HAWLS, RIB-1., &LC.

coatings, Cotton and YONS.

that in fature his busi-

y Subscription. m a new pica type, on gantly bound in cloth ry Edition of the POP-LY OF BRITAIN, Edi-Critical Notices, by the N, Author of "Gallery ards of the Bible," etc. rds of the Bibie, every alternate mouth, ig 320 pages each, to be the course of the year d by G. T. HASZRD.U y be seen. my Au.

Shilling!



'S PILLS.

OF LOSS OF HEALTH, , INDIGESTION AND LOOD TO THE HEAD. John Lloyd, of Erw

he first opportunity of in-long period, I was afflicted and frequent swimmings as of appetite, disorder-ired health. Every means permanent relief, and at g, that I was really afraid tiendant. In this melan-reconally upon Mr. Hughes, purpose of consulting him he kindly recommended hout delay, and after ta-lam happy to bear testi-eacy. I am now restored ided to resume my usual

obedient Servant'
JOHN LLOYD.

RE OF DROPSY.

Edward Rowley, Esq., of dated April 8th, 1852.

duty I owe to you and the l disease, Dnovax, and ected by your involtable imes within eight months, a medical practitioners, but had recourse to your had recourse to your re-; all I had undergone, this d me in the course of six EDWARD ROWLEY. ONPLAINT AND SPASM FECTUALLY CURED. fr. Bostock, Druggist, of dated July 31, 1852.

ch pleasure in handing to cace of your Medicines. A od, with whom I am well or a long time with violent mach and liver, arising from paint, and the effects of a vas obliged to assume in were of an alauning chamm in a weak and debilitate heard of the substary effect, and was induced to give and was induced to give heard of the substary effect, and was induced to give heard of the substary effect, and was induced to give heard of the substary effect, and was induced to give he are to be a wenderfully in tomach, and strengthening he has been restored to the

ir, yours faithfully, WILLIAM BOSTOCK.

IF A STONACH COM-ESTION AND VIOLENT

mested by a Lady named in the West Indies, to acad of eight years herself and nual bad health, arising from I Stomach, Indigestion, loss de-schee, pains in the side illity, for which she consultain the colony, but without at, she had recourse to your a very short time effected, better, that she continued illy were restored to health a desires me to say, that she racordinary virtues in those hildren, particularly in cases and, having effected positive ith no other remedy.

S. GOWEN.

re wonderfully efficacious in ng complaints.

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and dealers in Medicines
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strency each Box. siderable saving by taking the the guidance of patients in each Box.
DRGE T. HASZARD,

## HASZARD'S CAZETTE



FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Established 1823.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Wednesday, November 16, 1853.

New Series. No. 86.

Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Pu Published every Wednesday and Saturday and Office, South eide Queen Square, P. E. Island. Thus. 18—Anqual Subscription, 15a. Discount TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For the first insertion, occapying the space of 4 lines including traid, 2a.—9 lines, 2a. 6d.—9 lines, 3a.—12 lines, 2a. 6d.—9 lines, 4a. 6d.—26 lines, 5a.—30 lines, 5a. 6d.—25 lines, 5a.—30 lines, 5a. 6d.—25 lines, 5a.—30 lines, 5a. 6d.—25 lines, 5a.—30 lines, 5a. 6d.—36 lines, 5a.—and 2d. for each additional lines. One fourth of the above for each continuance. Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued to the sentence of the

Georgetown Mails. THE MAILS for Georgetown until further Notice, will be made up and forwarded every Monday and Friday morning at nine o'clock.
THOS: OWEN, Postmaster General.

A BAZAAR. A BAZAR.

WILL be held at the Temperance Hail, at Charlottown, on Thursday, the 12th day of January, 1854, to aid in the erection of the Parson age House, in connection with St. John's Church, at Crapand. Contributions will be thankfully received by the following Ladies.

MRS. JENKINS, MRS. T. DESBRISAY,

"FITZ. GERALD, "E. PALMER,

"CUNDALL, "R. T. ROACH,

BAZAAR. BAZAR.

THE Christian Public are hereby notified, that the Ladies of the BAPTIST CHURCH and congregation worshiping in the Baptist Church, in Charlottetown, purpose holding a BAZAAR in the Temperance Hall on Thursday the 29th, December, to aid in raising Funds for the erection of a Tower and Porch to the said Chapel.

Contributions in donations or work, will be thankfully received by either of the undersigned Committee.

MRS. W. BARNSTEAD,

J. McGREGOR, D. WILSON, J. WEATHERBE, J. WEATHERBI J. SCOTT, J. LOVE, T. DESERISAY, J. CURRY. Charlottetown, Nov.1, 1858. (All papers.)

Charlottetown Gas Works.

NOTICE.

It is requested that all parties wishing to become Gas Consumers, this senson, will give early notice in writing to the Companies' Engliseer, at the Works, so that no time may be lost in laying the service pipes, and internal fittings, which will be done according to priority, of application.

The Gas Company have engaged an experience Gas fitter, from Socialand, and have imported an assortment of Lamps, Pendants, Brackets, &c., which may be esen in a few days at the Works.

By Order,

JOHN GAINSFORD, Secty.

Oct 24, 1858. In all the papers. Charlottetown Gas Works.

Oct 24, 1853. In all the papers.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public generally that he has commenced business as, Commission Merchant and Auctioneer. At the corner of Queen & Sydney Streets, and pes by promptness and punctuality to merit a share

ARTEMAS G. SIMMS. CASH advanced upon articles left for Auc-

A CARD.

THE undersigned having this day entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP as GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, their Business heretofore carried on by them individually, will in future be conducted under the Name and Firm of LONG-WORTH & YATES.

PRANCIS LONGWORTH, ALBERT H. YATES.
Charlottetown, P. E. Island,
June, 16th, 1853.

N. B. The AUCTION business will at all times

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership herefishers subsisting between the Subscribers ander the firm of CROSS & RENDLE. Tanners & Carriers, hath been this day dissolved, by mutual consent. And all persons indebted to the said firm are hereby requested to make payment to Christopher Cross. CHRISTOPHER CROSS.

ottetown, 14th Sept., 1858. N. B. -Likewise all persons having any demands against the said parties will please to render their accounts for settlement.

J. S. DEALEY, Ship Broker, No. 7. SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Freights and Vessels procured, at short notice for Europe, the British Provinces, West Indies, Australia and California. Berths secured for the latter places.

Temperance Hall Company.

A T A MEETING of the Directors of the above A Company, held is the Temperance Hall, this evening, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted viz:—

"Excavan, That the Treasurer (Mr. John W. Merrism) he instructed to take the necessary leads assume for the recovery of all ensetted Subscriptions to the Temperance Hall Company."

L. R. COOPER, Sec'y. Charlotstown, Since 17, 1888.

TO LICENSED TEACHERS. WANTED a District Teacher of the first Clas-for the Stanbope and Coveheed District— An experienced person will find it to his advantage to apply to

June 204, 1088 - Luis Danie Bull Berling

PLINY MILES, THE ICELAND TRAVELLER.

MR. PLINY MILES, the subject of our sketch Ma. PLINY BILES, the subject of our sketch, is presty well known as a young and enterprising traveller, and our readers have heard of him from Icelaud and elsewhere. We learn that he is a native of Watertown, Jefferson county, N. Y., one of six brothers, all of whom are living, sons of Captain Jonathan E. Miles. Captain Miles removed to his present location from New Hempshire over fifty years ago. He purchased a farm in Watertown, when all central New York was a wilderness, and has appenintened its cultivation. wilderness, and has superintended its cultivation ever since; and, according to the verdict of several agricultural secreties, has the finest cultivated farm in Northern New York. He is one of the farm in Northern New York. He is one of the first citizens of the county, and now about the oldest resident, and was one of the most active participants with Mr Leray de Chaument, Senior, in organizing the first Agricultural Society ever formed in this State. He is now over seventy years of age and though possessing a competence, has lately received a bounty in land from the United States Government, for military services during the last war with Great Britain.

The subject of our sketch, Mr. Pliny Miles, felt like many others in youth, that agricultural was too "slow" an occupation for him, and on coming of age commenced life as a merchant. Growing tired of this he studied law, and finally con.menced travelling. He says the first wish or

commenced travelling. He says the first wish or resolution that he had to be a traveller was while reading Robinson Crusoe, before he was twelve years old He supported himself by giving lectures, and corresponding for newspapers. He spent five years in travelling in this country, and then crossed the Atlantic, and spent near five years in the Old World. years in the Old World.

years in the Old World.

But he gives the best account of his adventures.

His published correspondence would fill several volumes, and has been principally contributed to the Boston Post and Philadelphia Saturday Courier, under the signature of "Communipaw." the Boston Post and Philadelphia Saturday Courier, under the signature of "Communipaw." In the former paper, a few weeks since, he wrote a letter on railroads, dated at Washington, in which he showed the probable course of the great lines destined to connect the Mississippi with the Atlantic. The article attracted attention, and was published in a number of Western papers. One of these, the Semi-Weekly Press, at Peoria, Itlinois, took the writer to task for neglecting to show that one of the great railroads was destined to pass through that place. The editor accounts for it, however, by remarking that the writer was the "sationary correspondent of the Poet," and then he fortifies, the position of the Poet," and then he fortifies, the position of the Poet, and then he fortifies, the position of the Poet, and then he fortifies, the position of the Poria Railroad, by quoting a letter from the New York Tribune, and remarked that the writer of that had probably "travelled some." But Mr. Miles was acquainted with the locality personally; had travelled "some" himself, and gave the following smusing and characteristic reply:

"In the name of buffaloes and sea breezes, what would you have, my dear fellow! I verse the property of the paper in the name of buffaloes and sea breezes, what would you have, my dear fellow! I verse the property of the property of the paper in the paper.

"In the name of buffalues and sea breezes, what would you have, my dear fellow? I've been in every seaport on the Atlantic, from Newfoundland to Key West; danced over the sparkling waves off the Moro Castle; 'schoonered'it through the Gulf of Mexico; travelled every foot of the Mississippi from the Belize to the Falls of St. Anthony. 2.300 miles, and the mest of it several times over; wandered five hundred miles into the Indian territory beyond the white settlements; stopped in lowa at 'a city of some size and pretensions, named Burlington;' steamed up the Illinois; stayed a while at Peoria, got caught there in an awful snow storm, and then went through the great lakes and the St. Lawrence to there in an awful snow storm, and then went through the great lakes and the St. Lawrence to the Falls of the Montmorency. I have vasited every great curiosity, nearly every State capital, and every State in the Union, except California and Texas. Across the 'herring pond' I travelled through almost every kingdom, and saw nearly every crowned head in Europe: wandered over the Highlands of Scotland, stoned the cormorants, in Fingal's Cave, shot sea-gulls in Shet and eat plovers and other wild birds in Iceland, cooked my dinner in the geysers, cooled my panch with the snows of Mount Heela, and tossted 'my shins at the burning crater on its my penen with the shows of Mount Heela, and to sted 'my shins at the burning crater on its summit. I tred the rough mourtains of Norway, celebrated 'Independance Day' off the coast, fished in the Maistrom—or near it: ate sour krout with the Dutch, frogs with the Frenchman, and maccaroni with the Italians; walked over the op of Vesuvius in one day from Pomi Naples; lay all night near Eina's summit, seeing an eruption, with red hot rocks shooting a thousand feet in the air sailed by Stromholt at midnight, landed where St. Paul did at Regium saw the Coliseum by moonlight, visited Corsica's rocky Isle, Sardinia, and Elba, and streamed rocky Isle, Sardinia, and Elba and streamed close to Monte Cristo's home; admired the Chateau D' If at Marseilles, and spent months among the vine-clad hills of la belle France. Why yes man, I've been up in a balloon and down in a diving bell, shot alligators on the Mississippi, and sparrows in Northumberland, caten 'corn dodgers' in Tennessee, Mack bread in Denmark, white bread in London, and been where I found it precious hard work to get any bread at all, I've rode in a Jersy waggen in Florida, a go-cart in Illinois, and on an English express train at fifty miles an hour, and gove afoot, and carried a I've rode in a Jersy waggon in Florica, a go-carrin Illinois, and on an English express train at fifty miles an hour, and gove adoot, and carried a knapsack, when I found travelling dear, and wanted to save my movey. I've been sixty five voyages at sea, rode over nearly every railroad in Europe, and move than one half in this country, and travelled over a hundred-thousand miles and scarcely slept six nights in a place for more than ten years. And here I am, a man of extreme modesty (!) and obliged to vindicate my chiracter in this seeming bossful way, and tell all this about myself. And while I thought the world was giving me oredit for being quite a traveller, was giving me credit for being quite a traveller, this editor out of an llinois pratrie—as broad as this editor out of an illinois pratrie—as broad as all out doors!—pounces down on my poor taurels, and calls me \*\*intelioury\*, and quotes as a sample of my ignorance, the mere fact that I had neglected to chronicle the location of his printing office! But I had seen it, notwithstanding. Well, this is an ungrateful world. Call up the editors of the New York Tribune—Bayerd Taylor not excepted—go to John Bayerd—aumnon J. Ross, Browne; and get all the good clever, fellows together, that here travelled is once, and find one that in g. decade of years has travelled farther or accommon writing that the series of relivoid article. All Editor of the Peria Prass, I am a very numble individual; Miles is my

name; Pliny Miles, at your service, sir; and 'miles I have travelled,' and thousands more I

name; Pliny Miles, at your service, sir; and 'miles I have travelled,' and thousands more I hope to and I hope some day to meet you, and take a glass of Illinois efiasthagne with you: and I hope too, you'll live on the track—close to it, I mean—of the longest, the straightest, the swiftest, and the best railroad between this and sundown, and I hope I shall mark it A No. I so my catalogue of railroads.

