

was rather than to prepare for it. In conclusion, he again reiterated his belief that there was no reason why the debate should be longer continued indefinitely. A reasonable discussion had been allowed and the government was now ready to accept a fair debate. But indefinite delay for the purpose of defeating the bill or of compelling the dissolution of parliament was another thing. If such course were allowed in this instance it might be repeated at any other time, and a dissolution of parliament forced every session. Before the three drafts of the bill were completed the regular term of the present parliament would have expired and then when an election was held, if the people decided as the Liberals would desire, they would decide, the Liberals would then have to try and could recall the battalions to form part of their proposed Canadian navy. "I suggest," he concluded, "that upon a fair view of the circumstances, a reasonable limit should be placed upon the further continuation of the debate and the bill should be brought to a vote."

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## SENATE MAY CHANGE LIBERAL TARIFF ITEMS SOME TARIFF ITEMS

### Will Stand for Sugar and Wool Schedule Interests Affected Line Up in Force at Washington

### Sheep-Growing Delegations Are Making an Active Fight Among Senators for Some Duty on Their Product.

Washington, April 10.—The senate's attitude toward President Wilson and the new tariff bill became fairly well defined today after another meeting of the Democratic members of the finance committee. Briefly the senate committee will agree to accept the view of the president and the House as to free wool and one cent sugar with the free in three years' attachment, but it will exercise its right to amend other schedules and provisions of the tariff bill as it thinks best.

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### Committee Appointed to Arrange Playing Programme, Also Other Details—Several Applications Received for Umpires.

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## BASEBALL SEASON OPENS MAY 20

### New Brunswick and Maine League Meets in Fredericton

### SCHEDULE SOON

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## Russian Methods Adopted

### Geo. W. Kyte Flays Borden for His Despicable Treatment of Laurier—F. B. Carvell Shows That British Rules Give Opposition Fair Play, While Tories Propose a Complete Gag.

Ottawa, April 10.—"The prime minister of Canada has assumed the empire's despotic character. He has robbed her on the head. He has roared her. He has thrown her to the ground. He has deprived her of speech and rid her of her pockets. Now he proposes to take her money and go with it hypocritically to her affectionate old mother and say: 'Lo, I bring you a gift from your fairest and most loyal daughter.'"

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## BORDEN SCORED FOR GAGGING LAURIER

Ottawa, April 10.—That the handling and attempted gagging of Sir Wilfrid Laurier by the cabinet of the Progressive Conservative government has aroused unqualified indignation among Canadians generally, was manifested tonight in the series of significant messages which have already started to pour in to the Liberal chief, on receipts of the news in different parts of the dominion.

"It is not without import that two of the messages were cables from British and voted strongly British sentiment regarding the greatest of the imperial nations of the western dominions and regret at the reported happenings in Canada's parliament."

"It is equally noteworthy that two of the telegrams came from Ontario Conservatives and one from a Conservative in British Columbia, declaring their regret in connection with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's treatment."

"No incident in the recollection of the older parliamentarians here has aroused anything like the general indignation which has greeted the story of the cowardly conduct of Canada's prime minister to his invariably impartial opponents under distinguished predecessor."

"Many Conservatives themselves are privately expressing regret and disappointment at excusing themselves from participation in the responsible government. No band ever scourged Premier Borden so ruthlessly, as has his own."

## RUSSIA DESERTS MONTENEGRO

### Declares She Cannot Back Her Up in Attack on Scutari—Will Not Be Drawn Into a War With Powers by the Folly of King Nicholas—Servia to Withdraw Troops.

London, April 11.—Indications of a peaceful Balkan settlement continue to prevail. The Belgrade correspondent of the Daily Telegraph asserts that Servia has decided on Russia's advice, to withdraw all her Serbian troops now in Montenegro.

### N. S. LEGISLATURE IGNORES SYDNEY'S VOTE FOR LICENSE

### Bill to Permit Cape Breton Town to Legalize Liquor Selling Gets Three Months' Hoist.

Halifax, April 10.—With the exception of the city of Halifax, Nova Scotia is under prohibition. The system in Halifax is a license, but this is subject to change after a plebiscite. Should this plebiscite be in favor of prohibition for Halifax, then the prohibition law would be made applicable also to the capital.

### 2,800 MEN TO BE AT CAMP SUSSEX

### Will Be Held from June 24 to July 5—North Shore Shingle Association Meets.

Chatham, N. B., April 10.—(Special)—The members of the militia and other forces in the province are taking an unusual interest in the Camp Sussex this year, as there will be assembled there under canvas upwards of 2,800 men, a record number. The camp will be held from June 24 to July 5, and among the forces participating will be Cavalry 8th Hussars and 28th N. B. Dragoons; guides, No. 6 company; artillery, 4th brigade, 10th, 12th and 13th batteries; 1 field company, civil engineers; infantry, 7th company, 1st Regiment; and 1 company, of R. C. Coy., with the 22nd Regiment for the final week; signal corps, medical corps, postal corps.

"The quarterly meeting of the North Shore Shingle Association was held at the Chatham hotel Wednesday evening, and matters connected with the shingle business were discussed."

## DR. FREEMANN TO INSTRUCT OTHERS

### Four Rhode Island Doctors Chosen Will Be Shown Today How to Inoculate Patients

### German Scientist Treated Many Tubercular People Yesterday—One Girl Showed Since Treatment a Few Days Ago—Some Paid the Physician.

Providence, R. I., April 10.—Dr. F. F. Friedmann will instruct four Rhode Island doctors tomorrow in the use of the serum which he claims can cure tuberculosis. These will be the first physicians in this country to be told how to administer the serum and the way to treat the patient thereafter.

### German Scientist Treated Many Tubercular People Yesterday—One Girl Showed Since Treatment a Few Days Ago—Some Paid the Physician.

"The doctors selected by Dr. Friedmann are: Dr. W. L. Howard, of the state board of health; Dr. W. C. Swinwell, bacteriologist in whose laboratory Dr. Friedmann is making serum; Dr. Harry Lee Barnes, superintendent of the Walling Lake Sanitarium, where Dr. Friedmann applied the serum to a number of tubercular patients yesterday; and Dr. S. W. Stacy, assistant to Dr. Barnes at the sanitarium."

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### PROVINCIAL PERSONALS

Moncton Daily Times: A. W. Ferguson left for Sussex on No. 9 this morning. C. V. Robinson returned on the early morning train Saturday morning from St. John. P. Turner, general car inspector, Truro, passed through the city on No. 9 express this morning on his way to St. John.

### CURE YOUR RHEUMATISM

#### Home Treatment Which Seldom Fails.

Costs Nothing to Try

### OPERATION ON THE DUCHESS DISCLOSES SERIOUS TROUBLE

London, April 10.—The Duchess of Connaught was operated on this morning at the Hospital for Special Diseases, St. James, London.

### "GLORIA TONIC"

#### and its thousand benefits are offered free to introduce it.

If you suffer from any form of uric acid in the blood, and have rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Sciatica, this is the way to drive out your system in quick time.

### BOSTON DOCTOR SAYS HE HAS CANCER SERUM

#### Six Hundred Patients to Be Treated by Method in Near Future.

Boston, April 10.—Dr. Henry W. Nowell told the members of the Massachusetts Homoeopathic Medical Society at their annual meeting tonight of the discovery by him of a chemical process for extracting the poison from a human malignant tumor, and with this poison obtained from rabbits, a serum which wholly nullifies the poisonous properties of the tumor extract.

### FOUND BLACK EYE IN DEN WITH OTHERS

Moncton, N. B., April 10.—A valuable find of foxes is reported to have been made Tuesday last by parties living in Lakeland, few to be named, and Monday while in the woods, Arthur Gould and his son and Anson LeBlanc discovered a fox den in which they unearched the mother and four young ones. One of the numbers is a very young clear black, while the others are cross.

### Whether Garage or Grocery—You Must Locate Right

Mr. Business Man, if you are looking around for a good location, you will probably find it advertised in our Classified Advertising section.

### Use "The Want Ad Way"

### Companion of Walter Saunders, Killed Near Woodstock, Tells of Their Spree.

Woodstock, N. B., April 10.—An inquest was held tonight on the death of Walter Saunders who was killed yesterday afternoon on the C. P. R. near Dibble's Sidings. Chief of Police Kelly gave evidence as being notified of the accident and finding the body which was badly mutilated.

### DEADLOCK IN BUFFALO STRIKE

Buffalo, N. Y., April 10.—Negotiations for a settlement of the strike of the motor men and conductors of the International Railway Company through the mediation of Mayor Fuhrmann came to a deadlock today. The split between the strikers and the railway officials was upon the question of dealing with a committee of the union in the adjustment of wages and hours for which the men struck.

