

MANY BODIES WERE CARRIED OUT TO THE OPEN SEA

Greatest Havoc from N. Y. Storm Centred in Pelham Bay and Long Island Sound.

PARALYZING SCENE SAY EYE WITNESSES

As 230 Overturned Boats and Canoes Bobbed About After Storm Passed.

New York, June 12.—Morgues and undertakers of the metropolitan area tonight held the bodies of more than three score men, women and children, victims of yesterday's brief but devastating storm.

Marine police, who continued throughout the day their work of grappling in Pelham Bay and Long Island Sound, off City Island, where the greatest toll was taken among Sunday's canoeists and fishermen, predicted that they would find at least a score more victims, enough to push the death toll past eighty. Eye-witnesses of the tragedy placed the number even higher.

At least 250 canoes, row boats and small motor boats were bobbing about off the island, witnesses said, when the storm came screaming down on the coast, at a velocity of 80 miles an hour or better. Occupants of the little craft, seeking their danger, made a run for shelter. But scarcely had they got underway when they were engulfed in a blinding storm of rain and hail.

Storm Lasted Less Than 5 Minutes.

As quickly as it had come, the storm vanished. It had lasted less than five minutes. But scarcely a dozen of the 250 small craft had survived. Those that were struck, but helpless to aid, the crowds on the beach and about the Casino pier saw scores of men and women clinging to rocks and overturned craft in the choppy sound and bay. One by one, they gave up the struggle and dropped quietly off, to be carried out toward open sea by the tide. Some of the bodies, the police say, probably never will be recovered. The tide, turning, brought more than a score of them back to shore.

Eye-witnesses estimated there were between 500 and 750 persons in the city at the time of the storm. The City Island calamity, while the greatest, was not the only one wrought by this storm. Pending investigation a charge of homicide was lodged against Paul Simon, owner of the 75 foot Ferris wheel at Coney Island Park, in the Bronx, which was blown from its base and hurled its sixty occupants on the beach of Long Island Sound in a tangle of steel wreckage. Seven were killed and 27 injured.

More than a score of isolated drownings, electrocutions by touching fallen wires and deaths beneath falling trees were reported from various parts of the metropolitan area.

WIFE OBJECTS TO THIS WEDDING

Registers Protest When Her "Hubby" Was About to Take Another Bride.

Hartford, Conn., June 12.—Preparations for the big society wedding of Maude Packard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Packard, of Manchester, Conn., and Leon Gordon, G. Roland, of Montreal, were suddenly interrupted by a protesting telegram from the wife of the expectant bridegroom, who had heard of the coming nuptials in far away Montreal.

Samuel G. Gordon, chief of the Manchester police, was the recipient of the following wire:

"I object to my husband's marriage to Miss Packard."

Immediately upon receipt of the telegram, Chief Gordon drove to the island home and handed the printed message to Miss Packard. She refused to believe the contents of the telegram at first and her faith in her fiance increased when he absolutely denied ever having been married.

About this time, Mr. Packard, the girl's father, arrived and promptly decided there would be no wedding until a proper investigation had been made.

Later Roland admitted to Chief Gordon that he was married in 1914, and had never gotten a divorce. He justified his intention to marry Miss Packard by saying he was told his wife had been friendly with other men while he was in the service. He will not be able to work until he receives hospital treatment, and the government is now arranging to take care of him. Miss Packard said she was glad she learned the truth before it was too late. Roland had Chief Gordon get his wedding clothes at the Packard home today and said he will live in another community until the government is ready to admit him to one of the hospitals.

MOTHERED FAMILY OF 13 CHILDREN

Brockton, Mass., June 12.—Mrs. Atmira W. Pierce, eighty, native of Long Argyle (N. H.), who died here on Friday, was the mother of thirteen children, ten of whom are living, the grandmothers of forty-one and the great-grandmothers of twenty-five, all living.

TWELVE BRITISH SOLDIERS KILLED IN TURK RAID

Men Taken Prisoners and Massacred by Kemal Bandits in the Dardanelles.

London, June 12.—Twelve British soldiers have been massacred by the Turks, in the neighborhood of the Dardanelles, according to a semi-official despatch from Athens received here tonight.

The men were taken prisoners during a raid by Kemalists bands on a weak British detachment.

Paris, June 12.—The Committee on Guarantees, which is leaving for Berlin Thursday or Friday, will develop the basis for future action on the reparations issue in the impression today in French official quarters. It was the opinion of high official circles all along that in the loan question the Reparations Commission, putting the cart before the horse—that the solvency of Germany, by a completely balanced budget and restricted paper circulation, should have been accomplished first, thus forming the security which the investors demand.

