

S. PHILS.

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THE SEVERITY OF PARENTS AND TEACHERS.

We have recently read a harrowing instance of the effect of a blow on the head, inflicted with a ruler. Dr. Wigan, in whose work on the Duality of the Mind the account is found, states that he knew the parties, and can touch for the general accuracy of the narrative. We give merely a brief summary, as a warning against severity, and especially against blows on the head.

Two children of respectable family, one five and the other ten years old, showed for years a remarkable attachment for each other, such, that after several trials it was decided to be dangerous to separate them, and they were sent away to school together.

At first all went well, the ardent affection continued, and their education to be attended with the happiest results.

In the midst of this happiness, news arrived from the schoolmaster, that from some unexplained cause, the elder boy had begun to exercise a very unreasonable and tyrannical authority over the younger; that he had been repeatedly punished for it; but that although he always promised amendment, and could assign no cause, reasonable or unreasonable, for his conduct—he soon relapsed into his usual habits, and the schoolmaster requested to know what was to be done. The father immediately sent for both boys, and entered upon a long investigation. The little one was almost heart broken, and exclaimed, "He might beat me every day if I would but love me; but he hates me, and I shall never be happy again."

The father now resorted to severe measures of chastisement, long incarceration, and days together with only bread and water for his diet, but all to no purpose. The boy promised amendment, but upon the first occasion resorted to all his former violence, and finally attempted the child's life with all the fury of a maniac.

The family next called in medical advice, and years passed in hopeless endeavors to remove a disposition obviously depending on a diseased brain. Had they taken this step earlier, these floggings and imprisonments would have been spared, as well as the father's heartrending remorse.

The youth now advanced toward manhood. When about the age of fifteen, he was taken with a violent, but Platonic passion, for a lady more than forty years of age, and the mother of five children, the oldest older than himself. His paroxysms of fury now became frightful; he made several attempts to destroy himself; but in the very current and whirlwind of his rage, it thus lastly would allow him to sit at her feet and lay his head on her knee, he would burst into tears and go off into a sound sleep, waking up perfectly calm and composed, and looking up into her face with lustre eye would say, "Pity me, I can't help it."

Soon after this period he began to squint, and was rapidly passing into hopeless idiocy, when it was proposed by Mr. Cline to apply the trephine, and take away a piece of bone from the skull in a place where there appeared to be a slight depression. The indication is very vague, said he, "and we should not be justified in performing the operation, but in a case in which we cannot do any harm; he must otherwise fall a sacrifice."

It was done, and from the ulcer surface grew a long spindula of bone piercing the brain. He recovered, resumed his attachment to his brother, and became indifferent to the lady.

The disease which led to those terrible results had its origin in a blow on the head with the end of a round ruler—one of the gentle reprimands so common with schoolmasters.

THE HORSE AND HIS RIDER.

BY LAURIE TODD.

"The horse knoweth his owner," and he knows much more. I verily believe he knows more than many of the two-legged animals who ride on horse-back, and I am quite sure there is more of the spirit of Christianity in his practice than is to be found in many of the bipeds aforesaid; for the horse, especially the cartman's, rests on the Sabbath, whereas his rider often works harder for the devil on that day than he does for God to keep his soul and body together on any day in the week. Besides, the horse will careen the hand that feeds him; but thousands of his riders think not God, in whom they live, and more, and have their being. To illustrate my position, let me give a few anecdotes of this beautiful and friendly animal. Of a two-horse team belonging to the Earl of —, near Oxford, one was very vicious, the other was quite the reverse. In the stall next to the gentle horse stood one that was blind. In the morning when the horses, about twenty of them, were turned out to pasture, this good tempered creature constantly took his blind friend under his protection. When he strayed from his companions, his kind friend would run neighing after, and smell around him, and when recognized, they would walk side by side, until the blind friend was led to the best grass in the field. This

horse was so exceedingly gentle that he had incurred the character of being a coward, when only himself was concerned, but if any of them made an attack upon his blind friend, he would fly to the rescue with such fury that not a horse in the field could stand against him.

This singular instance of sagacity (I had almost said of disinterested humanity) may well put the whole fraternity of horse jockies to the blush. They, to be sure, will fight for a brother jockey, whether he is right or wrong; yet they expect him to fight for them on the first similar occasion; but this kind hearted animal could anticipate no such reciprocity.

Some years ago the servant of Mr. Thomas Walker, of Manchester, England, going to water the carriage horse at a stone trough, which stood at one end of the Exchange, a dog, that was accustomed to lie in the stall with one of them followed the horse, as usual. On the way he was attacked by a large mastiff and was in danger of being killed. The dog's favourite horse seeing the critical situation of his friend suddenly broke loose from the servant, ran to the spot where the dogs were fighting, and with a violent kick threw the mastiff from the other dog into a cooper's cellar opposite, and having thus rescued his friendly companion, returned quietly with him to drink at the fountain.

God, speaking to Job, asks him: "Hast thou given the horse strength?—Hast thou clothed his neck with thunder. He meeketh at fear, and is not affrighted; neither turneth he back from the sword." Shortly after that mighty battle which closed the career of Bonaparte, and at the disbanding of part of the British army, the remains of a troop of horse belonging to the Scotch Greys, were brought to the hammer.

The Captain being rich and a man of feeling, was loath to see these noble fellows turned into butcher, baker, or beer-house drags, after helping to drive the French from Spain. He therefore bought the whole lot and set them loose in one of his fine grass parks, to wear away their old age in peace. One warm summer evening, when it was just dark enough to render lightning visible, a vivid flash was instantly followed by a loud report of thunder. At this moment the horses were grazing leisurely, but seeing the blaze, and hearing the report, they thought a battle had begun. In a minute they were in the centre of the field, all drawn up in a line, their beautiful ears quivering with anxiety like the leaf of the poplar trembling in the breeze, listening for the word of the rider to lead them to the charge. My informant, who was an eye-witness of this wonderful scene, told me he had often seen these horses.

A Large Pearl.—An orphan boy about 12 or 14 years of age, living in the neighbourhood of Smithland, at the mouth of the Cumberland River, obtains a scanty means necessary for his support by fishing. He does not content himself with following his vocation alone in the vicinity of his humble abode, but often extends his excursions to the Tennessee river.

Returning recently from one of these excursions, with his basket filled with the rewards of his industry, the youthful angler offered them for sale to one of his customers. The latter selected such as he wanted, and requested "change" for the coin which he presented. The little fellow fumbled for a while in his pocket, and then drew out a handful of various articles—such as pieces of wire, rusty fish hooks, marbles, &c., among which appeared a few dimes, and something that at once attracted the attention of the buyer. He took it and examined it, and was convinced that it was a large and valuable pearl. He asked the boy how he came by it. The latter replied that he had found it, with others of a smaller size, in muskrat shells which he had picked up, while fishing on the bank of the Tennessee river, not far above its mouth—that he had thrown the first away but had kept this because it was "big, white and pretty."

The gentleman asked what he would take for the stone. He said a bit or two—just as he pleased. "No, my little fellow," said the gentleman, "you must not sell this pretty thing for a bit or two—it is worth a great deal more. It is a pearl, I think, of some value. I will take it with me to Nashville, whence it shall be sent to the North and sold, and the proceeds shall be applied to your education." The boy readily consented, and the gentleman, on arriving in Nashville, submitted the pearl to the examination of Mr. Campbell who at once pronounced it to be one of the handsomest and most valuable he had ever seen. He did not venture to say what its exact value may be, but judging, he says, from the size of that which is placed in the snuff-box sent to Mr. Van Buren when President, by the Emperor of Muscat, he believes, and which was valued at \$1000, he is convinced that \$300 would not be a high estimate to put upon the fisher-boy's pearl. Mr. C. intends to send it immediately to a celebrated lapidary in Philadelphia.

This pearl is about three-eighths of an inch in diameter—weighs eighteen grains—and is without a flaw or defect.—[Nashville (Tenn.) Banner.]

Guano Islands.—Between Possession Island and Angra Pequena is an island not marked in the charts, and to which has been given the name "Ludovic." This island (a mile in circumference) is connected with the continent at its southern end by a chain of rocks, on which the sea breaks. It is in latitude 25° 55' S., and contains about 10,000 tons of good Guano.

To the east of the island there is anchorage in nine fathoms for three or four ships, but it is an anchorage little frequented on account of the high seas which continually runs through the narrow channel at the north end of the island.

On Holland's Bird Island is a mass of Guano of excellent quality consisting of about 10,000 tons. It has been passed on account of local dangers, and the risk that is run in obtaining it. The sea being always very rough around the island it is not possible to construct a wharf from which to embark it. Holland's Bird Island is in latitude 26° 38', it is not more than a quarter of a mile in circumference, and leaves a channel between it and the continent, about ten miles wide. A chain of reefs, extending from the north point round the west side of the island, and to the south west to five or six miles from it, renders the approach to it from the southward very dangerous. Vessels anchor to the north-east of the island in ten fathoms, rocky bottom.

Between the Cape of Good Hope and Cape Volas there are five deposits of Guano. 1. False Bay on Seal Island of 10,000 tons.

2. In Saldanha Bay on Isles Julien, where it is difficult to get, and not of good quality; that on Isle Marens, mingled with feathers and broken shells cannot be used without being sifted and dried; that on Isle Malaga is of excellent quality, and in full work, amounting to about 48,000 tons.

3. Between Cape Volas and Benguela, eleven deposits of Guano have been discovered, nine of which have been exhausted; they are those of Plum Pudding, Boyd's, Possession, Merman, Penguin Seal, Ichaboe, and Mercury. Two others remain for working, that of Ludovic and that of Holland's Bird Island, of excellent quality, but difficult to obtain.

The deposits of Guano on the Coast of Africa between the Cape and Benguela being exhausted, or nearly so, the great number of English ships which were there departed about the end of 1814 to explore the coast between the Cape and the Red Sea. It seems that east of the Cape a deposit of Guano is formed in Algoa Bay. This however is not good, and was abandoned after producing a profit of ten shillings per ton to the government of Natal.

Another deposit of Guano twice as large as that of Ichaboe, and of good quality, is on Tom's Island in lat 6° 42' S. and 30° 45'. The government of Cape Town, it is said, has taken possession of it, and a recent order of the government declaring all the deposits of Guano, not on particular property, as belonging to the Queen, seems to confirm the report. A third deposit of Guano on an island somewhere to the north of Latham Island, has been lately discovered, the position of which is not exactly known; but this island is in the dominions of the Sultan of Muscat, who it is said, has agreed to its shipment under the protection of the British Government.

We have the foregoing from an officer just returned from the coast. In addition to the places he has stated we have no doubt that considerable quantities will be found on the islands of the Eastern coast. Our readers will remember in our last volume in an account of Zanzibar and its islands, by Capt. W. Owen, mention was made of considerable deposits there.

