not answer my question. I recognize that if this convention could decide as to whether the organization should take this action your position wouff ne perfectly correct. but in viow of the fact that this convention ean decide nothiug, exrept rudons the proposal of submit ting it to the mions, then what is go. ing to happen in the meantane.

The Chamman of the Committer: It 1 might answer further, 1 might say this. Therr are a considerable number of resolutions which have not been ronsidered ly the resolutions commit. te awing to the resalution defining the police uf the Federation being brought "p, but they have hern lott aver owing to the fact that they are not contentious resohations. and they are leing left owe to he plaend in tho hands of the new executive so that ther might act in the same old man. nor with them, providing this one does not mert "ith the approval of the uninus. The other guestions being also questions whide lave been before the romwinton ofton beforn then it was folt liy the resol.:tions committer that these erulal sufely ber left until it was follud wit hy tha excmutive as to whether theso particular steps now taken wore in aceordanor with the biews of the members or mot, and it
it was fornd they were not, then the exrentive of necessity would be compelled to put into operation such particmlar measures of propaganda, and such particular measures of bringing to the attention of the government certain things desired in the same way as ther have in the past, but we considered as those things were not eontentions there was no reason for discussing them at this convention, be. cause this is a resolution intended to ehange the poliey of the organization, and if the poliey is not changed, then the executive will haw to deal with these other questions as they have always done in the pasi.

Secretary Wells: 1 wanted to get that. I wanted to le in a position to knew whether the lands of the incoming executive were to be tied in refrrence to any wther matters which might eome up if this was defeated. So long as the incoming excentive's hands are free to rarry on propaganda along other lines. providing this does not meat with the approval of the membershig, then 1 all satisfied.

A Delegate: Yom have just ex Hained now that it cortain things did not lappen in this convention then the old-time policy is to be adopted. Did not we in this eonvention revolutionize the old-time poliey and decide that we are not going to send our representatives to the govermment?

Chairman Kavanagh: I said if the membership did nat authorize the change in poliey then the execotive wonld have to follow the oldtime poliey. The executive wat be governad liy the membership rote in these maters. If the membership says "We want the ehange" " then the exerutive will he governed hy that, and if ther say "not" then the execolive will have to $\mathrm{m}^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$ on.

Thr Chaiman: I would like to point ont that the resohntion changing the poliey is in the hands of the commitere an comstitution and hefore this convention adjourns this committer will hare tor sumbit an ambinded constitution to meet the pelies as out liuced in that resolntion; then that will have to be in turn sulumitted tu the mombers of the wramis\%tons suthat roul see the whole thing hinges nomer ibu rank and lile in the hast analysis.

Wel. ©ottrell: Mr. Chairman, there are mudoultedly many good points in the resolution, but al the sambe time I do not feed convined that No l:ill go ahomel along these linos jost $\because \cdot 0$. I
feel that some organizations or a great many of them cannot afford to throw over their international affiliation right away. There are so mayy things that are coming between them. There is insurance and one thing and another sueh as defence funds. Now, before au organization or a local can afford to throw that over they must have sonething in its place. I know. so far as our organization is concerned, I would not feel like recommending to them that they throw over their affiliation with the international and proceed to form another one. My idea is that we can make some recommendation to the trades councils and bodies of that sort, and get these councils to act in the matter. We can endorse the idea embodied in the resolution, but what it needs is, first of all, in my mind, to get from the different locals data as to what umount of per capita tax they are paying to their interna. tional, what benefits they receive from that international, and so on, and then the question of what you are going to put in its place would be the big one, and until you know just exactly what that international represents to the locals you can hardly go ahead with the proposition and throw over your international organization with safety.
Del. Casey: As the delegate from Prinee Rupert who has presented a resolution npon this line of action, I believe it behooves me to outhine what we conceived would be a feasible working scheme at the time that we initiated this particular iesolution. Now, the particular resolution emanating from Prince Rupert, and, Mr. Chairman, I may be out of order in dealing with it. as the resolution he fore the House for discussion is the resolution subuitted by the resolutions committer, but it 1 might. I would like to brietly outline the provisions of the Priner Kupert resolution.

The prince Runnrt resolution dealt with the severing of connection with the interuational as they now exist. and hringing about the development of at mationat industrial organization in lipu thereof. The line of action outlined for that particular resolution was that it lirst be taken up in the B. C. Fedtration Convention, and if approved by this particular assembly, that it then be submitted to the Western Conference, then it be submitted to the Tradu- Congress of Canada for its approval, and if approved there, then it be submitted to the entire nember-
ship of the affiliated locals in the Dominion of Canada for their approval or disapproval.
My line of thought, worked out a scheme where it would not involve the breaking up of unions, but it would, if it was found favorable by these various assemblies, necessarily develop \& movement, and yet at the same time it would hold together the working organizations intact.
I myself do believe still that that resolution probably offers the best working basis for to bring about this change after all. However, upon this other point as recommended by the resolution before the House now, it is a resolution that takes quek and sudden action. We now go back and we recommend to our locals that they dis. continue their affiliation with the international, and pass judgment upon a policy which will be submitted to then from the executive giving the foundation of an industrial organization to take the place of the now exsting international. That in itself I believe will be largely supported by a number. and on the other hand it may not be supported. That-in itself nay leave roon for the working forces even in British Columbia. It is a big question alld, to my mind it is one which needs to be dealt with with caution. This convention, by virtue of passing upon the point, does uos necessarily dispose of the matter or complete the task. The real task yet lies to be completed be the affiliateil membership and I say that we lo nur want to put too sudden a jolt up to the atiliated membership and expect to get through wtih it, if we are really desirous of achieving shecess but of sur undertaking.

We ate not fren to ace natnonalte or internatinnally. We want to be in a position where wh ran monsider things from "rafte" compoint only, and as it is at present none of these internationals reeognize the working eard. It is a phesical imporsibility to briug about the chang. of cards in this sys. trom and it is an impossibility for the workiug man in cenada at present to bring ahout : national action upon anyparticular question 10 matter how glave that question may be. You had a eonerete instance of that when the working ctassi's of Canada considered the matter of ealling a general strike in protest against the importation of monlie laher. You were informed by Mr. Draper, the eecretary, that the Trades Congress of Canada bad no
power to eall a general strike no mat international jurisdiction in a lot of ter what the grievance might be, that that power rested with the interna. tionals. Well, these internationals have no one head at any one plaer; they have a number of heads separated and distributed all over the United States and, as I see it, our present form of internationality, our present form of an international system, is out of date and needs abolishing, but the point that concerns us now is to bring about a harmenious revolution or reversal of poliey without ereating universal antagonism on the part of the workers. That is the big problem whiel I think eanfronts the workers. I believe they are all agreeable to the change but they all view the point as quite a task of aceomplishing the emd and not destroying the organization or organized body of union labor as a whole.

Del. Trotter: Mr. Chairman, I believe that the resolutions eommittee have one or two resolutions there dealing with industrial unionisu whieh will have a mueh botter chance of pass. ing this convention than the substitute which they havr submitted. The term "industrial unionism," so far as I ean diseover from some of the people who have put in the resolutions, does not mean exaetly what this substituted resolution means. They who presented these other reselutions were seeking what they considered to be industrial unionism, or unionism by industries. which were more notrly aftiliated and not all industries without regard to what they were. They were secking affiliations of industries which were lying elose to each other which really operate as one industry, while under our present systom their crafts hold them apart. The best illustration I ean give of what 1 am driving at is my own organization.

We have in the printing trade five distinct internatiomal nnions and yet, in any printing establishment of any size, you will have the members ut all these five international uninns operating under the one boss, and under one group. That stehe of eraft organization served its purpose for a long while. The fact that it has ontliver its usefuluess at the present itme is evident by these crafts taking steps. themselves whieh will eventuatly bring about at organization of these samu crufts. A redistribution, if vou like to put it that way, of all organizations into one. The fight against the
these organizations is showing itself in the formation of distriet conferences, and up and down the Pacifie Coast yon have your Northwest Conference of different organizations operating without the goodwill, althotigh, perforce, with the sanction of the international nnion. The international organizations as represented by their heads in the international headquarters very strong. ly disapprove of these district organications because these district organizations generally prove to be rebellious organizations and conposed of people who ar pposing international unions in sor form or other. Now, so far as the rinting trades are concerned on the l'acifir Coast. We have not only the Northwest Conference of Typographical Union and lrinting Pressmen. and others. hut we have the Nurthwest l'rinting Trades Conferonere, which rombines all the ronferances of the Northwest bodies which has decided to meet at one plar. only: These different ones all meert at one plaee and the latter portion of the week they mert in one confronne as the Northwest Printing Trade Conferaner. and this alone is bringing togeth(1) thes organizations and will produce, I believe, a moasure of industrial unionism, and $I$ fiel the different crafts need to be brought togrther in that way and that would be, I forl, the first step towards the larger idea of industrial unirnisin. Howerrer. in aecomplish this you are going to have a whole host of diffieulties bristling up. What how can rou have of organizing one big mion whirh will include ail these organizations, when in the more nearly affiliated prafts now operating under one roof. and rubling shomlders with each other, you have not worked it out? Take the shipyard. Yon have in the shipyard a whole pile of inter. national mions nperating insile that shipyard, which is an analogy along the lines of the printing trados. They are within ond fence at least, and wern thire yon have not got that lusazure of industrial unionism whinh we are now achocating. Now. then. how are vou going to form une big mition hody enthused with the infea of having one big union, when vou have not frot. "ren in a small way, that industrial mionism which you are seeking?

Delrgate Kavanagh: Thr remolution submitemi by the resolmions committue as has been stated was a substitute for many mhmitted by othur organiza-
tions and we have taken further notice that since this organization has been formed resolutions have been passed at every convention favoring industrial unionism, and never yet has there beell any attempt to put such a thing into operation. Now, it is all right to say we favor industrial mionism and ree. ommend it to the membership, but you have to suggest a starting point and you cannot form an industrial organization while there is the international affiliation, and while the international per eapita tax is being sent to the Unit. ed States. and be it further noticed, that during the past few months we have noticed how the international functioned when any trouble takes plaee where the workers take things into their own hands.

In the siattle strike the internation. al longshoremen decided in view of the faet that the metal trades' mion hat promised that they would stand hy the longshoremen, the langshoremen in res turn felt the only thing they could do was to and by tho metal trades when their - 's times eame. They decided to $\because \quad$ nd the international long. sh ; association. through its pre $:$ motilied these men that not onl: : 1 they forbid them to go out hut are would raneed their chartor if they dill. and furthermore, that they severed the alliance which had taken place between them and another body and then split that up into twe parts. That is the function of one intornation. al organization amongst others. It was a change granted to the reptile press. Where a system of organization ly industry has been aftempted yon mast recolleet this. presming the printers and all the printers were in the or ganization, it is true they have a print ers' council. and yet there is unt an organization 1 suppose on the face of the warth whieh is comtimually asking for the support of other organizations more than the printers themselves. Therefore, it shows that it is absolute ly useless without the silppert of the workers outside. and when you spak of industrial organizations you do mot mean litthe industries here and there. we do not mean the motal trades' mons. eil as constituterd of the workers in a ship yard. Ther rannot do anything alone. folluwing that romese we are simply reverting back to the olfer larg -r crafts. You might recollect this. that in the past history of unions. for instance. there was only a builder in the huilding trate. hut later on in that
farticnlar line, various crafts wero formed, and many internationals sprung up as a result, and that being the case we have come to the conelusion, that inasmuch as industriaLorganization has been urged for theie many years, and as it is again urges. it this convention, we feel that it shoulu be pointed out to the membership that before you ean start talking ahout organized industries, on what is really an industrial seale all the working elass organiza tions, then they must st $r$ the eonnection with the particular organization whieh keeps them divided into erafts. That you must suver gourself eompletely. anil then form again, forming a new coutre from whieh you might direet. your ffiorts.

Delugate Roberts: 1 might say that sumo of the delegates hore are of the opinion that hy getting the small crates trigether it would be a kind of indre rial organization. I cannot see now it would be I haveranother idea entirels about incustrial organization. If we ahmit that by having them consolidated together in one room we gain streugth. rou corainly would have a greator strength hy having all in an organization. nhe organization fur Canada. but We have of have some starting point. Wr have to have a starting puint somewhere, and we feel that the time for indnstrial organization in British Co lmmia has come, and L might say for me own organization wr are sick and tiforl of the international.

In British Columbia there are alona
 thonsamd are organized. Now, if we arr groing to wait for tho internatioual to eome ant organize wse whall have to watit for the mext twenty years. Dur ing the war was the best time for or. manization, but now the war is over. :and ther arr still morganizerf. It is not muly the mintre hut all the others are just the same. Soe what the inter national done with the ewal miners When Distriet 18 was oll strike. Ther "hoolntel! refused to щive them any assistanme and heft them to fight by themselves in 1017. Ther had to fight that nut alone. What is the use of an international bring in existence if they are guing to lutu us to fight alone. The fiet is wr are supporting the in trrmatinal ofterer for the machinists. the mintres. the lughers and iverything
 these oftecers hy hasing one indest rial "rganisatim, and we will have only one wrentive to handla the whole thing,
so that it is a whole lot cheaper for us and more effective than hy hating these craft organizations as we hase torlay. As it is, one of them goes out on strike toduy and the other is work ing, one is seabbing on the other. Tust as wo had it when the coal miners were on strike. Th, other miners in the Lanted states "ere working and ship. ping roal from there. If ise ware nill together we rould stop the whule thing rogether. and I think it is :o the bost minceste of the Britisis . . Ammbin work ers that this resehtion os thronglt.

Bhegete Keres: Ntr. Chairman, this is al very interesting resulation and corrtaibly has stome morifs to it. There has bern consimerable disensaien in British Columbin, particularly as to the advinability of orerine their connee tiont from the intornational orgat iza
 has come when if retw should bit taties. whether we want to kere our aftiliation with this orgataization or whether we willt to sereit. Howrorr. it is well Whan sizing mu the rbestion that there be mo misrepresontation ant I ant surn III. friend. Brother Ruberts, would not make any representation which bu diek not think was preper. Howerer. I woulal
 rier is.
 they rath sulhetalitist, mas stallements. Here was the situ:ttinh. 'The irstrome tional told thelin th de rertain thing.
 internationat asomeiation fohl thell ${ }^{\circ}$ at rou the theme thing yon will wet from


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Alsenssion aheat the international be. ing a bing hear that it is as well we uncterstand, that the rank and file nnderstatud, whether it is wise that we stay with thell and for that reason I think the rote should be taken.

Delegate Wood: I might state the substitute bears with it the wishes of the members of local $2 s$ and that has bern their contention ever since they have been reorganized and by voting in faver of the resolution 1 am carrying ont the wishes of the members ing gen vral

A Dehegate: The international urganazation of the local whiels i represent here today reecontly matlo a move. the only move I lave known them to make for some time. They mosed the salarips up severril notehes and made it retrospertive (h.anghter.) The team. sters organization which I represent ply the reg:ar per eapita tax and the sumi totals of retirns wr get for jt is a littlo magazille, whirl glorifies Sam (iombers and all the rest that goes along with him. The great trenble that sombe of the delegates hator in mind in surenkirg to this question is that they da not semm to minc. rstamd the matter of the pre eapita taxos. Delegate Rees - batik about the amobut of montey whioh has bern paid intu ('inada at the time of atrikes. It is trme there are sebrral internationnl organizations whirh pay latger smms of mimey into Can:ulian ungamizatoms than they have rereibed from the Canadital member--hip. יr will rocerise tor smbere to rombe hut that mentey did nut comb front the international. it came from


 le:att with this gheotioul hate not bern draling with the murits af tho resohu
 by the forming of all industrial organisaturl, but rathar alw roblouted with Kicking thr intoratational oftieers, and

 - Hitang in the comelitions which hatra furmoll the organizations :mal made it twonlthe tor thos orgatimtions to be formert. and it is there changert combli-
 fonn- takr a tanl mon for industrial Himu instcald of coaft organizations. We fimi that the "orker bolety ir los ing his craft skill. sum the workers are !orerming mere and more likn eommon balorris. The ohd tithe modnane is no longer the king of labor that he used
to he，and as a result of that，our cratit distinctions are breaking down，and it is becmus．of that breaking down of ＂raft distinetion that we find the agi－ tation for industral arganization．Tho fuestion of per eapita taxes to my mint dees not well entor into the questinn．

Delegate Illman：Mr．Chatmant，I have listaned tw ！u delegates with a wreat dral of phenare and interest and it is me first time at＂．convention of this kind or any other kind practically． and 1 must may that $I$ have loamad more of the inner workings of the int－ tornational mion than i neer rad aboms from ither sourees lafore selll it is a $\quad$ Iomber to me that the internas－ tionals hato stome sa long．In talking 10 the rembitun it apposits to lo it is the primeiphe at tha resolation whirla ＂0＂ivl to alopt and that is a form of industrial unionism．Nuw，it is not wat ing to ho a whond big one industry so fat as the resolntions rend but we and coing to rearganize the present form of heral minns into their respertion in lostrics．Now．spakmes for the low ［－ms whirl was only organized here rat ＂ently，how wimld wr lank if wr sait We were going to start out aftor the hook－tenders in that partivalar indus－
 and then we are gring to form ：wothor braneh of the ragineers in that indus． try，and then ware going form and wher loratel of the firemon，and rexth have their own respertive ationco．Wr ＂oulal hot hater get the Lreat mombers whirh wo hate mow．Tha drhemts： －tato we have alhemt right handrod．I think if Delrgate Miolighy hand lumb morn elosely romurend，har whm has
 alld sill growita．for the simple rata－ soll thit 16 pook the stand of ithlns． frial ullmism．Wrate akill！wory
 wrganization whether he is a firemath，： roonk or wor mattor what he is so lumg as he is th the lumber industry ithe her fust pars the ullo intiation fore alld now M11015．

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 tho rltair：



Thi reolution means，f．my mind，that it is a real industrinl mion．If not， then I have wo busilleses to speak on it in any way．shape or furm berause we hanc already got what this brotler bhinks we shumld bave．

The Chairman：If rou will pardon me for a motion I will ask the chnir． matl to－tatr just what the resolution meall：－

Mr．Kinvanagh：My inhen if the sith－ ation is not to urganion ly indintry as fur＂xampla．the metal irales or tho loggers－In hlomsiolves．It is 1 arganiza ilt＂＂H1＂lige wrganization＂omprising all worker，That is tho form of or－ gallization that is combromplatoll I think． T＂mganiza by inhustry，is moforther tholl wre：re it the presint time．The inlo：hohind this is an industrial organ－ ization of all workers，mot intu erafts． Ill sut＂industrises．bilt illta alle hig oldallization．that is the ide：a behind thiv momlation．

Delegrar Naylor：Well，Mr Chatr－ m：an．Fwaking int lwhalf of the mited hine whrkers ot Simerie：we haw hap－ ＂י＂l 11 lor in the f＂oition of and of the reerivers of the gratal denation from the staters．Wh havermised finames tront the minro of the Vnitod states． ॥ot from the international orqanization． H dinamon a strike，a bies strike，they tinathond us liburally shai wo have to thank thent at all thane fire the million and ：pu：artor dullars．whirl they sent 115． $\mathrm{K}_{1} \mathrm{Y}$ onl the other hame while that At＋Mry Wat roming I want to point mul th the delegates here just for their㕱いmation．．inet for propaganda and fir ：： 11 under－banding of it．that while that momey＂as combint unt Vamour bor Islanil．there wore lettors amming ：Il tho tion eritio＊ille ollo of our umem－ hers．all the time lithors worn being －rbt attacking this matl herallse ler was

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Drlegertr Natrhu：an：Dologato Me－ Vיףツ ha：pointal unt what is confront－ ing ia in tho orsmination of labor．We las！i：an illormational wryanizations， wo hatr hatl molighuls mquazations． ：and we－till hatr our meligious ngan－ \％atto！：and 1 rofior partiaularly nots （1）tha pomin！at（quebre．We have triod be all hammer if mo：alls to fight
 Ennization．I do aterere at this time and

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of what is the best kind of organiza tion to get what we require. I feel as 1 say that we should get together more than we arc now. When we learned that the British labor has gone on reeord as on the question of appointiug fise members with mandatory powers to compel organizations to get together. We see a little trend of the idea which is prevailing throughout the world. I want to point ont in relation to anr own organization wh have all kiuds of eraft men, shipwrights, joiners. and then we have carpenters, and in ever: city in the Dominion we have at least from three to seven, and some plaees cight different local unions of the samu particular craft. You will realize with organizations of that kind it is absor. lutely neeessary to try if pussible and create harmony inside of our own orcanizations, and also to croute harmons with the other organizations, and the only nation that I have been able to ger who has an organization which ean function, and funtion much more clearly, and much lurore rapidly thau any other nation on the face of the earth, while possible it is not patriotic to mention Germany at the present time, but I do feol that in the German labor movement the! have the ideal enndition, and can move in their resperive districts numeh quicker than they ran de on the American rominemp.

D"legatu Kavamagh has reforved f. the Seattle situation, the organizations there put in alout twenty. thonsamblal. lars which was about the limit uf it: finanees, and 1 want to say with the epidemic whioh has prevailed a shor time ago, thes are practieally broke. That, of cobrse, is limedel un thoir finan cial position and 1 saty lathe athay benen opposal the all wiganization hata ing its fighting prombity on itw finath ces. I realize of course the importamer of dloing sot hat 1 hatre hever mathe fetish of any wrgaization. I holongent to the carpuoltres in seotland. :mat transferred to the amalgamated in this conntry and hater rhanged into thi mited brotherhoun of Canata, and I say whenever 1 "an we an organization which will atornuplish semething to my. mind and ran :roomplish it hettre than the present oreanizatinul am in. then 1 ath roing to wet intu that organizafion, alld it will med mod ath! rosula fian to be presmatel th this rombrotion or any wther ronvention to make mex th Ahe so. If the internded purpose of this resolntion at this time. if the ideals of the I. W. W. rover the tesime of
this committee, theu l say it would be much better to get out and say so and say so frankly, so that we would real ize just where we are at, and not put 11p another kind of industrial organiza. tion which, after all, is simply a spec. ulation at this time.

Delegate Moore: Mr. Chairman, in speaking in favor of the resolution, I may zay that our organizatiou has come to the conclusion that we should substitute something in the place of what we have got. Wi have been instructed to rote in favor of industrial unionism.
Delegate McDougall: So far as the Mectrical workers are concorned, they have severed their connections a long tille ago, noly so far as per eapita taxes are eoncorned. The only trouble we have is keeping the international organization and international officers ont of our jurisdiction. We eau get along well rough without then. that has been our position since 1912. In speaking to our brother from the log gers, his form of organization has beell. the chectrieal workers have had that in operation sineo $191 \%$. I belipve them to be the pioneers of the Industrial organizations in British Colnmbia. They have taken in all everything in the way of an eleetrical worker, and thy are getting along wre nicely, but will with all that I ean spe there is a Hhane of helping other organizations wut and it is, therefore. for that reawou that I the supporting the resolutimu.
belogate (hrisholm: This, as I un Abrstand it is an expression of the rank and file of their ideas along this line. The prineipal reason why I should suppret it is. the international organiza tions ate primeipally engaged, and prinaibally inturested. in forming a great big harrier, or a great hig fenee around thuir "wn partinhar organization, and all their afforts whether through their urganizers. or through the expentive oftiours, atce particularly along the lines of beightening the hoight of this fence. whelt eonsequently widens the hreaph of the different sections of lahor. This stalted as a result of the capitalistic -rvom. but uot being so progressive as the rapitalists it has not kopt pace with it. atul now :he result is that he capialists are well organized industrially atal they late baft tradu anioniam far behind.

Delecgate Montgmery: I mixht say I gnt a mamlate from the eqanization whicli 1 represent herre to support this monient and when they disensed this
motion they discussed it on its merits, we may attempt to thke a broad view. and the question was whether it was good or not, but it has come down here largely to a villification of the different craft organizations and so forth to a certain extent. This is reconstruction and when you are reconstructing sonie. body is going to suffer, and I have much sympathy for those who are going to suffer. The old time eraft union. ism whirth has built up the organiza. tions and paid heavily to them wlll suffer undoubtediy by this action. It is, however, brought about by conditions or revolutions which are compelling these actions to be taken. The ri: and file or what $I$ would term $\therefore$ e roughnecks, to which organization I belong today, it is them that have become the rapid movers.

Delegate Sully: Mr. Chairmal. I wish to state that 5 am a Home Ruler. I have been for a good many rears. I am a little surprised this afternoou to hear the converts which have bepn made with regard to the international. I can recolleet baek only a few years ago when there were some members in Vancouver in the morement. who had a pretty warm time, because they rould not affiliate with the international, but I suppose, Mr. President, it is only a mule who will not ehange his opiniou, and I am agreeably disappointed at this time to diseover that there are less mules in this couvention than I had any idea of. (I.aughter.)

Delegate Taylor: Mr. Chairman. and fellow dclegates, I propose to look at the proposition purely from its merits. I have no particular feeling towards Sam Gompers. I realize, of enurse. if this resolution is followed out to its logical conclusion that Sam Gompers will proceed to call the rest of his delegates together and proceed to oblivion. I am not interested in that, exeept in. sofar as it would affeet the change wr desire to accomplish. The way I look upon the subjeet matter is this. What will be the viewpoint of our members, and to some extent in looking over our membership we know, that one or two things will present themselves to their minds.

One of the chief things that will stand in the way, un doulot, is that certain meal tickets undoubtedly would be cut off.