France Insistent.

France, up to the present, has spent about ninety billion paper francs in reconstruction efforts, one official explained today, and the Government was not at all ready to consider a reduction of its claim against Germany.

In reparations circles the theory is that France is not asked to cut off from her claim any portion that is collectible, but only to reduce it to an amount the collection of which can be counted upon. This is met by the explanation that the men's capacity to pay eventually cannot be determined now.

It is anticipated here that Germany will pay the next monthly reparations installment of fifty million marks.

Mauretania Establishes New Ocean Records

Set Two New World's Records for Speed on Her Last Voyage.

New York, June 12.—The steamship Mauretania, which arrived today at Southampton, set two new world's records for speed on her latest voyage, said a cablegram received today by the Cunard line.

The Mauretania, which left New York on June 9th, arrived at Southampton at 3 a. m. today, with a crossing to her credit of five days, eight hours and ten minutes.

The Kaiser Wilhelm Der Gross in January, 1907, set a record of five days and sixteen hours for the New York to Cherbourg trip.

The Mauretania sailed at Southampton at 11 a. m. today. The Kaiser Wilhelm Der Gross making a direct trip from New York to Southampton in November, 1897, set up a mark of five days, seventeen hours and eight minutes.

RILEY'S ARMY AGAIN HITS TRAIL FOR OTTAWA

Marchers Without Food and Without Money—Cool Reception Awaiting Along Route.

Toronto, June 12.—The die-hards of Riley's army hit the trail again for Ottawa this afternoon. At 2:30 p. m. 125 of them left Queen's Park, and marched down University avenue, escorted by a single mounted, How far they will get, or what they really intend, one can only guess. The march may be only a bluff, as was the night march out of Ottawa when the die-hards refused to take the train home. Whether Riley will lead them is also a matter of conjecture.

Before the body moved out he resigned, stating that he was out to get McDonald, the former leader of the movement, whom the police had refused to arrest.

The marchers, like the apostles of old, are without food and without money, except for the collection taken up to buy gasoline for their motor truck. It is understood that the municipalities will not feed them again. They are taking the same route, via Kingston road to West Hill for the night.

SUSPENSION MAY BE TURNED INTO STRIKE

Locals of U. M. W. in Anthracite Field Will Vote on Question This Week.

Hazleton, Pa., June 12.—Most locals of the United Mine Workers in the anthracite coal field will vote this week on the question of authorizing the general scale committee to turn the suspension into a strike, if one should be deemed advisable.

Special meetings for this purpose will start tonight and will continue until June 21. Leaders of the miners predicted today that there will be a practically unanimous decision in favor of the strike proposal, but said that this action did not necessarily indicate such a drastic step. It was explained that it would back up the attitude of the scale committee against any efforts to reduce the wages.

GERMANY WILL PAY THE NEXT INSTALLMENT ON MINIMUM OF \$1,800 AND MANSE

Opinion Prevails That Basis for Future Action on Reparations Issue Will Develop.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO VISIT BERLIN

Paris Believes That Something Definite Will Result for Good of All.

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POINCARE'S POSITION ON HAGUE CONFERENCE

Believes Commission of Experts Should Be Sent to Russia to Study Conditions

Paris, June 12.—Premier Poincare's reply to the British memorandum on the subject of The Hague Conference was delivered to the British Embassy this evening. The reply says that, if experts are sent to The Hague from France, they are likely to favor a proposition for the sending of an expert commission to Russia to investigate conditions there, if Russia will consent.

M. Poincare notes, with satisfaction that the British agree with him that the delegates to the Conference should be strictly "experts" rather than "representatives," as indicated in the invitation, since this was regarded as necessary to insure against the injection of political discussions into the Conference. He goes over other points in detail.

The French Government holds, the report says, that the experts should go to Russia to investigate conditions on the spot, if the Soviets can be brought to consent to it. This, until such an investigation is made, the world will be much in ignorance as to conditions there. Intelligent action, looking to the restoration of economic activity in Russia, is, possibly unless an investigation on the spot is made, the reply adds, and if French experts attended the deliberations at The Hague they probably will support such a proposition.

BILL AMENDING THE CANADA SHIPPING ACT

Adds to the List of Ships to Be Exempt from Pilotage Dues.

