#  

Organization-Education-Co-operation Winnipeğ Man.

October 11, 1916
$\$ 150$ perYear


## 

That is our why- the proper way-to buy rence, if you wand best prices on
teane of superio qually. Note these new prices. the lowest at which you cal


## WE BUY FLAX

In large or small lots direet from the farmer. Send us by mail small sample of your flax, stating quantity. We will make you spot eash'offer. No THE CAMADA PAIIT COMPANY, 112 Sutherand Avenue, WINMIPEE
 Ecriof to you wid under A posinive cuarantee or satis


 PRIZE CONTEST- $\$ 300$ in Cash given away free in Halle 1916-17 edition of HALLAM'S FUR STYLE BOOK
which gives full particulars of the contest and containg 32 illustrated pages and sets, moderately priced. oats and mell
荡 $=-\infty$ tid vistine

 062.sontion io vou


## Pink notice

A pink notice attached to this page ahous that
your renewal is due. We hope you have enjoyed The Guide end that you will wend us $\$ 1.50$ for your renewal at once, uaing the blank coupon and the addresed envelope which will slao be enslosed. We alwaye sive several week
subacribers will have plenty of time to forwand subacribers will have plemty of time to forwand Cuile. We cannot supply beek copies of The Cuide. so we hope you will not deley is sending your renewal. Whee requesting a change of addrese. please give us three weeks' notice. If the
dete of the address label on your Cuide is not dete of the address label on your Guide is not changed within a month after you send your
renewal. please sotify us at once. It is alwas renewal, plesase aotify us be once. bent is atestes. mensy order. Mail your $\$ 1.50$ today.


The New Edison

## With the New Diamond Stylus Reproducer

JUST OUT-The perfected musical wonder of the age. And shipped on a stupendous special offer direct from us. Write today for our new Edison Catalogthe catalog that tells you all about the wonderful new model Edison with Mr. Edison's netw dimmond point reproducer. It will aloo tell you about our new Ediron offer! Now read:
Mr. Edison's fat foisy


Endless Fun
 10 0

Only $\$ 100$ -and After Trial
We will send you the new model Edison and your choice of all the brand new recurds oa an abolutely iree loan. Hear all the vilime, tol




祭


## Our New Edison

Catalog Sent Freel
Your name and aldrea cos:
pontal or ila a letter, (or jat
loe cospoe) is enoegh No catalog. Get this for the while this offer fasts. Vili out the coupon today.




SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISING

 City, which in s2.00 per yesr. Foreigh and United
States subseriptions 32.00 per yesr. Single coples
sents cent. Advertioing Rates Commercial diaplay- 18 cents per agate line. Clasoified 4 ceats per word per agste line. No discount for time or spece on any clase of dvertiaing. All changes of copy and new matter must reach ue aeven daye in advance of date of advertisemento are marked "Advertisement." No dvertienmeat for patent medicines, liguor, mining atock, ar extrovzanatly morded real atate will be ascepted. We believe, thiru eareful enquiry, thet avery advertisemest in The Guide is signed by
rustworthy persoes. Wi, witt who it of ofove if any of our resders mill advise us promptly thould they have reasoe to doubt the reliebility of any
person or firm who advertiese in The Cuide.



Painless Dental Work New system Teeth, without plates: crowns, inlays, all kinds of fillinge:
extractions or any other form of extractions or any other form of
work performed for you by the most up-to-date methods. Samples of our work shown and

No Perion Too Nervous No Work Too Difficult We Solieit Difficuly Case Where
Others Havd Failed New Method Dental Parlors
Canada's Beet and Moet Up-to-date Dental Orfiee Offees! Cor. Portage and Denald WINNIPEG

## Wealthy Men

as a rule carry heavy Life Insursnce. They know its value.

Many of the wealthient men in Canada sarry Greas-Went Insurance.

They know ITS value.
Over $\$ 125,000,000$ le new held in forse by

THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
Dopt. T Dest Bltese: manerts Ask for Persenal Mates

#  

Pure clean seed of the very highest quality is the greatest need among the Wextern grain growers today．Experts have proved from experience that under normal condi－ tiong the difference between the very best seed and or－ dinary seed means an increased yield of from three to five bushels per aere on wheat；six to eight on barley，and twelve to fifteen on oats．Not only is the yield greater but，the sample being of such superior quality，the grain brings a better grade，and consequently a higher price． Another big advantage is that the man who sows choice seed will cultivate more carefully than the man who sows poor seed．Considered from every standpoint the use of high class seed is a big money making proposition for every grain grower

The Grain Growers＇Guide has made arrangements to supply Free to 1，000 farmers sufficient registered wheat oats and barley of the very purest and best strain to seed one acre next spring．This seed is the best grown it the Prairie Provinces，which means the best in the world． In itself this is an inducement which no farmer can afford to overlook But is addition The Grain Growers＇Grain Company has agreed to donate $\$ 500$ in cash prizes to those who produce the best seed from the plot seeded with the seed supplied by The Grain Growers＇Guide．This is the first time any such campaign for the production of pure seed has been carried out，and we know that it will appeal very，very strongly to those farmers wha want to grow the largest crops of the best grain that it is possible to produce．

Pure Registered Seed





 but，unfortuately bls whole rrop was hatied e Under these eircumstances The Guide starf has





 durely free from from，and at lesut is per cent．
 for oulde suack of pure veet ponsist of bots

 a be inim best for st quarter－were seed plot． This seed．potoperty take cowe of witi ravitity pro－


 Then this it will be veen that the man ole wets




## $\$ 500$ in Prizes

## 41 Prizes Worth Winning

|  | For Wheat． | Fer oats． | Fer Bariey． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14t Prise | 1800 | 440 |  |
|  | 6 |  |  |
| 4th． |  | 8 |  |
|  | 16 | 5 |  |
| 湤 | 13 | $\frac{4}{4}$ | 4 |
| isin＝ | 16 | 3 | 2 |
| \％ | 18 |  | $\frac{2}{2}$ |
| itis＝ | \％ | $\frac{8}{2}$ |  |
| 去盛 |  | 2 |  |
| 130 |  |  |  |
| $14 *$ | ， | 三 |  |
|  | ： |  |  |
| 170 | ． | － |  |
| 100 | $\cdots{ }^{\frac{1}{3}}$ |  |  |
| 200 | $\cdots$－．． | － |  |










 Frain insis intinury prod fuers capturine the


## Terms of Com－ petition


 itht pare tree of clarse

 －forith wak free of dil charre






角 Themby
造 Frentine $=$ eflater
 Hintor of win Koremo Hat
－matio
性臨


# The $\mathfrak{C b r a i n}$ © 

Winnipeg, Odeonesoay, October 11 th, 1916

THE ANGEL OF DEATH
Canada is undergoing her first great baptism war and blood. Every day her sons are giving up their lives on the battlefield. Thousands of homes thruout the land are in mourning and every day the cables bring dread tidings from the firing line. As John Bright said in the British House of Commons at the time of the Crimean War; "It seems that the angel of death is abroad thruout the land: you can almost hear the beating of his wings." The best of our young manhood is being sacrificed on the altat of liberty to curb the criminal ambition of the German war lords. Surely these criminals in high places should be compelled to pay the price for the slaughter and devastation which they have brought upon the civilized world.
When the cables last week brought the news of the death of Frank Mantle, Deputy Minister of Agriculture in Saskatchewan, there was widespread sorrow and regret thruout Western Canada. Tho badly needed in his chosen field, Mr. Mantle felt more strongly the call to military service and left his work and his family to fight in the cause of the Empire. He was one of the most promising young men in this country and his loss to the cause of agricultural development will long be felt and long be regretted. Along with thousands of others of Western Canada he made the supreme sacrifice that liberty and demoeracy might continue and not be overborne by the selfish and criminal ambitions of a militaty oligarchy.

## Value of pure seed

For a country whose chief industry is wheat growing we give comparatively small attention to the supply of high class raw material. In any factory where a high class product is being turned out, great care is taken to see that all the raw material is the best that can be procured and is in perfect condition before entering the manufacturing process. Wheat growing is also a manufacturing industry and the most important raw material is the seed. If the seed is not the best the crop that is produced will also be inferior. Any person who visits the Chief Grain Inspector's office in Winnipeg and watches for a short time the samples taken from the cars passing thru to the terminal elevators will learn volumes about the quality of sced sown thruout the country. Thousands of farmers sow seed in which several varieties are inter-mixed and which contains weed seeds and which has not been tested for germination. The result is that they get a low grade and a heavy dockage and their crop is lighter than it should be all of which results in a heavy financial loss when the same amount of work wifh the use of good seed would produce the maximum returns. There should be a vigorous campaign carried on thruout this country to induce every farmer to put in nothing but the best seed, but at the present time the necessary quantity of high class seed is not in the country.
The production of choice seed is always a paying proposition and it is difficult to understand why more farmers do not undertake it The Canadian Seed Growers' Association for some years has been doing splendid work in this direction but its membership is altogether too small for the proper requirements of the country.
The Grain Growers' Guide to encou age pure seed production has secured a considerable quantity of registered seed, of which the purity and germinating quality is guaranteed and will distribute this seed thrucut the West this winter. To encourage farmers in the production of good seed The Grain Growers' Grain Company is offering $\$ 500$ in 41 eash prizes for those whp produce the best results
from the wheat, oats and barley distributed by The Guide. Full details are given on
another page. There never was a year when wheat brought as good a price as the present and in all human probability next year's price will be just as good no matter how big the crop. Wheat prices will in all probability remain good tho not as high as at present for several years but whether prices are high or low it is equally important that good seed should be used because it will increase the yield, improve the grade, reduce the dockage and thus increase very largely the financial returns. The quantity of this registered seed which The Guide has obtained is not large but it will be sufficient for several hundred farmers and will be distributed in order of precedence.

## OUR BRITISH PREJUDICE

One result of the war and the part that Canada has played in the struggle it is predicted by all our public men will be to bring Canada and Great Britain closer together. The best way to cement the bonds between Great Britain and Canada is to increase the trade that flows back and forth between them. For some peculiar reason the parliament of Canada has always collected heavier taxes on goods imported from Great Britain than upon goods imported from United States, which is where we purchase most of our foreign made goods. In 1896 the Liberal goverument made a great flourish with the "British Preference" which they declared was a patriotic act to reduce the taxes on imports from "the dear old mother country" As a matter of fact the "British Preference" so called is very much of a farce and the taxes levied on British goods are in reality higher than those levied on American goods. We have taken the figures from the report of the Department of Customs showing the amount of goods imported every year from 1873 to 1915, both from Great Britain and the United States, together with the duty collected on such imports and have worked out the percentage of tariff tax as shown in the following figures:-


From the above figures it will be seen that from 1873 until the present time the amount of tanif tax collected on British goods has averaged higher than that on American goods,
while for last year the tariff wall against Great Britain was just twice as high as that against the United States. The figures above are total imports, that is, the free goods and the dutiable goods have been bulked to show the duty levied on the whole of the imports entered for consumption. Of course it will be argued that there are more free imports coming from the United States than from England, but we cannot see how this effects the situation. The "British Preference" undoubtedly gives a lower tariff on a wide range of goods when imported from Great Britain than upon the same goods when coming from the United States. But the tariff has been so worked by the patriotic politicians at Ottawa that on woollen goods and on most others which we import from Great Britain the average tariff has been made so much higher than that against American goods that the "Preference" is no preference at all. The Canadian manufacturers are just as much opposed to freer trade with Great Britain as they are with any other country on earth. We are supposed to be working hand in hand with Great Britain in this war and yet every time we attempt to get any closer trade relations the importer of British goods is soaked by our tariff laws. The so-called "British Preference" is and always has been a miserable fake and would be better described as the "British Prejudice.

## AFTERMATH OF BOOM

The last issue of the Saskatchewan Gazette containing 298 pages almost entirely devoted to notices of tax sales of land indicates that there are a large number of people now paying the consequences of the real estate boom. Fifty-three pages are devoted to the list from Moose Jaw city alone, in which are recorded those beautiful sub-divisions pictured to tickle the fancy of the wary investor. Here are a tew samples:-" "Pleasant View," "High Park," "Hill Crest," "Boulevard Heights," "Brittania Park," "Connaught Gardens," "Coronation Heights," "Highland Park," "Mount Royal Park," and now all these beautiful royal residential sites are being sold under the hammer because the fellows who purchased them either cannot pay the taxes or chased them either cannot pay the taxes or not to throw good money after bad. The waste of time and labor and money in the real estate boom was a crime against humanity. In some of the Western towns and cities that we could name practically every member of the council was a real estate man and each had the town or city limits extended almost a sabbath day's journey out on the prairie to include his pet sub-division. Local improvements were extended into districts where nobody lived and where nobody will live for a long time to come. Outside the city of Winnipeg a large tract of the bald praine is divided up into 25 foot lots with troes along the boulevards. This land will probably be of no other use than for agricultural purposes for twenty-five years to come and now it is being used by no person. Scattered all thru the cities of the West are immense quantities of vacant land which the owners do not want to use and will not permit anybody else to use without paying more than it is worth. If our taxation system possessed any of the elemients of sanity this situation would not continue. One hundred years from now people will wonder at our foolishness.

Does anybody know what has happened to the Commission appointed a year or two ago to investigate war graft? If we Aon't hear from this commission pretty woon the grafters will either be dead or in the senate or in the peerage.

PROTECTION AND GERMAN IDEALS
The spirits of protectionism, narrow nationalism and militarism are closely allied, indeed brariches of the same stem. They are like weeds of the most noxious kind spreading by a creeping underground growth, sapping the life and nurture from the smaller plants about them to develop into aggressive, overgrown pests. They blight out the best in the nation and substitute sordid selfishness and counterfeit patriotism. They choke up the fruitful soil of equality and soon dominate the economic field. A German writer, Edward Bernstein, in the New Republic, an American independent weekly, has a few things to say of this relationship. Bernstein things to say of this relationship. Bernstein is a member of the German Reichstag and a Among other things he says:-

MMilitariom is in Germany most intimately connected with the fiscal question. The clays
which is interested in high import duties is the which is interested in high import duties is the same which in aleo interested in the proent form
of militarime. You eannot uphold the policy of high import duties without perpetuating the wornt form of rivalry and strained relations between reopective nations-which would again make for militarim. What will be the future attitude of the Bocialist on the fiseal question? If he will not betray his past and the great intefrets of pe working clam he must oppoee with advocates is euphemintically called the protection of national labor."
The system that Bernstein credits with the promotion of the growth of militarism in Germany is the same as that fostered in Canada by the protected interests, and the same as that which is doing its utmost to enthrone itself in the United States, even against the popular will. In Canads it is not only attempting to do the same but we have only seen the beginning of these attempts. No nation can fence itself off, perpetuate rivalry with its neighbors, develop an ultra brand of selfishness, and inculcate jealously and privilege within its own borders without
breeding the war spirit. The labor interests of Germany are seeing light. They are refusing to sanction the unlimited war credits, which they must pay and they are threatening to wreck the bureaucracy of privilege, let us hope even to the extent of revolution. Every war has been followed by a tremendously increased burden of taxation heaped on the backs of the laboring and agricultural classes. By indirect taxation the privileged interests which have always grown more corporate with the opportunity given to exact excessive profits, have managed to escape their just burden. Now is the psychological time for the laboring and agricultural classes of Canada to unite to overthrow the class that by subversive methods have managed for thirty years to make tools of our politicians, and have forced the farmers and artizans to carry the burden of taxation.

## SEED CENTRES

Each year more farmers are realizing that it pays, and pays handsomely, to use the best seed grain obtainable. Where the best kind of seed is used, an average increase per acre of five bushels of wheat, fifteen bushels of oats and ten bushels of barley might be expected. At the present wheat prices, six to eight dollars more gross return per acre would make a very useful sum for some careful farmer. The Canadian Seed Growers' carcful farmer. The Canadian Seed Growers
A ssociation has for several years been enAssociation has for several years been en-
deavoring to interest farmers generally in the production of pure, cleaǹ seed.
Members of the association working under expert direction are endeavoring' to produce seed of the highest possible degree of excellence. both for their own use and for sale. So far this work has been scattered, and the expense of conducting inspection work has necessarily been considerable. In order to reduce this, and also with the object of considerably
increasing the number of members producing irst class seed it is proposed to form "Seed Centres." On another page of this issue L. H. Newman, secretary of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, outlines the method to be followed. Briefly the object will be or a number of farmers organized for the purpose to produce seed of the same variety in a certain locality. One on two of the members will be chosen to produce "Elite Stock Seed" for the others, and the seed produced and offered for sale will be sold under the name of the Centre thru its secretary. Full details of this new departure appear on page 21. This is decidedly a forward step towards materially raising the quality of seed grain used and is deserving of the heartiest support of all farmers thruout the prairie provinces.

Australia has just raised $\$ 100,000,000$ by a domestic war loan and it was well oversubscribed. Canadian investors are receiving 5 per cent, whereas Australians have subscribed at $41 / 2$ per cent. There were very many more small investors subscribing to the Australian loan, the total of the subscribers being 80,000 , whereas the Canadian total was 35,000 . That means that a greater number of small men had money to put in the Australian loan than in the Canadian loan. This makes the third Australian loan, totalling in all $\$ 278,652,369$.

Public ownership of railways in the United States would have avoided the aggravating restrictions of state railway commissions, much of the heavy cost of regulating machinery and state railway taxation, while the dividends and other profits to private companies amounting to $\$ 103,000,000$ a year would have been saved to the American nation.

[^0]
# Manufacturing and Farming 

An examination of the incidence of the Tariff tax and the relative profits from farming and manufacturing in Canada


#### Abstract

Arench eeonomist of the eighteenth century onee deseribed the system of indirect taxation as "a scheme for so plueking geese as to get the mosh reason that the indirect tariff tax commends itself to those who profit by it, and it is for the same reason that those who suffer by it should know how, and how much, they are oppressed. In parCanadian tariff affects Canadlan agrieulture. To throw some light


 upon this question I submit the following facts and argument, trusting that they mayy be helprul to the many farmer readers of The quide. lected per anam for of dutits col 1911 to 1915 was about 499000000 Cansils Year Book, 1914, of the total imports about two lhirds were dutlable and one-third free. The average rate of duty on total imports was about 16 per cent. The average rate upos dutiable 25 per cent. Por the most part free goocs consist of things not maneshetured in Canada. After making due allowance for those manufaeteres which are uaprotected by the carif, the average protection afrord approscles 25 per eent So far I have bees unable to discover the propertion of Canadian manufae. tures which is uaproteeted. It is impossible, also, to determine aecurately just what enhancement of priee if due to the tariff. I shall assume, however, that on the average the tariff eauses sn enhancement in priees of 20 per cent. on goods manufactured in Canada.

## Actual Tarif Cost

1 have bees told by several who are well qualited to expross as opinion that this figure is much Too low; that, is faet when the wholesalers' and retailers' profts are added, the actual price en fore, that t ams very tourf on the sa fo side is anseing an enhaneement of 20 per eest. The sext quectios is: What in the domentie con: sumptios of articles manufaeterred is Canadal The tverage prodertion for the last Give yrars (Canada Yoar Hook), may be takea as 81,400 , Canadian manufactures experted durieg the last five years-making allowase fort the recent jump due to munitions-may be fakes as o4s.000.000 per annum (Canada) Year Aloek, 1914, R 262). Allow an ex. pert of tsobion,000 per ansum and ec have an averrge asnual consump: tien of $81,350,000,000$ worth of gools masufactured is Casada. With a Mirer entamemant of 20 per ceat. of \$270.000,000 Raid by Canadis. cossumery to canalias Canadian farers: The situation is therefore
rex, whirh goes iste
Tederal treavory isto ot besoop,000 rax, whied noes iste pecked of the pros. $270.000,000$ Total tar dae te the tarift on Canadian

Cost to Farmers
This tax equals approximately sse per capins, er saso per ansum per family of five. Bot the tariff tax more manactured artieles falls maeh more heavily upos farmers and their residest. Aotpon it is aversage eity perices for elothis. if in troes, have to pay inereased oot is adtitios the farmer bas to pay equ ammall. lorge sumb for farm implements, tools, velieles and saibisery whileb the averste Aty werter emapen. A cosservative estimate would place the farmer as parchaser of fully twice as mush is 'the $=s y$, of masufortured antieles so the aversae eity worker. Ansumbeg this sgore, of the total tax of g3eajod, *00 agniculture bears twothirds, or about ivep,


is well withis the mark to say that the Casadias tariff conts Cassdias agrieulture esesiderably ever atoo po0, 000 per ansum, for whieb it gets se return. and that at least $8150,000,000$ is ansually diverted from farming to masufacturiag One wod caere isgs of sgriculture with those of masufarterisg shosif show some trave of this diverted maney. thall, therefore, fastitute this comparison insofsr as the available ferts make it possible.