In addition to the above, on the authority of accounts just received from the Western Coast of Africa, we recommend no more vessels to visit Arguin, for Guano, for there is none of it even in the neighbourhood. The land is merely a low succession of drifting sand-hills with no shrubs or vegetation whatever. Of none of the published charts could the least reliance be placed, but in the neighbourhood of Cape Blanco, the soundings, as laid down in the Admiralty chart, were found perfectly correct.—[London Nautical Mag. for October.]

[From the American Agriculturist.]

To Purge a Horse Quickly.—When medicine is administered to a horse with his bowels in a natural state, or costive, it will not operate in less than twenty-four hours, and is frequently thirty to forty in doing so. When the bowels are purging, medicine will act very rapidly; there arises from the great irritability of his bowels, and purging with him is always the result of inflammation. On the other hand, costiveness is the cause of inflammation. When there is inflammation of the bowels in the horse, purgative medicine should never be given. In nine cases out of ten, when severe, the medicine will be fatal. Purgative treatment not recommended.—When purges are to be used, this must be borne in mind. To the horse, fasting and thirsty, give one to two pounds of Glauber salts, with plenty of warm water, in which has been stirred some meal. In three or four hours after, give an injection, composed of three gallons of warm water, one quart of common cheap oil of any kind, or melted lard, one quart of molasses, and a half a pound of salts, all well mixed up together. If the first injection does not produce purging, give a second. If the horse has no inflammation give him exercise, if he has, avoid it carefully and keep him cool.

Curiosity of the Chinese.—The greatest curiosity was always evinced by the Chinese men to be allowed to examine our guns and the mechanism of our locks, but so great was the contrast between their rusty and antiquated matchlocks, and the superior workmanship of our London-made guns, that they seemed perfectly helpless in the handling of the latter, and, as may be supposed, some truly awful misadventures were the consequence. One poor fellow, who was not content with examining the outside, must needs peep down the barrels to see how beautifully they were polished, in doing so he contrived to let off the gun at the same time which literally carried away the whole of his face, killing him upon the spot. Upon another occasion one of our Chinese attendants, whom we had engaged to assist us in beating game, led by curiosity to examine one of the officers' guns, which was leaning against the thwart of a boat from which we had just landed, contrived to snare the thigh of one of his comrades in so dreadful a manner that his life was only saved by immediate amputation. Now were the accidents which might affect the lives of the Chinamen, or even ourselves, the only reason for our making a determination not to allow any one of our guns to come within the reach of these natives; related, another misfortune occurred, which, to the two Englishmen concerned, was a far greater loss than would have been the whole of the Celestial population. These two sportsmen had been spending the morning shooting near the coast, and after having placed their guns, ammunition, game, &c. in a boat which they had hired from a Chinese fisherman for the purpose of conveying them home, they turned back to a cottage not twenty yards distant to get something which they had left, but how great was their surprise and mortification to discover, upon their immediate return, that the rascally boatman had taken the opportunity of decamping with the whole of their guns, game, and other treasures! nor did they ever recover them, or hear to what part of the country they had been taken.—[Pittman's Sporting Magazine.]

Keep Good Company.—There is a certain magic or charm in company for it will assimilate and make you like to them by much conversation with them. If they be good company, it is a great means to make you good, or confirm you in goodness; but if they be bad, it is twenty to one but they will corrupt or infect you. Therefore, be wary and shy in choosing and entertaining, or frequenting any company or companions; be not too hasty in committing yourself to them, stand off awhile till you have enquired of some (that you know by experience to be faithful) what they are; observe what company they keep; be not too hasty to gain acquaintance, but stand off and keep a distance yet awhile, till you have observed and learned something of them. Men or women that are greedy of acquaintance, or hasty in it, are oftentimes snared into ill company before they are aware, and entangled so that they cannot easily get loose from it afterwards when they would.

New Musical Instrument.—A new instrument, called the Rock Harmonicon, has lately been exhibited in England. It is thus described: The rock harmonicon, is composed, in the first place, of a wooden frame, with four horizontal bars of wood crossing from right to left, on which (being properly padded) are placed stone or portions of certain sorts of rocks, properly cut into sizes, &c. and regularly arranged in musical order, like the keys of a piano forte. The performers, of whom there are three, are each provided with two wooden hammers, with which they strike the stones, and thus make them discourse most excellent music. It has a complete chromatic scale from the top to the bottom, and its compass is so great that it is capable of performing any operatic music, however difficult. The arrangement of the keys is most ingenious, and, whether as a beautiful musical instrument, or as an ingenious piece of mechanism, it is well worth attention and inspection. The stones from which the notes are produced were brought

from the mountains of Skiddan, in Cumbria land.

What is Poetry.—This question is thus answered by Leigh Hunt. "Poetry, strictly and artistically so called, that is to say, considered not merely as poetic feeling, which is more or less shared by all the world, but as the operation of that feeling, such as we see it, in the poet's book, is the utterance of a passion for truth, beauty, and power, embodied and illustrating its conceptions by imagination and fancy and modulating its language on the principle of variety in its form. Its means are waster the universal contains; and its ends, pleasure and exaltation. Poetry stands between nature, conversation, keeping alive among us the enjoyment of the eternal and spiritual world; it has constituted the most enduring fame of nature; and next to Love and Beauty, which are its parents, is the greatest proof to men of the pleasure to be found in all things, and of the probable riches of infinitude."

Dangerous Perfections.—After a long walk or laborious exercise, to throw off a coat or outer garment, unbutton a neckerchief, and down at an open window or door, in a current of air, in the evening. To drink, after such fatigue or exposure, very cold water. To eat much fruit, especially in the evening, as to suppose that the evil consequences are to be obviated by a glass of wine, or spirit and water. To give to infants, or children in general, any such detestable compositions as milk punch, wine or portier, this practice ought to be an indelible offence against the law. To give infants and children any such medicines. To sleep exposed directly to the night air. To be tempted by the fine moonlight evening to sit up till midnight, as a consequence, to lie in bed in the morning. To take the usual meals when excessively fatigued from want of sleep, unacquainted with labour, or beginning indisposition.

A Noble Jew.—The London Advertiser records the decease of a wealthy Bohemian named Maurice Zedekauer, who died lately at Prague, the capital of Bohemia, Germany, and who made his princely fortune by his own toil, and bequeathed it nobly. Fifty years since, it states that M. Zedekauer came penniless to Prague, but he died leaving behind him a fortune of seven millions of florins—£700,000. In his lifetime he devoted the larger part of his immense revenues to the encouragement of science, art, and national industry, and to the relief of the indigent, without distinction of religion or race; and, by his will he has bequeathed three millions of florins—£300,000 to the benevolent institutions of his native land, the city of Bohemia. He was followed by the cemetery of his nation by men of high rank and beliefs—the poor, of course, the civil and military authorities of the capital, all its distinguished men, and, it is very pleasant to add, many clergymen of various Christian sects. Every where says the Advertiser, the spirit is passing into dishonour, which would once have "spit upon the Jewish gaberdine" or trampled on the grave of a man like this.

Laughing Incident.—In the new drama recently got up at the Chatham Theatre, a famous robber is taken and beheaded, and his head is exhibited to the audience, being placed on a table in the centre of the stage. To accomplish this to the life, the robber's body is fixed in the body of the table, and his neck is fitted into a hole in the centre of the seat, so that to the audience, it looks precisely as though the man's head had been cut off and stood up in a pool of its own blood upon the table. On the fifth night of the exhibition, a wag got into the third tier of the stage boxes, and by some unexplained manoeuvre, managed to throw a lot of Scotch snuff over the stage, just at the time the head was placed on the table. As soon as the snuff had begun to settle down, the head coming, and meeting, and to the so small amusement of the audience, and as the snuff could not be stopped, the curtain fell amidst roars of laughter.

Ah for the best.—Old Father Hodge was a queer one, and his own way, made every thing a subject of rejoicing.

His son Ben came to him one day and said, father that old black sheep has got two lambs.

Good, says the old man, that's the most profitable sheep on the farm.

Ben one on Ben's dead too, returned Ben.

I'm glad you see the father, it'll be better for the old sheep.

But the mother's dead too, says Ben.

So much better, replies Hodge, she'll make a grand piece of mutton in the fall.

Yes but the old sheep's dead too, exclaims Ben. Dead! dead! what the old sheep dead! cries old Hodge, that's good dander, she was always an ugly old scamp.

What is money? We give it up! it is dear in the morning and not at night.

European Intelligence.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, October 19.
The Cotton market is depressed, the business transacted is limited, prices have a downward tendency, and holders, evidently not at ease, show a desire to accept the current rates, and to press their stocks. The sales of the week, ending on Friday, only amounted to 20,000 bales, and limited as this business is, it was even more restricted yesterday, for not more than 1500 to 2000 bags changed hands.

A variety of causes may be adduced to account for the present stagnation. Foremost is the railway madness. It swallows up all classes and shades in its vortex; the steady merchant and the reckless gambler are alike bewitched by its allurements, and sage grave men, whose organization would seem to put them out of the way of temptation, act like persons labouring under stimulating draughts, and increase by their conduct the general madness. Again, there is the fearful deficiency in the potato crop, and a bad grain harvest—circumstances in themselves appalling, and under the influence of which the Cotton market may yet shrink like scorched parchment. Then there is the rise in the rate of interest by the Bank of England, which points, amongst the other breakers ahead, to a scarcity of money, and the derangement of the exchanges, consequent on the large sums of gold constantly leaving the country to invest in continental railways. Finally, there is the prospect of the new crop in the United States, respecting which there is but little anxiety felt—nothing, in short, at all likely to act as a counterpoise to the prevailing despondency.

The causes at which we have glanced are each in their way more or less potent—their combined influence on the price of the staple and the prospects of the market is deadening. But every evil has some drawback. The present state of things will give a powerful impetus to the feeling in favour of free trade, and rumours even now are prevalent—mere conjectures, probably, but which show how the wind blows—that Peel, ere long, will throw open the ports, and thus anticipate the famine which would appear to be impending over Ireland, and which cannot be unmet in England.

The state of trade in the manufacturing districts does not certainly give an indication of the existing feeling in the Cotton market. The trade is less brisk than it has been, but it can be accounted for without reference to the circumstances at which we have glanced, and exists irrespective of them. The yarn market is especially dull. Large quantities have been purchased for exportation to Germany, on the assumption that the Zollverein would have imposed a higher duty on cotton twist; but the Congress was brought to a close without that step. The parties, therefore, who anticipated such a course, and speculated upon upon it, will rather suffer than gain by their premature activity. The market for goods in Manchester and the neighbourhood, is also less active, and prices have receded a little—they are "easier" in the parlance of the trade. The Woollen trade in the Yorkshire districts has also diminished somewhat in activity, but still maintains a healthy appearance.

