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# MONETAR Trade Theview. <br> -Insurance Chronicle- 

VOL. V-N0. 50 .
TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1872.
\{UBSCRIPTION
$\$ 2$ a Year.

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto JOHN MACDONALD and CO. PARASOLS! BLACK PARASOLS!

COLORED PARASOLS! FANCY PARASOLS! ALPINE PARASOLS!

## BLACK LACE SHAWLS!

BLACK LACE POINTS!
JNO. MACDONALD \& CO.
23 Wellington St. 30 Front Street, $\}$ TOROŃTO.
3 York Street, Manchester, England. .
Toronto, June 18, $\mathbf{1 8 7 2}$.

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Hamilton.

THOS. C. KERR and Co., IMPORTERS OF WHOIESALE
DRY GOODs, HAMILTON, have now

THEIR SPRING STOCK Ready for Inspection.

They would solicit special attention to their stock of

DRESS GOODS, Which is very large.

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.
1872.

Spring.
1872

ON MONDAY NEXT, THE 25Th INSTANT,
A. R. McMASTER
and BROTHER;
Will have opened out a complete ass ortment of their

## Importations,

When they will be glad to see their customers and

No. 4 FRONT STREET ${ }^{\text {P }}$ WEST, TORONTO.

Toronto, February, 1872.
SMITH and KEIGHLEY,
12 and 14 Wellington Street, Toronto, importers of
Teas and Sugars,
Have now in stock large supplies of Fresh New Scason Y. Hysons Teas, comprising

The Leading Wholesele Trade of Toronto.
GORDON MACKAY and CO. WILL OPEN

MONDAY, 29 TH INSTANT,
Cases Nagaski Costumes,
" Nagaski Batistes,
" French Gretadines,
" French Prints,]
" French Ribbons,
" Printed Muslins,
" Cotton Hosiery,
" Merino Hosiery,
" Dress Goods,
" Various.

GORDON, MACKAY \& Co.
Toronto, April, 18;2.
32-1y
SAMSON,
KENNEDY,
and GEMMEL,
HAVE RECEIVED
20 Cases Wincey
4 CASES WHITE COTTONS
Ex " Harold " and " Sarmatian," and are receiving

$$
\text { NEW } \underset{\substack{\text { Daily. }}}{\text { GOOD }}
$$

SAMSON, KENNEDY \& GEMMEL:
Corner of Scott and Colborne Sts.
TORONTO.
The Leading Whotesale Trade of Torento.
BOOTS SHOES AND RUBBERS
WHOLESALE.
CHILDS \& COMPANY.
INITE THE ATTENTION OF DEALERS TO
their large stock of Goods, suitabie for the


Cash and prompt time buyers are particularly request-
ed to examine our samples before completing their spring purchases. "CHILDS \&'COMPANY, 5I YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

## SPRING IMPORTATIONS

 JUST TO HAND.
CHARLES D. EDWARDS, 49 St. Foseph St., Montreal, Manufacturer ot

## Fire Proof Safes,

 AND ALL Kinds ofFire and Burglar Proof Securities.
E. H. MOORE,
54 Front St. East, Toronto,
General Agent for Ontario

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY, FOR THE
PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF TRADE. Established in 1845.
DUN, WIMAN \& CO.:
Montreal, Toronto, and Halifax. $\mathrm{R}^{\text {EFERENCE }}$ of BOOK, containing Names and ratings annually. Leading Wholesale Trade of Ottawa.

MAGEE \& RUSSELL, Importers and Wholesale dealers in STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS. CInNADIAN MANUFACTURES, GRAIN BAGS AND BLANKETS.

- Elgin Street, Ottawa.

Spring Stock now complete. Inspection Invited from the trade of Central Canada and the Ottawa District.
Ottawh, March 14th, $\mathbf{1 8 7 2}$.

## The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

THOMAS LAILEY and CO., IMPORTERS
and
WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS
DEALERS IN
AMERICAN RUBBER CLOTHING.
WAREHOUSE:
6 FRONT STREET WEST, toronto.
J. B. Boustead,

PROVISION \& COMMISSION MERCHANT, 72 \& 74 Colborne Street, Toror: 0.

Esf Advances made on consignments.
WINANS, BUTLER \& CO., COMMISSI ON MERCHANTS, dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WOOLS,
GRAIN AND FLOUR.
Cash advances made on consignments.
77 Front Street, 'Toront , and
Division Street, Cobourg.
L. Cofiee \& Co.,

PRODUCE \& COMMISSICN MERCHANTS,
No. 2 Manning's Block, Front St., Toronto.
$\leftrightarrows$ Advances made on consignments of Produce
Parson Bros.,

| PETROLEUM REFINERS; AND WHOLFSALE |
| :---: |
| Dealers in Lamps, Chimneys, etc. Warerooms, 5I |
| Front St.; Refinery, cor. River and Don Sts., Toronto. |

$\frac{\text { Leading Trade of the Maratime Provinces. }}{}$

Joseph S. Belcher,
Late Geo. H. Starr \& Co.)
Commission and West India Merchant, halifax, N . s.
Particular attention given to the purc::cse and sale of Dry and Pickled Fish, Flour and West India Produce, \&e.

Consignments Solicited.
References.-Quebec Bank, Toronto; G. H. Starr, President People's Bank, Halifax; R. W.' Fraser \& Co.,
Halifax; Geo. Hughes \& Co. Bost Halifax; Geo. Hughes \& Co., Boston.

## J. F. Lawton,

Manufacturer of every description of PATENT GROUND
WARRANTED CAST STEEL SAWS. ST $\operatorname{fOHN}$, N.B.
For Price List and Terms send address.
Hall \& Fairweather,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS 4ND
DEALERS IN FLOUR.
ST. $\mathcal{F O H N}$, NEW BRUNSWICK.

## The Leading Wholesale Trade of Hamilton.

JOHN I. MACKENZIE \& CO., hamilton, ont., will have their
EARLY SPRING IMPORTATIONS

## OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS Together with full lines
OF CANADIAN MANUFACTURES,
Complete and open for inspection on
THURSDAY, THE 2Ist MARCH,
to which they invite the attention of their? Hamilton, March 18, 1872.

Thomson, Birkett and Bell, HAMILTON.

FULL STOCK OF
DUNDAS DOMESTICS, YARN, AND BAGS.
w. j piton. • Piton \& Hunter,

GENERAL COMMISSION
AND MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS, Winnepeg', Province of Manitoba.

Consignments Solicited.
Brown Brothers,
ACCOUNT-BOOK MANUFACTURERS:
Stationers, Book-Binders, etc.,
66 and 68 King Strect East, Toronto, Ontario.
A CCOUNT-BOOKS FOR BANKS, INSURANCE
Companies, Merchants, etc., made to ordersi t
best materials and for style, durability and cheapness
unsurpassed.
A large stock of Account-Books and General Stationery
onstantly on hand.

COLLECTIONOF DEBTS

## Cupples $\overline{\&}$ Hunter,

Managers of the
Canada Mercantile Protective Association,
Established in 1854, for the Collection of Debts throguhout the Dominion, \&c. Commission charged only on the amount collected

20 TCRONTO STREET, TORONTO.

## JOHN L. RANNEY,

## GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT

CHICAGO \& MILWAUKEE.

## AGENT WELLAND RAILWAY,

 And Merchants Line of Steamers, chicago to montreal.Address-No. 7 Chicago. Board Trade Building, or 25 Chamber Commerce Building,

The Leading Wholesale Tade of Montreal.
J. G. Mackenzie \& Company, Importers
and
Wholesale Dealers in
BRITISH \& FOREIGN DRY GOODS, 38i \& 383 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

FERRIER \& CO.,
IRON \& HARDWARE MERCHANTS, St. Francois Xavier Street, MONTREAL.

Agentsfor:
Windsor Powder Mills.
La Tortu Rope-Walk.
Burrill's Axe Factory.
Sherbrooke's Safety Fuse. 3iDec72
Kingan and Kinloch, importers op

TEAS, GENERAL GROCERIES, WINES, \&c.,

Corner of St. Peter and St. Sacrament.Strcets MONTREAL.
S. H. MAY \& CO.,

Importers and dealers in
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, E.c.,
No. 274 ST. PAUL STREET, Opposite their old Store, Montreal.

EXTRA SHOE NAILS, TACKS, \&c.
S. R. FOSTER'S

NAIL, SHOE NAIL AND TACK WORKS,
st. John, n.b.
For Price List and Samples please address our Agent Montreal.

JOHN A. ADAMS,
6 Lemoire Strcet.
John C. McLaren,
Manufacturer of
English Leather Belting and Fire Engine Hose, Opposite Victorin Sq., 12 Bonaventure st., Mo treal.
W. and F. P. Currie and Co., 100 GREY NUN STREET,
Importers of Pig Iron, Bar Iron, Boiler Plates,
Galvanized Iron, Canada Plates, Tin Plates, BOILER TUBES, GAS TUBES,


> Manufacturers o Sofa, Chair and Bed Springs.

A large stock always on hand.

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal.
David Torrance \& Co.,
EAST and WEST INDIA MERCHANTS,
EXCHANGECOURT,

Montreal, 187 r .
MONTREAL.
JOHN MCARTHUR and SON,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Window Glass (Star and Diamond Star Brands),
Sheet and Plate Glass of every description,
Linseed Oil, Paints, Colors, Varnishes;
Japans, Artists' and Painters' Materials,
Naval Stores, Chemical Dye Stuffs, etc.,
Cod, Scal, Whale, Lard, Sferm, Olive, Machinery and Wool Oils.
I 8 LEMOINE STREET.
R. Durn, Fish and Co.,

Wholesale dry goods, 479, St. Paul Street, Montreal.

Sole Importers of the celebrated
GLADSTONE BRAND DOUBLE WARP RAVEN BLACK LUSTRE. Trade Mark Registered.
N. S. WHITNEY,

Importer of Foreign Leather, Elastic Webs,
Prunella Linings, etc.,
14 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL

## B. HUTCHINS,

TEA MERCHANT, 188 \& 190 Mc Gill Street, MONTREAL.
orders by letter promptly attended to.

## W. R. ROSS \& CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS, and importers op
TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES, 464 and 466, St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

CANADA MARBLE WORKS.
R. FORSYTH, PROPRIETOR.

Office-130 Bleury Street. Mill-552 William Street MONTREAL.

Marble, Slate Mantles, Grates, etc.
RECENT IMPORTATIONS.
SUGARS, casks, brls.
TEAS, choice selected, new season.
NUTMEGS, cases.
ALMONDS, sheiled and in shell.
SULTANA RAISINS, small boxes, ac.
Coffees, Syrups, Molasses, Fruits', Spices, Chemicals, Soaps, and a General Assortment. of Grocerics.
J. A. MATHEWSON,

Moatreal, 28th Feb., 887 .

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal.
FELT HATS, STRAW GOODS, \&C., dc.
GREENE and SONS, montreal,
Manufacturers of
FELT HATS,
STRAW GOODS,
SILK HATS, CLOTH CAPS, ENC.
 leading lines of new styles for the

## SPRING TRADE, <br> To which we would invite the attention of all buyers.

Forty years experience our firm have had in the wholesale trade of Canada.
We always seek to please our customers and hope, by further careful attention to their interests, to maintain the standing we now hold among them and the business community.

## FACTORIES:

Fur Goods-525 St Paul Street.
Felt Hats-ir Quefen Street.
Straw Goods-524 St. Paul Street.
Silk Hats-52il st. Paul st.
WAREHOUSE-517, 519, 52 St. Paul St., Montreal. $G R E E N E$ \& $S O N S$.

## R. C. Jamieson and Co., <br> manufacturers of

VARNISHES AND JAPANS. importers of
Oils, Paints, Colors, Spts, of Turpentine, $\& \mathrm{c} ., \& \mathrm{c}$.
3 Corn Exchange, 6 St. John St., MONTREAL.
SPRIING1872.

## T. JAMES CLAXTON \& Co.,

| Caverhill Buildings, |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| St. Peter Street. | 37 Sprin: Gardens, |
| Manchester, |  | St. Peter Street. $\quad$ Manchester, Montreal. England.

Our Sto: $k$ is very large, and having been bought early is cheap,

And NOW Complete in Evcry Department.
Hercantile summary.
Messrs. Dodd \& Co, proprietors of the Dominion Cloth and Leather Works, Toronto, has suspended with liabilities of about $\$ 5,000$, and very small assets.
A fog bell is to be placed at the entrance to the Toronto Harbor; it will be of much service to the lake trade.
The injurious effect of prohibitory duties is well illustrated by the change which has oc. curred in the salt trade of Canada since the announced reduction in the American tariff. As in the case of many other articles, this coun. try can produce a large surplus of salt for exportation; indeed it seems that the demand at paying prices is the only ascertained limit to the production. With lower duties it is believ. ed that a considerable export trade can be profitably carried on with the American cities on the lakes, hence the rise of 12 C to 15 C per bar. rel within the past week.'

The Leading Wholesale Trad of Toronto.

## THOMSON and BURNS,

## IMPORTERS OF

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE
Crockery, China, Glassware, and dealers in
Canadian and American Manufactures of
HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, 10 É 12 Front Street West, Toronto.
GRAY, RENNIE \& CO. 43 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

MES UNDER-CLOTHING.
Mans Stout Merino Shirts.
Mans Gauze Merino Shirts.
Mans " Nope Spun" Shirts.
Kens Silk Shirts.
Mans White Cashmere Shirts.
Mans Scarlet Cashmere Shirts.
Mans Drawers to match.
GRAY, RENNIE \& CO.
We understand that a company is about to be formed to purchase the extensive cotton mills of Messes. Gordon, McKay \& Co., at Thorold.

Mr. John Gordon, President of the Toronto, Grey \& Bruce Railway, has left for England, and will be absent about a couple of months.

Messes. R. A. Hoskin \& Co. announce the closing sale of dry goods for the spring season for the 26 th inst.

Importations of dry goods at Montreal for May show a considerable increase on the corresponding month of last year as follows:-


Comparing the total imports for May with those of the same month in 1871 , an increase of $\$ 1,800,000$ is shown this year. In leading grocries a similar state of facts is noticeable :-


Some Reductions in the American Tariff have been mace which are of interest in this country. Elsewhere we publish the tariff bill verbatim. Bituminous coal is .reduced from $\$ 1.25$ to 75 c per ton; stock coal from 25 per cent of the value to 4 cc per bush; salt in bulk per 100 lbs . from 18 c to 8 c ; do. in sacks or bartels from 24 C to 12 C ; oatmeal from 10 per cent to $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ per 1 b ; timber, hew from 20 per cent is now free ; hides are free; wool, metals, cotton

The Leading Wholesale Trade in Toronto.
JOHN MACNAB \& CO., IMPORTERS OF
SHELF \& HEAVY HARDWARE,
British, French, German, American and Canadan manufacture.

Agents for the unrivalled Chester Emery ; also, Foundry Facings.

E 5 Front Street, Toronto.
JOHN MACNAB.
T. HERBERT MARSH

$$
1
$$

Wholesale Grocers

AND<br>WINE MERCHANTS

Corner of Church and Front Streets,

TORONTO

goods, glassware, books, \&c. are reduced onetenth. The Act comes into force July inst, 1872.
A case which came before the Court of Common Pleas in New York and reported by the Insurance Journal well illustrates the difficulty experienced by insurance companies in obtaining a favorable verdict from a jury as against an individual. It was proven that the plaintiff, a clothier who sued for $\$ 2,750$ insurance on stock and fixtures, kept no books of account although he carried on two stores. The fire was accompanied with a dense black smoke resembling the burning of kerosene oil ; large tin oil cans and loose straw were found in the store after the fire ; oil was plainly smelled at the breaking out of the fire, and plaintiff offered bribes to defendents' witnesses not to testify against him, as it was going hard with him. Coats were found on the premises with him. Coats were found on the premises with the lapels cut off and the pantaloons with the legs cut off below the knee. All these pieces were arranged on the shelves so as to represent whole garments. Two boxes of these rudimental vestments escaped the flames and were produced in court by defendants, and their remarkable incomplete. ness afforded much amusement; but they avidently disclosed some other object in the plain. tiff than that of sale in a retail store; and fol. lowing this exhibition prominent clothing merechants testified that the garments as presented were intended for deception. After a hearing of several days the jury brought in a verdict for about twenty-five per cent of the amount claimed. This was the first case contested by the Company in question-the Merchants Fire Insurance Company-during a career of twentytwo years and after such a result in the face of

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.
SPRING. 1872. SPRING.

## Thor. Walls \& Co.

## have removed to

## NO. 38 YOINGESTEEET

Where they will show a full assortment in every departmint, on Monday, March 18th.

Terms Liberal to Short Date Buyers.

## BOOTS AND SHOES wholesale:

## CHILDSEHAMILTON, manufacturers.

THIS Business was established in 1847, and is continued at the OLD STAND, No. 7, Wellington St. East,
Toronto.
Our Productive Power has so much increased, that we are now producing all classes of Boots and Shoes, and of UST the kinds required by our largely increasing Trade. requiring goods to suit the wants of this Province, will do well to send their orders to, or call on

> CHILD \& HAMILTON.

Factory and Warchouse-No. 7 Wellington St., Toronto.
such facts we might reasonably anticipate it would be the last.

## OIL MATTERS IN PETROLIA.

(From our own Correspondent.) Petrolic, June 17, 1872.
A well has been struck on lot 2, isth or 12th concession, Enniskillen, said to be very good, no test has yet been made. Messes. Wood, of Ingersoll, and Guest, of St. Mary's, have struck a good well on the Monroe lot, about the centre; on being tried last week, it started off at about 100 bris. per day, producing an oil similar to the Coreylle flowing well, being lighter in color than the ordinary oil. The well struck by Angus Carmichael on lot 7, isth concession, Enniskillen, proves to be a fizzle. Should the well struck on lot 2, it concession, prove good, it will increase to a great extent the area for the production of oil ; there is no doubt there is oil there, but the question is will wells there produce enough to make them remunera. five. The McDonald \& Gibson wells are the nearest to it, and they pumped well for some time and then they gave out ; one of them produce over 30 bris. per day. The secrecy ob. served in regard to this well leads parties to believe the striker's report, who says the show was first rate. The production has not increased, but may be quoted at about ro,ooo bris. per week. The shipments are about as usual.
There is no home demand for refined, and refines generally are fixing up-ready for their fall trade. Oil matters generally very flat; no sales for lands, and the low estimation of stocks in English oil companies, makes the formation of any new companies there improbable. The export firms are busy ; they are well represented by Messes. Englehart \& Co., Messes. Keenleyside, Messes. Waterman \& Co., Messes. Wood \& Co., The Canadian Carbon Oil Company of Hamilton, besides many other refiners, who, in a slack time, contribute distillate to the above firms. Mr. Williams, of Hamilton, will soon be added to the exporters; his works here are about completed, they are very fine ones. I will report their capacity at some future day.

