

Fredericton Globe.

VOL. IV.

FREDERICTON, N. B. SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1893.

No 11

New Advertisements.

THE NEW UNDERTAKER.

GEO. W. ADAMS,

Funeral Director & Embalmer.

(Graduate U. S. College of Embalming.)

COFFINS and CASKETS.

The Best Assortment of Funeral furnishings in the City.



PRICES REASONABLE. Special Rates to Country Trade.

Repairing and Upholstering of Furniture, Mattresses &c. Promptly Attended to.

WAREROOMS, 155 QUEEN ST., OPP. PEOPLE'S BANK.

Telephone, Warerooms, 257. Telephone, Residence, [County Court House Squ.] 71-

GEORGE W. ADAMS,

UNDERTAKER.

Professional Cards. GEO. L. WILSON, Barrister, Notary Public, etc.

OFFICES:—Next door below Weddall's, Queen St., Fredericton, N. B.

C. E. DUFFY, Barrister-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES:—West Side of Carleton St., Second Door from Queen St. Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Best English American and Canadian Companies.

APPLY AT OFFICE OF JAS. T. SHARKEY, Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

JAS. T. SHARKEY, Barrister & Attorney, FREDERICTON, N. B.

Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

The Best Stock of MILLINERY

to be found in the city is at the Millinery Establishment

MISS HAYES, QUEEN ST.

Don't Fail to Read This!

A WANT SUPPLIED.

Having noticed lately the eagerness of purchasers of Ready-Made Clothing to get a better article than that which is imported from Montreal, I have decided this coming year

To Fill the Bill, I am now showing a line of Custom Made Clothing at Ready Made Prices.

Ask to see the Fifteen Dollar Custom Made Overcoats.

A few suits of Montreal clothing that I have on hand I will close out BELOW COST. I would also call your attention to the fact that I am closing out my stock of Gents' Furnishings, consisting of:—White and Regatta Shirts, Neckwear, Suspenders, Collars, Cuffs, Caps, Silk Handkerchiefs, etc., consequently

GREAT BARGAINS - Await Purchasers of the above goods at

150 QUEEN STREET, JAMES R. HOWIE.

SHOP TO RENT.

OPPOSITE A. F. Randolph & Sons. Possession given immediately. Apply to R. BLACKMER, 220 Queen St., Opp. Stone Barracks.

Taylor's Safes. ESTABLISHED 1855. 145 & 147 FRONT ST. EAST TORONTO.

B. B. BLIZARD, Agent for Maritime Provinces, St. John, N. B.

AGRICULTURE

Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Cleanings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

Roll clover fields. Vanity is degrading. Revenge is poor pay. No gain is half loss. Use whitewash liberally. Milk quietly and gently. Quality is better than show. Put up the master cows first. Flea breeders—cats and dogs. Encourage the first sitting hen. It pays to roll a heavy meadow. Help your wife fix her posy bed. Work is often better than medicine. Craft always assumes a fair exterior. Barley as a fat producer is next to corn. Milk the cows in the same order every time. Teach each cow to know her own stanchion. Fill up the mud hole at the water trough. Country people do not always inhale fresh air.

All artificial conveniences must be paid for.

The proudest aristocrat shall yet become dust.

It is the last pound of wool or two that pays.

Don't stuff animals with too much coarse food.

Wool, like good, is progressive—from bad to worse.

Don't keep the cows over night in a hot stable.

Keep the feeding troughs and mangers sweet.

The Baldwin grows best in a cold climate.

Deep and shallow plowing does not affect all crops alike.

Increasing the size of the pieces of seed potatoes increase the yield.

Let the cattle have their hair rubbed off showing the patches of skin, rub on a little sulphur and lard.

Physical beauty is not usually accompanied with superior intellect.

With a hoe crop, when a crust forms after a rain, break it at once.

Children have a right to their freedom as long as they do no harm.

Call up the cows every night by giving them a light grain ration.

There is much more money to be made from the production of spring chickens than from the sale of eggs.

To raise geese successfully there must be some pasture land near by; for geese cannot thrive without plenty of green food.

Depression does not express the condition of the farmer so well as dissatisfaction. He has been satisfied and silent too long.

Experiments have shown that seed from the stem and of potatoes yield better than from seed end.

Prof. Robertson says that the milk from a fresh cow will materially aid the separation of fats and favor of butter in a winter dairy.

Keep down after-swarming by keeping out of the queen-cells but one. If they are not all out, a second swarm is bound to slip out.

When a cow is satisfied with her surroundings and her milk, she gives more and better milk than when dissatisfied with either.

Surface pulverizing of the soil tends to pack it, and too much of it is injurious. It should be stirred as soon as the packing begins after a rain.

One variety, kept well, is usually all that is necessary on the farm, and if given proper care will return full as good a profit as a number of varieties.

Don't expect your flowers to bloom in a week or two, nor yet in a month after you have planted them. It takes some plants several months to adjust themselves to the changed conditions of life.

It is said that the heating of whey to 160° will destroy the germs that cause fermentation and increase its value as food for swine. If so, it should be done at the factory before the farmers take it away.

It has been found at Ellerslie, Mr. Morton's famous Guernsey farm, that one acre of ground will produce ensilage for from three to five cows, while it takes two acres to produce

THE DAIRY.

Build up the Herd.

Prof. L. P. Roberts recently told how they built up their dairy herd at Cornell. One of the first things to do is to study to keep the calf growing without becoming fat. An effort should be made to get the calf to eat clover hay and unground oats as soon as possible, but farmers should avoid feeding a calf too much butter fat, which is very costly and which creates a tendency to lay on fat. The professor said that the only trouble with the stock in New England is with the men and not with the cows. The Massachusetts farmer can make a better dairy cow than the island or Jersey ever saw, and with common stock to

start with. At Cornell, with common stock, they started with the production of less than 3,000 pounds of milk per cow and have now secured an average of 8,000 pounds of milk per cow per year. The herd includes both Holsteins and Jerseys. They have Jerseys who have gone beyond the 6,000 pound line. In Massachusetts a farmer can do better than this because he has the direct control and actually does the work of feeding and milking his cows, while Prof. Roberts, with his class room and other work, has to care for the stock at arm's length. Some men are ambitious to breed thoroughbreds at once, when they are not competent for the task. They had better acquire experience with cheaper material. Sometimes men attempt to breed thoroughbreds when the animal is of higher quality than the man and therefore it deteriorates to the level of its owner. By the process of breeding at Cornell the Jerseys in the herd are 15 per cent larger than the average New England Jerseys, while the attempt with Holsteins has been to breed for smaller size. Some Holsteins have passed the 10,000 of milk limit that weigh about 1200 pounds. The 6,000 pound of milk grade Jerseys weigh about 900 pounds each. The grain fed at the university, is as a rule, for average animals, about eight pounds of grain per day for each cow in milk. This grain is composed of one-fourth cottonseed, one-fourth bran and one-half oats, corn or other grain that can be got at a reasonable price.

The gilt-edged buttermaker, like the poet, seems to be born, not made. A woman's hand and a woman's fine appreciation of little essentials are absolutely requisite to fine butter making. As these are usually lacking in the masculine make up, not all of the creamery butter grades are gilt-edged.

The price of wool shows that there is no surplus on the market. It shows also that it will pay to take care of your wool. Put the best in the market, and that in the best condition.

Hilly pastures being well drained, the flocks are less liable to cholera, a so common to wet, boggy land. Thus the risks are reduced and profits made certain to the flockmaster who will exercise the proper care and diligence necessary to keep his flocks in a good, thrifty condition.

E. W. S., in The Country Gentleman, thinks the following is a good grain mixture for swine and lambs: 10 lb. corn, 10 lb. oats, 10 lb. bran, 5 lb. linseed oil meal. Mix the corn, oats, bran and oil meal evenly together and then feed to each ewe from 2 to 2 1/2 lb. per day. It would probably be best to place a thin layer of hay on the bottoms of the manger, and feed the grain food on this so that they will eat some of the hay with the grain.

If the lambs are intended for market, C. should grind some of his oats, and mix 3 ground oats, 3 lb. bran and 1 lb. oil meal together, and keep some of this mixture in separate troughs outside for the lambs after they are five weeks old. This will hasten their growth and prepare them for market in better shape, but if these lambs are to be kept this may not be necessary. The mixture of grain food here advised for the ewes should produce a good flow of rich milk for the lambs.

Home of the Sheep.

The mountain is the natural home of the sheep; its feet are made for the rocks, and it shows great agility in climbing crags and precipices. The sweet, short herbage of the sheltered slopes and the cranberries is its most nutritious and favorite food. The first instinct of a lamb is to get on the highest spot in the farm, if it is only a boulder in a field, and survey as much of the landscape around it as it can see. And many of the farms of New Brunswick are made by nature for the flocks to thrive upon. The hard, soil is healthful for the hoofs, and the dryness insures freedom from the worst enemies of the sheep that lurk in damp places and about stagnant pools, or in rich soils full of organic matter. This being so, it follows that there is no better locality for sheep farming than on the hills of our own province where the herbage is sweet and nutritious, the flowing springs pure, and the climate healthful. There is every facility for shipping to the best markets, in cities where early lambs, fine mutton, and even the fleeces may be sold most readily at the highest prices obtainable. The soil, not tending with virgin fertility, but needing the highest culture for the best products, affords full scope for that industry and enterprise that make wealth in spite of all natural drawbacks with far more ease than where nature has been too lavish with her gifts. And the promoting of the sheep industry on those verdant hills will bring wealth to many of our farmers.

Fowls eat nearly double the amount when laying freely that they do at other times. Laying hens may be seen in the evening after the other fowls have retired to roost, searching for and devouring greedily the large earth worms that come out after a soft, warm rain. Then again, they require more food at molting times than when neither laying nor molting. The size of the pen is also of great importance. If they are so large that the grass grows freely and cannot be eaten down then the hens eat less corn and lay better. If they have a free grass range, the best plan is to feed them twice a day, morning and night, giving them nearly as much as they can eat.

An American Agricultural paper says:—The Canadians have sent to the Columbian fair a



G. W. PEARSON, Morrill, Me.

DYSPEPSIA, Threatened Heart Failure

AND LIVER TROUBLE, Cured by One Course of SKODA'S DISCOVERY.

G. W. Pearson by occupation is a Carpenter and Builder. He is favorably known in Wadlow Co. He says:—

"For years I have suffered from Indigestion, Heart and Liver Trouble. At times my Heart would beat so feebly, I would be obliged to cease work for days at a time.

"I tried physicians and remedies, without number, but got no permanent relief, until I commenced the use of SKODA'S

"I have taken one course, and am perfectly well. My wife has also received great benefit from the use of SKODA'S DISCOVERY and SKODA'S LITTLE TABLETS."

Mr. Pearson will answer any letters or inquiries.

SKODA DISCOVERY CO., WOLFVILLE, N. S.

delicate little cheese only six feet thick and nine feet in diameter that tips the beam at 2,600 lbs. It is a genuine full-cream cheese—no Ohio "white oak" or Wisconsin "standard"—and was manufactured expressly for Canada's exhibit in the agricultural building.

The best time to prune a young orchard is in May or June. The wounds heal readily then and it is easier to remedy an unbalanced growth than in the winter, for it can be seen better when the trees are in leaf.

The best crops should be housed early, remember this applies to the children. House them early at night and see that they are housed early in the morning. The children are the best crop on the farm.

Experts pronounce the Guernsey to be simply an improved Jersey, the principal differences are in size, disposition, feeding habits and vigor. They have not been inbred so much and are therefore not as subject to disease as the Jersey. They are less nervous and take more kindly to being handled. They are hearty eaters.

Has any of our readers tried raising corn and beans at the same time on the same piece of ground? Reports come to us of one enterprising farmer who thinks he has solved the silo problem by planting beans in the corn hills and allowing the stalks to serve as poles and then chopping both at the same time for the silo. What of the idea?

Still the question continues to get the rounds among the dairymen, can fats be fed into butter? It is always desirable to hear from those of experience. We should be glad to have any of our readers who can throw any light on this question write to us. If you have a decided opinion on the matter, let us hear it and tell what steps you have taken to reach it.

THE FUNNY SIDE.

He—Woman, thy name is Frailty.

She—If it wasn't, she'd never consent to change it.

Mudge—Thompson called me an idiot.

Yabsley—You needn't mind that. Thompson always does exaggerate more or less.

Husband—Didn't you promise to obey me at the altar?

Wife—Yes; but we're not there now!

How will I enter the money the cashier skipped with? asked the bookkeeper. Under profit and loss!

No. Suppose you put it under running expenses.

She—Quakers never quarrel and fight, do they?

He—Of course not.

She—My, what a dull and prosy affair married life must be to them!

Mrs. Newlywed—And do you always trust your husband implicitly?

Mrs. Experienced (enthusiastically)—Indeed, I do! That is to say, of course, to a certain extent.

Mr. Jephson—What a heap of nonsense is talked in this town.

Mrs. Jephson—Yes, but if you keep your mouth shut, it will stop most of it.

"Humph!" said a young gentleman at the theatre to a young lady. "I could play the lover better than that myself."

"I should like to see you try," was her naive reply.

Spring medicine and Hood's Sarsaparilla are synonymous terms, so popular is this great medicine at this season.