The American Provision trade flourishes. The stock of Beef, Pork, and Cheese, is light; and the state of things in Ireland will have a tendency not only to improve prices, but to lessen competition. It seems a singular anomaly in this branch of trade, that the dealers are constantly complaining of the smallness of their stocks, and of the difficulty which they experience in executing the orders which pour in upon them.

The price of Corn is rising rapidly; and on this head we need do little more than refer to the ample details in our market returns. The weather lately has been most wretched, and even at the present moment large patches of uncut grain are exposed to the pelting of the elements in the north of England and in Scotland, while, as we have stated previously, the position of matters in Ireland is even worse. Dump corn enhances the value of fine wheat; and those who possess the latter, calculating on a rise, evince no desire to part with it. The market is therefore scantily supplied, and improvement in the price is the result. As to the general yield of the harvest, the authorities differ; but it seems undeniable that the wheat crop will be under that of last year—though not to the extent that some alarmists would induce the world to believe.

The Money market shows symptoms of wavering under the black clouds which appear in the distance. During the last few days the price of Consols has declined one per cent, and the value of Money is higher. The Share market may, on the whole—of course, notwithstanding the fever, we are speaking comparatively of the bloodheat—be pronounced duller. Some of the shares have receded in value, and the price of almost every kind of scrip is lower.

The Iron trade is brisk—how could it be otherwise?—and there continues to be a greater demand than the trade can supply. The price of Iron, of late years, has advanced enormously, and, from the present position of matters, it seems likely to advance still higher.

A gratifying feeling prevails amongst the English commercial world at the prospect which exists, during the administration of President Polk, of having the American tariff denuded of its present restrictive features. A more liberal tariff would materially promote the prosperity and the happiness of both countries—for commerce is always humanizing in its influences—and, while it adds to human happiness, it has a tendency to curb

the military, in consequence of the civil and social spirit of war.

The Produce markets, for the last fortnight, exhibited no unfavourable change as regards the West Indies. In Jamaica Rum an advance has taken place, and the stock is on the decrease. Spices are held for the former value, and in some kinds an improvement is visible. The sales of Sugar are large, and the importers of West India exhibit more firmness, while the abundance of money, and the prevalence of employment, cause the trade to buy with freedom. Refined is not so much inquired for. In bonded crushed there has been a slight decline. Most descriptions of Sugar sell freely at rates which cannot fail to answer the purpose of the importers and the dealers. Colonial Wools have been brisk. West India Molasses are firm, and the stock is considerably reduced. In the better descriptions of Coffee, a slight advance has taken place, but for the middling and inferior samples, lower rates have been submitted to.

The London Gazette of the 10th instant announces the appointment of J. A. Tacheau, Esq., as Solicitor General for Lower Canada.

One of the Irish colleges is to be erected at B-Hast.

A project is on foot for establishing gravestones at Glasgow.

The *Hanburgh Gazette* states, from Riga, that the cholera has appeared in Livonia, and caused many deaths.

Mons. Jobard, a Delgian, has invented a process for procuring gas, equal to that from coal, from oil and water.

A magnificent service of plate has been manufactured in London, for the King of the Netherlands.

A Company has been formed for the purpose of establishing iron works on a large scale at Boulogne.

Prime American beef is selling in the Isle of Man at 2 1/2 p. lb.

Accounts from Berlin state, that a treaty of commerce is on the eve of being concluded between Austria and the Zollverein.

Dr. Ballour, of Glasgow, has been appointed Professor of Botany, at Edinburgh University, vice Dr. Graham deceased.

It is stated that the present price of plate glass is ten per cent. more than it was before the removal of the high duty.

Cannt, the pugilist, has commenced an action against the stakeholder in the late fight for the championship, to recover his own stake of £200.

It is again positively asserted that the Queen will visit Liverpool and Birkenhead in the ensuing spring, taking up her residence at Knowsley, the seat of the Earl of Derby.

The St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad.
—We observe by the *Sherbrooke Gazette*, of Sept. 25, that the mission to England to subscribe the stock of this concern is reported to be a failure. Two causes probably have operated against its success here—the district through which the road is to be made, and the management of it not having been put into the hands of the English people conversant with the negotiating railroad scrip.

New Steamer to St. John.—We congratulate our friends in Newfoundland and Nova Scotia on their prospect of improved means of communication between those two colonies, as we understand, on good authority, that the splendid steamer "Unicorn" has been purchased by Mr. Whitney, the contractor, to be put on that route, and will leave for Halifax early in March next.

IRELAND.

Little that is imported has occurred in Ireland since the sailing of the Great Western. The meeting of the Repeal Association, on Monday last, was similar to that of the previous one—dull and uninteresting. Mr. O'Connell being absent on his feasting tour, Mr. John O'Connell was the orator of the day. His chief topic of discourse was the "infidel Colleges Bill." We have so frequently adverted to the Hon. and Learned Gentleman's remarks, that we do not consider it necessary to do so on the present occasion. The rent for the week amounted to £215 11s. The Liberator has been visiting his followers in the province of Connaught. Accordingly, another monster meeting was held in Castlebar on Sunday last—"the better day, the better deed." There is great diversity of opinion as to the numbers present: the Repealers estimate them at 200,000. Mr. Martin Blake, M.P., was called to the chair. One of the speakers, a Mr. Lynch, informed the people that Mr. O'Connell was the uncrowned monarch of Ireland, and advised them to shun or bring to justice the "hellish messengers" of Government, who sought to entice them into illegal societies. A Rev. Mr. Hughes declared that the clergy were ready to act as sergeants, officers, or privates, in any capacity to restore her own Parliament to Ireland in despite of Wellington or Peel. The "Times Commissioner" is still engaged perambulating the country, and writing lengthy articles, containing the results of his inquiries and opinions thereon. Whether his letters will have any effect upon the actions of our senators during the next session, time alone can tell all. As we before observed, the railway mania is raging there. If all the lines projected be completed, that fair and fertile land may then, from its numerous railroads, be fairly denominated the "chequered island." No decision has yet been made as to where the new colleges will be planted. Several towns are competing for the honour and advantage, and local scribes are busily employed in advocating the peculiar claims of each. Mr. O'Connell has since attended another great monster demonstration at Mayo.

MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN PEELE & WELLINGTON.

The following is from the Dublin Evening Post:

A report, we have reason to know, is prevalent, in what the London Morning Post would call "the superior circles"—certainly amongst persons who value themselves on their "superior sources"—to the effect, that very strong, and apparently, irreconcilable differences of opinion have sprung up between the leader of the House of Lords and the leader of the House of Commons—in short, Wellington and Peel cannot much longer stifle their horses together. We beg the reader to be assured—but, indeed, we believe he will give us credit for the assertion—that we do not make this statement in the temper of a factitious journalist, or with any predisposition whatever against these eminent persons. In a word, we do not put it forth with an orange colouring—though we admit our authority is what they vulgarly describe as "high Conservative."

The causes of the disagreement are said to be various—more than one, we are assured, certainly. The chief—how, indeed, could it be otherwise?—is the state of Ireland, and the policy to be adopted in regard to this country. Sir Robert Peel, it is said, has shown a decided aversion to coercive measures, as calculated to exasperate the wound rather than heal it. The Duke of Wellington would cut the Gordian knot, if necessary, with the sword.

Again, it has been reported that the Duke of Wellington is inexorable on the corn laws—while Sir Robert Peel, yielding to the pressure, would relax, if not repeal them altogether.

There are other differences mentioned, but it is needless to repeat more on this or conjectures. That there is a serious split, we are confidently told—so serious, that the noble duke and the right honourable gentleman severally tendered their resignation into the hands of Her Majesty.

It is added, that the Queen peremptorily refused to accept them—at least for the present. Every loyal subject will be of opinion, that her Majesty exercised a wise discretion. She will leave the matter to parliament. It will very speedily be seen, after "the collective wisdom" assembles which of the two, or whether either, shall resign. Question must immediately arise to make this difference (if such there be) manifest.

It is idle to speculate. Nevertheless, we would say, that Peel, with all his apparent sagacity, will not yield; and that the iron duke, with all his abruptness of temper, and obstinacy of opinion, will be subdued.

It is not stated what part the other ministers have taken in the dispute. It is easy enough, however, to divine. The ministers in the House of Commons, to a man, are with their master; and, with the exception of Aberdeen, and perhaps of Lyndhurst, that part of the cabinet in the Lords would range themselves under the banners of the duke.

Enough for us, and for our gentle public, that there is mutiny in the camp.

FRANCE.

MARSEILLE, Oct. 10. A report was spread on "Change" yesterday of another disastrous defeat sustained by the French in Africa. The same was confirmed in the evening on the arrival of the mail. The *Toulonnais* has the following:

"The Cerbere, which arrived to day from Algiers, brings us a piece of news which we cannot believe, but which, nevertheless, is communicated to us as a fact. Two hundred Frenchmen, and among the number sixty Zouaves, have deposited their arms at the feet of the Arabs. This fact, so uncommon in our military annals, has electrified the whole Algerian population. We require to know under what circumstances this unfortunate episode of the African war has occurred, and this the next courier from Africa will acquaint us with."

SPAIN.

No news whatever to communicate. The different political parties are making great exertions to obtain majorities in the municipal elections; great preparations are making at the Court for the ceremonies of the 19th.

GERMANY.

I have a piece of most unexpected intelligence to communicate: the Zollverein has separated without coming to any decision whatever on the question of an increase of duties, and consequently the present duties remain unaltered. No one foresaw this termination of the debates, and the surprise it has occasioned is exceedingly great. The southern States demanded the increase, but Prussia refused to accede thereto, and no decision could be obtained. Great honor is due to Prussia for its firmness in the matter.

RUSSIA.

The Emperor is much annoyed at the late affairs in Caucasus: so much the more as it was he himself who schemed and ordered the operations. The loss to the Russian army has been much more serious than represented.

A new conspiracy is said to have been discovered at Warsaw, and some scores of wretched victims, chiefly students, have been packed off to Siberia, and to the dungeons of the fortresses. Great cruelties are practised towards monks and nuns, and the people in general, to compel them to abandon the Catholic for the Greek Church.

BELGIUM.

When the malady of potatoes first became known orders for large quantities were sent to the United States. Some have already arrived, but they are so bad, from the effects of the sea voyage that the orders have been countermanded.

ITALY.

As you will have already learned, the Pa-

pal dominions have been troubled with an attempt at insurrection at Rimini. Incited by some political refugees, who had clandestinely returned, and some foreigners, chiefly Poles, a rising of the people was effected, and they gained, and for a time maintained, the upper hand. But their triumph was not of long duration. The authorities acted with great firmness, and decision, and the insurgents were soon overpowered. Many of them are now in prison.

THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1845

Charlotte County Bank.

Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
Director next week—Robert Talbot.
T. B. Wilson, Esq., Solicitor.

Discount Day—TUESDAY.

Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Alms and Work House.

Commissioners—R. M. Andrews, R. Wilson, C. A. Babcock, Thos. Turner, John Bailey.

Saint Stephens Bank.

G. D. King Esq., President.

Director next week—N. Lindsay.

Discount Day—SATURDAY.

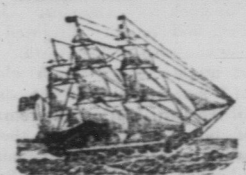
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.

Liverpool, Oct 19 Montreal, Nov 1
London, Oct 18 Quebec, Nov 2
Edinburgh, Oct 16 Halifax, Nov 4
Paris, Oct 15 New York, Nov 5
Toronto, Oct 20 Boston, Nov 10

Arrival of the



CALEDONIA.

The R. M. Steamer *Caledonia*, arrived at Halifax, on the 1st inst., in 1834 days, bringing London papers to the 18th and Liverpool to the 19th October. The news is important in many respects.—We copy from *Willmer & Smith's European Times*, of the 19th, a summary of the intelligence.

The Railway mania still rages among all classes in Britain, and those projected in these Colonies come in for a share of attention. It is stated that Mr. Hudson, the great English Railway proprietor, intends to give his support to a line through these Provinces.

The Dublin Evening Post states that the Duke of Wellington and Sir Robert Peel have quarrelled.—The Duke urging the putting down of the Repeal movement in Ireland by force—a course from which the Premier shrinks; and that the Duke is for maintaining, while Sir Robert is for repealing the Corn Laws. To such a height, it is stated, have these disagreements risen, that both tendered their resignations to the Queen, but they were not accepted. The truth of the report is doubted.

The Liverpool Mail of the 18th ult., says,—"It is cautiously whispered in certain influential circles in London that it is the intention of Her Majesty's Government to make, in the next session of Parliament, some important changes in the Revenue Laws of the United Kingdom. It is the Premier's intention to propose to the manufacturing interests, as a compromise, the following scheme of adjustment:—

"Provided that we admit into the United Kingdom foreign Corn duty free, or at a nominal duty for the sake of statistical information, will you, the manufacturers of the United Kingdom, consent to admit foreign manufactures duty free?"

This—adds the Mail—is a plain, comprehensive, straight-forward, and an intelligible proposition.

The intelligence from Ireland relative to the potato crop, confirms the previous advices. It has generally failed, and much misery will be the consequence amongst the poor of that country, whose chief dependence is upon that valuable esculent. It will be an alleviation of the prevailing distress, that the working population will be generally employed upon the Railways and other public works in progress, throughout the winter.

War Preparations in England.—The *European Times* says:—"The Dock yards and naval arsenals of England, exhibit extraordinary activity at the present moment. In many of the outposts steam frigates of the largest class have been ordered by the Government, to be ready by a fixed period, according to the contracts, and the builders have been bound in heavy penalties to have them ready at the required time. In addition, surveys have been made of the coast and of the outposts, and preparations are also being made for placing the whole in a position of the greatest strength and impregnability. But the natural inquiry is, whence this warlike activity? * * * Those who profess to see farther into a mill-stone than any of their neighbors, point to Oregon for a solution of the mystery. President Polk, say they, is determined to have the disputed territory, irrespective of the consequences. The comparative weakness of the Whigs in the House and the strong feeling which influences the people in the United States upon this question, are adduced as potent reasons for the preparations for the onslaught, of which the dock-yards of Britain give indubitable proof. The preparations to which we allude are unquestionably matters of fact."

Our London Correspondent's letter, came too late for insertion this week—it will be inserted in our next. We shall be happy to hear again from him—he will please accept our acknowledgements for the files of English papers.

Masonic.—We have much pleasure in announcing to the "Fraternalists" that on Monday evening last, a new Lodge of "Free Masons" was installed in Toronto, by Bro. P. W. M. Dr. Fair, agreeable to request made to the Grand Lodge of England for that purpose. The solemn ceremony was performed in due and ancient form, and at St. Mark's Lodge No. 750, under registry of the United Grand Lodge of England, duly acknowledged. After the ceremony—the following officers were installed for the ensuing year:—

Bro. Rev. Dr. ALBY, W. M.

Bro. C. V. FOSTER, S. J.

Bro. W. A. JAMES, J. M.

Their Hall and Lodge Rooms, which are commodious, are neatly fitted up with the usual regalia.—May the bonds of brotherly love and every christian virtue cement them, and their numbers be rapidly augmented.

RESIGNATION OF THE GOV. GENERAL.
The *Halifax Times* states upon what it believes good authority that Lord METCALFE, has tendered his resignation, in consequence of continued severe indisposition and requested that his successor may be appointed immediately.

TIMBER MARKET.

(From the Circular of Messrs. Chalmers and Fleming.)—Since the 1st instant the arrivals consist of 23 vessels, 12,628 tons, from British America. More regularly has prevailed on the quays, a better system, as regards the discharging and removal, having been acted on, and the consequence has been a firmer state of the market. American Pine Timber.—Of St. John, one cargo, 10 inches average, was sold at 19 1/2 p. ft., one 12 1/2 inches at 18 1/2 p. ft., and one 14 inches at 18 1/2 p. ft. One 18 1/2 inches at 18 1/2 p. ft. and 19 inches at 19 1/2 p. ft. One 19 1/2 inches at 19 1/2 p. ft. and one 20 1/2 inches at 20 1/2 p. ft. One Quebec, several cargoes have been sold at 16 1/2 p. ft. to 17 1/2 p. ft. and some cargoes, of very good quality, and large average at 17 1/2 p. ft. Red Pine, with cargo, has been sold at 20 1/2 p. ft. and a parcel at 22 1/2 p. ft. Quebec Oak with cargo, has been sold at 24 to 25 1/2 p. ft. and, in one instance, 25 1/2 p. ft. per foot; some oak, poor quality, from the yard, at 14 1/2 p. ft. Quebec Ash has been sold, with cargo, at 15 p. ft. per foot. Quebec Elm has been sold, with cargo, at 17 p. ft. per foot. Birch, St. John's, with cargo, has been sold at from 14 1/2 to 15 1/2 p. ft. apart, a parcel of P. m. St. John's Island, at 16 1/2 p. ft., and St. John's, of very good quality, at 21 p. ft. per foot. Quebec Spruce, with cargo, have been sold at 27 to 28 p. ft. per standard and apart, a parcel of Spruce, at 210 5s per standard c. New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Fir Planks and Boards, St. John's Spruce, have been sold, with cargo, at 24 to 24 1/2 p. ft. and, in like manner, a parcel of 7000 at 21 1/2 p. ft. A cargo of St. Stephen's Spruce, has been sold at 25 5s per foot. Lathwood, with cargo, St. John and Quebec, have been respectively sold at 60s per lathwood. Staves, with cargo, Quebec standard, have been sold at 42 p. ft. per standard c. W. O. P. Staves at 44 p. m, and Barrel Staves 44.

Great Debility of the System Cured by Holway's Pills.—Mrs. Johnson, a lady of fortune, residing in Regent's park, had been for the last seven years in a very low and nervous state, with a very deranged stomach, besides sick head-aches, and loss of appetite. She had consulted the first medical men in the metropolis, but got no relief. She is now, however, by the use of these wonderful pills, restored to as high a state of health as she ever enjoyed. These Pills should be taken by all persons of sedentary habits, or whose constitutions have been impaired by foreign climates, or the baneful use of calomel.

Cure for Diarrhoea.—A certain cure for this complaint is found in rice water. Boil the rice, take the water, make it palatable with salt, and drink it copiously warm.

...the building have heavy penalties to have them ... In addition, sur- ... of the coast and of the ... also being ... a position of ... But ... is, whence this warlike ... Those who profess to ... a mill-stone than any of their ... to Oregon for a solution of ... President Polk, say they, is ... the disputed territory, in- ... consequences. The com- ... of the Whigs in the House ... feeling which influences the ... United States upon this ques- ... as potent reasons for the ... the onslaught, of which it ... obtain give indubitable proof ... to which are allude are un- ... of fact.

ST. ANDREWS.
—ARRIVED—
Mary Jane, Watson, Eastport, ... Mary Eliza, Amberman, ... Cyder, Apples, &c to Master, ... Wm. Walker, Cook, Boston, ... Sundries to Sundry,
—CLEARED—
Pilot, Hall, Cowes, Deals, and ... by E. and J. Wilson,
Isabella Stuart, Crowell Liver, ... Deals, by John Wilson,
Mary Jane, Watson, Eastport, ... ballast,
Wanderer, Benson, Windsor, ... Flour, by Dimock & Wilson.
Howell, of and from London for ... is driven ashore at Bailey's Mis- ... Wednesday last, and became a total ... The Captain and Crew with great ... saved their lives, with the exception ... of Mate, who met a watery grave ... all their clothes—a few of the ... were saved, and so for the bene- ... of the crew.

NOTICE.
Arrived from St. Andrews—Hull, ... William, 6th Liberty, Liver- ... Stephen, Dublin, 8th, Bruns- ... Clyde, 13th, Minerva.
Oct. 11, Active, for St. Ste- ... Joseph Porter, loading at Liverpool, ... 3rd October.
Oct. 8—The Minerva, from St. ... arrived here, with part of Deck ... on board, in a gale at E.S.E., ... 3rd October.

COTTAGE FOR SALE.
By Public Auction, on Saturday ... 13th day of December next, at ... 11 o'clock, a.m.
A pleasantly situated COTTAGE ... and Premises, at present occupied by ... John D. Cameron, adjoining the resi- ... of J. W. Chandler, Esq. The Cotta- ... well finished with a frost proof Cellar ... under the whole. A commodious Shed ... with the house, and a never failing ... of water in the yard. The above pre- ... are so well known—as not to require a ... particular description.
Terms of Sale.—10 per cent down on ... of Sale.—15 per cent on delivery of the ... the remainder in four equal annual ... payments with interest—secured by ap- ... proved endorsed notes—or Bond and Mortgage ... on the property.
For further particulars apply to Dr. De- ... Wolf, St. John, or the Subscriber,
W. McLEAN,
St. Andrews, Nov. 12, 1845

Notice.
Is hereby given that the following New Resi- ... den property in the Parish of St. George, has ... been secured as under for the present year, and ... unless the amount together with cost of advertis- ... ing, are paid within three months from this date, ... the same will be sold according to law.
James Burchell, senr. 54 10d.
GUY CLINCH,
Collector of Taxes.
St. George, Nov. 10, 1845.

