

VOL. III, NO. 4

TEA. TEA. TEA.

TEA. TEA. TEA.
COFFEE. COFFEE. COFFEE.
If you want a good cup of Tea or Coffee you can get the right article
at a reasonable price, at
VERVA & VERVA'S

PRICE & TERMS.

Price of our Black English Teas, from 20 cts to 45 cts per lb.; Best Formose Oolong 50 cts, Best Japan, 60 cts.

Coffee, from 15 cts up to 35. We sell Chase & Sanborn's Standard Java.

We are still selling Molasses at the old price, 35 cts per gal. FISH—We have a fine lot of Bay Herring at \$1.50 per half Bbl.

YERXA & YERXA, Two Doors Above People's Bank.

Feb. 18, 1886.

"Golden Fleece." **WEST END** **YYY**

BARGAINS
—X—
JACKET & ULSTER
CLOTHS.

The Subscriber has on hand a Large Stock of

Saw Mill & Lumber Yard
—X—
Season 1886.
—X—

THE SUBSCRIBER, having drawn the greatest attention to the **RETAIL LUMBER BUSINESS** than to any but four years since, he now informs the public generally that, besides his usual stock of **SHEDS, PILES, &c.** he has

WILEY'S
DRUG STORE.

[o]

Jacket & Mantle CLOTHS

In Colored and Black for Winter wear, which the
intends to dispose of

AT HALF PRICE.

Parcels despatched an article of this kind will find it
to the advantage of all at all.

**DRY BRUCE FLOREO and SHEATING,
PERSHERRATING, DRY BEMLOCK,
SPRUCE and PINE BOARDING, and PLANK
PLAIN and OREGON.**

Also intends to keep **LATVNS** and **POCKETS** con-
sistently on hand, and

and all sorts of **CEILING BRICKS** well and
Sawed Saw and Very, and all Assorted.

Call on us **QUEEN STREET** and we will be
pleased to serve you.

R. A. A. Wey.

Friedrichs, May 1, 1886 - 1887.

Seeds. 1886. Seeds.

[o]

THE SPRINGER IS NOW RECEIVING HIS
SUPPLY OF SEEDS OF VARIOUS
CONSISTING OF

[illegible]

PAID.
T. A. SHARKEY.
Frederick, Oct. 24, 1885.

I CURE FITS!
When the blood is impure, the system is deranged, and the brain becomes diseased, fits, epilepsy, and other nervous diseases are the result. I have cured many cases of FITS, EPILEPSY, and other nervous diseases, by the use of my medicine.

THIS SPACE
BELONGS TO
A. LIMERICK & CO.

AND ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES OF
GARDEN
—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS !

—X—

PLUMBERS
—AND—
Gas Fitters
117 UNION STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

JUST RECEIVED:
1 TON PURE WHITE LEAD.
For sale at lowest rates.
Z. R. EVERETT.
Fredericton, May 5.

Just Received.
200 Bushels
Car Load Timothy & Clover,
Which will be sold low.

JOHN M. WILEY.
Opposite Normal School.

Drain Pipe, Tin Pipe, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead

Water and Gas Fittings always on hand. Public and Private Buildings fixed up in the most approved manner.

Estimates Furnished.
Country Work a Specialty.

July 11, 1881.—*pr.*

TIMOTHY SEED, RED AND ALASKA CLOVER SEED,
GUMBERLAND SUPERPHOSPHATE!

ALSO,
2 TONS GROUND BONES,
ON CONSIGNMENT, AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

Queen St. . . . Fredrickton

Tire Steel. Tire Steel.
JUST ARRIVED.
75 Sets TIRE STEEL.
Fredrickton, May 5. Z. R. EYRE & SONS.

[illegible]

Little Sweethearts,
The Crown Pictures, the Poster Mother
Can be FRAMED to order at
G. W. SCHLESER'S Photograph Studio,
117-119 Coney for ads. Apr. 31

AT
G. W. Schleyer's.
 Fredericton, April 13, 1885.