Ottawa, June 12.—Third reading was given in the House this afternoon to a bill amending the Canada Shipping Act so as to add to the list of vessels exempt from pilotage dues. Under the bill, the Governor-in-Council is authorized to exempt from pilotage dues ships of war and hospital ships, belonging to specified nations. The idea is to grant the privilege to such nations as grant it to British warships. It further exempts Canadian fishing vessels from pilotage dues. It was explained that Canadian fishing vessels at present pay no pilotage dues, but there has been some uncertainty about the legal position and the purpose of the bill is to remove the uncertainty. Before being adopted, the bill was amended so as to include among ships exempt in the same provision, but also, ships employed in trading from port to port in the same province, but, also, ships engaged between one port of a port and another and at the same port and ships engaged in towing or salvaging operations.

REV. FATHER DELORME DECLARED INSANE

Montreal, June 12.—The La Presse today announced that the doctors who have examined Father Delorme have declared him "absolutely insane."

STRONG ATTACK ON MINIMUM OF \$1,800 AND MANSE

Ontario Member of Presbyterian Assembly Gives Bold Expression to His Opinion.

THINKS IT TIME FOR ECONOMY

Says \$1,500,000 Is Enough for Rural Minister Who Also Has Manse.

Winnipeg, June 12.—By Canadian Press.—A strong attack by Rev. C. B. Pitcher, of Hagersville, Ont., on the minimum stipend of \$1,800 and manse, commended to self-supporting congregations by last year's assembly of the Presbyterian assembly, Mr. Pitcher explained that he was making a personal statement because the Presbyterian of Hamilton to which he belongs, refused to endorse his views.

The Home Missions Board, which dealt with his matter, brought in a resolution on October 1, providing that in the judgment of the Board the action would be warranted by crop and financial conditions, and by the vicissitudes of the Board. In presenting the report Dr. M. A. McKinnon, of Regina, stated that 414 self-supporting congregations, formerly below the new minimum, had raised the stipend to \$1,800 and 170 were still to be heard from. He regretted that owing to the deficit of \$180,000 in Home Missions, the Board had found it impossible to pay the new minimum to all self-supporting churches from January 1, 1922, as recommended.

The Board's recommendation, Dr. McKinnon stated that \$1,800 and manse, was still too small a stipend for ministers, who should also be in the position to carry insurance.

Time To Set Example

"If the men in the central office of the Presbyterian Church in Toronto will not set us an example in economy, it is up to our rural ministers to do so," Mr. Pitcher declared in opposing the Board's recommendation. He said the leaders in the church union movement are not to be set back by the action of a small group of congregations. If a rural minister does not live on \$1,500 and manse, he is a minister and his wife should take one of the courses of domestic science at the Agricultural College.

Mr. Pitcher declared that if the Assembly forced through the minimum under prevailing conditions, it would "cheapen the ministry in the eyes of the world." To him it was the equivalent of the "strife spirit" in the ministry. The new minimum would be a burden on rural churches. He predicted dollar week before the year was out. The former minister said Mr. Pitcher was "not to pile up a fat bank account, but to save souls," and fifteen hundred dollars a manse was "not to be sneezed at."

Rev. James Taylor, of Brantford, Ont., also opposed the recommendation of the Board. He said that the deficit in the Home Missions budget would be increased this year.

Mr. Taylor moved an amendment to the Board's recommendation that the Assembly vote itself down to the 1919 stipend of \$1,600 and manse, believing that last year's decision was reached in consideration only of the man of wealth, and not with regard to the man of poverty, to whom the church was chiefly ministering.

The debate was adjourned, and probably will be resumed tomorrow.

The report of the board of publications was presented by Dr. Murdoch A. McKinnon, of Regina, and adopted without dissent.

The report recommended the continuation of co-operation with the Methodist church in the editing of publications.

The commissioners then proceeded to discuss the mission reports which had been presented at previous sessions.

(Continued On Page Two)

IRISH NEGOTIATIONS SATISFACTORY THUS FAR

Colonial Secretary to Take Up Discussion With Irish Delegates Today.

London, June 12.—The Irish negotiations are declared to be proceeding satisfactorily and will be continued tomorrow, when Michael Collins reaches London. Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary for the colonies, will take up the discussion with the two Irish leaders where it left off today, and he is expected to make a statement in the House of Commons Thursday.

The technical advisers are in continual session at the colonial office dealing with details of the constitution. It is hoped that the whole business will be concluded this week.

reached a unanimous decision that he is insane and should be put in an asylum and not tried for the murder of his half-brother Ross.

La Presse says its information was received from a source which it also says "absolutely certain."

PROPOSALS OF MR. FIELDING ON THE BUDGET

Include Alterations in Inland Revenue Taxes and Special War Revenue Taxes.