POOR DOCUMENT

HORSE NOTES.

The GLOBE extends an invitation to its readers to contribute to its columns. We extend the invitation cordially, and it is a general one to all farmer-breeders and horsemen who find weekly pleasure in perusing its columns. We want to give our friends the news and you can help us furnish it. The GLOBE's sole aim and desire is to deal fairly with everybody and print the news.

There are two or three enterprising managers out West who spend hundreds of dollars in advertising apart from that which is directed to owners and trainers every time a meeting is held. They go about filling their grand stands as a clever circus manager does about crowding his tent. They bill not only their own town but all the neighboring places with striking, attractive paper. They work the press from both ends and the middle from the beginning of the trotting season until the meeting comes off. They pay good men to grind and gossip about the trotters and send it to the editors of their local papers, who are always quick to give such matter space. When race week comes around people are interested and posted as to the horses at the track, and every dollar laid out in advertising brings ten to the box-office. They have cleared up as much as \$15,000 in a single week at the Detroit and Cleveland meetings. What is the matter with our local horsemen going to work after the same style? Try it this season and you will be fully satisfied with the result.

Study the rules.
Dictator is dead.
Perseverance wins.
Seahkin Wilkes is dead.
The only way is to start right.
This is going to be a great year.
Conway is getting into great form.
Don't over-feed hay in work hours.
Harold is tottering above the grave.
Fitchburg opens a meeting June 27th.
Mixed-gaited horses are apt to stumble.
California has had no spring meetings.
Belmont park's meeting was a hummer.
The best horses get the patronage as a rule.
Minnie Wilkes, 2.16, will be bred to Wilton.

Many horses are made rank pullers by abuse.
The average buyer does not want a yearling.
Nutwood has ten outside mares only this year.
Buffalo's spring meeting has been declared off.

Unloosen the check of your horse when roading.
There are great risks to run in the horse business.
Breed for parity of gait, whether it be trot or pace.
E. W. Clement, Buffalo, has bought Excellence, 2.19.

Entries for Mystic's opening meeting closed June 1.
At the late Cleveland sale 174 head brought \$5,570.50.
Good words are heard everywhere of the young Woodruffs.
Ralph Wilkes' fastest youngster is out of a big Knox mare.

The first two trotters to enter the list this year were by Revell's.
Governor Sprague and Revell's have each contributed two new performers to the list this year.
Horsemen should take in the World's Fair in August and September if they want to see the races.

All stakes for the New Hampshire Trotting Horse Breeders' association, September 1 closed June 1.
The work of a starting judge if conscientiously done is trying to both mental and physical strength.

Miller C. Johnny Knott, Pyrebe, Lexington Chief and Twang are named in the 2.22 class at Lawrence.
W. H. Pethybridge has twenty horses at Kenos Park, Haverhill, including Tom Gillig yearling record 2.37.

A three-year-old colt by King Wilkes out of the great brood mare Miss Russell is expected to enter the list this year.
Belmont is likely to get a couple of trotters in the 2.16 list this year. Yiking, 2.19 and Clara D., 2.17 are both working sweetly.

The Connecticut legislature are in receipt of a petition signed by over 10,000 voters, praying for a repeal of the obnoxious anti-pool law.
The trainers at the tracks are not going as fast just at present as they did last winter when they were stepping the mares around the stove.

Charles McFadden, Philadelphia, has bought of J. C. Tallman, Bridgeport, Conn., the bay stallion Madison Chief, 2.21; reported price \$5,000.
There are few surer ways to make smooth-bred horses than by high checking on the road, and sure mouths make more pullers than any other cause.

A good horse picture is always a "well of pleasure undimmed" to a good horseman, and when it is the likeness of a good horse the gratification is doubled.
In the opinion of a Maine breeder January February and March are the three worst months of the year for foaling and the best of April or the first of May the best.

A bit should be made as pleasant to a horse as can be, and have him safe. Many a race has been lost by a horse being vexed, irritated and maddened by an unpleasant bit.

The track owner who is niggardly with printer's ink never makes much money. The public look to the newspapers nowadays for information more than they used to do.
Budd Doble has 42 head in his stable for campaigning purposes headed by Nancy Hanks, 2.04 Stamboul, 2.07 1/2, Belle Vera, 2.08 1/2, Manager 2.09 1/2, Reins, 2.12 1/2, and others below 2.20.

Gen. Turner is of the opinion that lightness in a sulky below 50 pounds is not essential with the average horse. The absence of friction is all that is necessary, with a majority of horse.

Trotting races must be popularized, so that the general public will be drawn to the tracks to witness the sport. It is from the gate receipts that horse owners must make their money.

A keen reinsman quickly learns that in harness racing, where the man in the judges' stand notices, it won't do to take anything for granted; that all things come to him who kicks.

Robert Bonner says that when you raise the heel of a horse's foot you depress the ankle, and when you raise the toe you raise the ankle also, all the colleges and faculties in the world not withstanding.

In view of the many chances taken by the breeder he should receive a fair price for every good animal that he raises and, as only good ones are in demand, he cannot afford to raise any other kind.

There is a general demand that trotting races should be shorter and sharper and the reduction of the distance, it is claimed by its adherents, would have a tendency to fetch the fleet ones to the front and sift the slow ones out.

Peter Nelson, blacksmith in Budd Doble's stable, has sent to the World's Fair the shoes worn by Nancy Hanks 2.04, when she made her various reductions of the world's records. They have been filed, trimmed and gold-plated.

It is estimated a loss of at least \$2,000,000 will be entailed upon the Western Union Telegraph company by the closing of the pool rooms in New York City. A net income of \$7,500 per day was collected from the 100 or more pool rooms.

The breeder has a far better chance of getting a good price for a well broken two-year-old that can step along some but whose pedigree is only moderately fashionable than he has of securing the same amount for a richly-bred yearling that can be shown only to halt.

An "off" color is likely to break out in any family and without warning, as many roan horses appear without either a known ancestor of that color or from even a combination of bay and gray—which is said by some to be responsible for the color in question—to show in extension.

When there is a demand always for good roadsters, small breeders should not devote all of their time and spend all their money raising cattle and sheep. The day for raising the fast trotter and pacer and the best of roadsters is at hand, and the man who judges rightly will sell off his half-breeds and invest his money where he will get the best results.

When the bottled seed in the stables of Starr, Geers, Doble, Curry, McHenry, Hickok, Thompson and other leaders in their profession is unworked, and the time is ripe to start for the big moneys in the great circuits, what may we expect when mares turn a sticky track in March-like weather below 2.18 while the fillies are in bloom?

A great many trainers have come to the conclusion that bandages are an injury to the horse's legs. They hold that bandages increase the inflammation because they drive the blood back and when removed the blood throes with renewed force.

Concord (N. H.) track is rounding into shape and the horses quartered there are beginning to go some. The gray gelding Charlie Wilkes by Mambrino Wilkes, in Gus Rollins' string, is called the best green horse on the grounds. He should enter the list this year.

Although the majority of horsemen disagree with Robert Bonner as to the probability of Mand E. lowering her record, Mr. Bonner's confidence in her never wavers. Mand will be kept in training all the summer, gradually increasing her work until fall, when if all goes well she will be in condition for an attempt to realize the dream of the foremost patron of trotting champions, the dethronement of Nancy Hanks.

The trotting stallion Dictator, one of the greatest race horse sires that ever lived and an own brother to the immortal Dexter, died at Lexington, Ky., May 27, of old age. Dictator was the sire of Jay-Eye-see (trotting record 2.10 and pacing record 2.06 1/2) and of Nancy Lee, the dam of Nancy Hanks. He was foaled in 1863, and was by Hambletonian (10) out of the dam of Dexter, by Seely's American Star. He had 40 trotters and 15 pacers in the 2.30 list.

After the operation of castration its success depends largely upon the care and judgement of its attendant. The colt or horse should be exercised regularly and the incisions noticed, to see that they remain open. If the edges of the incisions adhere, the secretions get into the urethra. The action of the muscles in exercise encourages discharges of secretions and prevents accumulation and subsequent swelling.

The rule that "like begets like" will always hold good, and any breeder who thinks he can sit in his office in the crowded city, and with nothing to guide him in the selection of a proper stallion with which to mate his mares, can succeed in his undertaking, is mistaken. He must intelligently mate his mares with horses whose breeding, individuality, conformation and disposition will blend in a happy manner. Theory in breeding is the fruit of the very fascinating, says Western Horseman, but often leads well-intending breeders to the brink of ruin. The best theory we know of in breeding is to mate speed with speed, and at the same time keep an eye out for perfect individuality. The man who breeds to a tabulated pedigree alone will surely come to grief.

Directum is picked out by some Kentuckians as the first 2.00 trotter. Private information received here last week, says a Lexington correspondent of The Horseman, states that this wonderful young horse has already gone a sixteen this season in the unbroken-of time of six seconds, which is 1.30 gait, almost as fast as the speed of the great Salvo, of the running turf. In his race here last fall he showed remarkable bursts of speed, and it was then predicted that with no misfortune he would make a record-breaker this year. But his most enthusiastic admirers at that time never dreamed that he had the speed at the trot of the fastest runner yet known to the running turf. He possesses a conformation that permits of the highest muscular development. He is not a large horse, but nature has favored him in the most lavish manner. He is possessed of a large amount of heart and lung room, has the very best of feet and legs, is coupled short, has tremendous driving power, is a good feeder, a bulldog racehorse, and withal an kind and gentle as a pet. In fact he embodies all those fine points that one would expect to see in the two-minute horse, and if the report regarding his wonderful work this season be true it would not surprise Kentucky horsemen to see him beat two minutes before the end of the present season.

A GOOD MANY OF US LEFT.
The World's Population Now About 1,400,000,000—Density in Various Countries.
The population of the world is about 1,400,000,000, according to the Censuses of these there are in China 361,766,000; in British India, 286,136,000; in Russia, 117,736,331. One-half of the human race lives in Asia, and nearly one-fourth in China, which slightly exceeds the whole of Europe in population. India contains a little over one-fifth and Africa about one-ninth of the race. Less than one-fourth belong to civilized nations. Of these, nearly one-third of the total population of the world, belong to the English-speaking peoples. The density of population to the square mile varies greatly in different countries, being greatest in Belgium. The number of persons to the square mile is, in Europe, 95; Asia, 48; Africa, 14; America, 8; in Australasia, 1.3; Belgium, 535; England, 480; in the Netherlands, 357; Great Britain and Ireland, 312; Italy, 273; German empire, 226; Japan, 271; China, 220; India 187; Switzerland, 186; France, 184; Austro-Hungary, 170; Denmark, 146; Portugal, 124; Spain, 89; European Russia, 49; Sweden, 27; United States, 17; Mexico, 15; Norway, 15; Canada, 2. A large part of the world is not crowded yet. The entire population of the world could stand on an area of about 250 square miles and could be compressed within the limits of the city of Chicago, which includes 160.54 square miles and has a population of about 6,850 per square mile.

In 1890 the most densely populated city in the United States was New York with 37,675 people to the square mile; and in the most densely populated ward i. e., ward 20, there were 474 persons to the acre. The most densely settled state was Rhode Island with 318.4 persons per square mile; next Massachusetts with 278.5; New Jersey, 193; Connecticut, 150.4; New York, 126; Pennsylvania, 116.9; Nevada, 0.4; Arizona, 0.5; Montana, 0.9; Idaho 1; New Mexico, 1.03; Utah, 2.5; and Oregon 3.3; per square mile. In Europe there are more females than males—1,019 females to 1,000 males. In the United States there are but 922 female to 1,000 males. In the older states the females predominate, the percentage in Massachusetts being 51.2; in Rhode Island, 51.37; Connecticut, 50.48; Montana, 43.50; Wyoming, 45.19; Nova, 36.16 and Washington, 37.73. In all countries there are born more boys than girls in the proportion of about 105 boys to 100 girls; but the boys die much faster than the girls in the earlier years of life. Birth rates vary in different years. Taking the average for the twenty years from 1871 to 1890 the birth rate for England and Wales was 34 per 1,000; Scotland, 33.6; Ireland, 14.9; Denmark, 31.7; Austria, 38.6; Switzerland, 29.4; the German empire, 38.1; the Netherlands, 35.2; Italy, 37.3; Belgium, 31; France, 24.6 per 1,000. In most civilized countries the birth rate is diminishing. For the United States in the above period the rate was 44. For 1890 in England and Wales it was 30.2; Scotland, 30.3; Ireland, 22.3; Denmark, 40.6; Austria, 36.7; Switzerland, 26.9; German empire, 35.7; Netherlands, 22.9; in Italy, 35.9; Belgium, 28.7; and France, 21.8. Death rates are also diminishing, but not so much as the birth rates, varying from 18 to 26 per 1,000. The population of the world has increased during the last hundred years, but especially the last fifty years.

IT HAS CURED HUNDREDS of cases considered hopeless after all other remedies had failed. Do not despair, take courage, be persuaded, and try this truly wonderful medicine.
IT WILL CURE YOU.
For sale by all Druggists and general dealers. Price 25 and 50 cts. a bottle.
Manufactured by
HAWKER MEDICINE CO., Ltd.,
St. John, N. B.

"IMPERIAL HALL."
JUST RECEIVED
A Fine Line of
English Scotch, Irish and German
SUITINGS,
—OF THE—
Latest Designs,
Which will be made up at the
VERY LOWEST PRICES.

