

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 5—No. 40.

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, AUGUST 7, 1879.

D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.
TERMS—\$1.50 Per Year, unless paid in Advance.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

GRAND DISPLAY.

NEW GOODS JUST OPENED.

NEW COLORED DRESS GOODS,
NEW BLACK DRESS GOODS,
NEW PRINTED COTTONS,
NEW BLACK GRENADES,
NEW WHITE PEQUES,
NEW DRESS LINENS,
NEW CORSETS,
NEW FRILLINGS,
NEW SUN UMBRELLAS,
HATS! MILLINERY! HATS!
LADIES' CHIFF, STRAW AND TAPE HATS.
Flowers, Feathers and Trimming Silks, etc., etc., Gloves, Handkerchiefs & Hosiery.
GENTS' DEPARTMENT—New Clothing, New Hats, New Shirts. A choice Stock Cloth.
Our Stock is kept very complete and will be sold at the same low prices as usual.
CHATHAM, June 16, 79. A. J. LOGGIE, & CO

HARDWARE, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER calls attention to his full and complete Stock of ENGLISH and AMERICAN HARDWARE, comprising:
Out. Wrought and Pressed Nails and Spikes,
SHEET LEAD, ZINC LEAD PIPE,
IRON, STEEL, CHAINS, IRON & COPPER PUMPS,
SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES,
CARRIAGE AXLES AND SPRINGS,
PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY, BRUSHES, &c.
Limeoil, Olive, Lubricating, Kerosene, Lamp and Kerosene Oil, Turpentine and Varnish,
Air Cushions, Balls, Combs, Toys, etc.—Wholesale and Retail—at lowest Rates.
Having a very large Stock of Mill Supplies, and Rubber Goods, we can fill all orders promptly.
All our Goods are new and guaranteed.
NEW STORE—PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

EARTHENWARE AND GLASSWARE.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

A full assortment of their Goods. Also, FLOUR, OATMEAL, CORNMEAL,
FRESH TIMOTHY, CLOVER AND TURNIP SEEDS,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
CHATHAM, May 6, 79. F. J. LETSON.

MILL SUPPLIES.

ESTEY, ALLWOOD & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO Z. G. GABEL.)
—DEALERS IN—
EXTRA STRENGTH PATENT SMOOTH SURFACE Rubber Rollers,
PURE Oak Tanned and Painted Riveted SHORT LAP LEATHER BELTING,
LARGES and CIRCULAR SAWS of the following makes, in Stock or supplied promptly to order: "Dillon & Sons," "Webb & Griffin's," "Whitman & Smith's," and domestic and other desirable makes. "Valentine's" Emery Wheels, the "best" and "safest" in use. Lathing Leather of Superior Quality. "Butcher's" Files, Olive Oil, Soot Oil, Soot Paste, Steam Packing of all kinds. Markings and Handwriting Cards, Steam Engines, George Cochrane's Valves, Iron Pipe, Steam, Gas, and Water Fittings.
A full assortment of all kinds of Rubber Goods, viz: Coats, Caps, Leggings, Ladies' Mantles, Air Pillows and Tomahawks, Brushes, Pins, etc.—Wholesale and Retail—at lowest Rates.
Having a very large Stock of Mill Supplies, and Rubber Goods, we can fill all orders promptly.
All our Goods are new and guaranteed.
NEW STORE—PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

TAMARSOID.

THE WORLD-RENOVED CONSUMPTION CURE.

The medicine which has attracted so much attention all over the Continent by the miraculous cures which it has effected, is now offered to the public at the low price of \$1.00 per package, post paid. To be had by most druggists, or sent on application to the
TAMARSOID MFG. CO., OGDENSBURG, NEW YORK

SPRING! SPRING!

LATE ARRIVALS AT

J. B. SNOWBALL'S,

CHATHAM.

