The Institute has attempted to obtain the best osiginal copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.Coloured covers/
Couverture de couleurCovers damaged/
Couverture endommagéeCovers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculéeCover title missing/
Le sitre de couverture manque

Coloured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleurColcured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)!
Encre die couleur (i.e. auire que bleue ou noire)Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur

Bound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajcutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible. ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a èté possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode norrale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dassous.Coloured pages/
Pages de couleurPages damaged/
Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées

$\checkmark$
Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquéesPages detached/
Pages détachées


Showthrough/
Transparence


Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression


Continuous pagination/
Pagination continueIncludes index(es)/
Comprend un (des) index

Title on header taken from:/
Le titre de l'en-tête provient:


Title page of issue/
Page de titre de la livraison


Caption of issue/
Titre de départ de la livraison


Masthead/
Générique (périodiques) de la livraison

Commentaires suppiémentaires:

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/ Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


# PREsByterian Record 

FOR THE

## DOMINION OF CANADA.

VOL. NIV.
MAY, 1859.
No. 5.

| CONTEENTS. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pago |  | Page |
| Home and Foreigr Missions | 117 | Obituary Notices |  |
| Brieflet No. 5-In Rome. ... | . 118 | French Evanngelizat |  |
| Missionary Cabinet-George Muller. | .. 119 | Our IIome Missions |  |
| North-West Missions. Dr. Mobertson. | .. 12) | New Hebrides Mission |  |
| Missions in Cape Bretton........... | ... 124 | Trimidad Mission ..... | . ${ }^{134}$ |
| Houschold Words ..... |  | Formasa, . . | 35 |
| International Sumday-School Lesson | . 124 | The Chinese. |  |
| Ecclesiastical Ners .... | .... ${ }_{127}^{126}$ | Literature |  |
| Manitoba Items ............... | $\therefore 130$ | Acknowledgments. | 38 |

## fance and forigu satissims.

륭HESE are often wrongly contristed. Both are necessary to the life and prospority of any church. If Home Missions aro esteemed less "romantic" than Forcign, it is largely because distance lends enchantment to the view. The Divine authority for missionary work emphasizes the duty of "beginning at Jerusalem"Taking up first the work that lies nearest our own doors. But in effect it says:-" do this, and leave not the other undone." We have reason to beliove that the accounts we have been enabled to give of our Homo Mission worl in Manitoba and the NorthWest, in British Columbia, in Muskoka and Algoma, in New Brunswick and Cape Breton, have been perused with as much interest as the letters of our missionaries in the distant fields of India, China, the South Seas and Trinidad, and it will not be our fault if in the future tho Record shall appear to discrimiuate in favour of either. Only let the brothren at home and abroad supply the information, and wo shall gladly givo it wings. Wo put the word in Italics because we wish it to be understood that information is what wo really want, and what our people want. Many of our congregations are sadly in want of it, and for that reason take less interest than they
should in the missions of the chureh, and contribute less of their money than they might. We are mecting every month fresh evidences of what congregations $6 a n$ do and are doing for themselves, and noting the increasing liberality of individual members of the church. And yet, on the whole, wo are very fiu from having reaohed the measure eithre of our individual or collective ability. There is a vast amount of undeveloped latent power in our church and it is for the ministers and kirk-sessions to consider if they are using the best means within their reach to develop this power. How often do the ministers leave the beaten path to preach a rousing missionary sermon? In how many of the coilgregations is there a stated missionary mecting of a week-day cyening when missions can bo talleed about from the pew as well as from the pulpit? What use is made of tho missionary mips which some congregutions have aud which all should have? In how many of the coneregations does the Record reach every family? When the people shall be fully instructed as to the extent, and requirements of the mission fields, at home and abroad, there will be comparatively little difficulty in obtaining any reasonablo amount of money that may be asked for carrying on the work.

The incidental remark mado in the March number of the Record, (page 5S), that "The contributions for the Assembly's 'Schemes'
appear to be on the average less than onethird the amount raised for strictly congrational purposes," has been misunderstood in some quarters. It is well-known that the contributions of the congregation there mstanced, for "other purposes" - not rechnically included in the Schemes, yet, as really and truly, for the promotion of the rork of the church-is much larger than the sum mentioned ( $\$ 7,236$ ) ; and the same is true in regard to all our large and wealthy congregations; yet, over the whole church, the proportion is much less than we then stated, as may be seen by reference to Appendix No. 26, page vil of Assembly Minutes, where the expenditure for "strictly congregational purposes" is put down at $\$ 1,393,226$, and for the "Schemes of the Church," $\$ 226,490$, or rather, less than onesixth. Speaking generally, it may be assumed as a good principle that a congregation might aim at giving pretty nearly as much for the goneral work of the church, as it does for its own running expenses.

## Grifflet exto. 5.

## In Rome-The Capitol.

䉂E have now reached the Capitol, or Campidoglio, as it is called-the historic hill of the Kings and the republic of Rome. The approach to it is by a broad incline, bordered with marble balustrades. Near the top of this avenue you see a live wolf in one cage, and a pair of live eagles in another, reminding you of the reputed origin of the city and if its arms. The glories of the ancient capitol have long since faded away, but are still spoken of as "something beyond the conception of man." The present buildings, however, designed by Michael Angelo, and orected about 340 years ago, are very handsome, comprizing the palace of the Senator, or Mayor of Rome, the municipal chambers, and a very fine museum. Over the doors of the public offices you still find the symbolic letters S . P. Q. R. suggestive of the , Senatus Populusque Romanus of 2400 years ago. The piazza, is adorned with many fine pieces of statuary, the most remarkable of which is the famou. bronze statue of Marcus Aurelius, Emperor 161-180 A. D.-commonly called "the Philosopher." So life-like is the horse,
when M. Angelo first beheld it he exclaimed, -"it walks." The rider has beon described as "The most majestic representation of the kingly character that ever the world has seon." Certainly he is a nice-looking geniloman! But his finely moulded fontures and graceful pose do not make us forget the despot who rivalled all who went before him in his cruel treatment of the poor Christians. He hated them with perfect hatred, and exhausted ingenuity in devising means of torture and death to extirpato them. It was during his reign that Justin Martyr was beheaded, the saintly Polycarp of Smyrna, and the aged Pothinus, of Lyons, were burned at the stake, and the heroic Blandina and her noble boy companij̈n. Ponticus, were gored to death by wild bulls in the amphitheatre Such were the tonder mercies of this " meek and mild" Aurelius -one of Rome's pet Emperors.

The museum of the capitol is splendidly fitted up, and contains the most valuable collection of antiquitios in Rome. But the chief interest of the place is the historic associations that cling to it. On this hill stood the grand temple of Juniter-the supreme object of veneration in pagan times-the goal to which victorious generals marched in triumphal procession to lay their trophies at the feet of the "Father of the Gods." No vestige of it now remains, but on its supposed site, reached by a long flight of steps, are the yery old Frabciscan Church and convent of the Ara Cceli, or as it was originally called, the Ara Filii Dei -"The altar to the Son of God." The vast dingy church is constantly thronged by pilgrims-chiefly poor old women-who come here to count their beads and mutter invocations at the shrine of Mary. In the sacristy, guarded by special attendants, is the 'Sacred Bambino,' said to have been dropped from the skies at midnight, a wax or wooden image of the Infant Saviour decked with jewels, and which is kept here "on hire." It is carried about from place to place with farcical solemnity and laid on sickbeds in expectation of effecting cures. of which no record is extant, but on the contrary, it is asserted that thereby many have been frightened to death.
The Capitoline Hill is interesting in another way. It forms the line of demarkation, so to speak, between the living
and the dead-between Paganism and Christianity. From one side of it you survey a greai city of crowded throughfares, throbbing with impulses on new life: On the opposite side there is spread out before you a vast sea of ruins reaching out to the dreary Campagua. Continuing our ramble, we shall next go down into the Forum Romanum, and passing along the Via Sucru, we shall presently come on the footsteps of St. Paul on the Appian Way.

## 

George Mürder of Bristol. No. II.

e月
R. Müller's great undertaking began to assume definite shape in 1836-37. After much prayor and consultation with Mr. Craik, they resolved to embark in the enterprize. It was announced at a public meeting called for the purpose in Bristol. A report of that mecting went to the press, and very soon small donations began to como in. A house was rented. Offers of personal service were made by one and another to take part in the work and eventually applications for admission were made on behalf of forty-three children. In 1837 three houses were rented, in which were eighty. one children and nine assistants to care for them. About that time, entriec of this kind are frequently met with in Mr. Muller's diary.
"I have not one penny in hand for the Orphans. . My eyes are to the Lord.
Our hour of trial still continues. The Lord mercifully has given enough to supply our daily necessities; but He gives by the day now, almust by the hour, as we need it.
have besought tie Lord again ard again, both yesterday and to day. It is as if the Lord had said,- 'Mine hour is not yet come'; but I bave faith in God. I believe that He will send help, though I know not when it is to come."

Again and agaia, while he was yet praying, answers came in cheques, small sums of money, books, clothing, and trinkets to be sold for what they would bring. And so days, weeks, months and years passedbare sufficiency coming in for daily requirements, and nothing more, until 1845, when a new departure became necessary.

The houses had not only become too small, they were felt to be an inconvenience to the neighbourhood. It was desirable that the establishment should be removed out of
town. That involved an outlay of about $\$ 70,000$ at least. Would it be forthcoming?
"Up to Dec. 9th, thirty-five days had passed, whilst I was, day by day, waiting upon God for means for this work, and not a single penny had been given to me. On the thirty-sixth day, after having begun to pray, I received one thousand pounds towards the building of tine new house-the largest donation I had received up to this time. . . On the 39th day, an architect offered to plan and superiutend the building, gratuitously. . . On the 50th day, the Lord sent me another thousand pounds, and thereafter small sums amounting to $£ 7103 \mathrm{~s} .5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$."

In July 1846 Mr . Müller recoived a gift of £2050. "I believe that Gud hears me," he exclaimed, as he threw himself down on his face and burst forth into thanksgiving to God. In April, 1847, he had received $£ 11,0624 \mathrm{~s}$. $11 \frac{1}{2} d$. "Six hundred and seven days I sought the help of God, day by day, before we came so far as to be able to commence the building. Fet, at last, He gave me the desire of my heart!" In July 1847, the new Orphanage to accommodate 300 was commenced, and in July 1849, "as the fruit of the prayers of three years and seven months, the children moved into it.
We have more than $£ 50 n$ to commence housekeeping with. How true that word,-- those who wait upon the Lord shall not be confounded!'" Up to May, 1850, the total receipts were $£ 33,868$ 11s. $1 \frac{1}{3} d$, without any one having been personally applied to for assistance. Another favourite text was often in Müler's thoughts, "Open thy mouth wide and I will fill it." He did open his mouth, and it was filled.
Excouraged by this success, and seeing the need for extending the work in many distressmg cases of children bereaved of both parents, Mr. Müller's mind became occupied with the idea of building another house for 750 more! Before speaking to any one about it, he besought the Lord earnestly for guidance, "that he might not allow him to be deluded." He was kept from all anxiety about it by meditating on Prov. 3; 5,6 , "Trust in the Lord with all thine heart; and lean not to thine own understanding." While he was working, waiting, and praying, ho received a gift of £3000, which enabled him to make his new project known to the public. Soon after this he had the promise of $£ 8,100$, the joint donation of several Christians. In the meantime surficient money came in from many sources for the daily wants of the existing institutions. At lenglh, when he had in hand some $£ 23,000$, ho concluded to build two additional houses.

One of these for 400, was opened in 1857, and another, in 1862, for 450 orphans. Though the cost of the three houses had been rearly $£ 42,000(\$ 210.000$ ) there yet remained $£ 11,000$ at the credit of the building fund! Many, sseeing the good work that had been done, became regular contributors. The enterprize became an assured success. The demand for larger accommodation still continuing, it was resolved to build two more houses, for 850 orphans, making the whole capacity 2000 ! IIe redoubled his entreaties at the Throno of Grace, and was encuuraged as bofore with donations, the result being the completion of these other two buildings at a cost of $£ 41,000$ without incurring a farthing of debt. They were opened in 1870.

The great end whioh he had so long cherished was now reached. Not only wore the five Orphanages a success, financially, they proved an unspeakable blessing to thousands of poor children who were there fitted for the practical duties of life, and instructed in the things pertaining to their immortal souls. Added to this were the blessings which came to the givers, and the salutary example of a life of simplo trust in God, consecrated to a work of philanthropy that is to-day without a parallel. Skopticism as to the efficacy of prayer receives a valid answer and refutation in the Bristol Orphanages. On the other hand, such as sit with folded hands, expecting answers to formal prayer will get no encouragement from Müllor's succoss. Müller is not a fanatic. His work is not $\imath$ miracle. He is a shrewd, sensible business man. While it is quite true that he has asked no one personally for money, by a judicious use of the press, and by faithfully accounting to the public from time to time for every farthing of money entrusted to his management, ho has inspired confidence in nis integrity and the methods he has omployed in working out his beneficent purposes.

During all the time this great work was in progress, Mr. Mrüller was pastor of a congregation which at the timo he retired from its stated ministry had a communion roll of about 700 mombers. And we have said nothing about tine other branches of his work, the "Suriptural Knowledge Institution," the Dayschools, and Sunday-school: The followins fgures takon from the report for 1885 will give some idea of the magnitule of that department of work. "The whole amount received fur the various objects of the institution since 1834 was $£ 1,15:, 00 \pm 11$ s. 112 d. By this sum 106,672 were taught in schools entirely supported by the institution, besides tens of thousands benefited in schools assisted by its funds. 5826 pupils are now in its 66 schools. 223,763 Bibles, 1.107,138 Now Testaments and 331,520 portions of scripture havo been circulated; also $90,614,5 \overline{3} 3$ books, pamphlets and tracts. Missions in various countries were assisted to the extent of $£ 219,07815 s$; and 7704 orphans have been.cared for in the Orphanages."
" The Preaching Tours and Missionary Labours of Gcorgr Müller," is the title of a volume of 227 pages, written by Mrs. Müller, giving a graphic account of thoir travels in Europo and America, Epypt, Palestine, Greece and Turke ${ }^{-}$, from 1875 to 1882 . Since then, Mr. Müller has visitel Australia, Now Zeuland, Tasmania, China, anl Japan. Tiis travels l,y land and ser during the last fourteen years havo exceeded 150,000 miles, and the peopla who have listened to his simple preaching of the Gosnel are numbored by millious. Now in his 84th year, he is still doing the work of an Evan-gelist-everywhere preaching to large audiences with undiminished power and success. When last heard from he was labouring in Calcutta, India.

## ghorti-2itest eglissioms.

By Rev. James Robertson, D. D.

ATT the recent meeting of the H. M. C. of the Gow General Assembly, arrangements were made for summer work in the North-West. During 1888, six augmented congregations became self-sustaining, and two other congregations which never yet had a settled pastor, agreed to dispense with all aid from the H. M. Fund. Three mission fields have been organized into congregations, and have called pastors. There are now 19 solf-sustaining congregations and 95 Mission ficlds, four of which are self-sustaining. Of the mission fields seven will be occupied this season for the first time, and at abcut 465 or 470 points in all, services will be conducted. Petitions have been received, praying that men might bo sent to several other districts, but the state of the Fund forbade compliance. Over 50 Crofter families have left Scotland for the neighborhood of Wolseley, and provision must be made for them later on. The immigration this spring to tho West is larger in volume than any year since 1852 and, as in tho past, no doubt, many of the people are Presbytenans, and we must. not neglect them. Of the Missionaries appointed, $2 \overline{0}$ are from Manitoba Colloge; 9 from Knox; 7 from Queen's; 4 from Montreal; ? from Princeton, and one from Halifax. The rest of the young men are catechists. Of the whole number, nine only are ordained missionaries, and one of them takes the place of ono retiring. This means a large number of yacancies next winter, it is feared. The Synod is employing a missionary to labolir among Scandinavian and Irelandit colonics. Steps havo been taken to divide tho Presbytery of Brandon, and the people of North Saskatchewan would like a presby tery of theirown. It is too soon to divide the Presbytery of Regina till some of the congregations in the North are self-sustaining. The missionary appointed to the Kootenay and Columbia valley have some knowledge of medicine which will be of great
service when people are 250 miles from a physician. Several congregations, societies, and individuals have midertaken to support misciunaries in special fields in the West, that work might not be hindered. Mr. John Charlton, M P. ; Mr. 1). D. Wilson, Seaforth ; Mr. E. H. Bronson, M.P.P.; the Farringdon congregation, Brantford; a Young Woman's Society in Perth; another in Chatham, and a member of Crescent Streel Church, Montroal, have alraady given pledges, and others are asking what amount would be required for this work. Queern's Missionary Society is supporting three missionaries for the summer; Knos, two ; and Munitoba College, four. Church-building promises to be active, and the Church and Manso Board has been arranging to give aid to deserving congregations. Indian allairs aro claiming more attention. As long as it is optional for the children to attend school, and while the rescrve system lasts, no great progress can be mado in civilizing or Christian izing these people. Compel the children to attend school, and give cach family a farm of its uwn, and we may look for advancement. The reserve systom, with its idleness and detrading practices, must retard any effort to better the Indian, however yood the missionaies and their melhuds. It might be dillicult athl exponsive at the outset to inaugurate such a change, but it could surely be done. It must bo done, elso much of the money spent on the Indians is thrown away. We scarcely permit our children to dictate to us how we are to thain them, and shall the views of these roaning children of the prairies determine the character of our poicy? Missionarios and teachers would walcome a change.

## 

## By a Missionary.

${ }^{6} N$ Capd Brbron the first pioneers of the Presbyterian Church were mon of piety and missionary spirit. In the rude condition of the island they had to perform labours and endure hardships to which their sur "essors are comparative strangers. They wers men of gifts and sraces, and although they laboured humbly and unostentatiously in what seems to some a very distant isle, they were men of whom any church might well bo proud. They are now all gone to the rest and reward that awaited them, with the exception of the venerable and gifted Dr. Macleod of Sydney, who has riached the advanced age of eightysix years. They did not labour in vain; their works follow them. The fields in which they laboured are divided and sub-divided, and where there was only one minister of the yospel, there are now two, or three, or four. The present ministers of Cape Breton are charactarised by the same earnest evangolistic slirit which possessed the first pioneers, and
will compare favourably with any corresponding numbor elsowhere. In most cases their fields are large and laborious, reguiring all the tact and diligence which each can give to his parish. But it is an advantage to have presbyteries pervaded with a charitable and evangelistic spirit; fnr the hard-wrought minister may calculate on the sympathy and aid of his brother-presbyter.
There are thrce fields at present receiving aid and directions from the H. N. Board. The parish of St. Ann's had last year the services of a student who worlied with constant diligence and carnestness. This parish we ld require two mon at least, and the devoted and godly pastor worked faithfully until his strength began to give way. Now full of labours and of years he lies on a sick bed awaiting the call to the home of His Master. Mararee is another fiold which received only occasional services from probationers and catechist:- It was purposed last year to employ an ordained missionary, but we failed to get a man. Cape North is the last, and in many ways the most arduous. But the difficulties of tho situation did not prevent the Presby tery of Sydney from giving attention $t$ it; they "ere wise enough to supply it with men from time to tume. The late Rev. Peter Clark was pastor for about 14 years. Ho was a quier, modest, pious man, but in many ways a very effectivo worker. The Revd. Fwen MacKenzie was ordained in November last to act as missionary. What is the particular nature of his field and tho character of his labours? His field begins at Smokey in the County of Victoria and ends in Ploasant Bay in the county of Inverness, thus covering fifty miles in length. It contains six stations, and the principal one is Cape North. There is a good commodious church here, and the missionary gives the greatest part of his time to it. Besides the usual services, there is a regular S. school with a large attendance, and a weekly prayer meeting and weekly singing class laught by Mris. MaciKenzie, Tem:erauce meetings, and an auxiliary branch of the W. T. M. S. organised by Mrs. MacKenzic. The bulk of the population here is Presbyterian; there are somo Methodists and some R. Catholics. The next station is Bay St. Lawrence, which is 12 miles amay from Cape North. The inhabitants of this beautiful place are Roman Catholics; the few Scattered Protestants aro nearly all Presbyterians. Here (where there is a R. C. chapes and a priest) the minister of the gospel can only go occasionally. But it is a comfort to know there are a few members in full communion with our church to shine as lights in the abounding darkness. Another station is Pleasant Bay-a beautiful spot hemmed in by mountains cn both sides. It contains more than thirty families, all Presbyterians. The way to it is over a mountain and by a steep bridle path, \& considerable part of which is
eithor bogs or water courses. Here the missionary can be only six times in the yoar. The best time to go over is in March when there is crust on the snow. The poople have built a decont now church, with no help from the church but the loan of $\$ 100$ from the Hunter Fund. They keep regular services throughout the year when onc of their number reads one of Talmago's or Spurgoon's Sermons. Neil's Harbour which is 13 miles from Cape North, is another station; this place and Hungary Cove are important fisiing stations, employing about fifty familios who almost all belong to the Episcopal church. There are half a dozen Prosbyterian families, two of whom are tho merchants of these places. They have built a beautiful now church, on which thoy have alroady oxpended $\$ 725$. In this church the missionary preaches as often as he can. When the Episcopal ministor is absent, there are generally large meetings. Twelve miles further South is North Bayanother station. Hore the sects are manyRoman Catholics, Episcopalians, Methodists and Presbytorians. The Mothodists form the great majority, have a church, and keep a missionary who spends half his time in Cape North. The Presbyterians are fev and scattered, but are anxious to have sorvices from their own church. So they have helped to get an elegant new church in which the missionary holds meotings as often as he can. Further South still is South Bay Ingonishthe last station of Capo North Congregation. Here tho great bulk of the inhabitants are Roman Catholic; there is a R. Catholic chapol and a resident priest. There aro ten Presby- ${ }^{-1}$ torian families who hive a meeting house of their orin, in which three men of thoir aumber, full membors of the church, conduct regular Sunday services. They are to be commended for this, and it would be well for any other corner of the Congragation and of the church, similarly situated, to have as much faith in Christian fellowship and prayer as to moet together every Sunday. Thus it is clear that great distance, bad roads, and different sects combine to maise the labours of the Presbyierian missionary or minister in Cape North rather difficult. Ho has to serve six stations that look upon themselves as indopendent Congregations. He preaches on Sunday and weekdays, on overy opportunity. He organizes and superintends S. schools. He visits and catechizes in every corner. But how much happior the people would bo, how much easier the worls of the minister, if each family, however isolated, realized the preciousness of the gospel, their responsibility to God, and their duty to che chureh to which they bolong. But it is to be hoped that the Record which reaches every section will enlighton them and stimulato them in these all-important matters. It now finds its way regularly into almost every family in this remoto district, and is hirnly appreciated by the people.

