

# ROSSLAND WEEKLY MINER.

Two Dollars a Year.

ROSSLAND, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1898.

Fourth Year, Number 13

## IT'S RICH IN COPPER

Oliver Pringle Back From a Trip to the Similkameen.

## SOME MAGNIFICENT ORE

The Nickel Plate's New Compressor Will Soon Be Erected—Activity on Sophie Mountain—Development in the Coxey—The Good Hope in Luck.

Oliver Pringle returned Monday from Princeton, bringing with him one of the finest samples of high grade copper ore ever seen in the camp. They came from the Copper Farm group, comprising the Copper Farm, the Helen H. Gardner, the Humboldt and the Vancouver, about 13 miles from Princeton. The group is owned by Mr. Pringle, Ross Thompson and J. B. McArthur. Mr. Pringle says that the lead is 100 feet wide, and the vein matter is impregnated with copper in much the same manner as ore in this camp carries iron. The samples are almost solid azurites, with liberal streaks of copper sulphides, while assays give returns of 40 per cent. copper and as high as \$20 in gold.

Mr. Pringle says that the bottom of the shaft, which is now down 20 feet, is all in one that will assay two figures in copper. A small crosscut from the bottom of the shaft failed to show the limits of the ore body. Ross Thompson expects to leave today to visit the property.

The group lies on Copper hill, near the Sunset, in which the B. A. C. recently secured an interest.

A Compressor For the Nickel Plate. A month since the British America corporation ordered a twelve drill Ingersoll-Sergeant compressor for the Nickel Plate property through the James Cooper Manufacturing company. Yesterday news was received that the plant had arrived at Trail. It is expected it will be installed within a few days. Its compressor and 12 drills. James Sward, the local agent of the James Cooper Manufacturing company, and the company are desirous of credit for their promptness in this matter.

The Sophie Mountain Section. A man who returned yesterday from Sophie mountain reports that it is a most promising section. While there he visited the Velvet, Whooop-up, Copper Wonder, Copper Chief and Joseph Lewis. The latter he says is a very fine property. Pay ore is found from the grass roots and he thinks a little development work will make it a veritable bonanza. There are 25 men at work on the Velvet and it is proving itself to be a mine. Sophie mountain would be the center of intense mining activity at no distant day if those who own claims there would only do more than mere assessment work.

Progress on the Coxey. The tunnel on the Coxey is in about 473 feet and work is being pushed vigorously under a force of five men. It is hard to predict just how soon the ledge will be struck. On the adjoining property, the Germain, also owned by the Montreal Goldfields, the shaft is now down about 20 feet, and some very promising ore is being met. J. M. Sorafor has been appointed foreman of both properties by the superintendent, R. G. Edwards Leckie.

The Good Friday. Owing to the fact that the hardness of the rock in the Good Friday has retarded progress in the main tunnels, the veins have not been reached as soon as anticipated, and the option on the Hanna, Col. Topping and others, has been extended for another 30 days. Some excellent ore has been encountered however, and a force of 35 men continue hard at work. The purchasing syndicate is believed to be controlled by John W. Mackey.

Sophie Mountain a Busy Section. Fred Lindburg's pack train, consisting of 14 horses, is busy making trips to the Sophie mountain country and the development in progress in that section is altogether unprecedented. There are in all about 60 men at work on the west slope of Sophie mountain and on Big Sheep creek, just beyond.

The Elise. The tunnel in the Elise is now in about 225 feet, and it is expected that the ledge will be met in about 75 feet further, as from the surface dip of the vein it is calculated that the lead would be encountered at about the 300 foot level in the tunnel.

The White Bear May Start. John Y. Cole, the manager of the White Bear company, has been in active communication lately with the eastern representatives of the company, and he hopes that work will be revived within a month on the property.

The Good Hope in Luck. The surface work on the Good Hope has disclosed a new lead north of the old ledge. C. O'Brien Reddin, who has charge of the work, expresses the opinion that the find promises to be an important one.

May Tax Stocks. GRAND FORKS, June 6.—[Special].—The city council is seriously considering the advisability of passing a law by which a general merchandise stock could be taxed according to its value. The present system of charging a \$10 traders license to all merchants whether they have a stock of \$100 or \$10,000 is anything but an equitable law, and one which meets with general disapproval by the city fathers of Grand Forks.

## TURNER IS EMPHATIC.

Declares the Le Roi Deal Will Never Go Through.

"Have you any objection to stating the present status of the Le Roi deal?" was the question put to Senator Turner by a Spokesman-Review reporter on Monday. "None whatever," he replied. "A bare majority of the stockholders are in favor of ratifying the attempted sale. Almost one-half of the stockholders are opposed to it. The sale of the mine is now taking the position that under the act of British Columbia passed in 1897, a bare majority is sufficient to ratify the sale. But in this they are mistaken. I have myself examined the law carefully and have taken the advice of the best legal talent in British Columbia. I do not think I hazard anything in saying that the present attempted sale of the mine will never be carried out."

## Improving the Cemetery.

The improvements in progress at the Roman Catholic cemetery include a new fence around the property and a general cleaning of the lots, with the removal of logs, shrubs and similar refuse. In all about \$400 has been spent. The church is willing to sell a part of the cemetery to the city if the council should so desire.

## NEW SCHEME OF THE CITY

The Council May Purchase the Light and Water Plants.

Terms Under Which the Purchase Can Be Made a Part of the Company's Charter.

At the meeting of the city council Tuesday night Alderman Lalonde gave notice that at the meeting on Tuesday next he would introduce a motion instructing the city clerk to communicate with the Rossland Water & Light company relative to the purchase of its plant by the city. According to the terms of the company's charter, explained Mr. Lalonde, the city could purchase the plant at any time on payment of the cost of the plant plus 12 per cent. interest and a bonus not to exceed 30 per cent. on the value of the plant. The subject was not discussed at length, but it will probably receive earnest consideration at the coming meeting. If the council decides to purchase the plant a new issue of bonds would be necessary.

A request was received from Daly & Hamilton, representing the B. A. C., asking that Spokane street be opened between Second avenue and the tracks of the Red Mountain railway. The street at present is obstructed with buildings. The B. A. C. has lots and the Nickel Plate ground into lots and wants the street opened.

A lengthy petition was also received from taxpayers along Spokane street, asking that it be opened between First and Second avenue. Both were referred to the board of works.

Sanitary Inspector Forreath's report for the month of May showed an expenditure of \$213.45, while the receipts were \$500.70, which left a profit to the city of \$187.25.

An account of \$175, due on drainage pipe purchased by the old citizens' committee of 1896, was presented to the council by the pipe manufacturers, the Griffith Heating & Plumbing company, of Spokane. The matter was referred to the finance committee.

A well signed petition from the property owners on Nickel Plate flat asking that a fire hydrant be put in there, was referred to the fire, water and light committee.

The report of the finance committee, showing a total expenditure of \$1,175.76 was adopted.

A motion introduced by Alderman Barrett, authorizing the purchase of feed in carload lots for the horses owned by the city, was adopted. Mr. Barrett pointed out that a considerable saving would be possible in this way.

The proposition to establish a city cemetery, which was brought up by Mayor Wallace at the last meeting of the council, was considered and favorably discussed, and a special committee was appointed to look into the matter. A part of the present Roman Catholic cemetery was suggested as a possible and available site for the municipal burying grounds.

A petition from property owners on Cliff street, in the west part of town, asking that the street be cleared, was referred to the health committee.

The streets of the city will be plentifully sprinkled this summer, for the council decided to procure a sprinkling cart and conduct the matter under municipal supervision.

The council before adjourning decided to run a box flume down Spokane street to carry away the water in Centre Star creek.

## BOOM FOR BUILDERS

Contract for the Presbyterian Church Let Tuesday.

## B. A. C. GENERAL OFFICES

A New Court House and a School House to Be Built Forthwith by the Provincial Government— Cottages and Other Buildings.

There promises to be an active period for the builders during the next few months. The contract for the Presbyterian church has been let, the B. A. C. purposes erecting general offices and a cottage, and the provincial authorities will at once build a court house and a school house.

The contract for the Presbyterian church structure was let Tuesday by John Honeyman, architect, to Messrs. McPhee & Dunlop for the sum of \$2,990. This does not include the heating apparatus, the cost of which will be in addition to the above figures. Wednesday Mr. Honeyman marked out the dimensions for the contractors and work will be commenced at once. The ground dimensions of the building will be 28x30 feet, the ceiling will be 20 feet high, the interior decorations, while not ornate, will present an attractive appearance. The steeple will be 70 feet high and the exterior will be of fine appearance. The general architecture is rural gothic and some very pretty effects have been obtained. The church owns three lots on the corner of First avenue and Lincoln street, and the present structure is to be erected on the Second avenue side, and will therefore face that thoroughfare. It is the intention of the B. A. C. to erect a brick and stone church on the corner, of much larger size than the one to be now put up. It is hoped that the ambition of the congregation may soon be gratified.

Mr. Honeyman is preparing plans for general offices for the B. A. C. The structure is to be erected on Nickel Plate flat. It is to be of two stories and is to have a stone basement for the accommodation of the heating apparatus. The ground dimensions are to be 88x36 feet. It will be divided into apartments for the several officers of the company.

A cottage, which will cost in the neighborhood of \$1,500, is to be erected on the Joseph ground by the B. A. C. It is intended as a residence for the B. A. C. Long, superintendent of the Joseph ground. It is said to be the intention of the B. A. C. to erect several cottages at its different mines for the accommodation of its superintendents. One is about completed on the corner of Columbia and Washington street, it is the intention of the B. A. C. to erect a brick and stone building which the Bank of Montreal purposes erecting at that point.

It is said that the Merchants' Bank of Halifax will erect its brick and stone structure on the corner of Columbia and Washington street until some time next year. One reason for this is because the bank authorities have now in course of construction in Eastern Canada several branch bank buildings, and it may not be convenient for them to get around to the Rossland structure before the building season closes. The war, too, has something to do with the delay.

F. O. Gamble, the provincial engineer, announced yesterday that he has authorized the construction of a building of four rooms for a school on Kootenay avenue. The cost of this structure will be \$5,000. This will include a heating apparatus for the old and the new school houses at that point.

Mr. Gamble also gave notice that he would authorize the construction of the \$6,000 court house. The site will be on Columbia avenue near Monte Cristo street.

W. T. Oliver, of the Bank of British North America, purposes erecting a neat cottage on two lots which he recently purchased through J. B. Johnson & Co. These lots are 11 and 12, block 2, and are located near Ross Thompson's residence.

**FIREMEN EXONERATED.**  
A Council Committee Declared That They Were Not to Blame.

Mayor Wallace and Alderman J. S. Clute, chairman of the fire, water & light committee, assisted by Fire Chief McKinnon, Monday investigated the action of the paid fire department in failing to turn out on Friday night. They decided that the firemen were in no wise to blame, and they were completely exonerated. To guard against any false alarms of fire such as have frequently been given in the past, Chief McKinnon and Assistant Chief Squires were sworn in as special constables by Mayor Wallace, and they were instructed to arrest at once any person who turns in a fictitious alarm of fire. The council expects to amend the police bylaws so that it will be a serious offence to commit this sort of mischief.

Mayor Wallace expects that the new fire alarm boxes will be in place inside of a month or six weeks. Twelve boxes will probably be ordered and these will be distributed all over town so that it will be possible to turn in an alarm from any part of the city. It is believed that the present electric light company will give the city permission to string the alarm wires upon its poles, so that the expense of installing the system will be considerably reduced.

**Election Writs Issued.**  
VICTORIA, June 7.—The writs for the provincial elections were issued today. The dates are as already announced.

## NEWS FROM STICKEN.

It is Reported That the Glenora-Tee-In Road Will Not Be Built.

H. E. Forster, president of the Kamloops Mining & Development company, which has interests in various parts of the Kootenays, in the vicinity of Kamloops and the Colville reservation in the city. He has just returned from a visit to the Sticken river. The trip occupied about a month. He went from Wrangell to Glenora via river steamer. There were some 3,000 argonauts en route for the Klondike gold fields, on the road between these two points, and they were not having a picnic, either. It has been impossible to get through to the gold fields via this route owing to the snow that yet lingers in the passes and the bad condition of the trails. The frost is just leaving the ground there and the trails are a mass of soft mud which makes travel over them with a load next to impossible. Some were working the bars along the Sticken for gas and oil in the time of the trail, and the mountain passes were in condition to be traveled over. Many have become disgusted and turned back and not a few have returned to the mouth of the Sticken and have started for the gold fields via Skagway.

It is stated that McKenzie & Mann will not construct the railway from Glenora to Teelin. This news Mr. Forster claims he has on the highest authority. Just what is the real reason for this is not certain. It is thought, however, that the subsidy of \$4,000 a mile of \$1,800,000 is considered too small. It is also thought that the falling off of the rush to the Klondike has had a part to do with the determination not to build. The contractors are previously disappointed, it is claimed, over the failure of the Dominion parliament to give them a grant of land in the gold fields and hence do not desire to build.

**BE RUN BY ELECTRICITY.**  
Six New Roasters Will Soon Be in Place.

A contract has been closed with the West Kootenay Power and Light company to operate the Trail smelter by electricity, says the Trail Creek News. The power will be brought from the big plant at Bonington Falls, and within two months the line to Trail will be completed. There will be ample power for all purposes. The present electric plant will be used for lighting only.

A contract for six new roasters to be installed at the smelter, has been given to the Gates Iron Works, of Chicago.

Another roaster heap has been lighted and the sulphur fumes are rising from the open roasts, which the fumes will be carried off by immense stack.

The brick yard is about completed and a spur from the saw mill has been extended to a clay bank on the west side of the Columbia river, from which clay will be taken to Smelter hill for the manufacture of over 2,000,000 bricks. This will commence in about a week.

## MINING NOTES.

The Santa Rosa, on the main fork of Big Sheep creek, is being supplied with air pipe for the ventilation of its tunnel, which is now in about 250 feet.

Three men have gone to Ymir to work on the Tom Payne claim. They have taken a contract to sink a shaft 577 feet 50 feet on the vein, which has a promising outcrop of quartz carrying good surface values in gold and copper.

Edwin Durant, the manager of the British America corporation authorizes a denial of the rumor that the B. A. C. has purchased a controlling interest in the Boundary Creek Mining & Milling company.

Charles Dixon has bought Hugh Henderson's half interest in the Boundary Creek Mining & Milling company, which is situated at the mouth of Burnt basin on Josh creek. The properties have a promising showing of sulphides and oxides.

Monte Cristo was yesterday quoted at 30 cents and was very firm at that figure. There seems to be but little of the stock in the market and what there is held at high figures. Orders for Monte Cristo came from Ottawa, Toronto, Victoria and Spokane. War Eagle is extremely strong and is quoted firm at \$2. There is a strong demand for it.

P. A. Daggett, of the Ruth No. 2 company, owning the Dorothy mineral claim in the Sloco, adjoining the famous Ruth mine, and the Montgomery claim near the Santa Rosa on Sheep creek, returned from a visit to the latter property yesterday. He is very favorably impressed with the condition of the Montgomery claim and predicts that the Sheep creek country will soon become a very important mining center.

Robert Lyon is doing surface work on the Eddie J, which was recently put under option to A. B. Claborn by D. C. Corbin. A crosscut some 50 feet long has been made and what is evidently one wall of a lead is seen. The opposite wall has not yet been opened. The property lies between the Cliff and the Monte Cristo.

## FROM THE RECORDS.

Transfers.

MAY 31.  
Manchester 1/2, on Bear lake—J Henager to F. L. Mercer.  
June 1.  
Nelly Blye 1/2, on west slope of Sophie mountain—John Loring to J. E. Mills.  
Venita 1/2, on Sixteen Mile creek in Pend d'Oreille—Herman Wolfe to Hans Nelson.

JUNE 2.  
Empire: East Revenue, Empress, on Revenue Mountain—J. R. McIntosh to Sam McKee, \$100.  
JUNE 3.  
Last Chance 1-6 and U. S. 1-6, on north fork of Murphy creek—L. Christensen to Geo. W. McAuliff, \$300.

JUNE 4.  
Spica fr., on Kelly creek—Ernest Gouboldt to C. E. Wickenden.  
Hope 1/2, Fisher Maiden 1/2, on north fork of Murphy creek—John Kroft to Geo. McAuliff and L. Christensen.

## WORK TO BE PUSHED

Vice-President Shaughnessy Talks of C. P. R. Plans.

## C. & W. TO BE WIDENED

Railway Magnate Stated That It Was the Intention of His Company to Hurry Its Road Into the Boundary Country—Cross the West Railway.

A party of C. P. R. officials consisting of T. G. Shaughnessy, vice-president of the company; J. H. Susmann, smelter expert, and J. R. Nelson, of Montreal; John Crocker of Chicago; W. Whyte, manager of lines west of Fort William; R. Kerr, traffic manager and D. F. Coyle of Winnipeg; R. Marpole, superintendent of Pacific division; J. P. Geddes of Vancouver; F. W. Peters of Nelson; and F. P. Gutelius, superintendent of C. & W. railway; W. H. Aldridge, manager, Trail smelter; and W. P. Tye, chief engineer, of Trail, visited Rossland yesterday.

The party arrived over the Columbia & Western at noon and left at 5 o'clock in the afternoon for Nelson. Today Mr. Shaughnessy will inspect the Slocan valley railway as far as Slocan City. He will then, accompanied by the other officials of the road, proceed to Robson and lose no time in going to Vancouver.