THOS. STANGER,
280 QUEEN STREET.

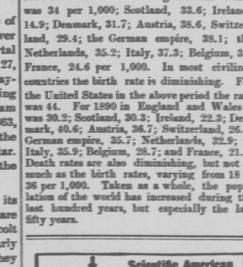
THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE
—IS—
DAVIS' QUININE, IRON AND WINE.

Price 50 Cts. and \$1 per Bottle.

Geo. H. Davis
DRUGGIST.

Cor. union and Regent Sts.,
Fredericton.

Watches and Jewelry



F. J. Mc CAULAND,
Opp. A. F. Randolph & Sons

HONEST HELP FOR MEN
PAY NO MORE MONEY TO QUACKS.
A sufferer from Excess of Youth, Nervous Debility and Loss of Vigor, was restored to health in such a remarkable manner, after all else had failed, that he will send the means of cure FREE to all fellow sufferers. Address, with stamp,
MR. EDWARD MARTIN, (TEACHER)
BOX 542, DETROIT, MICH.

Scientific American
PATENTS
Scientific American Agency for
TRADE MARKS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.
BIRN & CO., 35 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C.
Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Send for our free catalogue. No. 100, N. Y. C.

HAWKER'S TOLU AND WILD CHERRY BALSAM
WILL THAT CURE COUGH
TRY IT!

IT HAS CURED HUNDREDS of cases considered hopeless after all other remedies had failed. Do not despair, take courage, be persuaded, and try this truly wonderful medicine.
IT WILL CURE YOU.
For sale by all Druggists and general dealers. Price 25 and 50 cts. a bottle.
Manufactured by
HAWKER MEDICINE CO., Ltd.,
St. John, N. B.

"IMPERIAL HALL."
JUST RECEIVED
A Fine Line of
English Scotch, Irish and German
SUITINGS,
—OF THE—
Latest Designs,
Which will be made up at the
VERY LOWEST PRICES.

THOS. STANGER,
280 QUEEN STREET.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE
—IS—
DAVIS' QUININE, IRON AND WINE.

Price 50 Cts. and \$1 per Bottle.

Geo. H. Davis
DRUGGIST.

Cor. union and Regent Sts.,
Fredericton.

Watches and Jewelry

F. J. Mc CAULAND,
Opp. A. F. Randolph & Sons

HONEST HELP FOR MEN
PAY NO MORE MONEY TO QUACKS.
A sufferer from Excess of Youth, Nervous Debility and Loss of Vigor, was restored to health in such a remarkable manner, after all else had failed, that he will send the means of cure FREE to all fellow sufferers. Address, with stamp,
MR. EDWARD MARTIN, (TEACHER)
BOX 542, DETROIT, MICH.

Scientific American
PATENTS
Scientific American Agency for
TRADE MARKS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.
BIRN & CO., 35 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C.
Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Send for our free catalogue. No. 100, N. Y. C.

ENERGY. EQUITY. ECONOMY.

Before Insuring your Life write for Rates and Plans of the
TEMPERANCE AND GENERAL LIFE ASS. Co.,

—TO—
E. R. MACHUM,
Man. for Maritime Prov.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Agents Wanted.
HON. C. W. ROSS, Pres. TORONTO.
H. SUTHERLAND, Man. TORONTO.



A COMPLETE LINE AT
J. H. FLEMING'S,
222 Queen Street.

JUST OPENED!
A Large Stock of
Roller Blinds,
BEST OAPQUE, Plain and Bordered.
—AT—
VERY LOW PRICES.

W. T. H. Fenety
Queen Street Opp. Post Office.

STEP LADDERS.
Housekeepers' Stepladders.
Mechanics' Stepladder
Combination Chair and Stepladder,
Garden Wheelbarrows.
Patent Clothes Horses.
—CHEAP AT—

E. H. ALLEN & Co.
282 and 286 Queen Street.

WANTED--A WIFE
Beautiful and with a Clear, Healthy Complexion;
Of course every man wants his wife to be beautiful; but how can she be beautiful if her face and hands are disfigured by rough skin, freckles, tan or eruptions? Nothing will throw such a damper on love as a blemished face.
By the use of "GEM CURATIVE SOAP," an article which combines the best known remedies for the cure of all cutaneous diseases, a refined healthy complexion is assured.
When GEM CURATIVE SOAP is used according to directions the effects are marvellous and gratifying. Time has proven this to be true, as thousands of the most flattering testimonials are on file from customers in England, Scotland, France and Germany, in which countries the Soap is a staple toilet article.
For Thirty Days Only
Write this sentence on a piece of paper
And send to with twenty cents for a sample cake of Gem Curative Soap.
To the first lady from whom a slip is received will be given a handsome Pearl Skin Mantle, valued at \$300.00, or its equivalent in cash less 25 per cent. To the first Gentleman from whom a similar slip will be given an 18-Karat Gold Watch set with one karat diamonds. Appleton & Tracy's movement, valued at \$250.00.
In addition to these, we have prepared five thousand sample cakes numbered 1 to 5000. Every number ending with naught (0) will receive a prize valued at not less than \$10.00. Sample cakes postpaid. All goods for the United States free of duty.
Address—
GEM SOAP Co.,
TORONTO, CANADA.

BUTTER TUBS
In Nests of 3 and 4.
—ALSO—
In Dozens, Any Size.
—AT—
A F RANDOLPH & SONS.

WE MAKE MEN
Young, middle-aged or old men suffering from the effects of indigestion and excess, restored to perfect health, manhood and vigor.
OLD DR. GORDON'S REMEDY FOR MEN
CREATES
New Nerve Force and Powerful Manhood.
Cures Loss of Power, Nervous Debility, Night Losses, Prostration caused by Excess, Over Work, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Spasms or Stimmatics, Lack of Energy, Lost Memory, Headache, Weakness, Gleet and Syphilis.
A Cure is Guaranteed!
To every one using this Remedy according to directions, or more cheerfully and conscientiously observed. PRICE \$1.00, 6 PACKAGES \$5.00.
Sent by mail to any point in U.S. or Canada, securely sealed, free from duty or inspection. Write for our
BOOK STARTLING FACTS FOR MEN ONLY
—TELLS YOU HOW TO GET WELL & STAY WELL FREE
Address or call on **QUEEN MEDICINE CO.,**
NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING, Montreal, Can.

POOR DOCUMENT



New Drug Store.

NEW GOODS.

I am now fully prepared for business, and invite the public to come and inspect my

Store. :-

MY STOCK OF

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Fancy, Toilet and Miscellaneous Articles is complete,

And the Public will now find as Full and Varied Selection as in any Drug Store in the city.

I am carrying a very choice line of English, French and American Perfumes, also a beautiful line of FANCY SOAPS.

The Choicest Brands of Havana Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Pipes etc.

Patronage Respectfully Solicited,

Alonzo Staples,

(Late of Davis, Staples & Co.)

2 DOORS BELOW PEOPLE'S BANK, - QUEEN STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R.Y.

NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.

All Rail Line to Boston, &c. The Short Line to Montreal, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect Oct. 3rd, 1892.

DEPARTURES.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.15 A.M. EXPRESS for St. John, St. Stephen, L. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock and points North; Bangor, Portland, Boston and points South and West.

10.30 A.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton Jc., St. John and points East McAdam Junct.

2 55 P.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton Jc., St. John and points East, also with Night Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and Saturdays excepted, with Short Line Express for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, the West, North West and Pacific Coast.

ARRIVALS.

9 15 a m from St. John, etc.
1 15 a m from St. John, Bangor, Montreal, etc.

7 10 p m from St. John, St. Stephen, Presque Isle, Woodstock, etc.

GIBSON.

6.20 A.M. MIXED, for Woodstock, Presque Isle, Edmundston, and all points North.

4 50 p m from Woodstock and points North

All above Trains run Week days only.
C. E. McPHERSON, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt. St. John, N.B.
D. McNICOLL, Gen. Pass. Agt. Montreal

JOB PRINTING

Promptly Done at this Office.

IN STOCK

—AT THE—

FREDERICTON FURNITURE DEPOT.

—A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF—

Parlor Suits, Bedroom Sets, and Household Furniture of all Descriptions.

Rattan Chairs in all Styles. Organs, Pianos and Sewing Machines at Lowest Prices.

G. W. DYKEMAN,

Dever :- Bros.

White Sheetings

8-4, 9-4, 10-4.

CIRCULAR PILLOW CLOTHS.

42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52 and 54 inch widths, at

DEVER BROS.

FREE!

The 'Ladies' Journal' for One year FREE, to every subscription or renewal of subscription to this Paper.

TEACHER'S COLUMN.

Devoted to the Interests of the Provincial Teachers.

In Which We Publish the Entrance, Monthly and Final Examination Papers Used in the Normal School.

This Column is Open for Communications, and Will Contain Articles of Special Interest to Every Teacher—Teachers Who Wish for Information on Any School Question Can Obtain the Same by Enquiring Through This Column.

In our next issue the teachers column will contain the final examination papers given in the Normal School. These papers will prove of great interest to the teachers scattered throughout the province, as well as to those who propose attending the school next term. Every student at the Normal School should subscribe to the GLOBE before leaving for their homes. The paper will, in future, be an eight page weekly, and contain many articles of interest, especially to those students who have just completed the term at the Normal school and are leaving for their homes in other parts of the province. We propose making the teachers column so much interest to the students and teachers of the province that in a short time it will be found in the home of every teacher. To this end arrangements have just been completed that places the GLOBE in a position to give the teachers in our beautiful province, articles pertaining to the education of the young that will prove of great value to them. The proprietor of this paper also feels that the teachers of the province should have a medium through which to express their feelings on different school matters, as well as giving them an opportunity of asking for information connected with such, and expresses the hope that they will consider this department of the GLOBE as belonging to themselves, and use it accordingly. All are cordially invited to contribute. Every communication will be gladly received.

Notwithstanding the fact that the number attending the Normal School is increasing every term, and that over four hundred applications have been already received at the education office for the next entrance examination, there are more openings for teachers than can be filled. Education is surely and rapidly progressing.

"What city has the largest floating population?" inquired the teacher. "Cork!" answered the bright little boy at the foot of the class.

Travel as an Education for Children.

It takes, we will suppose, about seven consecutive years for a boy or girl to go through the average common school. Entering at seven, at fourteen such a pupil would probably have passed through all preparatory grades with credit, and have been prepared to enter the high school.

Conscientious parents dislike very much to allow any interruption in the attendance of their children at school. It seems to them a very unfortunate state of affairs when a three months' or six months' interregnum, due to sickness, accident, or other cause, follows the pupil behind his fellow and interferes with his promotion. So, when, as it sometimes happens, there is a good opportunity to send a boy away with his father or friend to the Yosemite, to California, the Sandwich Islands, or to Europe, it will not do to let him lose his school for the time, says the parent, forgetful that the world itself is a better school than any hummed in by academy walls.

A boy or girl will learn more of geography, of history, of science, of art, in a six months' journey with intelligent companions than he can possibly acquire in three times as many months by the simple aid of the text-book. Of botany, geology, entomology, if he is to know anything practically he must go to the fields, the rocks, and the pastures. Text-books and teachers may supplement the study of nature, but nature outranks them both.

A trip round the world would be worth a university education to many a youth, were it in his power to take it. As the cost of extended travel is beyond the means of most people, and as children therefore must do without what their parents cannot afford, the question does not assume a practical phase for the majority. But even a short journey to Montreal, to Toronto, to Boston to Philadelphia, to New York, will open a child's eyes and broaden his knowledge. Every child who can go to Chicago this summer, if old enough to appreciate the displays from all lands at the Columbia Exposition, will reap positive and substantial educational advantages from going there. What we see we remember. What we are told, or what we learn from a book, does not always stay in mind. The Turk, the Hindoo, the Parsee, dressed in his native costume, bowing with his native suavity, will impress the little traveller as five hundred pictures of these people would never do. So let us not be in haste to refuse our children the advantages of travel, if they happen to come in their way. They will return to the school-room the better equipped for its labors after a glimpse of the bright world, which is also a great school-room.

The Duties of Teachers.

It is the duty of every teacher to be polite to the pupils under their care, and it is a sad mistake for teachers to presume that the laws of courtesy are exempt, as far as they are concerned, while in the school room. "Politeness is the daughter of civilization, destined to show kindness where kindness exists, and to replace it when it is not." Teachers would more fully realize the power for good in the practice of politeness if they realized that, though in the large class the identity of each pupil seemed lost, nevertheless the impression made on each plastic mind was made for life and never could be wholly altered.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY

The Great Blood and Nerve Remedy

SPORTING NEWS.

The World's Sporting News Condensed—Odds and Ends of Sporting Gossip.

Over 1000 bicycle riders attended a recent church parade in Bedford, Eng.

Eighteen trotting meetings will be held this week from Maine to California.

"Martha Wilkes" has not been allowed to go any fast quarter so far this season.

The Toronto University defeated the Pawtucket Free Wanderers at football in Providence, three goals to two.

In a practice match of the Rugby Football Club, on the Quebec Athletic Grounds the other evening, O'Brien, in the employ of M. Garneau & Co., had the misfortune to break his leg.