Now, it has bern said and it is true that a great many of us are grown to look upon the effect of this from the viewpoint of our particular organiza. tion. That is absolutely true and while
et we must remomber that the ehief we are here today represe is their job. Their job means to them food, elothing and shelter. and that bcing so, the first question the members are going to ask themselves on this question is, "what will be the effeet of the follow. ing out of the resolution to its logical conclusion:', and in respect to my own organization. I want to say it will be one in which they will he very vitally interested. The strength of the lang. 1 shoremen's organization lies in the fact that the ship must move from port to port. In British Columbia we have a membership whieh I think is prettr progressive. and that will be one of the questions which they are going to ask themselyes. "what will be the effect of this upon the membership to the south of us:' and while I have not got very mueh respect for the $A$. F. of L. and all it wtands for, yet I would be foolish to forget for a moment that they have a powerfui organ. ization, and have powerful machinery. and that machinery would be liable in he agginst us, and do not let us lose sight of this fact. that if we desire to so handle this thing, that it will inpress all the workers in the world, hut we propose to start elnse at haud by spreading the gospel out into the highways ar 1 bywars of our own province, and Washington to the south of us and so on.

One of the questious I want to ank the ehairman of the committer who is going to elose the dehate is this: Has the committer considered the question of spreading the gospel anongst our neighbors so to speak because I am of this opinion that the recent happenings in the City of Washington as set forth in the strikn over there, have ant hean without its effects. You possibly have got as many disgruntled men orer there at the present time against the international. as it is at present organized, as you have on this side. and I think you have a pretty ripe field there just now to get in and get husy and, therefore, I would ask the chairman of the comnittee to answer that question if he can. I would likn him to answer it if they have considered it from that particular standpoint.

And in ennclusion I want to say this that if you are goiug to get anywhere, on this it mar be a repetition of what Delegate Jaylor said, it is beeause exery mother's sou of you are
going to go out and go up and down the line and talk this thing to your other fellows, not only talk this resolution hut every other realution of a similar character. The had feature which I bave found in the trades' un. ionism is a tendeney for you to sit back and let George do it. You all know that this is true of your own locals. No long as George does it, it is all right, and then when something ames along and it doesn't suit rou. sous say, "What in thr bell is the mat. ior with (iporge?"

Chuirman Kasanagu: Mr. Chairman. 1 would answer the quertion put forward by the chairman first. In the commitier it was muloretond that the lime of demareation wh this continent runs along the Kowe Mommains' dist. rict, that is, the workers are separated hy a line of mountams and any move nent in British Columbia must work aleng the lacific Coast if it is to he -ffective. That was understood in the committee because the question as raised had the worls $\cdots$ Dominion of Canada: : and thom words were struck Gut beeause of that particular fact lowing brought forwaral at the time. Now, Mi. Chairman. therr bas been a lot of discussion ahour inturnational nfticers an so forth. which liseussion is not really vital to the matter before us. This must he muler-toml. a trade union movement functioned in the time when radd union mowemets sere ifferted, and rontinuing to tumetion down to the present time. hut we have beren through four yare atma a half of intensive produrtion. Wo bave been through fur yeare and it half of time. when men and women have hern taken trom unskilled industries. and put hodily into the different industries and hecome skilled workers in a very short time. The rhanges hase heen so rapil that one man today may elaim that he is a merhanie in ecven or eight differ -nt indistrio's. hi. has ehanged about so much, and we lave conte to this stag", the elose of the war has found that the eompetition. Which was the cause uf it. has intrusitied today greater than it "as bofore. that atready in the reconstruction brogrese they are con -idering the builling up of givater pro. ductive forces in orlur that they maty "ompere with other sation:.

Onv of the propuste which they haw is that they uns: pooluc. pheaper. Sow, insotar as they are organized on a more rigantiv serily that they were hefore and intameht se the tirms on
organizations which were in existence prior to that time are no longer able to cope with the situation as it is now, the needs of the workers demand that Moser affiliation, a greater solidarity should be in exiatence than what was here before. I say industrial unionism of all orgacizations are no more than their inner policy dicates. This idea of industrial organization is coming today to a focus, and I imagine whoever gets dected to the rxecurtive from this convention, has sufficient intelligenee to know what plan can be formed for such an organization as we suggest. It is a system of growth, and has come nut of the conditions to which the working man has been subjected up to the present time. Workers are no long. ar satiafied with aeting as crafts be. rause they feel it dors not protect their interests sufficiently. They must have cluser affiliation one with the ather. There must be greater consolilntion, so that they can act quicker aud Anish their struggle quicker. We have learned one thing, if nothing else, and that is that a strike which gors nver two weeks is beraten, and that if you want action you have to bring all ihy pressure vou can lring to bear to force the employer to his knes' in the shortest spare of time. Mark you well, while you are stopping all their in. dustries at oner, and while you starve we also put them ill the plare where their source of profit is cut off, and that affects all ot them, and mark you this, if we get action to such a scale that we can rlose down the intire industries of a particular point, they starve too. dua't you forget that, and they feel their starvation quickor than we do because we are used to it and they are not. The question is that the old organization does not server the purphase now, a new form is needed. It is proposed to ask thent to break away and come into a new industrial form ut organization, wherely they, can get cleser affiliation one to the other. It might, mark sou remove a lot of the uhjertions that some people nave to the resolution if the first portion of it was split. That is to say if the portion were off. Whare we recommend to our afiliated momhershif that the serir tbeir comnection with th.ir international arganization. an:l suguset that ther form another industrial organizathin, but 1 want to point out fu those people that we hawe all our ards on the talue. I do not see any -rinse in doing muthing which rould possibly.
canoulage the sitnation. They are ark ing us to tuke a pertain step. If it werr divited, mark you, and they took steps to form an industrial organization, they couldn't do so beeause their eonstitn tions prevent them, and hefore they could attempt to do so they would of neersaity have to throw over their coll stitution, aud put it in the disenrd. and sever their connection whether they liked it or whether they did not, so you may as well point out to thell in the first instnnce that to form an inlustrial organization, it becomes nur. resary to sever the international organization, it becomes neeessary to sus. er the international nffiliation. If they do not like it, thes will turn it dowit and if they do. they will aecopt it.

With this givell to them they an judge intelligently far themselves the mosition which is before them and vote intelligently on the proposition put ha. fore them.

The Chairman: dre youl ready for the question:

Members: Question.
The Chairman: The question brefe the honse is the adoption of the rommitew's report in the substituted resor lution as subbaited. Are you ready fur the quastion?

Members: Question.
(The motion was put and rarried unanimonsly with oplause.)

Delegate: Reve: Hy understanding of the action which we have taken is that prior to organizing ourselves we serer our connection with the affiliation.

Delegate Kavanagh: No, the vote is taken first. and then if they sote favorally it would bre my understanding is this. The rote will be taken and the vote returned of the membershif and then the expentive will aet ns the vote says.

Delrgate Reres: That was mot on the line with your arguments.
Delegato Kavanagh: Of eourse the man that draws it thing umberstabls it better than the man that reads it. It is written as he thinks and as I understand it, it was just that a recomb. mendarion of :ho plan for a propesed furmation he sent to the organizations, and they vote 1 pon the proposition and then they send the repurt of the vole back to thel "xprutive, when it is fill ult whe will then eompite the re the incoming would be the wark of turther antion he taken ly this rome vention.

Det. Reres: 1 want the delegatics to
muldretand and 1 want to underatand inys.eli. the lirst part of this remohtion. There "rere two parts to the resolutions. I whisperd in Delogate Karanagh'a enr und he wplied to me without 110 asking from the thoor about divillime the swolution. The firkt part recome ments rather the lirenking away fom the internatiomal hut un I see it now the "xereltis will be instrueted blat they mont not surede mitil a vote is takrin.

The Chamman: That will he whaty buinted out that this is only a plan for tuking a rotr.

The Thatiman: Fhe next resolntion.
Mr. Kubanath: The next is resell. tion numbers. The eommittee were in in fator ut the resolution es it was -nbmittor duite in its form and they allumbly it as follows:
"Whereas, The interests of returned whlders and other workers are identiral. and

Whereas. There is at present mueh misunderstanding as for the aims and iduals of suldiers :tuld other workore. anll

Wheruas. If they were to ment and disuse when other's problems tagether. buth rlasees would get better results.

Amond: That we favor the forma. tion of joint rommitteres from soldiers orqaniations and eontral bodies and fablarations of habor.'

We din not see that the motion at tirst proseltad would suit and would nuret the conditions guld we thonght the amendment facoring the formation af joint committees from soldiems orsullizations and enotral bodies and foll "ritions "f habor. wouldi suit the pmo. pras and be more workable than tho renlution prescited first. Therriore, I mowe the aloption of the resslution : amonder.
(The motion was serondod in 11 num. her uf phaces.) . rerommentation by the rommitter?
(Tha bution was thebl put and rall. rimi un:animonsly.)

Dhygate Kavanagh: Mr. Chairman. I mune that all the resalutions 1 y une til bow les brought at at the wevtrin
 "11 Thur-day.

Delogat, Bradstock: Mr. Chairman.
I swond that mation.
The luntion was pint and earried nn. animunely.

Thaiman Kavanagh: Mr. Chairnant. ther Hettical workres of Vammone hatre prownted a resohtion here and
have asked for our endorsement. I move that we endorse the proposed act as sulmmetted to this federntion. (The motion was seconded).
(The motion wan then put and rarried unanimously.)

Delegate Kavanagh: Mr. Clairman, there are a number of reaclutions whirh contain noncontentions matter and they, therefore, need no discussion so I move that these be referred to the incoming executive und they will aet accordingly to the wishes therein eontained.

Delegnte Trottor: I wnit to ank a question in view of the passing of the last resolution in support of the clectrical workers, what position the convention now finds itself in. The elece trieal workers rise and suggest that a eourier be sent to John Oliver. Now, we have decided that no more deputations should be sent to the govern. ment nnd now we linve just derided, Mr. Chairman, to send one. What position does the ronvention now find itself in?

The Chairman: 'ihe position of these resolutions nud the position of the exceutive to them is just this: That in the event of the rank and file of the British Columbia Federntion of Labor rufusing to endorse the policy suggested by this convention then the executive will take the aetion which has been taken ns the outcome of former conventions. If, on the other hand. the cutire polies of the federation is chang"d then the expeutive will probnbly use them to decorate their offiees to remind then of the times that used to be.

Secretary Wells: Mr. Chairman. ther. are a mumber of resolutions daling with the workingmen's compensation act. Ire they to be dealt with in the sante manurr?

The Chaiman: No. we will finish witl the rommitter on resolutions before we go any further. Is there a seconder to Delegate Kavanagh's motion.

The motion was then seconded and put to the mefting and carricd unanimously.)

The Chairmun: Are those all rour resolutions?

Delegate Kavanagh: Yes.
Delegate Puillips: Mr. Chairman. there is one resolution there asking the support of this federation to the local union obtaining an inquiry into the number three mine Coal crepk explesion. I think that would not come un-
der these general resolutions, that were announced by the chairman of the resolutions committec. We are slmply asking thint an set of justlep be meted out to Johir Munns, et al. Nomehody ought to le placed behind the bars for the conditior. that uxisted in that mine prior to the pxplosion of April Sth. I have the report of the inspector of mines here, where it states "the damnable condition of the mine $p$. ious to the "xplosion." I think that resolution ought not to have gone under the catehory that the chairman of resolutions has given to the other resolutlons.

Delegate Kavanagh: Mr. Chairman, 1 would just point out this. The resolution the delegate refers to is one that asks the government to institute an inquiry into a certain happening bacause of certain conditions connected therewith. I wish, Mr. Chairman, to point out that wo bave been advocating that the grentest good could be accomplished by the nse of our industrial strength to enforce anything which we fult needed doing, and I might point out also, that if at the time of this accident the miners of that district were not satisfied that justice had been done in the case, though justice is a much misused wurd, that justice had bees done in the ense then the greatest act eould have been achieved by the.r re-fu-ing to return to work in that parti. nr mine until some satisfaction had been gotten ont of the mine operators.

Delegate Phillips: They did, but Hure is a greater force at work than even our local union. We have endeavored to the very limit of our forces and power to force this inquiry. Honest John and Mr, Sloan have repeatedly promised this inquiry, but the forces We have to contend with down there, that is the Liberal exeeutive down in Fernie which is a machine of the coal rompury has up to date successfully toiled us. They have denied us this inquiry, and we have come in here to ask the aid of this convention in help. ing us along in forcing this inquiry anyway, becanse John Munns is calling for justice to be done on those who hnser murdered them. That is all there is to it.

Delegate Rees: I agree with the chairman of the resolutions committee thai the resulution should lee handed over to the executive and in view of that fact I want to offer a motion that we wire the goverument from this corivention, asking them to institute an inquiry into the accidents at Fernie
and Nanaimo, aml while it may not have any good result, it will fulfil whit Del. Kavanagh spraks of as propaganda and which I also consider very newe. sary. Mr. Chnirman, if 1 ant in orilel I would like to put that motion betore the ponvention. It ran be lut intu pru per wording afferwarde.

The Charman: After the quextinn befure the house has been derided. there wonld not be any particular ab. jection on the part af the ennventiou to the eourso cuntlined. The question before the honsi is the adoption of the report of the resulutions committer. All in favor of the mation. (Ther no. tion was put and rarried manimumsly.

Dol. Rees: Mr. Chairman. I nould uow like to offer you in moting. That our exeentive this evening wire the goverament of the l'rovince of British Columbia, voicing the demand of this convention, that nu inquiry be leveliutu the explosion at No. is mine, Coal Creek, and nlso the enge aceident at Sanaimo, with a view of having a most rigid investigation in connection with these ar idents.

Del. Naylor: Mr. Chairman. I wouh sicond that motion.

The Clmirman: 1 will ask the serto tary now to read the resolution :a ${ }^{1}$ atands.

The forothry: : Moved ly Mr. Rew aud seconded Ly Mr. Naylor that rur esecutive this evening wire the govern ment voieing the demand of thi, coll vention that an inguir: be helil iut. the explusion at mumber thre mine. Coal Crock and alsa the care aceident at Naniamo with a viow ut having a : 5 st rigid investigation in connertion with these acriol-nts and failing rown. pliance with this demand the exocutive "ommitter t" cireularize the aftiliated membership with $n$ vitu to obtaining the desired iuquiry.
(The motion was then pit ant car. anoi unaniumusly.)

Delegato Medougall: 1 mus we you aijourn to moet at sevell thirty this rening.
Delegat. 1'ritulard: 1 serumit the mo. reou.
(The motion was put cond carried and the merting atjournod areordingly.

## Tuesday Evening Sitting 7:30-11th Inst.

Delegate MeDoumbil: 1 hat. lnent asked to raise a puint of order her" in regara this moeting. It the commencenment of the session of this conreation it was a rule of pocedure laid
lown and it was understuod that there Wrre to be the necepted rulen of the convention, viz: That the morning sittiug be from! to 12 p. In., and the other meeting from 2 to 5 for the calling of these meetings. Now there has "werl mo two thirds laajority for the suspension of the ruling. I would like to have vour ruling Mr. Chairman.

The Chairman: The vote taken on the motion to adjourn to reconvene at 7:30 required, as las been stated, a two-thirds luajurity voting in order to rarry it. The votes as registered through a show of hands, showed 42 ill the atfirmative aud $2 i^{\circ}$ in the negative. making in all bu votes but there were other elelegates in the room who did nut vute. The whole delegation, I believe, was here which would give a majority vote, inasmuch as I saill beform. anyune whe dues nut vote bither in the attirmative ur the negative is accounted as votiag in the nflimative. That beling so it gave the neressury two thirds minjurity tu surprud.

Delegate Stevenson: Mr. Chairman, -roing that we adjourned this mornings and nftermons sessions, 1 move thint we fix the time for the conclusion of this evening session at $9: 30$.

Mution was sermmed and earried 1 nt . maimonsly:

Delegate Cavey: I arrive to a point i) privilege in the mater of introdueing a resolution forwarded by the Ein. timers ' I'nion of 1'rince Rupert.

Mr. Chairman: Anv objection
(There being nu objection, Delegate
Casiv proceded to real the resolition.)

- Whrreas bumbers of organized la-
lor have been. and are lwing brought (1) trial for violation of eertain ordetin conneil that are in themselves w. lations of constitutional rights.

Ind whereas. The workers individu. ally ramuot afforl to amploy rounsel far their own defense:

Be it therefore resolved, That this annual cuncention of the B. C. Federation of labur do $\mathrm{j}^{\text {rut }}$ into motion right here and uow. machinery for mangurating a sinking fund erither by lew or other means that will climinate thi aspuet of charity) for the employment of the bere legal talent in defense of workers arrested for aforesaid political dfenses. This fund to he open to any organized worker lo aplication of his
 of said tumd.

Be it further resolved That this res. olution hereat at $W$. rrn Conference with the objeet at suggesting its adol.
tion to all provinter,
The ehairman: Jues the chairmm modoretand that yun just rocuived that remolution from [rine: Kipwre?
belegate (axey: The resulation was furwarded to met be mail whil rearhed lilu today and it exphuins itwilf. Is is for the purpuse ut makng sumb pro
 orl from time to lime for pelatical of formes, who have nett the fuanein! means bi insuring thomorlo in af mat thine like a squat seal in the mattiry of a luat, lit the "uy uf securing this brgal defonas. That resolution ies stal
 biver, th briag intu loring the muchin ver. which will perside for the sherense "if uny such members should they be "haterd aml thrown intu jail fir then pulitictel offo loan. whirh bumst working men are viry uften subject to. I think

 wentinn. theresure, I ask yon to mlon! the resolntion abl I move it.

Mution wi- orantad!.
The ("hainman: low makrotand the
 "Gato cusey rennes this resolutions. Ire there uny ingeretions to this reanlu. -i, 11
16. hogate St"robsan: 1 woulh mow "that the rombution allow the whe. sate presplting thin resolation the ox. thordinary prisilegg an forinhol log our Kulas of Oriler."

Mr. Chnirman: Al" thirn anty whore tions to hearing thi reshlation :olld
 it.

Mr. I'haimatis: [1han makr your ma ticn.

Dehegute Cusey: My motion is. " than the ronvention allopt the restlution and refer it to the invoming exeruther for "rganize machinury tur its adoption."
(This motion was -reonded.)
Dehngate Huhble: I take it that the finins will he ruisel hut of the wellerat tumbe and it that $\mathrm{i}-\mathrm{so}$, muless there in
 livy, wher than the present prombur. I take it this mattor would go by in--trumbus to the exmutio.
serertary Wirlls: The resolution ask od that the mencer be rainal whth a love from another - Humer. With :ho.

 nt all the money in at present. on that :ons will hatve for the preant wir. The


if "rhhny - ": ' ! 'an the money
 11. IN tith in fram the genernt $i \quad$

1. ". chum : 'ithern pit the motion

W. lagn" 11 bumbil: 1 will also mon.e in that comeno tion, that that pur. ticular resulution lee hunded to the whe amb means rbamitlor, tho have
 iof reating tho nownaty funls.

Itr. Chaimath: That the ways and tumas rommittor be usked th take uj that furt ut the motion just pusant "リ".

Helogate lieq-a: Hhes mot his hern
 ز• tion.

Beloghte foutrell: I thisk the usen is that whateror remolluendation flo
 in "wnlal rente buture this rollowion allal hatre sulle woight.

Th, Chuinmin: The + mirman wiah, s Lis she this. blatt the manem that prompted him tu -utortuin this prupen. tion whs having in mind the -tatw. mont math he the virvotary oll fintare. and that the Guly way we have of mak ing tinature is fron binr aftiliatod men. herwhip. That loming as we woull lu in a fiar hotta positime to tokn nl! th.
 mombersh! if wat towk it ty thromel, the agenes in tho. helegates here attior they hal hat vome litthe diserns-an an the mattar. d lhink we, :t all times. watt to aply : -ion to meryblang that rombers Yua
 tor the ylu-stim:

TH. motion was then mine if wr anium



Delogate coltrell: The eectilntiter on
 the reonl men. whirh the ennemion

 the whele lat ut the reritionsits "migh have hat: form. Tikking tI: remer uf the "xarotis, committer up page
 16 report at fullows:
 1日fieres and man hare of the 13. $F$ :






Intion uhtainut. Would be criticism of the past polics of Pederation, ane not of the exeretive ottieres, und in Fhes of the fact that this rouvention has already decided to discomsinue this pol ney of lobhying for legy Intlon oin he. half of the workern. I: recommend that the reprort be reetis. 1 und ndopt. ad in aceardmes il wers th. At the sume time we noth with regret 1 at the report is not siemol y the lite hers of the 1..entice but is the -ecte tary-tregsume it hathalt o. the exeet tive. This it wes not - Ite memther

 antorent this repult.

1 mos. the aturemm of the aftienes report.
(This whe at nuted.
Delegate Trotter. In vie of the lit the piere ot eritician attackent there n How thit and of the coblumittere repest perthin the sectetury 311 -qutr bla was pr cut and rexponshle.
Serevtury Wolls: When drnwag H14 + xerothis \& repurt 1 wrote 10 dot. "mber of the serution and aske - Hontis in it anthing the desired - lggestum tur ath :dso to llake somt.

 presers a it to the in ilra form. thore an- presont at hat wheting Vim lomident Wimeh, I- - I dent Tas




 $r$ Wo whre in mailion wher ballo is latisi.

 thion mon'ment, at sumber onsag 1 the finet thet hat a Peseas with Hh" Contalath kixpeditionary Force. Thi as towards the litere ebel of the vear, and nothing was done th replawe them berater the en veletion was se - locen to hand, "xpere ig ' consern tione to he held ill dianuar at that tille. and that sis tho 1 on those iwo eremtive wheress we sot re. plater

So iur us tht exirutive nfirnes are conecrud who ditl not report, 1 want to state bere and now. That it was their own fault and not mine.
(Tbe report was then unanimously adepted.)
 (1) the committer on the workmen's (1) jus ston act.
mis: ratumend the ieport ro work. tht a 1 ompensution he rectied allt (11) poril.

In Chti ata: At timl reads in
(1) the rel carric :manimotisly.)

Delegate 'ottrell The committe. reerembuls the adoy ill of the trus. tere leport wa subus if and I mow. its in 少timn.
-Thas was earricel ulunimouslyo. 1
Weleqate Cottrell: Fow coublite recommend the adop,tion of the see? tary-trensurer's repart, athe would exp. cially polit out to the particular a* trition of the delegates the concluxius: uf the secretary that ows ains, ... he in the future to orgamze
when'. the worker
 whe put and carried.

The hairmant: Is the of is o.e est - 1. ate Midgley: Yo. tirHat tel jour col mittra on are the instlu fous , ined :
 lut are fully ar wh ar esthlution Was, and ita if '3 a contained theres 1. The first are have tio submit io yru umerdment to the ! reamb i ernstitution by triking os tat -toon beginuing with the ort "Pay ely" ill the -reond line ane ug th the word "future" : "birtuen the. "thl - -uhsti: 141 the cillo 111.

- And the forganiza. tiont- of work. , it lines fur the purpose $\quad-\quad$ liy virtere of 1h:: rindustri such dematme : - Heb tritun at any time
 Hes it for and wet wint

1 ay say, Hl. Themman, that we hase struch ont of the preambie that part refering to sarious loghtation aspiration: the right hour day and su onn. and I w replaced it with in portion of the $r$ i alopled on the firs. ha\%. an the. whld not expres- vary
 tion of the reas dith sull adopited on the lirst thay. I muse the adopion of the committee's repost on the prenmile.

INtegate Moulton: I woull tihe to ask the reason for striking out "we. therefore, pledge ourselves.'. I understond that that principle had been affirmed by the ennvention.

Delegate Rees: I would like to ask the chairinan a question. I understand that by the motion of the first day of the convention that we were going to change our policy with regard to going to the legislation, or the houses of legislature, by commisting and clapping hands as was explained but we do not say that we are not going to try to have representatives on the flon of the legislature. That is a different matter entirely and as I see it if the columittee strikes this out from the constitution then you are going on rec. ord of course as being opposed absolutely to the working class representation on the floor of the house. I would not say that that is the intention.

Delegate Midgley: The Federation of labor is not a politiral party nor a party that places candidates in the field for election to the house so hem... that clause does not properly belong in the preamble of an industrial organization. There arr several partios in the field who attend to that and of it. It does not properly belong in here. In the trades' minons which are affiliat. ed with this organization there is no. thing in their particular constitution. in their preanble, which states whether or not they shall favor the election of a working man to parliament. and in view of the fact, that this federation has changed its policy there is no reason why it should stay, why we shoulid state whether we are in favor of it or not. There are political parties in the field which try to interest partios on these propositions and as far as are aro roncerned that is their function. I see no reasoll that because this is not ineluded that it shouid be taken as a stand, that we are not in favor of it. That is not any of our husinuss in my opinion, in view of the position we have takra, kut this industrial organization has no political ispirations.

Secretary Wells: As far as $I$ am conecrned the expression rontained in thi old preainlle was of $n o$ value. As to the value of putting members of ou class of the legislation floor it was only a jlious expression of opinion. I took the stand last yenr that the B. C. FedMation of Lathor hould not be linked up with any political party. I tak. th. same stand this year. i beliese we should kerj our industrial organiza. tions ploar of that. As I stated last year the British Labor party has been hampered with its affiliations with the trades union movement. and that trades' nuim movement has been hamp.
ered likewise by its political affiliation. If any political party supposing to represent the working class cannot stand on its own feet on the platform it enunciates, then, it has no right to the confidence of the trades' union movement, and I am in favor of making it plain that it shall not be linked UI' "ith any political party.