The editor of the Peoria Press will doubtless give it up after this spliting.

Mr. Miles is one who does not believe in shaving. At one time, while travelling in leeland, in crossing a rapid iey river, his horse got out of his depth, and they were carried down the stream till they lodged on an island, and from that they swam ashore. Speaking of this in one of his letters, he says:

"My swim did me no damage—the rain for some days past having seasoned me, so that, like the skinned cels, I was used to it. Be it here recorded, for the benefit of poor erring and sinful man—the slave of habit, fashion's minion, Plato's biped without feathers—all erring mortals who mar what God hath made—those who scrape their faces with villanous steel—those who doff dame nature's garb and find no substitute:—all these, and any others, if such there be, are informed that this wanderer has never once 'caught cold'—not the slightest—since this 'beard' of mine had six weeks pith. And this, with the deep fogs of England; steamboating in the Baltic; coasting by Norway; 'schoonering' in the Arctic Sea; camping out in Iceland; swimming the cold rivers; sleeping on the ground; climbing snowy mountains, and various 'moving accidents by flood and field'—this is saying something for near three years experience of throwing away the razor. But I see how it is, Mr. Editor: 'you and yours' will never know what a 'magnificent Turk' I am, until I send you my phiz—all engraved—brass on wood!—or cless in 'dagger o' type,' and this will enable you to say to all your miserable chin-shaved brêthren, 'go and do likewise.''

Colonel Greene, the factious and

all your miserable chin-shaved brethren, 'go and do likewise.'"
Colonel Greene, the factious and witty editor of the Boston Post, says that Mr. Miles has served him and the public faithfully for seven years, and like the man in sacred history, he would be glad to have him serve seven years more, but he is "not so ungrateful as to wish to deny so handsome a bachelor a Rachel for that long period." Of course the ladies are the best judges in this case, and we hope and trust, as the wandering planet has now become a "fixed fact," that some one of them will look out that he is not a "that asseme bachelor" for another "long period." Ir. Miles is now a resident of Washington, and has a responsible government clerkship. Being a "man of letters," with education, wide experience, and business talents of a high order, he is well fitted for a "corresponding elerk" in the Post Office. Our engraving is a very good likeness, from a daguerreotype by E. C. Thompson of Washington, and represents the traveller in his travelling costume, enveloped in a tartan plaid and slouch hat. Mr. Miles is about publishing a volume of "Travels in Iceland," and, judging from the interest of two lectures which he read before the Historical and Geographical judging from the interest of two lectures which he read before the Historical and Geographical Societies in this city, last winter, the book Societies in this city, last winter, will be one of novelty and interest.

A FIRST RATE ANECDOTE.

An American Journal, under the head of "Quaker Shrewdness," relates the following admirable anecdote. It conveys

most excellent moral lesson. An aged Quaker who had kept a grocery in the vicinity of Albany, at one time became notorious for selling small eggs. The village gossips were ready to testify that they saw the eggs he bought, and found them to be very large and fine looking, and where he could find so many small sized eggs as he daily sent to his customers, was a mystery that even the Mrs Grundies could There were two mysterious looking holes in his counter, about the size ce curiosity was excited to the highest pitch to ascertain what use they were put to; no one saw him use either in any way, and he seemed desirous to keep them covered with wrapping paper constan-

The fact only excited the curiosity of his good neighbours the more. Some said that he had some way of squeezing the eggs through these holes, to substract, in a slight of hand manner, the substance therefrom for his own use. The only answer anybody could get from the old man, when questioned concerning the use of the holes, was.—"
My friend, if I tell the truth, it would not benefit thee aor me, and I don't wish to lie. It is a pity that lying is a sin, for it comes in trade,

At last it was resolved by some of the spinsters to watch his motions through the cracks of his shutters after he had closed his shop for the night, and thus endeavour to

find out their use. The resolution was put into execution one night, and sure enough they caught him actually passing eggs through the holes by the light of the penny dip. All those that would pass through the smallest one he placed in the basket, and those that passed through the other he placed in another. And all that would not see the pass through the other he placed in another. through the other be place in another. And all that would not pass through, he placed in a tin pan, and took them to his house, which was at the rear of his shop. On his way thither he heard the rustling of womens. dresses, and in an instant he was caught dresses, and in an instant he was caught so he called them to him, and in the bland so he called them to him, and in the bland

"Sisters" ye have given yourselves much trouble to appears this currosity, and I will trouble to appease this curiosity, and I will therefore tell all to you. Ye see I sort my

eggs into three sizes by means of these the next size I sell for half penny cheaper on the dozen than any of my neighbours for eash; the smallest I send to who

for eash; the smallest I send to who will buy no other way than on come!"

The ladies were satisfied with the lesson in trade, and spread the news abroad till we heard it.

HUSBANDS ATTEND.—Few young wives are so perversely blind to the advantages of are so perversely blind to the advantages of knowledge as, not to be prepared to receive the information the husband of her affections is desirous of imparting to her. Hence it would be clearly his duty to devote his evennings to her instruction; and to spare no pains in enlightening her understanding, to better fit her for the duties of a wife and mother instead of such wise and necessary conduct, we too often see the young wife left to muse in solitude, or to indulge in idle and to muse in solitude, or to indulge in idle and unprofitable gossip with her neighborrs; while the husband is spending his leisure hours with kindred spirits or bon companions, and indulging in pursuits and pleasures his wife may not share in.

WIVES, ATTEND .- To render a home attractive is chiefly the wife's duty. If how-ever instead of industriously despatching her household duties in proper time to be ready for her husband's coming, she foolishly wastes it in gossiping and gadding, her home will soon cease to be cheerful, and, in his eyes, will lose much of its charms.

FRENCH POETS.—Poets in France must have a pretty good time. Beranger receives every week more sugar, more coffee, more pots of jelly, than would stock a grocer's shop; he gets the rarest fruits and the best game; casks of wine and cases of brandy arrive at his house daily, "whilst," says the Paris correspondent of the Literary Cazette, " more night-caps and more socks are knitted for him than a regiment of soldiers could wear out in a year

Working on the Sabbath.—There are a great many people who profess to keep the Sabbath day, according to the Fourth Commandment but who, somehow or other, always find a multitude of "works of necessity" to be attended to. We have seen a capital anecedote, lately, about a seen a capital anecedote, lately, about a family of such people, who were pretty severely rebuked by a coloured man in their employ. The family were farmers. One Sabbath morning, the coloured man was not up, as usual, at breakfast. The son was sent to call him; but Cæsar said they need not were for him; as he did not be seen to call him; as he did not were for him. they need not wait for him, as he did not

wish for any breakfast.
"Why Cæsar," said the young man,
we shall want you, as soon as the dew is off, to help about the hay."

"No," said he, "I can not work any more on the Sabbath; it is not right." "Is not right!" said the other; "is it not right to take of what Providence has

O there is no necessity for it," said he

"and 'tis wrong to do it."

"But would you not pull yeur cow or sheep out of a pit, on the Sabbath, Carrow 'No, not if I had been trying above week to shove them in; I would let them lie

A SIMPLE CURE FOR STAMMERING.— Mr. Wakefield, at an inquest held lately in England, states that a few days before, the summoning officer told him it would be useless to call one witness, a lad, because he stuttered so excessively that he could hardly articulate the shortest sentence in half an hour. Mr. Wakefield, however, had him called, and telling him that a shot would not be discharged from a gun without powder, so words could not con outh unless the lungs had their powder, viz., air. He told the lad to inhale air, or draw his breath strongly—the boy having done so, Mr. W. asked him—

"Can you talk now?" The boy to the surprise of the jury, answered immediately and glibly—
"Yes, Sir, I can, well,"

The coroner added that inhalation or self-inflation of the lungs with air, was a sur-remedy for stammering, and though it had been discovered long ago, the Faculty had not until lately, and then only a few of them, not until lately, and then only a few of them, caused it to be practised as a remedy for defective articulation.

A POET'S SENTIMENT .- When Sir Francis Chantrey was building his mausoleum, he said to Allan Cunningham, his friend and principal assistant, that he would make the vault large enough to contain him also.
'No," said Allan, "I should not like, even when I am dead, to be shat up. I would far rather rest where daisies will grow over my head."

THE LONG AND SHORT OF MATRIMONY. A marriage took place recently with the following peculiarities: The bridegroom measured six feet four, and the bride four

Gold watches used to be estimated in worth altogether by "carrots;" bence all-

Victoria and her Mother —The Contrast —One of the pleasastest churchyards I know of, is in the lake of Wight; and many years ago I was sauntering smong its graves, when I saw a lady in deep mounting, with a little girl, sitting on a tomb-stone. The former was reading a book to the latter, who was looking with tearful eyes into the mother's face. When they turned away from the spin, I saw that they had been looking on the tomb of the "Dairyman's Daughter," whose simple-epitaph was engraved on the headstone. That lady was the Dutchess of Kent, and the little child was the Princeas Victoria, now a queen. on whose dominions the sun never sets. Perhaps the book the lady was reading was the delightful and affecting narraive of Leigh Richmond Striking was the contrast in the condition of the sleeper and her who watched by her grave—the onea a peasant's doughter in her dreamless slumbers, the other a child, who, ere many years had passed over her head, was to take her place among the rulers of the nation? The humbler of the two had worn her palm, and was wearing her crown, whilst he 'daughter of a royal line' was fated to endure the perilous splendor of domision, and become the mother of more kings ere she should he down in the vaults of Windsor. Local Loiterings.

CHANTREY .- It is related, in the Gentle-Chantrey.—It is related, in the Gentleman's Magazine, of Chantrey, the celebrated sculptor, that, when a boy, he was observed by a gentleman in the neighborrhood of Sheffield very attentively engaged in cutting a stick with a penknife. He asked the lad what he was doing; when, with great simplicity of manner, but with great courtesy, he replied, "I am cutting old Fox's head."

Fox was the schoolmaster of the village. On this the gentleman asked to see what he had done; and pronouncing it to be an ex-cellent likeness, gave the youth a sixpence. And this may be reckoned the first money Chantrey ever received for the proc

"I DID AS THE REST DID."-This tame, yielding spirit—this doing as "the rest did," has ruined thousands.

A young man is invited y vicious companions to visit the theatre, or the gambling room, or other haunts of licentiousness.— He becomes dissipated—spends his time— loses his credit—squanders his property, and at last sinks into an untimely grave.— What ruined him? Simply 'doing as the

A father had a family of sons. He is wealthy. Other children in the same situa-tions of life do so and so—are indulged in this thing and that. He indulges his own in the same way. They grow up idlers—triflers—and fops. Their father wonders why his children do not succeed better— He has spent much money on their education—has given them great advantages.— But, alas! they are only a source of vexa-tion and trouble. Poor, man, he is just paying the penalty of "doing as the rest did."

This poor mother strives hard to bring up her daughters genteelly. They learn what others learn, to paint, to sing, to play, to dance, and several other useless matters. In time they marry-their husbands are unable to support their extravagance-and they are soon reduced to poverty and wretchedness. The good woman is as-tonished. "Truly, "says she, "I did as

What powder should a young lady use to keep off a young gentleman from kissing her? (Oh! don't, oh!) Oh!

Two men were conversing about the illwith a sorrowful expression, "mine is a Tartar!" "Well," replied the other, mine is worse than all that-mine is the Cream

"Give the devil his due." Certainly; but it is better to have no dealings with the devil, and then there will be nothing due to Milton was asked by a friend whether he

would instruct his daughters in the different languages? To which he replied' "No sir, one tongue is sufficient for a woman.' The young lady who was accused of

breaking a young man's heart, has been bound over in the bond of matrimony to keep the piece.

A toast given a few years ago for the shoe and leather manufacturers of Danvers.

' May they have all the women in the country to shoe-and the men to boot. Common sense is an excellent article.

although there are but few men or women either who use it, except in homocopathic LEISURE AND LAZINESS .- Leisure is time

for doing something useful; this leisure the diligent man will obtain, but the lazy man never; so that, as poor Richard says, "A lie of leisure and a lie of laziness are two things."

What wind would a hungry sailor wish for at sea?—A wind that blows foul and then

Do not sigh for the world's goods, nor lement thy poverty. Out of the meanest hovel thou caust get a eight at Henren.

ence between His Exc ernor, and certain of Queen's County.

Charlottsrows, 27th October, 1858.
May it please your Excellency,
We the undersigned Justices of the Peace
for Queen's County, having observed in the
Rogal Gazette of the date of 24th instant, that
the name of the Hon. Edward Whelan has been
inserted in the Commission of the Peace for said County, have the honor to approach your Excellency with the expression of our profound astonishment and deep regret at this appoint-

astonishment and deep regret at this appointment.

We have no reason to suppose, that your Excellency was aware, when your Excellency conferred this honor, that, at one of the largest and most respectably attended County meetings ever held in this Town, on Wednesday the 19th instant, at which we were present, a gross insult was offered by Mr. Whelan in our hearing, to the whole meeting, in addition to which, a truthful report of the said insult having appeared in the columns of Hazzard's Gazette Mr. Whelan in a letter addressed to the Electors of the second district of King's County, under date, Charlottetown, 24th October, 1853, which appeared in the Royal Gazette of the same date, has denied the truth of the paragraph in question and grossly perverted the facts.—

That an Individual guilty, as we afirm, of such disgraceful conduct, so derogatory to the character of a Gentleman, should be associated with us in Her Majesty's Commission of the Peace, thereby bringing the Magisterial office into contempt and disrespect, we deeply deplore; and in bringing the matter to your Excellency's notice, we most respectfully request, that your Excellency will give your serious consideration to the premises.

notice, we most respectfully request, that you Excellency will give your serious consideration to the nearline.

to the premises.

