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KIDDIE Manager.



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near Yates St. worker and grad. address Jas. Dougan, Railway

that we, the under- to the Lieutenant- sanction and cause sent for the Mayor of Municipality that of Cowichan. ican except only as form part of In- the boundary. nance at the mouth of Cowichan river at a Cowichan moun- id river in a westerly to one to the n Quamichan and these east five miles to boundary. These south three miles boundary line be- Shwainiga Districts, tween Heincken and our and a half miles on said line. These north four miles the windings of Kok- between the north- an District, these miles more or less a Bay, these north- nine miles more or

ARMIES ON AN EQUAL FOOTING.

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, June 21.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The operations of the Japanese during the last few days, which at first were thought to be portentous, apparently ended after the last fight. The Japanese appear to be merely clearing their immediate front.

There is not a reason for any further delay in beginning the great battle, as the opposing armies are essentially equal. The Russian troops are under the impression that an advance is about to begin.

Correspondents are not allowed to refer to the sentiments of the army concerning the peace proposal. The various papers have adopted a businesslike attitude, especially since the opening of peace negotiations was reported here.

THE ROADS ARE NOW ALMOST IMPASSABLE.

London, June 23.—Dispatches to the Daily Telegraph from the seat of war indicate that it is not probable that rains will stop the progress of the great battle.

The Moji, Japan, correspondent of the paper says that the operations are being impeded by rains. The Manchurian plains are flooded and the roads are almost impassable to heavy transports, but the conditions are more favorable to the light wagons of the Japanese than to the heavy ones of the Russians.

Lieut.-General Mitchenko's operations have ceased, the correspondent says, and one of his detachments, which was unable to retreat owing to the flooded streams, is completely cut off.

Tokio, June 23.—The following official dispatch has been received to-day from the headquarters of the Japanese army in Manchuria, in the vicinity of Yiencheng, June 21st.

A thousand of the enemy's infantry pressing our scouts, advanced, and when they reached Uisungyung Chou, ten miles southeast of Wanka Usken, our forces repulsed them with heavy losses and pursued them to the vicinity of Weyungpaomen.

After our force occupied Yangmulin-tzu, June 19th, they discharged their mission and returned.

The enemy, consisting of three battalions and four squadrons with twelve guns, advanced through the eastern districts of the Kiva, roads and moved southward on June 21st. From 11:30 in the morning his infantry gradually appeared on the heights between Chapeng and Lechiatan, and his artillery on the heights of Lientochiesh, which the northern heights of Nanchentzy.

Our force, after a few hours' engagement, assaulted and completely repulsed the enemy, captured the heights and pursued him.

Otherwise the situation is unchanged.

OYAMA'S ADVANCE IS DEVELOPING.

New York, June 23.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Times says: "According to dispatches from Gunshu Pass, the Japanese advance is developing all along the line. Competent military critics here no longer doubt that Marshal Oyama has definitely assumed the offensive. The question is, what will General Lineritch do? He is menaced by two grave dangers, one tactical, the other strategical, the development of his left.

Against the latter Russians have been shown to be powerless, so that if Lineritch, contrary to the dictates of prudence, declines to retreat, he must either send an army into Mongolia in an effort

to try our London. Makes \$1 bottle.



VOL. 3.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1905.

NO. 20

RUSSIANS FOUGHT REARGUARD ACTION

NO DETAILS OF RECENT OPERATIONS RECEIVED

Telegram from Lineritch Says Jap Advance has Paused—One of Mitchenko's Detachments Surrendered.

St. Petersburg, June 23.—News of the battlefield is exceedingly meagre. A press telegram of Tuesday's date speaks of a "rear guard action," and there are rumors that the Russian army is retreating, but the latest dispatches received from Lieut.-General Lineritch declare briefly that the Japanese advance had paused. A dispatch from Gunshu Pass of Wednesday's date says that the operations of the Japanese apparently ended after the first fight, and they have appeared to be merely clearing their immediate front.

It is probable that the Russian advanced lines are crossing the railroad and will continue their retirement, more or less hurriedly, in order to avoid being flanked and pocketed until the positions at Spinkhan are reached. The main line of the Japanese is not yet in collision.

Colonel Todosenko, one of the correspondents of the Associated Press, said at Harbin of Monday evening:

The delay in settling the matter of the plenipotentiaries is therefore all the more deplored by those desiring to avoid further bloodshed. Both countries seem to be perfectly willing to name negotiators, but each evidently desires the other to show its hand first.

On account of Foreign Minister Lamondorf's illness, United States Ambassador Meyer was unable to have a personal interview with him either yesterday or today but it is believed that communication from Washington are passing in the hands of the minister at Harbin.

Count Lamondorf's illness naturally has created gossip to the effect that he is about to retire and that Muraviev, Russian ambassador to Rome, and M. D. Iversky, minister at Copenhagen, are named as his probable successors, but as yet there is no evidence that the rumors have more foundation than those of similar character which preceded them.

There is strong reason for saying that the Russian plenipotentiaries will include a military man of high rank, though as yet there is no clue to his identity, except that it will not be Gen. Kouropatkin. The downfall of Admiral Alexieff and the suppression of the Far Eastern committee materially increases the likelihood that M. White will also represent Russia, since he is an inveterate enemy of "war cabal," which now seems definitely to have fallen under Imperial disfavour.

NEW POSITION FOR ADMIRAL ALEXIEFF.

St. Petersburg, June 23.—The vice-royalty of the Far East, having been abolished by the Imperial ukaz of June 21st, Admiral Alexieff has been appointed a member of the council of the Empire, and will continue to hold his position as aide-camp-general to the Emperor. The minister of the interior has prohibited the publication of the Russ for a month.

JAPANESE HOLD IMPORTANT POSITIONS.

Tokio, June 22.—The position of Gen. Lineritch's army is even more desperate than that of Gen. Kouropatkin's before the defeat of Mukden, and it is violating no confidence to state that the Japanese general staff expects within a very short time to receive the report that the Russian army has either been destroyed or captured.

When Gen. Lineritch discovered that he was nearly completely surrounded and that enormous bodies of Japanese troops were being massed on his right and left, while his centre was being constantly shelled by field artillery, he apparently hesitated for a moment, and then ordered 250,000 men to withstand the superior strength of Oyama, and he determined on a feat in the hope that he might draw off some of the Japanese forces.

He ordered General Mitchenko with his Cossack division to attempt to penetrate the Japanese screen and try to cut their lines of communication. After losing nearly in several engagements the Cossack chief made his way through neutral Mongolia and swept around the Japanese left in the hope of drawing back some of the troops from the north. Instead the Japanese simply moved forward a new army from Wonsan and drove the Russians back. Gen. Oyama's troops have now captured all the important positions necessary for the success of his contemplated movement, and word of a general engagement is expected momentarily.

WATCHING AMERICANS.

Work of Vesper Crew is Being Followed With Great Interest.

New York, June 22.—A London dispatch to the Times says: "English rowing opinion has veered markedly in its sentiment toward the Vesper eight-oared crew of Philadelphia, and its chance of winning the Grand Challenge cup in the annual Henley regatta. Prior to the advent of the visitors on the Thames they were not thought to have a particularly good chance of winning the historic trophy, in spite of their fine record in previous regattas. After their first practice they were viewed with more respect, though not with any unqualified interest. Rowing experts who have followed their work in the three days' practice are ready to admit that they are a dangerous crew."

"Everyone says the race will practically be between the Leanders and Vesper. "Not until Friday night will it be definitely known what crews will start in the race for the Grand Challenge cup. It is rather expected that the Berlin crew will not start. The Belgian crew is expected to row, and Leander and Vesper, but it is possible that neither of the foreign crews that have entered will race. So far the Vesper and the Leanders are the only crews on the Thames."

THE CASE OF MRS. ROGERS.

Habeas Corpus Petition Dismissed—An Appeal Will Be Taken to Supreme Court.

Baltimore, Md., June 22.—The Mary M. Rogers habeas corpus petition was denied by Judge Wheeler sitting as a justice of the United States Circuit court. In his opinion, Judge Wheeler took occasion to criticize the proceedings of the state, with reference to Mrs. Rogers and her case. He could not see, however, that he was justified in ordering the discharge of the woman from custody. It is understood that an appeal to the United States Supreme court will be taken pending a decision by that body.

Mrs. Rogers, whose reprieve by the governor expires to-morrow, will not be executed.

Later Judge Wheeler announced to the attorneys his readiness to grant the appeal, but stated that he would not sign the necessary papers until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. This arrangement was made so Governor Bell might have an opportunity again to reprieve Mrs. Rogers. The court also announced in connection with the statement regarding the case that the governor did not grant a further reprieve the court would issue an order returning Mrs. Rogers to the custody of the United States marshal pending a decision on the appeal. The attorney said that this meant that Mrs. Rogers would not hang to-morrow under any circumstances.

INDIAN LAND REFUSED.

W. J. Pendry Cannot Obtain a Lease of Any of Songhees Reserve For Works.

A special dispatch from Ottawa to the Times gives the information that the site on the foreshore of the Indian reserve which W. J. Pendry had in view for his soap and paint works, is not available owing to the refusal of the Indians to comply with the request for the necessary land.

The action of the Indians in refusing to listen to Mr. Pendry's proposal was reported in some papers as the Times. The following dispatch from Ottawa gives the position of affairs:

The deputy minister of Indian affairs writes to Gen. Balfour in reference to the application of W. J. Pendry, of Victoria, for a site on the Songhees reserve on which to erect soap and paint works, stating that the refusal of a lease of the necessary land was referred to the Indians, who unanimously resolved not to lease any part of their reservation, so that the department is not in a position to entertain Mr. Pendry's application.

Mr. Pendry is, therefore, obliged to seek another site for his works. He has not as yet decided on any location.

COLLISION ON C. P. R.

Winnipeg, June 20.—The fast west-bound express of the Canadian Pacific and an east-bound stock-train collided head on at 5 o'clock this morning, 20 miles west of Kenora (Bat Portage), resulting in a bad smash-up of rolling stock. Engineer Perry, of the express, and P. Stacey, express messenger, both of Winnipeg, were killed. Bertram Watt, fireman, is seriously injured. Sam Bird, engineer of the stock train, and B. Piggins, mail clerk, were also injured. Four cars of stock were overturned. Railway officials state that no passengers were killed or injured.

The express which was due here at 9 o'clock to-night, will not arrive until 7 o'clock to-morrow.

Misunderstanding of orders is supposed to have been the cause of the wreck.

HEAVY RAINFALL.

New York, June 23.—Following hours of great heat and humidity, a storm broke with intense violence, and more than one-half an inch of rain fell in thirteen minutes. The electrical display continued intermittently over a wide territory for hours.

BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES

AMBASSADOR'S SPEECH AT BANQUET IN LONDON

Premier Balfour Proposed Toast to Whitehead Reid—Lord Roberts on Two Great Peacemakers.

London, June 23.—Whitehead Reid, the American ambassador, who has been officially received by King Edward and the members of the cabinet and entertained by royalty and the leaders of English society, made his first public appearance as ambassador to-night at a dinner given in his honor by the Pilgrims Society of London. The gathering was one of the most notable and included many of England's famous men, with a sprinkling of Americans.

The large hall at Claridge's was crowded and presented a brilliant scene. The hall was plainly but daintily decorated with the British and American flags and flowers.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts presided and several hundred guests were present. Letters and congratulations expressing regret at inability to attend and sending greetings to the ambassador and the society were handed to the guests.

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TWO THOUSAND KILLED AND WOUNDED

Fierce Street Fighting at Lodz, Russian Poland, Where Troops and Rioters Met in Bloody Conflict.

Lodz, Russian Poland, June 23.—A rioting collision between soldiers and a crowd of people occurred here this morning. Many were killed.

Caught Carrying Bomb.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, June 23.—A man carrying a bomb was arrested this morning in front of the Malewki police station. He refused all information regarding himself.

Disturbances are anticipated here in consequence of the recent shooting of workmen at Lodz.

Quiet at Erivan.

St. Petersburg, June 23.—The governor-general of Caucasia has telegraphed to the minister of the interior to the effect that order has been restored at the city of Erivan, but excitement still prevails in the villages of the province of this name.

Lodz, Russian Poland, June 24.—Yesterday, "Black Friday," in Lodz surpassed all the horrors of "Red Sunday" in St. Petersburg. While it is not yet possible to ascertain the exact number of victims, estimates place the killed and wounded as high as 2,000.

The troubles here were initiated by the Social Democrats and Jewish Bund, who were determined to avenge their comrades killed in the rioting on Wednesday. Thursday, the feast of Corpus Christi, passed off quietly, but during the night workmen attacked the patrols. In this fighting two officers and seven Cossacks were killed. One of the latter was shot by a girl of 13 years.

At dawn on Friday commenced a day of terror. The city was given up to bloodshed. Anarchy and fierce street fighting prevailed all night.

Barriades were hurriedly constructed in the Jewish quarter at dawn. Men climbed to the roofs of the houses, cutting telephone and telegraph wires, to use for entanglements in the streets, while others cut down telegraph poles and used them in strengthening the barriades which already had been constructed and in building others.

Early in the day two bombs were thrown from the crowd into the barracks, rested for trespass and dismissed the case. Police Magistrate Williams afterwards heard evidence against seventeen others, and dismissed this case also.