Annual Inspection. Mr. Shaughnessy is on his annual trip of inspection. He expressed himself as well pleased with what he has seen so far and regards the future of the west very optimistically. Mr. Shaughnessy has been on the satisfactory progress that is noticeable throughout the Kootenays since his last visit. He is also pleased with the work that has been done towards improving the passenger and traffic service of his company.

C. & W. Improvement. In the few minutes that Mr. Shaughnessy devoted to an interview, he said that no time would be lost in widening the Columbia & Western track between Rossland and Trail to standard gauge. This work will be commenced within the next few days; in fact Mr. Gutelius, superintendent of the road, has already received his instructions in this respect.

As soon as the line is standardized the train service to and from Rossland will be greatly improved, and it is not improbable that the present schedule will be rearranged for the better in the near future.

Robson-Penticton Road. Speaking of the Robson-Penticton railway, Mr. Shaughnessy remarked that he was desirous of seeing the work of construction proceed with the greatest possible dispatch. His company proposes to lose no opportunity to give the Boundary Creek country transportation facilities as soon as it could have obtained them from other sources. He could not say how much time would be consumed in completing the line to Penticton, but he did not think trains would be running from that point to the Columbia river this year, although a considerable portion of it would be finished before next Christmas.

Grow's Nest Construction. Mr. Shaughnessy stated that he had inspected the construction work on the Grow's Nest East railway and, judging from what he saw, fully expects the road will be in operation as far west as Kootenay lake this year. He did not want to say what steps would be taken to continue the line to the Columbia river.

C. P. R. Smelter Interest. Of the C. P. R.'s interest in the local smelting industry, Mr. Shaughnessy said the company was in that business solely to foster and encourage the development of the country. For that reason the works at Trail will treat the ores of the district at cost. He stated that for years the C. P. R. has worked for a revision of the present lease tariff. He is of the opinion that the lead smelting and manufacturing interests of Canada will be at a disadvantage so long as the situation is controlled by the American smelters. He did not give his opinion concerning what might be expected of parliament in this connection.

The C. P. R. and Corbin. In reply to several questions bearing upon the railway situation in the Boundary Creek country and D. A. Corbin's desire to build into that region, Mr. Shaughnessy said in substance that he did not know of any arrangement that had been or would likely be made between the C. P. R. and Mr. Corbin by which the latter would use the C. P. R. tracks along the Kettle river as far as Midway, nor did he know of the reported deal by which the C. P. R. would gain an entrance to Spokane over the Spokane Falls & Northern tracks on a basis advantageous to the Canadian road. He remarked that to have granted to Mr. Corbin a railway charter along the Kettle River valley would have been a "terrible mistake" on the part of parliament. Had Mr. Corbin been given the right to build this line, he said, the ores of the Boundary Creek country would, to a great extent, have been smelted at Northport instead of on this side of the international boundary.

Construction Work to Begin. Three carloads of provisions and supplies have been forwarded to Dog creek from this city. They were purchased here by Messrs. Mann, Foley & Larson for the use of the construction forces on the Robson-Penticton branch of the C. & W. It is the intention of the contractors to begin work immediately.

Copper and Lead. New York, June 8.—Copper—Quiet; brokers' price, \$11 3/4; exchange price, \$11.90 to \$12.10. Lead—steady; brokers' price, \$3.80; exchange price, not quoted.

## THE COURT HOUSE.

Plans Prepared Approved by Bar Association and F. O. Gamble.

The Rossland bar association met yesterday at the office of Frederick Schofield, registrar of the sub-registry of the supreme court, to confer with Provincial Engineer F. O. Gamble relative to the erection of the new court house to be built here by the provincial government. Mr. Gamble assured the baristers that the government intends to proceed at once with the erection of the court house, and that the coming elections have no bearing upon the matter. It was expected that the building will be complete within three months, and perhaps less.

A design submitted by Mr. Schofield for the new building was indorsed by both Mr. Gamble and the bar association, and it has been turned over to George N. Taylor, the architect, who will draw the specifications of the new structure. The building, it is expected, will be 60 x 60 feet in size, and two stories high. As already told in THE MINER it will be situated on the government ground just north of the recorder's office on east Columbia street. The ground floor will be divided in two parts by a hallway, from which a flight of stairs will lead to the upper flat. On the ground floor will be the offices of the sub-registrar of the supreme court and the deputy registrar of the county court, together with the sheriff's rooms, the grand jury rooms and the apartment of the caretaker. On the upper flat will be the court room, 40 x 40 feet in size, the judges' chambers, the library, the jury and witness rooms and the robing and smoking rooms of the baristers.

## TRAIL CELEBRATION.

A Fine Program of Events Arranged for Dominion Day.

The Trail executive committee for the Dominion day celebration at Trail, has purchased a handsome trophy cup, to be contested for by the firemen of the Kootenays. It is one of the handsomest pieces of work that could be procured, being 20 inches high and beautifully engraved. The sides are ornamented with crossed nozzles, and the whole piece is surmounted with a figure of a fireman. It was procured especially for the hub and hub race to be held at Trail on Dominion day, in which the firemen of Rossland will participate.

The celebration is under the direction of Colonel Toppin, W. J. Devitt, and Bruce Craddock. The town will be a blaze of glory on Dominion day, July 1. The sum of \$700 has been raised for celebration purposes, and the celebration is certain to be a success. One feature that will be greatly admired will be the regatta. Following is the official program of the day's sports:

Foot Races—100 yards dash, 220 yards hurdle, one-quarter mile dash, one mile dash.

Miscellaneous Races—Boy's race, girl's race, three-legged race, fat man's race, lean man's race, Chinaman's race, sack race.

Athletic Sports—Broad jump, running jump, standing jump, hop, step and jump, three jumps, running high jump, standing high jump, pole vaulting, putting 16-pound shot, throwing 56-pound weight, tossing caber.

Tug-of-War—Smelter vs. Town. Firemen's race for championship of Kootenay district.

Regatta—Boat race, scullied; tub race. Aquatic Sports—Water polo match, contest in casting a fly, contest in log rolling, the winner to receive \$75; swimming races, diving exhibitions.

One wheel, a great big bicycle race, climbing a slippery pole placed over the water. Horse Races—One-quarter mile heat, three heats, three to start, five per cent of the prize to enter; free for all gentlemen's race, winners up; pony race, trotting match.

Calithumpian parades and Chinaman's band concert.

A musical program will be gone through on Bay avenue bridge in the evening and a grand ball will be given at night.

Arrangements are made for rockets and illuminations.

## HARD ROCK DRILLERS.

Young Boys Who Are Practising for a Hammer Race.

On Le Roi avenue, on the high bluff facing the English church, three youngsters are daily practicing at rock drilling, in preparation for the time when they will have a chance of match their muscle against the brawn of other youthful teams that are reputed to be in hard trim for such an event. The Le Roi avenue drill includes Charley Burger, Willie Kinnear and Clifford Davenport, each of which would total about 10 years of life on this planet. They have some ancient steel that from its looks was abandoned by the first prospector who looked at Red mountain, while the rest of their equipment includes two eight-pound hammers and a maple sugar can, from which the drill hole is supplied with water as fast as progress may necessitate.

All yesterday afternoon the three toiled and sweated in the torrid sun, and when they laid off at 6 o'clock they pointed with pride to a hole some nine inches deep. Considering the state of the weather the result was amazing.

Charley Burger, by common consent, is the hard hitter of the trio, and while he cannot get that eight pound hammer above his head, he manages to bring it down upon the steel with a thud and pushes it downwards at an alarming rate. In two handed drilling Burger is ably assisted by Kinnear, who is no mean man when it comes to handling a hammer. Davenport presides at the turning of the drill, and his changes of steel would turn William Tallon green with envy. Davenport has advanced far enough to keep hold of the steel all of the time when it is a reasonable distance above ground, but when the head gets close to the hole he decides that discretion is the better part of valor, and he gingerly turns the drill with the tips of his fingers, which are judiciously removed as rapidly as the hammer nears the drill.

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Lerwick	15
Lily May	20
Monte Cristo	25
Montia	12
Mountain Goat	5
Noble Five	17
North Star	10
Novelly	5
Peorman	12
Rambler-Cariboo	22
Reco	10
Republic	10
Sarah Lee	20
Slocan Star	40
Twin	25
Virginia	25
War Eagle	200
West Le Roi & Josie	27
Wild Horse	25

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AND, B. C.

Broad Street Avenue.

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HUMANITY'S HOPE AND FRIEND.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND The Great Health-Giving Prescription

The Weak and Run-down Secure Wonderful Vitality from the Great Medicine in the Summer Time.

Paine's Celery Compound is the grandest and most wonderful medical prescription of the age...

digestive organs are not doing their work properly—when constipation is poisoning the blood—when disease with iron hand has taken possession of the body—then it is that Paine's Celery Compound shows its marvelous health-giving powers...

tion, that made life almost a continual misery, and having used a great many medicines without any satisfactory results, I was induced to try your Paine's Celery Compound...

THE MINING REVIEW

Despite the Le Roi's Suspension, Shipments Remain Unchanged.

INCREASE AT WAR EAGLE

The Working Force There Now Numbers 210 Men—14 Drills Employed—Fine Showing at the Columbia & Kootenay—Lily May to Start Up.

The announcement that the Lily May will resume work on July 1 with a force of 15 men under the management of the British Canadian Finance corporation was one of the interesting developments of the week...

The Le Roi meeting on Friday night did not result in any action, and an adjournment was taken until the 27th of the month.

The development on the Columbia & Kootenay is of the most encouraging nature, and the property is looking exceedingly well.

The shipping list will be increased this week by the addition of the Monte Christo, which is expected to send 25 tons daily to the Trail smelter during the first week...

The War Eagle is shipping heavily and produced 1,280 tons last week. The Iron Mask shipments were 65 tons, while the Centre Star produced 30 tons.

The place left vacant when the Le Roi suspended shipments has been suddenly filled by the War Eagle, which is already producing steadily at a rate equal to its predecessor...

Four men have started to work on the Good Hope stripping the vein that extends from the Good Friday across the Good Hope ground. Later on work will be resumed in the shaft.

In the upper tunnel a crosscut is in progress near the bottom of the shaft, which connects with the tunnel. Some little ore has been met, which promises well.

Work raising the water from the shaft is in progress. W. T. Macdonald, who is in charge of the company's affairs, says that mining will be resumed shortly.

The surface improvements are completed, and the shaft house is in excellent shape. At the 300-foot level three drills are at work crosscutting the ledge.

In the lower tunnel level a crosscut is in progress, and three feet and a half of lively quartz has been disclosed. The ore contains some little iron.

Work is continuing in the bottom of the shaft and at the 180-foot level. In each place good ore is met.

The showing in the shaft is little changed. Good progress is made in driving the tunnel.

Two drills are working in the crosscuts from the lower levels in the shaft.

The tunnel is being pushed ahead. Some ore is met.

Shipments last week amounted to 30 tons.

Operations are continuing in the tunnel.

The crosscut is still being continued.

Sinking the shaft is continuing.

Work in the shaft continues.

A DAY OF JUDGMENT

Criminals Sentenced at Victoria by Mr. Justice McCall.

A BUNCO MAN SURPRISED

Charge of Criminal Libel Against Mr. Bostock, Mr. Coltart and Senator Templeman Dismissed—Progress of Glenora Wagon Road.

VICTORIA, June 4.—Belle Adams, alias Zella Ward, the young white woman, who last evening cut the throat of her mulatto lover, Charles Kincaid, because he was about to desert her, was today committed for trial on the charge of murder.

Sentence was pronounced by Justice McCall today on the prisoners found guilty at the assizes just concluded. An Italian named Barratta, for attempt to murder, was sentenced to seven years. Williams, the Seattle confidence man, who took \$210 from a Manitoba farmer, was severely lectured by the judge, and seemed stunned by the shock when seven years' imprisonment was named as the punishment.

The Iron Mask. Good ore continues to be met in both the winze and the raise. In the former workings a depth of 330 feet has been attained, which is the extreme depth yet reached in the mine. Shipments continue steadily.

The Great Western. Two drills are at work in the bottom of the shaft, which is down about 120 feet.

The No. 1. Excellent surface ore continues to be met, from which good values are obtained. It is probable that an air pipe will be run to the property from the Josie to supply air to the shaft that will be sunk on the No. 1.

The Good Hope. Four men have started to work on the Good Hope stripping the vein that extends from the Good Friday across the Good Hope ground. Later on work will be resumed in the shaft.

The Evening Star. In the upper tunnel a crosscut is in progress near the bottom of the shaft, which connects with the tunnel. Some little ore has been met, which promises well.

The Abe Lincoln. Work raising the water from the shaft is in progress. W. T. Macdonald, who is in charge of the company's affairs, says that mining will be resumed shortly.

The Jose. The surface improvements are completed, and the shaft house is in excellent shape. At the 300-foot level three drills are at work crosscutting the ledge.

The Jumbo. In the lower tunnel level a crosscut is in progress, and three feet and a half of lively quartz has been disclosed. The ore contains some little iron.

The Deer Park. Work is continuing in the bottom of the shaft and at the 180-foot level. In each place good ore is met.

The Masot. The showing in the shaft is little changed. Good progress is made in driving the tunnel.

The Nickel Plate. Two drills are working in the crosscuts from the lower levels in the shaft.

The Southern Belle. The tunnel is being pushed ahead. Some ore is met.

The Centre Star. Shipments last week amounted to 30 tons.

The Good Friday. Operations are continuing in the tunnel.

The Coxy. The crosscut is still being continued.

The Gertrude. Sinking the shaft is continuing.

The Atlantic Cable. Work in the shaft continues.

FROM THE GAZETTE.

The Latest Incorporations, Orders and Appointments, Etc.

THE CASCA TRADING & TRANSPORTATION COMPANY LIMITED.

The Casca Trading & Transportation Company Limited, with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$5 each.

The Ymir Waterworks, limited, with a capital stock of \$12,000, divided into 300 shares of \$40 each.

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The council of public instruction has created school districts as follows: Alexandria, Fairview, Lumby, Mara, Nansimo Bay, North Bend, Okanagan Falls, Quatsino, South Cedar, South Nansimo, Trout Lake, Wardner, Union Wharf, White Valley and Ymir.

The following appointments are gazetted: W. F. Robertson of the city of Montreal, Esquire, B. A., Sc., to be provincial mineralogist, vice William A. Carlyle, Esquire, resigned.

The following are the new incorporations: The Casca Trading & Transportation Company Limited, with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$5 each.

The Ymir Waterworks, limited, with a capital stock of \$12,000, divided into 300 shares of \$40 each.

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Have you made any money in Mining Stocks?

100's and 1,000's of Dollars Have been made by careful investors. Will you accept a few suggestions as to your buying?

- 1. Buy as an investment, not to sell again in a few weeks. 2. Invest through a man who knows the camp, and whose reputation is at stake. 3. Do not buy where extravagant promises of dividends in a few months, etc., are made. 4. Invest in three or more of the most promising companies to the amount of 1000 or more shares. 5. Do not buy when the stock of any company is on the "boom." NOW is a good time to invest.

I shall be glad to have your patronage and will buy as carefully as if investing my own money.

D. D. BIRKS, P. O. Box 447. Imperial Block, Rossland, B. C.

Harris, Kennedy & Co. Mining Brokers and General Agents.

We are in a position to negotiate the sale of some of the most promising properties in West Kootenay. Stocks bought and sold on commission. Are prepared to act as local agents and keep the necessary office, etc., for foreign corporations as required by the 1897 Companies act.

R. P. RITHET & Co. Wholesale Merchants, Wharf St., Victoria, B. C.

Groceries, Wines and Liquors

The Reason Why Shorey's Ready to Wear Clothing... Is better in style and finish than what I can get from my tailors. Of course a large concern like Shorey's can keep a staff of experienced workmen upon one class of work from year to year until they become absolutely perfect...

THE L... Report of... HOPEFUL... The Govern... Needs of... Next Se... Bounty of... G. A. Bud... an interest... recent visit... to secure ad... lead industry... successful in... this session... ernment pro... earnest cons... statement is... To the memb... of Kaslo... of the... cities of... Gentlemen... ors commis... orable bodi... proceeded to... April, and r... evis, howev... count of the... Dominion p... jorously the... Slokan railw... instructed b... Kaslo to opp... The object... secure the a... ernment suc... smelting of... During the... the capital... Messrs. Hou... ing the city... of Nelson, a... sisted by M... Maxwell and... mon by Mr... and by the... interior, Mr... The partic... upon the adm... First—The... market has... substantial... products co... abroad. Second—In... government... lead. Third—A... ment of the... under "an ex... smelting," 68... its provision... further term... Fourth—Th... tons should... treasury de... States with... ing under w... the lead cont... assy, altered... duty should... lead contents... returns, inst... Fifth—The... lead ores, o... into the Unit... view in any... with that cou... The Gov... Upon the... ultimately th... First—The... changes came... at this sessi... The prime... nounced that... has had the r... results, includ... which was v... Mr. Braden... accompanied... lament, has... nities were... received the... No tariff... circumstance... But during... legislation f... condemnation... would be pr... interested in... Second—A... special com... had just ret... was in no in... ing been hit... of the depa... printed. Mr... were in O... meagre, and... and comm... at this sessi... defray the c... parliament... however, in... agents abroa... the trade in... The... Third—The... of smelting... of \$30,000 p... the 1st day... of July, N... Bay, Nelson... participate... under it, no... the act has... as to its op... ever been m... for by the m... paying it. It... will be made... any inquiry... The policy... continuance... will be anno... parliament... Fourth—T... of the opin... ings with... would have... lations with... just, but if... tion would... Fifth—In... development... reciproc... States with... with the p... secure its... more imme... pressed with... mining ind... will not be... stage of an... entered into... But we mig... own vigil...