## ghouselwat gitauts.

®THE leaf fades in hope. Thien it separates from the tree it leaves a now germ for the coming spring and in its orwn decay forms fresh soil for future foliage. We also live in posterity. But more than this. The leaf porishes in its individuality, but we live on. Every separate leaf will grow again. "Suwn a natural body, if is raised a spiritual body," in that world where there will be no more biting frosts, and raging storms, and fading leaves, but whero "Everlasting spring abides and never withering flowers."

Our life, how frail it isChangeful and brief; Spring, summor, fly; then we Fade as a leaf!

Why should a thought like this Minister grief.
If we our ond fulfill, E'en as a leaf?

Then brightening at the close, Hoping relief
From sorrow, $\sin$ and care.
Fade as a leaf?
Brief winter! fadeless spmong! Blissful belief!
This is our joy that we Fade as a leaf!

Of all our ends in life,
This then be chief,
Ripe, hopeful, bright, that weFade as a leaf.

Newman Hall.

## AM I A CHRISTIAN?

How am I to feol and what am I to do, if I become a genuine Christian? What are solid evidences that I have como into tho fold?
Search yourself honestly, thoroughly; dig down deep, cloar down under mere emotions, and lay your foundations on the solid rock. To shed tears, to "rise for prayer" in a meeting, to go into an inquiry room. to feel happy, aro not in themsolves Bible tests of regeneration. Our Lord struck down miles deeper than all these when he said, "Except a man be born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God." The new birth is the beginning of new light. The prodigal son in the parable had been doad, and was alive again. Being "found" and coming to lifo are described as the same thing. If you are alive, you ought to know it.
Then probe yourself with such close questions as these:-Have I begun to hate the sins I used to love, and have I given up the practices which the Bible and my conscience condemn? Do I pray earnestly to be delivered from all sin, and watch against it? Have I
submitted my will to Jesus Christ, to let him rulo me and own me, and guido mo? Do 1 distrust myself entirely, and trust Jesus Christ only? Do I feel a real satisfaction in doing right and trying to pleasu God? Have I begun to feel such an interest in others that I want to do them goud? Whilo the Holy Spirit is working on me, do I work with the Holy Spirit? Do I honestiy ondeavour to live as I pray?
If you can give your sincere " yes" of your conscience and your conduct to such questions as these, youl cannot be mistaken in regarding yourself as a converted man or woman. These are Bible-evidences, and when the scriptural dic answers to the stamp on the coin of character, then there is a "witness of the Spirit"that the work is of God. If you find such ovidences as these then you may thank the Lord with all humility that Josus has found you, and that you have found Jesus. The Shepherd knoweth his sheen, but so does the sheep know his Shepherd, and followeth Him.-T. L. Cuyler.

## CONTENTMENT.

Don't torment yourself with borrowed troubles. Don't wait for happiuess. Go to work and make it. Adopt the true philosophy of life. Take things as they come. Look at the bright side. If there is no bright side, brush up one of the dark ones. Don't hang down your head or lips. "Nothing so bai but it might have been worse." It is a long lane that has no turning. "It is always morning somewhere in the world." Evory cloud has a silvor lining." "The darkest hour of the night is that which preceeds the dawn." Form the habit of thinking how much there is to cheer you, even when there may be much to depress. A poor widow not having bed clothes to shelter her boy from the snow which was blown through the cracks of her miserable hovel, used to cover him with boards. One night he said to her smilingly and contentedly: "Ma what do poor folks do these cold nights that haven't any boards to put on their children?" A poor widow living in a house, open to snow in the winter, and who could have no fire when the wind blew, exclaimed: "How favored Iam ! For when it is coldest and the wind does not blow, I can have a fire." Whon rheumatism had disabled one of her feet, she exclaimed again: How favoured I am, I once lost the use of both of my feet." Thus in every calamity, she saw some special mercy. "How dismal you look," said a bucket to his companion as they were going to the well " Ah ", replied the other, "I was reflecting on the uselessness of our being filled: for let us go away ever so full, we always come back empty." "Dear me how strange to look at it in that way." said the other bucket. "Now I enjoy the thought that however empty we may come, we almays go away full. Only look at it in that light and you will be as cheerful as I am."

Croesus, on being asked whoin the world was happier than himself answered, "Tellus, who though he was poor, was a good man and content with what he had, and died at a good old age" What a glorious world this would be if all its inhabitants could say with Shaliespeare's shepherd: "Sir, 1 am a true labourer, 1 earn what I wear ; owe no man hate: envy no man happiness; glad of other men's good, content with my farm." Cultivate what is warm and genial, not tho cold and the repulsive, the sullen and the morose. Smile and all nature will smile with you; the air will seom more balmy, the sky more clear, the grass will have a brighter green, the trees a richer foliage, the flowers a moro fragrant smell, the birds will sing moro sweetly, and the sun, moon and stars will appear more beantiful.-Christian World.

## A SUCCESSFUL PRESCRIPTION.

A Christian worker relates: "A doctor in a country district was one very stormy night quietly sitting by his room fire, and hoping, as he listened to the wind and rain without, that he would not be called out. A minute or two later a servant entered with a note. Looking at it, the doctor said, 'seven miles' ride; I suppose I must go.' Silently he rode for the first six miles' without meating anyone; then he noticed a cart drawn by a half starved looking horse. He looked for a driver, but found none. On he went for another mile, when ho noticed a dark objectstaggering along in the middle of the road. As the doctor came up, the owner of the lean horse stammered out: 'I say, doctor, is that you? I want you to give me a prescription; they say you are real good to the poor, perhaps you will give it to me for nothing.' 'Well my friend, what is it that ails you?' said the dnctor. 'I want a prescription for keeping my legs from turning into the saloon.' 'I cannot give you it, my man, but there is a great Physician, a friend of mine who will give you what you want.' 'Oh tell me where he lives, that I may go to him, fur I am in danger of losing both body and soul.' Months passed, and again the doctor saw the same figure on the road, but not intoxicated this time. He came up, caught the doctor by the hands, and with tears rolling down his face, he said. 'God bless you!' That was all, but the doctor understood that the great Physician had dealt with him and had effected a cure of both body and soul. For him no case is too desperate; he can save unto the uttermost."-Christian Herald.
-Go where he will, the Christian is never without his influence. He cannot do an indifferent action. There are eyes upon him. He is being scanned and read often when he is not thinking about it-one noting his weakness of temper, another his tenderness of conscience, a third his large-hearted charity.

## 

May 5.
A.D. 33. Mark $13: \mathbf{2 4 - 3 7}$.

Golden Text, Afark 13:33.

E0OMP. Matt. $24: 29.51$, Luke $21: 25-36$. The prophecy of which this lesson forms part, applied primarily to events close at hand, tlio destruction of Jorusalem and the setting up of Christ's kingdom in the world. But, like many othor prophecies, it looks forward as far as the general judgmont. Jerusalem is a type of the world, its destruction that of the final destruction of the world. Some passages are more applicable to the first events, others to the last, but the close of the prophecy, points to the latter. The signs spoisen of, as preceding the judyment, will always be worthy of deep study until that event takes place. V. 24. Those days-the time that will precede the second coming of Christ, Zeph. I : 14-17. Sun darkened-figures of speech, denoting groat wooz, slaughter and devastations, Is. 13: 9-10, 34: 4. V. $2 \overline{0} . \quad$ Slars of HeavenCompare Luko $21: 25$, Jool $3: 15$. Great political convulsions, accompanied by plagues, storms or famines, are probably indici'ed by these expressions. V. 26. Shall they : ze-Not only the Jews, Zech. $12: 10$, but ill men, Rov. 1:7. Every eye shall see Him. Great power-Mark the contrast between the first and second coming. Jesus, the infant of Bethlehom. Luke 2:7, and "the Faithful and True" described in Rev. 19:11-16. V. 27. His Angels-See Matt. 13:41, 49. His electchosen ones, true Christians, 1 Pet. 1:2; 2:9. Four winds-frorn all parts of the world. Of Hearen-Christ shall gathor his people from every place under the visible heavens, Rev. 20: 11-15, 2 Thess. $4: 10-17$. V. 29. Those thingsthe signs mentioned in vs. $24,25$. V. 30. This generation - This was literally fulfilled, in its primary sense, at the destruction of Jerasalem, forty years after. It will be accomplished also by the survival of the Jewish race at the time of the second coming of Christ. V. 31. Pass away-All created things are mutable and temporary. They shall wax old and perish, Is. $51: 6$, but Christ's words will remain unshaken after the wreck of worlds. Therefore He is the Church's sure foundation, 2 Tim. 2 : 19. V. 32. Neiticr the Son-In his human nature, Jesus had the same limitations of knowledge that we have, Heb. $4: 15$, Luke 2:52: On earth, the knowledge of "day and hour" was kept from him, as the man, Jesus Christ. In heaven, as Gol, one with the Father, he knows it. V.33-37. Watch-Be faithful and diligent in the work, God has assigned to you, v. 34. Watch not only for the signs of Christ's coming, but over your actions, wards and thoughts, 1 Pet. $5: 8$. If we do this in faith, we are ready for the Lord's coming, whether it be his last coming in glory, or death which ends the possibility of repentance.

## The sumintimg it gethmy.

Mny 12.

## A.D. 33. Mark 14:1-9.

Golden Text, Mark 14: 8.
たొOMP. Matt. 26 : 1-14, John : 12 1-8 John cer places the incidents of this lesson six days before the Passover, John 12; 1. Matt. and Mark have left the time indefinite, saying only that it was whilst Jesus was in Bethany. Matthew appears to have placed these facts as he did to show their relation to the conduct of Judas. Angry at the rebuke given him, the traitor went to tho chief priests, etc.. Matt. $26: 14$. V. 1. Passover-It lastel seven days, during which only unleavened bread could be used, Ex. 12:15-20. By craft-by subtilty so that the people would not interfere, Matt. 26 : 4-5. V. 2 . Feast-day - when an immense multitude would be there who might side vith Jesus. V.3. Simon-had been a leper but was cured, as it was unlawful to eat with lepers. From the fact that Lazarus and his sisters were there, it is inferred that Simon was a relation of theirs, John 12: J. A voman - Mary, the sistor of Lazarus, John 12:3. Alabaster-a kind of white marble jar, almnst transparent, in itself, costly. Spikinarl-une of the most esteemed perfumes of those time.i. Brake the bax- the seal of the box, so as to pour it out easily, which could not be done su well from a broken jar. On his head-John adds "on his fect" also. The way in which the ancients reclined on couches at meal-time, made this casy. This act on Mary's part denoted deep love for the Saviour, profound gratitude and humility. V. 4. Somi-Judas was tho leading spirit here, whoso indignation was shared to some extent by some of the other disciples, John 12:4. The motive of Judas is given by John $12: 13-14$. The others grumble. 1 only at what they thought a useless waste. V. 5. 300 pence- $\Lambda$ bout $\$ 41.00$. There are disciples who deem it a waste, to givo largely to Christ. They find fault with the expense of missions, church building, etc. Those who object, are seldom sufferers by their own liberality. Mary had a right to do as sho pleased with her own. That she was blameless, is shown by Jesus' words. V. 6. Let her alone-What is it to you, that she has done this? It is a "good work" done out of a loving and grateful heart. V. 8. What she could-Are we doing what we can for Christ? Mary's gift puts to shame the beggarly offerings of some wealtiny members of the Church, to Christ's cause. She gave, as Goca had prospered her; 1 Cor. $16: 2$, for she had first given her heart to Christ; 2 Cor. 8:5. Burial-A proper preparation, as anciently bodies were anointed and embalmed, John 19: 39. V. 9. A memorial-For over 1800 years this act has been told, and it has not lost its fragrance. God is never forgetful of the labour of love of His own, 1 Cor. $15: 58$.


Golden Text, Luke 22 : 19.
FonMP. Matt. $26: 14-30$, Luke $22: 3-23$, John 13 : 21-30. Jesus now quietly prepares to celebrate his last passover with his disciples. Ho sent two dis $\cdot$ iples, giving them a :ign, by which they would find a suitablo phace, v. 13. Thus Judas could not infurm the chief priests in time to disturb these last solemn hours, when he was to institute a better Passover for His Church. V. 16. As he had said-wheneveréwe obey Jesus, we also tind all things as he has said, 2 Cor. $1: 20$. V. 17. The twelveJudas was thore with Jesus, Ps. $41: 10$. V. 18. One of $y o u-T h i s$ was said in anguish, John 13:21. Christ's mental sufferings were often more bitter than all the agony of the cross. V. 19. Is it I?-They all asked this-eleven of them with horror at the thought, looked suspiciously at one another, Jolin $13: 22$, Judas, with brazen impudence, Matt. 26: 20. V. 00 . Dipprth-Julas inust have been sitting close to Jesus. The Lord pointed him out by giving him a "sop," i.e, a pieco of bread dipped in the bitter sauce used at tho Passover meal. is it remindor of the bitterness ui Egyptian bondage, John 18: 26, Exod. 12: 8 . Whilst doing this Jesus pronounced the trators doom, v. $\because 1$, Matt. 26:24. After the sop, Satan entered into him. Jesus, ever mercitui, gavo him a last opportunity of Salvation. "That thon doest, do quickly." Either repent and ask for pardon, or go. He went out. And it was night. The last spark of hope had died out for him, Joln 13:27-30. V. 23. Tork breud-Juda: being rone, Jesus instituted the Gospel feast, to which no traitors can be knowingly admitted. Ly indy-Represents my body, compare John 10:7;15:1. Panl adds "which is broken for you," $\vdots$ Cor. $13: 24$, do this in romembrance of me. V. 23. Thank's -as before this, He blessed the bread. Ciod should be specially thanked for the finod we enjoy, Eph. 5 : 20. They all drank.-. The Lord's Supper, deprined of the cup, is incomplete and unscriptural. This is-represents my blood shed for many, in order that their sins may be forgiven. The Covenant is sealed or ratified by the blood of Christ, Heb. 9: 22: Compare 1 Cor. $12: 95-26$. V. 25. That dayThe time when they would be received to Heaven. I will not-with His bodily and visible presence. Otherwise Jesus is present wherever his people meet in his name, Matt. $18: 20$, and in a special manner at the Lord's table, 1 Cor. $10: 16$. V. 26 . An hymn-The 115 th and 118th Psalms were sung at the close of the Passover meal. The discourses reported by John in ch. 14-16, and the Prayer of Christ in ch. 17th were spoken at this time. Paul in 1 Cor. 11:28-20, fives plain directions, as to the necessary prepariziton of Christians for the Lord's supper, which might usefully be studied in connection with this lesson.

#  

A.D. 33. Mark $14: 43-54$. Golden Text, Luke 22:48.
管OMP. Matt. $26: 47-57$, Luke $22: 47-53$, John 1S:1-12. Whilst Jesus was praying, John 17, Judas was on his way to betray him. Jesus had dono him nothing but gond, aid he plotted his death. The knowledre of this hase treason from a professed friend must have added groatly to the mental sufforings of Jesus in (iethsemane, Zech. 13:6. There he spent some hours of such suffering that "his sweat fell to the ground as great drops of blood," Luno $22: 44$. The disciples, heavy with yrief, had slept and left Him to tight his battlo alone, Is. 63 : 5. He saw that the hour of the power of darkness had come, and he woke them, with a warning that Judas was at hand, v. 42. V. 43 . A great multitude-to surround the place, and prevent his possible escape. Some were suldiers, others servants of tho priests. V. 44. \& token-a mark, by which they would know Jesus. V. 45. Kissed him-An unworthy profana'ion of that "sacrament of the lips," meant to symbolize the intimate nearness of two souls. Judas makes it a type of the venomous serpent's bite, whe, when he kisses, kills. Every word on Jesu's answer, like sharp arrows, should have pierced the traitor's heart, Matt. $26: 50$, Luke $22: 48$. It is probable that Judas now fell back. Traitors are generally cowards, and he may have dotected a dangerous gleam in the oyes of the discuple who bore a sword. Read here, Jolin 18:4-9 and Luke $22: 49-51$. V. 47. One of them-Peter, John 18:10. A servantMalchus. Peter meant to kill him, but striking wildly, he missed his aim. Jesus healed the wounded man, Luke 22:51, and reproving Peter, taught him that the weapons of Christian warfare are not carnal, Matt. 26:52; 2 Cor. 10:4. V. 49. Be fulfilled-The scriptures which foretold his sufferinis and death, Is. 53, Psalms 22. V. 50. All fled-even Peter. Matt. 26:33. V. 51. A certain you:lg mun-Perhaps Mark himself. He alone mentions him. The young men-th Roman soldiers-laid holdthinking him one of the apostles. V. 53. High pricst-Caiaphas, Matt. 26:57. This was the man who had prophesied that it was expedient ono should die for the people. Jesus had been first taken to Annas, the father-inlaw of Caiaphas, John 1S : 13. V. 54. A far off-See John 18: 15-16. The treason of Judas shows to what degree of baseness a man can descend when he listens to the domons of envy, inatrod, avarice and malignity. And if we follow the story of Judas to its close, we may see what, a terrible mistake they make, who think of enriching, or avenging themselves at the expense of the righteous, who hare done them nothing but good. The existence of falso friends should also make us appreciato true friends all the more. Like Jesus, do good even to those who try to do us harm.

## grctesiastical devos.

Scotland. The churches are busy, preparing worl. for the Assemblies. Tho Moderators are likely to bo as we hinted previously. For the Established Church, the Rev. J. Paton Gloag. D D., Galashiels; Free Church, the Rev. Dr. Iainl, Cupar Fife ; and for the U. P. Synod, probably Dr. Adam Black, Glasgow. In the Free church Assemily, the leading question will probably wo: the Revision of the Confession of Faith, while a second question will doubtless bo : that of Union with the U. P. Church. The growing opinion about the Confession is, on all hands, that "it does not now adequately express the views held by the Church regarding many important points; such as the prominent place given in Scripture io the Love of God to the world, and His froe offer of silvation to all men " On that ground chiefly the alteration is desired. On the Union question, the claim of the minority as to Church property will still stand '• the way. In the U.I. Syncd, the disestablishment manifesto will have a prominent place in all likelihood. In the Estahlished Church, the policy of maintaining expensivo educational agencies in our Mis-ion fiells, more especially in India, "ill be keenl; distussed. The Foreign Mission Committeo has the matter under consideration now, and hupes to have a report ready by the end of Miay: The Free Church has lost a warm and steadfass supporter in the de ath of Mr. William Kidston, of Fernigair, a near relative of Mrs. Principal Macknight, of Halifax, N.S. We mourn also the death of the Rev. Alexander Mclivilliam, formerly of Georgetown, P.E.I., a man of the highest attainments in scholarship and of the most loving and ouncio spirit. For about a year or so, he has been in very delicate and even precarious health. He will be long remembered by those brethren and friends in the Maritime Provinces who had the pleasure and privilege of knowing, and being assuciated with him in Christian work. . . The Rev. Dr. MacGregor, of St. Cuthbert's, Principal Rainy, and Rev. Dr. Donald Fraser of London sail for Australia in a week or two, by invitation, to aid in the celebration of their Jubilee. The Sustentation Fund of the Free Church shows an increase this year of $\$ 4,000$. In the sixth Gifford Locture in Edinbu rgh, Dr. Hutchison Stirling dealt with the opinions of Plato. He speaks of that philosopher, as one of the "greatest figures of all times." "With an ease and fulness and natural simplicity, there was an amenity in the composition of Elato, that constituted him unapproachably the greatest, sweetest, most delightful master of prose that ever wreteit." . . . The Free Church professors, ministers and students have hold a sonference on the Forms of Public Worship. ' he results have not yet been put into definito frorm. A liturgy is not generally favoured.

