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AMERICAN PLAN

JOHN J. HERNAN, Manager

KITCHENER'S MOB

By Jas. NORMAN HALL.

Editor's Note.—The author of our new serial is a citizen of the United States who fought in the present war as a British soldier and has given us one of the best stories of the war yet written. It is dedicated "To Tommy of the Great War, who is adding immortal lustre to the name of Atkins." The author writes from the inside out with the detached view an outsider, which makes his portrayal of the unflinching humor and pluck of Tommy Atkins especially good. No reader should miss a single installment of this most interesting story.

CHAPTER I.
Joining Up.

"Kitchener's Mob" they were called in the early days of August, 1914, when London hoardings were clamorous with the first call for volunteers. The seasoned regulars of the first British expeditionary force said it patronizingly, the great British public hopefully, the world at large doubtfully, "Kitchener's Mob," when there was but a scant sixty thousand arms with millions yet to come. "Kitchener's Mob" it remains to-day, fighting in hundreds of thousands in France, Belgium, Africa, the Balkans. And to-morrow, when the war is ended, who will come marching home again, old campaigners, war-worn remnants of once mighty armies? "Kitchener's Mob."

It is not a pleasing name for the greatest volunteer army in the history of the world; for more than three millions of toughened, disciplined fighting men, united under one flag, all of them of one magnificent military organization. And yet Kitchener's own Tommies are responsible for it, the rank and file, with their inherent love of ridicule even at their own expense, and their intense dislike of "swank." They fastened the name upon themselves, lest the world at large should think they regarded themselves too highly. There it hangs. There it will hang for all time.

It was on the 18th of August, 1914, that the mob spirit gained its mastery over me. After three weeks of solitary tramping in the mountains of North Wales, I walked suddenly into the news of the great war and went at once to London, with a longing for home which seemed strong enough to carry me though the week of idleness until my boat should sail. But, in a spirit of adventure, I suppose, I tempted myself with the possibility of assuming the increasing popular alias, Atkins. On two successive mornings I joined the long line of prospective recruits before the offices at Great Scotland Yard, withdrawing each time, after moving a convenient distance toward the desk of the recruiting sergeant. Disregarding the proven fatality of third times, I joined it on another morning, dangerously near to the head of the procession.

"Now, then, you! Step along!" There is something compelling about a military command, given by a military officer accustomed to being obeyed. While the doctors were thumping me, measuring me, and making an inventory of "physical peculiarities, if any," I tried to analyze my unhesitating, almost instinctive reaction to that stern, confident "Step along!" Was it an act of weakness, a

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The Housewife's Corner

A COURSE IN HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE COMPLETE IN TWENTY-FIVE LESSONS.

Lesson XXI. Buns and Rolls.

Rolls and tea biscuits make a delightful addition to the daily bill of fare. The regular bread dough may be used in making them.

Parker House Rolls.

Use the recipe for white bread, the sponge method. When the bread is ready for the pan, roll on a slightly floured pastry board one-quarter inch thick. Cut with a four-inch cookie cutter, brush them with melted butter, then fold over in pocketbook style, pressing firmly. Set on a well-greased pan two inches apart. Set to rise for thirty minutes. Roll with egg wash and milk wash. Bake for eighteen minutes in a hot oven. Quickly brush the tops of the rolls upon their arrival from the oven with melted butter.

Tea Biscuits.

Prepare the dough as for the Parker House rolls. Roll it one-quarter inch thick, then brush with melted butter. Fold over the dough and heat with a rolling pin for three minutes. Cut with two-inch cookie cutter. Set in warm place to rise for eighteen minutes. Then brush with egg wash. Sprinkle with granulated sugar and bake in a hot oven for fifteen minutes.

Cinnamon Cake.

Use the recipe calling for straight dough in the bread recipes. When the dough is ready for the pans, roll it three-quarters of an inch thick. Cut the size of the pan. Place in a well-greased pan and set to rise for thirty minutes. Brush the top with egg wash. I cover one-quarter of an inch deep with one-half cupful of brown sugar, one-half cupful of flour, two spoonfuls of lard. Mix the dry ingredients well, then rub in the lard until crumbly. Place on the dough in a moderate oven and bake for twenty minutes.

Cinnamon Buns.

Use the straight dough mixture. Take the dough when ready for the pans and roll it on a slightly floured pastry board one-quarter of an inch thick. Then spread it with brown sugar, cinnamon and currants and a sugar of butter to every pound of dough. Roll like jelly roll, but in slices one and one-half inches thick. Place so that the buns barely touch

CONSERVATION.

Eggs in these days of high prices are a luxury, even if you have your own. But patriotic housewives can substitute them at least once a week for the sausage or breakfast bacon, thus saving her "bit" of pork for exportation. Omelettes are more nourishing if made with milk, but more tender if made with water. Allow one tablespoon of either to each egg used. Beat the eggs thoroughly, then pour into a frying-pan, the thinner the better, in which is one tablespoon of melted fat. Set on hot part of the stove a moment, or until the bottom sets, then with a thin-bladed knife separate the omelette from the pan and flip the pan backward and forward so the uncooked part will run under next the pan. When cooked through, roll the omelette like a jelly roll, brown slightly all round and turn on a hot platter.

Split Pea Soup.—Soak one pint of peas over night, and in the morning put on to cook in three pints of water, adding more water as this cooks away. When the peas begin to get tender, brown a bit of chopped onion in drippings and add to peas, and when all are cooked soft put through a sieve. Reheat, with three tablespoons of butter, and salt and pepper to suit. A cup of cream, or a cup of tomato puree may be added.

A nourishing dinner dish is made by mixing cottage cheese with mashed beans and bread crumbs, adding cream until of the right consistency

forms were strange and uncomfortable. Our hands hung limply along the seams of our pocketless trousers. Having no place in which to conceal them, and nothing for them to do, we tried to ignore them. Many a Tommy, in a moment of forgetfulness, would make a dive for the friendly pockets which were no longer there. The look of sheepish disappointment, as his hands slid limply down his trouser-legs, was most comical to see. Before many days we learned the uses to which soldiers' hands are put. But for the moment they seemed absurdly unnecessary.

We must have been unpromising material from the military point of view, that was evidently the opinion of my own platoon sergeant. I remembered, word for word, his address of welcome, one of soldier-like brevity and pointedness, delivered while we stood awkwardly at attention on the barrack square.

"Listen 'ere, you men! I've never saw such a raw, roun'-shouldered batch of 'rookies in fifteen years' service. Yer pants-faced an' yer thin-cheeked. G'awd 'elp! Is Meesty if it ever lays with you to save 'im! O'wer, we're 'ere to do wit we can with wit we got. Now, then, upon the command, 'Form fours,' I wanna see the even numbers tye a pace to the rear with the left foot, an' one to the right with the right foot. Like so: 'One-one-two!' Platoon! Form Fours! Oh! Orful! Orful! As y' were! As y' were!"

If there was doubt in the minds of any of us as to our rawness, it was quickly dispelled by our platoon sergeants, regulars of long standing, who

Old Tea Looks All Right

Old tea and fresh tea, poor tea and good tea, all look alike. No wonder a woman often gets a bulk tea she doesn't like.

Red Rose Tea in the sealed package is always fresh, always good, always worth the price on the label.

Kept Good by the Sealed Package



had been left in England to assist in whipping the new armies into shape. Naturally, they were disgruntled at this, and we offered them such splendid opportunities for working off overcharges of spleen. We had come to Hounslow, believing that, within a few weeks' time, we should be fighting in France, side by side with the men of the first British expeditionary force. Lord Kitchener had said that six months of training, at the least, was essential. This statement we regarded as intentionally misleading. Lord Kitchener was too shrewd a soldier to announce his plans; but England needed men badly, immediately. After a week of training, we should be proficient in the use of our rifles. In addition to this, all that was needed was the ability to form fours and march, in column of route, to the station where we should entrain for Folkestone or Southampton, and France.

TEACHING YOUR DOG TRICKS.

Can Be Governed Best By Love and Consideration.

It may surprise you to find that in teaching a dog tricks you get nearly as much training as he does. Kindness, persistence and patience are necessary to success in animal education. Almost any dog is affectionate, sensitive and sensible; by nature noble and self-sacrificing, and he will do anything to please his master, if he can only understand, says L. E. Eubanks in the American Boy. All his nature asks in return is a pat of affection, occasionally, along with food and shelter.

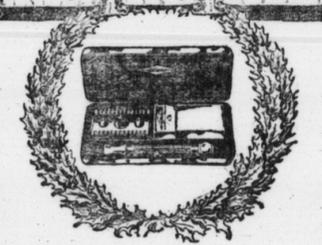
So be careful not to make the dog afraid of you, for he is governed best by love. Never punish the dog for not obeying, unless you are sure he understands. Never work the dog when his stomach is full. This is a principle found in circus, where animals are fed regularly after their performance, after eating they are dull and sleepy and should not be disturbed. Before eating they regard food as reward for their work.

Don't keep any fowls or chicks that are in any way deficient, for they will eat lots of feed without making a profit on it.

A child does not need a pillow under its head any more than it needs a pillow behind its head when it sits up. Pillows have a tendency to produce a flat-chested condition.

The housewife will find that, if she buys two medium-sized plain tins of fair quality, she will save materially in greasing pans and in applying glaze, giving the food a better appearance. Treat the new brushes to a bath in scalding water. Wash well, then rinse in plenty of cold water. Now dry, and they are ready for use. Always wash the brushes after using.

A Very Merry Christmas



The business of being a man has its advantages these days as well as its responsibilities—especially if someone thinks enough about him, his needs and his wishes, to choose for his Christmas gift

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Most men are practical. The welcome gift is the useful gift—the Gillette—that fits right into a man's intimate personal life, makes things easier for him, and proves its quality by the way it shaves.

At any good Hardware, Drug or Jewelry Store you can pick out a Gillette Set that will be sure to give him lasting pleasure. If you have any trouble getting what you want, write us and we will see that you are supplied.

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Toronto **THOS. ALLEN** Publisher

"SAUSAGES": BIG WAR INSTRUMENT

OBSERVATION BALLOON HAS IMPORTANT FUNCTION.

Though Less Talked About Than the Aeroplanes, Their Work is of Utmost Importance.

There are days and times when an observation balloon is absolutely no use—rainy days and foggy times. Away on the horizon, at a distance of about four miles, stand a line of poplars. If those poplars show clear against the sky—the visibility is good, and the camp must be roused. We may ascend. But if my test-poplars are misty—and they generally are at daybreak—it's another roll round my blanket for me, and the boys may go on snoring.

A Place For Every Man.

But my weather-eye must needs be kept open. I ten the mist still held, and it was half an hour later before the flight-sergeant got instructions to get the "bister" out.

Three blasts on the sergeant's whistle and the A.M.'s are falling-in from all directions for parade. Then the balloon is walked down to the ascension ground, the winch follows, and our section C.O. picks out the two officers who are to be observers for the day, and we don our parachute attachments. The officer is told off to control the winch, while the intelligence officer proceeds to the chart-room. The balloon is then toggled on the basket. One tests the telephone, while the other examines basket, valve cord, pipcord, and ballast, then both are secured to their parachutes.

There is a salute, one blast on the whistle, and the order is given: "Let up, hand over hand!" Six ropes—each ninety feet in length—are gradually loosened, and the balloon begins to rise. Then again goes the order: "Let up on the winch!" And the giant cable slowly uncoils. We rise into the blue.

Telephonic Marvels.

At five hundred feet the balloon is valving hard, and the winch must be stopped while we take the strength of the wind. At that height twelve miles an hour is the usual. On we go again, stopping at a thousand feet to repeat the business. The wind is now sixteen miles an hour. At every five hundred feet we stop, until the limit of three thousand feet is reached. Then the day's work begins.

It may be that at this height we shall find a heavy ground-mist spoiling our visibility. Then down we go again. But if all is well we start. Up here—three thousand feet above the earth, and about five thousand feet from the front line—we are connected with telephone with the field-batteries, the heavies behind, and we could, if we pleased, talk with Headquarters or a friend in Paris. The completeness of the telephone system is a thing to wonder at when you are talking from the clouds.

Our work is to direct the guns. Everything now is worked out in minutes and angles. We, from our vantage point, must aid the gunners in finding their targets, and report on each shell burst. All day the telephone apparatus is glued to our ears, and at regular intervals the glasses are glued to our eyes. Life is a query of "Where did that one go?"

A Terrible Strain.

We know the difference between delicate, white shrapnel clouds and the brownish yellow of amatol, and the black cloud that spells lyddite is not confounded with the blue-green, deadly gas-shell.

Sometimes we are drawn down in double-quick time, as danger threatens; sometimes we sit, legs over basket, waiting for the word that shall tell us our balloon is on fire, and that we must jump, trusting to the parachute to save our lives. The day's work is full of thrills.

When at last nine p.m. marks the end of our day, and we come down for the last time that day, it is nothing for a shell burst. All day the telephone apparatus is glued to our ears, and at regular intervals the glasses are glued to our eyes. Life is a query of "Where did that one go?"

FOOLING A U-BOAT.

Clever Device of a Steamship Captain To Avert Disaster.

A profitable hoax was played upon a German submarine off the coast of Ireland by the captain of the steamship Director.

Suspecting that at any moment the Director might be in the danger zone, he instructed the ship's carpenter to saw a big spare spar into three pieces, which the crew painted black. These pieces of wood were then mounted as if they were guns.

When a submarine approached the skipper of the Director pointed the Quaker guns at the U-boat, which promptly decided to go down again without waiting to fire a torpedo. The Director, with its false guns, fled at top speed, and got away safely.

Dame Catherine Furse has accepted the position of Director of the Women's Royal Navy Service, and will be responsible under the Second Sea Lord for its administration and organization.

Soils and Crops

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

A. D.—Which would be better for sandy loam, to spread well rotted manure on this fall or in the spring? Would it be advisable to use fertilizer on such land in the spring? This land is level and well drained, intended for potatoes.

Answer:—I would advise putting on the manure in the spring. Be sure to store it protected from the rain and snow; otherwise you will lose a lot of the available plant food by leaching. In order to get largest yields of best quality next spring, you will do well to add fertilizer to this soil. In tests at Fredericton, New Brunswick, last year, the Experimental Farm got an increase of 69 bushels and 33 pounds of carrots per acre by adding 650 pounds of fertilizer to the acre along with 30 tons of manure per acre. This increase was in addition to that obtained by the manure alone. In the same test, the addition of fertilizer to manure returned a gain of 124 bushels and 44 pounds of turnips to the acre. Potatoes require largely the same type of fertilizers as the foregoing crops. The addition of sufficient fertilizers will undoubtedly give you good results.

H. B.—1. What would you advise sowing on low muck land to give permanent pasture? 2. Could you give me culture directions for lentils? 3. What will rid a field of twitch grass?

Answer:—1. For low land grass for permanent pasture, I would advise you to sow a mixture of:

Red top 10 lbs.
Timothy 4 lbs.
Alsike clover 4 lbs.
White clover 2 lbs.