Superintendent Devenny will most probably bring an action against the local Providence directors for false imprisonment. Seen this morning he said he was taking counsel's advice on the matter.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS.

Address by the Duke of Argyll—Progress in the Dominion.

London, June 23.—Some 800 old countrymen were present at St. B. Balfour reception to the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at Tottenham, including the Earl and Countess of Minto, Dr. Pavia and Lord Dundas. The Duke of Argyll, in addressing the company, referred to the great bounds Canada had made in manufacturing and fiscal matters. He hoped the Canadian manufacturers, in all their future work, would make it clear to the British people that they do not want to subvert the principles, but want a

INDISCRIMINATE SLAUGHTER AT LODZ

MANY WOMEN AND CHILDREN AMONG DEAD City Resembles a Shambles—Fighting Spirit of the People Has Been Aroused.

Lodz, June 24.—Since the arrival of reinforcements this morning actual fighting in the city has stopped, but the outbreak is by no means quelled and fresh collisions are expected at any moment.

The city resembles a shambles and the terrible scenes of the last two days will not be wiped from the memory of the Polish people.

Occasional volleys are still fired by the police or gendarmes in response to shots from houses. The soldiers are showing what appears to be

Wanton Cruelty. Late this afternoon they shot and killed two women, a mother and her daughter.

An official report says that the number of casualties was largely increased by the neglect of persons to remain indoors.

The present trouble began at Lodz last Tuesday after the funeral of the victims of the conflict between troops and

Inflamed by Drink, led a crowd of at least fifty thousand to further and more serious attacks.

The houses were barricaded with boats and furniture and for hours volleys were fired from every quarter of the city.

Shooting was renewed this evening. Cossacks are robbing the dead of jewels and money.

Warsaw, June 24.—Riots commenced last night. Gendarmes charged a crowd and infantry patrols fired two volleys.

Simultaneously there was another demonstration in the city.

All the shops are closed, and intense excitement prevails. Disturbances similar to those at Lodz are feared.

THE CONSERVATIVES SUPPORT MONOPOLY

Toronto Globe on Opposition to the V., V. & E. Bill—An Insult to Intelligence and Independence of Parliament.

Ottawa, June 24.—The following leading editorial headed "Lining Up With Monopoly," appeared in yesterday's Toronto Globe:

"It is significant and altogether characteristic that with one solitary exception the Conservatives at Ottawa have been lined up in support of monopoly."

"Fifty-one Conservative members gave their votes yesterday for the obstruction and defeat of the Victoria, Vancouver and Eastern railway."

"Public opinion in their constituencies is not only unanimous, but urgent. Two successive campaigns have given emphatic voice to that opinion, and yet in the face of these undoubted facts, men like Mr. Henderson of Halifax, Mr. George E. Foster of North Toronto, Col. Tisdale of Norfolk, and Mr. W. P. Maclean of South York, the loudest anti-monopolistic pretender of them all are ready to play the undisputed game of the C. P. R. and to block the only way out of monopolistic oppression at present open to the people in South British Columbia."

"Ontario Tories, who know nothing about the situation beyond what the lobbyists choose to tell them, are the easy victims of the C. P. R.'s patriotic arguments. But because of their gullibility the province of British Columbia is to be made to suffer."

"It is a serious matter when a corporation, made wealthy and powerful by the favor of parliament, becomes in turn the master of parliament, and for its selfish ends is able to call in the members to strangle the life of a young province."

"It will be the duty of the Liberals in their committee and in the House to stand guard against such collusion and barefaced attacks upon public rights. Nothing more insulting to the intelligence and independence of parliament has ever been seen at Ottawa than the lobby of the C. P. R. against railway competition in British Columbia. The make-believe of patriotism presented to the commission yesterday, were too flimsy to deceive anybody. A corporation that has been housed up to the hills with money subsidies and land grants and every other form of public advantage deserves no consideration when it lobbies parliament to block the construction of a competitive railway that asks for neither money, bonus nor land grant. The men who line up with that monopoly are no friends of public rights."

Letters From Members. The members of British Columbia, who are working like Trojans, have issued the following circular to their friends in the committee:

Dear Sirs—We, the members of British Columbia, are grateful to our friends for their loyal support of the V., V. & E. bill. We believe that a special effort will be made by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to defeat clause three of the bill on Tuesday next, and earnestly request your attendance at the committee meeting on that date, as our opponents are making every effort to pair absentees who are opposed to the bill with our supporters, and at the same time are refusing to refrain from pairing unless it is absolutely necessary for you to be absent.

The future of our province depends largely upon securing the construction of a competitive railway through Southern British Columbia, and we earnestly appeal to you to continue your loyal support in order to insure final success.

We might add that the people of the province are intensely interested in this question, and every member

of the House of Commons and every member of the Senate representing British Columbia is strong in supporting this legislation.

Verdict of Coroner's Jury Which Inquired Into Recent Collision.

Winnipeg, June 23.—The coroner's jury which was empaneled at Kenora to inquire into the causes of the fatal accident on the Canadian Pacific has brought in a verdict blaming the Fort William dispatcher at the operator at Renne. The verdict is as follows:

"We the jury duly empaneled to inquire into the cause of how John Perry and Martin P. Stacey came by their death find as follows:

"That the said John Perry and the said Martin P. Stacey came by their death by the collision of train No. 97, and an extra train at Kenora on June 20th at 16:53 o'clock through the negligence of G. S. Morris, dispatcher at Fort William, or of Operator William Bowen of Renne, or both."

Wanted: Trustees for Colwood School. Nobody Cares for Distinction So Unhappily Married by Government's Recent Creation, the School Act.

As an upshot of that piece of legislation enacted at the last session of the provincial parliament, the School Act, the government will no doubt be interested to learn that Colwood school is without trustees.

After the presentation of accounts and other matters a discussion arose upon the onerous and distasteful duties imposed by the new school act, which were unqualifiedly condemned as unnecessary and offensive to the general feeling of the district.

Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, it is understood, has been selected by his government as one of the plenipotentiaries before the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries meet in the United States during the first ten days of August, and he has expressed to both governments the wish that the meeting should take place if possible on the 1st of August, and if not on that date then on the earliest date thereafter.

Mr. Neidoff, the Russian ambassador for Paris, and Baron Rosen, the new Russian ambassador to Washington, are Russia's tentative selections of plenipotentiaries.

Headquarters of the Russian Army, Godegradani, Manchuria, June 24.—The Russians on June 21st made a reconnaissance in force against the Japanese right in the direction of Oanchezo.

General Oku's Headquarters in the Field, June 22, 10 p.m.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Nothing important has recently occurred, except daily skirmishes between the outposts of both armies.

Children are more likely to be attacked by diarrhoea during the summer months than at any other season. It is one of the most dangerous symptoms of illness in a child of any age.

PEACE CONFERENCE EARLY IN AUGUST

REPRESENTATIVES WILL BE NAMED SHORTLY

Japan Still Declines to Discuss Armistice Until Details of Meeting are Arranged.

St. Petersburg, June 26.—Both Japan and Russia are now understood to have agreed on the time the plenipotentiaries shall meet in Washington.

The precedence question is the main stumbling block. Both sides seem desirous to make the other take the initiative.

The official statement of the situation is as follows: "All is going on favorably."

The question of a possible armistice, as stated last week, remains in abeyance for the moment.

Washington, D. C., June 26.—President Roosevelt has expressed a wish to the Japanese and Russian plenipotentiaries to meet in the United States during the first ten days of August, and if not on that date then at the earliest date thereafter.

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Our London Letter.

London, June 27.—Perhaps the saddest reflection for Russia in connection with this last crowning splendor, which has scarcely faded in the firm, should the young gentleman refuse to marry her, will be her breach of promise damages £100 extra and dismiss the young gentleman from the firm.

Even for the sake of the entente cordiale England could hardly be sorry that the French horse had won the Derby.

The "Orchid" at the Gaiety theatre has shown signs of withering during the past few months, and it has at length fallen off its stem.

The business methods of the Nelson Tea Company, who are now in the bankruptcy court, were certainly up-to-date for during their examination it has come to light that as well as the principal scheme of granting a week to widows, who had brought their husbands' widows, they had also a matrimonial agency for the benefit (or otherwise) of their lady agents.

The return of Queen Alexandra after her long absence was marked by the heartiness of the "welcome home" she received from Her Majesty and the amount of good wishes she is looking remarkably well.

More than five hundred killed during the fighting at Lodz last week.

Jewish districts of Warsaw in revolt—Further outbreaks may occur at any moment.

Revolt at Warsaw.

Warsaw, June 26.—The Jewish districts are now in full revolt. The shops and stores are closed and traffic has ceased.

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amount of salary received, for not less than six months' service, will receive £500, and be allowed to marry any single young gentleman in the firm.

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WHIST SAFF

D. G. S. C.

One Whist Uulet

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TRAINING SCHOONER SUNK BY STEAMER

Twenty-two cadets lost their lives. The boys were in bunks when vessel foundered—Fifty-seven rescued.

Portland, June 24.—Last evening Judge Tanner completed his direct testimony for the prosecution against Senator Mitchell.

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OTTAWA NOTES.

Hearing Expert Curers Will Visit the Coast Next Fall.

Ottawa, June 24.—Mr. Cowie with his Scotch party of expert curers will visit British Columbia in the fall.

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GENERAL LYTTLETON.

London, June 23.—When questioned in the House of Commons to-day regarding the statement that Lieut-General Sir Neville Gerald Lyttleton, chief of the general staff and first military member of the army council, had resigned his office, Mr. Arnold-Forster denied the report.

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COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND.

Ladies' Favorite, Ointment, is the only reliable regulator on which woman can depend in the hour of need.

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CIVIC PROBLEMS.

The long-looked-for and greatly-depended-upon report of Engineer Adams upon the Victoria water works system has been carefully read and thoroughly digested by the gentlemen of the City Council, and is now before the people, who must bear the cost of the same and of the improvements it suggests, for their consideration. The volume goes comprehensively into details. It may be presumed with safety that no matter bearing upon the subject has been overlooked. Its scope is so wide that the details must be more or less bewildering to the non-technical mind. The field taken in cannot be comprehended, we venture to affirm, even by an expert, except after days of critical examination and study and comparison.

But a casual examination of the data supplied and the conclusions based thereupon must convince the citizen that the situation before him is a very serious one. There are three sources of water supply available, the utilization of any one of which under a system adequate to meet the present needs and the future requirements of Victoria will involve a considerable addition to the debt of the corporation and a compensating increase in the cost of the water service. That is one of the propositions involved in the report. And that proposition is confronted by another to which we have ourselves called attention, and which is noted by Mr. Adams: Already the charges for water in the city of Victoria are very high in comparison with rates in all other cities of corresponding population. This notwithstanding the self-evident fact that in but few, if in any, municipalities are the natural advantages for procuring a water supply so favorable as in the case of this city.

Our predecessors in municipal government either laid the foundations of the water system very badly or they were ill-advised by the authorities they consulted in the engineering profession. The system as it exists underground at the present time is little better than a hodge-podge of pipes laid down without scientific direction, not to say ordinary human intelligence. These defects have been known, we presume, to the officials of the water works department for years. All the improvements carried out since have been laid down upon the substance of these defects, adding to and aggravating them. The most costly portion of the remedies suggested by Mr. Adams are the consequence of the lack of systematic action in the past. All the main pipes must be torn up and replaced.

We rather sympathize with the gentlemen. They are confronted with a very serious, not to say perplexing, situation. The rate of taxation is already very high in the city of Victoria. There are various schemes of importance requiring immediate attention. The sewerage system must be completed. A further sum of one hundred thousand dollars, we are told, must be raised for this purpose. The greater number of the ratepayers have already been supplied with this requisite of healthy city life. The people who have been supplied with sewers cannot in justice wage against the by-law which will be submitted.

A way out of the labyrinth must be found. It is the duty of the representatives of the people to take the lead. In connection with the water works system there has been sufficient pottering and patching and temporizing to teach us all valuable if somewhat costly lessons. If it is necessary to spend another half million dollars in improvement, the ultimate result should not be a restricted water service with a vast addition to the cost of operating the same.

PLAIN SPEAKING.

The newspapers of the East have not been premature or hasty in expressing their opinions respecting the action of the C. P. R. in bringing all its potential influence to bear upon the Railway Committee of the House of Commons for the purpose of shutting rival roads out of and preserving its monopoly in Southern British Columbia. Thus far the Canadian Pacific has succeeded in blocking the passage of the amendments asked for by the V. V. & E. Company. And we cannot say that the blockade has been conducted very adroitly. In fact we should characterize the arguments of the solicitors and officials of the company before the committee as verging closely upon the burlesque. If they had emanated from any other source we feel safe in saying that the speakers would have been laughed out of the committee room. Just consider what a loud-tongued and vociferous sort of protest would have proceeded from Ontario or any other province in the Dominion if the C. P. R. had asked that any transportation concern should be shut out of the country because the route it proposed to take would give it an advantage of a million or a million and a half of dollars in cost of construction—the economy thus effected being a guarantee of correspondingly low rates to the customers of the company apart altogether from the other advantages of shorter routes and lower grades. The hypocrisy and absurdity of the whole campaign of opposition is apparent to the country—so apparent that we wonder the Railway Committee has the effrontery to admit by its action that it is impressed. Manitoba was wrought into practically a

state of rebellion over a matter of the same character. But in the case of Manitoba the railway company had a statutory right to the monopoly it strove to maintain. In the case of British Columbia there is no question of legal rights. It is simply a fight for justice to the province—for rights freely accorded to every other section of the Dominion—for rights which any other province of the Dominion would take by force if denied by railway committee or by Parliament.