TAX INTRODUCED TO APPLY ON RECEIPTS

Lessened Considerably the Tax on Automobiles and Changes Classifications.

Ottawa, June 12.—The changes announced by Hon. W. B. Fielding, Minister of Finance tonight from the budget proposals, brought down on May 22d, affect five items of the customs tariff, and include alterations in the inland revenue taxes, and in the special war revenue taxes.

A new tax is introduced to apply on receipts. The tax applies on all receipts of ten dollars and upwards. The amount of the tax is two cents on each receipt; and there is a penalty of one hundred dollars imposed on any person who refuses to give a receipt duly stamped. This tax does not come into force until January 1, 1923. The tax on cables and telegrams is reduced from five cents to three. The rate in last year's budget was one cent.

The tax on cheques is altered by fixing a maximum of two dollars. There will be a tax of two cents for each cheque up to this maximum.

It is provided that where a bill of exchange is payable on demand, or within three days after date, such bill shall be deemed, for the purposes of taxation, to be drawn for an amount not exceeding five thousand dollars.

The tax on the transfer of stocks is reduced from five cents to three cents for one hundred dollars, but bonds are not subject to this tax last year was two cents on one hundred dollars.

The alterations in the tax on cheques apply also to express and post office money orders.

Tax On Automobiles Revised

The taxes on automobiles are revised. The tax on passenger cars up to \$1,200 in value is at five per cent. On automobiles valued at more than this amount the tax will be five per cent on the first \$1,200 and ten per cent on the balance over twelve hundred dollars. The original proposal in this year's budget was to place a tax of ten per cent on the total value of all cars, valued at more than \$1,200.

The tax on automobiles will not apply on motor cars purchased by a user prior to May 24 and sold to a dealer before that date, provided the car is imported before the first day of July.

The tax of five per cent on confederated remains, but it will not apply to goods packed ready for sale in cartons or other packages, bearing the name of the manufacturer, selling by retail at ten cents or less per carton, but to include candy known as confection goods, selling by retail at one cent.

The tax on soft drinks is reduced from five cents to three cents, but it is made to apply to fountain as well as to bottled goods. The tax on ale, beer, porter and stout is reduced from fifteen to 12½ per cent. The tax on beverages does not come into force until the first day of July.

Cigar Tax

The whole schedule of special taxes on cigars is revised. As now proposed the tax of fifty cents per thousand applies on cigars up to a value of forty dollars per thousand; from forty dollars per thousand to \$150 per thousand, and the tax will be three dollars; from \$150 to \$180 per thousand the seven dollar tax will apply; from \$180 to \$200 per thousand the tax will be \$10; when the cigars are valued at more than \$200 per thousand the tax will remain at \$10 per thousand.

Two other tariff changes relate to materials used in the manufacture of hats. Hatters' plush is removed from item 958A, which is part of the free list, and is placed in item 1029, which provides for a drawback of ninety-nine per cent of the duty.

The excise tax on beet sugar is reduced from forty-nine to twenty-four per cent of the price. This would apply to purchases by the liquor commission of Quebec and to purchases of liquor by the British Columbia Government.

FIELDING REVAMPS BUDGET TO MEET OPINION OF PUBLIC

TREES UPROOTED BY TERRIFIC STORM AT WOLFVILLE, N. S.

Torrential Downpour of Rain Followed Brilliant Electrical Display.

Wolfville, N. S., June 12

Big trees were uprooted, outside doors were lifted from their hinges, and a torrent of rain fell during a ten minute wind and electrical storm which struck Wolfville this afternoon.

The sun shone brightly after the tempest had passed. No damage of consequence was reported.

Sec. McLachlan Failed In Recall Movement

His Faction Defeated in Effort to Oust Pres. Baxter in District 26, U. M. W.

Sydney, N. S., June 12.—The movement started by the faction headed by Secretary J. B. McLachlan to bring about the recall of President Robert Baxter, vice-president Delaney and District Board Member Lewis McCormack has failed, and there will be no by-election in District No. 26 of the United Mine Workers of America, according to an announcement here tonight, which stated that insufficient names had been signed to the distributed petitions to effect the recall of the officers named.

According to figures given out, about 1,800 miners signed the petition for the recall of President Baxter; 2,000 for the recall of Delaney; and 1,800 for the recall of Board Member McCormack.

There are about 12,000 miners in the Nova Scotia district, and 3,000 signatures were necessary to effect the recall. The failure of the recall movement is generally regarded here as a serious defeat for the McLachlan faction.

RAILWAYS DON'T INTEND TO LOSE

If Forced to Lower Rates in West, East Must Bear the Burden.