## The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

DOBBIE \& CARRIE,

## IMPORTERS OF

British \& Foreign, Staple \& Fancy

## DRY GOODS.

5 WELLINGTON STREET WEST, TORONTO.
BUYERS are invitited to inspect our STOCK.
Orders by mail promptly and carefuily filled.

## M. STAUNTON

Begs respectfully to inform his customers that in consequence of

# The Late Fire, 

His office in connection with his
WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

## is at prescnt over <br> Retail Warerooms, Corner of King and Yonge Streets,

and that he will rebuild the factory without delay:

## Insutance.

Fire Record.-Brampton, June 18.-A fire broke out in the back part of the house of Widow Henderson, on Church street, and before the engines could be brought into action the flames extended to and set on fire the stable and brick house of Dr. Hoggie, and also the stable of the Rev. Jas. Pringle, all of which were consumed. Loss $\$ 2,000$.
Ottawa, June 18.-A fire broke out in a shed in the rear of Mr. Perkins' foundry, at the corner of Sparks and Vittoria streets, which spread to the range of stone buildings on Wellington street, occupied as shops and dwellings by Messrs. Skinner, druggist; Langford, news depot; Hardy Bros., grocers; McCarthy, druggist; and Blyth, dry goods store. This 'row was soon almost entirely destroyed. The dwelling of Mr. Perkins was also somewhat damaged. The total loss is heavy, insurance as follows:-Skinner's, in the Western, $\$ 3,500$; McCarthy, do, $\$ 3,000$; and in North British, $\$ 3,000$; Blyth, in the Western, $\$ 4,000$; Hardy Bros., in the Hartford, $\$ 2,000$; and in the Andes, $\$ 2,000$; Langford, in the Ætna, $\$ 2,000$; Heney, do, \$2,000; Perkins, in the Liverpool and London and Globe, $\$ 3,000$. A considerable portion of Blyth's stock was saved and also part of McCarthy's and Hardys' gơods.

Montreal, June 13.-The steamship France, of the National Line, chartered by Messrs. Allan for the season, was leaving the port, she refused to answer her rudder while coming down the current in tow of the Rockct, and struck on the rocks on Isle Ronde, and she had, it is supposed, her bottom bulged in, and soon began to fill with water. She was then run aground, and now lies opposite Hochelega with her dock just above water. She had a general cargo, which is badly damaged. At the time of the accident, the France was partially loaded, and was drawing over 22 feet fore and aft. She is a total wreck.

# SUGAR! SUGAR! 

BAILEY \& BUNTING,<br>32 yonce street,<br>Have just received in store

500 Bxs. Centrifugal Sugar,
100 Hhds. Muscovado do., ex the Steamship Missouri from Havana.
408 Hhds. St. Jago Sugar,
Various grades, clean and uniform in color, free from foots and sides, ex the L. C. Madeira, from St. Jago de Cuba.
102 Casks Eng/ish Refined, ex the Steamships Sarmatian and France.
22 Hhds. Bright Porto Rico,
ex the Harmony, from Ponce, .

## $350 \mathrm{Br} / \mathrm{s}$, Dry Chd. and Grd.

Part of each lot will be stored at the Suspension Bridge and shipment may be had from there if required. Samples will be forwarded on application.
In addition to the above, the subscribers have now in store and to arrive, a large and well assorted stock of FRESH GREEN AND BLACK TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES.

## BAILEY \& BUNTING, 32 Yonge Street.

Amherstburg, June 14.-George Middleditch's machine shop was burnt last night. The foundry being a separate building, was saved. Loss $\$ 4,000$, covered by insurance.

Governmental Life Insurances.-The prospects of Governmental Life Insurance on a large scale may be judged by the fact, that during i871 only 358 new contracts were entered into at the post offices for payments at death of sums amounting in the aggregate to $£ 27,695$. The receipts of the year on insurances amounted to $£ 6,482$. Sums amounting to $£ r, 744$ were paid by the post office in the year on 59 contracts of insurance. At the close of the year there were only 2,709 insurances current, for sums amounting in the whole to $£ 208,079$, The accounts state that from the commencement of business in April, 1865, down to the end of 1871 , the post office had received $£ 29,18 \mathrm{I}$ on account of life insurances, had invested $\$ 28,75$ I with the National Debt Commissioners, and received from them $£ 4,499$ for the payment of insurances fallen due, and had paid $£ 5,08 \mathrm{x}$ under such insurances ; and there appears a balance of $£ 429$ in the hands of the Postmaster-General. A little more enterprise is evidently wanted somewhere.-Insurance Review.
Queen Insurance Company.-The Annual Meeting was held on the 16th May, The new Life business for 1871 consisted of the issue of 307 policies assuring $£ 134,262$, and yielding £ 4,468 in premiums. Claims have emerged for $\not \subset 13,286$, and surrenders were paid for $£ 3,617$. The Life premiums now amount to $£ 39,2$ II, and interest to $£ 6,165$. The Fire Premiums were $£ 208,509$, and the losses $£ 127,502$. A dividend of ro per cent was declared, and $£$ ro,543 was carried forward on the fire account, after raising the reserve fund to $£ 100,000$. The funds now stand at $£ 557,433$. -Insurance Revicw. -London, Ont., has organized yet another building society called the Dominion Savings and Investment Society. It is announced that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the $4^{\text {th }}$ inst., it was decided to close the books at 5 per cent premium. The applications having greatly exceeded the amount of allotted stock a further issue of a limited number of Shares at 6 per cent premium was ordered.

SESSIONS, TURNER \& COOPER

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN

## Boots and Shoes,

## FRONT STREET WEST,

## Toronto, Ontario.

JNO. TURNER, JAS. COOPER. J. C. SMITH.

Legal Notes.-Colorable Qualifications.A colorable qualification of a director is regarded as a nullity, and payment on his shares is enforced by the Court of Chancery. Proof of Contract.-An acknowledgment in the books of a company is held to prove the relation of debtor and creditor, and payment can be compelled, even without production of policy. Claims on Mortgaged Policies.-The holder of a mortgage policy of a bankrupt is compelled to return the premiums paid by said bankrupt subsequent to his insolvency to the legal representative of the estate. Indemnity.-The courts have no power to compel a claimant on an assigned policy to indemnify a company against a double claim, but the company may nevertheless be required to pay the money into court. Mortgagcd Policies.-It has been decided the holder of the proceeds of a mortgaged policy may retain them against other debts than the mere original debt, and is not compelled to rank as an ordinary creditor with others upon the balance of the proceeds. Amalgamations.-It It is reported that two small offices which cannot exist much longer singly, propose to amal gamate, thinking that unity may bring strength. Apart from the difficulties under the new laws, the prospects of the two if made one, are not even doubtful.-Ins. Review, London, Eng.

Lumber Product.-The number of logs got out the past winter at the North-West, according to the carefully-prepared report of an exchange, are about as follows:-Minnesota logs, on the Mississippi River, 350,000,000 ; Wiscon$\sin \log s$, on the St. Croix River, 250,000,000; on Chippewa River, 350,000,000; on Black River, $300,000,000$; on Wisconsin River, 250,000,000 ; on Wolf River, 250,000,000 ; around Green Bay and Lake Michigan, 2,200;000,000. Total logs cut, 4,550,000,000. Left over from last year on the Wisconsin River, 75,000,000. Total come to market this year, 4,625,000,000. Out of the above about $1,250,000,000$ are destined for the Chicago market, and $1,775,000,000$ for the Mississippi and Western and Southern markets ; the balance going to Toronto and Eastern markets. The total product of the State of Maine, as near as can be estimated, of the cut logs, is $700,000,000$ feet. Of this amount the Kennebec lumbermen have cut iro,000,000 feet-the largest ever got out. The Penobscot lumbermen have cut at least 225,000,000 feet. Most of the timber product is spruce.
-At the annual meeting of the Canada Southern Railway Company, held at Fort Erie, Ont., June 5, the following directors were elected: Milton Courtright, Erie, Pa. ; Sidney Dillon, New York; W. A. Thomson, Queenstown, Ont. ; John F. Tracy, Chicago; John Ross, New York; O. S. Chapman, Canton, Mass.; W. L. Scott, Erie, Pa. ; B. F. Ham, New York. These gentlemen were all in the old board.
1872. SPRING TRADE. 1872.

We invite BUYERS VISITING THIS MARKET to inspect our

## Spring Stock!

which is
VERY LARGE AND FULLY ASSORTED
In Every Department.

Prices of many $\begin{gathered}\text { lines much under present } \\ \text { value. }\end{gathered}$
BRYCE, McMURRICH \& CO.
34 Yonge Street, Toronto.
The Monetary Times, and trade review.

TORONTO, CAN. FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1872.

## NEW COMPANIES.

A glance at the legislation of the past session at once creates the impression that a remarkable and most wholesome change has come over the spirit of our dreams within the past five years. One hundred and eighteen measures received the sanction of the Dominion Parliament, and of these no less than ninety-four, or 80 per cent. of the whole, related to railway, banking, commercial, and other business interests. Thirty-five bills were passed either to incorporate railway companies or to amend or extend the powers of those before incorporated; ten new banks were chartered, also five insurance companies, and three financial companies. The proposed new banks are :-Bank of Acadia, Bank of St. John, Maritime Bank, St. Lawrence Bank, Bank of Hamilton, Exchange Bank of Canada, Bank of Manitoba, Superior Bank of Canada, Bank Ville-Marie, and Halifax Banking Company. There is good reason to anticipate that at least six of the bank charters will be utilized at once, and that we shall therefore soon have a most important addition to the list of our banking institutions, the increase in number being twenty-five per cent. This, as the result of one session, must be regarded as sufficiently progressive. Capital has already been pledged for four or five of these Banks; and should they all be organized, they will necessitate the addition of say $\$ 10,000,000$ to our present banking capital, and this would give us a total for all the banks of not less than sixty millions of dol-
lars. In view of this prospect some apprehensions are entertained of a plethora of bank capital, and consequent unsound banking and undue competition, which would tend to promote speculative enterprises and create an unhealthy condition of trade.

Such an extension of bank capital can only be rendered profitable by a corresponding expansion in the volume of our trade. Whether there is reason to expect such a development is a question doubtful at best; in fact some of the soundest thinkers are apprehensive that banking is about to suffer greatly from being overdone. It is a common mistake to suppose that banking as a business is a most profitable one; it is only such under the best management. A Bank without a Head is much like a ship without a helm; and by a Head we mean a man of known and decided business talents, strong. ly marked character and successful experience. It is as easy to point to the men who have made all our really successful banks as it is to call over the names of the institutions themselves. It is quite possible in prosperous times to manage an institution so as to perpetuate a sickly sort of existence; quite as easy as to navigate a vessel in calm water. But in times of crises it is altogether another affair. Then the maturest judgment and the stoutest nerves are often taxed to the utmost, to escape from difficulties that are sure to crop up in the most trying forms; then troubles are met where least expected in such strange and unheard of shapes as to exhaust every resource of tact and ingenuity ; with a Scylla or a Charybdis on either side only the most experienced pilots and the most skillful navigators may hope to get on safely. We trust that investors will not rush recklessly into every scheme that interested promoters may choose to put forward; because a number of gentlemen, however respectable, choose to associate themselves as corporators of a banking institution that is no proof of their ability to skillfully manage such an undertaking or earn dividends for the shareholders. These new banks will have to encounter the opposition of the older institutions, who have the advantage of being first in the field, strong in the confidence of the public, with established connections, and fully able to take all the really sound business that offers. These facts should be duly weighed in entering upon the new projects now seeking public recognition.

Of the fire insurance companies chartered, four at least will most likely be organized during the next six months. The names are:-Anchor Marine Insurance Company, Inland Marine and Fire Insur-
ance Company, Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, Accident Insurance Company of Canada, and the Manitoba Insurance Company. But a very moderate amount of capital will doubtless suffice for these projects, as the requirements of their charters under this head are unquestion. ably liberal.

## PACIFIC RAILWAY CONTRACTS AGAIN.

The very decided objections taken in our issue of a fortnight ago to the construction of the Pacific Railway by companies composed largely of members of Parliament, have met with much disapprobation-but only among those pecuniarily interested. Various pleas have been presented in mitigation of sentence; but no attempt has been made to answer what has been alleged, for the simple reason, doubtless, that no answer is possible.

It is argued that without the aid of those recusant representatives of the people the work would be impossible of accomplistment with Canadian resources. This defense amounts at best to the pernicious fallacy " Let us do evil that good may come." Those who attach any weight to this exculpatory allegation seem to lose sight of the facts of the case. Anyone who will take the pains to read carefully the legislation on the subject 'will see that it is the taxpayers of Canada who are principally responsible for putting this job through. True, the contracting company is required to deposit a million dollars with the Receiv-er-General, and whether that deposit be merely temporary or not, either capital or credit will be required to raise it. That it will be merely a temporary deposit is apparent from the fact that so soon as the work is fairly under way the Government are empowered to make advances on account of the subsidy. In the meantime the Company is authorized to pay interest on the capital so deposited, though it has earned nothing out of the capital itself-an arrangement which will tend very much to facilitate the operation of raising this capital. A temporary loan is clearly what is wanted, and that, in the existing state of the money market, and in view of all the " good things" in store in the future for the banking institution that becomes associated with the enterprise at the start, should not be difficult to obtain. To assert that there are not business men in Ontario or Quebec who would willingly take such an operation in hand, without including members of Par. liament, is simply to say what no one who gives the subject a moment's intelligent thought will believe. The plea is therefore utterly bad and unsupportable.

It is a well established constitutional principle that no member of Parliament may in his individual capacity, take a contract from the Government. In the case of corporations, where his interest becomes very remote or relatively infinitesmal, objection has not, we believe, usually been taken in England. But let us suppose that Great Britain were about to expend a sum equal to her entire debt, eight hundred millions sterling, and that Peors and Commoners should combine and clamor for the job, what remonstrances would be excited, what hands uplifted with horror at such a desecration of honor, such an assault on constitutional usages and guarantees, such a grave abuse of Parliamentary privileges and powers. And yet the analogy with the case in hand is undeniable, the parallel true and perfect. When the interests involved are so preponderating, every possible objection that could be raised in the case of an individual applies here with equal force. We do not hesitate to say that if the transaction is carried out in the shape proposed, the country will have cause for shame and regret. For undisguised corruption Ottawa will have cast Albany in the shade, for even there some seeming regard for decency is preserved; the members of that body have never yet attempted to take the Treasury by an open assault.
We are glad to be informed that certain members of Parliament, whose names have appeared in print in the capacity of petitioners to their own body for a railway contract, and who were led into that false position at the earnest solicitation of others, without due reflection on their part, on having their attention directed to the fact, at once declared their determination to retreat from such an indefensible situation, and neither threats nor any valuable consideration can induce them to remain. The duty of those who have not so determined is plain. They should at once elect between the honor of occupying a seat in Parliament as the trusted representatives of the people, and the pecuniary advantages of a large railway contract. And unless we greatly misapprehend public sentiment, the absolute necessity of such election will by and by become apparent.

Perhaps we ought to add that the strength of our language on this subject has been ascribed by a few persons to some personal or party hostility on the part of the writer No possible conclusion could be farther from the truth. To us it makes not the difference of one straw, so far as appears at present, what company obtains the contract in question. Indeed we shall even avow that our sympathies, if we have any,
are rather with than against the party upon whom our criticism bears most heavily. Our object is, and has been, to write in the public interest, and abundant assurances convince us that public approval is not wanting.

## CROPS AND TRADE PROSPECTS.

Abundant rains, accompanied by warm weather, have brought forward the spring crops nicely during the past fortnight. Still they are rather backward for the season, owing to the general low range of the temperature; the appearance, with this exception, is all that could be desired. The plants have had ample time to get firmly rooted and make a considerable growth, so that now the danger from drought is not much feared, and farmers are sanguine of a generally good yield of all kinds of spring grain. Hay has come on remarkably, and is certain to be a most abundant crop. This is timely, since owing to the protracted winter the stock of feed was run very low. Roots are likely to do well, the season being very favorable, but it is yet too early to express any decided opinion respecting these crops. Fruit has escaped the frost and promises well. Fall wheat, unfortunately, must be pronounced a failure in very many sections, indeed there is little difficulty in coming to the conclusion that it will be quite below the average. The foregoing is derived from reports received by merchants from their correspondents in the country districts, and from various other sources. In consequence of the favorable agricultural prospects, combined with the prosperous condition of the country in other respects, the feeling in business is hopeful. The wool crop has not moved so rapidly as might have been expected, owing to the lateness of the clip and the dullnnss of the demand. During the past week there has been much more firmness, and with a better demand, rather higher figures have been realized, and deliveries are increasing. It is.thought by many that the market cannot rule below current rates, that manufacturers have only been buying from hand to mouth for a good while, and that stocks are therefore light, and the prospect for a full demand good; these considerations, along with the reduction of ten per cent. in the United States' duty, may account for the improved condition of the market. The sale of the wool crop at good figures will tend to make money easier with the country stores, giving more liberal re-mittances-a change which is always welcome at the wholesale centres.
Business in every department is injuriously affected by the strikes of workmen
and the apprehension of further difficulties in the future. This has done much to retard building operations, since builders are chary of taking contracts except at such high figures as few persons are disposed or compelled to pay. The difficulty is enhanced by the fact that the movement for eight hours has been commenced in a very resolute fashion in New York and other American cities, for it is feared that any concessions made here to the present demands would only encourage further strikes, at an early date, for still shorter hours. New York manufacturers and employers seem determined to make a final and united stand to resist the demands made upon them. The result must in any case be most injurious both to employer and em. ployed.

## BANK OF TORONTO.

We have not seen a more satisfactory and encouraging statement than that presented to the stockholders of the Bank of Toronto on Wednesday last. The declared profits of the year amount to $\$ 295,777 \cdot 59$ or very nearly twenty per cent on the paid-up capital. Had the policy of fixing the new issues of stock at a good premium, (instead of at a rate that according to the usual practice here in such cases would just about pay expenses), been adopted, a much greater apparent profit might have been shown. In our opinion the Directors deserve credit for adhering to what is unquestionably a sound and safe principle, viz:-That it is no part of the legitimate business of a joint stock company to make money out of its stockholders as such. The apparent gains made in this way-for they are only apparent-are apt to create false anticipations and exaggerated ideas to be followed by corresponding disappointment.