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FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., April 7.—Civic elections in the town of Marysville were held today. W. H. Gray was elected mayor to succeed C. H. Hart who did not seek re-election.

NORTON

Norton, N. B., April 7.—Mr. and Mrs. John J. Johnson returned home Saturday after spending several weeks in Boston and other American cities.

HARCOURT

Harcourt, April 5.—Mrs. James Buckley, who has been spending the winter in New Glasgow with her daughter, Mrs. D. J. McDonald, returned home on Saturday.

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, April 6.—A car load of beef cattle, bought up by M. Gordon, was shipped to St. John yesterday.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock, N. B., April 9.—The town council discussed Scott's affairs last night and all the members spoke very plainly on the conditions now existing in the town, owing to the sale of liquor to boys.

ST. STEPHEN

St. Stephen, April 9.—At a meeting of the board of trade held last evening, \$25,000 were subscribed towards the \$25,000 fund for the erection of a shoe factory here.

RICHIBUCTO

Richibucto, April 8.—Mrs. Robert Clark, of Upper Rectory, is spending a few days in town, the guest of her cousin, Mrs. E. B. Forbes.

ENGLISHMEN AFTER MORE NEW BRUNSWICK FARMS

Moncton, April 9.—L. T. Harrison is expecting half a dozen Englishmen who have taken up farms in New Brunswick, to arrive soon.

FROSTS IN ALL SEASONS

The Common Man—"Why is it you actors wear heavily-furred coats in all seasons?"

POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS AND LACES

Pocket handkerchiefs and laces will whiten if soaked over night in a bath of toilet carbolice soap.

DIYOLA

It is the cleanest, simplest, and best home dye. One can buy—Why don't you have some? It is the cleanest, simplest, and best home dye.

TOBACCO HABIT

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few days. A vegetable medicine, and only requires treatment of the tongue with it occasionally. Price \$2.00.

LIQUOR HABIT

Marvellous results from taking his remedy for the liquor habit. Safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections; no publicity; no loss of time from business, and cure guaranteed.

DON'T PERSECUTE YOUR BOWELS

Get out cathartics and purgatives. They are bad. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

WOMEN'S REMEDY

Forty years in use, 20 years the standard, prescribed and recommended by physicians. For Women's Ailments, Dr. Martell's Female Pills, at your druggist.

HE NOW BELIEVES IN "FRUIT-A-LIVES" Because He No Longer Suffers With Headaches

I was a sufferer from Taylorville, Ont. For over two years. Sometimes they were so bad that I was unable to work for days at a time. I took all kinds of medicine, was treated by physicians, but they made no headway.

WANTS \$20,000 FOR LOSS OF EYE

Italian Workman Sues the St. Croix Paper Company in Bangor Court

Alleges That He Was Injured by an Unexploded Blast at Concern's Plant Near Woodland - Claims Hearing of One Ear is Destroyed and His Remaining Eye is Damaged.

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box 7, W. Windy, Ont. writes: "I have tried every other home remedy, but with no success."

FREE! THESE SIX MAGNIFICENT PRESENTS (10 Pieces) FREE!

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STANLEY AMATEURS MADE A HIT

Stanley, N. B., April 5.—The theatrical comedy "The Prince of Liars" was presented by local talent, last evening in the Douglas Hall, to a large and appreciative audience with marked success.

PETITCODIAC HOUSE DAMAGED BY FIRE

Petitcodiac, N. B., April 8.—N. A. McRae's house was badly damaged by fire yesterday afternoon. The fire is supposed to have caught in a rear chimney.

THE BAPTIST MINISTERS

(The Maritime Baptist), Rev. Frank O. Erb, preached in Portland, Me., Sunday, March 30.

Rev. R. D. Porter, M. A., by invitation, has been for the past month supplying the church at New Annan (N. B.) as pastor.

Rev. J. C. Robbins, who has just been appointed joint secretary for New England of the U. S. Baptist Home and Foreign Mission Society, is a son of Rev. J. H. Robbins, former pastor in Yarmouth (N. S.).

Rev. W. Camp, of Leinster street church, was kindly remembered by members of his congregation last week.

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THREE OF V... REA

121 Miles M... Operate

Chief Engineer... Difficulties in... ing the Road fro... town to Centre... Oct. 1, and L. C... ginning the Se...

Fredericton, April 8.—The work of the railway commission for the past week has been completed and under contract for the construction of three sections comprising the line call for completion by the end of the month.

The St. John & Quebec Railway is called official contracts will take over and various sections of the railway connecting with the C. E. system at Fredericton.

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DICKESON'S TEA THE BEVERAGE OF THE OLD COUNTRY PURE FRAGRANT & DELICIOUS RICHARD DICKSON & CO. LIMITED, LONDON, ENGLAND. THE FINEST TEA YOU EVER TASTED RICH FLAVOR, PURE, DELICIOUS PUT UP IN CONVENIENT SIZED PACKAGES AND FIVE DIFFERENT GRADES DICKESON'S TEA IS BLEND FOR PEOPLE WHO ARE PARTICULAR COMES IN 1/2 POUND AND 1 POUND PACKAGES ALSO BULK 25c, 50c, 75c, 1.00, 1.50 PER POUND ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT TODAY DISTRIBUTORS L. G. PRIME CO., Ltd. ST. JOHN, N. B.

MAYPOLE SOAP The Clean, Easy Home Dye Maypole Soap cleans and dyes, at one operation, cotton, silk, wool, satin, velvet, lace or feathers. Gives the freshest, most brilliant colors because it contains soap. Colors are even, free from streaks, and absolutely fast. Being in cake form, Maypole Soap does not scatter, waste or make a mess, as powder dyes do. Does not stain hands or kettle. Has long been England's favorite home dye because it is easiest and most satisfactory. 24 colors—will give any shade. Colors 10c—black 15c—at your dealer's or postpaid with free Booklet, "How to Dye," from FRANK L. BENEDICT & CO., Montreal.

FREE! THESE SIX MAGNIFICENT PRESENTS (10 Pieces) FREE! FREE-Magnificent Phonograph Over 1000 people have received these wonderful instruments. It is the cleanest, simplest, and best home dye. One can buy—Why don't you have some? It is the cleanest, simplest, and best home dye.

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A dessert fit for the Queen of every American Home LIPSON'S JELLY TABLETS A pure package. Only genuine flavors used.

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A dessert fit for the Queen of every American Home LIPSON'S JELLY TABLETS A pure package. Only genuine flavors used.



THREE SECTIONS OF VALLEY ROAD READY THIS FALL

121 Miles May Be Operated

Chief Engineer Sees No Difficulties in Completing the Road from Gagetown to Centreville By Oct. 1, and L.C.R. Beginning the Service.

Fredericton, April 8.—The Valley Railway, according to present expectations, will be completed and under operation from Centreville, Carleton county, to Gagetown, Queens county, by Oct. 1.

Contracts for the construction of the three sections comprising this part of the line call for completion by the date mentioned and the progress made to date on the work warrants the statement that all contracts will be finished in time.

The St. John & Quebec Railway from Centreville to Gagetown, 121 miles in length and is being built in three sections, the length of which and the contractors for which are as follows:

Section 1, from Centreville, 26 miles, Kennedy & McDonald. Woodstock to Fredericton, 62 miles, The Limited. Fredericton to Gagetown, 33 miles, James Corbett & Son, Incorporated.

A survey north from Centreville to Andover in Victoria county is now being made. The survey party at present is at Andover and it is expected that the survey will be finished by May 1.

Section 2, from Gagetown to the Kings county line and as far as the Kings county line and as far as the Kings county line and as far as the Kings county line.

Section 3, from the Kings county line to the St. John & Quebec Railway at Centreville. The work on this section is well advanced.

It is expected that track-laying will be begun at Woodstock about May 1 and at Fredericton about June 1. Operations will be carried on steadily to the north and to the south from those points.

MARITIME HORSE SHOW AT AMHERST

Many Entries of High-Class Steeds from Various Districts NO FORMAL OPENING

Some of the Prize Winners—Eleven-Year-Old Son of Nappan Station Master Struck by Train He Was Trying to Cross in Front Of, and He Died in Amherst Hospital.

Amherst, N. S., April 8.—The fourth Maritime Horse Show opened here this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The trains today carried large crowds of exhibitors and horse lovers to this city and the indications point to a most successful show.

Spurgeon Gammon, of New Glasgow, has the most entries in a number of classes and Fenton is well represented by D. R. Sutherland's attractive looking animal.

There was no formal opening in connection with the show other than to exhibit the horses in the different classes. Frank Power, of Halifax, acted as announcer and as usual, his services were very satisfactory.