NEW GOODS.
C. KEIVE,
BEGS to announce to his friends and the ... Public, that he has received a part of his ... fall supply of New and Fashionable ... Goods, consisting in part as follows:—
PILOT and BEAVER CLOTHS, Buck- ... skins Tweeds, and other articles for Win- ... ter Clothing, Blankets and Flannels, Drags- ... ets, Ca-jing and Hearn Rugs, over all ... Stockings, and Woolen Yarns, a great Va- ... riety of Plaids for Cloaking, do. Shawls and ... Hatters, Orleans and Luster Cloths, Cash- ... mere Gingham, a new article for Ladies ... Dressing, Silk Fringes and Gimp, Silk and ... Cotton Velvets, Bonnets Silk and trim- ... mings, do. Shapes and Ribbons, Muffs ... Hosiery, &c., white and colored Stays, ... Laces, Edgings, Muslin Insertions, and ... Trimmings in great variety, Mosaic coun- ... terpanes, blue and white Cotton Worp ... Hosiery, Caps, and Comforters, Scarfs and ... Hdkfs, a good assortment of ready made ... Clothing, garments made to order at the ... shortest possible notice, and warranted ... Patrons Trimmings, together with other ... articles usually found in a Dry Good Store.
A further supply daily expected.
St. Andrews, Nov. 5, 1845.

FOR SALE.
AYOKE OF GOOD OXEN,
Six years old—and in good condition.
Please apply to
J. McDOWELL,
Woodburne
St. Andrews Nov. 3, 1845.

Candles! Candles!
THE Subscriber offers for Sale Mould ... and Dip Candles, of his own Manu- ... facture at unusual low prices.
MOULDS 8d per lb.—DIPS 7d.
A dozen lbs. or box. Retailers will please ... call.
WM. POMEROY,
St. Andrews Oct. 28, 1845.

INDENTURES
And other Blanks for sale at this ... Office.

NEW STORE.
Dry Goods and Groceries.
THE Subscriber begs respectfully to in- ... timate to the inhabitants of St. And- ... rews and vicinity that he has just arrived ... from England, with a handsome assortment ... of Goods—which he is now opening at the ... Store adjoining Mr. E. Phasants, Market ... Wharf, and formerly occupied by Mr. J. ... McKean,
—among which are—
BLACK, Blue & Olive, West of England ... Cloths, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Tweeds, ... Cassimeres, Doeskins and Molekins, a va- ... riety of Shawl pattern Vestings, Cotton Vel- ... vet for do. Cases Silk & Beaver Hats, ... Cloth Caps, Buttons, Silk, Twist, Thread ... Brown Holland, &c. &c.
Best Liverpool Soap & Candles, &c.
All of which are offered at the lowest ... Market prices, by
WM. MELONEY,
A L S O.
FLOUR, Corn, Meal, Tea, Coffee, Rice, ... &c. Ship Stores, put up at the shortest no- ... tice.
St. Andrews, Oct. 21, 1845.

Apprentice Wanted.
Wanted a BOY from 14 to 16 years of ... age, as apprentice to the Printing business, ... Apply immediately at the
STANDARD OFFICE.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED, and now opening, a ... large assortment of Fall & Winter ... Goods, by
D. BRADLEY.
October 6, 1845.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber is desirous to contract ... for 25,000 pieces CEDAR, to be de- ... livered at Chamcock Dock, on or before ... the 1st day of June next, to be 9 feet long ... square battled with a saw, none under 9 ... inches nor over 12 inches diameter at the ... small end, to be sound, fresh, free from bark ... and straight as possible.
The above for Railroad purposes.
JOHN WILSON,
Chamcock,
or
DIMOCK & WILSON,
St. Andrews.
Chamcock, Oct. 22, 1845.

NEW ARRIVALS.
GOODS AND SHIP CHANDLERY.
Just Received Ex bargains Lishella and Pla- ... tus, from Liverpool.—
A large Assortment of Fall and ... Winter Goods, consisting of
BROAD, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Buck- ... skins, Molekins, Stop Clothing—viz: ... Pilot Cloth and Flushing Coats, Jackets and ... Trowsers; Ready made Clothing, Clothes ... for Men and Boys wear; Red, White, and ... Yellow Flannel, Kerseys, Blankets, Rugs of ... various descriptions, Shawls and Hdkfs, ... Gents, Silk and Cotton Hkfs. Silks, Mus- ... lins, Merinos, Delanes, Orleans, Calicos, ... Sheetings and Shirting Cotton, White, do.
A good assortment of Hardware, Crockery- ... ware, and Groceries, &c. &c. &c.
With a large assortment of other Goods.
Chain Cables, Anchors, Rope, Twine, ... &c. Provisions for Ship's use—which are ... worthy the attention of purchasers.
The above will be sold at Wholesale or ... Retail at low cash prices, by
DIMOCK & WILSON.
St. Andrews, Oct. 1, 1845.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!
From the St. John Mills.
The Subscriber has just received from the ... St. John Mills.
A LOT OF FLOUR in bags of half Barrels ... each, new ground, a Superior article.—Price ... 15 shillings per bag, of 98 lbs. The above ... is a first rate article, and is worthy the at- ... tention of purchasers, both from its superior qua- ... lity and cheapness.
D. CLARK,
St. Andrews Sept. 10, 1845.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.
Just received and for sale by the Subscriber, ... an assortment of Watches, Jewellery, ... Cutlery, &c. which will be sold on ... the most reasonable terms ... for cash.
Patent Lever and Vented WATCHES,
Silver, German silver and Brass GUARDS,
Do do do PENCIL CASES,
Do do do Trimbles,
An assortment of Ladies BROOCHES, in gold & ... plain settings,
Fancy silver Brooches, Gents Gold PINS,
Gold plated, silver and common KEYS,
Silk & Worsted PURSES Musical Box Keys,
Purse Mountings, Key Rings,
Spectacles, in blue steel and silver Frames,
Knives & Forks, butchers, shoemakers and pocket ... Knives, Cutters and Steels Mill saw Files
Britannia metal Ware Scissors,
Hale's sporting Gongowder, Percussion Caps,
Clocks, Watches & Jewellery, repaired and ... cleaned—Quadrants and Compasses repaired ... and touched.
Cash paid for old Gold and Silver.
G. F. STICKNEY,
St. Andrews, Sep. 3d 1845.

A NATURAL REMEDY
Solely to our Constitution, and competent ... to the cure of every curable disease, will be ... found in
WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETA- ... BLE PILL
OF THE
NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF ... HEALTH.
THESE extraordinary Pills are compo- ... sed of plants which grow spontaneously ... on our own soil; and are therefore bet- ... ter adapted to our constitutions, than me- ... dicines concocted from foreign drugs, how- ... ever well they may be compounded, and as ... the Indian Vegetable Pills are founded up- ... on the principle that the human body is in ... truth,
SUBJECT TO BUT ONE DISEASE,
viz: corrupt humors, and that the said me- ... dicine cures this disease on
NATURAL PRINCIPLES,
by cleansing and purifying the body; it ... will be manifest, that if the constitution be ... not entirely exhausted—a perseverance in ... their use, according to directions, is abso- ... lutely certain to drive disease of every name ... from the body.
When we wish to restore a swamp or ... morass to fertility, we drain it of the super- ... abundant waters, in like manner, if we wish ... to restore the body to health, we must ... cleanse it of impurity.
The Indian Vegetable Pills will be found ... one of the best, if not the very best, me- ... dicines in the world for carrying out the ... GRAND PURIFYING PRINCIPLE,
because they expel from the body all morbid ... and corrupt humors, the cause of disease, ... in an easy and NATURAL MANNER, and ... while the every day
GIVE EASE AND PLEASURE
disease of every name is rapidly driven from ... the body.
CAUTION.
The inhabitants of this Province are respec- ... tfully informed that in consequence of the ... great popularity which the above named In- ... dian Vegetable Pills have earned by their as- ... tonishing goodness, a gang of counterfeiter- ... are now industriously engaged in palming ... on the unsuspecting, a valueless and perhaps ... dangerous medicine under the name of Indian ... Vegetable Pills.
This is to inform the public that all gene- ... rine medicine has on the boxes
WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE ... PILLS.
(Indian Purgative.)
OF THE NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH,
And also round the border of the label, will ... be found in small type, "Entered according to ... Act of Congress in the year 1840, by Wm. ... VAUGHN, in the Clerk's Office, of the District ... Court, of the Eastern district of Pennsylvania."
It will further be observed that the printed ... directions for using the medicines, which ... accompany each box, are also entered accord- ... ing to Act of Congress, and the same form ... will be found at the bottom of the first page.
The public will also remember that all who ... sell the genuine Indian Vegetable Pills are ... provided with a certificate of Agency, signed ... postmark.
WILLIAM WRIGHT, VICE PRESIDENT ... Of the North American College of Health, ... and that pedlars are never in any case allowed ... to sell the genuine Medicine. All travelling ... agents will be provided with a certificate of ... agency as above described; and those who ... cannot show due will be known as base im- ... postors.
Persons in this town and vicinity will ... also be on their guard against purchasing ... medicine purporting to be the Indian Vegeta- ... ble or Purgative Pills, of Apothecaries or ... Druggists, as they are not allowed to sell my ... medicine, and any composition which they ... manufacture and sell, is therefore never pur- ... chase of them.
AGENTS for the Sale of the above in ... this County—Mr. Thomas Sims, St. An- ... drews; Mr. Daniel Sullivan, St. Stephen.

October 14, 1845.
The undersigned has Received per barque ... "Plutus" from Liverpool in addition ... to his former Stock.
4 Cases of HARDWARE—Comprising ... 1 Case of the following articles:
Brass Cans and Kettles Cabin door Locks ... Brass Bells and Cabin Hooks
Pit Saws & Cut Saws
Mill Saw Files—Best Horse Ropes
Double Spring Fork Traps
Fire Irons—Copper and Japanned Coal Scoops
Hair Cloth—Bed Screens—Brick Trowels
27 Bundles Sheet Iron, 4c. 4c.
JAMES W. STREET.

NOTICE.
THOSE PERSONS who purchased Pro- ... perty at the Sale of the Real Estate of ... the late James Rait, are hereby informed that ... their notes are in the Charlotte County Bank ... for Collection, and unless the said notes are ... when Partial Payments have been made are ... retired in full previous to the 10th November, ... they will on that day be put into the hands ... of the Attorney for said Estate.
WILLIAM KERR, } Trustees for all ... THOS. TURNER, } the Creditors on ... JOHN MCKEAN, } said Estate.
St. Andrews, Oct. 18, 1845.