After paying a four and a six per cent dividend, the sum of $\$ 142,940$ was added to the rest, making that fund $\$ 750,000$, or 50 per cent of the capital. The signal success of this Institution would not have been achieved without that unremitting care and sleepless vigilance testowed upon it by the ${ }^{*}$ President, Vice-President and Cashier, all of whom are men of thoroughly sound views and well acquainted with all the varied wants and capabilities of this country.

Inflation.-If we should inflate some financial bubbles in the present mood of the investing public there would be nocause for wonder or astonishment. In some new building societies that have been started into life we have undoubted instances of this fictitious class of enterprises. Some time ago we noticed particularly the opera.
tions of a London, Ont. Society and exposed the fallacious character of its operations. It appears now, according to a report which has reached us and which is doubtless substantially true, that a new society, The Dominion Building Society, is likely to far eclipse the subject of that notice. The concern in question started, in London, with a capital subscribed at par of $\$ 125,000$; further issues were placed on the market at 5 or 6 per cent premium, and the amount of the premium, fifteen or sixteen thousand dollars, was placed to reserve. The enterprising promoters now declare their intention of oftering the remaining $\$ 500,000$-for the capital is no less than one million of dollars-in the English market at 25 per cent premium! Such glaring enormities as this require to be checked by legislative enactment. The building society act is entirely too loose in its provisions; there is no limit to the increase of these societies. A few persons whether possessed of means or not may at any time organize one in a day. The nature of the business is such that the public do not understand its practical working and may be easily misled and deceived. Especially as these institutions receive the deposits of the public to so large an extent they should be placed under some kind of effective restrictions and supervision. Unless some decided steps are taken to arrest the folly which we have so often pointed out we anticipate the most unsatisfactory results, not only to the crop of young societies, but to the old ones also who cannot help being damaged by exposure to reck. less and dangerous competition.

An Insurance Conference.-A conference of representatives of Insurance Companies was held in Montreal last week in relation to the vital question of Rates. The subject was much discussed; great dis. satisfaction was expressed with the existing state of the business and the necessity of higher rates was unanimously agreed to. How to bring about the much needed re-

- form is the Gordian Knot that was not cut on the occasion. A committee was named to take up the question in its practical aspect and seek a solution. That committee have our very best wishes for success to their labors. We must remind them here that any attempt to agree upon and work out an elaborate scale of rates is likely to fail. While there is little room for doubt on this point it appears probable that a set of minimum rates for certain general classes of risks might prove workable, and if so would effect great good. If no statute can be so worded that a coach and four may not be driven through it no tariff can
be so framed as to details which may not be covertly evaded. Whatever the action taken may lead to it is at least satisfactory to know that the companies are alive to the exigencies of the situation and determined to make an effort to induce a better state of things.

Loans to Insolvent Companies.-A case of this kind arose in connection with an insolvent insurance of Chicago: A policy-holder had borrowed money from one of these companies ; after the fire he attempted to set-off his claim for loss under the policy against the indebtedness to the company. As the company in question was able only to pay a percentage of its losses, and because the settlement sought by the policy-holder was equivalent to payment in full, suit was brought to recover back the amount loaned. The action was defended, and judgment has recently been given against the company. It was held that a debtor of the company might set off against his indebetedness if the same was not for unpaid stock subscriptions, the amount of his own claim for loss or damage to property insured by it. In another case, as stated by the Chicago Chronicle, where the indebtedness to the insolvent company was on account of unpaid stock subscriptions, properly secured, and which had become a part of the capital of suci company, and had been held out to the public as such, no offset could be allowed.

Amalgamations.-The Craftsmen's Life Insurance Company of New York is about to reinsure its risks with the Hope Mutual Life, and winds up; and the Continental Life, of the same city, reinsures with the Empire Mutual, and retires also. Doubtless a good number of the smaller American Life Companies might imitate the example of the Craftsmen and the Continental with advantage to all concerred.

## mectings.

## BANK OF TORONTO.

The Annual General Meeting of the Bank of Toronto (being the sixteenth since the commencement of business), was held, in pursuance of the terms of the charter, at the Banking House of the Institution, on Igth June, 1872.

William Gooderbam, Esq., President, being called to the chair, the Cashier then, at his request, read the folluning
REPORT.

The Directors of the Bank of Toronto, in presenting their Sixteenth Annual Report, have much satisfaction in congratulating the Stockholders on the completion of another year of prosperity.

A harvest of remarkable abundance has been realized at more than an average price; in addition to which, the important exports of sawed lumber and timber are realizing large returns. The importing and manufacturing interests of the country have also been in a most prosperous condition, and the portion of Canada in which the larger part of the business of the. Bank is done, exhibits every sign of sure and solid advancement.

The business of the Bank has consequently been well maintained in every department, in spite of increasing competition, and the profits realized are such as the Directors trust will be satisfactory to the Stockholders. The losses have been small, and have been nearly covered by sums recovered from former appropriations. The balance has been fully written off, and provision made in contingent fund for every debt considered doubtful.

The Directors this year have felt themselves justified in writing off the sum of $\$ 20,000$ from Bank Note account, the issue of one and two dollar notes having ceased, and the Books of the Bank showing that in making this appropriation for notes lost and destroyed, a considerable margin was reserved.
The net profits of the year, after
making provision for bad and
doubtful debts as stated, deduct-
ing interest due to Depositors,
and rebate on notes discounted,
have amounted to..............
To which add on account of notes
destroyed, as above stated......
$\$ 273,13215$
20,000 00
\$293,132 15 2,645 54
$\$ 295,77769$
This sum has been appropriated as follows:
Dividend No. 31, 4 per cent...... \$59,416 0
Dividend No. 32, 6 per cent...... . 90,000 00
149,41600
Added to Rest. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 142,940 50
Carried forward to next year.
3,421 19
$\$ 295,77769$
As the Stockholders have already been in receipt of an increased dividend for the last halfyear, the Directors deem it unnecessary to advert to this further than to say, that in their judgment the time has come when a larger proportion of the profits may with safety be divided amongst the Stockholders.
The Directors, however, desire to proceed cautiously in this direction, because a continuance of the remarkable prosperity of recent years is a matter of uncertainty.

Abundant exports, along with large expenditures on public works, have given an impetus to every branch of business; but the experience of former years warns the Directors to beware of undue expansion, in view of the reaction which must in time supervene.
The Directors, in conclusion, have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the ability and zeal with which the Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Managers, and other-Officers of the Bank have discharged the duties devolving on them, their exertions for the interest of the Bank having been recognized by a bonus of ten per cent on their respective salaries.

The whole respectfully submitted.
(Signed) Wm. Gooderham, President.
Toronto, 6th June, 1872.
Gcneral Statencent of Liabilitics and Assets as on 3Ist May, 1872.

## liabilities.

To Notes in circulation........
" Government Deposits payable on demand..........
" Other Deposits payable on demand......................
"Other Deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day...
"Due to other Banks in Canada..........................
" Due to other Banks and Agents not in Canada....
\$1,118,32000 166,590 13

1,763,665 26
873,223 98
22,402 65
228,721 23
" Total Liabilities to the Public..
" Capital........................

" Rebate of interest
on Current
Notes discotent-
ed
\$46,996 15
" Accrued interest on Deposit Re-
ceipts.......... 14,777 18
" Dividends unclaimed........
" Dividend No. 32, payable 1st June.
" Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward to next year.

ASSETS.
By Specie
............
" Provincial or Dominion Notes

4,172,923 25
1,500,000 00

750,000 00

61,773 33
17200
90,000 00.

3,421 19
$\$ 6,578,28977$
\$246,223 18
504,007 00
102,491 44
53,185 89

95,466 96
"Total Assets immediately available.
Government Debentures...

* Loans, Discounts, or Advances on current accounts to Corporations
" Notes and Bills discounted and current
c Notes and Bills discounted, overdue and not specially secured.
"Overdue debts secured by mortgage or other deeds of real estate, or by deposit of or lien on stock, or by other securities

64,730 56
" Real Estate, the property of the Bank (other than the Bank premises), and mortgages on real estate held by the Bank
c Bank Premises

- Other Assets not included under the foregoing heads

26100
40,000 00
12,840 20
\$6,578,289 77
Profit and Loss Account, as on $315 t$ May, 1872.
To Dividend 31
\$59,416 © 90,000 00
14?,940 50
3.42119
$\$ 295,77769$
2,645 54
27313215
20,000 00
$\$ 295,777.69$
G. Hague, Cashier.
The foregoing having been read, it was moved by Peter Paterson, Esq., seconded by John Moat, Esq.; and resolved, that the Report now read be adopted and printed for the information of the Shareholders.
Moved by Joseph H. Mead, Esq., seconded by Wm. Rhind, Esq., and resolved, that the cor-
dial thanks of the Shareholders are due, and are hereby tendered to the President, Vice:President, and Directors of the Bank, for the care and attention they have bestowed upon its interests during the year.

The President then called for the reading of that portion of the Banking Act which empowers the stockholders of an institution to make by-laws for certain purposes; and submitted certain by-laws for consideration.

Whereupon it was moved by Wm. Cawthra, Esq., seconded by W. Matthews, Esq., and resolved, that the by-laws now read be and are hereby adopted by the Stockholders as the bylaws of the Bank of Toronto, pursuant to the Act respecting Banks and Banking, 34 Vict., c. $5, \mathrm{sec} .28$.

Moved by James Appelbe, Esq., seconded by R. A. Hoskins, Esq., and resolved, that Wm. Matthews and Henry Pellat be appointed Scrutineers of the election of Directors about to take place, and that they report the result to the Cashier.

Moved by Wm. Fraser, Esq., seconded by James Browne, Esq., and resolved, that the poll commence at once; that it be kept open till four o'clock this day, except in the event of five minutes elapsing without the tender of a vote, in which case it shall be closed.

Moved by Hon. A. A. Burnham, seconded by Wm. Matthews, Esq., and resolved, that the Chairman do now vacate his seat, and that Wm. Cawthra, Esq., do take the chair.

Moved by Wm. Fraser, Esq., seconded by Henry Pellatt, Esq., and resolved, that the thanks of this meeting be presented to the Chairman for his able and impartial conduct in the chair.

## Report of the Scrutincers.

We, the undersigned Scrutineers, appointed at the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Toronto this day, declare the gentlemen undernamed unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year :-

William Gooderham,
James G. Worts,
William Cawthra,
William Cantley,
William Fraser,
Hon. Asa A. Burnham,
A. T. Fulton.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (Signed) } & \text { WM. MATTHEWS, } \\ & \text { HENRY PELLAT' }\end{array}$
Scrutineers.
The new Board met the same afternoon, when William Gooderham, Esq., was unanimously elected President, ar:d James G. Worts, Esq., Vice-President.

By order of the Board.
(Signed)
G. HAGUE, Cashier.
Toronto, rgth June, 1872.

THE U.S. TARIFF AS PASSED BY CON. GRESS.

Below we give the Tariff as passed by Con gress:
An Act to reduce Dutics on Imports and to reduce Internal Taxes, and for other purposes.
Be it enacted, That on and after the first day of August, 1872, in lieu of the duties heretor fore imposed by law on the articles hereinafteenumeratel 1 or provided for, imported from foreign countries, there shall be levied, collected and paid the following duties and rates of duty, that is to say:

Coal.-On all slack coal or culm, such as will pass through a half-inch screen, forty cents per ton of twenty-eight bushels, eighty pounds to the bushel. On all bituminous coal and shale, seventy-five cents per ton of twenty-eight bushels, eighty pounds to the bushel.

Salt.-On salt, in bulk, eight cents per 100 pounds; on salt in bags, sacks, barrels or other packages, twelve cents per 100 pounds. On oatmeal, one-half cent per pound. On potatoes, fifteen cents per bushel.

Leather.- On bend or belting leather, and on Spanish or other sole leather, fifteen per cent ad valorem. On calf skins, tanned or tanned and dressed, twenty-five per cent ad valorem. On upper leather of all other kinds and on skins dressed and finished of all kinds not otherwise provided for, twenty per cent ad valorem. On upper skins for morocco, tanned but unfinished: ten per cent ad valorem. On chickory root, ground or unground, one cent per pound.

Lumber, Evc.-On all timber, squared or sided, not otherwise provided for, one cent per cubic foot. On sawed boards, plank, deals and other lumber of hemlock, whitewood, sycamore and basswood, \$1 per 1 ,ooo feet board measure. On all other varieties of sawed lumber, $\$ 2$ per r,ooo feet board measure, provided that when lumber of any sort is planed or finished, in addition to the rates herein provided there shall be ievied and paid for each side so planed or finished fifty cents per 1,000 feet, and if planed on one side and tongued and grooved \$1 per r,ooo feet, and if planed on tivo sides and tongued and grooved $\$ 1.50$ per thousand fect. On hubs for wheels, posts, last blocks, wagon blocks, oar blocks, gun blocks, heading blocks, and all like blocks or sticks, rough-hewn or sawed only, twenty per centum ad valorem; on laths, fifteen cents per thousand pieces; on a! shigles, thirty-five cents per thousand; on pine clapboards, $\$ 2$ per thousand; on spruce clapboards, \$1.50 per thousand; on house or cabinet furniture, in pieces or rough and not finish. dd, thirty per centum ad valorem; on cabinet wares and house furniture, finished, thirty-five per centum ad valorem. On casks and barrels, empty, and on sugar-box shooks and packingboxes of wood, not otherwise provided for thirty per centum ad valorem. On fruit, shade, lawn and ornamental trees, shrubs, plants and flower seeds, not otherwise provided for, twenty per centum ad valorem. On garden seeds, and all cther sceds for agricultural and horticultural purposes, not otherwise provided for, twenty per centum ad valorem. On ginger, ground, three cents per pound; on ginger, preserved or pickled, thirty-five per centum ad valorem; on ginger, essence of, thirty-five per centum ad valorem. On chocolate, five cents per pound, and on cocoa, prepared or manufactured, two cents per pound.

Articles under the ten per cent reduction.Sec. 2.-That on and after the ist day of August, 1872 , in lieu of the duties imposed by law on the articles in this section enumerated, there shall be levied, collected and paid on the goods, wares and merchandise in this section enumerated and provided for, imported from foreign countries, ninety per centum of the several duties and rates of duty now imposed by law upon said articles severally, it being the intent of this section to reduce existing duties on said articles ten per centum of such duties, that is to say: On all manufactures of cotton of which cotton is the component part of chiof value. On all wools, hair of the alpaca goat and other animals, and all manufactures wholly or in part of wool or hair of the alpaca and other like animals, except as hereinafter provided. On all iron and steel and on all manufactures of iron and steel of which such metals or either of them shall be the component part of chief value, excepting cotton machinery. On all metals not herein otherwise provided for, and on all manufactures of metals of which either of them is the component part of chief value, excepting percussion caps, watches, jewelry and other articles of ornament : provided, that all wire rope and wire strand or chain made of iron wire, either bright, coppered,
galvanized or coated with other metals, shall pay the same rate of duty that is now levied on the iron wire of which said rope or strand or chain is made; and all wire rope and wire strand or chain made of steel wire, either bright c)ppered, galvanized or coated with other metals, shall pay the same rate of duty that is now levied on the steel wire of which said tope or strand or chain is made. On all paper and manufactures of paper, excepting unsized printing paper and books and other printed matter not herein specifically provided for. On all manufactures of India rubber, gutta percha or straw, and on oilcloths of all descriptions. On glass and glassware, and on unwrought pipeclay, fine clay and fuller's earth. On all leather not otherwise herein provided for, and on all manufactures of skins, bone, ivory, horn and leather, except gloves and mittens, and of which either of said articles is the component part of chief value, and on liquorice paste and on liquorice juce.

Duty for rounding the Cape.-Sec. 3.-That on and after the ist day of October next there shall be collected and paid on all goods, wares and merchandise of the growth or produce of countries east of the Cape of Good Hope (except wool, raw cotton and raw silk, as reeled from the cocoon, or not further advanced than tram, thrown or organzine), when imported from places west of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of ten per centum ad valorem in addition to the duties imposed on any such article when imported directly from the place or places of of their growth or production.