The old sulky that Maud S. was hooked to when she trotted in 2.08 1/2 has been fitted with small wheels and pneumatic tires, and the daughter of Harold will draw it in her work this year.

The St. Lambert Boating Club will hold their annual trial four-oared races on Saturday, June 24th. The captain is busy arranging the different crews. There will probably be eight or nine crews, and if the interest manifested last year is repeated the races will be a great success.

W. D. Grand sold at New York on Monday 53 head of harness horses for a total of over \$10,000. The top price, \$420, was given for the standard bred trotting mare "Daisy," by "Henry C."

Well-broken geldings by such as "Sharpshooter" and "Royal Leopard," "Jack Rose," and "Vermont," brought from \$325 to \$400. The average was over \$200 per head.

One year ago on Memorial day, there were 1,500 spectators at the morning game on the Polo grounds, New York, and a few over 7,000 in the afternoon. Last week at the forenoon game 6,000 spectators attended, and in the afternoon the multitude which sat, stood and tipped for two hours numbered 23,000. This beats the record in baseball attendance. There is no account in the annals of professional baseball where 23,000 spectators have seen a game.

Had "Squire Abington" lived the Roberts-Ives billiard game would have been used to "burn up" the English Bookmakers. Ives met Abington at New Orleans two days before the Fitzsimmons-Hall fight last March. The chances of Ives to beat Roberts at his own game were weighed, and it was arranged that Ives should go to England as Bati's guest and sharpen up for his match in the Squire's London home, in which rooms for his practice were to have been fitted up. Then when the odds got right—for the Squire loved a long shot—the English Bookmakers were to have been given a good chunk of money. Could the plan have been carried out Ives would have stood to win a fortune on the match. But the Squire's death ruined it unless another man has been found to take his place. Ives and Pugilist Hall are great cronies. It was through Hall and Mitchell that he met the Squire.

The Wheel.

A French rider who rides on tracks with his hands off the handle bar is punished by fine.

The best mile ever done by a colored rider was covered in 2 minutes 31 3/5 seconds.

But one man in 8 succeeds in riding a mile in less than 2 minutes 25 seconds.

Shoffield is having trouble about securing license to race in England.

W. D. Osgood of the University of Pennsylvania recently rode two miles in 5 minutes 28 seconds, breaking the American college record by eight seconds.

Harry Wheeler's mile at Savannah in 2 minutes, 23 seconds is record for competition on a quarter mile track.

Over 100 electric lights will be placed around the track at Chicago so as to permit night racing.

Athletic.

The New York A. C. held their first field sports this summer on Saturday last on Travers Island. About 5,000 people were present. There was nothing remarkable about any of the events, except that two champions failed to win their events from the scratch. J. S. Mitchell was beaten nearly 4 feet, throwing the 26-lb. weight, by D. O'Sullivan of Xavier A. C., who threw 28 ft. 1 inch. Mitchell easily won the 16-lb. hammer with a throw of 133 feet 11 inches.

Champion high jumper M. F. Sweeney was also defeated from scratch. Herbert Herrick cleared 6 feet 2 1/2 inches, and Sweeney was unable to follow him.

E. W. Allen took the 100 yards dash in 10 2/5 seconds.

G. R. Gray won the 16-lb. shot with a put of 45 feet.

Tommy Connell won the mile run, which was a handicap, in 4m. 36 4/5 seconds. One of his opponents had 60 and the other 110 yards handicap.

Puffer, of the New Jersey A. C., won the 120 hurdles in 17 seconds.

Quebec Derby Park Races.

Following is the programme for the races on June 20 and 21 at the Quebec Derby Park:

First day, Tuesday—2.30 class trotting or pacing, purse \$100; 3.37 class, purse \$150; 2.29 class, \$200.

Second day, Wednesday—2.45 class, purse \$150; 2.32 class, purse \$150; free for all, purse \$250.

Conditions—All these races open to trotters and pacers except the 2.29 class. National Trotting Association rules to govern. Entrance fee, 5 per cent., 5 per cent. addition for winners. Four to enter, three to start. Mile heats, best three in five, in harness. No horse entitled to more than one money. Right reserved to change the order of the programme. Horses eligible from date of nomination. Positively no conditional entries. Entries close Saturday, 17th June, 1893, and should be addressed to P. Laroche, Secretary, Quebec Hotel, Quebec.

The Club Lafrancoise.

The Club will hold its summer meeting at St. Hyacinthe on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 13 and 14. Following is the programme:

First Day—3 minute class, \$150; 2.37 class trotters and pacers, \$150; Flat running race, 1 mile, 2 in 3, \$100; 2.30 class, \$200; open bicycle race, 2 prizes.

Second day—2.30 class, \$150; running and jumping race, 2 miles, \$150; 5 mile race, \$100 free for all, \$200; bicycle races, for club members only, 2 prizes.

In the flat race the purse will be divided, \$75 to first horse, \$25 to second. In the steeplechase \$100 to the first horse, \$35 to second, and \$14 to third. Entries close on June 9, and should be addressed to G. H. Henshaw, jr., secretary, St. Hyacinthe, Que.

A 3-lb. Allowance for Geldings.

An alteration has been made in the scale of weight for age which has been adopted by the Eastern Racing Clubs and the Monmouth Park, Cooney Island, Morris Park and Brooklyn jockey clubs. This alteration is an allowance of 3 lbs. for geldings for all ages, and came into effect on the first day of the late meeting of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, viz., May 15; all entries to events which closed previous to May 15 will be run under the old weight for age standard, but for races, entries of which closed on or after that date, the new scale will be used.

Musical Notes.

It is reported that George A. Baker, a comic opera renown, and Irene Murray a member of his company are engaged.

According to cable despatches from Paris, Charles Gounod is confined to his room by illness. He is in his seventy-fifth year.

Mrs. Clara Poole, is now singing with the Hinrich's Opera Company with great success in Baltimore, as "Amoen" in "Il Traviatore."

Musical phrases are straying into literature. "Broken chords crossed by the echo of a False Note," is the latest thing in absurd titles.

The favorite tenor Bamptoni, has left for Italy to spend the summer months on his farm in Lombardy. He expects to return to this country next October.

In the coming National Sangerfest at Cleveland 3 000 voices will participate, with 150 musicians in the orchestra. The Liederkreis Society of New York will also take part.

Nineteen years ago Miss Margaret F. Fowler organized a choral union on the Isle of Wight, and ever since 1874 has trained and directed it, for the love of art. It is time she had a salary.

On the thirteenth of March, 1861, "Tannhauser" was hissed off the stage of the Paris Opera. On the 5th of March, 1893, "Tannhauser" was enthusiastically applauded in the same city. It took thirty-two years to enlighten the Parisian Public on the great Wagner question.

Miss Marie Louise Bailey, of Nashville, Tenn., was commanded by the King of Saxony to appear at the Royal Castle of Strahlen, and there rendered an entire musical programme before their Majesties the King and Queen of Saxony and the entire court.

Dr. Henry Hiles has completed the scoring of an opera, "Harold" upon the composition of which he has been for some time engaged. The libretto, by Miss Marian Millar, includes the most striking scenes of the life of "the last of the Saxon kings."

JINGLES OF HUMOR.

A Little Nonsense Gathered for Leisure Reading.
Kingley—You have no idea, old man what can be done with one of those chafing-dishes.

Witherby—Yes, I have, too. You see this lump on the top of my head?
Kingley—Yes.

Witherby—Well, that's what my wife did with one this morning.

The captain of a large steamer was once filling up a crew for a long voyage, when a seaman came up and said:

I want to sail with you, sir.
All right my man, said the captain, and where have you sailed before?
P. and O., sir to Australia.

What countryman?
An Irishman, was the ready response—Well you must get a character.

The discharge was obtained, and, as the Irishman was presenting it, another seaman came up and wanted to join.

What line were you on before?
Cunard, sir.

What countryman?
English, your honor.

All right, go forward.
Shortly after as the two were swilling the decks in a heavy sea, the Englishman was swept overboard, bucket and all. Unmoved, Faddy finished his job and then went to the captain's cabin.

Come in, responded the officer to his rap. What's up now?
You mind Bill Wilkins, the Englishman and Cunarder? queried Pat.

Yes, surely, my man.
You took him without a character? I believe so; what of that?
Well, he's gone off wid your bucket.

Colonel John S. Mosby, the famous ex-Confederate, is 'practicing law in San Francisco. He is nearly 60 years old, but stands straight as an arrow.

Down With High Prices For Electric Belts.
\$1.55, \$2.65, \$3.70; former prices \$5, \$7, \$10. Quality remains the same—15 different styles; dry battery and acid belts—mild or strong current. Less than half the price of any other company and more home testimonials than all the rest together. Full list free. Mention this paper. W. T. BAER & CO. Windsor, Ont.

POOR DOCUMENT

FREDERICTON GLOBE.

Published every Saturday morning, at the following rates of Subscription:
(TERMS: Payable in Advance.)

One Year (Delivered) - \$1.00
Six Months - .50
Three Months - .30
Single copies at the office.
Papers will not be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.
For Advertising rates apply at office.

"TO LET" or "WANT" advertisements inserted at the rate of one half a cent per word per insertion.

Subscribers falling to get the FREDERICTON GLOBE will please communicate with the office at once, to enable us to have the matter attended to.

OFFICE, SHARKEY'S BLOCK, QUEEN ST.

Fredericton Globe.

A. J. MACHUM, Publisher and Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, N. B. JUNE 10, 1893.

SALUATORY.

With the present issue the FREDERICTON GLOBE enters upon the first period of its existence as an eight page paper. It has always been the aim of the proprietor to make the GLOBE a first class weekly paper in every way and to render it an indispensable factor in the equipment of every intelligent and well read household in the county of York and contiguous parts of the province. To this end we have always done our level best to provide for our subscribers a weekly epitome of spicy news from Fredericton and vicinity. We have in addition furnished the latest news of the world in an attractive and satisfactory manner; we have contrived to provide original and well written editorials upon subjects of interest to the people of the county. In furtherance of this aim we have lately organized our Teachers' column, which has thus far proved a complete success. But we have discovered that the successful attainment of our desires for the welfare of the reading public was incompatible with the amount of space formerly at our disposal, and to add to our dilemma, we found our list of advertisers, which has been steadily increasing since the first publication of the GLOBE, had become so large that it was impossible to accommodate them in our old limits, and at the same time do justice to the reading public. We have accordingly doubled the size of the GLOBE, and we now present the first number to our patrons, trusting that the increase in its dimensions may be attended by a corresponding increase in its usefulness and value to our patrons. On the first page will always be found readable and instructive agricultural notes, which we hope will prove especially desirable and useful to our farming patrons. On the last page is the weekly instalment of our serial story. Within we have provided space for a teachers' column, news of the world, varieties, local news and editorial matter, all of which we pledge ourselves to make as spicy and entertaining as possible. On the whole we feel that our new move has already been more or less productive of good, for it has enabled us to enlarge our advertising space. Those of our patrons who are interested in horse news will find a column or two devoted to horse gossip, and giving all the latest news regarding horses and horse races. In fact there is scarcely any one class of readers, who will not find within our columns something suited to its taste, provided it possesses a taste, and we express the hope that all may be satisfied with what they find herein, as, in good faith, we will endeavour to make them. Trusting that our numerous subscribers may find an added interest and pleasure in the GLOBE we leave the paper in their hands.

LIBERAL CONVENTIONS.

Since the date of holding the Liberal convention in York county, there have been large and successful conventions of the adherents of that party held in the counties of St. John, Albert, Westmorland, Carleton, Kings, Queens and Sunbury, at every one of which a great amount of enthusiasm was displayed, and a large, strong and influential delegation appointed to attend the general convention at Ottawa on the 20th of this month. The call issued by Mr. Laurier to the party to send men to Ottawa well furnished with good intellectual equipment and a well ordered zeal for the interests of their country and of the party has been well obeyed, and judging from the names of those who have been elected in our own and in neighboring counties, the New Brunswick contingent will be in no wise inferior to any body of men, with whom they will meet. This

is well, for the Liberal party needs an especially strong, wise and forceful representation from New Brunswick. It was in this province and in Nova Scotia that the present governmental party obtained the majority at the last election which virtually saved its political life, while the well-known fact that the Maritime Provinces, more than any other portions of the Dominion, feel the blighting effects of the National policy, together with the equally well known aversion entertained by the majority of the voters of these provinces towards the Tory party and its ruinous legislation, lead us to believe that success of the Tories at the last contest was the result in the first place of manipulation of the voters list and, in the second place of the judicious expenditure of an immense sum of corruption money with which the counties of New Brunswick were flooded. The people of the provinces by the sea were virtually bought up by the Tory party. Had it not been for this shameless bargain and sale, the Liberal victory in Ontario would have been followed by a change of government, leading the county to prosperity and the people to contented enjoyment of their lot. And there is very little doubt that the same tactics will be employed at the coming contest. The partisan revising baristers will attempt to manipulate the voters' list; the contest itself will be fought by the Tories with an enormous sum of money at their backs; the returning officers will, if possible, make false returns of the number of ballots cast; and it is to take measures to guard against the influence and advantage which the employment of these tactics affords their opponents, that the liberals are to be convened at the call of their leader. The maritime provinces delegates need to exercise peculiar care and caution in the formation and completion of the plan of organization for the coming struggle. It is here, by the sea, that the bitterest struggle will be fought. Quebec and Ontario are almost sure to give a liberal majority, which will be offset in a manner by the Tory majorities from Western Canada, but the Maritime Provinces hold the key which unlocks the portal leading to the political future of our country. A victory for the liberals here is a victory for greater freedom of trade, for material prosperity, for universal contentment, but to continue the present party in power is to perpetuate for another term the iniquitous blood sucking existence of the national policy, to exhaust the wealth and energies of the people, and to further aggravate the afflictions under which our population is struggling. Let the delegates succeed in completing a judicious and thorough organization, and with a policy such as they have, acceptable to the people at large, it will go hard but we shall roll up in New Brunswick a respectable majority for the political emancipation of the country.

