

The Union Advocate.

Established 1867.

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1889.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The great-landed strike is over, the dock proprietors agreeing to give the advance docked at, and to advance to commence on Monday, Nov. 4th, and all contract work from that date shall be converted into piece work.

A great eastern storm prevailed last week along the Atlantic coast of the United States, which has done an immense amount of damage to the summer resorts near New York as well as to shipping and many lives have been lost.

The storm struck was ordered up at all places exposed to Easterly gales, Chatham being included among the number, but the storm failed to materialize on the North shore, only a pleasant Easterly breeze, prevailing for a day or two, serving to abate the heated summer weather which has prevailed since before September 4th.

The storm which has caused more damage in New York than the blizzard of March 1888, the wind's velocity not exceeding at any time forty miles an hour in the vicinity of New York, but it was the phenomenal high tides which did the damage at the summer resorts, amounting to many millions of dollars.

The New York Tribune, writing of the storm says—

"The effect of such a chapter of disasters is not lessened by the fact that we know all about its cause. According to trustworthy observation, New York is situated on the outer edge of a veritable cyclone, which originated in the West Indies, approached Cape Hatteras, then moved, and is now exhausting its fury a thousand miles at sea. At Block Island, which is further within the circle, the wind blew yesterday at the rate of sixty-four miles an hour; and vessels which have been so unfortunate as to get even near the centre there have probably suffered severely. The tides are explainable from two causes—first, the great submergence of the full moon and the equinox, and second, the immense force of the wind."

Large numbers of wrecks are reported and it is believed many more will be heard of with heavy loss of life, the storm having extended from Maine to Florida.

The Local Assembly.

Rumors have been current of an early local election in the Province; the coming year has occupied the attention of many of the Provincial papers, the statement having been made with some show of authority that such was to be and is authoritatively denied. For instance the *Fredericton Gleaner* recently said—

"We learn on fairly reliable authority, that the local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

"The local government, at its last session, decided to call on the general election before another session of the legislature." To which the *Telegraph* replies that it is not authorized to say that the question of general elections was not even considered by the government at its last session.

Northumberland S. S. Convention.

The Annual meeting of the Northumberland County Sabbath School Convention was opened on Monday, September 10th, in the hall of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham. Rev. R. S. Crisp, President, occupied the chair. The meeting was opened by singing, reading a Scripture lesson, by the president, and prayers.

The President appointed Rev. N. McKay and Mr. A. D. Smith as a committee to nominate officers for the ensuing year, and the following recommendations were made:—H. S. Miller, Esq., as President, and Rev. R. S. Crisp, Mr. D. P. MacLachlan and Mr. James Henderson as members of the Executive Committee.

On motion the report was received and H. S. Miller, Esq., elected President. Mr. Miller thereupon taking the chair said hearty applause.

On motion Rev. N. McKay was constituted Secretary.

Vice Presidents were appointed as follows:—

J. L. Murray, Blissett; Herbert McMillan, Lindsay; W. M. Grindley, Blackville; Rev. T. Allen, Dorby; Rev. J. D. Murray, South Esk; Benj. Forsythe, North Esk; James Henderson, Newcastle; A. D. Smith, Chatham; Finlay McPherson, Gleneg; Henry Phillips, Hardwick; Rev. J. R. Robertson, Alnwick; Rev. E. Ryburn, Nelson; Rev. W. McLeod, Rogersville.

Mr. A. D. Smith and Rev. Neil McKay were appointed a committee on membership. The following were found to be in attendance:—

Rev. J. D. Murray, Redbank; Rev. W. Allen, Newcastle; Rev. T. H. Cathbert, Rev. R. S. Crisp and Rev. Neil McKay, Chatham; Miss Isabella Edgar, Miss Clara Loggie, Miss Ferguson, Miss Jeanie Loggie, Mrs. Nichol, Mr. D. P. MacLachlan, Miss MacLachlan and Mr. A. D. Smith, St. Andrew's Church, Chatham; Miss Tweedie, H. S. Miller, Esq., Methodist Church, Chatham; James Henderson, Miss MacLachlan, Douglasdown; Mrs. McAlaglan, St. James' Church, Newcastle; Mrs. Park, Miss Mitchell, Miss Murray, Indianown Mission, Newcastle; Mrs. McCurdy, Miss Shiffert, Miss Firth, St. John's Church, Chatham.

At the evening session there was a much larger number of Sabbath School workers present, among whom were Rev. J. Robertson and others from Alnwick. The Secretary presented his Statistical Report. Returns had come to hand from 26 Sabbath Schools in which are 161 teachers and 1407 pupils. Besides these there are known to be in operation ten schools, five of which belong to the Church of England.

On motion of Rev. R. S. Crisp, seconded in a stirring address by Rev. J. D. Murray, the report was received and the Secretary was directed to complete as far as practicable the Statistical table.

George Haddow, Esq., Dalhousie, President of the Provincial Association, then addressed the Convention in reference to the operations of the Provincial Association, and called upon the young people of Northumberland to give themselves more energetically to Sabbath school, pointing out that no work was nobler nor yielded richer reward.

At this stage Mr. S. J. Parsons, Secretary of the Provincial Association and Mrs. Crofts of York arrived, and presented a very cordial welcome from the Convention.

At the invitation of the President Mrs. Crofts kindly greeted the Convention and asked to be excused from making a formal address till to-morrow, when she expressed her readiness to do all that might be required of her.

Mr. Parsons then delivered a highly instructive and interesting address, giving a graphic account of a voyage across the sea by delegates from the United States and Canada to attend the World's Convention last July in London. Some 300 delegates crossed the ocean in one steamer, and held conference and prayer, and praise meetings almost every day during the voyage. They arrived in Liverpool on Sabbath morning and were very cordially received and before the day was over members of the delegation had an opportunity of visiting many of the schools in the city. On Monday they proceeded to London and met many other delegates who had crossed by different routes. The presence in London of more than 400 persons who crossed the sea to attend a S. S. Convention, some of them having travelled 3000 miles before they came to the sea, gave the English people a deep impression of the importance of Sabbath School work.

It was agreed to hold two sessions on Tuesday and Wednesday, the first session commencing at 10 a.m. and the second at 2 p.m. The Convention closed to meet in the same place at 3 p.m. on that day.

The Convention resumed on Tuesday at 3 p.m. A brief conference was held on the subject of school discipline and the best method of dealing with mischievous pupils. Mrs. Crofts then formed a choir of twelve children into a class and gave a model lesson. The subject was David, in the cave, singing the life of Saul. Every member of the Convention was charmed with the lesson. The questioning was most effective and the black board illustrations simple and appropriate. The lesson lasted about half an hour. A most instructive and interesting conference followed upon the method of teaching exhibited, in which Mrs. Crofts, Mr. Parsons, Mr. Haddow and others took part. This conference lasted up to the hour of adjournment.

The Convention held its closing meeting on the same evening in St. Andrew's Church—Mrs. Crofts gave an address on the seven lights of teaching, illustration, imitation, imagination, questioning, system, repetition, enthusiasm. The lesson to the children was on David and Saul, David hiding in the caves of the mountains with six hundred friends while Saul was searching for him with three thousand soldiers to kill him.

The lesson was full of stirring pictures calculated to arrest the attention of the children and with the drawings on the blackboard was rendered more easy to understand, while the questions and answers brought out every point of interest in the narrative.

In referring to the lesson sheets, Mrs. Crofts thought a mistake was made in giving sheets to the younger scholars. It was better to give the sheets to them on the Sunday the lesson is taught, but to older scholars it was usual and proper to distribute them the previous Sunday so that they might study to be con-

sidered was that the Lesson should be read the whole school by the Superintendent before closing.

Mr. Parsons, the Secretary of the Provincial S. S. Association, was then introduced. He said that he had been so much interested with the work of Mrs. Crofts that every thought of his own was driven out of his mind. The efforts of the Provincial S. S. Association were made to improve the work in all the schools. Brother George Haddow was the President and all were endeavoring to work up the S. S. System until its scholarship reached that of the day schools. Mr. Parsons here made use of the blackboard to show the number of Sabbath and day schools in this county.

34 Sabbath schools. 1555 Scholars. 114 Day schools. 4490 Scholars.

Mr. Parsons thought this should not be. The Association's first object was to increase the number of schools, and second to improve the quality of the schools. More schools. Better schools.

He complimented this county in that their Schools were kept up the year round, and not like some other counties, closed for the winter. This county convention meeting had not been fully advertised as it might have been, but he hoped the next one would be better attended, as they wanted to have more interested in the Sabbath School work. The Provincial convention would meet in Guelph, St. Baptist Church, St. John on the 10th and 11th October. They hoped to obtain a wide awake man who will spend 85 days in the year, who would visit every parish and perform all he could for the glory of God, while we stood on one side and merely see that he was well paid for his labors, and to do this slips are sent to each Superintendent for subscriptions. He hoped they would be abundantly provided by what they had heard. After a few words of praise and thanks from Rev. Mr. Aitken, hymn No. 281 was sung and the meeting dispersed.

The Yacht Race.

The Miramichi Yacht Club races were started from Newcastle on Thursday afternoon at 1.30 p.m. with a light breeze which died away during the afternoon until it became a stiff breeze. Mr. Thos. Crimmon, of the Customs Department, Chatham, entered the Squirrel, with Mr. Anderson at the helm, and Mr. Geo. Watt the Mackerel, for the Callinoun Cup, while Kilbride, Kitchin, Blundy and Fedora entered for the Miller Cup. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

In the first class, Kilbride took the lead at the start and gradually increased it. Kitchin's captain was not present, having stayed at Montserrat on a night away and she was sailed by Mr. McLintock of the Quebec Yacht Club. She carried her lower sails only on the beat down, but sprang and clutched on the run up. The Squirrel, with a big head wind, fell considerably behind the leader in the first part of the race, but gained after the breeze freshened, and lessened the distance between herself and Kitchin considerably on the run from Chatham to Newcastle, being only about a minute behind. She thus captured second place on time allowance.

