

Gum Drops, 6c Lb.

From 8:30 Until 10 O'Clock.

Fresh, sugar-coated Gum Drops, assorted flavors, per pound, - 6c
 Delicious Cream Taffies, four different flavors, regular 15c per pound, Saturday, 10c

THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY.

176-178 Dundas Street, London, Friday, Jan. 17th, 1902.

**Copyright Music, Saturday, 10c Copy....**

100 samples of latest copyrighted music, including cakewalks, songs, two-steps and waltzes, regular price 25c copy, Saturday, on sale copy 10c

25 Envelopes for 3c.

A Splendid Bargain—Fine Smooth Finish Envelopes, in cream, square shape, well gummed, Saturday a package of 25 for 3c

Fine Sweet Oranges, Saturday 4 for 5c
 Large ones, Saturday 2 for 5c
 Good Juicy Lemons, Saturday 4 for 5c

100 DOZEN HANDKERCHIEFS, SATURDAY, 6 FOR 25c.

Pretty big quantity, but it includes Handkerchiefs for men, women and children.
 Plain white, with narrow hem, hemstitched, lace trimmed and fancy colored border handkerchiefs, good sensible sizes, Saturday, your choice of the lot at 8:30 sharp at 6 for 25c

SHOP EARLY—The Best Bargains Are Timed for 8:30, Sharp.

Fleece Some Call Them Hose. **2 Pairs**
Lined. Some Call Them Stockings. **for 25c.**
 Ladies' Fleece-Lined American Cotton Hose, perfectly fast dye, very warm and excellent for people who require warmth, and yet cannot wear all wool; sizes 8 1/2 to 2 1/2, regular price and 2 Pairs for 25c good value at 20c pair, Saturday

\$1 and \$1.50 Corsets for 75c.

10 pairs of the Celebrated P. & N. Corsets, heavy jean, covered in gray, white and black, short and long styles, steel filled and steel capped, lace and ribbon trimmed, sizes 18 to 25, only, regular price \$1.00 and \$1.50 pair, Saturday, on sale, pair 75c

Black Corsets, 49c.

Black jean covered, Corsets, with white lining, steel filled, short waist style, lace and ribbon trimmed, sizes 18 to 25, Saturday bargain 49c

MEN'S BLACK TIES, SATURDAY, 20c EACH.

A fine lot of Men's Ties, including knots, bows and puffs, in black silk and satin, regular prices ranging from 35c, 40c to 50c each, Saturday, your choice at, each 20c

Remember Our Great Woolen Goods Sale is Still Going On—SEE DISPLAY IN SHOW WINDOW.**Special Sale of Wilton Piano Scarfs**

AT THE FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

All first-class goods, but the quantity is limited, and we are anxious to have their room before stock-taking:
 4 only, Wilton Piano Scarfs, rich, heavy quality, shades of golden brown, old blue and green, dainty floral patterns, with silk fringe, regular \$4.50 and \$4.75, Saturday \$3.00
 2 Wilton Piano Scarfs, in green and old rose, also old blue and old rose, regular \$5.00, Saturday \$3.50
 1 only Wilton Piano Scarf, in cream ground, with dainty floral pattern, in pastel shades, regular \$5.50, Saturday \$4.00

AMERICAN WALL PAPERS, SATURDAY, HALF-PRICE.

Whenever you want to do a big thing in a short time, you get on more steam as you near the end. That's just exactly what we're doing in this sale. Putting on the very best bargain at the end of the week—for instance:

10c Wall Papers for 5c.

300 rolls Wall Paper, in cream grounds, pretty green floral patterns, glimmer finishes, regular 10c roll, Saturday 5c

100 rolls Wall Papers, green grounds, light scroll pattern, regular 10c, Saturday 5c

200 rolls Wall Papers, cream ground, delicate scroll patterns, suitable for halls, regular 10c roll, Saturday 5c

Regular 12c Papers for 6c.

500 rolls Wall Papers, cream grounds, satin stripes, with rose pattern, very pretty style for bedrooms, regular 12c roll, Saturday 6c

Regular 15c Papers for 7c.

500 rolls Wall Papers in terra cotta grounds, pretty light rose pattern, regular 15c, Saturday 7c

400 rolls Wall Papers, dark red ground, fleur de lis pattern, glimmer finish, regular 15c roll, Saturday 7c

SALE AT 8:30 SHARP.**Bargains in Graniteware and Tinware****For 8:30 Sharp.**

Sale starts at 8:30 sharp. Don't come in the afternoon and expect to find the complete lines waiting for you.
 Don't come at 11 o'clock and expect it, but be here at 8:30 sharp, and we'll guarantee you some bargains. Read:

Straight Granite Saucepans, with cover, regular 25c, Saturday, at 8:30 sharp 13c

Iron Stands, made of stamped steel, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 sharp, 1c each, 1c

Granite Frying Pans, No. 9 size, with flat handle, regular price 40c each, Saturday, at 8:30 sharp 19c

10-quart Flaring Water Pails and Dishpans, made of heavy tin, some are slightly dented, nothing serious, regular 15c, at 8:30 sharp 8c

Woods' Fair Woods' Fair**Are Quick to See**

Good Doctors Are Quick to See and Appreciate Real Merit in New Medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a discovery of great value to the medical profession and the public. They are an unfailing specific in all cases of



dyspepsia and disordered digestion. Almost everybody's digestion is disordered more or less, and the commonest thing they do is to take some one of the many so-called blood purifiers, which in many cases are merely strong cathartics. Such things are not needed. If the organs are in a clogged condition, they need only a little help and they will right themselves. Cathartics irritate the sensitive linings of the stomach and bowels and often do more harm than good.

Purging is not what is needed. The thing to do is to put the food in condition to be readily digested and assimilated. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do this perfectly. They partly digest what is eaten and give the stomach just the help it needs. They stimulate the secretion and excretion of the digestive fluids and relieve the congested condition of the glands and membranes. They put the whole digestive system in condition to do its work. When that is done you need take no more tablets, unless you eat what does not agree with you. Then take one or two tablets—give them needed help and you will have no trouble.

It's a common sense medicine and a common sense treatment and it will cure every time. Not only cure the disease but cure the cause. Goes about it in a perfectly sensible and scientific way.

We have testimonials enough to fill a book, but we don't publish many of them. However—
 Mrs. E. M. Faith, of Byrd's Creek, Wis., says: "I have taken all the tablets I got of you, and they have done their work well in my case. For I feel like a different person altogether. I don't doubt if I had not got them I should have been at rest by this time."
 H. E. Willard, Onslow, Ia., says: "Mr. White, of Canton, was telling me of your Dyspepsia Tablets curing him of Dyspepsia, from which he has suffered for eight years. As I am a sufferer myself I wish you to send me a package by return mail."

Phil Brooks, Detroit, Mich., says: "Your dyspepsia cure has worked wonders in my case. I suffered for years from dyspepsia, but am now entirely cured and enjoy life as I never have before. I gladly recommend them. It will cost you to find out just how much Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will help you. Try them. That's the best way to decide."

All druggists sell them. A little book on stomach diseases will be mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Deaths of a Day.

Manitow, Man., Jan. 16.—J. D. McIntosh, ex-M. P. for Manitow, died yesterday, after six weeks' illness, aged 52.

London, Jan. 16.—Lord Rookwood (Henry John Selwyn-Ibbertson) is dead.

Toronto, Jan. 16.—Jehi Matthews, well-known in newspaper circles in this city, having been employed on the Daily Telegram in the early days, and as a commercial editor on the Mail and Empire, was found dead in his residence this morning. He was identified with the Imperial Federation League ever since its inception, and was one of its vice-presidents. Mr. Matthews was subject to epileptic fits, and is supposed to have been seized with one of these during the night, death following suddenly. (Kingston, Jan. 17.—Mr. Campbell has received a cablegram announcing the death of Belfast, Ireland, of her father, Rev. Samuel Houston, M.A. The deceased clergyman for fifteen years had charge of Cooke's Presbyterian Church, Kingston. He remained the incumbent until May, 1899, when he returned to Ireland and took up the duties of Canadian immigration commissioner for the North of Ireland, with headquarters at Belfast.