Articles on which Duties is reduced.-Sec. 4That on and after the ist day of August, 1872 , in lieu of the duties heretofore imposed by law on the articles mentioned in this section, there shall be levied, collected and paid on the goods, wares and merchandise in this sect:on enumerated, imported from foreign countries, the following duties and rates of duty, that is to say : On all burlaps and like manufactures of flax, jute or hemp, or of which flax, jute or hemp shall be the component material of chief value, excepting such as may be suitable for bagging for covering cotton, thirty per centum ad vavolorem : on all oil cloth foundations or floorcloth canvas made of flax, jute or hemp, or ( $f$ which flax, jute or hemp shall be the compor-ent material of chief value, forty per centum ad valorem ; on all bags, cotton bags and bagging and on all other like manufactures 10 : herein otherwise provided for, except bagging for cotton composed wholly or in part of flax, hemp, jute, gunny cloth, gunny bags or other material, forty per centum ad valorem; on cotton bagging or other manufactures not otherwise provided for, suitable for the uses to which cotton bagging is applied, composed in whole or in part of hemp; jute, flax, gunny bags, gunny cloth or other material, and valued at seven cents or less per square yard, one and one-half cents per pound; valued at seven cents ver square yard, two and one-fourth cents per pound ; on insulators for use exclusively in telegraphy, except those made of glass, twentyfive per centum ad valorem; on bouillons or cannetille, and metal threads, file or gespinst, twenty-five per centum ad valorem; on emery ore, $\$ 6$ per ton, and on emery grains two cents a pound; on corks and cork bark, manufactured, thirty per centum ad valorem; on acids, viz., acetic, acetous and pyroligneous, of specific gravity of one and forty-seven thousanths and less, gve cents per pound; acetic, acetous and pyroligneous, of specific gravity over one and forty-seven thousandths, thirty cents per pound; carbolic liquid, ten per centum ad valorem ; gallic, 8I per pound ; sulphuric, fuming (Nordhausen), one cent per pound ; tannic, II per pound ; tartaric, fifteen cents per pound; on acetates of ammonia, twenty-five cents per pound; baryta, twenty-five cents per pound;
copper, ten cents per pound; iron, twenty-five cents per pound; lead, brown, five cents per pound; white, ten cents per pound; totassa, twenty-five cents per pound; soda, twenty-five cents per pound; strontia, twenty-five cents per pound ; zinc, twenty-five cents per pound ; blue vitriol, four cents per pound. On camphor, refined, five cents per pound; on sulphate of quinine, twenty per centum ad valorem ; on chlorate of potash, three cents per pound on Rochelie salts, five cents per pound ; on sal soda and soda ash, one-fourth of one cent per pound ; on santonine, $\$ 3$ per pound ; on strychnia, \$I per ounce ; on bay rum or bay water, whether distilled or compounded, \$1 per gallon of first proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than first proof; on rum essence or oil, and bay rum essence or oil, fifty cents per ounce. On all sized or glued paper suitable only for printing paper, twenty per centum ad valorem. On vermuth, the same duty as on wines of the same cost. On mustard, ground, in bulk, 'ten cents per pound; when enclosed in glass or tin, fourteen cents per pound. On Zante or other currants, one cent per pound on figs, two and one-half cents per poond ; on raisins, two and one-half cents per pound ; on dates and prunes, one cent per pound ; on preserved or condensed milk, twenty per centum ad valorem ; on fire-crackers, $\$ 1$ per box of forty packs, not exceeding eighty to each pack, and in the same proportion for any greater or less number. On tin, in plates or sheets, terne and taggers tin, fitteen per centum ad valorem ; on iron and tin plates, galvanized or coated with any metals by electric batteries, two cents per pound. On Moisic iron, made from ure by one process, $\$ 15$ per ton. On umbrella and par asol ribs and stretchers, frames, tips, runners handles or other parts thereof, when made in whole or chief part of iron, steel or any other metal, a duty of forty per centum ad valorem ; provided that the rate of duty upon umbrellas, parasols and sunshades, when covered with silk and alapaca, shall be sixty per centum ad valorem ; all other umbrellas, forty-five per centum ad valorem. On saltpetre, crude, one cent per pound; refined and partially refined, two cents per pound,

The Frec List.-Sec. 5.-That on and after the ist day of August next the importation of the articles enumerated and described in this section shall be exempt from duty, that is to say : Acid, boracic and sulphric; agates unmanufactured; almond shells; aluminium or alu minum; amber beads and amber gum. American manufactures, the following, to wit-casks, barrels or carboys, and other vessels, and grain bags, the manufacture of the United States, if exported, containing American produce, and declaration be made of the intent to return the same empty, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury; angelica root; animals brought into the United States temporarily and for a period not exceeding six months, for the purpose of exhibition or competition for prizes offered by any agricultural or racing association $\vdots$ provided that bond be first given, in accordance with the regulations to be prescrtbed by the Secretary of the Treasury, with the condition that the full duty to which such animals would otherwise be liable shall be paid in case of their sale in the United States, or if not re-exported within the said six months; annatto, roncou, rocou, or orleans, and all extracts of; annatto seed; antimony, ore and crude sulp. huret of; aqua fortis; argal dust; arseniate of anile; balm of gilead ; balsams, viz.: Copavia, fir or Canada, Peru and tolu; bamboo reeds, no further manufactured than cut into suitable lengths for walking sticks or canes, or for sticks for umbrellas, parasols or sun shades; bamboos, unmanufactured; bezoar stones; bed feathers and downs; birds, stuffed; black salts; black
tares; bladders, crude, and all integuments of animals not otherwise provided for; Bologna sausages; bones, crude and not manufactured ; bones, burned, calcined, ground or steamed; borax, crude; borate of lime; books which shall have been printed and manufactured more than twenty years at the date of importation; books, maps and charts imported by authority for the United Statas or for the use of the Library of Congress: provided that the duty shall not have been included in the contract or price paid; books, maps and charts specially imported, not more than two copies in any one invoice, in good faith for the use of any society incorporated or established for philosophical, literary or religious purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or for the use, or by the order, of any college, academy, school or seminary of learning in the United States; books, professional, of persoas arriving in the United States; books, household effects, or libraries, or parts of libraries, in use of persons or families from foreign countries, if used abroad by them not less than one year, and not interded for any other person or persons, nor for sale; Brazil paste; Brazil pebbles, for spectacles, and pebbles for spectacles, rough; Burgundy pitch ; camphor, crude; catgut strings, or gut cord for musical instruments; chamomile flowers; charcoal; China root; cirschona reot; chloride of lime; coal stores of American vessels : provided, that none shall be unloaded; cobalt, ore of; cocoa or cocao, crude, and butter fibre, leaves and shells of; coir and coir yarn, colcothar, dry, or oxide of iron; coltsfoot (crude drug), contrayerva root, copper, old, taken from the bottom of American vessels compelled by marine disaster to repair in foreign ports; cowage down, cow or kine pox or vaccine virus, cubebs, curling stones or quoits, curry or curry powders, cayanite or kyanite, diamonds, rough or uncut, including glaziers' diamonds; dried bugs, dried blood, dried and prepared flowers, elecampane root, ergot, fans, common palm leaf; farina, flowers, leaves, plants, roots, barks and seeds for medicinal purposes, in a crude state, not otherwise provided for; firewood; flint, flints and ground flint-stones; fossils; fruits, plants, tropical and semi-tropical, for the purpose of propagation or cultivation; galango, or galangal ; garancine; gentian root; ginger root ; ginseng root; goldbeaters' moulds and goldbeaters' skins; gold size; grease, for use as soap stock only, not otherwise provided for; gunny-bags and gunny-cloth, old or refuse, fit only for remanufacture; gut and worm-gut, manufactured or unmanufactured, for whip and other cord; guts, salted ; hair, all horse, cattle, cleaned or uncleaned, drawn or undrawn, but unmanufactured: hair of hogs, curled, for beds and mattresses and not fit for bristles; hellebore root; hide cuttings, raw, with or without the hair on, for glue stock; hide rope; hides, namely, Angora goat skins, raw, 'without the wool, unmanufactured; asses' skins, raw, unmanufactured ; hides, raw or uncured, whether dry, salted or pickled, and skins, except sheepskins with the wool on ; hones and whetstones; hop roots for cultivation; horn strips; Indian hemp (crude drug) ; Indio or Malacca joints, not further manufactured than cut into suitable lengths for the manufactures into which they are intended to be converted; iridium, isinglass or fish glue, istle or Tampico fibre, jalap, josticks, or joslight, jute butts, leather, old scrap; leaves, all not otherwise provided for ; lithographic stones, not engraved ; loadstones, logs and round unmanufactured timber not otherwise provided for, and ship timber ; maccaroni and vermicelli; madder and munjeet, ground or prepared, and all extracts of ; mag nets, manganese, oxide and ore of ; marrow crude; marsh mallows, matico leaf, meerschaumt crude or raw; mica and mica waste, mineral waters, all not artificial ; moss, sea-
weed, and all other vegetable substances used for beds and matresses; murexide (a dye) musk, crude ; mustard seed, brown and white; nuts, cocoa and Brazil or cream ; nux vomica; oil, essential, fixed or expressed, viz.: Almonds, amber, crude and rectified; ambergris; anise or aniseseed ; anthos or rosemary ; burgamot, cajeput, caraway, cassia, cedrat, chamomile, cinnamon, citronella or lemon grass ; civet, fennel, jasmine, or jessamine ; juglandium, juniper, lavander, mace, ottar of roses, poppy, sesame sesamumseed or bene; thyme, red or origanum; thyme, white; valerian; oil cake; olives, green or prepared; orange buds and flowers; orpiment; osmium; oxidizing paste ; paliadium metal ; paper stock, crude of every description, including all grasses, fibres, rags other than wool, waste, shavings, clippings, old paper, rope ends, waste rope, waste bagging, gunny bags and gunny cloth, old or refuse, to be used in making and fit only to be converted into paper, and unfit for any other manufacture, and cotton waste, whether for paper stock or other purposes; pellitory root ; persis or extract of archil and cudbear ; Peruvian bark; pewter and Britannia metal, old, and fit only to be manufactured; phlanglein; plumbago; polyodium ; pulu; quick-grass root; quills, prepared and unprepared; railroad ties, of wiod; ratans and reeds, unmanufactured; rennets, raw and prepared; root flour; saftron and safflower, and extract of ; saffron cake; sago, crude ; sago and sago flour ; St. John's beans; salacine; salep or saloup; sassafras, bark and root; sauerkraut, sausage skins; seeds, namely, anise, anise star, Canary, chia, sesamum, sugar-cane and seeds of forest trees; shark skins; snails; soap stocks; sparterre for making or ornamenting hats; spunk; stavesacre, crude; storax or styrax; straw, unmanufactured ; strontia, oxide of or protoxide of strontium ; succinic acid; sugar of milk talc ; tamarinds; teasels; teeth, unmanufactared ; terra-alba, alluminous; tica, crude; tin, in pigs, bars or blocks, and grain tin ; tonquin, tonqua or tonka beans; Tripoli; umbrella sticks, crude, to wit, all partridge, hairwood, pimento, orange, myrtle and other sticks and canes in the rough, or no further manufactured than cut into lengths suitable for umbreila, parasol or sunshade sticks or walking canes; uranium, oxide of; vanilla beans or vanilla plants; Venice turpentine ; wafers; wax, bay or myrtle, Brazilian and Chinese; whalebone, unmanufactured ; yarns; yeast cakes; Zaffer.

## Gammercial.

## MONTREAL MARKET.

From our own Reporter.
Montreal, June 18, 1872.
The wholesale trade in this city has been moderately active, although the movement has hardly been so large as during the past two or three weeks. The duty coming off Tea and Coffee on the rist prox. has caused a light demand in the meantime, but prices are reported firm. The decline in Drugs and Chemicals has not been required and trade is quiet at the moment. Dry Goods are quiet. Breadstuffs advancing. Ashes in good demand. Provisions dull and easy. Freights are advancing. The steamship Francis after leaving the wharf last week not answering her helm in the current St. Mary. struck on a bolder and sunk within a few minutes, her carge is badly damaged, and efforts are being made to have her raised as soon as possible.

We have fine warm seasonable weather with occasional showers, crops are growing rapidly and look well all round this neighborhood.

Ashes.-Pots-There has been a fair demand
all week, but prices realized are considerably below those noted for the previous week. Firsts have been selling from 87.60 to 7.45 , market closing quiet at $\$ 7.45$ to 7.40 ; seconds, $\$ 6.82 \frac{1}{2}$ to $6.92 \frac{1}{2}$; thirds are scarce and enquired for, and would be taken up at $\$ 6$ to 6.25 . Pearls-The demand is much greater than the supply and prices have ruled high. Firsts are placed at $\$ 9.82 \frac{1}{2}$ and close at $\$ 9.80$; second sort, $\$ 8.80$ to 9. The stocks at present in store are pots, 1,736 brls ; pearls, 7 I brls.

Boots and Shoes.-We have no change to repurt in the prices since last week, and the sales at present do not foot up to any amount, but manufacturers are kept busy preparing fall goods with which travellers have now set out. A brisker trade is looked for soon.
Cattle.-Market well supplied with a fair demand, prices keep pretty steady. Firstquality $\$ 8.50$ to 9 ; second quality, $\$ 7.50$ to 8 ; third quality, $\$ 6.50$ to 7 . Sheep-For really choice animals there is a good demand at $\ddagger 10$; and for fair to good, 56 to 8 would be paid. Hogs-Are quiet at $\$ 4.75$ to 5 , according to weight and quality.

Drugs and Chemicals.-There is very little change to note in prices, and the movement has not been large. Among sales reported there has been a fair assortment at the following rates:-Bi-carb is dull at $\$ 5$ to $\$ 5.40$; alum quiet, $\$ 2 . f 2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2.25 ; caustic soda is not asked for, the nominal price is $4 \frac{3}{1}$ to 5 ck ; bleaching powder at $4 \frac{3}{8}$ to $4 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{c}$ is neglected ; sal soda has betn sold to some extent within the range of \$2 to 2.25 ; soda ash is only in small demand at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 C ; ground cream tartar 30 to 33 c ; cream tartar crystals 28 to $30 c$; ealtpetre very firm and held at $\$_{11}$; epsom salts $1 \frac{3}{4}$ to 2 C ; sulphur steady at $\$ 3.25$ to 3.50 ; brimstone $\$ 2.75$ to 3 ; copperas \$I to I . 10 ; refined borax 25 to 27 c .
Dry Goods.-Business in this department is very quiet, some small orders are coming in, but none of any consequence. Fall goods are now arriving, and merchants are arranging their stocks. In the city trade we have had an active week. Prices of all goods in this line are firm, and English advices point to an advance, especially for cotton.

Freights.- We have to notice an advance in rates owing to the scarcity of tonnage. We have heard of enragements for heavy grain for Liverpool and Glasgow by steamships and sailing vessels at 4 s . 9 d . to 5 s ., and 2 s . 3 d . to 2 s . 9 d . for flour; to Liverpool 5 s . 3d. to 5 s . 6 d . for heavy grain. For orders full cargoes obtain 6s. to 6s. 6d.

Fuel.-Coal.-The supplies of coal are now very liberal, and business is active, keeping dealers fully occupied. The current rates areegg coal $\$ 6$; Scotch steam $\$ 6.50$; Welch $\$ 6.50$; nut coal $\& 6.50$. We hear that some dealers are asking rather higher prices, and it is prohable that next week an advance will be established.

Fish.-The market is dull and neglected, and only some few retail lots have changed hands, prices quoted are nominal. Herrings, round and splite, $\$ 1.25$ to 3 ; dry cod, $\$ 4.50$ to 5 ; salmon \$15.50 to \$16; mackerel, \$4 to 4.25.

Furs.-Business has been very brisk during the week, and a large trade has been done at late rates, which are firm but unchanged.

Flour.-Receipts during the week, 20,591 brls ; total receipts from rst January to date, 338,722 brls, being an increase of 563 brls on the receipts for the corresponding period of 1872; shipments for the week, 12,112 brls; total shipments from ist January to date, 153,072 brls., being an increase of 15,603 brls. on the shipments for the corresponding period of 1871. The stocks in store and in the hands of millers on the morning of the 15 th inst. werc131;719 brls., against 143,171 brls. on the ist inst, and 131,467 brls on the 15 th June, 187 r . Although prices have somewhat advanced since last week, we cannot say the market has been
active, still a considerable quantity of flour has changed hands, to-day, however, the market was decidedly flat, and closed with a down. ward tendency. Extra, $\$_{7}$ to 7.10; fancy, $\$ 6.75$ to 6.90 ; super, $\$ 6.45$ to 6.50 ; super No. 2 , $\$ 5.90$ to 6 ; fine, $\$ 5.45$ to 5.50 ; middlings, $\$ 4.50$ to 4.60 ; Pollard's, $\$ 3.50$ to 4 ; strong bakers' flour, $\$ 6.80$; catmeal is somewhat high. er, being quoted now $\$ 4.95$ to 5. ro ; Upper Canada bags, $\$ 3$ to 3.05 ; cornmeal, kiln dried, $\$ 3.10$ to 3.15.

Grans.-Wheat-Receipts during the past week, $\mathbf{j}^{6,514}$ bush.; total receipts from ist January to date, 468,278 bush., being a decrease of $1,597,802$ bush., on the receipts for the correspending period of 1871 . Shipments during the week, 29,525 bush.; total shipments by all channels from ist January to date, 501,317 bush., being a decrease of $1,240,446$ bush. It will be noticed that a very great falling off has taken place in the receipts and shipments of wheat this year, this is attributed to the very high prices prevailing in the west, and no business in Chicago or Milwaukee wheat is doing here at present, indeed these kinds are not at present quoted in this market. The latest sales of U.C. spring were at from $\$ \mathrm{r} .53$ to I .55 ; Canada red winter, \$1.55. The stocks of wheat in store and in the hands of millers on the morning of the 15 th inst., were 183,442 bush, against ${ }^{177,120}$ bush on the 1 st inst. and $415,-$ 464 bush. on 15 th June, 1872. Maize-Stock in store on 15 th inst., 139,62 I bush. The receipts are large. The amount received since the opening of navigation being $1,715,799$ bushs, being an increase of $1,032,440$ bush on the receipts for the corresponding period of 1871 . A large business doing in this grain, sales to-day at $58 \frac{1}{2}$ to 59c. Barley-Continues nominal. Oats-Are active and large sales are reported at 32 to 33 c. Peas-Market dull, latest sales reported at 90 to 93 c . Nothing doing in seeds the season being now over.

Groceries.-Teas-Trade this week has been confined to small lots. There is not much business looked for till after the rist prox. when the duty comes off. The auction sales this week will give a good idea how prices are likely to run. Spices-Pepper is rather easier with sales at $15 \frac{1}{4}$ to $15{ }^{3} \mathrm{c}$; Cloves are firm and quoted from 12交 to 14 c ; Nutmegs ha:c advanced to 90 and 95c, at which prices they are now held; Jamaica Ginger, 19c ; Mace, \$1.35. Sugar-Only a light business has been done, still prices are well kept up, a considerable lot of Barbadoes has been placed at 9 to $9 \frac{1}{5} c$. Some Porto Rico also changed hands at $9 \frac{1}{8}$ to 98 c c; Scotch refined, 95 to $10 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{c}$ the latter for very choice. For local refined there has been an active demand. Loams, 133 c ; dry crushed, 12 to 124 c ; ground (table), 12 to $12 \frac{1}{c} \mathrm{c}$; crushed $\mathrm{A}, 1 \mathrm{x} \frac{1}{2}$ to $11 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{c}$; yellow refined, $9 \frac{1}{4}$ to rolyc. Molasscs-Market dull and neglected, we quote Trinidad, 29 to 3 Ic ; Mus. covado is nominal; centrifugal, $19 \frac{1}{2}$ to 20 c ; clayed, $21 \frac{1}{2}$ to $22 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$; Barbadoes, 34 to 35 c with small sales at these figures. Fruit-Layer raisins old crop, \$1.30 to 1.40; new crop, \$1.80 to \$x.90. very little business doing at these prices and it is understood that lower prices would be taken to effect sales. Currants are easier and are now procurable at 5 to $5 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{c}$; filberts, 8 to $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$; walnuts, 6 to gc ; almonds, to to I4c, according to the locality from which they come. Rice-Is quiet and only small lots to the trade are changing hands at $\$ 4.10$ to 4.40 . Coffec-Is in moderate demand, prices keeping firm and steady. Laquagra, ig to 20c; Maracaibo, 19 to 20 C ; Java, 24 to 2 Ec ; Rio, 18 to 19 c .

Hides.-There is not any change in prices to notice this week, but a fair trade is being done at our last week's quotations.