Kilbride's time was 1 hour, 59 min., 22 seconds, and Kitchin's 69 min., 17 seconds. The second class boat, the Squirrel, was started first. Squirrel got her first leg, and did not get out until Mackerel had a good lead. She lost a little on the way down, though holding on to Mackerel very well, and gained a little on the run up. Both boats sailed remarkably well for their size, making good time. Mr. Watt won the race and the cup, the coveted prize being now his personal property.

Municipal Elections.

The day appointed by law for the election of municipal councillors is approaching and candidates are putting in an appearance. In this county it was expected that in the parishes favorable to temperance the candidates would hold meetings, nominate candidates, and endeavor to elect them when the time came, but with one exception, that of the Parish of Northesk, such has not been done. In North Esk, some time ago two candidates were nominated in the interests of temperance, Messrs. Robert Adams and John Hogan, and it is thought they will be elected. In Newcastle the Councillors of last year, Messrs. D. Morrison and L. Doyle are again in the field, their card appearing in this issue and they will in all probability be elected; although Mr. C. S. Ramsay has by his card put himself in nomination. Mr. Ramsay's card in this parish is to admit the right of the middle or lower portion of the parish to have a representative at the Council board, and as this right is recognized by all fair minded people it will probably be continued and the Councillors for this parish will include one from the town of Newcastle and the other from Douglasdown.

For Alnwick Mr. Romaine Sayor is again in the field with good prospects of being returned, as he should be, as he always looks after the interests of his parish, is experienced in the work of the Council, and it will be hard for the people of Alnwick to get a better man. What the parishes of Chatham and Nelson intend to do we have not heard. It is thought at least that the former place might endeavor to have this to have temperance candidates in the field in opposition to those who wish to legalize the iniquitous traffic by licensing it. Of course it is possible that temperance candidates may be now engaged in the work of canvassing, but we have not seen any mention of the fact, and they are not at work there yet. They should be brought out at once. As to the other lying parishes, some of them have in the past been worthily represented, while others a change is necessary. With a Council composed of a majority of men opposed to the liquor traffic, and who will appoint an inspector who will do his duty without fear or favor, then the Northumberland Prohibition League will endeavor to close up the illegal den where liquor is sold, from one end of the County to the other. Let the

RATIFIERS DO THEIR DUTY

In this matter and then strong efforts will be made to enforce the law. The elections take place on Tuesday, the first day of October.

Personal.

Mr. Robert Jardine, who has been employed by J. F. Mowat & Co., as bookkeeper for a couple of years, left Sunday morning last for Vancouver, B. C. He will be employed for some weeks looking after Mr. Mowat's interests in the fish business there. He is expected to return here within three months, accompanied by an estimable young lady, now a resident of Vancouver, but formerly of this county. Their many friends here will be glad to hear of their return.

Mr. Lyman Haskin was in town a few days ago, just from his vacation. He looked as if he had been roughing it of late.

Mr. J. A. Russell, LL. B., has been admitted a partner in the well-known law firm of Yates & Jay. Mr. Russell, who is a New Brunswick by birth, has been in British Columbia for a year now and has managed to work up an excellent practice. He is a graduate of the law school at Halifax, N. S., which is fast becoming to Maritime Province a law school used to be. The World's Congressmen Mr. Russell upon his entrance into the firm whose manager he is in this city, and wishes for him a bright and successful future.

The Russell here alluded to by the Vancouver World, is Mr. Joseph A. Russell, son of Mr. Russell, of this town. His many friends here are glad to learn that his prospects are so bright.

Dr. and Mrs. Freeman are visiting their many friends in town.

A Few Hens For Profit.

One of the most successful men with a few hens, is Mr. A. F. Hunter, who conducts a small but very profitable poultry farm near Boston. He has been successful in raising poultry for many years, and his success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

Mr. Hunter's success is due to his careful selection of breeds and his attention to the health and feeding of his fowls. He has a large number of hens, and he is able to supply the market with fresh eggs and young chickens. His success has made him a well-known figure in the poultry world, and he is often consulted by other breeders for advice and assistance.

In advance per annum, \$1 50
Single Copies, 3 cents.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertising will be charged at the rate of ten cents per comparative line for first insertion, each succeeding insertion a rate of 3 cents per line; or 75 cents per inch for first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuation.

Professional and Business Cards inserted by the year at the rate of \$5 00 per inch.

Special rates to business men who may wish to enter into yearly contracts.

Orders for Printing, Blank, etc. attended to as expeditiously.

W. C. ANSLOW,