Total 20 lbs. per acre

If possible, provide suitable drainage. 2. Relative culture of lentils, French advises a light and dry soil. Grow the lentils in rows about 18 inches apart, planting them 3 inches apart. The seed is planted about an inch deep on

The Dairy

All other kinds of farming are more or less of a gamble, but the man who is in dairying is reasonably sure of a fair return for his labor and capital.

There is no sure way of telling what a cow is capable of except by weighing and testing the milk. There is no connection between the length of the tail and depth of the milk pail the cow will fill. Some of our best milkers have been bob-tails. At the same time a wide space between the back ribs is a good thing to look for in buying. The main thing, however, is depth and width of rib and space between ribs and hips. This indicates capacity to store and digest food. The "milk veins" are also important.

If you want large milk yields you must have a fairly large cow. Other things being equal, a large cow will produce more, at less cost, than will a small cow.

If you killed a cow which was giving three gallons at a milking you probably would not find more than that many quarts of milk in her udder. The milk is produced while the process of milking is going on. The act of milking transforms tiny cells in the udder into the form of milk.

Every dairy farmer should test his cows and weigh their milk. He should do this for his own satisfaction. He should do it for financial reasons; a cow, proven as to capacity by test, will sell for two or three times the price of an unproven cow.

Hubbard squash and cabbage make excellent green winter feed for hens. It is just as important to provide green feed and an animal feed for hens in winter as it is to supply a milk cow with roots, silage and chop to make her milk.

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Horse Sense

The old horse, if given proper care and treatment will in almost every case stand as much hard work as the young animal and, considering the price of horses at the present time the old horse is worth just as much to the farmer as the young horse, as far as work is concerned.

Of course if the old horse is offered for sale he will not bring as much as the young one, because the most of his life lies in the past, however, considering everything if he is given the proper care he will pay his way and be a profitable and faithful servant to the farmer.

With many, as soon as a horse begins to grow old, say from 12 to 14 years he is neglected and does not receive the care he should have, nor the care that he was given when young. He is no longer groomed as regularly and thoroughly as formerly. When not in use he is left to run in the pasture during all kinds of weather, and if a little crowded for stable room he is many times left out for the winter to find a place of shelter around the old straw stack, or behind a bank some place.

Many times the old horse does not receive the kinds of feed that are best for his particular case and, if the teeth are a little long and this is often the case with the old horse, he cannot grind the feed as he did a few years past. When the old horse has reached this stage he cannot masticate his food as it should be, consequently a portion of it does him no particular good.

Then again it must be remembered he will require a longer time to eat his feed than when young. Unless some ground feed is given him and he is given sufficient time to eat it when being worked, he will fail to get the full benefit of his meal, and in a matter of a very short time he will begin to lose flesh and will no longer present the fat, sleek appearance of former days.

It is obvious therefore that if the horses are to be serviceable until a good old age, they must receive as good care and treatment, if not a little better, in their declining years than when they were young. They must not be neglected whether at work or not.

The Melting of the Bells.

They have taken the bells of Flanders
And melted them into guns,
They have branded the bells of Flanders
And trained them on her sons.

The tower of Bruges is silent,
And widowed shall she stand;
No more shall the voice of Roland
Sound "Victory in the land!"

Proud Ghent and prouder Antwerp
Are silent on the Scheldt;
They have humbled the bells of Flanders—
Art sleeping, Van Artevelde?

Now this is the condemnation
That follows them through the years,
That they shall be blind to beauty
And they shall be deaf to tears.

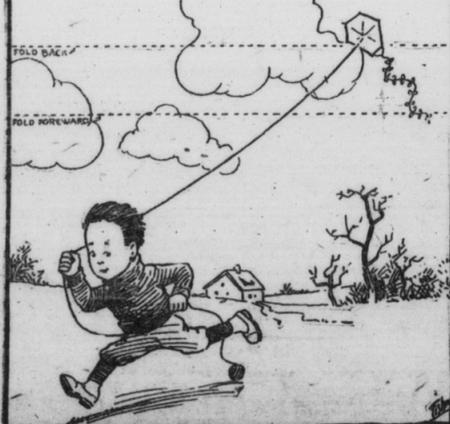
And through the coming ages,
When wonder and we are theirs,
Forever the bells of Flanders
Ring louder than their prayers.

—Mary Eleanor Roberts.

Three-quarters of a child's growth takes place during sleep. Beware of the solicitor who offers remedies to be put in holes bored in trees for the purpose of destroying insects or disease. Direct application by spraying is the only preventive discovered up to the present time.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



Willie ran with all his might,
Steady blew the breeze,
Snap went the string—and Mr. Kite
Came down among the trees.

Sheep Notes

If you are breeding for speed, male long-legged males and females. Most of us would not care for that kind of sheep on our farms. We do not want fence jumpers, but quiet, yet vigorous sheep.

For this, sheep with short legs and compact bodies are best. Every year or two some one suggests that the forests be used as sheep or goat ranches. The foresters say it is impracticable. Why not use farm pastures instead?

A narrow gateway for sheep leads to a big lot of trouble.

A sheep corral is nothing less than insurance against sheep-killing dogs, which have constituted one of the greatest obstacles to sheep-raising. Sheep may be driven into the corral at night, since sheep losses usually occur at night.

Be sure there are no ticks on the sheep when they go into winter quarters. It will cost good money to winter a lot of ticks and there is no profit in them.

A ticky flock will come out skin poor in the spring no matter how you feed. Lambs make greater gains in feeding than old sheep. Hence it would be unwise to prohibit the slaughter of lambs.

Ewes due to lamb in the latter part of winter or early spring should be given nutritious food for toning the system, developing the young and growing a coat of wool. Nitrogenous foods, such as oats, alfalfa and bran, are valuable for this purpose.

The Tool Box In The Kitchen.

"Every well-appointed kitchen has a tool box all its own," declared one housekeeper, who says frankly that she gets more pleasure out of work done in her kitchen than that which is necessary in any other room in her house. "I am talking about housework, you understand, not about reading or studying or playing the piano or anything of that sort," she explains.

"One thing which I consider an absolutely necessary part of the kitchen paraphernalia is a tool box. Mine, which really is a deep drawer over a built-in cupboard, contains two chisels, a large one and another smaller, a funny little tool the name of which I have forgotten, but it is a wooden handle with a lot of queer little things that can be fitted into the end of it for various purposes, a saw, a large screw driver and a small one—and there are two still smaller ones that belong to that handle full of tools that I mentioned—a monkey wrench, a pair of tweezers, a plane and a few other little things which any amateur carpenter or real one needs at various times.

High egg production is more a question of breeding than of breeds, of heredity than of types. The sheep stables should have frequent cleaning. When the manure is allowed to remain too long it gives off ammonia and other foul gases which injure the sheep.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By John B. Huber, M.A., M.D.

Dr. Huber will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns. If not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Huber will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. John B. Huber, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Cut out worrying; it helps disease to develop.

WHOOPIING COUGH.

In England whooping cough—pertussis—occasions more deaths than does measles or diphtheria or scarlet fever or typhoid fever. 800 of our own children die annually of it. Nor is this taking into account the diseases which may be complicating or sequel to pertussis—emphysema, hemorrhages into the brain, hernia, bronchopneumonia, mastoid abscess, tuberculosis.

Whooping cough is even more serious for adults. In old people it has been fatal in itself or it has led to the development of such "terminal ailments" as pneumonia. Pertussis comes oftentimes in epidemics, which vary greatly in contagiousness, intensity and mortality. The specific germ is spread, just as in diphtheria, in the secretions from the mouth and the nose that are sneezed (and thus atomized or sprayed) or coughed and spat out, or carried about in handkerchiefs, on toys, drinking cups, roller towels and the like, which people who come in contact with the patient handle. Except for the droplet infection which results from sneezing and coughing (and which is always to be obviated by the handkerchief or other cloth held before the patient's mouth and nose during these acts) pertussis is not an air-borne infection. The infection is got either directly (by contagion) in kissing and the like; or indirectly, as from toys and the like. It is a person to person infection; and the germ is not likely to live and be noxious more than several days outside a living body. He who keeps beyond speaking distance of the patient is not likely to be affected. The

Do you think a blood pressure of 125 serious? **Answer:**—No. But it is below par, slightly. It should be about 140. The conditions your doctor mentioned (15 pounds under weight and anemia) would account for the reduced pressure. Leading the Hygienic Life should help greatly to your restoration.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Subnormal Temperature.

Will you kindly advise me if anything can be done for subnormal temperature of one and one-half degrees. I am 55, weigh about 160, work inside, do not drink, use very little tobacco, sleep fairly well. I had a nervous breakdown 15 years ago from overwork, worry and other causes.

Answer:—Subnormal temperature may be occasional and not serious. If persistent the reason is it is due to alcoholism, melancholia, inattention, wasting diseases and chronic poisoning in dangerous trades. A persistent subnormal temperature of one and one-half degrees is a more momentous matter than the same above the normal. You should have your family doctor give you a good overhauling. I am sending you the principles of the Hygienic Life. Leading that should help considerably. Almost all indoor workers suffer from lack of exercise.

Blood Pressure.

Do you think a blood pressure of 125 serious?

Answer:—No. But it is below par, slightly. It should be about 140. The conditions your doctor mentioned (15 pounds under weight and anemia) would account for the reduced pressure. Leading the Hygienic Life should help greatly to your restoration.

A Story from Galicia.

A good story is told concerning Commander Locker-Lampson, whose handling of the British armored-car section on the Eastern front during the Austrian-German advance in Galicia called forth such warm praise. During the height of the Russian retreat, when our allies were streaming away eastward, one of his Tommies was overheard enquiring somewhat anxiously of another who wore our rearguard.

"Those who have the worst horses, I should say," gruffly answered the man addressed, gazing with ill-concealed contempt on the fleeing Russian cavalry.

WHY CHILDREN NEED MILK

The most important part of milk as a food for children is that which furnishes the vitality of the child. It is found in two substances, not very well known, which diet specialists call "growth-getters" because they beget growth. These two substances are found in milk more plentifully than in any other food. One of them is in solution in the liquid portion of the milk and the other is in the fat.

When the cream is taken from the milk half of the growth-getters are taken with it; and butter made from the cream contains practically all of those that the cream contained. Skimmed milk has the other half of these mysterious substances, and cheese made from this skimmed milk retains only a portion of them. Skimmed milk is better than no milk for a child, but not nearly so much growth will be made as when whole milk is fed. Yet milk, cream, butter and cheese all contain this growth-getter.

Milk is a food and not a beverage, and children who are drinking tea and coffee in lieu of milk are being deprived of their most important food, with the possible consequences of less than normal growth, with bones that are weakened or crooked. Not only does the milk furnish the vitalizing substances that promote the function of growth but it supplies the materials from which the growing body is formed. Such is the case with the formation of bone, made up largely of lime. No other food contains so much lime all ready for use by the body and at so low a cost as is furnished by milk. The muscles growing to keep pace with the lengthening bones need the protein furnished by the curd of milk, and the muscles make more rapid growth when fed on the protein from milk than from other foods.

Eggs, cod liver oil and—to a lesser extent—meat all contain the growth-getter which is found in the fat of milk. The whole cereal grains contain the one found in the watery part of milk. Thus it can be partly supplied in whole grain flours, meals and breakfast foods. This vitalizer is found also in dried beans, peas, lentils, meat and eggs.

But to give the child milk is by far the surest and simplest way of seeing that it has the necessary growth-getter. There is likelihood of a present-day tragedy in this country—the children are given less milk. If the lives and the health of the children are to be insured each child must have milk and have it in abundance.

Do Not Tax Children
Only thoughtlessness or selfishness can make the children pay the first and the worst war tax through the taking away of milk or lessening the usual quantity of this most necessary food. The ill effects of this deprivation would not come swiftly enough to warn of the harm that is done but with a dreary slowness that is not likely to be noticed. Little by little the child's health is undermined but even when the break comes, whether it seems to be due to a contagious disease or to a severe cold, the real cause may never be thought of—that the child has not had enough food of the kind that a child needs.

Without milk children cannot thrive, and even though they may be getting quantities of other food substances those who have studied the problems of child nutrition point out that slow starvation results, or at best such poor development that the child is stunted. Parents are said to be changing well formed food habits in order that the little ones may have milk that they need. It has been long recognized that food prejudices are among the most difficult to overcome, but it is urged that the grownups of the household must be self-forgetful enough to adapt themselves to changes in their fare if by so doing the children may have their milk. In many families to-day in which both milk and meat have been abundantly used the problem arises as to which one must be reduced. From the point of view of the pocketbook and from that of patriotism—the greatest good to the future of the country—let milk be retained, or even increased in the family diet. Without question milk is a cheaper all round food than meat, and, although the children must have milk, adults can use milk as a supplement to a decreased meat diet.

ROYAL JEWELS.
European Monarchs Disposing of Valuables in Hard Times.
In times of stress the English workers deposit what Mr. Wemmick called their "portable property" at the pawnshop, and the French at the state establishment more euphonically called the mont-de-piété. Royalty cannot descend to these shifts, although some of the crowned heads of Europe, through pressure of hard times since the beginning of the war, have had to dispose of their jewels. The Zarina of Russia took time by the forelock by selling hers before the war began. Now the King of Bavaria has sold in Holland pearls to the value of half a million sterling. Doubtless these are the famous black pearls of his family, which, according to tradition, bring misfortune to their owners.

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and pick out your Victrola
for Christmas It will be
delivered whenever you wish.

Victrolas \$27.50, \$41.50, \$63, \$79, \$117.50, \$225, \$285, \$365, \$370, \$445, \$520
Victor Records—90c for 10-inch, double-sided. Victor-Victrola and complete outfit of 15 double-sided records, 30 selections for \$41.00.

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WE KEEP OUR CUSTOMERS INFORMED AS TO PROBABLE FUTURE PRICES

Prices are yet very much below prevailing prices at time of American Civil War. At that time prices were three to five times that of normal times. Considering the vastness of this present war, every indication points to steadily increasing prices. Cotton and Wool getting scarcer and prices rapidly advancing. Shrewd buyers are keeping their wares well supplied and in many instances even purchasing ahead for next winter.

Prices for Fall and Winter, 1918, as nearly as manufacturers can judge now, will be about 20 per cent. or more above today's prices, with quality each season more inferior.

This Store Never Encourages Extravagant or Reckless Buying
Economy in all things is rather to be encouraged. It's poor economy, in face of advancing prices, to put off buying "necessaries" of life.

This is the Store With "The Goods"
Stocks not only LARGER but QUALITY Standard WELL MAINTAINED
Our sales show enormous increases over former years, partly accounted for by the large surplus stocks held in reserve, bought months ago. We want our customers to get values equal to if not lower than what same goods can be procured for from any other source.

We Enter Christmas Month Well Prepared
in every department for the big December trade. Time to start buying when stocks for Christmas are most complete.