JANUARY CANADIAN MAGAZINE.

Professor Goldwin Smith discusses "The Public School Question" in the January Canadian Magazine, characterizing our present system as mechanical and inflexible. He thinks voluntary schools might be greater on our present system with some advantage. The Hon. L. G. Power, speaker of the senate, discusses our "Military System" and advocates the enrolment of all citizens in the volunteer force, with a shorter, unpaid drill season. He bases his suggestions on the experience of Nova Scotia in the confederation. Arthur H. U. Colquhoun discusses the "Reciprocity Situation," and intimates that Canada has nothing to expect from the United States. An old Haulton gives a beautiful word picture of the "Sea." Welford W. Beaton describes a new Canadian Glacier, his article being well illustrated. W. G. Ross gives a "History of Street Railways in Canada," and Jean Blewett contributes a story. The number is exceedingly valuable.

The Croup.

It's a terrible thing, isn't it? Somehow, that awful cough, that hard struggle for air, can never be forgotten. Be a little forehanded and prevent it.

Keep Vapo-Cresolene in the house, and when the children take cold let them breathe in the vapor during the evening. It goes right to the throat, just where the croup lies. All irritation subsides, the cough quiets down and serious trouble is prevented. It never fails to cure whooping cough.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Vapo-Cresolene, complete, \$1.50, extra supply of Vapo-Cresolene and so on. Illustrated booklet containing the physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 250 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Bill to Save Expense Where There Are No Prisoners.

Budget for Next Wednesday—Interim Vote of \$450,000 Passed.

Toronto, Jan. 17.—Yesterday's session of the legislature was brief, and developed no business of great importance. The estimates, in skeleton form, were laid on the table, and Hon. Mr. Gibson introduced a measure to amend the jurors' act. The bill contains some of the clauses of his law reform measure of last session, which was not then passed. Forty petitions from individual Methodist churches and from circuits of the same body, asking for a prohibitory liquor law, were presented.

Hon. Mr. Gibson introduced an act to amend the jurors' act. The bill gives power to the county selectors of jurors to determine that the county courts shall be held at the same time as the high courts, and jurors to serve for both courts. This, wherever circumstances admitted of its being carried out, would result in considerable saving in fees and mileage allowance. Another clause which will also tend to a reduction of expenditure in the administration of justice provides for the rescinding of summonses to jurors, if the clerk of court is satisfied, five clear days before the time for court to sit, that there is no business for the court. The clerk must satisfy himself that there are no prisoners in jail on charges which would necessitate criminal trials. Jurors attending court in good faith will receive mileage allowance and pay for one day.

The premier laid on the table a skeleton copy of the estimates. The house went into committee, with Mr. Graham (Brockville) in the chair, and passed an interim appropriation of \$450,000 to meet current expenditure.

The premier said he hoped the estimates and the public accounts would be laid on the table on Monday, in which event he would deliver the budget speech on Wednesday. If they were not presented on Monday the budget speech would be held until Thursday.

Col. Mathegon (South Lanark) said all he wanted was a couple of days in which to consider the public accounts. The house adjourned at 8:30 p.m.

NOTES.

A deputation, headed by Mr. Conmee, and consisting of Mayor Cameron, and W. J. Moran, of Rat Portage, and W. W. Rowell, of Toronto, waited on Hon. J. M. Gibson yesterday and asked that the government bear half the cost of the construction of a \$12,000 bridge over the Winnipeg River, between Rat Portage and Keewatin, also that several roads be built in that vicinity.

An order in council dated Dec. 31, 1901, has been laid on the table of the house commuting the fees of A. M. McKinnon, local master and local registrar of the court of the county of York, amount being less than the average receipts of the offices for the last five years.

Forty additional petitions for prohibition, from Methodist churches and circuits, in all parts of the province, were presented to the speaker. Mr. John Auld (South Essex) intends introducing a private bill providing for the reduction of the open season for quail from eight to four weeks. The measure also aims at removing all protection from cottontail rabbits.

Merely Mentioned.

Smallpox is reported in Morrison, Lower Puslinch and Lambton townships.

Chancellor Boyd, who has been ill for some time, is rapidly recovering strength.

The Canadian Press Association will hold its annual meeting in Ottawa in February.

The Galicians in Manitoba are making a move towards getting schools, and will apply to the government for aid.

New York rumors say there is pending a transatlantic combine between the United States and Canadian and Atlantic transport companies.

The Santa Fe road is to spend \$13,000,000 for equipment during the present year, the money to come from the proceeds of a new issue of \$30,000,000 of bonds.

Duluth is to be connected by a direct railway line with Winnipeg next summer by means of a road already under construction from Duluth and the Canadian Northern.

A Kansas City Southern passenger train was "held up" Wednesday night at 11 o'clock half a mile north of Sprio, Mo., by seven men. They secured \$2,000 and got away.

At Louisville, Ky., the Albert Sidney Johnston Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy decided to begin a traveling passenger agent.

The town solicitor of Lindsay gives the opinion that last year's council is disqualified for illegally investing sinking funds. The mayor and four others of the new council are affected by the opinion.

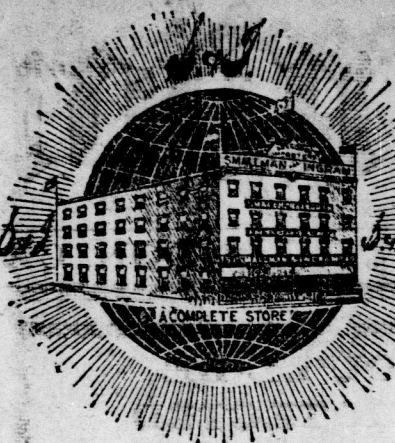
Charles Berryman says there is a stampede from Dawson for Henderson Creek, near Stewart River. He reports that several thousand men are on the creek, and all claims have been staked.

An official circular announces the appointment of J. Quinlan as successor to D. O. Pease, district passenger agent of G. T. R., Montreal. Mr. Quinlan is succeeded by W. H. O'Donnell as traveling passenger agent.

J. M. McKnight, former president of the defunct German National Bank at Louisville, Ky., who was convicted of embezzling the bank's funds, was sentenced to a penitentiary for six years and fined \$10. McKnight has been tried four times.

Commander Spain, of Ottawa, has been appointed to inquire into the loss of four men who were on a barge which was being towed by the steamer Marine City, off Goderich, last fall. The inquiry will likely be opened at Kingston.

The prohibitionists of Nova Scotia met in convention at Truro, where a resolution was passed to the effect that the convention present a petition to the Nova Scotia Legislature asking the passage of a measure prohibiting the liquor traffic in Nova Scotia.

**BLACK AND COLORED TRIMMED HATS, \$3.50**

Worth From \$65.00 to \$9.70, Now at

This is a great bargain. We feel sure if our customers knew their real value, style and beauty, there'd be four times as many after these 26 as we have hats for. None of them sold at less than \$5.00 each; others were \$5.25, \$7.00, \$8.00 and up to \$9.70. Come early; that's your only chance to get one.

Other Big Bargains in Millinery Section.