A BENEFIT TO CANADA.

The Big Canadian cheese now on exhibition at the World's Fair will be a beneficial advertisement to Canada. It may not be known to the majority of our readers, and it may interest them to know that our country, Canada, is the great cheese producing country of the world. Canada now sends to Great Britain between one-third and one-half of all the cheese which the mother country imports. We send thither one-fourth more than the United States, and nearly four times as much as Holland, which is the next principal source of supply. In 1892 the import of cheese to the British markets from various countries was as follows:-

| From | Value |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Holland | \$ 3,292,875 |
| France | 716,646 |
| Canada | 12,468,125 |
| United States | 9,807,035 |
| Other countries | 704,810 |
| Total | \$27,088,885 |

This table speaks for itself. Canada is the great cheese exporting country of the world; every true Canadian is proud of the fact, and the mammoth cheese shown at the World's Fair is a fair and sensible as well as impressive illustration of our proud pre-eminence in this particular. Other means of advertising the country have done and will continue to do something for us. A great agency to that end has been the Canadian Pacific Railway, the greatest railway on earth. It is a magnificent specimen of successful Canadian enterprise which has excited the envy of its competitors and challenged the admiration of the world. We know of nothing which has done more to make Canada well and favorably known abroad.

A scheme has lately been broached to bring to Canada all the commissioners who represent the various nations of the world at Chicago. The notion is a grand one, and if it could be carried out would be a splendid advertisement for the Dominion. If these representatives, from every land under the sun could be brought to Canada and traverse this country from end to end, view our noble lakes and rivers, our vast areas of fertile land, our forests and mineral wealth, our maris of commerce and our industries and schools, they would carry away with them to the ends of the earth the impression that Canada is a great country. They might wonder, perhaps, at the narrowness of our restrictive trade policy, but they would feel that it could not much longer be permitted to shackle a free, enlightened and progressive people such as Canadians are. There is just one obstacle to their coming. There is no parliamentary appropriation to cover the expense. To obviate this it is proposed that the cities of Canada should combine to extend a liberal hospitality to the world's representatives. It is worth thinking over at least.

A ST. JOHN'S MIRACLE.

Eight Hundred and Twenty Dollars Spent in Vain Efforts to Regain Health.

An Engineer's Painful Existence and Wonderful Restoration—Hospital and Doctors Failed to Cure Him—Health Restored by a Remedy Almost Forgotten Upon Him—A Story Worthy a Careful Perusal. The News St. John's, Que.

It is now some fourteen months since THE NEWS commenced publishing reports of the wonderful results produced by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and every one must admit that many of the cures effected seemed little short of the miraculous. The names of the remedies which claim to cure all the ills flesh is heir to are today legion, and whatever the merits and demerits of these preparations may be there is no question as to the great reputation achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Some people no doubt laugh at these stories and believe them to be advertising dodges to catch the unwary and rope in some of their shekels. We have now printed and published THE NEWS for nearly half a century; it enjoys the reputation of being a high-toned weekly with a large circulation, and we naturally do business with the advertising men of the day, and from the reputation of Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, we have never had any reason to doubt the perfect accuracy of the cures related; but it is only now that we are placed in a position to testify personally as to the wonderful curative powers of Pink Pills. The story we were about to relate though no less remarkable than others regarding the same medicine naturally impresses itself more upon our mind and upon the minds of others in the community because the party chiefly concerned is known to us, and we are enabled to bear personal testimony as to the correctness of his declarations.

The gentleman who was a short time ago so greatly afflicted is now almost as well as he ever was and cheerfully related his story to the representative of THE NEWS, in the hope that those who read it might be benefited thereby.

Mr. Camille Dubouque is a man of fifty-three years of age and has been a mechanical engineer for twenty-five years, working on the steamer Reindeer which runs on Lake Champlain, and occasionally on the River Richelieu. "Four years ago," said Mr. Dubouque, "while our steamer had an excursion party on board of an evening run, I was rather tired after a long day's work, and went up on the upper deck to enjoy a smoke before retiring. At that time I felt myself to be in perfect health but, when I went to my room I was taken with chills and was unable to keep myself warm. Although that night I had but little sleep, I felt comparatively well the next day. About a fortnight after I was taken with frightful pains in my back near my spine, and in my side. I went to the hospital in Burlington Vt., and was treated there for three weeks and then feeling but little better I came to my home in Ibrerville county, five and a half miles from St. John's. I was then doctored by a medical man from Ibrerville. His treatment seemed to relieve me very little and I determined to visit Montreal and see another physician. This I did in March, (three years ago) and put myself in an eminent physician's care who treated me from March until July, and certainly did all he could for me. I did not stay in Montreal all the time but went backwards and forwards to see him. In July I got tired of this and was beginning to feel down-hearted. I then called in a medical man from Henryville, a village a few miles from where I live, and he prescribed for me over again, but by this time I was almost powerless to help myself and no one knows what frightful agony I suffered. For seven long months I sat in a chair with my feet on a lounge. I was unable to lie down day or night and often thought that death would be a happy relief. Last spring my wife read an account of a Saratoga miracle in THE NEWS and determined to get a box of Pink Pills for me. I remonstrated with her, telling her that it was useless spending more money, but

McMURRAY & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

5 Cases Sabbath School Books,

Containing the Pansy, Elsie, Mildred, Bessie, and a Great Variety of Miscellaneous Books at Lowest Prices.

If you are in need of a Library write to McMURRAY & Co.

P. S. Organs, Pianos and Sewing Machines at Lowest Prices.

NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

McMURRAY & Co.,

WOOL CARPETS.

Edgecombe's

MAY 19TH.

Beautiful New Shades and Designs.

These Goods are direct from the mills, and the patterns cannot be obtained elsewhere. The Carpet and Curtain Room will be found unusually attractive this season.

FRED B. EDGECOMBE,

Western Ticket Agent.

NEW

UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

TO the Citizens of Fredericton and Surrounding Country:

The Undersigned wishes to inform the Citizens of Fredericton and Surrounding Country that, having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS MAN AS UNDERTAKER, he is now in a position to fill all orders with which he may be favored.

I HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Coffins AND Caskets



OAK, WALNUT, FRENCH BURL AND CLOTH COVERED.

As I Manufacture Caskets and Coffins on the premises, I claim to be in a position to sell the same quality of goods cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere in the city.

A Full Stock of Shrouds, Gloves, etc. always on hand

A First-Class Hearse in Connection with the Establishment.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL, WIRE, OR TELEPHONE WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. Special Rates for Country Trade

WM. J. SCARR,

Funeral Director and Undertaker.

No 14 YORK STREET. - - - TELEPHONE 53.

I would also call your attention to the fact that I am prepared to attend to all orders for Cabinet work and the Repairing of Furniture. All such work called for and delivered anywhere in the City, Free of Charge. W. J. S.

POOR DOCUMENT

LOCAL NEWS.

Jottings on Events as they Happen about Town.

The Ebb and Flow of Civic and Suburban Life.

Fashionable Tailoring.

Mr. Joseph Walker, merchant tailor, has now a beautiful assortment of new cloths for summer wear which he will make up in all the leading styles at the lowest possible prices.

Medal Winners.

Miss Ward, a graduate of the Victoria school at St. John, was awarded the senior class medal at the Normal School yesterday, the medal for the junior class being won by Miss Dugan also of St. John.

No More Free Grass.

City Marshall Roberts has issued a poster warning parties against cutting the grass on the flats below the city, under penalty of the law. The city propose reaping the benefit this season themselves, and will likely sell the grass, as it stands by auction. We think this a sensible move.

Wedding at the Field.

The marriage of Mr. W. J. McLaggan, of Blackville, and Miss Clara M. Coburn, of Little River, Sheffield, took place at the residence of the bride's parents on Thursday morning at 10.30 o'clock. Rev. T. V. Johnston, of Blackville, tied the nuptial knot. The happy young couple left this city on yesterday's train for Blackville where they will reside. The GLOBE extends its best wishes to Mr. and Mrs. McLaggan.

A Musical Treat.

The Gilbert Opera company were fairly well patronized while in this city. Miss Carrie Trevellyn Carvell, prima donna of the company, is a petite, blonde and pretty, and she has a remarkably sweet and clear voice and received generous applause. Clara M. Dana also won the approval of the audience. She is a good actress and has a strong voice. Lon F. Brine, John Lloyd and Fred M. Marston were quite effective in their several parts. Mr. Lloyd's singing being roundly applauded. The company open in St. John Monday evening.

New Drug Store.

Mr. Alonzo Staples, who opened his drug store on Queen street, two doors below the People's bank, last week is to be congratulated on the appearance of his new store. The shop, which had lately been occupied by the Canadian Express company has been remodelled and painted throughout in the most appropriate manner, everything being clean and pleasing to the eye. Mr. Staples late of Davis, Staples & Co has had upwards of twenty years' experience in the drug business, and being well known, is sure to command a good business. His stock is all new and well assorted. Mr. Staples carries a complete line of drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, fancy toilet articles, English, French and American perfumes, also a beautiful line of fancy soaps; cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, pipes, etc., in great variety. Give him a call.

NEW BRUNSWICK WINS.

The Interprovincial Rifle Match at Charlottetown Wednesday.

The rifle shooting for the Interprovincial trophy Wednesday resulted in a victory for New Brunswick by two points. The match was closely contested all through.

The scores at the three ranges were:

| NEW BRUNSWICK. | |
|----------------|-----|
| 200 yards..... | 215 |
| 500 yards..... | 228 |
| 600 yards..... | 193 |
| NOVA SCOTIA. | |
| 200 yards..... | 217 |
| 500 yards..... | 200 |
| 600 yards..... | 190 |
| P. E. ISLAND. | |
| 200 yards..... | 219 |
| 500 yards..... | 229 |
| 600 yards..... | 159 |
| | 598 |

HORRIBLE MONCTON ACCIDENT.

A Little Girl, Eleven Years Old, Has Her Head Crushed in the Cotton Factory.

A horrible accident occurred in the cotton factory at Moncton, this week, by which a little eleven year old girl named Agnes Melanot met her death. She stopped work as usual Wednesday evening at 5 o'clock and went home to supper, returning afterwards for her two sisters and brother, who were employed in the mill and working overtime. It is supposed Agnes was playing on the elevator. When found she was lying down on the elevator, her head wedged in a space not more than two or three inches wide between the elevator and a beam a foot thick. The head was crushed beyond recognition and the tongue hanging out several inches. The horrible nature of the accident may be judged from the fact that the accident stopped the elevator, which had a capacity for raising fifteen hundred pounds. The discovery of the accident was first made by one of the unfortunate child's sisters who gave the alarm, and when the body was released life was altogether extinct, the accident having happened probably some minutes before.

Miss Thompson of the Education Office, is visiting her brother Mr. Sisson Thompson, at Chicago.

Mr. A. McCuskey, the popular commercial man was here this week.

BATHURST SCHOOLS.

The Investigation Likely to Continue for Some Time.