Irbland. - The most notable event of the news to hand of last month is the death of the Rev. Josias Leslie Porter, D.D., IL, D., President of Queen's Colloge, Belfast. His death was in a measure sudden, as on the Sabbath before, he had started for public worship but was not well enough to go all the way. He lasted until early Saturday morring. Ho was in his 66th year His public life may be told in a few words. Burt, near the city of Londonderry, was his birth-place. After being licensed to preach, he was settled in Newcastle, England, from 1s46-9, when he was appointed by the Irish Board of Missions to be a nissionary to the Jews in Damascus. $F$ re he laboured for next ten years. Before going to the east ho was married to a daughter of the far-famed I)r. Henry Cooke. Whilo ir Damascus he explored, in the most thorongh manner. every corner of the Holy Land, as well as some of the surrounding regions. In 1859, he was elected by a narrow majority to the Chair of Biblical Exegesis in the Assembly's College, Belfast. The present Profescor Witherow was his opnonent for the Chair, and no'ody doubted that but for Dr. Cooke's influence, Porter would have failed to get a majority of votes It is equally true that afterwards everybody believed that he was the rirht man in the right place. Withernw's strength lay in Church History rather than in Exegesis. For snme 15 years he discharged the duties of the Chair tothe entire satisfaction of the Church. About the end of this period he was Mollerator of the General Assombly. Then ho was placed by the Government at the head of the new scheme of Intermediate Eduration, and in 187n, un the death of President Henry, he was placed at the head of Queen's College where he remained until his death. It will be seen that he filled many positions, and the testimony is borne of him that in every position he did his work well. The literary work, which he did during the last 40 years, was very great. The articles be contributed to the third edition of Kitto's Bibliral Cyclopedia would fill several volumes. He was also a writer for Smith's Bible Dictionary. All these were on the topography of Syzia and Palestine. Up to very lately he was writing articles in magazines and publishing treatises on the East. It is not long since a bulky volume was issued on Jerusalem, Bothany, and Bethlehem. His "Giant Cities of Bashan" is known to a wide circle of readers. His "Life and Times of Dr. Cooke" will ever be a standard volume of the greatest value and interest. He loaves tro sons and two daughters bohind him. His eldost son died, we believe, a number of years ago, in Canada, somewhere we think in the Ottawa Valley. His removal leaves a great gap, one that will not soon be filled.

United State - The General Assembly (Nor(h) muets on the 16th inst. in New York: On the 18th of June, the people of Pennsyl-
vania are to be called upon to vote for a measure amonding the constitution of that State by the introduction of a prohibitory law similar to that in force in Maine. The ministers of religion in Philadelphia, recently met and adopted a resolution in favour of said amendment. It is said that thirty-six years' experience of prohibition in Maine, four in Iowa, and eight in Kansas, have demonstrated that prohibition is the only effectual remedy for the cvils arising from the liquor traffic. Constitutional prohibition is claimed to be the best, because it is pormanent-removing tho question from the sphere of local and party politics. It makes it a fundamental law of the Commonwealth. "It will cost $\$ 50,000$ to iak; the vote," they say, "but it will cost ten times that amount not to take it. The expenso will be repaid in a single year, if probibition prohibits."

Mr. A J. Drexel has announced his intention of establishing an "Industrial College for Women " at Wayne, Delaware Co., Pa. He is prepared to spend $\$ 1,500$.000 in purchasing the land. ercenting the buildings. and endowing the Institution. Mr. Isaak Williamson 1 as given $\$ 400,000$ to establish a - Boys' Institute," while Lady Kortright has given a large sum to the Presbyterian Hospital in Philadelphia The same paper. which contains theso cheering announcemonts, bewails the prevalcat extravagance of the upper classes. *The love of costly display, of restless pleasure, is seizing upon our people to an extent which begins to recall the docline of the ancient empires."

Cavada,-'The whole Protestant community has been exercised to an unwonted degree by recent legislation in the Province of Quobec, incorporating anew the society of Jesuits and alienating a large sum of public money ( $\$ 400$, 000 ) from the Educational Fund and placing it at the disposal of the Roman Catholic Authorities. The Evangelical Aliiance. the Ministerial Associations of Montreal and Toronto and a number of Presbyteries and congregations have protested vigorously against the measure, and petitioned the Federal Government to exercise its prerogative of disallowing the Quebec Act, but hitherto witho st avail. The reasons for asking that the Act be disalloned are concisely and clearly stated in the motion submittal to the Ottawa Farlament by Mr. O'Brien:-

[^0]sary by its intolerant and mischiovous intermeddling with the functions of oivil govornment, is Iraught with danger to the oivil and religious liberties of tho peoplo of Canada."
On a vote being taken, Mr. O'Brien's motion was negatived by 188 to thirteen-a clear indication that no redrass will come from that quarter. Among the supporters of the mootion were Mr. John Charlton, member for Norfolk, N. R., and Mr. Julius Scriver, member for Huntingdon, both staunch Presbyterians, the latter being the only member from the Province of Quebec who voted for the disallowance of the Act. The burden of opposition, as is usual in all such cases, seems to have been borne chiefly by I'resbytorians.

Temperavie Notes:-Votes wore taken on the ropeal or maintenance of the Scott Act last month in the countios of Lennox. Guelph, Kent, Northumberland, Durham. Frontenac. Wellington, Lanarl, Brant, Untario, Carleton, Peterboro, Lincoln, and the city of St. Thomas, all in Ontario, and the county of Colchester, in Nova Scotia. In every case, repeal was carried by majorities ranging from 125 to $\because, 000$. This emphatic expression of public: opinion must be interpreted as a clear indication that the Scott Act has, up to date, proved a fallure, and that other means must be devised to grapple with the giant evil of intemperance. While some are looking to a more stringent licenso systom, and others to total prohibition, as the only remedy, in the meantime, lot the pulpit use its power, and every individual his personal influence, to inculcate sobriety and discountenance intemperance. The Scott Act is, in itselí a reasonable measure, and ought to have done more good than it is credited with. The chiof difficulty seems to have been the want of proper loral appliances for carrying its provisions into effect. In many instances it has been notoriously a dead letter.

## (O)TV (Own Cimrrlt

ean He General Assenbly:-The fifteenth Session will be opened in the city of Toronto, and within St. Andrew's Church there, on Wednesday, 12th June next, at 7.30 p.in. Presbytery clerks wiil please forwad lists of Commissioners, su as tu bo in the hands of the Clerks of the General Assembly at least eight days before the mecting. Reports of ordinations, inductions, licensures, deaths, demissions, dopositions, within the steveral Syuuds, aud all other official documents, should be sent so as to be in the hands of the Clerks of Assembly at least eigint days before the meeting. Special attention is called to this. The Conveners of Standing Cummittees should have their roports ready to hand to
the Committer on Bills and Ovestures at the second sederunt of the General Assembly. Jists of Commissioners and other documents should be addressed to Rev. Dr. Reid, Toronto. The Committec on Business, consisting of the Clerks of Assembly, together with thuse of Synods and Presbyteries, whu may le Cummissioners, will meet in St. Andrew's Church, 'Toronto, on Wednesday, the 12th June, at $4.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

Wm Reid, D.D., $\}$ Clerlis of
W. Fraser.D.D., $\}$ Generul Assemlly. Certificates will be sent to Clerks of Presbyteries for the Commissioners of their Presbytery. If more are required in any case, application should be made at once to Dr. Incid, Turontu,-and if mure cirififintes are reesived than are required, thoe remaining over should be returned to Dr. Reid. Rates of travelling will be made known as soon as possible. Commissioners are requested to send their nunes to Rev. W. Boras, P.O. Drawer 2607 , intimating when they are likely to arrive, and stativg with whom they expect to stay, or if they wish accommodation provided for them.

Personal.-Rev. Principal Grant, Dr. Wardrope of Guelph, Dr. Laing of Dundas, and Rev. D. J. Macdunnell of Torunto, have each been anmiuated by Presbyterics for the moderatorship of the General Assembly. Rev. A. B. MacKay of Montreal, Professor Donald Ross of Queen's College, Kingotun, Rev. IV. B. Clark of Quebec, Rev. W. T. Mic.Inullen of Woodstock and Rev. D. H. Fletcher of Hamilton, have each received the degree of Doctor of Divinity-the first three from Montroal, and the last two from Toronto. Meiss Blakhadder is on her way back t.o Trinidad to resume her work as missionary teachor-a work in which she has been remarkably successful. She has had a year's furlough, but when health permitted, she devoted her time to the visitation. of congregatiuns and Sablath schools, and women's societies. In these visits she gave much information concerning our missions, and deepencu the interest of the joung in the work. Miss Blackadder extended her visits to contral points in Nova Scotia, P.E. Island and New Brunswick; and she spent a few days in Quebec. Montreal, and Toronto. Dr. McClure is married. Miss Sutherland, who went to China with our Honan mission-
aries is going to be married to a missionary of the American Board. We regret to state that Rev. A. O. Brown of Campbellton is still very seriously ill.

THE LORD'S DAY. An influential public meeting was held recently in Ottaws of "The Lord's Day Alliance of the Dominion of Canada."-President, IIon. G. W. \$llan, speaker of the Senate; Secretary, Rev. Ur. Armstrong. Mr. Allan expl.ined that the Alliaice had been furmel fur the purpose of vigorously fighting against the desecration of the Sabbath, and more especially to promote the stopping of work on Sunday on Railways, Canals, on the postal service, ou public works generally wier which the government has euntrol, and of Sunday labour of all kinds thoughout the Duminion. Mr. John Charlton M. P., after discussing the legal aspoct of the Question, submitted a doclaratory motion which was subsequently embodied in a Petition to Parliament.asking for such legislation as would further tha better ubservance of the Lord's Day especially in connection with the postal service, and the management of the Railways and Canals under the superintendence of the Government.

## PRESBYTERIAL ITEMS.

Culumbia:-All correspondence with this Presbytery during June and July should be sent to Rev. E. D. Maclaren, Vancouver, 13. C. At the induction of Kev. E. D. Maclaren at Vancouver, the Rev. Robt. Jamieson, our pioneer minister on the Pacific Coast, rem:rked that Mr. M. Was the 37th Presbyterian minister who had come to B. Columbia; 21 had gone away. The number mas now sixt.en. He had been there twenty-seven years himself, having come with the determination to sink or swim with the ship. He hoped and folt sure Mr. Maclaren would be in every way " a neat fit."

Toronto: A lively discussion took place over Rev. D. J. Macdonnell's proposed overture anent a modification of the Confession of Faith. On a division it was resolved by 8 to 4 not to transmit-a large number refraining from roting. Anuther overture, looking in the same directi $n$, though not quite so far, is to be submitted to next mecting by Rev. Wm. Frizzell ia terms following--
Wherens tho phraseolong of scelions 3, i and 7 of rh.p. III in the Confession of Faith is nut of barmung with the vietrs of many of our most worthy and faithfal members and ofice-bearers:
And mbereas, sadd secitions are somotimes distorted and used by non-Presbyterians to tho injurg of our Church:
Therefore, be it hambly orertared to the venerable the fencral Assembly to appoint a committeo to reviso oun sections, tosether with tho proof toxis of these and the other sections in tho Contession, and that said revision bo sent down to Presbyterios forconsideration.

Miramicil. At its last meeting, much regret was expressed at the absence of its Moderator the Rev. A. O. Brown, who is at present in Montreal under medical treatment. Mr. Aitken recoived the thanks of the Presbytory for his successful manarement of the Augmentation fund, which had fully mot expectations. All the other annual Presbyterial reports were in the hands of the clerk.

Afontrcal.-Very emphatic protests against the Jesuits Estate Act have been made by this Preshytory at successive meetings. It is now proposed to petition Her Majesty the Queen to interpose similar steps have been takon in Toronto, Hamilton, Paris, Kingsten and other Presbyteries. Un the motion of Rev. L. H. Jordan. the Presbytery at its last mooting appointed a committes "to consider the question of instituting the order of the Doaconess, in all its bearings, and in recommend some method by which woman's work in our Church may be deliberatoly organized, and then judicionsly developed."

Prince Edward Island. The Preshytery of P. E. Island embraces the whole of the Province. Last year was marked with progress ali along the line. Five churches and one manse were built. Contributions to the schemes of the charch increased $\$ 1,612$ over the previous year. $\$ 930$ of the increase was in the Foreign Mission Fund. For all objects the alvance was $\$ 5,634$. Comparing 1SS; with 1578 the advance in contributions amounts to $\$ 19,375$. Eloven yoars ago the gifts for Foreign Missions amounted to $\$ S 99$; last year tho ampunt was $\$ 3,118$. The congrogations have increasel from 25 to 33 ; familes from $\because 41 S$ to 3064 ; communicants fre -13527 to 4635 ; stipends from $514,4.23$ to $19,50 \mathrm{~J}$. These figures show a steaty and marked advance. Within tho last three years six congrogations in the eastern part of the island have come up to the minimum stipend.

## ORDINATIONS AND INDUCTIONS.

Arcaster and Aiberton, Hamilton:-Rev. John MicClung of Shakespere, was inducted on the 5th of April.

Proton, Orangerille:-Rev: D. McColl, ordained missionary, was inducted on the 2nd of April.

Daliorsid, MFiramichi:-Rev. George Fieher of Montrose, P.E.I., was inducted on the 9 th of April.
Shediac, St. John :-Mr. W. R. MI. Baird was ordained and inducted on the 2 nd of April.

Lititle Naprows, C.B.-It was Mr. Roderick McLcod, and not IIr. Mackenzie, who was ordained here on the 29th of January.

Bridgerater, Lunenburg and Shelburnc:Rev. J. F. Dustan was inducted April 9 th.

West Cornmalus, Halifax:-liev. J. W. MacLennan has been appointed to this chargo for no year.

Nobtif Luther \& Woodlasd, Saugecn:Bev. Hagh MifKellar of Eigh Bluff, Brandon, Was inductod on the 9th of April.

Calls.-Rev. Juhn Mathiesun of Martintown, to Lake Megantic-(leclined. Rev. J. C. Tolmie to Whitechurch and Wawanosh, Mait-land-declined; also to Miolville Church, Fergus -call set aside. Rer. R. J. M. Glassford of Waubaushene, Barrie-to Streetsville, Toronto. Rev. John A. Jaffray of Spillamacheen, has accepted a roll to liichmond. B. C. Rov. Donald Mu.:roe to Deloraino, Manitoba. Kev. W. G. Mills of Sunderland to Markdale etc.Orangeville, declined. Rev. G. E. Treeman of Deer Park to Cobourg-declined. Rev. H. MicKellar of High Bluff, Branion, to N. Luther, Ont.,-arcented. Rev. A. Urquhart of Regina, to Brandon, Man.,-acrepted.

Demissions. - Rev. George Crombie of Si. Ann's, and Rev. R. M. Croll of Simeoe, Hamiltor. Rev. A. McColl and Rev. W. Walker of First Churth Chatham. Ont. Rev. A. A. Watson of Riverside. St. Joln. Rev. George Mackay of Cartwright, Petcrboro.

## NEW CHURCHES.

Coknwam. Ont.-A very handsume new chureh, huilt by the emngresation of St. John's, "as opened fir dave "orship on Salbath the 17th of Marr!1. Rea. Dr. McMrullen, Moderat.re of General Assembly, preached in the forenon, and Principal Mrevirar in the evening, the attendance at bot! services being very large. The church has eost about $\$ 30,000$, and is the third that has been baiit. for the use of this historic congrevation. The first was erected during the early part. of the ministry of Rev. John Bethune ( $1757-1515$, the second was built during the $\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{y}$. Harry Leitin's incumbency, and was openel in Octoher, 1S26. The successive ministers of this conrrezation after Mr. Bethune were, (1), Rev. Joseph Johnston, a licentiate of the Synod of Ulster (but there is no record of his "induction," (2) Rev. Harry Leith, from Aberdeen. (3) Rev. Hugh Urquhart, 1S29-1571, (4; Rev. Neil MacNish, L. D. D., the present pastor, who succeeded Dr. Urquhart in February 1S71. The new church is undonbteily the finest ecclesiastical structure in the old Eastern District.
Tonosto.-The new East Church was opened for worshin on the 7th of April, by Rev. Dr. McMInllen. Moderator of General Assembly and Principal Caven. It is a very handsome building. seateì for 1,000 persons, and has cost ab, ut $\$ 3 \pm .000$. This is mainly a working men's congregation and the completion of such a fine editice spoaks well for the zeal and success of the pastor, Rev. J. M. Cameron and those assuciated with him in the management of its affairs. MIr. C. was inducted here in ISil and the congregation has grown in his hands from a small mission station to a large and flourishing cinurch.

Victoria, B. C.-The foundation stome of a splendid new church ior St. Androw's congregation was laid here on the 6th of March.

Digiry, N. S.-A church building belonging to the Baptists, has been bought by the Presbyterians of that town. $\mathrm{Di}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{by}$ is a favorite summer resort. Presbytarians are few there now, but they are likely to in'rease.

## THE COLLEGES.

The Prespyterian Cohlege, MontrealClosed its session of 1888-9 on the evening of April 3rd, in the Convocation Hall, which was filled to its utinost c:ipacity. Principal MacVicar occupied the chair, and with him on the platform were the Senate and a large number of the members of the Presbytery of Montreal. The presentation of prizes and scholarships affurded an opportunity for a :arity of impromptu and spicy speeches. The yold medalist of the year was Mr. R Johnston, is. A., who delivered a vorv effective valedictory address. Rev. A. Ogilvie, B. A., received the degree of B. 1). Rev. W. B. Clark, of Queber, Kev. Professor Donald Ross of Queen's College, Kingston, and Rev. A. B. Mackay of Cresient street church, Montreal, had each the degree of D.D. conferred upon them. The graduating class numbered fiftcen, the largest in the history of the College, as follows,-I. I. Bourgoir, D. Campbell, I'. N. Cayer, J. E. Coté, D. L. Dewar, B. A., J. J. Forbes, R. Johnston, B. A., W. Russell, B.A., A. J. Lods, .J. Macdougall, B.A., J. 气. Macllraith, M. Nackenzic, M. J. Macleod, B.A.. J. A. Maclean, J. H. MacVicar, B.A. lour of the young men are under engagement to entor upon foreign migsionary service, three going to China and one to Japan. Dr. Ross addressed the graduates in earnest and appropriate terms. Mev. L. H. Jordan, on behalf of his sister, Mrs. James Fairie, presented the College with a very handsome organ. The learned principal in his closing address reviewed the work of the session which had been highly satisfactory, and acknowledged the receipt of over 250 volumes for the Library.
Knox College, Tornsto:-The closing exercises of Knox College were held in the afternoon and evening of the 4th of April, when there was a very large attendance of interested spectators. Principal Caven presided, and was supported by a large number of Ministers and Professors. In opening the proceedings, Dr. Caven reviewed in felicitous terms the work of the session, concluding his remarks by a well merited tribute of respect to the memory of the late Professor Young of University College. The distribution of prizes and scholarships being finished, the following gentlemen who had completed their theological course received their diplomas, -Messrs. Geo. Needham, B.A., Thos. Nätress, B.A.,W A.J. Martin, L. C.Emes, Wm. Neilly, Dugald MicNillan, John Robertson, James Gilchrist, M. C. Rumball, M. A. ; D. C. Hussack, LLL.B. ; A. J. Jansen, P. J. Pettinger, Thos. R. Shearer, B. A.; John McP. Scott, Wim. I. MeKenzie, M. N. Bethune, Robt,

Johnston, A. E. Mitchell, M.A. ; J. McD. Duncan, B.A.-nineteen in all Rev. Mungo Fraser of Hamilton and Rov. Donald McGillivrar of China, were admittod to the degree of B. D. The degree of D.D. was conferred upon Rev. W. T. McMullen, Moderator of the General Assembly, and the Rev. D. H. Fletcher, of Hamilton. Mr. J. A. J. Martin gave the valedictory address, and after short addresses by the new Doctors and others, the proceedings connected with the closing of a rory satisfactory session terminated.

Halifas:-The graduating class of the Presbyterian College, Halifax, numbers 10. All are to be licensed very shortly, and it is probable that within two months all will be called on or settled over congregations.