24 only, Untrimmed Felt Shapes, in gray, castor, navy, brown, green and cardinal; all this season's styles and colors; ranged in price from \$1.25 to \$2.75; worth coming for if you should not be able to get one of above hats. Clearing at, each, only 25c
 26 only Black Felt Shapes, were \$1.25 to \$2.50 each; all this season's goods. To make this sale still more interesting will sell them at, each 50c
 19 only, Walking Hats, in black, blue and castor; this season's goods; were \$1.00 to \$2.00 each. Your pick of them now at, each, only 50c
 Children's Bonnets from our select stock, were \$1.25 to \$2.00 each, will clear out the few remaining in stock at, each 50c

Come! Come! Come! Early buyers will not be disappointed.

Great Bargains in Elegant Silk Remnants.

Remnants of Silks that you took a strong fancy to a few weeks ago are offering at bargain prices. Some are marked at quarter the price they were when you saw them last. Come early for these remnants. It's the only way to make sure of getting the fancied piece:

Repeat Order Fine Hand Embroidered Tea and Tray Cloths.

This is good news. The repeat order has just come in of those Fine Irish Hand Embroidered Tea and Tray Cloths, also some Novelties in Drawn Work and Hand Embroidered Pillow Shams. As the lot is limited and in very choice designs, we urge an early visit from those who have been waiting their arrival. It will be impossible to set them aside.

Where Hundreds Are Buying Good Dresses

It's in the Colored Dress Goods Section where people with depleted purses but fine tastes are discovering that they can purchase material for a good dress at a mere trifle. Day by day your chance of getting one of these bargains grows less. Others are gathering them in. These are some of the bargains you can get:

Pretty, good-wearing Plaids, that sold at 65c and 75c yard, now your choice at 30c
 Homespins, in dark colors, stripe effect, checks and fancy weaves, sold at 50c, 65c, and 75c yard. Now your choice at 25c
 Suiting cloth, self colors, brown, gray, green and fawn, also some fancy checks and fancy weaves, heavy weight; sell regularly at 65c and 75c, now your choice at 30c
 Tweed Suitings and Homespins, in checks, stripes, and fancy weaves; wide widths; make elegant skating and rough weather skirts; were extra value at 65c and 75c yard. Your choice of any of them now at only 30c

Buy your material and have your Skirt made up on the premises. We can make it in latest styles for 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151 and 153 DUNDAS STREET.**FIERCE FIGHT WITH PIRATES**

A Stirring Adventure on the Canton River in China.

Chinese Attacked Houseboat Manned by a Yankee, an Englishman and a Dutchman.

[San Francisco Chronicle.]
 C. A. Burckhardt, a sufferer from bullet wounds inflicted by Chinese pirates on the Canton River, is at the Occidental Hotel. He is on his way to Indianapolis, where he has relatives, to undergo surgical treatment for his injuries. Burckhardt, though a young man, has long been a resident of Canton, where he was employed as an inspector and special buyer of silks for a large European house.

In July last he and three companions—M. Spalinger, a Swiss; G. E. Hufjagen, a Hollander, and V. Hogg, an Englishman—were bound up the Canton River to Shun Tack in a houseboat owned by Burckhardt. The Canton River houseboat is of peculiar construction. It is much like one of the stern-wheel river steamers so familiar on the shallow streams of America, but the wheel, instead of being turned by a steam engine, is operated by a crew of coolies, who stand watches turning a series of cranks arranged after the manner of a treadmill. For this work on Burckhardt's boat a crew of eighteen Chinese were carried. They were in charge of a boatman, who acted as captain of the craft. Besides there were several servants. All went well until the second night of the journey, when the boat was about 20 miles above Canton, and almost opposite San Young Kee. Burckhardt and his guests had retired soon after midnight, when they were awakened by a shot being fired. A bullet passed through the side of the house on the boat and struck Burckhardt in the left foot as he lay in his bunk. An artery was cut and he bled profusely. All four men at once seized their rifles, but by that time bullets were flying about the boat.

"I was fast losing strength from the wound, and I tore a strip from a blanket and bound it up as best I could," said Burckhardt, in telling the story of the attack. "Before I had my foot bound a stink-pot had been thrown on the roof of the house, and it threatened to set fire to our craft. I climbed up to where it was, but as I reached the place I met the boatman. The pirates were then on the roof, and we succeeded in extinguishing it. While we were at that work a bullet struck the boatman and he died a few minutes later from the wound. I got down into the cabin, and in a minute or two I was struck in the right leg. The pirates had boarded our boat, and the bullets were coming from all directions. One of the pirates got upon the bow of the boat and threw a bomb that came rolling along the deck, the fuse burning steadily. I picked it up from the floor and hurled it through a window, carrying the glass and the sash with it. Just outside the window it exploded, and the side of the cabin was shattered with the force of the concussion. My two wounds were too much for me and I fell.

"As I lay on the floor one of my two companions handed me a revolver,

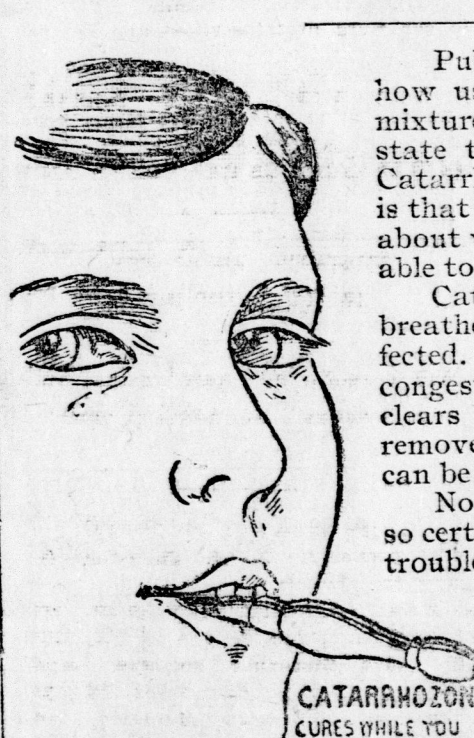
and I had the satisfaction of shooting two of the pirates as they lay there, though I was hit by another bullet in the left shoulder. Luckily the last bullet made only a slight flesh wound. Another bullet clipped a piece out of my scalp. My companions did good work with their rifles, and after about half an hour they succeeded in driving our assailants off. Spalinger was shot through the left arm soon after the fight began. The bullet barely missed the bone, but he tied a handkerchief about it and kept in the fight to the last. The Chinese of the crew jumped into the water, and most of them clung to the paddles of the wheel. After the pirates had been driven away they reappeared, and with their help we turned the boat back down the river, and about daylight anchored close to a Chinese gunboat and asked for protection. The crew of the vessel made no effort to pursue the

pirates. The bodies of eight of the pirates were found in the river with bullets in them from our rifles. We secured a launch from a Chinese official that day, and in it we got to Canton, though we were ten hours on the journey. There we got the services of a surgeon. I was two months in a hospital there, and then was sent to a hospital at Yokohama, where I remained about two months more. "The Chinese government paid Mr. Spalinger and myself \$10,000 each, and also gave the others of the party some indemnity. They also gave the widow of the Chinese boatman that was killed a pension."

Gifts of a pair of prize coats, a load of hay and another of potatoes, have been received in response to an appeal for funds on behalf of a Liverpool hospital.

Irritable or Sore Throat

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Etc., Catarrhazone Is of Inestimable Value—Relieves Instantly and Cures Permanently.



Public speakers and singers know how useless and sickening are cough mixtures, sprays, lozenges, etc., and state that no remedy compares with Catarrhazone, the advantage of which is that the inhaler is convenient to carry about with you at all times, and is suitable to use in public places.

Catarrhazone's soothing vapor is breathed right to the parts that are affected. It quickly allays irritation and congestion of the mucous membrane, clears the throat, stops coughing and removes soreness more effectually than can be told.

No treatment is so clean, so pleasant, so certain to cure bronchial and throat troubles as Catarrhazone. In fact they can't exist but a few hours where it is used, and as a preventive of consumption and pneumonia Catarrhazone has no equal. The following testimonials from well-known ministers furnish abundant proof of the merits of Catarrhazone. Read them and be convinced:

An Aid to Public Speakers. Irritation. Catarrh.