The Chairman: The notion is that the rhange in the preamble be adopted. What is your pleasure?

Carried unanimously).
Del. Midgley: The next resolution deals with Artiele 11 and the deletion of everything following the word "session," down to the end of that suction, and they propose that the following be substituted for the part deleted:

- It shall be the duty of the Exmentive Committer to act for this Federation when the same is not in sresion.
- They slall rarry nut the in. - trutions and dexires of the Federatime. as expressed by the annual innwentions; they shall assist in the organization of the rookers aloner industrial lines, and shall participate in the rducation of the workers to their class position in suriety, to the mid that wage slav--ry may be abolished.
"They shall present a report of their activitirs to rarh annual convention."
Del. Kavanagh: Ind that the words 'and the legislative'' he also deleted.
The Chairman: What is your amendmunt. Mr. Kavanagh?

Del. Kavanagh: I move an amendmunt. that in aldition to the deletion wfired by the committee, that the words "and the legislative" which follow the word "executive" in the first line lon also deleted.

Del. Midgley: The ecommitter has deletal it, Mr. Chairman, but I omittod it.

The Chairman: Is that satisfactory, Dilogate Kavanagh

Del. Kavanagh: Yes, that is all right.
The Chatirman: Then we will eonsider the amendinent withdrawn. (The adoption nit tha part of the committeres re. poit was then put to the convention, allal wariod unanimonsly).

Dul. Wilgley: The committor reommenls an ambidment to Artiplo 9 by striking ont thr words "and legisla. tive." in the thirtmenth line. TThe phair put this to the convontion. and it was ratmind mainmously).

Del. Midgley: The next one is a resolution covering Article 7. The resolution is as follows:
"That Article 7 of the Constitution be amended by changing the word 'eight' in the first line to the word 'three,' and by striking out the sentence commencing with the words 'the vice-president' in the fifth line down to the word 'interior' in the eighth line.'

That in effect is reducing the Executive Committec from one of ten, to one of five, and electing them from the Hoor of the convention. That particalar reference to geographical positions that delegates may come from or :lw eandidates for office. In noving the adoption of this portion of the committee's report on Article 7, the majority of the committee were of the opinion, that in view of the changed policy of the Federation, it is absolutely essential that the Executive Committee shall be reduced from a large one of ten io five, in order that they may do the work, or in a word, that has becen very often used during this convention that they might function. We find since coming to this convention that only four of the officers out of the ten elect. Mlast year are present in this convention. In conversation with the secretary, he has informed me, and I have found from my own experience during the time I was secretary, that it is exceredingly difficult to keep in touch with the vice-presidents elected from out of town unions. The present secrotary will inform you that he has had diftieulty in getting replies to his letters from vice-presidents situated at distant points, and so far as an effective xecutive is concerned, they have been those resident in or round mainland points. We believe that not only will more effective work be done in following the policies laid down by this convention. but that considerable expunse will be saved the Federation in ralling executive meetings, inasmuch as the bringing of the out of town men entuils considerable expense. The couvention will have the whole delegates to choose from to elect the five officer nuerssary for the exeentive commuttere from the floor of the house, instead of picking men that conse from separate distriets. I have known at some conrentions that one or two nem have bern elected vice-presidents of this Fiduration for the simple reason they wre the only delegates that came from a particular spot.

The committee whose recommendation this is, was not unanimous on this matter and possibly some of the minority might have something to sey about it. The argument advanced was that the outlying points would feel ag. grieved if they did not have some representation on the executive committee but let me point out to you that vice-presidents have in the past been having too much work in other direc. tions to do or other interests interreuing and have not functioned in the particular localities they cane from, as they were presupposed to do by being appointed delegates, inasmuch as it was necessary last year to send an officer out to do organization work in the city of Vancouver, and in Victoria it was necessary for the committee to do some organizing work before this convention could be held aud we, the majority in that committee, felt that more good will be achiered by cutting your executive down to one half, and plecting live of the brightest men you nave got, and putting into effect the policies at your convention. I move the udoption.
(This was secondied.)
Secretary Wells: Whilst the suggesdions offered bs the committee may have been good in the old form of organizations under this form I believe they would be bad. It is true in the past. Mr. Chairman, that we have not had the suceess with the viec-presidents that we might hare, lut you are about opening now a very different form of organization, and while Brother Midgley has referred to the organization work that has been done this year, let me point out that this is the first year where the executive committee has been nble to bear the expense of an organizer, which in the past has been doue by ofticers voluntarily. Victoria is an example of that fact. You are now faced witly a different proposition. Yon are faced with the proposition where you are going out to organize industrially, then if you are going to organize industrially, you must have some representative in those districts. If yon have not got a representative in any district you will have to send one there and that is where the expense will be saved ly having it at fon instead ot five. I vas in favor of a change at one time, and I discussed the matter with a good many people prior to the convention because I was not satisfied with the old order. Too nueh of the decision rested on my .
shoulders, or on the shoulders of one or two men whom I could get in toueh with in a hurry, who would respond. However, on this oceasion, you are going to have men who are going to be placed in a very different position in those outlying spots throughnut the Province. I want to say this: If you are going to carry out organization work, you have got to depute somebody to do it, and you have got to pay them, and if you are going to pay then, it would be far better to be a man chosen at the convention, $u$ man who resides in the district to carry on that work. and by that nethod you will save a lot in transportation rxpense. Might I point out here, that if we are going to try and carry out all the work that is intended, then the money that you huve in hand is practically already mortgaged out by the expense to be incurred by the ineoming executive.

Del. Watehman: This article in the monstitution is the result fexperience, and while it is true that in part. some vicc-presidents have been very lax in relation to writing letters or doing anything, let me say that sometimes vice. presidents in the eity of Vanconver, were absolutely inactive thile vice-pre. sidents in the outlying districts were always active aud on the job. I could refer to various of the vice-presidents in the outlying districts who were an immense help, and while some of the exccutive, who were close in, were absolutely useless. I do say this, that by an election of five men from this convention, that wherevor the eonvention is held, the loral color will predeminate. For instance, if this convention was hold in the city of Vietoria. I want to a-sure fou that it would be at loast $5:$ or $5 \dot{5}$ per cent. of thell would be of the lueal color, would he the voting power of the convontion. Every local mann would be thomughly represented. alal avery organization, se far as I know, that is affilated with the Federation of Labor. It, on the other hand. it was held in the rity uf Vancouver. as it was held in the eity nf Vimmouver. then at that convention, I say it was bery poorly representerl with the size of the organizations.

There were four of the committce against the recommendition of the rommittee, and I waut also to say that while there were sixtern on this com. mittee there were only cleven in attendance, seven voted for it and six !gainst it.

Secretary Wells: I move as an amendment that the proposal of the committee be adopted, but the namber of officers be the same as at present. that is, to change the wording of thot "huse.

Del. Watehman: I seeond the amendment.

DיI. Kavanagh: It was pointed out by Del. Watchman the local color which obtains in convention, and the fact that loeal memberships invariably might elect some of the local representatives. Fortunately: we are situated at this time where local color can play no part. We are outside the Province of British Columbia, and while it may be that the proposal to limit the executive to five plues the movement socalled in the hands of fewer men, though nothing ran plaer the movenient in the hands of fewer men. because the movement will always be, whether it be in the hands of any one or luot. It must be borne in mind that at no stage of the game, and at no time, have the executives, to my knowledge, been composed of five men. I remember in 1913, when the executive at that time attempted to make this Federation function as an industrial organization. that there were only thref inembers who functioned. ani that the balance of the executive situated in Vancouver, in Westminster and throughout the Province never even replied to the communication, and action had to be taken by those three without waiting for those replies. There were only three active men at that time. Now then, it anust be horne in mind further, that the particular plan on which the organization now proposea to in forward is one which of necessity will eall into existener the distriet honrds in the various indnstrial dis. triets. Boards which of themselves. will have considerably to kay as to what the functions of any "xecutive elerted by this convention inay or inay not be. anci as to how it shall lie carried ont.

Bu it understood you are now electing an expeutive with an entirely ditferent policy than any exceutive that has heen elected before. You are elect. ing an expentive which has stated that it is going to use industrial strength to ohtain what demands are deemed necessary, and that of itself gives that form of orgunization, or calls into existeace experatives in all of the industrial distriets, who of themselves, will have ronsideralle power in the districts in which they are situated and the orders
of the exceutive of this Federation will be judged necording to the way they suit the various distriets to whieh their orders may be sent. And what is necded and will be needed, in view of the rapid ehanges, in view of the process of education which the Federation has insisted shall be carried on, is an executive which can be got together quickly, an excentive which will be alive and not dead, and an executive which will function, and while seven men may be good, and ten may he good under certain conditions, this decrease of the executive would not he taken neessarily becanse it was though at the time they wonld do any great amomnt of organizing work, but becanse it was felt neecssars in link: $i^{\prime}$ the Province with the 13. $\mathrm{F}^{\circ}$. Federation of Labor, amd halmer has gone "step forwurd since that timb.

Del. MeVety: The reasons advaneal by the seeretary of the committee serem to the to be most exeellent reasons whe is change should not he made. The samie is true of the argumemis adraned ly Del. Kavanagh. The executive commit. tee of this Federation did not alwises consist of ten members. There was a time when it consisted of two or three less, and there was a very axcellen! reason why a further change was made. There has alway bern a feeling in the Province of B. C.-1 refer to the population situated in the small sections which is not of Vancouver and Vietoria -one has only to look backward to realize that as far as the smaller sections of the l'rovinee whe concerned, taking Nelson, the Koutemuy and the Crow: Nest Pass, that the representation was largely geographienl, and out of kece. ing with the idea of memlurs being in touch with one another. I ray it is more dittienlt in the Province of $B$. $C$. to keep the rarinus sections of the "x. reutive in tunch with one another than it is in many canes. I say to you from that standpoint alone. that if you are roing to stakn four future on industrial artion. then it more imperative that there should he exometive representa. lives in those seetions to keep the mellelurshif in those suretinus in tonch with whit is gulng on. Whan you are pre quiring them to lake uction on sumb partioular question, as in the ohd dnys. when the pregramme eonsisted largely of a legishatye one. and there wre no पuestimus of immediate meressity coming lof fore them, it was mot so cisential that $\cdot$-1"! olle should hatr matters $a^{+}$ their lingor emols, hut to sily to these

you today to do away with yuur uld legislative programme, alld substitute therefor an industrial programma" that neerssitates mass urtion at the time. I say it is a hail luliev, and not in the interects of this Feduration to decerase the number of the vxecutive. You minst phace your membership amongst the industrial sertions of the lrovince that will he called upon trom time to time if the phus is worth $n$ damn, and can be put into operation. that ure woing to test their commmic and industrial strength side by side with you. The whole proposal is not undertaken with the iden of furthering the best iuterests of the B. ( 6 . Federstion of tabor, but with the iden of phaving the power of the organization in rower hamis. It is a fallarions policy. and will not result in progress as it did not under the old lines, hectanse locals from the imerior would want to withAraw because it was thought to lie a cus at proposition. If you are expecting action from the now progransme, you must. an a matter of course, warilless If class, of man, who comms from thos. inntres, give them their share of the docisions and responsibilities so that you can rely upon the support of their membershif on occasions when it is required. I am olposed to the amend ment, and hope it will be defeated.

Dal. Montgennery: I am apposed to the proposition to reduce the evecutive at alf. because I beliceve in demoerace. and here we have inaugurated a nen form of industrial unionism, und still "e want to limit the execution and make it into what yon might say is an industrial autaerney. If this organi\%a. tion is going to he anything, yon must take up the lorondest line possible, and sive as much represintation to the ontsille distriat :ts pussible. stud it will give the large rentre, which wonld in rlude the hig , itices a chaner of learn ing the conditions in the smaller places. Thero is $n 0$ dombt about it, and it has hom hard in she past to get the ax rontive together and perhapis it will br. hand in the future, but at the sanne time, it whe not vory expusive. hat is will he morn expensive to send wery thing alloy to she hal to correry his information then for lans it ont tho 싸으․

Hul. Mrkowzie: (loggers: l"nifn): In spuraking in fasor of the hiotion, the question has hern rused of demoerary. and while that is not an question that chould hothor the delegates it this
this point from their own standpoint. and by themselves. Will this be the most efficient method for the furthering of the motives of the R. C. Federation of Labor as reconstructed! The ques. fion has been raised obout the expenses us would it be more expensive to hare representatives froul the Crows Nest Pass and Prince Rupert aud the interior district towards Fort (ieorge, or wherever they may be, or to have an exceutive situated at some central point that could be got together at any time speedily to transact business that might be before it.

You must consider that that in electing any executive to perform its work efficiently, you must elect uuen with ability, with konwledge of labor movements, to perform those duties, and the duties of this organization as reconstructed, is to spread propaganda neces. sary to form industrial organizations, and there is going to be expense attached to it, and why should we consider expense when it is going to accomplish the aims and the betterment of the working class as a whole. And I should state this, that in electing the representatives from the various districts, this man may be elected, not from the knowledge he may possess of the labor movement, but for the popularity.

Del. Moulton: Mr. Chairman and brother delegates, I regard the proposed change, the reduction of the executive committee to the number of five, as not heing conducive to the best in. lurests of the Federation, unlesa there is substituted a mintion to the effect that some committer shall be establish. ell in the varione districts at the same time.

Del. Caser: In opposing the motion hefore the House, it is with one end in riew, and that end is the considering "f the situation that we have got to deal with. This convention cau do auything it chooses, that is true. but it wants to keep an eye to this fact, that what this convention does, it does not necessarily finish the work. There is great work to be carried un in order to complete the programm as outlined hy this cenvention, and in order to eafi. plete the work. We have to wlece in ny opinion men whe are E-11-knewn throughout the west. and stroughout the length and breadth of the Provinee. aml men who do possés the cunfidence and the intimate acquaintance of the werkers throughout the province, and
in that particular view point alone, I would hold that it is infinitely better for to retain the old system of executive than to adopt the policy of selecting a class exeeutive at one central point for this particular reason, the question always arises, "who is it now that's got controlf': That is the question that the members will have to ans. wer to in making their report of this cunvention. We have got to reconcile the mass of the workers to the new form of organization. You want to remember this, that many of them are going to hesitate to approve of this plan, many of them are going to hesitate to conform with the new order, and in order to do that. I say you had better look with care to this particular motion that you are dealing with now.
Del. Scofield: In view of the fact that the Federatiou has already decided to adopt this new policy, it is more es. sential than ever that vice-presidents authorized by the constitution should assume a very active part in their respectice districts, and 1 must pass in opposition to the inotion.

Del. Nixon: As one of the minority in that committee, I am opposed to this change in that order, and I anı particularly opposed to it because of the cutting out of the geographical lines. 1 good many years ago I was one of the rank and file in the outlying districts, and while most of the speakers here, seem to think that all the concentrated brains on considering labor questions is confined to big eities, I must say that the metalliferous miners have changed an awful lot in the last sizteen or sev. enteen years They took more interest, and I think they do todar, in labor questions than any menbers in the city of Vancouver, or the city of Vietoria. They take interest enough and I have sces it myself. Thig take interest mough that on meetling nights in the middle of winter, they come soren and witht iniles from ther nimes to the meetings, and I have yet as far as brains is coneerned, in s.re bette:. There were as many brany inen there as in the cities of British Columbia.
fin. Taylor: This fo me is a matter of vital impratanee suld I want to place myself tif rerosd as being opposed to the fommendation of the cmmittee, and $f$ am going to give rezsons and ontline them as briefly as :
I want to say that I do not know of anything, that this convention sonld
do, which would be better calculated and fullest mithod of getting exto kill the ends that we have in view, than pass the recommendation of the committee which has been placed before us. We have talked during the life of this convention of things that have been done in Russia; we have extended cur greetings to Russia and to the workers of Rassia, and it is quite apparent to everyone that the sympathies of the workers of this convention are with the workers in the country of Russia. What do we find there? We find that they have taken the methods of giving the fullest possible expression to the workers of their country. The question was mentioned by Del. Moulton about a dictatorship. I want to say that I num not opposed to a dictaturship providing it is $n$ working elass dichatorship. Provided it is n class ugainst a class, there would be no hesitanes in my saying, "mo haw the power and we are: going to use it, and no wne shall stand in our way.' But when it comes to a question of establishing auything which could be construcd by the members, who, mark you, are not so far advaneed in the aggregate as the delegates in this fonvention appertaining to labor and the working class problems in gineral, you have got to remember that; and refer ence has been mate to the fact that some of the members here are giving better "ffect to "xpression than others and that also has to be taken into considerntion in this way: that when various delegates report to their varions lueals, even thongh they be possibly given the hest power of expression that can be within a human being. I venture to say that there ure wery. very tow assembled in this hall at the present time who cumld attempt within a hrief space alloted to the reporter to portray verbally $w$ : t hal transpired in this ronvention hall. It is not all beer and skittles on the re lurting end of it. Whith this ennsention is sometimes manimous in its dosires to express its rffiets. our mem. hership is not eutirely that way. I say don't let us furnish somb of the oppmitions with an obstach looking at it from that angle: furnish them with a rhus.

1 want to ronchade ly saying this: I believe that the workers today should haw the fullest powner of expression, while the nld existing ardur in re. - fert to the excention is not infallible, ret to my mind it is ly far the best
timo forgotern in the B. C. Federation of Jabor. Any attempt to send the control of this organization lack into the hands of ahout two persons, and a half will not meet with the wishes of this conrontion and the people whom it is derlured to represent.

The cxecutive of the B. C. Federa tion of Labor has other functions to perform which have not yet been re. ferred to upon the floor of this conven. tioni. 1 purpose, however, before I sit down to spisk of those, so that if this proposition nerds ang further dis. enssion or any further consideration is griven to this question, those tuking prirt will he oblitged to taku into eonsideration the other things that are ins. volvel in the closing nu of the control bi a provincial federation of labor intu a dietatorship. The excentive committere's rejortt has been adopted already. ley this comverution, and one cluse of that report already adopted by the convention rands as follows: "We would recommend that the members of the "xemtive resident on the mainhand and the islant? should be appointed to represent the interost of the B. C. Finleration of lahor, thus giving wider representation on the board of direr. tors, and at the shareholders' meetings.". The reason that the exceutive committer placed that recommendation hofore this body, which has now been adopted ar the poliey of this body; nl. though the convention adopted that lolus bolus along with other things, the itha heing that the policy in the past regarding tho Fedoritionist. had not rontred in the twa trusteces who voted the shares of the Ferderationist. held ly this Feduration of labor up to some five thansand and tive. The adoption of this recommoudation will contre into the hands. if this joliny was ear. rial, and I prosume that the idna of the resolution is that they shall be -herted in Villerelliver allil in ble warl "f Vanouser if josihh!.

Thre iden is that these individuals shall hater as large al projurtion of tha B. C. Federationist rentrod in theis "ontrel as fussibla. The teal represen tatives hoving rach a right to rote whates of the Fodarationist. sumb there buing ten memberse they womh not have in their indinidnal liande so many shares under their contrul is $1 t$ smalle bumber of members an the execotione woula hare. Therefors, there woula be "t brodrning of that rentrol. 11 more demoeratie propositinn than is :untici. bited ly. the shortuling or lowering of
the number of the execotive. Let us look this thing straight in the face. let us look it in the two eyes, and let us see what it is. Don't rifer it buek tw the eolumitter and decide its obseguis. Ohsequies hre now due, and let us have this thing sattled now ns it. was last yenr, in that this rinuso shall now stand as it is in the constitution of the Federation.

The Chnirman: 1 will new gut the motion. All in fator of the commit. tee 's remmonulation show in the nenal way.
(25 for; 53 against.)
The merting than adjournod till the following morning.

## March 12 (Morning Sessiou)

The Chatmme: The noxt is the con tinuation of the report of the commit ter on constitutional inw.

Del. Midgley: There is a resolution that we mmerid article mumber 17 of the comstitution ly striking on the last -lanse cuman'lleing with the words "all lesiguntions" and ending with the Word "committer": and the comnnittere recembrems the following substitute: that the word "triuporary', be adeled after the worl " varaney", in the last lisue lut one of article 17 . and the do. lotion of the belance of the clanse.
This resolution was designad to $r$ e move an apparent contradiction that exietal in the constitution. The repe lition. and the contradietion, appuar in the last line, where the president would apluint a member to fill a vacancy on the exerutive subjeet to the approval of the executive committer, and earlier in the artiela it states "the executive committer ly a majurity vote should fill the vacaine:" Now the amend. IIEInt would make the clanse to read, "thith the prosident upon receriving notier of the death or resignation of a momber of tha executive conmatter slanll ilppoint : luember to fill such a 'ar:aney fomporarily' and strike out tho halaner "subjinet to the approval of thr executive eommittere." Th. clanse might stand ro-writing: Mr. Chitiman, this last clans: really should rombe first. But the seceretary conlel do thut before he has more constitutions jrinterl, simply transpose th. lanse. I move tho adoption of the committer's report. (A member sece onded.)
(The mutinh wis put wo the moeting and dechared earried.)

Dil. Midpley: The rommitter, with out any resolution, is rocommending
(a) the romiontinn an mundment to dollure per duy and then bint prothus artiche umd artiele 13. In article! the "nd of the first elonime states: "The president shall receive for serviecs flve dollars per day for the timu actually levoted to the Federation and his methal expernses whila sat emplovert." That is ther last two lines of the first elause of artiole 9. 'lhe committer reconmende the deletion of that portom motirly and they rewmmend an :umenduant to artield is dealing with the rennmeration of wery member. of the exemtive rommitter. I may point wit. in parenthesis they are recommend. ing the deletion of that clanse dealing with tha lewsilent ss remmeration becanse it will ull be included in the romuneration of the exentive eonmitter. and in reyserl to rlause 13 the exarntive memmends that the clanse loe :HEnded ly striking on "all" ufter Hve dollars per day and sulistituts: therefor. " seven do ${ }^{1 n}$ ars per day" be she wages ' when allay from home' and fix, tollars pur taty ixpenses" und I hasere the atuption of the repart.

Hol. Pritelard: Mr. Presideme, I would like to ask "1 ghestion of the -hatirmar of the emmittee on censtitufiomal law as to the reason for amendwharticle 13 by taking out five dollars per day and actual oxjenses which are aserertainable, and sulastituting therefor seven dollurs prer day and five dollars expensis. I would like to know the rason for that dristie change.

Del. Nidgley: Mr. Chairman, in the phinom of the committere five dollars per day wages was too low mad thereforb they substituted seven, timl the Wastor for substituting the rest of the - hanse was, in the epmion of the committere. the netual rxpenses of one delo. Late ar of one member of the commit. we might her very much different under ther samb sot of eireumstamors as : mother melogate: and the eommitte was of the upinion it whs far liutter th fix an athal amoment rather than heive it se the diswretion of the inditi, Jual ronerned as to what his ex fuses were.

The sorvelary: May I in addition P1, tha יx phation given by Hro. Midghoy. say this-that there have been times when members of the executive who wore foreiving considerably higher rater of whges than five dollars per d:yg hav hen! callod wimi to do work fur the ferferation and we had no huicw but to lay them aceoriling to the ronstitutinn, vind they reenved for
dollurs per day and then hint frithups two or ins sume cases three dollars per day ly attending to the work of the Fonderition. That is not. as it should lue.

Non, as regurús the expunses. In the prast it has been the pructice to pry there dollars per day expennes for any huly on orranization hasiness, athel think you will ralige that three dol lars per day expunses deres not go vory far. Three dollars per day was mit (.mbigh, and while I eamot say that 1 ant altogether in favor of flvo dollars. at any rate same fixed smm should he made. beeause if vou do not do that van are grang 10 habr panse for wrangling; and it yon loave it ta the

 ling ol sambe promal spite may rome Hu $\because$ :irn all the necomits nre remberal at the Perr rul, when the altiornat numberes me puting in differont ox


Will. I'ritehard: I can sire the point in Brother Welly, routemion, but 1 am unty : little dubions because the prou prosed clatage, to mer mind, wonlt lring the chile payment of the exemotive ont erers grenter than is nsual mular simi Inr «iremustanees; for instamer, it would le greater, in my opinion. that the average pay of delogates tu this romvention. Seven dollars per day and ixpunses of dive dollars-lhat is stuted axpmans of twie dollars-would bring it to twolve dollars per day. I ran sor the sontention in Bro. Wiells. urguunents, that men who are working ht : cortain trade and reseving $n$ eertain rutc of pay and going to work for the Federation lave gonc to work at 1 statral sum which is mush helow their usual pay, hat it sorems to mo that the propmsed amendment nould bo giving an rexentive oftion proment and ex.
 arn worker; not auly sor. lat when rou take in arfatil experses in additian to the wages, you are taking sumbthing "hiell the ordinary worker has to take wut of his wages.

The: Nerertary: lathe past. the pra "rdure has leern to pay ther nftirers wages for six days pir wirek and w buses if they were nway on Smmay la pay them thoir expenses for sum day liut not wagrs.

Del. l'ritehned: That procelture


The secretary: 1 take it, it will. It is Hut in flur ponstitntion, it is n kind of unwrittul law.

Del. Trotter: Une shing that might be overlooked and that Del. Pritchard perhaps lost signt of. He says that an ordinary man has to pay his ex. penses out of his wages. Now, I have had a great deal of experience of that kind and it is this, that he is leaving home with all his overhead exprnses behind, and his wife and family havo to be kept just the same, and any man who has been on the road, any mun who is a family man, knows that over. head expenses in your home are not very inaterially affected by your ahsence. It is really so.