The judges were for draught and heavy horses, Fred Richardson, of Colchester (Ont.), and for the light and saddle horses, Dr. J. A. Sinclair.

Among the several prize winners were D. R. Sutherland, of Pictou; Fowler Bros., of Amherst Point; McFarlane Bros., of Fox Harbour; R. A. Snowball, of Gatham; Logan Bros., of Amherst; Eiter & Lowe, of Amherst; Rodrigue Company, of Pictou; and a gain of grand diploma with their stallion Rodrigue.

The carriage tandem was won by Prince and Bonny, A. P. Eddison, of Amherst; S. E. McGregor, of New Glasgow, took first in the class of standard bred stallions. C. B. Embree's "Amber" excited general admiration in the class of saddle horses ridden by gentlemen.

A very sad accident occurred this afternoon about 8 o'clock at Nappan station, the victim being the eleven-year-old horse of Captain McDonald, son of William McDonald, the I.C.R. station man of that place.

CIVIL SERVICE "REFORM" IN CAPE BRETON

More Facts About Hazen's Efforts to "Purify" Politics

PLEADS IGNORANCE Minister of Marine Says He Didn't Know That Capt. A. Landry, Rejected for One Job Because He Was a Forger and Capt. Andrew Landry Appointed Wharfinger About the Same Time, Were One and the Same Person.

Ottawa, April 5.—Once again have the Tories and Nationalists united to express their complete approval of the manner in which Captain Andrew Landry, the convicted forger, of Desousses, was appointed to government office while still in jail, and then liberated, apparently, so that he could take up his duties as wharfinger.

This complaint was brought up by G. W. Kyle, Liberal member for Richmond (N. S.), since it was at the solicitation of his defeated Tory opponent, J. A. Landry, that the scandal arose, owing to the government's plan of helping defeated candidates by giving them local patronage and the influence to remove Liberal office holders to make room for their own friends.

Mr. Kyle produced letters and documents to show that in December, 1911, Captain D. R. Boyle, an efficient, but Liberal, fisheries inspector, was summarily dismissed on the usual charge of partisanship. He was dismissed by Mr. Gillis, who asked that Captain Landry be substituted. A few days later Father Boucher, parish priest at Desousses, wrote Hon. Mr. Hazen, protesting against this.

On June 5 following Landry was appointed to four charges of forger, and sentenced to a year in jail. Several days before this sad event on application of the same defeated Conservative candidate, Captain Poirier, a Liberal, was deprived of his contract for the wharf at Desousses and the post was turned over to Captain Landry, the pay being \$250 a year. Two days after Landry had taken up residence in his new home at Arichat, Poirier was instructed to turn over to him all his government stores. He wrote the department regretting his inability to do so, since he could not make the boats to jail to deliver them up.

Such a rife as a jail sentence, however, was not allowed to deprive the country of the services of the wharfinger, who would soon be free and back on the job. The department made arrangements to manage, until the day of his liberation, the wharf at Desousses, but the local patronage would be home in a few days. It was less than a month after Landry started his new job.

Then the department of justice came in. Petitions were sent the minister deprecating that Landry's family need his support, and that his health was so bad he might die unless immediately released for medical operation. No particular effort was made to discover the facts, and on Aug. 3, Landry was released by Hon. Mr. White, acting minister of justice, thus serving 69 days instead of a year.

With freedom came a marvelous recovery. Instead of going to a hospital to have his life saved by an operation Landry hastened to Desousses and started on his job, his first step being to send out a bill for \$20, which he offered on credit to the government to compensate for his spot cash. Shortly after he dropped the government service and went on his job at the Seaboard Works, where his health was no indication of the danger which so opportunely rescued him from jail.

All these facts were laid bare by Mr. Kyle and Hon. Mr. Hazen's reply was that it never occurred to him that Captain A. Landry of Desousses Village, rejected as fisheries inspector on account of forgery, was the same as the Captain A. Landry of Desousses, who was appointed wharfinger about the same time.

JUSTICE TUCK TUESDAY HAD REACHED AGE OF 82—ON THE NEW BRUNSWICK BENCH FOR TWENTY-THREE YEARS, AND WAS CHIEF JUSTICE FOR ELEVEN YEARS.

THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE TUCK

Wednesday, April 9.—In honor of his fiftieth anniversary as an attorney of the court of New Brunswick, Judge Tuck retired in January, 1908, in Fredericton and replied to the address in a vigorous and appropriate speech. He made reference to the able men who had preceded him in the office of chief justice including Mott, Carter, Ritchie and Allen and paid a tribute to the worth of each. He referred to his long connection with the bar and bench and to the high character of the judiciary of New Brunswick had so long enjoyed. He spoke of the interest he had always displayed in the younger members of the profession and had a good word to say for his successor, Judge White, who had been elevated to the bench.

Referring to his retirement he remarked that for twenty-five years he had been unable to exercise the franchise but on March 3 last he had gone to the polls and cast his ballot. In closing he heartily thanked the barristers for their kind wishes.

Chief Justice Barker on behalf of the bench extended his good wishes to the ex-judge.

One of the most celebrated cases in which the chief justice took a part was the trial of Thos. F. Collins for the murder of Mary Ann McAuley. The Tuck family came to America from the province of Ontario, Canada, in 1838, and the retiring chief justice played important parts in the early history of the colonies.

His grandfather, Samuel Tuck, was a member of the first legislature of the State of Maine. The father of Judge Tuck coming from that state, was a resident here for upwards of half a century.

On Oct. 13, 1849, Judge Tuck entered the law office of L. A. Wilton, in Fredericton, as a student at law, and only two years later he began his public career by taking an active part in the election of Mr. Wilton. For the fifty-six years since he has always had an active part in the law.

Mr. Tuck remained in Mr. Wilton's office until April, 1851, when he came to this city and entered the office of William Jack, where he continued to study until he was admitted to the bar in 1854. In 1857 he became clerk of the crown and Queen's Counsel and in 1874 succeeded the late Hon. R. J. Hays as recorder of the city. He was previous to confederation an active worker in the old Liberal party, but at the second confederation election vigorously espoused that cause and fell in to the Conservative line.

In 1882 he was an unsuccessful candidate for chief justice. On March 11, 1883, he was appointed a judge of the supreme court, and in October, 1891, was made judge in admiralty. Five years later, on the death of Hon. R. J. Hays, he was promoted to the dignity of chief justice, and had served twenty-two years as a judge and eleven years as chief justice. He was re-elected one of the judges of the supreme court, as he possessed a mind that grasped great principles, and he had a good knowledge of law, a capacity for the appointment of public officials upon considerations of capacity and personal character alone, and not of party service alone.

Mr. Kyle tried to enforce that high principle, and moved a vote of censure of this proceeding. Premier Borden and his followers united to vote approval of the business.

Duty on Ditching Machines. A matter of considerable importance to farmers, especially those of Ontario, was brought up by Mr. McCog, Liberal member for West Kent when he explained the usefulness of ditching machinery. Mr. McCog said the farmers needed these machines because they could not get sufficient water to put in necessary tile drains. Some of these machines were made in Canada, and they were subject to a duty of 27.12 per cent, so that on a \$2,000 machine over \$500 duty had to be paid. At the same time the duty on other agricultural machinery, which was made in Canada, was only 17.12 per cent. Mr. McCog showed the value of these machines and the usefulness of the duty, and after some debate drew from the minister of finance a statement that the government would consider the matter.

WILSON PLEADS FOR HIS POLICES ON SENATE FLOOR

CUT TO PIECES BY C. P. R. TRAIN

President Breaks Precedent 112 Years Old

Distinguished Audience Hears Him Declare for a New Deal in Legislation and Laws That Will Give Equal Rights to All and Special Favors to None.

Washington, April 8.—President Wilson today bridged the gap that for more than a century has separated the public galleries from the Senate chamber. He was the first president to do so since Andrew Jackson in 1821.

Not as a cog in a machine, nor as an impersonal being in a common service, but as a human president, he went to Congress to speak to the people. He spoke to the people in a simple and direct manner, and he spoke to the people in a way that was new and refreshing.

With a sweep of decision that shattered precedent, the president brushed aside all imaginary boundaries between Congress and executive office and entered the Senate chamber as he expressed it, from that island of jealousy which the presidency had come to be regarded.

Congress had prepared for a ceremony of unusual importance and such a ceremony had never before been held in the Senate chamber. The president's entrance was a momentous event, and it was a moment that will be remembered for many years to come.

After this pleasant experience, the president declared, "I shall feel quite normal in all our dealings with one another." As these words fell from the president's lips the house and senate applauded. Then the president's daughters and other relatives joined from the executive gallery, and the president's wife, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, looked on with evident interest.