REV. J. S. HUGHES, OF PERTH, ONT., says: "I have used Catarrhazone with most beneficial results. In my work as a public speaker I find it of great value. It helps my throat very much."

REV. MR. MCKAY, OF GODERICH, says: "Catarrhazone is an excellent remedy for throat irritation arising from public speaking. I highly recommend it."

REV. D. R. SMITH, OF WHITEHEAD, N. S., says: "Catarrhazone has permanently cured me of chronic Catarrh of the nose and throat, from which I suffered for many years."

Catarrhazone

Complete outfit, consisting of a beautifully polished Hard Rubber Inhaler and sufficient liquid for two months' use costs one dollar, and is guaranteed to cure. Trial size 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists, or by mail from N. C. POLSON & CO., Kingston, Ont.

WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES,

228, 230, 232 Dundas Street, London.

BEFORE STOCK-TAKING SALE GOES MERRILY ON.

CLEAR-CUT PRICES!

RED INK MARK DOWN PRICES.

Our every day prices are always below others, but such prices as we are making now IN THIS SALE should induce every woman in London to visit the "Three Busy Stores." It will pay you, ladies.

Damask and Chenille Curtain Dept.

Cut prices marked in red ink. Cut prices for this sale.

Special line, Damask Curtains, regular \$2.50, sale price \$1.97 pair.

Damask Curtains, fine pattern, regular \$2.75, sale price \$2.19 pair.

Very Fine Damask Curtains, worth \$3.50, sale price \$2.95 pair.

Chenille Curtains, regular \$4.50, sale price \$3.50 pair.

Chenille Curtains, regular \$5.50, sale price \$4.50 pair.

Chenille Table Covers -- Cut prices for this sale.

4-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Special 4-4 size Covers, regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.19 each.

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.00, sale price \$1.79 each.

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, regular \$2.50, sale price \$2.19 each.

Hosiery Department.

CUT PRICES.

75 dozen Ladies' Cashmere Ribbed Hose, black only size 8 1/2 to 9 1/2, regular 25c, sale price 15c pair.

60 dozen Ladies' Ribbed Fine Black Cashmere Hose, seamless feet, regular 45c, sale price 20c pair. All sizes. Come.

Fur Department.

Furs going at about half price in this sale. Cut prices all through.

Electric Seal Caprine, sable tail, worth \$15.00, sale price \$8.25 each.

Black Astrachan Caprine, Thibet trimming, worth \$12.00, sale price \$6.50.

Ladies' Fine Thibet Caprines, worth \$12.00, sale price \$6.50.

Ladies' Electric Seal Collars, worth \$2.00, sale price \$1.19 each.

Ladies' Black Thibet Boas, worth \$3.50, sale price \$2.95 each.

LADIES' ASTRACHAN GAUNTLETS, in black and gray, regular 85c, sale price 50c pair. Come.

Staple Department.

Flannels, Cottons, Etc.

15c Gray Flannel for 10c yard. Cut prices. Wrapperette, sale price 5c yard.

Heavy Blue Denim, regular 20c, sale price 15c yard.

Heavy 25c Cottonade, sale price 15c yard.

15c Gray Flannel for 10c yard. Cut prices. Wrapperette, sale price 5c yard.

Heavy Blue Denim, regular 20c, sale price 15c yard.

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Heavy Blue Denim, regular 20c, sale price 15c yard.

Heavy 25c Cottonade, sale price 15c yard.

15c Gray Flannel for 10c yard. Cut prices. Wrapperette, sale price 5c yard.

Heavy Blue Denim, regular 20c, sale price 15c yard.

Heavy 25c Cottonade, sale price 15c yard.

In Our Silk Dept.

Cut prices in all our Fancy Silks. Silks worth up to 75c yard, all one price, 20c yard.

Table Oilcloth Dept.

CUT PRICES.

5-4 Fancy Table Oilcloth, 20c yard.

6-4 Fancy Table Oilcloth, 25c yard.

15c CHINA MATTING, sale price 10c yard.

Navy Blue Mercerized Four-lards, lovely goods for waists, regular 25c, sale price 15c yard.

BATTENBURG BRAIDS -- 1c and 2c yard, or 10c dozen and 15c dozen yards.

Fine Battenburg Spool Threads in high numbers, 3c and 4c each.

Cut Prices in Dress Goods.

Cut prices in Velvet Velours, for cushioning, regular \$1.25, sale price 60c yard.

Roman Embroidery Pillow Shams, away up to 45c each, sale price 25c each.

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SCRAP-IRON DISCUSSION

Mr. Foy Evidently "Playing to the Gallery."

Sound Reasons Why the Bill Was Not Railroaded Through the Legislature—The Premier's View of the Case.

Toronto, Jan. 16. — When Mr. Foy (South Toronto) introduced his "scrap iron" bill in the house on Wednesday, he said he would ask to have it read a first, second and third time, and made law immediately. The bill was intended to declare the meaning of the act, chapter 23, of last session. That act was passed with the express intention of doing away with what was known as the scrap iron method of valuing property for assessment purposes. Mr. Foy read the principal clause of the bill as follows: "Provided that the said property extending over more than one ward shall be valued for the purposes of assessment as real estate of the incorporated company liable to assessment thereof at the actual value thereof estimated at the cost of reproducing and replacing the same for the purpose for which the same is owned, operated or used, and regard being had to the then state of repair and any other circumstance affecting such value." Provision was made in the bill to enable assessors to make allowances where different circumstances might impair the value of the plants.

THE PREMIER'S VIEW.

The premier said that the honorable gentleman (Mr. Foy) was, of course, playing to the gallery. Mr. Foy—I would ask if the honorable gentleman's language is in order. Hon. Mr. Gibson—It is used often on the floor of the house. Mr. Foy—It is ungentlemanly and unworthy of the honorable gentleman.

The Speaker—The expression is often used in the house and out of it as a metaphor. There is nothing unparliamentary in it. Hon. Mr. Gibson, continuing, said the extraordinary step taken in introducing the bill was pure bravado (government applause and laughter)—and nothing else. There was no other object to be attained than the achievement of a little political popularity or capital. No one complained about the introduction of the bill, and no one thought it extraordinary that a gentleman introducing a bill which he believed to be of great importance, should give a few words of explanation. But the honorable gentleman's method in this case was most unusual. In its present shape the bill was out of order, and almost every rule of the house would be violated if the proposed action as to second and third readings were adopted. The whole course of the honorable gentleman was out of order, and no real, solid reason had been advanced in support of it (Government applause).

Mr. Crawford (West Toronto), said the charge of playing to the gallery could never apply, in fairness, to Mr. Foy.

SECOND READING IRREGULAR.

Mr. Foy moved the second reading of his bill.

The premier said he must object, as it was contrary to the rules of the house.

The speaker said the motion for the second reading of the bill was not only unusual in practice, but also irregular and contrary to the well-established rules of the house.

PAN-AMERICAN ARBITRATION.

Mexico City, Jan. 16.—The plan for the adherence of the nations represented at the Pan-American Congress to the Hague convention was introduced yesterday by the Chilean delegation.

After a statement of the advantages of the Hague convention and the impracticability of compulsory arbitration, from the obstructive tactics of "chill" which were clearly revealed at yesterday's sessions, it begins to be apparent that it will be practically impossible ever to bring either of the arbitration projects to a vote unless some rule resembling the closure of the British Parliament is adopted, as the Chileans will continue to talk indefinitely.

After attacking throughout the afternoon session the plan of general acceptance of the Hague articles as partially adopted, they finally changed front, dropped their own plan of acceptance, and gave their assent to the general plan, but insisted that instead of merely passing through the conference it be submitted at least to the cabinet.