Dil. Midgley: I just wanted to sug. gest we might liscuss this all day and never get anywhere. It is a matter of opinion and the discussion does not make any progress. In one particular the committee has hased their recom. mendation on what the chairnan is getting, because he is getting $\$ 3.00$ per day less v the recommendation.

Delegate Montgomery: I have as an amendment that each executive officer be paid the wages he would receive if working and his actual expenses. This was seconded.

Delegate Cuttrell: I move an amendment to the amendment. That we pay $\$ 6.00$ a lay wages and $\$ 5.00$ expenses. I say nothing against the expenses after the expericnees that have been spoken of.

Delegate Lee: I second.
The Chairman: The amendmont to the amendment is that the wages shall be $\$ 0.00$ per day and $\$ 5.00$ per day experses.

Delegate Wirlls: I would suggest, Mr. Chairman, that Delegate Cottrell revise his amendment to $\$ 7.00$ per day vages and $\$ 4.00$ per day expenses.

Delegate Cottrell: I would be quitu willing to alter that in any way especially as it comes from one who has had experience and knows more than I do about travelling through the province. As long as it secures that $\$ 1.00$ reduction that is the main thing $I$ think.

The Chairman: Any objection to the amendment to thl, amendment being changed from $\$ 6.00$ and $\$ 5.00$ to $\$ 7.00$ and 4.00 ?

Delegate Midgley: I do not know how the rest of the cominittee feel on the matter hut $I$ am quite agreable to the amentment made by Delgat Cottrell and having it $\$ 7.00$ and $\$ 4.00$ instatiol of \$7.00 and \$5.00.

The Chairman: Are there any ohjec. tions then to that line of procedure ontlined by the chair, that is to prorand and take a vote on the ampudment to the amendment and the motion and whichever earries then if the mombere desire to have a roll call on the motion adopted they can then express themsolver in that way.

Delecrate Midgley: The committee has accepted the amendment moved by Delegate Cottrell and, therefore, that becomes the cominittee's recort and you only have a motion and an anendment. The committee's report of $\$ 7.00$ and $\$ 4.00$ and the amendment moved by Delegate Montgomery.

The Chairman: The motion is that R 7.01 ler dar wages and $\$ 5.00$ per day expenses, the amendment is that the ©xecutive menbers will receive all a!. lowance which they would be paid if following their daily occupations plus actual expenses. The amendment to the anmendment is that they shall reerive $\$ 7.011$ per day and $\$ 4.00$ per day ex. penses. You will vote on the amend. ment to the amendment first. . 111 thase in fuvor of the amendment to the amendment will signify in the usual manner.
1 Th. amendment to the amendment was put to the meeting and on a show of hands the chairnian declared the amendment to the aniendment defeated hy 51 votes to 30 .)

The Chairman: You will now proceed to vote on the amendment. I guess we might as well take a show of hands on that too.
D.legate Kavanagh: Would you mind reading it 9

The Chairman: The amendment is - that the executive members shall recrive the daily allowance of wages ix. actly the same as they would receive it they were working at their occupa. tion flus expenses.' All those in favor of the amendment will raise thrir right land.
(The amondment was then put to the merting and declared lost.)

The Chairman: You will now vote on the motion. All those in faver of the motion will raise their right hands. The motion is $\$ 7.00$ and $\$ 5.00$.
(The motion was then put to the :herting and declared defeated.)

The Chairman: The amendment to the amemdment, the amudment and the motion are all defeated.

Dilcgate Sinclair: I would move that aricle 13 remain as it is consţituted.

A Delegate: I secoud.
The Chairman: Inasmuch as the convention has voted down all three prop ositions it remains exactly as it stood.

Delegate Midgley: There is also a resolution moved by Delegate Macdonald of Prince Rupert, Trades and Labor Council, an ameuduent to article une, section 3 dealing with representa tions. The proposa? is that the section be amended as follows: "In the elec. tion of central bodies aftiliated with the federation; after the word Federa. tion add the following 'and in good standing for 60 days prior to calling of said convention this pertaining to delinquent unions only.', The object of the mover of the zesolution as I understand it is that any delegate offering himself and acropting nomination for election from the central body must be a member of a union that has been in good standing for sixty days with the federation prior to the calling of the convention. That would mean any telegate a momber of a union not in mod standing for sixty days woinld not be elected to this convention.

The committee agree with this resolyfion because they beliere this objec. tion would have the effect of bringing some organization into affiliation, a wan who is elected or nominated ant expeets to br elected through the cent. ral hody would naturally use his endeavors to get his afiliated with the federation and this would work as an inecntive to the delegates. I move the adoption of the committer's report.

A Inlegate: 1 seconsl. The motion was defrated.

A Delegate: I move the adoption of the eommitter's repurt as a whole. and before I move that motion I wonld like to ask a question from the point of information. Can a resolntion put before this body here he withdrawn in committere?

Tho Chaiman: No, the committee aun recommend that it be withdrawn, bu: : resulation once being introduced bevelice the property of the convention and the convention then refers it (o) the committee and the committer may then tnke such action upon it as they may deem necessary, they could ereconmend the resolution be withdrawn, amended or make any snbsti rute resolution.

A Dedegnte: Then there is one reso. Intion with irawn before the committec, and the committee have not put in any reesmmendation here and as $n$
nember of the exocutive, and since la. bor has taken the stand that they deman. I demand that that resolution be put before this house, and I move it and that is, that rule 18 be ainonded, that it be read as tho proposed resolution would amend it.

Delegnte Midgley: As the person who gave notice of motion to amend articl: 18 I said in committee I would withdraw the resolution and $I$ stated so a few moments ago. I thought the hrother if he had any question to raise would raise it then but he evidently desires to say something. I stated in committee that I withdrew it. The propiosed amendment was the striking out of the last clause commeneing with the word "amendments" and ending with the word "date." Mr motion was the object of striking out the clanse referring all amendment to the constitution to the membership for ratifieation, when thero was already a clanse in the constitntion dealing with the referendum, and any scetional movement could ask for an amendment if neepssary, and $I$ consider d this a duplication and unnecessary worl for the secretary to refer it to the mem. bers. However, the members ascribed a motive to the proposition that did mot exist, they suggested that we desir: to take ont of the hands of the membership the control of the federa. tim over the constitution, and owing tu that fact, I stuted I would withdraw the resolution rather than have these motives aseribed to it. Therefore, Mr. Chairman, I reported to the com. mitt e that I wonld withdraw the resolation.

Delegate Kavanagh: I move the nesolntion be permitted to be withdrawn.

A Delegate: I second.
The Chairman: The motion is that the meolution in question be with. drawn.
Delegate Midgley: The recemmendation of the committee is not that it be withdrawn, the committee mado no recommendation. I made it in the committee that it be withdrawn.

The Chairman: It has been moved and seconded that this resolution be withdrawn from the convention.

Delegate Cascy: With the advice that stich an attempt be not tried ou again. It is very bad proceduro to try and take control out of tho hands of tue rank and file.

The Chairman: This mation is to withdraw the resolution and we will procerd to vote on it.
(Adopted.)
The Chnirman: Is the committee on nudits ready to report?
Delegate $W$. Yates: Chalrman of the combittee of audits (dated Mareh 11, 1!19.)
"Th" committec on andit reports thit the books, vouehers, receipt-tabs, "te., of the necretary-tronarier havo luen cheeked ul nud examined and found to be currect.

The detailed statrment of recrints and "xpenditurn us eontained in the officers' reports thllies with the books and neconnts and shows a bulanere on hand at January 1st, 1919, of $4(3 i 5.5 \%$.

For the further information of the delegates sour rommitter have rheck. ?d yp the receipts and expenditures Irom Janmary lst to Nureh 1 st . 1919. to aserrtain thi prosent Inancinl stand. ing of the foderation und subuit the following statement on the subject:

## Receipts

Balunce on haud Jan. 1
Received in Jan. .......中1024.71
Recrived in Fod. ...... 515.47
Rereived in March... 261.72
$\$ 1801.90 \quad \$ 2287.47$

## Expenditures


Your commatter further reports that the books and accounts of the secrea :ary-treasurer have feen kopt in a clear und satisfactory banner, and we desir. to express onf appreciation of the mannorr jul wich the work was earricd out Juring the piswt var.

Respuretiully submitted,
 Missacar, T. dmerson, F:. Kurmodi. W. Moulton. J. D. Bradstock.'’

I Mose the aloption of the report.
A Delogithe: 1 arcombl.
(Motion put to the morting aurl de: clarod carrled.)

Delegate Renfrew: (Chairman of the ways nad means committoe): Your mommitter recommends to this ronvorl. tion, that the incoming excentive low instruted to cirenlarize the nfiliatord minions anking for boluntary subscriptions to rerato a fund for the legnl de. fonse of organizad workors, eharged with offonses as laid down lyy the riso lition suhmitted by Inelegete Casiv. I move the meloption.

R(solntion:

- Whereas, Mumbers of nignnized labor have loeen, nud are owing hronght (1) trinl fur violation of certain nuders. in-comet that are or themselvers violations of constitutionnl rights and

Whereas, The workers individnally annot alford to anploy ronnsel for their own dotionse.

He it therefore reablome That this annuml romvention uf the H. C. Fulara. tion of Labor dy fut into mution right luro wal now, mathinery for inagurat. ing a sinking fund feither liy lesy or wher means that will climinate 1 he asper of ehurity) for the employmant "f the best legal talent in defenser of workrrs urrested for aforesaid political offonses, this fund to be "pen to any organized worker hy applic:ition to his union; and upun diverotion of trnstores of suid find.

Be it further resolvert, That this res whiton he read it Wiostern Conferane with the ohject of sugerating its emblo. tiont to all provinces.

1 move adoption.
Mation aloptod.
Delegate Ronfrew: Wi. recommend that tha secretary be instructed to eanwey the thmas of this eonvention in Ronther Tallon, Surevary foung and witicers uf the eentral lindy for their musparing aforts to maku this assombly : sucross.
(Thu motion was seromblo., pllt in the merting and laclared rarriod.)
 that the smon of *25.0) her pail to the "arretaker of tho hall for his wirion Juting this eomention.
F'llev motion was sperended, put 10


Delogite Kenfrew: Wir recommembl thit the meromtincemmitter appopriate uar hare of the Wisturn Comfor"her "xpronses pro rata. I move tho adoption.

The Nerempars: I take it the proposition is to sime the veredtal prower in
awambe bur shime of the expenses on the holting of the Western Confersuce. 1 might suly that whell the proposal whe flrst nowed the committer in charge of the Wentaru Conferrane ar rungennent was without funds and that
 lis the 18. C. Finderation of lahur.

Flor motwon was adopted willto res jurt nas a whole mbphed.

The Normetary: It has bern the enstom in the past to have hound eיpioss of the porecocting of this convcollion sent to the differobt inions. It has. also lewen the rustom, mot embetly the coastom, lout on sumbe oreasions the re.
 bern givell in the B. C. Fedmertioniat. This year, I think with the programme wo have ontined that wr sliould take stopes to s.e that not only the beroblers of organized lator in the province of 13. C. bilt thowe mombers living in other povilles in the Dominion should lot made a"puaintel with what has truss
 (1)y to lowse that the procerodings ent this- polverution be publistion in the B . C. Federationist, and that ane thonsand cuphe he piuted in hook furm for usio of :lae ofliceres of the attiliaterd bodies. and in Joing that. Mr. ('hairman, . You arr gulge to irhicse the object of pits. thay tha inloas exprissed at this consumtion intu the hands of at loast twenIs thousalul mombers of the workilus chass. That ine the prople who would maturally revoise them. But mark yout hhis. I think I ran saffely saty this, hat to mety pilur that is pulitished each
 :try greng to get the procerdings of thix romsumtion intor at loast the hambs

 copies for the use of the afticers, in hrok form. Eat that ally forestion that ations in the local mainn dabline with
 kitul. wr the polier of the fodrration. the uttiour will have lhas oll file and
 port the mombere al grong to korep the formparmist ath carry it aromml. but the wherers of the orgatiosttions :lll has
 will ha. in : position to rive the moln burse of the mion, all the information necessars, mal in vicw of the farl that our policy which wo latw adopited, is going to ball for propagama. that we can start in right al the first.

The notion w:as soreondel.

Th. Chairman: And the newly eleet cal secretary will mail $n$ coly of the procerelings to the dillgutes.

## Thu motion was carriocl.)

Helognte Wutchana: In vien of the fuct than a large unomit of matter is to lie platerl lu a reforendum vote "f the membershifs, in going were the constitution of the fedrrition, 1 find mbsoletely no prosision at all for the pereentage of the votcs. It is winted bey the mecretary-tranarix it this time, w" have nomewhere in the noighborhood of a tifteren thonsamd mambership, altiliated with the foldortion, aml in taking a sote for the holding of this entrationl hore, wr Hus somewhers is the wightorhound of thrier thonsathal rownlure voted on tha quations. M! ithol is, that in virn ot the fact of the mattrs that ary bering sulnatter! in the ratembernitp, that the ineoming: "xrebtive shonly hase sonething in th." ronstitution as agnide, of at ghideancor to thom, so ats tu sere what frreroblag. uf the mombershin will corry the votr. - it will unt l. hatt an it is at ther
 a referondum vato is carried. I do
 gatlization that wemberathy of the of mak: wow that our roustithtion shan allal



 -trike. that at logat thes -honhlather
 fiftefor fur eront of the mondurshipe or
 III -11 int. I think the romtirn matter
 constitutimal lan forime something in fir the ghidalen of the incoming ex. $\because \cdots l i s \cdot$ amd 1 womh like th hear some


Thu Sumplats: It in atmint wrll takell. Wr. Chainman, 1 hawo is mimal the time whot the erolmal strike vote

 lore wt votes rotmond. was ratricd, and sthete of the nembers of blo executive fols. in -pit, of ther subllases of the vold that 110 shonld rall : Gromern
 1 belowed that to atrmpt to eall : Fellerat strike with the indifference whown hy the menbers would be dolly, anl whs injurions th our musement. and in this rats you ary attompting

you are forming a new form of organ. ization. If the executive only has on hand a vote of something like aix thousand of the entirn memberhip, with perhape hundred of a inajority, it wonld be a pretty baril proposition to earry out the proposal as ontlined at this conveution, and 1 am rather in. clined to think that the wxecutive, who ever thay may be, will be whe enough to see the danger of trying to do any. thing with a vote uf that naturre it the same time, it way be that he cx. veuive committee wonld not be as wise as we might like them to be, and they might start something which would have injurions resulis, and I mu rather in favor of Delegato Watchman se sta. gestion to refirr it bark to the enms. nitter on constitutional law, for them to deal with the matter and bring in a resolution to this convention.

The Chairman: The chaır will enter. tain a motion requesting the commit. tee ua coastitutional law to loring in a supplementary roport rovering that.

Delegate Wilkiuson, Vancouver: I move that the committee on constithtioual law be instructed to bring in a recommendation cepressing what in their opinion is a shitable majority for this federation to act upon with refer. ence to the subjurt which bas bern made the subjeet of a ruforembun vote.

A Delegate: 1 serond. This was adopted.

The mueting opulid ut : p. in. With the vieepresibent in the chair.

The Chairman: The next lnsiness to come before the eonvention is the election of offiecrs. The chair desires to sny that it is customary in conven. tions where there happens to be a frat. ernal delegate present, to ask him to preside. We have no fraterna! velegate here but the ehe' $r$ feels he would be expressing the good will of the delegates by asking Brother Tallon of the Trades and Labor council, who preeter us on buhalf of the trathe mionists of the City of Calgary. 10 presidn at this meeting.
A Delegate: Brother Fillon is not
here. here.

Thic Serresary: 1 would mowe Mr. Chaiman, in view of the fart that Brother Tallon is not here, that wer request Brother Somemillo of Mogs Jaw to presidn while we .l...t our oftieners.

- Thr motion was wornded and put tt the "omemtion, ant varried ananimentily;

Brother Eomerville of Moose daw, then look the chair.

Thu secretary: Mr. Chairman, I would move that thre tellers bo appointed to count the brillots.

Delegate Trottre: 1 would necond that motion.

The motion was pul and (arrici)
The secretary: Mr. Chairman, 1 would suggest Brother Ellis of Vietoria for ome, Brother Sinclair of Vincouver Por another, aud Brother lofting of Vinmonver for the third.

The Chair: I am wry glad to aceept the "uggestion of my brotber wecretar and "ill :lpoint the three men us toll "re fir the ulection of officers.

1hbegith Nidgley: Mr. Chairman 1 would like to make a motlon to savi time in the rlection of officers, that no momination speeches be allowid.

The metion was suconded nod put so thr convontion and rarrical nandinobis. ly.

The chaiman: Whare now reudy tu rueriso mominations for the position o: prosident.
(D)legater Kavamagh and Tinflor were numinated fot president.)

Deleमat" Reid: Mr. Chairman, 1 move mominations elosed.

Delegite I'ritelard: Mr. Chairman, I second the motion.
The Chaiman: We (i) nut want ed shat out anybolly.

The Chairman: There ure two nominations before the convention at the greant time. Do 1 hear any other nom inations. Hearing no further womina. tions. I drelare the nominations closed. und Hellegates Kiavanagh and Tayolor "ill be voted on. "lhe tellers will dis tribinte the hallots.

- Thie hallots were selected and count. mb be the tellers and Mr. Sinclair re partal as tullows: Mr. Chairman, and Jellquates, the vote for Delegate Kar. : Inith is iortefour (44) und for Delt. wate raylor is thirty-niae (39). We halw rounted over the hallots and find then eorreet arourding to the couns.
flow fhaman: fou have heard the result wi the hallots as reported by Hupgat" Sinclair, and I therefore le - hare Brothor Kavangh elected presi hont tow the incomiug term.

Th. 'hairman: We are now opera for amanations fú sectelary-preasurer.

Ibllagates pritehard aad Wells wore mminated for the position of sereretarytraisuller.

The rlairman: Do I hear any other Hobnilltinns! Iny other meminintions?

Hearilig no other notumations，I declure the nominations elosed．T throthers will promeed to Ilistribut．the hallote is the delogates preserat．
（Thin liallota were gatheral and Founted and Dopegatue Sillolair rapulatl as follows．Mr．Chairmath，arborthag to the ballots．the rote etands，It hegate Wrells，forty－thron（tis）and lhangetr ［ritebard，fuetyone（41．）

The Chamasa：Accorling to the re－ sult of the ote． 1 now drelare Dele．
 ar for the innoming term．

The Chand or：Now there ary two vien president，he clected from the Vancolven listrul．
（Deleght，MeDonir．ll，Delogate bit rill，Ti．l＂gut， lorrison，Deleggato Hoad． D．logate l＇ritemarl and Dolegare＂ f ＂ut tive．Were nominated．

Dolegate I＇ritehurd：Mr．Chaimat 1 A－rline the nomination．

1）elegnte Trotter：Mr．Chnirmath． 1 deeline in favor of nomilue．Di＇huste Head．

The Chairman Any othor nomina tions？Do 1 hent any further nomina tions：Hearing nolle， 1 dioclase the nominations closed．
－The hallols were coment ant Deln． gate Sinclair reportal as follaws：Mr． （＇hairman，uecording to the bullott，the vote stands af（e）countiag．Melomaell． forty－sevelt（47）．Vottrel fifty（50）． Morrison thirty－livee（33）．Hedal thir－ な－five（35．）
The Chairnme：Accordins to the ro． sults of the voting，the twe Delegates SteDonncil and Cottrell having rewis． al a mijority of the total votes．I de－ chare them duly electod as vier prosi


The Chairman：Nomimations－are now open for a vicepresidont frubl Vie poria．

Drhgates Taylor and Stevamon wew duly nominated．）

The Chnirman：Any othor numina rions for vicepresident for the dierriet of Victoria city？Do 1 hear ally other numination？Hearing nome．I ibelare the mominations closed．
（The ballots were colleeted and counted，and Delegate Simelair report－ od ats follows：Mr．Chairman the rut． accurding to the ballot：romuted． Etands．Delegatr Stur－ustm，thirty－five 85），Dulognte Taylor forte seven iti．i

The（＇laniman：Accordinge the re． sult of the ballots，I declare Delegate Tayber mected for the distriet of Eic． torin．
 sum thatlons fur viex prosin frar Van

 sumbluat．．日在＂
Phe bather－colle al at



 IIn＂twent！20）．
 lot is hochared be the follore，givine
 therefone， 1 deware hime eloment as sifo． president for tho Ishow！district．

The＂hairmaty．It：natetio is now


（Dobgettrd Mr Iturplay and Yatos w．r．Mul．ominatord．）

ITher balluts＂ro pollected and fombted ant Dehegnte Sinchair reporterd as follows：Mr．Chatimult，the vote，ne． courding to the bathet，wainds．Dilegnte Pates．thity four（at）．Dolugate Ire． Nurphy fus iv－nine（49．

Thu Chaimma：You hato herarl the
 and Dahpute Na：\＃urphy having re． arisul a majorits of the vote．he is derdared eloctad．

Th，Chatmun：Nominations are now ＂pen for the Koulonay and Boundary rementry．
（Dibligite kolnerts and（iill were duly mommaterl．）

Wיhoghtr（iill：i horline tha nomina． 1 1．！1．

The Thairman：Any other mon，inat tinl：！
The I＇hairnan：Irw there muy further momintions？Suy further momina． tions？Hearing none，I Aecinre the uomination closed，and tuere being only whe ！uminer．I dechire Delegate Eob． orts ellected as vienpresident for the Ḱnotenay aud Boundary countre．

The rhairman：The merting i．．now urn for wminntions fur vice－prasident fur the Crows N゙יst Pass．
（Dolegate Philijus of Formie was duly nominated．）

The Chairman：Are there muy fur． ther momiations？D：I hear any other nי＂mimutins？Hearing nonte，I hochare the netuinations closed．unt Parlegate Ihillifes being the only ome named．I hoclare Dologate thillipe duly elected is vier－mbesident for thr Curs Nest l＇ass．

The Chaimme: I'lure is ane other Alsegate to he cherefel from Primer Rupirt.
(Dilegates Cnsey nnd Montgomery wron duly nominated.

The Chairman: Alỵ other nominn. timbs? Ir, there nui. other nominations?

Dhlegate Montgomers: I deetiue the umbination. Mr. Chairmun.

Thi Chairman: Iny other mominations? Wearing uone. I dinlare mmomatinus rlosed, athl thero horing only and. nomination, I dechare Delegate Case. Mreted vierepresident for the lrince. Rupert territory.

The Noeretary: In viow af the fact that the rexecitise rommithor reommended that the representatives om the axpentive of Vanemwor lshaml, and ther Iower mainhand, be the trustees, I tak. it there is 10 neded for athe elentinn for trnsters this roar. Is it fill. moderstood that this was adoptefl in thi committep's report?

Jelegate Hulible: Mr. (Ghimiman, sere. ing that that has heon adopted, thern is no other coburse to fallow, althumgb I didu't know it was in.

This. Secrutary: Mr Chatimonn. 1 would Nater in nomination the (ity fif Vie.
 in loring so 1 womld like in say the "omvontion slanld have bern there this Srar. but awing to the desire tw hold a Wextorn Conferemen, a referendhan wote was takell, and it was herided that mur convention shomla he lield in the
 tatres attending the Western Confer"nce. anll I think mider these eonditions Vietoria should get the eonventiun for mext rear.

The mation neis duty seronded.)
Tho (hatirman: bo I henr anye other nominntions? Hearing mome. I dorelne the ('ity uf Vielarial elonses, for the hald lig of thr 1 !eg romsontion.

The Sereretary: It hus heen the cins tom in yerars gano hy. Mr. Chairmin, to Mret a dreserto to the Tralles and hahur (abigress of Camma. I think I hiavo herl olerterl fise or six times. hat we have mever wht athergen xat, rxopt ing the sear of [als, whithe congress mot wh the eroast. I momimenthis, so

 fur this congress al mot.
 "mald lik, to plan-" in nominatian thu
 wh have aluare eheqted al delogate but
on arromit of the finances, the delegute hus never gonc. Howreir, I wish again this rear to platere in mumintion thr. name of anir serererary.

Thn Recrevtary: Hr. 'hairman. I "mbld decline the munilatlinn for the simplo reason that I hawe other work in Vancouser, which makes it intulvis. who for mid to travel very farmy at this time.

Dehegate Hulble: 1 du mot kuow "heither it is the dosire of the roblsontimen to an remerd that they are in fiavir of somding a delogate ur not.
 tont in mising the question. In vien of the fact that we have nlered our




 - bunt in mir own prasime in the work
 "ration.

The (hairume: Tha pulastion has heroll raised :as for whother wo whuld sumil a Aldegate or Hat.
Dehegate Rees: Nr Chiaman, to test the ferling of the rowrentim, $T$ womb

 Congross.
'The motion win dily mormeled.)
 sinns? If mot. van hasia hatarit the mo


Dehesiles: (2mestion.
 जrnhld rom vilto thr motion agall?


 ada.
 throre, Now, thirte-five.

The 'hairman: Aloordinir to the "ollint uf the sutces. the motions is lost. Tha ("hairman: I wanl to thank the Infegatos for the support ther hath given the enair duringe the chertion
 progres thronghout this cominer loron.
 "ome furwat :and takn the chatis.