Hardware.-All the articles in our list command full prices, and the demand is unusually good for this seasou of the year, when only a moderate business is looked for. Stocks of all
kinds are very complete, and all orders can be promptly executed. For sheets and plates higher prices than we quote may be looked for, and it is questionable if even now any consider able quantity could be bought at these prices. Nails are still scarce, and orders are with diffi-
culty executed. We culty executed. We quote Pig Iron-Gartsherrie, $\$_{39}$ to 40 ; Coltness, $\$_{39.50}$ to Gart38.25; Eglinton, $\$_{36} .50$ to 37.50 ; Clyce, $\$ 36$ to 36.50; Hematite, $\$ 2$ to to 45 . Bars-Scotch or
Bat Staffordshire, 965 to 70 ; do best refined, $\$ 70$
 ${ }^{\text {band, }}$, best, 84 to 6 ; sheets, $\$ 4.25$ to 5 . 50 plaw plates, cut, 85.50 to 5.75 ; pressed, $\$ 5$ to 8 ; Canada Plates - Hatton, $\$ 7.50$ to 8 ; Swansea, 88 to 8.50. Tin plates charcoal IC., $\$ 13$; do IX., $\$ 15$; coke, IC. \$12.50; shect lead, $\$ 7$ to 7.50 ;
 spring steel, 5 to
Window 6 ; sleigh shoe, $5 \frac{1}{2}$ to 6 c . Window glass is in active demand, and the following prices are very firm $=61 \times 7 \frac{1}{2}$ and $10 \times 14$ 82.20 to $2.30 ; 10 \times 16$ and $18 \times 22 \$ 2.40$ to 2.50 ; $18 \times 24$ and $20 \times 30 \$ 2.60$ to 2.70 , all for 4 th ally.
Leathrr.--Sole leather is now beginning to accumulate, indeed most kinds of leather are in full supply, but not in excess of what they should
be. Business this week has been quiet, and be. Business this week has been quiet, and a decidedly easier feeling is visible in the mar-
ket, but it is not quotably lower. We continue to quote-No. I Spanish sole, 26 to 27 ; No. 2, do. 24 to 25 c ; No. I buffalo sole, 23 c ; No. 2, do. 21; light waxed upper, 42 to 45 c .; heavy do, 40 to 43 C ; grained upper 40 to 43 C ; large splits, 26 to 34 c ; harness, 29 to 33 c ; ;
buffed cow, I4 to 18 c ; patent buffed cow, $\mathrm{I4} 4$ to 118 c ; patent cow, 19 to 20 coc ;
pebbled cow, 14 to 8 c . pebbled cow, 14 to 18 c .
Liquors.-Brandy.-Favorite brands, such as Hennessey's and Martell's, have been sold in
wood from $\$ 2.10$ 7.75 ; other brands are placed at $\$ 8.72 \frac{1}{2}$ to $6.87 \frac{7}{2}$ in cases, and $\$ 1.80$ to 1.95. Rumb-Market is steady for Jamaica, at $\$ 1.85$ to $1.35 ;$ Barbadoes, $\mathrm{si}_{1}$. 6 to to 1.70 . Gin-Quiet, but steady,



NAVAL STores.-The scarcity of spirits of turpentine continues, but we quote the price a little lower, say 72 tz , to 75 c , with c , which range
there have been sales there have been sales. Rosins are in fair de-
mand at last week's rates. mand at last week's rates.
Oins.-There has been a large demand for Linseed Oil, and a large quantity has changed hands of raw at 7ic to 72 tc, but it cannot now
be bought under be bought under 75 c , which must be talien as
the inside quotation. the inside quotation; boiled linseed is placed
at 8 occ, market closing very firm at these prices. Olive oil is firm and active, and advancing in. Olive oil is firm and active, and advancing in
price, being now held for $\$ \mathrm{I}$ to I .12 L . Cou oil
fis steady, at 54 c is steady, at 54 c to 55 c , but for a large parcel a little less would probably be taken. Seal oil is quiet, ordinary pale, 67 tid to 68 ; steam refined,
7 oc to 72 tc $;$ buyers are not very willing to 7oc to 72, ; buyers are not very willing to pay,
these prices, but holders are firm, and do out seem anxious, to hush sales under these rates. Pctrolcum-There is a pretty fair demand, but
the supply at present is very limited, and prices are supply at present is very limited, and prices are rather firmer, holders asking 30 c to $3 \mathrm{3ntc}$ fo
car loads, $\leq$ mall lots are quoted at ic higher.
Provisions.-Butcter.-Receipts 469 pkgs. shipments 47. . Pk s . The demand is smanli ; but about sufficient for the supply. New sumater,
is all taken up for the city trade at 15 to 18 . Checse.- Receipts 2,478 boxes; shipments 75 . boxes. The tendency of the market has been
to decline. We quote fine to decline. We quote fine factory rac, and
finest I4c. Pork.- Receipts I7a brls ; shipments hnest 14c. Pork.-Receits 170 bris; shipments
2ob brls; market dull, sales of mess at $\$ 15$;
prime mess $\$ 13.75 ;$ extra
 low 7 to $\begin{gathered}\text { 8tc, }\end{gathered}$

Salr.-Coarse salt in wholesale parcels has the size of the at from 57 to 60c, according to the size of the lot. Fine salt is dull of sale at 70 to $72 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$; factory filled \$r. 59 to 1.60 ; Goderich ing to size of lot.
in 25 to 1.40 per barrel, accord-
in ing to size of lot.
Wool.-Owing to the irregularity of this market, many manufacturers are keeping off Canada fleece wool has been sold from 45 to 50 c , and Upper Canada 50 to 55 c , but at these prices the volume of business done has been small.

## TORONTO MARKET.

## Toronto, June 20.

The wholesale trade of the past week has been fairly active, the impression that there will be an abundant harvest gaining ground as the season advances. Fall wheat was in many places undoubtedly winter killed, but with this exception advices represent the growing grain in excellent condition, and needing a continsecure of the present seasonable weather to secure a more than average yield. Money comes
in from the country in settlement of maturing indebtedness with tolerable regularity, and the banks are abundantly able and willing to grant their customers all the business accommodation
to which they are entitled. There does not appear to be any very active enquiry for bank stocks or other securities, with the exception of first class mortgages, but there is a steady increase in the amount of money on deposit in the banks, in the government, post office, and ther savings banks.
Boots and Shoes.-The business of the week has been quite up to the average of past years at this season, but there is no special
activity to chronicle. Manufacturers are busy preparing their samples for the fall trade, and their travellers will be on the road in a week or two. Heavy stock is being got out to the full capacity of the workmen employed, and everything is reported to be working satisfactorily.
Cattle.-Beeves have been in good supply during the week, chiefly stall-fed trom Windsor, of which some 15 car loads came to hand, a po-tion being taken for city consumption, 6 cars going to Montreal, and a couple of cars to Col. ingwood, at an average of $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ live weight. A contract for 50 head of grass-fed cattle-3 year
old Durhams-for delivery as required this month and next, was made at required this month and next, was made at $\$ 60$ per head.
We quote first class $5 \ddagger$ to $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$; second $4 \frac{1}{ \pm}$ to 5 c third 4 c . Shicep have been offering freely, but the demand has been active for city use, and none have been left over for shipment east. Prices are steady at $\$ 6$ to $7, \$ 5$, and $\$ 3$ to 4
for first, second and third class. Lambs are for first, second and third class. Lambs are scarce and in good demand at $\$ 4$ for first class, $\$ 3$ to 3.50 for second, and $\$ 2$ to 2.50 for third.
Calves. -The supply is plentiful, while there is Calves.-The supply is plentiful, while there is
less enquiry and prices have accordingly reless enquiry and prices have accordingly re-
ceded somewhat. We now quote first class $\$ 8$, second $\$ 5$ to 6 , third $\$ 3$ to 4 .

Drugs.-Trade has been steady, but by no means driving. Prices generally unchanged. DRY Gcons. -Trade is quiet but not quite stagnant, there being rather more than the customary sorting-up business of the season. It is not expected that the imports for the fall
trade will be as heavy in quantity as but the impression is in quantity as last year, but the impression is that in consequence of advanced prices, there will be no diminution in
the value of the goods shortly to come forward as compared with 1871 . It is very me forward, as coppared with 1871. It is very much to be
hoped tinde will not be overdone, as retailers through the country are understood to have carried over from last winter an unusually large
amount of unsold goods. amount of unsold goods.
Freights.-Lake freights have been in de-
mand during the past week, with an insufficient
supply of vessels, the principal requirements being to take lumber and corn to Oswego, 3 c U.S. currency being the ruling rate. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ gold was offered for vessels to go to Kingston with wheat, but we have not heard of any charters. The demand for vessels to carry corn to Oswe. go is likely to be active, as the Nornthern Rail-
way have recently through rates on grain made arrangements for go, and about on grain from Chicago to Oswego, and about 150,000 bush. of corn have already to be shipped, across to Oswego. The steamer rates on flour to Montreal are 25 c per barrel rates on flour to Montreal are 25 c per barrel.
Grand Trunk rates from Toronto eastward are as follows:-To Halifax or St. John, 8oc for flour, and 40 c for grain; flour to Kingston, 20 c , grain, 10 c ; flour to Prescott, 25 c , grain, $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$;
flour to Montreal, 30 c , grain, 15 c ; flour to St . Johns, Quebec, 45 c , grain, 23 c ; flour to Point Levis, 50 c , grain, 25 c ; flour to Portland, 70 c , flour to Boston, via stew York, 75 c , grain, 38 c ; grain to Boston, via steamer from Portland, 8 oc , grain, 40 c . Through rates to Liverpool are 4 s per barrel on flour; 9 s 6 d per quarter of 48 ol lbs .
on wheat ; 65 s 6 d per $2,240 \mathrm{lbs}$. on butter: on wheat; 65 s 6 d per $2,240 \mathrm{lbs}$. on butter: 57 s.
6 d on boxed meats. To 6 d on boxed meats. To London or Glasgow,

Flour.-There has been bery meats.
during the past week, been very little activity noted in Liverpool quotations, and lower figures in Montreal and United States markets, a reduction of ioc per barrel may be considered to have been established here. In the fore part sales were reported of some 1,500 brls No. I
superfine, at $\$ 6$.1o f.o.c., but recent sales superfine, at $\$ 6$.1o f.o.c., but recent sales have been made of about the same quantity at $\$ 6$, and this may be considered the present value.
Fancy may be quoted at $\$ 6.30$ to 6.40 , Fancy may be quoted at $\$ 6.30$ to 6.40 , but any business done during the week was on private
terms. Extra sold in the beginning of the week at $\$ 6.75$, but was offered at the close at week at $\$ 6.75$, but was offered at the
$\$ 6.70$, without leading to transactions.

Grain.-Wh at--Stocks in store on the 15 th inst. were 50,164 bush. of all kinds, against 66,274 bush. at the corresponding date of last year; 56,518 bush. on the ist inst. There has not been much activity during the week, and sales have generally been of small lots. No. 1 white brought for car lots, $\$ \mathrm{r} .55$; No. $2, \$ \mathrm{I} .52$;
$\$ \mathrm{I} .5 \mathrm{I}$ to I .52 being paid for farmers' loads on $\$ 1.51$ to 1.52 being paid for farmers' loads on the street. Treadwell was not offered except in a very limited way, and no transactions re-
ported. The few loads coming in were taken ported. The few loads coming in were taken
at 1.46 . Spring wheat was wanted, and would at $\$ 1.46$. Spring wheat was wanted, and would
have brought $\$ 1.44$, some small sales having been made at that figure. Oats were offering freely throughout the week at steadily declining rates, until at the close sales were made as low as 37 c on the track. The stork in store is now over 30,000 bush. Nothing whatever doing in other descriptions of grain.
Groceries.-There has been a very fair amount of business during the past week, sugars being dealt in to the largest extent, teas comparatively neglected, while there was a good demand for dried fruits. Coffic-Prices firm, but not much doing. Fish inactive. FruitValentia raisins continue in demand, and there is more enquiry than previously for Layers. Currants are brisk at 5 多c to $6 \mathbf{c} \mathrm{c}$. Rice is in or-
dinary supply and demand, good samples selling to a fair extent. Spices are without much alteration in prices. Large lots of cloves have sold somewhat under our quotations, but the stocks in first hands are now very light, and prices are firm. Sugar-There has been an active demand for all descriptions of bright raw goods, as well as yellow refined, the wants of the trade being in excess of the receipts. Foreign markets at latest advices were all reported
firm and advancing, and any reduction from present quotations here is not likely from stock of raws will shortly be replenished by liberal receipts of Barbadoes now on the way. Tca-There has not been much doing in either
green or blacks, the chief enquiry having been for medium to low grade Young Hysons. A few hundred packages of fine Young Hysons were placed at from 700 to $80 c$. TobaccoQuiet and unchanged.
Hardware.-Business has been fair, and a good demand exists for heavy goods, the supply of most kinds being unequal to the enquiry, and importers refusing to take any but open orders. Cut nails are very firm at quotations, manufacturers continuing greatly behind in filling their orders already booked. Pig iron is in small supply, all expected receipts being ab. sorbed by orders on hand. Bar iron is very firm, and the assortment is not very complete. Canada Plates light in stock, and prices firm. Tin Plates are steady at quotations.
Hides and Skins.-Hides are in light supply and demand at unchanged rates. Calfskins are coming in slowly, but the supply is abundant, and prices are unaltered. Lambskins and Pelts are plentiful, but meet ready sale at 35 C for the former and 15 c tc 20 c for the latter.

Leather.-Trade has been moderately active. Spanish Sole is firm at provious quotations, stocks being in small compass. Upper is offering more freely, and prices are less firm. Harness is in slack demand, but a slight improvement is perceptible in the enquiry. Russets are in demand at full prices for good light sets are in demand at full prices for
stock. No demand for native Calf.

Provisions.-The local trade continues good, but there is no demand for shipment to England, nor does there appear to be any present prospect of such. Butter is weak, and with an anticipated large crop and no market for it abroad, prices are likely to be lower, although for the present they are nominally unchanged in this market. The receipts of strictly choice have so far been small, and from 13c to 15 c would still be paid for city consumption. Other qualities are a very slow sale at irregular prices. Checse-The demand has so far been sufficient to ab:orb receipts, and no accumulation at this point has yet taken place. Sales in small lots at $I \mathrm{I} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ to 12 c . Eggs are in good demand, and would probably command 13c to 14 c . Lard is in fair demand at 9 lc to roc. Bacon sells at 7 C to 7 fc for Cumberland cut, the demand continuing fairly active. Hams bring inc for smoked, $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ for canvassed. Mess Pork is lower in stock, and prices are firmer, at \$14.25 for car loads, and $\$ 14.75$ to 15 for broken lots.

Wool. -The receipts have been liberal during the week on a hardening market, opening at 50 c it gradually advanced to 5 Ic , closing firm at that figure.

## MONTREAL LEATHER MARKET.

## (Rep rted by M. H. Sey mour)

The past three weeks business has been very quiet, there being no disposition on the part of consumers to purchase stock beyond their immediate requirements, consequently a gradual accumulation has taken place, and the market cannot be considered at all firm.

Spanish sole.-Stocks have somewhat increased, and prices, though nominally unchanged, are in favor of buyers.

Slaughter sole.-Has not been asked for to ony extent lately; prices are steady.

Rough.-Very little offering at present.
Harness-Is in good supply, and less firm, there being no special enquiry.

Waxed upper.-Very little call ; heavy is difficult of sale.

Buff and Pebble.-The latter is not much in demand at the moment, while the former, if strictly prime, sells liberally.

Patent and Enamel.-Very quiet.
Splits-Have been selling more freely, but at a slight reduction from recent quotations. The demand is principally for light and medium.

Calfskins-No enquiry whatever.

Sheepskins.-Colors are in ample supply russets are still scarce and prices maintained.
Export of Goods to U.S.-A circular has been issued by the Grand Trunk Railway announcing the important fact that the restrictions and difficulties heretefore existing at Port Huron in the forwarding of goods from Canada to the United States have been removed, and that the changeable guage cars of the Grand Trunk Railway can now go direct through to the Ports of Entry of Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Louis without their contents being transhipped, examined, or appraised at the Frontier Port of Port Huron. In order, however, to enable the Company to have the cars sealed here by the American consul, the following must be complied with :-The Consular Certificate must be procured by the Owner or Shipper ; it must be made in triplicate, and to each Certificate must be attached an Invoice, or the Certificate will set forth an Invoice, which Invoice must give the numbers and marks on each package, and set forth the contents of each package, together with the value of each article therein. For instance, a case contains, say,
ro pieces Broadcloth, 200 yds., at $\$ 2$ per
yard............................... . . 8400 oo 20 doz. Cotton Hose, at $\$ \ldots . . . . . . .$. ro pieces of print, 400 yards, at 100 per

## yard.

4000
Total amount of package.......... $\$ 46000$
In like manner the value of the contents of packages of grocerits, hardware, or other mer* chandise must be specially stated, as in the above example.
-The St. Thomas Fournal says that Sheriff Munro of that town has invested $\$ 90,000$ in the first mortgage bonds of the Canada Southern Railway.

TRAVELLERS' CUIDE.
Trains arrive at and depart from Toronto, as follows :Grand Trunk Railway. GOING EAST.


|  | a.m. | p.m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depart. | 8.10 | 45 |
| Arrive . | 11.00 | 6.50 |



INSOLVENT ACT OF I869, AND AMEND. MENTS THERETO.

In the ma ter of Isaac Cowan and George Hutchison 1.tely trading in the City of Toronto, under the name and firm of Cow.n and Hutchison, Insolvents.
I, the undersigned William Ferguson Munro, of the City of Turonto, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors ar: requested to file their claims before me within one month; and are hereby notified to meet at my offices, Nus. 7 and 8 Merchants' Exchange, Well ngton Street, on Monday, the twenty-second day of July next, at eleven oocloek, in the forenoon, for the purpote of examining the Insolvents and for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally. Dated at the City of Tororto, this igth day of June,
A.D. $187^{2}$.

## MONTREAL ASSURANCE CO'Y.

The Annual General Meeting of the Sharehoiders will be held iu the Company's Offices. St. James Street, on Tuesday, the 2sth of June, at noon, when giatement and Reports for the pa tyear will be submitted, and such
other business transacted as may come before the meetother
ing.
(By order)
A. MURRAY,

Manager.
Insolvent Act of 1869, and amendMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of James Walsh, an Insolvent.
I, the und rsigned William Thomas Mason, of Toronto, have been appointed Assignee in this mat:er. Crediin one monih. in one month.
W. T. MASON,

Dated at Toronto, this Fifteenth day of June, A.D. 1872.

INSOLVENT ACT OF I869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of Thomas $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ Connor, of the Village of Brockton, Retail Grocer, an Insolvent.
I, the undersigned William Ferguson Munro, of the City of Toronto, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month : and are hereby notified to meet at my offices, Nos. 7 and 8 Merchants' Exchange, Wellington Street, on Monday, the twenty-second day of July next at two o'clock, in the afternoon, for the purpose of examining the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the affairs ot the Estate generally.
Dated at the City of Teronto, this 1gth day of June,
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A. D. } 1872 \text {. } & \text { W. F. MUNRO. }\end{array}$
W. F. MUNRO.