We have the honor to be, With great respect,
Your Excellency's most obt.
humble Servants, (Signed) SAMUEL NELSON, J. P.

DONALD M. DONALD, J. P. THOMAS B. TREMAIN, J. P.
THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY, J. P.
J. HAMILTON GRAY, J. P. PETER M'GOWAN, J. P.
JAMES D. HASZARD, J. P.
JOHN MORRIS, J. P.
THOMAS HEATH HAVILAND, J.P.
for the whole Island,
JOHN MYREH HOLL, J. P.
CREATER HASZARD, J. P. CHARLES HASZARD, J. P. J. R. BOURKE, J. P.

Government House, November 3d, 1853.

Gentlemen:
On Friday last, Lieut. Colonel Gray presented to me a Memorial signed by himself and nine other Justices of the Peace, and on Monday, he presented another, signed by four gentlemen also in the Commission of the Peace both Memorials are, I observe, similar and to the fol-lowing effect:—
"That the name of the Hon. E. Whelan being

"That the name of the Hon. E. Whelan being inserted in the Commission of the Peace for Queen's County had created in you profound astonishment and deep regret.

"That at one of the largest and most respectably attended meetings ever held in Charlottetown, a gross insult was offered to the whole meeting in your hearing, in addition to which, a truthful report of the said insult having appeared in Haszard's Gazette, Mr. Whelan had, in the Reput Gazette denied the truth of the peared in Haszard's Gazette, Mr. Whelan had, in the Royal Gazette, denied the truth of the paragraph in question, and grossly perverted the facts.

paragraph in question, and grossly perverted the facts.

"That an individual guilty, as you affirm, of such disgraceful conduct,&c. should be associated with you in the Commission of the Peace, you deeply deplore, and request, that I will take the premises into my serious consideration."

I beg to assure you, Gentlemen, that the case to which you allude, did occupy my attention, and your memorials have met with my serious consideration. I will, therefore, frankly state why, I resolved, to continue Mr. Whelan's name in the Commission of the Peace, and why I am induced not to alter my determination.

I fear I shall have to trespass on your attention at some length, but the importance which you attach to the case which you have brought to my notice must be my excuse; and if I necessarily allude to the proceedings which took place on the 19th October, I hope you will believe, that I do so solely with the view of shewing, how, in my opinion, they bear on Mr. Whelay in the processarily allude to the proceedings when the very the content of the proceedings when the processarily allude to the proceedings which took place on the 19th October, I hope you will believe, that I do so solely with the view of shew-ing, how, in my opinion, they bear on Mr. Whelay in the proceedings in Mexicust of the process of the processarily allude to the processarily alludes to th ing, how, in my opinion, they bear on Mr. Whelan's case—as they are reported in Haszard's Gazette—the newspaper to which you refer. In the first place, allow me to remind you, that, at the time you say Mr. Whelan "grossly insulted" the meeting, he was an Executive Councillor, and consequently a Magistrate in the he was an Executive Countently a Magistrate in the Peace for the whole Island; he was permitted to remain, you say, he had so grossly tice of this was made to me at you deeply deplore. I begat the moment I saw in Haspards at the moment I saw in Haspards Commission of the Peace for the whole Island; yet it appears that he was permitted to remain in a meeting which, you say, he had so grossly insulted, and no notice of this was made to me until after you had seen, in the Gazette of the 24th the appointment you deeply deplore. I beg now to inform you, that the moment I saw in Haszard's Gazette the words attributed to M. W. now to inform you, that the moment I saw in Hazzard's Gazette the words attributed to Mr. Whelan, namely, that "neither himself nor a member of Her Majesty's Government care a pin for your resolutions." I expressed my great regret at seeing such expressions made use of by any member of the Government, and hoped they were incorrectly reported, or had fallen from him—Mr. Whelan—in an unguarded moment and at a time of excitement, as no man nor set and at a time of excitement, as no man nor se and at a time of excitement, as no man nor sot of men could, be above or despise public opinion. Previous to this, I had accepted Mr. Whehan's resignation of his seat in the Council, which he had tendered to me for reasons which he has since made public, and was assured, that the words attributed to him were incorrectly reported: that no Christian or sane person could be indifferent to some of the Resolutions; and that one of them, proposed by Mr. Thomas reported: that no Christian or sane person could be indifferent to some of the Resolutions; and that one of them—proposed by Mr. Thomas—was accompanied by remarks made by a Reverend gentleman, which Mr. Whelan had considered so personal and insulting to himself, that, in regard to this proposed resolution, he had expressed himself in the manner attributed to him, or words to the same effect. On hearing this statement, and after a careful perusal of the proceedings to which it related, I ordered Mr. Whelan's name to be continued in the Commission of the Peace for Queen's County;—ast now with reference to your memorial. At the meeting held on the 19th October, it is reported in Hazzard's Gazette that one of your number—Listit. Colonel Gray—"with a voice and energy which electrified the meeting, called for a hearing. In the same paper it is reported, that a Magistrate for Queen's County and a member of the Legislature did, on some assumptions of his lown, pass some not very charitable animadversions on the Lieut. Governor, in connection with a very sad catastrophe; yet I was assured

made use of by Mr. Whelan, we will not say whether the word 'colleagues' might not have hether the word 'colleagues' might not have een the word used, instead of member of the

Government."

I am quite sure, that you would not have made the statements contained in your memorial to me, without being thoroughly convinced, that Mr. Whelan had grossly insulted the meeting by his expressions of contempt for the Resolutions which were passed on the occasion in question. But I think you will allow, that on the use of the singular or plural of one word depended the insult to the meeting; and under the circumstances which I have stated, I think it would have required acute perception in the individuals who heard him, to say whether he might not have used the word "resolution," and not "resolutions." After a careful consideration of the case, I have come to the conclusion favorable to Mr. Whelan.

Having now stated my views on the memorial which you have submitted to my "scrious consideration," I will take the liberty of saying, that while I am always happy to attend to any representations made to me on the misconduct of Magistrates, I hope that when any of them are considered grossly to insult public meetings, they will be dealt with at the time, without appealing to me; for it is my opinion, that unless discussions shall arise at such meetings of a seditious nature, or tending to disturb the peace and tranquillity of the Colony, it is rather beyond the province of the Administrator of its Government to interfere.

I have the honor to remain,
Gentlemen,
Faithfully your obed't serv't, I am quite sure, that you would not have made

Gentlemen,
Faithfully your obed't serv't,
(Signed) A. BANNERMAN, L4. Governor
Messrs. Samuel Nelson, &c., }
Justices of the Peace.

CHARLOTTETOWN, 8th Nov. 1853. Charlotterows, 8th Nov. 1853.

May it please your Excellency
We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Excellency's communication of the 3d instant, in answer to the letter we addressed to your Excellency on the 27th ultimo, respecting the insertion of the name of Edward Whelan, Esquire, in the Commission of the

untruth, as particularly stated in our letter the 27th ultimo.

the 27th ultimo.

Your Excellency has alluded to the fact of one of our number Lieut. Colonel Gray, having assured your Excellency, that the remarks which fell from Doctor Conroy respecting your Excellency, were not heard by Lieut. Colonel Gray, and as we can only infer from your Excellency is alluding to that circumstance, that your Excellency doubts whether Lieut. Colonel Gray might also not have heard what fell from Mr. Whelan; we assure your Excellency that the fact of Lieut. Colonel Gray's not having Mr. Whelan; we assure your Excellency that the fact of Lieut. Colonel Gray's not having heard all that fell from Doctor Conroy, is quite reconsiled by the the undersigned, who witnessed reconcileable to the undersigned, who witnesses the relative positions, in which these Gentlement stood from the Chairman, as well as the dis

stood from the Chairman, as well as the distance intervening between the parties, and heard the tone in which Doctor Conroy spoke. Your Excellency has but done us justice, when you say you are quite sure, that we would not have made the statements contained in our letter, without being throughly convinced, that Mr. Whelan had grossly insulted the meeting, but we cannot accede to that part of your Excellency's letter, where you infer that the meeting would not have been except insulted.

but we cannot accede to that part of your Excellency's letter, where you infer that the meeting would not have been greatly insulted had the offensive expression had reference only to one of its Resolutions.

Your Excellency remarks, that you hope when any Magistrates are considered grossly to insult Public Meetings, they will be dealt with at the time, without appealing to your Excellency. We have heretofore always considered, that a Magistrate is directly amenable to your Excellency for gross misconduct in any shape, and however aggravated the conduct of Mr. Whelan may have been at the time, we felt ourselves, the more particularly, while holding the office of Conservators of the Peace, far from being justified in permitting or using any act

person to be appointed to the Cou the Peace.

person to be appointed to the Commission of the Peace.

But, as your Excellency states, that it is not your intention to alter your determination respecting the appointment in question, the duty we owe to the community as well as the respect we consider due to the honorable and responsible office of Justice of the Peace, leaves us no other alternative, than to tender, for your Excellency's acceptance, our resignation as Justices of the Peace for Queen's County.

We have the honor to be
Your Excellency's most obedient humble servants,

(Signed) Samuel Nelson, J. P.
J. D. Haszard, J. P.
T. B. Thurans, J. P.
DONALD M'DONALD, J. P.
J. LYALL, J. P.
T. DEBRISAY, J. P.
J. H. GRAY, J. P.
J. M. HOLL, J. P.
ROST. HOTCHINSON, J. P.
JOHN MORRIS, J. P.
JOHN MORRIS, J. P.
JOHN MORRIS, J. P.
TO HIS Excellency Sir Alexande Baunerman.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, November 12th, 1853.

Gentlemen,
I had yesterday the honor of receiving your letter dated the 8th instant, in reference to my communication of the 3d. I observe you now say that in bringing under my notice the conduct of Mr. Whelan at the County Meeting "you refrained from adverting to other circumstances affecting his character in this community and which in your estimation rendered him an unfit person to be appointed to the Commission of the Peace."

In closing this correspondence therefore, it becomes necessary for me to state, that no circumstances affecting Mr. Whelan's character

were ever brought under my notice by your-selves or any one clie, since he was appointed Executive Councillor and placed in the Commis-sion of the Peace upwards of two years and a half

ago. It must always be painful to the Adminis It must always be painful to the Administra-tor of the Government, to differ in opinion with those in authority to whom he may have to look for support, and while I highly appreciate your sense of duty to the community as well as your respect for the honorable and responsible office you are about to relinquish, I also have duties to perform to the community which I endeavour to discharge to the best of my judgment, and I feel that, in this case, you have left me no alter-native, but to accept the resignations you have tendered,

I have the honor to remain, Gentlemen, Your obt. humble servant, (Signed) A. BANNERMAN, Lieut. Governor.

To Samuel Nelson, Esq. &c., } Justices of the Peace, (For Haszard's Gazette.)

To Mr. James Macdonald, St. Mary's. tholics, at the Micmac Missionary Meeting, you seem to have found some difficulty in understanding the sense in which I used the term "dark and degraded

state." This, I think, arises from your not regarding

state." This, I think, arises from your not regarding religion as a thing which intimately affects a man's daily habits and practice; so that it will ever be found, that man is just raised in his social position, in proportion as his mind is enlightened with the light that comes from that Word, "the entrance of which giveth light to the understanding and maketh wise the simple." That "Godliness is profitable unto all things, having promise of the life that now is, and of that which is to come." I Tim: It. S.—is a Divise. that which is to come," 1 Tim. iv, 8—is a Divine truth in which we both I trust agree, and which I take to receipt of your Excellency's communication of the 3d instant, in answer to the letter we addressed to your Excellency on the 27th ultimo, respecting the insertion of the name of Edward Whelan, Esquire, in the Commission of the peace for Queen's County.

We beg leave to express our deep regret that notwithstanding the facts we brought to your Excellency's notice in that letter, your Excellency as "ordered Mr. Whelan is name to be continued in the Commission of the Peace for Queen's County." We regret this the more from its appearing, that your Excellency came to this determination after having carefully perused the proceedings of the meeting of the 19th October and upon no other evidence than the individual statement of Mr. Whelan, the person whose veracity we felt it necessary to impeach—we would likewise take leave to remark, that our charge against Mr. Whelan of having offered an insult to that meeting was not the only complaint alleged in our letter against him, as would be inferred from your Excellency's reply; we also charged Mr. Whelan with in this person whose veracity we felt it necessary to impeach—we would likewise take leave to remark, that our charge against Mr. Whelan of having offered an insult to that meeting was not the only complaint alleged in our letter against him, as would be inferred from your Excellency's reply; we also charged Mr. Whelan with sown signature in the Royal Gazette a gross untruth, as particularly stated in our letter against of the 27th ultimo. ple. They were then sunk in cannibalism. Revenge—the love of war—and the indulgence of the worst passions of our nature were carefully inculcated from their earliest infancy. For years these men labored,—and what has been the result of those labors? These savages have been educated and raised in the scale of social life, so that last year our gracious Sovereiga, in granting a constitutional government, gave these once savage and degraded men the power of voting in the choice of their representatives; they possess property, and they are enabled, in every profession, to enter into competition on fair ground with their white neighbor in the struggle for wealth and distinction;—and these facts are not drawn from Protestant Missionary reports, but from the Blue Book, published by order of the House of Commous,—the contents of which were collected by business men, of various creeds, who whilst they might have sneered at the means used, were too honest to endeavor to ignore the results. And secondly, to come nearer home, let me point you to what has been done among the Cree and other Indian tribes at the Red River, and other settlements in British North Wester America. They have now been about 20 years under the instruction of Protestant Missionaries, and what have been the results. I find in the Report of 1552. they instruction of Protestant Missionaries, and what have been the results? I find in the Report of 1852: they have twenty-three schools, eight of which were taught by native Indians, and one native is an ordained Minister of the Church of England. Now the habits Minister of the Church of England. Now the habits of these Indians are more migratory than that of the Micmacs, because the country is unsettled, and they, living entirely by hunting, are of necessity obliged to follow their game from place to place; and yet seven hundred of their children under instruction show that these teachers do not esteem schools, as you do, so "useless" if established. If, then, I see these results invariably follow the labors of Protestant Mission-aries, is it strange, let me ask you, that—not seeing any approach to them amongst a people who have been for more than a century under the instruction of

> I have thought it necessary to address these reto you, lest it might be supposed I had stated more or less in speaking than I intended; and in doing so, I have purposely avoided touching upon the state made in your letter;—not because I consider them unanswerable, but simply that 1 have neither time or ability to enter into a controversy. If, then, you should consider it necessary to reply to this, I must hope the silence I shall about will not be miscon strued. Hoping that we both have the interest of the poor Indian at heart, however we may differ as to the means of its attainment,

JOHN HANCOCK.