Ottawa, June 12.—Chairman MacLean, of Parliamentary Committee on transportation costs, announced this morning, that the Post-Office Chamber of Commerce had recommended the further suspension of the Crow's West agreement for three years, and that order No. 308 of the Railway Commission be abrogated.

The questioning of W. B. Lanigan, general traffic manager of the C.P.R., continued all morning. W. M. Gorman asked him if it were true that the Railway Commission had held that a railway was entitled to earnings sufficient to meet its fixed charges, pay a dividend and provide a surplus. Mr. Lanigan replied that this was the case.

Mr. Gorman then asked whether if the Crow's West Pass agreement had been in force since 1915, and an amount sufficient to earn this sum had not been earned, would it have been necessary to make this up through increased rates in other portions of the country. Mr. Lanigan replied yes, that the money would have had to be made up through increased rates.

Questioned as to the value of Mr. Symington's statistics, respecting revenue and operating expenses in the West, as compared with those in the East, Mr. Lanigan said that they merely related to the operating. But as they were not accounting figures, they were not an accurate statement of facts.

The real statement of the company's operations for a given year was contained in its report.

GENERAL TSO-LIN PLAYED FOR TIME

Tien Tsin, June 12.—General Chang Tso-Lin's proposals for an armistice with Wu Pei Fu appear to have been simply a ruse to gain time.

The defeated Manchurian war lord, Heavy fighting broke out Friday near Chingyangtiao and Shanhaiwan. The battle has been raging steadily for the past three days.

Retreats from Position on German Goods and Lightens Taxes on Cheques and Automobiles.

STRONGLY DENOUNCED THE CONSERVATIVES

Accused Them of Waving the Bloody Shirt and Keeping Alive Hatreds and Passions.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, June 12.—Mr. Fielding came down to Parliament tonight and introduced what is practically a new budget. He retreated from his position on German goods—lightened his taxes on confectionery, soft drinks, cigars, cigarettes, and automobiles—made a drastic change in the levy on cheques—introduced a tax on receipts, and effected some other minor changes. The alterations, laid on the table of the House for study before being formally moved, are a concession, both to public opinion and to the opposition attack in the House.

German Goods Stopped

Foremost among them, and involving a complete surrender to the Conservative attack, is the change in respect of German goods. Under his original proposal, which repealed the regulations of the Meighen Government, German goods would enter Canada not only without restriction, but practically, at a premium. Under the proposal made tonight, they shall be valued, for customs purposes, at the price of similar goods coming in from England. Thus, in the case of two pairs of boots entering Canada on the same day, one pair from Germany and the other pair from England, the German pair shall pay duty, not upon its value in German marks, but upon the value of the English pair in Canadian dollars. In this way, meaning that Britain has a preference over Germany, German goods will pay more duty than the English goods.

Denounced Conservatives

Mr. Fielding announced his changes in a speech of characteristic ability. He beat his retreat from his position upon German goods in military language, denouncing the Conservatives as "waving the bloody shirt," "practically making alive the passions that the world desired to bury. Listening to him one little believed that he was preparing to execute his mission. Extremely skillful, too, was his appeal to the Progressives. It was an old time Fielding speech, one which even his strongest opponents were compelled to admire, and delivered with a vigor that belied his advancing years. "They tell us," he said, "that the Progressives are not. There is no difference between the Liberal and the Conservative parties—that this is a protectionist budget. I tell the House that it is not a protectionist budget, and that a broad issue divides the parties. What of reciprocity? Is there not a broad issue dividing the two parties on that great question. On this side of the House we are prepared to trade with our great neighbors—on that side they have turned their backs upon them. We are facing toward free trade with one hundred and ten million of the richest people in the world to the south—they will have no truck or trade with them. I ask you, gentlemen, is this not a fundamental difference?" It was a cunning, well directed appeal, an appeal made up on the single line of common policy which united the Progressives with the Liberals—and, undoubtedly, it had its effect. Mr. Fielding, quick to take in his impression, continued to dwell upon it. The Liberal party, he declared, had not abandoned reciprocity, and would not abandon it. They would fight for it, because it was in Canada's interest and in the interest of the Empire, because it meant international goodwill. Had it been achieved in 1911, there would never have been unrest and discontent in the West.

Small Majority Expected

What effect Mr. Fielding's speech would have on the budget, few tonight would venture to predict. The general impression, however, is that the Government will have a majority of from eight to ten—that five Progressives, former Liberals, and standing by the Liberal party, he declared, would not abandon reciprocity, and would not abandon it. They would fight for it, because it was in Canada's interest and in the interest of the Empire, because it meant international goodwill. Had it been achieved in 1911, there would never have been unrest and discontent in the West.