JUST RECEIVED.
PER R. M. STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX:
—100 PIECES—
NEW SPRING PRINTS,
5 Bales UNBLEACHED COTTONS, (various grades.) 1 Bale
"HORROCKS" CELEBRATED LONG CLOTHS, 8-4, 9-4 &
10-4, Bleached COTTON SHEETINGS, (twilled and plain.) 45 inch PILLOW COTTONS,
SCARLET AND WHITE FLANNELS,
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, LACE LAMBREQUINS,
(FOR TOP OF WINDOWS.)
Curtain Damasks, Curtain Repps,
(WITH TRIMMINGS TO MATCH)
BEST ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
1 Case Ladies' English Walking Hats (Novelties and cheap.)
Children's Sun Hats, Misses' Leghorn Hats, (pretty shapes), New Flowers, New Mantles,
Gingham, Alpaca, and Silk Umbrellas,
CORSETS,
—A LARGE LOT OF—
LADIES' SILK NECK SCARFS,
LADIES' LACE NECK SCARFS,
New Neck Frillings, Bonnet Borders,
BRAIDS, PEARL BUTTONS, PINS, &c.
GENTS' LINEN COLLARS,
P. R.—Balance of Spring Stock—expected about the 15th inst.
CHATHAM, May 3, 79.

General Business.

CLEARING OUT SALE.

BARGAINS

may be expected on account of the great depression in trade.
I WILL SELL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, all my Stock, consisting of:
DRY GOODS.
Men's Ready-Made Clothing, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, Groceries, Provisions & Crockery;
CHOICE LIQUORS.
May 29, 79. R. PLAYBANK.

General Business.

NEW DRESS GOODS AND PRINTS.

NEW HATS, BOOTS & SHOES.

WHEN YOU GO TO NEWCASTLE, AND WANT DRY GOODS & GROCERIES, TRY THE PEOPLE'S HOUSE. You will there find the LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK.
JAMES BROWN.
NEW GROCERIES, A SPLENDID STOCK.
W. ROBINSON, GENERAL AGENT,
COMMERCIAL MERCHANT, AND DEALER IN:
Groceries, Provisions, Fruit, &c.
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CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

Medical.

"VEGETINE,"

Says a Boston Physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of the many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I visited the Laboratory, and convinced myself of the genuine merit. It is prepared from herbs, roots and berries, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce an astonishing result."
VEGETINE
Is the great Blood Purifier.
Will cure the worst cases of Scrophulousness.
Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.
Has effected some marvellous cures in cases of Cancer.

Medical.

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Miramichi Advance

CHATHAM, AUGUST 7, 1879.