It is pleasant to note that the influential newspapers of the East have at last had their attention directed to the importance of the struggle that is now being waged by the representatives of British Columbia for the rights of British Columbia. Perhaps if they had spoken sooner the members of the Railway Committee who have been so diligent in their efforts to block progress of the V. V. & E. bill might have been somewhat diffident in making themselves conspicuous in an indefensible course. Hon. George E. Foster, as one of the leading men of the Conservative party in Ontario, and Mr. Monk, as the leader of the Conservative party from Quebec, should surely have some regard for the prospects of their party in the West. If they assume that the people of British Columbia are not watching what is going on before that peculiar railway committee, we can assure them that they find out that they are mistaken. The Toronto Globe has undertaken to reason very forcibly with the obstructive members of the committee whose principal function seems to be to do dirty work for powerful corporations. The Toronto News also deals with the committee very forcibly, saying: "The idea that British Columbia can be shut off from connection with the railway systems of the United States, is one of the most preposterous unjust that ever entered the brain of man. The physical configuration of the country points to the most possible communication. Imagine any one attempting to cut Ontario off from connection with the Michigan Central by the New York Central. A station seems to be built at Ottawa that British Columbia and the West are in the position of words of the Dominion, and are to receive only as much liberty as the other provinces in their sublime wisdom think fit to grant."

The work of obstruction to which the News refers has been proceeding for a month. It is and its contemporaries have protested since the bill would have been through the committee, and possibly through the House also, some time ago.

GOING FORWARD.

We trust our readers will excuse us if there be a noticeable trace of complacency in our demeanor this evening. As a public journal the Times has triumphed over the almost innumerable ills that usually beset the early years of newspaper life. To-day we turn down, with one brief backward glance of grateful tribute to the old friends who were ever ready to stand by us in days of trial and adversity, the page of the past and stand forth, we trust and believe, fully equipped in all the strength of glorious newspaper manhood and youthful independence, for whatever struggles and battles the future has in store.

After an examination of the records and the files of this journal covering the twenty-one years in which it has published the news of the world and commented on the tortuous ways of politicians and other public characters, we are fully conscious of the fallibility of human judgment. And yet in nearly all we have said and done we have been fully justified by after events. Our chief aim has been the elimination of scandalous abuses from the public life of the Dominion and of the province of British Columbia, and the advancement of the interests of the Pacific province and of the city of Victoria. As we survey the field of the past after a life struggle of close upon a quarter of a century we feel that our labors have not been entirely vain. We have not accomplished as much, perhaps, as we hoped for, but we think it will be conceded that we have had a hand in the business of renovation.

However, it is not characteristic of a youth of twenty-one to "look backward." The ailments and the ambitions of life are all ahead. There is still work for the Times to do, and with the experience of the past to guide us and with modern equipments and facilities to aid us, we purpose, for the sake of the esteem we bear for this most lovely of all the cities of the American continent and this most glorious province of our grand Dominion—for the sake of Victoria and our own interests—we hope to pursue such a course as will inspire our citizens to press forward to higher altitudes, municipally, commercially and industrially.

As a souvenir of the occasion of the attainment of the Times to the full measure of journalistic manhood and as an indication of what our establishment is capable, we to-day present each of our subscribers with a copy of the special number of which previous notice had been given. We believe a study of the contents of the number and of the quality of workmanship displayed in its execution will convince our friends that we have slight reason for feeling complacent this evening. The composition, the engraving and the printing of the issue were all done under the roof of the Times building. We have but one regret in connection with the issue: That

the paper contained in the same was not manufactured in British Columbia. But as this province contains more than the material from which paper is made than all the rest of the continent combined, and due time we shall come into possession of the fruits of that portion of our great inheritance. As for the matter contained in the special number, it covers every industry and every resource, active or potential, within the environs of British Columbia. Every field—fisheries, mining, agriculture, horticulture, smelting, refining, logging, lumbering, railroading, climate, hunting, and the varied attractions for the tourist—all are comprehensively compiled within the folds of the attractive cover. Upwards of forty thousand copies of this splendid number will be distributed in various parts of the world. Our ambition as embodied in this anniversary edition is to let the world know what we have here in British Columbia for the man who desires to make his way in life as well as for the capitalist who has money to invest.

As is pointed out in another part of this issue, the Times has now, as it always has had, an abiding faith in the future of Victoria. With us this is no mere empty phrase. We have given proofs in the past of the sublimity of our confidence. In the immediate future we hope to furnish a still more striking evidence of the depth to which the roots of faith have struck. Within a month or two there will be installed in our pressrooms a printing press of the most modern type and construction, a machine of the perfecting type, built by the renowned firm of R. Hoe & Co., of London and New York, a house, which has been building printing presses for a century. When this plant is installed the white paper will be taken off a spool at one end of the machine in one continuous strip and will come out at the other end printed, folded and ready for delivery to the reader. We acknowledge that the extent of our field at present hardly warrants the heavy expenditure involved in the installation of such a plant. But we have said, "we have faith in the future of the city of Victoria and in the territory adjacent to it." And the Times is a provincial newspaper with a constantly growing constituency. The demands of our readers had outgrown the capacity of the four thousand an hour double feeder of our press room. Ten years ago it was possible to keep the forms from which the paper is printed open as late as five o'clock in the evening for the reception of news of important events. At the present time in order to insure delivery at a reasonable hour the printing machinery should be started at least three o'clock, sometimes earlier. The installation of faster machinery becoming an imperative matter with us, it was considered advisable to anticipate the future by possibly a year or two. Our readers will, therefore, get the news up to a very late hour in the evening, and the Times will have the finest and the most complete plant that the inventors and manufacturers of the world can supply.

All things considered, we believe a trace of self-complacency this evening. But it will only be a momentary departure from our characteristically modest demeanor.

EXCELLENT CONCERT.

Faculty of B. O. Ladies' College Gave Entertainment For Seaman's Institute.

An excellent concert was given in the A. O. U. hall Friday evening by the faculty of the B. O. Ladies' College. The entertainment was in aid of the Seaman's Institute, and the attendance was very good, including many of the most musical in the city.

MISS QUEENIE MCCOY WAS ACCORDED A FAVORABLE RECEPTION IN HER VOCAL SELECTIONS, AND HAD TO ANSWER ENTHUSIASTIC CHOICES.

Miss Nora McCoy was equally popular in her violin solos, and was recalled. Miss McCoy also rendered several vocal selections to the delight of all present.

JOSE LONGFIELD CONTRIBUTED HANDEL'S LORZO IN G, WHICH WAS MUCH ENJOYED.

Mrs. Russell Boulton, who played the accompaniments with excellent effect. The concert was a grand success, and was given with a piano solo from Tannhauser.

IN ADDITION TO THE MUSICAL SELECTIONS THE PROGRAMME MISS UNDERHILL ADDED ELOCUTIONARY NUMBERS IN HER USUAL "ALIGNED STYLE."

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM CLOSED THE ENTERTAINMENT.

PRINCIPALS BELIEVED TO HAVE SPENT SEVERAL MONTHS IN VICTORIA.

About the middle of last October there arrived in Victoria a young lady and gentleman. They were unmistakably English, and passed as a young married pair who had come to Western Canada in search of a profitable field for investment. Their only companion was a thoroughbred terrier, of whom they made much. The lady was of large dimensions and very handsome—a fit subject of an Englishwoman in the full glow of health. Her companion was small and slight. He gave out that he was a veterinary student who intended to pursue his studies and secure a certificate at Paris, France. The couple, who were very pleasant in their manners, registered at a popular hotel, and created a very good impression with all whom they met. They visited the islands for a short time in search of a farm, but returned to Victoria without having made a selection. About two months ago they departed for San Francisco, where it is presumed they are now. It has since been ascertained that during their whole stay here they were shadowed by detectives, advice having been received from England that the lady is a wife who had deserted her husband and three small children and eloped with the young man who was her companion. Proceedings for divorce have been instituted, and it is probable that more will be heard of the affair shortly. It is worthy of remark that although the runaway wife forgot her duty to her husband and left her children behind, she brought her dog along!

to collisions, and while the initial expenses to the transportation companies will be heavier, they will be counterbalanced by the longer life and the greater structural stability of the steel car, and also from the reduction in the number of damage suits due to accidents. The steel car cannot be made strong enough to resist perfectly the shock of all collisions, but it will not telescope as readily as the wooden car, and while it may crumple somewhat under terrific pressure, it cannot splinter. These two advantages make its ultimate adoption everywhere a certainty.

Premier McBride should remonstrate emphatically with Leaders Foster and Monk regarding their opposition to the V. V. & E. Railway Bill. We need the road in British Columbia. We need it badly, and we are convinced the provincial government must be in favor of it in view of the anxiety of the ministers to construct a railway policy. The obstruction of the Railway Committee is the most glaring and indefensible interference with provincial rights that has yet been attempted. The provincial government should protest against the actions of prominent Conservatives at Ottawa.

The Vancouver Province asserts that the newspapers which are supporting the V. V. & E. railway scheme are doing so to keep themselves from bankruptcy. The Province and the Nelson Tribune are the only newspapers in the province that have dared to boldly and steadily advocate the cause of monopoly. Therefore the Vancouver Province and the Nelson Tribune are the only independent and neutral newspapers in the province. A truly reasonable and eminently sane proposition. All the prominent Eastern newspapers support the demand of justice and liberty to British Columbia, and all the Eastern newspapers are as usual and corrupt as the newspapers of British Columbia, with the two remarkable exceptions noted. Another truly reasonable and eminently sane proposition! All the members of Parliament from British Columbia firmly insist that there must be competition with the C. P. R. in this province, therefore all the B. I. members must be in the pay of Mr. Hill. That is the conclusion of the Vancouver Province. A third truly reasonable and eminently sane proposition. It is comforting to reflect upon the unassailable honesty and incorruptible integrity of the Vancouver Province and the Nelson Tribune. It is quite clear that Hill can bring his financial levers to bear upon them. A final truly reasonable and eminently sane proposition.

Holy Russia, under the advice of her revered Patriarch and divinely ordained ruler, is waging a most unholty war through her unspeakable Cossacks and equally unspeakable police against her own people as well as against the "atheistical" Japanese. One would think his Majesty the Czar would be only too glad to see a treaty of peace with the assembly and to transfer the responsibility of government to it.

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About the middle of last October there arrived in Victoria a young lady and gentleman. They were unmistakably English, and passed as a young married pair who had come to Western Canada in search of a profitable field for investment. Their only companion was a thoroughbred terrier, of whom they made much. The lady was of large dimensions and very handsome—a fit subject of an Englishwoman in the full glow of health. Her companion was small and slight. He gave out that he was a veterinary student who intended to pursue his studies and secure a certificate at Paris, France. The couple, who were very pleasant in their manners, registered at a popular hotel, and created a very good impression with all whom they met. They visited the islands for a short time in search of a farm, but returned to Victoria without having made a selection. About two months ago they departed for San Francisco, where it is presumed they are now. It has since been ascertained that during their whole stay here they were shadowed by detectives, advice having been received from England that the lady is a wife who had deserted her husband and three small children and eloped with the young man who was her companion. Proceedings for divorce have been instituted, and it is probable that more will be heard of the affair shortly. It is worthy of remark that although the runaway wife forgot her duty to her husband and left her children behind, she brought her dog along!



ONE of the greatest American millionaires said the other day to his physician, "A million dollars, Doctor, spot cash and no grumbling for a new stomach," and then the sick man groaned and turned away. All his wealth could not make him happy or contented, for happiness largely depends upon digestion. Without health where does happiness come in, and of what use is many millions of dollars or even one million? One of a man's greatest pleasures is that born of a keen appetite, vigorous digestion and a good dinner, and this belongs to many a good fellow who is living on small wages but is able to buy a beefsteak now and then and have the healthy digestion to assimilate it, but the rich man without a stomach has to forego the juicy steak and the good things of the table because his stomach rebels. After all the stomach plays a great part in everyday life. Without a healthy stomach and a good digestion our blood is thin, watery and poor, our heart-action is weak, our liver does not do its duty, and man is miserable and unhappy. In this condition man is prey to the germs of influenza, consumption, malaria and all the ills that man is heir to. Consumption can be treated by natural methods, by methods which are as close to nature as it is possible to be. The treatment is brought within the reach of the poorest classes not only in curing the disease in its beginning, but in the prevention of disease by putting the house in order and strengthening the system against the germs of disease. We now understand the cause of consumption, that plague of the earth which, according to the census, kills off twelve of every one hundred inhabitants of the United States.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., years ago understood this disease, and after a long period of experiment discovered certain roots and herbs which were nature's remedies, and succeeded in putting them up in a form that would be easily procured and ready to use. This he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Along with its use he advised every one to take exercise in the outdoor air, get all one can of God's sunlight and air; also a mild breathing exercise to be practiced each day. This "Medical Discovery" gives no false stimulation because it contains no alcohol or other narcotic. It helps digestion and the assimilation of such elements in the food as are required for the blood. Instead of a cod liver oil, against which the already sensitive stomach will declare open rebellion,

this tonic has a pacifying action upon the sensitive stomach and gives to the blood the food elements the tissues require. It maintains the patient's nutrition by enabling him to eat, retain, digest and assimilate nutritious food. It overcomes gastric irritability and symptoms of indigestion, and in this way fever, night-sweats, headaches, etc., are done away with. It fortifies the body against the germs of consumption, grip and malaria, and it builds up the tissues and puts on healthy flesh.