The production of manufactured artieles in Can ada for 1910 is given as $\$ 1,165,000,000$ (eensus 1911). The produccion for 1805 is estimated as 8447 , 000,000 . Assuming the same increase in the next five years, wo have a produetion of $\$ 1,612,000,000$ in 1915, or an average of aearly $\$ 1,389,000,000$ per year for the lavionso yeareurats as eas ngures are under the conditions, let us say that the gverage under the conditions, , lot us say that the average production of manufactured artieles ber year for the hast five years has
been $\$ 1,400,000,000$, si
inerease- of one ifith over the fgures for 1910. The eapital employed in manufaeturing in 1910 was $81,247,000,000$; and it is perhaps fair to assume that this has inereased during the last five years in a ratio corresponding to that existing in the case of the age eapital employed during the last Ave years may, therefore be taken ave years may, theretore, be taken this figure ineludes the value of leased premises does not appear is the census returns. If seeh value is not included, then some allowasce should be made for this item. It is not unlikely, bowever, that the correetion whieh this consideration would require would be neutralized by \& correction on the other side for let the figure stand as it is.
The roat of labor and
erials is 1910 was $8542,000,000$. As auming a similar inerease of one ifth, the average coat of labor and romateriaing per year for the last Ave years may be taken as a round manufacturing is, therefore, about $8180,000,000$ per billion dellars. Delacting the coat of labor and prices, every farmer fads the cost of persomal ser the preacler, the dector, the journalist and all the preacher, ine doctor, the journalist and all eost of living enlaneed by the tariff, and must therefore is justice, elarge more for their services. Every farmer may cotimate for bimself nhat these services cent him, and be will sot go far astray is attributing as per cent. of it to the tarif.

Taking into consideration, therefore, the direet Enhaneement of commolity prices and the indirect increase is the cost of varioss personal services, it

81,500,000,000

Capital investment Cout of products (annual) \$oser cent. on linvestment. $\frac{1}{\text { per cent. munieipal tax }}$ per ceat. depre
Total costs

Surplus proft
Farming. 1910-1914
Calual investment
1)

Value of prod
. $7700,000,000$
$250,000,000$ $50,000,000$
$50,000,000$
per cent oe ievectment
per cent. depreciation
$000,000,000$ $75,000,000$ $15,000,000$
$50,000,000$ $50,000,000$

+ 110,000,000
$1,140,000,000$
( $200,000,000$
$85,000,000,000$
$1,000,000,000$

Deffeit
,

1,400,000,000

000,000, siace the agrieultural population is about etween the 714,000 farmers (1911 census), and figures out as elose to 8350 per year per rural Family. About oule-quarter of this goes into the approximately ${ }^{2} 250$ per family per year, goes into the porkets of the protected manufacturers. The

MANUFACTURING AND FABMING PROFITB
Balance Sheet Showing Why People Leave the Far Manufacturing, 1910-1914
raw materials from the total produet, we get an
average balance of $\$ 400,000,000$ per year for the average balance
last
Deduet from
the investment, this a further sum of 5 per gent. on annielpal tax, and we still have left a balance of $4310,000,000$.
The question sow ariser an to the value of the cansot fad asy manufacturing establishments. I mit that, with a eapitalimation of 81 , $000,000,000$, $61,000,000,000$ is a liberal sllowance for equipment. Deduct, therefore, a further is per cent. semusi depreciation es equipment, viz,
s 50000000 and we plus of $\mathbf{\$ 2 6 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$.

## Farming Iavestmente

Now, let us perform similar calewlations for agriealture:
Is 1911 the eapital employed is Canadian agrieulture was $\mathbf{~ M , 2 3 1 -}$ 000,000. Dariag the prevediag derade (1901-1911) the liserease was 130 per cest., of 13.6 per cent. per
anam. Imart of this increase is due so doubt to a general rise is counsedity priees and land values. Mahing due allowance, however, for the fart that the rise is the prices of syrieultural proferts has been somernhat more rapid thas is seyeral
ether lises, the average capitat eim. flor lines, the average capitar onsployed is agriculture for the last ive years eannet be lese thas
is, 000000,000 . It is probably cos. is,000,000,000. It is probably cassiderably more. bot we shall err as time safo side, sot only becasase is is vilue of the farm houses an dwelling bouses must he dedurted from the tetal eapitalination is ender to obtain that enpita! which is inventat is the farming indeatry for lasd asd equipmest. The value of fare buildiage asd implementa was slightly over ase bililas dollars is 1 lil ing places easnot be over obethind of this, s fagere for whiek, I think, suffelent sillowame has been inside alresaly is placiag the average espitalisatios of serricultare at five billiess. The tetal valee of forme prolusts is 1910-feld ered, dairy aredurtsetables, asimals sold or slagives as tias o00poe. Bince 1010 there has been s eve: siderable iscrease is the quastity asd the valse of

Centisand $=0$ Fhee to

## Farm Experiences


#### Abstract

an underoround ice house The illustration on thin paye shown a rather re narkable iee house. it is owned by a farmer in markable ise house. 4 is owned by a farmer in Northera Saskatchewan and the pieture was taken Ay Proo. Nhaw of of saakatoan ghicuitura coon deep was dug in the thate of a butr of teres beside the house. As the eavy winter froots came one water was flooded ito the hele until it beame  a bittle houy buith on topo 'l summer it was or butter could be kept here in zood condition and ief supply eemed to hast well. The wan tad very a simitar methoft? We woute be ghat to trow if


## FALL WORK

My ideas of fall cultivating are mainly to eradeate weeds by fall growith, eonsefve moisrure for ta bave as small amount of work for the comin pring as posilile. In some farming districts, any jorson who takes notive of agricultural jrogreas al all cas not help soticing that the fields all look I $a$ be in a "warm bed for wititer and summer fallows are all properly cleared of weeds, while ther distriets are cold asd have a sort of forzotten foctisg that ayrienitsure is poing bark instead of forward and the chops frowe surk distriets sisly show either the ignorasee of the catelesoce os the part of the farmer whe is supposed to be looking sfter, it. $O f$ course, some farmers ar more or less "tied up" in the fall with their thresh earth before they get thru their work. Hut eve. method and oystem of work by wlich he cas elean ap his farss after the year's work is a ".ship shape" upaser for the sext erop. ifisd it pays to haul your saleable grais to market and gett the bighest posaible price for it before markets sag, and if pessible burs of the stubble and flow about $t \mathrm{w}$ to two and a half inehes deep and thes pack wit the iros parker. That will make that feld in splek did.

A goot fetit of falt plowing will make a gend ind if it is plowed in the fall, why you =ill not have to plow it in the spring, of course, the amount of rainfall every ywar has considerable to de with fall asd sprisg plowing, but if the farmer syasedis, he is practiesily sure of pretty


## CLEANING UP WILD OATE

 I plowed a pleze of grosnd is the fall of 1913 and is the spring ahout May is I ram the cultivator aver if to kill the will gats that were sprouting. Tirs harrewed it and let it stand ill Juse $s$ when 1 started to cultivate it agais. Hut this time raie casme es. An wook as it dried
 hery sear I did sot take time to kill three eats sfter the rais. Ko I plowed the oase pleve of ig15 i puat harley ista it sogais shout juse in This timel twan oure all the will eats were killed that were sprouted and whes fall eame yoe could hardly we sorl'a thiser as a wild eat.
 the wild eats and harley. Yes eas nee this meany farley er eat olvecver will de the same and tarley er eat sheaver will de the same and
thes wummerfallow. Of rourse this laot plas demants stort an flartey and with tats ste not very saleabile, I fell satistiel that I ease beat
the wild cats with larley sod wat shevec. Mask.

> AVOIDING UPEET LOADA
> Thote is I way of platisg m wapos mork as It mar bot he form hat the frat timer? hiog inem eo a meighber's sleigh last wister. The way we Sred ours was as followsi-We took the front and
back beloters off the sleigh, thes got two taisarar peats wover feet losen sed shost sis ineres is dis and a small sotelh a fartie curved wille to olisar the stay belts * Both $\mathbf{~ w e ~ f i s t t e s e l ~ a ~ l i t i t e ~ o e ~ t h e ~ w s i l e r ~ s i d e ~}$ the baek ese betted fromy to the lask and the frest belit dewe by a key thre the king belt ot the sester shle of the frest busk. Ties we pot twe pieces of 4 a $6 \times 12$ fr, tapered. them at the froet end to forma skil and belted them with it $x$ s isel

the bolster. Then we took the wagon rack off the bed and bolted it with four $\frac{x}{} 9$ ineh bolts (one
at each corner) to the skids, and nailed a board pe earh side of the rack alout two feet from the foos to keep the stock from setting in to the rack. It ean't be upset as when it goes a little to one side the skid tourhes the snow. Mas.

KEEPING PUMPS FROM FREEZING pumps frores bit hut the will mot freere have pumps frozen up, but they will not freeze up if
properly takes care of. I have used an fron pump for several years and never had it frozen up, and it is outside. The well is 16 feet deep. I have the planger rod lengthened and the cylinder is the bot-
tom of the well ion the esd of the pipe, and some fise wire screes tied over the lower knd of cylinder to kerp eut gravel or small stone. There is a one eiphth inct hole in the pipe below the water to be pump. Thes make s floor just above the water, and fill it up with ssow, or as much as secessary to keep out the frost. Cleas saow is best to fill the curbing with as it will melt and there isn't anything
to spoif the water in the well, and nothing to bother to spoil the water in the well, asd nothing to bother Mask.


Wesen Wyth les \#ewe
SPREADING BURNT BTRAW PILE The following is an idra for spreading the ashes leaves thems, all is a heap, wighe sothisg will grow for two years as there is tee bany of them to drive thra and they are toe thick oe the grousd for anylisisg to grow is. I masde a rig for spreadisg them
several ywars soo whink it fad works expellestly and cests but liftle mepe thas on dellor. It is made of twe $2 \pi$ it phanienet on adge and hatted to
 mowh with a 2 a 6 sailed os the bottom to keep
 Thes you drive away from the ash heap the ashos
on the top side to keep it from spreading there s
that the planks remain stiff on their edges. Whe that the planks remain stiff on their edges. When to hold the spreader down and when it is futt w swing out and drive around the field till the ashes
all run out. Sometimes when there are some big linkers in it we lift up the baek end and let them at the front end and keep, driving backwards and nd have them spread all around over several acree instead of in-one siot. We ran do the joh in (renty to thirty minutes and have a few aeres of always put my straw pile in a little different plare Mask.

## INDIAN RUNNER DUCKS PAY

All that I know of Indian Runner Dueks I have laught me that they are cheaply and quiekly grown, are great layers of large white eass, are extremely
oeial, but very timid. With proper feed they will lay an eng every day and more of them in a year than a haif, while each egh is equal in size to one distribute their eggs. thruout the year as well as hens but of this fact 1 am by no means certais. To lecide why dueks aré sot generally raised by farm ers I took pains to enquire of many, why. they did not raise them. Practically there were but twe easons: "they are too big eaters," and "they are a rough house ges gardens." The first objection feeders they consume for while they are ravesous of which they serure by foraging is sumamer, sen require but little grais. Neither are they partieular shout the kind of feed they take, beisg in that respect tike a poat. To show how indifferent they are ahout feed, I hat six natts of tailings from fansing mill, while eleasiag fiax for seed. This mixed wifl bran as a mash ia proportion of ose po cless, while chiekens trould take of they ate ced buty very little and did not seem to like w The faet that they are great foragers shows that they would he hard on gardens. I kept mine yarded ence the two feet high. it wauld be better fo out it is karder. They mix alright with ebiekens. There are thousands of farmers in Maskatehewan筑 rould add to their income so inconsiderable sum table, is, that they eas see so difference in the eating quality of Indian Runser duck egzo and those of hess. All breeds but the Indias Rumser lay but few eyse sud are selters, while well.
cared for flom of Jndiap Ilumaers lay from 200 cared for floeks of Jndias llumsers lay from 200 to $2 s 0$ per year and are noes settera. They are
easily hatrlied asd raisel. To show how eer. tais they are to hatel sote the followisg. set three hems at the same time oe dwik ears and brought off their broeds on time bot ont left her sest os several ocerasions and whes dis covered her ewas wete cold. While I did not
expeet her efus to batel I left her os her weat expeet her eano to batel I left her os her mest
three or four dayn over the time then put her with the fook. What vas my surpuse as seven dead dueklisgrs. having hatrhed out after 2un
Chaptlin, Mask


## HARROW CART MINT

Te those whe are "fortusate"t esough to fe
orse a luarruw cart of the makes whirh have tongue supperted frem the wave tree by a fien piece of bar iros, the followimg tip may be replarimg the iron, whirl has an infortunate habit of breakiag
Get a piere of 14
iseb by $t$ isel iron sheut sis inehes losa, and have this bored with three holes, twe holes of the right siae apaced to matek larl bole about one inch from the end. Replace the small balt is the wave tree by ose five or sis inehes losef, and seves-rixtecaths is dismeter When this is in place slip os two or three big wut
 in toide of the tongue asd put the bolt thrs the ill ervide of the aus ous asd put fae Fee that the draught rols are tight, so that th art is drawisg by them asd sot by the pole. Thi simple device wil work juat as goed at the bes ros coating ifty ceste ler, sed may be made frow plece of seray iros lyise rousel the yary Blark.

## The Country Homemakers

## YOUR WINTER CLOTHES

It is the eity business girl on a small salary who has reduced the art of dressing, well on small means
to a seienee. Other women, seeing their smart turn-out are apt to think of them as high-salaried women or else as spending their whole ineome on
clothes. Frequently neither is the ease. But having clothes
yery little money and being expeeted by their em. very little money and being expeeted by their em.
ployess to look well dressed, they have been obliged to give the question of elothes very eareful study
and they have the advantage of the big shops an their university.
The best dressed of these young girls aire those who seleet one color scheme for a year or a year and a half, gradually letting it peter out to make
way for another. Their suit, coat and fancy dress will be all in harmonious shades of dark blue, for xample, with a black hat and boots and furs. It is with when the black furs, and any shoes and gloves which may be left over, will fit in admirably. Or suppose that the young lady starts out with brown
as her dominant color. Her suit, coat and hat may be of dark brown, and her faney drems of tan, with brown boots, furs and gloves. It should be remem combined with black. But from suel never be sebeme it is an eary transition to olive green, with which the brown furs and shoes harmonize per feetly, also the heavy coat, if it does sot happen The most important thing is to diseover what eolor is becoming, or better still what two har
monious colors are beeoming. Then, having let monious colors are becoming. Then, having l-t one's wardrole becomig completely depleted, get
anole new outhit is one celor, making a gradual transition to the other. In shis way one can be asured of three or four years of perfectly har with the problem of a hat that will fince sothisg o say to a eoat, or of a coat which shoutr at the iress it is work over,
The seeond lessos that this young buainess gir! las learned from hard experiesee if that it pays better to have two garments of good materials aniy whell cat than to bave one 's wardrobe hilled winh gint with a very omall salary wearing a forty fve gollar bandtailored suit. "r Ridieulour extrave cance," 'says someone. But it isn't. This is often the ose feature artiele in the girl's wardrobe. She wears white blouses with it to work and looko smart, and when she goes out for the evening she replases the white blouse with a fancy one, and she still looks distinguisted. And it should be remem Gered thas of this young lady has to be dreased up and afternoon, three huasired and sixty-five days $a$ year.
The elothes problem of the farm woman is not
searly so dimieuti. Outaile of some eeat warbable house dresses she can generally manage with ene, of at most two dreaser, If there are two, ane thould be of eloth and the other of silk or satis. the latter being a very fanhionable material this be hai, where there really geod dresamaker is not to big cities, the ready masery drem enables the evoustry woman to take advantage of the work of the The highly paid desigsers of women's elothee a few weil-made elothes in one color wheteme at a time, and to arratually change freme that to anether harmosious golot so that there will be so elash
betweem any of the aceeswaries of the coatume, which the wew any of the azeenseries of the eontume, which chtil they are morn out.
FhaNcis mallign beynos.

## DO YOU KNOW A GOOD BTOVE?

Dear. Mise Beynon- In eur (may I eall it the fourth tiage of Auguat the letter hy Wolf Willow. Ihave toes in the sume pesitioe so both Wolf Willow and years ago, linew sothing ot all of voik or farm iff, and t hat a nothing at all of work or farm like Woff Willow, pratical and fall of Giowledge At firat 1 went bevaum I was is need of hely and
was made welcome, and after bevause I jut loved mas made welcome, and after berause I funt loved to go I sever stopled to think of the other
side, beeause, after fiving always is a e eity, I loved company and tried always to make everyene "It hare reat "the" page in The Ouide nearly
 masaged to get it es japer. Nome of her letters Lave bees splesdid.
Now, ${ }^{1}$ mant a littie help. 1 mist got a sew coovid bef my lat one 1 thooght perhape someone

I got a beautiful (looking) new range, paid a good
big price for it too. Before 1 had it a month one of the lids eraeked, and in six months the oven eurled and I could not bake anything without turning and twisting to keep it from burning on ono
side, and now anyone seeing it would think it had been in use forty instead of four years. The top or outside of the stove still looks new and shiny
but I eanyot bake eustards, ete., for the oven is warped. The grates were eracked and broken and The oven will get red hot before the top shows any signs. The grating at the baek has all eurled around the oven. Now, if snyone will help me to fad a stove that will cook well and wear is while,

WOMEN FOR THE BCHOOL BOARD
widower with a house full of ehildren usually imagines himelf wholly matile to properly look after their welfare; a woman is needed to care for them-and he proceeds to hunt the woman. In a
great many cities and towns a school board, entirely

maveuline, very eheerfully attempts, without foes inise sid, to look after the welfare of some hus diods or thounands of school chilidres, most of chion are still at that tender age when they are inime superviaios. of coume mast of the tesalier are young vomes-but the maseuline wheol board coniders itself amply qualifed when it eomes th celecting thems and, incidentally, the younger the teachers the greater seed of dirretion by the seloop Fisien
Edoubteily there are many problems in the ad aisistration of mhool affairs which are better nelved by men than by momes. Comparatively fow wo building contracts and to sttend to other finaseia and busicus affairs is cemecetion with the whoplo. Hut, juat as they are more familiar with the intimate affairy of their hotere than are the maweuline nenpbers of the houmbidid, se they are better able the chilidres in the whools, to cosolider wholl heome teeples. The preparation and ervieg of vhed hurches, the nastary arrangements of whool bilith tugs, the une of driaking eupe and dotens of ot he thisge on whirh the coufort and bealit of the popils depend, ordinarily reecive mast attention from male members of scloot boasis usless there be protests from mothers' eluhir or other organizas tions of womes. Such details may beat be lovied
 alesces and complaints of girl popils and womes tuachers.

## Hfundrels of towns is different states have adopt

 at the plan of electisg beards cosesting of both. men sed moment is the majority of cames limprove best is the mbiots has revelted.The failures, for the meot part, have been due to
to perform the duties of whool directors thas their
fellow members of the opposite sex. The woman insists that her views shall always be seceded to beeause she is a woman, who tates offense becaune some male director expresses an opinion not in ae cord with her own or dares to light a eigar in her presence always produces frietion and diseord in the sehool board. aiders the uplifting ininuence of a framed priat of the stuart Cinidrea rather than the atmosphere eleanliness and sanitation of the elonk and the eleetion adds nothing to the effieieney of the bser But there are, in every community eapable women whose intimate knowledge of ehildren and their ieeds and whose aetive interest in school affuirs inight well be eulisted for the common good. Oraate buildings and costly equipment may "ac sertise the town," but the comfort and health of the pupils are of vastly greater importance. Moat ing as well as a lot of fathering-Hollasad's Maga sine.