THE LEAD QUESTION

Report of G. O. Buchanan re His Visit to the Capital.

HOPEFUL FOR NEXT YEAR

The Government Will Consider the Needs of the Lead Producers at the Next Session of Parliament—The Bounty on Canadian-Smelted Lead.

G. A. Buchanan of Kaslo has issued an interesting statement relative to his recent visit to the government at Ottawa to secure aid for the British Columbia lead industry.

To the members of the boards of trade of the municipal councils of the cities of Kaslo and Sandon:

Gentlemen—In compliance with various commissions received from the honorable bodies which you represent, I proceeded to Ottawa in the early part of April, and remained there 28 days; my stay, however, was prolonged on account of the legislation pending in the Dominion parliament affecting injuriously the interests of the Kaslo & Slooan railway, which legislation I was instructed by the board of trade of Kaslo to oppose.

The object of my mission was to secure the action of the Dominion government such as would promote the smelting of silver-lead ores in Canada.

During the latter part of my stay at the capital, I had the co-operation of Messrs. Houston and Gibson, representing the city council and board of trade of Nelson, and we were efficiently assisted by Messrs. Bostock, Morrison, Maxwell and Earle of the houses of commons, by Mr. Templeman of the senate and by the honorable minister of the interior, Mr. Sifton.

The particular requests urged by us upon the administration were:

First—The development of a home market for lead by the imposition of substantial import duties upon lead products coming into Canada from abroad.

Second—Inquiry at the expense of the government for a foreign market for lead.

Third—A settlement by the government of the claims that have arisen under "an act to encourage silver-lead smelting," 58-59 Vic., a readjustment of its provisions, and its extension for a further term.

Fourth—That the department of customs should use its influence with the treasury department of the United States with the view of having the ruling under which duty is collected upon the lead contents of ore as shown by assay, altered in such a way that the duty should be collected upon the net lead contents, as shown by the smelter returns, instead.

Fifth—That the free importation of lead ore, or preferably lead bullion, into the United States should be kept in view in any treaty for reciprocal trade with that country.

The Government's Decisions. Upon these various requests we got ultimately the following decisions:

First—That our application for tariff changes came too late for consideration at this session of parliament.

The prime minister had already announced that he would make no changes; he had turned away numerous deputations, including that of the lumbermen, which was very urgent and influential.

Mr. Braden of the Pilot Bay smelter, accompanied by several members of parliament, had seen him (Mr. Fielding) in the early part of the session, and had received the same answer.

No tariff changes would under any circumstance be promised in advance. But during the autumn, when tariff legislation for next session was under consideration, the finance minister would be prepared to hear all that those interested in lead wished to say.

Second—As to a foreign market, a special commissioner (Mr. Anderson) had just returned from that country, and made no inquiries as to lead, it not having been hitherto brought to the notice of the department of trade and commerce. Mr. Anderson's report was printed and laid before parliament while we were in Ottawa.

The results of this mission had been meagre, and the department of trade and commerce would not ask parliament at this session for an appropriation to defray the cost of sending another commissioner. The department would, however, inquire through its consular agents abroad as to the facts in regard to the trade in lead.

The Bounty on Lead. Third—The act for the encouragement of smelting by the payment of a bounty of \$30,000 per annum is in force from the 1st day of July, 1895, until the 1st day of July, 1900. The smelters at Pilot Bay, Nelson and Trail, are entitled to participate. No money has been paid under it, no return as provided for by the act has ever been made to parliament as to its operation, no appropriation has ever been made by parliament or asked for by the ministry for the purpose of paying it. I understand that the matter will be made the subject of parliamentary inquiry during the present session. The policy of the government as to the continuance or otherwise of the bounty will be announced at the next session of parliament.

Fourth—The minister of customs was of the opinion that parties having dealings with the United States customs would have more influence than he would have in securing a change of regulations which could be shown to be unjust, but if furnished with full information he would look into the matter.

Fifth—In regard to reciprocity: Should developments bring a practical scheme of reciprocal trade with the United States within reach, it is in accordance with the policy of our government to secure its ratification. The ministers more immediately concerned were impressed with the importance of the lead mining industry to that extent, that it will not be forgotten in the preliminary stage of any negotiations that may be entered into.

But we must depend mostly upon our own vigilance, to insure a final settle-

ment of the details in a satisfactory manner. I reserve for the public press some observations as to the special difficulties under which we labor at Ottawa.

But I desire to impress upon the representative bodies whom I have the honor of addressing, that special legislation of any kind will be secured from the Dominion parliament only by special effort. The concessions sought by us might have been secured this year had the agitation in favor of them began a year sooner. They may be attained at the next session of parliament, but if they do, it will be because we continue our efforts to bring them about. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant, G. O. BUCHANAN.

A PROMISING SECTION.

Mr. McLaughlin Tells of Properties in the Ainsworth Division.

W. L. McLaughlin is in the city from the Ainsworth division. He and his partner, John Clinton, own the McLaughlin and Clinton groups on Hamill creek in the Ainsworth division. There are 16 claims. The claims are located some four and a half miles from Kootenay lake. The veins in these properties are very wide and carry gold, silver, lead and copper. It is anticipated that the government will widen a partially completed trail to the property into a road and then shipments of ore can be made to the smelter.

Mr. McDonald, who owns the property just north of the McLaughlin and Clinton groups, recently sold it to Messrs. Bowker & Veats of Grand Forks, North Dakota, for \$40,000. It is one of the best properties, Mr. McDonald declares, that he has seen and he has been a mining man for many years. This property has been opened to a depth of 130 feet and there is a seven-foot vein of solid and very rich ore. The veins in that country, he says, are well defined and lie between excellent walls. In the property purchased by Messrs. Bowker & Veats, there is 6,000 tons of ore in sight and it can be taken out and shipped to the smelter with but very little expense. Mr. McLaughlin was one of the pioneers of Rossland, and is the owner of the Summerside mineral claim in the south belt and one of the objects of his visit is to sell it. He expects to return to the Ainsworth division on Monday.

A PLAGUE OF BUGS.

They Got on Everybody and Were a Source of Annoyance.

All of Rossland that could see or feel Saturday were for the time being entomologists and became bugslayers. The air was filled with the little pests and there were so many kinds and varieties that they would take a bug sharp to classify them. They stung, too, with more energy than one would expect from their size and appearance.

It was comical at times to see two men engaged in conversation on the street, brushing the insects off each other. One would say "I see that the Le Roi deal did not—Excuse me, there's a big black bug on your collar. Allow me to remove it." (The bug would then be brushed off the collar.)

Then the other would say "Yes, I observe that the deal has been postponed. Lookout there's a bluejacket on your necktie. Allow me to smite it." (The blue bug would then be smitten.)

Thus it was that the bugs made conversation lack continuity and broke it into fragments.

It was not at all pleasant to have one of these insects get under one's collar, for they left a trail of stings wherever they went. The oldest inhabitants declared that yesterday was one of the worst days they had ever seen here for bugs and do not know how to account for the plague. It's an ill wind that blows no one any good, and the little birds who feed on insects in this vicinity must certainly have had a feast yesterday.

THE NEW MINERALOGIST.

Mr. Robertson a Man of Wide Experience in Mining Affairs.

The appointment of W. F. Robertson to the post of provincial mineralogist vice W. A. Carlyle, resigned, has been gazetted, and he will assume the duties of his office at once. Mr. Robertson is 40, but he has had a wide experience in mining and in smelting, both in Montana and in Spain. He is a Montrealler by birth and was graduated from McGill. His nomination for the position was heartily approved both by Dr. Geo. Dawson, Dominion geologist, and Mr. Carlyle, whom he succeeds, and both speak in the highest terms of his ability. Mr. Robertson was in Rossland last year.

Ymir Going Ahead.

Ymir is active, and a new 50-ton concentrator has been ordered from the E. P. Allis company by the Dundee Gold Mining company. The development of the property continues of the most encouraging nature. The Ferrid mine has ordered a new set of 10 stamps for its mill from the Fraser & Chalmers company, represented by M. Unzicker. This will double the present capacity of the mill, which is now treating 30 tons of ore daily, and is shipping two and one-half tons of concentrates daily to the Hall Mines smelter. The Athabasca will also put in a 10-stamp mill.

SANTIAGO BESIEGED.

Land and Water Forces Now Threaten the City.

CAPE HAYTIE, Hayti, June 4.—Dispatches received here say it is reported in Santiago de Cuba that the United States troops have been debarked at Punta Cabrera. The dispatch adds that there was heavy cannonading yesterday afternoon at Santiago de Cuba and that extraordinary commotion prevailed at that place. All the Spanish troops, it is said, were concentrated at the fortifications in the suburbs, and it was understood among the non-combatants that the insurgents and the American forces were making a grand attack on the landward side. In the evening, at a distance of about eight miles off the coast, 25 American warships, five of which were cruisers, could be seen. It was believed that the United States fleet of Rear Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley.

WORD FROM SAMPSON.

Caused the Merrimac to Be Sunk to Close Up Santiago.

WASHINGTON, D. C. June 3.—The navy department has posted the following bulletin: "The navy department at 3 o'clock received the following dispatch. Mole, Hayti, June 4.—Succeeded in sinking the Merrimac in the channel of

SANDYCROFT FOUNDRY & ENGINEERING Co.

LIMITED.

CHESTER, ENGLAND,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

MINING & MILLING MACHINERY

FOR PARTICULARS, APPLY

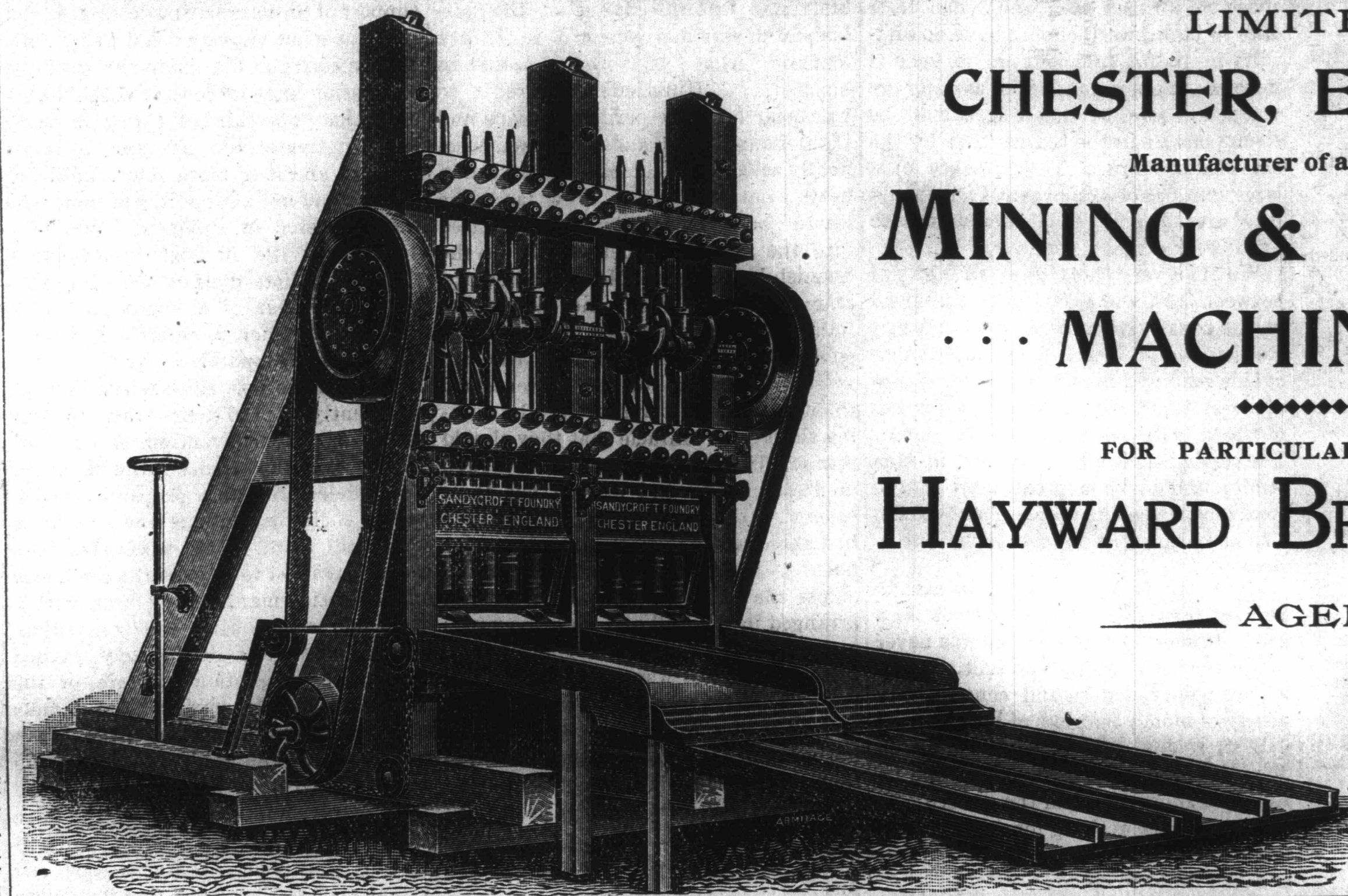
HAYWARD BROS. & Co.,

AGENTS,

ROSSLAND,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BOX 783.



THE ROSSLAND MINER'S

MAP

...OF THE...

Rossland Camp

THE ROSSLAND MINER'S map has arrived, and is now on sale. It is the most complete and elaborate map of Rossland and the surrounding country that has been published.

It is finely lithographed in several colors on the finest and most durable paper, and the first edition will consist of 7,000 copies.

Complete

Every building, street and alley in the city of Rossland are plainly outlined.

The mines and mining claims of the Rossland camp, and their building, such as shaft houses, compressor plants, ore houses, boarding houses, etc., are all on the map.

All physical features of the surrounding country, such as mountains, hills, valleys, plateaux are shown just as they are. The winding of railways, wagon roads and trails are correctly represented.

Accurate

The map is almost a photographic picture of the Rossland camp, with the exception that it is produced in colors and shows the country as it is in the early summer.

No expense has been spared to make this map a really first-class production of artists, engineers and engravers. Two skilled, active and experienced men have been constantly employed on the work for three months.

Price \$1.00.

Send orders to.....

The Rossland Miner Printing and Publishing Co., Rossland, B. C.

J. M. MILLER, President and Treasurer. GEO. N. TAYLOR, Vice-President. M. F. CHESNUT, Secretary.

CLOUGH'S CODE USED.

The Old Gold Quartz and Placer Mining Co. LIMITED.

Capitalization 1,500,000 Shares, Fully Paid and Non-Assessable. 500,000 Treasury Shares. Par Value \$1 Each.

A Grass-Roots Proposition. One Hundred Dollar Ore on the Surface.

The officers of the Old Gold Quartz & Placer Mining company take pleasure in announcing to the public, that they have completed the purchase of the famous Silver King and Silver Queen properties of the Lardeau-Duncan country, and that the same have been amalgamated with the already promising properties of the Old Gold company. The Silver King and Silver Queen have two well defined and highly mineralized ledges running through the entire properties, each being over five feet in width. A number of assays have been made from the property, every one of which shows over \$100 in value and one reaches the magnificent sum of \$135.75. Average taken assays across the entire ledge give values of 102-37.

They are located only about one mile from the rich Gainer creek gold properties, are within three-fourths of a mile of rich placer grounds, are nestled among such well-known mines as the Bad Shot, Silver Cup, Wagner and Bannock Burn groups.

The Old Gold properties now consist of eight claims, (comprising about 400 acres of mineral lands) six of which are on the North Fork of the Salmon river, one of the most promising gold producing districts in British Columbia.

The last assays taken from the quartz ledges on this group give the satisfactory results of over \$20 per ton.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING FACTS: 1. A large area of rich mineral lands. 2. Low capitalization. 3. Shipping ore from the surface. 4. Water and timber in abundance. 5. No salaries to any officer until the property becomes dividend paying. 6. A careful, economical and honest management. 7. The company is out of debt, has a large fund both in treasury and unsold treasury stock, and is working its properties.

The above are some of the reasons why an investment in the shares of the Old Gold Quartz & Placer Mining company at present prices is the most profitable that can be made in British Columbia.

Only a limited number of shares will be placed on the market at 10 cents. An advance in price will soon be made.

M. F. CHESNUT, Secretary, P. O. Box 148, Rossland, B. C.

Advertisement for Burlington Route to Chicago and Omaha, featuring a 'NEW SHORT LINE' through Montana, Idaho, and Puget Sound.

Advertisement for Lion Brewing Co., Limited, Rossland, B. C., highlighting their 'LAGER BEER' and 'CARBONATED BEVERAGES'.

Advertisement for J.B. Johnson & Co. LENZ & LEISER, 16 COLUMBIA AVENUE, offering 'Bargains for Today' and 'DRY GOODS'.

Advertisement for C. J. WALKER, 108 Bishopsgate Street (Within), London, E. C., acting as a 'London Agent for the Rossland "Miner"'.