The Good Old Farm.
"There's got to be a revival
Of good sound sense among men,
Before the days of prosperity
Will dawn upon us again.
The boys must learn that learning
Means more'n the essence of books,
An' the girls must learn that beauty,
Consists in more'n their looks."
"Before we can steer clear of failure,
Or 'big financial alarms,'
The boys have got to quit clerkin'
An' git back on the farm.
I know it takes years to study;
It ain't quite so easy I know,
As partin' your hair in the middle,
An' settin' up for a show."
"But there's more hard dollars in it,
An' more independence of mind,
An' more real peace and contentment,
An' health that is ruddy and true.
I know it takes years to study;
It ain't quite so easy I know,
As partin' your hair in the middle,
An' settin' up for a show."
"An' you steer well clear of temptation,
Or 'big financial alarms,'
An' a thousand ways and fashions
That only bring you to harm.
An' call back the clerks and runners,
That they didn't see the charm,
The safety and independence,
O' life on the good old farm."
"So preach it to 'em, parson,
Till they'll git plain and square,
That lead 'em with milk an' honey,
That health, and peace are there.
An' call back the clerks and runners,
That they didn't see the charm,
The safety and independence,
O' life on the good old farm."
"General Notes and News."
The Colorado beetle has been discovered in the County of York, Ireland.
Dr. Robitaille was sworn in Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec on Saturday morning, July 26th.
The King of Spain was driving to Church on Saturday morning, 26th July, an old woman, supposed to be insane, flung a heavy stone at the royal carriage.
The Archbishop of Paris has addressed a letter to the Senate protesting in the name of Liberty against M. Ferry's Education Bill.
Major Cavagnari and the members of the British Mission arrived at Cabul on the 24th inst., and were received in a very friendly manner by Yakob Khan.
It is understood that the Spanish Cortes next session will introduce Bills for the gradual extinction of slavery in Cuba, and the compensation of the proprietors of the slaves.
The Governor-General arrived in St. John yesterday, 6th, and on the 13th he will leave for Prince Edward Island.
He is accompanied by the Princess Louise.
Police Justice Lane was arrested on Tuesday last week at Long Beach, and held in \$500 bail on a charge of assault and battery for forcibly expelling from his court-room George Troutman, counsel in a case before the Justice, regarding the disposal of which Lane and Troutman disputed.
THE SEA SERPENT.—Capt. Sampson, of the schooner *Louisa Montgomery*, at Pictou, reports about ten miles to eastward of Pictou Island he saw an enormous serpent, which appeared to be about 100 feet in length and the body about the size of a barrel. It was going straight along at the rate of seven knots an hour.
A Port Hope wagon, which carried one of those patient long-eared beasts of burden with an urchin on his back proceeding along the street, evolved from his inner consciousness the enquiry as to why the spectacle was like a river in the North-West. After his companions had all given it up, he elucidated this: "Because it's the Ass, an' a boy on." Then he proudly hurried into one of the banks.
A Manchester paper contains the following account of Sir Lionel Tilley's visit to that city:—
Yesterday afternoon Sir Leonard Tilley, Minister of Finance for the Dominion of Canada, who is at present negotiating a loan with the Imperial Government, paid a brief visit to this city. He was received at the London Road Station by a delegation from the Executive Committee of the United Kingdom Alliance, accompanied by Mr. J. H. Barker, the secretary. During the evening an informal meeting was held at the offices of the Alliance, John Dalton-Street, at which the hon. gentleman was present, and the following resolution adopted:—That the Executive of the United Kingdom Alliance respectfully present their most hearty congratulations to the Right Hon. Sir Samuel L. Tilley, K. C. M. G., on his recent accession to office and honor, and earnestly hope that he may long be spared to aid, by his example and influence, the great cause of temperance and prohibition, which for many years he has so ably and consistently promoted. That the Executive desire to take this opportunity of sending their warmest greetings to the temperance reformers of the various provinces of the

General Business.

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the following Notice and Petition signed by one fourth of the Electors qualified and competent to vote at the Election of a Member for the House of Commons in the County of Northumberland, praying that the Second Part of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878 should be in force and take effect in the County of Northumberland, and that the vote of all the Electors of the said County may be taken for and against the adoption of the said Act, and that the Secretary of State as required by law.

PETITION.

To the Honourable the Secretary of State for Canada.

Sheweth that the undersigned Electors of the County of Northumberland request you to take notice that we propose presenting the following petition to His Excellency the Governor General, to wit: To His Excellency the Governor General of Canada in Council.

The petition of the Electors of the County of Northumberland qualified and competent to vote at the election of a member of the House of Commons in said County.

Respectfully sheweth that your petitioners are desirous that the second part of the "Canada Temperance Act, 1878" should be in force and take effect in the said County.

Whereupon your petitioners humbly pray that your Excellency will be pleased to issue an Order in Council under the Great Seal of the said Dominion, to declare that the Second Part of the said Act shall be in force and take effect in the said County.

And your petitioners will ever pray do, and that they will stand by their petition and against the adoption of the said Act, Chatham, July 11th, 1878.

DWELLING TO RENT.

THESE dwelling houses, completed on the main street, Chatham, is offered to a tenant on long lease, and is well adapted for further particulars apply at this office.

BACK AGAIN.

T. R. COLPITTS, Photograph Artist.

HAVING succeeded in permanently locating myself in Chatham, I have purchased the machinery and outfit for a studio, and am prepared to receive orders for all kinds of photographic work.

REALLY OFFER THE BARRACKS HALL, CHATHAM, N. B. I have a commodious and comfortable room, with a view of the sea, and is well adapted for a residence or for a business office.