THE HILL OF LIFE
The startling thought eame to her one day that athe was growing old. The fiftieth milestone had been passed. silver threads were beginning to
ahow til the brown hair. "Crow's-feet" Were show in the brown hair. "Crow's-feet", were
forming about the eyes. The mouth gave. A hint forming about the eyes. The mouth gave a hin she drew a
She drew a little aligh. "I shall not regret the
change," she sald. "The blossom was onfy made for the fruit."
Her mind gripped the thought and later paiated Her mind gripped the thought and later paiated she saw a high hill. On one side the sun wan shining brightly. The foot of the hill was planted with very young trees, where, ereeping and tod. dling, tumbling down and getting up agais, babee and little ehilitres were beginaing to elimb
little farther up the elilildren were larger. and were the trees. Thes as the procesalos ad deas. The bend of the bodies kept their foues down; but on they travelled until the summit was reached. There they depostted their loads and atood erect, taking if fuil breaths of eajoyment.
They tarried a while, then one by eas began to dewend on the other side. There the trees were farge and beauliful. Blady reating places were Nome nat restim
Nomes sat resting is peace and quietsess who later would rewue the gourncy, There was lose hurry of birds at eventide, the mellow tones of bells in the distance and the murmur of eld hymasy well. beloved.
Dows they west at easy stages, until they resehed the plase mhere Earth; nofl comed, and one by one seppedime the Wainigg hat. They did not depk like old and feeble folk, but a hapyy, doyous company with faces llomeward set.
suasy side a happy memory, the reat drat ess, the
 Is The Deliseator

## GEt TO KNOW teacher

Pareata whe judge a teacher by tales carried home from wh childres do mot get aliead in their stadies, ought
Instead of placing relliasse be chlidren't tales,
 has, asd whether she is interested is her werk, asd in her popils. Ask her how she deals with the haekward, the divebedient, the tardy, the truanta Fivery teacher is just as interested as every mether in ehild training, and you may lears froen her, or i- able to belp her.
agalist the teacher. you sore that they make goed progress is their you are that they make gool progresi is their to do mo, periape it may be ber foult, but for more likely the fault is in the ehilitres, the syateme offis: atruction the teacher is obliged to follow, of the lack of equipmest and faeilities or an fieveffelant "umber of teachers.
likely to be who are never diweiplined at home are likely to be direbetient at wheol. If they de not
 tee lifile equipmest handiesp meny mbools Teachers are ealy hamas, and there is a limit to human eapacity. Before you blame the teschers, find out whether a migearily whool boand or out. of date woperintendent io not at fault. And meas:
time, get to knew the teseher.-From The Mothers: Mimg, get te.

## Threshers! Attention

Highest Grade Steam Coal
 Birnie Lumber Co.Ltd.



WE ARE T00 BUSY LOCATING bromiums on treck srain to illard Cumming \& Co.


## Alberat: Phonesi Jonenlere Jackson Bros.

 Jewellers, Expert Watch/makers and Opticians9962 Jasper Ave., Edmonton Marriage Licenses latued


BORBRIDGE'S COMPLETE HARNESS

 Kant wat mum

wnits fon new eaitalogue tobay
票 BORBRIDCE C
titumed WINNIPEO

## Alberta

 question of providing sleepping anart. meata umber the premen conditiont would be a very diffeult one ith hea's


 Gatheniggs that the inerasaing mean Whes we ievited your convention to

 Kor, natel thit eomen an ale that the demands on our coal íises will be

to withdraw the isvitatios to the cos.
ventios to meet at lethlorilge durisg 1917; and that we would await a later date whes undoubtaily the hotel ae-
fanmadations in the city will be is commedations is the eity will be is
creasel, and when we ahall hope to ereasel, and mhen we shall hape to
lhave the hosar "of gintectainimg these have the hoser of getectaimise thes
most importast ansas) gatheringe of
the It inited Marmers of Alierta, asd the




## w. D. Lut Anpis


 tertainisg as im, January mext. This
Iraves the matter opets to our Hoand Firectors, and beth Calgary and Eidmos. tose with, jothathy reserg the fisvitatios. estesdedt to the delegates in January


WHO'S YOUR DENTIST?

and Bridges

and

My Whalebone
Vulcanite '10
Plates
restore youthrul expression -they it perfectly
-match original teeth
efficient is use
-beautiful workmanshiy

Dr. Robinson

Birks Bidg. Winnipeg


We Pay the Freight


Freeland Steel Tank Co. Freelana sitic suak at met誟
BESSON
BAND INSTRUMENTS
Thos. Claxton Limited

WITEN Whatino to ADVERTLBER PLEABE MENTION THE OUIDE

## м™OA NDDM fo booyal

 Memorandum regarding agrieultura prodection and eoppecially
Grain Pro
duation in in ImeteriA problems. Submitted on be half of the Saskatehewan Grain Grow
est A. Aveatition by the authority of it
governing board.-J. B. Muselman The kaskatehewan Grain Growers
 of publie import it is peculiarly the
mouthiece of the farmers of this provinece and eminenty fited to present
to the hourable members of this Commission their common views relating comprising our productive agrieultural tiens. Dealing with the natural resour. ces of thop rovineco of Sasanat chewan,
and epecially as they relate themselven to the after the yar problems of the Empire, our fertil lands assume prara
mount place and their exteasive and mount place and their exteasive and

## portacke Develop Grain Raising

for every country is to develop fint tor every country is en develop first easily aeeessible and whieh ean moot ive Ie the West thise of course means tie development of sagrieulture and eer.
 cure zbe production of wealith from 10 caily secesaible natural resource. To the present oaly a small preantage
of the lertile lasi, of the Weat have ber brought under cultivation and in hare hot been made as productive ss they might heve been nod may yot hand in Ethatere are vast areas of which ueder noor mol cooditions can give support ${ }^{\circ}$


 cernge theror people to come is
 them cos bud protitale empleyment is
 attration of the Hosorable Caimines roseretios iow of the problemen of groin only is their relationtip to Dorinicen aminy io bial Itereta Diveronited rimestiont os nopidy an fanible, por-
 thorided eeople ditireetly or thru their gor. Oe peoplo direetiy or thru their gov. firenteck and firretock products viit the euteptioe of eome commendable Eer by the provisecial goverment in furter, berour there or vost steak
 cosies, therefores, and especialiy wheat ctosiog, io sure to rembin the para.
 Ine ir Matatchewn, whether carried Who are to comen, will tocered or fail aptopertion as wheat produetios is Selocting Momentendern
sir J. A. M. Aikeak peakisg to an thlume the thatoment itat of the morsteste is the three vertern yro
 io dowt that tametoais verv gratel
 to beat boik of the frol formere but the tho drifted froe thelr land did to bo stable "ioy vetuent for their lator pros table isvotuest for their lober thas

## Saskatchewan

1535) 

 -and her nationall ownership of her
railways. She will also have the very great advantage over Canada of being, as Canada is not, a very heavy buyer
from those countries to whom she will seek to sell her agrieultural products. Farmers Want Reliof
abliged to invest eapital is its aequir ment. The bringing in of settlers and
the placing of them upon land when they eannot sueceed as farmers is nation as a whole, and also it is an ex
perience to which we would certainly the Empire who have sacrificed so mueh on our behalf, and whom we hope to ee settled in large numbers in Wester Increased Production No Beneft
$\qquad$ the encouragement and promotion greater production and they have not
all been fruitless. Saskatehewan's gross agricultural produetion has ad vanced rapidly and certainly its per may be justly proud. Indeed it has been held thit is average per it hapita roduetion of agrieuttural fabor this province excels every other country in the to appreciably increase tlie per capita production of those engaged in agriculture and even of those whe engage prineipally in grais production, tho the per eapita productios of wealth of any plass upon the land. Yet is spite of his enviable record one of the coun ry's greatest problems has been What
of keeping upon the land those whom have been placed there, and even those bere and raised there, instead of lettiag them drift to our urbasi centres. The truth is that increased per eapita pro-
duction, elther is eatile or in grais. has been mo criterion of the profitable hess of produeties. Kxperienee han taught us that greater production conditions of the farmers themselves, and indeed on the farms even more and indeed on the farms even more tion, if widely extended, has frequently educed and at times deatroyed the proftableness of production.

Cost of Production Fncreaned
e fully aware, immediately preceding the war this country was facing an ing misent sad very serious ecosomie en whe In the midat of sin sumaner seasos ploying almont its maximumy of laber. there were not leds thas ose lusdred thousand mes out of employment in Chasds. Husimess was stagnant, and welh that in the agriculturai west were ance of the Yederal Government during the followisg winter many thousasis of farmers would havesulfered dire wnot and privation, and many thous asterly unable to eontisme their farming aferstions. Osly the esthresk of the war the enlistisent of large mumbers of mes for Injerial servies, the rise is uriess of grais asd large erders for military supplien sverted impendisg eslamity. Nothisg exerpt the asprofisblesess of
agriculture eould posiblv have plared agriculture could posibly have plared the many thousands of farmeroveno required asoistante frose peition. The average coast of production of a bushel lislied by the findinge of several respes silic commissiass as well as by isveat inistitutioss havieg many bramelves thru oest the reastry, The Grais Markets Cemmissies of the proviser of Masi wheat sad plaring it os cars or in the forsal elevator at 1013 sond ofler hediesto plifil earriad a 1013 and other hedies wherl earriel it st sealigations sigher smotest. This cent, however, has sisee increased so that the proseot cost of frotuctias inge pefice retelved by the farmers of this provises for the aversge grade of whest marketed by them dariag the derade prior to the outhreak of war.
We belleve that at the el
war, and indeed at the first, real ind farm produce in Saskatehewan wil quickly deeline and in all probability about the average which obtained be fore the war. The cost of produetion
on the other hand will not be-reduced that farming ind fiaske is real dange that farming in. Saskatehewan, should It continue to labor under its present
burdensome handieaps, may become positively unprofitable. may becom

Competition after the War
At the present time, on the authority
of Mr. W. Sanford Evans, ehairman of Mr. 2 W. Sanford Evans, ehairmai the enormously high ocean Commission, which obtain give Canada a very great advantage over what are now her mos important gompetitors for the Europeas wheat market, excepting of course the United States. After the war this ad vastage will speedily disappear. With the removal of trade restrictions upan imports from britain, the loss of this advantage could be somewhat miti kated since there would then be provided return journey for vessels carrying on the from Canadian prosts to Britafn, and be cause the free offerisg of retura freight tends to reduce the carrying eharge on outgolng wheat. With oceasin rate ogrin normal our long ipland rail haul will much more than lose us any ad-
vantage which we may have is distance vantage whieh we may have is distance of acean haul over the Argentine with ther short ralt haul and her year-rousd
open ports and whose coat of production we can searcely hope to equal because of her eheap. Peos labor and elimatie conditioss whieh permit of eheap living. Russis, a country whieh will emer. sy a sew world, for a world she really is with her vast extent of territory and her husdred and seventy millions of white pepulatios-we believe will be come a dangerous competitor on the Europeas markets. With moders appli sces she can esormously iserease her agrieultural production both in the ag: kregate and per eapita. Hoe lower eost prosimity to Kuropeaih importers will pive her a very great sdyastage over Westers Camada is placiag "pos the Europeas import markets all limes of agricultural products. Bhe has also the
sivantage of low inland tranoportation

If therefore the Western farmer is to hold his own and if the agricultural suitable homes to the migrating peoples of Great Britain, it is highly inpera. tive that everything possible should be done to place the former upon a sound aconomic hasis. If agriculture, and especially grain production in these ently profitable the problem of British migration will be greatly simpliffed, and the equally imperative pmohlem of in creased protuction for the Domiaton will be aasily solved. Westera Agriculture must be accorded relief from many of the handieape under which it suffers if it is to succeed, but the farmers want relief rather thas compensation. They do not want to be compensated at the cost of high priced bread for the struggling masses of Kngland, a condifartificial protection of colosia! whent by the Mother Country We are look ing rather to such natural remedies an edueation of ourselves to greater off. cleacy, the reduction of the cost of supplies by the sdoption of ehesper methods of distribution, better marketing faeilities, partieularly for liveatoek, the organized selling of co-operative credit with governmental guarantee, lower cost of transportation to ocean a high protective tariff places mo esa high protective tarif places so es Is the eduestion
good work has alrendy farmer maek booth the Yederal and Proviscial governments, but there is still room for very mueh effective work in this field of endeavor. More should be done is carrying knowledge to the man on the and by persanal contact and loeal oes ing himosatration, rather than expect to our seloools and ex nerimental farms, a thing whieh fow farmers are shle to do, sloe heesurs educstisg of farmers' sons in urban cutres in the vast majority of eases purgent them from the land. There is argeat aeed for a better sdaptation of ogriculture sy flom to the meets of maser all his isitial evergel farmer has timoelf up for grals production, whiel Is the firat essential lis sgrieultural de velopment, and he requires to herrow While stoek ralalng as atock rasialag. Cuntisuat en Freer 31


## Ontario Apples

We have axais contrseted with the Yruit Growers' Assoelations whese reliability we hiave proven is past seasolns, and we are able to offer our members the best Apples that ean be secured, with the middlemen's profite entirely elliminated.

These Apples will come direot from the ONTARIO FRUIT GROWERS TO THE SASKATCHEWAN GRAIN GROWERS
ast your order in early and secure the beat pesalble seleetion of the frult obtainable
No Risk of Frost
We cover you againat all riak of damage in tranalt
See your Leeal Secretary re priees, or write to the Gentral for Apple Oireular
The Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association Farmers' Building, Regina, Bask.

## HE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

POULTRY setw wow your sino hiligs<br><br>prowtit birne criw. mayby<br>The W. J. Guest Fish Co. Limited

Highest Price Paid for all your Farm Products

Farmers' and Gardeners'
Produce Exchange, Limited

305 Carlton Street, Winnipeg

## Live Poultry <br> THE PRICES OUOTED BELOW

 ARE ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.

Golden Star Fruit and Produce Co. winmirto

## 

Protect Your Teeth





Our Prices:
anty Orown (zaz)
whitetione Vulcenite

It you prowak a plate oar Fmer


## Dr. Parsons

\#edreevy aik. Fertage Ave.

## Manitoba

## ShadELAND CONTRIBUTES

GENEROUSLY<br>The seretary of the Shadeland Grain Growers' Assoriation (Darlingford P.O.


$\$ 1.02$ (net) per bushel. This amount is contributed ot the relief of the starving
Relgian people:-
8. B. Chartess, $221 / 2$ bushels; Ja
Dudgeon, 38 buahels: M. Mefiregor

Dudkels; Jno. MeKenzie, 40 bushels; J. E MeEliroy, 15 burhels; Aih, Armstrong, 31
bushels; J. C. Smith; 40 bushels; Mr: R. MeElroy, 25 bushels; Sam Andrew, 40 bushels; John Ching; 37 bushels;
Kandy, 35 bushels; ${ }^{\mathrm{F}}$ Hushels: Wood, 300 Aroas, 29 bushels; Jas. Phipps, 23 bushels; 33 bushels: A. A. Arnots, 42 -bushela
Row Morow, 25 bushels; Ed. Jordan $251 /$ bushels; H. G. Rnith, 20 bushels;
Thow. M. Dodge, is buahels: Compton
 of k31 bushels. Alm a contribution of $\$ 10.00$, making up the amount of $\$ 897.60$.

Central office congratulaten Shadeland Aere Fund and we would auk Pacretary Amith to kindly thank all those who have helped in making up this amount.

## APPRECAATIVE LETTERS

The Guide readers of the Manitobs eetion will be interested in the following tions sent to the geveral funds as instructed by the various loeal branches who have
contributed so generously to our Patriotic Acre Fund

## R. C. Hender

A
Dear Sir:- I ani in meceipt of your letter of the 2xth ult. enelosing \$80 60, being Churme of the Manitota Ginin Growers Indred, the Red Cross is deeply as pereciative of your kind contributions.
Our demands are very havy and increas. ng all the time. Every misuriber will have the satiofartion of knowing that hig
funds are smisting is the proweution of
tis
 have much pleanure in
official reerpt for samie
(Sigred) A. L. PELLARD,
secy Manitoba Branch,
化. C. Henders. Vaq.
Dear sir:-1 have much phawure in ing cheek for 8719.70 for the Belgian Alief Fuad, being an additional contribuAcre sheme for the relief of the Ielsion sufferes. Plese soeept my thanks for ibis wenerous contribution.
The needs of the Belgias sufferem are incrrasing and we have to appeal aspin your part hip 1 amm netisfed that you will appeal asin to the members of your
atmiation to mame to the amintance of the starving Belaians
groued) A. 3
I. DUBuc,

Manitota Grain Gir
Dear Ampriation.
Dear sims:-We beg to acknowledeg eedoring eleok for $\$ 741.70$ Reing forther ouheription fook the Patriotic Acre Fund The presijlent and directors log to espros that you kindic spptend to the sub cribers their thanks for this eneroun votribution to the worthy caver


## Tanitola Grain C

Dear Almoriation.

- Parar Sirm-On behult of the Returned to ark thowleder rexipt of yours 1 desimy contribution of sandso from your Ps.


## $y$ thanks

(Signed) A. H. SMITH, Returned Soldiers Ass'n

## seed grain rates in force

 inferior grain in Manitobe this year there is likely to be a large percentage of seedgrain brought in from outside points. This grain hroughtin from outside panits. Thi sed grain is likely to be much higher in rice in the spring and we would advise their seed before the bulk of the good grain is shipped East. To make this easier the sperial seed grain rate has been ar ranged to become effectuve from Oct
and remain in foree until June 15 This enables all bons fide farmers to ship f the regular rate. All our lonal see retaries will have these seed grain certifeates os hand and if any of our meretarien require more they can zot them by apply-
ing to our Central office. The rules in ing to our Central office, The rules in cancection with the use of the same as last smasin.

## parm help

## Applications are coming to the Centra

 office for positions as farm helpers, some married men are offering service by theyear, among them one as farm foreman. He has several years experience. Farmens requiring such help may get in touch with Central offiee. This is a place where the Central may eoopperate.

## FRANKLIN BRANCH

The Pranklin. Branch of the Manitobs the sum of 81420 for membership dur and convention reports. Most of our secretaries have had a very bury season take up the work of therir hranch again and make plans for their fall and wioter program in the work of their braneh.