The Caystal Palace.—It is stated that the Directors of the Crystal Palace have determined not to close the building in December as has been announced, but to keep the exhibition open during the whole winter. From the first of September, the receipts have been highly satisfactory, averaging four thousand dollars or more a day, while the current expenses are but six hundred dollars. Arrangements are being made, by the introduction of stoves, steampipes, and other heating apparatus, to render the Palace comfortable during the cold weather. One hundred packages of new articles for exhibition are said to have been received during the week. Among them are additional paintings from France, silver ware from England, and Oriental curiosities. THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—It is stated that the

There is a man in Troy so mean that he wishes his landlord to reduce the price of his board because he has had two teeth extracted to have here.

We were taken to task last week, by a friend for whose judgment we have a great respect, for making out so good a case for Mr. Wholin; such, however, is the ingratitude of man, that the care—good whole, as it might be—is, as we expected, repudinted with soorn by Mr. Whelan, who gives a somewhat different version of the story. According to his account, the resignation was written on the very day and just before the meeting had actually commenced business.

There are a great many reasons why implicit belief should not be given to this statement. In the first place, the Council met on that morning for the pumpose of agreeing upon what reply should be given to Mr. Sheriff Binns's request; and we were credibly informed, and fully believe that the whole or major part of the Executive Council was in the Legislative Library both at and after 12 o'clock. Now, are we to suppose that Mr. Whelan, just as the clouds began to thicken and the storm to arise, when the vessel of the state would have need of every hand to keep her off the rocks and prevent her becoming as sad a spectacle as the poor Pairy Queen hersell,—are we, we repeat, to suppose that Mr. Whelan took the very moment of impending peril to desert his colleagues? It she eve of a battle the time for the Trumpeter to ask leave to retire? Is it when hostile and malignant Tories — euvenomed with all that war-to-the-knife and never-to-be-buried that the tharted for which the race is famed — had congregated their bands, who, with fresh-ground tomahawks, sharpened swords and ready grapping-irons, stood ardently a waiting the signal of their leaders to board and carry all before them; —at this moment, when we may well believe, that it he Administration Bark —

"The boldest held his breath for a time,"

and Coles had ceased to bluster,—that Whelam—the magnanions Whelam—felt chickon-hearted?—that instead of being the "Teucer" of the band, "whose little body lodged a mighty mind," he shoold turn out "Thersites," of the whone was said:

"The boldest held his breath for a ti

and to have sent it? Even supposing it sent, would it not have occurred to so consummate a politician to propose to withdraw it in time, and to state that a resignation, penned and dispatched at a season of safety, when not even the shadow of cowardice on his part, or suspicion of internal disuation on that of the Government could possibly attach to the act, might honorably be withdrawn; when from subsequent events, the natural conclusion drawn by the public from a retirement at that particular crisis would be, that one or both of these causes prompted the act. We might fill a column with good and sufficient reasons, both of a prudential and political nature; but it is self-evident, we say, that the resignation was a little date. sons, both of a pracential and political nature; but it is self-evident, we say, that the resignation was a forced one on the part of Mr. Whelan. In the second place, Mr. Coles' letter has publicly confirmed what we before knew to be the case, viz: that when Mr. Whelan, in giving the account of how and why the Rose was rejected, stated that at the day for opening the tenders there was but one, and that one Mr. Whelan, in giving the account of how and why the Rose was rejected, stated that at the day for opening the tenders there was but one, and that one Mr. Whitney's, and that the Government could not throw Mr. Whitney's tender overboard, &c.e., he published that which he knew to be false, and published it for the purpose of deceiving and misleading the public mind,—and in so doing acted fraudulently and in a manner derogatory to the character of a gentleman, being deliberately guilty of an act which, in every country in the world, has been held quite sufficient to warrant those who have any regard or respect for their own character to withdraw from associating with him, and to withhold belief in his future assertions. Under these circumstances, we think our readers will coincide with us, that no faith whatever can be placed for the future on the unsupported declarations of Mr. Whelan. This may seen a harsh vita min, and to withhold belief in his studie assert-tions. Under these circumstances, we think our readers will coincide with us, that no faith whatever can be placed for the future on the unsupported de-clarations of Mr. Whelan. This may seen a harsh entence; but there are cases, and this is one, in which we are bound to consult and obey the dictates of justice alone, and award the punishment that the

The Editor of the Royal Gazette has so far The Editor of the Royal Gasette has so are recovered from his recent indisposition as to be able to favor us with the official account of the meeting at St. Margaret's, East Point, Souris and Rolla Bay, and the perusal has amused us not a little. The minority of voters at the last not a little. The minority of voters at the last election with the disappointed candidates at their head undertake to hold Public meetings for the purpose of passing censure upon the acts and opinions of representatives, to whose election they were opposed. Of how many, and of what description of persons their meetings, were composed history is silent, for the word "numerous" is a word of very indefinite meaning and may be interpreted more or less, according to peoples ideas of number; "most numerous" however is the superfative and by it we have some guide as to what "numerous" may probably mean. "A new building just floored without partition" anglice a log hut consisting of one room "contained the whole." Making the usual allowances for the use of the figure of speech called Hyperbole or exaggeration we suspect the meetings even the "most numerous" must have been sorry affairs after all. And then the speeches and the speakers! At St. Margaret's, John McIntosh Esq. J. P. Mark the modest procemin.

—John McIntosh, Esq., J. P., next addressed the

Mark the modest procemin.

—John McIntosh, Esq., J. P., next addressed the meeting. He was well aware of the extraordinary course pursued by Messrs. McEachen and Macgowan, since their election, but it did not surprise him—he expected nothing better from them; but as he had been a caudidate at the last election, and seemingly in opposition to one or other of the gentlemen returned, he would forbear, he said, to express his opinions as warmly as he felt in reference to their conduct.—

their conduct.—
"Seemingly in opposition"! So he was not in carnest after all, why then was a poll demanded! "If he were now in the House of Assembly he would support the Government." Aye, that you would, John, and expect to be paid for it too. "He came forward, unknown to the Government." "And the large in the Covernment." to the Government?—can't believe it.—"His defeat no defeat to the party in power." We beg leave to differ, Mr. McIntosh, the event has proved the contrary. But the percention.

The resolution he was about to propose, and which he felt convinced would be adopted by the whole District, would abow whether or not the people in that part of the bland had grown itsed of their liberal principles, and sold themselves to the oppressors of their country—the Palmers, the Havilands, and others of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers, who had most the come of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers, and bed most the come of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers, and the come of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers, and the come of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers, and the come of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers and the come of P. E. 1.—witness the unfortunate Palmers.

Wednesday, Rovember 16, 1853.

| Plaints of the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was then proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was then proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was then proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was then proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was the proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was the proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was the proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was the proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush. It are the people in that part of the Island with an array of drawn bayonets.—The following resolution was the proposed by John McIntyee, Big Bush.

magnanimous Whelan—feit chicken-hearted?—that instead of being the "Teucer" of the band, "whose little body ledged a mighty mind," he should turn out "Thersites," of whom was said:

"Thou dog in forehead, but in heart a deer?"
Does Mr. Whelan wish us to believe this? Again, if Mr. Whelan did not virtually belong to the Administration, why did he use the word "colleagues?"—for he confesses to that. Or why did he not come forward and boldly defend the conduct of himself and of his late colleagues? Again, supposing the note of resignation written, would it not have been wise and pradent, under the "concatenation of circumstances," not to have east it? Even supposing it sent, would it not have occurred to so consummate a politician to propose to withdraw it in time, and to state that a

Administration, and secondly, that though the people should wish a change yet those of the Colonial Office, will advise Her Majesty to refuse it. He shall how-ever speak for himself. After alluding to and quoting the reasons given by the lifteen members of the Representative Branch for an early call of the General Assembly, he proceeds thus:

We must say we admire the confident tone

of the Eastern Chronicle, we cannot but think however, that the measure will be neither extraordinary—retrogate or unreasonable in itself, and beg leave to assure the Editor of the Eastern Chronichs, that the measure is called for, and loudly called for by existing circumstances, of which, we more than suspect he is entirely ignorant. The Acadian Recorder, pitches his pipe however to a very different note.

The so called Responsible Government of Novascotia, cannot it seems get their Post Office Department into anything like good working order and this h things are there carried on, and he asks

"What is the tendency of these animosities of parties? No system of general education can be established. No plan for building Railways can be carried into operation. No public officer is appointed with regard to any qualification he ought to possess, but potitical influence: When an office fall yeacant, the Government hesitate for months to place another in the situation, being afraid of incurring the jealousy and vengeance of friends and focs. In fact we know hardly a wingle micrower or appointment of the Government that does not set at least one haff the people complaining of its folly and injustice."

Is not what we here put in statics peculiarly applicable to this Island at present? Speaking of the Post Office he says.

cable to this Island at present? Speaking of the Post Office he says.

"For the shameful state of an institution in which every individual of the country, is more or lessy, deeply interested, the public are indebted to the pitiable weakness of the Government in conceding the control of the Postal affairs to a packed Committee of the House of Assembly, who seem to be too deeply concerned in the accommodation of themselves, and Mail Contractors to care about the convenience of the public. Here like the root of the evil operation of the Post Office. The Government must not interfere with a Mail Contractor, under pain of offending one or two followers. The [Post Master General] is entirely controlled by the Legislature, and however grievinusly the public interests may suffer through the continuance of some unindiversus regulation, he must carry it out, for it might contains the loss of his place to take a single step, not authorised by the "collective widom" of the country. We have, then, only a Post Master General, and a Government, in name not in flet. We which have things not immendiately service. And share it is impossible to reconcile the demands of a section or the country with the interest of society in general, we want a Government able and willing to revent the smaller class from apprecating the larger.

On Wednesday, the 90 M\*Leod was ordained to ministry and administed of the Congregation of R Presbytery of Prince Edw Isaac Murray preached clause; God forbid that the cross of our Lord Jesu he put the usual question congregation and offered usual The Rev. Doctor Ke the charge to the minist Patterson addressed the comme. M'Lood enters up of labor. The part of this congregation is situit prove rapidly. We true prove eminently successions in instrumentality man the house of the Lord and We have been given to u

members for Georgetown-intends to put Mr. Whele lavish expenditure of corru-town, politely designated b the most contemptible box bringing an action for libel CHARLOFFETOWN GA

Our readers will perc has had a general me stated in the Resolution paper. In our next we of the proceedings of ginning only, we trus undertakings. It is expected that furnished with the arti-

We give the corre-Lieut. Governor and the We give the corre-Lieut. Governor and the County whose tendere accepted. We defer a the present, with this that the gentlemen w native.