They know, it is claimed, that if it is only debated they will be able to delay matters indefinitely, and in the meantime work for the withdrawal of more Central and South American delegations.

Canada is a nation of workers. The few who have acquired positions of wealth and leisure have done so through hard work, and the vast majority find it necessary to toil day after day, and year after year, to support themselves and those depending on them. Their capital is good health.

So long as this last they are happy and contented, but alas! too many are robbed of this capital, and find themselves unable to keep up the struggle. With no earnings coming in, their small savings are soon exhausted, and want as well as disease stares them in the face.

Disease is humanity's most deadly foe. Slightly, gradually, it steals upon one, until at length it closes its fangs on its victim, and secretly robs him of energy, ambition and strength. In this way, the most energetic, strenuous, and capable of the nation are robbed of this capital, and find themselves unable to keep up the struggle.

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of the house think it would be a proper exercise for the legislature to pass such a bill in that case as the one sought in the situation now confronting them? It seemed to him that a more outrageous proposition had never been submitted to the legislature. It might be hard for the time being on the city of Toronto, but an important principle was involved and it would be a regrettable thing if the house permitted the bill to be railroaded through while the appeal was before the court. The better way for the house and for the administration of justice would be to allow the court of appeal to hear and decide on the case before them.

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What is CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any preparation known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D. Brooklyn, N.Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Charles H. Fletcher

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HOTEL CARDS.

ALBION HOTEL, 157 DUNDAS STREET. Rates, \$1.50 per day. Cheapest wines, liquors and cigars. Jacob Obenshner, proprietor.

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THE RICHMOND-JOHN & WILLIAM COOK, proprietors. Transient guests and weekly boarders. Rates, \$1 per day. Excellent accommodation. Fine wines and liquors.

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THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL. Centrally located. First-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

HOTEL NORMANDY, 489 AND 491 Richmond street—Choice wines, liquors and cigars. T. F. Lewis, proprietor.

OFFICE RESTAURANT—CHOICE of lagers, liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. D. Sare.

MONEY TO LOAN.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE funds to loan on real estate

London Advertiser.

Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1853.

LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY
(Limited),
LONDON, ONTARIO

London, Friday, Jan. 17.

A German statistician has found out that marriage prolongs life. That is no new discovery. The question for the debating societies is, Ought bachelors to be indicted for attempted suicide?

"The Saints," a local religious sect near Beamsville, have got smallpox among them, yet refuse, on conscientious grounds, to be vaccinated. If the paradox is not too great, a good sinner is evidently sometimes to be preferred to a bad "Saint."

A Winnipeg man holds that the wheat blockade is the best advertisement that the Northwest can get. It is indeed a splendid free notice of the resources of this great country, seeing we have only just begun to develop them. But as the years roll by, and the railway companies find it, as they are doing, greatly to their interest to provide against undue delay in marketing the crops, blockades will become shorter and shorter in duration.

The Toronto World is edited by W. F. Maclean, M.P. The World had not much to say yesterday respecting the result of the Dominion bye-elections on Wednesday, but what it did say is not without significance to those who can read between the lines. We quote: "From an Ontario standpoint, the Conservatives can say that they sustained a loss of two seats. One of them, West York, a banner Conservative riding, if there was one in the Province. Perhaps it is just as well to let the people, and especially the Conservatives, do their own thing today on the results. The matter will stand a lot of thinking."

The Census, Representation and Redistribution.

According to the figures, the result of the census will be certain changes in the relative number of parliamentary representatives from each Province in the Dominion Parliament. If Ontario is to have six members less than at present, Nova Scotia loses two, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island one each. British Columbia will gain one member; Manitoba, three; the Northwest, two; and one goes to the Yukon. Thus is seen the beginning of that shifting of the center of population to the westward, which in the United States has been increasingly marked with every decennial census, and which must inevitably be the case also in the Dominion, in proportion as the illimitable areas of Canada's Far West become settled.

As to Ontario's representation in the Dominion Parliament, we have a good deal of confidence that the development now going on in New Ontario will have a satisfactory tale to tell in the next census.

A most important matter, as growing out of the census returns and results, will be the redistribution of seats. If that matter be not dealt with during this session, it is difficult to see how it can be conveniently delayed longer than the session of next year.

The New Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

The appointment of Hon. James Sutherland to the portfolio of Marine and Fisheries cannot but give satisfaction to his numerous friends throughout Western Ontario and the Dominion. Mr. Sutherland has been since August, 1899, a member of the Cabinet without portfolio. His altered position, involving, as it does, the acceptance of a salary, will mean a bye-election for North Oxford. Doubtless the formality of election will be by acclamation.

Hon. James Sutherland is of Scotch descent, and was born in the township of Ancaster, Wentworth County, on July 17, 1849. He received his education at the Grammar School of Woodstock, in which town he entered on a markedly successful business career. For some years he devoted himself to municipal affairs and thus received a preliminary training for the broader field of Dominion politics. He was for several years a member of the town council, occupying the office of reeve from 1877 to 1879, and that of mayor for one term in 1880. The death of the sitting Dominion member for North Oxford opened the way for his entrance to the House of Commons, and in December, 1880, he was elected to represent the constituency. He has continued to represent North Oxford ever since, being re-elected at every contest by large majorities. From 1891 to 1898 Mr. Sutherland discharged the duties of chief Liberal whip with marked success. The direction of the Liberal organization in federal politics in Ontario largely developed upon him since 1893, and he also carried out the political tours of the Liberal leader in Ontario and Western Canada, which were productive of such excellent results to the party. In August, 1896, Mr. Sutherland was elected chairman of the railway committee of the House of Commons. On Sept. 30, 1899, he was created a member of the Cabinet without portfolio. Mr. Sutherland had charge of the Department of the In-

terior from April to August, 1900, during Hon. Mr. Sifton's absence, and was acting Postmaster-General during several months of last year while Mr. Mulock was representing Canada in Australia. In both capacities his work was carefully and conscientiously performed. Mr. Sutherland has always taken a keen interest in the Canadian militia and enjoys the rank of major in the 22nd Battalion, Oxford Rifles. He is connected with several commercial companies.

Prohibition — Tempering Zeal With Wisdom.

The most prominent and responsible leaders in the Methodist Church approach the question of prohibition in a spirit in which zeal is tempered with the wisdom born of experience. These men of light and leading are agreed that the enactment of a prohibitory law not clearly backed by an overwhelming public opinion, would ultimately injure, rather than advance, the temperance cause. The Christian Guardian of this week says: "Temperance zeal should be tempered with wisdom, supported with facts, and made patent by the steady and sure progress of our cause. Intemperate language from temperance speakers, and impatient haste on the part of temperance workers, are elements of weakness always and everywhere. The world and the church are both learning that 'total abstinence' from intoxicating liquor, as a general rule of life, is not a cranky notion or a dreamy fad, but an unmistakable element of wisdom and strength. The railroads and electric tramways have learned it at the cost of many serious accidents; the factories are learning it in the keen field of competition, the absolutely sober workman surpassing all others; the insurance companies are discerning it in their statistics as to health and longevity. The organized and intelligent ranks of artisans are discerning that the highly-painted privilege of convenient and cheap drink is a delusion and a snare—a plot against the workman and against his family. Practical prohibition has been cautiously but firmly, gradually and successfully introduced into the management of many railroads. Practical prohibition has been increasing its area and effectiveness gradually throughout Canada, and, if it is not unwisely rushed or unfairly treated, it will win the whole Dominion."