Brandy, Wine, Gin &c.
AUGUST 15, 1845.
Ex. barque "Brunswick" from Liverpool.
Just arrived
10 Hds best Cognac Brandy and Ho- ... lands Gin.
2 " Brown Sherry Wine,
2 Qr Cases Sicilian, Madeira,
4 Hds Boiled & Raw Linned Oil,
12 cwt—1 cwt Kegs Best White Paint.
6 Boxes Poland Starch, &c. &c.
JAS. W. STREET.

Insolvent Debtors Notice.
Saturday, the thirteenth day of ... September, A. D., 1845.
By His Honor the Master of the Rolls.
ON Reading the Petition of John A. Mc- ... Phail, of Saint Stephen, in the County of ... Charlotte, Lumberer, setting forth a state- ... ment of his affairs, as therein particularly de- ... tailed, declaring that he is in insolvent cir- ... cumstances, and praying that an order may ... be made for calling a meeting of the Creditors, ... pursuant to the Act of Assembly, intituled ... "an Act," to afford relief to persons unfor- ... tuate in business in certain cases. It is hereby ... ordered, that the Clerk of the Peace in and ... for the County of Charlotte, do call a Public ... Meeting of the Creditors of the said Petition- ... er, to be holden at the office of the said Clerk ... of the Peace, at Saint Andrews, on Thursday ... the sixth day of November, next, at ... eleven o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose ... of enabling the Petitioner to offer a compo- ... sition to, or make terms with his Creditors, ... and to render an exposition of his affairs.
(Signed) N. PARKER, M. R.

Insolvent Debtors Notice.
Saturday the thirteenth day of ... September, A. D., 1845.
By His Honor the Master of the Rolls.
ON Reading the Petition of James Kew, of ... Saint James, in the County of Charlotte, ... Lumberer, setting forth a statement of his af- ... fairs, as therein particularly described, and de- ... claring that he is unable to meet his engage- ... ments with his Creditors, and is impotent and ... praying that an order may be granted accord- ... ing to the Act of the General Assem- ... bly, intituled "an Act," to afford relief to ... persons unfortunate in business in certain ... cases. It is hereby ordered, that the Clerk ... of the Peace for the County of Charlotte, do call ... a Public Meeting of the Creditors of the said ... Petitioner to be holden at the office of the said ... Clerk of the Peace, at Saint Andrews, on Fri- ... day the seventh day of November, next, at ... eleven o'clock in the forenoon for the pur- ... pose of enabling the said Petitioner to offer a ... composition to, or make terms with his Cred- ... itors, and to render an exposition of his affairs.
(Signed) N. PARKER, M. R.

Insolvent Debtors Notice.
Saturday the thirteenth day of ... September, A. D., 1845.
By His Honor the Master of the Rolls.
ON Reading the Petition of James Kew, of ... Saint James, in the County of Charlotte, ... Lumberer, setting forth a statement of his af- ... fairs, as therein particularly described, and de- ... claring that he is unable to meet his engage- ... ments with his Creditors, and is impotent and ... praying that an order may be granted accord- ... ing to the Act of the General Assem- ... bly, intituled "an Act," to afford relief to ... persons unfortunate in business in certain ... cases. It is hereby ordered, that the Clerk ... of the Peace for the County of Charlotte, do call ... a Public Meeting of the Creditors of the said ... Petitioner to be holden at the office of the said ... Clerk of the Peace, at Saint Andrews, on Fri- ... day the seventh day of November, next, at ... eleven o'clock in the forenoon for the pur- ... pose of enabling the said Petitioner to offer a ... composition to, or make terms with his Cred- ... itors, and to render an exposition of his affairs.
(Signed) N. PARKER, M. R.

Brandy, Gin, &c.
Just Received.—Ex Barque Plutus from ... Liverpool.
1 Pipe 2 best Cognac Brandy Martell & ... 5 Hds 5c. Duars Brandy.
4 Hds finest Holland Gin, &c. &c.
2 Tercies moist crushed sugar, &c. &c.
JAS. W. STREET.
Sept. 30, 1845.

Charlotte County Bank.
A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT ... on the Capital Stock of the Charlotte County ... Bank, has been declared for the half year, and ... will be payable on or after the 1st proximo.
JONH RODGER,
Cashier.
October 6 1845.

Independent Opposition
Line.
COVERED COACH WITH 4 HORSES.
Leaves the St. Andrews Hotel, on Monday ... Wednesday, and Thursday mornings.
And the St. John Hotel
On Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday ... Mornings.
The Subscriber tenders his thanks for the ... liberal support he has received in his ... line for many years, and respectfully an- ... nounces, that his Coach will run regularly ... three times a week as heretofore between ... St. Andrews and St. John, leaving St. An- ... drews every Monday, Wednesday and Fri- ... day morning at 6 o'clock am and St. John ... on the mornings of Tuesday, Thursday, and ... Saturday. He is also prepared to furnish ... extra conveyances when required. A care ... ful Driver, Geo. Christie, who is well known ... to the public will continue to drive. Every ... attention will be paid to the comfort of ... Passengers, and good horses and substan- ... tial carriages will be kept on the line.
Books are kept at Ross' Hotel, St. An- ... drews and St. John Hotel, St. John, and ... parcels or bundles left at either place to go ... by this Stage will be attended to.
All Parcels and Letters at the risk of the ... owners.
L. J. COPELAND,
St. Andrews Aug. 18, 1845.

Soap and Candles.
September 2, 1845.
40 BOXES London SOAP, ex Ready ... Rhine from London
20 Boxes Mould and Dip Candles, ex ... Ex "Favorite" from St. John
Just received and for sale by J. W. STREET

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT!
FIFTY CURES CURED IN SIX WEEKS.
Extract of Letters from John A. Rait, Esq., (Chro- ... nicle) Officer, Telegu, West India—
February 4th, 1845.
To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY.
Sir—I beg to inform you that the inhabitants ... of this Island especially those who cannot afford ... to employ medical gentlemen, are very anxious ... to have your ointment, because many of them ... have derived benefit from its use, as they have been ... found here, in several cases, to cure Scabs, and ... Ulcers of the most malignant and desperate kind.
One gentleman at this Island, who had, I believe, ... about fifty running sores about his legs, arms, and ... body, who had tried all other Medicines before the ... arrival of yours, but all of which did him no good, ... but yours cured him in about six weeks, and he is ... now, by their means alone, quite restored to health ... and vigor.
(Signed) JOHN MARTIN.
FILES, FISTULAS, AND HEALING-DOWN.
A remarkable cure by these Pills and Oint- ... ment—A half pay lieutenant, lately residing at ... St. Helens, Jersey, whose name by request is con- ... tained, had for three years suffered from piles and ... the scabs, besides a general boring down, of the most ... distressing nature. He had twice undergone an ... operation, but in no purpose, and at last gave him- ... self up as desperate. Yet, notwithstanding this con- ... dition, he was completely cured of all his ... ailments and returned to the full enjoyment of ... health by these justly renowned Medicines, when ... every other means had failed.
EXTRAORDINARY CURE IN THE WE- ... INDIES, OF TUBERCULOSIS AND OTHER ... DANGEROUS SKIN DISEASES.
June 3rd, 1844.
Mr. LEWIS REEDON, of Georgetown on Ro- ... mania, writes under the above date that Hollo- ... way's Pills and Ointment have cured him of a ... most distressing disease, as follows:—Tubercu- ... losis, blotches, scales and other skin diseases of the ... most frightful nature, and that his scars effected ... there resembled the whole population.
CANCERED BREAST—A WONDERFUL ... CIRCUMSTANCE.
Copy of a Letter from Richard Dull, Boatman, ... Falmouth, near Southampton.
February 20th, 1845.
To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY.
Sir—The Lord has permitted to be wrought ... a wonderful cure of Cancer of the Breast, after ... years' suffering in my wife's breast. In the latter ... part of the time, eleven wounds were open at once ... The Faculty declared the case as past cure, several ... pieces of bone had come away, and I expected ... that my poor wife would soon have been taken ... from me. It was then that a friend recom- ... mended the use of your Pills and Ointment, which, to our ... surprise, brought about the cure in the space of three ... months. Instead of the breast being so badly as ever ... it was in her life.
I shall ever remain
Your most grateful and obliged servant,
(Signed) RICHARD DULL.
Wheezing on the Chest and Short- ... ness of Breath.
Copy of a Letter from Mr. J. Coney, No. 1, Camp ... Inn place, Exmouth street, Birmingham square,
London, April 20th, 1845.
Sir—I beg to inform you that I believe I have ... been, for more than three years, one of the most ... wretched sufferers in the world with Chronic Asthma ... For weeks together my breath was frequently ... short, that I was afraid every moment of being ... choked with phlegm. I never went into a bed ... very often indeed, I have been obliged to pass the ... night without being able to recline sufficiently to ... lay my head on a table, lest I should be agitated ... No one thought I should live over the winter ... nor did I expect it myself, but I am happy to say ... that I am now able to work from morning to night ... and that I sleep as well as ever I did in my life ... and this miracle (I may say) was effected by ... rubbing your invaluable Ointment twice a day into ... my chest, and taking ten of your Pills at bedtime, ... and ten again in the morning, for about three ... months.
(Signed) JEREMIAH CASEY.
IN ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN.
Bad Legs, Old Wounds, and Ulcers, Bad ... Breasts, Scab Nipples, Stoney and Elevated ... Cancers, Tumours, Swellings Gout, Rheuma- ... tism and Lumbago, likewise in cases of Piles, ... the Pills in all the above cases, ought to be ... used with the Ointment; as by these means ... cures will be effected with a much greater cer- ... tainty and in half the time that it would re- ... quire by using the Ointment alone. The Oint- ... ment is proved to be a certain remedy for the ... bite of Mosquitoes, Sand-flies, Chigoloot ... Laws, and Goober.
Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Copped Hands, ... and Lips, also Blisters and soft Corns, will be ... immediately cured by the use of the Ointment.
THE PILLS are not only the finest reme- ... dy known when used with the Ointment, but as ... a General Medicine there is nothing equal ... to them. In nervous affections, or where there is ... silencing of general debility, or where there is ... want of purity in the blood and fluids, they ... will insure HEALTH TO ALL!
N. B.—Directions for the Guidance of Pa- ... tients are affixed to each Box.

Fire and Marine Insurance.
THE CROTON ... MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY ... OF NEW-YORK.
HAVING established an Agency in St. ... Andrews, are prepared to take Risks ... on Buildings and their contents, against ... LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and ... on VESSELS, Cargoes, and Freight, ... against Sea Risk, at moderate rates of pre- ... mium.
The standing of this Company is of the ... first respectability, their promptness in ad- ... justing, and paying Losses not surpassed ... by any other Institution, and being on the ... Mutual system must insure for the confi- ... dence and patronage of the public.
Blank Forms, and every information ob- ... tained on application to
ROBERT WALTON, AGENT,
St. Andrews, July 28, 1845.