 Mlassi.
世ates, I thank sum fou the erail hon-
 :mad I triat thut I shatl nut disgralco. the homor which yon hive plawed in
my hand, lout shall alwuys use the gavel to the best iuterests of our fed "ration. Now, your exvention, as clectell this year, is largely representative of those who brought hefore you the proposed chunge in policy introduced last Monday morning, and you have - lesterl an executive, in other words, who are in sympathy with that proposal change. That bring the case, it will he my endeavor, together with that of my colleagues, to do all we call to further the proposed pinn outlined in the opening sessions of this convention. in order that the workers of this country may by what strmgth they possess remedy their position as it now exists until they finally arrive at that atuge of intelligence, whereby they can institute democracy in its true form, that is, industrial deniocracy as we conceiv. it. (Applause.) Gentlemen, I again thank you. The emmittee on ronstitutional law will now report.

Chairumn Midgley: Mr. Chairman, your committee on constitutional law has brought in, in contornity with the instructions of the convention, a reeommenation as to the required number of votes necessary to adopt amendments to our minstitution, and they hasw brought in a separate resolution with refires ce to the majority required 10 declare $n$ general strike. We considered the two questions were considrahly different, and therefore they would require different recommendations. The recommendation as to the adoption of amendareats to the constitution, is as follows:
"It shall require a majority vote by organizatious eomprising ihe vital trades, such as trausportution, metal trades and miners to alopt nmondments to the constituion.'

Mr. Chairman, I might say in ronsidering this mattor. we realized that there are a mumber of suath, seatered arganizations, who do not represent what is termed the vital trakes, and in roterring to them, 1 want to make it char to ymi. make it elear to this emmrention, that 1 anm not rasting ange re theetion unen them as surl. hut merel. pomparing them to others. in monnarison to the ir importaner the industros. in general. That is to say, it we wrere to lence wit a majority of all organizatims, a number of shatl lerals, such as bartenders, onft drink distrilout cei-
 will mopur to your mind. would have a vere deriding affer on the wotes taken
ly. organizations in comparison witat a:: orgunization of huudreds or thousands of members, such as the lougshoremen, strect car men and so forth. We considered that the matter of a sucersstul carrying ont of a change of poliey in the consention will rest largely in the hande of these vital urganizatious. If a shange is adouted, if it were voted for by the least important urganiza. tions from an industrial point of view and rejected by the more miportant organizations, thir result we feel would lie detrimental to the best interests of our organizd mion. if it were foreed to be carried on at the expressed dis"plproval of the more important organizations, and therofure we have hrought in nur recommendation. It was a very difficult thing to arrive at sume united comelusion, as voll diseovered this morning in listening to the discussion, and we finally derided this was the best solution of the problem, therefure. the recomunendation is: "That it shall ruquire a mujority by orgnaizations comprising the sital trades, that is, translortation, metal trades and miners, to allopt amendments o the constitution."

I move. Mr. Chairman, hre adoption of the committec.s repmert.
(The motion was seeonded.)
Suretary Wells: I agrex, Mr. Chairman, with the poliry so far, but it dores nent go cuite far eunugh. The coursir of uny move in the last annlysis dopends on the rank and ille. That is a rertainty. In fart anything that wr may make in our arganization will depend on tur silpport which we reerive from the members, and whild we have fot fu take into aceonut the hasid trades, if you will so rall them, the vital industries of the poviner, uniers you are sure before making the ellange inat the rank and file of these organizations arre really represented by the ballots, then you are going to have very little. chatuer of putting it into (fferi. And annther thing is. if you gat al real expression of opinion from the rank and file from the large organzations and the vital industries, it will hatw a large reforet on the halance of the orgatiza tions which mi tht prubable, otherwise, withatrow from the organization as a whole. You are making a stirt nud ron :an to prepare as you gre alomg fur bidding ill. You are not aning to rstahlish this thing right at the statt with all the afiliatione which gen hase in the fedration now, and ineretorn 1 mown an amendment. Mr. Chairman,
as an amendment to the resolution that the lcal unions be instructed to take a ballot vote, ballot papers to be supplied to each member, and those not returned to le counted in the affirmative. By doing that you are getting a real expression of opinion of the membership. and you must lave it before you can move. I do not care how much we may try to jam anything like this down the tliroats of neinbers of our class: you caunot inove along these lines successfull. in that mamur. It must come from the bottom $n p$, nud I am confident if sou take a ballot vote in that way, that you will not only get a true expression of opinion of rour member. ship. but you will then feel you carl go ahead, you will go ahead on a scund and firm basis.

The Chairman: I would ask if the committer would be willing to have this added to their first recommenda. tion regarding this proposition.
The Chairman: Not having the consent of the committee. I would ask for a seconder to the mintion.
(The motion of Delegate Wells was thin seconded.)
The Chairmall: Are you ready for the question?

The Chairman: As I nuderstand it it is this. Insofur as the amenduent is concerned, the ballot papers will be issued by the secretaries of the local unions, anil they then will notify the secratary of this federation of their stand on thin question. As I understand the recommendation it is. that the majority of the vital trades inust be secured in the affirmative if it $i=$ to go through, and I think that to meau this. that in a city such as Vancouver in which there are many small organiza. tions not considered vital to induseries. that should a majority of thesr organizations vote in faror and there not lim a majority of those organization : vital to the trades, that is such organizalions as transportation. ship-luilding. minris and so on. then the votw eannot be considered beeause the vital trades have not eerafind their willing. ness to support it.

Delegate MeVety: Just reserse the situation. What would be the situation then?

The Chairmant It would depmel on the judgment of the expeutive and io the eonditions in existence at that time.

Dיnegate Wells: The motion is this: that the local union he instructed to take a vots. and that ballot papers be
supplied to each member. and those not returned to be counted iu the affirmative.

Delegate Rees: You said before you would send them hy mail to ach individual member.

The Secretary: I didn't say "I" would, hut I said they would be sent. It is the only way every man could be supplied with a hallot paper. Take the steam engineers for example, and they are as good an example as I can think of. They are scattered all over the province where they couldn't get their members to meet and take a vote under any circumstances, or even a majority of their members: so that there would be only one way of taking a rote of that kind. My suggestion is a little crudely worded perhaps. but it means this, that the local union to comply with the instructions of the executive will take a ballot vote by sending a ballot to each member of ibe organization in question, and unless that is done, the same disqualifica. tions will apply to returned votes, as applies in other cases, if the iustructions are not carried out. In other words, if the instructions are not carricd out, the vote will not be counted.

Delegate Rees: I do not know whether you would call this an amendment to the amendment. or a sustituted motion, but I would like to move it as a substitute.

The Chairman: In amendment is in order.

Delegate Rees: I would like to move that ou all vital questions, except the question of calling a geueral strike, befor the same becomes effective. we must have a two thirds vote of our nitembership, and a majurity of same. And I would also like to include in that the question of severing our connection from the international. The motion would be that it is moved as on amemdment the the eudmeut, that on all vital futstions, except a resolution ln secede from the international union. or on the question of calliug a general strike, before samb becomes effective that we must have a two thirds vote of the membership anl a majority of the same.

The 'hairman: Are som ready :or the \& ersion ?

## Delegates: Qurstion.

The Chairman: You are voting upon the amendmont to the amendment.

Drlegatr llul,ble: I would ask Delewat Wrells whether he is willing to de.
lete that portion which states that the have always had in the recommendation ballots which are not sent in should be counted is the affirmative.

Delegate Wells: I may say this, that if you will only look at that last part properly. it is only this, that it is foreing the men who are too indif. ferent to return a ballot, forcing them to take some action, or their ballot will be counted in the affirmative.
A Del.gate: For my information, Mr. Chairnan. I would like to ask, providing the amendment earries, will the motion as aniended then be voted upon.
The Chairman: For the present you are voting upon the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the amendment is that upon all vital questions, except a resolution to secede from the international union, or the calling of a general strike, before same becomes "ffective, we must have a two thirds vote of the membership and a majority of the same. Aro you ready for the question?

Delegates: Quèstion.
(The amendment to the amendment was then put and defeated.)

The Chairman: You are now voting on the amendment to the motion, proposed by Delegate Wells, which is that the local unions be instructed to takn a ballot vote, ballot papers to be sup plied to each member, and those not returned to br counted in the affirmative. Are you ready for the question?
Delegates: Question.
(The motion was put and on count of the ballots were found fifty four in favor.

The Chairman: You are now voting on the resolution as amended. Are you ready tor the question?

Delegates: Question.
The motion as amended was then pu* atal carried unanimously.)
Chairman Midgley: The next recom mendation leals with the requisite to take a general strike, and it reads as follow:: "It shall require two-thirds of the memhership reting, to deelare a gencral strik.. The exeeutive to take into ronsideration the rital trates, and their gecgraphieal pusition." Mr. Chairman. much of the argument which was adranced in relation to the last applies tu this. "seopt for a general strike rote. it will require twothires of the :nembernip wing to doclare it. That is :0 -ay. regardless of the mmmber who voit. wothirds of that number must he in the attirmative in or Ae: to corve a sumral strike wote. W.
that the executive take into consideratiou the vitat trades and the geographical position of those voting. Mr. Chairman, I move the adoption of the committee's report.

The motion was seconded and put in vete, and carried manimously.)
Chairman Midgley: Mr. Chairman, I move the adoption of the supplementarverert of the committee as amendil be adopted.

The mention was secondel, put to the menting, and carried nanimously.)
Sucretary Wells: I think perhaps the action: takell at this convention are already bearing fruit. The execttive was instrueted last night to send a wire to the premier, and the following was sent:
$\because$ Hon. Joha Oliver premier,
"Proviuce of British Colnmbia, "Victoria, B. C.
B. C. Federation of Lahor in conwition assembled demands a most rigid enquiry into the explosion at No. 3 Mine: Coal Creek, on April 5th, 1916, and a further enquiry into the cage accident at Nanaimo last year. The convention awaits vour reply before taking any definite action in this matter. Wire reply to A. S. Wells, Lahor Tenple, Calgary, Alberta.'
and Mr. Chairman, I am now in re "ript of the following wirt:
$\cdots$ Victoria. B. C. Mar. 12, 1919 'A. S. Wells.
"Labor Temple, Calgary:

- Your wire received. fovernment agreeable to hold necessary enquiry at au early date.

Sigued)
"JOHN OLIVER."
Delegate Pritehard: Mr. Chairman. I move that the new executive be instrueted to keep this matter under adrisement and devise ways and means of seeing that tho promise of the government is carried out in case this promise finds the same risting place in th. P. C. as the previous [romises nutlinell in the secretary's regort.

Th, mation was seconded.)
Delegati Rees: Whuld you put in rour motion, too, that the execntiver atimple io arrangr at last a lahor riprachataton on the enquiry
Whente l'ritchard: Certainly.
Thi. 'hainam: The motion will he :mmand acendingly. Are :on way for :lue question:

The motimn was put and carriod unaminnulle.)

The Charman：Thew is onu prestion I would like to suggost，and l，think
 that following the non－succese of this proponal，that the executive carry on a propaganda und submit it again Inter to the mombroship．

Dilogate Pritehard： 1 would muw． surh a motion－that the exerutive he insermeted．whonld the pressat vote of a refterondum being sulmitted．not he cartied that an rxtonsive propaganda he rearried out aloner the same liuns． ant thr roforondum again bo sult inittod．

Welowate Witt hman： 1 Whe griug to ＊14thes．womld it not be advisable in the hest intereste of the labor move． ment．that ：sperial rombontion he hatal sumatma sal in May，and failing the whe to ba iarried．then yan would h． $i_{1}$ ：a ：usition to take the rmite mat． tor up．I fator the idea of ralling a － laken，aml mot handure it in the hands ＂f vour axembive．brealuse ther might ford at that time that they deremed it inth小isable in the faro in tha roln in




 Eatte it right hore insith theif urgan is：ation．

 －•1．：llll 1 follall it wut hex txperinne． myself，：mal also from the ixpremere of the whor delngatces that where any Fhar iudivala：l from tha ranks attempt c．l！to raisu his vaion ill ：hat！augnst as $\therefore$－ably in＂ptasition to the intronation

 haz\％all wrer the rochlt，：hind von would ha！，the＂h：atur b talk．I will suppurt


 athinumsle．）

 ＂onl！！lik．to anmenmer that if dole． \＃̈tes wish to howe repots forwarled
 ＂ith the surmars．
 might sty＂un thing in romblasion in the delagates．＇the trouble hats leen in the pass，to it Ereat whent，that after

their reporin th the organizations they represent．that the organizations have comsed to take any interest in the af－ fairs of the fodiration．Now the ex－ centive affierrs of this organization can wnly slo things it this lusa the rank and fllu behind them，and I wontd aak whon the delogates wo linck to their organizations ta tell thoir organizations that the federation is will in existence， and that they are pari of it，and any quastions whinh anfeet thim ins workers shonld her rionered th the exccutive of tha fondration．so that．We can know What is goling un．Wir have not bean commeterl with the different perte of the proviter as we shomd hate lwen，and 1 hoper not only will the expeutive of－ fierrs lont the unions themsilves，will do more towntals kemping in toreh with ons another than they have in the past， so that the ixmotiri as is whole can understand the conditions which pre－ vail at any particular time，at any par－ tiabar part at 1 ha jowinen．

Delegata l＇riehard：Mr．Chatman，I womld like to say onn word betorn wr adjumm．tho．Wr have ratrored on a now perlice，and ron ran take it as my． prorrual epsinion．Ilat any man who has lwon ronsidurel sulfirionty incolligent． abl whos＂＂pinions ate considered an ＂xpurswon uf the wreanization，whicl hass sednt lhem here，is also at fit and proper prrann to leworn an othicial and unpaid orgation for this convention， and for renreving om the propaganda of Her turw foling laitl down by this con い口timn． 1 think the delegates should ho inhurssed with the fact that con－ い口tuns wuly wcolr periodically，but the reat wori natet gn on in the mean． time．
 ＊＂ll：ative of the loggers＇mion，and as tho Aelngatre hat repremems that union herre we will he going outhe ronit ta ＂remnize the camps shortly and there in l10 d denht that we will do all in our I＂wner to heing this matter beforn the workirs． 1 would also like to ask cur prosid．ont，Htal on aceount of the work that is abobl of wis，that ha take the grootings of this convention to the log－ gros mion at their gencral merting at


Thu Clatimat：If there is nothing morr before the rombontion，and hav： izys colleftuded $\therefore$ in most momentons con－ vention $\dot{x}_{4}$ tho history of tho B．© Fed． ration uf habur，$i$ derkare this ron－


## OFFICERS' REPORTS

## EXECUTIVE COMMITIEE'S REPORT

To the Indegates attendiug the Ninth Anmual Comventien of the British Colmmbia Eorleration of Lathor.
Your exurutiva remmitter preanifthe following regert for voin ansider. :tion:

## Legislation

It the rimee of the latit ronmmation. the rxeceutixe buct pol dend with the many marton refarmel in it by the ".an ventiom

In desture with the man! thines per "aining en kridation, the guestion of who shombe berrevent the kegishative
 -ussol. "wher to a resolation hembilis with thas matter being woerivel from the Priane Kupurt Trables and L.athor Conncil. The rosulution is an follom-:
"Wherths. This Nerthern district ithe point ot andentios muler the band
 and.
 W. F. Thompron hohls ef pocition ai -trolgth by virtur ot boilos al fowliz man of thron memindre of the leginta tive Assmblay, vi\%., Hon. T. I). Patulke A. M. Manswin ubill E. H. Mobley, of the Prinee Rupest. Onineca and Atlin dis. tricts renperetimely. ond whereat. We are lesirons of placinir these members nn

"Theretorn, Im it resolved. That wr respertinlly request the B. G: Fieder: fion af lalum. in anvention assemhlad. (1) appoint Dald.ante W. F. Thompsou ats one of the represelthatives to attent the mext loginhtive Asombly."

White this resolhtiont was midently intended for the romention. it wis lue wonted to the executive at the frem mowotig of that body after the convely tion. It was rinerimed that the pituation
 Marsill. Whe hav: widd kumwlye ot
 addition, wold leal with mining wat

 sunt the logishative properale in then fovernmarn.

Marlit the 12 th was the dite met by the (formblatht fow the prexellat ind of bur propmeals. Presidellt Mofonltum.


sime little correspomelemes baving beret exchathered with tho Railowad Brother homels hisking an for thegramme of th. Federation, ami tho powhility of :ating in ummon, anl as The views al thase organzations wor" ant at vari : Hues with Thome of the Fiveration, it w:s deceided rlat they should be neti dien of the dater at merting with the (xovernment. and a- ? mounh they were "preseuted hy T. T. Blosmar. vire -haiman the the 'anadian J."gislative:
 Engiwnom: T. I.. Comghlan, chairman wi the Lecrislative Bart, and A. E. Lullonay. bi the I'mvincial lagislativo Baticta.

The followimit is a list of the legislat
 Hollt:

## LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS

Subuitted by the British Columbia Federation of Labor. to the Govern ment of the Province of Britiah Co lumbia.

## Department of Labor

The reparation of this department than that of the Jowmey Geseral, and hon remion of a splatate: partatio job the Minister uf lahor.

## Electoral Reforms

l'seprortional representation, and that


Amendment- 10 the lrovincial kilou
 irethehise by :lll worr, whether :lloy af: mesilmen in the eomstitueney it whinh they :tre wispored or wot.
'Ta fubvide fur at lrast fiwn month 1") bapse. betweent the dissolution of marhanemy and the foretions, that a -puctal romt at revision le licid ant lha dirat lay of the on-ust month following dissefhet inns.
T. abolish Has frodelt rystelis of Wholoun drpenit-

## Municipal

'Tu shmpish the pronent pioperty 'fual ifirations, for the lathing of phitie offires.s.

To provith liar tha crominem of the

without the payment of the present householders' tax, by munieipal electois who are mot promerty holifers.

## Enforcement of Labor Legislation

The strict enforciment of the Conl Mines and Metalliforous Mines Aets. the Shope Kegulation Aut, mud other degislation pertaining to the welfare of the workers.

## Amendment to the Factories Act

ion prozellt the nse of hasimments, or roman holow the strum herel as offices for thr produrtion int printed mattor. wr for the setting of tyou.

## Minimum Wage Legislation

In Aet th providu a minimmm whge .if di.3.50 for illu for all adilt workors "orking madorgronnd in the mining in hnstre.

In Wet :o jronill for : minimmon vigut for "omrli.

## Hours of Labor

in - bet th providu for at maximum work-work of forty-four hours in ali thlotrial berattons.

An Aut of provisle for a maximum "ortionok of fortwo.ight hours for all "wrkers following the culinary erafts. :llul th provide that all prosonn emplowed in suid rafte shall have ono day +1f rust during rarle work.

## Fortinghtly Pay Day

in . Ift th providu for all wages tll ho pald at feast "wey i we werks, such palmonts and la. in firroner and that :1t an timu shatl nomse than six dars,


## Educational

In yentinf for the tro.e iswing of all
 ii. - ehent thamghout tho l'ruvilum.

## Trespass Act

(1) annembluoll to thi- A.0t, In fro





## Fair Wages

?lat ans all work catripl out lye enn-





## Protection cf Longshore Workers

 - burlors in inspert the arnar and tacklo.
used in the loading and unloading of ships.

## Employment of Caucasian Women By Asiatics

An dit to provent the employment of Caucasion women hy Asiatics.

## Registration of Plumbers

An A.t to provide for the ixamina tion and registration of plumbers, and the striet informoment of sanitary regulations.

Wash Houses and Sanitary Conditions
To provide tor wash housis in shiprarils. fombdrins, murhime shops, mills. minus, me.

To providu for propur sunitary and drinking arrangoments, in shiprards, mills. mines und fas:turios, and in all ranstrution ramps. fogging camps, efe.

Tin "ompel minployers of labor ta proviar fire lodding. surh as mattrisses. thed clothess springs. cic., in ull con-
 inmstry where wheners have herem sompealled in the plas to proville their awn bedts, "te. Emphowre to lar rompilled to kirp such hodding ellean and fren from infertion.

## Camp Inspection

 hoalh offirers to visit all rampe at lo:s-i wher a month, forbiding the usw of rammolwarr in the preparation of foul. :mal making it incumbent on ull emperations to provihe adequata modi cal and hospital irnotment. and all
 : 1 ner.

## Protection of Electrical Workers

l.urination for the protrition of EHorrtrial Workirs, this werenpation la. ing arknowhodged as loing of a vory hatardons mature: a draft ant was pro. whamb for colnadaration.

Protection of Street Railway Em. ployees and the Travelling Public
The: limitation of the hours of laber fur sitron and Elotric Railway Fimforme to 1 H isentr fomr hours.
 We eomductor ont :+1! street car, "pera worl un bur aity atrects, wiohin the limit: of : 1 y $\mathrm{y}^{\circ}$ ity in the frowince of 13.itish Cohimbia. unless such motor mith or "olldhefor whall have first re-
 oll the different street car lines of said city. such instruction to be under the supervision of $n$ eomprient motorman
ur "omblucur on the waill city streft ear limes, who has had at least two yuars' "xprriulues :s motorman or conductor oll mail linies.

Said instruetor shall cortify to :ho fitmose ol any applienat prior to the said upplieant taking charge of ant -trint rar: flor cortilleation shatl sata that the appliennt is fit aml qualified th take charge of, thel operate. such par or plirs.
('artification shall be made to the prer. woll ind rharg of the aprertion of the stront rar limes in satal rity, also to the provincial inspefor of tramwiss, anl surh rertitionates shall beromen a part of applicant 's rond of surviec laforn appilivant is put in rhatge of a street ritl:

Thint a prames af mat loses than fifty
 dass' imprisomment. or both, shall he imponsor for violation of :aty prortion of these rulis.

## Proposed Aniendments to the British Columbia Boiler Inspection Act

1. Nertion 5 : uf rhapter e4 lu la amombal live strikins wit the words

 Worl- "-s"ron disys.
 líreperand.
 loc : Illandod ly strikine ont. the wirds - and -precial.;


 "atme" ill the riothth lime thorout.
 lo.: ambinded $\log$ striking witt thr whuld of subsertion \& theronf.

 fige ont all the sumbs aftor the worl "trpe" in the seromit lilu thoreof: allal - Hbstitting therefor the following



 howints sortion:
 flallt is "promton continmoms! duribig the whold collondar alat of twolto-pur



 vishol, fors: longer furtiond than cight hours in : ally surl calomiar day of 24
 this Nection shall mean from midnight (10) mitnitgt. provilod. lowerere. that

Mothing in this seretion combatimed whall "inly in cases of comergeney mplithe imbindiate attontion, or in cots of ath
 in the manoidable absione of the remp. lar ragitumer, bat with latior rolltia grory shall not oreur for monr th:th


 Hllosel in rxerse uf right home in twontrofor hours in rontoreton wita
 ather person who rontimus in the fill

 hours ill a promel of such twrity forll

 forouty-four homis, of falata torndy "itlo the prowosions of this aretion, shatl


 $\therefore$ :(61), (111).

## Truck Act

 lows:
 louth inclosive hadl alply.
(a) To ally warkmani rimplowed al
 hollakilars sithated wholly or ill piat

 whhis threr miles themef. ur




 or within throm milan therent.

## Protection of Miners

N...tion I. This Art mas be ritul a-





 or irift in gromal thist vansor dlat


 H11"



 for drillils or borille lorlos in - forn deifts or ratise is יghipped ats repuit.al

 aloll ill :al sfole. Arift or mase bith
flut using saill upplitanef for the preson tion of dust.

Nection 4. Any person who violates either of the two preeeding suetions, or may ownor, operator as person in charge of my underground mine whe hirrs. dontracts with or cause any pursun to viulats the lwa preceding sections, shall be ghitty of a misdemeanor, and. upon conviction thereof, shall be puuished by : find of not less than Ome Hundrid Dullars, nor more than Fiy: Hundred Dollars, or by imprisonment not uore than six months, or both fine and impisumurnt.
Section E. That the words "pre sua' anl " person in charge,' whirrere used in this Aet. shall be dermen to include curfmrations and associations existing unler or nuthorized by the the law of either Cinada or the Pro. vince of Brilish Colunbia.
section 6. This Aet shall take reffect and be in full force fron and after nincty dars noxt following its pasange and approval.

To amond the Metalliferous Mines Act to proville for the using of time fuses of the latest. and most appreved type, in all blasting operations. Such fuses to bu aproverd by tha Minister of Mille.

To provid. 保 all right-hour bauk to hank regulntion for all motallifirons miners.

To provide for the boxilug of all toll ley lines, shates, atc., where contuct with the liur- is liable in oceur.

To anend the Metalliferous Miniou Det to provirlu that all iaspeetors shall post a rope if hi- roport showing the: number of Hi.e lifterent laces insiwes. ad aud condifion found therein, and that the inveremer shall at all times be accompanied be a compentont miner dur ing rual in-fugtiont.
 of stetion 4 win sill let.

Tir pruvid. ion a nataimum woth-dic!
 arombd mines, mill. and smoltes- ellol "onectivalore

## STATE SICENESS AND UNEM PLOYMENT

## Insirance

 -iekness und wemplorment insuranee. "ith fres medical and herpital thett.
 lental teatment as voll as ardiont illness.

## Mothers' Pensions

Lagislation to provick for pirnsiona for mothres, whin through my ranse. are lift without suppur: t ta enable: then to bring up their whille:n without the neanssity of placing then in "rphan hames und similur institutions.

This logislation should lio hased on the primeiple, that mothers rould not be betfer aployed than in araring thpir phildren in hame aurismmitings.

## Delegates Well Received

It in muly fuir thentor, that al 119 time late ming government shown more attoution to a drlegation representing the Federation, that was shown on this oceasion. There not being sufficient time on the first dar, the sessinn wh. antinmed on the second day.

Prrhups the best way to shaw the results mitained, would be to give the following list of legislativa cuartments. which were placed on the stutute bocks at the hast sussion of the herts.