In all great questions, moral or economic, there are generally, and necessarily, to be found three types: (1) The fiery agitator, who usually goes beyond that which is practicable, and yet does real good by presenting vividly the most radical point of view; (2) the opponent of all change and all reform, who compels consideration; (3) the great intermediate mass of men and women of moderate opinions. Whichever of the two sides first mentioned can bring over to itself the great intermediate class mentioned, can measureably attain its will and desire. But to impress this large intermediate element, it is necessary, as the Christian Guardian hints, to temper zeal with wisdom.

Mr. W. S. Calvert, M.P., in West York.

Among those who took an active and influential part in the West York election was Mr. W. S. Calvert, M.P. for West Middlesex. The newspapers compliment him highly on the ability of his platform presentations of the Liberal side of the argument before the electors. In one address, as illustrating the broadmindedness of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, we observe that Mr. Calvert pointed out that out of the three ministers with portfolio, whom he called to his cabinet from Quebec, one was a French Catholic, another a French Protestant and a third an English-speaking Protestant. Replying to Mr. Foster's criticisms of the government for not sending the contingent sooner, Mr. Calvert said that within eighteen days after Mr. Kruger declared war the contingent was on the Atlantic, and reminded the audience that the Conservative Government had not sent a contingent to assist the mother country when there was necessity for assistance in the Sudan.

Mr. Calvert, as chief Liberal whip in the Dominion Parliament, must feel much gratified with the sum total of Wednesday's pollings.

Hardy Norsemen for Canada.

It is expected that at an early day there will be a large influx of Swedes into Northwestern Ontario, where much good land is yet waiting to be cultivated, and into the Northwest. A leading citizen of New York—a Swedish nobleman by birth—is acting for a large number of Swedish and Norwegian people, now resident in New York State, who, judging by the success of farming under the new order of things in Canada, believe they could greatly improve their condition by coming to the Dominion.

The new comers will be heartily welcomed. They are the right kind of material to make good settlers. The Western States are largely settled by Swedes and Norwegians, and they have proved the very best of settlers, not even excluding those who came from our motherland. Indeed, Minnesota, Iowa and the Dakotas have greatly profited by their thirty development of the lands in which they settled. We can easily find homes for many thousands of men and women possessed of their temperance and predilections. They not only work for

themselves, but they develop wants which afford work for others. Let the hardy Northerners be invited to come to Canada by all means.

Lord Strathcona's Advice.

Lord Strathcona, the grand old man of Canada, in the course of an interview, which appears in Young Man, gives the following practical advice to young fellows starting in life: "Be content with your present lot, but always be fitting yourself for something better and something higher. Do not despise what you are. Be satisfied for the time, not grumbling and finding fault. If you want to get higher, to a better position, only cheerful perseverance will bring you there; grumbling will not help you on an inch. Your future really depends almost entirely on yourself, and is what you like to make it; I would like to impress this fact upon you. Do the work yourself; don't wait for friends to use their influence in your behalf; don't depend on the help of others. Of course, opportunity is a great thing, and it comes to some men more frequently than to others; but there are very few whom it does not visit at one time or another, and if you are not ready for it and have not prepared to welcome it, that is your fault, and you are the loser. Apart from that which we call genius, I believe that any man is able to do as well as any other, provided the opportunity presents itself, and he is blessed with good health. Much of what I would advise young men to do is contained in the old counsel: 'Trust in Providence, and keep your powder dry.'"

A LITTLE SUNSHINE.

Benham—I'm going to church to-morrow. Mrs. Benham—Don't forget to take the alarm-clock—Judge.

"Is your new rector an agreeable man?" "Indeed he is—real nice; plays golf and squash, owns a naphtha launch and autumny, and, besides, he isn't a bit religious."—Glasgow Evening Times.

She (gazing upwards)—How bright the stars are tonight, Mr. Sampson! He (promptly)—They are not brighter, Miss Clara, than— She (softly)—Than what, Mr. Sampson? He—Than they were last night.—Tit-Bits.

A Terrible Threat.—Hired Girl—Now, you go away right this minute. Tramp—Please, mum—Hired Girl—Go away, I tell you. Tramp—Or I'll give you a piece of mine pie that the young misses made herself.—New York Weekly.

His Way of Putting It.—"It is true," said the person of high ideals, "that you have attained prosperity by your writings. But you have produced nothing that will live." "Well," answered the comfortable litterateur, "when it comes a question of which shall live, myself or my writings, I didn't hesitate to sacrifice my writings."—Washington Star.

The Manitoba Liquor Act.

[Toronto Globe.] A careful reading of the Manitoba liquor act reveals it to be a sincere and honest effort to deal with the liquor traffic to the full extent of the constitutional powers of the province. It is a misnomer, however, to call it a prohibition law, unless that phrase can be applied to all of the legislation intended to restrict the liquor traffic. The existing license law, for example, "prohibits" the sale of liquor except in the prescribed places. Similarly, the Manitoba law "prohibits" the sale of liquor except in prescribed places and under prescribed circumstances. The difference is in the extent of the prohibition. Roughly stated, the act prohibits the wholesale or retail sale of liquor within the Province of Manitoba as a beverage. The bar and the club, as a drinking-place, are both in effect declared illegal, and every man who deplores the evils wrought by intemperance would hail this gladly if there were more confidence that something equally as bad did not take their place.

Whether this is to be feared will doubtless cause a difference of opinion, but at all events it will tend to clear the thinking on the subject. If it is kept steadily in view that the act, while it suppresses the bar and the drinking-club, would not interfere with the drinking of intoxicants in the Province of Manitoba. The act expressly recognizes the legality of keeping liquor in private dwellings, and the legality of obtaining such liquor from outside the province. Any resident of Manitoba could have his cellar stocked with all the intoxicants known to the trade and be strictly within the law. The only restriction is that he must not sell any of them. The liquor dealer outside the province could legally sell in all the liquor for which he could find purchasers. Indeed, it is arguable that he could send travelers to solicit orders without breaking the provisions of the law. This is a defect in the law which is out of doubt because the impositions of restrictions on any mercantile transaction between citizens of two different provinces would be an interference within the sphere of federal authority. This weakness in the act is therefore inherent, and must characterize any such act enacted by a provincial legislature. Whatever view may be taken of the enforceability of the act, no one will deny that this unrestricted ingress of liquor from outside would greatly increase the difficulties and introduce elements into the problem that would naturally occasion much discussion. What will be the effect of legalizing the possession of liquor in the home and of legalizing its sale from outside? Will liquor become a commoner commodity in the storehouses and larders of the household? There should be a general determination to defeat the purpose of those who only interest in the question is to use it for the embarrassment of political opponents.

Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, we have prepared a circular, which you may have sent to you by mail, or you may get it at our office, 1000 St. James Street, Montreal. Dr. Chase's Ointment

TO UNITE ALL THE WORKERS

London Prohibition League Was Formed Yesterday.

Its List of Officers Includes the Names of Several Prominent Citizens—Resolutions Carried.

A meeting of those interested in the prohibition of alcoholic liquors was held yesterday afternoon in Somerset Hall. The attendance, though not very large, was fairly representative, consisting as it did of clergymen and laymen, as well as a large number of women. Rev. W. H. A. Claris occupied the chair. The chairman then called upon Mr. Nichols, provincial organizer of the temperance movement, who laid his plans before the meeting. He was pleased to be present with his friends, who were co-workers in the matter of abolishing the sale of intoxicating liquors. It is a matter requiring great courage, Sir Oliver Mowat promised provincial prohibition, and pledged the provincial government to the same. The object of the prohibitionists was to hold the government to its pledge. Reference was made to the alleged unfair contention of some Toronto divines who thought prohibition would be disastrous unless it was carried by at least 50 per cent of the total vote. The speaker had just come from St. Thomas, where the convention was well attended, so well, in fact, that other quarters had to be sought. The people are becoming much alive to the alarming drink evil.

ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE. A committee on organization was appointed, composed as follows: Messrs. Gordon Wright, Rev. C. T. Scott, Rev. J. H. Bowman, Mrs. Thornley, Mrs. Darch, Frank Ballantyne and Mr. Hamilton.

The following is the committee on resolutions: Rev. Dr. Johnston, Mrs. Gordon Wright, Mr. West, Rev. Mr. Holmes, Mr. Wray, Mrs. Wallace and the secretary, Mr. Bowman.

At this juncture the two committees retired to perform the duties assigned them. Among the delegates present were: Rev. H. D. Moyer, Belmont; W. B. Mills, A. M. Sutherland, Rev. W. Ayers, Mrs. A. C. Burch, Mrs. E. E. Hopkins, Mrs. S. H. Kilbourne, Mrs. C. J. Beal, Mrs. J. McDiarmid, Mrs. R. H. Baker, Mrs. S. A. Kent, Mrs. A. F. Plewes, Mrs. Lawson, Rev. W. C. Beer, Mrs. G. H. Wickett, Mrs. H. Zavitz, Mrs. Zavitz, Ella Zavitz, S. L. Zavitz, Beulah Muma, Emily Muma, Michael K. Muma (Coldstream), Mrs. A. Colgrave, Mrs. W. C. Boston, Mrs. Pugh, Miss Emma Moulie, Miss Bessie Goodwin, Mrs. M. Y. Legate, Mrs. George Berdan, Mrs. C. Long, Rev. L. W. Dunlop, Mr. J. W. Lewis, Mrs. Thos. Wheeler, A. C. Johnston, D. A. McDermid, James H. Bowman, J. F. Madden, T. B. Dunkin, Wm. Wyatt, Josiah Baker, Rev. J. McD. Kerr (Toronto), Rev. S. Salton, M. Branton, Mrs. Fanny Dickson, Mrs. Rea, Mrs. Phoebe Gibbs, Mrs. L. W. Wickett, Mrs. W. Sadler, Mrs. S. C. Stone, Miss Ada E. Stone, Rev. Dr. Johnston, Mr. Wm. Bowman, Wm. West, Rev. Mr. Holmes, R. Wray, Rev. Mr. Clarke, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Sayer, Rev. Mr. Scott, Mrs. Thornley, George Rowntree, Rev. D. S. Hamilton, Martin M. Wallace, Mrs. Gordon Wright.

THE CONSTITUTION. The committee on organization retired and reported. The following constitution was unanimously adopted: 1. This organization shall be known as the London Prohibition League. 2. The object of this organization shall be to secure united action on the part of all temperance workers along national, provincial or municipal lines for the total prohibition of the liquor traffic. 3. The following officers and representatives shall constitute the executive of this society: President, Rev. Dr. Johnston; secretary, Rev. D. S. Hamilton; treasurer, Mr. D. A. McDermid; treasurer, F. H. Heath.

The committee on resolutions reported as follows: 1. That inasmuch as the people of Ontario have by their votes on two occasions decided overwhelmingly in favor of the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors, and that the government, by repeated pledges extending over a period of eight years, has stated its policy to give prohibition to such extent as is within its power to grant, and that prohibition of the liquor traffic is in accordance with the principles of righteousness and truth, and that the recent decision of the privy council recognizes the right and power of the legislature to enact laws for the sale of intoxicating liquor within the province; therefore be it resolved that this convention urge upon the government the redemption of its pledges, and that it enact in accordance with those pledges of such prohibitory legislation as is within its jurisdiction.

That this convention further affirm that the Government of Ontario, by adopting a course of action in accord with the foregoing resolutions, will commend itself to the enthusiastic and hearty support of the moral forces of the country. That whereas it has been repeatedly suggested through the columns of the press that the referendum is to be submitted, and also that it is to be hampered by unjust conditions never yet required in any other question in our province, and inasmuch as such conditions would place a premium upon the vote of a supporter of the liquor traffic, and in the same proportion prejudice the position of the supporter of prohibition (which is the avowed policy of the government), therefore this convention disapproves of any such measure, and its determination to practically resist any action that would so discriminate against those who represent in no small part the moral sentiment of the land.

The following resolution was also adopted unanimously: "The present great moral crisis emphasizes the injustice of the disfranchisement of the pauper and the community most keenly allied to the

Grocery and
Crockery
Department
in Basement.



The Punians
Carson
McKee
Co.

The New
Ideal Pattern
10c.

JANUARY SALE
LACE CURTAINS

Our Lace Curtains demand a share of our space today, and they get it. They also get a large share of our time and attention. We have just placed in stock a large consignment under exceptionally favorable conditions. These we offer in our usual January sale at unusual January prices.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, tape bound and lockstitched edges, January sale price per pair 45c
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, new patterns, taped and lockstitched edges, January sale price per pair 67½c
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, choice designs, lockstitched edges, January sale price per pair 90c

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, excellent designs, lockstitched edges, January sale price per pair \$1 12½
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, special designs, extra quality, taped and lockstitched edge, January sale price per pair \$1 35
Some extra special values in Nottingham Lace Curtains 3½ yards long, at per pair \$1 58, \$1 80, \$2 03 and \$2 25

Large Range Swiss and Tambour Curtains--
Special January Sale Prices.

\$2 75 Swiss Curtains for \$2 20
\$3 50 Swiss Curtains for \$2 80
\$4 00 Swiss Curtains for \$3 20
\$4 50 Swiss Curtains for \$3 60
\$5 00 Swiss Curtains for \$4 00
\$7 50 Swiss Curtains for \$6 00

Wrapperette
Bargains.

The purchase of a mill clearing lot of Fancy Flannelettes and Wrapperettes, in reds, browns, helios, blues, grays, pinks and greens, in fancy stripes, Paisley effects, dots, figures, etc., all this season's goods, enables us to offer the greatest bargains of the season in these goods, the regular price is 10c and 12½c, Special Sale Price to Clear 7½c

1,300 Yards
10c and 12½c,
For 7½c

normity of the liquor traffic, therefore resolved, that this convention put itself on record as favorable to the ballot in the hands of the women of this province, because we believe the home vote can be relied upon to support righteous legislation."

Mrs. Thornley spoke on the subject of possibly referring the matter of prohibition to the people at the third time in the shape of a referendum. She thought, to say the least, such action would be unjust. She thought it was absurd to expect 50 per cent of the possible vote. She also thought the franchise should be extended to women.

Mr. Gordon Wright, speaking on the attitude of the public press, accused The Advertiser of handling the subject of prohibition in an unfair way, referring particularly to a short editorial which appeared recently, which he was good enough to state that he considered absurd in the extreme.

Rev. C. T. Scott expressed the belief that editors had a right to control their papers as they pleased. He had seen statements in the three local papers, from which he found it necessary to dissent. He thought, however, it would be well to secure the co-operation of the newspapers as far as possible. He advised his audience, when addressing letters to the public through the medium of the press, to always sign their names.

Anonymous letters are not likely to receive any attention, shelling as they do the responsibility of their contents on the editor and removing it from the shoulders of the writers.

Rev. A. K. Birks introduced a motion to the effect that the convention pledge itself to oppose the government at the polls should it waver in the matter of granting prohibitory legislation. The motion was strongly opposed in discussion by Rev. D. S. Hamilton, Rev. C. T. Scott and Mr. J. H. Bowman, who all considered it unfair to attempt to pledge the convention in a matter that must necessarily appeal to each one's conscience. The motion was withdrawn.

It was moved by Rev. J. W. Holmes, and carried, that copies of the resolutions be sent to the Ontario Government.

RAW WINDS
AND
WET WEATHER

cause the Colds that cause
Pneumonia and Consumption.

Shiloh's
Consumption
Cure

cures the cold, heals the
lungs and makes you well.
SHILOH cures Consumption
and all Lung and Throat
Troubles; and Coughs and
Colds in a day. Positively
guaranteed. 25c.