At Warren Farm, on 5

On Tuesday last, by Daniel Kennedy, to Alic Gregory Pippy, all of Lo On the 10th inst, at St Herbert Read B. D. Rec mot Creek, to Miss M. Shediac New Brunswick LONDO New Fall G

ex Sir Mezander a extensive supply of BRI the season, comprising in Silke, Satine, plain Dresses, Plashes in every relevets, black and cold Dress materials of eve variety, Robes in the lookap, Damasks and Ma, Gents. silk, felt Cloth Cape, Umbrellas, Children's Stays, Do. Chemisettes, Sleeves. (Muslins, Jewellery, larform; Gents'. Seal O Cabinets, Mantles, in variety, Ribbons of a Dress Buttons, Ladies' other Caps. Do. Cap Plowers, Gloves and Haots and Shoes, Carg Berlin Woels and Patte en Woels and Shoes, Carg Berlin Woels and Patte en Woels and Shoes, Carg Berlin Woels and Patte en Woels and Cottoning, Oil flöor C worsted Table Coversings, Regatta and fance Cottone; Be Cloths, Doeskins in article; Hunting Cord. Cotto Velvets, Blankt Flannels and Serges; coats, Children's Drecamb Cloths, Stair, Jerostone Clother Comments of Crumb Clouds, State,
Shoes and Leggings, S
Toilet Soaps, Changoi
ling Bags, Ladies' I
Handkerchiefs, Hasso
Ngck Ties, Table Ma
chiefs, Bonnet Shap
Gents' Mufflers, Hes

Souchong and Con hocolate, Crushed a Chocolate, Crasnea a Table Salt, Ground Mustard, Preserved Spices of all kinds, ( and button Blue, V lights, Soaps, Candle the public as good

Opposite the Cath Great George S Charlottetown,

FA UST IMPORT scriber, at his lesidence in Grafton American

SUGAR, in hogshe Loaf, crushed: Superior Hyson half chests, and by COFFEE, RICE CRACKERS, C per, Ginger, Tabl Candles, Starch, Tobacco, Cigars, I Fresh Muscatel Note, Lemon and PRINTED CO do. ; Bed-ticks, & Indian Rubber Indian Rubber of
dispersion of the superior quali
and Lamp-wieles;
in variety; cHA
ditto, in great we
Glass Lanterns; J
bpades and Shove
Naile; Wildows G
mokers' Laste, N
MOLASSES in
Oil, in burrels an
Also-san anson
Palle, Tabe, in a
Brushes, &c.
On Haward ON HAND—A SOLEJLEATHE Harness Leather

the electors of this First anty have long been un-the principles of liberal-ceptation of the word"

IcIntosh Esq, J.P. and ex IcIntosh Esq. J. P. and ex known your and Cooper's bject—birds of a feather est and an agrarian division your elves and your high the leaduring right to imoney according to your hiprinciples as have dispussed in the season of Responsible establishment,"—there is some histar here, some histar here, some histar here, some histar here, some for copecive it to be the first duty of their Representant and out of it to exhibit tet a like attachment to stherwise they must have otherwise they must have lency by false promises,

rom Charlottetown follow-ivitation." Strange that, Ve thought he had made we understood it. Per-iat his own request. It himself? Who knows? rdone. We are not going 's speech on our readers. before, and moreover we impelled to disbelieve all flons with respect to the control of the ions with respect to his leasts McEachen and Macwhich will appear in anosauc. However "ex unoother meetings were of the

ther meetings were of the resolutions of that at adopted by all, some. But the most humors that this is the minority o task "putting the cart a real earnest. Had the of the greater part of McEachen's voters, withf the opposite party their had considerable weight, meetings are the merest met with or heardtell of,

tiands of the domestic politic eds be interfering with those d, and has given a leader of et those of the Colonial Office, y to refuse it. He shall how After alluding to and quoting the fifteen members of th

for an early call of the Genera

ems it inexpedient to call the rularly alluded to, but as we of these fifteen gentlemen will we may expect in February ble Government abolished in ble Government abolished in in far as a vote of the assenzan accomplish it. It is very it such an extraorbinary retrocer proceed farther than a vote should the Legislative Council Government never would consuble in itself, uncalled for by ances in the colony, and one by to unsettle and distract the stry, than to induce in the minds dent belief in their permanence

onicle, we cannot but think nreasonable in itself, and beg illed for, and loudly called for by rever to a very different note sible Government of Novascotia, their Post Office Department, we think to the manner in which

adency of these enimosities of of general education can be in for building Railways can be in No public officer is appointant of influence. When in office falls ment hesitate for months to place ion, being a fauld of incurring the ment hesitate for months to place ion, being afraid of incurring the aco of friends and focs. In fact ingle measure or appointment of it does not set at least one half ing of its folly and injustice." ne put in statics peculiarly appli-at present? Speaking of the Post

al state of an institution in which hibitate of an institution in which (the country, is more or less; the public are indebted to the of the Government in conceding stal affairs to a packed Committee mbly, who seem to be too deeply acommodation of themselves, and of the Government in conceding that affairs to a packed Committee analy, who seem to be too deeply commodation of themselves, and care about the convenience of the the root of the evil operation of the Government must not interference, under pain of offending one of the flow. Above General is by the Legislature, and however is interests may suffer through the mischie voils regulation, he must high contributed by the "collectionaries" We have, then, only a legislature, then the country! We have, then, only a legislature of public business. We want the 'caral', to regulate the public is in impossible to reconcile the nor the country with the interests and, we want a Government able on the smaller class from approximation of the country with the interests.

r P.-E. Idand, under the rule of a Cabilly of the sum observations suspendingly the Royal department as the unfortunate Fairy Georg, and

On Wadnesday, the 9th inst. Mr. John M. Mr. Leod was ordained to the office of the holy ministry and administed to the pastoral charge of the Congregation of Richmond, Bay by the Presbytery of Frince Edward Island. The Rev. Lean. Murray preached from Gal. 6. 14th first clause; God farbid that I should glory, save in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ; after which, he put the usual questions to the minister and congregation and offered up the ordination prayer. The Rev. Doctor Keir of Princetown gave the charge to the minister, and the Rev. R. S. Patterson addressed the congregation.

M. Leod enters upon an interesting field of labor. The part of the country, in which his congregation is situated, promises to improve rapidly. We trust that his labors may prove eminently successful, and that through his instrumentality many may be planted in the bouse of the Lord and grow up in the courts of our God. On Wednesday, the 9th inst. Mr. John M.

We have been given to understand that one of the members for Georgelown-T. Heath Haviland, Esq. intends to put Mr. Whelan to the proof of the lavish expenditure of corruption money" at George-town, politely designated by Mr. Wholan, "one of the most contemptible heroughs in christendom," by bringing an action for libel in the Supreme Court.

CHARLOTTETOWN GAS LIGHT COMPANY CHARLOTTETOWN GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

Our readers will perceive that this Company has had a general meeting for the purposes stated in the Resolution published in this days paper. In our next we will give some account of the proceedings of the Company—the beginning only, we trust, of similar spirited undertakings.

It is expected that Gas Consumers will be furnished with the article about New Year.

We give the correspondence between the Lieut. Governor and the Magistrates of Queen's County whose tendered resignation has been accepted. We defer making any remark for the present, with this exception, that we think that the gentlemen who have retired had no other alternative.

Birth,

At Warren Farm, on Sanday, the 6th inst., Mrs

Married,
On Tuesday last, by the Rev. John Knox, Mr. Daniel Kennedy, to Alice, the fifth daughter of Mr. Gregory Pippy, all of Lot 48.
On the 10th inst, at St. Eleanors, by the Rev., J. Herbert Read B. D. Rector, Peter Schurman of Wilmot Creek, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Hannigton, of Shediac New Brunswick.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

New Fall Goods, for 1853.

JUST RECEIVED at the LONDON HOUSE,
Jex Sir Alexander and Helen, from England, an
extensive supply of BRITISH GOODS, suitable for
the season, comprising in DRY GOODS.

Sidke, Satins, plain and figured; Moire Antique
Dressees, Plessee in-every sinde, French Merinos, Sidk
Velvets, black and colored; Orleans and Coburghs,
Dress materials of every kind. Cloakings in great
variety, Robes in the latest foshion, Prints good and
choaps, Damasks and Moreens, Fringes and Lace for
day, Gents. sidk, felt and covered tlats, Fur and
Cloth Caps, Umbrelins, cotton and sidk; Ladies' and
Clothers, Staye, Do. cotton Dresses, Habit Shirts,
Chemisettes, Sleeves. Collars and Cuffs, Laces and
Muslins, Jewellery, large assortment; Vases, in every
form; Gents'. Seal Overcoats, Work Boxes and
Cabinets, Mantles, in all the new styles, Shawls in
variety, Ribbons of all kinds. Fancy Trimmings,
Dress Battons, Ladies' winter Bonnets, Do. dress and
clother Caps. Do. Cap's Fronts and Borders, Artificial
Flowers, Gloves and Hosiery, Ladies' and Children's
Boots and Shoos, Carpet Slippers, Leather Slippers,
Berlin Weels and Patterns, Penelopo Canvass, Haberdashery, Millimery, large variety; Hollands and Linens, Linen and Cotton Bed Ticks, Ready made
Clothing, Oil floor Cloth, all widths; Cloth and
worsted Table Covers, Table Linen, Twilded Shirtings, Regatts and fancy do., Long Cloths, undressed,
Domestic Cattons; Beaver, Filot, superfine and fancy
Cloths, Doeskins in variety, Worsted Cord, new
article; Hunting Cord, Meleskins, Black and colored
Cotton Velvets, Blankste, all prices; Domestic Sheets,
Flannels and Serges; Corded, quitted and hair Petticoats, Children's Dresses, Floor and stair Carpeting,
Cramb Cloths, Stair Damask, Rubber Coats, Boets,
Shoes and Leggings, Stationery, Perfumery, Hair oils,
Toilet Soaps, Champiss Skins, Petticat Co

GROCERIES:
Souchong and Congou Ten. Coffee, Homeopathic Chocolate, Crushed and moist Sugar, Baking Powder Table Salt, Ground and whole Rice, Split Pens, Mustard, Preserved Citron, cheap; Pudding Spices, Spices of all kinds, Glenfield and Poland Starch, Fig and button Blue, Washing Powder. Albert night lights, Soaps, Candles.

Also, a Large and General Assortment of Hardware, the whole having been selected by the Subassian

Also, a Large was ware, the whole having been selected by the Subscriber in person, and purchased direct from the manufactories, he can with centidence, recommend them to the public as good and cheap, at the establishment of

Opposite the Catholic Chapel, Great George Street, Charlottetown, Nov. 14th, 1853.

FALL GOODS. JUST IMPORTED, and for sale by the Sub scriber, at his NEW STORE, next door to hi esidence in Grafton Street, a choice selection of American and other Goods,

committing of—
SUGAR, in hogsheads, barrels and by retail,
Loaf, crushed and refined do.
Superior Hyson and Southong TEAS, in chests,
half chests, and by retail;
COFFEE, RICE, PILOT BREAD, in barrels and

by retail; CRACKERS, CHEESE, Vinegar, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, Table Salt, Soda, Saleratus, Soap, Candles, Starch, Blue, Burning Fluid, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Rosin, Blacking, &c.
Fresh Muscatel RAISINS, CONFECTIONARY,

Nuts. Leimon and Ginger Syrup.
PRINTED COTTONS, Surped and Unbleached
do.; Bed-sicks, &c. Cases of BOOTS and SHOES;
Ladies and Gestlemen's India Rubber Boots and hoes; 1 lo laver lindian Rubber Coats and Oil Suits; Buffalo Robes

Indian Rubber Coats and Oil Suits; Buffalo Robes of superior quality; Hats and Caps; Cotton-wick and Lamp-wicks; Fluid Lamps-mateut and common in variety; CHAIRS, with cane soats and wood ditto, in great variets of pattern; Looking Glasses, Glass Lanterns; Jute and Grass Mats; Hay Forks, byades and Shovels; Rough Board, Shingle and Lath Naits; Window Glassia stores and by retail; Shoemskers Lasts, Naits, Pega and Thread.

MOLASSES in hogsheads and by retail; Codfish Oil, in burrels and by retail.

Attor-win assorment of CURRIERS' TOOLS; Pails, Tube, in cost or single; Clother Pins, Brooms, Brushes, Section 2017, American and Brushes, Section 2017, American and Brushes, Section 2017, American and Indiana.

Brushes, &c. On Harman and Island manufactured Solic Learning to the Later Learning Call Skine, and Harness Learning and Market Learning Call Skine, and Harness Learning and Market Learning Call Skine, and Charlottetown November 18.

SUGAR! SUGAR!! BY JAMES MORRIS. D' AUCTION, on Eviday seat, 18th inst., at 11 o'clock, on Pownal Wharf, just arrived, per Briganine Mary, from Beaton; 8 Hads. MUSCOVADO SUGAR, soperior article. Charlottetown, Nov. 16.

Tea, Chairs, Stoves, Matrasses,

BY A. C. SIMS,

A T HIS SALE ROOM, Queen Street at 12
o'clock, on Saturday the 19th Nov. the following Goods, viz:—
Cooking Franklin and Close STOVES, CHAIRS, Cane seat Rocking do. Chest TEA, Grass and Rope MATS, CLOUKS, Hay and Manure FORKS and

(For the henefit of all concerned.)

To be Sold,
A T Public Auction, on Saturday, the 19th day of
A November inst., at the hour of 11 o'clock, forenoon, the HULL and MATERIALS of the Schooner
CLYDESDALE, ANDREW Melryris, Master,
belonging to this Island, burthen 67 Tons, where she
now lies annk, in Grand River, King's County,
together with her EARGO, consisting of:
300 Hacmatack Knees. 19,000 Feet of Hardwood
Plank, 4 Cords of Firewood, 5 Tons of Hacmatack
Timber, and one Barrel of of Pork.

WILLIAM UNDERHAY,
Auctioneer.

Little River, Lot 56, Nov. 12.

Leicester Rams.

TO BE SOLD, at St. ELEANOR'S, on SA-TURDAY, the 26th Nov. inst. at 12 o'clock, ONE LEICESTER RAM. ONE LEICESTER RAM,
And at GEORGETOWN, on the same day, ONE
LEICESTER RAM, imported from England by the
Royal Agricultural Society.
By Order,
CHARLES STUART, Secty.
Nov. 16th, 1853. All the papers

CANDLES MADE. HOUSEKEEPERS are respectfully informed, that they can have their TALLOW made up by application to

JOHN BOVYER. Nov. 10th. Corner of Queen & Water

COMMISSARIAT SUPPLIES. SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Friday the 9th December next, at noon, for the undermentioned Commissariat Supplies, viz:—

noon, for the undermentioned Commissariat Supplies, viz:—
FRESH BEEF.

Such quantities of Ox or Heifer Beef, of good marketable quainty, as may be required for the Troops, Staff, and Departments stationed at Charlottetown, France Edward Island, for one year, commencing 1st April, 1854.