\$3,000 FORFEIT will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"It is two years since I made up my mind," writes Mrs. Jos. Goodyear, of Riverton, Ontario. "In November, 1899, I contracted a severe cold, which settled in my left lung. I grew so thin and weak could scarcely attend to my work, and for eight months coughed continually. I had the responsibility of all the farm, house-work, and five of a family to work for, so could not remain idle; hard work brought on hemorrhages from my lung. The last one left me so weak I felt I might die any minute, and consequently received the last rites of the Church (I am a Roman Catholic). I remained in bed most of the time in the spring of 1900, had pains in every bone in my body, pains in lung, also palpitation of the heart most of the time. Last and worst of all my kidneys got so bad I could scarcely stoop. I vomited water and was bloated all around my body. About this time I was recommended by a lady to leave off my doctor's medicine and try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I did so, and am thankful to say that after taking a few doses I was relieved. Have never felt a pain in my kidneys since. I continued taking it with only little benefit until four bottles were taken, then you advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription with the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pell-le's'. I took six bottles of 'Prescription', twenty of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and six of Pleasant Pellets. These, with God's help, and patience on my part, brought me through. I am now doing all the work for seven in my family and am in good health. I have taken none of your medicine for sixteen months."

"Allow me to thank you with all my heart, for I believe that were it not for your medicine, I would not be alive to-day."

A WONDERFUL BOOK. No book except the Bible and dictionary has circulated so widely as the "Common Sense Medical Adviser," by Dr. R. V. Pierce. Nearly two million copies have gone into American homes. Send 31 one-cent stamps, for this roo-page book in paper covers, or 50 cents for the cloth-bound. Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE CITY MARKETS.

This year's strawberry crop is not expected to last many more weeks, in fact it is a question whether the fruit will hold out more than five or six days. As it is the retail price is advancing steadily, being now quoted at 12 1/2c. instead of 10c. a pound. As far as can be gathered this surprising shortage is the result of the severe frost experienced throughout all the neighboring farming districts two or three weeks ago. This came just about the time the plants were blossoming, and it appears injured them to such an extent that many have failed to mature. As an instance of the comparatively small amount of fruit available for the market this season, a prominent local wholesale dealer states that a local grower has been reduced to bringing in only a little over a crate a day, whereas last year he averaged at least a dozen. The California fruit continues to arrive, and the prices quoted are a constant falling, there being a material reduction noticeable during the past week. There also has been a decrease in the price of new Island potatoes besides a slight falling off in the retail figure for sugar. Appended are the complete quotations:

Table listing market prices for various goods including Flour, Pastry Flour, Coal Oil, Sugar, Grain, Feed, and Vegetables.

Table listing market prices for various fruits and vegetables including Walnuts, Grape Fruit, Apples, Cucumbers, and others.

THE NEW HOTEL.

Strong Force Busy on the Ground Preparing For Rearing Superstructure. Every day the aspect of things at the James Bay flats is changing, as the workmen proceed with the preliminaries for the erection of the superstructure of the big hotel on the concrete foundations. The fence along the sidewalk for the purpose of keeping the public out of danger during the building of the hotel has been finished. It is just high enough to permit of a view of the operations within. Carpenters are now framing and putting together the d-r-icks to be used in hoisting and hauling the heavy material. Brick is arriving steadily, and is being piled alongside the foundations in readiness for the workmen. The Newcastle Island granite blocks begin to look like another edition of the pyramids piled up near the big derrick, while the structural steel for the support of floors and inner walls is accumulating rapidly. It is probable that the work of laying the first course of stone will begin next week, and from that time forward the walls will rise steadily to the point where the roof will be put on, and then Victoria will know that the hotel is without doubt no myth, but a hard fact. There is a considerable portion of the filling in of the flats to be done yet, at the Humboldt side of the site, but this can be attended to simultaneously with the erection of the building. By next week a large proportion of the material needed for the beginning of building operations will have been laid on the ground ready for the artisans. It is understood that once building begins it will be rushed at all points, so as to take full advantage of the steady weather.

THE ASCOT CUP.

London, June 22.—Cup day drew a record crowd to Ascot, King Edward and Queen Alexandra again attend in state. The race for the gold cup (valued at \$500 with 3,500 sovereigns in specie, an auction for colts and fillies, two miles and a half) was won by Zinfandel, 2 Maximum III. Five horses started.

DIAMONDS RECOVERED.

St. Petersburg, June 23.—Theodore S. Darling, of New York, and several other guests at the Hotel Del Europe have been robbed of all their valuables. Mrs. Darling lost a diamond necklace and quite a sum of money. Subsequently the necklace was discovered in a pawn shop.

REPO Council Wo

After having in the ancient civic government the long-looked-for and greatly-depended-upon report of Engineer Adams upon the Victoria water works system has been carefully read and thoroughly digested by the gentlemen of the City Council, and is now before the people, who must bear the cost of the same and of the improvements it suggests, for their consideration. The volume goes comprehensively into details. It may be presumed with safety that no matter bearing upon the subject has been overlooked. Its scope is so wide that the details must be more or less bewildering to the non-technical mind. The field taken in cannot be comprehended, we venture to affirm, even by an expert, except after days of critical examination and study and comparison.

REPORT HAS MADE ITS APPEARANCE

Council Censurate Has Been Diligently at Work With the Shears--Expert's Conclusions and Recommendations

After having reported very quietly in the sanctum sanctorum of the Victoria council government for a month or more, the long-looked-for report of Arthur Adams, the expert of San Francisco, called by the council to investigate the water system in being and in prospect, has made its appearance. In pursuance of its policy of extreme caution, the curious public should know more than is good for it to know in the interests of the city, the council, in its sagaciousness has decided that certain aspects should be expounded to the public. The copies of the report that were handed to the press representatives last night at a meeting of the public works committee, while bulky and formidable enough to make cold chills down their backs, bore mute but conclusive evidence of the vigilance of the censorate that wielded the shears. However, the conclusions and recommendations of the expert have not been tampered with, and the public can glean from the following extracts a good idea of how Mr. Adams sized up the situation after his energetic labor here. He says:

The final conclusions resulting from the study which I have made of the waterworks situation at Victoria, B. C., are for convenience set forth at the beginning of this report. The processes by which they have been reached follow after.

The importance of the questions under consideration to both the present and future welfare, public and private, and the magnitude of the interests involved, and the unusual degree of public interest manifested, have necessitated a somewhat exhaustive study, and make desirable a very full presentation of the reasons which are thought to justify my final conclusions and recommendations. These conclusions are as follows:

- (1) The quality of the present water supply is good, but can be improved to any desired degree by improvement of filtration processes.
- (2) The present plant as a whole, in its existing condition, is incapable of affording at all times an economic, sufficient and certain supply of water under an adequate pressure, because of the following defects:
 - (a) A water supply insufficient to meet the demands under the present method of distribution and the present rates.
 - (b) Insufficient capacity in the conduits conducting water from the lake to the city.
 - (c) Impracticability of advantageously operating such a system without a suitable distributing reservoir for the low service and an elevated tank for the high service.
 - (d) Insufficient pumping capacity for safety, and the use of machinery wasteful of fuel.
 - (e) Inadequacy of pipe capacity in the distributing system.

(3) Elk and Beaver lakes, the sources of the present supply, may have their yielding capacity increased from the average of about two million gallons daily, which they can now afford, to 2.4 million gallons, which is their limit.

(4) The improvement of the plant and the continuance in use of the present source of supply, will necessitate the metering of all services.

(5) By distributing water exclusively by meter, Elk and Beaver lakes will yield sufficient water for the present population, which, at the rate of growth that has prevailed in the past, will be met 20 years, or until 1931.

(6) The continuance in use of the source of present water supply makes desirable the following improvements, which are estimated exclusive of real estate, to cost the sum set opposite each:

(a) Increasing the storage capacity of Elk Lake	\$16,000
(b) Increasing the capacity of the 16-inch pipe line from the filters to the Dairy Farm pumping station	30,000
(c) Installing additional pumping machinery at Dairy Farm station	15,000
(d) Constructing a reservoir on Smith Hill	90,000
(e) Constructing an elevated tank for the high pumping service	9,000
(f) Installation of new pumping machinery for the high service	2,000
(g) Taking up the 12-inch cast iron pipe from the filter plant to the filters, and installing a 16-inch pipe increasing the distributing capacity of the city pipe system from the proposed reservoir	58,000
(h) Installing meters on un-metered services	61,000
Total	\$229,000

(7) Of the above improvements, "a," "b," "c," "d," and "e," are necessary whatever source of supply utilizing the present plant, without utilizing Goldstream.

(8) The effect upon rates which will result from utilizing Goldstream.

(9) The value of the Goldstream properties of the Esquamit Water Company.

(10) The effect upon water rates, which will result from the improvement of the present plant, without utilizing Goldstream.

(11) The effect upon rates which will result from utilizing Goldstream.

(12) The value of all properties of the Esquamit Water Company.

What is a Good System?

After an exhaustive description of the present plant, with which the public is more or less familiar, Mr. Adams says: "The qualities which should be sought for in the design of every system of waterworks may be enumerated as follows:

- (1) A source of water supply ample in quantity for present needs and for future growth during a period not shorter if possible than 50 years; and of quality as good as the local conditions make possible, in any event reasonably free from dangerous contamination, preferably without the necessity for filtration.
- (2) Works for the gathering and distributing to the consumers of the water of a character which shall be free from any objectionable quality, which shall maintain at all times a pressure upon the street mains of not more than 100 lbs. nor less at any point than 25 lbs., and which shall for a city of the size of Victoria afford fire protection without reduction of pressure to a degree inconvenient to other users, a sufficient volume of water for fire streams discharging an aggregate volume of 2,000 Imperial gallons per minute.
- (3) The securing of the desired results at the least annual cost for fixed charges and operating and maintenance expense.

The present works at this time are certainly fulfilling few of these conditions.

The suitability of a water for general distribution is determined under ordinary conditions by its quality.

(1) As to freedom from dangerous pollution.

(2) As to smell and taste.

(3) As to hardness.

- (4) As to freedom from floating matter.
- (5) As to color.
- (6) These are relatively important in the order stated.

Proper Remedies.

The economical and proper remedies are evidently as follows:

- First: Increasing the capacity of the main pipe line from the filter plant to the pumping station to 1 1/2 times the average daily yielding capacity of Elk lake when no water is wasted, that it may accord with the maximum monthly rate of consumption with an all metered system.
- This should be done by making certain changes in the location of the 16-inch pipe which will increase its effective fall and by substituting 24-inch for 16-inch pipe over about 9,850 feet of the distance, all as indicated on plans 4 and 5.
- 24-inch steel pipe line to Victoria Arm \$11,500
- Submerged pipe across Victoria Arm 12,000
- 24-inch steel pipe from Victoria Arm to intersection of Government and Henry streets 14,000
- Intersecting way from Goldstream to Victoria Arm 1,000
- Interest during construction, engineering and incidentals 37,000
- Total** \$44,500

Second: By constructing a reservoir of suitable capacity on Smith Hill to equalize the difference between maximum monthly and maximum hourly consumption, and to afford a sufficient reserve to admit of repairs to pipe line and fixtures and to afford an ample supply for suppression of fire.

The elevation of Elk lake above the city is insufficient to afford an adequate gravity pressure.

Probable Cost of Improvements.

In determining the probable cost of improving the system it should be remembered that close estimates can only be prepared after the plans and specifications are worked out in considerable detail. The figures here given are necessarily approximate, but are believed to be reasonably close to what the completed works need cost if skilfully planned and constructed.

- (a) Dams and miscellaneous structures necessary to raise the level of the lake 3.5 feet \$16,000
- Furnishing and laying complete 3,300 ft. of 24-inch steel riveted pipe 2 1/2 miles 39,000
- Furnishing, set up complete with surface condenser, one pumping engine of 70 to 75 millions duty, of capacity of 2,500,000 imp. gal. per day 15,000
- Reservoir on Smith's Hill 15 to 18 million gal. capacity, covered 90,000
- Elevated tank of 80,000 gal. capacity for high service pumping station 9,000
- Centrifugal pump and electric motor installed in suitable building 2,000
- Furnishing and laying complete 3,000 ft. 27-inch steel riveted pipe 16,200
- 4,000 ft. 26-inch steel riveted pipe 19,200
- Taking up, renovating and relaying: 2,100 ft. 16-inch steel riveted pipe 1,100
- 22,300 ft. 12-inch cast iron pipe 18,000
- Miscellaneous gals, hydrants and special castings 3,500
- Furnishing and laying complete meters 51,000
- Engineering and incidentals 45,000
- Total** \$332,000

The Goldstream Source.