Advertisement for VICTOR MAGOR, MINING BROKER, offering a 'Private Weekly Report of Stocks and Mines on Application'.

Large advertisement for Reindeer Milk, featuring an illustration of a milk can and text describing it as 'Richest in Cream' and 'Best for All Purposes'.

Advertisement for Truro Condensed Milk Co., featuring an illustration of a milk can and text describing it as 'Richest in Cream' and 'Best for All Purposes'.

Vertical text on the left margin, including 'ney', 's. Will', 'to your', 'to sell', 'ows the', 'on is at', 't prom-', 'months,', 'he most', 'to the', 'shares.', 'k of any', 'NOW', 'atronage', 'esting my', 'and, B. C.', '& Co.', 'gents.', 'OSSLAND, B. C.', 'of the most promising', 'essary office, etc., for', 't. Under bond if de-', 'Rossland, B. C.', 'H. B. DABNEY, Mining Broker.', 'Box 64, Rossland, British Columbia', 'Co.', 'Liquors', 'Why', 'eady to Wear', 'Clothing...', 'han what I can get', 'ern like Shorey's', 'ed workmen upon', 'to year until they', 'while a tailor's', 'o-day, a dress coat', 'quently they can', 'the proficiency of', 'd in the pocket of', 'firm is bound to'.

Weekly Rossland Miner.

Published Every Thursday by the ROSSLAND MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO. LIMITED LIABILITY.

LONDON OFFICE: O. J. WALKER, 105 Bishopsgate St., Within E. C. TORONTO OFFICE: CENTRAL PRESS AGENCY, Ltd., 83 Yonge St.

SPOKANE OFFICE: ALEXANDER & Co., Advertising Agents, Room F First National Bank Building.

EASTERN AGENCY: EMANUEL KATZ, 29 Temple Court, New York.

THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE OF THE WEEKLY ROSSLAND MINER for all points in the United States and Canada is Two Dollars a year of One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents for six months; for all other countries Three Dollars a year—\$1.50 in advance. The subscription price of the DAILY MINER is \$1 per month, \$5 for six months or \$10 for one year foreign, \$12.50 also in advance.

THE ORE SHIPMENTS.

Following are the ore shipments from the mines adjacent to Rossland from Jan. 1, to June 4, 1898: Le Roi..... 22,970 War Eagle..... 7,416 Centre Star..... 350 Poorman..... 453 Iron Mask..... 140 Clifton..... 350 Velvet..... 350 Total..... 33,855

The ore shipments for the seven days from May 28 to June 4, inclusive, were as follows: War Eagle..... 1,280 Centre Star..... 30 Iron Mask..... 30 Total..... 1,340

The total shipments from the camp since Jan. 1, 1897, aggregate 108,596 tons.

PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS.

The writs for the Provincial elections were issued at Victoria last Saturday, nominating day being fixed for Saturday, June 25, and the elections on Saturday, July 9. Four years ago the elections were held on July 7, so there are just two days' difference this year.

THE CORBIN RAILWAY.

THE MINER would not be surprised if D. C. Corbin succeeded in running trains into the Boundary creek country at no distant date. He may not build a railway into that district; such a contingency is, in fact, highly improbable. It is, however, not unreasonable to suppose that he will extend his railway system to a point at or near Cascade City, where it would connect with the Robson-Penticton railway, to be built this year by the Canadian Pacific railway. Mr. Corbin may then use the R. & P. road as far west as Midway, where he would commence the construction of a line to Republic Camp and other important points on the Colville reservation which he is desirous of tapping.

But it is not to be supposed that the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway company will enjoy this privilege without giving a quid pro quo. Mr. Corbin, should he wish to use the C. P. R. tracks along the Kettle River valley, may be called upon by the C. P. R. to contribute as much as half the cost of the construction of the railway between Cascade City and Midway, as well as to pay his share towards maintaining the line in good repair. Besides these considerations he may have to make important concessions to his big rival in order that the latter may gain access to Spokane and other points to the south, so long desired by the C. P. R., by granting track privileges over his main line.

THE DAWN OF PROSPERITY.

Trail Creek division is fortunate in having a number of paying mines. There was a time in our history when the Le Roi, it might be said, was the only producing mine in the camp. At that time a shutting off of its output would have been regarded as a public calamity. Indeed, it has been said by the pessimistic that if the Le Roi was to cease operations that the grass would soon be growing on Columbia avenue. Well, the looked for calamity has come to pass. The Le Roi has ceased to produce and still the business portion of Columbia avenue is comparatively free of luxuriant vegetation of any kind. It is true that the shipments of the Le Roi have only ceased temporarily and that it is being placed in a better condition than ever. The place of the Le Roi as a shipper, however, has been taken by the War Eagle and that property is now sending out so much ore that the shipments keep right up to the usual standard. Its shipments for last week reached a total of 1,280 tons and for the month of May the average was 121 tons daily. Then the Centre Star and the Iron Mask added their quota to the shipments and the result was about up to the average. This week the Monte Christo will begin the work of shipping and as there are many thousands of tons in sight its ore will form quite an important item in the total shipments. It is very probable from the developments being made in the Columbia & Kootenay that it will soon join the shipping mines. In addition to this there are several other properties that promise ere long to join the shipping list. Further on the Le Roi will be put in shape and will swell the tonnage that is sent to the smelter. This shows that there will be both good times and employment for an increased force of men here.

The Trail smelter when it starts up will, with its two lead stacks and its matting plant, have a capacity of 1,000 tons of ore per day. This will make it the largest smelter in the Dominion of Canada and one of the largest on the

continent. It should give employment to between 750 and 1,000 men all the year around. It has ample capital at its back, and is prepared to purchase ore for spot cash and when it is once in bloom it should have no difficulty in finding sufficient ore to keep it in constant operation. Spot cash for ore and at low rates for smelting should be strong factors in the competition for the ores of the district. The presence of a large number of employees at Trail should be of great benefit to Rossland and to Trail creek division generally.

Within a very short time an army of between 3,000 and 4,000 will be employed on the construction of the road between Robson and Midway. The construction of this road will involve the expenditure of about \$3,000,000, a large proportion of which will be expended for labor. The expenditure of this money in this section should be a great help to the local business men and merchants of the city and also assist in the general prosperity.

The situation may therefore be said to be most favorable and the outlook for a good summer, fall and winter was never better than it is at the present. There will be plenty of work and consequently plenty of money and lots of business. It will, therefore, be seen that the shutting down of shipments on the part of the Le Roi for a short time and the consequent lessening of its working forces is not so much of a calamity as some have tried to make it out to be.

MUSEUM OF MINES.

The department of mines is engaged in making extensive improvements at the Museum of Mines at Victoria. A recent issue of the Victoria Colonist gives an interesting description of what is being done in this connection.

The old legislative buildings are now being fitted up for the purpose of this new department and besides a well equipped laboratory for the chemical work, there will be a second laboratory specially devoted to students, in which they will be able to obtain a practical knowledge of chemistry, mineralogy, blow-piping, and other kindred subjects. This in connection with the mineral museum will be very valuable to learners, as they will thus have the opportunity of studying ores and minerals from all parts of British Columbia, and comparing them with ores from well known mining districts in other parts of the world.

Geological charts showing how valuable veins and ore bodies have occurred will be a practical aid to many a prospector in tracing or following an ore body he may have discovered on the surface. The department will also try to have accessible the latest known methods of working and treating ores, running stamp mills, ventilating mines, pumping, etc., and will keep on hand the latest and most reliable catalogues of mining plant and machinery.

In the museum will be placed typical ores from all the mines of the Province and also samples of the rocks in which they occur with such information as is obtainable of the geology of the several districts. The museum will be kept up to date by the work of the provincial mineralogist in the field and by the surveys of the Geological Survey of Ottawa, which are every year adding to our geological knowledge of our own Province.

Without such a museum to keep them on record, valuable discoveries are often lost sight of, to the very considerable disadvantage of the Province. One such case occurred not so very long ago, in which a prospector discovered a valuable bed of asbestos—years since—and brought in samples of the mineral and had found. This being regarded as of no value at the time, nothing was thought of it and a few years later the prospector died without having communicated to anyone information of the precise location of the deposit—thus leaving undeveloped and unproductive an important source of industry and wealth.

The establishment of a well equipped government laboratory will enable valuable research to be made and experimental work done in connection with the ores and minerals of British Columbia, and will add to our store of practical knowledge in a manner not obtainable in the private assay office of a mine. Another object of the government laboratory is the identification and naming of minerals for prospectors free of charge, and the finding out if the mineral submitted has any commercial value—and if so, how best to develop it. The department will do this free of charge, recognizing the fact that many a poor prospector who may have discovered a valuable mineral, and might have been deterred by a charge from ascertaining its value—and the discovery thus be lost. This does not include the ordinary commercial assays, for which of course there is a regular scale of fees.

The department of mines has made great advance in the last few years, and it will not show any lack of progress in the succeeding years if it follows out the line that has been entered upon.

HEROISM.

There is no quality that men admire more than bravery, and when individuals show by some heroic deed that they possess the courage that there is no limit to and demonstrate it by some exceptional deed of heroism, all the world takes its hat off to them and bows in homage. One of these special acts of

courage was performed a few days ago at the entrance to the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, when a call was made for volunteers to take the American collier Merrimac into the channel of the harbor and sink her across it in such a manner that it would cause a blockade. Hundreds desired to volunteer for this perilous service and Lieutenant Hobson and seven men were finally selected. It looked like certain death, but the chosen crew faced the fearful odds cheerfully. They passed into the channel under the fire of the Spanish batteries at Morro and Socapa and elsewhere. From the muzzles of hundreds of guns poured forth a hail of shot and shell concentrated on the frail vessel. The death of the crew seemed to be certain, as it appeared to be nothing short of a miracle that they should escape. The men were as cool as though on dress parade and carried out their orders to the very letter. After they had anchored the vessel under a regular hail of projectiles they brought her across the channel, exploded a torpedo arranged in the hull and sank the vessel and so blocked the channel.

As the vessel was sinking beneath their feet they got into a small row boat and, as it was impossible to leave the harbor under the storm of shot and shell, they rowed to the flagship of the Spanish squadron and were made prisoners of war. Strange to relate, only two of the heroes were wounded during the adventure.

The deed was so heroic that it won even the admiration of the Spanish, and Admiral Cervera, in his enthusiasm, sent his chief aide to Admiral Sampson, notifying him of the safety of the heroes of the exploit. This was an act of chivalry on the part of the Spanish that stands out in relief in comparison with some of their actions, and it must be set down to their credit.

It is claimed that this good action has been wiped out because the heroes of the Merrimac have been imprisoned in Morro so that if the American fleet bombards it an injury is liable to be done to them.

Taken altogether it was as great a feat as that of the surviving brother of the Horatii, who were the champions chosen by King Tullus Hostilius to battle with the three Curiatii. In this historic combat, which took place, according to Livy, several hundred years before Christ, only one of the six survived, while the eight men of the Merrimac forlorn hope passed through far greater danger, and with more fearful odds against them and yet they came out alive. In the one case it was three armed men against a trio of others in the same condition. In the other it was eight against thousands of men armed with the fearful guns of modern times, and as Shakespeare made the fop say to Hotspur: "since they have invented these vile guns war has gotten to be a dangerous thing." The deeds of the eight men who blew up the Merrimac and so blocked the entrance of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba will therefore be admired by all irrespective of race or creed, for brave deeds like touches of nature make the whole world akin. In this day of cables and telegraph lines a man plays with the world as a theatre, and the applause can be heard all around the globe, for as was said at the beginning there is no quality that men admire more than bravery.

A CHEERFUL EDIOT.

The New Westminster Sun, a miserable little weekling sheet that has come into existence only since public interest began to be manifested in the approaching Provincial elections, an alleged newspaper that does not seem capable of existing without liberal doses of party pap, that is appallingly ignorant of the real commercial and political conditions prevailing in British Columbia or elsewhere, has dared to presume to air its befuddled opinions with regard to the state of business affairs in Rossland. It prates of "the throes of business depression" prevailing here, of the scarcity of money and employment and asserts that in many instances towns like Rossland never recover strength and vigor which they would have obtained had the development being less artificial and more natural.

One has only to read the daily record of the news of this camp and compare what he thus learns of the business conditions prevailing here with those of any other town in Canada to be at once become convinced beyond the peradventure of a doubt that there is not in the country a more prosperous community than Rossland. This is a fact, and THE MINER defies anyone to offer proof to the contrary. We, therefore, refuse to believe that the article in the New Westminster paper was penned by an individual clothed in his right mind, and can only surmise that a raving maniac has escaped from his keepers at the Provincial Insane asylum and is now in control of the editorial columns of the Sun.

THE OPPOSITION CONVENTION.

The nomination of James Martin as the Opposition candidate of the Rossland riding makes clear two things—first, that harmony does not prevail within the ranks of the party, and secondly that the Oppositionists of the Boundary Creek country have forfeited all right to criticize the Government for the last Redistribution measure by truckling to the Rossland bosses.

To one who is familiar with political conventions it seems nothing short of ridiculous for a candidate to enter an election contest without the unanimous support of the nominating delegates. Yet this was what happened last night. Mr. Martin starts on his campaign with the distressing knowledge that considerably more than one-third of the total number of delegates did not give him their support, and it is more than significant that he had not a supporter present who was possessed of sufficient courage to dare to ask the 10 Bogle men to make the nomination unanimous. Did anybody ever hear of a candidate being elected after such a pitiable display of half-hearted support?

Three of the west side delegates were sufficiently loyal to their trust to stay away from the convention when they learned that the balance of the Boundary Creek delegation were prepared to disregard their instructions and vote for a Rossland man. The west side men were instructed to support the candidacy of a west side man, and it was within their power to control the convention. They, however, deliberately turned down the Opposition electors of the Boundary Creek country and tamely submitted to the dictation of the Rossland bosses. The rank and file of the Oppositionists of the west side have been betrayed and their faith and hope in the Opposition party must be completely shattered. There is but one course open to them, and that is to place their confidence in a Government or Independent candidate who knows not of sectionalism, who would give as much consideration to the west side as he would to the east side, who will recognize his duty to the Rossland riding and not to only the immediate neighborhood of his place of residence.

THE MINER sympathizes with D. B. Bogle and his friends, as it does with the outraged Oppositionists of the west side. Mr. Bogle is undoubtedly a man of no little ability, and while we entertain political views contrary to his, we cannot but help admire the many and energetic fight that he has made. His address to the convention last night was as eloquent a plea as has ever been delivered to a Rossland audience. Upon the platform there is no comparison between Messrs. Bogle and Martin. The former has the gift to exactly and clearly define his position, while the other only seems to have a faint grasp of the situation and a very hazy idea of what would be required of him in the legislative assembly. The one could make the halls of the legislature ring with his oratory, the other could only figure in that much-despised role of a "silent member," without influence and disregarded by his parliamentary colleagues.

At no time have the "Opps" of this district stood much chance of electing one of their number to the legislature, but it is safe to say that by nominating James Martin they have effectually ruined whatever opportunities they might have had in that respect.

THE C. P. R. IN KOOTENAY.

The visit of Vice-President Shaughnessy, of the Canadian Pacific railway, is an important one to this section. The widening of the gauge of the Columbia & Western and the beginning of construction on the Robson-Penticton branch of the Columbia & Western were but waiting the signal from him for their starting, and he has given it. The merchants of Rossland will soon be able, through the widening of the standard of the narrow gauge between here and Trail, to receive their goods from the east without the necessity of breaking bulk. In a short time an improved train service will be put into effect which will make it more convenient for the passenger service out and into this city.

Mr. Shaughnessy has directed that the work of construction on the Robson-Penticton branch be pushed with all possible speed. This insures to the people of the Boundary Creek country that to which they have long wished for—transportation to a smelter—which is a consummation they will be profoundly grateful for. The residents of Boundary know that they have a splendid mining country and that fortunes are awaiting many of them as soon as transportation facilities are secured, and hence they will now take up the task of developing their prospects and mines with renewed vigor and be in a position to market their ores when the whistles of the C. P. R. locomotives resound through their valleys and mountains.

The completion of the Crow's Nest railway to Lake Kootenay is promised at an early date and this means cheaper coke for the smelters and a corresponding cheapening in the cost of reducing the ores of the camp. One of the most important communications made by Mr. Shaughnessy yesterday was that the C. P. R. was in the railway and not in the smelter business, that the smelter was simply a means toward the end of making business for the railway. Therefore the charge for smelting would be simply the cost. With the increased facilities afforded by the completion of its system in this section will come a cheapening of the cost of both transportation and of coke and doubtless there will come a corresponding reduction in the charges for smelting. This would naturally follow, as Mr. Shaughnessy has said that the charge will merely be the cost of the work. This promise of Mr. Shaughnessy opens up a long vista of profit for the mine owners of this section, for it is certainly within the range of probabilities

that with the reduction that will follow in the price of fuel, supplies and fixtures a rate of \$5 per ton may be reached. With such a rate in force the result would be an increased profit on the high grade ores and would make it possible to work the ores of the lowest grade that the camp produces.

It is palpable, therefore, that the visit of Mr. Shaughnessy is an important one as it hastens all these good ends that this section is longing to attain.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

WHAT has become of the New Westminster platform?

WHY don't the Opposition leaders take the electors into their confidence and produce a platform?

WILL the several Opposition newspapers please state who is the leader of their party?

THE output of copper continues to steadily increase, but it is satisfactory to note that the price remains very firm and may be expected to so continue until it again advances.