Sinud of Hammeon and Lonmon.-This Court met on the evening oi the Sth of April and continued in session three days. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. James, of Walkerton, in whose stead Rev George Cuthbortson, of Wyoming, was elected Mclerator. The reports of stauding committees were read and considered and ordered to be transmitted; that on 'Temperance, by Rev. Wm. M. Martin, of Enrter; on Sabbath schools, by Mr. T. W. Nisbet; on Sabhath Observance, by Rev. W. J. Dey, of Eamitton, and on the State of Religion, by Rev. Dr. D. H. Fletcher, of Hamilton. Rev. Dr. Young and Rev. John Kay, representing the Mothodist Niagara Conterence, ware mitroduced by Dr. Cochrane and addressed the Synod in courteous and felicitous terms, to which the Moderator replied with warmth and humour. An invitation to visit the Brantford Ladies' College nas accepted. Miss Ghertrede, of Toronto, on lehalf of the siudents, read an address to the Synod which was responded to elcquently by Mr. Cuthbertson. The beautiful grounds surrounding the college, and the home-like buildings, with their admirable internal appointments, were much admired by the visitors. A very profitable evening was spent in discussing the report on the State of Roligion and Evangolistic work. Dr. Robertson, of Winnipeg, addressed the Synod on Missions in the North-West, and Mr. J. K. Macdonald, Convener of the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund, made an able and eloquent appeal in behalf of that most deserving fund. A committee was appointed to frame a deliverance on the much-dobated Jesuits' Estates Bill. A whole sedcrunt was occupied in discussing this question when a series of resolutions condemnatory of the Act were enthusiastically carried and a committes was appointed to take such further means as may seom best for securing the disallowance of said Act. Leave was granted to Presbyteries to take on trial for license Messrs. Hutt, McMillan, Pettinger, Hossack, Jansen and Needham - craduates of Knox College.

MANITOBA ITEMS.
Winnipeg hasnow five Presbyterian churches in successful operstion. The quarierly communions of Knox and St. Andrews have added large numbers to the rolls. Takon altogether these churches were never so thriving bofore. St. Andrews has begun a branch sabbathschool on Point Douglas, and Knox the same ou Armstrong's Point. Rev. A. B. Baird continues to minister to Augastine Church, Fort Rouge, and the North Presby terian Church intends building a new church this summer, and noxt year will hikely be settled. The Icelandic Church, Kate St., lately held its second communion, when 17 new members were anded. Rev. Joseph Hogr officiated to a large congregation. Brandor presbytorians have at length united on a pastor, and Rev. A. Urquhart of Regina is to be settled there scon-a most suitable choice. Portage la Prairie is still vacant, but has decided to call a weNknown eastern minister. Rev. D. McRae, of British Columbia, is taking a well-oarned holiday, and is supplying Fort William for a month. Rev. J. A. F. Sutherland, of New Brunswick, Rev. A. P. Loyan, of Nova Scotia, and Mr. Whiteman, of Quebec College, will supply the vacancies of Winnipeg Presbytery viz. Springfield, Stonewall, and Fort William for the next few months. Mr. W. Neilly of Knox College will be stationed at Schreiber and Nepigon. Rev. J. K. Wright goes to the Spallumcheen district of British Calumbia, and Rev. Angus Robertson to Donald. Manitoba College Theological department has closed after a successful session. 'Thirty-two students of the college of all years go into mission work this summer. This will save the church about S2000 in travelling expenses. About a dozen itudents came from oastern colleges, and some 12 or 13 ministers ordained or to be at once ordained from the east. Two students of Manitoba Collego go to British Columbia for ;he summer. In regard to the whites stated ast month to have interfered in the affairs of Okanase Indian Mission, it is but fair to state that they are members in good standing in the noighbouring congregation of Strathclair, and while differing from the Brandon Presbyeery, and Foreign Mission Cummittee in Winnipeg, are no doubt honest in their views as to the conduct of the mission. Manitoba has an extraordinarily early spring The farmers are in ligh spirits. The immigration to the province this year is enormous. G. B.

## (s) hituryy.

 of St. Ann's, Cape Breton, died on the 10th March, in the TOth year of his age. He was educated in the Free Chureh College, Halifax, and entered upon the work of the
ministry in 1856 , having been then ordained over the large and soattered congregation of St. Ann's and North Shore. From first to last he proved himself a workman needing not to be ashamed. He was a poworful preacher, especially in Gaelic, which was the prevailing lauguage among his parishioners. It was in this field that Rev. Norman Macleod, a remarkably eccentric minister, lived and "reigned" for many years up till 1851. when he, with his family and a number of his followers, emigraied to New Zealand. Mr. McIntosh found it ne easy task to succeed such a man-a mus whose influeuce amung his people was more thau patriarchal. But he proved equal to the occasion. The sirife of faction could not continue in the face of his godly life, his eloquent and pewerful preaching, and his patient iolprance. He preached in four churches, far apart. The roads were rough in the extreme. Buthe toiled faithfully, as loug as health would permit. Much spiritual fruit has crowned his labour. Ho will be greatly missed in the Presbytery of Sydney, as he was a favourite Gaelic preacher.

## Fychath exmagrizatimu.

${ }^{1}$F any of our readers are in doubt as to the good that is being done through the agency of our Board of Freach Evangelization, we recommend a visit to Puint-auxTrembles Schools, as one of the best means of strengthening their confidence in the methods employed by the Board. We cannot speak from observation of the manuer in which the missionaries of the Board carry on their evaugelistic work, nor of the labours of the colporteurs who are employed in sirculating the Scriptures and other Christian Litmature, but of the efficiency of these schools, we hare had repeated opportunities of judging, and we have never visited them without carrying away with us the impression that a very useful and important work is being prosecuted there, under an administration that leaves nothing to be desired on the score of thorough efficiency. If they are not model schools, we do not know what a model school is. The Principal is not only a scholar and a gentloman, he is "apt to teach," and an enthusiast in his profession. He is, moreover, assisted by a staff of teachers who seem to bo in entire
sympathy with him and the work they have in hand. The matural result of this is a pleasing manifestation of harmony, not only amung the teachers, but also among the pupils, siving une the impression of a well directed fimily. The boys and girls seem to realize that it is a privilege to be there, and that the efficiency and success of the establishment rests largely with them. One cannot help noting particularly their familiarity with their Bibles, the heartiness with which they unite in siuging their hymus, their orderly deportment, in school and out of school, and their reverent observance of public worship. I suppose they are all or nearly all of French-speaking parents, and many of them belong to Ruman Catholic homes, yet it is pleasing to notice how many of them are quite at home in the English language, and to observe less reticence and shyness of manner than might be expected in these circumstunces.

During the past year the buikings have been entirely remodelled and are greatly improved. The addition of a neat and commodious chapel, and a new dining room for the boys are specially noteworthy. When the gills department-occupying a separate building fro'n that for the boys-shall have been culrespondingly enlargel and improved, the establishment will be such that the churci may be proud of it. It should be so now, but for one thing, and that is that it has not nearly accommodation enough for all who would sladly avail themselves of its elucational advantages. My own impression is that if it could be extended so as to take in $a$ thousand immaies, instead of one hundred and fifty; not only would pupils be found to fill it, but the money required to curry on the work would be forth-coming as readily as the revenues of Mr. Quarrier's Homes and Mr. Muiler's Orphanages.

In the meantime wo direct attention to an announcement, that the Board of French Evangelization, with the concurrence of the Gencral Assembiy, have acquired the fino building in O:tawa known as the Ottawa Ladies' Cullege, with a view to founding an institution somerrinat similar in its main features, to the Point-aux-Trembles Schools, in the capital of the Dominion. We do not, doubt for a moment, that in the hunds of the Board, and lirectal by its skillful aud
entorprizing Secretary-Ireasurer, the new project will be successful. Certainly, $\$ 20$,000 is a very small sum to ask from the whole membership of the Presbyterian church in Canada for a purpose the possible fruits of which cannot be estimated.

The Managing Editor.

## (Out gome ntisijus.

${ }^{\text {equan }} \mathrm{HE}$ Smi-Aswlal. Mberng of the ComTos mittee of the liestern section was beld in Toronto, Q6th to 2Sth March, Rev. Dr. Cocirrane, Convener; Rev. Dr. Warden. Secretary. The claims of the respective Presbyteries for services rendered during the past six months were considored and appropriations passed amounting in all to $\$ 11,6 \div 3.67$ for augmentation of stipends, and \$17,311.79 for Nission fields. The receipts up to 26 th March were reported to bo, for augmentation, \$1s,875.43 ; for Homo Missions $\$ \$ 38,466.37$. The list of missionaries desiring work for the ensuing sumber was mateup, and appointments given to noluss than one huendred and sewenty threc. Of these, 12 go to the Presbytery of Lingston, 9 to Brace, $2 t$ to Barrie, 60 to Manitoba and the North-Vest, and 3 to British Columbia, the rest being distributed among tho other Presbyterics. The convener repurted that he had received grants of $\dot{L}^{\prime} \cong 00$ from the Ireo Church of Scotland, $£ 150$ from the Irish Presbyterian Church, and 2391 from the students of the Free Church Coliege, Glasgow. There had als , been received irom the Chureh of Scotland, for the Chirch and Manso Fund, $£ 100$; for Homs Mission, $£ 50$; and for Manitoba Colle:re £j0. Rer. Allan. Findlay read an interesting report of the missions in Muskoka and Algoma, and Dr. Robertson reported progress in Manitoba and the North-West.

At the close of a Sabbath morning service in Toronto, Dr. Cochrane made an earnest appeal in behalf of Home Missions. He said that the Home Mission Committee of the Western Section, which includes Queboc, Ontario, Manitoba, the North-West Territories and British Cciumbia. has under its care over 200 missionarie; and student catechists, 744 preaching stations, with 8,250 communicants and a Sabbeth attendance of 27,369 . These stations paid themselves last yoar $\mathbf{S} 15,635$ towards the support of ordinances. It has also under its care 135 augmented congregations, with 7,537 families and 13,935 communicants. These congregations paid last yoar to support ordinances, $\$ 58,651$.

The resources of the Home Mission Committee are altugether inadequate to keep pace with tho domands made upon it. Apart from the direst contributions of congregations, and the occasional and uncertain rovemue derived from bequests and donations - becoming smaller overy year-it has nothing to depend
upon. Individual congregations, in addition to their foreign mission contributions, support missionaries in India or China; the students of our colleges do the same; the ladies of the Church give, throurl the ir associations, sume $\$ 25,000$ or $\$ 30,010$, but Home Missions to far have no such help. But for help from British churches we would this year be far behind. As it is, both the Home Mission and angmentation funds have a deficit. The mombership of our Church, cast and wost, is nearly 150,000 . The entire contributions for Home Missions and angmentation, from east and west, fall below $\$ 100,000$. Not much more than 50 cents per member!

Eastern Section. There will be 48 Missionaries and Catechists in the field this summer, allocated among the Presbyteries as follows: St. John, 13 ; Halifax 10 ; Miramichi 6 ; Pictou 6; 'Truro 3; Vicioria and Richmond 2 ; Sydney 2; Lunenburg and Shelburne 2; P. E. Island 3. Labrador (Presbytery of Halifax) 1 .

## 

Mr. Magenizib's Annual Report of the wore on Efate.
N many respects the past year has been one The of the most satisfactory, as it has been
one of the busiest we have yet had in the Mission. The accessions from the heathen have not been numerous, but there has been a healthier moral tone amonyst the Christian natives, and fewer cases of immorality. Besides this there has been a strong public opinion manifested, especially at this village, against the violation of the law of God. Then towards ourselves they have manifested more real kindness and sympathy than ever before. One reason of this no donbt is, that they have seen the trial we have had to endure for their sakes, in parting with ous ehiddren, three of whom are now at school in Sydney. Of course we would endeavour to do our duty all the same should we see no evidence of their gratitude, hut it makes labour lightor $t$, experience it, after the opposition we have had to encounter from some of them for so many years. This is especially true of one old man at Fila, who a few years ago did his utmost to prevent us from going amongst them, but now cannot do enough for us. When I asked him some time ago for his old daneing ground for a site for a bouse, he said. "Why should I not give it to you, you are one of ourselves"?
We spent a few months of the year in Australia, and returned to our station very much benefited by the change. While there had a translation of the "Peep of Dry" printed, which has been a great boon to our sehonls. I also transcribed some pertions of the New Testament. My brother missionary, Mr. Macdonald, is now in Melbourne, superin-
tending the printing of our joint trathslation of tho Now Testament. The co-t of printing and binding will bo about five hundred pounds sterling. It is defrayed in the meantime by the I3. \& I. Bible suciety, but to he retunded by our natives in due time. Thas contribation from our side of the island this year is two thousan' pounds of arrowroot, which should realizo at least ${ }_{2} 50$ sterling. An encouraging feature of our work is that so many of our people are willing to go out to lahour on other islands. At present we have three teachers and their wives on Epi, under Mr. Fraser, and another couple as servant; ; on Ambrim a teacher and his wite in charge of the station, at present without a European missionary; on Malekula two toachers and their wives under Messrs. Legratt and Morto.a; on Malo, a teacher and his wife, a married couple and a boy, as servants under Mr. íandels. And to-day I was speaking to a young man to go to Aniwa. where Mr. l'aton laboured so long and so faithfully, to take charge of the work there. This is in accomance with the request of Mr. Watt, who has ch.urge of that station. Five of these belong to the class of young men who received it special training, being supported by friends of the Mission in Montreal, and other places. I am sure conid those who so kindly contributed to the support of these young men only reslize the assistance they have rendered to the Lord's work here, they would not consider that their monoy had been misspent. The rest of the class are employed on the r own island, and are indispensable to the work.
Having received contributions from several S. Schools, I have taken amother class, most. of them young, with the same object in view, but hoping, should financial circumstances admit, to keep them longer. As in former years we have devoted a good deal of time to teaching. We have morning school attemiled more or less resularly by all the adults. After an intermission of about half ath hour, the ehildren's scheol is held. The name of every child in the villaze, of a propar aye, is on the roll, and the attendance is very regular. Besides reading in Efatese and English, they are taught writing, arithmetic, georrapiy, Scripture, history and useful knowledge. While this school is going on in the church, we are now building a proper school-room, the old ne having fallen into decay. Mrs. MacKenzie has a class in English on the verandah of our house-children of settlers living near us. At the close of the children's school, medicine is dispensed, after which the training class meets on Mondays and Thursday, but on the other days of the week, in the evening, as other classes interfere with it, viz, a cand dates' class on 'Tuesday and Wednesday, at ditferent villages, and a class for toachers assisting in the work and others on Fridars. At the close of this class I give the sutlines of a sermon to those who are to conduct service on Sabbath
at the out-stations. A number attending this Friday class are a sort of reserve force. They conduct service when the teacher of a station is ill or absent, and itinerate occasionally. But a special object of this class is to endeavour to give to four or five of the most influential church members of each village as much instruction of a practical nature as possible, in order that they may support their chiefsfive of whom also attend-in the exercise of their authority, and thus make them more self dependent. Formely they came to me with all their troubles, and often much time was lost in listening to their complaints. After school they talk over the affairs of their respective villages, and come to me with the more important matters. The chief by himself does not exercise much authority, but supported by some of the principal men of the village, law and order are respected and necessary disciplino is exercised.

The French priest who settied near Meli some time ago has left. He found there was no hope of gaining an entrance amongst that people. We, too, have found them a hard lot to deal with; much bolder and more insolent than any others we have ever come in contact with. It is the largest village on the island, and dreaded by all the other villages. Their opposition becamie very violent some time ago, and we thought it prudent to leave them for a time. For several months past, however, we have visited them occasionally, and they havo not again attempted to drive us away. But bad as they are, their hearts are not too hard for the grace of God to subdue. We bave been permitted recently to gather some first fruits. Three of them, two women and a man have moved to Fila and joined us. That in due time the whole village must submit to Him who is Governor among the nations, I have not the shadow of a duubt. May God hasten the day.

Rev. Hygh A. Robentsos; of Eromanga, in a recent letter, says:-"It is simply delightful to note the changes in the field since we arrived in the New Hebrides in 1872. Encouraging reports come from nearly all the stations. Epi has a population of $10,000, \mathrm{Mr}$. Fraser has 14 teachers at work, and ho asks as many more. Messrs. Mackenzio and Macdonald have translated the whole New Testament into Efatese, and the volume is now being printed at Melbourne. The other stations are most hopeful. The work on Eromanga was never more encouraging. The converis are doing their best to aid the work of the Mission by their contributions and otherwise." Mr. Robertson with his family came to Australia in the "Dayspring." Mirs. R. is not well-has not been well for yoars, though at present her condition is not alarming. Mr. R hopes she will be abie to return to Eromanga in Sept.

The Darspring.-The 25th Annual Report of the Mission Vessel, Dayspring, is now before us. The Dayspring sails from Sydney for the Islands in the last week of Marci. She is expected back early in September She will sail again about ton days after her arrival. Thus she makes two voyages a year, visiting all the principal stations and as many minor ones as she can overtake. There are now sixteen missionaries with their wives in the groun, -occupying Efate, Eromanga, Santo, Aneityum, Futuna, Aniwa, Malekula, Tanna, Nguna, Tongoa, Epi, Male. 'Fhe affairs of the Dayspring are managed by a Buard at Sydney, selected and appointed by the New Hebrides Synod. Last year her spring voyage occupied 23 days to Aneityum. She delivered stores and mails at all the stations and returned to Sydney on the 5th September. She started for the islands again on the 18th Sept., and returned on the 27 th Dec. Thus she serves the mission instead of railway, steamer, posiman and express waggon. The cost of running hex last year amounted to $£ 160419 \mathrm{~s}$. 5 d . stg --say about $\$ 7,800$. We contribute $£ 250 \mathrm{stg}$. and the Free Church a like sum. The rest is raised by the Australasian churches.

## ©rinidad edissions.

Rem EV. JUHA MORTON, under date March 7th, writes :-On returning from Barbados, January 25 th much improved in health, I found on my tahle two well-printed volumes, being the official report of the Conference on Missions held in Exeter Hall, June, 1888. These volumes should be extensively read, and be mastered by every missionary and every nember of Mission Boards throughout ihe world. They are books to be carefully read and then referred to and consulted on all questions connected with missions. Though the methods and management of the Trinidad Mission are in rymarkable harmony with those approved by the Conferenco, these volumes can yet teach us much, and are specially valuable as inspiring hope, quickening zeal, and making us sensiblo of our fellowship with the great army at home and abroad who labour for Christ.

One of the subjects brought before us at the close of the year is the state of the accounts. I began 1858 with $£ 133$ 7s. stg. debt; I closed with six shillings in hand, having built two new school-houses outside of my estimate. For this, I tiank God from whom all blessings flow, and I thank very especially the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of th:e West for $\$ 300.00$, which were received in answer to prayer, and, I am confident, were given with prayer. The subject of giving to God, as a part of our religious life and of worship, has lately been brought before the Cheistians in my district individually, and every man and woman has renewed or increased his or her
neekly subscription. The children aregiving as a separate scheme, and some of the old who cannot earn money are to give work in keeping the church grounds in order. Cottaje meetings have been started, condusted wholly by the people themselves. These are attracting the heathen neighbours especially through the singing. Next to the Bible comes the Hymn Book in the mission field.

## formosat.

${ }_{\sigma}^{\text {eon }} \mathrm{HE}$ following letters from Dr. MacKay and Rev. Mr. Jamieson, dated respectively the 8th and the 28th of January, and addressed io Dr. Warlrope, have been sent to us for publication. Read in the light of correspondence already - published in Toronto papers, and also with reference to the published proceeding of F. M. Committee (west) There appears to be a strong desire on Dr. Mackay's part to retain Mr. Jamieson as his assistant, and a willingness on Mr. Jamieson's part to remain in Formosa and do the best he can in the interests of the work, -

Dr. MacKay writes;-" I am grieved to the very core of my heart about you all being troubled. If Mr. Jamieson had only taken my advice long ago, if he just waked up as nou, how different all would have been

But now I am rery anxious about him being allowed to remain here. On Sab. he was at Chinnih preaching, and is every day doing work in the mission. Suon he will be making a long trip amongst our stations with a living heart at work. Surely that is onough. He is working now an'l is able enough to do work in the field for our Blessed Lord-You may expect fuller information about the whole work than ever before forwarded to you. Even now I send you a Preacher's statoment about living, so you all can seo if thoy have high salaries or not. He gets $\$ 10$. per month - (chopped)' dollars here, such as are going. Not gold. The family consists of himself, wife and two children, and is now on the East Coast. Rice per month, $\$ 3.00$; Oil, Salt, Vegetables, $\$ 4.00$; Coal, $\$ 1.50$; For carrying water and pounding rice, $\$ 0.65 ; 3$ must shave their heads $\$ 0.30$; Shoes, storkings ©cc. $\$ 0.38$; Total per month: 59.83 . There is a great difference between this and the mainland.

Mr. Jamirson says:-'I notice by a letter in "Canada Presbyterian" of date Dec:omber 5th, 18SS, that there seems it disposition on the part of some, to cast reflections on the Foreign Nission Committee, because of information IIrs. Jamiosun and I recontly published in Canada. No blame in reason can possibly be attached to the Committee su far as tho discharge of their duty is concerned. The Committee could not be expected to require any
further information about my work than they had in their hands: and I did not make facts clear to them, hocause I, myrelf, did not realize my situation, and really believed I was helping in the work more than I was. And therefore, rather hastily, I confess, rushed into print The information I gave should have been given through the proper channel.