My terms are as follows:—Rent, \$10.00 per month, including gas, water, and fuel. The house is well furnished, and is in a healthy and airy situation.

In my own house, I have a large and comfortable room, with a view of the sea, and is well adapted for a residence or for a business office.

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Miramichi Advance

CHATHAM, AUGUST 7, 1879.

The Cattle Trade.

Highlights the cattle trade of Canada with Great Britain has been done almost exclusively in animals ready for slaughter on reaching their destination. Lean cattle to be fattened on the other side are now also in demand and we observe that a contract has been made with an Ontario firm to deliver ten thousand head at Liverpool and Belfast before November 1st of the present year. This is a branch of the cattle trade peculiarly adapted to the Maritime Provinces. We could never expect to do much in fat cattle, because the means of fattening are not readily available. In Ontario corn suitable for the purpose, oil cake, and refuse grain from the distilleries may be had very cheaply in comparison with the prices at which they could be obtained in the eastern Provinces, and some of these articles appear to be necessary for fattening purposes, in addition to hay and fodder from the root crop, which are common to all the Provinces. There should be no serious difficulty in a very large trade in lean cattle being done in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island because they are second to none of the western Provinces for the production of hay, turnips and some other crops suitable for stock raising, while pasturage is also good for six months of the year. The farmer of the future will find it most interesting in selling hay and oats, turnips and potatoes, but in feeding the products of his land to cattle for the markets at home and abroad. In doing this he will find his interests promoted in many ways, not the least important of which will be the amount of fertilization retained for the land and the increased independence of local disturbing influences which the large market abroad will afford.

About "Deception."

The St. John Sun is good enough to intimate that we have given the Telegraph a "certain lecture," because we referred to the erroneous impression which the latter paper's telegraphic correspondence on the Letellier question was calculated to create. We alluded to the despatches published about a week before the dismissal and that, candidly, without any intention to presume upon "lecturing" the Telegraph. For the comfort of the Sun we may remark that the Telegraph's news from the upper provinces is, in the main, so accurate that when it does happen to be otherwise, the exception is trustworthy as often as the Sun is unreliable, and we cannot pay a higher compliment to the Telegraph than to thus illustrate the relative merit of the two papers. The Sun desires that we should believe its little contradiction of the fact stated in the Telegraph that the notice of dismissal was sent to Mr. Letellier by an ordinary hackman. We are disposed to be obliging and our greatest pleasure is to gratify others, provided we can do so without sacrificing truth or principle. We are therefore obliged to deny ourselves the pleasure of gratifying the Sun, simply because it is true that an ordinary hackman was the bearer of the notice and it would be wrong to repeat the Sun's untruth in denying it.

We add that we were not "deceived" by the erroneous statements of the Telegraph's "well informed" correspondent, because we were satisfied that they could not be true; neither are we to be deceived by the Sun's denial of the "hackman" story. So its expression, "having been again deceived," does not apply to the ADVANCE. Try again Mr. Sun.

The Vice-Royal Party.

His Excellency, the Governor General, and Her Royal Highness, the Princess Louise left Rimouski about 9 p. m. on Tuesday evening for St. John. They passed Newcastle early yesterday morning and received addresses at Moncton, going thence to St. John, where a grand ovation was tendered to them.

Mr. TILLEY'S LOAN.

Mr. TILLEY'S LOAN, put on the English market at a time when, owing to the general business stagnation, money lenders are eagerly seeking investments, is commented on by the Conservative press as something reflecting unusual credit on that gentleman's financial ability. This, is, of course, to be expected. Money is being advanced in England on good commercial paper at least 2% and that is a 4% loan on fair security should be taken at the minimum price named by Sir Leonard's "well expected and has disappointed no one. The test of the British Government's opinion of the Dominion under its present rulers and of their Railway record will be found in the result of Sir John and Dr. Tupper's application for the Imperial guarantee of the amount necessary to build the Pacific Railway.

A Letellier Demonstration.

