#### CANADA

## TREATY SERIES, 1943 No. 17

## EXCHANGE OF NOTES (April 10, 1943)

BETWEEN

CANADA

AND AND SHEL OF LOUR

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

REGARDING

THE POST-WAR USE BY UNITED STATES VEHICLES OF THE ROADS LEADING FROM THE BOUNDARY TO THE ALASKA HIGHWAY

In Force April 10, 1943



OTTAWA EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., B.A., L.Ph., KING'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY 1946

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PARTY OF PROPERTY AND

### EXCHANGE OF NOTES (APRIL 10, 1943) BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA RECORDING AN AGREEMENT REGARDING THE POST-WAR USE BY UNITED STATES VEHICLES OF THE CANADIAN ROADS LEADING FROM THE BOUNDARY TO THE ALASKA HIGHWAY.

I have needed your letter of April 10, on the enteriors as to whether (b) The United States Chargé d'Affaires ad interim to Canada to the Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs of Canada and planar of a

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My dear Mr. Robertson: The question has been raised in Washington as to whether the two phrases found in the American-Canadian exchange of notes of March 17-18, 1942, regarding the post-war use of the Alaska Highway, apply equally to the use of the existing Canadian highways which would have to be used in order to reach the southern terminus of the Alaska Highway from the United States.

You will recall that the notes provide that at the conclusion of the war "that part of the highway which lies in Canada shall become in all respects an integral part of the Canadian highway system, subject to the understanding that there shall at no time be imposed any discriminatory conditions in relation to the use of the road as between Canadian and United States civilian traffic."

Elsewhere the Canadian Government agreed "to waive import duties, transit or similar charges on shipments originating in the United States and to be transport. be transported over the highway to Alaska, or originating in Alaska and to be transported over the highway to the United States."

Although it was originally intended that most of the traffic over the Alaska Highway would be routed to Dawson Creek, British Columbia, by rail, it has, as you know, been found expedient to send certain vehicles and transport certain supplies by highway from the United States to Dawson Creek en route to Alaska. My Government feels that it is a natural inference from the language quoted above that United States vehicles should be allowed to use the roads leading from the boundary to the Alaska Highway under conditions similar to those governing the use of the Highway itself.

Sincerely yours,

LEWIS CLARK, Chargé d'Affaires ad interim.



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The Under Secretary of State for External Affairs to the United States Chargé d'Affaires ad interim

# DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

### Ottawa, April 10, 1943.

My dear Mr. Clark,

I have received your letter of April 10, on the question as to whether the two phrases found in the American-Canadian exchange of notes of March 17-18, 1942, regarding the post-war use of the Alaska Highway, apply equally to the use of the existing Canadian highways which would have to be used in order to reach the southern terminus of the Alaska Highway from the United States.

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Elsewhere in the exchange of notes the Canadian Government agrees "to waive import duties, transit or similar charges on shipments originating in the United States and to be transported over the highway to Alaska, or originating in Alaska and to be transported over the highway to the United States."

You have stated in your letter that although it was originally intended that most of the traffic over the Alaska Highway would be routed to Dawson Creek, British Columbia, by railway, it has been found expedient to send certain vehicles and transport certain supplies by highway from the United States to Dawson Creek en route to Alaska. My Government agrees that it is the natural inference from the language quoted above that United States vehicles should be allowed to use the roads leading from the boundary to the Alaska Highway under conditions and for purposes similar to those governing the use of the highway itself. (It may prove necessary, however, for administrative reasons, to designate certain specific roads to be used in this way. It would not be practicable, for example, that United States trucks should be able to enter Canada at any point and still receive bonding privileges on the assumption that they intend eventually to proceed along the Alaska Highway to United States territory.)

Yours sincerely,

N. A. ROBERTSON, Under Secretary of State for External Affairs.