RALLY FOR ORGANIZATION
The wason of the year in now here Grain Grower' Asmociation should plan or a full program of winter activitios has been and is at the present time the oone matter requiring our earnot attention, but this will soop be out of the way, and
the next question of paramount inport. the sext quastion of paramount importthe lareses rowults frome our yeors lathors winter's opportunity." A satiofactory be reached thru thomush ervanioation and inteclient co-oprration:' This being truer it behooves su to call toesther, as mon as pomible, all of our working forves. in order that they may be so efganised teable to not only renior samervice to to the community, but hat they will be placed it selh poeition that sueh nervies will Our organiastion has dose a geat deal ditions both os to the landling of our ditions both as to the handling of our of the farm, surh ss poultry, butier, esse potat
ditions you must livers to eocterste. Our lypalo must eet toether and talk over
 herk oportume time for tho ormaining imptoved
Theal showe peenilent and serretary of each tore meeting, this aurvey should cover the territory belonsing to each director, in such a way that they will be able to help him with suesestiont in hit vork of ent burv and wee to it that every family and individual in his teritiory has beet afforded the pirvilese of pining the loesal meeting should te fund lelore this canvas is made and a few of the fletures of the
menting't pereram should tre settled metingi: program shoold to evtiod.
director to talk about in his canvase It will also afford him a splendid oppor-
tunity to extend a personal invitation to tunity to extend a personal invitation to
each person in his territory to be present
at the meeting and to come prepared to offer some suggestions for the winter program to be taken up in the Association

## WHÓSE IDEALS DOMINATE

 those ideals prevail in Western Canads or those of a comparatively smal plas whom the majonty permit to be "in-Aluential?"
Do people take their views of what is desirable, of what constitutes suceess, of the type of life they shall live. rom what ordinary men do or from wha munity with special environment and apecial advantages? In matters of socis and eeonomie and publie life which laken as the form and pattern, the life which the majority, the ordinary men an
women know, or is it the life which som "upper ten"' or seleet "four hundred"

## Laws and Courts

In the master alr low examp the guidance of common men. The law are to be obeved and observed avi fulfilled by people of average attainments and abilities, but are our laws simple and direct and unmastakabie so that the average mind will be quite sure as to the ad techrieal so that oenly a specially trained elases ran interpret and apply th moost ordinary of them? Are they madry accemsible to the average man by widely eireulated publication of every proposed
law so that men may disrum it and of every enacted law mot that men may readily tevito ity Where it is imposition beeause of the kreat coot of printing ects which run to scores or hundreds pages, are there stepe taken to serve th common people by authoritative suthmaries or ablitracts thry which the funds: nental principles will become known Ir muart one go to some one of the clas the will of the community expressed i: its leginlation in? In the day when the eommon people come to their own the
makers of our lawn will, more than they makers of our laws will, more than they do tolay, study directness. simplicity make elear the meaning to the averng make diear tile meaning to the averug to give opportunity to the common peopl Lo wecome arquainted with the las
which their lives are to bo lived.
And in the gaster of the courts, thei unetion is to dejuatice between man an pank, and to doal with they who volat If you coter a modern court room in othich aman is being tried for a crime do yoy and that the court is constituted for, and tmeans of eetting all the farts relevant to the cam, in ordir that nikht may be done aroeedure that every mas, judee, lawyen, ury is mekins privarily ibe presentation of all relevant evidence so that nothing
dhall be wanting to the summing up and ahall he wanting to the summing up an ell imenatibly reminded of the old an appooedly diseredited "trial by combat. each fighting the other? Do you fin manifest attempts to istimidate of te eonfuse sitnesers in order that their testimosy may be diseredited? Do you
find superme stress laid upas thinge that find supeveme stress laid upese things that
to nine out of ten ofrinary mies an to nime to to morely tertnical or whall quibling and hairsplitting and lencing quaut words which ald pothing to the elvidation of the probicm? Do you fing evidene vilath the ondinary monid know to be wital supprowd berause of nome viturmer vosping io tell Do you the *hole truth and nothing but the tifuth and thes astually peevented by counsel
from fuffiting their ontt? to the doy thes the lideale of common men perval a court room will not be a place of live (ournament where neen for the mons ary wan make out of it champion th owher of the deremider, but a place invostizate ond diliterste in coopersting and along the most direet
that rieht may be done.
(Continued bext wrek),
Contributed by W. $\mathbf{R}$. Wood, Neepawa, Mon.

## The Railwây Problem

The predicament of the United States-The mountainous cost of provincial taxation and where it is leading By E. B. Bigga

One is not long studying the drift of commerce and industry and the trend
economie thought in the United States till state ownership of railway sppears to be inevitable, and the reas ous which make it inevitable ought to wakes Canadians to the danger of be poliey of drift. Whese the railway com. brienly stated. Whea the railway comthey believed they soould control both state and federal legislatures is defiance of the will of the people, when "the public be damned" theory of railway rule seemed safe, and when charglog "all the traffie would bear" was the guiding priseiple, only deparied from when some new rival had to be crusted a revolt, led by the Grangers and rutes, a ried by merchants and manufac furers, swept over the country. This revelt showing the need of some new coatrolling power, gave birth to the inter-state commerce commission, but anfortunstely for the coustry, it gave birth to the state taxation-of-railway pelicy and to the state commerce com now every state is the uiplias eanept wo have state commerce commissions whieh regulate the railways and' other publie utilities. And the various stater fithout exeeption fimpose taxes on ruit ways on every variety of plan. These thing were the matural sequence of the era of revolt and anger caused by the exsetions of the rallway eligareby, but the retaliation of the people as was like the revenge of Siamsos. In
with more far-reaching effects, deespod ts rulings were at least consistent with itself, and the more statesmanlike of the railway managers weleomed its influence. The majority of the complaies
became reconeiled to it, not only for the reason given, but because their growing experience taught them that growing experience taught them that the making of new rates out of the whim of a traffie manager or to despoil a rival, the wholesale granting of passes which had become a measee to their own interests, and many other abuses ealled for a remedy beyond the fawer of an individual state, and cerual company. Aut the state commerce syatem had got too well estahlished and system had got too well estahlished and of railways, and the railway taxation pystem had also become a fixed habit his taxation schemes are apt to do; and what has been the outcomel The aggregate of the state taxes imposed on the railways of the United States ha inereased from a few hundred thousand dollars a year to over $\$ 136,000,000$ in 1914, and it is still growing, as the in-
erease over 1913 was $863,445,000$. Of course if the railways of a country ar course if the railways of a country are these taxes must be added to the cost of operation, if the same dividends are to be maintained. In any case, the taxes become a part of the cost of maintenance, and the railway com panies sow take a barren satisfaction is showing that sueh is inevitable. It is not ouly these special taxes


briagiag dows the pillars, of the grand stasd which destroyed the Whilistises sae inotange infury to themnefver. In commerve commisolions, fort into forve negulations an to operation and force freight aned passebger rates which ut aimel at to sezdmptist the purpo

State Taxation Not Beat
Is some eases this was because the Hentiral laws hy mate effeetive without cases an order to lower rates or other ether restrictios would rates or have the effeet of iojurisg isdustries withis the atate itelf, xte thr trw woult in then interoled to louninb, the railmays prown sely to le counter irritanto milel did not cure the discase! some lows it was phyiestly fixposailite for itso railmay to ebey. This result was only estural shere regulation was being experimest of with, and the members of different commisuiber hat tiverse motiont of the fanctions of a rillway. Hut the jar and diates te the trath people of sill the states to the truth that they could sot inteit of the ralloy, asd the ment in linet that they could soop do sithol the patroasge of the people. Out of this eosfuaios the work of the Ister.
whiel all the people pay, but in the end they pay the coos of the Interstate comolerfee Cemmistion with that of the whale company of the state commerve all their diatoriant and self otelnifyis decisions, regulations and restriction are so many eloge an the wheels of the country's commerce.
Yerk Btate sow maky laws of New York State sow make a volume of Ts: payes, thone of Pensoylvasia 600 pages, five recent yames (1002-7) over foo state laws regulatisg railways were put ee the statiste boeks is all the states. In the work of the Teterotste Cemmerce Commisolos whote decisioss have all the effeet of laws kntil upwet by the courts, these decisions op to 1909 silled pixteen large volumes. In the one ano bias of the Yederal Cosgress of 1900-10, tredured, and of thone that passol som. frod a far-rearhing effeet os the work ing of the railways. Mo inportast is the effeet of mew federal laws, and so ssexpected may be the effect of state laws, that as most
of the railusys sperste one state, it has bees fousd seceswary for these to usite is malotaisisg a do fartment estled the t+Comainitieg os ith Helation of lailway Operstion to Legis

## WRIGLEYS <br> 

THE place of all places for a keen enjoyment of WRIGLEY'S is in the driver's seat of a speeding machine.

This delicious, lasting, minty morsel allays thirst, steadies nerves, helps appetite and digestion.


Write Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., Led., Wrigley Bullding, Toronte for "MOTHER GOOSE" book in colors.


## Build With "METALLIC

 tastiakt
## SHINCLE <br> comatwatio



M MKE your bellipg lan 8

 Brick Faced and Clappoard Siding "Haliniv" Ventilators, "Aclosoe" Road
 Metallic Rooting Co, Lalited, 797 Notre Dame Avense, Winntpes

If you do not see what you wat solverlised in this issus, write us and we will put you in touch with the makers

## What is an Internal Bath?

By R. W. BEAL



October 14, 1916
cost of transportation down, beeause now for the first time it will be plain
that every one of these interests will that every one or these haterests will
be direetly imperited by higher costs of railway transport and safe-guarded when railway rates are reduced to the when railway The situation in the United State is thus explained, because of the lyyht it will throw on the railway erisis in Canada. Like causes will produce like results if allowed to operate unhind ered; the chastisement of whips in 1916 will become the chastisement of seory:-
ions by 1920 .

## Unfairness of Our Provincial Taxes

 It is true we in Canada have not drifted so far into the maeistrom that oaly ose proviscial railway commission only ose provineial railway commission limits its regulatiog work to eleetrie railways. But -our Dominion railway commission, like the timid surgeon, has so far shrunk from inflieting sueh pain on the railways as to remove the diseriminations and illogieal rates; and the Post Office Department, in framing a pareel post service has, like a timid deptist, been so tender fowards the ex press business owned by the railways, appurates is the public fow. suppurates in the publie jaw.quences we have Imitated the unreasom iog poliey of the Ameriean states in im. posing provineial taxation on the Canadian railways, and the authors of these tax aets have been praised for the sehievement, as if they had been some great geserals reeovering spoils from as esemy. Let us show how our proviscial railway tax, instead of being an isspiratios of retributive justice, is merely a meass of infieting wounds up; on ourselves and our nelgtbors. the provinees-and many of their muni-
elpalities except Prisce Edward Is. land, tax the railways, the total is 1915 amounting to $83,049,727$, and the aggreeate is isereasing year by year. Sup: pose that only one province, say Oatario, levied the whole of this impost of three millions a year. Would it not be plaies that as each eitizes individual. ly pays his share of the whole cost of with the amount of his parchasem of vink the amoust of his purchases of failway-as shown is the frot sritelog and as each provisee sharee the eharge is the ratio of its pepulation, then $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{o}}$. tario is taxisg indireetly all the ofter provisees.
At all railway revenues are derived from the people, tige effeet of this tax is to artisciaily raise the cost of trasspertation, and is this jespect if makes no difference whether the roads are owned by the companies of the govern-mest-he amosot of the proviacial tax ation. It makes no differesce to the failmays how the tax is raised, but it does make a kreat differesere, to the people where it fallo. If Oetario alone gets the tax and the people of the *hole Dominion pay for it in iseressed cost of tramppertatios, thes Ontario is bleeding sil the other provinees thru the railways. Is ether worde, Ostario mould be ereeting a railway tell gate by Which she levies toll os all the trafte beat pasee thru ber territory east or the extent that Ontario's abare of the tax, which is now 01.404 .933 , exceels that of the other proviares aceordisy to pepulation. Eves if every provfice levied the same tax fe the samie pro pertios, the people of Casada woold sot be advastaged to the extent of a cent by withdrawing from a railway a surplos which they themselves have put lato it. On the esotrary, they are the lef ef to the extent of the cont of the leginhtive and elerical mashinery fatlactes "bred and hora" is the teld of goveramest tirs private rallway ownerstip, this of proviscrial sad state tasation of railway is the most self. hypeotio.
out of this ulluion srises the cerrions circumatanee that for many years the people of Canada have been paying taxes to the State of Miebigan thru Mietirgs make op, the defelt as the Mietigan seetion of the Grasd Truak, caush is jart by the abwormal ames. state.

THE GRAIN GROWERS, GUIDE
(1539) 15

## ATIIOROUGBibutid ADDITIONAL PARTS, SUPPLEMENTARY SPRINGS, SPECIAL WHEELS, HOODS, RADIATORS, ACCESSORIES AND CHANGES ARE NOT NECESSARY IF YOU BUY A; <br> <br> Cheurolet <br> <br> Cheurolet <br> In Appearance, Comfort and Performance on any road, the Chevrolet is a real automobile. Study these exclusive features and compare them with other cars at or near the Chevrolet price. <br> VALVE-IN-HEAD MOTOR THREE SPEEDS CENTRE CONTROL ELECTRIC STARTER ELECTRIC LIGHTING ELECTRIC HORN CANTILEVER SPRINGS STEWART SPEEDOMETER <br> F. O. B. OSHAWA noADETER OR FIVE passengen tounina CAR FULLY EQUIPPEO NON-SKID TIRES on rear Wheels <br> THE CHEVROLET MOTOR CO., timNPA  FActoay, OSHAWA. ONT. <br> Send for Literature. See Nearest Chevrolet Dealer.

TO MUNICIPALITIES, CONTRACTORS, FARMERS

## LUMBER то тия

FARMERS' SAWMILL AND SHINGLE CO. BRIDGE TIMBERS, SILO STOCK, WELL CURBING supplied on Short Notice.

Prompt Shipment

## Choice Manitoba

## FarmstorSale

Apply for Liet to
Canada Permanent Trust Compary, 298 Gmy 8 , Trimips GED. F, R. MUREIS, Menser

## Will It Pay You

W E ire going to answer that question: why
 merchandise, the best value, and the best service when you spend your money.
Becane we are doubly interested in neeing that you get the very hest of everything that your money will buy when it is spent W E notrobly have the best merchandise, but we ve that personal attention to your orders-








${ }^{\text {r.s. }}$. NEWMAN umireo
\$25 a Week Pay $\begin{gathered}\text { inttrestw } ? ~\end{gathered}$ The preasat demand for The Cuich is such that it is imperative that
we inereade our sfaff of subscriptios solicitors. We will pay any man or woman a liberal commissican and salary for collecting either new of rencwat subscriptions. The opportunity is now at its height, between now and Christmas there are thousands of Guide subseribers whose
sulseriptions are expiring. These renewals will mean eommission and subseriptions are expining. These renewals will mean commission and spite of the faet that the erop this year is not as large as last year, conditions in the Weat are goul. There is plenty of money and the percestase of new subseriptions whilh The Aumide is roveising is larger than ever betore

## A Real Opportunity

Itere is a splenelin opportunity for any mas of woman who is looking
 Write ta The Guille and full partirulars will be sent you. Address your Grain Growers' Guide Winnipeg

## Cadififf KiNGCoa

Oisan, economical, leng-burning ceal, without duat or slinkers. Fill your bise this winter with kiwa ceal. order new. Prempt delivery guaranteed. Aak us te send you our pleture calenter esch month FREF.

THE OARDIFF COLLIERIES, LTD. EDMONTON, ALTA.
, ,nn-


#### Abstract

In contributing link in the chain of link in the chain of discussion on eo-operative credit associations, 1 should like to a few statements which appeared in The Guide in July 5 issue, in an article by which gives an allto which gives an allto gether wrong impren sion regarding eredit $\qquad$ faith. A bank issue notes, which are only promises to pay on presentation, but we take it that behind these notes there is in the hands of the bank bullion or syerie to the value of the notes issued notes issued. Wetual do not actule it. Similarly whe man borrows money not founded on trust in the borrowers but on the security of the borrowers This This is lineorrect. The personal equation flus the -assets is the goveraing panies. And of these two the personal equation, is other woris, the moral risk, is foremost in the banker's mind whes he lends. John Brown may atoply for a eredit of 8,000 and give a true state: ment of his affairs, showing a carreet surplus of assets over liabilities of 850 , 0000 . But unless the hanker is satisfiel 000. But unless the banker is satishel on the moral risk first he would not be justified in lending the monev, because the assets ean easily be disposed of within an hour of the paying over of the eash eredit. But to prove that Mr. Meleod's statement is ineorreet you MeLeod's statement is incorreel you Bank Aet, whieh restrains the banker from taking or hargaining for any kind of assets at the time of making a loan. This emphatically proves the converse of the above statement and demonotretes elearly that the fundemental prinefple of banking in Canada is based chiefly asd primarily on the personal equation, the moral rikis. To say, as 3rf. Meliead says, that the corner stane of lianking in this eountry is the value of property, not the worth of the harrowers' eharacter, is worse thas sheer nonsenses. If he were right thes a homesteader, before he gets patent, would be unable to horrow a cent. If




## 

had bees true is the jaat, hew very few homesteaders could ever have proved up
at all, the prairies eould never have at all, the prairies could sever have on of the Kisemptios lawn, home rest arronding to Mr. Meleod's state ment, even after the homestesder has biter, foar hormes, sis cows, futf time of machisery, ete., ete. So far as hor nwieg jurjuee are concerwer, legally ywaking, he does not own thes. They are exempt and eassot be maile sabjeet able to harrow regularly at the bask if the above statement is true?

Hualnese Founded On Faith
It might be put this way, All busi
is is foundea os faith, Basking is
tion of the Kxamptios iams is a decider Insirasec, He does not meed this jro iectuos ast rarely avails himpelf of it The fundamental idea of, Asemptiong is a mew coustry with great demand for settlers is good and usdoubtedly jus
tifled, but the mesaure of those exemp. tiked, but the measure of those exemp
tins shoult the fowerent finsteat of ralsel with the pasalige of time. Fhis is juat sabther case of the workingo of a jure teetive peliey signimet whirh the far mers are strong objectors. Industries is the East are proteeted to give them a ehasee to get ow their feet, when they choult
come ablition op a for cope with outalde they arrived at that stage the protee. tios was not relured, it was raised, and the people of the Wrat pay for it is increased prices on almost everything
they boy. The farmers similarly have
protection, and instead of redueing is, exemptions ought to be yet further inwith regard to the protection of eastorn industricst You nee 1 not be very far
sighted to see that exemptions are hurt. ing the farmer. It is driving away eapitail whieh otherwise would be lent him for agrieultural purposes of improve-
ment. The working of exemption in ment. The working of exemptions in
this-ountry almo kepo en the land in
thany eases a man who will never make many cases a man who wil never make
good there, of no use to himestf, his goommuity' oo country. He is not ex.
comm trom the privilege of asking for eredit at the store and in going from cne store to another he can usually run along comportably, leaving the storekeeper, who enjoys no exemption, to
pay for his upkeep and whistle for his money. Neither he or his shatels cai be touched. For some reason the gov. ermament has deereed. "If you do not want to ray, just do not, he cannot
make you. And in the lone rua, the conse vences will not hurt the lender. who does not need to lend, but it will row. That the exemptions in Barkatche wan have hurt the eredit of the quar ter wetion farmer is an established faet
tout larger farmers suffer as well. The but larger farmers suffer as well. The capitaliat, witity than this province of tere We must remember that interest is alwass high where seeurity is poorHeece the high rate th the West. If raise the value of the security. we must There ere several other points raied by Mr. MeLeod which 1 should like to dispute, but time and space prevents me. The above comments are neecs sary as a correetion to wome of the
otatements
made, whick, if not correct. ed, might prove detrimental to the pro edmight prove cetrimental to the protion betwen farmers and bankers, with. out which proper eoperative ere lit
atoriations cal never become eotal. lisheib. The interests of the farmers and the banks serving them are identically the same, namely: the develop ment of their respective distriets The hanks undoubtedy cater to commercial
 iv, if not more oo, to the farming com: iv. irtier morer os the Hank Act allows

Farmers Can Organize Themselves As to eo-operative eredit ansociations; tive sasociations is eperation is the Weat, the queation of rural co-operative eredit associations for short term loans has presented itself. It must here be and eo-operation, asd it is only the eoand co-operation, asal it is onely ine con with independemee that stasis the test of time, and for this reason the surcess of an stroriaties, requiring the peelies of awsets-whieh process would be detr! mental to isilejendence-is doubtful and has, therefore, better be left alose. Hat surely the farmers coull take the initiative and orgasize a co-operative
asoolation atrong enouglo to approael awociation strong enough to approaeh thess proposition whirh would prove of advastage to the farmers ant would. appeal to the bask. If this were dose exoperation would have gained a vietory is its mew feld sad it would be true eo-speratios as the farmiers would have kept their isisependesce intact. if that the farmers awavestien I take if that the farmers have already real. ised the advastages of eooperatios and
 eo-operstion has done for the farmers in Desmark and other Europeas eous. tries it cas de for the farmers is Cas: ala. Co-qperstios is Desmark, durisg the past sfty years has raided the far-
mer frowe a slave to a power, but it mer frote a slave to a power, but it
must be remembered that eo-pperatios cassot be trasoplasted, it must he rown frem the beet-available seed. You canaot take eo-aperative systems from
Denmark and introluee then here with. out alteratiens, they lave got to be rei melelled to meet foral conditions, and their growth earefully mursed. One thiss we hove learsed frem Desmark, and that is. that toe many independent eeoperstive asociations are sot satisfar: tory. The Damish, farmer has anly re:
slised this wits the paot fow years and slined this with the past few years and ganinations are now belisg amalganated

## A Big Business Built on High Quality



No. 6 bulletim
The Latest Book Deseribing Our Telephones. Write for it.