Empress Shoes For Spring, 1918
We were fortunate in getting a special delivery now of goods ordered for spring, 1918. It gives next spring's styles at today's values—a saving of 20 per cent. or more. Besides, you get better quality. Compare our values at from \$3.50 to \$7.50.

Right After Big December Business, With Values Unmatched
Men's Grey Long Rubber Boots, not seconds but perfect quality, \$4.75.
Men's Black Long Rubber Boots, red sole guaranteed, \$3.90.
Men's Storm or Plain Rubbers, 90c.
Women's Storm or Plain Rubbers, 75c.
Women's Felt Overshoes, \$1.25.
Men's Felt Overshoes, \$1.50.
Special values in Lumbermen's Rubbers and Sox.

Christmas Number of Woman's Magazine now in stock

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—to address in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.50 per year, \$1.00 for eight months; to address in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.
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Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. STRICKLAND.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1917

Christmas and Other Gifts.

Some years ago there was organized in the United States the Society for the Prevention of Useless Giving, whose abbreviated name "Spugs" tended to give a comic character to a movement that was both serious and sensible. To-day this society represents the true spirit of the times in the United States as it never did before, for this is the first Christmas since the American nation entered the war. The spirit is reflected in the following request appended to the published death notice of a prominent citizen of New York:

"At this time of national emergency it is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent. Whoever has thought of sending them had better contribute in his memory to some war charity or national need whatever sum, large or small, might otherwise have been spent for a swiftly-passing token of affection."

The amount of money ever spent on any funeral would be a mere drop in the bucket, perhaps, compared with the daily expenditure of any of the powers engaged in the war. The amount by which war charities would benefit as a result of this request is trifling. The significant and important thing is the spirit of saving. If it is begun in small things it will extend to large things, and the effects of a whole nation saving money for necessities would equal the effect of another nation declaring war on Germany.

Christmas giving has become such a habit among Christian nations that an agitation to suspend it while the war endures would have little influence. Nevertheless, the man or woman who spends money in useless Christmas gifts at this time must be either thoughtless or unpatriotic. Gifts that supply a real need on the part of those who receive them are the only gifts that ought to be considered in war-time.

One Man's Prayer.

Out in Kansas there is a man named Homer McKee. He wrote a prayer and it was printed in the State Board of Health Bulletin. The Bulletin fails to identify Mr. McKee further than to publish his name, which is enough in a way, for the prayer speaks for the man, and sums up in a few words the attitude of happiness. The Guelph Herald quotes it as follows:

Teach me that sixty minutes make an hour, sixteen ounces one pound, and 100 cents \$1.
Help me to live that I can lie down at night with a clear conscience, without a gun under my pillow, and unhaunted by the faces of those whom I have brought pain.

Grant, I beseech Thee, that I may earn my meal ticket on the square, and in doing thereby that I may not stick my gaff where it does not belong.

Blind me to the faults of the other fellow, but reveal to me my own.
Keep me young enough to laugh with my children, and to lose myself in their play.

And then, when comes the smell of flowers, and the tread of soft steps, and the crushing of the hearer's wheels in the gravel out in front of my place, make the ceremony short and the epitaph simple.

Your Wealthy.

Don't worry just because you're poor; if you were rich you'd worry more—That's cert'n.

You get your three square meals a day.
You couldn't eat more, anyway—'Thout hurtin'.

Don't think the fates have been unkind.
There's many millionaires you'll find complainin'.

There's lot's of men with so-called means,
Who'd like to wear your old blue jeans—'Thout strainin'.

We fellows in our working clothes
Can shake 'em when the whistle blows—'Thout frettin'.

The boss with dollars to your dime,
You bet he's working overtime—And sweatin'.

There's them who'd give up every sou
If they could stand up strong like you—And healthy.

You've got your children and your wife.
You've love and happiness and life—You're wealthy.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

School Reports.

The following is the report of S. S. No. 12, Mossa, for November. A Means absent for one examination. Perfect attendance:—

Sr. IV.—Dan W. McVicar 70.
Sr. IV.—Wilson McLean 67, Emerson McVicar 69, Oscar Goldrick 69, Ella L. Quick 30.

Sr. III.—Sara M. Mitchell 70, Wm. H. Quick absent.

Sr. II.—William A. Quick 68.
Class II.—Barbara E. McVicar 70, Sara C. Purcell 70, Winnifred A. McLean 69, Bruce McLean 65, Jean McVicar 64, Margaret McIntyre 35.

Class I.—Anna B. McVicar 91, Carrie McLean 91, Miss B. Purcell 71, Nelenia McVicar 67, Maggie M. McLean 58.

Primer.—James Mitchell, George Ritchie, Malcolm McVicar, Cecil Goldrick.
MARGARET LITTLE, Teacher.

School report for S. S. No. 3, Mossa, for the month of November. A Means perfect attendance. A Means not present for all examinations:—

Sr. IV.—Verna Watterworth 88
Sr. IV.—Hugh Whitfield 83, Cecil Moore 85, Amy James 80

Sr. III.—Elliot Whitlock 85p, Conny Moore 85p, Wm. Whitlock 71p, Norman Winger 73, Alice Harvey 71, Ralph Few 68p

Sr. II.—Edith Lumley 70p.
Sr. II.—Blanche Whitlock 80, Richard Fry 80p

Sr. I.—Donald Coyne 90p, Frank Walker 90, Ross Edwards 70p, Jean Moore 73p, John Whitfield 68, Marion Grover 66p, Willard Edwards 66p, Charlie Perrin 58p, Florence Fry 54p, Louis Moore 52p, Helen Whitlock 49, Earl Harvey 37p.

Primer. A Class—Clare Whitlock p. B Class—Russell Winger.
O Class—Arlie Haskell.
D Class—Velda Grover.
E. REYCRAPT, Teacher

A Wonderful Newspaper.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, is a most unique paper and very popular in every home in Canada. It is surprising what great value to the reader is contained in every issue. Few homes are without it, and they are the losers in not having it. The subscription price is \$1.25 a year, and includes a colored war map of the fighting area in Europe. It is a splendid map and of great assistance to understand the war. We understand the map offer is shortly to be withdrawn. The year's subscription and war map are certainly big value at \$1.25. 94-1

CLEAN STOMACH, CLEAR MIND.—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops, and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach, and the best preparation for that purpose is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years has won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

Marriage Licenses issued by D. H. McRae, Strathburn. 641f

HOW THE LUTZOW SANK

STORY OF JUTLAND BATTLE TOLD BY GERMAN.

The First Description of Admiral Beatty's Victory From the Point of View of the Teuton Sailors to Reach English-speaking Public Comes From The Hague.

SCENES on board the German flagship Lutzow during the Jutland naval battle, when some of the newest and largest of the German battle cruisers were battered or sunk by Admiral Beatty's British squadron in June, 1916, are vividly described by P. Krug, one of the Lutzow's survivors, in a pamphlet which has just been published at The Hague. It is believed to be the first detailed story of that great battle, from the point of view of the German sailor, to reach the public eye.

Torpedoed by a British warship early in the engagement, the Lutzow, which was the flagship of Admiral Hipper, was hammered unmercifully by the big guns of the British vessels, and soon became a complete wreck, a "ship of the dead," as Krug describes her.

According to his story, twenty-seven German sailors were trapped in the Diesel dynamo room before the battle had been long in progress and remained there when the Lutzow, a disabled hulk, was abandoned and sent to the bottom by a torpedo from a German destroyer. Two of these imprisoned men had been driven insane and were kept tied by their shipmates.

After describing the first part of the battle and telling how the arrival of British battleships turned the tables on the Germans, Krug writes:

"Suddenly the entire ship is roughly shaken. The colossal heaves far over, and everything that is not fixed is upset. The first direct hit! The torpedo pierces the fore part of the ship. Its effects are terrible. Iron, wood, metal, parts of bodies, smashed ship's implements are all intermixed, and the electric light, by chance spared, continues to shine upon this sight.

"Two decks lower, in the Diesel dynamo room, there is still life. That compartment has not been hit, and 27 men in the pride of life have been spared, but the chamber is shut out from all others, for the water is rushing into it. They are doomed to death. Several 38-centimeter shells squarely hit their mark, working terrible havoc. The first hits the wireless department. Living men are seen at a moment ago were seated before the apparatus, there is nothing more to be seen. Nothing is left but a smoking heap of ruins. The second hit pierces the fore part of the ship. The entire fore part of the vessel as far as the Diesel motor room was past saving.

"Another broadside meant for the Lutzow fell short, but a torpedo boat missed by disappearing leaving only a few odd pieces of wood and a smashed lifeboat drifting round. It is now half past seven, and the hostile circle grows ever smaller. The Lutzow and the Seydlitz lie with their bows deep in the water; both are badly mauled. The fore part of the Lutzow was in flames. Shells burst against the ship's side in rapid succession. A terrific sight is presented on board the Lutzow, and it needs no services to look upon it coolly. Hundreds have lost their lives, while many have lain for hours in torture, and the light is not yet over. The bow is being crushed in and is entirely submerged. The four screws are already sticking half out of the water, so that the Lutzow can only make eight to ten knots an hour as against the normal 23.

The Admiral decides to transfer to the Moltke. He gives orders to turn and get away from the scene of the fight, but the Lutzow has not one mile before she receives a broadside of 38-centimeter shells. The entire ship was filled with the poisonous fumes of the shells, and anyone who failed to affix his gas mask was doomed to be suffocated. "It was three-quarters of an hour before the lighting installation was restored. Then for the first time could the extent of the damage wrought by the salvo be seen. One of the shells had landed in the sick bay. Here there were three doctors and fifteen attendants besides 160 to 180 wounded. Of all these only four remained alive. These four were hurried into the next compartment by the air pressure; there they lay unconscious.

The Lutzow was now a complete wreck. Corpses drifted past. From the bows up to the first 30-centimeter gun-turret the ship lay submerged. The other gun-turrets were completely disabled, with the guns sticking out in all directions. On deck lay the bodies of sailors in their tun uniforms in the midst of the empty shell cases. From the masts fluttered torn flags, twisted signal lines, and pieces of wire of the wireless installation. Had not the look-out man and the three officers on the commander's bridge given signs of life, the Lutzow would have truly resembled a ship of the dead. Below on the battery deck and in the coal bunkers there still lay innumerable wounded, but there was no longer a doctor to attend to them.

"Night came on and hope was entertained of getting away without a further encounter. But at 3 o'clock in the night news of the approach of two British cruisers and five destroyers was received, and just at that critical time the fore and middle bulkheads gave way.

"Orders were given to carry quickly the wounded to the stern. Then the order rings out: 'All hands muster in division order abaft.' A tumult arises on the lower deck, for everybody is now bent on saving his life.

THE DAIRY INDUSTRY.

Interesting figures Regarding Production of Butter and Cheese.

In a press bulletin issued from Ottawa the census and statistics office reports on the total production of butter and cheese in the creameries and cheese factories of Canada for the year 1916, as compared with 1915, the report being based upon returns collected from the dairying branches of the provincial departments of agriculture. The figures for 1915 represent approximate estimates, as the returns for that year are not quite complete. The total number of creameries and cheese factories operating in 1916 is reported as 3,446, including 993 creameries, 1,813 cheese factories, 624 combined factories (cheese and butter), and 19 condensed milk factories. The total number of patrons contributing to creameries and cheese factories during the year 1916 was 221,192, the deliveries of milk amounting to 2,600,542,987 lbs., and of cream to 157,620,636 lbs. The two chief dairying provinces of the Dominion are Ontario and Quebec. Both manufacture cheese and butter: in Ontario more cheese is made than butter; in Quebec more butter is made than cheese. In Ontario the total number of establishments operating in 1916 was 1,165, and the patrons numbered 87,325, whilst in Quebec the establishments numbered 1,984 and the patrons 79,145; so that the average number of patrons per establishment was 75 in Ontario and 40 in Quebec.

The total production of creamery butter in Canada in 1916 is returned as 82,564,130 lbs. of the value of \$26,966,357, as compared with 83,824,176 lbs. of the value of \$24,368,636 in 1915. Comparing the relative production of the provinces, the production in 1916 is highest in Quebec with 34,323,275 lbs. of the value of \$11,516,148, as compared with 24,80,109 lbs. of the value of \$8,031,988 in Ontario. These two provinces together produce about 70 per cent. of the total creamery butter of Canada. Of the other provinces the production and value of creamery butter in 1916 is as follows: Alberta 6,521,784 lbs., value \$2,619,248; Manitoba 6,574,510 lbs., value \$2,038,109; Saskatchewan, 4,310,669, value \$1,338,180; Nova Scotia 1,587,679 lbs., value \$505,000; British Columbia 1,243,292, value \$497,316; New Brunswick 709,932 lbs., value \$236,194; and Prince Edward Island 613,880 lbs., value \$184,164. The average price per lb. of creamery butter for all Canada works out to 33 cents in 1916, as compared with 30 cents in 1915. By provinces in 1916 the highest price was in British Columbia 42 cents and the lowest in Prince Edward Island 30 cents. In the other provinces the price per lb. for 1916 was as follows: Nova Scotia, 32 cents; New Brunswick, 33 cents; Quebec, 34 cents; Ontario, 33 cents; the prairie provinces 31 cents.

The total production of factory cheese in 1916 was 192,968,597 lbs., of the value of \$35,512,530, as compared with 183,878,898 lbs. of the value of \$27,577,775 in 1915. By provinces the lead in production is taken by Ontario with a total quantity in 1916 of 126,015,870 lbs. of the value of \$23,312,935, Quebec being second with 61,906,750 lbs., of the value of \$11,245,104. These two provinces together account for 98 per cent. of the total production of factory cheese. The production and value of factory cheese in the other provinces in 1916 were as follows: Prince Edward Island 3,121,736 lbs., value \$409,495; New Brunswick, 1,185,664 lbs., value \$210,692; Manitoba, 880,728 lbs., value \$158,821; Alberta, 747,122 lbs., value \$154,454; Nova Scotia, 44,727 lbs., value \$16,959; and British Columbia, 18,000 lbs., value \$3,960. The average price per pound of factory cheese for all Canada works out to 21 cents in 1916 as compared with 17 cents in 1915. In 1916 the average price is highest in British Columbia, 25 cents. In Quebec and Ontario the average price is 18 cents, and in Alberta it is 21 cents.

Captured Machine Gun.

Details have reached Canada of the act for which the Victoria Cross was conferred upon Lt. Lut. Frederick Maurice Watson, of Strathcona's Horse, Canadians, who is Irish by birth, but now belongs to Medicine Hat, Alta. The official records say he was given the Victoria Cross, the highest decoration for valor in the world, for the following: "For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty. During an attack of his regiment on a village a party of the enemy ran forward to a wire trench just in front of the village and opened rapid fire and machine gun fire at very close range, causing heavy casualties to our leading troops. At this critical moment, when the enemy showed no intention whatever of retiring and the firing was still intense, Lieut. Harvey, who was in command of the leading Canadian troops, ran forward ahead of his men, and dashed at the trench, still fully manned. He jumped the wire, shot the machine gunners, and captured the gun. His most courageous act undoubtedly had a decisive effect on the success of the operation." The investiture took place before the King on July 21.