The Meatto consist of Fore and Hind Quarters, and to be subject to the inspection and approval of the Commissariat Officer or person appointed by him.
The Tenders to attate the price per 100 lbs, in stering, in words at length, and to be signed by two responsible persons, as Sursties, binding themselves in the penal sum of £200 sterling for the due performance of the Contract. Payment will be made mentily, in specie, at the Army rate; or by Bill on the Lords' Commissioners of Her Majeaty's Treasury, at par, should the amount exceed \$50.

BAKING BREAD

For one year, commencing the 1st April, 1854, for the Troops, Staff and Departments, in such quantities as may be required. The Tenders to state the number of Pounds of Bread that will be returned for every 100 pounds of Flour farnished by the Commissariat:

—the Flour to be taken from the Commissariat Magazines, and the Bread to be delivered at the Quarters of the Officers, Troops, &c., at the Contractor's expense, he being allowed the empty Barrels.

Two Sureties will be required, as above, in the sum of £100 sterling.

FUEL WOOD. BAKING BREAD

FUEL WOOD. FUEL WOOD.

375 Cords of Puel Wood, consisting of Beech, Black and Yellow Birch, Ash and Rock Maple, no crooked or rotten wood being admissible. The whole of the Wood to be delivered into Her Majesty's Fuel Yard, between the 1st January and the 31st March, 1854, and to be piled six feet high.

Payment will be made on the delivery of every 120 cords, by Bill on the Lords' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, at par. Two Sureties, as above, in the sum of £75 Sterling.

TRUCKAGE

TRUCKAGE

Tenders to state the prices, in sterling, for the following services, viz:—
Firewood from the Fuel Yard to the Barracks and Quarters of Officers, at per cord.
Do. to the Garrison Guards, when required, (both Guards to be considered one trip) at per load, or trip.
Baggage, Commissariat and Ordnance Stores, &c., to and from Wharves to Harracks, or elsewhere in the Town, at per load of 6 cwt.
Flour, at per load of 8 Barrels.

Sureties, as above, in the sum of £20 Sterling. Blank Forms of Tenders and every information, will be giver at the Commissariat, to parties desirous of tendering Written Tenders will not be noticed.

JAMES B. LUNDY, Dy. Ass. Com. Genl. mmissariat, Charlottetown. P. E. Island, 14th November, 1858. Co

Charlottetown Gas Company. A Ta Special General Meeting of the Share-holders of the Charlottetown Gas Light Company, duly constituted, held this day, the 14th November instant, at the Temperance Hall, pursuant to notice given according to the requi-sitions of the By-laws of the said Company, it was manimumly. it was unanimously--"Resolved that the Directors of the Charlot

"Resolved that the Directors of the Charlot-tetown Gas Light Company be authorized to borrow a sum of money not exceeding £2500 on the security of the said Company, in any manner they may deem most advisable for the interest of the Company aforesaid.

JOHN GAINSFORD, Sect.

China, Glass, China.

UST RECEIVED by the Subscriber, direct from
England a large Assortment of CHINA, GLASS,
EARTHENWARE and DRY GOODS, which he
are also low for Cash, at his Store in Dorches-

JOHN FOSTER. Charlottetown, Nov. 15th.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale, a few FAR-THOMAS DODD, Pownal Street.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!! Otoves: Otoves: Stoves:

UST RECEIVED by the Subscriber, 200 of STOVES, well assorted, consisting of Pioneer, Premium, Ranson, New Barket, Young America and Boston Cooking Stove, Song-stone-back Franklin, Wood Franklin, Cast & Sheat Irea Air Tight, Box, Combination, and other Stoves.

JOHN ANDREW, McDONALD.

October 14th, 1836. 1st & E.G. NEW GOODS!

THE Subscriber being thankful for past patronage, begy leave to intimate to his friends and the abilities agencial, that he has removed to his New Brick Building, on the East side of Pownal Street.—that he has added to his former Stock a choice classics.

Brick Building, on the personnel Stock a choice splenting of Cooking Franchise, Class and Pateur Stocks as las Farmer's Hardware; Clocks, of all descriptions, Looking Glasses, Boots, Shows and Chooking Glasses, Boots, Shows and Rubbers, in great variety, and the Hardware; Clocks, of all descriptions, Looking Glasses, Boots, Shows and Rubbers, in great variety, and the Hardware; Clocks, of all descriptions, Looking Glasses, Boots, Shows and Rubbers, in great variety, and the Market of Confections of the Laws, of the Hardware; Clocks, of all descriptions, Looking Glasses, Boots, Shows and Rubbers, in great variety, and the Market of the Confection of the Laws, of the Hardware; Clocks, of all descriptions, Looking Glasses, Boots, Shows and Rubbers, in great variety, and the Confection of the Laws, of the Market of Confection of the Confection of the Laws, of the Market of Confection of the Confect

163 PACKAGES MERCHANDIZE, suitable for the present and coming seasons, which, having been personally selected from some of the first Houses in England and Glasgow, he is enabled to offer to his customers at extremely low prices for prompt payment. The STOCK comprises:—

10 Cases Ready Made Clothing,

5 do Hats and Caps,

8 do Dross Materials,

5 do Haberdashery,

2 do Laces and Millinery,

1 do Gloves.

2 do Laces and Millinery,
1 do Gloves,
2 do Silks. Ribbons and Velvets,
1 do Jewellery,
2 do Fars,
10 Trunks Boots and Shoes,
5 Bales Cloths,
6 Bales grey and white Calicos,
5 do Linen Drapery,
6 do Carpets and Flannels,
10 do Paper Hangings,
20 Chests Ten,
25 Packages Groceries,
40 do Hardware and Ironmongery,
DANIEL I ronmongery,
DANIEL DAVIES. Charlottetown Nov 4, 1853

FALL ARRIVALS.

FALL ARRIVALS.
THE Subscriber has received, on Consignment, per schrs. May J. Jane and Instella, from BOSTON, a quantity of GOODS, which he offers for Sale at his Store, Queen Street, consisting in part of—100 pieces grey, white and printed Cottons, bales of striped Shirtings, Deniuma and Bed-ticks, Farniture Cottons, window blinds, Handkerchiefs. satinetts and doeskins, vestings, shawls, table cloths, &c.

cloths, &c.

Also,
50 chests, half-chests and 15 lbs. boxes Congou
TEA, Tierces Rice, hhds. Muscovado Molasses,
boxes Raisins, Drums Figs, Drums Jews Apples,
doztens Buckets, Brooms, nests Tubs, Pilot Bread,
barrels Pitch, Tar, and Rosin, Franklin and other
STOVES reams writing and wrapping Paper, cane
and wooden seated Chairs, a variety of Brass Clocks,
boxes Boots and shoes, 50 gross Matches, 50 boxes
Soap, &c.

JAMES MORRIS.

Apples, Onions & Stoves

JUST ARRIVED per Schr. Elizabeth, from Boton, and for sale by the subscriber:— Barrels Apples and Onions, Cooking Stoves, Parlor Grates, Air-tight & Can

Stoves;
Also—For sale at the fuel yard of the subscriber, 100 coads Rock maple & Birch fire wood, 20,000 feet Scantling.

W. B. DAWSON.

To Grocers. SUGAR! SUGAR! SUGAR! JUST RECEIVED, ex Schr. Sophronia, from Halifax, Hhhds.

Tierces, and Barrels
Choice PORTO RICO SUGAR. For Sale low, by
WILLIAM T. PAW.
Oct. 8, 1853. 3m

"Catharine."

Guards to be considered one trip) at per load, or trip.

Baggage, Commissariat and Ordnance Stores, &c., to and from Wharves to Barracks, or elsewhere in the Town, at per load of 6 cwt.

Flour, at per load of Barrels.

One or more Carts or Trucks to be employed, as may be ordered by the Commissariat Officer. Two Sureties, as above, in the sum of £20 Sterling. Blank

Sureties, as above, in the sum of £20 Sterling. Blank

200 Stores, assorted, 15 Puncheons Molasses,

Cash is wanted. They consist in part of
200 Stoves, assorted, 15 Puncheons Molasses,
50 Chests Tea, 25 Boxee Candles,
12 Cases Boots, Shoes and Brogans,
15 Bbls. Pitot Bread and Crackers,
5 Bbls Burning Fluid,
60 Eight day & Thirty hour Clocks,
32 Doz. Backets. 32 Doz. Braoms,
50 Doz. Chairs,
20 Bbls high proof Rum,
20 Boxes Glass,
60 Suits Oil Clothing,
12 Boxes Tobacco.
Sole Leather, Charas, Window Blinds, Rocking
Horses, Wash Boards, Looking Glasses, Thermometors, Ladies' and Gents.' India Rubber Boots and
Shoes, Whips, Satinetts, Drillings, Ticks, Striped
Shirting, Prayer Books, Bibles, and other Boots.

JOHN ANDREW MeDONALD.
October 14th. Isl & R. G.

October 14th. Isl & R. G. ROCKLIN FULLING MILL. THE Subscribers, in returning thanks to the public of P. E. Island for the liberal patronage with which they have been fivoured, hope, by careful at-ention to the wants of their customers, to meet a

The following are the prices, in Nova Scotin p following are the prices, in Nova So Currency: Fulling only, per yard, 4d Do. and half dressing, 6d Do. full dressing, 8d Iling and Dysing Blook, Brown, Olive-gre Olive-brown, and Carbeu, 8d per yard. Do. and half dressing, do. 10d Do.—and full dressing, do. 1s the and lawisible Green dyed, and full dress 2a 3d

WOMEN'S WEAR.

Brown, dyed and pressed per yard, 6d
Green de de Ge
Women's Wear pressed only, per yard, 24d
Dyeing Scarlet, per lb. 2s 6d.
No additional charge for carriage.
R. & A.FRASER.
AGENTS—Charlottstown, Mr. D. Stewart, St.
Eleanor's Mr. N. J. Brown. Grand River, Lot 55,
John Mi'Donald, Eq., White Sands, Mr. Glover.
Murray Harbour, Mr. John Hyde.
Racklin, Middle, River, Pictou, N. S.
July 18th, 1838.

Farm to be Let.

THE subscriber offers to let for one or spore years.

In may be igneed oil. A farm at Summierside.

Lot 17 of about 60 acres of cultivated hand all of which is under fence, it fronts two chines on the Bedeque Bay within about Fifteen chains of Green's Wharf, On the front abundance of scawced may be had, and on the farm any quantity of Black und may be precared. A large Barn, Dwelling House and out-houses are on the premises, the restrictive per and telescope in the strength of the Lesse, if not let soon it will be otherwise disposed of. Application may be made to Mr. P. Power Summerside or to the subscriber.

Cattle and Land Sale.

THE subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction on his Farm at 7 Mile Bay on Wednesday the 20 Inst. at 12 o clock noon the following property, viz: Cown, Calves, Young Cattle, Ozen, Sheep, Horses, Farming Utensils, Carts, &cc: Also Beds, Bedding, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, &c., &c., which have been sent to said farm to be sold: Also a small lot of Dry Goods: Immediately after which will be offered for sale the Farm and all Lands belonging to the Subscriber at 7 Mile Bay either tegether or in lots to sait purchasers, these Farms having been advertised in the Royal Gazette in 1849 and being otherwise so well known require but little further description than to say, they contain about 140 Acres each, and Marsh to each to cut about 6 stacks of Hay, or 240 acres in the whole with Marsh to cat about 12 stacks: about 140 acres are under cultivation: they are beautifully situated are pussessed of the most natural and aquired local alvantages and form altogether the best property now officred for sale in this Island. Credit given for all the stock, &c., until next Fall on approved notis, and such credit for the Farms as may be agreed on. Further information given at sale.

The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

Assurance Society of Parliament, 2d Victoria. A Saving Bank for Pale Mewidow and the Orphan Ken Widow and t Cattle and Land Sale.

J. WEATHERBE.
Charlottetown P. E. I. Nov. 11th, 1853.

NOTICE.

LL resons having Legal demands against the
Estate of GEORGE HILL, Merchant, late of
Flat River, Belfast, in this Island, deceased, are
herby required to furnish the same for adjustment;
and all persons indebted to the said Estate are reuired to make immediate payment.
HANNAH JANE HILL, Administratrix.

Tailoring Establishment.

JAMES M'LEOD, TAILOR AND HABIT MAKER,
respectfully intimates to the Gentlemen of Charlottetown, and his numerous friends in town and
country, that he carries on the above business in all country, that he carries on the above business in all its branches, at the corner of QUEEN and KENT STREETS, nearly opposite the residence of DR. POTTS, where all orders in his line will be thankfully received, and attended to with punctuality. Having had considerable experience in his business, he takes this opportunity of challenging competion, and feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who myy favor him with their patronage.

N. B. Two Journeymen and an Apprentice Boy wanted immediately.

l immediately. November 3, 1853. I do certify that James McLeon has for many

I do certify that JAMES MCLEOD has for many years been employed by me, and he has obtained his knowledge from me in the cutting and making up of garments; I can, and do, therefore, recommend him to the public as the very best cutter and workman in his branch. H. FOUND.

Charlottetown, Nov. 1, 1835. 383

Hubback's Patent WHITE ZINC PAINT.

NOW LANDING, ex Brig. Attuood, from Lon
DON, a farther supply of the above valuable
Paint Also, a few casks Driers and Putity, &c.

JAMES DESBRISAY.

June, 18th. Butter, Wool and Sheep Skins. THE Subscriber will pay the highest market price in Cash, for any quantity of WOOL and SHEEP SKINS.

Queen Square, Ch. Town, May 31st, 1853. MONEY TO LEND.

NQUIRE at the Office of CHARLES PALMER,

tetown.

ROBERT BELL.