> Assignee

## Insolvent Act of 1869 and Amendments

 thereto.In the matter of James McBean and William McBean, as well irdividually as Co-partners, trading under the name, style and firm of McBean \& Brother, Insolven 8.
Tne Insolvents have made an assignment of their Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at
my office, No. 20 Toronto Strect, in the City of Toron. my office, No. 20 Toronto Strect, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday, the second day of July next, at three ocfairs and to appoint an Assignee satements of their affairs and to appoint an Assignce.
W. T. MASON,

Dated at Toronto, this 15th day of June, A.D. 1872.

## INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of David Nathani. 1 Black, an Insolvent. The Insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my office. July, 1872 , at $10.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. , to receive statements of his July, 1872 at 10.30 a.m. ${ }^{\text {to }}$ recei
affairs and to appoint an Assignee.
affairs and to appoint an 18 ss.
Toronto, 13 th June, $18 ; 2$.
JOHN KERR, Interim Assignee.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMEND. MENTS THERETO.

In the matter of Jhn Patterson. Thos. Murphy, Jas. Norris, and Henry Braid, as well individually as Copartners, trading under the nam-, style and firm of John Paterson \& Company, Insolvents.
The Creditors of the Insolvents are notified that a Meeting will be held at my office, No 20 Toronto Sircet, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday, the twenty-fifth day of June instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the public examination of the Insolvents, and the ordering of the affairs of the Estate gener. Hy

Dated at Toronto, this 8th day of June, A.D. 8872 .
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of William Henry Weston, an Insolvent I, the undersigned William Thomas Mason, of Toronto have been appointed Assignee in this matter.
Creditors are re
Creditors are re, uested to file their claims before me
within one month.
W. T. MASON, As̀signce.

Dated at Toronto, this 8 th day of June, A.D. 1872 ,

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of William Augustus Stollery, an Insolvent.
The Creditors of the Insolvent are hereby no ified to meet at my office, Court Strcet, Toronto, on Tuesday, the second day of July, 1872, at 10 o'clock a.m., for the public examin tion of the Insolvent, and for ordering the affairs of the estate generally.
Toronto, 13 th June, 1872 .
JOHN KERR, Official Assignee.
Insolvent Act of 1869, and amendments thereto.

In the matter of Francis Riddell, of the City of Toronto, Baker, an Ihsolvent.
The Insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet a my Estate Nos. 7 and 8 Merchants' Exchange, Wellington Street, in the City of Toronto, on Monday, the first day of July next, at two o'clock in the afte, noon, to receive statements of his affairs and to appoir: an Assignec.
Dated at Toronto, this appoirt an Assignec.
W. F. MUNKO, Interim Assignee.

Western Assurance Company.
Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of

## FIFTEEN PER CENT PER ANNUM,

has been this diy declar d upon the paid up capital stock
of the Company for of the Company for the half-year ending 3oth instant, and that the same will be payable at the Company's
Wednesday, the 10th day of July next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the rst to the 6th prox mo, both day: inc usive. By order of the Board. BERNARD HALDAN,

Managing Director.
Western Assurance Company's Office,
Toronto, 18 th June, 1872 .
Building and Loan Association.

## DIVIDEND NO. 4.

Netice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of EIGHT PER CENT PER ANNUM.
Has bren declared on the capital stock of this Association for th half-year ending 3oth Jun next, payable on and af er Monday, 8th July nest, at the offices of the Associa-
tion. Transfer rooks will be closed from the 15 th to the
29th June, both daysinclusive.
By order of the Board.
ISAAC C. GILMOR,
Toronto, 2sth May, 18;2. Secretary and Treasurer.

## Canada Permanent Burilding and Savings Society.

Twenty-Fourth Hali-Yeariy Dividend.
Notice is hercby kiven that a dividend of FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the Ca ital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the half-year ending the
3ot inst., and that the 30 inst, and that the same will be payable at the office
of the society, Masonic Hall of the Society, Masonic Hall, Toronto Street, on and afier
MONDAY, the Sth day of MONDAY, the sth day of July next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the soth to the
3oth inst., inclusive. By Order,

J HERBERT MASON, Secretary and Treasurer.

## WESTERN CANADA <br> Permanent Building \& Savings Society

Eighteenth Half-Yeariy Dividend.
Notice is hereby iven that a dividen : of FIVE PER declared for the half- ear ending tiie tuthon has been declared for the half-. ear ending tize 3oth day of June mintant, and that the same will be payable a the office of
the Societ. No. 70 Church Strect the Societ. No. 7o Church Strect, on and after MON-
The Transfer of July next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 2oth to the
zoth June, inclusive. 30th June, inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
WALTER S. LEE,
Sectetary and Treasurer.

## CLOSING SALE OF

DRY GOODS

The subscribers will hold their last sale of the season of SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,
Straw Goods, Ready Made Cloth-
ing, Boots and Shoes, \&c.,
At their Warerooms, NO. 5 WELLINGTON STREET

## EAST, on

WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., And following dars. Goods for this Sale should be sent
in at once to in at once to insure their being cleared.
Particulars in Future Advertisement.
R. A. Hoskins \& Co.,

Auctioneers.
GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Tuesday, Inth day of } \mathcal{F} u n e, \mathrm{I} 872 . \\
\text { PRESENT: }
\end{gathered}
$$

His Excellency, the Governor General in Council.
On the reccommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and in pursuance of the provisions of the
8 th Cec . of the Act $318 t$ Vic, Cap. 6 in 8th Sec. of the Act 3 rst Vic, Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act
respecting the Customs," His Exellency been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered Council has Islet, Lake Superior, be and the same is hereby that Silver ed and erected into an Oct Port of Customs constitutsurvey of the Port of Sault Ste. Marie. WM
Clerk, Privy Council.

## Customs Department,

Ottawa, IIth June, 1872.
Re-Warenousing of Tea and Coffee.
Public Notice is hereby given that parties entitled to
re-bond and re-warehouse Tea and Coffee re-bond and re-warehouse Tea and Coffee unde the re-
cent Resolution of the Howse of Commons $w$ ich anpears in the Extra of the Canada Gazette of this
date date, may s, re-bond and re-warehouse such Tea and Coffice at the nearest Port at which the same m y be, or such Tea and coffee may be depositcd and re-warehoused in any Inland Revenue Warehouse, should such Inland Revenue Warehouse be at or nearest to the place where such Tea or Coffee may be, $t$ e Coll ctor or Officer of
Inland Revenue having charge of such W Inland Revenue having charge of such Warehouse, in a
place where no Customs Warohouse exists, being ed to receive such Tea and Coffec in the manner and under the conditions in the said notice mentioned. R.S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Titesday, 2 Ist day of May, 1872. Present:
His Excellency the Governor General in Council.
On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, and under the provisions of the 58 Sec. of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. I2, intituled, "An Act respecting
the Public Works of Canada." His Excellency of Canada.
by ordered that the following rate of order, and it is here- and the same is hereby imposed and authorized to be levied and same lected on Timber passing through the Government Slide on the River Dumoine, that is to say:
On Red and White Pine Timber, fifte
een cents per piece.
W. H. LEE,

Clerk, Privy Council.

## Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of James M. Mathew, an Insolvent.
I, the undersigned John Kerr, of Toronto, have bee quested to file theire in this matter. Creditors are reToronto, $x$ th th June, 1872 before me within one month.
Toronto, 17 th June, 1872 . JOHN KERR,

## 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

\$1,000 EACH.

## Canada Southern Railway, First Mortgage Sinking Fund.

For sale at 90 in United States currency and accrued interest.
The road iuns from Buffalo to the Detroit River, and forms the eastern link in the new Air Line from Chicago
to Buffalo. to Buffalo.
Its low grade and established connections east and
west will undoubtedly secur west will undoubtedly secure for this road a large and remunerative cusiness from the start.
On or before the
On or before the 31st Dec. of this year the road will be
compl ted and in compl ted and in running order.
The principal and interest of the bonds are payable ither in New York, London, or Frankfort.
These bonds offer,
yielding a return of more than Nine per, an investment and a further profit of over Nine per cent. per annum upon the bonds reaching par, which cent. will be realized ably do on or about Ist Jan., which they will unquestionThe above bonds are now., 1874 .
\& FIELDE, Stock Brokers, Jordan Street Ty CLARK

## CUSTOM HOUSE NOTICE.

Me chants and others are hereby notified that TEA and paid, must, in order to obtain refund of specific duties been paid, must, in order to obtain refund of specific duties, be
Re-Bonded and Re-Warehoused before the as per Departmental crder of 8th June. JAMES E. SMITH,
Port of Toronto, 17th June, 18;2.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

## Customs Department,

 Ottawa, roth June, 1872.Re-bonding and re-zarchousing of Tea © Coffice Public Notice is hereby given that all the Customs duties, whether specific or ad valorem, now payab ons duor Coffee imported into Canada, shall be repealed upon from and after the ist July next. And notice is further given that Tea and Coffee in the Original Packages on which such duties have been paid may be re-bonded and re-warehoused at any time before the twenty-ninth day of June in the present year, and that on their being so re-bonded and re-warehoused the amount of the specific duties paid on such Tea and Coff e shall be repaid to the o - ner thereof as a drawback by the Collector of Customs at the port where they are so re-bonded and re-warehoused, or by the Receiver General.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissi. ner of Customs.

## NOTICE.

Customs Department,
Ottawa, 6th Junc, 1872.
Notice is hereby given that His Excellenc, the Governor General, by an order in Council, bearing date the 3rd instant, and under the authority vested in him, by the 3rd section of the 24th Victoria, Cap io, has been pleased to order and direct that the following articles be ransferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada, fres of duty, viz.:
" Precipitate of Copper."
" Analine salts using for dyeing purposes," By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

## Montreal

Assurance Company
Incorporated 1840 .
Capital
Invested Funds (approximately.............................00,000
HEAD OFFICE.....MONTREAL
A. MURRAY.....................................................

Branch Office-22 Wellington Street, Toronto. $_{\text {O }}$
Marine Inspector ........... Capt. David Ross Kbrr.
Local Secretary and Agent.........
Local Secretary and Agent..............R. N. GOOCH.
Inland Navigation, also Ocean Risks (to and from Ports
of Gpeat Britain) covered at moderate rates of Great Britain) covered at moderate rates. $\quad \begin{array}{r}34-6: \mathrm{n}\end{array}$
$W^{\text {M. MUIR, Dealer in Plasterers' Hair, Glue Pieces, }}$ Wool Cat le Tails, Curriers' Grease, Leather Scraps, CHANT, Hides, \&C. GENERAL COMMISSION MERThant, 34 George Street, Toronto. Refiresnce-
Thorne,

The Canada Guarantee Company
(Incorporated by Act of Canadian Parliament.)
Capital
$\$ 100,000$.
DIRECTORS.
SIR ALEX. T. GALT, K.C.M.G., M.P., President. John Rankin, Esq., Vice-President. R. J. Reekie, Esq.; Edwd. Mackay, Esq.i Jarnes G. Ross, Esq., Quebec; Dougall, Esq.; Donald McInnes, Esq., Hamilton.
Legal Advisers-Messrs. Carter \& Hatton.
anager and Secretary-Edward Rawlings.
This Company, formed for the purpose of issuing Bonds of Security for Employees in positions of Trust, at Equitable Rates, is now prepared to receive app
Head Office, 229 St. James St., Montreal. EDWARD RAWLINGS,

Manager and Secretary.

## D. MORRISON,

Biscuit Manufacturer,
And Wholesale Confectioner, 36 and 38 Rideau St., OTTAWA, Ont.

## ROYAL CANADIAN BANK. <br> dividend no. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the second day of July next.
The transfer books will be closed from the 15 th to 3oth day of June, both days inclusive.
the annual general meeting
of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in this City, on Monday, the ist day of July next.

The Chair to be taken at 12 o'clock, noon.
By order of the Board, THOS. McCRAKEN,

Toronto, May 22nd, 1872.

## ONTARIO STEAM BISCUIT

 ANDCcnfectionery Works,
Nos. 67,69 and 71 KING STREET EAST.
Biscuits \& Candies Wholesale.
Manufacturer-I. C. CHILMAN,
HAMILTON, Ont.

## Government House, Ottawa.

Saturday, 25th day of May, 1872. Present:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL
On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority conferred by the 12 th article of the 123 rd Section of the Act 318 st Victoria, "Chapter 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Horses and Mules or other pack animals United States Territory across the Southern Boundary of tee Province of British Columbia be admitted without pay Provice of British Columbia, be admitted without equal to double the duty on the animals brought in, and conditioned for the due exportation thereof within a period of three months from the date of their entry into such Province, or the payment of the duties upon due entry before the expiration of that delay.

WM. H. LEE
Clerk Privy Council.

## The Gore District

Mutual Fire Insurance Company
HAVE BEEN DOING BUSINESS ON THE - Mutual System for Thirty-Three Years. It undertakes the insurance of all descriptions of property,
excepting certain which are extra hazardous, against loss or excepting certain which are extra hazardous, against ioss or
damage by fire or lightning. The cost of insuring with it ranges from

SIXTEEN TO TWENTY CENTS IN THE DOLLAR
Less than in an ordinary proprietory company. It offers the option of insuring either on the PREMIUM NOTE, or CASH PREMIUM system; and although by adopting the latter a very consider ble saving can be eflected. The premium no e system is undoubtedly the ch aper of the
two. Its special tariff of rates for the insurance of

## ISOLATED DWELLINGS,

And their contents recommends itself on the score of economy, It offers security which is ample; and by never allowing is limit of insurance on a single risk to ex eed an amount which is proportionate to its assets, it is enabled to meet its engagements as they ma mature and settle them with promptitude and liberality

THOS, M. SIMONS,
Secretary.
ROBT. McLEAN, Inspector of Agencies.
Gait, February rst, 1872.
GOOD FARM LANDS
Can be purchased by actual setiters on advantageous
The Canadian Land and Emigration Company. Apply to
C. J. BLOMFIELD, Manager, Peterborough,

## Canada Farmers'

Mutual Insurance Company.
HEAD OFFICE,.........HAMILTON, ONTARIO
T NSURE ONLY FARM PROPERTY COUNTRY Houses. Has been seventeen years in operation.

THOMAS STOCK,
RICHARD P. STREET
Secretary and Treasurer.
26
Government House, Ottawa.
Saturday, 25th day of May, 1872 . Present:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister
of Customs, and in pursuance of the provisions of the 8th Section of the Act 31st, Vic., Cap 6, entituled, "An Act respecting the Cuitoms, His Excellency has been Rieased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Salmon River, in the County of Albert, Province of New Bruns-
wick, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs, and placed under the survey int an Out Port of Customs,
of the Port of Hillsborough.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

## DIVIDEND NO. 10.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 4 per cent. upon the paidup capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Mon:ay, the ist day of July next.
The transfor books will be closed from the 16th to the 3oth day of June, both days inclusive. Notice is elso ghareholders of the bank will be RAL MEETING of the in Toronto, on Tuesd $y$, 9 th day of July next. The chair will be taken at $120^{\prime}$ clock noon.

By order,
H. S. STRATHY.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce?
Toronto, 27th of May, 1872 .

## Ætna

Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.
THE ETNA IS NOT SURPASSED IN ECON. omical management in fin ncial ability, in complete success, :- absolute secuticy, by any compa in he world
Its valuable features-
LOW CASH RATES,
annual dividends, just mon-porfeiture system, Commend themselves to those desiring Insurance in any form. JOHN GARVIN, General Agent, No. 2 Toronto St., Torento.
W. BELL and Co.,

ORGA IN
Melodeon Manufacturers
GUELPH, ONT.
RECEIVED AT KINGSTON,
A SILVER MEDAL AND ALL THE FIRST PRIZES.

At Western Fair, London. Diploma and First Prizes for Best Melodeon and Cabinet Organ of any kind.
At Great Central Fair, Hamilton. Diploma and all the First Prizes.
At Central Exhibition, Guelph. A Diploma for General Excellence, and three First Prizes out of four for Music.

## THE CANADA.

## INSURANCE UNION.

## OCEAN MARINE. .

Comprising the foll wing Incorporated Canadian Companies.
The British America Insurance Co. of Toronto.
" Montrcal Assurance Co. of Montreal.
"Western Assurance Co. of Toronto.
Will grant Binding Policies (Open or Special) on
HULLS, FREIGHTS AND CARGOES TO AND FROM
All Ports in the World.

Sterling Certificates granted, payable either in Great Britain or Canada, at the option of the applicant.

## JOHN RHYNAS,

Attorney and Agent,
No. 96, St. Francois Xavier Street. Montreal. June 1st, 187 I .

## NIAGARA DISTRICT BANK.

## DIVIDEND No. 37.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of four per cent. on the Capit. 1 Stock of this Institution for the current half-year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank in St. Catharines, on and af er the second day of July next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th"to the 30th day of June, both days inclusive

By order of the Board.
C. M. ARNOLD,

St. Catharines, 27th May, 1872.

## ror 6

 THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW-INSURANCE CHRONİCLĖ.
## AGRICULTURAL

Insurance Company of Watertown, N. Y. Canada Ofpices-Kingetion, Ont., and $235 \mathrm{St}^{2}$ JANES Streetr, M $\begin{gathered}\text { NTREAL. }\end{gathered}$

## Cash Assets <br> Deposit at ${ }^{\text {Cat }}$ - - - $\$ 635,000$

John C. Cooker, Pres., Isaac Munson, Scc., E. H. Goff, General Agent.

This Company commenced business in Canada in June, 1870, and up to the present time has issued upwards of io, ooo Policies-a result in first year's business unparal-
eled in the history of Canadian Insurance. istory of Canadian Insurance.
ADVANTAGES OFFERED.
rst. Absolute security to Policy-holders in the shape of al large paid-up Cash Capital, with over half a million dollars surplus, and having a deposit of one hundred Canada Policy-holders especiallyment for the security of Canada Policy-holders especially.
2nd. This Company contines
perty and detached residences, thus sesuress to farm properry and detached residences, thus securing our patrons Shops, and ail other hazardous losses on Stores, Hotels, hops, and all other hazardous property.
3rd. Alarge and proftable businper
3rd. A large and proftable business, with ample assets,
enables the Company to adjust all hon enables the Company to adjust all honest losses, and pay 4 th. This Cemy.
by lightning, even where no agire thist Coss and damage Company in Canada evives no fise occurs. No other Company in Canada gives this security to its PolicyA. W. SMITH,

Agent for Toronto and vicinity.
Office-Wellington Street.

## The Waterloo County

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

## Head Office …........Waterloo, Ont.

THE BUSINESS OF THE CNE
1 ded into three separate and distinctbry is DiviVILLAGE, FARM, AND $M A N U F A C T U R E S$, Each Branch' paying its own losses and its just propor tion of the Managing expenses of the Company. C. M. TAYLOR, Sec. I. W. WALDEN, I. HUGHES, Inspector.

## THE MUTUAL

## Life Association $\stackrel{\text { Canada }}{ }$

Hamilton Ofrice- No. 20 James Street South. Company's Buildings. 4 British America Assurance Company's Buildings.

James Turner President. A Waq-p of James Turner \& Co. A. Wood, Esq., of Wood \&
actuary and managerggatt.
William Powis. sECRETARY, Robertson Macaulay.
Atrention is invited to its system, which is purely
Mutual.
Low PremiUms, which nevertheless are high enough to Premiums absolutely No -porfeitable interest. may be withdrawn at any time with interest deduch may be withdrawn at any time with interest, deductpenses.
Profits Di
to themselves in future the full benefit of securing to themselves in future the full benefit of length of
Defrried or Tontine Profirs-A separate Bran
in operation for the benefit of those who Branch is system.
Policies are not allowed to lapse so long as the Premisms in arrear do not exceed cash value.

W J. SMYTH,
Manager Toronto Branch.
Queen
FIRE \& LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Accepts all ordinary Fire Risks on the most favorable terms
LIFE RISKS will be taken on terms that will com pare favorably with other Companies.
CAPITAL.
............. 2,000,000
FFICE-Exchange Buildings,Montreal Resident Secretary and General Agent-
A. MACKENZIE FORBES,

13 St. Sacrament St., Merchants' Exchange Montrad
Wu. Rowhand, Agcnt, Torento.
Insurance.

ESTABLISHED I825.
Head Office for Canada, - Montreal.
Policies in force, over Eighty Millions of Dollar:-
Accumulated Fund, over Twenty Millions of Dollars. Income, over Three Millions and a half.
Claims paid in Canada, over $\mathbf{\$}_{500,0 c o}$.
Funds invested in England, United States, and Canada, with the most perfect safety.
$\begin{gathered}\text { Deposited at Ottawa, for benefit of Canadi」n policy } \\ \text { holders, } \$ 50,000 \text {. }\end{gathered}$
For information as to Life Assurance, apply to any of the Agencies throughout the Dominion, or to
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager, Canada.

## THE ISOLATED RISK

FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA. head office:
King Street, Corner of Church, Toronto.
CAPITAL - - - - - - $\$ 500,000$
DEPOSITED WITH GOVERNMENT - $\begin{array}{r}50,000\end{array}$

## President, <br> President, alexander McKENZIE, Esq., M. P. Manager, JOHN MAUGHAN, Jun.

(Late Assistant-Secretary Western Assurance Co.)
Bankers-Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Advantages Offered:
1st. Absolute security to Policy Holders, in the shape $\mathrm{o}_{\mathrm{f}}$
a very large Cash Capital. a very large Cash Capital.
2nd. The important feature introduced by this Company
of insuring non-hazardous property
of insuring non-haxardous property only, being the means of giving its Policy Holders very low rates on detached
dwellings, \& . dwellings, \&c.
3rd. The Sto
3 rd. The Stockholders, Directors and Agents, being all
resident in Canada, losses will be adjusted resident in Canada, losses will be adjusted without delay,
and paid in cash at once.
THE LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.


Capital
$£ 2,000,000 \mathrm{stg}$.

Head Office for Ontario:
North-west corner of King and Church Sts., Toronto.
Grneral Agents,-
S. C. DUNCAN-CLARK \& CO.,

Manager,-
Wm. CAMPBELL.
Torontu without reference settled at the head office in Torontu without reference elsewhere.

## McDonald a Badgerow,

Barriste s, Attorneys, and Solicitors, WHITTEMORE BUILDINGS,
Toronto Street, Toronto. d. Mitchell medonald. ofo. w. badgerow.

## Financial.

Robert Beaty \& Co.,
EXCHANGE OFFICE, Bankers, Broxbrs \&c.,
53 King Strcet East, opposite Toronto St., Toronto.

## $\mathrm{D}_{\text {sc., bo }}^{\mathrm{R}}$

 RAFTS ON NEW YORK, GOLD, SILVER, UN courrent money, Mortgages, Stocks, Lands, Housesscc., bought and sold at best rates. Orders by Telegraph or ietter promptly attended to.
or
nterest paid on Deposits.
18-3m
Campbell \& Cassels,
3. Canpbell,] 69 King Striet East, [w. G. cassels TORONTO,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
terling Exchange, American Currency, Bonds and Stock
Gold, Sitver and Canadian Stocks and Sncurities Bought and Sold.
Orders Executed Promptly on Best Terms.

## Herrick \& Crombie,

BANKERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND GENERAL AGENTS.
For the Purchase and Sale of Manufacturers, Produce Bank and other Stocks, \&c., OTTAWA AND PEMBROKE.
Consignments solicited. Parliamentary business attended
O. H. herrick. $35^{\circ}$ edward b. crombie

Hamilton \& Jeffery,
BANKERS, STOCK BROKERS, \&c., 62 King Strect East, Toronto.
References: H. S. Strathy, Esq., Cashie-, Canadian Bank of Commerce; G. Hague, Esq., Cashie-, Canadian
Toronto ; R. H. Bethune Eank of Messrs. Gooderham \& Worts, Tashier, Dooninion Bank; Mcssrs. Gooderham \& Worts, Toronto; Messrs. A. R' Montreal.

## Philip Browne \& Co.,

BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS,
dealers in
STERLING EXCHANGE, U. S. Currency, Silver and Drafts on New Stocks, Debentures, Mortgages, \&c., \&c. Prafts on New York issued, in Gold and Currency. Prompt attention given to collections. Advances made No. 67


## Toronto Savings Bank, <br> 72 Church Street.


${ }^{\text {rwentry }}$ Girst class securities. Interest apward in Government and other banks of deposit:
Ontario Bank and Canadian Bank of Commerce
W. J. MACDONELL,

Manager

## E. FORD,

## StOGK AND SHARE BROKER

Member of the Stock Exchange,)
83 St. Francois Xavicr Street, Montrcal.
Stocks, Shares, Bonds, Debentures, and all classes of
gotiable securities, bough cotiable securities, bought and sold' on commission.

## Wadsworth \& Unwin,

Office, 42 Adelaide Street East, Toronto.
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, VALUA. Adelaide Street Engineers and Land Agents. Office-42 Adelaide Street East, opposite the Court House, Toronto. N.B.-Surveys of every description performed in all parts of Ontario. Mining Lands and Tluber Limits, in unsurveyed territory, surveyed in accordance with the rules and regulations he Crown Lands Department. $\underset{27-17 \mathrm{t}}{\text { V. BADSWORTH, }} \underset{\text { P. L. Surveyor. }}{ }$ CHARLES UNWIN,

British Aduertisements.

## Dunville \& Co.'s

V.
 R.

OLD IRISH WHISKY, BELFAST,
Of same quality as that supplied to the nternational exhibition of i862, dUblin exhibition I865, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867, And now regularly to the House of Lords, the quality of which is equal to the finest French Brandy, may be had in casks and cases from the principal Spirit Merchants in Canada. The Trade only supplied.
Quotations on application to
Messrs. DUNVILLE \& Co., Royal Irish Distilleries,

JOHN HEATH,
(Late Thos. Lowe \& Co.)
Buckingham Buildings, George Street, Parade, and 33 Newhall Hill, STEEL PEN MANUFACTURER,

STATIONERS' IRONMONGER.
Sole Manufacturer of Thos. Lowe's celebrated Steel Pens Agent for Hart's Patent Paper Fasteners.
Almost every articie in demand under the head of Stationers' Sundries kept in stock, and any special make of Goods obtained to order.
Particularattention is requested to J. Heath's first-class Extra Strong Pens, now so largely used.

A liberal Discount to Wholesale Stationers.
Illustrated Catalogues supplied to the Trade only, on receipt of Business Card.


JUSEPH GILLOTT'S steel pens.

Sold by all Dealers throughout the World.


Seymer's Straw Bottle Envelopes, Shipped in eight gross canvas packages, at $6 s .6 i$. per gross, or forwarded for packing empty Bottles or Wires
and Ales for shipment. They save and Ales for shipment. They save
freight, breakage, \&c., and re-sell on arriving. Established 15 years. Sole THOS
THOS, WHITEHEAD, 37 Eastcheap, London, E.W

## DRY LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.

To Builders and Dealers, by the Car Load, at Wholecale Prices.
THE Subscribers have on hand an unlimited supply o Pickings,Clear Strips,Sheeting and cut-offs, all thoroughdry, and loaded on cars to suit purchasers, at the lowest wholesale prices.
Office, sonth-west corner McDOUGALL \& BRO. over Dow's Dry Goods Store.
All Orders promptly supplied. Bills cut to order on the shortest notice.

## CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, igth April, is $8 \mathbf{7} 2$.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until fu: th er notice: 10 per cent.

## R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, <br> Commissioner of Customs.

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.-JUNE 2I, 1872.

| Name of Article. | Wholesale Rates. | Name of Article. | Wholesale Rates. | Name of Article. | Wolesale Rates. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boots and Shoes: | \$ c. \$c. |  |  |  | *. c. |
| Mens' French Calf Boots. "TapSleKipBtsNo.I,Ex | $\begin{array}{llll} 3 & 62 & 4 & 00 \\ 0 & 00 & 3 & 25 \end{array}$ | Dry Crushed | 0000012,1 | Spanish Sole, rst quality | *. c. |
| " Dbl. " ${ }^{\text {chip }}$ " No.I, Ex | 000 <br> 0 <br> 2 <br> 4 |  | 0 - 000013 |  | 0270271 |
| ',Tap\&D.S.KipBts, ${ }^{\text {Cor }}$ I | 240 <br> 240 <br> 40 | Japan common to good. |  | Do. No. | - 2301025 |
| ""ThekBts, No.I, Ex. | -00 275 | Japan common to gine to choicest. | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 42 & 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 60 & 0 & 70 \\ 0 & 5 & \end{array}$ | Slaugh | - 27030 |
| " $"$ " No. 1. | - 00240 | Colored, common to fine | - 50 0 70 | Harness. | - 26 O 029 |
|  | 000220 | Congou \& Souchong | - 35 - 80 | , | - $\begin{aligned} & 027 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ |
| $\because$ D.S. Buff Fox ${ }^{\text {No. }}$ Bai... | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 200 \\ 0 & 00 & 240\end{array}$ | Oolong, good to fine | - 50 - 65 | Upper heav | 025 0 0 0 06 0 |
| " ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Congs Gaiters. | ll | Medium | - 36 | Kip ${ }^{\text {skins }}$ | - 40 O 44 |
| " Calf Fox Cong. | 245 | Extrantiocice | - 650075 | Kip skins | - 35 - 40 |
| " Goat \& Seal Con | 265300 | Gunpwir. com. | 0 0 0 0 0 50 00878 | English | - 070 |
| " Prunella Congs. | 140225 | n.ed. to fin | - | Hemlock Calf ( 30 to 35 | - 65090 |
|  |  | Hyson................. | o 85 0 90 | lbs.), | 060073 |
| Boys' Db.Sl Thick Boots | 18019 | Imperial | - 38 O 50 | Drench C | - 50 - 60 |
| " " ${ }^{\prime}$ K Kip "... | - 00005 | Tobecro -inaujacturad: |  | Splits, larg | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 25 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 40 \\ 0 & \\ 0\end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 70 \\ 1 & 180 \\ 120 & 1 & \\ 0\end{array}$ | Dathos ${ }^{\text {d }}$ 10s | $\begin{array}{llll}03 & 0 & 36\end{array}$ | "1 small | - |
| " Split \& Kip Cobourgs | - 95110 |  |  | Co | $020{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ |
| Youths' D S. Thick Boots | 150160 | ci to fine. | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 3 & 0 & \\ 0 & 42 \\ 0 & 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & \end{array}$ | Patent Pebble G | 020 - 21 |
| D.S. Kip ....... | - 00170 |  | - 42 0 50 |  | - 50 |
| " " Bals \& Cong | - 001135 |  |  |  | 0150 |
| " Split \& Kip Bunkms | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 00 & 1 & 20 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & \\ 1 & 50\end{array}$ | Hardware |  | Cod O | - 58 -60 |
| Womens' DblsoleCf.Bals. | 150175 | Tin (ult cash †ricis): |  | d, | - 95100 |
| " Buff \& Peb do. | 115180 | Bloch, tr ${ }^{\text {tib }}$ |  | $\mathbf{N}$ | - 90095 |
| $" "^{\prime \prime}$ | 115150 | Grain..... | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 422 \\ 0 & 45 & 45 \\ 0 & 45 & 0 \\ 47\end{array}$ | Lubricating | - 85090 |
| ". Goat \& Kid Bals | 225 250 2 1 | Cupper: |  | " Mott's economic | - 00000 |
| ". Buff Batts ... | 220 1 15 | Pig | O $27-28$ | Linsee raw | - ${ }^{0}$ |
| " Split | - 051100 | Cut Nails | - 27030 | Machinery | - 85 o 86 |
| "Prun." Bal\& Cons | - 85125 | Assorted $\ddagger$ Shingles, |  | Olive, comm | - 30 |
| Iisses' Peb | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 55 & 200 \\ 0 & 55\end{array}$ | T | $525 \% 00$ |  | $15125$ |
| Buff Batts |  | Lathe | -00 550 | sal |  |
| Prun. Bals \& Coug | $880^{\circ} \mathrm{I} 25$ | Galv | 060 |  | 36575 |
| Childs' Peb. Buff Ball: | - $75 \times 15$ | Assorted siz |  | Spirits T | - 75080 |
| Buff Bals. | - 55 o 75 | Best No. 21 | $\begin{array}{llll} 0 & 26 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 08 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Whale, refin | - 750 |
| "، Prun.Bais. \& Cong | 0 70 |  | $\bigcirc 0008 \frac{1}{29}$ | Paints, \&c. | 1000 |
| ". Turned Cacks | $\begin{array}{llll} 4 & 75 & 6 & 25 \\ 2 & 25 & 5 & 00 \end{array}$ |  | - 097 0101 | White Lead, genuine, in |  |
| Drugs. |  | uest's or Grifin's 2 s - |  | Oil, \% 25 lbs.......... | - 00225 |
| Aloes Cape. |  | sorted sizes.......... | 000000 |  | - 000205 |
| Alum. | $002 \frac{1}{2} 0031$ | E. T. or W. assd. sizes | - 19020 |  | - 0001 |
| Borax | - 27 O 30 | Iron (at 4 mont | - 16017 | Comm | 175 |
| Caustic Soda | $\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 151 \\ 0 & 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 05 \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 06\end{array}$ | Pif Gartsherrie, No. | O 004500 |  | - oot 009 |
| Cream Tarta | - | Ca..er, No. i...non | O 0040000 | Venetian Red, English. | ${ }^{07} 508$ |
| Cpsom Salts | - 023 a 0 | Other lrands | 000000 | Yellow Ochre, French. | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 02 & 0 & 03 \\ 0 & 02 \\ 0 & 024 & 0 & 03\end{array}$ |
| rextract Logwoo | - | Other Lrands, | - 004000 | Whiting ............... | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 02 \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 03 \\ 0 & 85 \\ & 1 & 25\end{array}$ |
| Indigo, Madras. | - 95105 | Bar- Sco | - 004000 | Petrole |  |
| Madde | - 16018 | Kelitied | 350375 | (Refined, \% gallon.) |  |
| Opium ${ }_{\text {Oxalic }}$ | 650675 | Swedes | - 000000 | Delivered at London, On- |  |
| Potass Iodid | (11) 5000035 | Hoops-Coope | - 000 | No.i ${ }^{1,5}{ }^{\text {c }}$ cars | $000030 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Soda Ash.. |  | "\% Band | - 00450 | ${ }_{\mathbf{S}}^{\mathbf{1}}$ in | 00031 |
| Soda Bica | - 066000 | Boiler Plate | 450 00 | Delivered in To | $\infty 0$ |
|  | - 50 - 50; | Coatbridg |  | $\mathrm{Vo}_{i}^{\mathrm{I}}, \mathbf{1}$ | $000031{ }^{13}$ |
| Groceries. |  | Glanmorg <br> Swansea. | - 000000 | No. 2,1 | 000 0033 |
| Coffees: |  | Lead (at 4 mo | 750800 | Sin |  |
| Java, | - 22@0 24 | Bar ${ }^{\text {S }}$ 100 | - 06. 007 |  | 000 |
|  | 021022 | She | - 057 0061 |  |  |
| Fish: | 019020 | Iron Wire (net cash | 00700074 | Wheat, Spring, 60 mb . |  |
| Herrings, Lab.s | 525 5;5 | No. 6, ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ |  | Fall, 60 |  |
| " ${ }^{\prime}$ Canso | 500 | 9, | 350 | Barley, | - 58060 |
|  | 350400 | 12, | 375400 |  | 072075 |
|  | ${ }^{0} 332037$ |  | 60470 |  | - 38 - 39 |
| Mackerel, bris. | 6 <br> 6 <br> 3 <br> 500 <br> 50 | Blasting Canada |  | Seeds: |  |
| Salmon, salt water | 16001650 | FF | ${ }^{1} 5000000$ | Clover, choice, 60 |  |
| Dry Cod, 112 lbs . | 475500 | FFF |  | Timothy, choice. 60 It . | 0 |
| Fruit: |  | $\underset{\text { BF }}{ }{ }_{\text {Biasting, }}$ English | - 000000 | Flax …..... | 000 |
| Raisins, Lave | 150 : 75 | FFF ${ }_{\text {FF }}$ ". loose. | 500550 | Flour (per bri.): |  |
| $\mathrm{Val}$ | 1 65 1 <br> 6 75  <br> 75 7  | $\underset{\text { Pressed Spikes(4 months): }}{\text { FFF }}$ | 550600 | Superior extra. | 000000 |
| rrants, | 6 6 600 000 | Regular sizes, 10 |  | Fancy | $\begin{array}{llll}6 & 60 & 6 & 65 \\ 630 & 6\end{array}$ |
| "\%. | 4 <br> 4 | Extra ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | - 0 | Superfine | 6 6 |
| Molasses |  | Tin Plate (net cash |  |  |  |
| Clayed, ${ }^{\text {P }}$ gall. | - 28 - 30 | ${ }_{1}$ IC Coke | 100 co 0) | Oatmeal, pe | 470 500 |
| Syrups, Stan | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ} 45046$ | IX Charcoa | ;300 0000 | Prov |  |
| Arrac | - 49 c 30 | IXX " | 150000 | Butter, dairy tub, , q? il | 012015 |
| Arrac Rang | 460 440 4 4 | DC " | ${ }_{16}^{16} 500000$ |  | - 10 |
| Spices: |  | Hides \& Skins, $7^{*} \mathrm{lb}$ : |  | Pork, mess, new | - 11120 |
| Cassia, wh | - 25030 | Green |  | Bacon, Canada | 4 25 |
| Cloves | - 14 O 16 | Cured | - 00008 | " Cumber | 0070074 |
| Nutmegs... | - 90 100 | Cured | - 0000091 | 析 | -0718008 |
| Ginger, jro | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 18 & 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 17 & \\ 0 & \\ 0\end{array}$ | "18, |  | Hams, salt | 010011 |
| Pepper, black | (1) $\begin{array}{cccc}0 & 17 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 17 & 0 & 18\end{array}$ | Lamb | - 0000014 | Shoulders in ${ }^{\text {smoked }}$ | 0 |
| Sugars-(6o da |  |  | - 15020 | Lard, in kegs | O O9, |
| Porto C | - 9\% 0 10 |  |  | Eggs, fresh |  |
| Cuba ${ }^{\text {Barbadoes (bri }}$ | 00970093 | Leather, ©4) 4 months: |  | Beef Hams | 00000 |
| Barbadoes (bright) ...... | иоле. |  |  | Tallow | 0000 |
| Conada Sugar Refiriery.. |  | In lots of less than |  | verpool |  |
| Crished X |  |  |  | Goderich | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 10 & 1 & 12 \\ 1 & 12 & 1 & 15\end{array}$ |
| 1 A | - 121 01212 | Spanish Sole, 18t qu'lity |  | Plas | 1-12 $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 12 & 1 & 19 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 00\end{array}$ |
| Ground .. | $\left\|\begin{array}{lll} 0 & 124 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | heavy, weights, $\%$ | 027029 | Water Lio | $000$ |


INSURANCE COMPANIES.
English.-(Quotations on the London Market, Ap. 27, IS72.)