SHERIFF'S SALES.
Real Estate of James Allanshaw 27th Dec.
Do Henry Seelye 27th do.
Do M. Parkinson & J. Parkinson 17th Jan.
Do Rich'd & Jacob Turner 28th Feb.
Do John Carlyle 11th April
Do John Ray 11th do.
Do Louis Frost, 25th do
Do Wm. and James Hanson May 17.

To be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY the 27th day of DECEMBER next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.
ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of the late James Allanshaw of in and to all those certain Mills, houses, stores, Mill privileges and other real estate, situate at the Lower Falls of the River Magdalen, in the Parish of St. George, which Lachlan Cameron, conveyed to one Joseph Gunnison on the 16th July 1835, and being more particularly described in the Deed thereof to the said Joseph Gunnison and also in assignment of a certain Mortgage of the same premises, lately made by the said Lachlan Cameron to Geo. D. Street Esq. bearing date the 15th day of Novr. 1843. The same having been seized taken and levied on, to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of John E. Merssant, Esq. need to levy £67 5s. &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 16th June, 1845.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 27th day of December next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.
ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Henry Seelye, of in and to that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the parish of St. George, on the eastern shore of Lake Umbagog, containing 7 acres more or less, particularly described in a Deed thereof from Henry Seelye to Farnham D. Seelye, bearing date the 25th May last, which Deed has been registered in the County records.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 21st June 1845.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 17th day of JANUARY next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 5 o'clock p.m., of the same day, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, and claim of Mary Parkinson, and John Parkinson, or either of them, of in and to lot number 4, in block letter G, Morris division, of the Town plat of Saint Andrews.
The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution, at the suit of Frederick Clouston, against Mary Parkinson, and John Parkinson, and Robert Roberts, endorsed to levy £253 4 10- &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, July 4, 1845.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 28th day of February next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m., and 5 o'clock p.m., at the COURT HOUSE, in Saint Andrews.
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, and claim of Richard Turner, to that Farm, in which he at present resides, situated at Buckabec, in the Parish of St. Patrick, containing 200 acres, more or less, with the dwelling house, barns, sheds, Blacksmith's shop, grist mill, kiln frame, work shop, and other erections thereon.

ALSO.
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, and claim of Richard Turner, to that Farm now occupied by him, consisting of about 200 acres of land, situated at Buckabec, in the Parish of St. Patrick, with the dwelling house, barn, saw mill, kiln frame, and appurtenances, and all other erections thereon.

ALSO.
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, and claim of Richard Turner, to that lot of Wild Land, situated also at Buckabec, in the Parish of St. Patrick, and said to contain 150 or 200 acres, granted to one Samuel Barkley and conveyed by him to Richard Turner and Jacob Turner in the year 1833.

The same properties and all the real estate of Richard Turner and Jacob Turner, having been seized, taken and levied

on, to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of Lachlan Cameron, endorsed to levy £1003 17s 1d. &c. &c.
THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews Aug. 4 1845.

To be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 11th day of April next, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. of the same day, at the COURT HOUSE, in Saint Andrews.
ALL the estate, right, title, and interest of John CARLLE, of in and to all that certain Farm, piece or parcel of Land, being part of lot No. 21, in the Pennfield Grant, and situated and bounded as follows, viz:—commencing at the S. E. corner of said lot, thence on the East line of said lot, North 10° East 35 chains and 5 links, thence North 88° West 19 chains and 68 links, thence South 29° West 51 chains and 5 links, thence South 88° East 2 chains and 50 links, thence South 2° West 14 chains, thence South 88° East 17 chains and 18 links to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres, more or less, with all the buildings and other improvements thereon, the same having been seized and levied on, to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of James W. Chandler Esq., endorsed to levy £75 11s. with interest, Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Sep. 29, 1845.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the 11th day of April next, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. of the same day, at the COURT HOUSE in Saint Andrews.
ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Ray, of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, General, of in, or out of all that certain Lath Machine, Store and Wharf built by Zimri B. Hywood, contiguous to the lower Bridge, at Stillpoint St. Stephen; Also, the privilege of drawing a sufficient quantity of water from the Independent Mill Flume, to give two square feet hoist at the water wheel of said lath machine, and the privilege of conveying the said water, to the said machine in a trunk sufficiently large for that purpose; being the same conveyed to the said John Ray, by one Wm. C. Scott, 18th May, 1841. Also, the privilege of drawing a sufficient quantity of water from the Dam built by Wright & Todd, to give two square feet hoist at the water wheel of said machine, and the privilege of conveying the same from the dam to the machine, in a trunk sufficiently large for that purpose; together with other the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining—to satisfy an Execution of F. F. issued out of the Supreme Court, by Wm. Pike against John Ray, for £73 1s 2d and Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, 1st October, 1845.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 25th day of APRIL next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the COURT HOUSE, in Saint Andrews.
ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Louis Frost, of in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of Land, situate in St. Stephen, commencing three rods southerly of the south corner of the Tan House, at the corner or angle of intersection of the old road leading from Milltown to salt water by the new road, running back of said Hinchings buildings, as described in a deed from said Hinchings to A. & S. Hall, thence running southerly along the western side of said old road nine rods and thirteen links, thence westerly across to the said new road to a point on the eastern side line thereof, nine rods and thirteen links from the angle of intersection aforesaid, together with the buildings and out-houses thereon.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, 1st Oct. 1845.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 17th day of MAY next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at the COURT HOUSE, in Saint Andrews.
ALL the right, title, interest and claim of William Hanson, James Hanson and Isaac Hanson, and of each of them to all that certain piece, parcel or lot of Land, situated in the parish of St. Stephen, conveyed by Eleanor Rose, to the said William and James Hanson, bounded on the East by the road leading from the Cove in Saint Stephen to the Bass Wood Ridge, &c., &c., being in the second tier of Lots in Mark's Grant, numbered 68 and containing 64 acres more or less, EXCEPTING that part of the said Lot formerly conveyed to one William Douglas.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, 1st Oct. 1845.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 17th day of MAY next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at the COURT HOUSE, in Saint Andrews.
ALL the right, title, interest and claim of William Hanson, James Hanson and Isaac Hanson, and of each of them to all that certain piece, parcel or lot of Land, situated in the parish of St. Stephen, conveyed by Eleanor Rose, to the said William and James Hanson, bounded on the East by the road leading from the Cove in Saint Stephen to the Bass Wood Ridge, &c., &c., being in the second tier of Lots in Mark's Grant, numbered 68 and containing 64 acres more or less, EXCEPTING that part of the said Lot formerly conveyed to one William Douglas.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office, 1st Oct. 1845.

ALSO.
To 4 Lots of land included in the 6th division of the Pennfield Association Grant, situated in the Parish of St. Stephen and numbered 197, 198, 199 and 200 lying on the Eastern side of the St. Croix river near Sprague's Falls, so called.
The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution, issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of A. G. Chandler, endorsed to levy £144 0s 5d—besides Sheriff's fees &c.
THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Nov. 5 1845.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
CAPITAL £500,000 ST'G.
Board of Local Directors, at Halifax, N. S.
THOMAS R. GRANT, Esq. Chairman,
JOHN STRACHAN, Esq. Hon. S. CUNARD
THOS. G. KINNEAR, Esq. J. DUFFAS Esq.
and J. ALLISON, Esq.
J. FREDERICK R. STARR, Esq.
The Subscriber as agent for (St. Andrews) is prepared to give every information as to the Society's rates of premium, mode of Insuring, &c.
The importance of Life Assurance cannot be doubted by any, and this Society, in addition to the security of a subscribed Capital of £500,000 Sterling, is founded on the Mutual and Joint Stock principle, and offers to the assured advantages over other similar institutions.
Premiums may be paid annually, half yearly or quarterly, and two thirds of the premium may be borrowed.
Pamphlets containing every requisite information and the report of the annual meeting of the Society to be held in London last May can be had at the office of the Subscriber.
Medical Examiner at St. Andrews.—Dr. A. GOVE.
ROBERT WALTON
Agent for St. Andrews.
July 7, 1845.