The Bathurst school investigation has now been in progress nearly two weeks, and it will probably be some time yet before the work of getting in the evidence is concluded. Judge Fraser is adjudicating upon the question Solicitor General White, represents the Board of Education, C. N. Skinner and Geo. W. Fowler appear for the complainants, and R. H. Lawlor of Newcastle and N. A. Landry of Bathurst, are taking care of the interests of the Bathurst school trustees. A very large number of people interested in the evidence and on the final outcome of the investigation, was present, including of course, Rev. A. F. Thompson, Rev. J. S. Allen, J. Sellar. The most ample opportunity, the fullest latitude has been given to the complainants for the production of evidence with which to substantiate the charges they have made. Rev. J. S. Allen, J. E. O'Brien, school trustee, Bishop Roger, Rev. Thos. Barry, Geo. W. Merreault school inspector, Rev. Wm. Varrilly, Dr. Inch Chief Superintendent of Education, a number of protestant school children and others, have all been on the stand, have been examined, cross-examined, re-examined, and placed under the most searching examination which the nature of the case and the rules of evidence allow, but thus far the amount of evidence adduced in support of the charges made against the present government, has been very trifling indeed. The principal changes are, of course, in brief, that the Roman Catholic radical catechism were taught in the schools in that section of the province with the cognizance, and suzerainty of the Board of Education, and that the Board has connived at transgressions of the letter and spirit of the school law for some years past. But it is almost needless to say that thus far the complainants have failed to connect the Board of Education or the Provincial Government with a knowledge of any of the alleged violations of the law. It is true that by the evidence of protestant children attending some of the schools on the North Shore, which evidence appears satisfactory and credible, they have succeeded in proving that in some instances the Roman Catholic catechism was taught in these schools during the hours which are fixed by law for the prosecution of purely school work and education. This state of affairs is regrettable, and we would be among the first to deplore it, and to commend the government which would knowingly encourage or even allow it. But we do not believe, nor is their anything in the evidence submitted to the judge during the investigation to lead us to believe, that the Board of Education or the government either knew of these illegal practices being carried on, or suspected their existence. Dr. Inch, the Chief Superintendent of Education, was on the stand, and was fully and severely examined upon this question. He is at the head of educational matters in the province; he is a member of the Board of Education; and he has charge of the records of the transactions of the board, not only during the term of his own tenure of the office, but also during the administration of his predecessors, and if any of these things had come to the knowledge of the Board of Education, he would have been compelled to state what he knew on the witness stand. Yet, in face of all these facts, the complainants have failed to establish that any complaints of the alleged violations of the law have ever reached the ears of the inspector, the Chief Superintendent, or of any other official charged with the duty of hearing and investigating such charges. Further, we believe that the complainants will be unable to prove that such complaints have been made, or that the officials in question knew of any such infringements of the law, and this, not because the scope of the enquiry is in any way limited, but because there are no facts on which to found evidence of such complaints. What, then, must the public conclude? Are they to believe that the Board of Education ought to be held guilty because they do not correct violations of the law of which they do not know, and of which no complaint had reached their ears. Surely the people of New Brunswick can take credit for the possession of more common sense than that. Thus far, the government stands acquitted in the eyes of all intelligent people, of the very grave charges which have been laid at their door, and if, at the conclusion of the investigation, the political agitators who are at the bottom of this costly proceeding shall have failed to establish the facts noted in their statements of grievance, and the government stands vindicated in the eyes of the people, we shall feel justified in asking our readers to give the government all the credit which belongs to them, and to join with all earnest patriotic citizens in suppressing an agitation so wide spread, so bitter and so fatal to the welfare of the country. In conclusion we are able to guarantee that as soon as the grievances thus far proved have been adjudicated upon by the judge in charge should he find that real grievances exist, the government will lose no time in removing whatever is illegal and prejudicial to the rights of any religious body and the successful administration of the law.

Mrs. J. E. White of St. John, is in the city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crockett, of St. John registered at the Queen Hotel Wednesday.

Dr. Inch returned Saturday from Bathurst, where he had been giving evidence in the school enquiry.

John McCarthy left on Monday for Dorchester where he intends spending two or three weeks.

Allen F. Randolph and Robert left Thursday morning for Montreal. They will meet Hon. A. F. and Mrs. Randolph there on Saturday and accompany them home.

Mr. John Wetmore came in on yesterday afternoon's train.

TOPICS OF THE DAY

What the Gossips have to Remark about

The Trend of Matters Political Parliamentary or Otherwise.

Some Touch-and-Go Notices of all Mentionable Matters.

New ways are being built under Mr. Gibson's new schooner at the mouth of the Nashua, and should the water come up a little higher, it is expected the vessel will be got off next week.

The petit jury after an hour's absence returned a verdict of guilty Thursday afternoon in the indictment against Charles Good for burning the barn and contents of A. E. Cliff at Kingsclear in April last. The Attorney General conducted the prosecution, and the prisoner was defended by Geo. F. Gregory. He was sentenced to 10 years in Dorchester.

It is in contemplation to have a purely Canadian celebration on Dominion Day at Chicago, on an extensive scale, as it may well be, taking into consideration the fact that in Chicago there are some 65,000 Canadians and in the West within easy distance of it there are as many more; many of whom though they may have become naturalized Americans still love and cherish most fondly the memory of their birthplace.

The Knights of Pythias bazaar closed last night at the curling rink. The bazaar was one of the most successful ever held in the city, the success being due mainly to the efforts of the ladies. The drawing for prizes took place last night, but too late for the result to be made known in our issue of today. The proceeds go toward furnishing the new hall.

Professor Stockley, of the U. N. E., intends forming classes in French and German during the vacation. They will be held in the day or evening, as may be the more convenient. The fee will be \$1 a month for three classes a week. The classes will be for beginners and for those more advanced. He also proposes having some free classes in French and German, for men only. Present students can attend any of the classes without fee. Persons wishing to enroll are requested to write to Prof. Stockley, or see him about the matter. If a sufficient number apply the classes will be formed at once.

EVENTS AROUND US.

Happenings of the Week Throughout the Province.

Subscribe to the GLOBE.

The GLOBE is now an eight page weekly.

The local government met Wednesday evening.

The Pythian Bazaar proved a complete success.

The Fredericton Gas Company met Thursday afternoon.

There was a warm time at the council meeting this week.

Andrew Paul has been elected chief of the Indians of the river counties.

The Bank of Nova Scotia has added Mr. Bobb Rosborough to its staff.

A Dolls Carnival will be held in the Rink Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. H. T. Stevens, of Moncton, is now on trial at Dorchester for manslaughter.

Mrs. Mackay, wife of Mr. John Mackay, tea merchant, of St. John, died in Boston, last week.

The City Council voted, Thursday night, for tenders for lighting the streets by electricity.

The Tippet property, Waterloo Row, recently purchased by Judge Fraser, is being greatly improved.

The second match in the series of matches of the Canadian Military Rifle League takes place at Drury range, St. John this afternoon.

HAWKERS' LIVE PILLS, contain no mercury, are purely vegetable safe, sure and effective. Do not gripe; small, easy to take. Sold everywhere.

In the closing exercises in the Normal School yesterday, Miss Mabel Barbour, of St. John who had been chosen valedictorian, delivered a very fine address.

Races will be held at Memramook Driving Park on the afternoon of the 21st. There will be three races. A 2.40, 3-minute and green race. Entries close on Saturday June the 19th.

Tenders will be received up to noon July 1st, from any track in the maritime provinces, stating the amount of money they will offer to have the maritime colt stake races trotted on their track. The races take place on the 23rd and 24th of August.

HAWKER'S BALM OF TOLU AND WILD CHERRY is the safest, surest, and best known remedy for the cure of coughs, colds, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. The children's favourite. Sold by all druggists and dealers.

Coming and Going.

Mr. James Tibbitts will leave next week for a trip to San Francisco. He will be accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Vanwart.

Dr. Coulthard and wife returned home from Chicago Wednesday.

Hon. James Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell and Miss Noe Clarke of St. Stephen are staying at Mrs. Barker's, Brunswick street.

A. G. Blair jr., who has been attending a law school in Virginia, is home for the holidays.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY

The Great Blood and Nerve Remedy

A Full Line of
THE HAWKER REMEDIES
For Sale by
C. FRED CHESTNUT,
Apothecary,
2 Doors above Barker House,
Queen St., Fredericton

SOME HINTS ABOUT DRIVING.

Particularly Useful to Women—You Should Drive Well.

Whether you drive a single horse or a team the principles are the same; but in driving a pair see to it that each horse does his share of the work and no more. A pair of horses, moreover, unless well driven are sure to get into the habit of wandering over the road.

To drive well you must keep your eye and your mind on the horse. Watch his ears. They will be pricked forward when he is about to shy, droop when he is tired fly back just before he "breaks" into a gallop and before he kicks. Before kicking, too, a horse usually tucks in his tail and hunches his back a little. When you observe any of these indications speak to him sharply and pull up his head.

You must watch the road also. Turn out for stones, so that the horse will not stumble nor the wheels jolt over them avoid the mud hole and places where the going is bad, let the horse slacken speed when the road become heavy, and if you want to make time do it where the ground slightly descends.

It is a common mistake to think that a horse can haul a carriage easily on the level. On such a road he has to be pulling every moment; there is no rest. Whereas, when the road now rises, and now falls, the weight is taken off him at times, and he has a chance to recover his wind and to rest his muscles. As between a level road in a valley and an up-and-down road over the hills, the latter is by far the easier for a horse to travel. When you come to a long level stretch let your horse walk a bit in the middle of it.

Almost everyone knows that for the first few miles, after coming out of the stable, a horse should be driven slowly, and especially if he has just been fed. On a journey is of the utmost importance to observe this rule. Be careful, however, not to check a young nag too quickly when he comes fresh out of the stable; give him his head, talk to him soothingly and presently he will come down to a moderate pace. If you pull him up at once, you vex him extremely, so much so that he is not unlikely to kick.—Harper's Young People.

JUST RECEIVED!

15 Cases **CLOCKS**IN.....

Marble,
Onyx,
Oxidized Iron,
Oxidized Wood
Walnut
and Nickel Alarms

We Can Sell an 8 Day
Striking Clock for

\$ 2.65, Upwards.

J. D. FOWLER,

Opposite Post Office.

TO LET.

HOUSE on Needham Street, containing eight rooms. Barn and garden. Buildings in good repair.

Apply to
Mrs. JOHN ANDERSON,
June 10 '93, 1-m. Regent Street

TO LET.

POSSESSION Given on First of May next the Hotel, with Good Yard and Stabling, situate opposite the Officers' Quarters, and now occupied by Turney Manner.

Apply to
D. WEN SHARKEY,
Fredericton, Feb. 4th, '93.

TO RENT.

THE lower flat of house 68 Brunswick Street, suitable for small family.

Apply to
M. F. W. WINTERS
April 28 '93, tf.

OAK HALL!

BOYS' YOUTH'S & MENS **CLOTHING!**

Cheaper and Better than ever

AT
OAK HALL, 276 Queen St.

44 Children's Carriages.

VARIOUS STYLES,

AT
LEMONT & SONS

16 SAFET BYCICLES—A new lot just arrived from Wolverhampton, England. Sold cheap for Cash or monthly payment. Makes of Tyres—Dunlop Cushion Tyred Dunlop and Silvertown Pneumatics.

AT
LEMONT'S
A Large Stock of Window Shades Received.

FREE!

The 'Ladies' Journal' for
One year FREE, to every
subscription or renewal of
subscription to this Paper.

Happy

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rejoice Because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Rescued Their Child from Scrofula.

For Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all other foul humors in the blood of children or adults, Hood's Sarsaparilla is an unequalled remedy. Read this:

"We are so thankful to Hood's Sarsaparilla for what it did for our little girl that we make this statement for the benefit of other anxious parents and

Suffering Children

Our girl was a beautiful baby, fair and plump and healthy. But when she was two years old, sores broke out behind her ears and spread rapidly over her head and forehead down to her eyes, and into her neck. We consulted one of the best physicians in Brooklyn, but nothing did her any good. The doctors said it was caused by a scrofula humor in the blood. Her head became

One Complete Cure

offensive to the smell and dreadful to look at. Her general health waned and she would lay in a large chair all day without any life or energy. The sores caused great itching and burning, so that at times we had to restrain her hands to prevent scratching. For 3 years

She Suffered Fearfully

with this terrible humor. Being urged to try Hood's Sarsaparilla we did so. We soon noticed that she had more life and appetite. The medicine seemed to drive out more of the humor for a short time, but it soon began to subside, the itching and burning ceased, and in a few months her head became entirely clear of the sores. She is now perfectly well, has no evidence of the humor, and her skin is clear and healthy. She seems like an entirely different child, in health and general appearance, from what she was before taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I. W. FREDERICK, 511 Glenmore Ave., East New York, Brooklyn, N. Y.

This Testimonial

Is an illustration of what Hood's Sarsaparilla is doing for the sick and suffering every day, from Maine to California. In the light of these facts who can say that the work of an immense concern like ours is not beneficent?

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

POOR DOCUMENT

THE WORLD OVER

The Spirit of the Press of all Countries.

A Synoptic History of the Times.

Itemize and Arrange for every-day convenience.

Miss Eleanor Calhoun, grand-niece of John C. Calhoun, has made a successful debut as an actress in Paris.

Mrs. Frank Leslie, who has buried one husband, expected to be divorced from No. 2, Mr. Willie Wilde this week.

Edwin Booth, after a long illness, has passed away. He was one of the greatest actors America has ever produced.

Dr. Conan Doyle, the novelist, began life as an eye specialist, but his success as a story teller has induced his abandonment of the medical profession. He is a Scotchman 34 years old.

Queen Victoria has a large and peculiarly shaped hand and wears a 7 1/2 glove. She wears only black gloves and affects still the two and four button kids she wore at the beginning of her reign.

Marion Phelps, daughter of Mr. W. Walter Phelps, lately United States Minister to Berlin, was married last week in Berlin, to Dr. Frank Rottenburg. Among the presents was a silver service from Mrs. Blaine.

At an early hour Wednesday morning the saw mill at Noel Shore, N. S., belonging to Capt. Levi Densmore, together with a large quantity of deals, was totally destroyed by fire.

Capt. Robert J. Reeves, master mariner died in an electric car at West Lynn last week. Deceased was a native of Milford, N. S., but made his home at Chelsea, Mass. He was 52 years old.

At Denver Wednesday Mr. Barbour sent his 12-year-old horse, Long Tim, to break the six-mile world's record of 16.23, held by Gallatin, and made in 1889. The distance was covered in 16.08, beating the record by 17 seconds.

The U. S. government will award a gold watch to Capt. Manley, a marine glass to Chief Mate Boig and silver medals to Bonch and Silver, seamen, of the steamer "Borderer," for rescuing the crew of the Gloucester schooner "Island" last March. Chief Mate Boig has a number of friends in St. John.