Fifty Wooden Ships.

Fifty wooden steamers of a uniform size of twenty-five hundred tons will be added to the ocean-going tonnage of Canada within the next twelve months. The first of them will be launched this fall and on the others good progress is reported. The ships are those which are being built for the British Government through the agency of the Imperial Munitions Board. About thirty are in yards on the Pacific coast, and the others at Atlantic or lake ports. From five to nine months is the time required for completion. Simultaneously with ships of steel construction the various ship building plants are stocked with orders to their full capacity for the coming year.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized.....\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid-up.....12,911,700
Reserve Funds.....13,471,700
Total Assets.....392,000,000

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C. E. NEILL, General Manager
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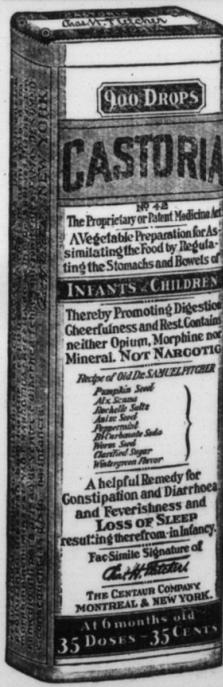
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opened with the Merchants Bank of Canada in the names of two persons is that it one dies the family funds are not tied up just when they are likely to be most needed. The survivor can withdraw the money without delay or formality.

Think it over—then open a Joint Account.

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RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 8:27 a. m.; No. 14, express, local points to London, 2:30 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 4:35 p. m.; No. 18, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.

Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 15, Detroit express, 12:40 p. m.; No. 17, local mail and express, 5:35 p. m.; No. 19, International Limited, from Toronto and east to Detroit, 8:51 p. m.

Nos. 18, 14 and 13, Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 302, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 8:35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p. m.

Westbound—No. 303, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:50 p. m.

No. 3, Sundays included.

Stagowart Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, Tupperland points west—No. 383, mixed, 7:35 a. m.; No. 277, passenger, 5:30 p. m.; No. 382, passenger, 8:30 p. m.

Arrive Glencoe—No. 272, passenger, 7:55 a. m.; No. 380, express, 5:45 p. m.; No. 381, mixed, 8:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 684, daily, 12:25 p. m.; No. 672, Windsor mixed, daily except Sunday, 4:40 p. m.

Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, daily, 4:40 p. m.; No. 671, Windsor mixed, daily except Sunday, 9:35 a. m.; No. 653, daily, 8:15 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mail closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6:00 p. m.; London and East, 7 p. m.; Mail received—London and East, 9 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a. m.

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by buying

MCLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Oakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

J. A. McLachlan

GLENCOE

A meeting of everybody interested in hockey will be held at the McKellar House on Monday evening, Dec. 10, at 8 o'clock. The promoters expect to get the Glencoe, Thamesville and Blenheim teams into the O. H. A.

Eight claims for damages alleged to have resulted from defective roads will be dealt with by Middlesex county council at its meeting this week. The claims are all small and will not total more than \$1,000.

The Appin Red Cross wishes to acknowledge the following donations for November—\$20 from Ekfrid council, \$20 from proceeds of young men's assembly, and \$5.75 from the school children of S. S. No. 13, Ekfrid.

Metcalfe township council held a meeting at Napier on November 5th, all the members being present. After passing a number of accounts the council adjourned to meet again on Saturday, December 15th at 10 a. m.

A chicken supper held in the Weekes school house, Mosa, on Tuesday evening by the Battle Hill Relief Society was a splendid success and a credit to the society, who have been doing yeoman's service for the Red Cross and other patriotic interests.

No muskrat can be hunted, taken or killed, or had in possession of any person in this part of the province, except from the 1st day of March to the 21st day of April. No person shall catch fur-bearing animals except under a license, and that license shall be issued by the Game and Fish Commission.

J. W. Munroe, who recently sold his farm in Mosa to Jas. H. Walker, is moving to Glencoe, having bought the house occupied by Thomas Diamond on Dean street from Miss Sarah McLean of Ayr. Mr. Diamond is moving into Wm. Columbus' house on the corner of Main and Wall streets.

Mr. and Mrs. James Henry Walker and family have arrived from the West and taken up their residence on the farm in Mosa which Mr. Walker recently bought from John W. Munroe. Mr. Walker disposed of all his holdings in the West and is highly pleased to get back to good old Ontario.

We notice in this election that the people are not paying much attention to the wind-jammers of either party. Canadians in recent years have been doing course studying and thinking in affairs of state that ever before, and few of them will allow themselves to be influenced by last-minute wire-election twaddle.

An exceedingly attractive program is announced for the annual High School concert to be held on Friday evening of this week—drills, choruses, instrumental and vocal solos and duets, etc., together with a highly original Wednesday evening entertainment, "The Higher Education." Seats are 35 cents. Plan at Lumley's drug store.

Two dollars and fifty cents will feed one of our Canadian soldiers, who is a prisoner in Germany, for one month! The W. C. U. A. are acting for regular contributors. Mrs. M. L. Farrell and Mrs. (Rev.) Irwin will receive small contributions of from 10c to 25c, which will be forwarded to the person in charge of that department at London.

The Sarnia Canadian Observer says—About twenty young friends of Miss May Young gathered at the residence of Mrs. M. L. Farrell on Wednesday evening to honor the young lady prior to her departure for her home in Glencoe. The evening was spent in music and games and Miss Young was the recipient of many tokens which were presented reported an enjoyable evening.

The monthly meeting of the Pollyanna Mission Circle was held at the home of C. M. Hicks on Monday evening, Nov. 26th. The resignation of Miss Lida Smith as secretary was accepted and M. Garner was appointed in her place. An interesting reading of "French and Foreign" by Mrs. Stewart was given by E. Smith, after which the study of "The Uplift of China" was read by Miss E. Fothergill. The next meeting of the circle will be held on the second Monday evening in December at the home of E. Smith.

H. I. Johnston of Essex, who has purchased the drug and stationery business of J. A. Scott, comes to Glencoe with a brilliant record. He is the D'Avignon gold medal for dispensing at Toronto, and holds the degree of Bachelor of Pharmacy from the University of Toronto. He has taken up his residence on the corner of Syme and Victoria streets and is now in charge of the business. Mr. Johnston is also an optimist, and will devote considerable of his time to the testing of eye-sight and the fitting of glasses. We welcome Mr. and Mrs. Johnston to our village and wish them well.

The twenty-fourth anniversary of St. John's church was held on Sunday, Dec. 2nd, at 10 o'clock. The service was held on the second Monday evening in December at the home of E. Smith.

Henry Kook's clearing sale of farm stock and implements on the Thomas Simpson farm next Monday starts at half-past twelve o'clock, as the list is quite an extensive one.

Everywhere Red Cross workers are urged to "speed up" as supplies are sorely needed and the workers are not taking the interest necessary to keep up the increasing need.

Mrs. McIntyre, treasurer of the Glencoe Red Cross, acknowledges the receipt of a donation of \$5 from Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hillman and \$11 from an anonymous contributor.

Harry Thompson, one of the collectors for the Victory loan in the township of Metcalfe, reports subscriptions of \$24,000 from his district, over \$21,000 being from the 8th line alone.

The youngest child of Thomas Diamond had his tongue badly cut and torn on Tuesday when the little daughter Dorothy was removing a small tin box which the child had put in its mouth.

The Ernie Marks Company filed a three-nights engagement at the Opera House this week under the auspices of the Oddfellows. Their shows were pleasing and attracted large audiences.

John Hughes, treasurer of the township of Metcalfe, while tying up his cattle on Friday, November 30th, had the misfortune to get kicked by one of them, breaking one of his legs above the ankle.

Messrs. Huston and Morrison, enumerators for Glencoe, have completed the revision of the voters' list in their respective divisions for the coming election and have posted up the same for public inspection.

Mrs. Thomas Diamond received word on Tuesday that a nephew who had been in active service at the front in France for three years was badly wounded in the shoulder with shrapnel. This is the third nephew of hers to be wounded in the war.

Gerhard Heintzman and several other leading makes of pianos for sale on easy monthly or yearly payment, and old instruments taken at their value as part payment on new ones. Apply to Daniel H. McKee, Glencoe.

Don't be fooled by all the patriotic talk let loose by the grafters and money-grabbers with the idea of confusing the issues and getting away with the goods.

Learning to play a Columbia gramophone is simply a matter of watching a Columbia dealer play one or two records. Then you can play the instrument yourself. Probably now you and the kids are holding delightful secret conferences about mother's Christmas present. Why not make it a Columbia gramophone? The same can be bought on easy monthly or weekly payments. Enquire of Dan. H. McKee, Glencoe.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

HEALTHIEST ONE IN THE FAMILY

No Sign Of Dropsy And Kidney Trouble Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



HATTIE WARREN

Port Robinson, Ont., July 8th, 1915.

"We have used 'Fruit-a-tives' in our house for over three years and have always found them a good medicine. Our little girl, Hattie, was troubled with Kidney Disease. The Doctor said she was threatened with Dropsy. Her limbs and body were all swollen and we began to think she could not live. Finally, we decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. She began to show improvement after we had given her a few tablets. In a short time, the swelling had all gone down and her flesh began to look more natural. Now she is the healthiest one in the family and has no signs of the old ailment. We can not say too much for 'Fruit-a-tives' and would never be without them."

WILLIAM WARREN.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Blank oil leases for sale at the Transcript office.
See Davidson's adv. for Christmas gift suggestions.
Marriage licenses issued by J. S. Macraut, Appin. 90-8
Good milk cow for sale. Enquire of W. G. Thomson, Route 1, Glencoe.
Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.
Good maps of Mosa or Ekfrid for sale. Apply phone 81 or P. O. box 212. 93-3
See our display of beautiful china ware for the Christmas trade.—Chas. George. 93-1
Special bargains in shoes, rubbers and men's socks. Repairing a specialty.—Sexsmith & Co.
Quantity of barn or shed timber for sale, 6x8 to 8x8, can cut to order.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin. 73-1
Davidson the jeweler has a fine selection of hand-painted china, suitable for gifts. Pieces 25c up to \$6.
St. John's Sunday School entertainment will be held on Dec. 19th, instead of the 20th as previously arranged.
For sale—a snap—one Ford roadster, 1917 model, and one five-passenger, 1916 model.—Duncanson & McAlpine.
For sale or rent—the brick residence of J. R. Squire, Main street, south, Glencoe, and lot containing 1 of an acre. 91
Lost—between the Ford garage and the post office—a bunch of keys. Finder please return to Duncanson & McAlpine.
For sale—barred Plymouth Rock cockerels, McDonald's bred-to-lay strain. Apply Alfred Gould, R. R. No. 1, Glencoe. 94-1
For sale—house 18x22 ft. with kitchen 18x22; also barn 40x34 with a good pine granary inside.—D. D. McCallum, Appin.
Flour and feed for sale at North Glencoe. Bring up your wheat and get highest market price.—J. D. McKellar, North Glencoe; Chas. Mawhinney, Glencoe. 81-1
The young people of Appin are giving the Appin Methodist church in the Town Hall there on Wednesday evening, Dec. 12. Tony Cortese orchestra of London. Everybody welcome.
A box social under the auspices of the Ferguson's Crossing Needle Club will be held in S. S. No. 8, Mosa, on Friday evening, Dec. 21. Admission, 25c. Ladies bringing boxes, free.
Scottish dancers will contribute to the program at the patriotic entertainment and Christmas tree to be held in the school house S. S. No. 9, Mosa, on Friday evening, Dec. 14th.
A patriotic entertainment and Christmas tree will be held in the school house in S. S. No. 9, Mosa, on Friday evening, December 14th. A good program will be provided. 93-2
The annual entertainment of 'Tait' Corners Sunday School will be held on Thursday evening, Dec. 20. A good program is being prepared by the children. Admission, 25c; children free.
J. D. Mitchell & Sons having disposed of their stove and hardware business to Robert A. Eddie, all accounts due them must be paid by December 22nd to avoid being placed for collection with costs. 94-3
Dugald McIntyre, who has been for some time in partnership with Wm. Muirhead in handling the business of Silverwoods in poultry, eggs and cream, has established an agency at Appin for the same firm. Mr. McIntyre is also agent for the Anchor Both crown separator.
Don't forget the date of the bazaar in the Appin Methodist church, Monday evening, Dec. 10th. Just the place to get a hand-made useful Christmas present for all your friends. Prices ranging from 5 cents to \$5, to suit everyone's purse. A good program is being provided so come and enjoy a social evening with the crowd. Candy and refreshments will be provided at a special booth. Sale of work commences at 7:30. Admission only 10c.

AUCTION SALES

South half lot 9, con. 5, Mosa, on Friday, December 7, 1917, at one o'clock sharp—1 horse, rising 4 years old, Metcalfe Turk; 2 colts, rising 2 years old, Metcalfe Turk; 1 sucking colt, Percheron; 1 cow, 5 years old due in January; 1 cow, 6 years old, supposed to be in calf; 1 cow, 5 years old, supposed to be in calf; 1 cow, 7 years old, supposed to be in calf; 3 two-year-old steers, 1 two-year-old heifer, 4 yearling steers, 4 yearling heifers, 4 spring calves; 9 shoats, weighing about 40 lbs.; 3 goats, weighing about 80 lbs.; 1 brood sow, John D. McLean, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

Auction sale of 40 yearling steers and a number of cows and springers at Appin stock yards on Saturday, Dec. 8, at 1:30 o'clock. A. D. Black, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

Lot 5, Longwoods Road, Mosa, on the farm lately owned by Thomas Simpson, Monday, Dec. 10th, 1917, commencing at 12:30 o'clock sharp—1 sucking colt, 1 mare, seven years old; 1 good work mare, aged 7 years; 1 Polled Angus cow, 5 years old, due to freshen; 1 cow, 4 years old, due to freshen; 1 brood sow, 1 brood pig, 10 pigs about 7 weeks old; 8 good shoats; a number of poultry; 3 geese; 1 Deering binder, 6 ft. cut, nearly new; 1 Frost & Wood binder, 6 ft. cut, new; 1 corn binder, Massey-Harris, nearly new; 1 seed drill, Deering, with fertilizer and clover seed attachment; 1 new Massey-Harris drill with fertilizer and clover seed attachment; 1 side-delivery rake, Massey-Harris, new; 1 team corn planter, nearly new; 1 mower, Massey-Harris, 6 ft. cut, nearly new; 1 Massey-Harris disc harrow, nearly new; 1 International disc harrow, in throw, nearly new; 1 disc harrow; 1 manure spreader, Cockshutt, low down, nearly new; 1 Massey-Harris bean puller and cultivator combined; 1 Cockshutt spring-tooth cultivator; 1 spring-tooth harrow with seat; 2 iron harrows, 1 four-section and 1 three-section; 1 lance-tooth harrow; 3 wagons, all broad tires, 2 in them new; 1 good top wagon with springs underneath; 3 corn scuffers, 4 walking plows; 2 sulky plows, nearly new; 1 sugar beet pulper, 1 root pulper, 1 sugar beet cultivator; 4 sets double harness, all nearly new; 2 sets single light harness, nearly new; 1 set scales, 2,000 lbs. capacity; 1 fanning mill; 1 standard cream separator, 700 lbs. capacity, nearly new; 1 gasoline engine (10-horsepower) and saw; 1 gasoline engine, 1 1/2 horsepower; 1 grain grinder, 4 1/2 inch plates, nearly new; 1 steel drive shaft, with pulleys and brackets; 1 70-ft. engine belt; 2 hay and stock racks combined; 1 gravel box, 1 feed truck, 5 galvanized pig troughs; 1 rubber-tired buggy, nearly new; 1 top buggy; 1 cutter, nearly new; 100 bus. good seed oats, mostly cleaned; a small quantity of barley; 200 bus. buckwheat; a quantity of splendid furniture, also a good piano and bench, and all articles or tools usually used on a farm. Messrs. Kook & Williams, proprietors; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

North half lot 6, con. 1, Mosa, (two miles from Glencoe) Tuesday, Dec.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUR STOCK OF

WINTER RUBBERS, SOCKS, and all kinds of HEAVY FOOTWEAR

COME AND SEE US BEFORE BUYING

We always have a good stock of FRESH GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY and FRUITS.