Notice to Tenants on the Estates of Captain and Mrs. Cumberland, in P. E. Island. THE Tenants on the above Estate are hereby notified, that they will henceforth be required to pay all taxes imposed by the local Statutes upon the ands in their possession, and that the Possession. lands in their possession, and that the Proprietors will in all cases of default, proceed against the Tenants, upon the covenants contained in their Leases.

W. H. POPE. Charlottetown, 19th October 1853.

FRENCH LANGUAGE. M. CESAR DEBASONT has the honor o informing the inhabitants of Charlottetown, and vici-nity, that he has opened Classes for instruction in the

FLUID! FLUID!! FIVE Casts BURNING FLUID just received and for vale low. Also, a few FLUID LAMPS JOHN ANDREW McDONALD. Queen Street, 14th Oct. 1sl

A PEW WOOD STOVES suitable for Meetin or School House, just received and for sale by GEORGE MOORE. 11th Nov. 1858. 486

ASSARB'S BOOK Blure.

The National Loan Fund Life

H. J. CUNDALL. Agent for P. E. I. pro tem Sept. 7th 1853.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

GOVERNOR—THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE CARL of ELGIN and KINCARDINE, GOVERNOR ieneral of Canada. HEAD OFFICE—22 St. Andrew Square, Edin-

HEAD OFFICE—22 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.

Board of Management in Halifax for Noua Scotia and Prince Edward Island—
Hon. M. B. Almon, Banker.
Hon. William A. Black, Banker.
Lewis Bliss, Esq.,
Charles Twining, Esq., Barrister.
John Bayley Bland, Esq.,
Hon. Alexander Keith, Merchant.
James Stewart, Esq., Solicitor.
Medical Adviser—A. F. Sawers.
Agent & Secretary—Matthew H. Richey, Solicitor The following gentlemen have been appointed Officers of the Company in Prince Edward Island, and will be prepared to farnish information as to the principles and practice of the Company and the rates of Assurance. surance. Charlottetown—Medical Adviser—H. A. Johnston,

Charlottetown — Medical Adviser—H. A. Johnston, M. D. Agent—E. L. Lydiard. Georgetown—Medical Adviser—David Kaye, M. D. Agent—William Sanderson. St. Eleanor's—Medical Adviser—Joseph Bell, M. D. Agent—Thomas Hust. MATTHEW H. RICHEY.

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance Company,
Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

Till's COMPANY offers the best guarantee in case of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of felly 30 per cent, to the assured.

The present reliable Capital exceds £1700. Persons having property in Charlottetown, or vicinity, should lose no time in applying to the Secretary of this Company for Policies or Information.

The of Philips' Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. In case of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immediately, by applying at the Secretary's Office.

W. HEARD. President

W. HEARD, P.

Secretary's Office, Kent Street, August 5th, 1853. ALLIANCE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, LONDON. PANY, LONDON.

RETABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG,

Agent for P. E. Island.

STRAYED from Rustice in June last, a dark brown Mare, rising 3 years old with a star on the forchead. Also, a yellow Mare, rising two years, with a white stripe on the forchead, and the feet, neck, and tail inclining a little to white. Whoever will give information by letter or otherwise, where the above mentioned animals may be found will be rewarded for their trouble.

Rustico. Novembr 12th, 1853. 31.

Rustico, Novembr 12th, 1853.

NOTICE.

NUTAUE;

THE Tenants on Townships Numbers Sixteen and
Twenty-two, in this Island, the property of The
Right Honourable, Laurence Sulivan, are hereby required to make immediate payment of all arrenzs ofrent due by them, otherwise proceedings will be instituted for the recovery thereof.

WILLIAM FORGAN. WILLIAM FORGAN.

New Books! New Statione; y!

New Books! New Statione; T. CEO. T. HASRARD has JUST BY TEXTIVED.

If from Editablean a supply of GOOKS and STATIONARY which are now open and Fon SALE, and among which are—
Blank Books, Ledgers, &c.,
Note Papers and Envelor, ea
Charts of the Gulf and, Island
Dr. Camming's W. origi
Barnes' Notes Ca the Soriptures
Neander's Church History
The Letter Hour
The Wide, Wide World, cheep edition

YANKER ENTERPRISE IN VALPARAISO The result of the general introduction of Americans into the cities on the shores of the South Pacific has been to infuse a spirit of enterprise among the people and lend activity to every branch of trade The breakwater at Valparaiso is progress-ing rapidly under Yankee superintend-ence, and the bonded warehouses are rapidly rising into grandeur under the au-spices of that indefatigable American, John Brown. Another great enterprise attributed to Americans, has been the procurement of ice for the citizens. under an exclusive contract with the Government. The appearance of a Yankee two-wheeled cab in thestreet of Valparaiso has created quite an excitment among the moustached hidalgos, and made them open their eyes with wonder Sewing-machines, too, are about being in troduced there. There seems to be one thing more wanting, and that is, a little wholesome Yankee competition with the sluggish British mail line, which plies on

WHO IS THE MISCREANT THAT SENT US THE FOLLOWING ?-As we know that the Russians require oleaginous food is it no possible that, after devouring Turkey, the Czar'may take a fancy to "Greece?" Should he do so, is it not probable that "Genuine Russian Bear's Greese" will no longer be a fiction?

SALT YOUR CABBAGE.—We printed some time ago recommendation, and do so again, that it may not be forgotten that, in boiling a cabbage whole, if some commo salt be put into the water, when washing cabbages or greens, preparatory to cooking them, the snails, bugs, &c., will come ou and sink to the bottom, so that they need not be boiled with the vegetables. It is impossible to wash out with water alone except the cabbage be taken to pieces.— Germantown Telegraph.

HOME-MADE VINEGAR.-Mix with three gallons of soft (rain) water, one quart of molasses, and one pint of yeast. It will ferment and turn to vinegar in four weeks.

BAKED Apples.—The person who has eaten baked sweet apples with milk, needs no commendation of the article.-But those who have tart apples only, may secure a delicious dish by the following process.—Pare them, if thick skinned, cut out the largest portain of the core from one end, and place the fruit on well-glazed earthen dishes or pans, with the cored end upwards, and the cavity filled with refined. powdered sugar.—Then bake them.

VIRGIN SIMPLICITY .- An aneedote is told of a young lady of Harrisburg, who was recently on a riding excursion. The horse commenced kicking, when she, in the most simple manner requested her companion to get out and hold the horse's leg' or he might

ANTIQUITY.-A lawyer and a doctor were discussing the antiquity of their respective professions, and each cited authority to prove his the most ancient. Mine," said the disciple of Lycurgus, "command almost with the world's era. Cain slew his brother Abel, and his was a criminal case in law. fession is coeval with the creation itself Old Mother Eve was made out of a rib taken from Adam's body, and that was a surgical operation." The lawyer dropped

THE POOR AUTHOR IN ALL AGES .- If the flowers strewed before me had but a little gold leaf on them, I should be the happiest dog in the world. It is strange that the recole who value the silk or many who value the silk so muc should not feed the poor worm who wastes himself in spinning it out to them .- Moore.

HONESTY IN BUSINESS .- Two brethren were riding in a wagon one day—the conversation turned on the manner of doing

Brother,' said one, 'if we would succeed in store-keeping we cannot be strictly upright in every little thing. It is impossible. We could not live.,

'It is contrary to religion not to be upright, replied the other. 'Honesty is as much a part of religion as prayer or reading the Bible, and yet if he be not strictly an honest man, he cannot be a religious one.'
'I don't know about that; we must live;
that is my doctrine.'
'But you present to be a religious.

But you pretend to be a religious man, don't you? You are a professor as well as

'And you will be more likely to break down if you do. I tell you, my brother, honesty is not only a part of religion, but it is the best policy too; and I will venture to say, the man who is honest will succeed better in his store than he who is unjust, either in little thiugs, or in great things, is a dishonest man, and an irreligious man: and the day of judgment will convince him of it fearfully.'

The above conversation, in substance, took place in one of the counties of the Siate of New York. The storekeeper did business, in a village near which they were riding. Since that time he has failed in his business, and has been obliged to leave the village.

I wish every merchant, every shop-keeper would lay this truth to heart: "A man who is not strictly an honest man, cannot be a religious man."

Idleness never can secure tranquilty. And you will be more likely to break

Glasgow and Manchester House! THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED his SUMMER SUPPLY of NEW and PASHIONABLE GOODS,

Per Brig Attwood, direct from London.
DAVID WILSON. Richmond Street, 17th June, 1853

NEW GOODS NEW GOODS.

THE Subactiber has received, per Brig Attwood, from Landox, and other recent strivals; the following GOODS, which are offered cheap for Cash. Bales & Cases Dry Goods.

50 Chests Choice Teas.
Canvass, Cordge, Oakum.
Chain Cables & inch to 7-8ths,
Anchors and Kedges.
Cat and Wrought Nails, Spikes,
Round and flat Iron,
Window Glass,
Paints and Oil,
London and Liverpool Soap,
London waxed-wick Candles,
Barrels Choice Sugar,
Hds. Molases, &c. &c. &c.

LONGWORTH & YATES.

Water Street, Charlottetowa, June 17th, 1853.

BOATS.

THE Subscriber having been for several years employed in building Ship, Fishing, and Pleasure BOATS of all kinds, begs leave to return thanks for the generous support he has hitherto experienced in that line, and to notify his friends and the public at large, that he is making preparations for a larger and more extended business, and that, for the purpose of accommodating pessons who may favor him with Orders, the following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as his Agents:—

Captain MATHEWSON, of the Steamer 'Rose.' Mr. G. T. HASZARD, Charlottetown.

Captain HUBBARD, Tignish.

Mr. WM. MEWEN, Inskeeper, Sammerside.

NICHOLAS CONROY, Esq., Kildare.

Boats of any description, dimensions or build (whether Clinker or Carvel), delivered in Charlottetown, or elsewhere, with promptitude. Workmanship and quaterials warranted of the best description. Produce of cattle will be taken in payment, if desired.

CHARLES M-QUARRIE. BOATS.

A handy LAD, of about 14 or 15 years of age, may find employment by application as above.

NOTICE.

A LL Persons indebted to Mr. RICHARD FAUGHT, by Note of Hand, or Book Account, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, who is duly authorised by Power of Attorney to collect the same.

THOMAS ALLEY.

Charlottetown, Sept. 21st, 1853.

NOTIOE.

THE Subscriber having been duly empowered by
GILBRAT HENDERSON, of Hyde Park,
SQUARE, London, Esquire, and ARTSUR HENDERSON, of Liverpool, in England, Merchant, surviving
Executors and Trustees named and appointed in and
by the last Will and Testsment of Gilbert Henderson,
late of Liverpool, aforesaid. Merchant, deceased to
collect all Debts and Sume of Money due to the Estate
of the said Gilbert Henderson. deceased, within this of the said Gilbert Henderson, deceased, within this leland, and to dispose of all Lands and Hereditament belonging to said Estate situate therein. All person so indebted to the Estate of the said Gilbert Hender so indebted to the Estate of the said Gilbert Hender-son, deceased, are duly required without delay to pay into my hands the several amounts due by them; and those persons who may be in possession of any part of such Lands and Premises, are required to make an immediate and satisfactory arrangement with me, otherwise they will be treated as Trespassers. JOHN LONGWORTH. Charlottetown, April 9th, 1853.

Ten Dollars Reward.

WARNING TO TIMBER STEALERS.

WHEREAS a number of Tenants, and other persons have, during the winter season, been in the habit of Stealing Timber from off the various Townships with which I am concerned. Now I hereby give Public Notice to all Tenants, or other individuals, who may hereafter be found Trespassing upon these Forest Lands, either by cutting timber, fire-wood, erecting camps, making sleigh roads, hauling on any private roads, on said property, that they will without distinction of persons, be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the Law; and any person who will give information of such Trespassers, so that they may be brought to justice, shall, on conviction, receive the above reward.

WILLIAM DOUSE,

Charlottetown, October 6, 185

Saint John Sale Stables. Saint John Sale Stables.

M. A. CUMMING, Veterinary Surgeon, begs to instinuate to parties having HORSES to dispose of, that he is about to open as a Sale Stable, those premises next the Catholic Chapel, head of King's Square, St. John; where Horses will be kept at livery, and bought or sold on commission.

There being no well-understood place in St. John where those having Horses, and those somating Horses, know where to find each other, M. A. C. finters himself that a Horse BALAAR, or Sale Stable properly conducted, may in some measure supply a

properly conducted, may in some measure supply a want often felt by the public; while from the know-ledge of horses derived from his profession, he may be able at times to give useful advice both to seller and

purchaser.

N. B.—Two or three good young Harness Horse wanted; and a STRONG HEAVY PAIR, full mouthe for shipyard work. Saint John, 26th April, 1853.

Saint John, 26th April, 1853.

To be Sold,

DY PRIVATE SALE, the following VALUABLE.

REAL ESTATE of the late Hea. Colonel A.

LANE, situate in Charlottetown, and its vicinity, viz:

TOWN LOTS Nos. 57, 58, 59, 60 and 61, in the
Fourth Hundred of Lots in Charlottetown containing
nearly two Acres of Land, fronting on Rochford
Square, tastefully laid out with ernamental, fruit
trees, and Garden; it contains also the Family Residence, out houses of the deceased, of the mos commodious description.

Town Lots Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6, in the Third
Hundred of Lots in Carblottetown aforesaid, and
One-twentieth part of Town Lots Nos 67, 68 and 69,
in the Second hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, adjoining the property of Daniel Hodson, Esq., in lots
to suit purchasers.

Town Lots Nos. 3, 4, and 5, in the Fifth hundred
of Lots in Charlottetows, aforesaid, in lots to sait
parchasers.