Howevor, those far anay may find it difficult to understand our letters, thore is nothing at all mysterious or strange about the matter, such information was sininly the outcome of the natural course of events; and if others could see as all here as the field have seen, perhaps not much blame would be attached to any one. The fact is, my wife and I landed here with sentimental ideas of preaching the gospel to the heathen, then after Mrs. Jamieson found out what practical mission work means, having already given wrons impressions, she found it very difficult to make her situation understood.

While still clinging to our former home ideas about how to win the heathen, we made many mistakes in dealing with Chinese, and Dr. Mackay and other labourers in the meantine were the innocent sufferers on that account. When we came more and more to see the results of such mistakes, of course we could not bot admire their patience. I am not now attompting what is beyond my ability, but every day doing what I think sensible Christians in any land ought to do whether missionaries athome or abroad--just whatever I can to be useful and helpful to the Lord's work and his people. The regular, solid work of the church in all its branches is steadily going on from day to day around us, of which you will have full information before long.

## THE CHINESE.

For twelve years the United States Government has striven to keep the Chinese out of that great country. Among the people of California, and even further east, there is a feeling of bitter hostility against C'hinese. They have been, in not a few cases, the victims of robbery, incendiarism, and murderous violence. Last summer an Act of Congress enforces their total exclusion from the United States. Still they continue to come. We, as well as our neighbours are deeply interested in the Chinese, and we are glad that mission work has commenced among them in Victoria and in Winnipeg. This is as it ought to be. It is a christian duty to be kind to the stranger, even if that stranger should be a Chinaman. Mongolians as well as Celis and Teutons are our neighbours; and we are to love our neighbour as ourselves. The best thing we can do for the strangers is to meet them with the Gospel of the Lord Jesus, and then whether they continue in this country or pass on to the south, or return to their own land, they will at least know a little concerning the Saviour.

Our Presbyterian brethren in the Unitel States disapprove of the policy of oxcluding the Chivese. They justly say that laws restricting or forbidding immigration should apply to all nations and races alike. There is no reason for excluding the Chinese that would not apply to other nations. China has as gool a risht to expel and excludo Americans as Americaus have to exclude the Chinese. But tho pulicy of exclusion cannot continue very long. Proridence is against it; Christianity is against it. hir : is destined to becomo a great and leading :hristian nation-a blessing to the world.

## 

MONJIEAL: May, loss.

## JAMES CROIL, ROBERT MURRAY, $\}$ Editors.

Price: 25 cts. per annum, in Parcels to one address. Single copies, 00 cts . per cunum.

PAYMENT IN ADVANCE.

Anticies intended for insertion shonld be sent to the Oflice of Publication by the jifth of the munth at latest.
Remittances and correspondence of every kind chould be addressed to "The Presuramani liecuri," Box 415 Poft Jfice, Montreal.

${ }_{\omega}^{9}$$T$ is gratifying to notice that we are to close the ecclesiastical year with all the Missionary Funds of the Church in a satisfactory condition. The following is for the special information of our friends in the east:-
At the close of March, the following amomints were required to bring out all the funds free from debt on the 1st May :--Foreign Missions, \$2,200; Home Missions, 700; Aurmentation Fund, 1,397; College, S85; Bursary, 500; Aged Ministers, 300. Making in all $\$ 5,932$. This note will probably meet the eyes of many who have forgotten or neglected to send their gifts. You may yet be in time, as the Treasurer's books do not cioso till May tuh. Do not forget! The Augmentation Fund is likely to prove successful this year in the eastern section. Two Presbyteries, -those of Pictou and Miramichi-bave already raised moro than the share ailoted to them, and other Presbyteries are working up to the right figure: .

## 象iterature.

Centery of Cimasmin Phingeas: By Rev. . James Johnston, F.S.S, anthur of "A Century of Protestant Aissions" otc. pp. 199. "This little bnok," the author tells us in his prefaco, "is only a part of what was intender to havo been a much latger volume, for which the materials were all preparoly, bit thrown aside when the writer was unexp :tedly called upon to ast as Secretary to the Committee of the Conference on Fure: Mis Missions." Thougitful readers, however. will be thankful for whet hey havo received and will tind much to interest and encourage them in resnect of the relature growtin of Christianity compared with lieathenism.

The Cross, Anclevi and Monemi, by Willson IV. Blake; Ansoin 1). Randolph \& Co. New York. 51.50 with mumerons illustrations; W. Foster Brown \& Co. Montreal. From the samt publishers, "Tumsinar or Cimst"-'Choughis on the indwelling of the HolySpintian the belicver ant the Church, by Rev. Andreiv Murray, pp. 394. Price $51.2 \overline{0}$. Also Anciext Spamia Ballads by J. G. Lockart, pe. 299. I'rice \$1.50.
The Priest, the Woman, and tho Confessowal, By Futher Chiniquy, a new edition by F. E. Grafton \& Sons, Montreal-40cts. in paiser covers; 75 cts . in cloth.

Minister's Widuws and Orphan's Fexd, Mahitme Provincis. Rev. Gcorge Potersons DD. Sccy. Receipts from 2 Sth Feby. to 3lst March. Mimisters Rates. Rev. G. Mi. Grant DD. $\$ 15.60$ Rev. W. P. Begr $\$ 113.10$ Congregational coliections, Mira, Economy and Five Islands, Boularderie, Black River, Florenceville $\$ 2$ each, Malayawatch and River Dennis $\$ 4$, Sydney Mines, $\$ 3$, Zion Church Charlottetown, P. E. I. \$10, Tutal \$27.

Omitted.-Ponte aux Trembil.s Echuons. Campbellton S. School-\$16.00.

## S. S. LIBRARIES.

Sehools desiring to replenish their Iibraries cinanot do better thim send to

## W. DRYSDALE \& CO.,

232 St. Janes Street, Montreal, wiero they can seleat from the choicest stuck in the Dominion, and at very low prices. Mr. Dryshuc is premred to give sucecial inducements. Send fo extallugue and prices. School requisites of every deseription constantly on hard.
Presbsteriat llymana, all strles suppled. Send for catalogue.
catalage. Paton's Diamy. By ituv L. H. Jurdan, Neig
 and comprehensive phat. liy Rev. L. II. Jurdan.
younger's countine house guide

## Srhumwheligments.

Received by Res. Dr. Reid, Agent of the Uhurch at Toronte Obice, 15 'Liremto Street, Pust Offico Drawer

## Rssembsy Fund.

Reaeived to 5th Mar., $1889, \$ 1805.85$; Omenee, Mt. Pleasant mand Lakevale, 5.00: Aldborough, to0; Camden and Tamworth, $1 . c 0$ : hordon, st and drow's. 20.00 ; sis. Thom:s 25 . 40 : Mocar jurns, 12.00 ; Amos, $603 ;$ Alawick, 2.50 : Yarmouth, 6.00 ; New London and Kerouston, $3 . j 0: S t$ John's, St Androw's, 10.00: Eust
 3.00: Middyo Miver, 2.76 : Malifax. St Andrevs, 400 ; Shedine, 4.50 : Upper Stewiacke, 5 , 0 ; Colditream; 1.00; Halifax. St John, 12.00 : Loch Lomond amd Framboise, $2.00^{\circ}: 150 \mathrm{ch}$ fast, 4.00: Sydnes. Eatmonth St, $2.00^{\prime}$ Giadarus, 1.00 : Hatifas, st Matherv's, 20.00 Bass River. 3.09 : Sgrimgich and English Setulement, 1.35 ; Culus srille, 2.00 ; Eng!ish Settleanont, T.80: E'miskillen and Cartwright, 2.03: Ney W. stminster, St Andres's. 1.00 : ceroonde, 4.00 : Metis, 1.00: Whito Ladse, © (0; Jiurastoren,
 8.00 ; Strat ford, St Andrew's. 4.00 ; Mandaumin. 400 ; Othava st Androur's, 20.10 ; Peterboro', St J'aul's, 30 01: Undorwood. 3. k3: © (ymstown, 4.00 : Kintore, 2.00 : Carruke, 3.59 ; Langide, 100 ; Alvinson, 4.60 ; Brapier, 3.0a; Anens, $1.00:$ W Fissa, Burns' 3.00 ; Woodstocts. Knox, 22.00; 'Toronto, it Andirew's, 33.50 : Eamilton, b esbyters, 7 . 15 : IFamilton, Jresbyters addi. 153 .10: Owen Sound, linox, 8 of isrockville ist 10.00 , Keados 50 ; 1 rockville, Ist, 10.00; Keady, 5.n0; w (iwillimbury,
 3.00: Eimvale, 2.10 ; Southatupton, 8.00 ; Renmore, 20 ; Stavacr, 5.00 , Tavistock. 1.06: Gravenhurer, ion; Springrille, 685 : 1 le 気eville, St An : drow's. 1000 Enghsh Miter and Howick. 540 ; Montreal Eisskine 30.03: Iluntingdon, St And'v's, 8.00; Corunnar 3.00 ; Esen Tawnline, i. 00 ; Weston, 2.01 ; Belleville, John St, Duff kirthil, $7.00 ;$ Rast Puslineh, vilm, 100 ; Essaralist, ?.00; Bataklayi1.00 ; Osnabrued, $2.0 j$ Balahlava, Falls', St. Andrev's, $i$ to : Burford, 2.00 : Toronto, Bloor St. 5 \& 5 ; Denmis, 3.00: Criemore 4.co: E iotiawrasiga, 4.00 ; Dunedin. 2.00 : Horonto. East, $15.03:$ Ashrield. 306 : Cardinat, 5.04 ; Mainsyille. i.:00: Westhort and Newboro' 3.0n: Cedarville and Esplin, 4.03 : McIntogh, $2.40^{\circ}$; Cobourg 101013 ; Palmerston, 5.00 ; Cobourg, 10.04s; Napance 2. 09 : Glad-
 Falls. 2 of ; Balderion and brammond, 3 0.9: Balderson and Drummond SS, 100 : Cornvall, Kiox ch. 8 O0: AInrkh:m, S\& Andrew's, 5.00 ; Toronto, Erskinc, 12 co - Toronto Chalmers 12.0:Gatl, Minox, $27.00:$ Stirliur 30 ge .3 .00 : Sunnidale, 255 Stirling, 3.00 : Leslieville, 6.0); Parkdale. 19.00 ; Fullarton, 9.01 : AvonWavk; 7 . 00 D Duntroon, 206 ; St indrems. 1.0 ; Pebridinetanguishenm and
 W00; Aslifield, 200 E Embro, 9.01 : Woodville. 8.00 Chectorfield, 9.60 ; Toronto, Kinex oh, 40.02 ; Bear Creek;

Cariuke
Jrin

Nipier

300; Orillia, 10.00 , Mitton, 4.00 ; Uammoque, 510 ; isildomm, 3.00 ; Now loweh, 1.00 ; Athe'stane, 5. 10 : Richmond and Sititsville, 5io: In: nestil. St Johm's, 3.00 : Erin, 6.00 ; Wspringe, 3.03 : 'Brucobridge, 2.03 ; Wallacotown, $4.00 ;$ Beamsvilo, 2.110 : Clinton, 5.00: Vaighan, Knox, 5.05: Cumpellford, 5.60. Vancouver, 1st, 3.00.-Total \$2,872. 36 .

## Ifume Misaton Fund.

Received to 5 th March $\$ 31,655.99$
0 memec, Mt.
Omemec, Mt. Pleasant, se. $\$ 36.10$
Corbett ...... ........... $\underset{2}{00}$

Carlislo SS 5.100

Kineardine Tp, Cuainers.... 2. in
A Fricno. Ottava.
A Fricno, Otawa........ 40.00
Scmitar Yidal, Sarna.a...... $\quad \frac{20.10}{20}$


Moare Lit.e.............................03


West Bentinck ................ $\overline{5} .60$
Alaborough
Camben mal Tamworth........ 2500
Ereseent Lake Fiell.......... $2.0^{\prime \prime}$
arold.......... . .. ....
0il owen Sonnd, Division St 20.
2.mm Marringhust ............... 150

London, St Andrew's......... 270.00
Lumbun, St Andrew's $S$ S $\ldots 130.00$
ondion, St Amilrow's (North
WuerloosS)
0. 00
18. 00
$18 . .16$
SThomas. S -
Exccuturs Mrs.Sarah Frank-
lin Streessvilse
200.10

Carbersy
10.00

Wirrowsmith
Two Sisters.
Svan Lake Ficld .... Falls.. $\quad 3.00$
tiladstone.............. 500
Brochville, 1st.......... 30.1 m

Wick
Daville
Humbille

Ainwict
Execntors James Siaw, Bay.
field Rond
2000

Anwick

Mamilem, Centr,i.
cowdale
Niagara S:His, South
Eabsibllen and Cartwright.
Relgrave
Relgrave
Ospooile
New Westmiaster, St Ändㅄ..
Vittoria
Madoc St. Peter's
Whito Lalic
13urustown
St Catharines, Ilaynes ave
Ottava, St Andrev's SS..
Othara, Bauk st.
11 CM
lecrima
London, ist.
Craighuret.
Ernestown \& Erederieksbur
Erin S S
Amman
lielmont S S
A Friend, Pitisiey
Stritiford. St Andrer's.....
Mandaumim
Mono Milils
Mono. East
Adjiali
Vinderry
Jumes Noble.Jarvis.
Purt Colborne
New lowell
Anens
Kintore
Westrmod
Creenhank

Bemtrose ............ 15.00

13.00 prorb, ro. hn, St Autrev's.. 815.39
21.00 Pitrenham....... Ai......... 1500
2.00 fiumhrasiz.......................... in 00
6. mi Billidule.
$11500)$
a) Chm:ale

10.00 Gev Dodds and fäuily....... 10.00
10.00 Geo Dodds and faunily ......... 10.00

78.55 Grimshy.......................... 18.60



11.00 Or:venhurst $\ldots . . . . . . . .$.
5. 00 Dunwich. Chaimer's ….... 34. 60
29.10
11.00 St Therese …................. 1252
5.04 Kinloss .................... 15.05
8.an Euvishale ........ ...... 12.5
$\begin{array}{lll}12.01 & \text { Husiskillen } \\ \text { Hutingdon, } \\ \text { St } & \text { Andrew's.... } & 6.00 \\ 40.00\end{array}$
neside.
Alrinston
Fermac Melvilie s s......
Picton, Knox ch. Y L M Mand
lhaliurst, St Luke
Sringatide
Shubemanadin aud It Ste-
Mrs Archibald, Port Inast-
ings, NW
Lovor Musanodoboit, iv iw...
25.ni

## Arundel

70.00

West Farnhaw ......................... $\quad 7.37$
Taree Rivers
5. 27

10.02
10.0

15 of Dhasamon and Port Alberi.
2. 20 Catedonia

24 Sess Townline, .............. 8000
47.0 ratrie........ . ..........


18 en liev. D. Gras; Orillia …... 1000

2250 Elor Chatmer's chä class.

10.25
70.00

800 A Friend of Mjusinas........
$\begin{array}{ll}4.00 \\ 7.004 & 1.5 s i a \\ \text { Batit } \\ \text { Ist }\end{array}$
7.00
7.01
30.00
30.00

| Smith's Falls, St Andrews... | 90.00 | Nipissing Junction. .... ..... | $\text { - } 13.36$ | Stipend Augarentation | Fund. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Summorstown | 1700 | Raymond |  | Received to 5th March..... | $15,376.2$ |
| Toronto, Bloor St | 115.00 | Deebank <br> J. | $\begin{array}{r} 5.00 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | West Bentincls. | $1.2$ |
| Norwioh....... | 67.79 7.50 | J. 17 | $\begin{array}{r} 10.00 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$ | Camden aud Tamwor | 35.00 |
| Esquesing, Bo | 54.00 | Maganctawan | 13.00 |  | 13.00 |
| Dunn's C | 5.00 | Powagsan | 20.44 | London, St Androw's | 110.00 90.00 |
| Glenral | 5.00 | South Falls | 12.51 | Danville. . | 20.00 20.00 |
| Craemore... | 9.00 | Ufingron | 13.44 | Carberry | 11.00 |
| E Nottnwas | 6.00 6.04 | Oakley... Craichurs | 20.01 | North Vasthope | 1800 |
| Berlin | 9.00 | Midhurst | 10.00 | Hamilton, Centra |  |
| Birtle | 1400 | Port Sydno | 6.25 | West Tibur ${ }^{\text {com }}$ | 8.13 |
| Toronto, East | 7005 | Cuitholm | 0.81 | Nest Tilibury. | 4.59 |
| Ashfield ..... | 4500 | Stro | 9.17 | Nerranali. | ${ }_{22} .20$ |
| Walpolo | 15 (4) | Sundridg | 43.02 | NiagaraFalls, Sonth | 8.70 |
| North Brant | 17.60 | Sudbury. | $43.35$ | Enniskillenand Cartwright | 9.00 |
| Cardinal.... | 30.00 | Lynch Lake | $10.78$ | Belgravo | 13.00 |
| Maintvillo... | 3.(4) | Nort! Ba | $1.9)$ | New Westminstor | 30.00 |
| Easi Nortana N | 5 | Aspdin | 9.37 8.77 | Madoc, St Poter's. | 5000 |
| Cedarvilio and Esplin | 8.00 | Rurtienu | 8.77 | White Lake . - .. ... .... | 1000 |
| Fordwich............. | 9 | Trout Lake. | 1.70 | Burnstown............... | 10.00 |
| Fordwich | 532 | Cadurcis | 1.30 | Regima. ......... . | 25.00 |
| London, lark Avenue S S . | 8500 | Parey Sound | 1.50 | Lendon, 1st | 66.21 |
| Cobourg | 77.30 | Vashngo | 8.00 | Wroxeter. | 6.31 |
| Cobours | 10.01 | Minesing. | 7.00 | Ernestown \& Frodericksburg | 9.50 |
| Napanec. | 3.10 8.00 | Sturzeon <br> Ardtrea. | 21.90 | Forest................... .- | 10.00 |
| Caledon | 18.00 | Ardirea. | 8.00 | Stratford, St Andrew's | 20.00 |
| Crysler. | 5.6 | Ridout. | 2.20 | Mandaumin |  |
| Brighton | 4.50 | St Joseph Isia | 12.00 | Mawkesbur | 15.00 |
| Fenelon Falls | 600 | 1,ittle Current | 35.22 | Mono Last. | 10.00 |
| Balderson and Drummond | 28.60 | Manitowaning | 30.70 | Adjaln. | 10.00 |
| Balderson and DrummondSS | 901 | Sault Sto Marie | 43.10 | Cambra | 4.0 |
| Cornrall, Knox | $80 . \mathrm{co}$ | Gore bay | 6.00 | Underwood | 10.00 |
| Markham, St Andrev's.... | 60.00 | Cockburn | 5.00 | Angus..... | 750 |
| Markham, St Andrew's S S | 1000 | Tarbut | 15.00 | Kintore | 25.00 |
|  | 8.10 | Woman, Mon | 1.00 | Westwood | 2400 |
| Toronto, Chalmers | 171.00 |  | 10.00 | Cariuke.. | 7.00 |
| Woodbridge | 26.00 | Mrs Wm Camplell, Roslin. | 10.00 | Erin | 200 |
| Sunnidale.... | 8.00 | Garafraxa, St Jobn's | 2.01 | Langsido | 10.00 |
| Chinguacouss, 1st. | 40.00 | Garafraxa, St J | 200 | Alvinston......... ......... | 10.00 |
| Chinguacouss, 2nd | 50.10 | Clifford | 24.00 | Napier | 10.00 |
| Stirling. | 10.01 |  | 31.32 | Holstein | 425 |
|  | 18.00 | Vinnipeg, Knox ch IS class. | 51.00 | 'roronto, Er | 100.60 |
| coslic | 35.04 | Pusiinch, Duff ch Miss Band. | 6.45 | W Essia, 13urns'. | 6.00 |
| Ventnor | 15.00 | Kamloons | 25.00 | Woodstock, Knox | 86.25 |
| Spencerville..... | 55.07 | Martney | 11.00 | Woodstork, Knox B class.. | 20.00 |
| Spencerville S S | 15.00 | Victoria District ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 10.00 | Dundns St ch............... | 5.00 |
| Bristol.. | 46.10 | Ottarra, Bank St ch SS | $63 . c 0$ | McIntosh | 150 |
| Parkdale. | 152.00 | New Lowell. | 5.00 | Thorold...... ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$.... . | 15.00 |
| lmherstburg | 14.00 | Severn Bridgo | 18.70 | Offen Sound, | 54.00 |
| Burton. | 2.0.) | Spence. | 13.50 | Marringhurst. | 9.25 |
| CEMcLean, Consecon | 3.35 | Croft | 11.45 | Harromsmith | 9.00 |
| Duntroon | 10.00 | Algoma Mills | 10.00 | Wilton. | 8.00 |
| St Andrers | 5.00 | Montrenl, Wom Miss SocalW | 1100 | Leitb. | 3.00 |
| Leaskdale . | 24.0 | St Sylvester | 280 | Glidston | 40.00 |
| Zophyr.... | 1500 | St Louis de Gonza | 20.00 | Brockville, is | 75.00 |
| Penetanguishene, $\delta$ | 9.00 | Athelstane. | 25.00 | Svdenham, St.P | 6.51 |
| Thessalon | 34.70 | Richmond an | 5.00 | W Gwiltimbury, 2 n | 20.00 |
| Ansonia | 5.90 | Rockburnand Gore | 6.10 | Mclrose, \&c. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7.88 |
| Hydo Park | 13.50 | Samyerville.. | 4.5 | Wilbur. ... ................ | 2.50 |
| Hydo Parks | 7.00 | St John's Innisfi! - ${ }^{\text {coio }}$ | 20.00 | Miontrose | 15.00 |
| Ramoka S | 6.00 25.00 | Church of Scotland (.E50) | $243.8{ }^{\circ}$ | Dunnville | 10.00 |
| Reamsay. ${ }_{\text {S }}$ | 25.00 | Ospringe. | 4.00 | Ottarras St Andrers' | 550.00 |
| Seaforth. 1 st | 93.53 | Bracebrid | 24.03 | Peterborough, St Andrew's. . | +6.00 |
| Chesterfield | 60.00 | Monck | 6.00 | Pakenham. . ...... ......... | 17.00 |
| John Charlton, M. | 200.00 | Brockville, St Joh | 72.70 | Euphrasia. | 20.00 |
| Belloville, St Andrew's..... | 16.00 | ${ }^{\text {J A C C, Ailsa Craig }}$ | 15.00 | Holland... | 9.00 |
| Toronto. Blonr St ch S S..... | 103.00 | Allansville. | 3.51 | Southampton | 43.00 |
| Clinton Willis | 10003 | Wallacotorn | 15.00 | Comos.... | 5.00 |
| Huntsvillo | 5.00 | 11411 | 8.86 | Kenmoro | 2.00 |
| Jasper. | 4.00 | Tilbury Eas | 23.00 | OroEsson | 10.00 |
| Bear Cre | 12.30 | Beamsvillc | 30.00 | Oro Willis | 10.00 |
| Milton. | 1500 | Clinton | 15.00 | Stayner. | 15.60 |
| Kildonan | 50.00 | Mount Ple | 27.21 | Uneida. | 26.00 |
| Battleford | 18.00 | Cbeltenham | $20.51)$ | Tavistock | 5.00 |
| Comm Coll barric, Pres | 154 | Scarboro', | 15.00 | Gravenhurs | 15.00 |
| Callander | 3.40 | Monckto | 6.95 | Dunwioh, Chaim | 15.00 |
| Wisawassa. | 4.14 | Orillia. | 33.43 | Springville | 15.32 |
| Orange Valley | 6.18 | Gananoque | 55.09 | Belleville, St Andrew' | 10000 |
| Katrine | 8.02 | Montral, Knox | 125.00 | Kinloss .............. | 7.00 |
| Burk's Falls | 16.48 | W M Rochester, Mont', NW | 15.00 | Yiversdai | 5.70 |
| Novar | 12.88 | Campbellford................ | 73.03 | Enniskillen | 3.00 |
| Elmsdale | 23.21 | Vancouver, ls | 125.00 | Threo Rive | 25.00 |
| prucedale | 5.42 |  |  | Arundel | 5.00 |
| Morrison.............. . ... | 21.93 |  | ,103.17 | Montreal, Calvin | 15.00 |