Of the Goldstream scheme the report says: Goldstream, at a point suitable as to elevation for the supplying of Victoria, is by survey about 10.2 miles distant from the intersection of Government and Henry streets.

Its drainage area is a wild and uninhabited region of original rock with rather a thin covering of soil, and covered with timber growth, over much of which fire has run in recent years.

No survey has been made of the boundaries of its drainage area, but much of the land has been surveyed and maps prepared by the Esquamit Water Company, which form the basis for a reasonably close approximation of its area, which will be in detail hereafter referred to.

The elevations are all that can be desired for water supply purposes.

The precipitation is very abundant, averaging about 100 inches per annum during the past 10 years.

The quality of water as indicated by the chemical analyses made by Mr. Carmichael, pages 25-28, is of exceptional purity. The natural conditions are almost ideal for present utility without filtration and the limited drainage area makes it easy of protection from contamination.

The stream in its natural state doubtless discharged large volumes of water during times of storm, and very little in the summer and early fall.

The Esquamit Water Company has by the construction of a system of storage reservoirs largely equalized this irregularity of discharge, and made possible the uniform discharge of about 13 to 14 million gallons per day in the driest years, an amount sufficient for 130,000 to 140,000 people using 100 gallons per capita daily.

The distance from Victoria is very moderate, and therefore the cost of structures suitable for its utilization not beyond the financial resources of a city of 25,000 people.

Goldstream, therefore, presents an unusual combination of great natural advantages which make it almost ideal as a source of water supply.

At my request Mr. Topp, the city engineer, has made such preliminary surveys between Victoria and a suitable diverting point on Goldstream below the power house of the British Columbia Electric Railway Company as are necessary to determine the feasibility and approximate cost of conducting water to the proposed distributing reservoir on Smith's Hill.

These surveys demonstrate the entire practicability of such an undertaking.

The structures requisite, in addition to those herebefore discussed in connection with the rest of the works within the city, would be:

- (1) A reservoir of 10 to 20 million gallons capacity at a suitable point existing below the before-mentioned power

THE LAND OF THE BIG RUDDY STRAWBERRY

South Vancouver Island is the Chosen Home of the Luscious Berry and the Purple Prune.

It has now been generally conceded by those who have studied the question that the Okanagan is indeed the "Land of the Big Red Apple." In all British Columbia, it is said, there is nothing in the way of apples to approach the Okanagan pomum for size, flavor, keeping qualities, and all-round excellence. The reason for this superlative quality in the Okanagan apple is due, of course, to a happy combination of climatic conditions that exactly favor the growth of the Northwest Territories, and which do not come to anything like the perfection attained in the Island orchards.

Sixteen years ago the writer accompanied Mr. Thomas Cunningham, provincial inspector of fruit pests, and then member of the legislature for New Westminster city, in a long drive through the country contiguous to Victoria. Mr. Cunningham, who has been a life-long enthusiast in the matter of fruit growing, said that he was convinced that nowhere in the province could be found a locality so

Admirably adapted for the growing of purple and all varieties as around Victoria. He pointed out the climatic conditions, the equality of temperature, the peculiar qualities of the soil and the well protected valleys, at that time swathed in warm sunshine. That this was the home of the Okanagan fruit is the opinion of the fruit growers who are actually taking out their apple orchards and are planting them with the highest quality of apples, and other species of fruit, having learned by experience that Island apples are not wanted for export, while prunes from this section cannot be grown in sufficient quantities to meet the demand. It is, therefore, quite likely that a great deal of the magnificent arable area around Victoria will within a year or two be given up to the growing of prunes. California has done wonders with the prune, it is one of the Golden State's most lucrative resources, and it even attained the dignity of a little while ago of very serious consideration to the state legislature, the object being to enact legislation that would make the California prune still more lucrative by restricting production to the state.

Now, one gratifying point about the Island strawberries is that they are not only the best in the Northwest, but they stand the transportation to the Northwest markets perfectly, and there command special prices.

This has been proved by the shipments forwarded by the shipping firm Messrs. F. R. Stewart & Co. of this city and Vancouver. Messrs. Stewart & Co. have pioneered this interesting export traffic, and it is exceedingly satisfactory to report that they have met with an amount of encouragement that has determined them to continue those shipments to Manitoba and the Territories. To be sure, it is due in no inconsiderable degree to the scientific handling of those delicate fruit products by Messrs. Stewart & Co. that their shipments have been so successful. Thanks to the advice given to the growers by Messrs. Stewart & Co., the growers have risen to the requirements of the case and have begun to pick, pack and ship to the Territories, and their product is in a very much superior style than was formerly the case. The rest is done by Messrs. Stewart & Co.'s expert packers, and the fruit goes forward in the most satisfactory manner.

While the current year's strawberry crop has not been up to the average for quantity or quality, the extraordinary climatic conditions of the present year are to be taken into account. It may be stated as a fact that the Vancouver Island strawberries can be depended upon by grower, shipper and consumer. The reason why Vancouver Island strawberries is without a peer in Canada is that the climate of the Island is perfectly suited to its growth. The mildness of all the seasons, the absence of intense frosts in the winter, the adequate rainfall in the southern portion of the Island, where most of the strawberry crop is produced, the immunity enjoyed by the Island from scorching sunlight in the early spring and summer, the prevailing humidity, and, not least, though less the splendid soil found everywhere on the Island, which has made it possible for producing a strawberry that wins in competition with the best produced anywhere on the American continent.

Now that Messrs. Stewart & Co. have, as may be termed, opened up the Northwest to the products of Vancouver Island, there is no reason for apprehension on the part of the grower that his crop will be sold at a low price. The market for the Territory is in first class condition, thanks to the modern methods of packing and the swift transport provided by the C. P. R. from point to point. It is the general opinion of the experts that apples should not be grown around this portion of the Island for export, as they do not keep well enough to make it pay in competition with the hard, juicy, red

cheeked apple of the upper country, which arrives in perfect condition and can be stored almost indefinitely.

The red currant is another small fruit that can be raised in southern Vancouver Island for export at a profit. Almost unlimited quantities of these berries can be dealt with by the exporters. The red and white currant keep well, are easy to raise, requiring very little trouble, comparatively, during the process of cultivation. The red and white currant, like the strawberry, are fruits that cannot be successfully raised in the Northwest Territories, which do not come to anything like the perfection attained in the Island orchards.

If it is the big red apple of the Okanagan that is running the famous apple of Ontario and Nova Scotia such a hard race in that splendid market, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, which want for those fruits themselves, yet want them in unlimited quantities, and have the good red gold to pay top prices for the right sort of fruit. Thus, the people of the Okanagan can look forward with confidence to having near at hand a market for what is going to be one of their beautiful country's main products.

And if every available acre of the Okanagan were planted out to stakes of the choicest varieties that market could take the product and call for more, much more. Where the Okanagan gets ahead of say Vancouver Island, in its apple product is the excellent quality of the fruit. Our Island apple may not be "in it" with the Okanagan big red, but the Okanagan is "not in it" with Vancouver Island for prunes, or, in fact any of the plum family.

If the Okanagan may be described as "the Land of the Big Red Apple," Vancouver Island may as justly be described as the "Land of the Big Red Strawberry," and also of the big purple prune. For those fruits as produced in the Island orchards are not only of the highest quality, but they are also of the highest quality, and have those berries, declare are without rivals on the American continent.

But the Ashley is only one of the Many Fine Strawberries.

grown around Victoria; there are others which merit the highest commendation and which would rank with the first in any horticultural exhibition in the world. Now, one gratifying point about the Island strawberries is that they are not only the best in the Northwest, but they stand the transportation to the Northwest markets perfectly, and there command special prices.

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To one who has looked into the agricultural and horticultural possibilities of this province it seems that there has been altogether too much talk about the mining resources of British Columbia and not nearly enough about its fruit growing and grain growing capabilities. One late John Robson, the Hon. Mr. Turner, now agent-general in London, made the agricultural resources of British Columbia and their proper development hobbies which they cherished in the hope that some day a great deal more public attention and interest would be turned to them than has been the case. That day seems now to be close at hand. The development of Vancouver Island as a fruit growing region should engage the most earnest attention of legislators, capitalists, and of private citizens.

As for the occupation itself, one can hardly imagine one's lines falling in peasant places than to be the owner of a nice little prune or strawberry

Orchard Near Victoria, blessed with the finest climate in the western hemisphere, growing for a market unlimited, surrounded by the most scenery on the globe, within a few minutes' travel of a city which is in instant touch with the world's daily life, and complete with all the conveniences and conveniences of civilized life. It is this ideal that is in the minds of many men of capital now, and Victorians will soon see them coming in from all quarters quietly settling up the suburban fields and laying out their more or less extensive domains.

Victoria will yet be known as the strawberry and prune centre of the Canadian West.

DEFENCES OF INDIA.

Obsolete and Ineffective. According to Lord Kitchener—Flight With Russia Inevitable.

London, June 22.—General Lord Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India, seems to regard as inevitable a great struggle with Russia for the possession of India and to believe that the existing arrangements for the defence of the Indian empire are obsolete and ineffective. These views form the striking and central point of interest in a bulky blue book issued to-night dealing with the recent conflict of opinion between Victor Curzon, the Indian council, and Lord Kitchener, which the government has just settled by a compromise, giving the latter extended powers in the direction he desired.

Lord Kitchener speaks plainly in denouncing the faulty system prevailing in India, which, he points out, has not changed since the Indian empire was first formed, and which was framed to meet peace requirements instead of the possibility of a great war. He described the system as one that is antiquated, and which has as well as great expenditure with poor results.

Continuing, he says: "Slowly but surely the deserts of central Asia, once believed to be an impenetrable barrier, have been crossed by a great European power. They are now spanned by railways which have only one possible significance, and we have a Russian invasion that our northern neighbors are pushing forward their preparations for a contest on which we have to fight for our existence."

In conclusion, Lord Kitchener instances Japan as having shown what is possible by thoroughly modern methods in army administration, while the disastrous consequences in Russia give the other side of the picture. He urges that there is danger in hesitating to break the chains of custom and intolerance of admitted defects.

HELP ONE ANOTHER

AN INTERESTING CHAT WITH REV. R. HATCHETT.

He Asserts People Should Speak Plainly When Their Words Will Benefit Others.

(From the Recorder, Brockville, Ont.)

Rev. R. Hatchett, general agent of the African Methodist church in Canada, spent several days in Brockville recently in the interest of the church work. Talking with a reporter he said he always liked to visit Brockville, because he found so many of its citizens in hearty sympathy with the church work he represents. "And besides," said Mr. Hatchett, "I have what may be called a sentimental reason for liking Brockville. It is the home of a medicine that has done me much good and has done much good to other members of my family. I refer to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. "Would you mind," asked the reporter, "giving your experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills?" "Not at all," said Mr. Hatchett, "I always say a good word for this medicine whenever the opportunity offers. I know some people object to speaking in public about medicines they use, but I think this is a narrow view to take. When one finds something really good and really helpful in relieving human misery, it seems to me it is a duty we owe other sufferers to put them in the way of obtaining new health. You can say from me therefore that I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a very superior medicine—I know of no other so good. My work, as you may judge, is by no means light. I have to travel a great deal in the interest of our church work, and it is no wonder that often I find myself much run down, and afflicted almost with a general prostration. It is on occasions of this kind that I resort to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I never fail me. The pills have also been used in my family, and among my friends, and the results have always been satisfactory. You may justly say from me that I think those who are afflicted with any of the ills for which this medicine is recommended will make no mistake in giving Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial."

The Rev. Mr. Hatchett's home is in Hamilton, Ont., where he is known to most of the citizens and greatly esteemed by those who know him.

Mrs. W. J. Robinson, of Philadelphia, and her little daughter, are at the Detroit, Mr. Robinson, of the British American Trading Company, operating at Arlin, Pa., has just completed here a few extra canisters of

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V HOTEL.

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THE HOLIDAYS ARE IN FULL SWING

YOUNGSTERS NOW FREE FOR A GOOD PERIOD

List of Those Who Were Promoted and Captured Awards of Honor - Closing Exercises.

The school holidays are now in full swing, the pupils, with the exception of those of the High School, being dismissed last Friday. In most of the schools appropriate exercises were held, and were attended by a large number of parents and friends.

BOYS' CENTRAL SCHOOL.

The exercises of the Boys' Central school were conducted in Pemberton gymnasium in the morning. Among those present were Chairman Boggs, of the school board; Trustee Mrs. Jenkins, Rev. G. K. B. Adams and Rev. W. Baugh Allen, who gave brief addresses. The following is the honor list:

Division I.—Proficiency, Ernest Walter, department, Reginald Parbery; regularity and punctuality, John G. MacLachlan, Robert Burns, Leonard Pusey, Kenneth Dalby.

Division II.—Proficiency, William E. Gregson; department, Raymond Watson; punctuality and regularity, Vincent Hodgson, Gilbert Milroy, Lester Davies, Clyde McDonald, Victor Gunnason, Allan Booth, Prosser Hamilton.

Division III.—Proficiency, Charles F. Schilling; department, Byron Johnson; punctuality and regularity, Albert Mulrow, Stirling Preston Hanna, Robert Alexander Milne, Evan McMillan, Harry Robinson, Kenneth M. Rayburn, Fred Wm. Schneider, Edwin Rostein, Cecil John Clayton, Harold Lane Campbell, Gordon Leslie Agnew.