The applause subsiding, the president began to read his brief message on the tariff. He spoke slowly and forcefully, and in less than eight minutes he was done. No interruption occurred and he left the stand immediately, while the congress applauded.

REV. R. H. STAVERT HEARD IN CHATHAM Presbytery of Miramichi Called to Raise \$8,000 for Church Purposes.

The services of R. H. Stavert, of Harcourt, were greatly appreciated by the congregation of St. Andrew's church yesterday. Mr. Stavert preached two exceptional sermons full of evangelical fervor, and his presentation of the duty of the church in its relation to home and foreign missionary enterprises at the evening service was regarded by the congregation as a masterpiece.

the bundle. He was delighted with bargain. So was Isaacsohn. In the early hours of the morning, however, the customer returned, spluttering indignation. "Look here, you rascal," he exclaimed, "you've swindled me! My coat is simply full of holes and shreds!" Isaacsohn smiled at him deprecatingly. "Well, my friend," he answered with a pitying smile, "I'm awfully sorry, but I'm afraid I can't do anything for you. You see, I'm a poor fellow, and I'm afraid I can't do anything for you."

ad Blood

is the direct and inevitable result of irregular or constipated bowels and clogged-up kidneys and skin. The undigested food and other waste matter which is allowed to accumulate poisons the blood and the whole system. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills act directly on the bowels, regulating both—the kidneys, giving them tone and strength to propel the blood—and on the skin, opening up the pores. For pure blood and good health take Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

OLD COUNTRY DELICIOUS BREAD BAKED IN ENGLAND

ST. JOHN, N. B.

LE SOAP Easy Home Dye

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BLETS



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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 12, 1913.

THE U. S. TARIFF

Our Conservative friends ought to be in terror in these days. They used to tell us that if the United States reduced its tariff Canada would be ruined because the Americans would carry off all our natural products.

To Canada the tariff bill is the most interesting legislative proposal introduced at Washington in a generation, excepting only the reciprocity measure. It is too early yet to be sure how much of the benefit promised by the bill as introduced will be lost by compromise and log-rolling before it is passed.

Under the existing treaty Japanese subjects are not forbidden to buy land in California, but on the other hand, the right to buy is not guaranteed them. Japan maintains that the right exists, since it is not explicitly denied. Owing to California objection to the immigration of Japanese subjects the United States some years ago perfected an agreement with the Japanese government under which that government agreed not to issue passports to coolie laborers to the United States or any of its possessions.

Mr. H. G. Dwight, an Englishman, who has been long resident in Constantinople, and who has lived there continuously during the present war, writes of the Turk in the current number of the Atlantic, and frankly confesses that at heart he is a friend of that nation. This people with its philosophic bowing to the inevitable

socialism. I have known him many years. But there is about him something which I cannot help liking—a simplicity, a manliness, a dignity, I like his fondness for water, and flowers, and green meadows and spreading trees. I like his love of children. I like his perfect manner. I like his sobriety. I like his patience. I like the way he faces death. One of the things I most like about him is what has been most his undoing—his lack of any commercial instinct. I like, too, what no one has much noticed, the artistic side of him. I do not know Turkish enough to appreciate his literature, and his religion forbids him—or he imagines it does—to engage in the plastic arts. But in architecture and in certain forms of decoration he has created a school of his own.

It is easier to conquer than to govern; easier to tear down than to build up; and the tragedy of the Turks is that they were successful in conquering an empire before they learned how to govern a village. Their great leaders, who founded the house of Osman, carried swords that none else could wield or draw, and planted them in a ready-made empire. They knew the metal of which their arms were forged and something of the forging power of a religious fanaticism, but little else besides.

He worshipped iron as much as he worshipped Islam, as the carefully preserved legends of his ethnic origin testify. The following tradition is found to be at the base of all these legends. Il-Khan, the "king of the peoples," is conquered in a great battle, and all are exterminated except the king's youngest son, his nephew and two girls. These survivors flee across prodigious mountains to a beautiful country full of rivers, springs, prairies, fruit trees, and game. Their descendants multiply in this unknown land; at the end of 400 years they wish to come out, but find no way. Then a blacksmith discovers a mountain of iron to which they put fire; the iron melts and a path is hollowed out, through which they emerge from the mysterious country where they had lived for seven generations. This country is the old home land of the Turk. But the sword which he fashioned from the iron mountain and which he knew how to use so well, has rusted in his hand.

The Turk is the last of the great adventurers to emerge from Asia and the first to be sent back. It may not be too late for him to learn to be a really great power and to stand on his own feet. Whatever he does will be done in quiet resignation to the will of Allah. Mr. Dwight speaks of the ordinary soldier's dislike of amputation; he always prefers to die than to lose an arm or a leg. "I heard of one," he says, "who would not go maimed into the presence of Allah. He preferred to die. And he did, without a word, without a groan, waiting silently until the poison reached his heart." A European nurse says that she never saw men die like those Turkish peasants—so simply, so bravely, so quietly. Perhaps, in being deprived of his European possessions he is not being driven maimed into the presence of Allah, and in the tents of Asia he may learn to bless the purifying power of the sword of the Bulgars. It is not the first time that a people has learned in adversity a lesson that prosperity made impossible. At any rate he will submit. "There is no help nor power but in Allah, the High, the Great."

MR. BRYAN AND THE JAPS

Secretary of State Bryan is confronted by a difficulty in the form of Japanese objection to legislation proposed in California. That state has now pending in its legislature a bill the object of which is to eliminate the Japanese farmer on the Pacific coast by making him ineligible to hold or acquire land. The Japanese ambassador has discussed the matter with Mr. Bryan, who in turn has discussed it with the governor of California, but the result is not yet clear.

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to enjoy a larger share of the world's treasure, leisure and pleasure. He should have sufficient from his labor to make the farm an attractive place for his sons and daughters. To do this, co-operation and tariff freedom are absolutely necessary.

Mr. John Willison, Canadian correspondent of the London Times, and editor of the Conservative Toronto News, has sent a cablegram to the Times "declaring that the temper of the Liberal newspapers in Canada is so rancorous that it is difficult to attend and impossible to explain their attitude."

Mr. Justice Tuck, when he was Chief Justice, resisted the suggestion that he should retire, feeling that it was an unjust reflection to ask him to forego activities for which he still felt himself to be as well equipped in spite of his more than three score years and ten. He was not only a jurist of high repute but he brought into court, in addition to a ripe knowledge of the theory and practice of law, a strong strain of that hard common sense which is the foundation of British law, so it was of the Roman.

The Toronto pastor who dons pink whiskers and green goggles and jingles forth to spy upon the pleasant haunts of recreation and sin, is typical of the fanatic persecution of popular amusements which may be expected from some quarters today. Not all religious reformers have yet worked their way through to clear thought and just discrimination on the subject of amusements. They see the vice of the green room and they dread the stage; but meantime church rules and social standards are in a state of confusion, full of contradictions and weaknesses.

THE FARMER'S CASE

The passing of the Wilson tariff cannot fail to mean a revival of hope and opportunity among the farmers of the maritime provinces. To take full advantage of it, complete organization is necessary. Few of our farmers realize the large proportions reached by the cooperative movement in other countries and the opportunities which it offers them to garner more of the fruits of their toil. We have trade and labor organizations among other classes for the purpose of advancing wages and of increasing the cost of the goods bought by the farmer, but beyond one or two cooperative societies in different sections there is no effective organization among the farmers of the province.

MR. BRYAN AND THE JAPS

Secretary of State Bryan is confronted by a difficulty in the form of Japanese objection to legislation proposed in California. That state has now pending in its legislature a bill the object of which is to eliminate the Japanese farmer on the Pacific coast by making him ineligible to hold or acquire land. The Japanese ambassador has discussed the matter with Mr. Bryan, who in turn has discussed it with the governor of California, but the result is not yet clear.

Under the existing treaty Japanese subjects are not forbidden to buy land in California, but on the other hand, the right to buy is not guaranteed them. Japan maintains that the right exists, since it is not explicitly denied. Owing to California objection to the immigration of Japanese subjects the United States some years ago perfected an agreement with the Japanese government under which that government agreed not to issue passports to coolie laborers to the United States or any of its possessions.

Mr. H. G. Dwight, an Englishman, who has been long resident in Constantinople, and who has lived there continuously during the present war, writes of the Turk in the current number of the Atlantic, and frankly confesses that at heart he is a friend of that nation. This people with its philosophic bowing to the inevitable

to enjoy a larger share of the world's treasure, leisure and pleasure. He should have sufficient from his labor to make the farm an attractive place for his sons and daughters. To do this, co-operation and tariff freedom are absolutely necessary.