THE Daily Kootenian folded its white wings the other day and suddenly died. Whether it was heart failure or lack of nutrition that caused its demise has not yet been determined.

THE Salvation army is very busy at present in Kaolo. This impells the Sandon Paystreak to remark that it thinks that the army of the Lord is a long distance from headquarters.

HON. J. H. TURNER opened the general election campaign the other day at Comox. Early this week he will pay a visit to the Mainland and continue his campaign throughout the interior districts.

THE Opposition organs declare that the Province is going to the bow-wows. Great mistake. We have sufficient faith in a very large majority of the electors to be convinced that they will prevent such a dire catastrophe by refusing to vote the Oppositionists into power.

THE Victoria Colonist gives utterance to a great truth when it says that "for several years, ever since the great discoveries in the Kootenay commanded the attention of the world, the eyes of investors and public men in all English-speaking countries have been directed towards this Province."

HON. ROBERT BEAVAN has announced that he intends to run in Victoria for the legislature, as an Independent. He was Mr. Semlin's predecessor as leader of the Oppositionists, but was overthrown by the treachery of some of his principal followers. Mr. Beavan is a back number in British Columbia politics and it is very probable that he will so continue without interruption.

WHILE it is true that all the people of the United States are not of Anglo-Saxon origin, it is, nevertheless, a fact that Americans are Anglo-Saxon by education. Liberty is the grand old Anglo-Saxon institution which is educating both the American and the British peoples. Liberty is the real bond of Union between Great Britain and the United States.

It is reported that several of the members of the Dominion cabinet will visit the West this summer. Should they do so they could not do better than make a thorough tour of the Kootenays. The administration at Ottawa does not seem to fully appreciate the importance of this district, and a personal visit of some of the ministers would undoubtedly result beneficially for this portion of the Dominion, in its efforts to secure desirable legislation through parliament.

GENERAL SEYMOUR, the successor of General Montgomery Moore as commander of the Imperial forces in the Dominion, has had a varied experience as a regimental officer, and on the district and headquarters staff of the army. He was born in 1838, and first saw service as an ensign and lieutenant in the Goldstream Guards in 1855. Prior to joining the army he was a midshipman in the navy, serving with the Baltic fleet.

IT seems that that Yukon railway is not likely to materialize. The contractors do not seem to be disposed to undertake the construction of the road on the subsidy promised by the Provincial government, and they are probably also influenced to no little extent by the sudden and complete collapse of the Klondike boom. If Messrs. McKenzie & Mann do not build the road the Province will save \$1,600,000.

IT is satisfactory to note that the public press from one end of the Dominion to the other, finds frequent occasion to comment in a pleasing manner on the future of Rossland. Here is a sample from the Victoria Colonist: "The Toronto Globe thinks that Rossland should become a large and flourishing city. There is no doubt about that, Rossland will grow, but its growth will keep pace with the development of the mines surrounding it. There will be no mushroom work."

THE Toronto Telegram points out that all the money and genius which Canada has employed to attract immigration has been and is being spent in the wrong end, and says that if \$100,000 had been appropriated to prospect the Kootenay country, the wealth of the mineral resources of the district which is now attracting the world might have been discovered ten years ago, and the fame of this wealth would have brought more people to Canada than could be button-

holed into coming here by all the agents of the government. This is only too true.

THE report of the commission appointed to inquire into the condition of the laborers employed on the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass railway, has at last been submitted to parliament. It declares that the company and sub-contractors failed to carry out agreements with workmen; that the men were badly treated both as to food and accommodation, and ill-used when they complained. The commissioner recommends that recruiting for such work should be under government control; that rates for board and supplies should be fixed by regulations; that men should be paid from \$2 to \$2.50 a day, and charged from \$4 to \$5 a week for board.

THE appointment of Hon. M. C. Cameron, M. P. for West Huron, to succeed Hon. C. H. Mackintosh as governor of the Northwest Territories, removes from the political arena a man who for a good many years has been a prominent figure in the Liberal ranks and an able debater in the house of commons. He was first elected in 1867, and for several terms of parliament has represented one of the Huron ridings. He has been engaged in some fierce election contests, and was much feared and hated by the Tories in the House for his fearless exposure of corruption and misrule. For many years he was the leader of the Bar in Huron, and did much as mayor of Goderich for four years, and as a private citizen to promote the interests of that town. Mr. Cameron will deserve the honor just conferred on him.

BRITISH COLUMBIANS familiar with the London market are frequently heard to complain that the mineral and other resources of this Province are not sufficiently advertised in the British Isles. This contention is, indirectly, supported by no less an authority than Hon. Forbes G. Vernon, agent-general for British Columbia in London. In his report for the year 1897 Mr. Vernon points out that "This office would be more useful if it was established at some more central point of the City of London, similar to, but on a smaller scale than that of the office of the agent-general for South Australia in Bishopsgate street, and a reasonable sum allowed for the purpose of calling attention to the many advantages offered by the Province as a field for settlement and for the investment of capital." The subject is a matter worthy of the favorable consideration of the government.

THE New York World, in a moment of frankness, confesses that there are no Gladstones in the United States. It says to compare the dead English statesman with any living American politician would be unkind. The very nature of the United States constitution is to a large extent responsible for the fact that so few American statesmen have been able to obtain great public careers. The natural ambition of every citizen of the United States is to become President, and when he attains that office he is confronted with an unwritten law that he shall not hold office for more than two terms, or for eight years, and while he is there neither himself nor the members of his cabinet hold seats in either House of Congress. To be in Congress, on the other hand, is to be debared from executive office, and this involves another curtailment of influence and usefulness. It will thus be seen that under the British system of government the opportunities for embryo Gladstones are better than they are on the other side of the line.

Rossland Mining Stocks

(Extracted by the Reddin-Jackson Company Limited, 108 Columbia avenue, P. O. Box 499 Telephone 18. Cable address: "Tantling," Codes Clough and Lieber.)

MARKET FEATURES.

There was a large volume of business done yesterday in standard stocks with Monte Christo easily the favorite. The mine is now a steady shipper and will add greatly to the output of this camp. Holders are now predicting 50 cents before August. Iron Mask is a good buy at present price and would go much higher only for litigation. Since the strike in the Good Hope we have sold 30,000 to Eastern buyers. We have buyers for good standard stocks and ask holders to list with us.

Table listing various mining stocks and their prices, including Castle G. M. Co., Monte Christo, Deer Park, Dundee, Edgar, Elgin, Eureka, Evening Star, Good Hope, Grand Prize, High Ore, Iron Coll., Iron Mask, and Josie.

We can also supply Republic, Ymir and Sloacan stocks at lowest prices.

Snaps for Today.

We offer today subject to sale the following snaps: 500 Mtgump, 2,000 St. Paul, 2,500 Deer Park, 2,500 Monte Christo, 1,500 Montezuma, 10,000 Arlington, 10,000 Virginia, 15,000 Sticks.

LIST YOUR STOCKS WITH US.

We have cash buyers.

The Reddin-Jackson Co., Limited Liability.

Mining Operators and Brokers. Established May, 1895. Incorporated October, 1896. Agents for N. & F. S. Railway Addition to Rossland.

Money Loaned on Rossland Real Estate.

108 Columbia Ave., Rossland.

ALL SO... Several of the Celebr... A FIRE B... Permanent L... Into Bound... Once-Eva... Army, Vis... Revelstoke... day. The Sloca... convention a... June 9. Cayley Bros... the construct... Downie creek... Commission... tion Army, co... stoke last we... F. Deacon wh... for the Benn... season and will... Creek station... President C... railway has co... construction o... point on his li... Nelson is m... day. The alr... already raised... The convent... opposition o... Revelstoke r... was held at... stoke, Monday... The British... agency, a Lon... menced work... building at Ca... a large gene... The people... are anxiously... ment to comm... many promise... are so badly... take. The Revel... ceived no noti... municipal elec... sending the r... called under i... on Tuesday la... Section for... rather a nast... week. It see... was st... a wound some... the doct... Donald is... ion day prog... given away in... suggested that... ment in comm... school, and th... for, open to... silver medals... It is propos... day and July... at Fort Steele... will be held... been left to... Messrs. Hou... with power to... The people... boarded are... Kaolo should... the next pro... few days and... ably be anno... New Denver... Captain W... umbia, who... and was reg... citizens their... transfer to... Okanagan. I... passed thro... take over his... The C. P. R... of the route... stoke railway... near Gilpin's... it is underst... mamently loc... menced at or... The C. P. R... voir two and... of Cranbrook... above the r... viding the s... supply. The... will have a... gallons of wa... for a city... The public m... north riding... in the I. O. C... for the pur... mental candid... vintial elect... chair and r... After a leng... per instruct... was decided... 6, and held... tend. The o... Messrs. Cald... The Sande... bell for the... useful for th... year Sandon... often discor... marking tim... The new be... of genealog... only purpose... Genesis. A... religious bo... called "bles... them, it m... the council... A black b... been in the... haunts by t... of the Nobl... the ore pa... place; but... from his... eagle eye, d... hand, cau... a couple of... over biddin... period of e... weighed 90... A F... GRAND E... The citizen... ing for a m... take place... gram will... racing, etc... play of fire... summit of... stands som... The celebr... New Yor... at 59 1/2.

ALL SORTS OF NEWS

Several of the Kootenay Towns to Celebrate Dominion Day.

A FIRE BELL FOR SANDON

Permanent Location for C. F. E. Line Into Boundary to Be Commenced at Once—Eva Booth of the Salvation Army, Visits Revelstoke.

Revelstoke will celebrate Dominion day. The Slokan Independents hold their convention at Sandon on Thursday, June 9.

Cayley Bros., who had the contract for the construction of the bridge across Downie creek, have finished the work. Commissioner Eva Booth of the Salvation Army, conducted services at Revelstoke last week.

F. Deacon will have a packing contract for the Benetton mine near Golden this season and will build a corral at Bear Creek station for his horses.

President Corbin of the S. F. & N. railway has offered \$2,500 towards the construction of a wagon road from some point on his line to Republic camp.

Nelson is making elaborate preparations for the celebration of Dominion day. The subscription committee has already raised over \$2,100 for the sports.

The convention for nomination of an opposition candidate to contest the Revelstoke riding at West Kootenay, was held at the Cowan block, Revelstoke, Monday evening.

The British Columbia Mercantile agency, a London corporation, has commenced work on a substantial store building at Cascade City and will put in a large general merchandise stock at once.

The people of Christina Lake country are anxiously looking for the government to commence making some of the many promised roads and trails, which are so badly needed around Christina lake.

The Revelstoke board of trade has received no notice of a set date for the first municipal election, though the letters sending the resolution of the meeting called under its auspices was forwarded on Tuesday last.

Section foreman Joe Sharp met with rather a nasty accident at Golden last week. It seems that while unloading ties he was struck on the head, making a wound some four inches long, necessitating the doctor's presence.

Donald is going to have a big Dominion day program. Some \$200 will be given away in medals and prizes. It is suggested that there be a football tournament in connection with the Gun club amament and that bicycle races be arranged for, open to amateurs only. Gold and silver medals to be prizes.

It is proposed to celebrate Dominion day and July 4, by a joint demonstration at Fort Steele. A grand sports gathering will be held and the arrangements have been left to the following committee: Messrs. Houghton, Bailey and McNish, with power to add to their number.

The people of the neighborhood are not at all satisfied that Kaslo should arrange the candidates for the next provincial elections, and in a few days another candidate will probably be announced as the nominee of the New Denver political club.

Captain Williams of the steamer Columbia, who had built at Arrowhead and was regarded as one of the settled citizens there, has been notified of his transfer to the company's steamer Okanagan lake.

Revelstoke Tuesday took over his new command. The C. P. R. survey party in charge of the route of the Robson and Revelstoke railway has moved its camp from Gilpin's ranch to Greenwood, and it is understood that the work of permanently locating the line will be commenced at once.

The C. P. R. proposes to build a reservoir two and one-third miles southeast of Cranbrook, at an elevation of 270 feet above the embryo town with a water supply. The Herald says the reservoir will have a storage capacity of 1,200,000 gallons of water, affording sufficient supply for a city of 10,000 inhabitants.

A public meeting of the electors of the north riding of East Kootenay was held in the I. O. O. F. hall, Golden, last week, for the purpose of selecting a Government candidate for the approaching provincial election.

The Sandon church has purchased a bell for the fire hall that will be very useful for times when several time whistles, often discordant, is true, but always marking time at intervals none the less.

The new bell has inscribed on it a sort of genealogical record of the city officials only surpassed by that of the Book of Genesis. As it is customary for certain religious bodies to have a ceremony called "blessing the bell" on erecting them, it might not be out of place for the council to follow suit.

A black bear for some time past had been in the habit of emerging from his haunts by the Reco trail in the vicinity of the Noble Five side track, to witness the ore packing as it was daily taking place; but the poor fellow now rests from his labors.

Tom McCluskey, rifle in hand, caught eight of bruis, and after a couple of well directed shots he rolled over bidding adieu to life even at this period of election excitement. The bear weighed 300 pounds.

A Four Days Celebration. GRAND FORKS, June 6.—[Special.]—The citizens of Grand Forks are arranging for a most elaborate celebration to take place on July 1st here. The program will consist of horseracing, foot-racing, etc. In the evening a grand display of fireworks will be fired from the summit of Observation mountain, which stands some 700 feet above the town. The celebration will last four days.

The Price of Silver. NEW YORK, June 7.—Bar silver closed at 56 1/2.

A FATAL MISTAKE

The Isakoot Wrecked Near the Mouth of the Stickeen River.

VICTORIA, June 7.—The fast river steamer Isakoot, of the K. M. T. & L' company, which in a trial trip held here on May 27th developed an exceptional speed, and on the following day sailed for Wrangal under her own steam, is, according to news by the steamer Boscowitz, just arrived from Nadea, and way ports, a total wreck on a pile of rocks in West Inlet, or, as the Indian have it, Eun Leon Arm, a blind passage about five or six miles from the mouth of the Stickeen river. She is high out of the water. The officers of the Boscowitz, who talked with the Captain McClellan in charge of the Isakoot, say the catastrophe was caused by a mistake of the pilot, Captain O'Brien, who mistook the cove in which the wrecked steamer is lying, for the mouth of the Stickeen and steamed ashore thinking he was entering the river. The tug Christina and a barge were secured at Esington and when the Boscowitz came down they were alongside the inlet taking out her machinery and stores. The Isakoot was a comfortable well built vessel, remarkably steady, with a capacity for 200 passengers and 125 tons of freight. She was 145 feet long, 31.5 feet on the beam and powerfully engine. Her builders were the B. C. Iron Works company of Vancouver, who fitted her out in the most approved fashion. She carried a sea-going, steam steering gear and in fact all the modern appliances. She was insured in Lloyds.

TRAVELING LIBRARIES.

The Books That Govern the Loaning of Books.

A move should be made to secure one of the traveling library services for Rossland, which has been authorized by the last legislature. There is a scarcity of books in Rossland and the following are the rules that govern the loaning of books from these libraries:

"Being a resident of... over 15 years of age, I hereby agree, as a borrower from the British Columbia traveling library, to promptly return the books within the time specified, and to pay any fines due by me for over-detection of books, or for injury to or loss sustained by any book while charged to me."

Persons under 15 years of age shall be entitled to the same privileges as the foregoing in case their agreement is indorsed by a parent or guardian, or by any of the petitioners for the library, or the trustee.

Two volumes may be drawn by each reader and retained two weeks. A fine of five cents per week shall be paid for each book kept over time, and no books shall be lent to any one to whom books or an unpaid fine are charged.

Fines shall be paid to the librarian and used under the direction of the trustee for library purposes.

A reader desiring a book not at the time on the shelves, may have it reserved for him for 48 hours after its return, by giving notice to the librarian.

A reader returning a book which is not reserved may renew it for two weeks.

Notes, corrections of the press, or marginal references of any kind, not belonging to the province, are unconditionally forbidden, and all losses or injuries beyond reasonable wear, from whatever cause, must be adjusted to the satisfaction of the trustee by the person to whom the book is charged.

Books must be handled with care and leaves must not be turned down. The librarian shall keep an accurate record of all books lent out, and of the date of borrowing and return, cards for which purpose are provided with each library sent out.

A library may remain for three months in any community, at the end of which time, however, it shall be the duty of the librarian to forward it, packed up as received, to a designated address supplied by the provincial librarian.

In case of an application being received by the provincial librarian and trustee of the library, requesting an extension of time not exceeding three months, the same may be granted.

An accurate record shall be kept of the books lent out and the date of their return and a full report of the same shall be forwarded at the end of every three months to the Provincial Librarian, whose duty it will be to publish such returns in his annual report.

A printed catalogue of the books in each library shall accompany the same.

IN OUTSIDE CAMPS

Rainbow Ore Gives Returns of 1500 Ounces in Silver.

Operations Have Been Resumed on the Payne-Rich Copper Ore in the East Kootenay Country—What the Athabasca Is Doing—Notes.

Signs of great activity are noticeable in the several mining divisions and the present year is certain to be a banner one so far as development and production is particularly active. In the Boundary country the miners are working with renewed energy because of the certainty it is felt that there will soon be transportation facilities afforded that section by the construction of the C. & W. branch of the C. P. R. into that section. In the Fort Steele section in East Kootenay a road is being constructed, and transportation there is assured. Appended are the reports from the mining divisions:

BOUNDARY DIVISION.