Division IV.—Teacher, E. Campbell; department, Malcolm George Walker; proficiency, George Edward Norris; punctuality and regularity, Ian Cameron, John Cochran, Thomas Pascoe, Virgil Westcott, William Cox, Thomas Brewster, Guy Cavin, Owen.

Division V.—Teacher, P. G. C. Wood; proficiency, K. Earsman; department, P. Wales; regularity and punctuality, J. Lang, L. Hawk, G. James, M. Crawford and B. Martin.

Division VI.—Teacher, F. Bullen; proficiency, Reginald Adams and George Marwick; department, John Bray; punctuality and regularity, Leslie Davies, Reginald Adams, Harold Kerr, Henry Mittelstadt, Geo. Smith.

Division VII.—Teacher, Miss Lovell; department, Malcolm George Walker; proficiency, Herbert Cecil Alexander, Edward William Baynton, Cyril George Harrison, Ray Bruce McCallum, Archibald McDonald, Arthur Ernest Mason, Ralph Carter, Rogers, Raymond, Frederick Rowan, Harold Stanley Lawrence; proficiency, Henry Newton Wootton; department, Albert George Griffin.

Division VIII.—Teacher, Miss S. M. F. Barron; proficiency, Henry Carl Hansen; punctuality and regularity, Wilfred Charles Rogers, William Rowley; department, Harry McKenzie Clark.

Division IX.—Teacher, Miss Sylvester; proficiency, Thomas Greig; department, Robert Hamilton; regularity and punctuality, Roy McGregor, Henry Walton, Chas. Meade, Willie Billard, Arthur Cox, Claude Meade, James Edie, Alister Redgrave.

Division X.—Teacher, Mrs. M. A. Nason; proficiency, Bonnie Neal; department, Robert Margretts; punctuality and regularity, Utley Terry, John Fair, Robert Lemm, Charles O'Neill, Douglas Drury.

Following is the promotion list: From the Intermediate to the Senior Grade: Reginald Adams, George Murdoch, William McLeod, Stephen Johnson, Edward Alton, Claude Emery, Leo Fat, James Goodwin, Errol Newman, George Smith, Roy Spencer, Vera Carter, Vernon Stevens, Alan Dunn, Hedley Matthews, Percy Salmon, John Bray, Valentine Crawford, Harry Dalziel, Leslie Davies, John Fredette, Harold Kerr, Leander Leman, Laura McGregor, Henry Mittelstadt, Charles Walton, Robert Matthews, Douglas Graham, Wilson Harrison, Ivan Sutherland.

From Junior to Intermediate: Carl Hansen, Harry Johnston, Ernest Hugst, John Greig, Merville Bragg, Darby Lane, Lee Yue, Lee Cart, Otaw Oanda, Frank Jones, Clarence Leo, Fred Dangerous, Duncan Zarechli, Elmore Caser, Howard Carter, George Pauline, Bertie Wilkerson, John Skene, Cecil Milroy, Hugh Milne, Willie Renfrew, Evan Hanbury, Frank Sommers, Leo Bing Ken, Wilfred Pollock, Wilfred Rogers, Victor Hartie, Charlie Milligan, Richard Cameron, Harry Clarke, Gilbert Blank, Gerald Stevens, Chas. Wah, Kirby Rowbottom, Robert Mason, Esmondie Yarwood, Charlie Berryman, Ernest Howell.

GIRLS' CENTRAL.

At the Girls' Central school the following was the programme: Opening Exercises—Lord's Prayer. Piano Solo..... Alice Briggs. Promotion List from Primer Class. Motion Song—From Church Class.

Promotion List from Senior Class. Class Song—Six O'Clock in the Day. Promotion List from II. Reader Class. Recitation—John Janikin's Sermon..... Sarah Moloney. Promotion List from Junior 3rd Reader. Piano Solo..... May Croft. Promotion List from Intermediate to Senior Grade. Class Song—Yarn of the Baltic..... Promotion List from Junior 2nd Reader. Piano Solo..... Norma Sears. Promotion List from Senior 2nd Reader. Class Song—The Golden Shore..... Promotion List to Entrance Class. Rolls of Honor Presented. Speeches. God Save the King.

The honor list is as follows: Division II.—General proficiency, Jennie Estelle Kelly; department, Florie

Parfitt; regularity, Cecilia Mary Helmen.

Division III.—Proficiency, Marie Evelyn Bailey; department, Clara Hick; punctuality and regularity, Irene Booth Carter, Agnes Minnie Fullerton, Alice Maude Keefe, Nina Evelyn LeClerc, Annie Louise Mittelstadt, Anna Sarah Meston, Nellie Russell, Rhoda Huberta Sherwood, Maude Evelyn Townsley.

Division IV.—Proficiency, Irene Aird; department, Florence Pike; regularity and punctuality, Florence Baker, Hilda Dunn, Annie Florence, Kathleen Jones, Elizabeth Malcolm, Annie McGregor, Dulcibella Boyd.

Division V.—General proficiency, Edith Bulley; department, Edgar Johns, regularity and punctuality, Matilda Grant, Madeline Davies, Ruby Thomas, Jessie Webster, Evelyn Floyd, Althea Elver, Marjorie Freeman, Gertrude Yarwood, Jolese Ure.

Division VI.—Department, M. Elsie Taylor; proficiency, Lulla R. Gregg; punctuality and regularity, Emma Wille, Margaret Redford, Hourista Neelands, Edith Millett, Myrtle Lose; Jessie King, Edith Harte, Anna Stephenson.

Division VII.—Department, Mildred Charow; proficiency, Irene Mason; punctuality, Elvira MacMartin, Laura Hooper, Maud Brady, Bosie Neal, Janet Mackie, Marie Blair.

Division VIII.—Proficiency, Marion Bell Hastie; department, Pearl Matthews; regularity and punctuality, Myrtle Wilhelmina Owen, Alice Whitwell, Thace Perry, Winifred Salloway, Teresa Robinson, Marton Grace Poedde, Florence Gladys Millett, Augusta Amelia Mittelstadt.

Division IX.—Proficiency, Joyce Helen Mowat; department, Blanche Evelyn Cavin; regularity, Mary Hazel McInnes, Annie Victoria Duncan, Maude Marion McDonald.

Division X.—Proficiency, Estella Elizabeth Jones; department, Agnes Isabel Carlow; regularity and punctuality, Olive Florence Tubman, Caroline Emma Townsden, Maude Alice Alexander, Helen Bradbury Jones, Alma Marquerite Burns.

Following is the list of promotions: To the entrance class—Jennie Kelly, Daisy Barton, May Croft, Florence Peckard, Grace Anderson, Cecilia Hutchken, Florence Parfitt, Dorothy Whitely, Marjorie Davies, Alice Briggs, Ella Vere, Freda Walker, Bessie Wills, Marcella Jesler, Ada Schapan, Hazel McKittrick, Mona Rich, Katie Nutt, Katie Brown, Myrtle Winn, Elizabeth Perdue, Daisy Macdonald, Vida Brown, Genevieve Harriell, Bertie Andenach, Breville Grace, Mildred Sarason, Annie Mason, Ethel Luscombe, Violet King, Olive Sherwood, Jennie Lang, Louise Lemm.

From Intermediate to Senior.—Lillian Gregg, Myrtle Loeie, Emma Wille, Florence Wilkerson, Cordelia Rannels, Edith Millett, Beryl Moss, Margaret Stewart, Alma Stephenson, Ruth Gordon, Nora Gray, Henrietta Neelands, Daisy Bryant, Georgia King, Edith Nerton, Elizabeth McKay, Della Fair, Eva Moss, Maude Nason, Mary Selman, Emilie Gunnason, Alina Levy, Agnes Hansen, Victoria McGill, Mabel Woods, Edith Perry, Edna Milne, Edith Harte, Alice White, Gertrude Jay, Margaret Renfrew, Edith Percival, Mary Neal.

From Junior to Intermediate.—Olive May Aird, Jennie Althousen, Agnes Evelyn Andenach, Doris Bagshawe, Isabel Bailey, Beatrice Barnswell, Myrtle Bryce, Lizzie Burns, Blanche Evelyn Cavin, Maudie Croft, Both Cochrane, Elsie Creech, Emma Doncett, Ida May Dow, Jessie Mary Duncan, Thelma Gowen, Lillian Mary Gravin, Molliea Fear, Margaret King, Agnes McCann, Martha McDonald, Mary Hazel McInnes, Florence Marie McNeill, Joyce Helen Mowat, Irene Murray, Annie Jane Nobbs, Evelyn Pines, Victoria Robinson, Grace Salmon, Olive Salmon, Gertrude Smith, Lillian Welch, Bernice Wood.

NORTH WARD SCHOOL.

Enjoyable exercises were held at North Ward school and were largely attended. A feature of the occasion was the splendid exhibition of manual training work which is to be sent to the Dominion fair at New Westminster. On Friday evening a very successful concert was given in the school in aid of the library fund.

The honor rolls are as follows: Division I.—Principal Tait: Honor rolls will be presented with High School certificates next term.

Division II.—Teacher, Miss Dowling; proficiency, Verma Cecil Humber; department, Henry Cousins; perfect attendance, Stanley Stewart and Zilla Motion Song—The Dearest Doll..... Laura Ellis. Motion Song—Naming the Fingers..... Mary Balcom.

Division III.—Teacher, Mr. King; proficiency, Gwendolyn Norah Hulings; department, Gladys May Ledingham; piano, attendance, Elma Gilchrist, Lansdowne Palmer, James Watson, Verne Abelson, George Wille.

Division IV.—Teacher, Mr. Gray; proficiency, Edith Rossina Cox; department, Edna Deane, John attendance, Isabel Clark, Lillian Sarah Curtis, Hazel Alice Ruth Morrison, Albert Edward Simpson, William Gerald Watson.

Division V.—Teacher, Miss Murtton; proficiency, Leslie Lane; department, Isala Adams; attendance, Reta Etherington, Herbert Jones, Ephraim Jeeves, Edna McCarter, Frank Palmer, Arthur Taylor.

Division VI.—Teacher, Miss Pope; proficiency, Roy Ledingham; department, Ernest Davison; attendance, Reginald Palmer, Bessie Lewis, Eva, Winifred Louisa Procter, Charles Mackenzie, Rhoda Belle Mackenzie, Dillie Mackenzie, Irma Evelyn Blackett, Eva Davison, Leslie Lane, Isa Adams, Reta Etherington, Herbert Jones, Ephraim Jeeves, Edna McCarter, Frank Palmer, Arthur Taylor.

Division VII.—Teacher, Miss Quigley; proficiency, Marion Pearl Kinnaird; department, Francis Isabel Johnson; attendance, Ola Maud Gilchrist, Gertrude Dalley.

Division VIII.—Proficiency, William Arthur Hicks; department, Ethel Charlotte Gillingham; attendance, Gladys Clara Hunter, Horace Edward Curtis, Edith May Jones, Emma Louise Gunnason, Irma Evelyn Blackett, Eva Davison, Leslie Lane, Isa Adams, Reta Etherington, Herbert Jones, Ephraim Jeeves, Edna McCarter, Frank Palmer, Arthur Taylor.

Division IX.—Teacher, Miss Redfern; proficiency, Edith Webb; department, Edith Olive Vere; attendance, Mona Evelyn Grant, Jean Mackenzie, Gertrude Eleanor Smeethurst.

The following were promoted from intermediate to senior grade (Miss Murtton): Iola Adams, Willie Brickell, James Billingsley, Henry Curtis, Reta Etherington, Addie Gibson, Mildred Garham, Blanche Hampton, Edward

Ragged clothes quickly—that's what common soaps with "premiums" cost; but

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar

Mr. Herbert Jones, May Jennings, Leslie Lane, Myrtle Ledingham, Edna McCarter, Clifford Noble, Reay Meldrum, Raymond Morrell, Tommie Morrell, Frank Palmer, Hunter Plows, Harry Yates, Thomas Watson.

(Miss Pope's room): Roy Ledingham, Emalee Yeo, Emma Gunnason, Irma Blackett, Carrie Sanderson, Roy Laura Carter, Friele Ellsworth, James Cummins, Winnie Procter, Ethel Jones.

SOUTH PARK SCHOOL.

In accordance with the custom of holding the exercises at the commencement of the term, the closing South Park school was marked by no formality. The list of honor rolls was:

Division I.—Proficiency, Gladys Evelyn Spencer; department, John Crombie Fullerton; regularity, Frank Gosse, Louise Agnes Murray, Flora Noble.

Division II.—Proficiency, Shirley Duncan; department, Cyril Lee, Irving; regularity, James Fairfull, Marguerite Juanita Reynolds; Frances Foster, Clara Jane Nicholles, Henry Hunter, Thomas Short, Robert Demina Travis.

Division III.—Proficiency, Max Clarke; regularity, Dorothy Woodward; regularity, Jos. Wm. Casey, Ethel May Cassey, David Edson Fairfull, Raymond Munroe Myers, Gertrude Whitney Sutton, Katie Meade Jackson, Walter Sabiston, Lacie.