ADDRESS TO MR. LETELLIER. We take the following from the Daily Telegraph of Monday—

Quebec, Aug. 2.—Fully 5,000 persons, despite the unfavorable weather, assembled on the Esplanade to present an address to Mr. Letellier on the occasion of his leaving Quebec. The ex-Governor was received with great enthusiasm and cheering, which lasted several minutes. Many leading citizens occupied the raised platform.

DR. RENFRET,

member for Quebec Centre, chairman, in opening the meeting stated that his object was to present an address to Mr. Letellier on the occasion of his leaving the position of Lieutenant Governor, and also to appoint a committee to obtain subscriptions towards a testimonial to be presented to him, on the part of the people of the Province of Quebec.

During the remarks of the chairman the ex-Lieutenant Governor drove up and walked on to the platform, advanced to the front and acknowledged the enthusiastic welcome tendered to him, after which an address was read.

MR. LETELLIER, in reply, regretted that the state of his health did not leave him the power of expressing his feelings. In his capacity of Lieutenant-Governor, he had always used the power of the Sovereign for the dip-

administration of the affairs of the Province and for the protection of the rights of the people. For a long time, his policy has been to give the Crown the rights of the Crown, and in exercising the prerogatives of his office, he had done nothing to interfere in any way with the rights of the people. The moment he found that his Ministry were acting against the people he resolved to submit the case to the people, and dismissed the Ministry. (Great cheers.) It was said that by doing so he had injured the people. He determined to leave it to the people to decide the question. It was not the people he feared, and if the verdict had been against him he would have departed from his position of Lieutenant-Governor. The responsibility of his action rested on the Government he called in, and they were sustained by a majority who relieved him from that responsibility which under other circumstances would have been his alone, and they determined against the former Government. (Loud cheers.) Now, they saw a determination to crush that opinion of the province and substitute for it a power foreign to the province. (Cries of Shame! Shame!) He could not sufficiently thank them for the sympathy they had expressed, but he bore in mind that there were those who assumed to power only to ascend to shame, and those who descended from power to glory—(enthusiastic cheers.) The address which had been presented to him, and cheers he listened to that day made him feel how happy is the man in all things who does his duty; he felt no more than ever that he had done his duty and he could leave them with the proud satisfaction that in doing it, he had benefited the people. (Loud Cheers.)

As to his return to public life, his present ill health made it necessary that he should take a short respite, but he trusted to be able to work in the future as he had done in the past, and when the people called upon him he would be found ready to do their bidding. (Loud and enthusiastic cheers.) They must remember that they no longer had authority in the Province; they no longer possessed the right of self-government which had Federal Government, and the day was not far distant, as matters now looked, when they would have a Legislative Union. He thanked them for their kind wishes for restoration of his health, which would be his first care. Had it not been for the accident of yesterday Spencer Wood would have been that day tenantless, but on account of that accident he must wait two or three days more when he would have to go to that new functionary who had taken his place. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

Speaking in English he said it was through the influence of the English, Scotch and Irish people of the Province that the Government of Mr. Joly had been maintained in power. (Loud cheers.) He had always been under the impression that too much deference had been given to the religious prejudices of the British subjects, and that the British subjects, loyal and true to their Sovereign, and in his opinion, whether they were Catholics, Protestants, Jews or Turks, they all had equal rights. (Cheers.) When he had called upon Mr. Joly to form a Government, some objection had been taken because Mr. Joly was a Protestant, but in his opinion, a Protestant was as likely to render full justice to Catholics as to others. (Loud applause.) They must not give way to religious prejudices. The time had come when they ought to banish all such feelings and unite together for the common good. (A voice: "Golden sentiments.") The Anglo-Saxon race of the Province, who had contributed so largely to the liberalizing tendencies of the age, had shown themselves to be brothers in thought, in principle and in action, and he thanked them for their sympathy towards him, a French Canadian. (Great cheering.) The hon. gentleman then retired.