Come and share your trade at our store.

W. J. STRACHAN'S

Phone orders delivered

11th, 1917, at one o'clock sharp—1 cow, 6 years old, due March 1st; 1 young cow with calf by side; 3 two-year-old heifers, in calf; 5 two-year-old heifers, stockers; 2 two-year-old steers, stockers; 5 one-year-old heifers, stockers; 2 one-year-old steers; 1 heavy mare, 9 years old; 1 heavy mare, 11 years old; 1 Percheron mare, rising 4; 1 general purpose horse, 7 years old; 1 small blocky horse, 8 years old; 1 handy driving mare, 11 years old; 1 light driving mare, 8 years old; 1 mare colt, 2 years old this fall; 3 pigs, 3 months old; 1 McCormick mower; 1 I. H. C. dump rake, new, never used; 1 Tadhoe-Anderson manure spreader; 1 heavy wagon, new, never used; 1 good farm wagon, 1 light wagon, 1 cutter; 1 set bobsleighs, nearly new; 1 set bobsleighs, new, never used; 1 two-furrow riding plow, nearly new; 1 single-furrow riding plow; 1 three-teu-disc drill, McCormick, new; 1 six-horsepower gasoline engine, Ideal; 1 straw cutter, with blower; 1 grain grinder; 1 cream separator, De Laval; other articles too numerous to mention. Wm. McCallum, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

Murphy's Dilemma.

They met on the high road and shook hands.

"Shure, Pat," said Murphy, "betin' a shokin' bad habit."

"Shure, Murphy," said Pat. "But why?"

"Ye know Costigan?"

"Troth I do."

"Well," said Murphy, "he bet me a sixpence to a shilling that I couldn't swallow an egg without breakin' the shell of it."

"And did ye lose the bet?"

"No, Pat, I won it," replied Murphy.

"Then phwat's aillin' ye?"

"Shure, it's the egg that's aillin' me," groaned Murphy. "If I jump about I'll break it and cut my stomach with the shell, an' if I kape quiet it'll hatch an' I'll have a Shanghai rooster scratchin' me inside!"

Sale by Tender of Oil Leases and Pumping Equipment.

Tenders will be received by Marshall A. Sanders, Sarnia, assignee of The Acme Oil & Gas Company, Limited, for the purchase of certain oil leases covering approximately one thousand acres of land in the Township of Brooke in the County of Lambton, upon which there are said to be producing wells, and for certain pumps, casings, tanks, derricks, jerking rods and machinery and appliances used in connection with the operations of the said company, which tenders shall be forwarded to the assignee by registered letter, prepaid, on or before six o'clock p. m. of Saturday, the eighth day of December, 1917.

The property will be sold on bloc. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. The purchaser shall pay ten per cent. of the purchase money on notification of acceptance of his tender, and the balance in thirty days. The purchaser shall satisfy himself as to title.

Further particulars and schedules of the property may be seen on application to D. G. Munro, Alvinston; C. P. Smith, care of The Sarnia Fence Company, Sarnia, or Marshall A. Sanders, Assignee, Front street, Sarnia.

Pardee, Barnham & Gard, Auctioneers & Solicitors.

Sarnia, November 23, 1917.

Executor's Notice to Creditors

Re Estate of Hannah Sheppard, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 128, Section 8, R.S.O., that all persons having claims against the estate of Hannah Sheppard, late of the Village of Newbury in the County of Middlesex, spinster, who died on or about the 13th day of November, 1917, are required to deliver their claims and full particulars of such claims to John Sheppard of the City of London (the Duches a Cousin in the County of Middlesex, executor, on or before the first day of January, 1918, and that after the said first day of January, 1918, I will distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to claims of which I shall have received notice.

JOHN SHEPPARD, Executor.

Newbury, November 27, 1917. 95-3

JOHNSTON'S DRUG STORE

Successor to J. A. Scott

CHRISTMAS IS ALMOST HERE

What about those Christmas gifts? It will pay you to see us first.

We have a large assortment of all kinds of Christmas goods, consisting of Toilet Cases, Brush and Comb Sets, Manicure Sets, Mirrors, Brushes, Manicure Pieces in both ivory and ebony, Fine Stationery, Tobacco Jars, Christmas Booklets, Cigars in fancy boxes, Fancy Chocolates, and many others too numerous to mention.

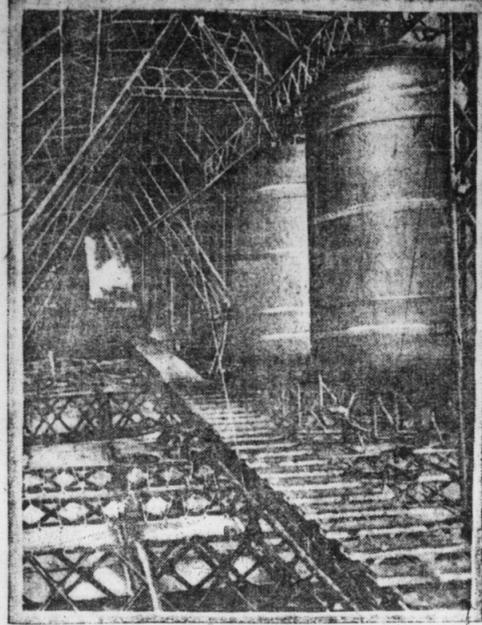
Don't forget the kiddies. Santa Claus keeps his stock of Toys at Johnston's.

Everyone likes a Kodak or Camera. Get Eastman's.

A large shipment of bulk and packaged Chocolates just arrived.

H. I. Johnston, Phm. B. Druggist Stationer Optician

GLENCOE, ONT.



Interior of L-49, only Zeppelin captured intact. The two large cylinders are emergency gas tanks.

ITALIANS LAUNCH OFFENSIVE AGAINST TEUTON MOUNTAIN POSITIONS

On the Lower Piave Enemy Boats Were Destroyed by the Artillery—Situation on Northern Section Unchanged.

A despatch from London says: The entire Italian front the batteries of the contending armies are maintaining a violent bombardment. The German War Office reports that Italian attacks against the Austro-German mountain positions on the west bank of the Brenta and on Monte Tomba failed. "Heavy artillery fighting is in progress all along the front, but no further infantry actions occurred," the Italian report states. "On the lower Piave River Italian batteries directed a destructive fire at enemy boats."

FIRST REVERSE FOR LENINE

Bolshevik Government Replaced by a Coalition Cabinet.

A despatch from London says: Russia is certainly a land of dramatic surprises. Coincident with the acceptance by Germany and Austria of Lenin's armistice proposal, the latter's Government fell. It was replaced by what is best described as a coalition Government of Socialists of the Left, including moderate Bolsheviks. An authority on Russian affairs does not interpret this turn of events as an actual defeat for Lenin, for his influence is still felt in the present Government, but it is held to be a sign his power is waning.

WOMEN'S ROYAL NAVAL SERVICE

A despatch from London says: It was announced officially on Thursday night that the Admiralty approved of the employment of women at various duties on shore hitherto performed by naval ratings, and have decided to establish a Women's Royal Naval Service for this purpose. Members of the service will wear distinctive uniforms, and the service will be confined to women employed on definite duties directly connected with the Royal Navy.

AMERICAN FORCES IN FRANCE STEADILY GROW IN NUMBERS

A despatch from Washington says: Units of National Guardsmen from all the States in the country have arrived in France. Some of the men already are training within sound of the guns on the battle front.

BRITISH SHELLING TOWN OF CAMBRAI IN NEW OFFENSIVE

Infantry Fighting Around Fontaine Has Ceased Temporarily But Intense Artillery Fire Continues.

A despatch from London says: The British are pounding hard along their front in the Cambrai sector, and the town of Cambrai is now directly under the fire of the British cannon. The battling of the infantry for the possession of Fontaine Notre Dame, and between Moeuvres and Bourlon has ceased temporarily, but at times the artillery fire is of great intensity in these regions. Near Poelcapelle and in the Arras sector the big guns of both groups of belligerents are maintaining a heavy bombardment. Attacks on the Belgian position east of Merckem by Bavarian storming troops gave the enemy some prisoners and two machine-guns, but another hostile attack on Belgian troops in the neighborhood of Aschoep was beaten off after a bitter fight.

BRITISH REPULSE ENEMY ATTACKS IN THE GONNELIEU SECTOR

Inflict Heavy Losses Upon Germans—Successful Thrust at Passchendaele.

British Headquarters in France, Dec. 2.—Field Marshal Haig's troops yesterday were continuing their counter-attacks against the German forces who Friday penetrated the British defences in the Gonnelieu sector and also pushed a considerable salient into the British territory. Desperate fighting was proceeding about Gonnelieu this morning. At an early hour of the forenoon the Germans had been pushed back over a considerable amount of ground which they overran yesterday. Gouzeaucourt, which the enemy held five hours and represented their extreme advance, was cleared a little after three o'clock yesterday afternoon, and later the British operations resulted in the Germans being pushed back from Quentin Ridge to east of Gouzeaucourt and from Gauche Wood, which lies west of Villers-Guislain. A little further north in the La Vaquerie section the Germans also had been forced to fall back.

The British a little before two o'clock this morning made a local attack in moonlight on the German positions north and north-east of Passchendaele, and about the same time a minor assault against the enemy front north-west of Goeborg. These attacks appear to have gone well as a whole. The British were held up in the centre along the ridge for a time, but for the most part were reported to have reached their objectives, and to have penetrated from 300 to 400 yards at numerous points. The attack about Goeborg involved two strong German fortifications.

If the gain to the north along the ridge is confirmed, it will mean that the British have added much to the completeness of their observation in this region. Sir Douglas Haig reports: "A minor operation was undertaken early this morning by the Rifle, North Country and Home County Battalions north-east of Ypres. Some fortified strong points on the main ridge north of Passchendaele were captured and a number of prisoners taken."

Markets of the World

London, Dec. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.22; No. 2 do., \$2.20; No. 3 do., \$2.17; No. 4 do., \$2.14. In store Fort William. Manitoba wheat—No. 2 C.W., \$1.90; No. 3 do., \$1.87; No. 4 do., \$1.84. American corn—No. 3 yellow, nominal; Ontario oats—No. 1 white, nominal; No. 2 do., 73 to 74c, nominal, according to freight outside. Winter wheat—No. 2, \$2.10 to \$2.30, according to freight outside. Barley—Malt, \$1.22 to \$1.23, according to freight outside. Dried peas—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Potatoes—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Hops—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Lard—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Butter—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Eggs—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Cattle—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Hogs—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Sheep—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Poultry—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Fish—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Fruit—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Vegetables—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside. Miscellaneous—No. 1, \$1.15 to \$1.20, according to freight outside.

TURKS DEFEATED IN HOLY LAND

Reinforced Armies Unsuccessful in Attacks on British Positions.

London, Dec. 2.—The reinforced Turkish armies in Palestine continued to make attacks on the British positions north-west of Jerusalem, but have been repulsed with heavy losses. The following official report was issued to-day: "At one o'clock yesterday morning the Turks attacked our line in the neighborhood of Beit-Uret-Tahta and Bir-El-Buri. They gained a footing in our positions, but were ejected at daybreak, leaving 200 prisoners in our hands. The enemy loss has been very heavy during his recent attacks. "Bombing raids were successfully carried out at Tulkeram, an important junction on the Turkish line of communications. About a ton of bombs was dropped on the camp, railway, anti-aircraft batteries and aerodrome."

RUSSIA STILL IN THE FIGHT

Reassuring News Received by Russian Embassy at London.

London, Dec. 2.—Reassuring messages from Russia to the effect that no separate peace will be tolerated, but that the armies under General Dukhonorin will fight on, have been received by the Russian Embassy in London. Dr. J. O. Gavronsky, special commissioner of the Russian Provisional Government, and N. N. Nordmann, director of the Department of Economics in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, who are now in London, declared in a statement to the Associated Press yesterday that it was only a matter of a few weeks, it may be sooner, when the Bolsheviks will be completely repudiated, as the forces in South Russia, which is overwhelmingly opposed to a separate peace, control the supplies, and are working quietly but surely in the right direction.

TURKS SHELL PROPHECY'S TOMB

British Repulse Attack—Minaret on Mosque Destroyed.

A despatch from London says: All along the front in Palestine, from northwest of Jerusalem to the Mediterranean coast the Turks are showing activity. The text of the communication follows: "General Allenby reports that the enemy last Tuesday and on succeeding days made demonstrations virtually all along his front, extending from some five miles northwest of Jerusalem to the sea, without affecting our positions. No serious attack developed except against our positions on Nebi Somwil (the prophet Samuel), where the enemy's local effort on Thursday was easily repulsed by us. "Turko-German artillery again made its objective the mosque erected on the traditional site of the tomb of the prophet Samuel. This site is held in equal reverence by Christian, Mohammedan and Jew. The minaret has been destroyed by this bombardment."

BRITISH TOOK 11,551 PRISONERS LAST MONTH

London, Dec. 2.—An official statement issued last night read: "The number of German prisoners taken in November was 11,551, including 214 officers. In the same period we have taken 138 guns, including forty heavy guns, and also 303 machine guns, 44 trench mortars, besides great quantities of engineering stores, ammunition of all natures and war material of every kind."

CAMPAIGN IN EAST AFRICA TO BE CONCLUDED IN A MONTH

A despatch from London says: The end of the East African campaign before Christmas is predicted by the Reuter correspondent at Ndara. He declares that by that time the German commander-in-chief will either be a prisoner or in exile.