In Ontario and Eastern Canada, the wordg "Canadian Independent Telephones" stand for instruments of the very highest class-telephones that transmit the voice naturally and elearly and give the most efficient service at the least maintenance cost. We have built up the largest independent telephone business in Canada on the high quality of our telephones.
We are doing a nice business in the West, but we are now out after our full share, which should be 80 per cent. of the rural telephone business, if the quality of our instruments is taken into consideration.
Our telephenes are of thedatest desikn, bullt of the hishest arade materials in a completely equipped, modern telephone plant in Toronto But wo don't ask anyone to buy, our telephones because tifey are "Made in Cianada," but beeause they are, at leash, as wood as any made in any forelan country an i betioy than any others made in this country. These are strons words but "Our Free Trial Offer" enables you to prove the superiority of our telephone alonsolde of others right on your own lines, without risking a dollar of your money. Furthermore, we protect all purchasers of our telephones with a strong ten-year kuaranteg. thur servire is prompt, effielent and courteaus. Qive us a trial.
If you are contractian for the building of your system insist that the contractor supply Canadian Independent telephones.
We carry a complete stoek of construction matertats Euaranteed to meet Department speeifications.

## Canadian Independent Telephone Company, Limited

257 Adelaide Street, West
Toronto, Ont.
"HARVEST OVER"-Means Prepare for Winter WATERLOO BOY DO YOUR CHORES


Gasoline Engine and Supply Co. Ltd., Winnipeg


As exrlange says of "The Farmer and The Istereats," that it is The most conelae and liluminatigg book ever writien on rural

Book Dept., Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg

##  <br> Lumber and Fence Posts

The first to sell dirert to farmers. Write us before ontertise stseehers. McCOLLOM LUMBER \& SUPPLY CO., Merehants Benk, Wienipes

You Pan't Cut Out


## ABSOREINE

will cleas them off permasandy, and you work the horse ame time. Doee not blister of remove the hair. 82,00 per bottle, dellirered. Book $4 \times$ froe. Ansolicive, fe, the antieeptic linimest for mankind, reduces Gerkose Velos, Reptures

 Abwertine and Absorbing is, are male in




DOG DISEASES And How to Feed Mailat tree to ayy atirver in H. Clay Cloves CO, los
IIs Wrat Jlat Seren, Ner Tah

Hotstein cows ticel all Others

 of gesed heset.

When whrtivo To Abvastisen PLEABE MENTION THE OUTDE

## 

## Hard-Hitting Big Game Cartridges

are the only sure kind to make your hunting trip the success you xpect it to be. Velocity and accuracy are the two important features in

## Dominion Cartridges

 comes trom hies quality materiath, tkillful workmem with the reliability the A seasitive primer that flestes deep ionto the poender tives iastant reeponse to tritter and sim sad makes Dominion the bitbb-power ammuaition tor caribou, moose, beas, deer sed dill Casadipa bit tame. A sure "Mit tend stop" it loaded iato each certridse to beck up the eportmen" time. No matier mhat the thooting conditioas Domiaion CartridgesWeet the requirements: Old Block
Domini

SNM Mongortation
into eountry. -wide organizations. Here is the outcomen of mitty years experienee
at our disposal, whieh warns us against organizing, a number of small asaosecia. tions, and points to the advisability of
organizing eountry wide, or in this country with self governing provinees, provinee-wide eo-pperative assoeiation
Do It Turu the Grain Growers
We bave already in the central west. farmers' associations: The Manitoba Gria Growers' association, the Saskatehewan Grain Growers' asociation, and
the United Parmers of Alberta. These organizations are the strongest farmers: awheciations in canada, sut evens at of his provinéial association, thereby strengthening his own position, as the stronger the association, the better able it wilt be to promote the farmers in: terests And wo are each and every one anxious to see the farmers intereats promoted, sas with
farmers comes generasperity prosperity to to the country, is it, therefore, not logiceal to get to the matter of creait asoceis tions thru the machinery already pro
vided by the farmera' orgaitiations re Vided by the farmers' organizations re
ferred to abovel It is a matter of importance to the farmers to secure money at a
rate of intereat and the bank are pre. pared to consider any bankable propo
itition as to
to operative eredits, the ila troduetion of which will ensure lower interest rates ${ }^{1}$ ill, therefore, , sub-
mit a wuzzetion for diveousion based on strictly co operative prinecipless That the Afore named farmens' asobeistions:
organize
 row money at it lower rate of interest, Exut become ""berrowing meembers", certain summ to a guarintee fund payme amount to be paid by all members, without regard to the smeunt of mooey bor
rowed rowed. The empecastions to endore
or
guarantee pavment of all sivances
 eetion farmers another, ete. A guar antee fund is, of courre, neeensary for the protection of the ampeciation. inel, the sumoliators cants apros orgar banko and meare the seceencry lise of credit To this end a portion of the
Tuaraitee foud the eredit required) moula be depmited with the respetive banks, elither in the form of cash drawing interest or te curitier In addition to this guaratee fund the amesiationt, acormeent
 cheme are pratically eliminated, it ciations to endorse.

Benetis To Be Derived
Bueh a plan would serve to stresythes the positfos of the proviscial organisa lions, and the stronger they become the
better will be the security offered to the banks. It may be asked it Why ohould men livisg in the southers part of the provisee have to stand good for The mency borrowed by mes livisg in he serthert part of the provinee, wit Whom they have so equasetionf' Bim. ply berause the men in the sorthers southerl part. This is true eo-opers fios, with the esentral erganimation as medium. It is exactly the same process whieh enables, the farmer it ane carner of the proviare to purehase twine rate because the farmers is the other calemera of the provisce also purchas the same merchandise thru the assopla: tion.
some of the polnti whel may the 1. It will enable the farmers to ob tais eheaper money, and in this respect will settle the question of a farmars hank for atort ternie loasa. who ows mothing above exemptioners. herrow mase 3. It will
atvasces mate to farmers.
4. It will increase the membership asd eonalderably stresgthee the position of the farmers' organisatios thereby doubly benefitting the members. banks is a skeletos which shenty an

October 14, 1916
removed and which undoubtedly will
dissppear as the education of our rural disappear as the edueation of our rural
is is in most communities advanes.
cases buitt on imagination and unwarcases
ranted distrust to corporations in gen.
eral it is an undeniable faet that the real. It is an undeniable fact that the
ene, and are, the commun banks have been, and are, the community builders of the West. How many farmers can honestly and squarely ask themselves if the banks did not help them to progress, and deny the faet In the rural distriets the farmers in-
terests and those of the banks are identerest, only when the farmers progress wilt the banks progress.
Very little true eo-operation is known here as yet. Co-operation of a kind, but
governient protected; not the kind government
which promotes independenee. For the further progress of the West, Edueation, Co-operation, Independence are
seecssary factors, and Organization is seessary factors, and Organization is
required to establish them.
farmers win fight The Carteton County Milk Produefor higher milk prices and sinee Oe tober 2 reeeive the 22 cents per gallon nhiek they demanded. The eitizens of
Ottawa, from the same date, pay nine Ottaws, from the same date, pay nine
cents per quart for their milk, and, as ients per quart for their milk, and, as effeet without very mueh fuss of any $\frac{\text { kind. }}{\text { The }}$ Ottawa Dairy Co, have announced that after earefully probing the matter, they came to the conclusion that the inerease from 17 cents to 22 eests per gallos would not give the farmer any more than wages for the
work and nithlig on the amount of work and has be has livested, and that the increase of one cent to the consumer gives the dairy company just four cests per quart for their share of handling and delivery of the wilk. The prevalent high price for cheese is said to be largely responsible for the in: erease together with the searcity of everything but hay whieh the farmers seremot att dairymen dettivertig milit in the eity have ailvanced their prices after Mosiday, Oetober 2.

Result No Burprise
After the first eutburst the fggt simmened down to a waiting game and the rewit has bees no surprise. The faraens stuak out for their inerease and their mill durfing Reptember, this be isf an ineresse of ene eent over the former price, while the cest to the cossumer reanimed at eight cents. The the vatter in compiftee, who have tariag logal silvies, that thenter aeIo nething paived te that there mould isjuaction to step the rive fying for an therefore took nop such action. Nothing has bees heand frome Hos. Mr, Crothers Misimer of Labor, with regard to the iaventigation wbich was requested, and ine graeral opinioe is that mothing will whies timetil about next summer, by teese redued a prieste will probably have The roed aitue. still meking ways and that they are fog a restuitios, and witie the minury ar dairy is being rosoldered aunine Cols of cembatting the Ottawa Dairy con actios, this is also some distance Ah the dairy eampasies wetting min is the eity have raised their prices to oise to despetcolies publistids, herend: ing to despatelies published here, is Torsote, the latter elther Mosing 11 cestol of firot mind the fort paying 11 cests per flamiltes to payingor ceats, and no thing was heard of the rise ip price

[^1]

## We make it food

There is an enthusiasm about

## PURITY FLOUR

that makes you want to bake. The results are always so reliablé and good. Use it in your difficult recipes.

34

## Our Customers have made it famous

$\begin{aligned} & \text { "The Yarmer and The Interoats" beging by tolling us tarmee } \\ & \text { he is an ano and ends by telling him how ho can be \& prisee }\end{aligned}$
head it and lears how. 15 seats poot poid.
Beok Dept., Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg


Laid THREE Eggs in 23¹/2 Houns



Pratt́s, Poultry REGULATOR
泡越 $x^{\circ}=$



Pratt Food Company of Canada, Limited es-3 cleroment street, TOnowTo.

## Just-a-Minute Puddings <br> A dalaty deseert, made ready fin a

 few minutes. Delielous when served aboe of with whipped crean or raw fruita. Unempected eompany hes no terrere whe these poddinge are oa the pantry abelf.

IF YOU DO NOT SEE WHAT YOU WANT ADVERTISED IN THIS ISSUE, WRITE US AND WE WIL PUT YOU INTOUCA WITH THE MAKERS

## Fur and Hide Directory

## ${ }^{\mathrm{X}}$ FURS! FURS!! FURS!!! ${ }^{\mathrm{x}}$

eason were about equal with the large American centres. the time. We to foot buy fur, but have o sales warehouse and all Write us for any information.

THE DAVIS PRODUCE CO

XBox 203. The Pas P.O., Manitoba X


## HIDES



ROBE TANNING OUR SPECIALTY
SHIP YOUR RAW HIDES AND FURS
W. Bourke \& Co. BRANDON
BEST PRICES PAID
CUSTOM TANNERS


HIGH CREAM PRICES
36c per lb. Butterfat for No. 1 Sour Croam.
38c per Ib. Butterfat for A1 Oream. 40c per lb. Butterfat for 8trictly 8weet Cream.

## 

Holland Creameries
$\qquad$
BOYS
ONLY TEN WEEK; MORE
AND CHRISTMAS WILL BE HERE


[^2]
## Making More From Hides

By H. Higginbotham


October 11, 1916
the hide of a sucking ealf. The hide of has the general characteristics associa ted with calf skin. The lide of a young ealf which has been taken frow the cow becomes dry and britte. Thus a skia whieh weighs between 8 and 15 pounds masser quality of the hide which eas readily be distinguished by the ing between 15 and 25 pounds taken from weaned ealves, are graded as "kips." "Deacons", are hides of ealves which die at birth or are still-
born, while "slunks" are hides of prematurely delivered ealves. "Deacons" and "slumks" are bought by the piece than full hides and ealf hides more than "kips."
A few words as to salting.

It is pails of salt per hide. The best way to salt is to spread the hide out withis a on the granary floor and spriakle the salt uposit. It is better to salt a sum ber of bides at once, when they may be placed one on top of the other with layers of salt between. They should be left in this, state for ahout up and shipped. In wiater time it is bettef not to put salt on. Ifides should thes be frozen as quiekly as possible and shipped immediately. It is well to remewber that nothing eas be gaised by keeping bides in the wister time. The sooser they are shipped the better priee
they bring. they bring

SEED GROWING CENTRES
The area devoted to wheat in the three prairie provinees in -1916 is estimated at $10,500,000$ acres; that devoted to oats
6.500000 acres and that devoted to harley 0.035000 arres. This enormous area requirst approsimately $25,000,000$ husbels of seed. What would it have meast to the country and to the individual farmers had seed been used whieh wa high in yielding eapacity, was resistant agoinst rust and hail and which was as Ime from weeds as it might have been?
Investimation has shown that where aed of this kind is used we might reasonally eypect an inervased yield of at least five bustirt pet acre in the case of "otiest Giftees bushels is the case of oats and ten buabels in the ease of liarley. Thie would have meant' a total increase of appruaimately $150,000,000$ bushels of grain in the three provisess. That
roormous lowes are feinz mutained ot covernous of impes are being mustained of mealised mote and more by the rank and fil of farmers. The beat farmers as sell as thuse engaged offirially. in enoouraging agriculture have lons realized the importanee of the proliem and regard ing the pant few yesirs many whemes have feen devised and many methods ievisted for the purpone of improving the situation. One of the most competelgnave methosta which so far has fiees umertakes is that adopted by the Canswhise Feed Growers' Asociation. This working under expert direetion, wre en thavoring to produre aerd of the highret ponible degoe of exrellener for their own ow and for the trade. When certatis standards of purity, vitality and trueneme to varinty are eomplied with, the meed is tegintered and may be sold in sealed arks an "Regintered Sked"

Money Advanced on Sieed
Is the paat these growers have been satered, sually bot thoure than whe work5 is the same diatriet, a cobidition which tope an exvenolve operation and of ith same time has made it differult to ort any eonwiderahle quantity of good seed e $=$ हiven locality. As is means of over ooming these dificultios atepe have bees and ate being taken to organise what is known as Hoed Centres" is suitable farmers who ert fogether and agres io produre meed of the same variety in aneoplanee sith the rules of the Canaulian feed Growers' Asociation. They adopt a simple form of ennatitutionfind bv. aumber to choove one or two of ther Ftorkier to to frodure what in eallod "klite its immediate proestity are supplied to sarl mambite in trogery are supplied to ation. The seed offered for sale propher


The 1917 Ford Touring Car
THE old, reliable Ford Chassis-Stream line effect-crown fenders-tapered hood-new radiator with increased cooling surface.

| Chassis | $\$ 450$ | Coupelet | $\$ 695$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Runabout | 475 | Town Car | 780 |
| Touring Car | 495 | Sedan . . | 890 |
| f o.b. Ford, |  | Ontario |  |

Ford Motor Company of Canada,
Limited
Ford, Ontario
Assembly and Service Branches at St. John, N.B.; Montreal, Que.; Toronto, Ont. Hamilton, Ont.; London,Ont.; Winnipeg. Man.; Saskatoon, Sask.; Calgary, Alta.; Vancouver, B.C

## Travelling Agents Wanted

The Guide has vacancies for tes travelling subseriptios asents te cover the three Prairie Provises. The demand for The Guide is such that we must have more agents who will devole their full time to selling Guide subscriptions. Men whe cal showw a elran record and can produce
reaults will be given a very attractive proposition. Thene who are reasased in this work arni carnins bid mubej, but the fletd is wide and we need more aspats to cover it.
If you are a high-elass man and can sell subscriptions we would be iflad to hear fremt yees. In your application state your ase, whether married or sinsle, and previous oecupation, also the names of a eouple of rood references. Adiress your inguiry th the
Grain 'Growera' Gulde
Winnipeg

## CREAM ! <br> EGGS : <br> CREAM!

I PAY CALGARY CENTRLL CREMMERYGNuntror BOX 2074,CCLGARY

WHEN WRTTINO TO ADVERTIAERS PLEABE MENTION THE OUTDE

Gas Economizer
Will redwee your Gresedine Bills frem $\mathrm{as} \%$ to $80 \%$苑碞 Nu livirinatico

 ovete bivi to to irsak gine gulton
 cono mize ccomomizar supfly co.

LIVE HENS WANTED





## Farmers' Market Place OONDUCTED FOR THOBE WHO

 Want to Buy, Sell or Exchangemares on ocsearneo novemituma

## 4c Per Word-Per Week


poutitry and egcs





 BAMHED MOCX AND BHODE ISLAND BED


## FARM STOCK FOR SALE

|  |
| :---: |
|  |
|  |
|  |

## SHEEP <br> FOE: gate  shex for sute 1000 cooid Gend    <br>  

 farm landsRANCH FOR SALE-18.ane ackes leased. 15 rendirix eme Himentin


 The

## tarm machingay

## 

 ron mill -Two roun And one six mot.

$\qquad$皆

## You Are Remembered!

Did you feel a thrill of pleasure when some old trivend wot you a token of remembracet house with whour you have beea dealing showe, perthap lome afterwerts, that they still remember and value your patronase II may be ealy A cirrelar, but beeause it is courtoous and spprecelative it pleases You Betere sutilit they do you s soed turn on the sood old prineiple
 be sparmodie, haphanard: it should be steady, coatiounus.
That is the vied of serviee The Guide aime to sive Onee an adverUser, tiways an ativeriser, The Guide sever forsets you, Yeart, after Hey have advertioed Guide patroas reecive letters Giving them numes servee Bursau torns selearing house for wery kiod of inguiry re. Itatins to alvertisements which have ever appeared in its columna. The Guide enecurases its readers to make use of this service. No matter how loes stibce your strifiusoment sppeared or how faint the elue
siven oy the
 cuibomer inte teuch mith you betow are two letters which show the your.



The letter above reforred to was mailed to the atvertiser the same


 No matter hou sman your id, The Guite remembers it ith Atrertisers service nanow mimarar
The Grain Griwers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.



 $\frac{\text { Hamand, Douphia, Man }}{\text { FOR SALE- BOARS BERKBhIRE, } 1 \text { YEAR }}$



 FOR SALE-PURE BRED DUROC JERSKY

 REGLSTERED DUROC JERSEYS MALES AND


## HONEY, BEE SUPPLIES, ETC.

HONEY-CHOICE WKIL RIPENED WHITE




HOUND PUPPIES RUSSIAN WOLY AND


LUMBER, FENCE POSTS, ETC.
UMBER, DOORS, WINDOWR, STORM SASH


 BUY LUMBEE, SHINGLEX, LATH. DOOBS
 (Payy, Vanowne, BC.


## MISCELLANEOUS

AYMOND SEWING MACMDES AND NA


Hides ank mich-we Fay manert



FRTHEMTONHAEOR a CO, PATENT BOLAC

 BonNal. Tiutank, Hollanta a mosin.



FARM HELP
WANTED-MAN AND WIVE, TO WONE ON



## cattle




HORSES AND PONIES

seed grain and grasses
NANTED-ONE CAR LOAD or Regerna
Lers buy our akrds riom hamia


## NURSING

Private nurses easily garn gas weekiy

sold under the name of the centre asd
thru its secretary. In some cases special thru its secretary, In some cases special
arrangements have been made to have a central cleaning plant and storeroone By virtue of this arrangement it is alke possible for these organizations to obtais presentation of storeroom receipts. This enables the growers to hold their seed until later in the season when purchasen are laying in their supplies. This ability to obtain money in advance is one of
the important advantages effered by this "Seed Centre" arrangement. Where farmers are operating individually, they are not always able to wait until the buying season for seed eommences

Provincial Departments to Help Before the "Beed Centre" plan. wa
dopted, every member of the aswoikation was obliged to produce, by speriat se was obliged to produce, by special se perienee has proven however, that masy farmers who are eapable of growing and cleaning seed have neither the time sar
the patience to produce their own bit the patience to produce their own Elite
Stoek Seed. As a result. the amouat stoek seed. As a result the amoust
of registered seed produced has not heen as great as the demand. It is therefore hoped that many of these centres will be organized thruout the Weat and that
these be widely scattered, since thet these be widely seattered, since thete will always be a number which will sel
suepeed in producing seed which vill suereed
qualify.
At a conference of growers and of tern provinces recently held at Raskatoos. the opinion was expressed that definite steps should be takes at once to lonate districts suitable for seed growing and to encourage the farmens in these districto
to get together and underiake the pto to get together and underiake the pro-
duction of meed in aneordance with the above system. Not only is there a great need for large quantities of good pure seed, but there is aloo an exrellent op portunity for growens, who are fortumate in having elean farms, to engage is a profitalle undertaking. Farmers wha atr munieste with their Provincial De partment of A griculture, as these departments are anxioun to encourage all min mish to engage in the enterprive, providing Newman, Ottawn, Ont.