## RAILWAYS.

Atlantic and St. Lawrence ...................

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Grand Trun } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
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## STOCK AND BOND REPORT.

| N A M E. | $\sqrt{6}$ | Capital subscribed | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Dividend } \\ \text { last } \\ 6 \text { Months. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | CLOSING PRICES. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Toronto, June ig. | Montreal <br> June 19. |
| banks. |  | \$ | \% ct. |  |  |
| B | $\pm 50$ | 4,866,666 |  | 128129 |  |
| Canadian Bank of | 50 | 4,800,000 |  | Books | closed |
| City Bank, Montrea | 80 | 1,200,000 | 3 | 89 90 |  |
| Du Peuple | 50 | 1,600,000 |  | 1ro 1101 | 110 1112 |
| Eastern Townsh | 50 | 500,000 | 4 |  | closed |
| Jacques Cartier | 50 50 | $1,500,000$ $5,000,000$ | 4 |  | 110113 |
| Mechanics' Bank Merchants' Bank | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,000,000 $6,000,000$ | 4 4 | ${ }^{88}{ }_{\text {Books }} 90$ | 90 closed |
| Metropolitan. |  | 1,000,000 |  |  |  |
| Molson's B | 50 | 1,500,000 |  | 114 1144 | 114115 |
| Montreal | 200 | 6,000,000 | 6 \& b 2 |  | $225 \frac{1}{226}$ |
| Nationale | 50 | 1,000,000 | 4 |  | 112113 |
| Dominion Ba | 50 | 1,000,000 | 4 | $110 \frac{1}{2}$ | $110{ }^{10}{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Ontario Bank | 40 | 2,500,000 | 4 | 107108 |  |
| Quebec Bank | 100 | 1,923,000 | 4 | 112123 | 112 |
| Royal Canadi | 40 | 2,000,000 | 4 | 104 105 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 104105 |
| Toronto | 100 | 1,500,000 | 4 | 207210 |  |
| Union Bank | 100 | 1,920,000 |  | Books | closed |
| miscellaneots. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada Landed Credit Comp | 50 | 500,000 | 4 | ${ }_{150}^{101}$ IIIt | ........... |
| Canada Permanent Building | 50 | 1,500,000 | $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | 156160 |  |
| Canadian Navigation Co. | 100 |  |  |  | 87 97 |
| Canada Rolling Stock C | 100 |  | None. |  | 130132 |
| Freehold Building Society | 100 | 500,000 |  | 134135 |  |
| Huron Copper Bay Co................. |  |  | 25 |  | $40 \quad 52 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Huron \& Erie Savings \& Loan Society | 50 | 520,000 $1,250,000$ | $4{ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}126 & 128 \\ 207 & 209\end{array}$ |  |
| Montreal Telegraph Co. Montreal City Gas Co.. |  | 1,250,000 | 5 | 207209 | $207 \frac{1}{2} 208$ 204 208 |
| Montreal City Passenger I | 50 |  | 4 |  | 305310 |
| Quebec Gas Company |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quebec Street R. R.. | 50 |  | 4 |  |  |
| Richelieu Navigation Co | 100 |  |  |  | 181 190 |
| Dominion Telegraph Compan | 100 |  | None. | 114117 |  |
| Provincial Building Society . | 100 | 350,000 | 41 | 106107 |  |
| Imperial Building Society. | 50 |  |  | 105107 |  |
| Building and Loan Association Toronto Consumers' Gas Co | 25 50 | 200,000 $400,000$ | 2 p.c. 3 | $\begin{array}{ll}108 & 109 \\ 127 & 128\end{array}$ |  |
| Toronto Consumers' Gas Co.......... Union Permanent Building Society.. | 50 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 400,000 \\ & 125,000 \end{aligned}$ | 2 p.c. 3 | $\begin{array}{ll}127 & 128 \\ 112 & 114\end{array}$ |  |
| Western Canada Building Society.... | 50 | 400,000 |  | $\begin{array}{lll}112 & 114 \\ 136 & 137\end{array}$ |  |
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PRODUCE.
Comparative Prices in Toronto Marset.


## Insurance

## LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Life Assurance Company.
Chief Office—Lcadenhall St., Cornhill, London. Canada Branch, Head Office, 235 St. James' St. Montreal.
Deposited at Ottawa, for the Exclusive benefit of
Canadian policy-holders, the sum or
\$上00,000.
Board of Direction.-Wm. Workman, Esq., President, City Bank; Alex. M. Delisle, Esq.; Collector of Customs. Charles L. Leblanc, Esq. The next valuaCustoms. Charles L . Leblanc, Esq. lion is appointed by the deed to take place cone commany, at that date, entitled to participate, will share in the division of profits. Copies of the Report cation to any office or agency of the Company.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON
A. W. SMITH.

Manager for Canada.
Agent for Toronto.

## BEAVER AND TORONTO

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Office, Bank of Toronto Buildings, Wellington Siret.
Nu.rber of Policies issued to Oct., 1871 • - - 44,000 Premium Note Capital, over
C. E. CHADWICK, Ingersoll, President.
D. THURSTON, Toronto, Vice-President.
S. THOMPSON, Managing Director.

CLASS OF PROPERTY INSURED.

## Mercantile Branch.

A 1 property of a class not specially hazardous will be insured b: this Company, including Stores and their insured contents, Dwelling Houses (not inclu ed in the Farmers' Branch) and their contents, and Ci y. Town, and Village Property general y. Also Country Stores, Taverns Flour Mil $\mathrm{s}, \& \mathrm{c}, \& \mathrm{c}$., \&c. The rates of Insurance will be on the lowest scale of Mutual Insurance Companies.
Parties insured in either Branch are exempt by law rom all liability for losses gus ained in the other branch.
Cost of Insurance in this branch averages about twothirds of the usual proprietary rates, as no profits are required.
W. T. O'REILLY,
H. HANCOCK,

## The Agricultural

Mutual Assurance Association of Canada. Head Offict.............................London, Ont. A purely mutual Company, avoiding all hazardous risks Capital mst of January, 1871 .. \$231,242 25 Cash and Cash items 77,28950
25,00000 In hands of Dominion Go vernmen $\qquad$
THIS old, well established, and reliable Company, continues to do the largest Farmers business of any Commany in Canada. For the month of June, 1871 , it issued the unprecedentedly large number of 1852 Policies !!a greater n
panties.
Int.

Intending insurers will note :18t. That its rates are as low as those of any respon-
sible Company in the Dominion, and lower than those sidle Company in
of a great many. the Premium note or cash systems, and that on either system the Premium stated in the Policy constitutes the whole liability of the member.
ard. The large amount of cash on
meet all its engagements promptly.
4th. Being purely mutual, all profits accumulate for the benefit of the members, and are not paid away to go into the pockets of stockholders, as is the case in proprietary companies.

Having in the last ten years distributed over $\$ 400,000$ in settlement of losses, and ever having been up to the mark in paying honest claims, and meeting all its engagements, the Directors look of the preference already shewn in over local ventures.

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COADY General Agent and Inspector.

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$\mathbf{W}^{M .}$ MOWAT, Sect. Co Perth Mutual F. I. Co., class securities, mortgages in first-class securities for sale. Strafford 0
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Co. of England. Offer, cor. Church \& Courtsts. Toronto J. T. \& W. PEN NOCK, Fire and Life Insurance panies through the whole of the Ottawa Valley, Ottawa.
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ROBERT MARSHALL, Notary Public, Agent for R the Montreal, British America \& Quebec Marine In surance Co.'s and for the Imperial, At na, and Hartford Fir Insurance Companies. St. John, N.B.
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Marine, Phoenix, Ocean Marine, Hamilton, Ont.
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D. B. BURRITT, Ins. and Real Estate Agent; Clerk D. Division Court. Debts Collected; Money to Loan, and Invested, \&cc., \&cc.; Strafford, Ont.
R. \& H. O'HARA, Agents for Western, Queen Accident, and Canada Life Ins. Co. Bowmanville, Ont.

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## Fire and Marine Insurance.

## THE BRITISH AMERICA

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George J. Boyd, Esq.
Rev. Dean Grasett,
Hon. W. Cayley
Ger Paterson, Esq.
Peleg Howland, Esq.,
G. P. Ridout, Esq.,
thomas C. Street, Esq.
Governor:
George Percival Ridout, Esq.
Deputy Governor:
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E. Robs O'Brien.

Capt. R. Courneen.
Insurances granted on all descriptions of property against loss and damage by fire and the perils of inland navigation.
Agencies established in the principal cities, towns, and ports of shipment throughout the Province; THOU. WM. BIRCHALL,
23-ry.
Manager.

## PROVINCIAL

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## FOR FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

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C. J. Campbell, Esq., of A Came

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W.J. MacDonell, Esq., Ire-
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Bank, Toronto.
A. R. McMaster, Eq., of A.
R. McMaster \& Bro., To-
H. S. Howland, Esq., Vice-

President Bank of Commerce, Toronto.
Manager.-Arthur Have
Asst Sci y. Arthur Harvey, Esq. Geo. C.Hime, Esq Asst. -Sec. Fire Inspector. -Wm. Henderson, Esq. GeneVal Agent, Marine Department.-Capt. C. G. Forties Bankers. -The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Insurances effected at reasonable rates on all descriptor. of property. Fairness in settlement and an equitable construction of Insurance contracts, are the invariable rules of the Company.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

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Assurance Company (Fire and Life).
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CAPITAL................. $\$ 2,500,000 \mathrm{Stg} \cdot$
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39-1y W. M. WESTMACOTT, Agent at Toronto

## ROYAL

## Insurance Company.

Of Liverpool and London-Fira and Life.
Subscribed Capital.
$\qquad$
Annual Income over $\qquad$ .. \$10,000,000 4,000,000

Head Office for Canada-Montreal.
Every description of property insured at moderate rates of premium.
Life Assurances granted in all the most approved forms Gentlemen of position and influence desirous of acting as Agents in unrepresented districts, should apply to the undersigned.

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- E. F. BEDDALL,

Chief Agents for the Dominion.
Toronto Ofrice_-Royal Insurance Bags., Yonge St l
F. H. HEWARD' Agent.

## Insurance.

## CANADA

Life Assurance Company.

This Instation having been
ESTABLISHED IN 1847,
Has long since surmounted all the dangers of the early years of Assurance Companies.

Its ample Capital and Funds,
And its management in the hands of fersons of long experience of such business, afford

## Perfect Security

to assurers. These features, as well as the Company's
Moderate Rates,
render the Institution one whose advantages are not surpassed by any othe, and explain the fact that it stands at the head of all the Life Companies in Canada

Detailed Reports and Table Rates may be obtained at any of the Company's Offices or Agencies

> A. G. RAMSAY,
> Manager and Secretary. R. HILLS,
> Assistant Secretary.

Agent in Toronto.-E. BRADBURNE,

## BRITON

MEDICAL AND GENERAL

## Life Association.

with which is united the
BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Capital and Invested Funds............f750,000 Sterling. Annual Incone, $£ 220,000$ Stg.:
THE IMPORTANT AND PECULIAR FEATURE originally introduced by this Company, in applying the periodical Bonuses, so as to make Policies payable during life, without any higher rate of premiums being charged, has caused the success of the Briton Mrdicat and General to be aimost unparalleied in the history of Life Assurance. Life Policies on the Profit scale become payable during the lijetime of the Assured, thus rendering a Policy of Assurance a means of subsistence in old age, as well as a protection for a family, and a more old age, security to creditors in the event of early death : valuable tually meeting the often urged objection, that persons do not themselves reap the benefit of their own prudence and forethought.
No extra charge made to members of Volunteer Corps or services within the British Provinces.

Office.-A-joining Bank of Toronto THOMAS R. WOOD, Agent
JAMES B. M. CHIPMAN Manager for Canada, Montreal
Oct. 17-9-1yr.

## PHGENIX

Fire Insurance Company. of London. established in 1782.
A GENCY ESTABLISHED IN CANADA IN 1804 arge Reserve Finds ility of all the Stockholders, and GILLESPIE, MOFFAT

General Agents for Canada
3IIO, St. Paul Street, Montreal.
JAMES DAVISON, Manager.

## THE ONTARIO MUTUAL

## Life Assurance Company

SSUE Policies on all the most approved methods This Company is PURELY M confined to the Province of Ontario; its rates of Assu rance are self-sustaining, yet lower than others on the participating plan. There being no Stock-holders, all advantages go tothe benefit of Policy-holders.
Dividends doclared yearly after Policies are three yoars
WM. HENDRY, Manager
Waterloo, Ont.

## Insurance. <br> Life Association of Scotland.

Invested Funds upwards of $£ 1,000,000$ Sterling
THIS INSTITUTION DIFFERS FROM OTHER Life Offices, in that the Bonuses from Profit are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's personal benefit and enjoyment during his own lifetime with the option of large benus additions to the sum as sured. The Policy-holder thus obtains a large reduction of present outlay, or a provision for old age of a most im portant amount in one cash payment, or a life annuity without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the Sum Assured, which remains intact for Policy-holders' heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA-MONTREAL-St. JAMES St..

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## WESTERN

## Assurance Company,

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HEAD OFFICE.............TORONTO, ONTARIO
Hon. JOHN McMURRICH, President.
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JOHN FISKEN, EsQ. ${ }^{\text {ROBERT BEATTY, Eso. }}$ A. M. SMITH, EsO. B. HALDAN Mranaring Di, ESQ

FREDK G. C. LOVELACE, Secretary.
WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector.
CAPT. J. T. DOUGLAS, Marine Inspector.
JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent,
INSURANCES effected at the lowest current rates on buildings, Merchandize, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.
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Fire Insurance Company of London.
No. 1 Old Broad Street, and No. 16 Pall Mall. ESTABLISHED 1803.
Canada General Agency,-
RINTOUL BROS
24 St. Sacrament Street, Mcntreal.
JAMES E. SMITH, Agent,
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Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada.
Insures only Non-Hazardous Property at low rates.
BUSINESS STRICTLY MUTUAL.
GEO. H. MILLS, President.
W. D. BOOKER, Secretary.

Head Opfice
Aug. 15-ryr

## The Ontario

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Head Office............................London, Ont.
THIS COMPANY IS ESTABLISHED FOR THE property in Cities, Towns, Villages and non-hazardous property in Cities, Towns, Villages, and Country.
Applications for Insurance made through any of the Agents.
S. McBRIDE, President.

JAMES JOHNSON, Secretary-Treaswret.
\#nsurance.

## North British and Mercantile

 Insurance Company.ESTABLISHED 1809.
CAPITAL
.......f2,000,000 Stg INVESTED $\dddot{F}$ UNDOS........... 2,838,118 18s. 8d. Stg.

The $£ 65 \mathrm{~s}$. paid shares of this Company are now quoted on the London Steck Fxchange at $£ 28$ ros. Stg.
Fire and Life Insurances effected on the most favorable
Toronto Branch.
Local Offices, Nos. 4 and 6 Wellington'Street Fire Department ..............R. N. Gooch, Agent. Life Department $\qquad$ K. J. DALLAS, Molson's Bank.

## General Agents for Canada-

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Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.
AVAILABLE ASSETS - - - $\$ 27,000,000$ Directors in Canada.
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HENRY STARNES, Esq., Deputy Chairman, (President Metropolitan Bank).
E. H. KING, Esq., (President Bank of Montreal.)

WM. CHAPMAN, (Commisioner Trust \& Loan Com THOS. CRANy.
. CRAMP, Esq., Merchant
T OSSES PAID IN COURSE $\quad$ F THIRTY-FIVE Years exceed Forty Millions of Dollars.
Claims by Chicago Fire, estimated at nearly $\$ 3,000$, ooo, are being liquidated as fast as adjusted Wirhour Deduction.
Security, prompt payment and liberality in adjustment of its losses are the prominent features of this wealihy
Company.
ditions AND LIPE Policies issued with very libera con AME

Street West T, Agent Fire Department, 5 Kirg treet West, Toronto
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F. A. BALL, Inspector of Agencies, Fire Branch.

WILLIAM. PYKE, inspector of Agencies, Life Branch Street East.
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Surplus $\qquad$ \$101,520 00 Agent-WM. JEFFERY, Esq., Broker.

THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW-INSURANCE CHRONICLE. devoted to
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Mining, Public Companies, Investments, and Joint Stock Enterprise.

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