Division IV.—Proficiency, Violet Victoria Mosher; department, Ida Bateman; regularity, Thos. Jas. Henderson, Emily Marie Hall.

Division V.—Proficiency, Elsie Jean Calder; department, Margaret Creighton Jones; regularity, Frank Herman Muller.

Division VII.—Proficiency, Lorna Kathleen Dumbleton; department, John Wm. Grundison; regularity, Elsie Clara Dumbleton, Douglas Travis, Chas. Clifford Manson, Martha Elizabeth Wright, Davina Martha Givens, Ely. Reuben Gasse.

Division VIII.—Proficiency, George Douglas Tripp; department, Albert Dallas Rudge; regularity, Violet Annie Watson, Maudie Eugenie Brown, Freda Mary Watt, Edgar McBraine Smith.

The promotions were: From intermediate grade—Elsie Jean Calder, Lucretia Maude Flett, Beatrice Faith Heyland, Florence Mildred Flett, Cassie Phillips Scott, Margaret Creighton Innes, Frank Albert Wood, Freda Davina Martha Givens, Ely. Reuben Gasse.

Division IX.—Proficiency, George Douglas Tripp; department, Albert Dallas Rudge; regularity, Violet Annie Watson, Maudie Eugenie Brown, Freda Mary Watt, Edgar McBraine Smith.

From intermediate grade—Elsie Jean Calder, Lucretia Maude Flett, Beatrice Faith Heyland, Florence Mildred Flett, Cassie Phillips Scott, Margaret Creighton Innes, Frank Albert Wood, Freda Davina Martha Givens, Ely. Reuben Gasse.

Division X.—Teacher, Mrs. M. A. Nason; proficiency, Bonnie Neal; department, Robert Margretts; punctuality and regularity, Utley Terry, John Fair, Robert Lemm, Charles O'Neill, Douglas Drury.

Following is the promotion list: From the Intermediate to the Senior Grade: Reginald Adams, George Murdoch, William McLeod, Stephen Johnson, Edward Alton, Claude Emery, Leo Fat, James Goodwin, Errol Newman, George Smith, Roy Spencer, Vera Carter, Vernon Stevens, Alan Dunn, Hedley Matthews, Percy Salmon, John Bray, Valentine Crawford, Harry Dalziel, Leslie Davies, John Fredette, Harold Kerr, Leander Leman, Laura McGregor, Henry Mittelstadt, Charles Walton, Robert Matthews, Douglas Graham, Wilson Harrison, Ivan Sutherland.

From Junior to Intermediate: Carl Hansen, Harry Johnston, Ernest Hugst, John Greig, Merville Bragg, Darby Lane, Lee Yue, Lee Cart, Otaw Oanda, Frank Jones, Clarence Leo, Fred Dangerous, Duncan Zarechli, Elmore Caser, Howard Carter, George Pauline, Bertie Wilkerson, John Skene, Cecil Milroy, Hugh Milne, Willie Renfrew, Evan Hanbury, Frank Sommers, Leo Bing Ken, Wilfred Pollock, Wilfred Rogers, Victor Hartie, Charlie Milligan, Richard Cameron, Harry Clarke, Gilbert Blank, Gerald Stevens, Chas. Wah, Kirby Rowbottom, Robert Mason, Esmondie Yarwood, Charlie Berryman, Ernest Howell.

SPRING RIDGE.

At Spring Ridge an excellent programme was rendered. The room was filled to its utmost capacity by teachers and friends, and addresses were given by Superintendent Eaton and Rev. Mr. Ard. The programme was:

Song—The Flag We Love..... School Motion Song—The Bridge..... Leslie Ure. Song—Recess..... School Recitation—The Dearest Doll..... Laura Ellis. Motion Song—Naming the Fingers..... Mary Balcom.

Division II.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division III.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division IV.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

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Division IX.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Moar; regularity and punctuality, Dorothy Percy, Cassie Keefe; department, Henry Cross.

Division II.—Proficiency, Horace Plimley; department, Laura Ellis; regularity and punctuality, Ethel Davies, Violet John Ritchie, Elmer Tubman, Leslie Ure, Bertram Drysdale.

Intermediate Grade.—Proficiency, Winifred Ethel Simpson; department, Catharine Anne Wallace; punctuality and regularity, Amelia Christina Amoreen; Harry Brown, James Teague Brown, Alice Drysdale, Myrtle Connors, Charlette Francis Foot, Gilbert Parfitt, Clarence McCandless Jones, Douglas Windsor, Dora May Nixon, Charles William Reid, Norman Stanley Sailer.

The promotion list follows: Winifred Ethel Simpson, Leonard Augustine Lucas, Henry John Wagg, Gilbert Parfitt, Amelia Christina Amoreen, Douglas Windsor, Myrtle Connors, Catharine Anne Wallace, punctuality and regularity, Amelia Christina Amoreen; Harry Brown, James Teague Brown, Alice Drysdale, Myrtle Connors, Charlette Francis Foot, John Malcolm, Ethel Kelly, Harry Thomas Weber, John Jones, Daisy Thomson, Stanley Norman Sailer.

Diplomas: Winifred Ethel Simpson, Alice Drysdale, Amelia Christina Amoreen, Leonard Augustine Lucas, James Douglas Windsor, Myrtle Connors, John Wagg, Douglas Windsor, Myrtle Connors, Harry Thomas Weber, John Jones, Daisy Thomson, Stanley Norman Sailer.

Second to Third Reader: Horace Plimley, Laura Ellis, Orna Townsend, Elizabeth Barton, Herbert Charlton, Arthur Coates, Basil Whitfield, Leslie Ure, Laura Lidston, Mildred Richards, Douglas Adam, Elmer Tubman, Alice Drysdale, James Teague Brown, Charlotte Francis Foot, John Malcolm, Ethel Kelly, Harry Thomas Weber, John Jones, Daisy Thomson, Stanley Norman Sailer.

From First to Second Reader: Mabel Dempsey, Olga Bossi, Isabel Morry, Hazel Engel and John Ritchie, equal; Hazel Engle, Violet Davies and Gertrude Lucas, equal; Elizabeth Hansen, Hazel Wood, Herman Serge, Charles Albert Wagg, George Ritchie.

From Second Reader to First Reader: Rene Moore, Emma Serge, Hazel Sulder, Harry Crowther, Maud Amoreen, Grace Adam, Minnie Brown, Dorothy Gray, Winnie Sherwood, Ernest Gundy, George Savoy, Kenneth Murray, Frank Parsons, Walter Kelly, Dorothy Resey, Rob Roy McGregor.

From First to Second Reader: Mabel Dempsey, Olga Bossi, Isabel Morry, Hazel Engel and John Ritchie, equal; Hazel Engle, Violet Davies and Gertrude Lucas, equal; Elizabeth Hansen, Hazel Wood, Herman Serge, Charles Albert Wagg, George Ritchie.

From Second Reader to First Reader: Rene Moore, Emma Serge, Hazel Sulder, Harry Crowther, Maud Amoreen, Grace Adam, Minnie Brown, Dorothy Gray, Winnie Sherwood, Ernest Gundy, George Savoy, Kenneth Murray, Frank Parsons, Walter Kelly, Dorothy Resey, Rob Roy McGregor.

From First to Second Reader: Mabel Dempsey, Olga Bossi, Isabel Morry, Hazel Engel and John Ritchie, equal; Hazel Engle, Violet Davies and Gertrude Lucas, equal; Elizabeth Hansen, Hazel Wood, Herman Serge, Charles Albert Wagg, George Ritchie.

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CONCLUSION OF THE ANNUAL SUMMER CAMP

The Fifth Regiment Marched From Macanlay Plains Friday Evening—A Strong Parade.

The Fifth Regiment summer camp, which has been in progress during the past ten days at Macanlay Plains, concluded, Friday evening, the militia "roll in" about 6 o'clock and paraded through the principal streets of the city, two hundred and sixty-eight strong, to the drill hall. Both the regimental and bugle bands accompanied the corps, rendering a well selected program in splendid style, marching in perfect time and with the steadiness of veterans. It is not very often that the Fifth Regiment chooses such a formation, one of the most difficult to carry through creditably, and the favorable comments that fell from those that thronged each side of the street must have been gratifying to those who have exhausted so much energy in the endeavor to bring the volunteer corps to its present high state of efficiency.

The last night at camp was entirely devoted to target practice with the six-inch guns of Fort Macanlay. On this occasion the Morris tube equipments were dispensed with and the regulation size shells utilized. The range was longer, and consequently the target offered a smaller mark than had previously been the case. Although the light was poor, the record of every team was excellent, the firing being quicker than usual and the percentage of hits as good, if not better, than in past years.

While this was in progress the companies not engaged were busy striking tents. As each company finished shooting it marched back to camp and members set to work preparing for the homeward march. They did so with every evidence of willingness, and before the firing was completed the area formerly dotted with white military tents looked very bare. Some time was allowed the men to gather together their belongings and don their uniforms for parade. Then the assembly sounded and the march commenced. On the road to town the band played several selections, which were interspersed by the notes of the bugle band. As already stated, the march along Government street was one of the best in the history of the corps.

Arriving at the drill hall, about 8 o'clock, the band once again having given the most enjoyable march since he joined the regiment. The camp had been most successful from every standpoint. Concluding his remarks on Monday morning, he asked for a full parade on Monday afternoon, as it would be impossible to cope with the Vancouver militia without a considerable force. The assembly, he said, would take place at 8:00 o'clock at the drill hall, when further instructions would be issued.

The regiment was then dismissed.

ROCK BAY

Closing exercises were conducted at Rock Bay school on Friday morning, there being a large attendance of parents and friends. The appended excellent programme was rendered by the children:

Song—Dear Robin..... School Recitation..... Percy Morry. School Recitation..... Victor Jones. School Song—Boat Song..... School Recitation..... Archie Hughes. School Recitation—The Farmer..... By 4 Boys. Song—The Watchful Star..... By Little Boys and Girls. School Recitation..... The Indian Dialects. School Recitation..... Maud Humber. School Recitation..... Mattilda Crowther. School Recitation..... Roy Baker. School Recitation..... Echo. School Recitation..... Victoria Price. School Recitation—Mother Nature..... By 6 Girls. School Recitation—Welcome to the Birds..... School Recitation..... Addie Mcgregor. School Recitation—The Daisies..... By 7 Girls. School Recitation—Helping Mamma..... By Willie Balcom. School Recitation—The Flowers..... Addie Mcgregor. School Recitation—Vacation..... Boys and Girls. School Recitation—Where the Sugar Maple Grows..... School March—Twenty Frogs Went to School.

Rolls of honor were presented as follows: Division I.—General proficiency, Freda Hempel; regularity and punctuality, George Beaton, Nellie Wheeler, Willie Balcom.

Division II.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division III.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division IV.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

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Division XI.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XII.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XIII.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XIV.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XV.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XVI.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XVII.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XVIII.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XIX.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XX.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Division XXI.—Department, Willie Stubbie; general proficiency, Addie McGregor; regularity and punctuality, Raymond Balcom.

Good Complexion

When Pimples and Blistches Disfigure the Skin

It means bad blood, bad digestion or constipation. First two are the result of the last. FRUIT-A-LIVES cure all three. When the bowels don't move regularly, poisonous matter remains in the intestines. Instead of the blood taking up wholesome nourishment to build up the system, it absorbs part of this poisonous matter which causes pimples and blotches on the skin.

Gases are formed by this matter, which get into the stomach, upset digestion, cost the tongue, and faint the breath. Fruit-a-lives purify the blood—correct digestion—and clear the complexion—because they cure constipation.

"I am on my second box of Fruit-a-lives now, and can honestly say they are the best medicine for Constipation and Stomach Trouble I ever used."

MRS. F. CODY, OTTAWA, ONT.

COMPETITION FOR THE PRIOR TROPHY COMPANIES 3 AND 5 LEAD IN THE MATCH

Fifth Regiment Makes an Amusing Protest Against Poor Catering—Disturbances During Night.

(From Friday's Daily.) This year's regimental camp is finishing with an éclat that has not marked any previous outing of the local militia. There was an exceptionally large turnout last evening to attend a meeting to discuss the announcement that the moving target shooting with the six-inch ordnance and Morris tubes would take place at the fort. This was to determine which company will hold the Prior cup for the ensuing year. Each team fired a five-minute service, and, according to the commanding officer, all made very good records, displaying accuracy and accuracy and considerable rapidity. As far as can be learned, companies 3 and 5 stand the best chance of being awarded the coveted trophy, although the points have not yet been counted. The result is not expected to be made public until after mobilization on next Monday.

While Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6 were engaged in firing practice, Nos. 1 and 2 were busy with the 13-pounders. As a result of this drill, which has taken place almost every evening since the inauguration of camp, the two companies show wonderful adeptness in handling these heavy and rather cumbersome guns. They may be expected to do some good shooting on Saturday afternoon when the first practice under service conditions is to take place. The 13-pounders, also, should perform an important part in the sham battle to be held on Monday—mobilization day—between the Fifth and Sixth Regiments.