Half of Fargo, N. D., is in ashes. The fire started in a restaurant on Second St. A strong wind was blowing. Probably 2,000 people are homeless. The strong wind made the fire travel so quickly that hardly anything was saved. The loss will be over \$1,000,000, as practically the entire business district is destroyed.

VIENNA, June 7.—Floods continue to cause great destruction in the province of Bukovina. The river Cseromez, yesterday evening, burst through the temporary dams erected to stay its devastating course and submerged the town of Wischnitz. The town has a population of about 4,000. Many were drowned. Rows of houses were demolished by the rushing water. Thousands are homeless. The loss to property is very great.

At Pine Tree Harbor, Ont., last Wednesday night, as 12 men who had been engaged loading telegraph poles on a crib for the Cleveland Cedar Co., were coming ashore, their boat sprang a leak and went down. All of its occupants but four succeeded in getting ashore. The names of the drowned are a-follows: John Smith Lindsay; Mat. Norris, Stokes Bay; Robt. Mowatt, Hepworth; and Henry Whitfield, Meaford.

Everett Sampson, of East Bridgewater, Mass., mysteriously disappeared at Mira Gut Cape Breton, on the 27th of May. He was there on a visit, and had considerable money about him. Fool play is feared, and Deputy Sheriff Wheeler of Boston is in Cape Breton investigating in the interests of Sampson's parents.

Sampson's wife belongs to Mira Gut. She is there sick, and her husband had come down from the United States to see her.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. June 6.—Seventeen-year-old Sarah Veht met with a terrible death at Kirchbaum, establishment, 726 Market street, yesterday morning. She was on the eighth floor and rang for the elevator. Thinking it was below, she peeped over the guard rail to see if it was coming, when it descended, cutting off her head. There was so much excitement occasioned by the accident that the fire department hastened to the scene.

A grand-nephew of Florida MacDonald has just died at Taunton in the person of Mr. Norman W. MacDonald. He was a son of Colonel Archibald MacDonald, and held a commission at one time in the Bengal Cavalry, and afterwards Governor of Sierra Leone. At the time of his death he was over eighty years of age. Florida's husband and her five sons were all in the army, one of the latter, Lieut.-Col. John MacDonald, of the Clan Alpine Regiment, attaining considerable distinction as an author on military tactics and scientific questions.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—The pitiable spectacle of an 8-year-old boy in a state of maddening intoxication was presented to people in the centre of the city yesterday. The boy, Eddie Jordan, was found by an officer of the Nineteenth district staggering about the streets. Where the child got his liquor no one knows, as

Eddie was not in condition to tell last night.

The lad was taken to the Pennsylvania hospital, where the physicians, by the free use of a stomach pump, succeeded in extracting nearly a quart of whiskey from the youthful tippler.

Tin That Paid no Duty.

A scheme for defrauding the Government out of revenue for imported tin has been unearthed lately at Eastport, Me., by a special Customs inspector, T. R. Sunnton. On the arrival of the schooner "N." a few days ago, Sunnton, boarded the vessel and discovered that there were in the schooner's hold 200 cases of tin-plate, upon which no duty had been paid, and which is valued at over \$1000. The merchandise had been smuggled across the St. Croix River into Eastport from Beaver Harbor, N. B. The tin is used chiefly by the manufacturers of sardine boxes in Eastport. The duty on tin is exceedingly high. The manufacturers reap a good harvest in profits by smuggling it. The Treasury officials are of the opinion that this illegal importation of tin has been in operation for some time, and that the Government has been defrauded of thousands of dollars' duty.

The "Corsica" Sunk The Schooner.

The steel steamer "Corsica" collided with an unknown schooner fifteen miles off Thunder Bay Island last Saturday morning in a fog. The schooner was cut in two and went to the bottom instantly. Her entire crew were lost. The "Corsica" had no time to wait for the rescue of any survivors who might be floating around in the mass of wreckage, as her bow was stove in and the water was pouring in faster than her pumps would throw it out. The "Corsica" was run on the beach on Thunder Bay Island, just below Osniknee. The schooner's disappearance was so sudden that not even her name, color or size could be made out by any one on the steamer. In a boat which was picked up among the wreckage was a letter signed by Joe Davy, 213 Cherry street, Green Bay, Wis. It is dated March 3, 1893, and commenced "My dear brother."

BURNED THREE BABIES.

Wretched Female Abortivists Found Guilty of Man-slaughter.

On Saturday last the jury in the trial of Doctor Sarah B. Chase, of New York, charged with the murder of Maggie Manzoni by performing an illegal operation upon her, after being out two hours rendered a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree.

The prisoner was taken back to the county prison and brought up for sentence yesterday. Dr. Chase was accused on trial of having burned three babies.

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 5.—Jose Corro, the Portuguese under arrest for the murder of Bertha Manchester, was arraigned this morning. He was held without bail until June 15. He pleaded not guilty and announced himself ready for trial. The government asked for continuance, as many important witnesses were in New Bedford attending the Borden trial. Judge McDonough continued the case to the 15th. Manuel Soncci, principal witness for the government, was held in \$2,000 bonds.

A Great Ocean Race.

The rivals for ocean pennant honors started eastward early last Saturday morning from New York, the "Campania" for Liverpool and the "Paris" for Queens-town.

Both left their piers at 8 o'clock, steaming slowly down the river and faster through the bay past Sandy Hook, almost within hailing distance of each other. The chances for fast work seemed unusually favorable. The Hamburg flyer, "Columbia," which arrived Friday after an exceptionally quick trip for her, found smooth seas all the way over, and the "Normannia," of the same line, that did equally well going eastward, had a like experience. The "Campania's" engines should now be in good working order, and her officers expressed the opinion there was nothing to prevent her making an effort to show her finest style on this voyage.

The value of winning the title "Queen of the Seas," early in the season is well understood by the captain and engineer of the vessel, and they are certain to make this splendid new ship put her best foot forward just as soon as it is deemed safe to urge her.

The "Paris" did some very fast steaming while she was still young at her work. The American liner has still to beat the "Fuerst Bismarck's" record to Southampton, and she has at incentive, with the pennant holder leading her over the ocean two days in advance, to urge her on. Besides the fear of losing the laurels she has to beat a new candidate for the first place on the ocean. It is important to her, of course, to beat the Hamburg ship to her own port, but it is probable that her owners are much more anxious to maintain the title which Britain's new crack is after. In order to make a record, the "Campania" must be seen passing Dann's Point on Thursday night last. The "Paris" must leave the Lizard ahead before sun set last night. Both ships have their cabins two-thirds full.

McAdam Notes.

On Thursday evening June 1 there was a concert and dinner given under the auspices of Court City Camp I. O. F. The concert consisted of vocal and instru-

mental music interspersed with readings and recitations. Miss Baird music teacher of Vanceboro, Miss Gussie Griffin and Mr. H. Thompson, of McAdam, attended to the vocal part and did credit to themselves and the selections. The instrumental part was looked after by Mr. Roscoe Varney, violinist, and Miss Moreau, pianist, of Vanceboro, whose reputation for rendering first class music is well known. The readings were given by Miss Baird and Mr. Simmons and the recitations by Miss Gussie Griffin and Mr. H. Sproule. The entertainment was a most successful one.

Excelsior Council, R. T. of T., propose holding a picnic at Moore's Mills in the near future. This council, although but recently organized, is fast becoming popular. Its growth has been fabulous, and the good it is doing in the way of suppressing the nefarious liquor traffic cannot be estimated.

Everything points to lots of sport next autumn hunting deer, although having been seen by one person in less than a month. The railway works here are running full blast, getting out locomotives and cars for the changes which takes place this month.

A base ball club has been organized here.

Editing a Newspaper.

Editing a newspaper is a pleasant business—if you can stand it.

If it contains many advertisements the subscribers complain they take too much space.

If there is a scarcity of advertising it is unpopular and people won't have it.

If we attend church regularly they say we go for effect.

If we stay away from church they say we are monstrously heathenish.

If we accept an invitation to a wedding they say we were invited to "write it up."

If we go to the theatre they say we go on free tickets.

If we, in our good nature boom up things theatrical, and sell space to the managing fraternity at ridiculously low prices, giving them free flowery reading notices which are divergent from the real nature of the attraction, we arouse suspicion that we are not doing the straight thing by the others.

If our criticisms are unfavorable we are branded as mean tricksters who are capable of saying anything.

If we fail to hold up the candle of truth, the public soon know us to be bought by dollars.

If we are seen on the streets too often they say we neglect our business.

If we avoid going on the streets they say we don't hustle around after the news.

If we reject a long winded communication its author becomes furiously enraged and discontinues his paper.

If we publish lengthy communications our readers say we lack discretion and put in anything "to fill up."

If we neglect to decorate our office windows on Dominion Day they say we lack enterprise, and that there isn't a drop of patriotic blood flowing in our degraded carcasses.

If, in our frailty, we sometimes prepare a joke, or make a stagger at a poor little pun, they say we are exceedingly light and won't do.

If we omit jokes, they say we are poor, miserable fossils.

If we are single, they say we are too helpless to get married.

If we are married they say it is a pity for our wives.

If we publish a man who has brought disgrace upon his family the friends of the family never forgive us. If we, out of goodness of heart, declined to say anything on the subject the man's enemies are disappointed, and we are branded as white-livered cowards.

We are able to stand these raps and many more, and are always ready to receive visitors whether accompanied by a dog or not. Of course we do not claim there is any work in running a newspaper; every one knows it is a snap.

It Never Forgot His Kindness.

A touching instance of insect instinct has just been published. A writer says: "I found a cockroach struggling in a bowl of water. I took half a walnut for a boat. I put him into it, and gave him two wooden toothpicks for oars, and left him. The next morning I visited him and he had put a piece of white cotton thread on one of the toothpicks, and set the toothpick on end as a signal of distress. He had a hair on the other toothpick, and there that cockroach sat a-fishing. The cockroach exhausted, had fallen asleep. The sight melted me to tears. I took that cockroach out and gave him a spoonful of gruel, and left him. The animal never forgot my kindness, and now my house is chock-full of cockroaches."

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night or broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind-Colic, softens the Gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."—Aug. 9—86—ly

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

BUY

THE CHOICE

CONFECTIONERY.

"PEARLS" Assorted

Flavors,

For Sale by W H GOLDEN.

ICE CREAM.

Fine Roasted Peanuts

No. 1 Chocolates.

FRUITS AND CIGARS

in Connection. Lowest Prices.

W. H. GOLDEN,

Manufacturing Confectioner

All Sizes.

Harvey's

PHOTOGRAPHS.

All Styles.

164 Queen St.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Underdeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

- ICE -

CREAM.

Now the summer has begun and the weather is getting warm we are once more to the front with delicious Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda, which we will manufacture with all flavors, and served up in the neatest style with sponge cake.

We have also received another fine assortment of English and French Confectionery

And a Full Line of

Bananas, Oranges,

Lemons, Pineapples,

Walnuts, Filberts,

A fine line of Cigars, Cigarettes, and Fine Cut Tobacco.

Hot Peanuts always on hand.

Give us a call.

GEO F WILKES

Confectioner

152 Union Street,

Sai t John, - - - N. B.

THE "GLOBE"

JOB PRINTING

DEPARTMENT.

We have in Stock a Complete Line of

Bill Heads,

Letter Heads,

Statements,

Tags, Etc.,

Which we will Print in the Latest Styles and at Reasonable Rates.

ALSO

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Programme, and Memorial Cards.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

A. J. MACHUM,

Proprietor.

OFFICE: Sharkey's Block, Queen Street Opp Officers' Barracks

SPRING MEDICINES!

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Radway's Sarsaparilla.

Our Own Sarsaparilla.

W. H. CARTEN,

Druggist and Apothecary, Cor. Queen and Carleton Sts.

Sweet Music

for the Economical.

MONEY SAVED

by buying from the elegant stock of New Goods just opened at the

New Jewelry Store,

220 Queen St. Opp. Stone Barracks.

R. BLACKMER,

Watchmaker and Je

JOHN H. FLEMING

Royal

Hotel

Mrs. B. Atherton, Prop.

Fredericton, N. B.

152 Union Street,

Sai t John, - - - N. B.

POOR DOCUMENT

ADVERTISE

IN THE

"Fredericton

:-: Globe."

The "Globe" is now the most attractive paper published in the City, and has an ever increasing circulation.

The Advertising Rates are Right, and our constant aim will be to give every patron the best of satisfaction.

Call and see us and get our Rates. Now is the time to

ADVERTISE.

A. J. MACHUM, Proprietor.

OFFICE: Sharkey's Block, Queen Street, Opp. Officers' Quarters

THE "GLOBE"

JOB PRINTING

:-: DEPARTMENT.

We have in Stock a Complete Line of

Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Statements, Tags, Etc.,

Which we will Print in the Latest Styles and at Reasonable Rates.