Montreal, Calvin ch S S .
Viororia, St Andrew's.
Tarbolton
Dungannon and Port A A 1 bert .
Esser Tomnline
Jnris.
Woston............
Belleville, John St.
Kippen
Eirkhill
Elora. Chalmer's
East Puslinoh. Duff.
Gardon Hill and Knoxville.
Mount Pleasant.
Essa 1st.
Smith's Falls, St Andrew 's
Summerstown.
Bethany ${ }_{\text {Toronto }}$ Bloor St...
Eairbairn.
Dunn'sch.
Glenvale.
E Nottawasaga.
Dunedin
Berlin.
Annad
Ashtiek.
Admaston
Calnoke
Mainsville
West Dort and Newboro
E Normanby.
Cedarvillo and Esplin
London, Park Avo SS.
Cobourg.
Caledon East
Morevood
Erighton
Fenelon Falls
Ivy.
Ayr, Stanley Sit.
Balderson aud Drummoud.
Balderson \& Drummond S S
G:rnyall, Knox.
Markham.St Andrew's.
Coronto, Chelmer's.
Woodbridge
Sunuidale....... ist
Chinguacousy, 2mi
Stirling
Flos
Leslievilie
Snencervill
Allansville
Parkdale

## Cotswold

Lanark, St Andrew's.........
Duntroon
St Androms
Zephyr
Penetanguishene, \&c.
Delaware
Seaiorth, ist
Nor: h Brant.
West Bentinck
Port Hope, 1 st.
Harriston, Knox
Cayugarnd Mít. Healy
chesterfield.
Toronto, Bloor st ch S S
Clinton, Willis
Buntsville
Jasper
Kild
Prescott
Minesing
Ondida


|  | 13.30 | Erin | 22.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| innis | 6.10 | Langside. | 3.00 |
| ew Low | 7.50 | Alvinston | 4000 |
| Sylves | 12.50 | Napier | 20.00 |
| Louis du Ganzaguo | 28.00 | llalifax, St | 25.00 |
| Athelstane | 20.10 | Member of W T M S, St An- |  |
| hatha | 6.25 | drew's ch, Halifax... ... | 20.09 |
| oint Eort | 4.24 | Carlislo | 23.16 |
| ower Loed | 1250 | Carris | 4.34 |
| Montreal, Stan | 125.10 | A Frien | 00 |
| ills (Areo | 2.00 | llolstein | 15.00 |
| rockville, St John's | 4500 | lincardino Tp. Cb | 6.00 |
| misfil, St John's. | 800 | West Essa Burns | 8.00 |
| racebridge. | 11.33 | Froodstock, Knox | 5.00 |
| lonck. | 3.68 | Dumiay st | 6.00 |
| ull | 500 | Hamilton, M | 140.00 |
| ibury, Ea | 10.10 | Belinore | 15.00 |
| amsville | 20.0 | McIntos | 32.49 |
|  | 12 CO | Thorold | 15.00 |
| Vauzhan | 10.00 | Owen Sound Kn | 101.00 |
| Bolton | 1.5 .0 ? | Sydenham. 10 th Lin | 10.00 |
| carbor | 18.00 | Marrowsm | 20.00 |
| onkt | 675 | Wilto | 5.00 |
| Orillia | 50.00 | Two sisters | 4.00 |
| Gananoguo | 40.10 | Gladstone | 20.00 |
| oulong | 31.00 | Brockville, Firs | 125.00 |
| pper Litchfield | 9.10 | Kendy | 10.00 |
| shtiold | 7:10 | W Guillimbury, Second. .. | 18.00 |
| Montreal, Knox | 162.(k) | Executors James Shaw, Bay- |  |
| Camphellford | 60.00 | field Road...., ... | 50.00 |
| Vancouver, 1s | 25.00 | Madue, St | 20.00 |
|  | 48302 | Beckvith <br> La Rivie | $\begin{array}{r} 10.60 \\ 5.00 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Uttawa, St Andre | 250.00 |
| Eureign Missiox Fu. |  | Peterborough, St Andrew's | 20.00 |
| Received to 5th March .. $\$ 33$ | 1832 69 |  | 31.00 |
| Onemee, Mt. Pleasant, \&c | 21.00 | Pakenham | 1000 |
| est lentwick . . .. .. | 3.75 | Fuphrasi: | 5.00 |
| Aldborough | 20.00 | Holland | 6.00 |
| Cumden and famworth | 4.00 | Millsual | 10.00 |
| London, St Andrew' | 56600 | Eilnvale | 7.00 |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{t}$ Thorr | 124.53 | Southampton | 20.00 |
| ast Wi | 10.00 | Geo Dodds \& Family | 3.00 |
| W oodbrit | 6.40 | Grimsby. | 2.00 |
| Danville | 8.40 | Alex.0gston, ${ }^{\text {Whitby }}$ | 20.00 |
| a Fricnd, Binbrook | 50. (k) | Stasuer |  |
| Alminick.... | 6.00 | Thristock | 1050 |
| North Eiasthope | 54 1:0 | (iravenhurst | 1600 |
| Hamilton. Central | 340.57 | Dunwich, Cb | 25.60 |
| Rev. Jn'll Mowat, Nowdale. | 500 | Sprineville | 0.67 |
| Mercalfe | 12.63 | Bellevillo, St | 31.00 |
| asse! | 21.23 | hinloss | 800 |
| Fuglish Settlem- | 13.10 | Riversdale | 7.00 |
| ndesborough | 2415 |  | 2.00 |
| Gagaratials, So | 3050 | Muntingdon, | 40.00 |
| Bridford Sabbath Scho | 53.00 | 'Ihree Rivers. | 5.00 |
| W Guillimbury, St John's SS | 24.10 | Engiish River and How | 25.00 |
| Bayfield | 3.03 | Montrexl, Calvin ch SS | 30.00 |
| Enniskillon \& Cartwright. | 1500 | Victoria, St Andres | 25.06 |
| New West! | 86.90 | Dungannon and Port Albert. | $10 . \%$ |
| yner | 2.00 | Gorrio | 6.00 |
| Sunnyside | 5.00 | Jarvis | 15.00 |
| Vittoria | 6.03 | Mrs. McKenzie, Brockville. | 50.00 |
| WhitoLa | 1000 | Weston.. | 12.25 |
| urnstow | $10 . c 0$ | Helleville. John st | 30.60 |
| Catharines, Haynes ave. | 15.00 | Gravel Hill \& Apple IIill | 10.00 |
| St Catharines, Haynos are zS | 15.00 | Bervie ............ | 5.6 |
| Ottawa, Bank st | 102.00 | Oneida | 30.00 |
| RCM | 10.00 | Elora, Chalmers | 25.00 |
| fegina | 8.10 | Elora, Chalmers B Class. | 7.00 |
| St Catharines, Union Meet'g. | 13.62 | East ${ }^{\text {P u uslinch, Duft }}$. | 57.80 |
| London. First | 140.00 | A Friend of Missions. | 4.00 |
| Craighurst | 9.00 | Garden Hild \& Knoxville | 5.00 |
| Erin S S | 5.09 | Mount Pleasant | 13.00 |
| Annan. | 50.39 | Essa, First. | 1.09 |
| A Fricnd, Paislog | 5.06 | Rocky Sauseen | 3.00 |
| Stratford, St Androw's | 32.00 | Balaklava. | 9.60 |
| Mandaumin .... | 8.0 | Smith's Falls, St Andrew's. | 50.00 |
| Jessie, Ottawa. | 2.00 | Burford... ${ }^{\text {a }}$......... | 4.00 |
| Mono Mills. | 5.00 | Tornnto, Blo | 99.00 |
| Mono, E | 5.00 | Norwich. | 7626 |
| Adjala | 5.4 | Fairbairn | 6.00 |
| Undersood | 7.00 | Faimbira SS. | 4.39 |
| James Ncblo, Jarvi | 5.00 | Dennis | 5.00 |
| Jolm Smith, Oncid | 30.00 | Glenvale | 3.00 |
| Kintore | 10.00 | Millbrook | 15.00 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 24.00 \\ 6.50 \end{array}$ | Creemore |  |


'T'oronto, Chalmers.
Cullocien
Willinmstorn. St Andrew's.
Woulloridgo
Sunnidis'e
Chmenacous $\because$, Fin :
Chimparaconsy, Secomd
Colin Caberon, Iroquois......
Frient of India
Leslicuille
Samuel Ilunter.
Berae
Aberarder
Spencervilies S.
Harriston. Union Meecink...
Holstein
Teeswater
Prescott
Ottarsal.....
Sachate...
Sachute. Alary
Brockrillo.
Chathati
Pristol...
Fallarton.
A vonbaik
leniren
Leaskiale
Zephyr
Zephyrs S
AnnanSS.
Duntroen.
St Andrers's
Penatancuishene. \&c
Tozonto. St Jumes sa ch
Hydo lark
Hyde Park S̃S
Komoka.
Scaforth,ist.
Eden Mills.
Chesterficld
Toronto. Bloor st SS.
St Uelen's SS
Jasper......
Bear Miton
Kildonan
piescott.
Alaganctaman
Mincsing
Mrs Wm Campbell, Roslin.
Oncida
Winuiper. limox ch SS
Garafrixa. St Joins.
Garafraxa.St Jchn's SS
Clifford ...
Ayr. linox.
Pirkdale SS
Cruft
Mrs Guillespic, 'Toronto

8
13.00
53.33
25.100
10.00
10.10

1560
1500
4.00
4.00
9.015
90.

| 7 | 1,1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 7 |

19.93
5
5

40 int
30
1531
$\stackrel{3}{2} \cdot(:)$
10.10
1.6 .1
4.015

50
55 (II)
15.011
(i) (W)
40.00
200.00
7.39
75.10

2500
3.00
35.00
24.00
31.00
$1(10.00$
25 . (4)
5in
870
5.10

1000
1363
3.44
11.90

143
$31.2 n$
23.20

5
7.79
12.0
$257 i$

80.10
12.101
8.10
$-5.00$
$+4.00$
1000
14.53
6.07
5.00
3.10
42.10
$\$ .00$
800
500
13.10

800
20.00

160 70
5.00

400
15 r 0
150 ii
25.00
20.00
5.06
5.00
5.00
16.00
7.00
90.00
$\because 00$
2.00
11.? 6
84.67
34.25
34.25
1.10

Montreal Wom MissSoc..... 151.00
St Lonis do Gonzague......... 1610
Alhelstano ................... 25.10
$\therefore$ thylvestre
2.00

Carluke.St Paul's.
lmisfil. St Johns 6.82

Uspringe
Bracelridge
Monck
3.00

Mrs T Camplell, Strathros.
13.
3.00

Lamark
15.00

Wallacetown
5.00

Linox Collese Alumni
300 00
11111
6.00

Thbur Bast.
23.00
$10.0^{\prime}$ '
Cliutci
5.00

Monk on
10.70

Urillia
31.10

Ci:namborae
12.00

9300

154.00
14.60
60.00
15.00
l:ancouver, lst
Richmond
40.60
$\$ 40.855 .37$
Kson Coldege Fund.
Omemee, Mt Pleasant and Lakovale, $\$ \mathbf{S i} .110$ : London, St Andrew's. 50.10: Alborough, $10.00:$ Ridgetown. 15.: 0: North Easthone. 8.ur: Jmaiskillen and Cartwright. 5.00 : St thomas. 30.60 : Vittorti. 2.35; Whte 1,ake, 2005 Londorr. Ist. 50.10 : Undersood, 5.20 : Carlulie. 710 :
 tore. E.40: A Fric:d, 4•0: Buanstown. 2 :0 : W E:s:a, Jurns' ch. 3 © Wuod-tock. Kaox, $80.00:$ Uundas st
 Belmore, 4.55 ; Thorold. $100 \mathrm{~J}:$ Erin. 10. .0: lienas. 3 00: Southampton 2000 : Hamilten, Central, 5000 : Ottawa, Bank st, fo m!! Stayner, $5 .(0):$ Fringuille, 5 09: Linloss. 2.5 : Riversd:ale, 2.:i): Esa Tomnline. 10.00; Weston. 5 (il): Elora. Chalmers' ch. 24 , 00 : Almwick. 450 : WV Gwillim burg, 2nd. 8 (4) least Puslinch, Duff
 Essa. 1st. 4.00: Toronto. Bloor st 7000: Dunn's, 200 : Crcemore. 2.00 : Berlin, $7 . \mathrm{CO}^{1}$ Ilolstein. $0.2 \overline{5}$ : Toronto, E:ast. 25 00: Ilillsdale, 10 v0: Pakeuhatn. 3 c0: 13ellevil!e. John st. 7o .40; Palmerston $10.00:$ Cobours. $30.00:$ Namane, 2 00; Markham. St. An'ws: 10.00; Coronto, Chaliners, 59.06 Leskrville. 2501 ; Partdale. 55.00; Wooduridge, 6 00: Leaskdale, 12.00 ; Zephyr. 400 ; Penctanguisheno and Heyridme. 4. 60: Hede lark. 3 15: Ramsay, $40^{\prime \prime}$. Seaforth. l:t. 14.35: Achfield. 22 ט0: Toronto, Bloor st SS. 10.10: Clinton. Willis, 40.c0: Bear Creek, 000 Rinicy. 10 co: Chesterfield. 1500 : Tavistock 1.co: Chinguncousy. Ist, 13.00 : Chinsuacousy. 2nd. 1500 : $3 \mathrm{rantford}$. Zion chi. 100.00; Flos, 6.00: Ospringe, 2.00: Tilbury Last. 8.00: Jarvis, 5 c0: Cedarville and Esplin. 7. . 0 : Scarboro. Cinalmers, 5.00 ; Urillia, 50 . Wh: Markham. St Andrew's. 6 00: Cedar Grove 2.00: Hesucler, G 45: Riarthan. Miclville. 8.co: Mandaumin, 4 (10 : Bethesda, 14. 00 : North Westminster, 30.00-

## Knox Cohitege Building Fund. <br> Rev John Dunbar, Ioronto, $\$ 20.00$.

## Iivos College Bursary Fend.

Hamilton, Central, $\$ 60.00$; Galt
Inamiton, Central;

Rev Dr Torrance, Guelph. 50.00: J. B. Armstroug, 50 of.

## Knox Cullege EndownentFlind.

Received to 5th March, \$5.550. 68 .
Wm Hendries. II:milton, 250.00 ; Josh Carleton. Walkerton, 500 ; Ciinton. 91. (14): Chatham Tr. linox, 3S.00: M C Cameron, (ioderich, 100.00 : A II Smith, K:nc:rdiue, 400 : Walter Thomson, Mitchell. 10000 : John MeIntosh, Crabrool: 7.10 ; Underwood. 650 ; Westwood. 6100 : Tiverton. 32 50: Svderiam. St Paul's, 16.0): Berlin, 35.90 : Don Murray, Harrington, i. 00 : lieene. 204.00 ; St Mars's. Ist. 63.0j: Dungannon, 7.00 : Calcimaii isid0; 1Elura, Chal. mers'. ill.cu: John Mchay, Mara, 2.03; East Puslinch. 20.50: James: Skene, Latona. 1 (6): Exeter, 27.50 ; Rev (i) B Greir, Australia. 2; $00^{\circ}$ : bunblame. 14.00 : St Thomas, 1000 : Carluke. 33 ( $\mathrm{H}^{2}$ : Exmondville, $31.00^{\circ}$ Rev $\boldsymbol{i}$ sumersille. Uwen Sound. $30.00^{\circ}$ Owen Suma, 33.10: Sam (reorge, Fiamburn W. ј.:K): Alex Ketchem; 10. 50 : lintore. 71.50 : Dorchester; 150.5 Esa 1 st 8.60 Mcatord. $112.50^{\circ}$. W Vamderhurah. Kichmond Hill: $500 ;$ Chfford. 23 w; James Dreadan ${ }^{2}$ juphrasia. $5.04:$ lipnen. 14.00 Jlimosi. $\bar{i} .51$; (icderich. 00 io: Kiilsyth. 1501: Thornburs, 24.06): Ilsdo lark. 13.06: Watton, 15 20; Windsor, 93 U1: P'Andersou. (iuelph, of Ga; Rev IV A Mack:y, Wroodstack, 10.01:D Mclis: y , Elora, 5.60 : Mitton, 21 100: J G Hourl. ${ }^{5} 0!$; Wm. Thompson, Granton, 100 , St Mary's. lst, : 35.60 . -Total. Si,502 25.

## Quern's Cumege: Fund.

North Easthonc. S4. (to: St Thomas, 20.03: leethany, 3 co: Niagara Ealls, south. 6.15: Owen Sound, knox, 25.01: Smineville. 5. 65 : Hellerille. St A..itrews. 3000 : line. St Andreme, 25 t10: Garden Hill :and Knoxville, 2.C0: Essa, lit, 4 (00 Smith's Falls, St Audrews. 20.00: ES Notarwasaga, 2.00 : Pakenham, 4 co ; Wodbridge, 2.c0; Jams iv, 4 . 0 : Peterborough, St indrews. 20.10 : Norwond, 10.00 : Church of Scotlatid £5) (Bursary). 243.20: Campbellford, 200 0.

Montimal Cohefge Fund.
North Eacthonc. $\mathrm{S}\{00$ : F IIarmesbury, 3.00 : 1 lisnode, 1200 : 11 amilton, Mc Nab st. French student. 6000 : Brockville, 37.00: Kienmore, 5.00; Duncamnon and Port Albert, 2000 ; Garden llill and linc xville, 210 ; 1 uncdin. $2000:$ Pakenham, 300 : Ramsay. 4.01: Dubbar. 2 42: Manotuck a!d S (iloucester, 20.00.