CANADA'S CROPS WORTH BILLION

Estimated Value of Field Harvest for 1917.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Census and Statistics Office issued on Friday a preliminary estimate of the total value of the field crops of Canada for the year 1917, as compared with the finally revised estimates of 1916 and 1915. The estimated value for 1917 represents the prices received by farmers, being calculated from current market quotations; they are subject to revision after the compilation of returns from correspondents in December. According to the preliminary estimate the total value of all field crops for 1917 is \$1,089,687,000, as compared with \$886,494,900 in 1916 and \$825,370,600 in 1915. This is the first time that the estimated value of the field crops of Canada has reached one billion dollars, this large figure being due to the high prices now ruling. The total of \$1,089,687,000 is made up of \$451,874,000 for wheat, as compared with \$344,996,400 in 1916 of \$239,142,000 for oats, as compared with \$210,957,500; of \$145,361,500 for hay, clover and alfalfa, as compared with \$171,613,900, and of \$81,355,000 for potatoes, as compared with \$50,982,300. The aggregate value of other grain crops is \$136,006,700, as compared with \$84,679,800, and of other root and fodder crops \$40,974,700, as compared with \$44,165,000. The final estimates of value for 1917 will be published in January.

WORK OF THE MERCANTILE MARINE

IMPORTANCE OF SEA-POWER AMPLY DEMONSTRATED.

Contributions Are Asked on Behalf of the Heroic Canadians Who Defend Our Coasts. There is no need to refer at length to the work of the Navy and Mercantile Marine. But there is pressing need of emphasizing the regrettable lack of recognition which that work is receiving, and of laying stress upon the scanty encouragement Canada, as a whole, is giving to a development of our seafaring people. Upon that class we must depend, to a hardly yet appreciated extent, if we are to maintain our place as a dominant Empire factor after the war; not to mention the awful responsibilities that rest upon them with the present Hun menace overshadowing the world. Never in the world's history has the importance of sea-power been so demonstrated as during the past three years. The Mercantile Marine has successfully carried 12,000,000 of men and 15,000,000 tons of war material, 1,500,000 of sick and wounded, 60,000,000 gallons of petrol, over 1,250,000 horses and mules, 120,000,000 cwt. of wheat, 7,500,000 tons of iron ore, over 853,000,000 pounds sterling worth of goods have been exported. We have sent France 700 ships, and 450 to Italy. The brain reels and imagination staggers as one tries to visualize the infinite variety of the world range of the scope of the merchantman. From Yokohama and Hong Kong, Bombay, Vancouver, Naples, Port Said, and Archangel, these men and their ships are the allied lines of communication; to destroy them is to cut the jugular vein of our war. It is a curious thing in our history, recurring through every stage, that this strange breed of high-spirited, hard-handed, far-sighted, cautious, cunning, silent merchant sailors have been a rock on which our enemies have been broken. They smashed the Armada, they foiled the Dutch, they defeated Napoleon, they defy the Teuton to-day. They face more terrible and hidden foes who strike in the dark without warning; they are just as great in all the essentials of daring resources and humanity as were their heroic forefathers. Last year some \$700,000 was collected and sent overseas for the British Sailors' Relief Fund. This year the Navy League of Canada has been entrusted with the raising of funds to provide for the dependents of the torpedoed seamen. Sailors' Day in Canada. December 8th will be Sailors' Day throughout the Dominion, and the Navy League of Canada asks for a response from the people of the Dominion that will demonstrate, so far as such a medium can do, our heartfelt appreciation of the heroic Canadians who, unsung, and almost unheard of, brave the perils of mine-sown, submarine-infested seas, and with songs on their lips cheerfully give up their lives for the Great Cause. The 8th of December is a fitting day to make our offerings. It is the anniversary of the Falkland Islands battle, which freed Canadian commerce and water-borne traffic from enemy naval menace. The Navy League of Canada has been asked to undertake this work at the request of the authorities in the Homeland. Notwithstanding the many calls upon us, let us not forget these men who enable us to sleep sound in our beds at night. Millions have been given to the army by public and private subscriptions. Practically nothing to the navy and mercantile marine. A despatch from London says: An official statement on the operations in East Africa tells of the unconditional surrender of a German force under Col. Tafel, consisting of 12 German officers, 100 Germans and 3,400 natives. The force had advanced southward from the Mahenge area to Newala, apparently in ignorance to the British occupation of Newala.

RUSSIA STILL IN THE FIGHT

Reassuring News Received by Russian Embassy at London.

London, Dec. 2.—Reassuring messages from Russia to the effect that no separate peace will be tolerated, but that the armies under General Dukhonorin will fight on, have been received by the Russian Embassy in London. Dr. J. O. Gavronsky, special commissioner of the Russian Provisional Government, and N. N. Nordmann, director of the Department of Economics in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, who are now in London, declared in a statement to the Associated Press yesterday that it was only a matter of a few weeks, it may be sooner, when the Bolsheviks will be completely repudiated, as the forces in South Russia, which is overwhelmingly opposed to a separate peace, control the supplies, and are working quietly but surely in the right direction.

TURKS SHELL PROPHECY'S TOMB

British Repulse Attack—Minaret on Mosque Destroyed.

A despatch from London says: All along the front in Palestine, from northwest of Jerusalem to the Mediterranean coast the Turks are showing activity. The text of the communication follows: "General Allenby reports that the enemy last Tuesday and on succeeding days made demonstrations virtually all along his front, extending from some five miles northwest of Jerusalem to the sea, without affecting our positions. No serious attack developed except against our positions on Nebi Somwil (the prophet Samuel), where the enemy's local effort on Thursday was easily repulsed by us. "Turko-German artillery again made its objective the mosque erected on the traditional site of the tomb of the prophet Samuel. This site is held in equal reverence by Christian, Mohammedan and Jew. The minaret has been destroyed by this bombardment."

BRITISH TOOK 11,551 PRISONERS LAST MONTH

London, Dec. 2.—An official statement issued last night read: "The number of German prisoners taken in November was 11,551, including 214 officers. In the same period we have taken 138 guns, including forty heavy guns, and also 303 machine guns, 44 trench mortars, besides great quantities of engineering stores, ammunition of all natures and war material of every kind."

CAMPAIGN IN EAST AFRICA TO BE CONCLUDED IN A MONTH

A despatch from London says: The end of the East African campaign before Christmas is predicted by the Reuter correspondent at Ndara. He declares that by that time the German commander-in-chief will either be a prisoner or in exile.

ITALY'S CRISIS IS NOW PAST

Efforts of Italian Army Succeed in Making Situation Secure.

A despatch from London says: "It is now time to say definitely that the crisis in Italy has passed," said Major-General F. B. Maurice, Chief Director of Military Operations at the War Office, in a recent interview. General Maurice said there had been no important movement of German troops from the Russian front. The passing of the crisis on the Italian front, he said, was due entirely to the efforts of the Italian army, adding: "Anglo-French troops are now available in sufficient quantities to satisfy us that the situation is secure." General Maurice pointed out that German inability to exploit the Italian disaster could be regarded as significant of Austro-German weakness. The Italians continue to hold tenaciously their northern front between the Brenta and Piave Rivers against the Austro-German forces, who have been unable in repeated attacks to gain additional terrain. From a staff officer of the 4th army, on the line between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, it was learned also that the enemy had asked for an armistice to bury his dead, the request being refused by the Italians because of the Austrian attitude on a similar request a few months ago. The Austrians had then proposed that during the armistice the Italian guards should be unarmed and the Austrian guards armed.

ITALY TREATED AS BELGIUM

Invasion Territory Suffers Atrocities at Hands of Austro-German Troops. A despatch from Washington says: All the oppressive measures which characterized the German invasion of Belgium and many of the acts of barbarism which revolted the civilized world, semi-official despatches from Rome on Friday say, are now being practised by the Austro-German invaders of Italy. Near Zenon, the despatches say, the invaders placed Italian women and children before the troops as they advanced, and the Italia soldiers were compelled to sacrifice their innocent countrymen. In the Friuli region war taxes, requisitions and conscription of labor is being practised as it was in Belgium and Northern France. Austro-German prisoners tell of Italian non-combatants massacred by the invading troops, and loot from Italian homes and shops has been found on the bodies of dead troops. Soldiers on the Piave declare they hear screams of women and children from the opposite side of the river. The invading armies have taken away cattle and other property, and burnt household furniture for their bivouac fires at night. Bosnian troops, the despatches say, have committed unnamable atrocities.

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MAY EXPORT SUGAR FOR MILITARY USES

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Food Controller's office has announced that the Commissioner of Customs had issued the following memorandum to collectors of Customs and others: "It is now ordered that sugar, refined and unrefined, including maple sugar, may be exported by parcel post up to regulation weight when consigned and intended for military and naval forces overseas, the limit of weight to the United Kingdom being eleven pounds, and for furtherance to France, seven pounds."

GREAT CANAL FOR SCOTLAND

Will Be Of Strategic and Commercial Value. The British are talking of digging a large ship canal across Scotland as soon as the war is over. It would connect the North Sea and the Atlantic Ocean by a voyage of a little more than sixty miles. The importance attached to such a canal is its commercial possibilities and strategic value in war. The dangerous passage north of Scotland would be avoided, as well as the suggested Channel routes on the south. Distances between important commercial ports would be reduced by hundreds of miles. Some of the reductions illustrate the advantage gained, such as 486 miles from Glasgow to Leith; 253, Glasgow to London; 400, Liverpool to Leith; 377, Leith to Belfast; 288, Liverpool to the Elbe; and 290 between Glasgow and Antwerp. Such construction work begun immediately after the war would help in solving the labor question and furnish occupation during the readjustment period. Two routes are discussed. One would follow an existing barge canal involving the deepening of the Upper Clyde, the crossing of a plateau with an indifferent water supply, and the construction of six locks on each side. The rival river route starts at Alloa on the Forth and makes directly for Loch Lomond, across land which is never more than 50 feet above sea level. The lake is 22 feet above the Atlantic and only one lock would be necessary at each end of the canal.

LAND SHOULD BE CLASSIFIED.

The Tragedy of the Deserted Farm Should Happen No More.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture is making a survey of the waste lands of old and new Ontario for the purpose of obtaining information regarding their possibilities for cattle and sheep ranching. This survey should reveal some interesting facts and be the means of obtaining valuable information.

A survey of this nature should be conducted in every province of Canada. In fact, all of our land should be carefully classified preceding settlement, to prevent settlers making the mistake of locating on land unsuitable for farming. In travelling over Canada, one cannot but be impressed by the need of this. In Ontario, in the Trent watershed, there are to be found to-day pitiful cases of disappointment, the settlers having expended their energy for years on land that will never be anything more than patches of gravel and sand. In places in New Brunswick, settlers are merely existing on land which is not suitable for agriculture and should have been kept in forest. In one part of southern Saskatchewan, there is an area known locally as the "burnouts" where settlers have been forced out because they could not make a living. Other provinces have similar difficulties.

Various excuses may be made as to why these errors have happened in the past, but none can be offered for their continuance. Whether the Crown land in a province be under provincial or Dominion control, it is the duty of the government having jurisdiction to see that it is properly classified, and that settlers are allowed only on land suitable for agriculture and where there is reasonable assurance that a decent living can be made.

STILL TRUE TO FORM.

Kaiser Thinks That German Sword Will Win Respect.

If any one has any idea that the Kaiser is not ready to blurt out his inmost self on the slightest provocation, all he has to do is to read the latest outburst to the effect "that the German sword will regain for us the respect of the whole world." That he is still true to form in his belief that might makes right, as he is in living up to the ideas that the old heathen religion of Germany is a thing to concur with, by calling Hindenburg "Wotan" and Ludendorff "Siegfried," is made evident once more. Indeed, it is part of the general mania that obsesses him. For as the world shudders at the naked German sword, dripping with the blood of Belgium and the babes of Northern France, this madman of Potsdam complacently opines that the sword will make him and his respected. But the delusion is one which cannot be cured except by the stern police measures of an outraged world being carried to their finality. "In Belgium, in the spring of this year," so runs a chronicle, "a train came from Aix to Antwerp bearing 255 returned exiles, forty-eight hours on the way, no food on the voyage, with every one taken from the train on a stretcher, and on fifty of the stretchers, dead men; men who died en route, not from forty-eight hours without food only but from three months' experience of German ways in war." This is the German way that the infatuated Kaiser believes is winning respect of the world. Could there be any more evidence of the unfitness of this man with the sword to arrange a peace? Out of his own mouth he is convicted and by the damning evidence coming from men like Gerard and Hugh Gibson.

TRENCH-MADE WILLS.

Tommy's Efforts in Will-Making Are Interesting and Effective.

When John Doe wants to make his "last will and testament" he usually has his lawyer do the work for him to avoid the possibility of complications arising after his death, but when Tommy Atkins in the trenches wants his will made he has to draw it up himself as there is little or no time to seek legal assistance. Although the results of "Tommy's" efforts in will-making may be somewhat crude from the legal standpoint, his product, nevertheless, has proved interesting and effective. His testament is frequently written in his little pay-book which is always with him, whether "going over the top" or at rest in his billet back of the firing line; and many of these trench-wills have "Tommy Atkins'" characteristic touch of humor. Some of them are in dialect, others in phonetic spelling, some in rhyme and some have even been in cipher. Occasionally wills have been made leaving imaginary possessions to institutions or to fictitious persons. While on duty, at a "listening post" in "No Man's Land" a soldier wrote the following will in rhyme:

I haven't a sweetheart, I haven't a mother,
I've only one sister, not even a brother;
My sister Katy is all I've got,
So of ought that's mine, she can have the lot.

This will went through the court without a question. The War Department authorities make every effort to have the soldier's wishes executed, no matter how crude; they may be expressed or however fantastic they are.

"One Meatless Meal a Day"

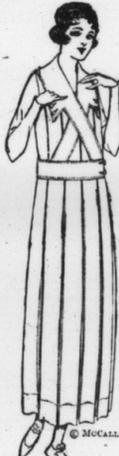
is a good food slogan for war time, or any time—better make it two meatless meals a day—it would mean health and strength for the nation. But be sure and get the right substitute for meat in a digestible form. Shredded Wheat Biscuit is the ideal substitute for meat. It is 100 per cent. whole wheat prepared in a digestible form. Two or three of these little loaves of baked whole wheat make a nourishing, satisfying meal at a cost of only a few cents. Delicious with milk or cream or fruits of any kind.

Made in Canada.

Fashions For the Week



There are bloomers to wear with this smart little dress. The skirt buttons under the tuck. McCall Pattern No. 8056, Child's Dress with Bloomers. In 5 sizes, 2 to 10 years. Price, 15 cents.



This frock of tan broadcloth has a white broadcloth collar of unusual



Instant Postum

fits the spirit of the times perfectly. It is

- Healthful
- Economical (without loss of pleasure)
- Convenient (ready for instant use)

and is a pleasing, wholesome, drug-free drink good for both young and old.

"There's a Reason" Canadian Postum Cereals Co., Ltd. Windsor, Ontario

McCall Pattern No. 8065.