Mr. John Willison, Canadian correspondent of the London Times, and editor of the Conservative Toronto News, has sent a cablegram to the Times "declaring that the temper of the Liberal newspapers in Canada is so rancorous that it is difficult to attend and impossible to explain their attitude."

Mr. Justice Tuck, when he was Chief Justice, resisted the suggestion that he should retire, feeling that it was an unjust reflection to ask him to forego activities for which he still felt himself to be as well equipped in spite of his more than three score years and ten. He was not only a jurist of high repute but he brought into court, in addition to a ripe knowledge of the theory and practice of law, a strong strain of that hard common sense which is the foundation of British law, so it was of the Roman.

The Toronto pastor who dons pink whiskers and green goggles and jingles forth to spy upon the pleasant haunts of recreation and sin, is typical of the fanatic persecution of popular amusements which may be expected from some quarters today. Not all religious reformers have yet worked their way through to clear thought and just discrimination on the subject of amusements. They see the vice of the green room and they dread the stage; but meantime church rules and social standards are in a state of confusion, full of contradictions and weaknesses.

NOTE AND COMMENT

In view of the American tariff changes "Traitorous truck and trade with the Yankess" seems likely to increase rapidly. And as we will get competitive prices for what we have to sell, the Liberal policy of larger markets will grow in favor. The nearest market is the best market.

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THE PASSING OF HIGH PROTECTION

President Wilson justifies his cutting into the tariff by the high cost of living and by the existence of special privilege. No one can doubt the presence of these twin evils nor wisely question their relation to the tariff. "We have built up," says the President, "consciously or unconsciously, a set of privileges and exemptions from competition behind which we are easy for any, even the crudest, forms of combination, to organize monopoly; until at last nothing is normal, nothing is obliged to stand the test of efficiency and economy, in our world of big business, but everything thrives by concerted arrangement." This statement of the case will meet with general acceptance, for there is not a housekeeper in the United States who has not been complaining in the case of numerous articles now controlled by powerful combinations, that she cannot buy, even at the present high prices, goods of the durability of those she bought a decade ago.

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NEW BRUNSWICK AND THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

House proceeded to consider resolutions reported from committee of the whole. Mr. Pugsley—it was understood that before the resolutions were concurred in, my hon. friend the minister of railways and canals would give certain information with regard to the operation of certain parts of the Transcontinental which are finished, and that we would state the authority under which the commissioner, Mr. Leonard, had undertaken the operation and also as to the vote of which the less on operation is being paid. I think my hon. friend the prime minister so understood it.

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Queries of the Ans

Question—I wish to pump my kitchen from a well five feet house. What amount of pipe kind of a pump shall I need ten feet deep.

Queries of the Ans

Answer—The pump should be more than about twenty feet water level in well. The place to put a hand pump is at the kitchen sink. If it is from water in well, place pump right at the sink. Distance much exceeds two some other arrangement is. If there is a basement to dig well can be made of brick, then a set-length pump. The cylinder is twelve feet in diameter with the head or h at kitchen sink.

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AGRICULTURE

Clovers, Grasses and Mixture of Grasses and Defects of Timothy

Permanent agriculture requires judicious use of clovers. Their essential constituents of plant assets in improving the mechanical condition of soils and collecting food for the stock.

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ABE MARTIN

Plows

AILING SK

Beams, Forriais, Wandru skin troubles of any kind—WAY with it.



AND THE TRUNK PACIFIC

In an interview between the deputy minister of justice and the departmental auditor of the railway department, the deputy minister advised that he should ask parliament for a separate vote for operation and the Transcontinental commissioners are this day asking that this be done.

The Farmer's Question Box Queries of Interest to Rural Residents Answered by Experts.

Question—I wish to pump water into the kitchen from a well five rods from the house. What amount of piping and what kind of a pump shall I need? H. L. D.

Answer—The pump should not be placed more than about twenty feet above lowest water level in well. The most convenient place to put a hand pump for house use is at the kitchen sink. If the kitchen sink is not more than twenty feet vertically from water in well, place a house force pump right at the sink.

RAILROAD MAN HAD TO LAY OFF

Unit He Took GIN PILLS

"I have been a Pullman conductor on the C. P. R. Michigan Central for the last three years.

"I treated with my family physician for two months for Gravel in the Bladder but not receiving any benefit.

DEPORTIC TAFF A BOON TO COSSMERS

Propose to Abolish or Materially Reduce Duties on Foodstuffs and Other Necessaries of Life—Propose to Recoup the \$80,000,000 Loss in Revenue by Progressive Tax on Over \$4,000 Incomes.

Washington, April 7.—Removal of all tariffs from many articles of food and clothing; broad reductions in the rates of duty on all necessities of life; an increase of tariff on many luxuries; and a new income tax that would touch the pocket of every American citizen whose income exceeds \$4,000.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT Used 102 Years for Internal and External Pains Are you prepared to relieve sudden cramps and pains that may come any time?

BUSINESS GROWS IN N. B. Monetary Times Reviews Conditions Here and in the Province.

(Monetary Times). The general business outlook in New Brunswick continues to be satisfactory, with a larger volume of trade than in the corresponding period last year.

AGRICULTURE Clovers, Grasses and Mixtures—Beneficial Effects on Soil—Mixture of Grasses and Clovers—The Virtues and Defects of Timothy.

Permanent agriculture rests upon the judicious use of clovers. They furnish the essential constituents of plant food, they assist in improving the mechanical and chemical condition of the soil.

SOIL REQUIREMENTS. The requirements for Red Clover and Alsike are simple and very much alike.

Clovers improve the fertility of soils upon which they grow. Their roots penetrate extensively, feeding actively upon both surface and sub-surface soil.

MIXTURES OF GRASSES AND CLOVERS

Following nature's lavish method of provision grasses and clovers judiciously mixed can be made to produce more abundant yields of better food, and offer a much more durable meadow or pasture than when each is sown singly.

Two functions, potash, phosphorus and nitrogen, the three essential constituents of plant food, are accumulated and left in available reach for the shallower root system of other farm crops such as wheat, oats and barley.

GOOD PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE

Valley Railway Contractor Says Government Should Have All Questions Settled as Soon as Possible.

W. W. BOWLES CHIEF OF DIGBY'S POLICE FORCE AGAIN

Digby, April 9.—Lifboat Daring, from the Bay View life saving station, towed in a disabled fishing boat last night.

UNDERWOOD SUMMARIZES

"Where the tariff rates balance the difference in cost of production at home and abroad, including an allowance for the difference in freight rates, the tariff must be competitive and from that point downward to the lowest tariff that can be levied will continue to be competitive to a greater or less extent.

JUST AT HOME

Send—Corridor of First-class Hotel. Time—7 a. m.

95 AND UP

AMERICAN SEPARATOR

FREE—COMPLETE BASE BALL OUTFIT.

Seeds Grown by Rennie are the best it is possible to produce

RENNIE'S SEED CATALOGUE FOR 1913

Lousy Hens

ALLAN'S PHARMACY

ABE MARTIN

THE poorer a family is the more frequent is its wash day seems to be.

HAIRING SKIN

As a feed the clovers are highly nitrogenous and palatable and while they may not "make" into the most economical hay, the yields are nevertheless profitable.

Call to Rev. C. A. Hardy Sustained

Newcastle, April 9.—The Presbytery of Miramichi met here yesterday and moderated in all extended to Rev. C. A. Hardy.

NATURALLY

"Properly has ruled many a man," remarked the moralizer.

FREE PLAY BALL



# LIBERAL LEADER DENIED THE RIGHT TO MOVE AN AMENDMENT BY BRUTE FORCE—PREMIER BORDEN'S FAIR PLAY MISSED BELIED BY THE ACTION OF HIS FOLLOWERS AS SOON AS HE HAD SPOKEN—SIR WILFRID LAURIER WARNS THE GOVERNMENT THAT THEIR DESPERATE COURSE WILL REACT ON THEM—CLOSURE, WHICH WILL PASS IN A SHORT TIME, WILL STIFLE ALL CRITICISM FROM THE OPPOSITION.

Ottawa, April 9.—Speech was choked in parliament today. The closure was moved and within a few days will become the law of the land. When that takes effect the operations of Rogers, or of any one else who has the authority and the inclination to stop the treasury has been safeguarded by the opposition which has had the privilege of exposing and criticizing questionable transactions. The rule which is about to become law will prevent exposure and criticism.

Today Sir Wilfrid Laurier having gained the floor, was denied the right to speak in parliament. The closure bill was moved and explained by Premier Borden. When he sat down Sir Wilfrid rose and was recognized by the chair. Then William Northrup, who is famous for having tried to stop the building of the Grand Trunk Pacific east to North Bay, was allowed to move that Hon. J. D. Hazen be given the floor. The resolution was carried by the government's followers.