## LEGIBLATION AFFECTING LABOR PAgSED AT gEsgION OF B. C. PARLIAMENT IN 1918

Labor Reguiation Act Ameudment Act. 1918

1. Rejuals section :2 at Lambur Pregu l:otinu Aut. rhapter 124. E.. \$. 1011, which phwides for an vighthour day in sumbern only. Extonde operation if that dut to erke orens, smelters, wous. -ontentens anl minoral separation
 in the offire. hoarding honse or buuk houre. and further prevides that mort thin - ight humrs in trenty four may be workel st the phants in the went of arefinnts of for the peoservistion of hut luale ifr. or for the savillg of propert? from wesults of an arcident. The Aes


Metalliferous Mines Inspection Act Amandment Act, 1918
$\because$ L'raviales that the fropector of Mints hall fust in sume maspienous Hacer interut each mime axamined, a opy f his ropert to the minister required is. aretion if ol Meralliferoms Mines In - jurtion Ael. 1917. Kulo l.t oi that dor is sthatk ratt, ath! st bess rule sub -titured. Wlowehy the wight homs al lowod to be woiked urderground is nolh isenty lome is to he computed from the time the miner enters the mine to the time he ratache the sur for ly an purson shall loc pinployed above Humut at w ahont : anctalliferoma

 fanterling or hunk hatures or in the coritt of an accident or for the premervatioss

 rtanse (21) of sulthen : 31 uf urigimil Aet, hy providilly for ubximmini plat torme every 40 bint of haddre is -hafls, nud nertion a permides fur thes



## Coal Mines Regulation Act Amendment Act. 1918

3. Provides fin right hewur lis! 1.1 -urteer me" with some qumbitieations is in last aet as to where man anth thos -mployed in lwarding and bunkelouses, and in evelt of aceidents, utc. Thim ant enmes into torne :ilut Matil. 193:

## Mnimun Wake Act

4. Pravides for the emstitutinn o! - Minimum Wage Busat, where luty it hall be to enguire inte the wase paid - femate raploveres it the various me. -Inpations. Iralle and imluntrion in the Provines, and dix : minimum "age. Fob dhis rurpose, the beted is : muthorized to, "xhemine pay-rolls, henck-. .res., hold put, lic meetinge and enpuirus. call wonfer
 "mployere suld wupluwe logenher witl. - Ite or murn diginterowed persmes rej wsunting the puhlie. "hieb enifurne. thall on sequen of the hanral, make wo
 a he fixed in the iminatre under monwheration. The hearth ature comsider og the reesmandation thus persencel. -lall mak! : Ill shligntwr: wher swe ify IIL the minimm "hos for the industr: Inder rou-idnemtion, which shatl lie
 A:" 中 berest :und therafter is in 31 natul tue :0: wate help at her that the =furifion aghe thater benaty of whe ken that -ü -he yenalty luctue remberable hy sull



 -rneses issum :as the diseration oi the Puard. The board matis also iuquire Ate be wasere shet conditimen of laber gi girla mader is ropre ot nge and mak.
 atid and the courlitions of lathr. Pent altime arn providelforagainst such emb Mayese on weronet of Hey actions the - mployer mat haw taken nith agard to the tixine of the miniturn wage and
 "mphered w1 lese then the mintimbs. "age may sower the halane betwere that than alut he minimum wage from ler rompleyer hy with netion. The Aet




## Factortes Act Ainendment Act

7. Vroviles fion the waryins asit $011^{\circ}$





 Hhe Loblector us Pactorion in satiented



## British Columbia Prohibitior: Act Amendment Act

(i.) Ity wretion 12, provilles that any
 :ar inhlustrial plant. sif bla matere at
 ebthising a permit fram the enmmia
 not expecdini ulle quart. for nas in cas.
 intar lirree un :andelll

## War Relief Act Amendment Act

Amoung sthor thimeptronta cur fleserse elamaty the bemefle rif the murnurorinm with retand to lasisishments due the Worknun? Cutupensstion
 1!114.

## Workmen's Compensation Act Aniend. ment Act



 to incluche sud industrow in the list of these whleceted lo! the Irt, as it way by 1f.ghation detrmitue. A very imposi

 abreby the bondel is cmpowerd io




 jutio. to the xato er head, whest the curnimy vapacity nos not impised. Provision is :loce mand wherols the howrif is gibern entend ower the instal
 intu forco wo asernt in-ing eqver.

## Poll Tax Act Amendment Aet

!. Amended tha I'oll Tax Aut, 1017, by limiting the dedurtion of poll tux lis "mployers frum wages io revry malis person in his cmploy hatile to pay a poll iax. 'Ila det cinme into forme on aswith luing siturn.

## Weekly Half-holiday Act Amendment Act

10. Fixelumef fiomu the opromtion of the det, the mevern slays immoulintaly fremting r'lorispmas, mul also pron idno that the linti holida! shumbl mot whtuin in the work huring which or tha wark heforr. of thu wirek aftur tha day on whirl the halt latidat eomes elamest to
 for"

## Company Towns

On fimer splumate meanions daring
 - mbiblinis to low dume on the vinsel, or


 will show.
 "rar phereman to the (insmmant. it


 ing the rewns, and not when the house




 that lathen wonld be comsinhed throngt the rxemitine. With this m mind. Surwitry Wiclls sut the following later to the promier:

## 


I'rollury l'winer of B. ©.
Sir: In Nawh of this watr the (xerulive of the athere Foderation, through a sub-wntmiture latil before the gros
 the time, we wre intomed that the (iovermment hat tot the time to give that comsidletatim whirh whe promests III...itarl, in virell withe fart that the
 forment that atfor the hose ress. that they worlal recaive robsibleration, and th:il troll tille to tille we wotlel for belf intormed as to the progrese mathe.

Wr have to ped bad no warl as tw


 the introtiome arre amb to agnim intur.

to further axplain our dewisi - in rowHetion with the legistation propinatid.

Trusting folurir from son at, an early dittr, I ramuin, respertfully voms.
. I. s. WFid.s,
Arovtare trensirer.
Thu folluming reply whe revoivel, allal the surertary romplien with the


. . K. Wirllo. Fisul.,
 Vmbeoliver. B. 『.
 tre of the gme inst.. further in mind "In (10 the lagislative prograthar latid
 rear. In rejs I mas mheise you that i haw hal : out fikes atid 1 find that the memotim.
 lation rambultor of the homes, from "hicl, it llas but wothomel in this or
 thi wiore. is : 1 , multo. amt lint asailahle to lat matil the house nuras.
 arably mhticed if sou will foor ma

 will hatr the carndal comsibutation of

 that arsy bre millo.t.


 torn, I : ime your struly.

> Nigucl| NMIN (HITE:R

## Nanalmo Disas:er

Thu alisistur at Ninaimu. binf ill


 the meretars to the promicr. alll tho following robly was reaviol:

Hon .loln Oliver.

Sit: 'Tha atumb Fulovation has rr
 of the laws that and on thas stathte

 amblher instamer of the fint that these laws and unt motaral as ther shomlat hr. and wur rexative ferls that man
 fobig rowhen to me that they arre cafored. that mo maty shomb ha allow. al int the stret ratur mand ut the law.

It is wry wident, well 1 w 11 ebranty murvey of the ridenor takinn at the in. queat on the Numimo tixastar victims, that the nerident was brought nbout by sherer negleet, und lack of chiforeanomt of the luwn of the lume. In the ense of the Fernie miners, they ure at this time "III strike far "Snfety Hirst," null in view of the evillulue thit has bern siven to the geverument of the innger. "hes buture of the mines at Fiornio. wo are of the opinion that the demands of the wern shembl lie met.
Should you enre to have unr axeen tive meet the menthers of the Govern. mont. Wo ary propared at uny time in luke these butters up with witi or allo


1 remuil. volurs.

> (Nigncll)
A. S. WEI.l.S, Nop retury 1 tcailir.
Virturia. Suptrmber 1 tith. $111 / \mathrm{s}$. 1. \&. Wiolls. Hisu.,
 latwe Trmple. Vincouncr 13. (.
Went sir: 1 lum in reeript of your S. 1 ler of the lath illat.. having rifer



In whly. I laste sily that it is blo
 - 1 品 that all laws for 1 ha protertion of l.ahur are roforerd to the fillest ex. thol. Th. (iosermment is, :llld stands
 "usule th us in respert thereto.

11 volut excentive wish tw mere the
 analors. -paking: for luyself unt for
 you will "xprinme in ditienlty in uriongeing such a meeting.

Yours trily,

JOHN HI.JVFR.

## Fernie Situation.

It thi time the winurs of the (roms
 bhift. as: : moxature of saloty due tu the ?ntlition uf the mines in that distriet.
 al the Nintre realle to the (obist to sore


 1he following romentativer of the Fondation with the Niners represen :atiars, wilted ont the grarmment 011 :h:tl late: Verepresilents Wiuch. He:al. Trubler and the seevetory.

Prex:lob: Biges latid the sitmition as .,btilurl :" Conl creek before the gow. -rumett and went into actual detail us In why the miners were on strike lou
the olle shift, printiug ont thit the Imeu had decided that they would rath c.r fuit the distrirt nud surek vomplos. unent in other places thun they would riok their lives by returning in work unblor the doubleshift system. H1. guwe the comditions us they promented themedres to romperent miners, stat ing thut the milles ronld be workerd to mlvintage on the single whift, And that expurt ulveer hall sinted that the" mines wrot unly saf: if warked on the singhoskift linsis. He alsusthted that a cormore's jury willie tille :gathad racommendod thit tho mines shombl la "rorked the the shift. Bull flut the miners wore propural to ke.f u! tho collt pilt if the "homge was math. Nr. Hruwne nlsw took the stim! that the
 it "10:4 weres-aty if the lises of the

 ing that the minnes in the (rons diest I':1ss wrot urkmoledged 10 hin the nums dillgerous milus in the worlil.


 the derision of the romamissi"u prou lused hy he Minister of Mines. This . Hr . Elant. wh the suggestion ol the
 ngellerl of the milnes.
'Th, Wragation then bow II tho thestioll of tha rafiot
 bation dets. Thu sherention whs alow made that all uets sumb :N the Fitutury Act, the Boiler Inspuretiun let aluil other acts pertuluing to the sinfots of the workers he plamed moder the Wiork. "11"и's (compensation (ommission's jur isdiction, as this horly is in $l^{\text {nensorssith1 }}$ $1: 1^{\circ}$ lume infurmation in to the valme of

 homly in the proiller :lll as this buly
 villo - romplusat ion it. muat ho the mosis tithot lomly to deal with tha lans that


The fllestion of alderal reforos
 sיllt:tien berills the rhiof surs stions. salld it was sugrgested that as at stap tunarts the institution of this buthond of the ehertion of the prosincial repre sentatives that the mext elections in Vancomaer :mat Vietoria be mombutad III this phan. Other reforms aduented werv the dimitation of ti:d present property yualiticutions was also urged. Diviling with colueationial mattres.



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL 1010a
(ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2)
the govermment was urged to issue free all sehool supplies to the children at． tending the puhlie sehools of the pros ince．

Ntate sickness alld marduplovinent in． surance with froe medical and hospital tremtuent was arged，as were mothers＇ pensions．The restrietions at rhild labos in ：ny form muder the ag＂of sixtern was impressed on the croverm． ment as leing a neressity for the wel－ fare of the chidders of the prowines．
Remedial legiskation with the objowe of opening up at，elosed of company towns was urged，the attention of the government bring ralled to the ine． frent．emoplaints against tho continued annowanees and injustices which are suffered hy the workers who resith in these places．Tlue Hon．T．I）．l＇altullo pointrat ont the diffieultios with whiel， the government was facod，and suls． Lested to the felegation that the Fed． ＂ration make mont conorete proposal that would awhe the fifficulty．：and that while the gowrmente was illxiums to do all possible 10 rliminate tha evils eomplinined of the matter was one of considmrable dittienlty，and the ц゙ツ． ＂rnment wonld welemme some sherges． tion that would assist in solvillig the trouble．
Other hattors such as the alment ments to the Builer Inspection Act．and for the＇proper instruetion of all those working in eomuration with the opera－ tiou of strent and uleetric railways which wers presemterl to the govern－ ment in March last，were also hought to the attention of the govrrment． The interview laston from 11 in tho morning mutil 1.45 j．m．，and tho vari ＂us matters wore dealt with at length． the delogation rotiring with assur－ ancer from tha government that thes would deal with the different mattore as ther foume that they were alle fo do so，jointing out that they wete handicajped hy the dithiculty in gettiner the money tis earry ont the pronent work of the government withont insti－ tuting any mow legislation that would entail mave expronar．

One feecture of the difficultien of the exerentive in prosenting legislative pro posals drawn up ly the vianns locals． is the locals attempet to draft leg． jalation，and while in so far as their drafts ane evorerned show that they have a fair iden as to what ther want．sufficient artention is not given （1）the legination already in elfoet when those drufts are miade．In ono instunce sereretary Werls tomind a very sorions fantr in at propesil deawe ult by one of the larger organizations，and
thin ：t the time of presentarion．He book whantuge ot the adjonrmuent to place the matter before the mewhers －ot this organization in Vietoriat．The members at once saw the mistake that had been made．and authorized him to change the draft．He at onere wired to the Vinneouver local of this organization，calling its attention to the fanlt．Much to the surprise of the legislative eommitter be regeived a nire hask which stated that the union had plated its demands in the hauds of ：Privald mombur of the legishaturn． allit asked the rommither to＂a－aperate with this individanl．This the com－ milhor womld not eomsidne for a min ntro and woll alheal and antol ：as per the wishes of the Vietoris local．It． would serm inumssihhe that ：Iny organ－ ization could plam its interests in the nands of a privatio member of tho Honses，after hetsing the matter nttend ［日］lob the womention，alld by that 2athering reforal for the exceutive tor attution．The＂soratise lise on other weasions hern haturomber the netions of beal unimes whe after reforring their interests to the Federntion，inter－ frre and offert therativities of the ex－ molice．This will alow ：pply to afti．


## Dominion Affairs

The barinus matrore pertaining to Dominion legiclation．Worn referred to the Trades Coberess of ciniada．Tho following lathor wat sent to Secretary llapur，anel the following reply was renerived：

Mr．J．M．Vritur．

Trables（ougress ot Cillatu．
Dear Sir and Brorher，－－The follow ing matiers wore dealt with at our re－ rilt＂onvontom，and as they are of a national wharater，I an worming then to rour axeration for ation：
rhar ：ationalization of the ：onedieal and demiel profoswions aml hosprital sur． vic．．上iving the peryle iror modical． drital and hospital sorvier．
Tho dixing oi the price of War ktan－ lard flame．（Einclenedl phase fimel lot． tere cent to H．13．Thonphon on this alinjuet．

Thr＂リlusition of the convemtion was －trungly expressed at agaike the int－ fortation of indontured Chincse，or any ather kind af lithor．

The Envernment ownיr：hip ot all cold stor：ge olants，abattoris．ammer． ies．mills，mines and factorin＇s，rail－ Matle and all the meatiz of prainetion and diatriburion．These measures wor：
urnoil at the enn! solution of the prob lown of the highe rost bi lising.

Trmsting vour axerontive will deal with these qumbions. I remain,

Fiamonally wirs.

1. s. Wrill.s.

Geretary Trmantat.
Mu:war. Oht. Fohranty 20, 1015.
Mr. A. S. Wrdls.
Semetars Treasilmer
B. CC. Falotation of labur.

Virtoris. R. (".
Watr Hir and Brother.-I haws your
 mathers of a lowamal ellatacter dodt with :t your remot wherntions.

1 lian" hathed your rorrespondine: To 1resident Wattiors who will wivi "onsideration to the mather and make a report to the wext moreting of the rxecutive conneil of the Congress, all teriar to moeting the Dominion govirn ment. Your may lext assured that the propositions sulbuitted by you shatl ro reive rareful consideration.

## Fraternally yours.

(Sigued) P. M. DRAPER.
Sueretary-Treasurirs.
The following wire wan also semt t" Premier Borden wh the mationalization of cold storage plants. ate., as instruet. -d hy the emerention:
Nir R. L. Borilen, Pamior. Ott:aw: Ont.
Recent consontion of B. $\therefore$. Ferlern. tion of labor urged the nationalization "f cold storage phants. ahattoir, mills. mines. fictorios athl railroads as lieines unly sohtion of high rost of living problen. This in turn would alminate all profiterering in foul prothete and muntions of wat.

1. S. WELAS.

R. (C. F. uf I.

When it was oriol that the movern burnt was to "ploint ripmesentatives of Babor on the boaris of industrial or ganization, the following wire wat sant ly the sererotary to the Iremier: Nir R. L. Bordiol.
l'remier.
Othwa, Ont.

 "rganization he almintal, wr will hamer ber allowed to chome it: ws represtor t:tivers?
A.s. WELSK.

Sumetimy irmanors.
 labor represeltatise of the hepartment at Eolliers. ('ivil Recestalilishment. "rote to the refeet that he had remuest.il the prosimeial government th ask the B. N. F. of L. tw Hppoint :t represutative on the provinial commission to he formol. This the somernment did abll the following lefter whs rereiveil from Hon. Dr. Marlatin, prow imeinl sercetary:

Virtoris, D.r. $28.1!1 \mathrm{~s}$.

1. A. Wells, Fist..

Seretary of the ]rovineial
Emerstion of lathor. Valleolurr. [8. 「.
Dear fir--lt has been suggented to this grevermment hy Mr. Thomise A. Atevernath, hather represemtative of the Departmont of Soldiors Civil Reastablishoneat, that a represumation of Orgatized l.alore be appmintod to cach Roturned solders' Fommission istah lisherd in Cinals, nud 1 ant therefore writing vou, on his shgestion, to re yturst you to fermamblal suitalle per-- 0 ll for appointment as: member of the Provincial Returterl Soldiers' ('ombmission.

An early rifly would be much : p promiatorl.

## Yours truly.

(Nignod) J. S. Jatel.tiAN.
lorovilued Servelary.
Vicepresident Trofter © mano wits athmitted as the repressentative of the Foduration.

## Allowances to Soldiers' Dependents

On the soldiers dependents becoming active in their 小omands for incrensed allowamers. members of the exeretive in Vameonver assistel in all ways possiHo. and the following letter was sont for the Promier:

H.!l. Kir R. I.. Borden.

Premior of the

sir.-I ann instrutod to intorm Yous that Organizel labor as represe "trat by the ahowe lederation. is tavor of the dematuls now heing made by the depelldents of the men how rigaged in military smoire, for increasmat at. Inw: 1 mers.

Thase domabla arre in eflect. "That the groberment amorl such legislation at: will provid. the sohdiars dependents with inereased allowanmes to the "גlolit of \$100 pre mouth."


FIment has possibly the most accur(th information as the the incrased "osi of living, as smplind by the De. partmont of Lahor, whirh whows that the increass: is now 75 fer cent. dur. ing the last fond rears. there should lue no need for an iextemded mgitation fior this mattor to be reetified by the govermment, and in view of the fact that the govermment was rlated on a "Win the Wur'" julier, allel tho men - mgaged in military survere are doing therir best to win the war, thore should he no hesitation ant the forrt of the
 dents of these moll thio weressary al. lowancer in ordar that they may mot sulfar from the absamea of thair men folk. As the ment alle giving their sorvier to the mation it is mecessare that the mation shomla protere their lowed ones, and as the gewermment is the only lortỵ that rall give expression allat piot into offert the wishors of the nat ont.
 time to fultil the jerdger of the nation to the menn serving in military service, by amply providing fur thosi Inft belinit. I rometin.
I. ※ WEILK.

## Retumed Soldier Questions

It will be remumburon that at the

 tions arisimg romb the rotnrn af tho

 len the rellowsal uf suberal ol its melll burs. The contmittor was roorganized
 for the rame at the men daring vor: fional traming. Tlis was submittod to the anthoritios, lom was dropered swing to tha fant that bach organizatom woumed to dexire to deal with the men that rama undor tha juriselitaion of the trathe ar aratt that it roveremb. and wothing "oulal lar lomu that womld ment with the :p川rosal of the oflierors of thesu urgalizations. This was a mis-
 lonving things to the exeremtion of the Fonleration, if that bolly is 10 loe inter

 ley the suctary i- as fullons:

## Vocational Training for Returned Soldiers

" Lu dealing with this subjome there
 Which atr of viatil importance to the
returnell merl ant the rommmity at large.

The first is the mothod of training, and gromeral exproriolle wonld head to the belief that trade seloooks are praclically uscless, suni to makn ment ati"icolt their training whould bre carried om mulder artual woikshop eronditions.
 of apprentiendip, ant in bildition in terdinieal training where mailable.

The licext thing to be considerod is the placing of the mon in sum trades as will 'mast likely give thelo all opportmit! of carning ol livelihond, thorn
 flaced in orempations that are alrabay "Mromondiol, ur most likely to lureomie sur.

Smother mattor of vital impertanmo. is the [rerion] of training. Men ramos lon tramed thoronghly in ally frale in the period now allowal by the Domin-

'Jon wormome these diffienttirs, and In leal intelligently with the difforent -itutaions that may froms time to timm arise. Wo reammand that a coutral
 hu astablished. Who shall have pewer to : triets ats ther committer deroms atrias all".

Thu rantral :and sulbernmattores in
 mumbur of rejuesemtatives of Organ

 diris.
 "ith thu Vocitional laminiog Branda of the Hospitals fommissiont.

Their finution to low as follows:
T'o adris. the varational traming utiorers oll the fullowing guestians:

1. Is to the nellection of randitates for traintug. hating regand espereially tu thoir suitabiliay for the tradres.
2. As for the suitaliality of the train-
 similar instimtions.
$\therefore$. A s the the sulalibity of the training offored in workshops, with sperial raferentes to the prospere of
 of whine offired at the trantuation of the training.
3. Is to any ather torhnical puints aliving out uf the regnhation if the tralle.
4. To mport to the sor:alomal frait. ints ritticers if at any time. in their "puinion, that a sufficient mumber af
 lar trusk。in any riven alrai. having

Westal lu How mimber of ment that ally
 low ramalaly experted lo alonorl．

 shomhl hasi perwer to loy down the
 al，：and where the rommillow derem and
 aduphor ：1－well as warkalop taining．

Thr fillal weleption of men for train



 phosical informity．
 lue al taial［urpiond，and it at tha roud uf this frotion the marr is romsidured un silitable．the tmining shall crease：
Fit the vas of wobshop training
 the lifal protot，if the man proves

 ：am which shall he determined by the rollontlo，mathos if rithor patis for


 shath atter houring vidomer have prow －r forminatr the agromiont．

## Payment of Wages


 vithel in the ens muluellt，shatl lu paid － 41 the fullowing hasis：

Ithe protion of tratine to he dividal inta fomar gatis．

 ＂ance ill the tralle．

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 rath of＂andes in the mald．
For the Rhind promb，therato of pay
 ＂f どににな。

For llar dinlth and timal proriod of 1 manmer．the ratu of pay to be ia pror
 1rali．

 for which the phermoment now maters vorat malal allowaller．if tha ratr of wage herilis paid to tha mall in train． ing is bess than the smoment that is



In the vala of ally matl ly sprial ablibity rencoiving more thon tho atmonits－pumitiod．from the rimployert，
 rective from the g＂wrmment，hat shall
 abilis．
futho swloction of mell Por 1 mining． urefarential consinlor：ation shall lw




 arn asailuble．

## Strikers Uuder Idlers Act

Duringe the＊rike ill Mns in tho eity
 －redited the l＇remior，＊ir R．I．Borden． with having－lattal that－trikurs womlat

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Virloriti，13．1’．，
Na！： 11.101 s
Rir．Hons．Nir R．L．Khricol，

（）l：IW：Ght．
leres rerdits yont with st：lloment that moll mit watitikr in rity of Win．

 der reremt order－ill comeit．




 いいこい。

A．s．Wrill．E．<br>

## Organization











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\text { Varmh 1. } 1: 144 .
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## 

## Promidemy Dmariant

Fohliration of 1 athor．
 Enstrumed hy the rameltise of the \＃lown Foderation fa writr ron in re．
 proville．

They are of the urimion that threr i．murls work ilat romald lie tone amongst the that ani／ase workres． whirls would lo．of g．int holletit to the Workirs ulready arganiad．

Almongst tha＇movgamized are the Timber Workors．all wer this prove iller．Thore must he in the mightor．
hood of trol thonsand merb that arre rat gaged in the timber mind alliod indus． tries in the provinore ：ind from rorve： spondence that．wr have had trom the ＂Timher Workers＂intrantiomal，the atre mahbu for shbue rathor to umdertakio the organizatinn of these wortires．

The Enited Dinte Workn＝h：וッ：： faily fowd orgalization in fla（＇row＇：
 Islamd that organization is wery woak． places like Nmatimo hat illig bo orgoth ization at all，mell this 1 ：ket：io one af the Largest ranige on the Island．

Frons infomation gathered from all ower the distriets，mbered hy our ixp ＂rntive，we fimd that there is＂ork for organizars in the fullnwilg industries：

Teamsters．Jettil Clorks，Lambly ilorkers，（iurnmit Winrkers，and the： workers in the woodworling mills． There are somb ather erafls that meed organizing，but the above are the most resecutial ande the largest．

British Colmobia has two hasia in dustries，viz．，mining and timber，ind they should be organized，as they ro： er the putire province．and would，if organized，have a powrrful influrnee on all other organizations，and give a strength to the movement that could not be measured in dullars mind cents． The exceutive recognize that for ef－ fective work in this province it will be essential for a gencral organizer to he appointed to undertak，the work．The distances are so great，and the work so seattered，that to semd an organizer for each particular eraft ur industry would entail un rmormous cost．and ＂onld not In ：is eiffertive ats wonld une ndividual cowering the different indus－ tries in the one distriet at the one time．They therotore suggent that the execotive of the A． $\mathbf{F}$ ．uf L．give a sum of mones to the Fedrration to carry on this work．They ill turll wonld anconont for all expenditures mo tailed，atmer repre an the work acerme plished．

Failing the alow，methond beine arlopted．they wonld sheserst that the ＂xceutive of the $1 . \mathrm{F}$ ．of 1. ．Ilpuint a gencral orgatizer tor this provinere and that lar nork in eobpration with our exreltive abl to ：vertnin extent maler their guidaner，thas msing tha
 formation that＂omlly issist hina mu－ terially in his work，：and ：\｜f the satur
 man！of tha Fedamtion ta ateroupholt the desired erme．


 1．\＆．WHiI．I．S．

Th，following hoter w：romerived 11 raly from the frowident of the $\quad$ or


> W:ashiugtolt, II. C.,ST:mお12. 19].