DRY GOODS,
Provisions, & Groceries.
The Subscriber grateful for the liberal patronage he has received, since his commencement in business, begs to inform his friends in Town & Country, that he has received the Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, which he offers for Sale at low Prices.
CONSISTING IN PART OF,
Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Molesters, Ready made London CLOTHING,
Gloves, Cashmeres, Mouslin de Laines, Hosiery, Jacobins, Lace, Edgings and Trimmings, a great variety of Prints, Silk Hosiery, Cottons, do. Ginghams, Striped, Ring, Checks, Plaids, Gloves, Hosiery, Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Linen and Linen Towels and Table Covers, White and brown, Canvas, Fodding, Silk and Tinsel Bows, Thread, Needles, &c., Wadding, Pasting, Cotton Wares, Umbrellas, Hats, Caps, &c.
GROCERIES &c
Flour, Meal, Pork, Fish, Tea, loaf crushed, and Brown Sugar, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, Molasses, Rice, Barley, Beans, Vinegar, Tobacco, soap, Candles, Groceries, ware, Boots and Shoes, Glass 8s, 10s, 12s, 14s, 16s, 18s, 20s, 22s, 24s, 26s, 28s, 30s, 32s, 34s, 36s, 38s, 40s, 42s, 44s, 46s, 48s, 50s, 52s, 54s, 56s, 58s, 60s, 62s, 64s, 66s, 68s, 70s, 72s, 74s, 76s, 78s, 80s, 82s, 84s, 86s, 88s, 90s, 92s, 94s, 96s, 98s, 100s, 102s, 104s, 106s, 108s, 110s, 112s, 114s, 116s, 118s, 120s, 122s, 124s, 126s, 128s, 130s, 132s, 134s, 136s, 138s, 140s, 142s, 144s, 146s, 148s, 150s, 152s, 154s, 156s, 158s, 160s, 162s, 164s, 166s, 168s, 170s, 172s, 174s, 176s, 178s, 180s, 182s, 184s, 186s, 188s, 190s, 192s, 194s, 196s, 198s, 200s, 202s, 204s, 206s, 208s, 210s, 212s, 214s, 216s, 218s, 220s, 222s, 224s, 226s, 228s, 230s, 232s, 234s, 236s, 238s, 240s, 242s, 244s, 246s, 248s, 250s, 252s, 254s, 256s, 258s, 260s, 262s, 264s, 266s, 268s, 270s, 272s, 274s, 276s, 278s, 280s, 282s, 284s, 286s, 288s, 290s, 292s, 294s, 296s, 298s, 300s, 302s, 304s, 306s, 308s, 310s, 312s, 314s, 316s, 318s, 320s, 322s, 324s, 326s, 328s, 330s, 332s, 334s, 336s, 338s, 340s, 342s, 344s, 346s, 348s, 350s, 352s, 354s, 356s, 358s, 360s, 362s, 364s, 366s, 368s, 370s, 372s, 374s, 376s, 378s, 380s, 382s, 384s, 386s, 388s, 390s, 392s, 394s, 396s, 398s, 400s, 402s, 404s, 406s, 408s, 410s, 412s, 414s, 416s, 418s, 420s, 422s, 424s, 426s, 428s, 430s, 432s, 434s, 436s, 438s, 440s, 442s, 444s, 446s, 448s, 450s, 452s, 454s, 456s, 458s, 460s, 462s, 464s, 466s, 468s, 470s, 472s, 474s, 476s, 478s, 480s, 482s, 484s, 486s, 488s, 490s, 492s, 494s, 496s, 498s, 500s, 502s, 504s, 506s, 508s, 510s, 512s, 514s, 516s, 518s, 520s, 522s, 524s, 526s, 528s, 530s, 532s, 534s, 536s, 538s, 540s, 542s, 544s, 546s, 548s, 550s, 552s, 554s, 556s, 558s, 560s, 562s, 564s, 566s, 568s, 570s, 572s, 574s, 576s, 578s, 580s, 582s, 584s, 586s, 588s, 590s, 592s, 594s, 596s, 598s, 600s, 602s, 604s, 606s, 608s, 610s, 612s, 614s, 616s, 618s, 620s, 622s, 624s, 626s, 628s, 630s, 632s, 634s, 636s, 638s, 640s, 642s, 644s, 646s, 648s, 650s, 652s, 654s, 656s, 658s, 660s, 662s, 664s, 666s, 668s, 670s, 672s, 674s, 676s, 678s, 680s, 682s, 684s, 686s, 688s, 690s, 692s, 694s, 696s, 698s, 700s, 702s, 704s, 706s, 708s, 710s, 712s, 714s, 716s, 718s, 720s, 722s, 724s, 726s, 728s, 730s, 732s, 734s, 736s, 738s, 740s, 742s, 744s, 746s, 748s, 750s, 752s, 754s, 756s, 758s, 760s, 762s, 764s, 766s, 768s, 770s, 772s, 774s, 776s, 778s, 780s, 782s, 784s, 786s, 788s, 790s, 792s, 794s, 796s, 798s, 800s, 802s, 804s, 806s, 808s, 810s, 812s, 814s, 816s, 818s, 820s, 822s, 824s, 826s, 828s, 830s, 832s, 834s, 836s, 838s, 840s, 842s, 844s, 846s, 848s, 850s, 852s, 854s, 856s, 858s, 860s, 862s, 864s, 866s, 868s, 870s, 872s, 874s, 876s, 878s, 880s, 882s, 884s, 886s, 888s, 890s, 892s, 894s, 896s, 898s, 900s, 902s, 904s, 906s, 908s, 910s, 912s, 914s, 916s, 918s, 920s, 922s, 924s, 926s, 928s, 930s, 932s, 934s, 936s, 938s, 940s, 942s, 944s, 946s, 948s, 950s, 952s, 954s, 956s, 958s, 960s, 962s, 964s, 966s, 968s, 970s, 972s, 974s, 976s, 978s, 980s, 982s, 984s, 986s, 988s, 990s, 992s, 994s, 996s, 998s, 1000s, 1002s, 1004s, 1006s, 1008s, 1010s, 1012s, 1014s, 1016s, 1018s, 1020s, 1022s, 1024s, 1026s, 1028s, 1030s, 1032s, 1034s, 1036s, 1038s, 1040s, 1042s, 1044s, 1046s, 1048s, 1050s, 1052s, 1054s, 1056s, 1058s, 1060s, 1062s, 1064s, 1066s, 1068s, 1070s, 1072s, 1074s, 1076s, 1078s, 1080s, 1082s, 1084s, 1086s, 1088s, 1090s, 1092s, 1094s, 1096s, 1098s, 1100s, 1102s, 1104s, 1106s, 1108s, 1110s, 1112s, 1114s, 1116s, 1118s, 1120s, 1122s, 1124s, 1126s, 1128s, 1130s, 1132s, 1134s, 1136s, 1138s, 1140s, 1142s, 1144s, 1146s, 1148s, 1150s, 1152s, 1154s, 1156s, 1158s, 1160s, 1162s, 1164s, 1166s, 1168s, 1170s, 1172s, 1174s, 1176s, 1178s, 1180s, 1182s, 1184s, 1186s, 1188s, 1190s, 1192s, 1194s, 1196s, 1198s, 1200s, 1202s, 1204s, 1206s, 1208s, 1210s, 1212s, 1214s, 1216s, 1218s, 1220s, 1222s, 1224s, 1226s, 1228s, 1230s, 1232s, 1234s, 1236s, 1238s, 1240s, 1242s, 1244s, 1246s, 1248s, 1250s, 1252s, 1254s, 1256s, 1258s, 1260s, 1262s, 1264s, 1266s, 1268s, 1270s, 1272s, 1274s, 1276s, 1278s, 1280s, 1282s, 1284s, 1286s, 1288s, 1290s, 1292s, 1294s, 1296s, 1298s, 1300s, 1302s, 1304s, 1306s, 1308s, 1310s, 1312s, 1314s, 1316s, 1318s, 1320s, 1322s, 1324s, 1326s, 1328s, 1330s, 1332s, 1334s, 1336s, 1338s, 1340s, 1342s, 1344s, 1346s, 1348s, 1350s, 1352s, 1354s, 1356s, 1358s, 1360s, 1362s, 1364s, 1366s, 1368s, 1370s, 1372s, 1374s, 1376s, 1378s, 1380s, 1382s, 1384s, 1386s, 1388s, 1390s, 1392s, 1394s, 1396s, 1398s, 1400s, 1402s, 1404s, 1406s, 1408s, 1410s, 1412s, 1414s, 1416s, 1418s, 1420s, 1422s, 1424s, 1426s, 1428s, 1430s, 1432s, 1434s, 1436s, 1438s, 1440s, 1442s, 1444s, 1446s, 1448s, 1450s, 1452s, 1454s, 1456s, 1458s, 1460s, 1462s, 1464s, 1466s, 1468s, 1470s, 1472s, 1474s, 1476s, 1478s, 1480s, 1482s, 1484s, 1486s, 1488s, 1490s, 1492s, 1494s, 1496s, 1498s, 1500s, 1502s, 1504s, 1506s, 1508s, 1510s, 1512s, 1514s, 1516s, 1518s, 1520s, 1522s, 1524s, 1526s, 1528s, 1530s, 1532s, 1534s, 1536s, 1538s, 1540s, 1542s, 1544s, 1546s, 1548s, 1550s, 1552s, 1554s, 1556s, 1558s, 1560s, 1562s, 1564s, 1566s, 1568s, 1570s, 1572s, 1574s, 1576s, 1578s, 1580s, 1582s, 1584s, 1586s, 1588s, 1590s, 1592s, 1594s, 1596s, 1598s, 1600s, 1602s, 1604s, 1606s, 1608s, 1610s, 1612s, 1614s, 1616s, 1618s, 1620s, 1622s, 1624s, 1626s, 1628s, 1630s, 1632s, 1634s, 1636s, 1638s, 1640s, 1642s, 1644s, 1646s, 1648s, 1650s, 1652s, 1654s, 1656s, 1658s, 1660s, 1662s, 1664s, 1666s, 1668s, 1670s, 1672s, 1674s, 1676s, 1678s, 1680s, 1682s, 1684s, 1686s, 1688s, 1690s, 1692s, 1694s, 1696s, 1698s, 1700s, 1702s, 1704s, 1706s, 1708s, 1710s, 1712s, 1714s, 1716s, 1718s, 1720s, 1722s, 1724s, 1726s, 1728s, 1730s, 1732s, 1734s, 1736s, 1738s, 1740s, 1742s, 1744s, 1746s, 1748s, 1750s, 1752s, 1754s, 1756s, 1758s, 1760s, 1762s, 1764s, 1766s, 1768s, 1770s, 1772s, 1774s, 1776s, 1778s, 1780s, 1782s, 1784s, 1786s, 1788s, 1790s, 1792s, 1794s, 1796s, 1798s, 1800s, 1802s, 1804s, 1806s, 1808s, 1810s, 1812s, 1814s, 1816s, 1818s, 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2106s, 2108s, 2110s, 2112s, 2114s, 2116s, 2118s, 2120s, 2122s, 2124s, 2126s, 2128s, 2130s, 2132s, 2134s, 2136s, 2138s, 2140s, 2142s, 2144s, 2146s, 2148s, 2150s, 2152s, 2154s, 2156s, 2158s, 2160s, 2162s, 2164s, 2166s, 2168s, 2170s, 2172s, 2174s, 2176s, 2178s, 2180s, 2182s, 2184s, 2186s, 2188s, 2190s, 2192s, 2194s, 2196s, 2198s, 2200s, 2202s, 2204s, 2206s, 2208s, 2210s, 2212s, 2214s, 2216s, 2218s, 2220s, 2222s, 2224s, 2226s, 2228s, 2230s, 2232s, 2234s, 2236s, 2238s, 2240s, 2242s, 2244s, 2246s, 2248s, 2250s, 2252s, 2254s, 2256s, 2258s, 2260s, 2262s, 2264s, 2266s, 2268s, 2270s, 2272s, 2274s, 2276s, 2278s, 2280s, 2282s, 2284s, 2286s, 2288s, 2290s, 2292s, 2294s, 2296s, 2298s, 2300s, 2302s, 2304s, 2306s, 2308s, 2310s, 2312s, 2314s, 2316s, 2318s, 2320s, 2322s, 2324s, 2326s, 2328s, 2330s, 2332s, 2334s, 2336s, 2338s, 2340s, 2342s, 2344s, 2346s, 2348s, 2350s, 2352s, 2354s, 2356s, 2358s, 2360s, 2362s, 2364s, 2366s, 2368s, 2370s, 2372s, 2374s, 2376s, 2378s, 2380s, 2382s, 2384s, 2386s, 2388s, 2390s, 2392s, 2394s, 2396s, 2398s, 2400s, 2402s, 2404s, 2406s, 2408s, 2410s, 2412s, 2414s, 2416s, 2418s, 2420s, 2422s, 2424s, 2426s, 2428s, 2430s, 2432s, 2434s, 2436s, 2438s, 2440s, 2442s, 2444s, 2446s, 2448s, 2450s, 2452s, 24