Mr. Hazen moved the previous question, which shuts out amendments and will prevent the debate going beyond a day or two, this will result in the enactment of closure this week.

Mr. Hazen moved the adjournment of the house, and spoke upon it, but in the evening the motion was dropped to enable the principle of closure to be pressed to the people by the Liberal leader. He made a speech in which he charged Premier Borden with having betrayed freedom in Canada. The house adjourned with the opposition holding the floor in a gallant fight, but a losing one.

The excitement during the afternoon ran so high that for minutes speakers could not be heard. Time after time it looked as though the speaker would be physically violence and when the speaker left the chair at 6 o'clock, and the members met in the centre of the chamber police were called in to prevent conflict. Nothing like this has ever been witnessed before in the parliament of the free people of Canada.

The struggle goes on tomorrow, and no one thing is certain that the principle of free speech in Canada is being obtained with considerable reluctance.

Laurier Denied a Hearing. For the first time in centuries in a British parliament a great statesman representing half of the people of his country, was denied a hearing on a great constitutional question. For over fifteen years the honored and universally esteemed prime minister of his country, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, having been accorded the floor by the speaker, was hurriedly passed by men led by Hon. Robert Rogers, the apostle of "strong arm" methods and MacDonald election campaigning. To his shame be it said that Premier Borden so far forgot himself as to take part in the uproar and twice shouted "sit down." Again were ugly epithets hurled from the angry and uproarious Conservative benches.

"Vipers," was the gentlemanly exclamation of one Ontario Conservative.

"Shame, shame," retorted a volley of Liberal tones.

than by summarily passing a resolution calculated to stop the free expression of the views of the prime minister. My right to parliament. He believed the people had a right to know before other business was done just what were the real causes for the resignation of Hon. F. D. Monk, and why some other members of the cabinet had a right to be sitting on the government benches. It was important for the people to know if Mr. Monk had made a mistake, or if he had been misled, or if his pre-election conviction of the people, after he had consulted Mr. Borden as to these pledges and had secured the latter's authority for making them. This was something which should be cleared up before the government proceeded to introduce the bill.

It is established by the unwritten law of British parliaments that when the prime minister introduces an important measure, the opposition, through the speaker, shall be heard upon it. In the innocence of my heart I rose upon that exercise of the fair play which belongs inalienably to your office—that fair play which had been promised by the prime minister less than five minutes before he rose to ask you to take from the floor. In the spirit of that fair play, promised so solemnly by the prime minister, his colleague, the minister of marine, rose to ask you to take from the floor the measure which was introduced by the prime minister, and give it to a member of the opposition. Every member on the other side of the house, from the prime minister, who had just made the promise of fair play, to his humblest supporter, rose to gasp.

When I saw that the hon. minister of marine and fisheries sought the floor, I concluded that he had made a great promise to me, and that I had a right to demand that he should keep it. I have not a word to say, I have merely moved closure. I do not know the fundamental principle of fair play. By this I mean, and the Canadian people will see, what is the measure of the fair play the prime minister has so solemnly promised.

No Time for Cheers. When the prime minister rose to speak this afternoon he was cheered by his friends. When Sir Wilfrid Laurier rose to speak he was greeted by a shower of abuse. When the prime minister rose to speak he was greeted by a shower of abuse. When the prime minister rose to speak he was greeted by a shower of abuse.

Before he got well started on this subject, however, 6 o'clock came and the speaker left the chair.

There followed a scene of remarkable turbulence from the Liberal side of the house. The brute force majority had again been circumvented for a time at the time of the adjournment.

Resuming at 8 o'clock, Hon. Dr. Pugsley noted that Premier Borden had gone back for the first time since the adjournment for the first time since the adjournment.

While he was speaking, Premier Borden entered the chamber to the accompaniment of loud ministerial cheers and the shouting of "Shame" from the Liberal benches.

Dr. Pugsley declared that the British House of Commons had before this refused to adopt the very rules now proposed. In the case of the British House of Commons had turned down a proposal contained in almost the very words of the second amendment now moved by the hon. member for St. John's.

# FREE SPEECH SENATE MUST KILL NAVAL BILL

Ottawa Tory Organ Condemns Its Party for Gag Tactics SEES TROUBLE AHEAD Says Passing of Closure Will Be a Peril to Canada—London Press Decries the Attempt to Force \$35,000,000 from the People of Canada by Such Means.

London, Eng., April 10.—London papers are branding the Canadian situation with censure and reserve. The Times, while printing two columns from its Toronto correspondent, strongly taking the government's side, makes no editorial comment on the proposed contribution to the navy. The Pall Mall Gazette treats the debate as the principal item of the day's news, describing as the greatest party struggle in the history of the dominion and deploring that a great party conflict should have come on an issue so important to imperial interests.

The Daily News says editorially:—It is hardly a pleasant augury for the promotion of imperial unity when the first result of the proposed contribution to the navy is a domestic crisis of the most serious description. It is clear that the move is a discussion the more the advantages of the alternative are approved a more serious crisis of the most serious description. It is clear that the move is a discussion the more the advantages of the alternative are approved a more serious crisis of the most serious description.

Canadian Comment. Toronto, April 10.—Commenting on yesterday's proceedings in the House of Commons, the Globe says: "There is no longer a pretense of fair play in the parliament of Canada. The revered chief of the Liberal party, a statesman of world-wide reputation, whose parliamentary methods have always been most courteous and considerate to the opponents that he had the floor, is a black, ugly stain upon every man who took part in the infamous affair," from Premier Borden down.

Senate Must Kill Naval Bill. Ottawa, April 10.—The Ottawa (Can.) says: "If the naval bill is put through by clear majority, with the Liberals fighting bitterly for its repeal, it will constitute a privilege of free speech and minority rights the principal effect of which will be to give the senate new reason for existence and for the use of its veto power which it was originally intended."

MRS. EILLS SUES CHICOPEE PEOPLE FOR CONSPIRACY Former Wife of Fugitive Clergyman Asks \$15,000 Damages for Plot to Commit Her to an Asylum.

Boston, April 10.—Mrs. Barrett Eills, wife of Rev. John Eills, who disappeared with his five year old daughter, Olga, after he failed to secure legal custody of the girl, has filed a suit for \$15,000 against Dr. Charles H. Peabody, Nellie A. Peabody, Mary E. C. Morse, Elizabeth G. Peabody, all of Chicopee; and Dr. George W. Galvin, of Boston, for an alleged conspiracy to commit her to the Northampton Insane Hospital.

THREE MORE BIG DRY DOCKS LIKELY Ottawa, April 10.—Extensive dry dock capable of accommodating the largest ships, are planned by the government to be built at Halifax, Quebec and Montreal, and the intention is to go ahead the summer. The announcement made in Montreal by Hon. Robert Rogers, secretary of the navy, by means of the press, is the provision in the estimates.

DUCHESSE OF CONNAUGHT UNDERGOES OPERATION London, April 10.—The Duchess of Connaught was operated on this morning at Glasgow House, by William Arbuthnot Lane, surgeon to Guy's Hospital. The operation was a severe one, but was performed by the Duchess. Her condition, however, was as good as could be expected.

WANTED—By April 15th... Mr. David Robertson, The... WANTED—First or second... teacher for school district... WANTED—Reliable representative... to meet the tremendous... fruit trees throughout New... present. We wish to secure... general agents. The special... in the fruit-growing business... Brunswick offers excellent... of good enterprise. We want... permanent position and liberal... right men. Stone & Wellington... Ont.

FOR SALE Sample Engines... prices. 1 1/2, 3 1/2 and 6 H.P... They are only slightly u... will be adjusted and in perfe... and just like new before leav... Price and further part... Walkerville, Ont.

ONLY 10... to quickly introduce... desirable jewelry... send you this Little... Filled with... Prayer or Initial... COMPANY, Mfg... ington, Ky., U. S. A.

Send... S. K. P... OF INTEREST TO WOMEN... Taking makes the best pillow... it may be had in two widths... Before making new sheets al... sure the bed for which they are... This sheet should be washed... regularly... Beef drippings are good shoo... pie crust... A feather wing is excellent t... springs with... Never mix new milk with... with it to keep well... A good shampoo kimono ca... of a big both towel... All boys should learn to sew... and skirt making... Wash green vegetables in w... to remove the insects, and fin... in cold... Never throw a good tailored... carelessly if you wish it to... A bit of cold chicken will m... sandwich with a leaf of lettuce... If thoroughly washed and the... drain... Before beginning to make a... materials and ingredients should... ready to hand... Parsifine rubbed on heels a... skin stockings will enable them... longer... Never plunge the ivory handle... into hot water. Wash the k... knife jug... The perfect kitchen utensils a... minimum—easy to keep clean... ready to hand... Two big eyelets worked in t... corners of the kitchen towel... from loops to hang it up by... spread with a copy of our s... salt and pepper are very good.