Ladies' Dress. Pattern in 5 sizes; 34 to 42 bust. Price, 20 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond Street, Toronto. Dept. W.

GERMANY'S ARSENAL.

Essen is the Site of the Gigantic Krupp Munition Factories. The word "Krupp" in Germany almost stands for guns and war material of all kinds. Essen is the home of this vast concern, and exists for it, as it was made by it. Before the war Krupp had 3,500 steam engines, 1,500 furnaces, 500 gigantic steam-crane, capable of lifting the biggest guns like the toys of a child, and 200 steam-hammers. To anyone who knows the inside working of a munition factory these few details will present a picture of the stupendous output of munitions of war which the Allies have had to overtake, and upon which the Hun rested his belief that he could dominate the world.

The works, furthermore, contained within their immediate neighborhood 50 miles of railroad, 100 miles of telegraph wires, and 200 miles of telephone wires. Linked up with the works, in all parts of Germany, are hundreds of mines, chiefly coal and iron, besides innumerable quarries. A fleet of steamers, too, piled for the supply of material.

A woman is the virtual head of this vast concern—Frau Bertha Krupp von Bohlen und Halbach, and the Kaiser himself has shares in the concern.

THE CAUSE OF BACKACHE

Every muscle in the body needs constantly a supply of rich, red blood in proportion to the work it does. The muscles of the back are under a heavy strain and have little rest. When the blood is thin they lack nourishment, and the result is a sensation of pain in those muscles. Some people think pain in the back means kidney trouble, but the best medical authorities agree that backache seldom or never has anything to do with the kidneys. Organic kidney disease may have progressed to a critical point without developing a pain in the back. This being the case pain in the back should always lead the sufferer to look to the condition of his blood. It will be found in most cases that the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to build up the blood will stop the sensation of pain in the ill-nourished muscles of the back. How much better it is to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the blood than to give way to unreasonable alarm about your kidneys. If you suspect your kidneys any doctor can make tests in ten minutes that will set your fears at rest, or tell you the worst. But in any event to be perfectly healthy you must keep the blood in good condition, and for this purpose no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville Ont.

INVENTOR OF BEST PAPER BAG.

Little Massachusetts Girl Made Machine To Turn Out Bags. Nearly fifty years ago a letter was received by the United States Board of Patents at Washington asking for a patent on a machine for making paper bags. The letter was signed by a girl. "Who is this?" questioned the men in Washington. "The machine cannot be worth much. Who ever heard of a girl inventing a machine that was any good?" But when the machine arrived it was a surprise. Not only was it nearly perfect in every detail, but the paper bags that it turned out were better than any that these men had seen before. And the girl was awarded the patent desired. This girl was Margaret Knight, born and bred in Massachusetts. When she was still a little girl her dolls would be led scattered over the floor while she ran out of doors to play with her brothers. She could run, play ball and romp as well as the rest of them. A jackknife gimlet was her favorite toy, and hour after hour she would sit on the floor, surrounded by pieces of wood that the boys had collected for her, making playthings for them. "Let me coast with you," begged Margaret one bright snowy morning. "There isn't room for girls on this sled," replied her brother, trying to tease her. "All right. You wait," and she ran home. All that day Margaret worked in the woodshed. When asked what she was doing, she would reply, "Just wait and see." And they saw. For next morning she was still a little girl her dolls were dragged a sled with better runners than the boys' sled possessed. Her brothers stared at her. As she grew older she tried making more difficult things, first of wood, then of heavier material, until she completed her paper-bag machine.

"DECLINED WITH AGONY."

How a Chinese Editor Rejects a Would-Be Contributor's Offering.

Canadian editors do not as a rule waste words in rejecting a would-be contributor's masterpiece. But in China, if report speaks true, it is even

more delightful to have a rejection than to receive an acceptance. If the story, article, or poem is accepted, little or nothing is said; but if the MS. is rejected, all doubts on the head are dispersed, for the editor will write a letter with the rejected screed something like this:

"We have read thy manuscript with infinite delight. By the sacred ashes of our ancestors, we swear that never before have we revelled in so enthralling a masterpiece. If we printed it we should henceforth be obliged to take it as a standard of quality and achievement, and henceforth never print anything inferior to it. As it would be impossible to find its equal in ten thousand years, and we have to go to press with our poor, uninspired paper once a day, we are compelled, though shaken with sorrow and blinded with tears at the necessity, to return thy divine manuscript, and for doing so we ask thee a thousand pardons."

THANKFUL MOTHERS

Mrs. Willie Theriault, Paquetville, N.B., says:—"I am extremely thankful that I tried Baby's Own Tablets for my baby. Through their use my baby thrived wonderfully and I feel as if I cannot recommend them too highly." Baby's Own Tablets break up colds and simple fevers; cure constipation, colic and indigestion and make teething easy. In fact they cure all the minor ills of little ones. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

RED CROSS SPIRIT SPEAKS.

"I kneel behind the soldier's trench, I walk 'mid shambles' smear and stench. The dead I mourn; I bear the stretcher and I bend O'er Fritz and Pierre and Jack to mend. What shells have torn.

"I go wherever men may dare, I go wherever woman's care And love can live; Wherever strength and skill can bring Success to human suffering, Or solace give.

"I am your pennies and your pounds; I am your bodies on their rounds Of pain afar; I am you, doing what you would; If you were only where you could—Your avator.

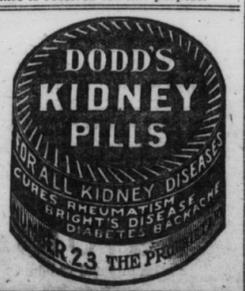
"The cross which on my arm I wear, The flag which o'er my breast I bear, Is but the sign Of what you'd sacrifice for him Who suffers on the hellish rim Of war's red line."

AN EXCELLENT SERVICE

For the last two years the Canadian Pacific Railway, in connection with the Pacific steamers of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, has carried a very large proportion of the passengers from the United States to Russia, and as these passengers have included a great many American railroad men, who have been surprised at the excellence of the service, a remarkable volume of trade is developing, greatly to the benefit of Canada itself. Among these passengers was the American Railway Advisory Commission, consisting of the leading railway experts of the United States, who travelled from Chicago to Vancouver, and thence to Yokohama via the Empress of Asia. Mr. Henry Miller, vice-chairman of this highly important commission, has written Vice-President G. M. Bickworth a letter of deep appreciation, in which, after referring to many individual courtesies along the route, he remarks: "You have good reason to be proud of your organization and service, and we take this method of thanking you heartily for your kindness and courtesy."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

There is no special provision made in Ontario to supply nursery stock of forest trees or shrubs for the ornamentation of school grounds, says J. B. Dandeno, Ph.D., inspector of elementary agricultural classes. Where school boards are desirous of obtaining such material, they are expected to secure it either from near-by woods or swamps, or from regular nurseries. Where the schools are maintaining classes in agriculture, a portion of the ground appropriated to the board for equipment may be used to purchase trees, shrubs, or perennials. In schools where agriculture is not taught (the subject is optional) according to the prescribed regulations of the Department of Education, no financial assistance is received for this purpose.



ISSUE No. 49—17.

WANTED Box Sawyers and Box Makers

GOOD WAGES AND BONUS FIRSTBROOK BROS., LTD. 283 King Street East, Toronto

Brown Milk Gravy—2 cups skim milk, 4 level tablespoons flour, 4 level tablespoons butter, also or sweet dripping. Melt the fat, add the flour and allow to brown, but not burn. Season with black pepper and salt. Add the milk and cook until smooth. (If you make this once correctly, you will make it often.)

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Darwin tulips are an improved race of the flowers, nearly double the size of the early old-fashioned sorts and with a greater richness and variety of color.

MURINE Granulated Eyelids.

Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your eyes and in Baby's Eyes. YOUR EYES No Smearing, Just Eye Comfort. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

No Eye For Color.

Appropos of the amusing comments on academic costume, that so often reveal popular ignorance of the symbolism of hoods and gowns, is the following story, told by a contributor to the Liverpool Post:

A friend of mine, says he, is a curate in a local suburban parish. Some little time back he went up to Oxford to take his Master of Arts degree, and the following Sunday appeared in the pulpit resplendent in his new Master of Arts hood. A few nights later he was dining in the house of a prominent parishioner, and was amazed to hear his hostess pleasantly remark: "Mr. X., that new hood of yours doesn't suit you at all. I can't imagine why you, with your complexion, chose red of all colors in the world. A myrtle green, or an old gold would have suited you much better, and would have been far more effective. You men never know how to dress yourselves!"

AGENTS WANTED

Portrait Agents Wanted. Good prints; finishing a specialty; frames and everything at lowest prices; quick service. Titled Art Co., 4 Brunel Ave., Toronto.

Portrait Agents—Send for Catalogue, prints solar and bromide finished portraits, convex or flat; frames, glass and all supplies. Merchants' Portrait Company, Toronto.

PRODUCE

NEW LAID EGGS, POULTRY, PEAS, beans, honey, onions wanted. Highest prices given. J. D. Arsenault, 1198 St. Catharine East, Montreal.

MISCELLANEOUS

HEAVEN AND HELL—Swedenborg's great work on a real world beyond and the life after death; 400 pages; only 25 cents postpaid. W. H. Law, 4862 Euclid Avenue, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external cure with out pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezeone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezeone dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whitening at his corns, but clip this out and make him try it. If your druggist hasn't any freezeone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.

Relieves Stiff Neck. When you wake up with a stiff neck or sore muscles, strains or sprains, use Sloan's Liniment. No need to rub; it quickly penetrates to the seat of pain and removes it. Cleaner than musky plasters or ointments. It does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle handy for rheumatic aches, neuralgia, soreness, bruises and lame back. In fact, all external pain.

Generous sized bottles at your druggist, 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

It's Easy To Get Rid of Dandruff. Gently rub spots of dandruff, scales, itching and irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. This treatment every two weeks is usually sufficient to keep the scalp clean and healthy. Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postpaid: Cuticura Dept., N. Boston, U.S.A. Sold throughout the world.



How to Meet Trouble. Rise above small things. The woman who lets small things worry her will be completely undone the first time she meets with a really big problem. It is disintegrating to your mental and nervous condition, not to mention your physical condition, to worry. You need not be resigned to fate nor slip your troubles off as the old friend duck's back throws water. But you can meet troubles with a will to conquer them or adjust them—and, after that, "they should worry," but not you.

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MONEY ORDERS

Dominion Express Foreign Cheques are accepted by Field Cashiers and Paymasters in France for their full face value. There is no better way to send money to the boys in the trenches.

Apple and Sago Pudding.—Cook the sago as you would if cooking for an infant food. Slice apples, put into well buttered pudding dish, sprinkle with sugar; pour over the sago and return to the oven. Cook until the apples are tender. Serve with milk and sugar.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Auntie's Mistake. The spelling lesson contained the word "wool," and little Clarence did not know what it meant.

"What is wool, auntie?" he asked. "Wool," replied auntie, "is fine hair that is taken from the back of a lamb. It is used in making yarn, cloth and other things. The trousers you have on are made of wool."

A Cure for Pimples

"You don't need mercury, potash or any other strong mineral to cure pimples caused by poor blood. Take Extract of Roots—druggist calls it "Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup"—and your skin will clear up as fresh as a baby's. It will sweeten your stomach and regulate your bowels." Get the genuine. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles. At drug stores.

AGENTS WANTED

Portrait Agents Wanted. Good prints; finishing a specialty; frames and everything at lowest prices; quick service. Titled Art Co., 4 Brunel Ave., Toronto.

Portrait Agents—Send for Catalogue, prints solar and bromide finished portraits, convex or flat; frames, glass and all supplies. Merchants' Portrait Company, Toronto.

PRODUCE

NEW LAID EGGS, POULTRY, PEAS, beans, honey, onions wanted. Highest prices given. J. D. Arsenault, 1198 St. Catharine East, Montreal.

MISCELLANEOUS

HEAVEN AND HELL—Swedenborg's great work on a real world beyond and the life after death; 400 pages; only 25 cents postpaid. W. H. Law, 4862 Euclid Avenue, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external cure with out pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION



Relieves Stiff Neck

When you wake up with a stiff neck or sore muscles, strains or sprains, use Sloan's Liniment. No need to rub; it quickly penetrates to the seat of pain and removes it. Cleaner than musky plasters or ointments. It does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle handy for rheumatic aches, neuralgia, soreness, bruises and lame back. In fact, all external pain.

Generous sized bottles at your druggist, 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

It's Easy To Get Rid of Dandruff. Gently rub spots of dandruff, scales, itching and irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. This treatment every two weeks is usually sufficient to keep the scalp clean and healthy. Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postpaid: Cuticura Dept., N. Boston, U.S.A. Sold throughout the world.

Machinery For Sale

- 1 WHEELLOCK ENGINE, 18x42. New Automatic Valve Type. Complete with supply and exhaust piping, flywheel, etc. Will accept \$1,200 cash for immediate sale.
- 1 ELECTRIC GENERATOR, 30 K.W., 110-120 Volts D.C. Will accept \$425 cash for immediate sale.
- 1 LARGE LEATHER BELT, Double, Endless, 24 inch x 70 ft. Will accept \$300 for immediate sale, although belt is in excellent condition and new one would cost about \$600.
- PULLEYS, Large size. 26x66—\$30; 12x60—\$20; 12 1/2 x 48—\$12; 12x36—\$8.
- 2 BLOWERS OR FANS, Buffalo make. One 10 inch, other 14 inch discharge—\$30 each.

REAL ESTATES CORPORATION, LTD. 60 Front St. West, Toronto



If short of roots and cabbage gather up the clover leaves at the edge of the mow and save them for the hens. They can be fed dry or scalded and fed in mash. They take the place of green feed.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whiten and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

THE Hospital for Sick Children

College St., Toronto

ITS CHRISTMAS MESSAGE

Dear Mr. Editor:— Thanks for your kindness in allowing me the privilege of appealing to your readers this Christmas time on behalf of the Hospital for Sick Children, the "Sweetest of all Charities," which has as its mission the care of the helpless, the sick, the crippled and the deformed.

There never was a year in the history of the Hospital when funds to carry on the work were more needed than now.

Your purse is the Hospital's Hope. Your money lights the candles of mercy on the Christmas trees of health that the Hospital plants along the troubled roadway of many a little life.

So I am asking you for aid, for the open purse of the Hospital's friend is the hope of the Hospital at Christmas, just as the open door of the Hospital's mercy is the hope of the little children throughout the year.

Calls on generous hearts are many in these times. Calls on the Hospital are many at all times, and especially when food and fuel and drugs and service costs are soaring high. YOU know the high cost of living. Do you know the high cost of healing—of helping the helpless to happiness? What you do to assist is the best investment you will ever make.

Do you realize what this charity is doing for sick children, not only of Toronto, but for all Ontario, for out of a total of 3,749 in-patients last year 646 came from 254 places outside of Toronto. The field of the Hospital's service covers the entire Province—from the Ottawa to the far-off Kenora—from the borders of the Great Lakes to the farthest northerly district.