Write to S. C. WELLS & Co., Toronto,
Can., for a free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea Cures Headache

EDDY'S
TOILET PAPER

In ROLLS or in SHEETS as desired, is SUPERIOR in STRENGTH and FINISH to any other make on the market.

For Sale by All First Class Dealers,
Use Eddy's Parlor Matches.

ment, to the three local papers and to the Toronto Globe, Mail and Worker.

Rev. C. T. Scott moved that the executive call another meeting as soon as the Ross Government shall have announced their course of action.

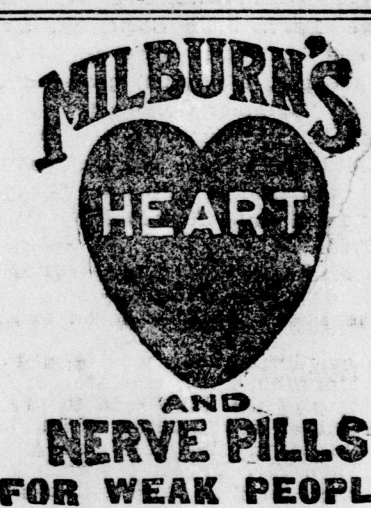
TOOK PROMPT MEASURES
How Ailsa Craig Grappled With Smallpox Problem.

Authorities Acted With Commendable Energy When the Disease Was Discovered.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ailsa Craig, Jan. 17.—The two cases of smallpox that developed last week are causing much talk, and a few nervous people are almost prostrated at the appearance of a stranger in the village, but the sensible folk have obeyed the proclamation and have been vaccinated, and trust to the board of health to prevent the disease spreading.

Both Atkinson and Cassidy are doing very well. There is not the least cause for fear. Business is going on the same as ever, and the board of health deserve praise for the feeling of confidence that prevails. The action of the board might be copied with profit by other municipalities.

On Jan. 9, at 9:45 p.m., W. E. Atkinson was discovered with the disease, and at 10:30 p.m. the house was quarantined; at 11 p.m. the house was placarded and Dr. Bryce asked to send Dr. Hodgetts for advice. On Jan. 10 the schools were closed. Dr. Hutchinson visited the place on this date and confirmed local physicians' diagnosis, and vaccinated all inmates of the house, while the council was requested to enforce section 15 of the vaccination act and arrange for policing the house. At 8 p.m. the proclamation for compulsory free vaccination was issued. On Jan. 11 at 10:30 the board of health met and decided to close churches and Sunday schools, and in the afternoon bills were posted ordering residents to submit to vaccination.



AND THOSE TROUBLED WITH

Palpitation, Throbbing or Irregular Beating of the Heart, Dizziness, Shortness of Breath, Distress after Exertion, Smothering Feeling, Spasms or Pain through the Breast and Heart, Morbid Condition of the Mind, Partial Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Anemia, General Debility, After-Effects of Grippe, Loss of Appetite, etc.

Remember Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure the worst cases after other remedies fail.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation.

THE MARKETS.

THE LOCAL MARKET.
A. M. HAMILTON & SONS' REPORT.
London, Friday, Jan. 17.
Wheat, white, per bu. 78c to 81c
Wheat, red, per bu. 78c to 81c
Oats, per bu. 41c to 42c
Corn, per bu. 52c to 53c
Barley, per bu. 50c to 51c
Buckwheat, per bu. 50c to 51c
Beans, per bu. 90c to 1.00

The supply of grain was light today, and prices steady. Wheat and oats sold at \$1.25 to \$1.30, and wheat at \$1.25 to \$1.30, the first price for poor grade. No other kind of grain came in. Hay sold at \$7.50 to \$8.00 per ton; the supply was a little light. Straw brought \$3.00 to \$4.00 by the load.

GRAIN.
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Corn, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Barley, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Rye, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25

HAY AND SEEDS.
Hay, per ton 8.00 @ 8.50
Clover seed, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25
Alfalfa seed, per 100 lbs. 1.20 @ 1.25

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.
Eggs, store lots, doz. 15 @ 16
Butter, creamery, lb. 15 @ 16
Butter, store lots, lb. 15 @ 16

VEGETABLES.
Potatoes, per bag 75 @ 80
Onions, per bag 1.00 @ 1.10
Cauliflower, per doz. 2.00 @ 2.50
Savory and sage, doz. 2.00 @ 2.50
Mint, per doz. 2.00 @ 2.50

LIVE HOGS.
Hogs, small, per pair 6.00 @ 7.00
Hogs, select, per pair 6.00 @ 7.00
Hogs, light, per pair 6.00 @ 7.00
Hogs, heavy, per pair 6.00 @ 7.00

DRESSED HOGS.
Dressed, 100 lbs. heavy 5.50 @ 5.60
Dressed, 100 lbs. select 5.50 @ 5.60

DAILY PRODUCE.
Butter, lb. 15 @ 16
Eggs, doz. 15 @ 16
Butter, store lots, lb. 15 @ 16
Eggs, doz. 15 @ 16

POULTRY.
Geese, per lb. 6 @ 7
Turkeys, per lb. 6 @ 7
Ducks, per pair 6 @ 7
Chickens, per pair 6 @ 7

MEATS.
Beef, per lb. 4 @ 5
Pork, per lb. 4 @ 5
Lard, per lb. 4 @ 5

TO MAKE HENS LAY TRY OUR OYSTER SHELL.
Sold by the pound or sack.
Wholesale and retail.
HAMILTON'S, 373 Talbot St. Telephone 662.

TORONTO HAY MARKET.
Toronto, Jan. 16.—Baled hay.—Demand is good and prices are steady. Cars on the track here are quoted at \$10 for choice, \$9.50 for medium No. 1, and \$9 to \$9.50 for No. 2. Baled straw is in market in steady, with a good demand; cars on the track here are quoted at \$5 to \$5.50.

AMERICAN MARKETS.
CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The grain pits went "margin mad" today. Ever since the raid on Phillips last Monday, brokers have been demanding the margins to the limit, for fear they might be forced to close out. Rumors that several firms were in dire straits were circulated late yesterday, and the curb, some say with a view to depressing prices. The bears seized the rumors today as a cudgel to beat down the market. The bulls, however, jumped at the opportunity to buy in at the low price, and with heavy covering by the shorts, supported the market to a fairly steady tone. May wheat closed unchanged. March corn lower, and May oats 1/4c down; provisions lost a shade to 2c. Local receipts of wheat were 41 cars; Minneapolis 42; Duluth reported 40 cars, making a total for the three points of 123 cars, against 622 cars last week and 21 cars a year ago. Primary receipts were 521,000 bu. compared with 468,000 bu. last year. Seasonal clearance in wheat and flour equaled 357,000 bu. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: wheat, 38 cars; corn, 130 cars; oats, 130 cars; hogs, 13,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—Jan. 69 1/2c; May, 69 1/2c; July, 69 1/2c; Corn—Jan. 59 1/2c; May, 59 1/2c; July, 59 1/2c; Oats—Jan. 44 1/2c; May, 44 1/2c; Sept., 44 1/2c; Pork—Jan. 13.40; May, 13.40; Lard—Jan. 9.42 1/2c; May, 9.42 1/2c; Short ribs—Jan. 8.42 1/2c; May, 8.42 1/2c.

Cash quotations: Flour, No. 3 spring wheat, 72 1/2c to 73 1/2c; No. 2 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 3 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 4 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 5 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 6 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 7 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 8 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 9 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 10 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 11 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 12 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 13 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 14 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 15 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 16 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 17 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 18 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 19 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 20 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 21 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 22 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 23 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 24 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 25 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 26 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 27 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 28 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; No. 29 white, 45 1/2c to 46 1/2c; 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