\$3.50 RECIPE FREE FOR WEEK... Send Name and Address... You Can Have it Free... Strong and Vigorous.

Rev. Robert Haddow, senior editor of The Westchester Company's publications, returns today from Winnipeg, bringing home with him the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Manitoba College. Dr. Haddow is a B. A. of the University of Toronto and a B. D. of Knox College, Montreal. His first pastorate was at Milton, he second at Watford. In 1900 he became assistant editor of The Westminster and The Presbyterian, and a long editor-in-chief. He has given full proof of his calling to religious journalism, and commands the confidence of his important constituency and of his fellow-craftsmen on the secular press.

The foregoing, referring to Rev. Dr. Haddow, will be read with interest in New Brunswick. He is a son of George Haddow, for many years collector of customs at Dalhousie.

The white mayonnaise made by foreign chefs calls for cream, lemon juice and white of an egg.

A cupful of liquid yeast is equivalent to half a compressed yeast cake, for a whole yeast cake.



SPEECH SENATE MUST KILL NAVAL BILL

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Says Passing of Closure Will Be a Peril to Canada—London Press Deplores the Attempt to Force \$35,000,000 from the People of Canada by Such Means.

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The Daily News says editorially:—"It is hardly a pleasant augury for the promotion of imperial unity when the first result of the proposed contribution is to provoke a domestic crisis of the most acute description. It is clear that the more is discussed the more the advantages of Laurier's alternative are approved in Canada."

It avoids the constitutional problem both here and in the dominions. The plan weakens the already imperilled authority of the British Parliament over armaments and withdraws from Canadians the management of their own ships.

Obviously, there is no element of permanence here, but rather an ample promise of these future opportunities for friction which all wise statesmanship seeks to avoid.

Canadian Comment. Toronto, April 10—Commenting on yesterday's proceedings in the House of Commons, the Globe says:

"There is no longer a pretense of fair play in the parliament of Canada. That the revered chief of the imperial party, a statesman of world-wide reputation, whose parliamentary methods have always been most courteous and considerate should be allowed down in the common by his opponents after he had signified that he had the floor, is a black, ugly stain upon every man who took part in the infamous affair."

Senate Must Kill Naval Bill. Ottawa, April 10—The Ottawa (Cons.) says:

"If the naval bill is put through by close methods, with the Liberal fighting literally for what many will consider the privilege of free speech and minority rights the principal effect it will have will be to lead the senate new resolution for existence and for exercising the veto power for which it was originally intended."

"The closure means a dangerous revolution in Canadian parliamentary methods. As parties are clearly appearing to a tool which, in the hands of a less scrupulous principal effect it will have will be to increase, it is to be feared, the aggressiveness of the majority. Even though power for what remains whereby the majority may enact particular legislation accordingly, it will and desire, the permanent power are greater than the immediate need."

MRS. ELLIS SUES CHICOPEE PEOPLE FOR CONSPIRACY

Former Wife of Fugitive Clergyman Asks \$15,000 Damages for Plot to Commit Her to an Asylum.

Boston, April 10—Mrs. Harriet Ellis, wife of Rev. John Ellis, who expelled her from their first parsonage because she failed to secure legal custody of a girl, has filed a suit for \$15,000 against Charles H. Finkle, Nellie A. Finkle, Mary E. C. Morse, Elizabeth Blais, all of Chicopee; and Dr. George W. F. Smith, of Boston, for an alleged conspiracy to commit her to the Northampton Insane Hospital.

WANTED - By April the 18th, a cook and housemaid. Apply by letter to Mrs. David Robertson, The Cottage, Robsey, N. B.

RELIABLE representative wanted to inspect the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick at present. We wish to secure three or four good men to represent us here and in the fruit-growing business in New Brunswick.

WANTED immediately: reliable agents, active stock and territory. Our agencies are valuable. For particulars write, Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto, Ontario.

FOR SALE—Sample Engines at special prices. 1 1/2, 2 1/2 and 5 H.P. sizes. They have been only slightly used. They will be adjusted and in perfect condition and just like new before leaving our factory.

ONLY 10 CENTS - To quickly introduce our fashionable jewelry catalogue, we send this free copy of our new catalogue to you.

We are profiting greatly by the great business development of St. John. New residents are patronizing us. New enterprises are calling for our graduates and paying much larger salaries than have elsewhere.

Send for Our Catalogue. S. KERR, Principal.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN - Taking makes the best pillow slips, and it may be had in two widths.

Beef drippings are good shortening for pie crust. A feather wing is excellent to dust bed springs with.

Never plunge the ivory handle of a knife into hot water. Wash the knives in a tub of water.

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FOR FREE RECIPE. Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have it Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

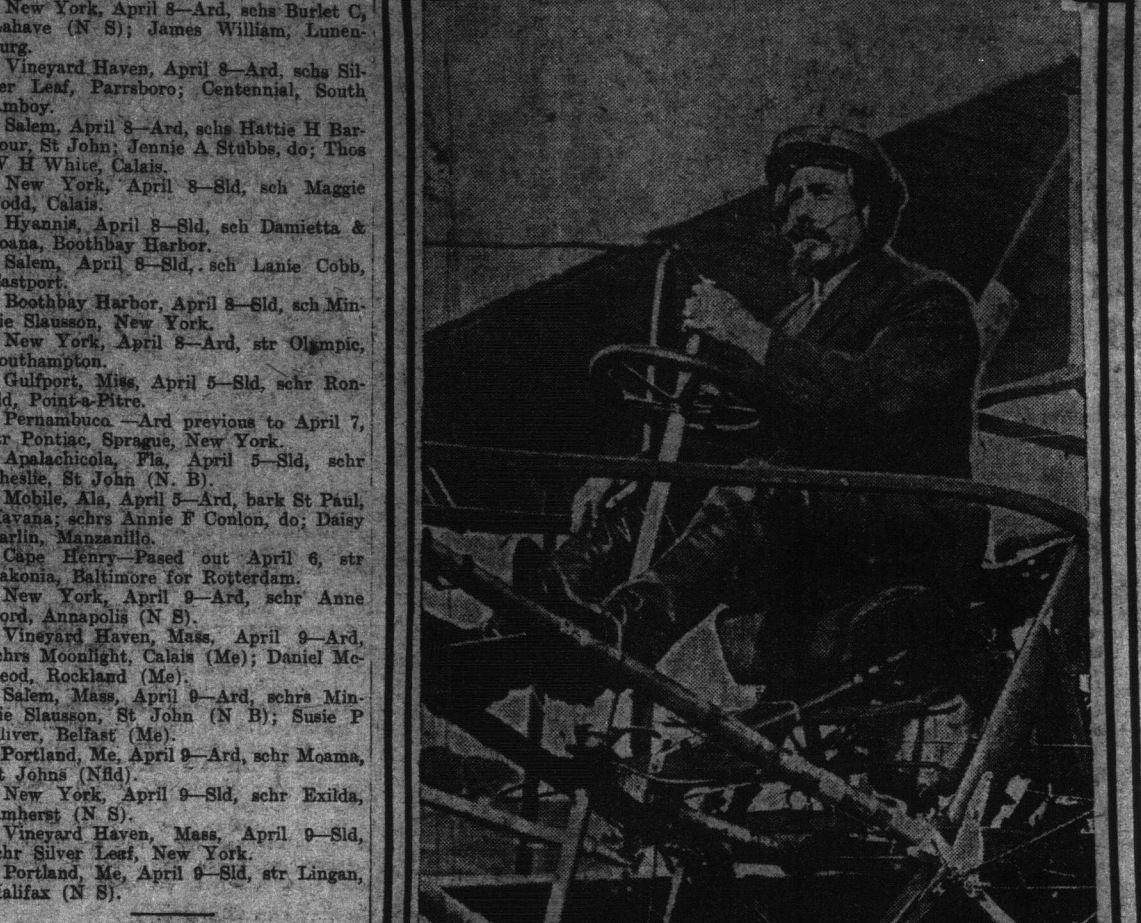
I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weak manhood, falling memory and lame back, brought on by excesses, unnatural strain, and the following of youth that has caused so many worn and nervous men to try their own homes—without any aid from help or medicine—that I think every man who reads this should have a copy.

Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have it Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

UNDERGOES OPERATION - London, April 10—The Duchess of Cornwall was operated on for a tumor of the neck by the late Dr. William Arbuthnot, surgeon to Guy's Hospital.

The short separate coat is now worn much for walking and for informal occasions.