Your Questions Answered
FAMILY BANK ACOOUN
 A.-If the hushand and wife are my tually agreed it is very satisfactory to have a joint aceoust. Writtes inatrue tions can be gives the bank manager
and signaturna of both luobland and and signatures of both hushand and lisued by either will be elargeable to the one aceount.

COLLEOTNO A DEBT







 cratios
 in -rop tor me (96) $=$ Tan

## THE GRAIN GRDWERS GUIDE

## Winter Quarters for Sheep

Sheep ean be housed more cheaply is not too much room for each breed- 年 than any other class of livestock. They ing ewe. Of course the amount of

do not require elaborate buildings. space allowed each ewe will depend Winter quarters for sheep should be of Winter quarters for sheep should be of above and underfoot. Thererore, when be properly loeated. If possible, a spot of elevated ground should be selected to provide good drainage on all sides. There should never be a time when
water runs in to the sheep barn during water runs in to the sheep barn during heayy rains or when snow is melting,
rapidly in winter. When sheep are rapidy in wiater. When sheep are foreed, contrary fo their nature, to fie tism and stiffness in legs and body will
soon set in. Though sheep like dry quarters in winter they do not prefer
space allowed each ewe will depend
somewhat on the size and breed. Most sheep breeders provide a sep arate enclosure in the sheep bara which
is divided up into several small pens is divided up into several small pens called "lambing nens." In these are placed the mothers with their newly born lambs, each family by itself. These lambing pens are of great value when
lambs are born in the cold winter months, February or Mareh, and pre nonths, February or Mareh, and pre owning their lambs.

## A Suitable Plan

In the accompanving illustration is
shown an inexpensive building which


Ground plan and froat elevation of sheep bars sutable for 100 ewes
keeps them suffeceatily warm. Another iepportant factor leading to the meltare of the toek is to avoid all drayghts Coughing, ruming at the nose, and lung dieeses are ofteen due to draugts bure tould be dry siry, and well veatilated, bot mith be free from druggtas, If atould sito be well highted, siare theep profer tho ligtit and thai to not thinve wow wit dark place. The barn mut have wide doors, so that jored by robilige thra too narrow deor. way. The reabits of narrow doermay: are broke down lipts, the squestivg and crouting of nitte tamber and the shation of ewer hesvy vith hamb Agais, pleaty of roem hlould be pro-

coever a noim tavation

## stats-

## 



Pregnast ewea, Some suthorities say that from eight to twelve square feet ditios is very disugerows, ersierpally for
will be found sultable for the heeping iast $16 \times 50$ feet without asy interior fttinge, not veen fixed mangers or feed raeks, to the eatire foor ypace cas be ured for athelef. The windors are amaged to open in, and should be. oper at the top mont of the time, so tor should the door, to amply provide for from air The laside of the wail four foed to elimimato dravgits trio four fot to diminate draygita tre any nute, where simple draisage is of. foitel. If the ioterior is sifled with carth to a beight of several liscios above the evitifie soil a dry toor is sumeed Nils in at cesential polit, is sheep will mot thrive whes forced to live is buildings with damp floors. thesi, the ldeas bring to thoul rogitase from theits and to foed it duriag: large part of the time from nate out in the open os the wouth side of the sheep berk. Wits thin methad of feed. ing a hasired ewes esil be wistered comfortably is a bare of this sise. Mesty of light is provided by the wisdows os the south slde; the sorth wall being left wisdowles. A large deor os the south side at one and makes
it easy for the slieep to pans is and it easy for the slieep to pase is asd
out withost erowdiag if a large yand out withos erowdisg if a large yand is provided ase the sowth side of a build. quarters will have bees provided for the suimals.

Is experiments carried on at the eheap gaids have been made by feeting rape previese to plaving the sheep is the feed lot. lamber pastured os rape hout fed no grais, made an large galas
an others os good grase jacture anf fed an others os good grase jasture and fed bee pousd of grais but so rape. Is
 os rape made just as muel gois as the
other lambe that recelved ose pousd of other lambe that received ose poused of
arais. It was sloo learsed that is fuishisg bath lots of ose dry. feed that the lamis whieb hat revelved rape previosaly did considerably better thas the other lot sot receiving rape before


## Vanstone \& Rogers

Importen and Breeders of Clydeadales, Percherons Belglana and Hackneya

## North Battleford, Saskatchewan

 We have over 50 stallions of above breeds at our stables and these areof the big drafty kind and very fow of the colts will be short of a ton of meturity.

If you need a horse next spring now is the time to get it and you can not only get it much cheaper, but you can break him in and work him your locallity.
We have a system of insurance which removes all risk for two years from the purchaser.
Anyone needing an exchange can be assured of a falr and honest
deal. We guarantee every horse. Ample time to responsible partles. deal. We guarantee every horse.: Ample time to responsible parties. Ask our customers how we use them.

## Vanstone \& Rogers

## JAMES BROOKB

North Batilloford, Bask.

## SHEEP AND LAMBS <br> 3700 sheep and Lambe will be for sale at MAPLE OREEK, SABK. <br> 2700 BLAOK AND WWITE FAOE EWVE 27, 1016 . 1000 BLAOK AND Whirs FAOE KWE LAMBs All from best pure-bred Osford and Letcester bueks. <br>  <br> M. M. Fleming, <br> Foe further pertieviers ogpiy ${ }^{\text {te }}$ <br> (imaple Leat hetai) AUCTIONEER <br> a. 8 . Herringer <br> maik onsex

Horses
Auction Sales every Tuenday and Friday at LAYZELL'S HORSE Repoallory Froes two to three hundred heel alvar raverside, CaLOARY. number of Ranchers loeving for the front and the closing out of : tot of the big lesims. horves in Calgary are chasp. You can buy ane or a carloed. Wo have s large
 londed an C.P.R, C.N.R. on C.T.P. froe of charge,
If you want horses come to the Recognised Horse Market of Western Canseds. Telegrephic address HORSES, CALCARY. Phone M z2ee. PS. Wo have horese of the blocky type. If you want herwes coene to Calgary where they are cheap.


Whan whitino to advertigres pleagr mention tir outin

Farmers' Financial Directory

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Jown aind, aeneral Manager<br>$\qquad$ vo.uo .on monan num and CAPITAL $\$ 15,000,000$ RESERYE FUKD $\$ 13,500,000$

FARMERS' BUSINESS
The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facillty for the transaction of their banking business, IncludIng the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplled free of charge on application.

## FARMERS!

Money to Lend - Farms for Sale
We have a limited amount of Truat Money to lend on improved fermas situated within a ten-mile radius of Elevator and Railway where the owner- not a renterio in reeidence, maintaining the farm in frat-clome shape, We have ato tome excellent bargsins in farms, improved and unimproved, belonging to Truat Agents wanted in unrepresented districts. Relerences required. Apply to
THE STANDARD TRUSTS COMPANY WINNIPEG

## How Young Are You?

Are you so young that you think you can de anything? Do you believe, as Johnson said "That age will fulfil the promises of youth and that the deficiencies of to-day will be made t?

The London
Life
Insurance Company Kiddeth
The
Wise
Guy by the morrow?" If so, we advise you to coasider the wise words of Professor Jowett-
"We are all liable to make mistakes, even the youngest of us."
The greatest mistake of the young is to imagine that they will always be able to eara money. They do not think now that they need to save. Young men who make this mistake are the ones who are poor in their old age, of who die and leave wives and families without support.
We have worked out the easiest, wisest and surest way to save money and the sooner you begin the better it will be for you and yours.
Send us your name and address and we will tell you about it.

## The London Life

Insurance Company
London : Ontario : Canada

THE LONDON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO. parmises poincy

-     - и - ий

Weyburi Sacurity Bank
 4 Weuterg suabise, lanitotion for
R. a. powtil - beneral manage

MORTGAGE BUSINESS METHODS
 was withheld by the mortkage company uas witheld time as fifty aceres more were
unoken. 1 did not care to finish this broken. I did not care to finish this
contract made by the former owner so contract made by the former owner so
anked this company to carry an increase on my homestead, which had not been
put tiru at that time. They replied by
stating they were unwilling to tend any more money, About six months after that 1 reeeved my interest bill which
ealled for interest at the regular rate for called for interest at the regular rate for
this $\$ 500$ that had never been paid over. Itiss 500 that had never and tore my hair and consulted
If my lawyer, but he told me "not having
drawh up the mortgage 1 couldnt say for certain, but 1 believe they've kot
you." So 1 thanked him, paid my litje you," so thanked him, paid my little
toollar and paid them.
shows that we need not ouly a lowerer shows that we need not oute to capital. Allerta.
MONEY FOR CATTLE FEEDING
The conomie low due to the failure to feed our cattle at bome is we hope and
believe due to reeeive a check this year. We were diseusing this with a. banker
reecnity who stated that the banko are reocntly who stated that the hanks are
full of money, that deponits are now exceeding loans and that enoukh money eannot be got out on loans. We talked the same thing over with a leading Winnipes superintendent a few dayz ago and
questioned the ahility of the farmer to questioned the ability of the farmer to
ket the money wanted for feeding and get the money wanted for feeding and
ireeding livestork. He showed us a litecting livetork. all his local managers emphasizing the importance of the livstork busines and the desirability finding out and supplying the needs of the farmers in their repertive districts.
Whether all the tanks are taking the Whether all the banks are taking the
same view of the quertion or not we do not know, but there is one rure way for farmers to find out and that is to ko in
and try to borrow this money when they and try to borrow this money when they
find they have the means of making effertive une of it. This money ought to be availabile up, to a high perreatake of
the value of the stork, for the prices of catte are hikely to bo as good a year or or
wo hener as at premat ond it ought to two beree as at present and it ought to
he had at a very rasonalic rate of intereat be had at a very reasonable rate of interest
toen That should be true of money for too That should be true of money for
boith feeding and brecoling stork. There is no exruse for it heing over cight pert
ont. and it should in moot coses le noit over six of seven.

Low Rate on Feeders
The ruilwayy have now offered a twentyshipmests hark to the country when the application is made thru the loenal seevsetarier of the Grain Growers' Associas:
Ilons in Manitola of Narkatheran or of tions in Manitolo of Sackatchewan of obould encourase co-operative slipments to be distributed among numbers of small farmern. The Karkatebewah D. partment of Agriculture now has a man on the Winnipegyards to hook sfter the arects of mouh-te buyers from that Thinging slogs the same line at Calgary at lowt. Grin is an unumual price, but
there is a laree amount of it so damaerd there is a larke amount of it so damaged
so to be of little oue for market wo that, tho expentive, there will be a lot oi unarketahle stuf. Giaod roughage is times of chepper catile and cheaper feed but everaily groking, this year cattle cheaper feedo effers =s etroursing sa outhook for atwasioh ar foot a long time. Vind out whit your hiral hank thinks

IN memory or otr boys who FEL in FRENCE Norp on, beny A. Duatow. nlep ob
 Your Empired, flas to nave you died,

But brighter still there wsits for thee, Revard heyond the skies
It in far brighter and mowe granid.
A happy pare otherv atili will meet.
A happy place shere ali will meet.
Th hart omer fol sill thin be glad,

## MONEY <br> TO LOAN

arm-property occupied by. the owner and sltuated not more than 10 UPMON TRNTT


MONEY TO LOAN On Improved Alberta Farms

Associated Mortgage Investors

Money to Loan
on improved farm property
Lowest Current Rates

Apply through our representative in your district or direct to our nearest office.
Thational Onust Company Similed.
323 Main Street WINNIPEG TORONTO MONTREAL EDMONTON RECINA SASKATOON

## Do You Need Money? <br> The Mutual Life of Canade is pue-

 terme to advance money an hiteral tion when matiaflactory mecurity is furniabed:The Company hay loansed upoen mortsegesin the dirferent provinces of Conede over lourteen milione al
dolora and our cliente are satiafied dollars and our clients are antiafied lienta.
四家 0 0itur CHAS. Y. CAESAR Edmenton, Ata. COLIM FRASER, Iu M, Rogina, Sask.
P. D. Mckinmon, Lindsay Building

Winnipeg, Man

## Country Church Music

 eetion method in your rehearnala, Kach Ctr) should foilow in megular onder. Comener reherstels punctully. Keep a molhook and offer miall prizor to thot
attending the mont services and relionalis. Phas your memient of few weeks ahrad if te. mie harsed. Do reot allor anthers. than during mbearsal, but give your moune. If you are convined that certais momber is guilty of a midtake. th not addrese that memter individualiy is the presence of the ehoir. Alwnys Itres the choir at a whiole. alta are everaly opint that the best refual popition of organist and ehoirmaster - kilked bo one eompertent muthan tr the cities ithis plan is being adapted more and more each year. In Winaliper, ten Yas seo there mere only two or three
tharchen to situated Nou thre are thire thas stwenty. However, in the country it is not alowye pomilis to everure perform the douthe duty, oo that a word to the orgamit, whe is not chairmatet. may be of intertat.
organist should realize that the choir-
master is "boss," otherwise there will be frietion. A tacfful choirmaster will, howver, take the organist into his confidence on matters connected with the musical
servies, and frequently invite sugrations serviee, and frequently invite suggestions. Such details as the- tempo of hymns
anthems, etc., should be under control of the choirmater. The organist has a free hand in the selection
of voluntaries and should on of voluntaries and should on
no account tolerate interservice.
Suggestions for Young The proper playing hymn tunes is an importan feature of the chureh serviee
and is often neglected by both the eity and the country organist. In the playing of
most hymns, the re-iteration of repeated notes in one part, (the treble) is usually
sufticient to give the right sumpient of "motion " and and
amount
yet retain the proper organ "legato." As an illustration of this, play the first four
chords in the tune "Humley" chords in the tune "Hursley"
(Sun of my Noul.) The "p. (Sun of my Noul.) The ") in the treble is the only note
that need be repeated. Thin plan is not sugzested for all Ciertrude," set to "Onward Christian Noldiens," requires different treatment to in-
dieate the martial spirit of dieate the martial spirit of the charchs ahata ine mory detarhed than in the former sumserations re hymn playing mfoht he made, but space will not permit in this article. Just a word about "playing over the tune, before the eongregation rises to sing. Do not play is over with such a soft organ tone that the dongregation cannot distinguish it.
The late W. T. Beat satirised this as the "1-hope-1-don'tvintrude" style. The objeet of playing over a tune is to let everythat the registration used should have some connection with the charseter of the hymn. "Jesus, the very thought of
Thee, while being played distinetly, Thee, while being played distinetly, Mighty Fortres." Alway: "kive out" thie tume if strict tromper thus lindirating pot only the melody to the congregation, but the speed and rhythm ss mell. The question of organ woluntaries is A large one. Cienerally ppeaking, the "prefude" or inqoing voluniary should should help to place the econgegation in The mond for the mervice of morship. While the offertory is being takes up
there is a wiler seope offered, sitho care there is a wider seope offered, altho care
should be takes that the offertory solo is in keeping with a religious servier. Do not always play on the "full organ" at the end of the serviee. A lively march. played immediately after a thoughtfoi serinon' hased on the "Crurifixion," is
a fearful ineonaisteney, and she organiat a fearful inconsisteney, and she organiat is spproperiate to the nature of the wer
vire Hoth choirmaster and organist should know the subjeet of the proarlier's ser-
mons several days in sdvanee, and enmonir several days in sdrance, and endeavor to ehoose anthems, moloe and organ
woluntaries that will te helofut and veluntaries that will be helpfut and sp-
propriate. Altention to threr details bluays appreriated and notiend by min. finter and ronarezation.

The Organ
Many churehes in the West are nhe equipped with pipe organa, but there is a still greater number, which have to be
nootent with the humbler reed orkan. Eostent with the humbler meed orkan. a pipe organ ewntually, sad to spy mueh that may be eontemplating the purchase af one, I would like to make a mucerstion. Do not puerlasee an ofkan without first evisulting a competent organist. It is beiter to contrart for an organ of medium espacity and have it of the lees quality, thas to install a larery inetrument of a eliesper arsie Kvery stop should be
visluabife and nine should be uselies In many large church orfons, contly sets


## 

## 'FROM FACTORY TO HOME' Twenty Branch Stores

Why should you endorse the ills and the bills of a plano of infarior make when you can secure a high-grade Mason \& Bisch, "Canada's first and foremost plano, the best plano made," sold to you direet from Factory to Home on the basis of a small cash payment, the balance to be settled in mothily, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly payments? The fact that the Mason \& Risch plano is made in our own faetory and sold to the home direet should be of interest to every prospeetive purchaser of a piano whe looks for complete satisfaetion in after years.

At this sasaon of the year we have a number of used Pianos, PlayerPianoe and Organt, on which we can offer spocial inducemsoth both as and prices of these used instruments. Your old plano acoepted as part gaymont on olither a Plane of Playor-Piane.

Mason \& Risch Limited WINNIPEG, MAN.
Branches at Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary and Edmonton
M $\overline{A X}$ Corrugated Sheets
Represent the Maximum of Value for Building Purposes Falt weight, properly corrugated to allow an adequate lap
with mintmum loss, well corwith mintmum loss, well cov-
ered
with a coating that protects, this brand has proven Its worth by service in Westers Canada. Insist on beling supplied with max Brand and you will get full value for: your money. Your local dealer will sladly quote you priees, or you can send full partieulars of your building with measurements direet to us for free estimate.
WINNIPEG CEILING AND ROOFING CO. LTD.
P. O. Bon 300e, a0a 0. Winnipes, Wan.