INCREASE INDEMNITY ON PURE BREDS

Ottawa, June 12.—(By Canadian Press)—The bill to amend the Animal Contagious Diseases Act, was put through committee and given third reading in the House of Commons this afternoon. On the suggestion of Hon. W. B. Fielding, Minister of Agriculture, the bill was amended to increase the indemnity to be paid for pure bred cattle, from \$150.00 to \$200.00.

FISHERIES REGULATIONS UNDER DEBATE

House Discusses Who Should Bear Onus of Proof When Act Is Broken.

BURDEN NOW RESTS WITH DEFENDANT

Hon. J. B. M. Baxter Thinks Defendant Isn't Given Fair Chance by Some Magistrates.

Ottawa, June 12.—(By Canadian Press)—Upon whom should rest the onus of proof in breaches of fisheries regulations...

Hon. J. B. M. Baxter objected to a submission providing that the onus of proof, under the Act, should rest on the defendant...

L. H. Martell (Liberal, Hants) said he blushed to say that there were in Nova Scotia many magistrates who were unfit to try a case...

Hon. J. B. M. Baxter remarked that on second thought, he would suggest the committee rise until there was time to go over the bill...

ALL NICKERSONS IN THIS PILOT HOUSE

Boston, June 12.—The happy family in the pilot-house of the old Myles Standish, one of the Nantasket boats, is to be broken up...

These Nickersons are real Down Easters, from Nova Scotia. Three generations of them have gone to sea, and the grandfather, C. A. Nickerson, still lives in the province...

His son went fishing out of Gloucester a good deal in his younger days, and at times hailed from Beverly and Boston. Now he lives at Nantasket, where he brought his wife from the province...

Another shift comes, and Sidney will leave the Myles; so that next week Captain Adelbert will have only ordinary authority...

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FIELDING REVAMPS BUDGET TO MEET OPINION OF PUBLIC

Ottawa, June 12.—(Canadian Press)—Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, making his promised statement embodying the proposed budget modifications, pressed the announcements of the proposed changes by a brief review of the criticisms which had been voiced by speakers at the Conservative ranks...

Whoever stands in my place next year, said Mr. Fielding, may have to find new means of getting money with which to run this country...

Mr. Hon. Arthur Meighen and Sir Henry Drayton, criticizing the budget from the Conservative benches, had hardly worth mentioning...

Much had been said and heard of the "no truck or trade with the Yankees" slogan...

Mr. Meighen rose to declare that he had never used those words, nor had he heard "anyone on this side of the House use them."

Turning to the question of depreciated German currency, he protested against the warring of the "bloody shirt," though he admitted that there was an economic position involved...

Mr. Baxter had said that there should be no agreement with Germany, but in that he was criticizing his own party which had agreed to the Treaty of Versailles...

Mr. Fielding's protest against calling the budget a protectionist budget, every change proposed, was downward, he said...

Mr. Meighen: "Was not the same thing true of the 1919 budget?" Mr. Fielding: "I have not been looking at the 1919 budget."

Mr. Fielding replied that he had not opposed any reductions. However, he was more interested in the 1922 budget than in that of 1919. He went on to say that Canada lost nothing through the system of "drawbacks" pursued by the customs department...

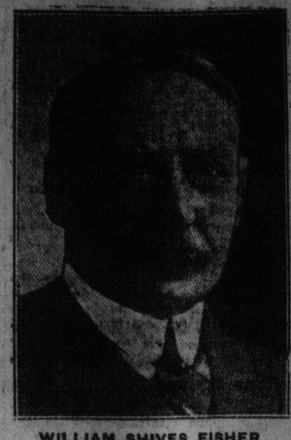
PORTRAITS OF PROMINENT MEMBERS OF CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

Annual Meeting Will Be Held at St. Andrews, June 20, 21, 22 and 23, 1922.



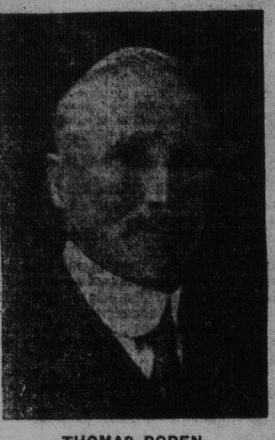
JOHN R. SHAW First Vice-President, 1921-22, Canadian Manufacturers Association.