## Minitolia Colimgre Fund.

Receired to Sth March, $\$ 2.693 .17$; London. it Amdrew's. 51, 00: St Thomas. 29) no: North Easthone, 400 : Inmmion. Central. in 00 ; Enmskillen :und Cartwrigl:t, 3.00 ; New Westminster. 25.00: Whito
 Bank st. 40 01): London. Ist. © O.co: Mariatumin, $\overline{5} 00$ : Mono Mills, 1.12 ; Mono East, : 6i: A Aljala. 1.93 ; Undermaod. 1 (0): Alvinston, S.OC; Napier, 6.10: W Essa. Burns, 2.00 ; Hamitton, Mey:ibst 20.01 ; Thorold, 5.00; Brockvilie. Ist, 1500 ; Stratford, St Audrems, 500 ; licady; 200 ; W.

Qwillimbur:, 2nd, 2.00 ; Ottava, St Andrew's, 50 no: Pakenhaus, 3.00 ; Southampton, $10.00 ;$ Stasner, 3.01 ; Kinloss. 2 fio ; Ricershale. 200 : Weston, 200 ) Kirkhili. $301 ; \mathrm{F}^{2}$ Puslinch. Duff. 1 5t: Garden 1lill and Knoxrille, 3. 0 : Esa list. 2.50 ; Smith's Falls St Andrews. 1400 ; Toronto, Bloorst. $001:$ Jumn's. o col Crec-
 Duncdin, 2 ó ; Birtle, ti 0.); li ranto,
 Westport and Newboro, 20.$)^{\text {: }}$-dar-
 Balderson and Drummond. 3.00: Balderson and Drummondsis. i.ul: Markhan. St Andrews, 6.18: CornTall, Iinox. 10.00 Foronto, Chalmers', $40 . .0$; Woodibridge. $i$ ont 00 : Chinguacousy, 1st, 5 :0; Chingua: cousy, 2nd, $10 .(N)$; Lesliceille. $33 .(0)$; Parkdale. 3500 : Beaverton, 16.32 ; Leaskdale, 6.00 : Jephyr. 2. N0; Ilve; Park, 2.30 Ramsay, 8 (4): Seraf rth, 1st, 100 : West H:ill, © 00 ; Imisfil, St Johns. 3.(0: Toronto, blonr st SS, 10.03: Church of Scotland, find; Gamebridge, 9.3): Cinton, Willis, 10.00; Reaina, 4 G0; 'Tilbury JFast, 8.00 : Camplellford, 20.00 -Total, $\$ 3,695.09$.

## Widors' asd Orphaise' Fund.

leceived to 5th March, $83 \cos 01$ : West Bentinck. 25: Aliborough;, 10.00 ; Camden and Timmorth. 1.10: Woodrille, 10.00 -St Thomas, 50 on Alnwick, $1 .(11) ;$ jonglish Settiement 10.60; Niagara Falls South, 1.45 : Enniskillen and Carturight. 300 New Wetminster. 1000 O Osmode, 3.00 : White liake. 5.90 Burnstown. 5.00; St Catharines. II:avnes Ave, 10. ©0; Ottarra, Bank st.e25.01: Rerina, 5.00: Sutheriani's Corncre, 200 : Strat forl. St Ancirew's. 5.00 : Mandaumin. $\overline{0}$. $\mathrm{Co}_{\mathrm{j}}$ : Mono Mills, 20 ; Mono Jast. 2.00 : Alja!:a, 1 . 0 : Underwood 2.0 C Carluke ti.00; Erin. 7. 00 : Langside $3 . c 0:$ Ancus 2 (n): $A$ Friend, 1.60 : 1 olstem. 25 : 15 Eica, Burns', 3.no: llarrington. in 25: Dundas. 3 Hol Thornd. 5 (H) ; Brockville 1st. 15.00 : lieady, 3 os): W (ivillumburs, 2nd. 200 I) annville. 3 (v: Ottara. St Anirew's. 7510 : Pcterborouch. St Amirews. 10 (14): lakenham, 9.0 ; ihllsdale, 401 ; Southaminton. $901:$ Kinnure, $400^{\circ}$ : Stavner, 3 (0) Tavetcek, 2011 Grarenburst. 2 u0: ©prmerille. $\delta 22$ : English River and Howick. 700 Montreal. Calvin, $\bar{z}$ un: 1 :sa Tornline. 2 (k): Weron. f (h): liellewhe,
 Chalmers'. 4 (ii: J: Puslinel. Mut. 13.00 - Garden H11 ani Jinoxville.
 Strith's Falls. sit Auricers. F C0
 13.00: Jiann's. 2 : Litondon, hume st, 5.00: Crcemore 3.i:): E: Notiarasa-
 Toronto, East - 11) (v): Ashilich1, 10 (k);
 Mansvilic, $2!$ Westurt ard Nerriorn, $B$ ne: Cedurvillo id Fisplan,
 Morersod, 1 . 0 : : iladstone. 300 : Fenelon Falls, 3 © : balderson and Drummond, 40.9 Balderion and Drummonds 5 , (un; Cornwail, knox 15.0.: Markham, St Andrerss. 600 ; Toronto. Chaluners', 12.40; iVoonChidge, $6 .(0$, Chimanacousy, Ist, 500 ;

penetanguishenel and Wyebridge, 300 : Ramsay. 1000 ; Seaforth, J>t, 111.41: Chesterfield 4 ( 0 : Bear Creek, 7.0:: Kildonan, 800 : Minesine, 3.01 ; St. Sylvester, $2.00:$ Athelstine. 5.00 ; R chmond and Stittswille 500 Innisfll, t.Jolns. 2 (0:0springe, 1 inn: Tillurs, East, 8 no: Beamsrille.

 Montreal Kinox, 2t) (0"; Cimpluell-
 Richmond. 3 al : Leaskdale, 4.00.Total, S4,425.9).

## Agnd \& Infma Ministens' Fund.

Reccived to $\overline{\text { th }}$ March. $\$ 6751.99$ Omemec Mt Pleasant and Lakerale, 15 11: Aldborough, in.0): Camden $13: 0$ T:mworth. I 00 : Woodrille. $13: 30$ : Jomlon, St. Andrew's, 120.00); st Them:s, sulou: E Williams, 4. (1) ; Anwick. 00 © Comber. Ju. $03:$ W Tilbury, $2=6$ : Newdale. 3 on; jne lish settlement, 11.11) : Niagar:u lills Somb, 9 fit Enniskilien and CartWrizht. \& 9'J; liclorave, of ow Now Westminster. 11.60 : 0 sno le, 4.10 ; White Lake. s. (1) Burnstown, 5.00): St Catharimes, Haynes ave, 500 ;
 10 to : London, lirst. 2) 00 : Sutherland's Curners. 2 (ut) Stratfurd, St Andrev's. 1" dia : Mandatumin, 5.00 : Moore Line. 10 (in: Mono Mills, 1.00 ; Mono Dinst. $\because 0: 1$ Adj.al:. 1 () $:$ linderwoml. in : lisishop Mils. $2.60^{2}$ : E:at Oxford $\geq 24$ : Kintore, lim Westwool, 2310 : Carluke, : 01 : Erin, $\overline{7}$.14: bame ide, 3 10: Alvinston, S01: Napier, $i$ eno i Friend,
 3.11: Wondstock, Knw, yi oin; Eden Mills. 2.1 ( - Thorohd, $\overline{5} .90$ : M:arring
 (iladstone. 10.mo Mrackrille. Wirst, 2s 13; licadro 4 (01): W (inillimbury, ind. in (w) ; Dunville. ; 00 ; Montrose. 5 (II) : (htama, St Andrew's. is "1: Peterborough. St Andrerr's 2) rit: l'akenham, 9 to Elmate S (n): Scutliampton. 1500 ; Gcorge Doudds and J:umity. 1.10 : Stayner, (6. (k): Taristoch. 3 on ; Gravenhurst, $201:$ Dunvich. Chaliners ch. 6 7.3: Springrille, 8.2 .0 ; ? ell eville, St Andrew s, 0 to ' Kinloss. 300 Rirersdale $\$ 261$ Fnniskillen. $\therefore$ : 0 ; Enalich River and linriek, Sto: Montreal. Calvin. 1000 ; St Ianis de dionzague. 5.014 ; Lamaerre, $\because 15$ : Lachine. St Andres's. 16.50 ; Dumeannon and Port Abert. 16 $n$; Jarvis, F. Ot Weston. 4 (4); IBelleville, John st 25 m : líng. St Andrev: 10.111; Lirkhill $1000 \div$ Elora, Chalmers', le. (0): E P'n linch. 1)uff, $1_{5.00}$ Garicn Ilill and linoxville. 3.00 ; Ilespeler 7 10; Fssa, 1st, 6.01 - Balaklata, 3.15: Emith's Falls. St Andrews, 1s.0'; Tronto. bloor st (i) (x): Norwich, 15 0.: Esquesing:
 kur st, $\overline{2} 07$ : Crecmore, $300: \mathrm{E}$. Nutawnsaga, odo Dunedin. 200 ; Berlin. S $01=$ Toronto. East, 3.500 ; dshifid 14.(0): Walpnle, 5.00 : North Ismant 4 00: Cardinal, S.0:) : Mainsrille. 3.70; Wesiport, Хerrboro, 4.c0; Cedarville and Esplin, 6 00: London, Park ar SS, 20.00 : Cobours, 20.10 ; Eapance, 300 ; Miorersood, 10.00 : Fenclon Falls, 3.01 Balderson :and Drummond, S.00: Balderson and


901 ; Toronto Cbalmers', 45.00 : Sunnidale, $5.0^{\prime}$; Chinguacousy, Ist. 5110 ; Chinguacouss: 2nd, 5 10; Leslieville, 20. (10: Berne, 430 : Parkdale, 6500 ; Rev Thos Nacpherson, $2510 ;$ Dun troon, ${ }^{4} \mathrm{CO}$ : st. Andrev's, 1.0 J ;
 tanguishene, and Wrebridge, 1.50 ; Hrde Park, 9 05. Ilyde Park SS,
5.0:1: Ramsay 10 ous. Seatar


 Bear Creck. 8 (i) 1 Kihionan, 8.(11) Minesing, 2 (h1 : Manchever 6.50 : Smithrille. 500 : St. Slvestre. 2.00 Athelstanc. 10.0': litehmond and
Stittsville, 5.00 : Stittswille, 5.100 : Innistil, St John's,孔. 0 ; Ospringe. of 00 ; J A C. Ailsa Craig. 5.00 - Wallarctown. $50{ }^{\prime}$ - 'litCurs. East 8 uo Beamsrille. 1300 ; Clinton. 8 00: Ecur orn, Chalmers', 503 ; Monkton. 1 s.5 ; Orillial 25.60 ; !iananoque $2{ }^{2}$ ( 0 ; Rev Jolan Dunbar. Coronth 130: Montreal, K nox, $3^{\prime \prime} 0.0$; Cumpbellford. :2 00: Vancouver, 1st. ${ }^{\text {lfi.fl1 }}:$ Richmond, 5.00.-Total. SS,711.51.

## Whows' and Orphase' Fend. Mininters' lRates.

Received to 5th March, S295.00; Rerds. J J Cochr:ne, 2 rrs, if (x): T Wilson. R ( $0: A$ i brumunond. 800 : f $12 \times$ Burnct.s 0 : $A C$ Sterart S. Mi: Miackin s.ois: J Ste arr, 8.00 ; io Mcarthur s aki, Jokobbie, 2 yrs 1f (10) : 1 ( Cameron. $s$ ol: w Hurns,
 S 01 : JRoss ${ }^{\text {Q }}$ (x) : Alox Hendurson,
 S.i4t: Dr Conhrame. s.0i: Join hords: . of : J Anderson. $S$ on : Ienry
 A Leslic, 800 - lot:i, $\$ 205.00$.

## Aged and Infira Ministers' Fcid. Ministerx' Rates.

Received to 5 th March, $\$ 1241.20$ : Revds. J or Cochranc. $7.0 j: A$ a Drummond 3.T. J $R$ S jurnet, 3.75 ; J Ewing 4.0n; A e Stewart, 100 ; Mrarkir $3 . \overline{5}: J$ Sterart,

 4. 0 : 1 M Mciluc, 3.50 : W Burns, 6.00): N Macphec, $400:$ J C ILealman. 4.50 : J Hally, 3 (0) : is Portcous, 4 16) W Hodicts. 4 on : T. scouler. § 00: J Il (iralham, 3 yrs. inco 0 J
 llender:on, $\therefore i 0$ : J heanio' 350 : R Hume, 4.0 : lir Cochrane, 9.07 : John Murds 4 (n) ; J Anderson tino: br lanin. $4-5$ : llenry (iraces. 6 . 00 : F- A Maclennan. 4.0 : A Leslic. $4.90^{\circ}$ -Total, Sl403.44.

## Thinidab, Day Spring, \&e.

 Haynes as. $\mathrm{ji}(\mathrm{ni)}$ : Onimarines, Andrew's SS. 55. 0in: IV nolitock. linox 120019 : Toronto, old St Andreris (Winchester st $S S$ ), $2 ; 00$ : Mrs MeKenzie, Brockville, in 00; Wltan:a, Bank st SE. G5.41; Ottawa, Bank stSs, 20.00 .

##  ab: Suchet:

Hamilton, Central, 510.00 : Hamilton. Mcivab st. :0.C0; Woodstock, Kinox, 2 1. 40 : Toronto Bloor $\mathrm{St} . \mathrm{SS}$, 10.00; Clinton, Willis, 15.00 .

## Jewish Mission.

North Easthope, 51.50 ; A Eriend, Paisley, 5 (4): Mrs Mclienze, Brockville, 10.04 : ioronto, 13 loor $\mathrm{St}, 50.0: 1$; Toronto, Bloor st Si, 10.00 : Partidale SS, 32.08; J A C, Ails: Craig. $1000:$ Rev P Nicol. Albion, 15 (6) ; Rev.J R Macleod, Kingsbury, 200.

## McAlle Mission.

Mis McKenzie, Brockville, $\$ 10.00$
Cfunci and Manse Building Fund.
Ror A Sterrart, $\$ 5.00$; Ebenezer Ratherford, 3.00: Mrs MeKenzic, Brockville, $59.00 ; D$ Hunter. Toronto, 33.00 Mrs M C Pernie, Berlin, 10. W): Rev D Tait, $10.00 ;$ D J McKinnon, Mimico, 5.00; Chinguacousy, lst, 5.00 ; Church of Scotland ( $£ 100$ ), 486.40 .

## Cemese Sufferers-Honan.

Mrs. McKenzie, Brockville, $\$ 500$; Alexandria, 21.00 . Rev J L Campbell, Cheltenham. $50 j^{\prime} ; \mathrm{Rev} J \mathrm{~K}$ Macheod, Kingsbury, 3.0k.

## Ceisa Inland Mission.

London, St. Andrew's SS, \$5.00.

## Morris College, Quebec.

Metis. \$2.C0; Garden Hill and Knoxville, 2.00.
Halifax College, Nova Scotia. Garden Hill and Knoxville. 200 Lumberasan Mission. Cornwall linex $\qquad$ 10.00

Receired during March, by $\mathrm{Re}{ }^{\top}$ P. M. Morrison, Agent at Halifar, office Chalmer's Hall, Duke street, POBox 338.

## Foreig. Missions

Previously acknowledged $\$ 11,560.40$ Bloomfield, O'jeary di Brae St Matthems, Wallace
Mira
Enox ch, Sucdiac.
In memory of Fanny \& Ery.
Hermonch, Millsrille

Andrew's, Halifax.
St Peter's
Mrs DesErasav, Petite Roche
Nashirank \& Stanles....
Mr Mckelric, Rockland
Woolfrille \& Horton
Musquodoboit llarbor
Chalmers'. Halfx, Endeavor
Valo Colliery
Coldstream ad'l
United ch, New Glasgow
Knox, Wallace.................
equest late Roderick Camp-
bell, Point Lrim, Belfast
Lockeport and East Jordan. .
A Friend, Hopkinton, Mass.
A 13 R 11 for Erro. Teacher.
East River, Pictou.
Malabamatch
River Dennis
Park st, Ifalifax, ad't
Geddic Micm Fund coupon.
Srdney Mines
Cuoddy
knox Brookficld Ladice- Son
Brookgeld Miss So

### 4.50

5.00

So. 0

## 1200

## 800

6
30.6
30.60
10

350
1010
0
16.5
16.54
7.00
$10 \cdot 1$
53.00

路
$\qquad$

Rocks.
Antigonigh
Antigonish
Miss A A Austin, Mabuu.
Salina, ${ }^{2} 13$
W Fis S's, Roger's Hili.....
Geddio Mem Fund, zit
St James, Dart mouth
St Matherv's, Pugwash, \&e.
linos ch, Shediac
Int on loan to Coura
Five Islands
Carleton, St Johna
Mabou.
Malpeque
Westrille \& Middie River
Carmel ch, Westrille ......
Grand River, C
$U$ Londonderry, bequest $R$ "Morrison, elder.............
New Mills, Miss A $\dddot{J}$ Archibald
St Andrew's, Chatham
Black Piver
Geddic Mem, int i $\overline{\mathfrak{K}}$ Mac-
Kinlay
Upner Steriacke, estato lato T Fulton.
Zion ch, Charlottetown.......
New Amnan
Wentworth.
Florenceville.
Stellarton "A Friend"
Daysphisg anj Mission Schools. Previously acknowledged $\$ 3,244.3$ j
St. Metthew's. Wallace. . ... 12.00
Ehnsdale
Oldhnm
Bleagher's Grant, L Mus-
quodoboit
Gran
5.91

Murbyrille, ĽMus
6.16

Litho River SS. L Mus
$\left.2.6^{\circ}\right)$
7.52

Wolfville and Horton
Musquodobnit Harbor
Upper Canard SS
Knox, Wallace
Lockeport, coll by children
Baddeck river SS.
Boularderre
Antigonish $\mathbf{S S} .$.
St Paul's SS. Truro
St Matthew's. Pugimash, de.
St John's SS, Halifax.
Port Elcin.
Mabou Village.

Hour Missions.
Correctinn.-In December Mreord,
Mission Band St Andrew's, Truro. should becredited with $\$ 58.00$ instead of $\$ 5.00$. Total not changed thereby. Previously acknowledged.. $\$ 0,0,05137$ Bloomfold, O'Lciry \& Brac. St Mathew's, Fallace..... 10.00 40.00




5.00

E0.00
2.00
1.00
12.00 10.03

10 (10)
3850
10.00 4150 7.00 23.00
10.00
$200.0^{n}$ 17.51 57.50
7.00 15.00
75.00
20.00
2.00
8.00
7.10
7.00
80.00
6.00
6.09
10.00
13.559 .44


245
518
1485
44.53
219.50
20.00
13.10
17.80
5.10






$\$ 3.451 .69$

## $$
15
$$ <br> $\stackrel{5}{5}$

 St Androw's, Spring IIIl St James, Antigonish 13addect. C BForks, C B............
Montague, rier...............
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { New st Andrev's, Ners Glas. } & 1918 \\ \text { Nashwak and Stanley } & 37.00\end{array}$
Wolfville and Morion.
St. Mark's, Douglastorn
Musquidoboit Harbor.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Tabusintac, Burnt Ch, } & \text { sc.... } \\ 23.25\end{array}$
Nool.......................... 25.0
St Stephen's, Amberst .... 43. 7 t

ilirbou. . ....... .. 21.C
Port Hood ......... 400
Chebogue $\because . .$. Campbeiltown. $\quad 8.00$
St Andrew's.
Si Andrev's, Campbeitown.
M. rizomish. .......
30.06
15.06
East iviver, pictou .......... 50 oc
Park St Halifax .... ..... 111.0r
Sydney Vines
St James Charintetorna.......... 70.00
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { St James, Charinttctorn.... } \\ \text { Richmond. Bay West....... } & 0 . \\ \text { On }\end{array}$
Rev.J D DicFarlane ...... 6.00
Rocks.................... $0^{0 \alpha}$
Shemogue $\quad . \quad 20 \mathrm{Cl}$
Salina, N B.
Bonlarderie
St Mathew's, Pugrash, 8 .
Five Islands
60
pire Islands $\ldots \ldots . . . . .$.
Richmond, NB. ............. 24.00

Calcdonia, PE I.... ...... 160
Richmond Bay East, Lot $16 \quad 10.00$
$10.00{ }^{1} 10$
$10.00 \begin{aligned} & \text { Carleton, NB............... } 12.35 \\ & \text { Grand River, CA.. }\end{aligned}$
Grand River, C R ...
Upper Londonderry, add'l

## Cunderd

3.00
Bequest Mir. Morrison, elder,
Upreer Londonderry
1500
New Dublin....
Riversdale
15.0 v
Riversalate ................. $\quad 30.00$
Woodville and Eitclo Sands. 15.00
Upper Miusquadoboit ........
Souris. (ir nnd Raver, dic
9.10
50.00
5.00
5.00
90
000
5.50
3.00
9.00
2.00
0.23
5.00
3400
9.0
1500
30.00
20.00
15.50
10 15.00 8.00
0
971.86
10.17
30.00
40
7.17
43.73
5.10
1275
16.85
 .00 00
dged mit Matther's, Wallace .....
M..... $1 . . . . .$. ....
Earlown
arreton, St Joln
Mirand hiver, C bi .....
U Loudonderry 13 Morrison.
St Audrew's, Chatham, ad'l.
Zion Ch, Charlottetown....... 40
New Aunan ................... 15
Augamitation Fund.
a
Bitnoys hiver... $2 \overline{3} .00$

St Andrew's, Chatham....
Lake Ainslic
32.00

Lake Ainslic ... ........ 15.00






[^1]Nery Annan
FYorenooville

## College Fuso.

Previously acknowledred. \$8707.13 Bloomsield. 0 'Le:1ry and lirie, 10 k0: St Matthers's, Wamice, $10.0 \% ; \lambda$ ine nuodoboit in 4.33: Mira, 4.00: Musnuodoboit Harkers, sum; Sizaron ch. Sollarton, th. 5 : chassime. 1.00 : Euctenort anit list Jordin. i. $\omega 0$ : tees, Mumeman eh, 8 \%it: Int Tras-
 Park it, llitax, whennis, s.wu:


 and Oxfordin 110 : Fwe viands, 4.0 :


 River, 20 : Riversidile. 401 : Blase 3s.we:; Now: Awn chit Charlotetown. si. W, Now Amma, iv .00; Florence.