MR. HUNTINGTON,

said he would tell the people frankly that, although he was delighted to see them assembled for such a purpose, he did not come to Quebec with any sympathy for them as far as any local knowledge of the affair was concerned—he came from a section that was prepared to help in the fight that he saw must come. (Cheers.) His people sympathized with the ex-Lieutenant-Governor. They had been led to believe that, as one of the local newspapers expressed it, the martyr-Governor was like a brave old general going down to death in the service of his country. He would yet help in the future fight that is surely to come if the country is worth living in at all. (Applause.) Mr. Letellier had entered upon political life at the same time as himself, and whether on the side of the majority or not, he would be found ever acting from conviction. In the Lieut. Governor they could find one to which the duties of his office were threatened to be withheld. He could not say, of course, if the people of this place chose to be governed by railway rings, by men who are afraid of an appeal to the people. Such was not his opinion of the people who belonged to his locality.

He next referred to the late Dominion elections. He did not know how the people really believe or how they voted. He did not know how the people were willing that a great public franchise should be sold to sustain the Government; (cries of shame) but he believed that they would feel such indignation as the people of England would feel were Gladstone to sell one of the ships of the navy to support his party. (Cheers.) He would not blame the workmen who felt the hard times because that was the state of the country, but he would blame the wife and children who would be well fed and clothed; that they would be well fed and that there would be no more bad times (shame, shame), but he would blame the man who misled the people, who told the farmer that his butter would go up to 30 cents if only the Liberals were put out! Sir John told them only to make the change, only to put on Mackenzie and all would be put out (laughter.) He didn't blame the workmen for that, but if, after being deceived, they still hung round the skirts of their deceivers, he could only compare any one who should do so to the whipt spaniel which rounds its back

and turns its tail to the face of the man that beat it. (Laughter.) The Tories had an object. Did any one think Sir John a fool? His great fault was love of power. Did they think that Sir John was so simple-minded as not to know that Canada suffered alongside of other countries?—Of England, Germany and France? Didn't every one know that the cause was the over-inflation of trade? Sir John had been humbugging the people and when the history of Canada comes to be written he would figure as having coaxed in that line. (Laughter.) Sir John should have told the people that they must wait until depression rolled away.

The Conservative party could not do what they promised. A bright future had been spoken of. It was near a year since the party had acquired power. Where was the brightness? Working men in distress, bank stocks down, the country laboring under great depression. There were miracles in the olden time, and if Sir John had the power of working miracles he would do what he promised; but the evening Memeas of credit must surely come when the poor were deceived. The electors of the poor will say to Sir John "we asked you for bread and you gave us a stone"—(shame)—and the Conservatives will be surely punished for it, and amidst the general compensation that will then be made would be the righting of that ghastly wrong which excited the indignation they had expressed to-day. (Loud applause.) He knew under what circumstances Mr. Letellier had accepted the position of Governor. He was leader of the Quebec Liberals in the Senate of Canada, and although there were many other good men, he had been picked out as the most suitable, as a man of irreproachable character. He, though unwillingly at first, accepted office, and he found Mr. De-Boncherville at the head of the Ministry. He believed the Premier of the day to have been an honest man; but his Government—was it honest? He did not believe there was an honest man in their heads. Mr. Letellier was amazed when he was told by Mr. De-Boncherville that he could not control the railway ring in the Government—the cause of the dismissal from office of that gentleman. He illustrated the case as follows, referring to the dealing with the municipalities:—"Suppose," he said, "if you and I had a law suit and you don't like the goods of the court, you don't sue it, and I go to the Legislature and seek to insist on a clause compelling you to pay it whether you will or not." (Roars of laughter.) He concluded by asking the people to support the Liberal party and they would see this great wrong righted. (Cheers.)

HON. MR. LAURIER.