Shortly after the corps was dismissed last evening Lt. Col. H. McCall, in company with a number of visiting regimental officers were disturbed in the midst of a serious discussion on the intricacies of military tactics by the sound of bugles in camp. It wasn't long for any of the regular calls the commanding officer became considerably perturbed, and, accompanied by a number of officers, proceeded to investigate the cause of the noise which was soon apparent. Very non-commissioned officers and men of the corps had taken advantage of the closing day of the camp when discipline should be held on black, to give expression to their disapproval of the manner in which the caterer has fulfilled the contract awarded him by the commanding officer. They had formed a mock funeral and with reversed arms and muffled drums were proceeding to a spot in the neighborhood of the officers' quarters. The march was in proper obituary three or four dozen highly scented eggs and one or two bottles of "had" pickles. These delicacies had been served to members of the regimental mess a few hours previous, and it was on their initiative that this committal, but no less effective, means was taken of registering their disgust.

After a procession through the camp in the following order: Sgt. Major McDougall, with dark lantern (acting undertaker); a firing party consisting of three sergeants with reversed arms; Bugle band with muffled drums. Deceased in a wheelbarrow, propelled by Quartermaster-Serg. Wimsy. Acting chaplain, Corporal Major, attended in appropriate garments of white. Chief mourners, consisting of almost the whole regiment. In this order the cortege moved slowly through the camp up one line and down another to the mournful notes of the Lead March, rendered by the bugle band. The funeral took place from the sergeant's mess, where the deceased eggs and pickles lay in state and were viewed by those with enough self-control to approach sufficiently close. The interment took place with full military honors, the aforementioned articles reposing in a wheelbarrow and over which was folded the Union Jack. At intervals the firing party fired salutes, and after the usual volley by the firing party the bugle band, instead of sounding "the last post," rendered "The March to the Cross." This brought a very cheerful burlesque to close and, at the same time, gave the caterer a practical demonstration of how much his services as chef are appreciated.

This, however, did not conclude the excitement. Hardly had the quietness of slumber descended upon the camp before some mischievous spirits commenced firing blank ammunition from the forest next the tents. Some rose for the purpose of repelling the night attack, but the majority refused to be tempted to leave the blankets. Shortly after the noise had died down the roar of the 13-pounders, following one after the other, rang out and disturbed every one in camp, with perhaps one exception, namely, Lt. Col. Hall. That officer asserts that he did not leave the tent after retiring.

Camp Closes To-night. After a six gun practice this evening the Fifth Regiment will strike tents and march to the drill hall, headed by the band. In order that there may be more time available for target shooting it has been decided to serve dinner at 5.30 o'clock. Those who are unable to reach camp at that time will take their meals immediately after drill. It is expected that the militia will reach the city about 8.30 o'clock.

The Mobilization. All members of the Fifth Regiment are active in the mobilization to take place on Monday. All who can possibly do so must fall in at the drill hall at 8.30 o'clock. As already mentioned, a sham battle will take place between the militia corps of Victoria and Vancouver somewhere in the neighborhood of Cedar Hill.

WINE TROUBLE IN THE BOUNDARY SUPERINTENDENT AND MINERS ARRESTED

They Are Accused of Trespass—Charge Arises Out of Fight for the Providence.

(Special to the Times.) Greenwood, June 23.—Three or four weeks ago four of the Chicago directors of the Providence Mining Company came here and held a meeting to discuss mine development. It was decided to install a compressor and sell two thousand shares for that purpose. Shortly after they left the local directors held a meeting, ousted Secretary Hunter and elected W. M. Law. They engaged a new superintendent, who was refused admittance to the mine yesterday by Dermody, the old superintendent, who was discharged by the local directors. Dermody and several miners were arrested by him for trespass last night, and are now in jail awaiting the preliminary hearing.

The fight is very bitter, as the mine is exceedingly valuable. The ore at the 400-foot level is two feet wide, and worth \$300 per ton. The Supreme court at Victoria will hear the case, the result of which may bring the control either way. It is believed that the Chicago directors will bring an injunction last fall preventing certain stock from voting. This injunction the local men now seek to set aside, releasing the stock and giving the Chicago directors a free hand in the mine. The Chicago directors are offering to buy them out at \$6 per share, or sell out to them at that figure. This was refused, although the par value of the stock is only \$5.

Excitement at Goldstream. Serious Case of Assault and Battery—A Four-Footed Desperado. In the interests of law and order the Times feels itself duty bound to sound a solemn note of warning to the law-abiding citizen which seems to reign over the citizens of the Goldstream hotel. The attention of the provincial police has not yet been officially drawn to its indiscretions, but sooner or later when discipline is allowed to become slack, to give expression to their disapproval of the manner in which the caterer has fulfilled the contract awarded him by the commanding officer. They had formed a mock funeral and with reversed arms and muffled drums were proceeding to a spot in the neighborhood of the officers' quarters. The march was in proper obituary three or four dozen highly scented eggs and one or two bottles of "had" pickles. These delicacies had been served to members of the regimental mess a few hours previous, and it was on their initiative that this committal, but no less effective, means was taken of registering their disgust.

WARMLY RECEIVED. Emperor Francis Joseph Took Part in the Annual Corpus Christi Procession in Vienna. Vienna, June 22.—Amid accompaniment of medieval pomp and circumstance the aged Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary, and Bohemia, etc., Francis Joseph, took part in the yearly Corpus Christi procession in Vienna today. His Majesty was greeted enthusiastically by his people, but it was the universal dictum of the Viennese that their Emperor had aged greatly since they last saw him participate in this ceremony two years ago, and the appearance of His Majesty suggested that this may be the last time the venerable monarch will appear as a participant in this festival of the Catholic church.

The procession started from the Hofburg, proceeded to the Cathedral of the Staffansplatz, where the religious ceremonies were held, and then returned to the Hofburg.

The procession came to an end with the receding of His Majesty's troops which had taken part therein.

ANOTHER WAY OUT OF DIFFICULTY REGARDING SEWERING OF SPRING RIDGE

By-law Will Be Submitted Authorizing Borrowing of a Large Sum for the Purpose.

Two matters of unusual importance came up at Thursday's meeting of the public works committee of the city council at the city hall. The first was the announcement that it would be impossible to continue with the original plan of sewerage Spring Ridge, and the decision, upon Mayor Barnard's suggestion, to submit a by-law providing for the borrowing of \$100,000 for the construction of another main. The long expected report on the local waterworks system was the second question. Other matters of minor interest were discussed.

City Engineer Topp asked whether the large trees on the north side of Yates street, opposite the Dominion hotel, should be removed. It was decided to have them destroyed immediately. Respecting the reconstruction of Rock Bay bridge, Mr. Topp wanted to know if it was the intention to do something at all, either end, as had been originally suggested. Some additional funds, on the other hand, were also recommended. In this connection also he recommended the use of parts of the old bridge in the construction of the new structure. The proposal was approved.

The question of hauling gravel for the James Bay flats came up for discussion. It was suggested that a portion of that required be procured from Ross Bay beach. Some objection to this on the ground that any excavations would undermine the bank. An objection was also made, pointing out that it had previously been agreed to refrain from obtaining sand from that locality. It was unfair to the property owners.

Excitement at Goldstream. Serious Case of Assault and Battery—A Four-Footed Desperado. In the interests of law and order the Times feels itself duty bound to sound a solemn note of warning to the law-abiding citizen which seems to reign over the citizens of the Goldstream hotel. The attention of the provincial police has not yet been officially drawn to its indiscretions, but sooner or later when discipline is allowed to become slack, to give expression to their disapproval of the manner in which the caterer has fulfilled the contract awarded him by the commanding officer. They had formed a mock funeral and with reversed arms and muffled drums were proceeding to a spot in the neighborhood of the officers' quarters. The march was in proper obituary three or four dozen highly scented eggs and one or two bottles of "had" pickles. These delicacies had been served to members of the regimental mess a few hours previous, and it was on their initiative that this committal, but no less effective, means was taken of registering their disgust.

WARMLY RECEIVED. Emperor Francis Joseph Took Part in the Annual Corpus Christi Procession in Vienna. Vienna, June 22.—Amid accompaniment of medieval pomp and circumstance the aged Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary, and Bohemia, etc., Francis Joseph, took part in the yearly Corpus Christi procession in Vienna today. His Majesty was greeted enthusiastically by his people, but it was the universal dictum of the Viennese that their Emperor had aged greatly since they last saw him participate in this ceremony two years ago, and the appearance of His Majesty suggested that this may be the last time the venerable monarch will appear as a participant in this festival of the Catholic church.

The procession started from the Hofburg, proceeded to the Cathedral of the Staffansplatz, where the religious ceremonies were held, and then returned to the Hofburg.

THE NEW OFFICIALS. Changes in the Local Staff of the C. P. R. Will Take Effect on July First.

As intimated some weeks ago in the Times certain important changes in the staff of the C. P. R. in this city were in contemplation. Thursday the arrangements were definitely concluded whereby George L. Courtney, traffic manager for six years of the E. & N. Railway, takes the place of Hamilton Abbott, traffic and passenger agent for the C. P. R. in Victoria, who goes to fill a similar position in Calgary, the busy and rapidly increasing metropolis of Alberta. The change will take place on July 1st.

Both Mr. Courtney and Mr. Abbott have been distinctly successful in their present positions, and it goes without saying that each has won for himself a large measure of popularity with the people of Victoria. Great regret is expressed at the approaching departure of Mr. Abbott, although all are pleased to know that he has obtained well-merited promotion. It is unquestionable that he will achieve in Calgary as high a standing amongst the business men as he has rightfully enjoyed here.

Mr. Courtney is merely returning to the service of the great company with which he was identified some years ago, and in whose offices he received the training which has stood him in such good stead. He will have charge of the freight and passenger business of the C. P. R. on Vancouver Island; it is a highly responsible position, but one which Mr. Courtney will fill with acceptance to all concerned.

A number of C. P. R. officials are now in Victoria preparatory to taking over the E. & N. railway for their company. These gentlemen are: E. G. Goodfellow, who will be superintendent of the Island division, under the general superintendent at Vancouver; H. E. Bessley, superintendent of the Victoria division; J. W. McMechanic, W. Newman, roadmaster; Thomas Stewart, bridge foreman, and W. F. Brongham, of the land department. Two gasoline motor cars have been brought over from Vancouver for the use of the officials in the inspection of the track.

F. CONGDON IN CITY. He Will Leave in a Short Time For Dawson—Opinion of Yukon. Fred Congdon, ex-commissioner of the Yukon, is in the city today. He has come here on business and will return to Dawson tomorrow. Mr. Congdon, who has been given the office of legal adviser to the Yukon council, will leave for Dawson very shortly.

Speaking of conditions in the North, Mr. Congdon says the Yukon, while it still offers many inducements to individual miners, is developing into a field for carrying on work by large corporations. There is abundant ground to be covered by steam dredges to give good results for years and years to come. The enterprise is a great one, and so far removed from the manufacturing centres of the world that the normal course of things is to induce large companies to invest. The water supply is an important feature in connection with the work, and millions will have to be spent on this branch alone.

AN OPEN SHOOT. Competitions to Take Place Under Auspices of the Club—A List of Prizes.

At Langford Plains on the 25th inst. a shoot will be held under the auspices of the Langford Club. The prizes offered in the different events are on exhibition in the window of W. H. Adams, Government street. They follow: Event No. 1: One ton coal, 1 hunting cat, car tickets, 1 vest, 1 sack flour, meat to the value of \$1.50, 2 ties, 1 knife, 1 dog collar and chain. Event No. 2: One bushel of potatoes, 1 pair chickens, 1 pipe, 1 pair spurs, 3 pounds tea, 1 box cigars. Event No. 3: One bushel of potatoes, 1 pair chickens, 1 pipe, 1 pair spurs, 3 pounds tea, 1 box cigars. Event No. 4: One bushel of potatoes, 1 pair chickens, 1 pipe, 1 pair spurs, 3 pounds tea, 1 box cigars.

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WALTER FORD, JOHN J. DOUGAN, ADVENTURERS ENGAGED TO RE-ENTER HUDSON'S BAY. Notice is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to enter the Dominion of Hudson's Bay, situated on the Coast District, Range 5, commencing at a stake at the northwest corner of Lot 101 marked W. D. McLeod, Jr., thence running west 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south to the line of Lot 102, thence east 40 chains along the northern boundary of Lot 102, thence north 100 chains to the point of commencement, containing 12 acres more or less.

CHINESE BOYCOTT. Liberal Contributions Towards Aiding Countrymen in Rejecting United States Goods. Chinese residents in Victoria, following the movement which has been undertaken to boycott United States goods, have decided to assist in every way possible. Funds subscribed by the Benevolent Society, by the merchants and by all classes among the Chinese population, even to the laborers, have been sent to San Francisco to be in turn sent to the port towns of China. This money will be used to reimburse those who may suffer loss by the refusal of the United States goods from steamers.

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THE Tye Copper Co., Ltd. Purchasers and Smelters of Copper, Gold and Silver Ores.

Smelting Works at LADYSMITH, VANCOUVER ISLAND, B. C. Convenient to E. & N. Ry. or the sea. CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, THOS. KIDDIE General Manager Smelter Manager.



SOME FRENCHMEN ARE ANXIOUS FOR FIGHT Intrigues in France Cause Concern in Germany—Moroccan Situation Remains Unsettled. (Associated Press.) Berlin, June 23.—The French note on the subject of the proposed Moroccan conference was handed to the foreign office this morning. Owing to its great length the note had to be sent by mail to Berlin instead of telegraph.

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