Frank Provost was displaying recently at Slokan City, some fine samples of iron cap ore mingled with quartz and sulphide, which was encountered in the Twin Sisters mineral claim, while prospecting for the main ledge. The property is situated on the first north fork of Lemor creek.

The Old Gray claim near Slokan City, formerly owned and operated by Seattle parties, was restaked recently by They Hauck and the Heckman brothers. They Hauck remained on the ground all night. After staking it they returned to town and went immediately to the government office where the claim was recorded in the names of Paul and J. E. Skinner recently visited Rainbow, from which he brought some easily run 1,500 ounces in silver. Considerable work has been done on this property and the paystreak, which is eight inches in width is gradually being coming larger.

John W. Skinner recently visited Rainbow, from which he brought some easily run 1,500 ounces in silver. Considerable work has been done on this property and the paystreak, which is eight inches in width is gradually being coming larger.

The Fidelity mine reports another important strike. The Mountain Lilly of the Routelette group, has five inches of clean ore. During the interval from May 19 to the 21st the Idaho shipped from Three Forks 181 tons to Everett.

Frank P. Sherwood is preparing to begin operations on his fine south fork claims belonging to the Bismark group. But little development has been done, but he makes the Bismark a regular shipper.

The Payne tramway took up the key of its rumbling song again last week. The Payne is now in full operation. The force was put on the day of the start and the force has since grown to something like 80 men. In the mine a large force of men was engaged on development and ore breaking during the period. About the tramway was disabled. Heavy shipments will begin again about the 10th inst., and will continue throughout the summer.

There is nothing new from Four Mile. All the properties on this rich creek are looking for the shipments lately made. Others will follow during the summer. A great amount of prospecting is going on to find the most promising points at which to open up the many claims not yet developed.

Enough ore is now in sight on the Mollie Hughes to pay for the property and two more ledges have been discovered and are yet to be opened.

Frank Watson, manager of the Arlington mine, states that work will be resumed on the property as soon as the new road is completed.

Stevenson and Fraser, who have been doing assessment work on the Tracy claim, on the mountain side four miles southwest of Kaslo, have had an assay made on their rock which shows values of \$6 in gold and 32 per cent copper. The claim was located May 29, 1897.

They are said to have a 11-foot ledge of this class of rock. Several claims have this ore located on the strength of the True Blue assays.

EAST KOOTENAY. T. A. Knowlton will ship shortly a car load of ore from the Sunday mine at Ottentail.

Messrs. T. A. Knowlton and W. R. Lindsay arrived at Golden recently from the east and proceeded to Ottentail, with a view to renewing work on the Sunday claim. They brought seven miners with them from the east.

Mr. Jolliffe recently left Golden for the coast to consult with the Hon. D. Dewdney as to the work to be done this season on the claims in which they are interested in the International basin.

A party of prospectors from West Kootenay has located a group of claims opposite the Mineral King on Toby creek. The ore is copper and looks very promising. Mr. C. Haas, J. Oustance, D. Glaze, S. Brealner, G. H. Ford, C. J. J. Miller, James Lafranz, Republic; J. E. McAllister, Trail; H. C. Talbot, Armstrong; Adam Crossman, Spokane; George Edwards, Geo. Rose, W. J. J. Anderson, H. A. King, Dr. Allan Rossland; O. B. Rickards, G. B. Rickards; L. O. W. B. Rickards, S. Benardman, H. C. Adams, Midway; J. T. Denault, T. A. Spragge, T. Gardien, C. Cascard, Gesner Allan, San Francisco; E. Spragge, Grand Forks; A. C. Reeves, Thos. McKenzie, Andrew Gray, R. S. Collins, C. S. Rice, O. Bonlie, J. R. Bond, J. J. Sullivan, J. H. Winkle, George Edwards, Geo. Rose, W. J. J. Anderson, H. A. King, Dr. Allan Rossland; O. B. Rickards, G. B. Rickards; L. O. W. B. Rickards, S. Benardman, H. C. Adams, Midway; J. T. Denault, T. A. Spragge, T. Gardien, C. Cascard, Gesner Allan, San Francisco; E. 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(Editorial concluded from Page 4.)

NEARING THE END.

The best news that has been heard since the war started between the United States and Spain is to be found in the dispatches in another column. It is to the effect that there will probably be an end to the war before long. Spain has instructed her ambassador to France to request the Powers to intervene to bring about a peace with the United States on terms that will not affect the honor of the Spanish nation. It is evident the Spanish people are not in a condition to further continue the struggle with so powerful a nation as the United States. This must be more palpable to the government of Spain every day. The Americans are not yet in first class fighting trim, as they have not yet fairly mobilized their army. This is evidenced from the fact that the forward movement for the invasion of Cuba has not begun, nor will it be until the troops are better drilled and disciplined than at present. The navy of the United States was in fairly good fighting condition when hostilities began, and has done some rather effective work. The United States has not been handicapped by a lack of funds, and everything essential that money could purchase for the army and navy has been cheerfully furnished.

Spain was in a poor condition to carry on a war when it was declared, and judging by the results has not bettered her condition to any great extent since. She was almost exhausted financially from the result of a three years' endeavor to pacify Cuba, and in suppressing the Philippine uprising. Since then the rebellion has broken out anew in the Philippines, and she has had riots and has been threatened with insurrections at home. With enemies at home and abroad and a shortage of funds, it is no wonder, therefore, that her army and navy have not made a better showing, and that she is anxious for peace. The final straw that has probably broken her spirit was the run on the Bank of Spain. This in the course of a very short time would have led to the closing of the doors of that financial institution. It is claimed by financiers if the Bank of Spain failed that Spain would immediately have been compelled to quit fighting, as such a calamity would produce both national and individual bankruptcy, and it would be impossible for her to further carry on the war, owing to a complete lack of funds. It is certain that the fear of this calamity has had considerable to do with Spain's determination to sue for peace. The ending of the war is a consummation that is most devoutly wished for by the whole civilized world. Its continuance means that breadstuffs and other food commodities will be high all over the world. This produces discontent and riots among the people of the poorer nations of Europe. It also means a disturbing and hampering of the trade in every direction which makes it burdensome on all mankind. In war times it is hard to induce capitalists to embark in new ventures, because the outcome of hostilities can never be foretold and once begun it is difficult to predict how many nations may become involved before they cease. In time this would interfere to a large extent with local mining operations, as it would prevent capital from embarking in new mining ventures here. It is, therefore, hoped that the wishes of the Spanish people may be carried out at the earliest possible moment and that there may be peace between the two warring nations within the next few days.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

If the Government supporters and Independents of the Roseland riding do not appear to be particularly active in their preparations for the general elections, it must not be supposed that they are indifferent as to the outcome of the contest, or are over-sanguine that the cause they espouse will triumph. Evidences are not lacking to prove that the friends of good government in this district are taking an intelligent interest in the situation. They do not believe in an organization that admits of machine politics and bossism such as is being attempted by the Oppositionists of this city, but they are, nevertheless, banded together in a solid phalanx against the attempt that is being made by certain opponents of the Government to foist upon the constituency a man who has not a correct conception of what would be required of him in the legislature, and whose partisanship would be almost certain to operate disadvantageously against the proper recognition of the public needs of the district. They are considering the matter from a business and not from a political point of view. They realize that the Turner government will surely be returned to power, and are anxious to see such an outcome for the reason that they dread the possibility of the control of the affairs of the Province passing into the hands of the incompetent and discredited Opposition. They also appreciate the importance of having as a representative a man who is not only capable of conducting an intelligent and forcible debate on the floor of the House, but who would be a shining light and a tower of strength in the executive council of the Government. Those who have a business stake here anticipate that the next four years will witness a phenomenal ad-

vancement in the development of the resources of the riding, and, as a consequence, the district will be constantly making claim to important consideration at the hands of the Administration, whether the legislature is in session or not. It, therefore, behoves this constituency to elect a man who is not prejudiced against the Government party, and who is capable to thoroughly and conscientiously perform any and all the duties that would devolve upon him as a cabinet minister.

A CANADIAN-AMERICAN COMMISSION.

It is hoped that the international commission that is to be appointed as a result of Sir Louis Davies visit to Washington, will satisfactorily dispose of the several differences that exist between Canada and the United States. It is to be regretted that of late years there has been a marked tendency for Canadians and Americans to drift apart in many issues of minor importance. We have had to complain of their attitude as revealed in tariff and alien legislation, and they, upon their side, appear to have two grievances, one concerning fishing privileges in North Atlantic waters and the great lakes, and the other touching the question of seal catching in deep waters in the Pacific. It would not be surprising when the American members of the commission learn that by the high tariff of their country, especially in the case of lead, they are forcing Canadians to build up a home market for lead ore and its products, they will recommend their government to take down their barriers to Canadian trade. It is said that the commission will sit at Ottawa. This will give the American members an excellent opportunity to observe how prosperity prevails among those who toil at manual labor in a "free" country unprotected by a "Collins amendment."

THE LONDON MARKET.

Promoters of mining schemes complain that it is now more difficult than it was before the Hispano-American war to float a mining deal in London. It seems to be true only in a measure. It is not impossible, even under the somewhat depressed condition of affairs to successfully market a mine there, provided it is a meritorious one. There are several deals pending there at present that involve large sums. There was a payment made only a day or two since which involved the reorganization of one of the largest properties in the south belt and the expenditure of considerable money. The agents of both English and Scotch operators are even now in this vicinity and are looking for chances for investment. The head of one of the largest real estate and investment houses in England was in this city a few days since. He represents a clientele of investors second to none in importance in the United Kingdom, and his mission was to purchase mining properties here. Instances of this kind could be repeated ad infinitum, but those mentioned are sufficient to show that the British investor, notwithstanding the war, takes a deep interest in the mining affairs of this section, and is ready to place money here. This inclination to invest, despite the damper that has been put on mining ventures during hostilities, will doubtless be the case until peace has been declared.

When the fighting ceases and there is no longer danger of international complications that might involve the peace of the world, there will be a change for the better, the like of which has never been witnessed in this Dominion. The flood tide of investment will then set in this way, and lead the entire section on to good fortune and prosperity. There are facts which point to this condition as unerringly as the day follows the night. Were it not for the intervention of the war, the Kootenays would ere this have been in the very heyday of a mining boom. A new field for mining operations has been found in British Columbia and a fairer field than this the sun does not shine upon. It stretches for hundreds of miles square and its stores of mineral are inexhaustible. Its returns to investors will be far greater than has hitherto been the case in any other part of the globe. Sight must not be lost of the fact that the Kootenay district is turning out \$2,000,000 per month and that new mines are constantly being added to the list of producers. The section is, therefore, able to stand alone. It has passed the infant industry stage and is approaching a vigorous manhood. This has been accomplished, too, largely without the aid of British capital. What we are producing and the occasional investment of capital from Great Britain the outlook is rosy, and we shall have good times even during the prevalence of hostilities. Later on, however, when "this cruel war is over" and the flow of British capital sets in a regular stream toward the Kootenays there will result an era of prosperity that will surpass the most optimistic, so great will it be.

MR. BUCHANAN'S MISSION.

In another column will be found the report of G. O. Buchanan, the delegate appointed by this district to interview the Federal government regarding the lead industry. It is an interesting statement and well worth perusal. It will be seen that the application for tariff

changes came too late for consideration at this session of parliament, but the bounty on lead smelted in Canada to the extent of \$30,000 per annum will remain in force until next session, when the matter will be fully dealt with by parliament. In other respects everything depends on the future. Mr. Buchanan's recommendations are right to the point and deserve favorable consideration. He believes the desires of the district with respect to this very important question can be satisfied, but that in order to attain such a result it will be necessary to keep it well to the front in the public eye and lose no opportunity to see that parliament is thoroughly informed on all points bearing on the matter. Mr. Buchanan has displayed great tact and public spirit in the part that he has played in endeavoring to advance the prosperity of the Canadian lead industry and is entitled to the thanks of the people of the Kootenays.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

The much talked of Anglo-American alliance is commencing to assume definite shape, if the reports telegraphed from Washington to the London, England, newspapers can be relied on. Negotiations have got to a stage where Great Britain will recognize the Monroe doctrine, and will not attempt to increase her territory in the western hemisphere. The United States will build the Nicaragua canal, which Great Britain will have the use during war. The United States will hold all the territory taken from Spain, and Great Britain will protect her in her possession thereof if she is threatened. The United States will support Great Britain in China and the far east. All British ports in China will be opened to the United States under the "most-favored-nation" clause. The main features of an arbitration treaty have been provided. The alliance in case of war will be offensive and defensive. These terms will undoubtedly meet with cordial approval throughout both the British Empire and the United States.

THE GOVERNMENT CANDIDATE FOR SLOCAN RIDING.

It is not improbable that John L. Retallack, of Kaslo, will be the Government candidate for the Slocan riding at the forthcoming elections, and should he be nominated in that interest will be an admirable selection. Mr. Retallack is a resident of the district and has been ever since Kootenay, practically speaking, began to be known, and is thus a pioneer. He came to Ainsworth in 1890, and was in that camp during the early mining excitement. Subsequently he moved to Kaslo and has since remained a resident of that city. Having extensive interests in the district and a thorough knowledge of the conditions which exist there and the requirements of the same, he is admirably adapted to represent a mining constituency, more especially one like the Slocan in which there have been such important and extensive developments. From a legislative point of view no better man, we think, could have been chosen as a candidate to represent this section of Kootenay. His interests are the interests of those of his prospective constituents and in addition to his local standing, investments, and familiarity with the conditions that exist there, he is a man of wide capabilities. Mr. Retallack is personally highly respected, is popular throughout the riding, is a ready and fluent speaker and is generally well informed. These are qualifications which fit him in an eminent degree for a seat in the legislative assembly and to advocate the requirements and promote the interests of the Slocan riding and of Kootenay in general, the interests of every part of which are identical.

Mr. Retallack has in the past rendered very efficient service in various capacities in behalf of Kaslo and the Slocan district and has since his arrival, which has already been stated, was at the very commencement of mining development in the Kootenays, taken a prominent part in all matters of public nature, and has shown a public spiritedness which has been commendable throughout. He has stuck to the district through good report and evil, and has shared the outset expressed implicit faith in the future of that section and demonstrated his faith by his actions. Of course there are other men, worthy citizens, too, who have worked shoulder to shoulder with Mr. Retallack and given similar evidence of their abiding faith; but without wishing in any degree to minimize the importance of their joint and several efforts, we do not know of any person who can put forward stronger claims, and in our opinion there are few men in the district so well qualified for the important position which is sought for him by his friends. We trust that Mr. Retallack may receive endorsement as the Government candidate, and we feel sure in that event he will be the first representative of the Slocan riding of Kootenay to take a seat in the Provincial legislature.

THE CLOSING SESSION.

The session of parliament is so nearly at an end that for all practical purposes it may be considered finished. That the session has not been one to excite a high degree of interest as compared with past years, is probably due to the fact that it has been

used largely to give effect to measures upon which the country had already passed its judgment, and not because the administration has been in any way backward in preparing such legislation as the needs of the country required. Of the measures proposed by the ministers, several have been of great importance and interest. Mr. Blair has been able to announce the completion of his plans for bringing the Intercolonial railway into Montreal over the Drummond County and Grand Trunk systems. The Postmaster-General has made two important alterations in the working of his department, one making newspapers subject to postage, except in the case of weekly papers delivered within twenty-five miles of the place of publication, and the other intended to give increased facility to the dead letter branch of the service by establishing branch offices. The good work begun last year to assist the development of Canada's agricultural resources has been continued. The grants for cold storage have been maintained, and arrangements have been made to renew the attack upon British markets by Canadian perishable products, which was so well begun last year. Rather elaborate preparations have been made for immigration to the Northwest Territories.

The one legislative act of the session which commanded attention outside the Dominion was the provision introduced by Hon. Mr. Fielding in the financial plans for the coming year, whereby a preference was extended to sugar imported from the British West Indies. This has been accepted both in Canada and in Great Britain as a recognition by Canada of the interdependence of the various portions of the British empire. The most prominent feature of the session, however, was Hon. Clifford Sifton's Yukon Railway bill, otherwise known as "the Mann & McKenzie job." How it passed the commons, but was unfortunately killed in the senate is too fresh in the minds of the readers of THE MINER to need any further reference in this connection.

The repeal of the old franchise and the substitution of a new one, and the passage of a measure for the taking of a plebiscite vote on the question of prohibition of the liquor traffic may also be mentioned among the important legislation introduced and passed.

The Liberal party has not yet succeeded in removing the tariff from the arena of political controversy. Nothing has been done in this respect this session, but certain revisions will in all probability be made next year.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Oppositionists fired their "first gun in the campaign" in Vancouver the other day. Judging from the reports of the affair, the gun was charged with a blank cartridge.

CANADIANS will heartily approve of the statement of the London Daily Mail that Lord Aberdeen's successor as governor-general must be a man of the very first rank. Saving, perhaps, India, there is no vice-royalty in the Empire whose importance can be measured against the governor-generalship of Canada.

THE Victoria Colonist contends that the Oppositionists are the enemies of the Province. They may not intend to be such, but they are. They have fallen into their present position probably because they have been so blinded by prejudice and lust for office that they have not seen whither their steps are leading them.

THE Victoria Times is of the opinion that it requires no gift of prophecy to see that the approaching elections will be the sternest battle ever fought in the history of the Province. To our notice this is a very ridiculous statement. The Opposition party is in a hopelessly unorganized condition, is without a leader, has no platform and is utterly discredited. How in the name of common sense can such an outfit expect to do any effective work in the present campaign.