Hon. Mr. Laurier was received with great cheering. He said, we are a stranger to come suddenly on the scene he would never believe that they had met together to bewail a misfortune. He would imagine that they must be celebrating a national holiday. Hon. Mr. Letellier belonged especially to the city of Quebec, and the spot chosen for that meeting, there under the windows of the new Government, and within sight of the room where the Order in Council was signed that dismissed Mr. Letellier from his position, was the proper place for the citizens of Quebec to meet and protest against the great wrong done to them and the Province. It was the privilege of the city of Quebec to begin the protests that would be taken up and continued throughout the Province, and make the name of Letellier immortal in the hearts of the people. He might feel a proud satisfaction that the enemies of the Province had done him a favor by giving them an opportunity of initiating a movement that would not only extend throughout the province of Quebec, but throughout the whole Dominion. They all knew that it was not for his pleasure that Mr. Letellier had acted in dismissing his ministry, but by an appeal to the people to save the province from the hands of those who would destroy it; who were leading it to bankruptcy and Legislative Union. That was not the policy of the Liberal party. They did not look for a Legislative Union. They believed, further, that the Province could be governed without imposing further taxes on the people and without taking them by the throat. It was not the people of Quebec who sought to destroy Letellier. (Cries of No! No!) It was not the people of Ontario, of New Brunswick, of Nova Scotia and of the other provinces. No; it was the Tories, the Wallaces and the Angers (groans), but though they appear to triumph now, their triumph will be short-lived, as they may even yet see Mr. Letellier return among them and occupy the position he now leaves. (Great cheering.) In a few days, they would see the same feelings expressed in Montreal, the citizens of Montreal in Quebec, for that meeting was only the formal opening of the protest that was to arise from the whole province against the breach of their rights which had been committed by the Conservative party. The Liberal party had been stymied the party of revolutionists, but he would ask them if they could be fairly called so. They had never uttered a murmur against the Representative of their beloved Sovereign, because he had seen fit to act on the advice of his Ministers, and not to leave the question to the decision of the people. They had always and they would always continue to render their respect to the Marquis of Lorne, but they could and would blame Sir John A. Macdonald, Mousaux and the Conservative party—(loud cheers.) He felt proud of his position at that moment when the same cheers that were ringing in his ears were given in favor of the official residence of the conqueror and perhaps were heard by him, but they must not be mistaken for a salute to the rising sun. They were an ovation to the setting sun—(tremendous cheering)—to the man of courage, who had saved the country in the hour of her peril, by appealing to the people against the Ministers, and who had nobly done his duty, matter not justice where it was due. (Cheers.) They cheer would be taken up from town to town, from county to county, till the whole Dominion would ring with the story of the wrongs of the province of Quebec. (Applause.) Their sole duty now was to watch and check

the party of whom Mr. Letellier was the victim, to bide their time till the next General Election take place, for then, heaven, a General Election must come; and then the true opinion of the people will find vent and their verdict will be rendered against the men who have de-throned our chief magistrate. The men who did so will find that they can have no chance in the city of Quebec. (Applause.) It is unfortunate that the people of Canada were not all the people of Quebec city, but sooner or later the Central Congress will be organized and will be opened and the Liberal party will return to power. (Cheers.) Then Mr. Letellier may return to occupy once more a position such as that which he has so worthily filled (cheers); till then Mr. Letellier has too much of the Letellier in him to rest tranquilly at the River Ouelle. He goes there but for a season, to recover his health. He has courage to do so, and will soon return to his post, and that post among peers from which no party can remove him. (Great cheering.)

THE HON. GEO. INYNE spoke in the same strain, making several good points, and awakening great enthusiasm among the people. He referred to the high character of Mr. Letellier and now in power in Ontario, and concluded by moving a resolution which had for its object the providing of a substantial testimonial to Mr. Letellier. The resolution was carried with great unanimity, and Mr. Letellier also spoke in similar terms and exhorted the people to leave no stone unturned until the disgrace of the late outrage had been wiped away and the aggressors had been suitably punished.