## Betasary Fuvo.

Previously acknowiedsed, 3559 25: Lockeroct and Easz Jordais. 1.00 :




## Maytoma College.

Previouth Mchaortledred. $\$ 333.61$;

 St Mathersis, Puzwiwh Jordan, s.0.3; :0.00.-Total, 3512 bit .

Agrd Ministeas' Fund.
Previously icknorrledged sin3s.os:
 2.00; Rer Wh. Humilon, Fite sima;
 18.04 ; Hasquod Union Chureh, Hone vill, y, 3 : Suv: W It Spencer, rate. 3.75 : Lodicivert
 10.00: Mat. Mr. Jesso cominimer. 10.00, Malasamatch, $2.00=$ Ruser. Bonnis. 2100 Syding Mines. 5.00
 Pukwish nnd Oxford St Mathers's PugWish nind Oxford 1200: 1 tron
 f:00; Grand River.C.B. 5 . 1 , Rev Chathambe 10.00; Black: St Andrety Cion Church. Chartanct River, 2,00 :

 Loss error in July acknamsledsment: whero inir. MorrLoa ind Mr Gizant's rates, stead ofs cache slolitio in. stead of $\$ 146$ : 0 -crror.
37.09

## S3101. is

French Evangelzatios.
Receired by Rer De Warden. Trea-
surer of the bayrd of Erench Mrangelization, 133 St James St , Montreal, to Gth A pril. ISj9.
Alrendiy acknowledacd. sif.sio.60; bope, 27 Fills, South. 10.55 : N Eastbope, 27 10: Tawsiock. 400 : AnsFoniskillen and Carturight, 5 . 100 :
$27.2=$ 10.00

Ottama, Bank Strect, 30.00 : K C in
 Miss . por Rev. C. A. Doudiet, 487.22; Miss Inet Jrydon, Guelph, 20. 0 ; English River and Gowich, zl. 0 ; Erin, Burus SS, 500 ; Erin, Burns. 13 (19) : London, St A ndrew's, jois 0): London, Si Andrew's S S, Bु.0): Sabbath Seh Teacher, St Androrr's: London; 1000 ; A liriend, 5.00 : Thes Weir, spencerville. 2.0"; Kintore, Montreal. Caly, St Andrew's, 10.00: Montreal. Calvin, 23 ou; Executors
 Vrquhart, Sportiak M M, NS, 10.00 : Kends; Chaluess, 703 ; Pointe-aux: Truables, pupil' Missionary Soc 1701 : J D IV, 10.03 ; Hillsdul 17 mm E Elinvalé $1300^{\circ}$; Hillsdule. Bible Soc, Scothand, 12 , in Athothe vich. 16. $\dot{9}$ Lirkhill, 19 oi: Ford-
 rorric. 700 : Rochy Siaugeen, Raras, 1.51: St Sylvester, 2 . Bo: Cobours.
 lesficld Ss, 14.is: Sphencervilio Saito.te: Cornmail, innox iervilie s's
 St Miren's $\mathrm{Singston}. \mathrm{1.03}. \mathrm{Yuntreat}$. Kichmond ind Stia. Surling. f.00: Anon. 1.40 ; Fenelon Fille, 15.60 : Sommerville, Fenelon Falls, 00 . 0 : sommerrine on © Smith's falls:
 Thos Cit Bank St. S $S$ Eoys. id. Mo: Friend. 10.40 . Strathros, 200 ; i gus. 2000 ; Lull 300 Ferguson, Fergas 12.0 ; Manck 400 ; jiracebridre, 12.0); MLOnck, 4.00: Carjuke, St. treal. 10.00 - Mromireal Rochester, Monper Rev. J. Mathien, 82l. 60 : Brack: rille, First Y L is C 800 ; Brock10.0): St Thomas, 00 : Aldboro Central, 50.0 : lie 5 , Manilton, dile 5.10 - Venerg is Movitle NeirWhite Lake, f. 00 : Burnstoria, 3.10: St Catharines, Haynes awn,7.33: St Catharines, Haynes ave. 20.01 : London, First, 40.00; No Jesutt. A01: Craikhurit, 300 ; S rutiord St 400 . dirses. 10 os; Mandturd. St AnMono irills, 4 io Mand:umin. Sono, 0 Aonomills, 4 vo: Mono, E:2st, 5 wo : We trood, pi not Underrood, 10.103 : Wertrood, 2100 ; Lanktade, 1.00 ; A Friend, 10.10 Nauie 1.000 : Kincardiue ${ }^{\prime \prime \prime}$ : IXolstcin, $12{ }^{2}$

 linos, 4000 : Wooditack, wionstnek, Class, 2t. 10 : Dundas Street, bybe Inmilton, MeNab St, leo.00: Tho : nld 100 ; Oren Sound 30 b3: Brockralle, First, $100.00 ; \mathrm{w}$ Girillimbury, Second. 10 on Dumb ville, $3.00=$ Melrose, sic. $7 . \mathrm{si}^{\circ}:$ Bech. with, 1500 ; Ottawa, it Andretr . 530.: Peterbncough, it indretes,
 Hillsuale, $1: 03$. At roland. 304 Southampton, 20.00 : Geo Douds ${ }^{13} 00$; Family. Primroso, 3.00; Stirnce S: 0: Dellevillo St Andress Stirner. Victoria, St Andrews. 23 sis: 2000 : Fannonand Port Albert 17 ai; Jarvis, 10.00 . Weston, 3 00, Belleville John St. io 0 0 : Bervie, fino Eleville, Chalracrs 21.09 Elor. Chalmer's 33 Class. 6.75 ; E Paslinch Dufrs

 Eist. First, 800 , halakilaci 6.010 Toronto Bioor Si, io an: Sorsi-h, S00: F:cirbairn, $500:$ Dunns Berlin 6.03 . Toromen, Euant, 3.3 .03 ; Alhifich, IS.03 = Falpole, 1000 : North brime, 5.00 ; Cardinal, 0.00 : Maissrijle, 2.00 : Wardinal, 6.00.

Newboro, G 03: Morewoud, 1500 Brigitone, 7.00 in Crssler, 5.00 Brighton, 4.05 . Markiam St Androw's is S. 10 mb ; Markham, St Andrerg's, 20.00 : Taronto, Chalmors', 100 (6); Woudbridee, 150 of Sumnidalo. 4.00: Chinguacouses, ist. 15.00 : vainguacousey, Ind. 2000 Leclioville, 21100 ; Bristol, 35.44 : jarkada 80.v0; Aurora SS. 4.75; Penctangnishene am Wyebringo. $i^{2} 00$ : Hydo Park 8.90; Hyde Park S., 5.00: Ramang 11.81 ; Seaforth, 1st 33.38 ; Ramsay, Bloorst SS, 20 io. Hirs Roroato, Bear Creal 10 . Kitdouan 8 . 10.00 ; Milton. 500 : SS, 2 to ; Parkdalo 30 Tha. st John's John's. I) 40 O iohn's 1) 40 : Ospringe, 250 ; Whis heceturn, 5 0j, ilibury East, 4.39 , Beamsville, 2.03; Scarboro, Chalmers; 10 (u) : M1onkton, 6. 55 : Gananoque. 25.00 : Richmond, IB C, io. 03 .

Per Rov P M Morrison, Halifax :Wallace, St ifatueary, \& Brac, \$5.00; yalluce. St Mathew's, 23.00: Mira 400: st Paters. 3.40; Nashwatk and Stinicy, 5 0y Musquodoboit Harbor
 Pictou, ELase River, 13 R M, 500 : berou, sewt Miver, 8.60; hiver Boularderie. 6. W0) : Rocess, 2.40: $0_{\text {ag }}$ Tra-h, St in inthew's and oofori $5.25:$ Treon \& Honshaw, 3.00 : Five Islands, 3 0'; Cazetou, N B. 3.00 ;
 CB, 10.0才: Chminam, St Andrew' S P0; Chartottelown, Zion, Anduremy Anam, 50.3: Wentwosth, 2 © 0 102:1. 32?,513.31.

## Punte-aun-Trembles Scbools.

Neceived by Rov. Dr. Warden Tre.surer, 191 St. James streot Montreal, to ith april, 1839.

## Ondinuru brund.

Already icknowsedged, $\$ 7,202.51$.
 ake, it pint's $\leq 5.3500$, Ottama, St Amirew's Unner Tourn S', 20.00, K C. M. Mimedosz. 5.0.); Mrs Jano Dewes, Montreal, 50 03: Land Jano
 SS Matreal. Cuthin SS. 50.00 ; Thorold
 13 Winchester is, 3j.10; ilirs Irvine, Harriston, I © ; ils Teraploton, sr, Wapance. 20 1): J53 E Tergasna, Napance, 2 m: Miss u fraser Napame 1 du: Mis A hoid, Vittoria. LW: Cobourg SS, 50.00 ; Truro 1 si SS, 5 1.00; Landon, Park ap $\mathrm{S}=50.00$ Fungiton. Cooke $1.0,=$ Witnipeg, ranoxS5. 5003 : Momireal Slanicy 110), Viznkieck Hill SS, $50.00 ;$ Lithle, killyterg, ? $0:$ sintrick Lus Maralton. Central. 150.00 Lankon. Ist, 10.00 : Toronto, ojd St Narews. Winchester st SS, 25.00 : tres Melienzic, 13rockrilhe, 15.03: roranio, 131000 st., 20.81 ; Toronco. Blanor st SS. 50.01: viantroon, 2.05 ; Ner Glassow, Tiute Ch Ladies Miss Soc, 24.00: M (1, Pictou, 21.00: A Friend, 50.03.-Fotil, $88,102.47$.

## Building Furzt.

Alruady Acknowiciged. $\$ 4.202 .69$, Orillia, WEM Sur, 2500 ; London. Sit Andrert's SS, 10.60: it Friend Punct, 10.01 : Pointe-7ux-Trembles papils Mies Soc 5y 00: John Me. Laren, Pont-au-Persil, 5 Uf; Mrs F Gant Wiah, N Lancister, 100 ;Grcen-



Stanley st ch, Montreal, 15.00; Mrs S S B Emith. Halifias. 5 (0): Mrs 'T Duncancing. Halifia, 3 ow.-l'utal, $\$ 4,450 \mathrm{~J}$.

Manitoda Colhegi.
Received by the Rev. Dr. Warden, Montreal.
Alrendy neknowicdged \$1395:; Ormstown. 10. ©1: Montreal, Erskine, $160.00:$ Dalhousie Mills and Cote St George. 300 : Whein. 900 : Ki Ander6on, Montre:I (Sichuol). IUU UU: Muntrea!. linox. $7 \overline{3}(11)$ : Lachute, list, 10.00 - Totai, $\$ 446.50$.

Prenhterian College, Montrfai. Beceived by the kev. Dr. Warden, Treasurer, 193 St James street, Montreal, to 6th April, 1859.

## Ordinary Fund.

Already ncknorrledged, $\$ 508 .: 3$ : Avonmore, $5.0^{\prime \prime}$ : Lunenburg, 2.00 ; Finch, 4 u0: Finch $=0 u: h, 250$ : Chesler, 7.1 I: South Mountan, 800 : Hecksion, 2.00: Carp. etz., 100 : Pembroke, $2 \overline{3}$ on ; Ormstorn. 2,00 : Montral, Erskine, +50 in, Waddington, 1s 51 ; Dalhousic Alills and Cute St (icorce, 10 (4): Dundee, Zion. 5 (t): Elgin, 10 . il) (irande freniere, 14.00 ; Montreal, Stanley st, 10 ( 0 : Huntinedon, St Andrew's. 3000 ; Pinbronk, 300 ; Saltfeet, 3 ( 0 , Glen Sisnufield. S.C0: $1 \mathrm{yn}_{2} 300$; Milverton, 4.60 Troquois, $30.0: 1$ : English River and Howict, in 19 : Monireal. Cilyn, 10 co: Athelstanc. 2540 ; Kirkhill, 11.0): Cornwall, Kinox, 30.00: Eimrale. S. 00 : Montreal. Knox, 15i) un.Toini, Sl, ill 97.

## Exfgetical Chair Etc.

Alreadr acknorledged. S1,920.c0 : Cif Dat... Montrial. 20 no: D Morrice, Montreal, $10110: \mathrm{J} \mathrm{S}$ Archibald. Montreal. 10 (h): JI Mutelison.


Scholarsmi Fund.
Aready acknowledged, $\$ 125.10$; Guehth, Chalmer's, 4u.00, Drkelley, Montre:l. $2 \overline{\mathrm{w}} .00$ : Rev Dr Robertion, Wlunipeg, 1000 ; Peter Redpath, Eugland. 70.01; Robe Anderson, Montreal, 10 Cu ; Walter paul, Montrcal, 30.00: John Stirling, Montreal, 5 . 0 : $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{B}$ Grech-hields, Montreal, 50.00 , IIugh Miclentian, Montreal', 25.00; (icorge Myde, Nontreal. 1000 ; RS Weir, Muntreal, 50.1 Sir cicurge Stewhen, Bart Muntreal, $5001 ;$ A C Clark, Montre.Il. 50.01 : Ilunh Mackay, Montreal, (ill.u0; Jas Robertson, Montrenl, 50.00 ; James Slessor, Montreal. j'J.(00.-Total, $\$ 00$. (\%)
Manitora Cohlfge-Theological Depabtyent.
Rev. Dr. Bryce, Treasurer.
Previnus reparted (June to Feb lst) S1.484. 85 ; Kildonan, addy' 20.10 ; Batgonic. 1 ( 10 ; Rexi:2e. 25.10 : Antlers, 90 ; Wolseles, $3: 0$ : Mouse Jawr add'. 8 co; Esquimalt. 5.10 ; North ch. Winniper, J5 wi, Neepawis. 15 00: Auhurn. 1500 ; Nersdale. 15. W0; yladetone, add'l, 21.00 ; Canberry. in part. 200 ; St Andrew's Winnipeg libib Clase, 50.00 - Virden, 25 (0); Fort Qu'Amelie, 6.70; St A ndrew's, Victoria, B C. $2 \mathbf{2 j}^{2} 03$ : Mianitou, add'l. 2i 10; Marrinchurst.11.00; Сонюх, 13C, 5.10 : Piverside, 8 10: Portage La Prairic. 8900 Gienboro-Cypress. 16. 60 : Rapid City 15.00 ; Burnside. $\because 006$; Battleford. 15 C0: Tarboleon, 5 b0; lir=t ch, Vancouver, 3500 : Richmond, 15 on, Famkops SS, BC. 10.10 : Green Valley, 3.50: Ianaley, is C. 15 u0: Caleary addy. 5.00 ; Selkirk, ©c, 19.00.-Motal. S2,6il.65.

Winours' and Ohpfinss' Fusi in consfctigs with the Church of Scutlando.
James Croil, Treas., Montreal.
Nashwak ard Stanics, N P, $400 ;$ Duntroon, 5:25: West Church, 2 15; St Andrew's ch, 2 63; Jarris. 6.00 :

Walpole, 6.00 ; Becohridge, 9.00 ; St Andrew's, Toronto, 100 Uu; St Jobn's Cornmall, 75.6 .0 : Vaughan, 12.00 ; Wiarton, 10.00 - Ifuntingdon, St Andrew's, 10.10 : Fort Coulonge, 12.00.

## Manitoba Colifge.

D. McArthur and Dr. King, Treasurers.

## lsebt.

Previously reported, 3383.35: W S Polson, hilumhan, 1005 ; W B Clark, Sarnit. $5310^{\circ}$ : Mrs. Leckic, Sarnia, o U0 ; J 3 MeLaren, Morden, 50 \% ; J F Dougal, Wimipeg. 5.00 ; Agnes Pringle, Winmipeg. 10.00 lotal, $\$ 521.35$.

## Scholarshiz, Funt.

Previously reported, $\$ 50.00$; Rev John MI King, D D. 6000 ; Robert Anderson, Montre:al, 100 (0.-Total, Sill 00.

## Ordinary Fiund.

Previonsly renurted, \$53100; St Paul's, Montreal, lwo ju : Congregational contributions. ner kev Dr Red. 2.4714 : per Kev P M Morr1:0n. 333 31; per Rev Dr Warden, 1:150: Free Chureh of Ecolland, 456.11.-'1utal, 34.139 .33 .

## Queen's Cohlege Mingstun. <br> J. B. Mriver, Treasurer. <br> Ordinary Fund.

Recoived from April Ind. 1SSS, to April 2ad, 1-Sts. Der Rev Dr Reid, 911.36; per Rev Dr Warden. 19ر.00; from congremations: Gueloh. St Andrew's. 24100 Ernoiturn and Eredericksburgh. 3.35 : Humilton, St Panl's. (i0).00: Castlefora, Sterartsville and Dermar, b : $^{10}$ : furoato. St Andres's, 200.00 : Martintown, $\mathrm{St}^{2}$ Andrev's, 19.0: Vhughan, St Andraws, 1600 : Cobours, 1000 ; Stirting. St Andrews 4.00 : Kingston, St Andrew's. $1 ; 0000$ Almonte and Appelton. St Andrert's, 15.00.-Total, S1,612.71.

## PRESBYTERY MEETINGS.

Lindsay, Lindsay, OSth May, 11 a.m. Picton, New silassow, Th May, 9.30 am . Paris, Jugersoll, with June, 2 p.m. Stratforl, Kinn church, 13 th May, 7.30 p.m. Winniner 11 imniper, 7 th May, 7.30 p.m. Tinallace. Vallace, Th May, il am.
Guefph, Chaimersi hurch, \#ist liay, 10.30 a.m. Maithand, Wingham, 14tli May, $11.1 \overline{0}$ a.n!.
Lan-and Renfrew, Carleton Place, $2 \operatorname{sih}$ Mey, Ottewa. St. Andrew's Ch., Thi May, 10 a.m.
Barrie, 2Sth May. 11 a.m.
Huron, Exetor, 14ih May, 10.30 a m.
Orangeville, , 2lst May, $10.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
P.E.I., Summenside, Sth May, 11 a.m.

Miramichi, Newcastle. Hh Juire, 10 am.
Toronto, Toronto, 7 th May, 10 itim.

## MEETINGS OF SYMODS.

Toronto © l-ineston, Bom manville. Ith May, 7.30 p.m. Rev. John (iray, 12. 1 ), (Orillia, Clk. Banithba if Xorth-West, Wimajer, 14th May, 7.31 p.m. Rev. W. R. Ross, Chilliwhacl: B.C., Clk.

## WEBSTER <br> 

3000 more Words and nearly 2000 moro llustrations than any other American-Dictionary.
Among tho supplementary fontures, unequaled
 A Biographical Dictionary giving lrief farts coneernine 9,000 inted por. A Gazetteer of the World
locuting and cescerihing aj,00e Places; and a Vocabulary of the names of vioterl Fictitious Persons and Places.
Thas latice is not fomd in any colior Dirtionary. Webster creels in SxZONTXIS whicharenppropriately found in the boigy of tho work. Sold hy ali Booksellers. Pamphlet frec. G. \& C. MERRIAM \& CO. , Pub'rs, Spriagfiold, Mass.


[^0]:    "Firstly. because it endows from the public fands a religious organization, thereby violating tho unwritted but undoubted constitutional principle of the completo separation of Church and State. and of the absolute equality of all denominations before tho larv : secondly, because it recognizes the usurpation of right bs a foreign authority, namely, his Holiness tho Pope of Rome, to claim that his aonsent was necessary to empower tho Provincial Legislaturo to disposio of a portion of the public domain. and aiso becruse tho Act is made to depend upon the will, and the appropriation theroby mado is subject to tho control of the samo nuthority : and thirdly, becauso of the endorment of the Societs of Jesus, an alien ant serret and politico-religious bods, tho oxpulsion of which from everr Christian community wherein athas had a fouting has been rendered neces-

[^1]:
    #### Abstract

    