THE Grand Forks Miner, the leading paper of the Kettle River valley, referring to the political situation in the Roseland riding, says the representatives of the Boundary Creek Oppositionists feel sure that by uniting their forces against the numerous Roseland factions of the party they can secure the legislative nomination for a west side man. The Boundary Creekers are evidently becoming very tired of being used as tools to satisfy the ambitions of the Opposition politicians of this city.

WE HASTEN to endorse the Victoria Colonist when it says that the misfortune of British Columbia is that its Opposition consists of narrow, disappointed men, who have been soured by repeated political failures, or are jealous of those who have been more fortunate than themselves in getting to the front in this great and promising Province. The few who are inclined to support the men who sit to the left of Speaker Booth should bear in mind that the tactics of these members of the legislature have been condemned by a large majority of the electors on every occasion that they have had to express their opinion for nearly 20 years past.

THE postoffice bill as finally passed provides for the establishment of branch dead-letter offices in Toronto, Montreal, Halifax, Winnipeg, and Victoria, as well as Ottawa. It also provides that the Postmaster-General may make regu-

lations providing that where a letter is insufficiently stamped, or incorrectly addressed, the postmaster may, if the sender's name is on the outside, apply to him to complete the postage or correct the address instead of sending the letter to the dead-letter office. In regard to postage of newspapers, Mr. Mulock accepted an amendment which provides that all weekly papers shall go free of postage from the office of publication to postoffices situated within 25 miles of the place where they are published.

Certificate of the Registration of an Extra-Provincial Company.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897." "London & Roseland, B. C. Limited." Registered the 17th day of May, 1898.

I hereby certify that I have this day registered the "London & Roseland, B. C. Limited," as an extra-provincial company under the "Companies Act, 1897," for the purpose of carrying out the objects hereinafter set forth to which the legislative authority of British Columbia extends.

- (a) To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire any gold or other mines, mining rights and concessions and auriferous or metalliferous land in British Columbia or elsewhere, or any interest therein;
(b) To search for, win, get, quarry, smelt, reduce, amalgamate, dress, refine and prepare for market, ore, metal and mineral substances of all kinds, and to carry on any metallurgical operations which may seem conducive to any of the company's objects;
(c) To prospect, mine, work, or otherwise carry on any business in British Columbia or elsewhere, and to employ and equip expeditions, experts and other persons in connection therewith;
(d) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in minerals, precious stones, plant, machinery, implements, tools, and other articles, and to be capable of being used in connection with metallurgical operations, and to employ and equip expeditions, experts and other persons in connection therewith;
(e) To carry out, establish, construct, maintain, improve, manage, work, control and superintend any roads, ways, tramways, railways, bridges, harbors, reservoirs, water courses, wharves, embankments, hydraulic works, telegraph lines, telephones, cables, electric lines, shops, stations, transports and postal arrangements, and other works and undertakings which may seem conducive to any of the company's objects;
(f) To carry on business as miners, storekeepers, hotel keepers, farmers, cattle breeders and dealers, mechanical and general engineers, builders, contractors, provision dealers, shop proprietors, hauliers, coach owners, livery stable keepers, merchants, importers and exporters, and to manufacture, buy, sell, import, export, manipulate, prepare for market, and deal in merchandise of all kinds;
(g) To create, acquire and carry on any business, or any parts of businesses, which may be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with or independently of those above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to dispose of any such business;
(h) To acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, lands, buildings, and other real property so far as may be deemed necessary or expedient for the business or purposes of the company;
(i) To apply for and acquire, purchase, obtain licenses for, or otherwise obtain any patents or rights or interest in patents, inventions, trade marks and other rights and privileges of any kind, and any secret or other information which may be of use or value to the company, and to use, exercise, sell, or otherwise dispose of the same;
(j) To manufacture, buy, adapt and prepare for market, or in connection with any part of the company's business, or capable of being so used, any articles, machinery, or other articles, and to carry on any business in connection therewith;
(k) From time to time to establish, carry on, or otherwise carry on, any business, either in British Columbia or elsewhere;
(l) To lend money from time to time, either on such rates of interest, and generally on such terms and conditions, and in such manner as may be deemed expedient, and to guarantee performance of contracts by persons having dealings with the company;
(m) To undertake and carry out effect all other business in connection with the business of the company as may be deemed expedient, and to undertake any undertaking having for its purpose, either directly or indirectly, the obtaining of information or investigations in connection with any of the objects of the Company or any business carried on by the Company;
(n) To purchase, acquire, carry on and develop, or to enter into any contract with any person or persons, corporation or corporations or any other associations of such persons for the purpose of the business of the company, and to contribute to the Company's funds to any association of persons or other persons for the purpose of the business of the company, and to contribute to the Company's funds to any association of persons or other persons for the purpose of the business of the company, and to contribute to the Company's funds to any association of persons or other persons for the purpose of the business of the company;
(o) To borrow or raise money on any terms, and either upon or without any mortgage or security or pledge of any property of the Company (inclusive of unpaid calls and uncalled capital), and for the purpose of securing borrowed money, or otherwise to issue at par or at a premium or discount, mortgage or other debentures or securities, or to issue or otherwise redeemable or irredeemable, and to redeem and contract to redeem any such securities, either at a premium or discount and to set aside and provide a fund or funds for redemption thereof;
(p) To make, accept, endorse and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange and any negotiable instruments;
(q) To establish, regulate and discontinue any agencies for promoting the purposes of the company, and to act as agent for other persons;
(r) To sell, lease, let on hire, dispose of or otherwise turn to account, or make any arrangement for the development, working, or disposal of or otherwise deal with the whole or any part of the business or property of the company, or any share or interest therein, and to make and carry into effect any arrangements for amalgamation or for carrying on business together or in connection with any other company, corporation or person, or for working any property, or for the disposal or arrangement to accept payment in whole or in part in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities and subject to any restriction or condition as to transfer or otherwise, and to pay any expenses in connection with the formation of any company intended to take over the whole or any part of the Company's property or business;
(s) To invest in stocks, shares, bonds, debentures and obligations of any company or underwriting or otherwise, or to subscribe for or acquire any shares of the Company itself, and to sell and dispose of any such investments;
(t) To pay all or any of the costs and expenses of or incidental to the promotion and formation of the Company, including brokerage and commission for obtaining or guaranteeing the subscription of capital or debentures or debentures.

ture stock, and the acquisition by the Company of the property referred to in paragraph (a) and the negotiations for the same.
(c) To form, incorporate or aid in forming or incorporating any company or companies either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, having for its object one or more of its objects the developing or sale of any property acquired by the Company, and to apply for and take allotment of any of the shares, mortgages, debentures, stock or other securities of any such new company or companies, and to sell, dispose of, or otherwise deal with any such shares, mortgages, debentures, stock or other securities of any such new company or companies, and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses of and incidental to the formation of such new company or companies, including brokerage and commission for obtaining or guaranteeing the subscription of capital or debentures or debenture stock of such new company or companies, or any other expenses or costs of or incidental to the formation, incorporation or negotiation thereof.
(y) To do all or any of the things aforesaid, either as principals, contractors, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by or through agents, sub-contractors or otherwise;
(z) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects:
Given under my hand and seal of office, at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 17th day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.
S. V. WOOTTON, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned as brewers, under the name, style and firm of the Columbia Brewery Company, in the City of Roseland, British Columbia, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Henry Gaul, at the premises on First Avenue, in Roseland aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Henry Gaul by whom the same will be settled.
Dated at Roseland, B. C., this eighteenth day of May, 1898.
JOHN GRADEN, HENRY GAUL, Partners.

The Commonwealth Gold Mining and Development Company, Ltd. Ly.

The necessary consent thereto required by law having been obtained, notice is hereby given that the Commonwealth Gold Mining and Development Company, Limited Liability, after thirty days from the insertion of this notice in the British Columbia Gazette and The Miner, a newspaper published in the city of Roseland, will change its office or principal place of business from the city of Roseland to the town of Peachland, Okanagan lake, British Columbia.
Dated the 10th day of May, A. D. 1898. 5-19-47
W. J. ROBINSON, Secretary.

The West Lo Roi and Josie Consolidated Mining Company (Foreign).

Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the West Lo Roi and Josie Consolidated Mining Company (Foreign) will be held at the offices of Messrs. Daly & Hamilton, Barristers, Roseland, B. C., on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, at the hour of 8 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of disposing of the whole or any portion of its assets, rights, powers, privileges, and franchises.
Dated this 30th day of May, 1898.
J. B. JONES, Secretary.

Peorman Gold Mining Company (Foreign).

Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the Peorman Gold Mining Company (Foreign) will be held at the offices of Messrs. Daly & Hamilton, Barristers, Roseland, B. C., on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, at the hour of 8 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of disposing of the whole or any portion of its assets, rights, powers, privileges, and franchises.
Dated this 30th day of May, 1898.
EDWIN DURANT, Secretary.

Certificate of Improvements.

Little Jim mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district, Where located: On the south slope of Columbia mountain, bounded by the Columbia, Alberta, etc.
Take notice that J. E. Kirk, acting as agent for the Little Jim Gold Mining & Milling Co., free miner's certificate No. 8,565 A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.
Dated this 30th day of May, 1898.
A. A. KIRK, P-207

Certificate of Improvements.

Seneca Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district, Where located: On the south slope of Columbia mountain, bounded by the Columbia, Alberta, etc.
Take notice that I, Samuel L. Long, acting as agent for A. B. Irwin, free miner's certificate No. 8,549, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.
Dated this 26th day of May, 1898.
S. A. MUEL, L. LONG.

Certificate of Improvements.

Vernon mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district, Where located: On Red mountain, between the California and Evening mineral claims.
Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Ross Thompson, free miner's certificate No. 9,679 A, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.
Dated this 14th day of May, 1898.
N. F. TOWNSEND, 5-19-104

Certificate of Improvements.

Emu, Kurrajong, Whalroo, Hotspur, Duphonic mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district, Where located: On Lookout mountain.
Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for F. McVior McVior Campbell (as trustee) free miner's certificate No. 6,214 A, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.
Dated this 30th day of March, 1898.
N. F. TOWNSEND, 4-7-104

Certificate of Improvements.

Black Diamond mineral claim, situate in Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district, Where located: north of and adjoining the Independent and Black Rock mineral claims.
Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for J. S. Colton-Fox, free miner's certificate No. 9,679 A, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.
Dated this 22nd day of April, 1898.
N. F. TOWNSEND, 4-28-104

Certificate of Improvements.

Emu Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district, Where located: On Lookout mountain, adjoining the Emu and Kurrajong mineral claims.
Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for F. McVior McVior Campbell (as trustee) free miner's certificate No. 6,214 A, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.
Dated this 3rd day of May, 1898.
N. F. TOWNSEND, 5-12-104

an ific railway. PACIFIC LINE. THE QUICKEST AND ROUTE European Points. Active Gold Fields of Yukon. T CARS. ay, to Eastern Can. and daily at 6 p. m. connections. Tickets. d Rates. ly Present. ply to any C. P. Ry. IE. City Agent, C. & W. Ry. Agent. DN, Traveling Pass- on. District Passenger. like Folder and Map. West. CHAIN MADE IT ORTEST ental Route. in equipment. It is the one class room car. It is also the one of the la carte plan. NDEST SCENERY by Daylight. very short time would have led to the closing of the doors of that financial institution. It is claimed by financiers if the Bank of Spain failed that Spain would immediately have been compelled to quit fighting, as such a calamity would produce both national and individual bankruptcy, and it would be impossible for her to further carry on the war, owing to a complete lack of funds. It is certain that the fear of this calamity has had considerable to do with Spain's determination to sue for peace. The ending of the war is a consummation that is most devoutly wished for by the whole civilized world. Its continuance means that breadstuffs and other food commodities will be high all over the world. This produces discontent and riots among the people of the poorer nations of Europe. It also means a disturbing and hampering of the trade in every direction which makes it burdensome on all mankind. In war times it is hard to induce capitalists to embark in new ventures, because the outcome of hostilities can never be foretold and once begun it is difficult to predict how many nations may become involved before they cease. In time this would interfere to a large extent with local mining operations, as it would prevent capital from embarking in new mining ventures here. It is, therefore, hoped that the wishes of the Spanish people may be carried out at the earliest possible moment and that there may be peace between the two warring nations within the next few days. IS & Northern Sheppard R'y. MAIN RAILWAY. Routes to Nelson, may Lake and Points. SUNDAY, BETWEEN LAND AND NELSON. Pacific Coast connection, 8:45 a. m. and Slocan points, leaves 12:35 p. m. Arrives in Roseland at 11:20 a. m. Pacific Coast points, 8:45 a. m. between Spokane and land. Nelson with steamers for lake points. Over the Boundary creek station daily. ocan Railway. CARD. without notice. Trains run Dally. Going EAST. Arrive 4:30 p. m. with Fork " 2:15 " " Bitterwater " 1:48 " " Lake " 1:33 " " Colgan " 1:33 " " City Junction " 1:33 " " London Leave 1:00 " P. M. Line. Arrive 11:45 a. m. Leave 11:25 " " GEO. F. COPELAND, Superintendent. Via Salt Lake and Denver. AND QUICKEST TE TO Palouse, Lewiston, City mines, Portland, ple Creek gold mines and south. Only line to Europe and other. TIME SCHEDULE. ARRIVE. 2-Walla Walla, 7:45 a. m. Daily. from Portland, and the east. ALL-Coeur d'Alene, 6:40 p. m. Daily. from Lewiston, Gate, S. Pullman and Daily. ER LINES. to Portland Route. An Ainsworth dock, Fort- from Polson Street Pier, at 10:00 a. m., every three Alaska Route. steamers between Portland, calling at Juneau and ports. Sailing dates furnished and further information F. & N. system or O. R. & so Riverside Ave., Spokane, D. A. M. General Agent, T. Gen. Pass. Agt. amship Tickets. ropan points via Can- Canadian lines. Apply for full information agent or MACKENZIE, P. R. Agt., Roseland, B. S. Agt., Winnipeg.

MARTIN IS THE MAN

Nominated for the Legislature by the Oppositionists.

D. B. BOGLE HIS OPPONENT

The Hardware Merchant Carried the Convention Against the Mine Promoter by a Vote of 24 to 10—Scenes and Incidents of the Convention.

At the opposition convention last night, held to nominate a member for the legislature from this district, James Martin defeated D. B. Bogle for the position by a vote of 24 to 10.

The meeting, which was held in Dominion hall, was preceded by a lengthy caucus, from which all but delegates were rigidly excluded. The longed-for privacy, however, was not secured, for a host of unscrupulous Government men sat on a bluff beside the hall, where they heard and saw the whole proceedings through the open windows.

Three of the delegates from Grand Forks declined to attend the convention, on the grounds that they refused to betray their trust to the Boundary Creek country.

The caucus was not a lively affair. The only dispute was over the representation from the Boundary. The Trail delegates claimed that Duncan Ross, who carried 10 proxies, had too many votes, and he accordingly ceded four proxies, which gave him a total vote of seven, including his own. Delegate Spraggett had two proxies, and the 10 votes represented by the two was the total representation of Boundary in the convention.

The platform as drafted by the platform committee was adopted without dissent. Three clauses introduced by the labor delegates were also adopted, advocating an eight-hour day for men employed on government works and employed under ground in mines; the adoption of a law providing for a weekly day of rest to workmen; and the appointment of a government boiler inspector and a government inspector of mines and all the leading engineers. The other features of the platform were a demand for a separate representative from Boundary; the readjustment of the provincial representation; the re-organization of the civil service with a view to greater economy; liberal expenditures for public works; discouragement of Oriental immigration; amendments to the land grant so that coal may be reserved along with other minerals; timber to be disposed of by open competition; agricultural lands to be reserved for actual settlers; repeal of the mortgage tax; abolition of the miners' license as applied to working miners; future aids to railways to be conditioned to provincial control, both of the raising and expenditure of capital, the rates of transportation and the employment of labor; the regulation of the normal expenditure of the province to meet the normal revenue; the placing of coal mines upon the same footing as other mineral lands with regard to taxation; a substantial increase on the tax on wild lands.

The candidates placed in nomination were James Martin, D. B. Bogle, Hugh McCutcheon and F. C. Gamble. At the conclusion of their placing in nomination the doors were opened and the public admitted, but the attendance was not large. The chairman, J. A. Kirk, explained that each candidate would be expected to make an address not more than five minutes in length, in which he should endorse the platform and promise to support the candidate of the convention.

Mr. Martin, in his speech to the convention, announced that while some of the planks in the platform were new to him, yet many entitled features which he had long supported, and taking the platform as a whole he could give it his support. Mr. Martin discussed the platform clause by clause, and stamped each with his approval.

Hugh McCutcheon's speech was a short one. He declared that he was not a candidate for the office, and while thanking the mover and the seconder of his nomination, he turned over his support to Mr. Martin.

F. C. Gamble, the editor of the Vancouver News-Advertiser, declined the nomination, and then sailed in to attack THE MINER for styling him the provincial chieftain.

The road between here and Trail will be repaired, and in places rebuilt, while the Northport wagon road will come in for its share of attention.

As the policy in expending the appropriation will be to limit it to the country directly tributary to Rossland and Trail, no effort will be made for the present to build a wagon road through to Big Sheep Creek, as when the railroad to Boundary is completed the Sheep Creek country will be cut off from the rest of the country.