MR. CHARLES LANGLOIS,

M. P. P., (Montmorency), who represented the young French party, in response to loud calls, wound up the meeting in a telling speech. He protested against the political injustice which had been committed—the gross act of injustice ever perpetrated. During the struggle for Confederation, Sir George E. Cartier and Mr. Langevin both fought for and obtained a guarantee of independence to the provinces, and now what do we see to-day but that same Mr. Langevin, the hero of the \$32,000, (laughter and cheers), the very man who fought for provincial independence, is now first to insist on destroying it. (Cries of shame.) The whole province had been satisfied after the last session of the Assembly that Mr. Letellier had done right in dismissing the DeBoucherville Government. (Cheers.) All were satisfied with the exception of three men: Chapque, Angers and Church. They were not satisfied and petitioned the federal authorities for the removal of Mr. Letellier and the Federal Government had created the request. We must all join in our protest. We all see how ashamed the leading Conservatives are of their base act. Sir John Macdonald has stolen away from Quebec to England like one who knew he had done wrong. (Cheers and laughter.) Mr. Angers who had been making himself visible for a few days, had gone fishing to Malbaie (laughter)—"Where is the Gowen Macdonald now?"—and Mr. Langevin had gone away to Ottawa with his bag to look after his seasonal allowance. He had not time to get it while he was away in England. (Laughter.) These men were ashamed of their acts. They had all disappeared; only Mr. Langevin could be found. What cared he for his word of honor, all he cared for was that he had his \$22,000 in his pocket. The old city of Quebec strikes the first blow of patriots since 2nd of March, 1878; a blow that will reach over the whole province, and he would remind them that another blow was to be struck tomorrow in the county of Montmorency. This finished the speeches. The greatest order prevailed during the exercises, not a single interruption was made by any one. The people listened attentively and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

"FOREST AND STREAM" OF NEW YORK COMES TO US IN A NEW DRESS. IT IS, IN TYPOGRAPHICAL APPEARANCE, AS IT HAS ALWAYS BEEN IN PRACTICE AND INTELLIGENT EDITING, FAR AHEAD OF ANY JOURNAL OF ITS CLASS IN AMERICA.

Great Conflagration.

On Friday afternoon last, Hamilton, Ont., was visited by one of the most extensive fires that ever took place there. The press despatches give the following particulars:—

An alarm was struck from a box for a great lumber block, on the corner of King and John streets. The block was a large five story stone structure, one of the finest in the city, and was occupied by D. McInnes & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants; Turner, Livingston & Co., wholesale millinery dealers; the Hamilton Provident Loan Society and Bank of Hamilton. The fire started in the fifth story, in the part occupied by Turner, Livingston & Co., and flames spread with great rapidity. Although the firemen were promptly on hand, the fire had already made great headway and was sweeping everything before it, making all efforts to stay its progress unavailing. So scorching was the heat that the firemen were unable at first to play on the burning building, while the burning cornice blew so thick and fast that it was feared, for a time, the whole business centre of the city was doomed. The buildings in the immediate vicinity of the fire were in flames several times, but by the strenuous exertions of the firemen, were extinguished and the fire confined to John and King streets. The bank books and Messrs. McInnes' books were all saved. Besides the Hamilton and Sanford buildings, the Methodist Episcopal Church on Rebecca street, was destroyed and the upper story of the new Larkin Hall badly gutted. E. & C. Gurney's over two blocks away, caught fire and narrowly escaped. The total loss is estimated at over \$1,000,000. So black looking, at one time, was the prospect that assistance was telegraphed for to St. Catharines and Toronto, but no however until McInnes' building was saved. These will be \$2 1/2, 4 in. wide and project 15 inches beyond the line of the walls. The two towers will project 1 1/2 in. on the side, and 1 ft. 6 in. on the front, their faces being 4 ft. each wide. The basement floor will project 4 ft. 6 in.

THE FOUNDATIONS.

The first work to be done in the construction of the building will be the laying of the foundations. The excavation now inside. This will consist of a single course of large and solid blocks of stone, four feet in length, laid by side and bedded firmly on the rock beneath all over the building, to receive the basement walls and also the ends of the joists of the basement floor, which are to rest upon it. Within the circuit of this course, there will also be laid on the sides, there will also be laid on the sides of the solid rock, twenty three blocks of stone four feet in length, laid by side and bedded firmly on the rock beneath all over the building, to receive the basement walls and also the ends of the joists of the basement floor, which are to rest upon it. 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