## READY MADE BUILDINGS

IMPLEMENT AND STORAQE SHEDS


The Metal Stingle and Siding Co. Ldd. WINNIPES

| \＃》OSTERMOOR 《OO\＃OSTERMOOR《 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| OSTERMOM？ |  |
| MATTRESS <br> can always be distinguished by the name＂OSTER－ MoOR woen in for binding－a gaurantee of healthiul roch comfort <br> healithul reat，comfort and matchless service， |  |
|  |  |
| C．Ank port dater for the OSTEBMOOR＂or mitie wo for the |  |
| The Alaska Bedoing Co．Limited |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

It you do not see what you want advertised in this bsue，write us and ．We will put yout in toveh with the makers

PATENTS
Twand Enfywion EDGERTON
R．CASE
negistered Patent Altorney． Deek 4，Tomple Bullding．Teronte，Ont．
Boekiets on request．a0 yeerv＇experienes，


some cases the church remains stone should not conitain many＂Reed＂stops， such as＂Vox Humana＂＂Clarinet，＂etc．，
which are very susceptible to extremes which are very susceptibl hexitatemes to state that Canada has organ buelders who stand at the top of their profession，and
the product of some of our factories has the produet of some of our factories has
been a source of delight and surprise to many of the worlds great organists who have given，recitals in this country， gave a recital on a Canadian－built pipe organ in Winipeg some years ago，and
was so impressed with the merits of the instrument that he persuaded his own church in Chicago to install one at a
cost of 830,000 ，in competition with all the American builders．
ht is not，therefore，necessary to go pipe organ as any organist would wish to play
Choice of Musie It is not always possible for the choir
in rural distriets to sing the more diffieult anthems and eanticles It is far better to sing a simple anthem well，than to
attempt preteatious musie，and sing it so badly as to cause pain to both con－ gregation and minister．To choirmasters who may be looking for a good selection of simple anthems by the best English compoers，of the so－ealled＂Cathedral Anthems＂ 1 would recommend the Anthem Book＂of the United Free This collection contains over 150 anthems by the beat writers，including Stainer， Baraby，Sullivan，Woodward，Hopkins， Goss，and Atwood．Dr．A．S．Vogt，the
famous conductor of the Mendelsoln Choir has aliso pubuied coliections of reach of the small rural choir．

LITTLE HEARD OF WORKER Laloyd George rightly eomes is for warm praise is cosaeetios pablie is apt to forget that he has had very able sumstasts．The elief of
these is Dr，Clinistopher Addison，fartias． these is Dr．Christopher Addison，parria
mentary seeretary to the minister of munitions，and a member of parliament lately bees telling about what has bees acromplished in England in regard to beginning of the mar there mere oaly
three important munition factories it three important munition factories is
the Usited Kingdom，besides a small number of private munitios and arma ment plants Today there are over employing over two million workers， iecluding several bundred thousand momes．These factories are turning out rites，big gues and shells by the mil．
lios，but Dr．Addisos elaims that whes lios，but Dr．Addisons claims that whes the war is over these plats asd work
ers will pive Aritaie piln tort －manufacture of mashinery for the arts of peace．Dr．Addison was formerly meretary to the board of eduration and is recegaised as ese of the greatest authoritues is Grest Britain one edora tiosal matters，eapeciaily as they relate to medicise．Ho was formerly editor of the quartenly Medieal Joursal and and－rither etwratonat mattermedieinal
home meonomics handbook Fibly womes of Manitoba will be es pecianily pateresiad to the Guiletian masi partment of Agriesiturt This is a mew Home Enosomire Hasoftook designoted as Extenation Builetis Ne 6 This 24 Page bulletis，Mrepared by the Buper－ tota Agriculturnt Coltoge，presents foat toba Agrienturat Cottoge，presents just
that kiad of information needed by any growp of of imes whe think of startivg grope of nome wio think of startisg
i fiome Ficosomies Seviety，as sho by thene who have is charge the condoct of such a neviety slready ergaised．At
ihis time of yar this time of yest when the programs
for the comisg wister are beisg plansed for the coming wiater are being plansed
the information is eossentios with the information in easeetion mith
short ceomes，paekajer librories and ex chort coumes，jekage libsuries and ex Thas dirnetory of sumeties and eoficet af the end of the belletin revesls the faet that there are sow 102 Home Eesomics Berietion is Masitels，with a total memberstip of $3,73 \mathrm{~B}$ A free
eopy of the byltetis may be had by mitisy the Palications Brasel，

## 10 CENTS


The Free Press Prairie Farmer

 The Free Press，Winnipeg，Man．

Here is What YOU Have Always：Wanted


## maytag <br> Multit－Motox Wrashot

COMPLETE WITH ENGINE AND SWINGING WRINGER If the store you trade at does not handle this washer send us their name and we will mail you a copy of THE MaYTAQ LaUNDRY maNUAL（ 48 pages），Even If you do not buy a washer，it will tains many valuable formulas and recipes that can be used to ad－
santage in sny home it is FREE

The Mantag Company WINNIPEG，manitoan

## Pettit＇s Honey

is $\mathbf{c}$＇00 honer
catheread by cur oun been from the elover blossoms．Ripened thoroushly．it is thick，rich
and delicious．If kept dry it will and delicious．

10 tb ．and 30 tb ．Paits and 60 ib ．Cans Write at once for prices．Don＇t delay．R．B．Pettit aromaetown ONT．


## Farm Women's Clubs

 

## THE MUNICIPAL FRANCHISE

That women, who had seemingly become
invested with the right of the franchise, can not vote at the municipal elections is a matter briaging keen disappointment to the many women. who desire to vote
on matters so closely affecting their home on matters so closely arre It is necessary
as do muniepal anfairs that our Women's Sections should be
keenly alive to the importance of this matter and 1 beg to suggest that the following letter and answer be read at one of the future meetings of each women' Dear Dear Miss Stocking:-At the last W. b.G.G.A. it was deeided that 1 should write you and ask you to advise coneerning the steps which it would be wise to take in order to secure votes for women in municipal affairs. You will notice in the enclosed letter from Hon, George at shaunavon, I mentioned that before our women on the farms could vote at municipal elections it would be necessary for them' to be entered as joint owners, and legiolation would have to be passed embodying that recognition. But up till now no legintation exists, and, while pot be understood that my personal opinion in any way binds the Coversmpeat, of which $i$ am a member; and 1 may go farther and say that eves if I such legishation 1 ny conemeecelingly doubtful if our present legiolature would pass it. The outcome of these remarks ss; that organinations ahould take up with a view of creating sufficient publie opinion to make the leginlation pomible.
We think the intluence of women is almost more emential in municipal affairs than in provincial, anylow it would seem to be as mecemary. Can you tell purnut in metinging this before our legioSeentary Mhaunavon M. LUCCTKAR. Dear Mrsu Luetiar:-la megard to voting on municipal affairs,
communication lighted to receive your communication in the matter. Ooe of the eroatent evils that followe from the fact that women ane deprived of the municpal franchisef unlas they are property ouners, is that
they eannot become members of the enoll bond nor eleet the mhool truteres of the municipal hoopital board unlen tax payers. In the two masters it io have the poertanee that wometi atould of the tailot.
the matter and writing and intervieraing The of the members of the Mexplature. The leginatare. Mad no desire to deprive with the uee of the frinertion and that it had neot oevurred to thems at the same time that they could to mere than zive Nemsonally It think there malould hoters. been a woman sitting with them to shos the fact that veguination and to pould be paumed
 coplitiose peculiar to womes) (hato, that vomen by virtue of the dows law, which Fowe her a nifht to say whither the mentezed, shate be riziternd ms fic wiil ber a tax pays and colyequettly A municipal voter. We therefore require be a piat owner with ler huabiand of the hmestent that in the property en become a joint owner now, if ber huatiand Gellinges, bot of course the right should leving to all married momen by legio that it if trus, an Moubsul' Langley states, Ingilature would pain surh legintation do sot forget that we have the provincia tranghim and cas uer it with good effert by coing all is our poner to pot in suct
members as would support this necessary bit of legislation. However we will give them the benefit of the doubt until We will see that a resolution asking for the above legislation is put before the nex Grain Growers' Association, attention will be paid to our wishes. 1 would suggest that you also bring up the resolution at your distriet meeting and send a delegate prepared to meantime your ansociation should pass such a resolution and send it to your present member, and would-be menasure when the time comess to do so It is most important that women should attend those firmt meetings at which candidates for political seats are chosen Prov. Secretary, Delisle, Sask.

MADE S16S FOR RED CROSS Dear Mre. Barrett:-Our club meets onees month, but I sm alraid we do not meeting Miss Burk read a paper on the war and its eflects on eivilization, which we all enjoyed very much. Since theis we have had a Red Crose tes and enter-
thinment at which we made $\$ 16500$. uniment at which we made 8165.00 . In answer to Mrs, Pariby letter re hompitals, we are in the foydminster I think your resolutioss are for one rus on the same linesiss M. E. HINTON." BOYB AND OTRLS ON THE FARM We want to try and keep the children on the farm, but we do want to let making the home more attractive, the work as convenient an posaible, and
not making it disagreeable, wo are helping them in elhoocing the farm to stay with us and not doesire to go to the eities, where they are oftem led astray and the remalinder of their lives Blame if their chilidren leave the farm 1 think, if we would give them gomething of their very owne to care too hard, they will mon tale an in terest and pride in how and what they do Give the boy or girl a plik, of cealf or lamb, and when the animal is grown ip do oot well it and put the meney giti for the clild to do with an he or phe pleases. If the elilid does not fol invent money, he makes do not nay "I told you sot when his way doer not torn out best. Let him take the initis: tive, for each ehild meets to learn self. relianee and let him leare by experitace. He mill alse lears to value your
piviee. Whes the ehild gets older let Sivice. Whes the elinitsets belor jow for his echooling if he wiahes to get atoold have. Let them have their own speeding nesey insteal of gring to the parents for every nickel. That will moos tesel the girt or hay the value of money. Let
the kirto have the elickens to attend the girts have the elickens to sttend Get a goiv lireed and let theien mill the nape for hateling gardes planted and how to want the gavd arrange and furnial the roces. If they wegest momething different, do it their way. If you think your wowes. tion the wiser, tell them why you tifiok it. And 1 ans sure they will appore of it. Atthate are olterf atir inatis mat ter. Do not boy old thinge, for the losm juat berasue they are eleap Do mithout until you ean afford mosetaing take pilh is keepligg the home cless and erferly

4RK
J. A. WALKERE,
Women Sectiens Wymand a.aca.

## The <br> Holt, Renfrew Fur $\begin{gathered}\text { 1916-1917 } \\ \text { Catalogue }\end{gathered}$

Is Now Ready For Mailing


The New Fur Styles


## HOLT <br> RENFREW FURS

set the standard in the Dominion of Canada for superior quality. diatinctive atyle and moderate price. In the Catalogue just issued frepresentative selection has been made from the products of our four manufactories. While it is imposerible within its pages to show every variation of style and treatment, the Catalogue aseortment embraces all prices and all kinde of Furs for practical and useful service. Every garment and fur plece illustrated is a faithful reproduction from the original. All our Furs are made in our own factoriee, Kuanfrew quality throughout.
Full instructions for the ordering of Furs will be found in the Catalogus, which will be mailed free upon request to any
address in Canada. Write for Catalogue Today

## Holt, Renfrew \& Co. -

 433 Maín St. QuebecTERN HOUSES
MONTREAL
Winnipeg, Man.
-

## For the Table <br> Deep down in her heart, every woman longs for

 a beautiful Service of Silver for her dining room. It may be "solid"- it may be rich plate-it may be ornate or chaste, elaborate or plain. But, whatever the degree of fineness or design, it must be complete, down to the smallest piece.If the time has come when you can have your Silver Service, we shall be pleased to and you our neweat Catalogues shouliny all the beauthyul palterns and designo in slerling Silver and Sinet Plate made by the largeni manu-
 ove diove tandiod. Soul er pror nime ond adiven fou aff ewr ne cotelogeses as they ann amod.
Mappin \& Webd
(1. "The Farmer ase The Interats" isa book that has a bigh voll Book Dept., Grain Growers' Gulde, Winnipeg

Gurney-Oxford GOLDEN NUGGET
$\$ 26.85^{\text {F.O.B. Winnlpeg }}$ 100 days trial for $\$ 5.85 \begin{aligned} & 100 \text { days tria } \\ & \text { satisfaction. }\end{aligned}$
Steel range value posiible only from the largest makers of stoves, furnaces, etc. In the Empire, Our famous divided flues, exclusive firebor, scientific oven make cultern

 ${ }^{\text {Mantreal }}{ }^{701}$ Hamiltoa

In cleaning earthenware crocks and bowls
Old Dutch

saves a lot of work





WHEN WRITDN TO ADVERTLBER PLEABE MENTION TIE OUIDE

## Young Canada Club

wommanar oma All the little people who read the
Young Canada Club are invited to take Young Canada Club are invited to take
notice of the fact that a new prize conlest is under way, in which three story stories on the subject "Nature's Freaks, Any boy or girl who has lived in the
country for a number of years, must have seen or known of something very
strange that has been done by a plant insect, bird or animal and want al
these young people to write the story of it down as brightly as possible and
mail it so that 1 will get it on or before the thirty-first of October The contest is open to boys and girls
under seventeen years under the following under seven

## The wri

his teacher to get one of his parent is original, that is, not copied from a
book, and that it was written without ssistance
Att storias must be wrften in pen and ink and on only one side of the paper and they must be clearly addressed to
Dixie Patton, Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.
Any new writer to the eluh who re members to send a self-addressed and
stamped envelope will be sent one of the stamped envelope will be sent one of the
Maple Ieaf memberthip pins.

## HAVE YUN AT SCHOOL

1 like going to school beesuse there I learn alf kinds of things and some day VIII now. I wanted to write this year
but mother haid 1 was too young, but but mother haid I was too young, but
if I study hard this coming year I may write then. There are between thirty and forty going to Arizona School now Another reason why I like to go to school
is because we have fine fun. We play
 Pom-Pull-Away" and lots of other games.
My little sister and I walk all the way to sehool and back, but sometimes wr get a ride when there is rais or when it
is a hot day. We live two miles and is a hot day. We live two miles and a half away from school
played truant in my life
Sydney, Maz.


#### Abstract

WHY I LKE SCHOOL The name of our sehool is New Berla but it is going to be changed to Verd ops acoount of the war. Our pirsect ofs aceount of the war. Our preseat sehool when I was only, five years old I liked to so to shool right from the very first. I have liked all my teachers exeept finst. I have liked all my teachers exeept One, but she only stayed a week. One dne, but ohe only stayed a week. One of the teacher's names was Mise Ring wall wall. I think that she was the best teacher 1 ever had. She would tell un tearier and ever had sis prises for behavior and attendance. She grve us a Christmas, tree at Cloriotmas. She gave ue presenta, tree at Christmas. She gave us presents, and a nice concert at Chrintmas too. and a nice concert at Christmas too. Don't you think it is a good thing that there are sehoolo? I think sot Why, if there were not any schoolk, nobody eould read stories of write letters or anything. Now suppose you had moved far away from your dearnt friends of far away from your dearset friends of relations. You would wast to know how they were getting along, mouldn't you Of eourne savtiody would, and what of courne saytudy would, and what woum lo best way to hesr from them? Why, to write them a letter them? Why, to write them a letter But if there were no wehools you could not have learned to write and therefory could not wend your fricnds a letter and you would not hear from them, even If any of thems died, if you did not open your eash box and yoned your hard earned money which you has saved for other thinge to bo to see them. When ever I think of that 1 am very alad that there ste nehnols. The last has a reading losomh in Frelleel The last lesoon in French, It was Lorraine. It was about a little girl who man toe lary to study her lemetio, nod so she harilly kner snything Well, when she game to school one day the teacher told her that the sould te the last leson in French. Thien she was very marry that she had not studied whes she should have. she could not eve write perfectly yet and mow she woul


ever learn for she would have to lear When I think of her I always try
tudy harder, so that if anybody conguen Canada 1 will at least know how to write and read Einglish. But let us hope that
the war will not turn out so that Canada is conquered. War is terrible enough The teacher we have now is very good to us. She is hardly ever cross, She
teaches us to sew and hemstiteh, and crochet and ever so many more nice things. 1 always look forward to rainy days for then our teacher lets us make litie tables and things out of paper. I
like to go to sehool so much that I can hardly wait for vacation to end.
MARTHA HUMBKE. Duhamel, Alta. Age 10.

## TWO BAD STORMS

C'mada new member of the Young Grain Growers' Guide comes 1 take the paper and read the Young Canada Club.' storm that came here the 3ird. of Auguat It spoiled the wheat, oats and barley fields. It blew a great many building over in the town. It blew our sehoolhouse seven feet out of its place, so twe
of the windows broke, the door bent and we had to break the door up.
The schoolhouse has not been moved yet. They are going to move it soob morning I went with ruy father to stook hay. When we were done stooking we were going to go home. We saw it way
going to storm so we ran as fast as we going to storm so we ran as fast as we
could. We were half a mile from home when the rain began. The rain came when the rain began. Thast that we could not walk against it. It was the 28th of August. When we came home we wete so wet that we could hardly walk in.
I helped to stook the wheat and oats. My father has two hornes and two oxre for the binder when he is cutting the crain. A would hike to be a farmer some end to this letter. Lealie, Saak. ILAINOLD GISLAsON. it. Age 14 HOUSE ON THE HHL 1 am a farmer and proud of the fact.
Our farm, "liryntirion, from a large country place in Wales and means "House of the Hill." Bryntirion consiats of sixteen hundsed acres about year. . thent being five years old. My two elder brothers are soldiers, one in France and one in Camp Hughes. We attend Menne Rehowit which is just iwo bundired yarde from our home 1 like going whine the
attendance is largs, hut of wet and cold days when there are very few there it is not so iffternating. I sum in the eighth grade and intended trying the entranee examinatios this year byt our teselier enlisted at Kaster and we could not get is sulatitute for four weeks and that put
the back to 1 decided not to try pill me back se I decided not to try till

## (WLADY\% E. GOULDEN: Age

WHY I LIKE SCHOOL
how to read, write and spelt and lots of other thinge.
Our hast teacler mas a man. I thought he was a very good teacher. Oour nipat teartact h bavise is Mrs Wright, We year, Therre has bees as many as teventy: five pupily at our mehoel, and st how =s six when it was cold weather.
I have only been going to selool sinee Augut 16, i915. 1 an is grade have one brother and one sister. I My lirother and I walk three mingot. My lirother and I walk three miles to
ehoot. My sater is only four years
 to school. I ass sendines a relliaddresed envelope for a Maple Leaf pia. Will
nome of the mormbers plase send mit tome crocheting patierna?
Carton, Alia.

October 14, 1916
THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE
Manufacturing and Farming feld crops, but very little inerease in nother lines. The number of livestock bas been, in fact, slightly reduced, tho
the value may have increased some. the value may have increas od some whe feld erops of Canada for the five
the fers $1910-1914$ may be taken as $\$ 550$,
vean years 000,000 (Canada Year Book, 191\%, p. 165). The value of other products was *338, 000,000 ind 910 . The average value of these other products for the five
years $1910-1914$ cannot well be over $\$ 400,000,000$. Let us be on the safe value has been $\$ 450,000,000$ per year On this basis, therefore, we have
grand total of $\$ 1,000,000,000$ agrieu tural production per annum for the last five years, 1910 -1914.

Cost of Farm Labor.
We must now deduet from this tota
the various costs of production. Yirst labor cost. What is it? In 1910 some $\$ 34,000,000$ was paid out as wages to ferm laborers. since 1910 it is questionable if there bas bees much increase, if any, in the number of farm lahorers. The rate of wages, however, has risen somewhat, so that it is not out of the way to assume that some
$\$ 40,000,000$ has been paid out for farm labor per year for the last five yars. Iabor jeef year for the last five yoars. clule the labor of the farmer himself and bis family. Is 1911 there were searly four million people livisy on 714,0io farms is Canada. Upen every farm hodding the eeceupier binself. worked, and to some extent alse his of the farm work $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{s}}$ somed farms the womes do a good deal $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{s}}$ some forme womes do a good deal. On some farms performs the work of a hired man, but who is set so elansed. He shares the income as partner or otherwises On some farms there are three or four Torkers from the family. Now, what farm holding, exelusive of those elrssed as "hired helpt" The question is a any information.along this lins is find cenosus returns. I feel osfe is is the however, that there are at least tw. workers per farma of, otherwise, lime are at least 600 days' work os the aver age per year applied to each farn liold. isg in Canada, ajart from that bor for which a direet and specif.d aab wape is paid. How shall this f it he jaid workers is the manufacturing is dentries is 1910 was about 0450 for the quastity asd quality of the work to oa eur farins, and demandel hy medere farmieg, it weuld be gronsly unfair to fly those esmaged is agrirulture less is whirh a ezreat deal of the work io largely menhasiral. They are entitled to tetter wages. We suatt, however. thes the same wages. Assumisag, thes. thelp'"-os the $\$ 14,300$ farm holdianos and allowisg each morker fisi per year, the laloer coat is acricultural pro-


## Stheatag Turnatag Dettelt

Theducting lahiot eent, therefore, frem the tetal value of the ansual product.
we have a lalone of +3 th noon pion flat *e mant make further deductions frow this, vic, the interset pos eapital invest-
ed, menioipal taves, and an allowaste for depreclation of equipmest. Five jer eoset, as the inventiment is pasio, rest.-almest rasetly fisis Sarure is Om orfis the fares So,000,000. The value ments is 1911 was somewhat ever 61,000,000, 000. Npt to speak of tewres. and the ferreaned vatue of equlpment siate 1011, 5 per eent. ammual deprecias bake se this investment is equpmest ok thes another ilogorogoon. The sum
 for balane of 4340 openpon, lake frow tefeit of 8110.006000 .00000 , leaving a The of B110,000,000
toscisely is the tabular form shows is the cestre of poge 7 . This comparions of profts is farming and massfartor

## THESE FACTS SPEAK

for themselves. A Garbutt Graduate is now champion typist of Canada The only school in the province with a court reporter and a chartered the Association of Aceredited Commercial Schools is the Garbutt School Gur students won first prize for penmanship at the Catgary Exposition and forty-two diplomas for penmanship from the American Penman Magazine of New York. More successful students on the Chartered Accountancy examinations this ycar than all competitors have had in enter at any time. Write inday
Garbutt Business College, , ,ther

| negins |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |



Give the "Kiddies" All They Want of

## CROWN BRAND CORN STRUP

It is one of the dellicless "good thing"" that has a real foed valus. A alice of Your cood homemade bread, spread with "Crewn Brand", forma a perfectly balanced foed, that is practically all nowriahmest.
 So-lif them have it an blacwits and paneakes. and on thelr porridge if they want it.
Yoy'll like it, tee, on Cridile Cakes-on Blane Mange and Baked Apples. And you'li find it the most seopomical nwesieser
you cas use. for Cakes. Cookles. Cingertrest and Piss you cas use, for Caies, Cookles. Cingertread and Ples.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Have your huaband get a tis., the seat time be is in town- } \\
& \text { a } 5.10 \text { or } 20 \text { pound tin. }
\end{aligned}
$$

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED An Bewjeelpebook, "Desserts
 nime of Lis nue onshantron.