As yet, I cannot state precisely what will be done in improving the trails of the district, but wherever a trail is needed it will be constructed so far as the appropriation will last.

I have settled upon the ground immediately back of the recorder's office on Columbia avenue as the location of the new court house, for which \$6,000 has been granted by the provincial government.

REV. MORDEN'S SERMON.

He Pays a Tribute to the Rev. Charles Lader.

The services at the Methodist church last Sunday evening were of a special nature, being the initial services under the newly appointed pastor, Rev. Geo. H. Morden.

The congregation was large, the musical selections excellent and the sermon appropriate to the occasion.

The morning text was taken from I Cor. II, 1-2. The sermon was a clear and forceful exposition of the respective duties of pastor and people, together with the relationship of each to the other.

In the course of his remarks the pastor paid a graceful tribute to the work of Rev. Charles Lader, which was abundantly appreciated. "I cannot but pause here to pay a well deserved tribute to the work and the worth of him who preceded me in this office. He spared not himself in his endeavor to be of service to you, to Methodism and to God. He did uncomplainingly work of a kind from which all of us should hope to be exempt at his time of life. The best interests of his church were ever dear to his heart and foremost in his mind. No plan that he could conceive, no means that he could devise, was left untried for the welfare of the work. His heart's sincere affection, his best physical and mental energies his most intense zeal, his ripest experience, his most exalted aims, all were brought to bear unsparringly employed. The results are of a most gratifying character and I doubt not that Brother Charles Lader occupied a place in your affections and has left a memory after him which will remain with you as individual and as a congregation for all time. In undertaking to stand in his room I feel that I am on holy ground—ground sanctified by the earnest toil, the holy zeal, the willing sacrifice of muscle, brain and nerve, the fervent effectual prayers of one respected and revered wherever he is known as a brother and a father in Christ worthy to be beloved for his own and for his work's sake."

The evening text was Jonah, III Chap. 3. In a bright and interesting manner the pastor reviewed the thrilling experiences of the prophet, enforcing here and there practical moral lessons, and concluded with observations in substance as follows: "Go preach the divine call, order, first. Go preach the divine call, order. Guidance as to locality; go to Nineveh. It is my firm conviction that God's command has come: Go to Rossland and preach, and if I didn't have that conviction I would pull out to the north. 3rd. Guidance as to the character of the message. The preaching that I bid thee. The means of guidance are, the preacher's mental capacity and powers of observation, study of the Bible, indwelling of the Holy Spirit in general, sermons should be practical, plain, short. When the time comes," said the pastor "at which I cannot stand before you with the conviction 'God has given me a message for this people,' I will keep my mouth shut." and again "if the message doesn't suit you I can't help it, it is the word of God and has got to go."

The discovery of a new vein of chalcopyrite on the Deer Park has caused considerable inquiry for the stock of that company. The work of development is to be pushed, and from the surface showing it should give a good account of itself during the next few months.

CHAT WITH F. C. GAMBLE

How the Appropriation For Bridges and Trails Will Be Spent.

The Court House and a School House Are to Be Erected by the Provincial Government.

"The provincial appropriation of \$18,000 for improving the roads and trails of the district will be spent in opening up the country tributary to Rossland, so that this will be its trading and supply point," said F. C. Gamble, the provincial engineer, to a reporter at the Allan Tuesday evening. Mr. Gamble reached Rossland via Greenwood and Grand Forks, and he expects to leave today for the coast by way of Nelson and Revelstoke. His present stay in town, while a short one, has been busily spent in examining the needs of the district, and he expects to be here again in a few weeks.

"At the suggestion of the board of trade, and at the request of the Board of Trade, we shall complete the road all the way around Red mountain by connecting the Jumbo road with the highway up Centre Star gulch. This will require the construction of about a mile and a half of road, and it is expected to aid considerably in the development of properties in that section. Incidentally, it will afford a very pleasant drive to the residents of the town."

"The road between here and Trail will be repaired, and in places rebuilt, while the Northport wagon road will come in for its share of attention."

"As the policy in expending the appropriation will be to limit it to the country directly tributary to Rossland and Trail, no effort will be made for the present to build a wagon road through to Big Sheep Creek, as when the railroad to Boundary is completed the Sheep Creek country will be cut off from the rest of the country."

"As yet, I cannot state precisely what will be done in improving the trails of the district, but wherever a trail is needed it will be constructed so far as the appropriation will last."

I have settled upon the ground immediately back of the recorder's office on Columbia avenue as the location of the new court house, for which \$6,000 has been granted by the provincial government. The court house, which will be a frame structure, two stories high, will contain, besides the court room, offices for the registrar, jury rooms, apartments for the barristers and the private room of the judges. As soon as the plans are drawn, work will be commenced and operations should commence at once.

I have authorized the school board to proceed at once with the building of the addition to the present schoolhouse on Kootenay avenue, and as the plans have already been drawn by Geo. N. Taylor, the building should soon be under way. It will consist of four rooms, and the appropriation for it is \$5,000, but this will include the cost of heating apparatus for it and the new school on St. Paul street."

Mrs. Thomas Parker is seriously ill. She over-exerted herself in supervising the getting up of the recent old folk's concert of the Presbyterian church and has been seriously ill ever since.

THE STOCK MARKET

There Is an Increased Demand for Monte Cristo.

WAR EAGLE SOUGHT FOR

Both of These Stocks Made Advances in Price During the Week and It Is Predicted That They Will Go Higher—Iron Mask All Right.

There were two distinct and well defined furries in the stock market during the week ending last evening, or rather they were continuations of movements that have now been in progress for several weeks. These were the active movements in War Eagle and Monte Cristo. The advance and demand for the shares of these two companies were caused by the merits of the properties and the dealings in both were large. In the case of the War Eagle the advance was from \$1.95 to \$2.15 during the week. There is not much of the stock here, but advices from Toronto, where the stock is largely held, say the movement was considerable.

The movement in Monte Cristo was large and the price advanced in the past week from 23 1/2 to 32 cents. That was the price quoted last evening from Toronto, for a lot of 5,000 shares. It is expected that it will go still higher. The mine is now a steady shipper. The first two car loads of Monte Cristo ore that was sent to the Trail smelter went \$31.10 to the ton, and if the ore will average anywhere near that figure it will not be long before the mine will become a dividend payer. The shipments are to be continuous and there is a large quantity of shipping ore in sight in the mine. Iron Mask continues to advance and is firm at 50 cents. This property, were it not for the fact that it is engaged in a law suit in relation to lateral rights, would now be in a position to pay dividends.

The discovery of a new vein of chalcopyrite on the Deer Park has caused considerable inquiry for the stock of that company. The work of development is to be pushed, and from the surface showing it should give a good account of itself during the next few months. There is considerable dealing in Virginia. The double compartment horizontal shaft is now down a distance of 300 feet and it is to be extended to the 500-foot level before any crosscutting is done. The Virginia is in a good neighborhood and is being developed along scientific lines and should be a good buy. Its shares are being quoted at from 23 1/2 to 26 cents.

There are little or no transactions in the Colville mining stocks, as was the case during the flurry of a couple of months since.

There is a small movement in the Slokan stocks and of these Noble Five is the liveliest and a few transfers have been made during the week at 15 cents.

Advices from Ymir continue to be good and the stocks of these companies continue to hold their own in the London market.

There continues to be a call for the shares of the Consolidated and the price is 15 cents.

PERSONAL

T. G. Blackstock of Toronto, the vice president and managing director of the War Eagle company, is in the city on his regular inspection of the property.

Harry Thornley and W. Willan are back from the Lardere region, where they were engaged in doing assessment work on their properties.

Harry White, who has been in London putting through the flotation of the British Canadian Finance corporation, is expected to return in about two weeks.

Weston Coyne, formerly connected with the editorial staff of THE MINER, was on the Jane Gray, the schooner that sank last week off Vancouver with a loss of over 30 lives. It goes without saying that Mr. Coyne got to shore safely.

George Macfarlane of Nelson, distributing collector of votes for West Kootenay, for the provincial general election, is in the city. Mr. Macfarlane's duties consist of arranging for the transfer of names of voters from districts in which they formerly lived to their present place of residence.

THE GOOD HOPE.

On the Good Hope an ore vein four feet wide has been uncovered in the course of stripping the ledge. Three openings have been started and the vein stripped for a distance of 40 feet. The vein extends clear across the property. The ore so far encountered is a chalcopryite and the quartz is of a dark color. It is an entirely new kind of ore, and its management as important. No assays will be made until more depth has been attained.

FAVORS GOOD FEELING.

Representative Men of Great Britain Form an Anglo-American League.

LONDON, June 7.—The Chronicle prints a preliminary list of the members of an Anglo-American committee, the declared object of which is to promote better relations between Great Britain and the United States. The committee does not aim at a treaty or other bond of alliance. It aspires only, in the words of the Right Hon. James Bryce, to "a constant cordial co-operation." It excludes from its sphere of operations anything directly concerning the present war and does not intend to put forth any kind of public demonstration. The idea of the promoters is to enroll 10,000 representative men and women in Great Britain. More than a hundred have already signified their intention of joining the committee, including the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Earl of Jersey, Earl Gray, the bishops of London, Durham, Winchester, Chester, Hereford, Liverpool, Manchester, Worcester, Ripon and Peterborough, Viscount Peel; Lords Brassey, Charles Balfour and Commons Asquith, Brice, Moberly, Northcote, H. M. Stanley, Sir Frederick Pollock, Dr. Broadbent, Lewis Morris, Sir Walter Beaunt, Ian MacLaren, Anthony Hope, Conan Doyle, Rudyard Kipling and a number of leaders of the nonconformist clergyman.

WILLIAM I. REDDIN

C. O'BRIEN REDDIN

C. O'BRIEN REDDIN & Co.

Miners and Brokers.

ROSSLAND, B. C.

PARTIALLY DEVELOPED MINES FOR SALE.

MINING PROPERTIES DEVELOPED.

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS ON MINES.

Rossland, June 9, 1898.

Dear Sir,

We now sell 30 day options on standard stocks. Purchasers are required to pay a deposit of 20 per cent, and one per cent interest on deferred payment. To illustrate: Richard Doe buys 1,000 Deer Park at 12c, amounting to \$120. He pays a deposit as follows:

20 per cent of \$120 - - - \$24.00  
1 per cent on \$96 deferred - .96 = \$24.96

and has 30 days to complete his payment, with the privilege of paying the \$96 at any time within the 30 days and selling at a price above 12c per share. If he fails to pay the \$96 in 30 days the deposit is forfeited.

On May 28 a Rossland man bought 2,000 Monte Cristo from us at 21 1/4 c per share. He sold to us yesterday at 27 1/2 c and netted \$121.60. This is a good showing in 10 days on an investment of \$88.40. This man immediately bought a 30 day option on Virginia at 25c and we think will make more money. The market is a rising one and money can be made in buying these options. Remit to us direct, or to any Rossland bank, when you wish to buy an option.

Monte Cristo closed last night at 31 1/2 c. The advance in this stock and in War Eagle is almost unparalleled, and is most encouraging to investors. Our tip to investors for this week is to buy Deer Park, Virginia, Good Hope and Iron Mask.

We sell all British Columbian and United States Reservation stocks at lowest prices.

Options sold on War Eagle, Deer Park, Good Hope, Virginia, Iron Mask, Monte Cristo and Republic only.

C. O'BRIEN REDDIN & Co.

P.S.—We forgot to say we are buyers of standard stocks. Wire or write us if you are a seller.

MORLEY ON THE ALLIANCE.

Says if It Is for Peace It Is the Proper Thing.

LONDON, June 8.—The Right Hon. John Morley, Liberal, speaking at Leeds this evening and referring to the recent Birmingham speech of the secretary of state for the colonies, the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, on the subject of the Anglo-Saxon alliance, said he did not believe a word of all the "gloomy talk about England's isolation and threatening prospects" unless she secured an alliance with Germany or America. "England's naval power is gigantic, her financial resources are credit as firmer than ever," said Mr. Morley, "and the spirit of her people to repel invasion or protect their rights is as great as at the beginning of the century; any more credit is entered upon without intimate relations with the United States, an end always diligently worked for by Lord Salisbury and Mr. Gladstone. It is inconceivable, however, that a treaty between Great Britain and the United States could be entered upon without taking into consideration the Irish vote in America, and if that is against the treaty it is not the fault of the liberal party."

Proceeding to discuss the kind of alliance intended Mr. Morley said: "If it is an alliance for peace and harmonious cooperation for the mutual good, it will, indeed, be the dawn of a brighter day. But is that what is intended or is it to be an alliance between the jingoes of England and the jingoes of America, an alliance not for peace but for menace and war. We shall see; but I know tens of thousands of the best and wisest men in America believe that hardly any more credit is entered upon without intimate relations with the United States, an end always diligently worked for by Lord Salisbury and Mr. Gladstone. It is inconceivable, however, that a treaty between Great Britain and the United States could be entered upon without taking into consideration the Irish vote in America, and if that is against the treaty it is not the fault of the liberal party."

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ABERDEEN'S DEPARTURE.

Lord Aberdeen Lauded by the Dominion House of Commons.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 8.—The first minister this morning moved in the commons the adoption of an address to the governor-general upon the occasion of his approaching departure. The first of Lord Aberdeen was marked with unusual devotion, and the country would follow the withdrawal of their excellencies with universal regret. The address also expressed loyalty to the British crown and constitution and called upon Lord Aberdeen to convey the same to Her Majesty.

Hon. Mr. Foster, as acting leader of the opposition, added his tribute to the popularity of Lord Aberdeen. It would be folly to discuss that notable difference between Lord Aberdeen and Sir Charles Tupper in which the latter had the support of the Liberal Conservative party. This did not blind them to the many excellencies of the governor-general's character. The official functions under Lord Aberdeen have attained a cordiality seldom seen in gatherings of this kind. The cities from Halifax to Victoria have all been the recipients of his hospitality.

A VESSEL IN TROUBLE.

She Entered the Port of Philadelphia Without Clearance Papers.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—Capt. Aarhus, of the German steamer Schleswig, which arrived here today from Kingston, Jamaica was given a hearing this afternoon before Collector of the Port Thomas, for violation of the marine laws in attempting to enter this port without first having obtained clearance papers from the customs officer at Kingston. After hearing his case Collector Thomas decided the captain should make a deposit of \$5,000 for his liability pending final action. Captain Aarhus refused to deposit this sum and the case was referred to Washington for final action. Meanwhile the Schleswig was in the custody of the customs authorities. According to a dispatch from Kingston, dated May 29, Captain Aarhus openly expressed anti-American views while in that port, saying he hoped every American ship would be blown up and that the Harvard would be captured by the Spanish. He is also credited with threatening to lie outside the port of Kingston and signal to the Spaniards the whereabouts of the Harvard, which was then at Kingston. When the agents of the Schleswig applied to Consul Dent for a bill of health the consular office had been closed for the night and the Schleswig sailed early the next morning without the necessary papers. This offence is punishable by a fine of \$5,000.

Rolt & Grogan

THE STOCK MARKET.

Corrected by Messrs. Rolt & Grogan, 35 East Columbia Avenue, Telephone 45, P. O. Box 428. Cable address: "Kent." Codes: Bedford-McNeill and Clough's.

Monte Cristo is up to 30 cents with few sellers. The demand for this stock during the last few days has been widespread. We have had orders for this stock from all over Canada, and locally the demand has been very great. We sold Good Hope and Virginia and have orders for Iron Mask and War Eagle which we have been unable to fill. We again would suggest to purchasers the advisability of watching Virginia, the capitalization being \$500,000 and the stock is quoted at 25 cents. War Eagle is firm at \$2.00, and we think that for an investment it is one of the best in the camp.

QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns for stock names and prices. Includes Arlington, Athlaska, Canadian Gold Fields, Cariboo, Centre Star, Commander, Deer Park, Dundee, Evening Star, Fern, Golden Gate, Good Hope, Hill Mine, Iron Mask, Iron Ore, Jumbo, Keneth, Joseph, Keystone, Le Roi, Lerwick, Lily May, Monte Cristo, Montana, Mountain Goat, North Star, Novelty, Poorman, Rambler-Cariboo, Republic, Slocan Star, Twin, West Le Roi & Joseph, Wild Horse.

Kennedy Bros. & Purgold

Stock Letter.

The market during the past week still continues to show an upward tendency. There is a satisfactory firmness in prices all around. The most notable advances of the week have been War Eagle and Monte Cristo, the former having advanced from \$2.00 to \$2.10 and the latter is now quoted at 29 1/2 cents. A dividend of \$30,000 has been declared by the War Eagle company. We consider these shares exceptionally good buys at the present prices, both as an investment and for a quick rise. Virginia and Iron Mask have both been in good demand at holding rates. There has been some inquiry for Deer Park, but in spite of rumors of improved showings in the shaft, buyers still refuse to pay more than 10 1/2 cents. Recent assays from the Dundee gave an average of \$43.00 to the ton, mostly in gold, and now that the contract has been let for the concentrator, we expect to see the shares of this company at par very shortly.

THE TREASURY STOCKHOLDER

Means to be paid to the Treasury stockholder of a block of shares by the Ontario Relief of the adjoint men, which the trail has gotten in. It is a matter of \$18 in all. The survey wagon road will build appropriate to the thousand tons soon as a r others had would be re

J. B. JENS

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THE SURVEY WAGON ROAD

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