Town Lot Nos. 54, in the Fourth hundred of Lots.

purchasers.

Town Lot No. 64. in the Fourth hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, adjoining the residence of the Chief

Town Lot No. 8t. in the residence of the Chief Justice.

Common Lots. 12 and 13, is the Common of, and in close proximity to Charlettetown, containing Twenty-four Acres, in lots to suit purchasers.

Part of Common Lot No. 18, in the Common of Charlettetown, and which forms the Western side of the approach from Town to Government House, in lots to suit purchasers.

PASTURE LOT No. 554, in the Reyalty of Charlettetown, containing Twelve Acres.

ALSO—PEW No. 31, in the South Aisle of St. Paul's Church, Charlettetown.

For further particulars, apply to W. Fongars, Esq. Berrister at Law, Charlettetown; at Pictou, to J. Hamilton Laws, the Acting Executor of, and one of the Treutown named in the Will of the late Colonel A. Lane.

Charlettetown, 26th October, 1855.

COLOURED so be to show the Election I Districts
For sale at Guo. T. HASBARD'S Book Store.

FARM FOR SALE.

TO be said by private sale, the Leanthold for 1999 years, containing 50% acres of Land, with the Buildings thereon. About 40 acres are clear. There is a good pump at the deer of the Dwelling House. This Form is situated about 10 miles from Churlottatown, on the Teyon Road, and known as the SUN INNY, for the last 15 years. Half the purchase money can remain on the Premises. For further particulars apply to Mrs. WIDGERY on the Premises, or to HENRY PALMER, Esq., Charlottown.

House in Kent Street.

THE subscriber offers for sale, or to let, the dwelling House in Kent Street, adjoining his own residence. It contains a large Store, and good frost-proof Cellar, and six good Rooms. There is also a Stable for eight Horaes, and new Well of Water in the yard. It will be let altogether or in two parts. On £200 being paid down, the remainder could lie on mortage for four or five years.

JOHN BREEN.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE,
THAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head of
Prince Street, formerly the site of the Sapiist
Chapel, fronting 100 feet on Euston Street, and 104
on Upper Prince Street. It is one of the most desirable situations in the suburbs for a gentleman's residence, or is capable of being divided into three good building Lots. For Terms, &c. apply to
W. H. POPE.

Farm for Sale.

FIHE Subscriber offers for sale his FARM, con sisting of 110 acres, 90 acres Freehold, and 20 acres Leased, at One Shilling per acre. There is about 40 acres cleared, and in a high state of cultivation; a good House, Barn and Workshop on the Premises. It is situated in the beautiful and flourishing settlement of Searltown, about 21 miles from the South Shore, where abundance of Sea Manure may be had. For particulars apply to the Subscriber on the premises.

JOHN TODD.

JOHN TODD. Searltown, 2d Oct, 1853.

Valuable Farm for Sale. Valuable Farm for Sale.

THAT valuable leasehold FARM at Long Creek, for 999 years, formerly in the possession of John McLeon, now owned by the Sabscriber. There are on the premises a good House and Barn, the bouse partly finished; two wells and plenty of poles; also a Marsh which cuts 30 tons of Hay. One thousand poles will run the line fence, as the farm is almost surrounded by water. There is abundance of Mussel and black marsh Mud in front of the Farm. Such a Farm is very seldom in the market. For particulars apply to Mr. JAMES CAIRNS, Globe Hotel, Charlottetown, or to JOHN GARVIE, Bonshaw Inn. Terms Moderate.
Oct. 8, 1853.

Cottage to Let.

Cottage to Let.

TO LET, the Cottage immediately above Apothecaries' Hall, fronting on Queen Street. Immediate possession gives.
Also, the Store and Counting House adjoning Apothecaries' Hall, Cellar underneath, and Ware Room attached. Reat moderate.

THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY.
October 12th, 1853.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale. THE Subscriber offers for SALE his WHARF and several BUILDING LOTS adjoining, at FOOT QUEEN STREET. Persons desirous of pur chasing, will please make early application to THOS. B. TREMAIN. Charlottetown. June 23, 1853.

TO LET for such a Term of years as may be agreed upon, the Farm known as Sherwood situate seven miles from Charlottetown at Dog River, Township No. 31 containing, 130 acres of excellent and, upon which are erected a Stone Cottage suitable for a genteel family, and commodious outhouses. Possession can be given at once. on can be given at once.

Apply to J. HAMILTON LANE, Esq. n, 29th Sept. 1853.

For Sale or Lease,
FOUR DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS, at of
Ferry, on Lot 48, and an ELEGIBLE FARM
that township. For particulars apply to,
JOSEPH BALL,

Nov. 2d 1853. n811m

Shop to be Let
PRONTING on Queen's Square and near the
Depot of the Royal Agricultural Society. It has
small office adjoining, and a commodious cellar
beneath, and is a desirable stand for business. Enquire at this office

For Sale, or to Let. THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE about one mile from Charlettetown—together with the Outbuildings, and about its acros of land. For particulars apply to the Subscriber. JOHN 8. BREMNER.

Oct. 8.

House to Let. TO LET, that well known HOUSE and PREMISES, situate in Pownal Street, known as Mrs. Woon's Boarding House. Possession given in November further particulars, apply to G. W. DEBLOIS.

Wanted to Charter, SHIPS amounting to about 2000 Tons Register from Meramiche to Liver-pool, enquire of CHARLES S. M-NUTT,

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE Brigantine "HELLEN," coppered and copper (astened, will sail fee the above port on or before the 18th instant. Has good accommodations for passeners. For freight or passage, apply to the owner, November 3, 1858.

W. WELSH.

FOR LIVERPOOL

THE Brig "ELLEN," 300 tens burthen will sail for Liverpeel, G. B., on or about the lat December—has excellent accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to the owner, Queen-street. November 3. 1853, W. WELSH.

Regular Liner from London. THE Subscribers beg to intimate to Ship perviron London, that they will place on the Line between London and Character Lorrerown, the At 1, Clipper Barque does no or about the 1st April, 18843 Aprily to the owners

ROBERT BROWN & Co. don on or about the 1st April, 1864. 'Apply to owners ROBERT BROWN & Co. 24 Lime Street, Fenchurch Street, Lond Street, Lond Robert Rob

NOVELTIES FOR THE SUMMER. WILLIAM HEARD,

BEGS to announce the arrival per Attoood, from England, of a large assortment of BRITISH and FOREIGN MANUFACTURES, from the first Houses in the 1rage. W. H. having personally selected this Stock, would call especial attention to a vartety of

BONS, PARASOLS, BONNETS, MILLINERY, &c., &c. A large selection of Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Theceds, Waist-coatings, Cotton and

Boots and Shoes, and every article in the Furnishing Department

Fire! Fire! Fire!!

FAFE: FIFE: I SEE: I Secure your Property at a saving of 1/1/19 per cent.

THIS can only be done by Insuring in the MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

This is the only Office where claims for loss can be met, without reference to a foreign Company.

Blank forms of application, and any other information can be obtained at the Secretary and Treasurer's Office, Kent Street.

April 6, 1862.

Halifax, 12th July. 1853.

ARCHIBALD SCOTT, Esq.

SIR,—As the Agent of various Fire Insurance
Companies, I beg to bring under your notice my
PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE. This PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE. This composition has been spwards of, three years extensively used in New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, the Canadas and Nova Scotia, principally for covering shingled roofs, as you will perceive by the accompanying circulars of certificates. It has been severely tested, and proved most successfully its fire proof qualities under most extraordinary circumstances; so much so, that I am of opinion that Fire Insurance Companies should encourage its general application to all kinds of wood building (where the color would be no objection to its being used, such as he back walls of dwellings in the city, out houses, ware-houses, &c., as well as the roofs) by lowering the premium of insurance on such buildings as are covered.

I have the honor to be, sir,, Your obedient servant, J. W. ROSS. Patentee and Manufacture

Patentee and Manufacture
Halifax 14th July, 1853.
Sir,—In answer to your note of the 12th inst.
consider the use of your "Artificial Slate Paint" of shingled Roofs, as greatly diminishing the risk again Fire—I have frequently reduced the premiums of Buildings in the Country, upon its application,
I am, sir, your ob't servant.,
ARCH'D. SCOTT.
Insurance Agen

VETERINARY PRACTICE. Under the Patronage of His Excellancy S.
ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, Knight.

CHARTONAGE of HIS Excellency Sir ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, & Kaight.

CEORGE LORD, begs leave respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public in general, that he has resumed his practice in the VETERINARY LINE, under the patronage of His Excellency Sir ALEXANDE BRANNERMAN, Knight.

After a successful practice of 27 years—14 in England and 13 in America—in the course of which he has been directly instrumental, through his skill, in saving, for their owners, the lives of many valuable Horses and Cows; he hopes that, in now soliciting a renewal of PUBLIC PATRONAGE, he may be permitted to say that he considers himself to be as well qualified to prescribe MEDICINES and Preform OPERATIONS, in the capacity of a Horse and Cow DOCTOR, as any individual who has ever practised in that line in this Colony; and he, therefore, presumes that he may confidently look forward to a renewal of that patronage which he formerly enjoyed in this Island.

land.

RESIDENCE—Next door to the Victoria Hotel,
Water Street, Charlottelows.

REFERENCE.—Messers, DesBrisay & Co. Apothecaries' Hall. At the Depot of the Royal Agricultural Society.

June 13th. 1853.

The subjoined is a copy of the Certificate which
Mr. Lord has received from His Excellency.
GEORGE Lone, has attended, and prescribed for some of my Cattle at Government House Farm, he has done so successfully, and I shall readily employ him again.

A. BANNERMAN, Lt. Governor.

The Wonder of the World! Devines' Compound

Devines' Compound
Pitch Lozenge.

THE Great Remedy is at last discovered, and
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA. COSTIVE.
NESS AND CONSUMPTION have lost their terror,
and vanish as as if by magic before this Sovereign
remedy. Was it ever before known that, Hopeless
cases of Consumption were crred for less than 85?
Traly, if any individual is to be pitied, and
needs sympathy, it is the consumptive,—always expecting to get well, and yet the painful evidence of
decay almost "makes the inner soul shrink with the
outer flesh."

ne bloom as roses bloom.

"Some bloom as roses bloom,
And live as roses live,
A single morning space!"
While others, in more mature life,—by some imprudence and a slight cold neglected,—in the hectic flush, the painful cough,
"The prints of their parting steps appear."
All we ask is this one question:—If you have got mucous membranes, or any other members of the body that are "heirs to lils."—are you not interested in this great remedy, Devines' Compound Pitch Losenge
Sald by W. R. WATSON and T. DESBRIASY & Co., at Apothecaries' Hall.

BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!

BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!

THE Subscribers manufacture and keep constantly on hand, all sizes of Church, Factory, Steambeat, Ferry, Locomotive, School House and Plantation Bells, with the évat description of Hangings.

These Bells are made from the best stock, and the small sines undergo the same process in manufacturing as Church. Bells. An experience of thirty years, with a great many recent, improvements, and an entirely new method of casting, enables us to obtain the most melodious tone, combining also, in extraordinary vibration.

Nearly 9,000 Bells have been cast and sold from this Foundry, which is the best evidence of their amperiority. We have fifteen Gold and Silver mediat at our office, which were awarded for the "best Bells for soncrousness and purity of tone." We pay particular attention to the getting up Feals or Chimes, and can refer to those farmished by us. Our establishment is contiguous to the Eric and Champlain Canals, and Railroads ranning in every direction, which brings us within four hours of New York. Cash paid for old Copper. Old Clocks, Levels, Compasses, Transits, Theodelites, &c., for sales, of superior workmanship. All communications, either by mail or otherwise will have immediate attention.

A MENEELY'S SONS
West Troy, N.Y., March, 1858.

West Troy, N.Y., March, 1858.

See Orders will be received and information gives as to prices, at Goo. T. Hassard's Book and Statoury, Store.

HORSES WANTED. TWENTY-POUR SPAN GOOD DRAFT HORSES, wanted Apply it the Gross Hoyse, July 18.

NEW MATERIALS FOR LADIES' DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS, RIB-

LINEN GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

In order to compete with other Houses, W. H. begs to inform his Friends that in future his busi-ess will be conducted on the CASH principle, and requests those whose accounts were furnished to the 1st December last, will make immediate payment. June 25, 1853.

NOTICE.

ALL persons heaving legal demands against the Estate of the late David Murray, Sen., of Bedeque, Lot 25, Farmer, are requested to furnish their Accounts for settlement; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate

PHILIP BAKER, PHILIP BAKER, HUGH MONTGOMEY, Bedeque November, 2d, 1858. 88 3we

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

A LL persons having legal demands against the Estate of the late Joseph Baker, of Township Number 26, Bedeque, Farmer, are requested to fornish their Accounts for settlement; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make

payment to CATHERINE BAKER, Executriz. PHILIP BAKER, HENRY J. CAULBECK, Executors. November, 2d 1853. 83 3we

Inst published, and approved by the Board of A NEW EDITION of the THIRD BOOK OF LESSONS, revised and adapted to the use of the Schools in Prince Edward Island.

Of this edition, the Board of Education, have or cred 1000 copies.

Just Published. The British North American GEOGRAPHICAL PRIMER.

GEOGRAPHICAL PRIMER.
Price with 7 Maps 1s. 6d.; without Maps 1s.

THIS PRIMER contains all the matter in Chamber's Geographical Primer, with the addition of the recent census, and more full descriptions of North America. It contains also 5 more maps, so arranged as not to be liable to tear, and is approved and recommended by the Board of Education.

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