MAN WHO OFFERS TO FLY ACROSS ATLANTIC



S. F. Cody, the English aviator, who has entered as a contestant for the \$50,000 prize offered by the Lord's Mail to the first man who crosses the Atlantic Ocean in a hydro-plane in 72 hours.

Views of the Business Men on Tariff Changes - Predict Greater Market and Consequent Expansion of Trade in New Brunswick.

The changes proposed in the revision of the United States tariff are of such interest to many in this city and province, owing to the probable effect on market conditions.

James Pender, of James Pender & Co., says that the larger scale on which they manufacture and other conditions, the American tariff will probably mean higher prices for the local consumer.

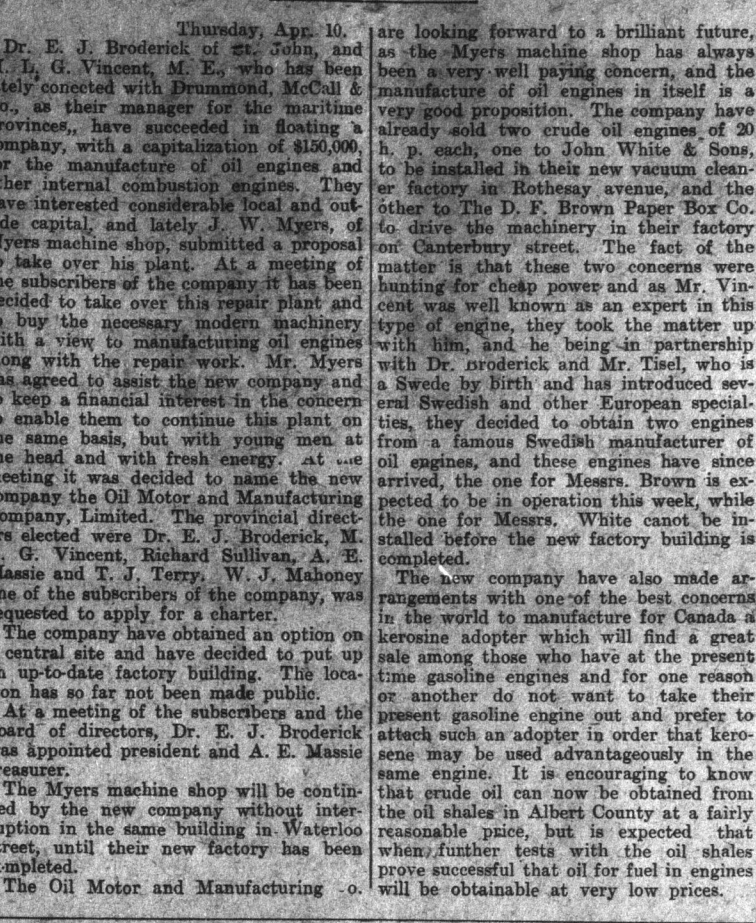
John E. Moore, of the American Lumber Co., says that the reduction of the duty on lumber will be a great benefit to the mill owners and workmen of this province.

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THE MYERS MACHINE FOR T JOHNS



The Myers Machine, a large industrial engine or motor.

Some complaints have been heard regarding the decline of local preaching in British Methodism but this is hardly warranted.

The Myers machine shop will be continued by the Myers company without interruption in the new factory building in Waterloo street, until their new factory has been completed.

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THE METHODIST CHURCH

The property transferred and registered during the week ending April 8, was as follows: Charlotte L. and S. B. Rustin to A. M. French, property in Cedar street; Thomas Dunton to G. A. Black, property in Mount Pleasant; Eastern Commercial Realty Co., Ltd., 15 Presbiterian church, property at Simonde; J. L. Lively, property at Simonde; George M. Arthur to R. D. Paterson, property in Prince William street; Edward Owens to W. J. Crawford, property at Simonde; Cornelius Regan to Ellen E. wife of Harry Cox, property in British street.

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OF GREAT BENEFIT TO THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Provisions of United States Tariff Revision Bill Bring Joy to People Here—Lumber, Lime, Wool, Farm Produce Favorably Affected—Gloom in New England States—Many Former Maritime Province Men Likely to Return Home.

Tuesday, April 9.—The provisions of the new tariff revision bill which was presented to the United States congress yesterday are of great importance to this city and province.

Many of the articles included in the free list are produced in this province and the elimination of the duty will prove a tremendous stimulus to their production and export.

It will mean better prices for the Canadian shippers in many lines; it will encourage production on a larger scale and it will add to the value of every foot of land in the province.

The lumber industry, which is the backbone of New Brunswick commercial life, will share in the benefits.

The new tariff holds great possibilities for the rehabilitation of the industry of the province, which received an almost fatal blow when the McKinley tariff shut out the Canadian fish from the United States market.

The fishermen and fish packers will benefit by the abolition of the duty on fish. The great advantage to Canadians in this business cannot be illustrated better than by the facts expressed by the fishermen themselves.

The elimination of the duty on wool will be a great boon to the sheep raisers of this province and will add greatly to the attractiveness of this business for which the province is well adapted.

and green hats. They carried baskets of white flowers. (G. Heber Vroom supported the groom at St. John's. Mrs. Macdonald and Fred M. Keaton were bridesmaids.)

The groom's mother, Mrs. Thomas W. Johnson, of Digby (N. S.), was dressed in black lace over lavender. The bride wore a black lace gown with white trimmings.

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immediately relatives and friends. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Peck left for a honeymoon trip to Boston, New York and the New Hampshire cities.

Frederick, N. B., April 9.—Charles Albert, eldest son of Hamilton G. Kitchen, and Miss Roberta Ellen Cole, daughter of conductor C. Colwell, were married at the bride's home this afternoon by Rev. Dr. Gates in the presence of several guests.

The death of Miss Annie Sheehan O'Connell, who died at her home at 117 St. George street, was announced yesterday.

The death of Miss Sarah Sunday at Hibernia at the home of Mrs. Henry O'Connell, she was about 10 years of age and popular with the people of that neighborhood.

The death of Miss Ellen McBeath, who died at her home at 117 St. George street, was announced yesterday.

The death of Mrs. James Howell, who died at her home at 117 St. George street, was announced yesterday.

The death of Mrs. Lorne Gale, who died at her home at 117 St. George street, was announced yesterday.

The death of Mrs. Mary Gillespie, who died at her home at 117 St. George street, was announced yesterday.

The death of Mrs. Mary Ann Buchanan, who died at her home at 117 St. George street, was announced yesterday.

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ST. JOHN MARKETS THE MCGILL MARITIME CLUB

COUNTRY MARKET. Beef, western, per 10 lb. 0.12. Beef, butchers, per 10 lb. 0.11. Beef, country, per 10 lb. 0.07.

GANNED GOODS. Salmon, cohoes, per 10 lb. 8.50. Salmon, red spring, per 10 lb. 11.00. Minnie haddies, per 10 lb. 4.50.

PROVISIONS. Pork, domestic mess, per 25 lb. 28.00. American plate beef, per 25 lb. 28.00. Lard, compound, tub, per 10 lb. 6.10.

SUGAR. Standard granulated, per 100 lb. 4.70. United Empire granulated, per 100 lb. 4.80. Bright yellow, per 100 lb. 4.80.

PEACE AND WAR. (The opinions of correspondents are not necessarily those of the Telegraph. This newspaper does not undertake to publish all communications received.)

FRUITS, ETC. Marbot walnuts, per 100 lb. 0.12. Almonds, per 100 lb. 0.16. California prunes, per 100 lb. 0.14.

FISH. Small dry cod, per 100 lb. 4.00. Med. dry cod, per 100 lb. 4.20. Pollock, per 100 lb. 3.75.

OILS. Purest kerosene, per 100 lb. 0.20. White Rose and Chester, per 100 lb. 0.18.

FISH (cont.). Fresh haddock, per 100 lb. 3.00. Pickled haddock, per 100 lb. 3.20. Fresh cod, per 100 lb. 4.00.

OILS (cont.). Beef tallow, per 100 lb. 0.11. Lard, per 100 lb. 0.11. Tallow, per 100 lb. 0.11.

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PROSPEROUS YEAR CLOSED WITH AN ENJOYABLE BANQUET A BANNER SEASON

Officers Who Were Elected at the Annual Meeting—List of the New Brunswick Students at the University.

The following are the names of the officers who were elected at the annual meeting of the Maritime Club, held at the Grand Hotel on Monday last.

The Maritime Club has experienced since its organization, over 100 Maritime men joined to enjoy together, the festive dinner of the year. Needless to say, it was a success and all goes to show that the Maritime club here at McGill is a deep-rooted and well-established factor at the university.

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