—ALSO—

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Programme, and Memorial Cards.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

A. J. MACHUM, Proprietor.

OFFICE: Sharkey's Block, Queen Street, Opp. Officers' Barracks

NASAL BALM

It is a certain and specific cure for colds in the head and Catarrh in all its stages. SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING. Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible. Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as nasal catarrh, partial deafness, itching about the eyes, small, inflamed, raw, and itching, swollen, general itching of the body, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, your nose Catarrh, and should use no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. It is warranted to cure, and is sold in large quantities to the trade. Price 50 cents and \$1.00 by mail, postage paid. FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

PHENIX LIVERY STABLE

(Lately the Geo. L. Gunter Stable.) Opp. A. F. Randolph & Sons, CHAS. S. ORR, Manager.

FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS A SPECIALTY. Prompt and Courteous treatment to all Patrons. May 13th, '93.—1y.

1893. 1893.

F. W. WINTERS

House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER —AND— GRAINER.

Graining done in Walnut, Cherry, Mahogany, Oak, Satin Wood, Hungarian Ash, Rose Wood, etc.

Doors Grained, Price \$1.50 to \$2.50 per Side.

All work Guaranteed First-Class. Best of Material used. Duly Competition. F. W. WINTERS, May, 12th '93.—1y. 68 Brunswick St.

T. AMOS WILSON,

BOOKBINDER

—AND— Paper Ruler.

Cor Queen and Regent Sts.

1893. 1893.

SPRING & SUMMER!

OWEN SHARKEY

Respectfully invites inspection of his large stock of

Spring and Summer Goods

Ladies' Plain and Figured Stuff Dress Goods, Dress Flannels, Hosiery, Bedford Cards and Prints. Mantles, Parasoles, Gloves, Hose and Belts. Men's, Youth's and Boys Clothing, Rubber Coats and Umbrellas, Hats, Caps, Shirts, Ties, Collars, Silk Handkerchiefs, Cuffs and Underclothing. Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Pantings and Suitings. Table Cloths, Linens, Napkins, Cottonades, Grey and White Cottons. Table and Floor Oil Cloths. Trunks, Valises and Satchels. Remnants of all kinds.

Wall Paper at a Sacrifice to clear.

O. Sharkey.

TRIPLE MURDER.

Omri Eddy, Mrs. Eddy and Emma Eddy Killed.

The Lives Taken at Beach Ridge by Unknown Assassins. A Robbery Which led to Murder and Arson.

The Montreal Daily Star of last Saturday contains the following account of a horrible tragedy:—

LACOLLE, Que., June 3.—The most fearful tragedy in the annals of Missisquoi County occurred seven miles from this point last night or early this morning. Omri Eddy, Mrs. Eddy, his wife, and their daughter Emma, aged 20, were found murdered in their farm house at Beach Ridge, three miles from Clarenceville.

After the murder had been committed the assassins SET FIRE TO THE DWELLING, and the neighbors, who were attracted to the spot by the flames, found the three dead bodies, which were at once removed.

As yet there is no clue to the murderers. There is a little doubt but that the primary intention of the unknown murderers was robbery, and this led to the sequel which has sent a thrill of horror throughout the whole district.

In support of the robbery theory it may be stated that when the dead bodies were removed, around Mrs. Eddy's hand was found a rubber band, which, the neighbors say, was similar to one which SHE CARRIED ON HER FINGER.

The position of the band indicated that it had been slipped from off the finger, probably in response to the robber's demand for money.

The sequel to this act of Mrs. Eddy's may never be detailed, but the finding of the dead bodies shows that it was followed by a series of most brutal murders.

The intensest excitement prevails in the neighborhood of Beach Ridge and people are flocking to

THE SCENE OF THE MURDER from Bedford, Clarenceville and other adjacent places.

Coroner Mitchell, of Bedford, has gone to Beach Ridge and is holding an investigation this afternoon.

THE MURDERED FAMILY. Omri Eddy, the murdered man, was 70 years of age, his wife (formerly a Miss Bush) about 62. They were one of the oldest families residing in that part of the country. They came from United Empire Loyalist stock, Mr. Eddy's grandfather having settled there in the early part of the century. Mr. Eddy was an independent,

WELL-TO-DO FARMER, and possessed considerable means, being the owner of two farms. He was a highly respected man and was one of the fathers of the Methodist Church in Clarenceville. The late Mrs. Eddy was a kind woman, while Miss Eddy was a well educated young woman, held in great esteem by all who knew her. The residence was situated on Beach Ridge, a beautiful country road leading from Clarenceville to Albany Springs, Vt.

THE HOUSE STOOD ABOUT THREE MILES from Clarenceville and two from the boundary line. It was one of the pretty farm residences which are so numerous in that section. It was of wood and fronting it was a distant lawn. It could be seen for quite a distance, being on the brow of the hill near the lake. On the east the farm lands slope down to the Missisquoi lake. The farmer employed by Mr. Eddy lived in another house about one hundred

yards away with his family. The bulk of the product of these two farms was hay which was sometimes held until spring to be sold at a higher price. There is a good deal of local traffic on this road, leading as it does

BETWEEN VERMONT AND CANADA. The locality has always borne a very high reputation and is almost wholly populated by people of English descent. As a rule they retire very early in the evening and are early risers. A married daughter of Mr. Eddy, Mrs. Bert Hawley, lives near Plattsburg, N. Y. She was the eldest child, while the murdered daughter was the youngest. One son, Mr. H. O. Eddy,

IS IN BUSINESS AT MONTREAL, 160 McGill street. The news was broken to him this morning. He will go out this evening. Teams are to be seen on this road at all times of night. The corner of the district, Dr. H. E. Mitchell, resides at Bedford, some sixteen miles from the scene of the murder. There is no apparatus to fight fire with in and around Clarenceville. It is a prohibition parish as well as Alburg, Vt. adjoining it. The nearest neighboring house to the Eddy place is about 300 yards.

Mr. H. O. Eddy, son of the murdered father and mother, manufacturer's agent, McGill street, received a telegram this morning advising him of the murder of his father, and later on, another message announcing the murder of the other members of his family. The terrible state of mind into which this intelligence threw Mr. Eddy can only be imagined. As soon as he had partially recovered from the stunning effects of the shock he proceeded to Mr. Carpenter's office and engaged two detectives, with whom he will set out to endeavor to discover the perpetrator of the outrage.

THE JEWS GOT TO TIMBUKTO.

New Firmly Installed in a City Where Once They Were Proscribed.

A dispatch from Tangier says that \$60,000 worth of ostrich feathers sent by Jewish merchants of Timbuktu have reached that city.

Christians are forbidden to live in the city, and the Mohammedans are as bitterly opposed to the Jews as to the Christians. The story how the Jews gained admittance to Timbuktu is a romantic one. They seem to be firmly established there, having overcome the opposition of their bitter enemies.

All the Jewish merchants in Timbuktu are relations or friends of Mordokhai Abi-Serour, once a poor Jewish boy living in Morocco, where his race are cruelly treated. This boy, suffering all the misfortunes of his race, determined to go to some part of the world where he might get a better chance in life. He had no help from any one, but made his way in various humble capacities from Tangier to Spain, and then passed through France, Turkey, Greece, Asia Minor, and finally reached Jerusalem. When his funds were exhausted he would work until he had accumulated money to pursue his journey.

One of our countrymen has shown how an American can travel to Europe on 50 cents a day, Mordokhai could undoubtedly give points to our economical countrymen in the art of cheap travel. For months at a time he travelled at a total cost of not over \$2 a week.

When he reached Jerusalem he applied himself with great ardor to study. In five years he attained the rank of rabbi. Then he became a school teacher, and in this capacity he passed 11 years instructing youth in Aleppo, Syria, Egypt, Tunis and Algeria. Then he returned to Morocco with a passport as a French citizen. He, however, had accumulated considerable money, and had developed the amazing faculty of his race for business. He heard that there were great opportunities in the Timbuktu trade, and, though he knew the holy city was rigorously closed against Jews as well as Christians, he determined to make an effort to get to Timbuktu. This was in 1858.

Within a number of camels he and his brother Isaac started across the desert, taking water enough to last them 10 days. His progress was not impeded until he reached the town of Arnan, where the European explorer Laing was murdered in the early part of this century. At this town, which stands in a sea of sand, they were stopped by the Arab sheik, who declared that no Jew or Christian would be permitted to live among the faithful. He said he would kill any Jew who came to his town as once he had killed a Christian.

It happened that Mordokhai had the Koran at his fingers' ends. With this knowledge combined with great tact and finesse, he went before the doctors of the Arnan and pointed out to them that their religious law enjoined upon Mohammedans to take tribute from Jews and not to slay them. This set the sheik and the doctors thinking, and after studying over the law they agreed that Mordokhai and his brother should be permitted to trade in the town upon giving the sheik a portion of their merchandise and promising to pay an annual tribute of \$25 for every Jew engaged in trade in Arnan. So the adventuresome Jewish merchant had thus far prospered on his way.

It was not, however, until the next year that he obtained permission to go to Timbuktu. After the desired authority had been given him, it was only by the most extravagant offers that he induced a camel driver to assume the risk of taking a Jew to the fanatical city. Mordokhai did not dare to suddenly surprise the

people of Timbuktu by appearing among them in his true character. He therefore assumed an Arab disguise, and when he reached the city he went at once to the house of a Morocco trader who he thought would protect him. The Jew, however, was mistaken for the Moorish trader instigated the ruling Felahs to kill him or compel him to turn Mohammedan.

In the emergency his knowledge of the Koran again assisted him out of a dilemma, for when it seemed as though he had no alternative but to deny his faith or die he repeated to his enemies the words of the prophet that they who killed a tributary without just cause should not taste of the joys of Paradise. The result was that a messenger was sent to the Emir to learn his will; and to the delight of the Jew, the order came that he was to be permitted to reside in Timbuktu on paying the usual license exacted from foreign merchants.

Accordingly Mordokhai and his brother lived in Timbuktu, doing a most profitable business, for several years. Having accumulated a considerable fortune by trading caravans that they sent to the Mediterranean, they finally returned to Morocco. Then Mordokhai went to Timbuktu with three of his near relatives and another Jew and in the following year they sent to Morocco ostrich feathers ivory and other products to the value of \$30,000. Mordokhai's later adventures were not so successful, for some of his caravans were plundered in the desert. But when he decided to leave Timbuktu for good in 1869, his relatives there thought it profitable to remain. Other Jews have since joined them on the same terms, and thus it happens that to-day there are Jewish traders in the fanatical city, which before the advent of this fearless pioneer, would not admit any Jewish traders.

Since his retirement from the Soudan trade Mordokhai has done very good work in the service of the Paris geographical society.

THE STORY OF AN OUTCAST.

In Which a Man With Murder in His Heart Has a Narrow Escape.

The man in upper No. 11 began moaning about 10:30 o'clock, and an hour later the man in lower No. 7 got out of his berth fully determined to choke off that noise or kill the man who owned it. Among the half dozen who who looked out to see what was going on was an old chap of 70, who had lower No. 1. As soon as lower No. 7 turned out the old man beckoned him down to the end of the car and asked:

Am I correct in supposing you mean to wet your hands in human gore? You are! was the prompt reply. You have considered the consequences, have you?

I have! But at the risk of being thought officious I want to relate an incident in my own career. Thirty years ago it happened that I had to pass a night in a large room in a tavern with 14 other men. At midnight all began to snore. I had with me two dozen spring clothespins. I got up and placed a pin on each man's nose, and in 10 minutes every snore had ceased. I grinned. I chuckled. I congratulated myself on my cunningness. When I awoke in the morning, every man was dead! Not What killed them?

Every one had swallowed his snore. The clothespins had done it. Fourteen dead men lay on their backs with 14 clothespins tightly pressed to their pale, cold noses.

Served 'em right! chuckled the blood-thirsty wretch.

I admit it. But how did I come out? I was tried on 14 separate charges of murder. It was nine years before the last jury brought in a verdict of "justifiable homicide." I had paid out my last cent to the lawyers. Fourteen widows cried for my life. Over 40 fatherless children shrieked for vengeance. More than 100 newspapers demanded that I be lynched. I was an outcast, a leper, a reptile to be shunned. Day and night the sobs of those widows and the wails of those fatherless children ring in my ears. I am going to my grave feeling that I have not one friend in all this great world.

But you see— Of course I see. He ought to be killed. No one can blame you for murdering him in cold blood, but reflect ere it is too late. I beg of you to pause and reflect.

The would be murderer was struck by the old man's earnestness. He put up his knife and revolver and crept back under his blankets, and he was hardly out of sight before the sleeper turned over, and the snore was heard no more. Next morning the snorer incidentally mentioned that he had been married five different times and had 4 wives and 27 children and stepchildren still living, and the pallor which overspread the murderous wretch's face like a veil did not go away for hours. He had barely escaped murdering a 3-story orphan asylum.

Wit and Humor. I've got it in for you, my friend, soliloquized the mosquito, sinking it a little deeper in the sleeping victim's nose.

Life.—Mr. Bilkins—What a sad face that woman has! Mrs. Bilkins—Yes, poor thing! She has either loved and lost or loved and got him.

Old subscriber (to editor)—Can you lend me \$5? Editor—We cannot. Old subscriber—Paper not doing much, eh? Editor—Well, we're holdin' our own.

Bill Nye, the famous humorist, proposes to write a history of the United States, which he says will contain a few facts, as it is almost impossible to keep them out.

Rector (to choirmaster)—We don't have enough congregation singing to suit the church members. Choirmaster—No. It ought to be kept up throughout the sermon.