The Hospital is doing a marvellous work. If you could see the children with crippled limbs, club feet, and other deformities, who have left the Hospital with straightened limbs and perfect correction, your response to our appeal would be instant. In the Orthopedic Department last year a total of 320 in-patients were treated; and in the Out-Patient Department there were 1,946 attendances.

Let your money and the Hospital's mercy lift the burden of misery that curses the lives, cripples the limbs and saddens the mothers of the suffering little children.

Money mobilizes the powers of help and healing for the Hospital's drive day and night against the trenches where disease and pain and death assail the lives of the little ones. Remember that every dollar given to the Hospital is a dollar subscribed to the Liberty Loan that opens the prisons of pain and the Bastilles of disease and sets little children free to breathe the pure air, and to rejoice in the mercy of God's sunlight.

Will you send a dollar, or more if you can, to Douglas Davidson, Secretary-Treasurer, or—

J. ROSS ROBERTSON, Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

A "LUCKY BUY" IN Men's Overcoats



Just 100—This Season's New Styles!

A cancelled order of coats made to sell up to \$25, fresh from the maker. All to go ON SALE THIS WEEK at the low prices of \$13.95, \$14.95 and \$16.68.

An Important Sale of Women's Coats and Winter Millinery
More important than any previous event of its kind this season.

Holiday Displays Now Take Precedence

As always before, this is the "Christmas Store," the great gift store.

Don't wait! Do your shopping early. Christmas is only a few weeks away.

Big Values in Gloves
for men, women and children. 75c. \$1.00, 1.50, 2.00 and 2.50.

Men's Neckwear
Our Christmas ones are here and they're simply great! New designs and colorings. 35c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Mufflers For Men and Women
are better than ever, at \$1.50. Knitted and silk, prices from \$1.00 to \$3.75.

The Greatest Sale of Sweater Coats Ever Seen
for men, women, boys and girls.

A Splendid Assortment of Ladies' Neckwear
Everything individually boxed for gifts.

Practical Gifts
English Quilts—\$1.75, 2.50 and 3.50.
Ibex Flannelette Blankets—\$2.00, 2.35 and 2.75.

Big Values in—
Mackinaw Rubbers.
Heavy Shoes for Men.
Boys' and Girls' Shoes and Rubbers.

Handkerchiefs
Do not leave your Handkerchief buying off too late. Come early and get a big assortment.

Coats
Extraordinary clearance in Misses' and Children's Coats. Your last chance to get one of these snaps.

Trade at this store and then count up what you save in one year.

E. Mayhew & Son

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1917

Wardsville

Miss Hilda Blott spent the week-end at her home here.

Miss M. Farrington and Misses Agnes and Mina O'Malley spent Saturday in London.

Pte. Fred Connelly spent Friday with friends here.

James O'Hara, Emerson King and Earl Linden attended the boys' convention in St. Thomas.

Rev. S. Jefferson spent Saturday in St. Thomas.

Will Randlee and Russell Harold have returned home from the West.

The Outlook sewing circle of the Presbyterian church are holding their annual bazaar and concert on Friday, Dec. 7th.

Crinan

The election in West Elgin has so far brought very little excitement to this division of the county. There is more comment on the doings of local exemption tribunals. Some of our farmer boys who have received temporary exemption are wondering what the future holds for them.

Fall ploughing has been completed, corn stalks are stored and farmers are ready for winter.

Rev. John D. McMillan, B. A., D. D., Ph. D., is visiting his brothers, A. D. and D. A. McMillan, here.

Duncan McColl is at the home of his parents, con. 4. Mr. McColl, who received his exemption, has enlisted for overseas service.

G. T. Markham held a clearing sale of Holsteins recently. Messrs. Black, Watson and McAlpine conducted the sale. Cows brought from \$80 to \$155. Grade cows averaged \$74.

The death occurred at the home of his parents on con. 7 of Alex. Ashton on Sunday morning, Nov. 25th. Mr. Ashton returned a short time ago from White, Alberta, where he had been engaged in business. For the past summer he had been in poor health and gave up business and came to Ontario. He was about 37 years of age and was well known at Crinan where he spent most of his boyhood days. Besides his parents he is survived by his widow and one child 5 months old, one brother, John of Merlin, and two sisters, Mrs. A. Haviland of West Lorne and Mrs. McCallum of Saskatchewan. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, interment being at Evergreen cemetery, West Lorne.

Peter McIntyre has moved his family to West Lorne.

If you are renewing or subscribing for any of the Canadian daily or weekly papers, you may do so at this office. We have always looked after this for scores of our subscribers, and if it is any convenience for you to leave your subscription with us, we would be pleased to accommodate you.

Newbury

Mrs. Hammett has received a letter dated Nov. 3rd from Spr. M. Pickard, now in England, acknowledging the receipt of a package of soldiers' comforts forwarded by the Newbury Women's Institute. In his letter Spr. Pickard says: "Your parcel, which was addressed to me in May, is just received. It was addressed to Corowburgh. It had a great deal of travelling before it got to me. It was sent to France, then to Belgium, then back to England, then to Scotland, and then it arrived here the day before yesterday. I am very sorry that I have not been able to acknowledge the receiving of it before now, but I must thank you all very much for your kindness, as its contents were very much appreciated, especially the Canadian tobacco."

Mrs. McDonald and daughter Ora arrived home Friday after visiting at Coldwell and other western points. They also visited Windsor friends on the return trip.

A large congregation were out Sunday to hear Mrs. McRae of London who spoke in Knox church. She is a very interesting speaker.

Our village did her part nobly in the Victory loan. Seven thousand dollars was the objective. The amount raised was \$17,000, more than double.

Miss Hanbury returned home to Dundalk on Monday after visiting her cousin, Mrs. R. H. Moore.

Pte. Fred Connelly, Pte. James Brennan and Pte. Clayton Armstrong, who were home from Ottawa last week on last leave before going overseas, were given a party in the Town Hall Friday evening. A large crowd attended and had a splendid time. Each of the boys was given \$12.

Pte. Hubert Connelly, Pte. Coddling and Pte. Alex. Humphries of London spent the week-end here.

Mrs. Sinclair was in Detroit last week.

Miss Susie Winslip arrived home Saturday evening from Coldwell.

Lieut. Graydon Batsner spent the week-end with his aunt, Miss Graydon, who returned to Detroit with him for a few days. He leaves soon for Battle Creek camp.

Miss Jessie Gray of Detroit spent Thursday last at her home here.

At the sale of the late Miss Sheppard's effects, held on Saturday, a good crowd attended and the prices were high.

Miss Wilkinson of Windsor visited relatives here on her return home from Toronto where she attended the Horticultural Association as a delegate.

Will Fennell and wife arrived from Pasqua Saturday evening.

Reeve Holman is in London this week attending county council.

Service will be held in the Methodist church next Sunday as usual by the pastor.

New subscribers to The Transcript (for 1918) will get the balance of this year's copies free.

Melbourne.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Collier announce the engagement of their daughter, Ada Gertrude, to Aro A. Hinkle, Toledo, Ohio, the wedding to take place sometime in December, 1917.

A car of coal came to town a few days ago, but it soon disappeared. There is a loud call for more.

Mrs. Robert Parr has been poorly for some time, and is spending a few weeks with her daughter near Bridgen.

The oak timber on the Carruthers and Cornelle farms, south of the village, is being cut and drawn to Longwood station. It is reported that a temporary saw mill will be put up in the spring to cut up the rest of the timber, of which there is a considerable amount.

OAKDALE.

Wedding bells are ringing. The Presbyterian and Methodist Sunday schools are holding a union Christmas tree here on Dec. 10th.

Arthur Summers, Frank Brock and Thomas Summers attended Sir Robert Borden's meeting in Glencoe.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hale, a son.

Mrs. George Sinclair and Mrs. Peter McNeil visited in Appin a few days.

Mrs. Wm. Sinclair and Russel spent a day in Petrolia last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Vesburg of Sheikland were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Summers one day last week.

Chas. Corlett, John McLennan and Alex. Summers spent Monday evening in Rutherford.

Primary Room—Reading.

First Class—
Eliza McDonald 90
Ethel McAlpine 85
Stanley Abbott 75
Kathleen Wilson 70
George McEachren 68
Albert Young 65
Margaret McLachlan 60
Harold Wilson 60
Gordon Ramsay 50

A Class—
Helen Clark 90
Lou Rycraft 80
Sidney Ewing 80
Willie Ramsay 75
Campbell Miller 75
Nelson Rycraft 65
Alvin Hagerty 65
Angus Ramsay 65

B Class—
Merna Stewart 85
Jean Grover 80
Florence Hills 75
Morna Scott 75
Irene Squire 75
Greta Gushman 65
Carrie Smith 60
Evelyn Wilbur 60

The Transcript is agent for the Appleford Counter Check Book Company. Why not give us your next order for check books? No matter what style of check book you are using, we can duplicate it at the same price. Give the local man the preference.

Hiram Crandall of Cass City, Mich., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Nat. Currie.

Mrs. Christopher R. McRae took very sick last week, but is on the mend again.

Oil drillers have started to put a well down for oil on Wm. Burchiel's place, Moak. Next test will likely be at Strathburn.

Use the "Special Notices" column in this paper if you have anything to buy or sell. It is the quickest and most economical way of reaching many hundreds of people throughout the district.

Kilmartin.

Mr. and Mrs. Angus McGugan of Port Arthur, who attended the funeral of the late Dr. Hugh McGugan, spent a few days at the home of Duncan Campbell.

Sorry to report that Neil McNeil is seriously ill at his home here.

John Dewar of Aldborough is spending a few days with friends here.

Mrs. Hugh Munroe, who has spent some time at Walkerville with her daughter, returned home recently.

John McLean of the West is visiting at his home here.

Mac. McAlpine and sister Jennie of Dutton visited at Donald McGregor's on Monday.

A literary society has been organized in S. S. No. 17.

The induction of Rev. Mr. Robertson of Mt. Brydges, who was recently called to Burns' church, Moak, will take place on Thursday, the 13th.

Nights of Agony come in the train of Asthma. The victim cannot lie down and sleep is driven from his brain. What grateful relief is the immediate effect of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. It banishes the frightful conditions, clears the passages, and enables the afflicted one to again sleep as soundly and restfully as a child. Insist on the genuine at your nearby druggist.

TAIT'S CORNERS

A meeting of the Red Cross Society held at the home of Mrs. Robert Coulthard was largely attended, about twenty-five members being present. Officers were elected for the new year, and the collection amounted to \$8.10. Forty three pairs of socks were taken in, of which 27 pairs were sent to Hyman Hall, London, and 16 pairs were sent in boxes packed at Mrs. George Coad's on Nov. 13th for boys at the front. Proceeds of a party held at James McRae's amounted to \$38.85. Those having socks ready will please send them in to Mrs. George Coad's by the 12th of December.

Glencoe Public School.

WEEKLY EXAMINATION.

Grammar.

Senior Fourth Class—
Hazel McAlpine 75
Frances Sutherland 74
R. D. McDonald 67
Jean McEachren 65
Jessie Currie 53

Junior Fourth Class—
Sadie Young 69
Albert Anderson 65
Willie Bechill 42
Cecil McAlpine 41

Composition.

Senior Third Class—
Archie Parrott 87
John Simpson 85
Florence McEachren 85
Margaret McDonald 80
Gladys Eddie 80
Ethel George 70
Grace Dalgety 69
Nuala Stuart 64
Willie Thomson 63
John Hillman 59
Clarence Leitch 58

Mental Arithmetic.

Junior Third Class—
Pat Curry 100
Charlie Strachan 100
Florence Sillett 90
Winnie Sillett 90
Alexander Sutherland 90
Lynn Wehlann 90
Emma Rycraft 85
William Moss 80
Willie Diamond 80
Sherman McAlpine 80
Mariner McCracken 77
Willie Wehlann 77
Mary Quick 70
Jessie Wilson 70
May McIntosh 65
Harry Knox 60
Joe Grant 55
Janet Scott 45

Senior Second Class—
Elizabeth Simpson 100
George Minns 100
Grey Donil 100
Willie Anderson 100
Jim McDonald 100
Duncan Scott 100
Thelma McCaffrey 90
Isabel McCracken 90
William Gorman 90
Clifford Strainon 90
Scott Irwin 80
Eleanor Sutherland 70
Verna Stevenson 60
Vada Whelan 60
Charlie Davenport 50

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First Class—
Eliza McDonald 90
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Kathleen Wilson 70
George McEachren 68
Albert Young 65
Margaret McLachlan 60
Harold Wilson 60
Gordon Ramsay 50

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Helen Clark 90
Lou Rycraft 80
Sidney Ewing 80
Willie Ramsay 75
Campbell Miller 75
Nelson Rycraft 65
Alvin Hagerty 65
Angus Ramsay 65

B Class—
Merna Stewart 85
Jean Grover 80
Florence Hills 75
Morna Scott 75
Irene Squire 75
Greta Gushman 65
Carrie Smith 60
Evelyn Wilbur 60

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ADVERTISEMENT

Union Government

is concentrating its efforts to win the War. It has gone about raising reinforcements in the only practical way; under the Military Service Act, 1917.

Laurier, Bourassa and their adherents admit their intention of holding up reinforcements so urgently needed in the trenches.

Where do YOU stand?

To Back up the Boys—
To Hasten Victory—
To Win the War—

SUPPORT UNION GOVERNMENT

To Women Voters: Every woman may vote who is a British subject 21 years of age, resident in Canada one year, and in the constituency 30 days, who is the mother, wife, widow, daughter, sister or half-sister of any person male or female living or dead who is serving or has served without Canada in any of the Military forces, or within or without Canada in any of the Naval forces of Canada or of Great Britain in the present war, or who has been honorably discharged from such services and the date of whose enlistment was prior to September 20th, 1917.

Unionist Party Publicity Committee.

We Have Never Before Had Such Winter Coats TO SELL AT \$15.00



Coats for women and misses, which, at this price, have no comparison anywhere for good looks and real service. Coats in fancy Tweeds, Cheviots and Kerseys. Plain tailored or trimmed with fancy stitching, velvet or fur fabric plush. Full length models, straight line or belted.

B. SIEGEL & CO. MAIL INQUIRIES SOLICITED. DETROIT



An advertisement by The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada to improve PARTY-LINE SERVICE

Co-operation: Each subscriber should co-operate to better the service on his line. The practices suggested below have been found to greatly improve party-line service:

1. Before calling, find out whether the line is in use. If it is, hang up your receiver promptly.
2. Emergencies will arise. If a party-line subscriber desires to make an emergency call, the persons using it should give up the line temporarily.
3. Do not allow children or others to listen or interrupt your neighbor's conversation when the line is in use.
4. Make your calls as brief as possible. Short talks will keep the line open and make the service of most value to everyone.
5. Answer promptly when you hear your ring.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada

"Good service... our true intent."



CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the Signature of J. C. Watson