October 11, 1916

"Obey that Impulse'

Follow the line of least r -sistance- obey that im. plear of the coupon, fill it in, paste it on a post card of eaclose in an
and mail to us.
Then, in a few weeks, as soon as the bie eatalogue is ready it will go forward From it you ean do your Christmas Eift buying in a
fow minutes without leavfew minutes without leaving the sanetuary of your You canast lowe-you casnot be dissatirfied, for we deliver at our risk and expaything that you do not Het Before the last copy is Foo and mail ir
D. R. DINGWALL, LTD. Jewellers and Silversmiths WINNIPEC


Memorandum to Royal Commission
itself-except on free ranges-has not proven very remunerative, yet as a side
line on a small seale eonnected with grdin' growing, and where the farmer already possesses a certiain amount of grazing land and rough feed, the ex-
tra investment required to purchase tra investment required to purchase
breeding stoek, and neeessary housing, can generally be made proftable housing, can generally be made proftable. There
is need, therefore, for adequate advan is need, therefore, for adequate advan
ees of money to farmers for the purehase of breeding stoek, and fencing and building material, with terms of ropaymeat spread over a sufficiear ligations being met from the inerease and the products of the stock so pur
chased.
Long Term Oredit
The position of western farmers could be greatly improved, also, by the prop-
er organixing of their eredit for the securing of long term advances on first mortgage security. There ought to be provided for the selling of agrieultaral eredit at least as good machinery as has been provided for the sale of grain.
This, in our judgment, eould be done by This, in our judgment, eould be done by the organization and incorporation un-
der special legialation of a company or asoolation on s cooperative basts under the control and management of the borrowers themselves, with power to lond on árst mortgages only, repayable on the amortization plan and to issue against sueh mortgages bonds guaranteed by the government, preferably the federal goverrmeal. In our opinion thie otganization shoula earry on its work each member of which would haves a

mearere of responalilily for the repay. ment of the borrowinge of his mivel. ates either by a share interest or other be of the beet and phoold roll os the meney markets of the Ferld at stras. ageous prieen. Yor the eatabliahment of condlenee, however, they would at least temporarily reyufe governmental guarantee and conempear governmental ${ }^{60}$ ficrvision.
The greatest handieap under milel and is is agrealtaral protuetion seffers, large measure be $r$ east of espplies meaniog the wific asogo of eefmedities required by the tarmer, iseloling food, elothing luan ber, fencing, twise, harasus, machinery, ete, ail of milich constitute the ram ms terial, plant and maekisery which es-
ter isto grais and livestoek protuetion. fer isto groie asd livestock prodoctioo. this burden is grester if faslatelowas oven than elambere in the West. Dit tribution in this provisee, and, indeed, Centianel as Fege is


Power and Simplicity
When you buy an elatine you do not want to follow ethart to got id started The two necessary feature reay ower and stimplitity ro ambodied in the "BULL poon Engine If is the hishly developed product of simboun ywe of angine


The Bull Dog Engine is the Farmer's Faithful Friend to the heat of sumper-it the depth of wither-you ean depend on we "BuL


## Strong Features

The Hoppor carries sumicient water to cover the segtine at yll dimes tgaiter oarberete is the Tore nothing to wear or ret out of order piwion-his. the cyilnder perfectily



CANADIAN WESTERN FOUNDRY AND SUPPLY CO. LTD. GANUFACTUAERS AND WHOLESALE MERCHANTB DepL. A., Eighth Ave. and Third BL. Weet, Oelgary, Alta.
$\qquad$
Oanadien Westore Foundry und mas ooupon oet A delery.
 Kume
I sdaress


## Selling <br> Livestock

## Get the Last Dollar on Every Beast

Farmers of the Weat eas dispose of their cattle, sheep or hoge thre their own Compasy to advastage. Co operative shippleg will Gelp you to solve the livestock marketing probleme. Individsalo, two or more nelgo. on commisaion (rumaing from 8500 to 010 obe a car). As stlendat tenat seeompasy the shipment when the distasee excends 100 milles! to eas arrange for free irasipertation with the atock, and home agais by regular trais.
Our Livestoek Comminion Department, Union Btoek Yarde, Bt. Boal face, Mas, was ergasized lant Marel. Already Fe have haseled over toco,00000 worls of mock for farimers. Appreciative letters reseivel from time to time indicate that oyr castomers are matiafol Is teen years oser grais buniness grew frow sbout ot milios bubbelo per yeer
 the shipp
$W$
Write an for particulars sbout abippley liventock, as well as about
 flarged for bandileg consiguments.

Haliway eompasies have arranged speeial rates os suimale returned
 Aecretaries of Orsis Orowers' Asperiations. Our reptresentatives is the mack Yardo are is pesition to Furniak car lots of such stock at asy times. Alresdy this fall we have resdered satisfortery service to e sumber of farmers. The comminmion eblued is 810.00 per cass.

Adires sil serrexpondesen sbest Liventeek to
"The Grain Growers' Graln Oo, Ltd.
Union steek Yarde, ©L. Boniface, Man."

[^3]
# Liberal Advances Absolute Security Top Prices <br> Grain Purchased on Track and Handled on Consignment 



Organized, Owned and Operated by Farmers

## LICENSED

BONDED
Elevators: ST. BONIFACE and FORT WILLIAM
(Equipped with the most up-to-date treating and cleaning machinery)
N. M. PATERSON \& CO. Ltd.

T SHIP YOUR GRAIN
to FORT WILLIAM, PORT ARTHUR or ST. BONIFACE
making Shipping Bills read:
"Notify N. M. Paterson \& Co. Ltd., Winnipeg. Manitoba"
WE will CHECK up GRADING ete. and ADVISE you PROMPTLY OUR AIM IS TO PLEASE THE CUSTOMER
Liberal
Good
Quick Advances

Prices Returns

## Peter Jansen Co. Ltd.

 Grain Commausion Jerchants ship your orin to us to secure puick sehivice and attentionWrite Us for our Pocket Diary 328 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg

Your success is business DePENDS ON THE SEAVICE YOU OET TRY USt
The Smith Grain Co.

> Grala Commiualon Merchants

Liberal adrances made on Bills of Lating. Highess posible pritess. Prompt returas. Write wo for
tee anain sxowames

## LICENSED and BONDED

Each of the graln companles whose announcement appears on this page is ilcensed by the Canada Graln Comrhisslon to handle consignments of graln from farmers on commlssion. Each company ls also bonded In accordance with the terms of the Oanada Grain Act, to a sufficient amount whleh In the opinlon of the Canada Grain Commlsslon will ensure the full and prompt payment for all grain shlpped to them by farmers. No grain dealers' advertisements are published In The Quide except those llcensed and bonded according to the above provisions.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE


Simpson-Hepworth Co. Ltd. 207 Oraln Exchange HAVE STOOD THE TEST OF TIME AB SELLING AGENTB FOR GRAIN GROWERS

## MACLENNAN BROS. <br>  <br> LICENSED, BONDED NOT MEMBERS INDEPENDENT <br>  

## The Northern Elevator Co. Ltd.

Grain and Commission Merchants
The Oldest and The Best
ASK THE MAN
Get best resula by careful personal attention given to all consignments 209 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg


Your Low Grade Grain

 Blackburn \& Mills S31-835 aRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG, MAN. Phoses Main 46 and 3570

## FARMERS !

Rosp row contict
The Canadian Elevator Co. Limited
Grain Commission Merchants, Winnipeg
 We sale ithe gradist of

WE ARE Grain Growers who have shipped to us will tell you RELIABLE we gave them the best sATIsFACTION.
The 0 gilvie Flour Mills Co.Ltd.
(Try us with a car.)
Fort William Port Arthur
Send Bills to the Ogilvie Mour Mills Ce. Lid., Winnipes. Liberal advances. whas Buyling Flesr Supolate noyal Heswaheld

## Experience and Facilities Count

Carsful ehecking of grades. liberal advancea and prompt adjuatments, together with top prices when you miah to make diaposition. See that your bills of lading read Notify Jamea Richardsen A Sons, Limited, Winnipeg, and aecure quotations from se whenever you wish to sell or give su your handing, ingtructions.
James Richardeon 8
James Richardson \& Sons, Ltd.
Grain Enchangs, Wimpery. GRAIN MERCHANTS.
Graln Exchanys, Calyoy

## The Farmers' Market



WINNIPEG and U.S. PRICES matios prineal on the prinetpol =western Catho Gin
$\qquad$
Nor, wheat
3 Not. whest
3 white osta
Burley
Bariey Na i
Fut. whes
Oet yheat
Nov. vhest
Dee. wheat
May Wheat

 Combey stom malum satte soid sosty, Chise

 and














等



## Country Produce




| Lуеттock | Ore. Tion | Year ape | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tersate } \\ & \text { Cost } 4 \end{aligned}$ | Catery | Sowest | $\frac{\text { Bes. Pat }}{}$ | Scountey pmoducs | $0 \mathrm{ec} 7$ | Ser Ae | colery | Soplation | Eapcosis | Eratis |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |  | 2 tap | 3 ma | 3 |  |
| çamas aess.... |  |  |  |  | +ibis |  | Sownlow | 360 | 3 | nse. | 4 | 26** |  |
| Foed le alobye vaiters ynt yen |  |  |  | $\frac{y^{2}}{81-3}+6$ |  |  | Fadalipes <br>  | 15 | 6 ta | We-min | 640 | 60\% |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mat ine crose <br> fows ween fuer imholLen (at) <br> Cusels for hetuermakicy | ** | \% | - | an | $\omega$ |  |
|  <br>  | 635-43s | M5- ats | 85-aios | 653-2110 | *....... | 850 - 605 | (arrat) <br> Ifar in | Me | . |  |  |  |  |
| wemb) ...0............* | 36-4ss | 045 | 50- ane | AS5-675 | *-t***\| | 3is an | Prown |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hepe <br> Chite hoen fert sad watered fict hage |  | 9.35-4.30 | 418.6 | 310 On | $8{ }^{5} 8.8$ | ${ }^{3} 8.35-10{ }^{\text {a }}$ | pers. .................... | 6 |  | $5$ | 5 |  |  |
|  | \% | sinita |  |  | \% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | \% |  |  | (1) |  |
| Bese and Lavle Pinten invert uhe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% | atis | "bib" | 近 |  |
| $x$ kines them | \% | \% | 4 50-7 | 7.5050 | 6.75-7.75 | 3-50: | Nai |  | H1 |  | 811 max | ........: | 4 $4+4+8+5$ sextese |

## Grain Growers! Farmers!

Ship your grain in car lots; dont sell ilat street prices. Ansing you unexcelled service in the will convince you of our ability in giving you unexcesis. handling of your grain products
Make sour Bills of Lading read

STEWART GRAIN COMPANY LIMITED WINNIPEG, MAN.
$\qquad$

GRAIN DEALERS COMMISSION MERCHANTS 'TRACK BUYERS Acme Grain Co., Ltd. MOOSE JAW WINNIPEG SASKATOON Walter Scott Bldg. Union Trust Bldg. Canada Bldg.

Car Lots
Agents Wanted
Get Our Prices before Selling

WE buY AND SELL GRAIN. WE dO NOT HANDLE GRAIN ON COMMISSION
DO YOUR OWN BUSINESS BE YOUR OWN AGENT
Farmers Club Grain Co.Ltd.
Five Dollars Per Car Extra
Write, wire or phone for information


## Free of charge and obligation

 et use mail you free-car seals, letter on selling, how to get weights FORT WILLIAM

ONTARIO

## Licensed and Bonded <br>  THE GRAIN GROWERS' QUIDE

## Experience Tells

Our esperience of aver business enables us to grive you unexcelled serviee and results. Grading earefully checked, big advanees. highest prices.
CAMADA FEST Grain Co. Ltd.
aven Eutuge
Winnipey

## YOURS <br> ron

Service and Best Results
E. J.

Bawlf \& Co. Grain Merchants e7s arain Exchange, Winnlpeg, Man.

McCabe Bros. Co. Grain Commission

Liberal Advances Prompt Returns Best Results
Winnipeg, Duluth Minneapolis

> Malting Barley
> Mail us samples of your cay lots for best prices.
> Canada.Malting Co. LUd. P.o. Beot 3 30 Calgary, Alta.
> mor histort Martiot Price.





 ally elimb hack to there they were two week
axo and even ex.ed that
Poulty All hind of live poultry are stronger.
Fown Fowituy duks and ande ore pprtucularly are up any-
where from 1 eent to 2 cente.


Covapus nem cross ruxp 1

Memorandum to Royal Commission C. Costivel trom Pue 31
thriant the entire Weat, has been enor
moualy expensive, due partly to natural moutly expeasive, due partly to natural conditions whieh eannot bo remedied, but still man be. Very appreiable beneHhith can be. Vecy appreceatrobe beac re sulted from the ertenive and perrie. yent efforts of the orkenized farmers for the elimimation of the wate oeea. of facilitites for distribtiontom, parily by of faciuties tor diotribution, yomy mer. thant mos his bakker, med portly by the virtual moopely of distribution heil by a ball clasis of mantaturen, sod to beycott $m$ for tat posiblo every of. fort at the institution of chesper eo. operative methat wiod gseetion
 Yeleral geverneme to the iestitution and the development of copprative ac
 of mepplies sad raw material for the farmer. Turif a Handicap
That A teavy clarge on the cost of Migh protective tarit mant bo obvious to all sad this mide greatly to the
cost of agriealtural protoetion every. Where fots bsites to more couly Sorrac is the Kast than is the wett, for the rawe that it his therin more evealy ly distributed, at least the wage earner of the public assioted masufacturisg induatries and in measure alse those farmers whe are in elose prosimity to the larger industrial eentres have same meswure of compensation for this burdes whila they slas bear is the in the Weat this lest folls with peruliar weight spon weoters formers an 4 hpech-
ally on those of Ravatelowan, for the
craves that they have lithle or reasos that they have listle or so ecolly-
persating sivantage, since praetically pessating sivastage, nince practically
everythisg whinh they have to nell mast everythis $\frac{1}{2}$,hirh sold in competition. with ether protukers the world over. Tho as a rule her supplies have passed thru many lands before they rasith the con-
mumer. For this reasos, and because sumer. For this reasos, asd because
the smount whieh is setually pald is the initial stage, either in duty or is purelase price alded, beeause of tariff protection, is farther inerensel ot every stage of hastling by a prott percest-
age. this tarift burdes fallo more heavily age, this tarift burden falls more heavily
on the westers farmer thas is apparest as the westers farmer thas is apparast
eves in the fariff rate. It happess, for
ing a raw material pays a duty of twen.
ty-five per eent. In reselling to a brok: er or a jobber at ten per eent. advance. he takes the advanee on this amounco of
huty well The jobber may re eell Juty ai well. The jobber may. re:entil
to a Winnipeg wboleate house again at a ten per cent. advance The whole sale house in turn, sells to a dealer on ty per eent. advance, ind the saoksatele. wan dealer in reselling to the eonsumer takes thirty-three and a third per cent. advane. We thus fnd that an a mount of duty of 625.00 paid ian the East in the frot instanee, will be a eharge upoe
the western farmer of ts. 40. Nor doee this cover all the charge consequent upon the first amount paid in duty to seling commasion, percentage ehlow.
ance for bad debts, ete, sll serve to swell the amount. Every dollar, there Yore, which is paid in duty or in added priee beeaus of tarir proteetion on goors wind
farms in Saskatehewan places a burden Yarmus in sawatehewan placeer tburdeen
of not leess than t2.00 upon the cout of agricultural production and all this with little or no compensating advas: tage.

Solution Must Be Pound
Some means murt be found for the
amelioration of this burden of the wert. amelioration of this burden of the went.
ero farmer, or it is dificult to see how
 manently on :s sound economie bastr how it ean offer a suitable feld for met tlement by immigrants, or how it cas bo extensively developed so as to abuerb the advern trade balance of the Dos dition, No more dangerous error cooll well be made by our statesmen than to permit themelves to be deceived by the presest temporary prosperity of agri. culture, A propperity due to the abeor. mal coaditions oecasioned by the great be mainatained after the war has coese to an end.
In coneluaion, we wish to state mat we belitere that it it pousible to mite agrieulture in the Weet permaneatly prostable, that production can be rapit Iy and greatly inereased and that wite diture for rallway facilitios. coverits brach lines priseipally, and that the West can be made to blosmom with the happy and properous homes not alose of -anyy thousend of our ave brwe soldier but ales of hundrels of thous ando of their rorthy brothern ins ane: tries suscerted Reforme
We wesent for your consideration the following:
(1) Continued and inereaned effert alonf lisee of agricultural edocations. tion, with a view to meeuring yet greaten retirns for the labor expmided.
(2) IMporem eresith facilitiee tou logg and thort term loand an chattel exarity seah as grien and catile. (3) Government gasmanted eopent Arot mortgagen
d) Government aided, public ownet stbatoirs and other faeilities for $=0$ ketiog livetock and livetock pordutat Britain. Yreer trale relations with Grat Britaing
(b) Yeilenal and Imperial encourses: of rop teralive sutearve by conemen :nd poditers (7) Welief trom the burden wpuot The Wextern Canalias aypiculture by
 (8) Bo for as pouible free and wot restinetel seces to ail ur markete of mirplan grain.

## association AUCTION SALE

as dainy cattic, zzo sheer ano 100 Biwe
 Herse shew Building, Calgary Oeteber is and 18, 1818


5. L. Micmanoson, seerotar



## BUY DIRECT FROM FACTORY AT A BIG SAVIIG

This is the engine you need on YOUR farm. It is a masterpiece of mechanical genius-powerful-large bore and long stroke-easy to operate and understand-sery economical in fuel consumption. More than 20,000 satisfled farmers are using Galloway Engines and there is a size for every purpose at a big saving in price when quality and power is considered.

## NEW BIG FREE

 CATALOGis now ready and tells all about this and other Galloway Ensines from 1 to $16 \mathrm{HP} \cdot \mathrm{P}$-how they are buill, how 1 make the priee, and much other valuable information every farmer of any have before buying an engine trites and ifeserili for the farm ; inplements of every kind; fline wearing apparel fod men, women and children; boots, shoes, moceasins, ete., and all at prices that will save you money
Don't delay. Send for this big free book this very day. It should be in every home.
THE WILLLAM GALLOWAY COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

## Thresher Belts for Hardest Service

## Red Wing

## STITCHED CANVAS BELTS

are making a great record with Western Canadian threshermen. Though moderate in cost, they stand right up to the work and weather-run true-deliver a high percentage of power-and outwear many of the higher-priced belts on the market.
The reason is that they are made of the best Sea Island cotton duck-solidly stitched with yarn of the same high quality-impregnated with a blended oil that prevents friction and wear in the fabric-and permanently protected by our special red paint.

## Lumber King

## AND "STAR" BELTS

have earned first place with threshermen who prefer a rubber belt. The best Sea Island cotton fabric gives them ample strength, and the highest grade rubber gives lasting pliability-power to grip the pulleys at moderate tension-and ability to stand any kind of weather. They are uniform in quality and strength, and are guaranteed to run true.

Whatever your preference or your particular requirements in Belts and Belting, our nearest Branch is prepared to give you prompt attention and service.

Made in Canada for Canadian Use Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co.

Head Office :
Montreal
Service Branches at Winnipeg. Brandon, Regina, Saekateen
Edmenton and Calgary



[^0]:    oun permanent political exhibition

[^1]:    -Doel you come acrome a good many tangi, inke bilie that you don't underfor fititancety pieviet the of Cains wile, sat at a eity restaurant talle.
    "Ok, yoes, of course," arknowledend the
    
    -My dear trimo you do about it:Gying dear friend," replied the minister hying down his fork, 1 simply do just berring. When I eotine to the bose 1 qurity lay tien on conetide to the bone I pieg to mont, letting, any foriot, that shats oo choking hertingett with the boop

[^2]:    WIEN WRITDN TO ADVERTLBERS PLEASE MEMTION TIIE OUIDE

[^3]:    Int wione vele vou sow the rain rowers raing
    Write sex abowt implemente or
    