If．．S．N．Widls．
surerotary Treanire Roitioh
1abluminas Fiodruation ef Labor．

Heal אil and Ifwhlar．－．Your fallo
 notod．Veli stat＂that there is ance： Irott oppurtmoty on aganion the fol lowing trador：livalncters，Retail Clarks．I．anndry Waitkra．Ciarment Wirkors，（＇merenter at the Viondwosh ing Dills and the Timhor Workers．

Four ark that the 1．V．of J．．：ppre Miald ：smb for Britivh（shambial Fer cration of lallon forerry on this ar ganising work． 1 regret that our fund．
 However，J las．Writtol to the several intronatiomal mimsa asking then to d＂ al in their powior 10 assist in organiz ing the＂arkers ut their trate．

With hest wi．shes and hepling to he：ar from yon whemser rontoriont， 1 an．

## Fratronally voura，

## K．IMIFI．（i（BMEERS，

 l＇resident，Amoria：Ferleration uf Labor．
Earls ut the differem！intermationals werv rommuniated with，ind ronzid लrable morrevpindance wis carried ot． but ne rewnlts，the wolk of urganizina the Timber Wiarkion In inge at last mu： deraticuly fle Vimeretore Trades allo Lahor ionneil．

## The Case of Willian Jacksou

It hasing leren liromght to the wo tice of tho secertary that Wm．dack wh．a miner，sumbiod for al long tern
 wiar，Iatil agathat hin：Iuriner the I－ land athik，of thr minury wa＊in is vers funr stato uf health，he wat in －tructed to＂rite Io the Jinister if Instion asking for his refosis．The
 lowitg rople rea ivol：

JIn！10，1！8゙，

Minintor of dhelit： 0
Sir，－I have herot instrubal lẹ the ＂xeretive ut the Britivl Cohntihiai Fed

- rathon it lathur to ask fur Hue retic.ene of William laocksom, wow rontined is *hernituatiary for womb crime, al. ? © \& ${ }^{4}$ ? that ha committed during the
 in the rear 1913.

From insomation 110 have reveiral berksin, if net rehasiel, will whortly the reletared ly death, litit we are given to mollorsimed that it he coulal be reo loased that there is : rhature of him ragatiming his leatth.

I trast that you will give this mat ior your wre waref consideration. and lot ons have all possible information is to the state of the man's howith. 1 rimuin,

Respertfully yours.
A. N. WEJ.S.

Secretary Treanaror.
Canada
Vegratment of the Serometry of Stalu No. 1:3596,
Remission
Register.
O.tawi, Cut.
lugust 14, 1918.
Sir,-Ketwring to your letter of tha 10th June last to the Minister of Jus. tice, stating that Willian Jackson, nov. confined in the British Colnmbia Pen. itentiary, is in poor health. I beg to inform you that His Excelleney Llio Governor Ginneral, lows not see fit to exercis. the prorogative ci clomense in this case.

I have the lumor to he. Sir,

- Your whedient servant, Ender-Smertars of Stite.
A S. Wells, Esq.,
becretary Treasurer British Columhis: Federation of Labor.
P. O. Box $1 \overline{0} 38$, Victoria, B. $1:$


## Formation of Policemen's Union

On the formation of the Vancouser Poliecmen ©s Union there was eonsidrrable fluttering in the dovecotey ot the ruling elass. Tlu. evoresentatives of the Federation statianad in Vanebit. ver assisted all that was pussihn, in the formation of this "ryinization. Tho following rommunia:alion. Whioh is selt-pxplanamore w:as fomanded th the Premint:
sinf. l6. 1!11s.

Hom. Nir R. L. Burlent.
L'remier at the Dominiou of ('smads. Sir,-The rity Commeil ot the eity ot Vanconser in aking tho governombit to enact leqislation whell wobll make it
 attiliato with any Tradne athal $1 . a \mathrm{a}$ ar Council.
 Wst against any whell legrislition. Wi: sure of the opinions that lis polieroment ar ally ather Enverumant or civie eme. ployres shombl hisw tho right tu ar. ganize and to alliliato with whom they will, in time whirls is their own.
labor organizations urv law-abiding organizations and have mot in any conso alloorefol the: breaking wt any law huy phaced bon the shatute books. :hni are not in any whap illegal. or framizations. In virw of this fact we: ranmet vere how there eall be ally litrorantiation lutwern mairmen and lotere rarriers, $\therefore$ betッ - at rivie am. pluyeres in ally 1 aticy othor typo of labre.

We therefiore lege to enter a protout -g gitust any mintr legislation.
i romsin,

> Rowertfally yours,
> A. S. WELSS,
> NerontaryTreasurer.
V. Ii. Midgley, reprexenting the Van--omber Trales and lathor Council, being a delegate to the Trades Congress (-unvintion, was asked to place the matter lefore tho rommontion ly the following nire:
Vielor R. Midgloy,
(1.) 1'. M. Drapur,

Chatean $\mathrm{V}^{\prime}$ routanar.
Queber.
(ity Council pritimning government rim legislation maning it illagal for police surd firemon to affiliate with Prades councils. Suggest you bring matter up on thour in congress.
A. S. WE゙J.N.

## Change of Convention City

Thu facts as to the rason for the -haner ot the eonvention eity are now "rll known. Your esceutiw felt that it was a muttor thit the members hould hand a voice in. :and ats a result of that upiniou a roferendum vote wis laken. Is reported bes the seeretary. that roforembint was iarried by an wrombiolming majority, and the deleatom lot this concention will have the "plommaty (1) ationd the Western 'onterompr, with little :mditional uxprove on the pert wi the leosals the reprosint.

## Referendum on per cap.ta tax

'The werrendum which was taken wr the question of rasing thre per eapita tax to :rovide nach affiliated member with the B. C. Dederationist was car. ried hy a lage majarity of those vont.
inc. but with the information supplied lis the Trusters, wr could ant sece how if wolld be possible to punt the pro. l"usil into effert. In the light of sub. sugment happrniugs, this decision prov. ofl: wise one, as the sulnseription priere. wheh was \$1.00 per year to locals suls. -riling in 11 body, hind to be raised in virn of the inerrised cost of produrtion, and the amount that would have finle to the Fellermtionist if the pro. fosal had have burome effective would only have beron dio cents, whereas it is mow \$1.0. a monsidarabhe difference.
W. would recommend that the membres of the exceutive resident on the lo"rer mainlami, aml the Island. should lan alpointed to represent the intrrests of the Federation on the B. C. Fed. -ralionist l.tal. This giving : wider representations on the hoard of direat wr. and at the shareholders' mertinge.

## Compensation Act

Kustizing the importance of the ad ministration of the Compensation Ant. is. would rewommend that the rxecu. tis. be empowered to splpoint a sub committee to deal with the frestions orrising oul of this act.

## Conclusion

 by Hor exarotive during the fast vell.

 17:my Bustalleres affert the intereste of : mmober uf workers. . homongs the



 :11 the : atyol atul al the shloserguent triat of flae : 1 ant Whas slon Brother tombluin. Huthe also of the arrest of Bmather Xiglor. the mombers of tha

 -tmeting the ererntary 10 the all that us: refnested of him. this he did. ly - -Itling oblt virenlars. and having all the at Krather Roherts of Silserton. Vien.

Mrevilent Mnrtin biomg inguged hy tho
 hint, hat of all tintes was he ussurnil of the silport of the exerotive

Effores to mombat the ranaraship and othor muthofls of suppressions wer. madre, but with a ruling rhose dr nk "ith jumar, anel hatked "II lis a mili. the marhind that rombly not be is. mered. wory litthe was pessible to he Julle: IBut ollu fact that should bu lowne in mind ly the welomates at this collvention is that the wovermment of this labil was elucted bey tho working rlaws, or it combl not be in power. That "thar mothods will hase to be alopted
 chat nor to tak. pulitionl artion it the


 lors. "f tho working dass who arn or Lanizal industrially. Mnny instances If the etteretiveness of this line of wetion eoulat la guoterl. A miai. mum wagn is uschoss when there are no jols. und if the future is tw har mivthing in stare tor the workres. is wili unl: ho wo berthse of the klowlefre of those workors. The jures cut scroll wt poblurtion fur protit cannot longer feren the slaves of that syetom. Ss the workers are the blares, it
 romtrol of their distille. 'This they ean
 hy puandial and constitutomal moans if ther all anilnhlo. if mot ly any
 ar the workers mast. in ordire to be
 thomblitere thoir remergies along these limes, as loy that mothod :lome will the workers sible the ereat prohlom that fares them. which is the age-long prob. lom at the prollatariat. io freat tha wowilis ••lase from the lomas of slavre mulor the rule of a mishoss and gibisitia rlase in soricty.

Recperifully submitted on behalf of the Exwentivi

A. S. WELI.S,<br>Secretary-trcasurer.

## SECRETARY-TREASURER'S REPORT

To the Offcers and Delegates of the 1., M. Curpuinters, Nirn Wistmin Ninth Annual Convention of the British Columbia Pederation of Labor.
Herrewith I submit for your consider. ation, the following flnancial statemont and other matiers and statistical information, pertaining to the office of Sure retary-Treasurer for the yoar 1918:

## REOEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES Per Capita Tax Receipts



## Political Campaign Defleit

Thu deficit laft arer from the exill baigu of 1917 in the Dominion elcetions covering the rampaign in Vancouvar and Vieforia, atmounted to the sum of $\$ 429.05$. This defieit had to be wiperl off. and arfing muler the instructions uf the rexeutive. I mate an appral in Natreh for donntions from the locals attiliated in order to clear off this ia debtednoss. Returns, however. wer. not very sittisfuetory, so in dpril J issumal another appeni, and the following sums: were donated by the urganiza. tions who respouded:
Ele etrical Wurkers. Vuncourer...\$ 10.00
A.S.lT.B. Curpenters, Vietoria..... 25.00

Longshormmen, Victoria .............. 10.00
Met. Trades Council. Vanconver 15.00
Miners [’nioa, 'Trail...................... 10.00
Meat Cutters and Butehers. Van-
couser .......................................- 5.00
Warchouscomelt, Viancouvar ............................... 10.0
Julp ind Sulphite Workers:
Powell Kiver...............................
Railway ('sumen. Vantomwo........
Maclinists 189, Vancoltver.......... 10.00
Bookhinders, Vateonver .............. £. 00
Barbers. Vithomber $\qquad$
Gimment Wurkers, Vimbobir....
hoving lipthre Operators. Van-
collwer
Boilermakers: Vinconver
10.00

Barhas. Vietoria

| uitrd Mine Workris. Sonth |
| :--- |
| Wrllington .......... |
| ..... . |


 Marhinists, Vibtoria ….... . 5.0n
Miss Gutteribge, Vinne. dather lig.0n Painters No. $\overline{3}$, Vieforia . . 10.011 1. S. 1. 13. Garpulora. Value... 10.001 Marhinists. Now V-antuitastor.. $10.0 n$ I-dley Miners 1 ו.. ...... $10.10 n$


Wיestminster …... .... .. 11.111
T:prgraphical Inian. Vante... 18.511

.1. Winn, Vietoril.... ........ $\boldsymbol{8 . 1 0}$
Totul
\$354. 10
The balanee late to he paid from the (ieneral Funds of the Foderation.

## DISBURSEMENTS

## January

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Cusin \& Brookholse. brinting. 5. 5n
R. C. Federationist. printing-.. -
B. C. Telophoni Co., phome......... 10.9 .5

Vir, 'T, Council, long list, phome 4.E')
S. W. Wells, sulary Now. athl 80.30

Ver., 1917, post and ex......

W. Yater, nt. exee. sessions. ...... li.0n

W. F. Thompsata, at. (exue. whes... 19.0 ก
W. Hual, at. proe. sussions ........ 16.35
.1. Tavior, it. expe. sussious........ 11.00
A. S. Wrlls, salary Jumary, it trmalige exce. sessious. wages. 10:3.12

Tい!
$\$: 102.27$

## Febrnary

 Vaneomvar hather Tomple Ca., reut and long dist. phone........ i. 10 W. . Shermath, it. exere. sessiont 16.00
. T. Taylor, at. exie. sessious..... . 3.0 n
W. Mearl, at. exere sessions.........- 13.95
W. H. Thompson, at. "xer. siss... 16.(16)

M:nery Company, otioe supplirs.. 12.20
B. C. Feclerationist, litl., eoll-
rention procerdings.
300.010
13. C. Telephese Co., phone........... $10 .: 35$
 anajonts uml getting mut fros． rerolings
A．F：．（irvenwomi，elock stan！）．
lustagne an prownerling mul ax pressug．
A．太．Wells，sulary．
l．on！dint．phomb and pexpers「い！ 11

## March

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18．（：Telophome t＇v．，platio．．．
lbil．IR．Nmith．jwlitical rimb juign＂xperisis
Murive Oflice Nuply romprany． ＂ffice slyplites．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
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## April

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4．（．Tupephoni Co．，phence．
Coway \＆Broohhoune，［rinting．
J．H．Mr Virs，meving re dom pronsatimn Am．
．．N．Wills，burting re Compon－ wation Ary
f＇owan \＆Brocklouse．eampaign expensos
Trioll

## May


B．1．Treleghoni：Co．，plione．．．．．．．．．．：3．2．5
A．N．Wells．provage，rto．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8.75
W．Heral．at．＂xer．Murting．．．．．．．．．．$\quad 0.00$
－S．Wells，：1t．＂x．m．merting．．．．． 8.25
$\therefore$ s．Wells．sulare．April．．
iI．Murtin，bal．attonding meet． ing with grovernmomt．
Wires，itt．
B．C．Frderationist，on ：met．poli－ tiral ral＂ignt．．
Tolal $\qquad$

## June


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25． 011
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A．S．Wrils：pavtuge re Naylor 10．forme：
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lhil．R．smith．rampaign rxp．．．． 10.01
（＂wht \＆Browhhouse printing Nablor rase．
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## July

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## August

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## November



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## RECAPITULATION

## Tctal Re sipts fur the Year

 Ler capita tas receipts. \$108.9: 359.11 Pulitical rampaign fund $11+.86$ Balfaces from last suar.--
|rutal
49.592 .45

## Total Disbursements

| General | \$2137.36 |
| :---: | :---: |
| phlitical cambaigu | 9®! ¢0\% |
| Tutal | . $\$ 3117.31$ |
| ['tal incomme | . $\$ 3582.88$ |
| Total expenditures | 3117.31 |
| lance | \$ 465 |

Referendam on Proposed Amendments to the Constitution
The followiug rofurenilum was refer red io tho attiliated organizations wi Fehruary 18th:

1. Proposed Amend, at to Article XII -Revenue
That the per rapita tas be raise from two erats per 1 : $n$. ner per month

Fo..fl innminer of the attiliated unions. b.: whom per eapeta lar 19 paid, to $r$. - Mr "arh woek a raly of The 13.
O.:i rimbrationist, mailerd in his homes artd1....

## 2. Proposed Amendment to Article XV -Petition and Referendum

 1ヵ1.4. KV:
lionenll of Uthere - Any urganization :atiliatm with tho frodnration shatl h:s! the right to eall for : ruferudnum 1.0. for tha reall ut nus afticor: pros villilis. that they whate the emblumat
 listme organizatious.

They shtall be requiral th give full informinten an fo the reasons for surh revell to the Seremtare treasurer of the Finfration, who shall issme same to the Hembership nt the tille the referendum is - ulomitted, along with the defense nf How ufticer. whose recall is asked fur.

Organizations demanding n referen lumio recall uny wacer, should they tail in securing the recall of such ofti cor. litl be riquired to bear the ex


Proposal No. 2 requires little commu'llt, as it is unly a neressary provision for the thmorratio management of thi Federation.

I'roposal Sio. 1. howerer. is of such maprance as to warrant some little "mharmt and ixplanation.

In the first place the wed for all workers to read the labor press must h. reognized, and many and varied shholles hase bentrind in brder to es. tablish tht B. C. Federationist as a mediun of information for the organ:zed workirs.

To date the paljer hats mot remerved ther support that it is worthy of, antl. an : it lesilt, the movernent in the pros inme is not as wall intormed as it shathl he on the affair. that vitully affeet the workior.

Th. R. C. Fellaratomist is the best puphr of its kind in the country. In addition to that. its mews columits are fovoted to giving the true state of atfin-which is wot the eas, in the ordinay u-s spaper: of the cometry:und mastions that affeet the workers ar. dealt with from a workingelass viewpoint.

With a wiger eireulation of the bilur. there would in litlie doulit as in the growe th of the novenent. Twelve thomand affiliated :nembers receiving
the paper werkly would anaure twenty. five thousald workers in the province becoming renders, and, wa as consequence, they would theesme lectier in. formed as to actual eonditions, um they affect workers of the provines.

The cont of the paper to the inid. vidual under the proposed amendiment, " suld be a fraction over a cent a copy. At present inany of the affiliated or gunlzations ure paying oun blolnr per year for their copies, wen ohtained lig the orgnization subseribing in a body.

The propesil, if adopted, will place the paper in the hands of the unfliated members at at cast of sixty remith per year, which, in itmelf, is it considurable saving.

In conclusion, tla aftliation of the local unions can be obtalnod at a cose of eighty four centen per niember pier year, which will carry with it a sub. seription to the B. C. Federationist, and which canuot, under the old ur rangement, be secured at less than ane doltar and twenty four wents per memb. her per year.

It is only through winch an arrange. ment as the proposed siraendment of fers, that the cost of th paper to the individual can be ceed to whint must be evident to Ats, as being the lowest possible charge.

> Respertfully submitted,
> A. S. WELJ.s, Sec.Trearimer.

## OFFICIAL BALLOT

## Question No. 1-Proposed Amendment to Article XII-Revenue

That the per enpita tux be raised from two rents per member per month, to sewen cents for member per month. Euch member of the affiliated unions, ou whou per rapitu tax is paid, to recoive each weok a copy of The B. C. Federationist, mailod to his home aridress.

V゙oting in Faror
Voting Against
Question No. 2-Proposed Amendment to Article XV-Petition and Referendum
To : of following as suluration to Artici

Recall of Otherors-- ny organization attiliated with the Federation, shall hatre the rigiti to "alif fur is referembum vate, for the reall of any officer; proviling. that they obtain the endorsation of twelltefise per ernt. of the
"tiliated organizations.
They" mall be required to giw zinll infurmintlon, as wo the rasons for sheh rerall to the Secretary trasurer of the Forleration, who shall issuce same to the mentership at the tince the referemelnis is submiterl along with the defonse of the offirar whose rowell is asked tor.
Orgnizationa demmadiag a zuferen dum to recall kny whicer. shombld thes f:cil in sureuring the rowth oft ally offler. witl hor ramired to hour tha axpuna wi ther roforndima.

Poting in fintor
Vinting Igainal
Nll hidlots must he wigned ly the Iresident and Nemeretary of the organi zation voting, and rethirned to this of
 ur ther will be invalial.
Numb of Organization .... ........... Adriss of Naepothey...
Both of the bhow proposala were
 jority, und n:t the nefion of the rxaculive on the pmting into efrect of pro pust No. 1 is dealt with in the extede. tive rommittre's reprort. there is noth ing to low gained los doaling with the roturns in mine.

## Western Confcrence Referendum

Drinig on the instrumions of the "xecutive, I submitted the following referendum on the lolding of a Wes". "rn Confirence, on October the 25th. Owing to the prevalence of Spunish in. thenza, the local wions were not ablo In wote ont the propessal until some tonsiderable timn ufire the reformbime was submitted.
T", Ill Attiliated Organizations. Gomeq. ing:
There resolt convention af the frades alld labor Congriss of Canada, $y$ as so ansatisfartory to the representatives ot "rganizen lalor in tha west, that in protirally mary instinere the delo. gatos on their reburn, wion e" ir dis satisfartion, and staciod that the disi sion lurwern the Fiest :mel Wiest. in so far an the labor morrmont is rons "errond, is su great as to warrant somb -rop living takn to giva the wastern lloblore of organized Labor some are Hur through whieh to express its viens.

Following the romvention refermed in abore the representatives of f , alm from the West held at conforener. Thi-
 tibes of Nanitoba. Siaskatrhewan. Nl. berta :nnl British Columbia. It thif gathring. it was dreided to reemmmond
(1) all falwe wrganizations of then four provinese rumtioned, that a Wentorin ronferrone: be held prior to the next convention ut 'rongress. With this end in vhow. She fullawing ufthers wero - hereal " all the ronfurence, nul to arrange the tetuils: Jave Rore, Van couver. chairman; V. K. Midghy, Vancouver, aecretary; $F$. Whenthey, Bank. head. Alhertn; ll. Porry, Rogina, Namkatchewull f:. Rohlnsoll, Willnipeg. Manitoha.

It must lue fully understomet that the deat of bohling this conferenter is not a sercesationist matrount, but it move. ment 10 give expression to tho aims and objects of orgnized Labor in the Went, and which wan not possible II the Congress convintion, wing to tho domination of the convent.. i, by the Gistern representatives, and which was mate possible by the holding of tho convention in the Eant, and at the nex: convention will alsu be held tho Fiast, some means mow be provi, me for the Western movem . vhich is $k$. terent to that of the $\cdots$. 3t, to give "x.ression to its sulutiments. This is noss: important in virw of the gerions aitu. ation that is likuly 10 develop in tho near future us a result of the cessation of Lostilitios in Europe, and the puriol of reconstruytiou then must follow,

Chairman Rees, and Sucretnry Midg ley of tho eounmitter appointed by the Wistern representatives. has suggentod to vour exemotive the advisubility uf holdin: the mext couvention of the $B$. C. Fedlerntion of Labor at Calgar:. The whject heing to have the Abbertin Federation of Labor luhl its ann . 1 con whtinn in the salme rity nt far sam. time. At the "lowe of the conventions, the ripresentativers of the movement in Manitoba alul Saskatehewna, wherw there arr un proviucial federations, along with the delegules to the British (colmmbin oul Wherta Fertration conwntions, will form into n reuference of Topresputation of I.nbor from the four Westeru powiures. With the object of defining the prugramme of Iabor in the West towards national pi hlems. The usual prowיelure in to provintial matfors will be corriod ont during th first theer days or more if necessnry, and the Westurn monference will not be called together betore the provincial needs are athenderl to. By this method, it is expacted thant a large and re ie. subution conforn of Westarn Labore men can be held, with the least possible "xpense to the moverment.

The exmentive is aware that this
programme can not ber.... it with. oun connalting the ff in argnniza. tionm, His the next co.. , on wan to have huen heli at Vir .o:a, B. C., as wus dot rinined by the lant annmal convolutiot, nul the fillowing question la, therefors, anhmitted to the aflliated urgnizatione for a reforendum vote. loond unions should take the vote as irrly ns poswible in order that the exe--utive may be in a position to prepare finr the propured conterence at Calgary, or to enrry oult the detail work neees ans for the holding of the ninnual con-- ition in Virtorin, an lecided at tho luve convention, should the votr be unfinvorable to the proposal.

Respertfully submitted,

## 1. S. WEIII.N, Socretry-treasurer.

## Offetal Ballot

estion: That the annual ronvonfoun of th. B. C. Federation of Labor he holl in the City of Calgary, in order Hur a ronferrnce of tho representa. fivis of labor in the West can be held at the elose of the convention.

## Voting in favor...........

Voting Against $\qquad$
AII, 1,allots must be signed by the Iresident and Necretary of the organiation voting, nnd returnod to this oflive at the carliest possible moment. In vi.w of the influenza epidemic, and the ressation of mectings, and the uncortainty as to when they will be resumed, mo lime limit for the return of ballots is being set, but local officers will conPin a favor on the executive by making the returns at the earliest possible moment. This is most importnnt.

Name of arganization....
President-
Necretary-
Ahlress of Secretary-
The voting on the proposnl to elange the conventiou city rosulted as follows: Voting in favor, 2963; ngainst 391, or a ma, : ity in fnvor of 2572 . Other locals that voted in favor notified me to that dellel by marking unanimous on the hallot papers, or by sending letters giving that information, as this was not in accord with the ofticial ballot, these votes utere not counted, or the najority would have been domble.

During the year I went out questionalires as to the number of Asiatics employerl, and as to the unorganized work(1s in the different distriets. I also endravored to get such information as wonld be of assistance to the executive in dealing with returned soldier questions, especially with respect to voca-
tional training. I am sorry to say that, due to the small attention paid be the locals to these questions, and the ferw replies received, that the effort was fruitless, as it is impossible to form any practical conclusjous on such small returns.

On the desth by slooting of Brother Goodwin, I secured the transeript of the evidence taken at the preliminare hearing of Camplell, the Dominion policenan who shot him, but the results were just as was expreted, not suifiei"nt cvidence was brought against him. and he got off Scott free, later to bract of his deeds.

On the arrest of Bros. Naylor and Aitken, at the request of the wommitter formed at Cumbrrland. I had eirculars printed and mailed them to the varimes organizations throughout the provinee. and all trades councils in the Dominion. The result of the trial of Bro. Naylor. when he was found not guily, was hailad all through the Province with a deal of satisfaction, as it was realized that this was only another attempto get rid of Bro. Naylor that had failed.

Following the last collontion, I made sufticient coplits of the legislatiw proposals as laid down at the couverntion, to supply every member of the Provincial Legislature with a copy and wach member reveived a copu. so that no one of them cuuld not say that they did not know the desires of Laline.

## Membership

Sine the last ronvention, the menthership has grown eonsiderably. This will be secen if the per capita tax re. ceipts are compured with those of 1917. Many organizations have beemue aftiliated. mongst whirh are the metalliferous miners at Movie and Primee Rnpert, the Shipwrights of Victoria. the Railroat Employere. Ruvelstoke. and seceral others. The aftiliated mouthere ship at present is at the least 15.500 . where at the last eomwontion it had not goure very muelt livend the 12,000 mark. These figures are liable to he conservative. as they were taken on the last payment of per capita tax in 101 s in most instancers, and only the new aftiliations are figured on this vears repurts. and it will unt reslly represent the fotal mombership. for the first half of this sear. In many instances, the per capita tax payments so far this year fruatly excend the amomnt paid last year, again there is to he takell into consideration the elosing lown of the motalliferous mining
industry in some camps. Taken all round. we have much to congratulate rurselves on at the position of the Fed"ration. which is better in ull respects at this date. than it has ever been hefore.

The nffice of Secretary treasuror in--ludes many little duties which cannot the tully rerorded. from assisting in the organization of loral unions in different pirts. to looking aftor somer little trouble for individual members of ay -naizu. latur.

## Conclusion

Ifter five years as sereretary. and fully realizing the limitations of such an creanization as the Federation in its serpe until the workers realize their gesition in oopicty, I am more than evor convinewd. that even when the last struggle thkes place that our milustrial organizations. and the central lowal and provincial bodics, can be made great fartors in the working class movernent. With rouditions in other countries to guide us, we should realize that when the final 'lash romes. that "ryanzation of aly kind on working -lase lines will be of wreat besefit. We must also realiza that political action. "an :H14 will take on other forms than latllit liox actinn. I emm look haek to the time when many proninent Socialists in this Province decried the indusrial organizations as useless. I could nower ser this viewpoint, and eircumstances have on more than one oceasion, -lown us during the past year, the: leneffit of industrial organization, with a Claseconseions membership. Our aim: mist be in the future, to organize, and to educate. the form of organization will he determined by the knowlolge of the workers. It may. howevel. l., that little time will be left to ns to organize botore we are faced with the -ull of capitalism. lut what little time thenw is. it must be used in edncational work. I atn of the opinion that the Federation has been one of the greatest fietor: in educating the workers of this Provimer. and feel that it has filled the function for which it was orgamized, "hich is e+t mut in the proamble to the ernstitution. Thanking those that have ansisterl me during the yeurs I have held the office of Secretary-treasurer, 1 -ubnit this report with the hope that it will lueet with the appreval of the ツinvention.

Re:pretfully suhmitted.
A. S. Wells.
sucretary treasurer.

## COMPENSATION COMMITTEE'S REPORT

To the Officers and Delegates of the covered if employed by a private emNinth Annual Convention of the B. ployer
C. Federation of Labor

The Compensation Act committec, consisting of James H. MeVety, (chairman), Vancouver; Wm. Yates, New Westminster, and A. S. Wells, secretary-treasurer, continued its work during the period since the last convention, construeing its duties to inelude: Advice to workmen regarding clains; assistance in presenting claims and in securing rehearings where decisions appear unfair and not in aceordance with merits; taking up cases with board where claimant resides away from places where board holds sessions or when claimant so requests; keeping "approved" inedical aid schemes under observation and generally observing the class of medical and hospital attention furnished by either the board or medical aid associations: watching proposed amendments to the act and advising government of approval or opposition and keeping iu touch with the progress of compensation legislation in the vari nus countrips of the world.

## Committee Reports Through Fed.

A number of matters of topical interest have been dealt with from time to time in the columins of the Federa. tionist, hut for purposes of record will be briefly touched upon in this report. Immediately atter the last convention the committee received a copy of amendments proposed to the act by the Compensation Buard. Some were found to have merit while others were considered unfavorable. An interview was arranged with the Hon. Mr. Farris, attorney general, and the views of the committee placed before him. With one exception, he agreed with the views of the committer and on that point of difference an appeal was taken to the Executive Council where a short argument resulted in the Prime Minister accepting the view of the committee. The following is a summary of the anendments and their disposition hy the committec.

## Amendments Approved

(1) To iuclude emplovees The hoard had asked for power to provincial government who whult be workmen, evidently with the idea of
transfering solue of its own reaponsibilities. This was also struck out.

## Non-Resident Alien Dependents

On the question of reducing the compensation of uon-resideat alien dependents under the guise of increasing the payment to widows with more thau four children, Mr. Farris was obdurate. He believed that the compea. sation should be reduced and that it was unfair to send so murh money out of the country thus enabling foreign dependents to live better than thos. resident. The employers were not going to escape any lighter and he thought it was all right to increase the compensation of some of the resident dependents at the expense of those living in other countries. The committee reeited the history of the question sir ce it first arose under the old compensation act and had been taken to the Privy Council for a decision. Whea the present act was before the goverament of the day the same questions had again arisen and the goverament had agreed with the workmen that there should not be any difference between the resident dependents and those who had not or could not take up their residence ia this country. The workmen of the proviace were not dis posed to agree to reducing the compensation for the alleged advantage of securing a slightly higher allowance for those who had more ehildren than provided for in the act.

## Appeal to the Executive Council

When it was seen that Mr. Farris was determined not to agree, the committee asked for an appointment with the cabinet and after a few minutes the Premier, Mr. Oliver, agreed that the amendment should be deleted and as a matter of faet it shomld not have been inserted.

## Board's Propaganda

The Compensation Board has carried on a persistent campaign to secure approval for the proposal to reduce the compensation payments to non-resident alien dependents. An attempt was made to take advaatage of prejudices against Asiaties and it was not until closely questioned would the board admit that all non-resideut aliens would be affect. ed.

In onc letter seat out by the chair man of the board a word picture is drawn of a Chinese widow with her
automobile, maids and luxuries living highly at the expense of the industries in the province of B. C. Gencrally speakiag the campaign was unsuccessful. This questioa was raised before the executive of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Couneil by one of the mem. bers, but without avail, as the officera of the central body were well acquaint. ed with the trouble as to aliens under the old Aet, and took the same stand as did your committee.

The position of the committee, shortly. is that ii the employing class objeets to money collected from B. C. inilustries being sent to dependents in foreign countrics the units of that class have the solution in their own hands. All that is necessary is to employ citizens and returned men or make their mills, factories and mines so that deaths will be reduced to a minimum. It is not the opiaion of the committee that the payment of the money taken from the non-resident aliens to resident widows and ehildren would be a mitigating circumstances for the violation of a principle for which the workers of this province and Canada gencrally have stood out so strongly and suceessfully. The committee looks forward with confid nce to a reiteration on the part of the delegates of their position on this question.

## Committee Asks Increase

Owing to the higher cost of living, the committee asked Mr. Farris to follow the example of the British Government and, as a war measure, intrease the compeasation 25 per eent. This, Mr. Farris said, the Government was maable to agree to, as the employers would have to be consulted, and there were no other provinces paying any ligher percentages or following the practice of England.

## Ask That Musicians Be Included

That musieians employed in theatres and moviag picture house sherild be iaelnded under the act as are moving pic. ture oprators and stage bands, con. tended the committee, Mr. Farris pointing out that with the amendment, the board would have power to add these men.

## Hawthornthwaite Amendments

The member for Newcastle introdue. "d an amendment to include ' $m$ iners'
phthisis" and "acquired hernia," and the committee spoke in favor of the inclusion of both of these disablements in the industrial schedule. Mr. Farris declared that to include miners consumptive miner in the country to come to this province, and this the government whe not prepared to do at this time. On the hernia question, he was not so positive, but thought that a conference and a wider interpretation by the board would cure, at least to some extent, the necessity of including hernia any more positively than at present covered.

## 1919 Legislature

The rummittee has taken up a new batch of amendments proposed by the Compensation Board, approving of a considerable number that in no way adversely affected the interests of the workers. Successful opposition was put up to the proposal to reduce the compensation to non resident aliens, the attorney general deciding the matter without neressitating a visit to the cabinet. One or two other proposals of the board were struck out, one seeking to chang, a prineiple in counection with the medical aid, and the other seeking powers that would euable the board to harass any employer who might fall into its bad graces by acting as plaintiff, judge, court of last resort and shriff to collect its own penalties.

## Administration Discussed

A number of questions regarding the administration of the act were discussed with the attorney general, and he suggested a "onfurence between the board, our committoe and himself, to take plate aftir the aljournanent of the hons:

## Services Available to Workers

During the year the services of the memhers of the committer individnally or collectively have been placed at the disposal of workers or dopendents, regardless of trade union or political affiliation or nationality: Advies and assistaner ha* been rendered to manyhundsade "ither orally or hy corri--pondenes. the committee dealing with cases from the Xorth as far as Prince Rupert and rast to Lacerne on the Canallan Sorthern Railway, in addition 10 : firw from outside the prov--

## Conferences With Board

Many conferences were held with the loard during the yoar and its attitude toward the committer has undergone a marked change to that reported at the last convention. Our assistance appears to be welcomed and the members anzious to meet our views as far as rossible. The eommittee, however, finds itself frequently in conflict with tho board, particularly over the de"isions in hernia "ases and in the importance attuched to the reports of medical men by the hoard. There appears to be many medical practioners who inagine they are still employed bis insurance companies or employers and who aim to reduce the compensable period fur the workmen to the shortest possible time, and ofteu, in the opinion of the committee, reporting men fit for work long before they reach that degree of recovery. Others make one report to the board and another to the injured workmen, resulting in considerabie hard feeling that could be avoided.

Un the decisions of the board in hernia rases and cases of strgin, the committee finds itself absolutely out of harmony with the board and, while admitting the difticulty of handling these calses, the rommittee believes that the decisions are too narrow. One case in partieular, from Victoria, where a worknian was ruptured while carrying an armature, came lefore our committee. A rehearing was arranged in Vietoria and two members of the committee attended. Aiter listening to the evidenee of the injured workman, other workmen witnesses and the medical men, the committee was of the opinion that the clain should have been allowod. The dexision. howrer, was agaiust the workman, and in addition to not receiving compensation he had to meet the ? bill for surgery himself. This is a mater that will be discussed in the joint conterme with the Attorney(ioneral.

## " Safety First"

Tha "ommittere does not ferl that the heard is gretting the masimum result: owing to the failure to marry out that pert is of the aet providing for joint combuttees of moloyers and workmen. which would give greater publicity to surlh lukes and applanere as might be decided to be uf advantug". That this work should be pashed more igorously will bo conceded when it is remem.
bered that practically evers second workman in the province has been injured since the act went into force two years 8 so.

## The Sophia Disaster

Near the close of tho year the steamer Princess Sophia was lost with all hands in northern American waters. The committee found that the dependents of members of th crew were being written to by a legal firm in Vancouver and this? they were being advised to bring action against the C. P. R. under the colmon law. In fact one action was started and the committee immediately notified the dependents through the Federationist that they were covered by the act and had no right of action. Since that time the C. P. R. has decided to contest the constifutionality of the act and has started an action seeking an injunction restraining the compensation board from paying the pensions to dependents. The Attorney-General has secured the services of Mr. S. S. Taylor, K. C., and instructed that the ques-
tion be carried, if necessary, to the Privy Council. Whatever ming be the company's legal position, its moral position, if a corporation can bo said to have any morals, is extremely bad. The company agreed to the inclusion of its eniployees and the act was amonded to meet possible constitutional obstacles pointed out by the company's solicitor. The act has beon in force two years and it is only when the company is called upon to meet the full cost of paying tho dependents, somo $\$ 200,000$, that the constitutional question arises.

## In Conclusion

The committec has kept in close touch with new acts and amendments in Canada and the United States but is unable to discern any substantial improvements that have been secured. Fraternally submitted,
A. S. WELLS,

WM. YATES,
JAS. H. MCVETY,
Chairman.

## TRUSTEES' REPORT

As tri 3 oi the Federation, $p$. pointed represent the Federatios $n$ terests in the B. C. Federationist, wo beg to report as follows: .

## Finance

In the ea 8 months of the year the financial position of the paper was none too good, but at the end of the year the financial statement shows that a profit of $\$ 1264.31$ was made. This in spite of the fact that considerable difticulties were encountored in securing advertising owing to the attitude taken by the paper on many questions.

## Management

In June a change was made in the management of the paper, R. P. Pettipiece resigning from that position. A. $\$$. Wells was appointed to the position by the unanimous decision of the board of direntors. A noticeable feature during the year ias been the harmony prevailing wa the directorate, miore meetings of the board having been held thas in any previous year, and any matter on which there could have been any division as to the managemeni or policy of the paper, has been on all cccasions referred to the directors. That the paper is filling a want is proven by the phenomenal increase in the circulation furing the last half of the year, while at this time the circulation is near the 20.000 mark; the business has increased, and the financial position of the paper is sound.

## Editorials

The same policy as to editorials has been maintained, and while a change was made in the editorial vriter, there has been no departure from the pelicy of expounding the philosophy of the working class, from the Socialist viewpoint. Without fear or favor, the position of the working class in society has been shown on all questions.

Difficulties owing to censorship were encountered. The dircetors were requested to sign a doecument by the chief press censur. that was not only
untrue, but which sould have placed every member of the board of directors within the pale of the law for sedition, the board unanimously refused to sign this docmment, out realizing the government had seized the psyeholngical moment, when tI: suppression of the paper would liave been possible, the directors took the ouly stand possible and kept the paper going, and that their decision was a wise one is now apparent, as the paper is se firmIy established at this time, tiat it wonld be a hard thing to attempt to close it down with a cireulation of 20 ,000.

## Annual ixeeting

At the annual meeting of the share holders held recently, V. Pritehard was elected to represer: the Tradea and Labor cinmeil of Vancouver, in place of J. H. MeVety, whose term expired. F. Knowlos was eleeted as secretary treasurer. V. R. Midgley of the Vnncouver Trades Council is president of the company.

## Conclusion

While at the last cons on it was expected that the affliaw. + of local unions with the Feceration would earsy with it a subscriptirn to the paper for every niember, this was found to he impossible owing to increased cost of production, and to ihe fact that the proposal, if adopted, would have placed the paper in innancial difficulties. Lo. cal unions, however, have subseribed in a body, showing that in spite of the increased cost, that they know the uri.fulness of a Labor Press. With the sy' adid co-operation and good feeling thai n. exists, there is no reason why the coming year should not see the circulation doubled. It is also expected that a twelve-page paper will be issued in the near future, and at a later date a s+mi-weokly paper is possible.

Respectfully submitted,
A. S. WFILIS. ?

$\square$

> D. McCALLUM,

# Constitution of the British Columbia Federation of Labor 

CHARTERED BY TRADES AND LABOR CONGRESS OF CANADA. - ORGANTRED MAY 2, 1910

## PREAMBI.K:

The British Colmmbia Federation of Labor is organized for the purpose of voicing the needs and aspirations of Labor, legislatively and otherwise, and to provide a place for worthy members of its affiliated unions to participate in the discussion of those practical problems, upon the solution of which depends their welfare as werkers, individually and collectively.

With the introduetion of the modern machinery of production and the harnessing of the forces of nature. it is only fitting that the wealth produecre should partimpate in the lomefits derived.

We, therefore, pledga ourselves to uneasingly demand a universal wurkday of eight hours or less; so lung as labor power is sold as a commodity.

We believe there is mure efficary in electing working-elass representatives to write the law than by suphicatory methods, and our efforts will he more in that direction in the future.

We are firmly convine that thu furure belougs to the only useful people in human societe-the working-elas.
 the government of the Fideratime:

## Article 1.-Name

- Sertion 1. Thi buly shall be known as "The British Colunhia Federation of Salher.


## How Composed

Nortion 2. Any Trades or Federal Labor Linion or any Central Body. District Board. Builang Trades Conmeil, Allied Trades Council and similar bodies exist. ing in the I'rovince of Britioh Golambia shall be entitled to membership in the Ferleration "fun the approxal of the Fxweutive Board.

## Representation

 to ropresentation on the following hasis:
 ber: or loss. and bite delegate fon wheliditional lundred members or major fration thereof.

Central Labor Bodies, District, Boarls, Buihling Trades Councils, Allied Councils and similar bodic's shall be antitled io two delegates each. Delegates from Central Bodies must be nembers of Unions affliated with the Federation.

No pruxies shall he allowed.
Delegates shall recrive their cordentials from their local unions in duplicate nd sendoue copy to the seretary of the Fuderation at least two weeks previous 10 the date of thu ronsention and deliver the other to the Committee on credentials.

No eredrutial shall le annalumen valid bearing more than mame of delegate and alternate. Provided that if alternative presents eredentials and is seated he shall be the only reengnized relprontative throughout the sessions of the convantion.

## Article II

suction 1. Any Vuion or ('rutral Body that has not been previously affilated may hecome aftilintod be pring zix mouths' du's for the term they make ap. pheation.

Sertion 2. Any organization not prying lia per capita tax on or before the 15 th day of the wecond month of each term wholl he notitied of the fact by the Secretary. In case of no response, notice shall be went to the nearest ofticer of the Federation or ta the Central Body in that loerality. If. ar the end of six months. it is still in arrears it shall be suspended from invmlorship if valid reasons are not shown why the dues have not been paid. tho Exerutive Board tu he the judge.
carction 3. Any Central Body or T'nion that becomes suspended from membership for non-payment of per capita tax may he reinstuted hy payn-nt of arrears nout to axpeed one year.

## Article III

This organization shall ne. $4 . i$ annual convoution in such plure as the conver irin may determine. The time of the mecting to be decided hy the Executive.

## Article IV-Delegates

The Secetary shell prepare a meliminily list of delegats where no eantest $=$ filed foom duplicates in his possessim. ud such delagates so returned whall have lower "o transact husiness until the prort nf the crembitiais Committer is receivel ant adopted.

## Article V-Presiding Officer

At the "pening of the convention, time l'resdent uf the Foduratinn shat trap the blair and lwexide at fut wessime of tha buncention.

## Article VI-Committees

The following committees, to consist "f mot less than five members sh. 11 ho appointel ly the Expentive Board: "Mrmential:." . Constitutinn. Rules and Order "f Business,' "Officers' Report:." "Resolntions." Andit ani Griew. Ancus' :and "Ways ind Means."

## Art :le VII-Officers-Term-How Elected



 or until their sumecossors are installed in ottior. and their dutios shatl hegin on
 Presidents shall be elected in the followine monmor: finn to lo: elected from
 from Priner Ropert, and two from the latring. Iny amendment to thim artiol


## Article VIII-Books and Accounts




## Article IX-Ex-Ofticers



 Whereverequired in the interests of the Fendeallint : to submit to the seeretary कt the rad of each month an fomiond acoome of all monse, travelling und is.
 his acts athl doings at the Ammal Consontin: The Presithat, if not a delegata. -hall have a casting vote in rase of a the hat thall not vote at other times. He
 Fedmation, an I his acthal expemses whil. -." valluyed.


 of emergeney. of when "equested to shen whe at witen rephest of a majority of its members. llo shall have a soine in the deliherations of the Committer. hut no rote ranelt in case of a the.

## Article X-Luties of Officers-President

Section 1.-The President and Sermetry- Trasarer shall he menthers of the

not be eligible fur reelection unless they are delegates, and if such ofticers are not delegates their "xpenses to convention shall be horne by this Federation.

## Secretary-Treasurer

Section 2. -The Secretary-Treasurer shall keep a correct record of the proceedings of the convention, and on its closing prepare and have printed a report whieh shall contain a record of the business tranacted. ife shall collect and receivo ail moneys due and payable to the Federation, giving his otticial receipt for same, and depositing all noneys in some chartered bank in the name of the British Columbia Federation of Laloor. He shall arrango with the hank o have a certifed statement of the Federation's aceount forwarded to the President at intervals not exceeding one month. He shall prepare and submit an annual report showing receipts and expenses and deliver his books, accounts, receipts, efe.. to the Committer on Audit ar carh annual convention.
He shall, together with the President, sign all cheques authorazed by the Frecutivo; and conduet the correspondence pertaining to his office. He shall be the custodian of the documents and other property of the rederation. He shall notify all affiliated bodies not less than thirty days before date of annual convention. He shall, upon vacating his office, deliver to the. Feduration all moncys, books, papers or other property in his possession and belonging to the Federation. He shall i, ceive for his serviees sueh remumeration as the unaual convention may decide upon.

## Article XI-Legislative Committee

It shall be the duty of the Executive and the Legislative Committee to .et for this Federation when the same is not in session. And that so far as its means will permit, it shall discharge the following duties: It shall put into proper form ull untinished bills approved liy the Federation and procure discussion of alt hills before various labor organizations of the province. It shall see that all legislative mensures and resolutions approved by the Provineial Federation are presented to each political provineinl convention. held within the province, for approval or disapproval of such convention. And the action of such convention shall be reported to the unions of the province. The committee shall also cause to be presented to each nominee of each party, who. upon election, world have a vote upon the passage of any of the hills approved by the Felleration. The bills shall also be presented to the nominees of the different political parties for their approval or disapproval. The approval to loe signified in every ease by a pronise. clear and explieit, in writing, to support the bills as presented by the nominees.

## Article XII-Revenue

The rewnue of the Foldration shall be derived ac Sollows: 1 per ca ta tax of two ents per member per month from all lopal un ons; from Central isodies, Distriet Boards. Building Trates Coumeils. Allied Trades Conncils and similar bodes, One Dollar per month. All moners shall be payable in advance to the Secretary of the Federation in two half yoarly instalments due and payable in Jinuary and July of each year.

## Article XIII-Remuneration

The remmuration for loss of tint by unmbers of the Executive Cummittee. or speakers engaged by them, shall he $\$ 5$ per day and actual expenses.

## Article XIV-Rules

The Executive 'ommitter shall have power to make rules to govern all matters not in conflict with this Constitution, and a majority shall constitute a quorum.

## Article $\mathbf{X V}$-Petition and Referendum

The Executive Committee shall lee reguired when petitioned by at least sever unions, to submit to a reforenduu vote auy proposition dealing with the affairs of the Provincial Federation.
Recall of Officers-Any organization affiliated with the Federation, shall have the right to call for a referendum vote, for the reeall of any officer: providing, that they obtain the endersation of twenty-five per eent. of the aftiliated organizations.
They shall le tryuirel tugive full information. as to the reasons for such re. call to the Seeretary-trasurer of the Federation, who shall issue same to the
nentberahip at the time the retwreadum is submitted alung with the defense of the oftleer whose recall is anked for.

Urganizations demanding a referundum to recall any otticer, should they fall in seruring the recull of any otticer. will be required to bear the expense of the referendun.

## Article XVI-Quorum

A convontiont frormus shall eom-ist af fify yer cent of the neredited delegates.

## Article XVII

The Executive (Sommittep shall have the power, by a sajority vote, to sus. pend any ofticer or uember of the committee for good cause shown. Provided. they flrst shall give such ofticer or member due and proper wotice and hearing, and they shall, by resolution, prosile the nanner of such hearing. The committee shull immediately after such suspronsion, report to the various loeal unions affiliated with th. Fereration all the proceedinge had in such hearing, and shnll subuit to such locals for it roforendum vote the question whether the action of the committer shall be sustained or not. If the vote sustains their action, then Fixecntive Committee hall dechare the suspeuded ofticers or menber's sent vuesint. If said vote fail- to sustain their action, then the offieer or member shall be entitled to his reat. In cnas of varaney on the coinmittee by reagnation, duath or otherwise, the vacancer shall be flled by a majority vote of sail committere and the member soppointed shath hold his aent as provided by the Constitutior

All resignations shall be handed to the seretary, who whall notify the President of same, nud in rase of drath the lonent to which the deceased officer belonga shall notify the President of the same. The Prosident, upon receiviug notiee of the denth or resignation of a member of the Expentive Connnittee, shall appoint a lueuter to fill sunh vacsacy, sulijeet th the appoval of the Executive Committer.

## Article XVIIT-Rules of Order

Roberts' Rules at Order shall be anthority of this organization unless otherwise provided for in this Conslantion By:aws.

Amendments to the Constitution shall rat acted upon by the Federation in convention assembled. All amendments adopied by the convention unless utherwise provided for, slall within thirty days bo referred to the membership at large. and a mujurity of those voting shall be meerssary to adoption, the returns to be in the hands of the Secretnry within wisty days subsequent to adjournment of the eomvention. . 11 amemhents sdopmed shall take effert from date.

## Order of Business

1. Call to Oriler.
-. Committer on C'reltentials.
2. Koll Call.
3. Appuintment of commitres.
4. Commanications.
©. Reports of Ofticer-
5. Introduction of Re-olutions.
6. Reprorts of Committre-.
7. Unfinished Busines:.
8. Filection $6^{*}$ Otheers.
9. Place of Next Concentiou.
10. New Busines: and trood aud Welfare.