HOME RULE RESOLUTIONS

Blake Moves his Home Rule
Resolutions,
And Costigan Makes an
Amendment.
Discussed by Several Members

OTTAWA, May 6.—In the house of commons to-day the first session was devoted to the discussion of the Irish home rule question. Hon Mr. Blaise said that as he had not received any overtures as to any modification of his resolution, he would present it anew as a substantive motion; he then moved the resolution presented by him at Tuesday's sitting.

Hon. Mr. Costigan followed, and referred to the arguments he had set forth in his reply to the deputation of Irishmen, which had waited on him, to persuade him to take the matter up himself a few

to, because he was afraid the motion would be defeated. Considering the opinions of the people generally, and of his countrymen in particular, regarding this question, he could but say, although he would not take the initiative, still he would support such a motion from whatever source it might come. Irishmen would not care in what form the motion was passed, as long as they were assured of the sympathy of Canadians. He then proposed an amendment to Mr. Blake's motion, and if Mr. Gladstone had so appreciated the congratulation received

able would be accounted the support of this parliament at the present time, especially considering the large conservative majority in the house. It would then show that the fitness of home rule for the people of Ireland was recognized by both political parties in Canada. That this would be appreciated was evidenced by Gladstone's recent manifesto where he states that he never knew a question which had taken such a strong hold on the public minds. Congratulations had been forwarded from Quebec, Washington, Boston and Cincinnati. He

of the most flimsy description. He (Costigan) referred to the mutilated resolution, but the leader of the opposition had accepted it, mutilated as it was, rather than cause any effect that the motion should not be addressed to her majesty. He hoped the leader of the opposition would concur in this amendment. He referred to the unanimous stand taken by both sides of the house in regard to a similar motion in 1882, and hoped that such would be the same now as the motion, if carried, would have far more weight coming from the united house than from a mere minority, which would

The commons of Canada desire to express their deep and abiding interest in the prosperity and happiness of their fellow subjects in Ireland, and their adhesion to the sentiments expressed in the joint address to Her Majesty of both houses of the Canadian parliament passed in the session of 1882.

ernment and expressed a hope "that if consistent with the integrity, etc., (vide paragraph 5 of address in Journal of 20th April, 1882,) her majesty's Irish subjects in that regard."

That in answer to the said address the then secretary of state for the colonies was commanded to state that "her majesty will always gladly receive the advice of the parliament of Canada in all matters relating to the dominion and the administration of its affairs, but with respect to the question referred to in the address, her majesty will, in accordance with the constitution of this

That this house, having reference to the tenor of the said answer, does not deem it expedient again to address her majesty on the subject, but earnestly hopes that such measures may be adopted by the imperial parliament as will preserve the integrity and well being of the empire and the peace and status quo of the empire, by the satisfaction to the people of Ireland, and permanently remove the discontent so long and unapplied prevailing in that country.

the motion was brought before the present parliament there would be less unanimity than in 1882. He (Casey) did not believe there were any grounds for these doubts.

Mr. Curran followed. As an Irishman he favored home rule, but approved of Mr. Costigan's amendment in preference to the original motion.

Mr. McMullen criticized adversely Curran's and Costigan's attitude, and moved the following amendment to the

That after the word "adhesion" in Mr. Blake's resolution, words be added to the effect "that this house is confirmed in its conviction that the true interests of Ireland would be served in the highest degree by home rule."

Mr. McNeill, a ministerialist, also spoke, but appeared to have a misgiving as to the benefits of home rule, and said he would vote for Costigan's amendment because it would do least harm.

Mr. Wallace (York) entered a strong objection to Mr. McMullen's amendment to the amendment, because it asked endorsement for Mr. Gladstone's bill, which was objectionable even to many who favored home rule. Protection to her commerce was his cure for all Ireland's ills, but he manifestly did

Mr. Blake was the next speaker, and, in his most sarcastic manner, he directed attention to Mr. Costigan's intimation, on Tuesday last, that if the motion was then withdrawn it was possible the matter could be arranged without a division, and

A. H. VANWART,
Next door below James Tibbitts',
CAMPBELL STREET.
Fredericton, May 5, 1886.

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