Mr. Shaw, who will, by time-honored custom, step up to the presidency of the Canadian Manufacturers Association at its annual meeting in St. Andrews, N. B., qualifies for his membership in the Association through his connection as vice-president and general manager, with the Canada Paper Manufacturers Limited, Woodstock, Ont. Originally a lawyer, practicing in Woodstock, he took a prominent part in engineering the merger that brought together a number of furniture manufacturing companies in Western Ontario, forming the foundation of which he is now vice-president and general manager. He has been prominent for many years in Association affairs, serving for some time as chairman of the Tariff Committee. Later he became chairman of the Ontario Division. He is a man of high attainments, is a bright and witty speaker, a good mixer, and an idealist in any work to which he puts his hand.



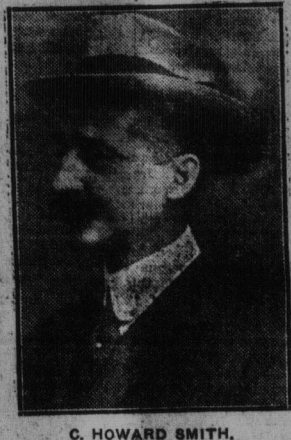
WILLIAM SHIVES FISHER President, 1921-22, Canadian Manufacturers Association.

Mr. Fisher, who completes his tenure of office as president of the Canadian Manufacturers Association at the annual meeting in St. Andrews, N. B., is one of the leading manufacturers and business men of the Maritime Provinces. A native of Fredericton, N. B., he comes of good United Empire Loyalist stock and is a nephew of the late Hon. Charles Fisher, one of the Fathers of Confederation. He began his business career with Adam Young, St. John, N. B., in 1870, and in 1875 established the wholesale hardware firm of Emmons & Fisher. Later he started the Enterprise Foundry Co. Limited, Sackville, N. B. He has held many important offices in business, charitable and other organizations in the Maritime Provinces and abroad, and during his presidential year, has discharged the duties of the office in a very able manner, his principal achievement being the leading of a delegation to the British West Indies.



THOMAS RODEN Honorary Treasurer, Canadian Manufacturers Association.

Mr. Roden is head of the firm of Roden Brothers, Limited, manufacturing silverware, Toronto. He is an Englishman by birth and has an education that training in English business life which has developed sterling qualities. Coming to Canada in 1879, he worked for a time with P. W. Ellis, who later became president of the present firm in 1881. He has been an active member of the Canadian Manufacturers Association for many years and has taken an interest in municipal politics.



C. HOWARD SMITH Second Vice-President, 1921-22, Canadian Manufacturers Association.

The name of Howard Smith is closely identified with that of paper manufacturing in Canada, he being president of the Howard Smith Paper Mills, Limited, Montreal. He is one of the most successful industrialists of his kind in the Dominion. He was born in St. Johns, Que., where his father conducted the local paper for many years. He went into the paper business as a youth, and after an association as salesman and representative with several of the big paper companies, he launched out for himself several years ago and has now built up a large manufacturing organization, with several mills, which specializes in the higher grades of paper. He has been very zealous in his connection with the Canadian Manufacturers Association and has held office as chairman of the Montreal Branch and Quebec Division. He belongs to the type of executive who says little but accomplishes a lot. He will this year become vice-president and next year, in due course, will be president.

One hundred and fifty-six members of the Y. M. C. A. Free Swimming Instruction Class were in the "swim" yesterday in the "Y" big tank. Tomorrow the entire class will be photographed by Lagrin, both in a group outside the building, and again in the pool. Friday the boys who have successfully qualified will be presented with swimming badges.

A CORDIAL INVITATION TO DISEASE

This is an apt description of Constipation. It's an unnatural condition to begin with—but it's dangerous because it leads to indigestion, fills the system with poisons, brings on an anemia. You don't need a purgative; you don't want to weaken the system by a harsh, gripping medicine—what you need is mild, natural stimulant to the bowels. You get just what you need in Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which tone up the liver, restore the bowels to perfect action and positively end constipation. You'll feel tip-top after regaining your system with Dr. Hamilton's P.M. Gels for young and old—a real family medicine, 25c. All dealers or The Catarthorax Co., Montreal.

It received a refund of the duty on goods which were shipped out of the country, it was merely a business transaction and Canada lost nothing through it. The system had been in practice for a hundred years and would be a hundred years more. Ridiculous Amendment The amendment to the budget, Mr. Fielding characterized as "more nagging and scolding." He did not think that the Liberal platform of 1919 had carried much weight in last election. He had at mentioned it in his constituency. Only members of the Conservative party had stressed it in the campaign. The real fact was that the people of Canada had made up their minds that they did not want Tory rule. "We'll take all chances rather than have the Melgion Government," they said. Mr. Fielding then announced his proposed modifications.

STRONG ATTACK ON MINIMUM OF \$1,800 AND MANSE

Ontario Member of Presbyterian Assembly Gives Bold Expression to His Opinion.

(Continued From Page One)

The Presbyterian General Board, Ontario, has taken a strong stand against the former minimum of \$1,800. The Ontario member of the Presbyterian Assembly gives a bold expression to his opinion. The steady development of the graded lesson plan over against the former minimum is regarded as another forward step, the number of schools using graded lessons of some form showing a steady increase. It is estimated that a thousand Sunday schools of all churches in Canada are using some kind of graded material. The most striking feature of the report dealt with the graded four-fold program for teen-agers which includes mid-week activities. The Canadian Standard Efficiency Training Programme for Trail Rangers and Tuxis boys, the Canadian Girls Training programme for older girls emphasizes the four-fold development of the growing life of youth—spiritual, physical, social and mental. It was a revelation of the success of the modern plan, in which Canada is a world leader, that there are in the Presbyterian Church alone over two thousand groups, with over twenty thousand members, carrying on both Sunday and mid-week programmes, with many more in organized classes following the Sunday programme only. The twenty-five thousand boys and girls, representing the flower of the land, met in conferences during 1921 from ocean to ocean. This new development is regarded as one of the most significant in the realm of religious education. Co-operation in international Sunday school work is also a growing process, leading up in the Religious Education Council of Canada, with branches in every province and in many cities. Nearly all of the Protestant denominations and the Y. M. C. are partners in this great undertaking for the youth of Canada. Its programme also includes scores of summer camps and training schools that are miniature short-term colleges for training in leadership. The report also dealt with the Forward Movement, objectives concerning home religion, training children in worship, increase in Sunday school enrollment, enlistment in Church membership and training for leadership and life service. Under all these headings, encouraging progress was reported, as well as extension work in the setting up of Mission Sunday schools in the sparsely populated parts of the Dominion. Yet another modern development is that of weekday religious instruction, including the Daily Vacation Bible school, which has proved most popular all over the continent. It is to be true that the hope of a nation lies in its childhood and youth, and this department of the Presbyterian programme is a vitally important one, and merits the attention given it in the annual Parliament of the Presbyterian Church of Canada.

The life service section of the board's report is an important one, involving a challenge to all young people to face the life ahead with the kind from the standpoint of Christian ideals and providing vocational guidance from a fundamental Christian standpoint. Literature widely distributed, and the board's report is a very able manner, his principal achievement being the leading of a delegation to the British West Indies.

Word was received in the city last evening of the death of Joseph P. Gallagher, proprietor of the Carlisle Hotel, of Woodstock, N. B. The late Mr. Gallagher, who leaves a wife and five children, two sons and three daughters, all residing in Woodstock, was born at Mount Charles, County Donegal, Ireland, August 1860. His wife was Miss Mary Ellen Hogg, an daughter of Mrs. James Hogan and the late James Hogan of the North End. Mr. Gallagher was a prominent member and one of the pioneers of the Knights of Columbus in this province, was for many years with the firm of Manchester, Robertson, and Allan of this city, leaving St. John to represent that firm on Prince Edward Island. Later he removed to Campbellton where he established himself in business, and two years ago moved to Woodstock to take over the management of the Carlisle Hotel. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

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Why are you so thin? Are you pale, lacking in energy—or is your complexion bleached by humiliating pimples, blackheads, or boils? If so, simply go to your drugist's and get a package of IRONIZED YEAST tablets. Take these remarkably effective tablets—two with each meal. They will restore your color, and your health, and actually establish at the improvement shown in you even after the first 48 hours. For IRONIZED YEAST embodies a remarkable new scientific process—a process which enables yeast to bring its splendid results often in just half the usual time.

Do you need more flesh? Are you pale, lacking in energy—or is your complexion bleached by humiliating pimples, blackheads, or boils? If so, simply go to your drugist's and get a package of IRONIZED YEAST tablets. Take these remarkably effective tablets—two with each meal. They will restore your color, and your health, and actually establish at the improvement shown in you even after the first 48 hours. For IRONIZED YEAST embodies a remarkable new scientific process—a process which enables yeast to bring its splendid results often in just half the usual time.

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WHAT CAUSES HEADACHES?

"Fruit-a-lives" Prevents Auto-intoxication

Auto-intoxication means self-poisoning. Many people suffer from partial constipation or insufficient action of the bowels. