BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

If You Want Your Clothes Different

If you wish to have a Suit, Coat or Skirt that will be really your own, if you wish to be sure there will not be another just like it worn in Brockaille, it will pay you to see the individual garments we are showing (just one of each kind). You'll not be in the position of a lady who brought an expensive suit from New York, only to fined when she returned to Brockville that one of her friends had bought exactly the same suite right here.

Moral-BUY IN BROCKVILLE.

Handsome New Suits-No Two Alike-In braided cloth, serge, silk and

Late New York Styles in Skirts-All wool material, Navy and white horizontal stripas, large plaids in newest effects from \$8.50 to \$15.00, also rich Navy or Black Skirts, just in price \$10.00

Salts Plush Coats—For Ladies and Misses, with belt or without \$15.00 to

Ladies' New Sweater Coats-In Old Rose, Copenhagen, Paddy Green from

No Scarcity of Goods At this Store

You have no doubt heard about goods being scarce, not so here. We have the largest stock, of dry goods to-day we ever attempted to place in this store.

Exclusiveness

Our goods are exclusive, especially our Ladies' Ready-to-Wear. We sell the famous Northway Garment, and we show exclusive models, and Northway's garments are sold in Brockville.

We extend to you an invitation to visit our store and do your fall buying, and you will save money.

R. DAVIS & SON, BROCKVILLE

Boys' **Overcoats**

The Boys' Overcoats we are showing are all splendid

We have nice manly coats for the boy from 8 to 16 years of age, and we have some very natty styles for little fellows from 3 to 8 years. We can please every boy and satisfy every parent.

It is impossible to describe all our styles, there are

The best way is to bring your boy in and try on a

Boys' Suits, odd Knickers, in cordurov and tweed, Boys' Coat Sweaters, Boys' Stockings, Boys' Gloves and Mitts, Boys' Caps, Boys' Underwear, etc. Everything to fit out the boy for winter at moderate prices.

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality **BROCKVILLE**

HUBERT CORNELL IN A QUAINT WORLD

in Peasant's Home

Sergeant Hubert Cornel!, in a recent etter to his mother, Mrs. H. E. Cornell, tells of the quaint land of France, where he is bil'eted at present in a peasant's cottage. In a letter dated Sept. 27th, he spoke of picking luscious blackberries in tull view of the German trenches and under shell fire.

France, Oct. 1 1916 Dear Mother-Another month begun and the war still goes on. It hard. y looks like October, as all the trees are perfectly green. The English walnuts are ripe and you see wonderfull bunches of grapes in the shop windows. On the brow of every hill there is a Dutch windmill. . You would hard ly know there was a war over here on some of these sunny Autumn mortings Under the present circumstances you

might consider the wooden shod peasants and their surroundings scenery as beautiful and foreign. But having more or less of an artistic taste I suppose I prefer things more in the abstract than the concrete. However, it will be a great memory in years to 3 Paul Heffernan; specials, Alton Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Fair. come whether I really enjoy it now or Shaw. not. Last night in the peasant's cottage where I am billited at present I had some of their "hot pop" as they called it. It was hot buttermilk gruel which I ate with a wooden spoon. They eemed to take it as an honour so I did it again tonight. This being Sunday, it was made a little different with more sugar. I also had black bread with it. Everything they have here must be of some use. They certainly think more of utility than of the esthetic side of things. The dog runs the churn; but all cats are wild in this country. The girl is the bired man. I got the raspberry buns all right.

certainly appreciate it. I have been at the place where Delos Spence met his death.

good to. I don't suppose I would fan-

cy such pastry at home but out here I

Halloween Masquerade

There were over sixty at the Halloween Masquerade of the Young Peoples' Club held in the lower roome of the Town Hall. The costumes were splendid and the event a very gratifying success. This is the first social evening held by the organization and prospects point to a most enjoyable winter season.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Brown have gone to Brockville to reside. Mr. Brown was employed in the Athens cheese factory duaing the snmmer.

The W. M. S. will meet in the vestry of the Methodist church to-morrow at 3 o'clock. The report of the delegates to the district convention will be

Mr. Lawrence Hopkins has been transferred from the Athens branch of the Merchants Bank to Gananoque.

-Ladies if you would know how to be sure of dry feet when you step out without rubbers, call at Coon's Shoe

Warden Ferguson and family accompanied by a party of friends motored to Beckett's Landing on Sunday. where they were the guests of Mr. and Mis, C. D. Beckett and Mr. and Mrs. W. Harnett.

Lieut. J. H. Redmond, who has been stationed at Cardinal for nearly a year with the canal guard has been transferred to Cornwall to the command of

On account of Anniversary Services at Toledo Presbyterian church Sunday, the usual service at St. Pauls clurch Guild Monday 8 pm.

FOURTH ANNUAL PLOWING MATCH

Best Ever Held in Leeds County Association Has More than 100 Men

The fourth annual match of the Leeds County Plowmen's Association he'd vesterday on the farm of Walter M. Percival, Poum Hollow, was conducted under magnificent weather conditions and proved the most successful event in the four years history of the associ-

The prize winners were as follows:

Class 1, free-for-all

Wallace Johnston; 2 J.s. Chant; special, best opening, Wallace Johnston; special best finish, Wallace John-

Class 2. .

Robt, Shaw; 2 Wm. Green; 3 Reg. Brown; 4 Mackie Henderson; specials, Robt. Shaw.

Class 3, under 20 years 1 Nelson Cross; 2 Chas. Pattemore; 3 Wm. Hutching; 4 Jesper Parish; specials, Nelson Cross.

Class 4, under 16 years 1 Alton Shaw; 2 Warren Henderson;

Class 5, two-furrow 1 Frank Tackaberry; 2 Fred Hollingsworth; 3 Clifford Crummy; specials, Frank Tackaberry.

Best Outfit

1 Mackie Henderson; 2 Nelson Cross 3 Warren Henderson.

Alton Shaw, who is under 16 years of age, had the second be-t ridge on the

BENEFIT CONCERT WEDNESDAY NOV. 8

The tin was pretty well jammed but I Edison Recital to Be Held under Auspices got it. By jove, mother, they were of the Women's Institute-Proceeds to Defray Expences in Sending Xmas Boxes to Soldiers

There will be an Edison Concert under the auspices of the Women's In- guests of Mrs. (Rev.) Scanlon. stitute in the Athens Town Hall on Wednesday Nov. 8th. This is a firstclass entertainment including vocal, instumental and humorous selections of the highest order from the best artists of America. Admission to all parts of the hall, 10 cents. The proceeds will be used to defray expense in sending and to help in filling the boxes for Xmas for our soldier boys.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. Ketchum of O'tawa, has been here on a visit to her cousin, Mrs H. H. Arnold.

Mr. and Mrs. Sterns Knowlton are

weather at reasonable prices-Coon's with her. Shoe Store.

ment of Agriculture, was called to her Brockville have left for Syracuse, N.Y. day.

Mrs. Williams and daughter, Florence, arrived here on Friday to visit Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Stevens. Miss where she spent the summer with Mr. Williams returned to Albert College, Miller, who is employed there in a Whitby, while her mother is making a onger stay.

Miss Mitchell, Field Secretary Presbyterian Women's Missionary Society, addressed the Auxiliaries at Toledo and Athens yesterday.

At the W. C. T. U. Convention in Brockville, Mrs. A. M. Johnston, County President, and Mrs. J. Mackie, County Sccretary, were re-elected. Mrs. Mackie was appointed delegate Collins (delegates), Mrs. A. M. John. and Grenville. One of the features of Athens will be omitted. Sunday Miss Bertha Hollingsworth, Mrs. T. ing match. Girls don't forget its leap school at 2.30 p.m. Young People's G. Stevens, Mrs. Geo. Stevens, Miss year. Admission, adults, 25c children, Hazel Yates (L. T. L.).

CAPITAL AUTHORIZED\$10,000,000 CAPITAL PAID UP\$7,000,000

RESERVE FUNDS \$7,250,984 Every department of Banking efficiently conducted. Special attention given to Farmers' Business, Cheese-Factory and Dairy Accounts.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED

ATHENS BRANCH,

F. A. ROBERTSON, Manager

Frankville Office Open Wednesdays.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS

Mr. Jos. Kerr, of Elgin, waa a visito for a few days, of friends in Athens. -Pork Barrels for sale-C. H. Will-

Mrs. Fredrick Pierce, Bassano, is visiting friends in Athens, the guest of

Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Foley, after three weeks' vacation, have returned to their home at Sudbury.

AS arling Morris, of the Canadian Cycle Corps, spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs Jos. Morris.

-- A cabinet Grafanola for sale at a very low price-The Bazaar.

Mr. G. A. McClary, who has been in Bassano since leaving Athens sever. sister, Mrs. C. F. Yates. al years ago, has removed to Regina, -Are you prepared for winter? Men's

Mr Geo Lee, Miss Victoria Lee, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Parish motored on Sunday to Almonte and spent the day home of Mrs. Ed. Purcell, on Saturwith friends.

Mrs. T. G. Stevens and Mrs. Geo. Stevens, while in Brockville attending the W. C T. U. convention, were

Mrs. (Rev) I. N. Beckstedt and daughter, of Lansdowne, spent several days in Athens, guests of Mr. and Mrs.

Brockville Times: Master Donald Kincaid, James St. had his thumb broken while playing "duck on the rock" at the Victoria School.

Mr. Geo. Lee, who has been for many years foreman at the Athens Pierce, of international fame, and the Lumber Yard and Grain Warehouse, has announced his intention of going 'back to the land" in the spring. He has leased Mr. Fred Scovil's farm.

Mrs. B H. Brown, Wellington street, was taken suddenly ill with apat Toronto and Windsor visiting School Convention in Smith's Falls, pendicitis while attending the Sunday and was taken to the hospital there. -Men's working boots for all kinds of Mr. Brown is now in Smith's Falls

Brockville Times: James Townsend, Miss Georgie Spry, of the Depaat- of Lyndhurst and Jerry Townsend, of home at Easton's Corners by the illness to attend the funeral of their brother, of her mother. She returned yester- George Townsend, who formerly lived in Lyndburst.

Mrs. J. Miller and little son returned to Athens last week from Oshawa large bakery. Mrs. Miller is having their household goods slipped to Oshawa where they will take up residence.

Rev. Mr. Buchanan of Edmonton was a recent visitor in Athens a guest of his sister-in-law, Mrs. I. C. Alguire. On Sunday, Oct. 22, he occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church, preaching on missions, of which he is super-intendant for the Western province.

-The Anglican congregation of Addito the Provincial convention at 'Ham- son purpose holding a "Noah's Ark' ilton. Among those who were in social on Saturday evening Nov. 4 at Brockville attending the convention the home of Mr. A. M. Ferguson, were: Miss Usher and Mrs. (Rev.) Warden of the united counties of Leeds ston, Mrs. C. C. Slack, Mrs. J. Mackie, the evening will be an old time spell-

—Hides and live poultry wanted—at C. H. Willson, Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Steacy, and Wm. Davis. Warburton, are guests of their sister, Mrs. Edwin Fair.

Mr. L. N. Murphy, of Addison has entered the Merchant's Bank here as

-Ladies' patent dull kid tops, high cut, and ladies' all kid, high cut shoes--Coon's Shoe Store.

Mrs. G. E Judson is in Ottawa attending the Women's Institute Conven-Misses Tina and Gertrude Drum-

mond, of Toledo were guests of their

heavy felts and rubbers just arrived at Coon's Shoe Store. Christ Church Guild will at the

day, Nov. 4, at 3 p. m. Mr. Irwin Wiltse lost a valuable cow on Sunday. It was found lving on its side dead in the pasture field and had

not shown any symptoms of sickness. Mr. Michael Cobev, of Alexandria Bay, and James Cobev. of Lausdowne, spent Sunday at the home of the latters' grandfather, Mr. John Cobey.

The Methodist Sunday school Convention at Smith's Falls was well attended by people of this district, thirteen going from Athens. The convention was intensely interesting and instructive, the addresses of W. C. music, making the occassion one to be

-Ladies patent cloth-top, high cut shoes at Coon's Shoe Store.

Ammunition'

We are headquarters for Remington and Dominion shells and car-tridges. Get your fall supply

EARL CONSTRUCTION **COMPANY** ATHENS, ONT.

Eye Rest for **Tired Eyes**

IS OBTAINED by our scientifically fitted glasses. They enable the eyes to do as much work and possibly more than they ever did. Our equipment for examination of the eyes is equal to the best. Satisfaction guaranteed.

H. R. KNOWLTON Jeweler and Optician ATHENS



Shipwrecked on Melita.-Acts 27:

Commentary.-I. The shipwreck and the escape (vs. 39-44.) 39. When it was day—The morning light was eagerly looked for and welcomed after the night of uncertainty and distress. Knew not the land—The sailors, some of them at least, must have seen the island of Melita before, but the ship was driven to an unfamiliar part of the shore, hence they were unable to recognize it. Discovered a certain the step of the short it may be ach."—R. V. They were minded ... to thrust in the ship—The purpose of the sailors was to run the ship upon the beach, and thus they would be able to reach the shore. 40. Taken up the anchors—Four anchors had been let down from the step of the boat that it might be recognize it. Discovered a certain the stern of the boat that it might be saved from being driven on the rocks which the sailors feared were only a short distanct ahead of them. Thes anchors were cast off and left in the sea, for they would be of no further use, since the ship would certainly be wrecked. Loosed the rudder bands -The ancient rudders were simply two large paddles, one on either side of the stem. These had been raised out of the water and fastened in place when the anchors were let down from the stern of the ship. Now they were untied and used to steer the boat toward the beach. Hoisted up the main-sail—"Hoisting up the foresail."—R. V. The sailors wished the ship to be driven as close to the shore as possible, and therefore hoisted the sail to eath the wind. 41 Where two sees out of the water and fastened in place catch the wind. 41. Where two seas catch the wind. 41. Where two seasons met.—This is one of the failures of the narrative by which the locality can almost certainly be identified. The little island of Salmonetta forms with the Maltese coast near Saint Paul's Bay exactly such a position as is here described. From the sea at a little distance, it appears as though the land were all continuous, and the current between the island and the main-land is only discovered on a nearer approach. This current by its de-posits has raised a mud bank where its force is broken by the opposing sea, and into this bank, just at the place where the current meets the ses waves, was the ship driven, the force of the water preventing the vessel from reaching the beach beyond. Cam. Bib. The hinder part was broken—The bow of the boat was firmly fixed in the soft clay and the stern was exposed to the violence of the storm, hence it was being broken in

42. The soldiers' counsel was to kill the prisoners—The Roman soldiers were responsible for the safe-keeping of the prisoners committed to them. of the prisoners committee to the first a prisoner should escape, his keeper forfeited his life. It seemed to the soldiers a risk to let their prisoners their way to the shore as they might be able, for they would be in-clined to escape from their keepers. If clined to escape from their keepers. If the soldiers should kill their prisoners, their own lives would be safe as far as the Roman government was concerned. 43. Centurion, willing to save Paul—The centurion was Julius. The Greek word means more than a passive willingness; it indicates an active desire. Julius had been favorable to Paul and had a high opinion of him, therefore he kept the soldiers from carrying out their plan and the from carrying out their plan ,and the lives of all the prisoners were spared. They which could swim-Soldiers, pri-They which could swim—Soldiers, prisoners and sailors were divided into two classes, those who could swim and those who could not. The swimmers were to go first, that they might have the water free from obstructions and that they might be in a position to aid those who were unable to swim. Slace Paul had been much about the sea and had been in three about the sea and had been in three shipwrecks already, it is natural to Some on boards—Some of those suppose that he was able to swim. who could not swim used planks keep them from sinking. Broken pieces of the ship—The fragments of the ship which was being broken in pieces by the storm. So it came to pass-Paul was divinely assured that no life would be lost, and the promise was fulfilled. The other two portions of the promise were also fulfilled, that they should be cast upon an island, and that the ship would be lost.

II. A cordial reception (vs. 1, 2). Knew that the island was called Mel ita-The sailors did not recognize the island at dawn. When they went ashore, they either recognized it or the inhabitants informed them that it was Melita. During the fourteen days' storm the ship had been driven about six hundred miles westward to the le-land now called Malta. It lies sixty miles south of Sicily. 2. The barbarous people-The inhabitants were spoken of as barbarians, not because they were savage or uncivilized, but be-caused they did not speak the Greek or the Roman language. They were of Phenician ancestry. Shewed us no little kindness—The people were by no means barbarous in the sense in which the shipwrecked company. Their kindness was shown in making the sufferers as comfortable as possible. The storm continued and the senson of the year was late enough for chilly weath-

III. Paul bitten by a viper (vs. 2-6). 3. Paul had gathered a bundle of sticks was necessary to be done, and did not shrink from lowly service. He could gather brashwood for the fire with as good grace as he could comfort the frightened sallors and his fellow passengers. A viner. This animal low passengers. A viper—This animal is very poisonous and its bite is generally fatal. It was doubtless torpid erally fatal. It was doubtless torpid from the cold, and became active when It was brought under the influence of the heat. 4. Saw the venomous beast —The natives were watching the strangers closely and quickly noticed the viper hanging from Paul's hand. They knew the deadly nature of the animal and expected to see Paul die in a few minutes. Vengeance suffereth not to live-The inhabitants of Melita came at once to the conclusion that Paul, the prisoner, was a murderer ion is seen in their extremes of judgand deserved death. Although he had reached land safely, suribution or jusand them a god. Their decisions were

tice was pursuing him, and he must pay the penalty for his crime. 5. Shook off the beast—The idea conveyed is that Paul was quite composed in what he did, and that the beast was no cause of alarm to him.—Cam. was no cause of alarm to him.—Cam. Bib. 6. They looked when he should have swollen—The natives were looking for the usual results of a viper's bite, a speedy swelling and sudden death. Saw no harm—"Beheld nothing amiss."—R. V. Paul's condition was unchanged. The viper's bite did him no injury. Said that he was a god—The people were quickly changed in their opinion of Paul. They decided that he must be a supernatural being that he must be a supernatural being to be unharmed by the bite of the

IV. The father of Publius healed (vs. 7-10). God's providence was mar-veilous on this journey. Paul was in touch with God and received from him instruction, encouragement, protection and power. Those who came in conand power. Those who came in contact with him were directed toward his God. He and some of his com-panions were received into the home of the chief man of the island, Pub-lius, and there the apostle was given a work to do. The father of the chief was seriously ill. Paul went to the sick man, prayed and laid his hands upon him, and he was healed. This marvellous cure resulted in the healing of many others who came to Paul. The people showed much respect for him and his company, and when the time came for him to move on toward Rome, the inhabitants of Melita gave them many things necessary for their

Questions.—Where was Melita? Why did Paul desire the ship's company to take food? How long had they re-mained fasting? What effect did Paul's cheerful spirit have upon them? Describe the wreck and the escape. What predictions of Paul's were fulfilled? How did the people on the island receive those who had suffered shipwreck? Why did the people decide that Paul was a god? Who was Publius? What miracles did Paul rerform?

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Topic.—Christian activity. I. Brought Paul into prominence. 11. Brought reward for kindness.

I. Brought Paul into prominence. The keynote in this section of Paul's history was sounded in God's promise to him, "Thou must stand before to him, "Thou must stand before Caesar." Apparent hindrances to that plan had no real effect in delaying its consummation. The contrary its consummation. The contrary winds, the multiplied landings, the transfer from ship to ship, the bois-terous sea, the utter shipwreck and the enforced wintering in Malta were all tributary to the fulfilment of gracious and far reaching design. Paul had no option but to go forward to meet those circumstances. The traits of his strong character were brought to view in times of danger In this account of real experience the personality of the apostle appears with great vividness, revealing a great soul in a great crisis. He had faith in God's promise to him, however unlikely of accomplishment 't might seem. That God's will would be accomplished was enough for Paul, From the beginning of the voyage the was felt by all who were in company with him. When the landing was made and God designed to introduce his apostle to the inhabitants of Malta, he permitted an apparent evil to be-fall him which Paul overcame accord-ing to Christ's promise, thereby making an impression on all who witnessed the event. It was a two-fold testimony in favor of Paul as the servant of God, first by preventing any per-sonal harm to him and then by ena-bling him to assist and heal others. This incident was the means of awak-ening the attention of the islanders to the gospel. It was a standing testimony of God's care over his faithful servant. It was Paul's vital union with Christ that gave him his rare op-portunities and his uncommon experience. Paul's demeanor amid the varied scenes of this period proved the reality and power of divine grace paid and his associates were vir ly paid to his Lord. Faul was fore most in service on land, as he had been at sea. He showed by practical example that it was never beneath true dignity to stoop to any useful service. His helpfulness was businesslike se well as religious. His unselfishness was exhibited in devotion to others rather than to himself. He taught and healed in the name of Christ. It was the mission of Christianity to heal both body and soul, Paul lost no opportunity of making the gospel known. Publius had command of the known. Publius had command of island with all its resources, yet trouble had entered his household which neither power nor wealth could overcome. He was as impotent to secure relief from disease which threatened his father's life as was the

Amid all the perplexities of career the purpose of God, vital, in-telligent and unconquerable, was be-ing carried out, sometimes by deliverance from trial and sometimes by patient endurance. This portion of history clearly illustrates the province of the human in the execution of the divine plans, Publius befriended Paul and was in return himself abundantly blessed. The obscure governor of Malta, because of his con-nection with Christianity, has a record in the sacred book. He ledged a few Christians and treated them with courtesy. He received as a recompense the restoration of his father's health. The conduct of the Maltese manifested the good in heathenism. The miracles performed through Paul manifested the power of Christianity. The joy which came to the shipwrecked company because of their escape from death at sea was followed by the depressing consciousness of utter loss of all their possessions. tion at Malta made it Their recepit possible them to escape death from starvation The people of Malta began with simple, unaffected kindness. When occasion arose, the superstition of their hearts became evident. As heather they had a conviction of the retribu-tive justice of God. They made religious deductions from ordinary facts

poorest or weakest inhabitant to the island.

II. Brought reward for kindness.

WHY NOT BUILD THAT MANURE PIT-NOW

Under Average Conditions Farmyard Manure is Worth \$2 Per Ton-By Allowing the Manure to Lie Around the Yard in a Loose Heap for Several Months Its Value May Be Reduced by as Much as \$1—Are You Losing or Saving That \$1?

The cheapest way to handle farmyard manure, considering both economy in labor and the conservation of the fertilizing elements, is either to let it accumu late in deep boxes under the feet of the cattle where it is made until it is time to haul it out on to the field (taking care that plenty of bedding is used to absorb all the liquid portion), or to haul it out to the fields and spread it as soon as it is made. The man who is fattening steers will probably find it best to follow the first method or a combination of the two, and the delivers will result find. dairyman will usually find it best to use the method

It sometimes happens son or another the manure has to be removed from the stable, and it is not possible

stable, and it is not possible structed manure pit.

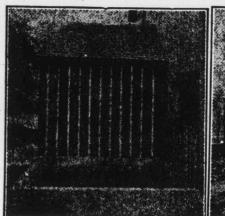
When this is the case
the practice on too many farms is to throw it out of the stable window and let it lie in the yard, just as it xecilent, as fallen in a loose heap, where through fermentation and leaching it has reasted. through fermentation and leaching it loses the greater part of the fertilizing elements it had when first made. In an experiment carried on in the States to find how much fertility, in dollars and cents was lost in this way, it was found that a ton of horse manure that had \$2.50 worth of fertilizing, constituents in it when it was made had only \$1.06 worth at the end of five months after being allowed to lie in a loose pile exposed to the weather. In another experiment a weather. In another experiment a certain quantity of manure was allowed to lie in a loose heap exposed to the leaching action of the rain, and an equal quantity of the same man-ure was kept in a manure pit in a firm compacted mass, the floor of the pit being made of cement, so that none of the fertilizing elements could leach away. After a certain time the two piles were analyzed and it was found that the loose pile only yielded 7 1-2 tons of manure, while the pile that was kept compact and moist yielded 10 tons of manure. The loose pile, moreover, only contained 64, pounds of nitrogen, while the compact pile contained 108 pounds of nitrogen. That is to say that in the loose pile there was a loss of \$6.40 worth of fertility. This, coupled with the fact fertility. This, coupled with the fact, that a horse, steer or a milch cow will produce from \$20 to \$25 worth of manure a year, and that if this manure is not properly taken care of much as 1-2 or 2-3 of the fertilizing value of the manure will be lost, emphasizes the advisability of making a proper manure pile, so that the unavoidable loss of the elements of fertility that the manure contains may be reduced to a minimum. be reduced to a minimum.

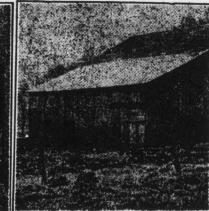
not based upon any knowledge of

Paul's character or religion, but upon the events of his sudden danger and his marvelous escape. His continued

work among them proved educative.

Error in belief was corrected. Faith
in Christ was established. T. R. A.





however, that for some rea- Throwing the manufe out of the stable window and let ting it lie there exposed to the weather θ is an exceedingly wasteful practice. When manure is not spread on the land as seen as removed from the stable, it should be stered in a properly con-

with the floor made only of well- the manure into gaseous ammonia

Having the pit just outside the stable window, as shown in the illustrations, is very convenient, though where several stables have to be cleaned it will probably be better to have the pit entirely removed from any of the buildings.

The main thing in making a manure The main thing in making a manure pile is to keep it compact and moist. If the manure is allowed to lie in a loose heep the temperature will rise and considerable of the nirtogen, which the manure contains, will be lost in the form of gas as ammonia. The secret of making good manure is the same as that of making good sliage—to keep the air out. When the manure is taken to the pile it should be carefully spread, so that the top. be carefully spread, so that the top of the pile will always be level. After spreading it should be tramped down as much as possible, to keep the air out. If there is a drain in the floor of the manure pit which empties into a cistern to catch the liquid manure, it is not necessary to have the plic covered. In fact, it is an advantage to have it uncovered, as the rain will keep the pile moist and prevent the manure from heating to any considerable extent.

Although it is not have a cistern in connection with the manure pit, it is a decided advantage, and to have a pump in connection with it, so that the liquid manure every now and then can be sprayed over the pile. The presence of large quantities of water in the manure heap holds the temperature down dis-In making a manure pit the chief places air, and in this way checks thing is to have it water-tight. We have seen many good manure pits, which change the organic nitrogen of cessary to store it.

The manure pit shown in the illustration is made of concrete. It is perhaps more elaborate than many farming of the cement. The pit is 2 ft. 8in. deep and 24 ft. long by 19 ft. wide. It would be suitable where ten or twelve head of cattle are kept

make the pile higher than about feet and a safe rule to follow is to provide 50 square feet of pit area for each animal kept.

one-quarter inch to a foot towards a gutter, which drains into a cistern The liquid portion of the manure col-lects in the cistern and can be pumped out and spread on the land directly with a liquid manure spreader or pumped back on the pile again. The pumped back on the pile again. The best methou is to pump it over the manure pile again, as this will aid materially in keeping down the temperature of the pile. If the manure does not remain long in the pit, and if sufficient bedding is used the cistera can be dispensed with.

rammed clay A pit made of stones is excellent, and can be made very cheaply on farms where stones are abundant. Concrete will, however, make an ideal pit, and its durability will, in the long run, more than make up for the initial expenditure.

Having the mist just contains less water. This expenditure the long run, more than make up for the initial expenditure.

Having the mist just contains less water. This expension of the practice, followed by experienced farmers, of mixing the manure from the various less water. which contains less water. This ex-plains the soundness of the practice, followed by experienced farmers, of mixing the manure from the various classes of live etck when it is ne-

haps more elaborate than many farmers would care to build, but if many milch cows are kept or many steers fattened during the winter, and if the manure has to be kept in a pile a pit of this kind will pay for itselfmany times over in the course of a few years. The mixture should consist of one part of cement to two and one-half parts of sand, and four parts of stones. The footings of the pit should be carried below the frost line to prevent heaving and possible cracking of the cement. The pit is 2 ft. Sin.

It will be found convenient not to

The floor of the pit has a slope of

-Canadian Countryman

colonies by injecting with an oil can

TROUBLED BY ANTS?

Here Are Some Tips On How to Get Rid of Them.

The United States Department of griculture recommends, where it can be safely used, a syrup poisoned with arsenate of soda. The formula for this syrup is one pound of sugar discolved in a quart of water to which should be added 125 grains of arsenate of soda. This mixture is boiled and strained and on cooling is used to moisten sponges which are placed where they can be reached easily by the ants. The insects collect the syrup and convey it to their neets, so that the whole colony is ultimately personed. Although this method has membered that the arsenate of soda is poisonous to human beings and to animals as well as to ants, and that its use must be safeguarded by the greatest precautions.

Poisons are dangerous to use around the home and should always be avoided where possible.

If troubled with ants in pantrys and particularly in the icebox where the use of poison or kerosene is out of the question, just try the simple method which the Agricultural Department which the Agricultural Department has not heard of, and very likely will scoff at. Try it, however, and if the ants depart there will be no com-plaints to offer. Moreover, the remedy

is practically free. Cleaning up and keeping clean is necessary. No remedy will be effective if garbage is thrown in the coal hod in the kitchen or kept standing about

in uncovered receptacles.

A good neighbor and enthusiastic amateur gardner, on hearing that ante were overwhelming the pantry, cailed with an armful of hickory leaves, which he said his father had always used, scattering them about on the shelves and bottom of the refrigerator to drive ants away. Nothing was expected from such a simple suggestion, particularly when many "sure cures" had theularly when many sure cures had been tried without success. The suggestion was followed, however, and all the ants departed at once. Since that time hickory leaves have been kept in the ice-box during the summer, which has been entirely free from the attacks of ants.

When the ants can be traced back to their nests and these are in access-ible places it is possible to destroy the

celonies by injecting with an oil can or small syringe a little bisulphide of carbon, kerosene or gasoline into the nests. All these substances, however, are inflammable, and precautions must be taken therefore against the danger of fire. Carbosul is equally as effective as bisulphate of carbon and is non-inflammable, almost odorless and non-

Though the common garden or laws ants which build their little crate nests around houses are a distinct species from the true house ants, they may find their way into the house. Their colonies may be destroyed by dreaching the nests with believe water of the colonies with the co er or in quantity of kerosene or coal oil into them. Where larger areas are affected it is sometimes advisable to spray the lawns with kerosene emulsion or with a very strong soap wash pre-pared by dissolving any common lean dry soap in water at the rate of one half pound to one pound of scap to a gallon of water. Another method is to inject bisulphide of carbon or carbonul the nests, the quantity of the chemical depending upon the size of the nest. After the bisulphide of carbon has been injected the cutrance to the nest should be closed by the foot in order to retain the chemical which will then penetrate slowly through the underground channel and kill the ants. Although its fumes ar



man and the higher animals.

COMFORT ONE ANOTHER.

"Comfort one another. For the way is often dreary, And the feet are often deary, And the heart is very sad. There is heavy burden bearing, When it seems that none are caring, And we half forget that ever were glad.

"Comfort one another, With the hand-clasp close and tender With the sweetness love can render, And the look of friendly eyes. Do not waste with grace unspoken, While life's daily bread is broken— Gentle speech is oft like manna from the skies."

A NEW AND LIVING WAY. Cain went out from the presence of the Lord. Your iniquities have separ ated between you and your God, and your sins have hid his face from you. Without holiness, no man shall see the Lord.

I am the way, and the truth, and the life; no man cometh unto the Father, but by me. Our Saviour Jesus Christ but by me. Our Saviour Sesus Christ . . . hath abolished death, and hath brought life and immortality to light

through the gospel.

The way into the holiest of all was not yet made manifest, while as the first tabernacle was yet standing. He is our peace, who hath made both one, and hath broken down the middle wall of partition between us. The vail of the temple was rent in twain from the top to the bottom.

Straight is the gate, and narrow is

the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it. Thou wilt show me the path of life; in thy presence is fulness of joy; at thy right hand there are pleasures for evermore.

Fire is a master, a servant, an element of the earth, a prerogative man, an attribute of God. All the low er animals, with their splendid in-stincts, cannot make a fire, for, if they could, the world long ago would have been burned up because of been burned up

Fire is the centre of the earth, burn ing mountains, boiling cascades, give proof of this. Fire in the political world. "Is it an insurrection," said French Queen to her husband. "It is a revolution, and we must hasten to the shore, disguised as fisher-folk, and make our escape to England, the land of refuge." Fire in the business world; it is a warfare, keen, clever, unspar ing. Everyone wants to get there be-fore the other fellow. Fire in the religious world. "I came to cast fire upon the earth. I bring not peace, but came to set a mother against her daughter." It is volcanic, disturbing, revolutionary, it hurts, separates, shatters; "a man's foes shall

be they of his own house."

Look at slavery. In the time of Christ, but few men were free, and when He proclaimed the worth of man, and said, "If the Son shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed." He sent a fire through the heart of the slave owner, who said, "If this man's dectrine nevalls, our craft will be DILLITH GRAIN MARKET.

Minneapolis — What — December, \$1.91; May, \$1.88 3-4; cash, No. 4 hard, \$1.95 to \$1.97; No. 1 Northern, \$1.90 to \$1.94; No. 2 Northern, \$1.85 to \$1.93. Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$92 to \$1.00 at \$1.94; No. 2 hard \$1.95 to \$1.95; No. 1 Northern, \$1.85 to \$1.93. Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$92 to \$1.00 at \$1.94; No. 2 hard \$1.95; No. 1 Northern, \$1.85 to \$1.95; No. 2 hard \$1.95; No. 1 Northern, \$1.80 to \$1.95; No. 2 horthern, \$1.85 to \$1.95; No. 2 hard \$1.95; No. 2 horthern, \$1.85 to \$1.95; No. 3 yellow, \$92 to \$1.95; No. 3 yellow, \$92 to \$1.95; No. 2 hard \$1.95; No. 2 horthern, \$1.85 to \$1.95; No. 2 horthern, \$1.85 to \$1.95; No. 2 horthern, \$1.85 to \$1.95; No. 3 yellow, \$92 to \$1.95; No. 3 yellow, \$1.95; No. 3 yello doctrine prevails, our craft will be ruined."

When He taught that the humblest and poorest child was a child of God, it was the death warrant of despotism.

There are things waiting to naught.

*1.52 1-2; December, \$1.87 1-3 asked.

Linseed—On track, \$2.71 1-2; October, \$2.70; November. \$2.70; Pecember, \$2.70; December, \$2

There are things waiting for this fire to touch, piles of wealth, temples of pleasure, dens of infamy. He taught that wealth is a peril, and He lived up to His teaching. The house of wealth is made of wood, fuel waiting for the fire. "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." Here is a fire that cannot be put out. His action on man is violent. Stormy wind fulfills His word. Who can stand before His cold? There are wreckers on every shore gathering up the fragments and gathering up the fragments and octom of the sea is richer than the land.

the land.

There was a fire the other day in "Society," and a flutter among the flunkies. A lady of title renounced the world, sold her estate and jewels, discharged her servants, made provision for her bare necessities, spent her money in a hospital and orphanage in a poor village in Ireland. She herself occupies a cottage on five shillings a week, cooks her own food and makes. week, cooks her own food, and makes her own bed. What is this but Carist? "A fire goeth before Him, and it is

very tempestuous round about will not fear Thee and have Thee in reverence. Our God is a consuming fire."

"Swifter than torrent, tempest, light, I fly to my serene abode. And on the last and holiest height, Find rest and joy in God."

H. T. Miller.



TORONTO MA	R	K	ETS	
FARMERS' MAR				
Dairy Produce-				
Butter, choice dairy	0	35	\$ 0	38
Do., creamery prints	0	38		41
Eggs, new-laid, doz	0	40		45
Live Poultry—				
Turkeys, lb	0	18	0	20
Do., spring		23		26
Fowl, 1b		11		14
George, spring.		12		14
Ducklings, lb		12	0	
Spring chickens, lb	0	14		15
Dressed Poultry-	-			7
Turkeys, lb	0	20	0	25
Do., spring	0	25		28
FOWI, 1b	0	16	0	18
Gerse, spring	0	16	0	18
Ducklings, lb	0	15	0	17
Squabs, per dozen	3	50		
Fruits-				
Pears, basket	0	40	0	60
Apples, per bbl	3	00	4	50
snow apples, 11-qt. bkt	0	33	0	50
Crab apples, 11-qt. bkt.	0	40	0.	60
Vegetables-				
Tomatoes, 11-qt. bkt	0	30	0	40
Do., green, per bush	0	20	0	30
Beets, per bush	0	80	1.	00
Carrots, per bush	0	80	1 (00
Turnips, ger bush	0	65	0 7	754
Parenips, per bush	0	90	1 (00

Onione, per 75-lb. bag.. 2 50 Cabbages, per dozen .. 0 60 Potatoes, per 96-lb. bag 1 90

MEATS-WHOI	ES	AL	E.	
Beef, forequarters, cw	t \$	95	\$11	00
Do., hindquarters				00
Carcases; choice			12	00
Do., eommon	10	00	10	50
Veal, common, ewt	8	50	10	50
Do., medium			13	50
Do., prime	16	00	17	00
Heavy hogs	11	50	12	50
Shop hogs	15	50	16	50
Abattoir hogs			17	00
Mutton, heavy	10	00	12	00
Do., light	14	00	16	90
Lambs, spring, lb	0	18	0	19%

SUGAR MARKET. Wholesalers quote on Conadian reined sugars, Toronto delivery, as fol-

lows:		
Royal Acadia, granulated 100 lbs.	0	01
Lantic, granulated 100 lbs.	8	31
Redpath, granulated	8	11
St. Lawrence, granult'd 100 lbs.	8	11
Dominion granulated 100 lbs.	8	01
St. Lawrence, Beaver 100 lbs.	8	01
Lantic, Blue Star 100 lbs.	8	01
No. 1 yellow 100 lbs.	7	71
Dark yellow 100 lbs.	7	51
10-lb. bags, 15c over granulated t	a	RIG.
20-lb. bags ,10c over granulated	13.	20.
Two and five-pound cartons,		10e
over granulated bags.		

LIVE STOCK

Prices held steady, despite the lib eral receipts, and hogs were slightly

Export cattle, choice	28	00	35	50
Butcher cattle, choice	7	25		75
Do., medium	6	50		00
Do., common	5	40		65
Butcher cows, choice	6	50		00
Do., medium	5	35	100	25
Do., canners	3	50		25
Do., bulls	5	00		00
Feeding steers	6	00		75
Stockers, choice		80		00
Do., light		50		25
Milkers, choice, each		00	115	
Springers	50		115	
Sheep, ewes	7	50		25
Bucks and culls	5	00		00
Lambs	11	00	11	
Hogs, fed and watered	11	35	*1	20
Calves	5	00	11	25

OTHER MARKETS

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE.

Oct. . . . 0 59% 0 61% 0 59% 6 59% May . . . 0 61 0 62% 0 60% 0 60%

blos. MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET. ruined."

Our Lord did not head a political party to fight the tyrants, but He kindled a fire, which ultimately \$1.89 1-2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.87 1-2 to \$1.89 1-2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.86 1-2 to \$1.89 1-2; December, \$1.87 1-3 asked.

Woodstock, Ont.—At to-day's meeting of the Woodstock Cheese Board

1,430 boxes ere offered; 21 1-2e bid no sales.

Madoc. Ont.—At the regular meeting of the Madoe Cheese Board 602 were offered; all sold at 22 1-8e.

If you are going to combine business and pleasure don't be

HER HUMBLE **LOVER**

It was true that he had not spoken a word to her in the drawing-room at the rectory, but she was not offended; she knew that he had refrained from addressing her because he desired to avoid any reference to their meeting on the beach. With the delicacy of a gentleman he had so behaved as to spare her any embarrassment. Signa quite understood it, and was in no way offended; she knew that he had read her uncle and aunt at a glance, and it made her arrand all the easier Still she approached the great, huge place slowly, scarcely heeding Archies

chatter as he ran by her side, occasi-onally turning off to chase a butterfly or pick a flower.

They reached the broad terrace with

its moss grown flight of steps, and Archie ran up then, calling to her to

Perhaps he'll be gone," he said, apprehensively.

But he had not gone. The big door,

with its panels of worm-eaten oak, was ajar, and with a strange feeling of mingled awe and curiosity Signa entered the hall. Hector Warren had opened one of

the shutters, and the light streamed into the vast space, discovering the massive beams of cak and walnut, the exquisite carving, in which the glit— pure gold—still shone; a line of por-traits, all the Delameres since the race obtained, the name, looked duskily down on the two intruders; fair wo man in silks and satins, rows of men in armor and tunic, with sword and parchment roll, there they were, half-obscured by the dust, worth a king's ransom as works of art, and yet left to the moth by the young man who had inherited their name and their grandeur.

From the roof, all carved and gilded, depended a score of tattered flags, and on the gallery still shone, for all the dust, a great shield emblazoned with the Delamere coat of arms.

Signa had been in many an ancient palace in romantic Italy, and visited many a German castle and famous Swiss chalte, but she had never felt sensation as she felt now. She to laugh, but the laugh died away on her lips. The vast place semed like a church, and instinctive she glanced toward the east for the altar; but though there was no altar, there was a magnificent painted window, which she knew must be of priceless value.

She tried to laugh, but she could nly manage a smile. "Here we are at last, Archie," she

said; but Archie was too excited to answer in the same strain.
"Isn't it grand, Signa?" he said. "l

shouldn't like to sleep here!"
Signa laughed and walked toward staircase, that, large enough to admit of a coach and four being drawn up to it, ran up to the foot of the up to it, ran up to the foot of the painted window, and thence round to numberless corridors.

"I don't know where to find Mr. varren," she said, half aloud. "We might wander about for hours, Archie.
The place is like a cathedral!"
"Supose we shout?" suggested

suggested Archie; but Signa shook her head. It

seemed like descration.
"No-no;" she said. "He said he wanted the library; that must— it ought to be on the ground floor. Let us try," and she opened the door lead-ing from the hall, and entered a long, lofty room. It was the dining-roombanquet-hall we should call it now. The dust of numbers of years rested as a falling veil upon the scene, yet its magnificence still made itself felt. ained windows, exquisite magnificent pictures, and furniture which a connoisseur would have pro-nounced unique, struck Signa with a sense of awe and delight. Upon the Tong table stood an immense epergne of bronze, filled with flowers long since faded, and beside a chair lay bouquet dropped by some fair hand, now perhaps turned to dust. "This is the dining-room," she said.

"We shall never find the library,

"Never mind. Let us go on till we b. Isn't it jolly, Signa?" "Jelly isn't the word for it, Archie,"

she gaid, trying to speak lightly. "How can a man leave all this to dust and decay?"

hie didn't reply to such a physiofrom hers, and scudded to a door at the end of the room, and, pulling it ajar, ran in.

Signa followed, and then stood silent and motionless.

They had found the library at last. Before them was a room, not so as the dining-hall, but much more alaborately fitted and furnished. The four sides were lined with books, the light coming from above through a dome of vainted glass. Luxurious chairs were placed at worm-eaten writing tables; perfolios six feet high

RAPPERS JOHN HALLAM Limited

201 Hallam Building, Toronto.

were placed in alcoves built to receive them. It was an apartment fit for a palace. But it was not the grandeur

that arrested Signa's footsteps.

It was the presence of a human being. For seated in a chair near the centre was Hector Warren. The table was strewn with books, and papers, which apparently had failed to interest him for head of the seat of the est him; for he sat with his head resting on his hand, a cigar between his lips, and his eyes fixed dreamily upon the painted roof.

As Signa stood looking at him, she

As Signa stood looking at him, she felt half-guilty of prying upon him, so weary and dreamy was the expression of the handsome face, so lost to the present, so buried in the past. He might have been one of the figures in armor that lined the hall, strolled in to spend half an hour in meditation but for his modern clothes and the

gar between his lips.
"There he is," said Archie, trimphantly

"Hush!" said Signa, warningly, and she would have retreated. But the boy's voice, light as it was, reached the dreamer, and raising his head, he looked up and saw them.

Without a start, but with a smiling of surprise, he rose and approach ed them, dropping his well-worn hat on the table, and flinging his cigar in

"This is a surprise," he said, light ly. "I have been dreaming! Well, Archie, and how are you?" and he laid his hand on the boy's head. "I'm quite

quite well," said Archie, 'What are you doing? "Reading a little, thinking much," he answered, fixing his eyes on Sig-

"We couldn't find the library for

ever so long," said Archie. "What a big place it is? Aren't you afraid to sit here all alone?"

"No," he replied, still stroking the health alone, when the said and the said to see the said

boy's hair. "What do you think there is here to harm me? All places are alike to him with a good conscience-or a bad one," he added, with a curious curl of the lips. As he spoke he drew the chair forward and dusted it with the duster which las on the table. "Won't you sit down?" he said to Signa. "It is," as Mrs. Podswell said, 'fearfuly dusty,' but I think if you sit here," and he places the chair, "you will be on an island of comparative cleanliness, surrounded by an ocean of dust". ed by an ocean of dust."

Signa sat down.
"After all, it is clean dust," she said. "But I am afrair we have dis-turbed you," she went on, her color coming and going a little as she ap-

proached her mission.
"Disturbed-" he echoed, in a significant tone which repudiated the idea emphatically. "If I were going to say that I am deeply grateful to you —and Archie—for putting in an appearance, I should speak the simple truth only. I was getting tarrible truth only. I was getting terribly bored with my own society. Thinking is poor amusement, and it is one I am rather too much given to.
"You mean looking back?" said

Signa.

He nodded.
"Yes, looking back; the vainest and most useless of operations. 'Ah! if I had but done this, or I had left that alone!' Bah!" and he laughed, with a touch of sadness in the laugh.
"What waste of time it is! This is
just the place for dreaming," and he

looked round the book lined room.
Signa watched his face; there was still a vague expression of melancholy in the dark eyes, and she found her-self wondering what he had been ng back upon, and what sort of

past his had been.
But she checked the speculation, remembering her errand.

"I have come with a message," she said, looking up at him as he leaned against the table, his dark eyes fixed upon her face with an intent gaze.

"A message?" he said, with a faint smile.

"Yes," said Signs. "From my unt. She will be glad if you will ine with them to-morrow." aunt. ine with them to-more. Simply Not a word of excuse. Simply Not a word of excuse. Simply the and

plain invitation. He noticed and fully understood it and admired the direct, truthful way in which she had put it. He noticed also that she said "with them" in stead of "with us." For a moment he stood silent, his

eyes fixed on the ground, then he looked up at her with an inquiry in his glance.

"It is very kind of Mrs. Podsweii," he said. "Do you think—" he stop-ped and laughed softly, with quiet

amusement.
"Do I think what?" asked Signa
"I wonder whether you will be offended if I should ask you the question that trembled on my lips?" said, slowly

Signa laughed. "Had you not better try?" she

"I will! I was going to ask you if you thought they really wished me to come?

Signa colored.
"Isn't that generally understood?" she said.

"I am answered," he responded, smilingly. "I see. Will you thank Mrs. Podswell very much, and assure her that I should only be too, delighted, but—but—will you help me with an excuse? I can't say that I am otherwise angrad, because I am otherwise angrad, because I am otherwise engaged, because I am not, and she should know it. I have no grandmother on a sick bed, or business demanding an instant journey into a far country. Will you help

me?"
"No," said Signa, laughing softly. "Besides, you misunderstood me. They really wish you to accept, and to

"That alters the state of things," he said, instantly. "Then I shall be only too delighted, and it is really very

kind of Mrs. Podswell to take com passion upon a stranger and an un-known waif that has floated to her

Signa smiled at this unintentionally

high-flown acceptance.
"Then I will tell her," she said, rising; "they dine at six o'clock, and you will meet some people."

He bowed.

"I shall be very pleased," he said.

"How joily!" exclaimed Archie from
the top of the steps, where he had
perched with a large folio of plates on
his knee; "that is if they let me come
in to dessert. They do sometimes if
the bishep isn't there."

"And why not when the bishop is there?" asked Hector Warren, smiling up at him.
"Because I once trod on his gouty

toe, and he can't bear me ever since," reglied Archie, with perfect equanim-ity. "I hope they'll let me to-morrow,

because you're going to be thera."
"Thanks, very much. Suppose I enter into a little conspiracy with you, Archie?

"I don't know what you mean," he said, calmly. "Let us imagine that, just at des

sert-time, you were passing outside the open door, and I saw you, and I friend Archie? Kindly permit him to join us at the festive almonds and raisins, Mrs. Podswell?" How would that be? Archie laughed in his quaint, old

Archie laughed in his quaint, old fashloned way.
"I think you are very clever," he said, admiringly. "You keep a sharp lookout for me, and if you don't see me I'll give a soft whistle."

Hector Warren laughed.
"I don't think I would venture on the whistle, Archie," he said. "It might lead to a suspicion that the whole thing had been arranged." "I see," mused Archie. "Perhaps I might mew like a cat; I can do that

very well."
"You might venture so far," ad-naited Hector Warren. "Have you got a nice book up there?"
"Yes, pretty fair," said Archie.

"Then will you wait while I show Miss Grenville the picture gallery?"

Archie nodded from his lofty perch.

"I'll wait," he said. "I suppose I can look at any books I like. You will take care of her?" he added, gravely.

"Every care, I assure you," replied Hector Warren, gravely. "I promise to return her to you without a broker

"Very well, then," said Archie, with

ar air of being satisfied.
Signa stood smilingly looking on while this negotiation was being con-ducted; then she said, as he took up

the bunch of keys, "But I think we must be going back, Mr. Warren."
"Do not say that," he pleaded. "Let us take a look at the picture gallery before you go; it is well worth see-

"I am all curiosity," said Signa; "but I am afraid that we have interrupted and disturbed you." He smiled, and it was a sufficient

answer.
"Take care of the dust," he said, a he cpened a door opposite that by which he had entered. "It is not so thick here, excepting in the carvings.
This is the long corridor to the picture-gallery; there is a door here which leads to the dining-room, and another passage which twines all round the house."

Signa looked at him with a smile of surprise on her face.
"How do I know?" he said, putting her question into words. "Because I have been exploring the place during the short time I have been here, and have gained a vast amount of inforthe short time I have been here, and have gained a vast amount of infor-mation from a plan and guide to this building which I found on the centre table in the library; I will show it to you when we get back. This is the door of the picture-gallery," ne added, as he opened a tall door with painted panels. "I have been here before this panels.

morning and opened the windows." Signe uttered an exclamation of surprise and admiration. It was a splenapartment, a salon decorated in the most exquisite taste, and still untarnished and unsolled, save by a thin coating of dust. The contents of the room were priceless, and how any man in his same senses could have allowed such a collection of treasures neglected and unguarded

amazed Signa. "It is a handsome place, isn't it?" he

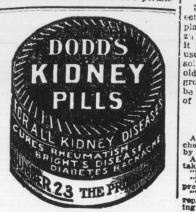
said, quietly. "It is magnificent," said Signa-"simply magnificent. The place is a palace! It is difficult for me to realize that it can be so neglected and de-Berted!"

He shrugged his shoulders. 'It is not the first palace that has owned a fool for king," he responded, quietly; and he walked beside her thoughtfully, as she ran her eyes rapidly over the pictures.

"Some of these, I feel sure, are masterpieces," she said "To think of them being hidden away like this! What can possess Lord Dolamere?" He smiled gravely

"Lord Delamere has been possessed by evil spirits, many and various," he said, in a low voice. "Amongst

them they have driven him from his home, and made him a wanderer up-on the face of the earth. But you are on the face of the earth. But you are an artist, I see," he said, more lightly, yet earnestly; "there is no mistaking the expression in the critical eye. If you will make a promise, I will have this gallery properly cleaned—you know I have Lord Delamere's permis-





"What promise?" she asked, looking over her shoulder at him.

"That you will come here now and again and spend half an hour with the pictures," he said, respectfully, plead-

Signa flushed.
"I will come if I may," she said

"That is a bargain." he said. "See, now, here is the ballroom. It was not a bad idea to open it on to was not a pan idea to open it on to the picture gallery. I wonder how many a young couple have wandered here to look at the pictures, reflected in each other's eyes?"

Signa laughed, then she clasped her

hands in a genuine girlish gesture of admiration and delight.

"Ah, I don't know which is best!"
she exclaimed, looking from the splen-

did salon to the picture-gallery.
"Designed by Luigi Barri, fresco by Boucher, carvings by Grinling Gib-bons, so says the guide," said Hector Warren. "Yes, it is a fine room." "Imagine it filled with guests, with

music floating in the perfumed air, with laughter and gay chatter echoing in the galleries: fancy the place lit up and dazzling in all its glory of blue and gold! Oh! I wish I could wave a magic wand and restore the Northwell Grange to its old glory! If I wer

master—"
"Or mistress?" he said, softly.
"Or mistress," she said, her eyes growing deeper and more rapt, "how proud I should be of it! Even as I proud I should be of it! Even to see the am," and she laughed, "an insignifi-cant nonentity, I would like to see the place full of life and happiness."

"Would you?" he said, with a strange smile on his face as he leaned against a pillar and looked over at her, flushed with the faint excite-ment called up by the theme.

She laughed and recovered herself. "Yes, but if wishes were horses, beggars would ride. I'm afraid Lord Delamere will not come back and restore the house of his forefathers, because Signa Grenville has a fancy for eeing it free from dust and full

He did not reply, and in silence he followed her to the hall.
"What wonderful faces they have," she said, looking round at the por-

traits.
"Wonderful!" he said, half resting on a table and swinging the keys on his finger, his eyes fixed on her face, and wholly indifferent to the portraits

"As how?"
"Why," said Signa, "they are all either extremely handsome or extremely ugly. There is no medioc-

tremely ugly. There is no mediocrity."

"There is none in the unhappy family," he said. "They are all said to have been particularly good-looking or particularly plain, as you say, and they carried the rule to their moral they carried the rule to their moral they want to the said the said the said to the said the sai qualities. 'Good or evil, pure and simple, should have been the Delamere motto.

Signa listened with interest. "Did you read that in the guide." she asked.

"Oh, I have heard Delamere say much the same thing," he said carelessly.

(To be continued.)

Johnny Roche's Tower.

Standing on the banks of the river Awberg, between Mallow and Fermoy, County Cork, Ireland, is a remarkable edifice known as "Johnny Roche's Tower." The whole tower was built by the labor of one man, who subsequently resided in it. This individual, who received no education whatever. also erected a mill, constructing the water wheel after a special design of his own. Long before the introduction of the bicycle he went about the country in a wheeled vehicle of his own His last feat was to build his tomb in the middle of the river bed. John Roche died, but was not interred in the strange burying place which he selected for himself, his less original relatives deeming such a mode of sepulture unchristian. — London Strand

DRS. SOPER & WHITE



SPECIALISTS

Call or send history for free advice. Medicin furnished in tablet form, Hours—10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 to 6 p.m. Sundays—10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Consultation Free

DRS. SOPER & WHITE 25 Toronto St., Toronto, Oct. Please Mention This Paper.

The Coffee Plant's Friend.

in Columbia there is a tree highly esteemed as a shade for the coffee plant. It is found also in tropical Braz'ı and possesses qualities that make it reculiarly suited for this particular use It will live on a stoney, poor soil, and a tree only eighteen months old will shade 144 square yards of ground while when full grown it may be fifty feet high and have a spreadof fifty feet on either side.

THE PIGHT BAIT.

(Rochester Times)
A preacher, accompanied by two charming young ladies, stood entranced by the beauties of a passing stream.
A fisherman, happening, by, and mistaking his occupation, said:
"Kechin' many, pard?"
I am a fisher of men," replied the preacher, with dignity.
"Well, you sure have the right bait." replied the fisherman, with an admiring glance at the girls.

TIRES OF A MOTOROAR.

Why They Are Found Heated After a Long and Fast Run.

It is well known that after a long and fast run the tires of an automo-bile are found to be very hot, and many have supposed this is the result of the friction of the tire on the road.

of the friction of the tire on the road. The Scientific American says that such is not the case, at least as to the greater portion of the heat.

"The real cause of heating," says that magazine, "is the internal friction of the fire itself, for as the tire is being constantly deflected by contact with the road, the various piles or with the road, the various piles, or with the road, the various piles, or layers, which compose the tire do not act uniformly, and consequently there is more or less motion between them that results in friction and heat. The greater the change in shape in the tire as it contacts with the road

greater will be the friction.
"Of course the harder the tire is pumped the less will be the friction, but it is evident that, while a perfect ly rigid tire would generate but little heat, it would fail in giving easy riding. So we must put up with some heating and consequently wear of the . The subject is one that is be successfully studied by the tire

THE SHADOW OF BROKEN HEALTH

Can Be Quickly Dispelled Through the Use of Dr. Williams Pink Pills.

When the shadow of poor health follows your life; when hope begins to fade and friends look serious then s the time you should remember thousands just as hopeless have been cured and restored to the sunshine of health by the use of Dr. Wiliams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich blood which brings a glow of health to anaemic cheeks; cures indigestion; headaches and backaches, drives out the stinging pains of rheumatism and neuralgia, strengthens the nerves and relieves as no other medicine can do the aches and pains from which wemenfolk alone suffer. In any emergency of poor health give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and they will not disappoint you. Here is a case that will bring hope to many a weary sufferer. Mrs. E. C. many a weary sufferer. Mrs. E. C. Taylor, Ascot avenue. Toronto, says: "A few years ago I was so run down with anaemia that I could scarcely walk about the house, and was not able to leave it. I had no color; my and was not appetite was poor and I was constantly troubled with headaches, dizzy spells and general disinclination to move about or do anything. I tried many medicines, but none of them helped me, and my friends thought I was in a decline. One day a friend who was in to see me asked if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had heard of this medicine often, but had not used it, so I determined to give it a trial. I certainly got a pleasant surprise, for after using two boxes I could feel an improvement in my condition. Continuing the use of these pills I began to regain my health, the headaches and dizzy spells were disappearing, and I began to gain in weight. People began enquiring what I was taking and I was not slow to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the cre-I took the pills for less than two months, and completely regained my old time health and strength. I hope my experience may convince some doubting person as to the great merit

of Dr. Williams Pink Pills as I cer. tainly have cause to be a firm champ-ion of them." You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50

cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from

Brockville, Ont.

Williams Medicine

TT ---Were to Last

Along many miles of the western front, as it was till the end of June, it is now possible to stand at one's ease in the middle of No Man's Land and observe the differences between a German front trench on the one hand and a French or British front trench on the other. The first point to be 1 oticed is that the allies' wire is only cut across by neat lanes or gangways at convenient intervals, while the German wire lies in a traubled press on man wire lies in a trampled mess on the ground. Then, the allies support the ground. Then, the times support their barbed wire mainly with wooden stakes; the Germans do it with iron. Next, cur parapet owes much more of its strength than the German to visible sandbags.

Inside the two trenches the differ cuces are greater. The allied trench mer who hoped and meant to move on like the work of men who hoped or feared, that they would be in it for years. British trench housing has been much more of a makeshift, a sort of camping-out, with some ingenious provisions for shelter and visions for shelter and comfort, not more than the least that would serve. Most of the dugouts are just serve. Most of the dugouts are just roughly delved holes in the earth, with caly enough props and rafters to hold the roofs up; their floors are bare ground, with a little straw on it; their dcors, if they have any, are a few odd pieces of plank with a couple of other pieces nailed across; often the floor is on the trench level, to save burrowing. Lighting is done with candles, mostly bought at the canteen, and if anyone owns an armchair or a twofoot high mirror, it is the jest of the

The German front in the west is like one huge straggling village, but of wood, and strung out along a road 300 miles long. Of course, the houses are all underground. Still, they are houses. of one or two floors, built to certain official designs, drawn out in section and plan. The main entrance from the trench level is, sometimes at any rate, through a steel door, of a pattern

"MADE IN CANADA"

DOMINION

Best for Quality, Style and Value. Guaranteed For All Climates.



ASK **YOUR** DEALER

apparently standardized, so that hundreds may come from the factory on one order, and missing parts be easily replaced. The profusely timbered doorway is made to their measure. Outside this front door you may find a porforated sheet of metal, to serve for a doormat or scraper. Inside a flight of from 12 to 36 stairs leads down at the stair stairs. an easy angle. The treads of the stairs and the descending roof of the staircase are formed of mining frames of stout timber, with double top sills; the walls are of thick planks notched at the top and bottom to fit the frames and strengthened with iron the code running from ten better to reds running from top to bottom of the stairs and with thick wooden struts at right angles to these.

At the foot of the stairs a turneled At the foot of the stairs a turneled corridor runs straight forward, for anything up to 50 yards, and from it open rooms and minor passages on each side. In many dugouts a second staircage on two staircages. staircase, or two staircases, lead to a lower floor, which may be 30 feet or 40 feet below the trench level.

All these staircases, passages and rooms are, in the best specimens completely lined with wood, and as fully strengthened with it as the entrance staircase already described. In one typical dugout each section of a pla-toon had its allotted places for messing and sleeping, its own place for parade in a passage, and its own emer-gency exit to the trench. In another, used as a dressing station, there are beds for 32 patients and a fair-sized operating room. A third, near Ma-metz, was designed to house a whole company of 300 men, with the needful kitchens, provision and munition store rooms, a well, a forge, riveted with sheets of cast iron, an engine-room, and a motor-room. Many of the captured dugouts were thus lighted by

electricity.

In the officers' quarters there have been found full length mirrors, com-fortable bedsteads cushioned arm-chairs and some pictures. One room is lined with glazed sanitary wall-paper, and the present English occupant is convinced by circumstantial evidence that his predecessor lived there with his wife and child. Clearly there was no expectation of an early move.

Other German treuch works show the same lavish use of labor as the dugouts. In the old German front trench south of La Boisselle an en-trance like that of a dugout leads to a flight of 24 stairs, all well finished. At their foot a landing three feet square opens on its further side upon a nearly verticle shaft. Descending this by a ladder of 32 rungs, you find a second landing like the first, opening on a continuation of the shaft. Down this ladder of sixty rungs brings you to the starting point of an almost straight level tunnel three feet wide and about five feet high, cut through pure, hard chalk. It ends in a blank wall. This is right underneath a huge crater which had evidently been held. and probably made by British troops. So that, at the moment of the advance in July, nothing remained, presum-ably, for the Germans to do but to bring the necessary tons of high ex-plosive to the end of their tunnel, and blow the mine under the base of the near Fricourt, the mine still contains part of the machinery used for winding up the excavated chalk to the sur-

German trench work is, therefore, more elaborate than the British, but that does not mean that it is better. No doubt the size and the overhead strength of German dugouts keep down casualties under bombardment and sometimes enable the Germans to bring up unsuspected forces to harass our troops in the rear with machine-gun and rifle fire when a charge has carried our men past an uncleared dugout of the kind. On the other hand, when an allied advance is made good. every German left in such a dugout will be either a dead man or a prison-er. No doubt, again, the German dug-outs give more protection from very bad weather than ours. But they also remove men more from the open air, and there is nothing to show that the half-buried German arymy gains more by relative immunity from rheumatism and bronchitis than it loses in the way of general health and vitality. -London Times.

Common sense is very uncommon. -Horace Greeley.

Art Pottery You will be pleased with the choice

New Art Pottery

which we are showing this The assortment contains Flower Bowle, Bud Vases, Vases of various shapes, Jars, etc., in Yellow. Jet. Verd, Red and Blue. This is very attractive. Priced from \$1.00 to \$5.00.

KING ST. E. SOUTH SIDE

Hamilton, Ont. THE HOUSE FOR GIFTS.

THE ATHENS REPORTER

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTIO

To Canadian points—\$1.00 per year in advance. \$1.25 if not so paid.

To United States—\$1.50 per year n advance Transient or legal advertisements inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first inser-tion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent

Business notices inserted in local columns for 5 cents per line every insertion.

No advertisement published for less than

Small advt. card per year, such as Societies

All advertisements measured by the scale of lid nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisements without special directions will be inserted until forbid and charged accordingly. Subscriptions may commence with ly issue. The paper will not be discontinued aless notice is given. No subscriptions will be cancelled unless all arrearages are paid.

AUSTIN G. L. TRIBUTE, EDITOR AND PROP'S

"The Making of Mickey McGhee"

Canadians who love the poems of Service will be interested to know of the discovery of a Scottish Kipling. R. W. Campbell who has already won his laurels by his books"Private Spud Tamson" and "The Kangaroo Marines" has now given the world of letters a set of poems entitled "The Making of Micky McGhee" and other stories in verse. Those verses breathe of romance, the humour, and the glory of the great adventure. And to Canadians these poems will have a special interest, for the author has toured from Halifax to Vanccuver, Prince Rupert, and back. He was the author of that famous journey of 12000 miles in a kilt, through the cities, towns, prairies and deep cany as of Canada. His jen and his lectures have sent many to seek their fortunes in the Golden West, for he is an ardent admirer of all things Canadian and matters Imperial. In Toronto he met the great Macdonald of the Globe in Winnipeg, the immortal Ralph Connor, and in other parts the statesmen, thinkers, and pioneers who have laid the foundations of our great Canadian Dominion.

These poems breathe a reverence for things Imperial, and introduce the world to the chivalry of the trenches. Fun there is and in abundance, the same sparkling tun that has immortalized "Spud Tamsor." There are many beautiful illustrations, and those who desire a literary treasure should secure a copy. The book entitled "The Makin of Micky McGhee" and other stor. jes in verse, and is to be issued at 3/6 net by George Alien & Unwin, London.

Parcels for Prisoners of War in Germany Must Be Very Strongly Packed.

The Post Office Department has been notified by the British Past Office that many parcels sent from Canada to Prisoners of War in Germany are being received in London in a damaged condition, so that frequently they have to be repacked before they can be for-Germany, The British Post Office adds that in most cases the damage appears to be due to the fact that the parrainadequately nacked by the

The public are warned, therefore, that parcels for Prisoners of War, unless they are very strongly packed, will probably arrive in such a condition as to be of little or no use to the recip-

Ordinary thin cardboard boxes, such as shoe-boxes, and thin wooden boxes ple. should not be used; nor does a single sheet of ordinary brown paper afford sufficient protec ion. Even where proper material are used, it is important that the contents should be tightly packed so as not to shake about during transit. The following form of packing are recommended :-

1. Strong double cardboard or strawoard boxes. Those made of corrugated cardboard and having lits which completely enclose the sides of the box are most suitable.

2. Tin loxes such as arel use for packing biscuits.

Gardilovo Village and a system of Bulgarian trenches between Kenali and the Cerna. Gardilovo was captured in a brilliant engagement.

On the British front the Bulgarians made a counter-attack in the region north of Ormanli, on the left bank of the Struma River. This attempt was easily repulsed.

3 Strong wooden boxes.

4. Several folds of stout packing

The British authorities advise that parcels for Prisoners of War in Germany must not be wrapped in linen, calico, canvas, or any other tox'ile mater-

oners of War in Germany which have damage from the fire was slight. not been adequately packed by the sen-plant Battlefront With Poplar Trees PARIS, Oct. 30.—The Meuse Dethat parcels which are inadequately plant it with poplars. Thus a leafy sacred way would run from the sea to Switzerland.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM

London Military Critics Optimistic Regarding Roumania.

Field Mayshal von Mackensen is Trying a Dangerous Game in Pursuing the Retreating Forces -Russian Tropos Continue to Arrive and the Teutonic Invaders Are Courting Disaster.

LONDON, Oct. 30.-Military ob servers here, despite pessimistic ut-terances by a portion of the London press, see no cause for alarm over the situation in Dobrudja. The in-vasion of Roumania from the Dob-rudpa has been prevented by the blowing up of the Cernavoda Bridge, blowing up of the Cernavoua Bridge, across which, it is reported, the greater part of the Russian and Rou-manian forces had escaped. Field Marshal von Mackensen is trying the dangerous game of pursuing the re-mainder into the marshes of the Danube delta.

In this region the Roumanians have strong points of support in the large towns of Braila, Galatz and Reni, to the north-west, on the other side of the Danube, whence reinforcements and supplies can be easily transported across the river. It was from Reni, at the bend of the Danube, that the Russians entered the Dobrudja to aid the Roumanians when the latter declared war. They crossed the river on pontoon bridges, crossed the river on pontoon bridges, which doubtless by this time have been strengthened for the passage of heavy artillery, which seems to be the chief need of the army opposing Field Marshal von Mackensen. Three good railroads reach the cities mentioned—from Czernowitz, Kishineff, and Bucharest—and it is safe to say that over all of them trains full of munitions and troops are now speed. munitions and troops are now speeding to the Dobrudja corner.

Mackensen is meeting with little resistance. The allied command, it is believed, is willing to fall back steadily toward the Bessarabian line. Their chief concern is to clude enveloping moves

Sofia reports the capture of 500 additional prisoners, including some Russian telegraph operators.

The Russo-Roumanian army in the Dobrudja is retreating towards the pontoon bridges across the Danthe pontoon bridges across the Dan-ube from Hirsova northward to Tultcha and Isakcha, near the mouth of the river, according to Sunday's Bul-garian War Office statement. The Bulgarians have destroyed the bridge at Hirsova and the advanced guard on the eastern wing has reached the region of Babadagh, fifty miles north of Constanza.

Will Make Paper From Wood Chips. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—As the result of studies which have made at the Forest Products Labor atory on methods of handling wood chips suitable for paper pulp, it is announced that Wisconsin paper announced that Wisconsin paper companies are now negotiating with the railroads for shipment to their factories of experimental trainloads of chips of Western woods adapted to paper making.

Previous investigations by the Forest Service have demonstrated that good grades of paper can be made from a number of Western woods The experts now estimate that some of these woods, when cut into chips and dried and baled, can be deliver ed to the mills in Wisconsin at a very small advance over the cost of chips made from local timber. In Wisconsin alone, it is stated, there is an annual market for over 600,000 cords of pulpwood.

Russia's Resources Ample, PETROGRAD, Oct. 30 .- The Minister of the Interior, H. Protopopoff, has applied to the military authoriwarded to Holland for transmission to ties, according to the Rech, for per stores for food supplies for the popu lations of Petrograd and Moscow. The Minister points out that in view of the important part played by these capitals in the conduct of the war it is essential that they shall not be allowed to suffer for want of provisions. M. Protopopoff has ask ed that the commissary inform him what supplies can be spared for the civilians. Both the Minister of Agriculture and the Minister of the Interior have proposed relief measures dealing chiefly with questions of transportation, since the resources of Russia, they declare, are ample for the needs of the army and the peo-

Captured Serbian Village.

LONDON, Oct. 30 .- In the fighting at the bend of the Cerna River in Macedonia the Scrbians and the French have made fresh progress, advancing and taking trenches in places in local encounters, repulsing Bul-garia counter-attacks, taking a number of machine guns and some score of prisoners. The French in the vi-cinity of the Cerna have captured Gardilovo Village and a system of

Fire Damages Liner.
PARIS, Oct. 30.—None of the passengers or members of the crew on the French line steamer Chicago was injured through the fire which broke out on board the liner while bound from Bordeaux for New York, and which caused her to put into the Azores, where the flames in her hold were extinguished, says a telegram received Sunday by the French line from its agent in the Azores. The

returned to the senders, as the British partmental Council is urging that the Government acquire all land Post Office hus notified the Department along the present battlefront and

CHARLESTON

Mrs. (Dr.) Giles and family of Mon treal, arrived last week at their summer home, Ceda: Park, and intend remaining until the epidemic of infantile paralysis is over in the city.

Miss Troy attended the teachers' convention at Brockville.

A very enjoyable dance was held in Mr. Heffernan's stone house on Friday evening.

VH. Latimer has returned from Boharm, Sask., after spending a couple of months with Clifford Greene, Mr. Latimer says that Cliff is now one of the many prosperous far ners in that

Mrs. Latimer and children have returned from Lyndhurst.

E King has purchased a Ford car. Mrs. W. King and family are visting at Geo. King's.

Charlie Boyd shot a fox on Saturday morning when it was in the act of taking chickens near the barn. The tur of the animal showed several black

Herbert Booth, of Montreal, was a recent visitor at his home here.

JUNETOW N

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Warren were risiting their son, Mr. Leland G. Wairen, Brockville, last week.

Miss Mary Avery, of the Kingston General Hospital, spent last week at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Herbison spent the week-end with friend at Sandhurst.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ferguson, Rockfield, and Mr. and Mrs. Hartley Ferguson, Lansdowne, were visiting at

Mr. Sandy Ferguson, on Wednesday. Miss Irene Tennant and Miss Myrtle Purvis, attended the Provincial S. S. Convention last week in Smith's Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Truesdale, Mallorytowr, spent one day last week at Mr. Walter Purvis. Miss Janet and Mr. W. H. Fergu-

son were visiting at Mr. Henry Hagerman, Athens, on Saturday, Miss Mina Pritchard spent the week-

end with Miss Mary Louch, Purvis Miss Myrtle Purvis spent the week-

end with Mrs. W. H. MacDermid, Smith's Falls. Mrs. A. E. Jordon, Mallorytown,

on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Umprey, Lansdowne, spent Monday at Mr. J. A.

was the guest of Mrs. Frank Fortune,

Mrs. Robt, Mulvaugh visited friends in Brockville last week.

Death of Mrs. Andrew Parker

The death occurred Saturday morn ing Oct. 21, at her home, near Newbliss, of Mary Ann Parker, widow of the late Andrew Parker. The deceased who had been ailing for some time, was seventy-eight years of age and had lived the greater part of her life on the farm where she died. The funeral which was largely attended, was held Monday morning at ten o, clock, to the Anglican church, Newbliss, after which the body was placed in the public vault, Smith's Falls. One daughter, Isabella, and one son, Lenard Parker, residing on the homestead, survive.

GREENBUSH

(Part of budget intended for last issue) Mr. and Mrs Geo Taplin spent Sunday Oct. 22nd at Delta guests of Mr. and Mrs. Omer Arnold who have recently returned from a trip to the Canadian West.

The annual meeting of the Greenbush Patriotic League was held at the home of Mr. W. Spence on the afternoon of Friday, Oct. 20th when reports of the past year's work were given by the past Secretary Mrs. M. Moore and post treasurer, Mrs. C. Hall. Mrs. Jas. Hewitt was re-appointed to the office of President, and the Society holds itself in readiness to carry on the work in any way that may be presented as the months go bv. At present the members are ousy sew-

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

ing garments sent to the society by the daughters of Empire at Brockville.

The Greenbush Epworth League held a successful social evening at the home of Mr. B. Loverein on the 17th inst. An interesting part of the program was the presentation of a handsome rocker to Miss Ethan Gifford one of our League members who has recently heen married.

Mrs. W Tackaberry and Mrs. Fred Kerr had the honour of reading the address and of presenting the chair. Refreshments were served

Mrs. Sparling Henna is on the sick list but is improving under the medi cal care of Dr. Bright.

Mrs. David Goodfellow is intending to move from our village to Athens in the near future.

Mrs. Hattie Gifford spent a few days at Gosford last week.

X'Pte. Wm. Fitzgerald and Corporal Norman Ricket, young men from this place now members of 156 Battalion were presented with kit bags by their friends here, on their departure for

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Deafness is caused, by an infiamed condition of the mucous lining of the Bustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; Many cases of deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is inflamed condition of the, mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be by Halls. Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR HOWICK HALL, OTTAWA Jan. 16, 17, 18, 19, 1917

\$16,000.00 in Cash Prizes

Write for prize list.

Wm. Smith, M.P., W. D. Jackson, Columbus, Ont. Carp, Ont.

CANADIAN RY.

SHORT LINE To Atlantic and Pacific

Coast Points C. P. R. Standard-Best of Everything

For reservations, tickets, etc., apply to Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph

> GEO. E. McGLADE, City Pass. Agent

Children Cry for Fletcher's

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has b in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Pare-Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of hat Hitcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years The Kind You Have Always Bought

New Coats and Suits For Women and Misses

Each day we are receiving new models in Women's and Misses' Suits and Coats. The fashionable cry is for long, full ripple coats, with full flare skirts, large collars which button right up at the neck, with braid trimmings, very much in demand. Serge and Gabardine seem to be the popular materials or the fall suits, with velvets right up to the front-

PRICED FROM \$15 to \$35

THE NEW GOODS come in beautiful novelty tweed effects, also Velours, in all weaves. The new long coats may be seen in dozens of different styles; collars wide and square, deep and round, or of the mufflng monk's hood type; all coats are beautifully lined and finished, and never before have the coats been so attractive,

PRICED FROM \$9.75 to \$35.

BROCKVILLE.

The Exclusive Women's Wear Shop.



ou may have said "I can't be fitted" but you can-Here.

One enthusiastic customer writes that

art clothes

make an otherwise poor figure look like the real thing.

They are sold by

C. F. YATES, ATHENS

Death of Ivan J. Collins

(Toronto Mail and Empire)

Ivan J. Collins, son of Mr. A. V. Collins, 344 Deleware Avenue, travelling auditor for the Canada Steamship Lines, died in hospital at Bramshott on Ostober 22, aged 19, years. He ioined the 3rd Divisional Ammunition Column in December, 1915, and went overseas in March, 1916. By his exertions in landing stores from the transport on his arrival in England he brought on an acute attack of heart trouble from which he had previously suffered slightly. He underwent treatment at Bramshott and at Bearwood Convalescent Home, and was able to rejoin his unit in July. He suffered a relapse, however, and was admitted to hospital at Aldershot, whence he was transferred to Bramshott, where he

He was born in Sarnia, where he ceived his early education. He came to Toronto, and here attended Dovercourt School. He was a member of the West End Y. M. C. A., and when when he enlisted was in the office of the Central YM.C.A., College st. He is to be brought to Sarnia for burial.

Deceased was a nephew of Rev. G. V. Collins of Athens, and Rev. Mr. McAlpine, formerly of Delta, now overseas.

W. I. Notes

The October meeting of the Womeu's Institute, on Saturday last, was well attended, and was very interesting. The musical program consisting of a vocal solo by Miss G. Cross, Inst. solo by Miss Kathleen Taylor, Inst. trio by Misses Yates, Burchell and Usher was listened to with pleasure. The papers on "Books that one should read," given by Mr. A. Tribute, and "War and its Relation to Women," by Mrs. E. Eston were indeed worthy of mention. Mrs. Eaten clearly defined many of the opportunities and duties that belong to women as a result of the war. The following letter from nurse LaRose was read and a number of postcards from soldiers who had erjoyed the treat.

My Dear Friends-I can assure you I received a very pleasant surprise Wednesday noon when I came over to my quarters and found two boxes for Maybe it did not seem like Christmas but let me tell you it did. I opened each parcel and then just thought now my camp will enjoy some of this so I took it off to my ward. I told all the boys we would have a tea party, and asked Miss Mundie, one of my friends, to bring her conval. boys over and her Capt. So she did, and believe me, I have never seen so appreciative boys than that My Captain is extremely kind to the boys. I might say he went to college with Harvey Green, and knows most of the Green and Johnson families as he spent one Xmas with his chum at Oak Leaf and still lives on the good time he had. His name is Capt. S. W. Shannon. He joined me to belp make the tea party a success, and bought oigarettes to go around about twenty or more, and I suggested they might drop a line and thank the ladies. Next morning the cards came in like a post card shower. I am sending them to you.

Caroline LaRose

It was also decided to canvass the town and vicinity, Friday or Sat. for contributions to send Xmas cheer to all our boys who are serving vs overseas. Articles sugg-sted are: fruit cakes, home-made cookies, maple sugary stationary, tobacco, pencils, oxo, gum, chocolates, raisins, soap, candles, socks, wristlets, or their equivalent.

No private parcels containing food can be sent from England after December 1. This leaves only a month for parcels to be sent from all over Canada, which, in the restricted sailings, is considered very short.

Zutoo

Cures headache in 20 minutes by the clock. 25c per box.

Cotton Root Compound Tablets

A BELIABLE REGULATOR

These Pills are compounded with the greatest care from the most reliable remedies known to science; such as are being used with much success by the most celebrated physicians known.

They are a specific for the distressing disorders to which the female constitution is liable.

Price \$2 a box. Mo. 2 (much stronger), \$8 a box. Sold at all drug stores, or by mail from The caval Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

SANK GREEK TRANSPORT.

Provisional Government Soldiers
Drowned by the Germans.

ATHENS, Oct. 30.—The steamer Angelike, conveying volunteers to Salonica, has been torpedoed at Fleves. The volunteers were recruits for the force being gathered by the Provisional Government, recently formed in Crete for the furtherance of an "anti-Bulgarian" movement by Greek subjects

by Greek subjects.

A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Athens says:

"A German submarine Saturday evening near Piraeus torpedoed the Greek steamer Angheliki, which was taking to Salonica 350 recruits to the Volunteer movement, of whom 50 were drowned."

The Greek Government officially made it known Sunday that King Constantine has ordered the transfer of the third and fourth army corps from Thessaly and the sixteenth division from the Enirus to the Peloponnesus, the southern Greek peninsula. In both districts only a force sufficient to maintain order is to be kept. The transfer is to begin on November 3. Such an evidence of good-will on the part of the sovereign is taken in usually well informed circles here to indicate the not far distant agreement for the cooperation of Greece with the Entente allies.

TURKS ARE DEFEATED.

Russians Smash Offensive in Pitched Battle in Persia.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 30.—The development of a Turkish offensive movement in the Hamadan sector, in Persia, is reported in Sunday's Russian official statement regarding operations on the Caucasus front. The Turks, who advanced in considerable force, were defeated in a pitched battle, and their forward movement checked. The official statement says: "Caucasus front: West of Soudj-

bulgaka our troops captured two Turkish convoys.

"In the direction of Hamadan at daybreak on October 28 considerable Turkish forces assumed the offensive. After a fierce battle the enemy's advance was arrested.

"South of the Akhmid-Abadoud line in the direction of Purvalidad.

enemy's advance was arrested.
"South of the Akhmid-Abadoud
line, in the direction of Burudjird,
the Kurds were driven back as far
as the village of Tubia."

Canadian War Pictures. ONDON, Oct. 30.—Canadian w

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Canadian war films promise to enrich the national patriotic funds both in England and Canada. The battle of the Somme pictures cleared only one nundred thousand dollars, it is understood, but more, it is confidently predicted, will be realized from the Canadian pictures which will be exhibited soon on both sides of the Atlantic. Applications have also been received from Australia and South, Africa for the views which have some special features. Sir Max Aitken has been given charge by the War Office of all films taken on the British front. These will remain the property of the Government. Colonel Maurice Alexander, of the Canadian legal staff in England, is doing the legal work, and has thousands of contracts for lease of the Canadian films in hand. The profits of the Canadian films in hand. The profits of the Canadian films exhibited in England will be divided between the Prince of Wales and the Canadian national Patriotic Funds on a pro-rata basis.

Returns to Duties.
OTTAWA, Oct. 30.—Hon. F. B.
McCurdy, Parliamentary Secretary to
the Militia Department, has returned
to Ottawa from an official trip to the
Maritime Provinces, and has resumed
his duties in the department.

Leeds, Grenville and Frontenac Rura,

At a recent meeting of the Leeds, Grenville and Frontenac Rural Telephone Federation held in the Athens Town Hall, the officers were re-elected namely:

President—Geo. Tackaberry Sec.-Treas.—T. S. Kendrick

While no new work was contemp'ated, there were many things of general interest brought under discussion. Cooperation is the working basis of this federation and the several companies are working in perfect hermony with each other. Representatives present were:

Kitlev — Messrs. Lockwood and Wood. S. Crosby — Messrs. Campbell and

Kerr.
Lyndhurst - Messrs. Johnson and McCready.
Lansdowne - Messis. Cross, Phillips

and Peck.
Leeds and Frontenac—Messrs.
Moore, Seacy, Leadbeater.
Plum Hollow and Eloida—Messrs.

Brown and Henderson

LEED

Oct. 30
Mrs. Thos. Glover and Miss Mary,
of Jones' Falls have returned home
after spending the week with Leeds
triends.

Miss Leita Gamble, of the A. H. S., spent the week-end at her home here. David Gamble and family motored to Kingston Saturday and spent the day.

The pupils of our school enjoyed two holidays last week while their teacher attended the Teachers' Institute at Lansdowne,

Sacrament Service will be held at the Clivet Methodist church next Surday, Nov. 5 at 2.30 p. m.

Service will be held at 10.30 next Sunday at St. John's, Leeds.

Advertise in the Reporter.

NEW TERM ANNOUNCEMENT

The New Year Term will open Jan. 2, 1917. Do you want to qualify for an office position? There never was a time when the large city firms needed so many trained bookkeepers, stenographers, etc. as a glance at the "Want-ad" columns of such papers as the Mentreal Star, Winnipeg Free Press, Toronto Telegram, etc., will show.

We shall have a large enrollment in January; perhaps you had better start in now. Civil Service examinations every November and May. Send for catalogue.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE

W. T. Rogers, Prin.

Temporary Office, Victoria Hall.

To Investors

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT, MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA,
OCTOBER 7th. 1916.

Enjoy the Autumn Breezes

In a ligntweight Overcoat

Our showing comprises many styles and materials which will meet with your approval in all details.

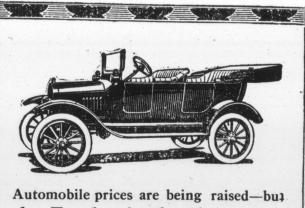
Priced from \$10.00 Upwards.

The best dressed men wear-

Leishman's, Cambbell's, Semi-Ready, Sanford's, or Society Brand Clothes.

We are agents.

THE ROBERT CRAIG CO. LIMITED Brockville, Ont.



Automobile prices are being raised—but the Ford price has been reduced \$120

since the war

began.

The immense Ford éash purchasing power has made it possible to overcome in many ways the serious obstacles met by car makers because of the scarcity and advance in prices of raw materials.

The high Ford quality is strictly maintained—and the most exacting government tests have shown that Ford constructive material even excels that used in the most high-grade cars.

This year the Ford car—always economical to buy and to operate—beats all records for economy.

Percival & Brown, Athens Ford Dealers



You will like its Fine Granulation

Buy your sugar in these neat 2 or 5-lb. cartons, which you can place directly on your pantry shelves. Just cut off the corner and pour out the sugar as you need it.

Lantic Sugar

comes also in 10 and 20-lb bags for housewives who like to buy in larger quantities

"The All-Purpose Sugar"



Disgusted Scots. (New York Sun.)

Correspondents on the front see some great exhibitions of courage on the part of Sir Douglas Haig's men-some of them rather amusing. One writer sends the fol-

lowing to his paper in London:

"The angriest man I have seen since the first morning of the fight was a Ssotsman who was so disgusted that he had difficulty in finding words to express nimself at having got a bullet through his leg before the real fun began. It was another Scotsman who regretted that the enemy ran instead of stopping to have it out, because, h said, when you can use your bayonet "it makes it so much cheaper — an admirable phrase.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Officers' Training School. The Defence Minister of Australia has decided to establish a Central School of Instruction for selected candidates for commissions in the Australian Imperial Force. The school, which will be in the neighborhood of the Royal Military College at Duntroon, will have 400 candidates, and will be under the supervision of the staff of the Military College. It has also been decided to establish a non-commissioned officers' school in each district, and no non-commissioned officer will be permitted to embark with the Australian Imperial Forces until he has candidates for commissions in the tralian Imperial Forces until he has qualified at one of these schools. Candidates for commissions will also be required to pass through the non-commissioned officers' school.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

Childhood allments in most cases come through some derangement of the stomach or bowels. Baby's Own Tablets have been proved by thousands of mothers to be the greatest medicine known for the cure of these allments, simply because they regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach. Concerning them, Mrs. Napoleon Lambert, St. Ignace, Que., writes: Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent by's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine for childhood allments and I am well pleased with their use." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mall at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville Ont. Brockville, Ont.

QUICK CLEANING.

Some Aids When Time is the Great Question.

Sometimes the lace at the neck of ward.

The content of der and rubbing it gently with a clean soft clota. A handkerchief will do. The powder will sit through and then the lace may be turned and rub-bed on the other side. When the When the powder becomes soiled throw it away and sift on some fresh powder.

and sift on some fresh powder. A black entiren waist with georgette collar, cuffs and vest, which really seemed soiled beyond help was made presentable in this way for an occasion that demanded such a waist.

If time permits lace at the neck and sleeves may be washed without being removed from the gown by folding a femolish towel and holding it under removed from the gown by folding a Turkish towel and holding it under the lace right up to the dress material. Then dip a small brush (a vegetable crush is about right, and such a brush should be kept in the bathroom) in warm water and rub lightly over white soap. Rub the lace gently over white soap. Rub the lace gently the nest and throw it on the ground south and spead for High not negt of the first and throw it on the ground Other martens about the box at the

ery few moments. After you have covered the lace with the soapsuds then dip the brush in clear water and go over carefully again. Usually that will clean the lace, but if it is much solled you may have to cover it again. Care must be taken not to get much water on the brush, or it will run back on the dress material. the lace looks clean spread out the waist or gown on the bed and let the lace dry over the towel. If it is carefully pulled out when wet it will not need any pressing.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget Ir

The Woodshed Test.

A city man, familiar with life in the country, used the "woodshed test" to determine whether it is safe to lend a farmer money. If he finds a good stock of wood on hand, with plenty of it split and neatly piled and some split very fine, so that it will kindle easily. he concludes that the man is fcrehanded, looks out for his wife's fort, does not spend his rainy days at the store and is a good risk. If the woodshed shows shiftlessness he refuses to lend.—Youth's Companion.

Absolutely Sore

COPINS ters or pads to press the sore spot.

Go!

How the sore spot.

Putnam's Extractor makes the corn go without pain. Takes out the sting overnight. Never fall—leaves no scar. Get a 25c bettle of Putnam's Corn Extractor to-day.

Painless

BIRD TRAGEDIES.

The Feathered Creatures Often Bring Themselves to Destruction.

Birds and other wild creatures, like human beings are often the victims of peculiar and unusual accidents. Sea gulis and shore birds, which obtain much of their food along the ocean surf are sometimes caught by their bills or feet by clams. Large gulls have been observed flying away with these bivalves hanging to their toes. Willets and sandpipers on several occasions have been found along the beach at Wallops island, Va., unable to escape from the vicelike grip

of clams.

The late Dr. John R. Everhart, of West Chester, discovered a kingfisher on the bank of a creek. The bird, although alive, was exhausted and died soon after it was liberated. This kingfisher had evidently attempted to make a meal on a fresh water mussel. make a meal on a fresh water mussel, and the hard shells closed upon the bird's bill and it was held a helpless a gown becomes scaled when there is no opportunity to have it cleaned or of the bivalve pulled its head down-

forts to vanquish a phantom antagon-

A man at Atlantic City was rowing a boat in a heavy fog, when a flying wild duck, unable to see the boat comtoward it, struck the man with full force on the back of his head. The man was knocked forward in a dazed condition, and the bi. which weighed some three pounds, fell dead with a broken neck.

Rails, coots and woodcock are often killed by flying against wires of tele phone and telegraph lines.

One day as David Prichard, of

Scranton, was making a cast for a trout in the Broadhead, a swallow darted at his fly and was hooked by he wing.

Last summer I saw an old purple marten pull one of its young, which was almost large enough to fly from Darn the towel or move it until a time saw this ,but showed no resent-clean portion comes under the lace evenent, nor did they make any outery

as is usually done when their young by accident fall from the boxes. This poor little marten, which had been so badly treated by its father, was picked up, and its legs were found to be paralyzed, owing to the fact that fine string—probably carried by the birds into the box as a part of the nest—was tangled so tightly about the legs as to have cut off practically all nest—was tangled so tightly about the legs as to have cut off practically all circulation. It would seem that Mr. Purple Marten and hi. forty odd relatives who had homes and young in the same box, realized that this crippled youngster would never be able to provide for itself, and it was unanimously agreed that it should die, and the blue-coated father was the executioner.

THE HIDDEN HIDE

(Judge)

Little Bobby was sent to the bathroom and told to take a thorough bath, after having played close to Mother Earth all day "How are you getting along?" called his mother. "How are you getting along?" called his mother.
"Pretty well," replied Bobby, optimis-tically: "I'm. almost getting down to myself."

\$1,000 REWARD!!

For a Case of Incurable Constipation.

person who cannot be cured of Constipation by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, the above reward will be paid. No medicine gives such lasting satisfaction or effects such marvellous cures as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Relief cures as Dr. Hamilton's Pills, Relief instantly follows their use. That blinding headache goes forever, that feverish feeling in the skin is soothed away, bilious fits and stomach disorders. iers are stopped.

Don't be nervous about using Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they are mild enough for a child to use, yet certain and effective in action, in the most chronic cases. Get a 25c box to-day; tween are many battlefields on which the Allies were worsted early in the war. Peronne is a railway centre and strategically of considerable value. But Peronne will resist the nutcrackers stoutly. The loss of it by the Germans would be a severe blow to their prestige, which in the west has had some hard knocks of late. Swiftly as the "Big Push" moves the lesser objectives merge into the they bring and keep robust

FOR FAMILY OF TWO.

One Plump Chicken Furnishes Four Good Meals.

A family of two is often hard pressed for variety, while left-overs from average cuts are simply nightmares. Two sisters (one an invalid) treat a large plump chicken thus: Remove with a sharp knife one wing and one side of the breast.

Do not use the bony part of the wing, but put that aside; you thus obtain two portions. Take your choice now if you will serve chicken eu cas-serole, fricassee of chicken and rice, steamed chicken with macaroni, or chicken en papilotte. Then you have chicken en papilotte. Then you have the legs and pickings from the car-case to dispose of. Serve these as a souffle, croquettes, or a chicken and macaroni pie, or en casserole (using different flavoring and making the gravy into a thick sauce); or you may use the meat as a mince with which to stuff tomatoes or cabbage or let-tuce, or serve it in a little pan with a peached egg and some spinach, or let it appear in the centre of an ome-Let us say that you chooselette.

THE DISHES. Dish 1-Steamer chicken and semo-Dish 1—chicken en casserole (one wing, one side of breast).

Dish 2—Chicken en casserole (one wing, one side of breast).

Dish 3-Chicken and macaroni pie

(one leg).
Dish 4—Mince with egg and spinach (one leg and all pickings).

If you do not need large portions

you will find you can abtain the four dishes from one large, plump bird, and then there is the carcase with which to make clear broth, with rice and vegetables or white soup. Managing thus, there need be no lack of variety, and every dish is made of one

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Sum-mers, Box W. 8, Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged per ple troubled with urine difficulties by

COMBLES AND THIEPVAL.

The perfect co-operation of the French and British south and north of the strongly fortified position of Combles has resulted in the capture of that place and of Thiepval by the Allied forces. Upward of thirty-five so-called villages have been carried in the effensive that began in July. The Germans had been in possession of them nearly two years, and most of them were strategically important. Such villages as Combles, deminating a district, has been elaborately fortified by underground cement works, from which it was impossible to drive the occupants by artillery fire. It could be done only by charging in-fantry that was well supplied with bombs

Trenches flush with the ground can be shattered by artilery, and infan-try with a screen of gas cloud thrown out then go in and finish the ness; but to take an underground Gib-raltar like Combles of the crossroads which has been called the key to Per onne (the objective of the present of-fensive), positions to the north, south and east must be seized before success is assured. Thus previous to the capture of Combles the British carried Ginchy and Morval on the north-west and northeast and the French forced their way to Fregicourt on the east, cutting the road to Sallisel. Thereupon the British rushed Combles and the bombing of the under-ground works began. The capture of Combles by the nutcracker method is only less important than would be the

2 IN 1

taking of Peronne, six miles to the

knows what the gain means. Was it a month ago that Contalmaison fell

into the hands of the British?—Containaison is only eight miles west of

ish were outnumbered and inferior in artillery of all kinds, especially

machine guns.

Presently, if General Joffre's plans work out right, Peronne will be under the French flag once more. Per-

haps fifty miles away, as the crow flies, is the frontier of Belgium. Be-

the lesser objectives merge into the great objective. The plan is intri-

cate and the execution of it requires iron resolution that disregards sacri-

fices. It is only a dull intelligence that does not see that if the gains continue the Germans will have to

I was cured of terrible lumbago by

I was cured of a bad case of ear ache by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

was cured of sensitive lungs; by

REV. WM. BROWN.

MRS. S. KAULBACK.

MRS. S. MASTERS.

shorten their line cr it will break.

MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

are many battlefields on which

Combination Cooker and Heater

The most efficient and economical steve made.

Will burn coal, wood, coke, corn cohe or anything burnable.

I Fitted with Dupley Grate, Het Blast Tube and Screw Dampers.

Will hold fire over might, cook, bell and bake equal to the largest range, and bake equal to the largest range, closely riveted together. Body of polished steel.

If your dealer has not a sample for your inspection, send 3fl direct to us and we will prepay freight to your mearest railroad station.

\$21.00 HAMILTON STOVE & HEATER GO., LIMITED Hamilton, Ont. Canada's Oldest Stove Makers YOUR HOME TOW

CARE FOR ITS HELP

C.P.R. Cafeteria at Windsor Station Building.

taking of Peronne, six miles to the south.

The "Big Push," as Tommy Atkins calls the offensive on the Somme, makes slow progress measured by the mile. But when a place like Combles, with its one narrow gauge road and converging high roads, falls we may be sure that the German Central Staff knows what the gain means. Was For the convenience of the employees, of whom there are nearly 2,000 in the Windsor Station build ings, the Canadian Pacific Railway has recently set up a cafeteria luncheon at 15 cents in a large apart. ment which will accommodate 251 persons at a citting. Judging by the attendances, it is bound to be one Combles. The exact time doesn't matter. What does matter is that Combles is much nearer the Belgian frontier, so much nearer Maubeuge and Mons of painful memory, but of those days when the French and British were outnumbered and inferior of the most popular features the company has put its hand to. There are hundreds of girls, especially, who have not time to go home, or who, if they do go home, are greatly pressed for time. With this service at their disposal they will save car fare; they will get a thoroughly satisfying lunchen; and they can have the comfort of the locunge room in connection on wet or cold days—a of the most popular features the comconnection on wet or cold days—a lounge room which contains a piano, magazines and papers and in which the employees can rest for the bal ance of their lunch hour. The ar ance of their lunch hour. The arrangement is four to a table; all the appointments are harmonious; there is an air of quiet dignity about the place. Mr. W. A. Cooper, manager of the sleeping and dining car depatrment, said that this was in accordance with the well-known policy of the Canadian Pecific of their caradian Pecific of their Canadian Pecific of their caradian Pecific of their canadian Pecific of the Canadian Pacific of taking care of its employees. The people in the of-fices constituted quite a little city in fices constituted quite a little city in themselves. Many could not go home with convenience. This lunch room would meet the wants of many. Of cent luncheon upstairs, and the regu-lar dining room, in which you could have what you wrated and pay for the same as much as you liked; but this was strictly for the employees, male and female, who would prefer to have their luncheon inside the building to going to restaurants—those of them who were in the habit of going to restaurants to restaurants.

LESS CROWDED.

They Meant Well.

A postal correspondent sends the following extracts from letters that have recently been addressed to the officials:

"Dear Sir,-My husband has been away at the crystal palace and got a four days furlong and has now gone to the mind sweepers."

"Dear Sir, I am his grandfather and grandmother. He was born and brought up in this house in answer to your letter."

"Dear Sir : You have changed my little boy into a little girl, will it make any difference in the future?" "Dear Sir: "I have not received no pay since my husband gone from no-

Another correspondent who had a grievance replied: "In previous correspondence with your office I am always described as 'Mrs.' you yould form a different opinion if you eaw my whiskers."--- Manchester Guardian.

Minard's Liniment Cures Liphtheria.

Made a Social Outcast.

In court circles in England it is a serious matter to incur royal displeasure. The man or woman who does so intentionally ceases to be recognized by His Majesty, which means social extinction. 'The offender's name is struck out of the visiting list of every person who is anybody in society, and should the offender be a man he is politely informed that his resignation from his club or clubs would not be out of place. No man or woman of social repute will in future know him, and if he is in the army or navy he has no option but to resign, for he will find himself and dead by every one of his brother officers.-London

kidneys cause rhoumatism, lumbago backache and bodily pains. Lasting cure is only chtaineble then the activity of the kidness is

ordored,

'This is best accomplished by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liter Fills, because of their combined action on liver, hidneys and bowels. The system is cleaned, the blood purified and the pains and actics disappear.

Our pill a dose, 25 cts. a bex, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Terento.

(Life)
Lillis-Were you at the lecture last

Lillis—Were you at the evening?
Gillis—Yes.
Gillis—Wasn't that awfult? The idea of 5,000 people jammed and squeezed into that little hell.
Gillis—On the contrary, I thought it was quite a relief after being out on the municipal golf-links all afternoon.

If Strength Declines As Ige Advances Fellow This Suggestion

So many women grow old before their time, perhaps your wife or sister. A little while ago, buoyant, full of vigor and activity—she enjoyed life and imparted pleasure to the whole family; but now in a few short whole family; but now in a rew snort years she has faded and lost color and strength. She is just ready to develop some disease that will further weaken and debilitate. You remember how it began, failure of appetite, tired in the morning, found housework burdensome, always nervous and a little irritable. It's a shame to let her go down hill further when you can build her up so quickly with Ferrozone. The change this nourishing tonic makes in a weak woman is surprising. It gives great zest for food, increases appetite and digestion enormously. blood gets richer and stronger and adds new life to every organ in the body. A rebuilding process works through the entire system. The first week will show an improvement, and a month or two will show as in the system. week will show an improvement, and a month or two will fatten up the thinnest, most run-down woman you can think of. Take Ferrozone for lost color, for nervousness, for weakness—use it when run down and feeling provided the state of the st ness—use it when run down and feeling poorly—it will do you more leating rood, keep you in better health than anything else. Just as health than anything too hegood for men and children, too, be-cause Ferrozone is harmiess and safe, per box or six for \$2.50, at all dealers, or direct by mail from Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Ont. mail from the

Ada Rahan's Banasman.

Miss Ada Rehan used to say that the finest appreciation of her acting she ever observed came from a bandsman in the orchestra of a Birmingham theatre. When she played the angry Katharine she had one piece of angry Katharine she had one piece of superb fury—a swift march to the back of the stage, a right about turn and then a tiraight march down the stage, pulling up short and sharp at the footlights. One night she saw a bandeman sitting directly in her line of advance shrink back in his chair at the moment of the full stop at the teotlights.

"Sure, he thought, I wasn't going to stop on the stage," Miss Rehan said. "I wonder if he is married to a Kath-

The next day she sent him a box of cigars.—Manchester Guardian.

NEWS TO HER

NEWS TO HER
(Rochester Times)

A traveling man one night found himself obliged to remain in a small town on account of a washout on the railroad caused by the heavy rain, which still coming down in torrents. The traveling man turned to the waitress with:
"This certainly looks like the Flood."
"The what?"
"The Flood, You've read about the Flood, and the ark landing on Mount Ararat, surely." she returned.
"Gee! Mister," she returned.

ISSUE NO. 44, 1916

HELP WANTED.

WANTED-GIRLS TO WORK O.: Walth that teat teat and the since street and sitchers preferred. We since teach learners any girl with good knowledge of plain sewing; good wages; ideal factory conditions. Zimmermen Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Aberdeen and Garth streets, Manufacturing Co.

WANTED — HOUSEMAIDS AND westreases. Previous experience and necessary. Apply, "The Welland", St. Catharines, Ontario.

WANTED EXPERIENCED COOK-\$25.00; references. Address, 395 Queen street south, Hamilton, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED-GIRLS OF GOOD EDUCA-tion to train for nurses. Apply, Wellandra Hespital, St. Catharines, Ont.

GIRLS

Experienced knitters and loop ers, also young girls to learn. Clean work and highest wages.

CHIPMAN-HOLTON KNITTING CO., L'MITED. HAMI TON, ONTARIO.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

POTTER CYLINDER PRESSES—A half sheet Double Demy and a half seet Double Royal size. Make a course for them. Well suited for a Course Printing Office. Address, Times inting Company. Hamilton, Ont.

RABBITS FOR SALE.

Temporarily overstocked; bargains while they last. Grey Flemish Giants, Rufus Red Belgian Hares all ages fully pedigree. Write to DONALD WATERS.

175 Jackson Street West, Hamilton, Ont.

Ancient Basket Makers.

The Worshipful Company of Basket Makers dates back to 1569, but basket making was a recognized craft in London more than a century before then. In 1463 basket makers "and other forcigners" were banished by the common council to the old manor of Blanche Appleton, and in 1538 even those English basket makers who were still permitted to live in the city were similarly dea't with, on account of their indifference to the danger from fire.-London Chronicle.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

About Coal.

That lump of coal that one scorns to notice when it has fallen from the shovel in the cussful process of "fixing the fire"—that one little hunk of fuel, regarded as valueless save when accompanied by several thousand of its fellows, requiring just 35 men to prepare it for the consumer's cellar.

Among the little army which pre-pares coal for the public is the contract or company miner, who drills the vein and shatters the coal loose with explosives, the laborers who load it into the mine cars, and "loaders" who put the coal through chutes.
In addition there are door tenders,

Bratticemen build partitions. Engiand lampmen are everywhere, and in gascous mines "shot firers" handle the

Then there are stationary engineers, compressed air and electric locomotive mine cars, road cleaners, track repairmen, brakemen, stablemen, mule shoers, car oilers and a veterinary. Others are headmen and footmen, shafter repairers and heisting engineers, pumpmen and water boilers, ngingers rockmen rock stowers, timbermen, machinists, carpenters, electricians, siltsmen, rescue men foremen, assistants and—just

Got. His Reply.

plain laborers.

A funny man indulged in a practical joke recently. He put an advertisement in a paper for a wife and requested each candidate to inclose her carte de visite. It was a foolish thing to do, but one of the candidates served to do, but one or the canuscates served him out very well by sending the fol-lowing letter: "Sir, I do not inclose my carte, for, though there is some au-thority for putting a cart before a horse, I know of none for putting one before an ass."

She—I'm sure there are many girls who could make you happler than I could. He—That's just the difficulty; they could, but they won't.—Boston Transcript.

The Bread Problem is not a problem in the home where Shredded Wheat is known. The whole wheat grain is the real staff of life, and you have it in Shredded Wheat Biscuit prepared in a digestible form. It contains more real body-building material than meat or eggs, is more easily digested. and costs much less. The food for the up-and-coming man who does things with hand or brain-for the kiddies that need a well-balanced food for study or play for the housewife who must save herself from kitchen drudgery. Delicious for breakfast or any meal, with milk or cream.

Made in Canada.



U. S. WARSHIPS AIDED U-BOAT IN LATE RAID

Beresford and Sydenham So Charge in the House of Lords.

GERMANY'S PLEDGE

Viscount Grey Says Matter is One Between Berlin and Washington.

London Cable.—Some utterance of the feeling that the activity of American warships in rescuing passengers from the vessels sunk by the German submarine U-53 off the American coast amounted to a breach of neutrality were made to-day in the House of Lords by Baron Beresford and Baron Sydenham.

Lord Beresford is recognized by the country as the spokesman for the navy in the House of Lords, and Lord Sydenham's varied activities have included the authorship of books on naval affairs.

Baron beresford stated that the ac tion of American snips did not appear to be quite within the bounds of the neutrality, and that he thought the British were bound to take notice of

The submarine question was brough forward by Lord Sydenham, who asked if the particulars of the sinking of the British steamer Stephano and th others had been received, and whether the circumstances were in accordance with the German pledge to the United States. He referred to "the activities of the U-53 under the very eyes of the American navy," and to the declaration of President Wilson which had resulted in the German pledge. Lord Sydenham declared: "Even before the exploits of the U-53 that pledge was torn to sheds. Yet the Government of the United States has made no sign whatever, that the sinking of neutral ships goes on almost every day. The Norwegians have lost 18 vessels in this one month, and what must small neutrals think of their powerful rep-

WARSHIPS ABETTED VIOLATION. No life, he said, was lost because of the presence of American warships. Lord Sydenham took the position that the presence of American warships actually enabled Germany to defy what no sale President Wilson had described as a sacred and undisputable

rule of international law.

Baron Beresford expressed the opinion that Germany intended to bring America into the war, so as to be able to say she could not fight the whole world, and also because the United States would be a valuable asset to her at the peace conference. He con-

The United States are reall rather alding and abetting this rather serious state of affairs. If the United States had not sent their ships, which for some extraordinary reason happened to be on the spot, to save life, the Germans would no doubt have broken the pledge to which their attention had been called. I think we are bound to take notice of a fact which does not appear to be quite within the bounds of neutrality, as far as the United States are con-

Foreign Secretary Grey said: "We have no understanding with the United States Government as to what information they are going to get or what they will do with the information when they obtained it. All we can do is to obtain information for ourselves from such sources as are oper to us, and these sources in this cas imagine, are officers in charge of the merchant vessels sunk or passengers in one case, at any rate, aboard the merchant vessels, all of whom have survived, and to whom we can have access, and from those we can get their individual statements of what happened.

ARE SECURING REPORTS. "That is what is being done on the other side, I understand. Full reports, I toust, will reach the Admiralty in due course as to the statements of survivors, and when these reports are received I cannot imagine any reason why they should not be made public in this country, or that there will be any reluctance on the part of the Admiralty or among the departments concerned to making public the facts, which we shall have got for ourselves. as to how the vessels were sunk and treated by the German submarines

"Lord Sydenham," continued Viscount Grey, "quoted statements made by Lerd Crewe in August of the numby Left Crews in August of the number of vesses sunk by German submarines since the German Government gave a pledge to the United States Government in May, of last year, up to the middle of August in circumstances which were apparently not in accordance with the helps not in accordance with that pledge, which included firing torpedoes at slips without warning and insufficiently providing for the safety of the crews or passengers when the chips were sunk. I am sure the Admiralty (indeed, I think it has been n:ade public) can mulitiply instances which have occurred since the middle of August and are occurring every week of allied or neutral merchant vessels having torpedoes fired at them without warning, and in some cases loss of life occurring from crews being placed in open boats as the only chance of safety when the vessel is

PLEDGE IS IGNORED.

These instances are occurring in different parts of the world. If he asks whether they occurred off the United States coast the other day, that is a finiter on which I cannot prencied any epistem until we get the being exchanged."

but if he wishes to know whether they are occurring elscwhere it is undoubtedly a fact, and we have published instances quite lately of its occurring in the Mediterranean and

elsewhere.

"I see no use at this moment of discussing the question. The pledge was one which passed between the Government of Germany and the Government of the United States. It is not a pledge given to us. I do not think that at the present moment we can do any good whatever by discussing the question of what the policy of the United States is or ought to be towards the German Government in regard to that subjest. That is a matter for the United States itself. I do not think allied interests or the interter for the United States itself. I do not think allied interests or the interests of these merchant vessels could be served by raising any discussion in this country at the present moment with regard to a matter which is one between the United States Covernment, not for us to decide the policy and what is the action which the circumstances of the case require that the United States Government should take."

SERBS CAPTURE CERNA HEIGHT

Allies Make Gains On Macedonian Front.

500 Prisoners Taken Including Deserters.

London Cable. Both the Serb and French forces have made gains on the Macedonian front. The following report was given out to-day at Serbian Army headquarters: "On Oct. 24 our Danube and Drina divitions captured several heights on the left bank of the Cerna River, facing the mouth of the Strochvitas torrent (east of the Cerna bend, southeast of Monastir). We took about 480 prisoners and deserters, and captured machine gun ready for action."

French cavalry on the Macedonian front, supported by infantry, occupied two villages southwest of Lake Doirag yesterday, the War Office announced to-day. The Serbians threw back German and Bulgarian forces in the re-

gion of the Cerna River.

The villages occupied by the French

are Golobrda and Labsitsa. The French also took the bridges of Zvesda. Laisitsa is on the boundary between Greece and Albania, Golobrda and Zvesda are in Albania. Extension of the Allies Macedonian front westward was indicated by the official announce ment yesterday that these troops had effected a junction with Italian caval-

The German War Office reports:

"Macedonian front—South of Prese
Lake Bulgarian cavalry is in touch with hostile detachments. Near Krape on the Cerna River, and north of Grunishte, Serbian advances were re-

AGAIN HOLDING FOUR PASSES

Allies Control in Carpathians.

Falkenhayn Threatens in Transylvanian Alps.

London Cable.—On a large part of the Transvivanian front tro-German armies of Jeneral von Falkenhayn have been driven back across the border, and have suffered heavy losses. The northern Reu manian province of Moldavia is now practically clear of the Teston

This means that the Resso-Rou manian troops are again in control of the four Carpathian passes—Oitus Gyimes, Tolyges and Bicaz, The menace of invasion is now confined to the passes of the Transylvanian Alps, where the Germans are thrusting at Bucharest via Kimpolung and Prodeni, and at Buzeu and the Csernowitz raliway via Bodza pass. Even here, Petrograd announces, the pressure of the Teuton forces has been arrested. The Roumanians have won Mount Karekharas, south of Bicze, and some 25 miles southeast of the investion resist. miles southeast of the junction point of the Roumanian, Transylvanian and Bukowinian frontiers. This indicates an advance of several miles into Tran

sylvanian territory.

The Bucharest statement follows: "West of Tulghes there was an artillery action. We have taken Mount artillery action. We have taken Mount Karekharas, north of Bicaz. In the Trotus valley the situation is un-changed. In the Uzel valley the enemy was repulsed to the westward as far as the hill of Nasoli. In the Cituz valley the action continues beyond the We have taken one officer frontier.

and 137 men prisoners.
"Summing up: On the western frontier of Moldavia (the northern protier of Moldavia (the northern pro vince of Roumania) after heavy fight ing, the enemy has everywhere been repulsed beyond the frontier. He occupics only a little territory between Sultza and Trotus, as well as a small and insignificant portion of the Uzul

valley. "At Burzeu, Tablabutzi and Pre delus there us nothing new. Predeal enemy attacks were repulsed In the Dragaslavele region we repulsed violent attacks. In the Aluta valley there has been no change. In the Jiul valley the enemy advanced in the region west of the valley. Gen. Dra guzi, commanding a Roumanian army

SUBSTITUTES FOR ALL MEATS

Peas, Beans and Peanuts Make Excellent Ones.

ting Living Cost.

In these dear meat days, when the housewife is at her wite' end to make her weekly allowance of cash cover her weekly bills for provender, it is well to remember that peas, beans, lentils and peanuts contain the largest amount of nitrogen compounds of any of the vegetable foods and are therefore particularly valuable in the human ration as a substitute for

Banking on this fact set forth as a result of careful laboratory investiga-tion, Jane Eddington, the accomplishtion, Jane Eddington, the accomplished writer on household topics, insists
that pea soup, if well seasoned and
cooked, is not so plebelan a dish as we
sometimes think it. Now that ham
has become so expensive, it is deemed
quite aristocratic, and with a boiled
ham dinner pea soup is eminently apprepriate, the two being cooked tosether often. Instead of the ham flavor, somewhat similar results are sevor, somewhat similar results are se-cured by using a slice of bacon or the rind, or small cubes of salt pork. Some cooks favor a "milk pea soup," while others use neither milk nor fat of any kind, except butter craemed with

soups is the long, slow cooking. And when they are done, thoroughly done, a good dish is almost a meal in itself, eaten with good white bread and butwith pea soup. And this is a good com-bination of foods; for cheese, beans and peas are rich in proteids, while "white bread and fruits, green foods and roots" are not.

Here follows five split pea soup rewith approved results:

SPLIT PEA SOUPS. Wash one-half pint of split well. Cover with cold water, adding a generous pinch of soda, and let them soak over night. In the morning drain off water and put over fire in closely-covered kettle with three pints of cold water. Keep froth skimmed from top of water. Cook slowly three or hours stirring occasionally to four hours, stirring occasionally to keep peas from scorching on bottom, adding a little water as other dimadding a little water as other un-inishes. When peas are all broken up strain through colander. The soup should be quite thick. Add milk and butter and serve hot with toested hypad article. bread sticks.

One cupful of peas, two cupfuls of stock, and three cupfuls of water. Soak peas over night, Drain. Add boiling water and boil until tender. Add stock and season. Press through sieve and boil up. If you have an egg yolk left over, boil hard and powder to sprinkle on top.

Soak one cupful of dried peas over night in cold water. Drain. Rines thoroughly and put on to cook in three pints of cold water. Simmer three or four hours until soft enough tares of four hours until soit enough to press through a wire strainer and return soup to stove. Thicken with on tablespoonful each of flour and butter which have been cooked togethand butter which have been cooked together. Season generously with salt, pepper and paprika, and add hot water to make it the right consistency. It aheald be thick and rich. Serve with sippets of bread.

Soak one-half a pound of peas over night. Put on to boil with a teaspoonful of salt, a small piece of onion, a sprig of celery, half a carrot, and

sprig of celery, half a carrot, and a plees of bacon rind. Add two quarts of water. Let aimmer about four bours. Strain and rub through a colamber. Add a teaspoonful of butter. ene-fourth teaspoonful of salt, and thicken slightly with a scant teathicken slightly with a scant tea-Beak in cold water over might one half pound of dried split peas. Boil antil tender with a eliced onion. When done run through a strainer. Add boilwater to make two quarts and boil again. Season with pepper and sait. Fry out one-fourth of a pound of fresh beef sust and boil the residum with coup. Then take one-half the fat and mix with two tablespoonfuls of flour over the fire. When slightly brown stir into the soup until cooked stirring constantly. Serve hot.

PEA SOUP WITH HAM Procure the shank end of a ham, or Procure the shank end of a ham, or set a larger piece if you wish to have some left to slice cold. Trim nicely and soak over night. Change water in morning and soak again until time to cook. Also soak one cupful of aplit peas over night. Put peas and ham together in kettle with one and one-half quarts of water. Cook slowly for three hours. Remove ham, Skim superfluous fat from sone add a great. superfluous fat from soup, add a grat-ing of onion, and serve. This soup or-dinarily would cost less than 5 cents, since the expense of the ham would be

Ancient Idea of North Pole.

The north pole is the place of great est dignity in the world, and the peonle who dwell near it "have a wonder ful excellency and an exceeding prerogative above all nations of the earth." How blessed we may think this nation to be, for they are in perpetual light and never know what darkness meaneth, by the benefit of twilight and full moons, as the learned in astronomy do very well know, which people, if they have the notice of their eternity by the comfortable light of the gospel, then are they blessed and of all nations most blessed. Why then do we neglect the search of this excellent dis covery, against which there can be nothing said to hinder the same?— "Hakluyt's Voyage" (Sixteenth Cen-

You can't tell how a thing is go-ing to end. Reform and remorse both have the same beginning.

HUNS' NERVES **GIVING AWAY**

Enemy Reports Attacks When None Occurred.

Good Recipes to Aid in Cut- More Germans On Western Front Than Ever.

> London Cable.—The idea that German effectives have been removed . from the western front for duty elsewhere is a mistaken one, said Major-General B. F. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the War Office, in an interview to-day.

"There are more German divisions on the western front to-day than ever," he declared.

The slowing down of the British offensive on the Somme front has been entirely due to weather conditions, General Maurice explained.
"Despite the minor importance of the British operations during the past fortnight," he continued, "you may notice that the German official communiques frequently state that heavy at iques frequently state that heavy attacks have been repulsed. Such statements are purely imaginary. Our operations, while designed to improve our positions, have been accomplished wtih minimum losses to ourselves while inflicting the heaviest losse upon the Germans.

"Our chief operation was the occu pation of the brow of the ridge ex-tending from eL Sars to Thiepval, which was dominated by the Schwaben redoubt. A brigade order captured from the Germans states that the re doubt must be recaptured at any cost and offers members of German regi ments fourteen days' leave for every English prisoner brought in. The or-der explains that the holding of this line by the British enables them to the whole German artillery in the valley of the Ancre,

exposing the same to destruction."

General Maurice commented that
the German statements were probably to be explained by the fact known to every old soldier that when an enemy loses the ascendancy he becomes "jumpy," and magnifies every minor operation into a determined attack. Consequently, if there is an exchange of artillery fire, and this 's not fol-lewed up by a British infantry attack the Germans, according to General Maurice's theory, think they have re-pulsed an important movement.

SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

British Mine Sweeper, Sunk by U-Boat, Went Down Fighting to Last.

SWEDISH CANAL OPEN

The Next World's S. S. Convention to be Held in Tokio.

Samuel J. McKelvay, one of Strat-

A despatch to the Central News from Christiania says the Danish ship London has been set on fire in the North Sea by a German submarine. In two days Stratford has collected for the British Red Cross funds \$21, 000, and the prospects are bright for increasing this amount.

A barn and its contents situated on concession 8. West Garafaxa, a few miles from Fergus, owned by Ger Stronach, of Toronto, was totally destroyed by fire.

When a transcontinental train was derailed at St. Casimir. County of Port Neuf, Que. James Findlav.brake-man of Levis. was instantly killed.

The new Trolpastta Canal in Sweden has been opened by King Gustave, says the Overseas News Agency. The canal establishes communication between Wener Lake and the North Sea, and seven years was spent in its

Pope Benedict has sent to Cardinal contribution of 10,000 francs, to head a list of contributions the assistance of the children of Belgium. The London Retail Milk Dealers'

Association decided to increase the price of milk from eight to ten cents a quart, the change to go into effect on November 1st. Ransom Harris, for meny years a prominent Dereham township farmer

who had been living retired at Inger-soll for several years, died from the effects of a fall over two weeks ago Marshall McMurray, for many years protector of the McMurray House, Ingersoll, in which since local option

went into effect over three years ago he had carried on a billiard and tobacoc business, was found dead in Detroit police took into custody Fel-Malone. Toronto bank clerk, alleged have conspired to rob the Canadian Bank of Commerce of several hundred

dollars. Malone was turned over to Windsor authorities. As the result of a kick received while milking a cow on his farm in

internal hemorrhages, which ultimateproved fatal. He was 75 years old.

The two men calling themselve "Fally Sunday" and "Pastor Russell," who were arrested recently and held on charges of vagrancy, appeared in the Toronto police court. They were remanded until Nov. 2nd, when they will be deported to the United States. An invitation of the Japanese to nold the next convention of the

World's Sunday School Association in Tokio, has been accepted, it was announced by the World's Committee, which held a meeting in New York. The convention will be held after the close of the war. Toronto once again gave generously,

the splendid sum of \$21,600 being the amount counted after the Belgian tag day, with Mimico and Port Credit returns yet to be heard from.

"When last seen the ship was sinking, but was still engaged with the enemy submarine," was the British Admiralty's report on the sinking of

FAVORS ROUTE UNDER CHANNEL

Asquith Promises a Full Reconsideration.

Would Have Been Great Aid in the War.

London Cable.-Pull reconsideration of the question of the advisability of constructing a tunnel under the English Channel to connect England and France was promised to-day by Premier Asquith in receiving a deputation in favor of the project. He said the matter would be taken up either by the War Committee, or the Committee on imperial pefence.

The Fremier admitted that before the war the balance of opinion had been against the project, but said that the experience of the war unaquetedly was a new factor of immeasurable importance in anapilia statesmen and navai and military experts to judge of the value of a tunnel. He added that such a tunnel as the deputation probetter position for transporting the expeditionary force and for the general purposes of the war.

"I will see," added the Premier, "that time will be found for a full review of the whole question in the light or lune taper. once.

Late in August of this year it was announced in Paris that France had taken all the necessary steps to enter into negociations with England for the joint construction of a tunnel under the English Channel. Plans for the tunnel were outlined at that time by M. Sartiaus, chief engineer of the North Railway Company. He said that the tunnel would cost £16,000,-000, and that if it was apportioned equally between England and France two days' war time expenditure of both countries would more than cover the cost of the tunnel. M. Sartiaux said that it was proposed to make two tunnels, and said that the possession of such a tunnel at the outbreak of the ver would have been of great use to both England and France.

MORE BLASPHEMY BY THE KAISER

ford's most prominent citizens. committed suicide by shooting. He had Holy Willie Spoke to Troops most anxious attention, not only this Government, but of those of On the Somme.

> 'The Lord of Hosts is With You," His Word.

Berlin cable says: Emperor William on his recent visit to the treeps on

the Somme front in France, made the following speech, according to the correspondent of the Tageblatt: "Comrades, following an impulse of

the heart, I have hurried to you from the east front to bring you the greetirgs of your comrades there and the thanks of the fatheriand for the four nenths' hard struggles on the Somm and for the heroic manner in you have fought. The world's history knows no parallel for the struggles in which you are participating, and for the greatness of your deeds. For cen-turies these battles of the Somme will stand as a blazing model for the con-

quering will of a united people.

"In you that German will find expression under whatever circumstances to prevent the enemy from prostrating you to the ground, and to stand firm against French insolence and British From all German stubbornness. gions you stand like a metal wall of German sense of duty and self-devoted valer, fighting to the last breath.

On all sides the German people stand in a tenacious struggle against last the world and against the manifold superlority of numbers. Even though it continues hard and endures long, yet the Lord of Hosts is with you. Those at home have besought Him, and He has inspired you with strength and courage. Trust in God bravely, feeling that you are fighting in a just cause.

"Thus I greet you, comrades. Hold out, the Lord will give His blessing to the end."

Flubdub—That's a bad cold you have, Guzzler. Are you taking enything for it? Thanks, old man. I con't care if I do.—Judge.

Sandwich several weeks ago, Eugene cantoni, a well-known truck farmer. died at his home. He suffered from cartoni, a well-known truck farmer. every tongue and nation God is gathering His own.—H. L. Moorehouse. We are coming to a harvest such out of

SPOILS FOR MACKENSEN IN DOBRUDJA FEW

Russ-Romanians Destroyed ed All Supplies They Could Not Take.

AID FROM ALLIES

Asquith Again Assures All Supplies They Could Not Take.

London Cable.—The spoils obtained by Mackensen in his drive through Dobrudja were insignificant. Everything in the port of Constanza that would have been useful to the Enigar-German-Turco forces was des-troyed by Russian sailors before the port was evacuated, says a Reuter de-spatch from Petrograd to-day. "The last train left Constanza in the direc-tion of Tchernavoda when the enemy was bombarding various sections of the line," the despatch reads. "The enemy concentrated a heavy, ceaseless gunfire on the port of Constanza, but the Russian sailers worked bravely under this fire, burning grain eleva-tors, stores of cereals, flour, naptha and kerosene. The Russian flottila did not leave the bay until the port, with everything useful to the enemy, was in flames. The flotilla escaped un-

scathed. At Tchernavoda the same clean-up of stores was made, and the bridge over the Danube was blown up by the

Roumanians.
Despatches from Berlin report that the Entente forces were split into two parts with the fall of Tchernavoda, of the troops escaping over the great bridge across the Danube, while the others fied northward in Do-brudja. Apparently the sections re-maining in the Black Sea province have finally been able to make some-thing of a stand against the onrush of the Bulgarians, Germans and Turks north of the Constanza-Tchernavoda

line. BLOWING UP OF BRIDGE. Despatches reaching here to-night tell how, with \$10,000 worth of dyna-mite the Roumanians totally wrecked

the \$8,000,000 structure at Tchernavoda, which was the largest railway
span in Europe.

In the face of the rapidly-advancing
Teutons Roumanian engineers worked
fevershly for hours, first hewing
niches in the five stone piers supporting the main span on the Dobrudia ing the main span on the Dobrudja side. This span was 600 feet long. Into the niches tons of explosives were inserted and wires were laid connecting with the opposite side. The central section of the viaduct, which stood over marshy ground, was similarly

As the engineers retreated to the op-Posite side a button was touched and a terrific explosion followed. The huge channel span was completely lifted off its support and cank to the bottom of the Danube, while the viaduct was blown to atems in a dozen places, impeding a further advance on Bucharest by the German-Bulgarian army on the Dobrudja side, but not cutting the Roumanian communications with Va-lachia to the westward and Bessarabia to the north.

EVERYTHING BEING DONE. The subject of Roumania was brought up again in the House of Commons to-day when Premier As-quith said that "the military situa-Roumania was engaging the

"They have taken and are taking now," he added, "every possible step to support our gallant comrades in Roumania, and in the splendid struggle they are making. I hope we shall not take unduly pessimistic views. In Russia, France, England, and Italy, there have been and there are concerted measures in which each of us is doing all in his power to sup-port Roumania in her struggle for

INTOLERABLE

independence."

Says Wilson of Neutrals' Position Over the War.

Cincinnati, Ohio Report .-- Discuss ng the relation of the United States o the European War, President Wilson to-day declared that "this is the last war that involves the world that the United States can keep out of." He gave as his reason his belief that "the business of neutrality is over," and that "war now has such a scale that the position of neutrals sooner or later becomes intolerable." He added that the nations of the world must get together and say, "nobody can hereafter be neutral as respects the disturbance of the world's peace for an object with the world's peace. for an object which the world's opin ion cannot sanction.'

A BABY'S EYES.

Midwife, Whose Blunder Blinded It, to Pay \$25,000.

San Francisco despatch: The value of a baby's eyes was fixed at \$25,000 here to-day by Judge Frank J. Murasky in Superior Court, who gave judgment for that amount to the parents of Mary Rubic, 1 year old, against Mrs. Amalia Razzuoli, a graduate midwife. It was alleged that the midwife falled to care for the baby's eyes properly at birth and

the baby's eyes properly at birth and the child is blind.

"A pair of baby's eyes are priceless," said Judge Murasky.

"No amount of money that this or any other court could give, no matter how large the amount would correct the samount. large the amount, would compens for the loss of this baby's sight."

Seasonable Goods

Flour and Feed

Lumber and Building Ma-

Portland Cement

Asbestos Plaster

Quality High-Prices Low

Athens Grain Warehouse & Lumber Yard

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

· TUESDAY.

Earlscourt district, Toronto, has 1,725 men in khaki.

Italian troops made more progress on the Carso plateau. The Ontario Government has de-

cided to aid hospitals for tubercular soldiers.
The Toronto & York Radial Com-

pany won its appeal in its case with the city of Toronto. Dr. L. N. Coulter, Toronto, was

acquitted on the charge of performing an illegal operation.

Two cf the largest dairies in Toronto will give daylight delivery of milk during the winter. Nine Goderich men were included

in the crew of the steamer Merida, lost in Friday's storm on Lake Erie. British camel corps and armored motor cars cleared hostile forces

from the western Egyptian frontier.

A Hamilton despatch says that Sir
George E. Foster intimated that the on oleomargarine may be re-

A Province-wide campaign for recruits for the navy is to be launched and 2,000 men are expected to enlist before Christmas.

The city gained a victory over the Toronto Electric Light Company on the question of the company's right to place poles on the streets.

Mrs. James Salter of Palmerston was found dead in bed on her fifty-sixth birthday and the thirty-second.

sixth birthday and the thirty-second anniversary of her wedding.

Premier Sir Robert L. Borden issued an earnest appeal to men of military age to enlist and to all others to place themselves at the service of the State where they can service of the State where they can best serve.

WEDNESDAY.

Serbian troops advanced on an extensive front in Macedonia.

Allied airmen achieved notable successes on the west front.

Nine more steamers, four of them British, were reported destroyed. The 173rd Battalion, Hamilton Highlanders, left Camp Borden yes-

The Episcopalians in convention at St. Louis took a strong stand against the liquor traffic. Owen Sound Utilities Commission

decided to reduce the Hydro-electric light and power rates 10 per cent. Soldiers' votes in London have made rlight differences in the results of the elections in British Columbia.

The C. P. R. labor trouble has not been settled at an early hour this morning, the conference still proceeding at Winnipeg.

A deputation yesterday asked the

Ontario Government to recompense municipalities in which the Seymour power interests formerly paid taxes. Prince Conrad von Hohenlohe-Schillingsfurst has resumed the office of Austrian Minister of the Interior corn of Victoria Governto. terior, says a Vienna despatch for-warded by Reuter's via Amsterdam. A cable states that Captain the Rev. W. E. Kidd of Brockville has heen awarded the Military Cross. He brought in four wounded men under heavy fire and with Captain the Rev. Mr. Thompson dug the graves and buried 150 men.

THURSDAY.

Toronto will raise \$2,594,000 by a new loan. The Allies linked up their Salonica

and Albania forces.

Major Charles A. Moss died of his wounds at a Rouen Hospital.

Mr. Colin C. McCrimmon, a former

Toronto druggist, died suddenly in A St. John ambulance brigade for overseas service has been formed in

Kingston.

Berlin claimed that German airmen made 500 raids on the Anglo-

French positions in one day. Italian and French seaplanes made a successful raid on Austrian works on the west coast of Istria.

Albert Sinclair of Toronto was acquitted of a charge of manslaughter arising out of the death of his son,

The Dominion Railway Board held

a session in motor cars at the proposed spur of the C. N. R. in North Toronto. The threatened strike of C. P. R. trainmen and conductors has been averted, a settlement having been

The Canadian Eyewitness tells of the Canadians' successful part in re-capturing the "Regina trench" last

The Q. O. R., Toronto, will or-sanize another battalion for active

service, with Lieut.-Colonel G. C.

Royce as commanding officer.

Rev. R. J. Power of Chalmers
Church, Halifax, was extended a
unanimous call to Avenue Road
Presbyterian Church, Toronto.

The large \$50,000 coal unloading,
bridge at New Ontario, Dock Sault

bridge at New Ontario Dock, Sault Ste. Marie, was destroyed by a gale, just as was the first bridge on the

same site.

Captáin Dr. W. A., Henderson of
Sarnia, recently back from a year's
service in England with the R. A.
M. C., died suddenly while driving his motor car.

FRIDAY. The citizens of Toronto raised \$21,000 by a Tag Day for Belgian

Captain Thomas Lynch, a well-known mariner on the St. Lawrence and Rideau routes, died of heart

It was reported from-Amsterdam that 15,000 more unfortunate Bel-gians had been exiled to Germany by the Huns.

The City of Quebec gave a grant of \$20,000 to the Patriotic Fund and \$5,000 to assist recruiting in that city.

The Crown Prince made several

futile attempts to recapture the ground won by the French in their brilliant victory near Verdun. Church Union Committee of the Presbyterian Church issued denial of

the charge that funds of the church had been used for propaganda.

The Pope addressed a letter to the

archishops and bishops of Canada urging the Roman Catholic people to show patience in the bilingual dispute.

Salvation Army officers through-out the country were instructed to offer ceaseless prayer for Evangeline Booth, who is dangerously ill in New

In compliance with a request from the French Minister, the hen-pecked King of Greece consented to cut down his army to a total of 35,000 men all told.

A delegation of postmasters waited on the Postmaster-General and made a request that the salaries of rural postmasters throughout the Dominion bs improved.

Provincial Government announced that financial assistance would be given towards the extending of accommodation in sanitariums for returned soldiers suffering from tuber-

Two Canadian soldiers, Pte. Leo Clarke and Pte. John Chipman Kerr, both enlisted with Western battalions, were awarded Victoria Crosses for conspicuous bravery.

SATURDAY.

The high cost of food caused a big

street car strike in Paris.

Berlin will treat as prisoners the captains of all allied merchantmen. Several important German depots were bombarded by French aviators. Portuguese troops scored another victory in the German East African

Charges were made at the Board of Works, Toronto, and a civic in

of Works, Toronto, and a civic inquiry will follow.
Charles McLean of the township of Thorah died at the age of ninetynine years and six months.

James Blake, an expert oil driller from Petrolea, was killedein Egypt by the collapse of a derrick.
The total loss of life in the St.

Elizabeth Hospital fire at Farnham, Que., was seventeen.

A large number of hunters left

for the north to be ready for the opening of the season.

Mr. Justice Riddell, in the Assizes,

mr. Justice Riddell, in the Assizes, gave warning that attempts had been made to influence jurors.

Mr. George H. Hees, President of George H. Hees & Son Co., Toronto, passed away, aged 75 years.

Freighters for the service between Norway and New York, are, to be

Norway and New York are to be built at Toronto shipyards. Advertisers in annual meeting con-

demned the practice of obtaining sub-scriptions by giving premiums. About a hundred invalided soldiers arrived at Quebec on the Ascania. A number will have to remain a while.

The need of a new wing was emphasized at the annual meeting of the Hospital for Incurables, Toronto. The Provincial Board of Health took special precautions to prevent the spread of infantile paralysis in

Ward Six Liberals, Toronto, re-sented the remarks of Ald. Fred Mc-Brien reflecting upon the loyalty of Liberals.

Hon. G. Howard Ferguson announced that the Government had in mind a comprehensive system of good

MONDAY.

The Russians launch another offensive thrust in Volhynia and Gala-Lady Limerick addressed a large

recruiting meeting in Toronto yesterday.
The Roumanians scored several

smashing minor victories over the Teutonic invaders. It is announced from Ottawa that Canadian trade was almost doubled during the past year.

A Hamilton recruiting officer denounces Canadians for their greed in making money out of the war. A large memorial service was held

A large memorial service was need at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, for the late Major Chas. A. Moss.

Dr. Albert H. Abbott is appointed director of the Department of Labor of the Imperial Munitions Board.

The port of St. John's, Newfoundard, it deployed at highly as a mose.

land is darkened at night as a measof protection against German

C. W. Peterson of Calgary is appointed secretary of the Canadian National Service Committee, taking the place of G. M. Murray. The British Covernment an-

The British Government announces that they will stand by the black list, though offering relief to Americans in certain cases.

Captain John F. Cahan of the Pioneer Battalion Engineers from

Montreal returns from France paralyzed as the result of a wound.

Famous Airman is Killed.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Capt. Boelke, the famous German aviator, during an air fight on Saturday came into

collision with another aeropane and was killed, according to a Berlin despatch received by Reuter's Telegram Co., by way of Amsterdam. His machine landed within the German lines. On Friday Captain Boelke shot down his 40th aeroplane. A Paris naper on October 18 reported. Paris paper on October 18 reported that Boelke had been severely wounded by a shell from a French anti-aircraft gun. Since then, however, Boelke's name has been mentioned in the German official statements and on October 23 he was ments, and on October 23 he was credited with having brought down his 38th aeroplane.

Russians Launch Offensive.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A new Russian offensive has been opened in Galicia and Volhynia in an effort to lessen the Teuton pressure along the Transylvanian frontier. German headquarters reported Sunday that a heavy bombardment was in pro-gress along almost the entire line on the Stokhod River. The maximum of intensity was reached directly west of Lutsk, where, it is assumed, the Russians are preparing for a heavy stroke. The Russian report mentions only reconnaissances and exchanges of fire in Volhynia. These it characrestzes as successful.

INDIA'S FAMOUS ROAD.

It Was the World's Greatest Highway Before Rome Was Born.

Search where you will, you will find no highway in the whole world so ro-mantic as the Grand Trunk road of

India. A stately avenue of three roads in the center of hard metal, the roads on each side ankle deep in silvery dust-fringed by double rows of trees, it runs for 1,400 miles through the vast northern plain which skirts the Himalayas, from Calcutta to far Peshawur, which keeps sentinel at the gate of Afghanistan.

From horizon to horizon it stretches like a broad white ribbon, as seemingly straight as if traced by a gigantic ruler. And dotted along its entire length are hundreds of serais (wayside rest houses), each with its arched and turreted gateway, its spacious inclosure, in which humans share shelter with oxen, camels and goats, and its central well of sparkling water. For 3,000 years the Himalayas have

looked down on this road and seen it as they see it today. It was the world's greatest highway before Rome was cradled, when the aboriginal Indians drove their cattle over the very spot where the motorcar dashes today. Alexander the Great led his Greeks

along it to the conquest of northern India, and Buddha himself took his daily walks along it centuries before Christ was cradled. It has seen a hundred generations come and go, a score of dynasties rise

and fall. And yet today it is to the eye exactly the same as in the long gone

years when Nineveh was a proud city.

Edison's Re-Creation Of the Human Voice Is Unparalleled

THIS NEW INVENTION has no coined name. It is known by its inventor's name. Simply ask to hear the New Edison, the instrument which Re-Creates music.

You can hear this great instrument at the Bazaar at any hour of the day or evening.

READ WHAT THE NEWSPAPERS SAY

"... Unable to distinguish between the warm voice and the Re-Creation." "....Impossible to distinguish between the singer's living voice and its Re-Creation by the musical instrument that bears the stamp of Edison's genius."

-Boston Herald ".... Thomas A. Edison has solved perfectly the problem of life-like pro--Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin

Visit the Bazaar, Athens, and form your own opinion

COLD WEATHER

Is Comfortable Weather to Men who are



well clothed.

The question of good clothing never worries our patrons. If you do not buy your clothes from us, we ask you to call and talk the matter over. Every courtesy will be extended. We call the attention of clergymen to our special facilities for tailoring clerical clothes.

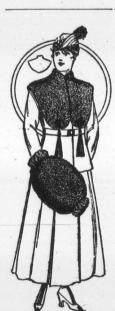
M. J. KEHOE, BROCKVILLE



ELIMINATE THE MIDDLE-MAN'S PROFIT

FURS DIRECT FROM HUNTER AND TRAPPER THROUGH US TO YOU

OUR SPACIOUS FUR DEPARTMENT OFFERS REMARKABLE VALUES



SEARCH THE COUNTRY OVER and you'll not find another stock that offers a wider range of practical Furs than is to be found in the remarkably fine collection now on display in our Fur Department. Search again, and you'll learn that with us, prices in many cases are a third below to-day's acknowledged ruling quotations, and in no case will you find our prices within twenty-five per cent. of what is considered at present fair market value, -all of which is due to our foresight in planning months ago, together, of course, with a certain element of good fortune in coming in contact with those who had choice skins to dispose of, and practical experienced fur workers to cut and make the garments up.

So thoroughly are we imbued with the sense that our Fur will stand the most rigid of tests in quality of skins, quality of workmanship, in style features, and in price lowness, that we invite you to make strict comparison before you

WE ARE PREPARED to give you the benefit of our experience and general knowledge, and help you in getting the right thing, at the right price. This is more important to us than the mere making of a sale.

Here are a few interesting items for your consideration:

Red Fox Scarfs \$ 7.50 to \$25		Alaska Sable Muffs\$25.00 to \$45.00
Red Fox Muffs 13.00 to 25	.00	Natural Raccoon Setts \$22.50 per sett, up-
Black Fox Scarfs 25.00 to 50	.00	wards
Black Fox Muffs 25.00 to 50	.00	Prairie Fox Setts \$18.00 per sett upwards
Black Wolf Scarfs 15.00 to 25	.00	Mink Scarfs \$15.00 to \$60.00
Black Wolf Muffs 16.00 to 20	.00	Mink Muffs\$50.00 to \$75.00
Persian Lamb Scarfs 12.00 to 50	.00	No. 1 Hudson Seal Jackets\$125 to \$250
Persian Lamb Mufts 20.00 to 45	.00	Muskrat Jackets, \$65.00 upwards, according
Alaska Sable Scarfs 10.00 to 50	.00	to length and sweep.

We send Furs C.O.D., subject to examination, and pay express charges.

THE ROBERT CRAIG CO., LIMITED

MANUFACTURING FURRIERS

BROCKVILLE

ARTICLES WANTED

A steel tire, 3-4 buggy, and a cutter. Apply at the Reporter Office. 43tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS

Old newspapers may be obtained at the Reporter Office at 1c a pound. We have some in 25 pound bundles.

BOAR FOR SERVICE Pure-bred Yorkshire Boar for service MORLEY EARL

Athens

When intending Purchasing any kind of Furniture visit our store before doing so.

Furniture

A Good Selection to Choose From

Undertaking

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

GEO.E. JUDSON

ATHENS, ONT.

Bell Phone 41. Rural Phone 28

LUMBER

Now on hand, a stock of plank and dimension lumber suitable for general building purposes and a quantity of rough sheeting lumber.

terial will be filled on short notice. Present stock includes a quantity of

Any order for building ma-

FOUNDATION TIMBER SILLS, SLEEPERS, ETC.

A large quantity of slabs and

F. Blancher ATHENS

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. H. R. BRIGHT PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR OFFICE HOURS: { Until 8 a.m. 1 to 3 p.m. 7 to 8.30 p.m.

ATHENS DR. C. M. B. CORNELL.

BROCKVILLE PHYSIC AN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR DR. T. F. ROBERTEON

Cor. Dine and Garden Streets

EYE, EAR, THROAT AND MOSE. J. A. McBROOM Physician and Surgeon

BROCKVILLE

OFFICE:

COR. VICTORIA AVE

X-Rays and Electricity employed in treatment COURT HOUSE SQUARE - BROCKVILLE

DR. A. E. GRANT. VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST. RESIDENCE:

J. CAMPO'S. Cor. Main and Bell and Rural Phones. Henry Sts. H. W. IMERSON AUCTIONEER

Licensed to sell by Auction in Leeds County
Apply for open dates and terms
HARLEM, ONTARIO

J. W. RUSSELL AUCTIONEER Reasonable terms. Years of successful experience.

DELTA, ONTARIO

In all countries Ask for our INVENTOR? ADVISER, which will be sent free. MARION & MARION.

Electric Restorer for Men Phophonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores weakness averted at once Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price 38 a box, or two for 55. Mayled 12 any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines. Ont,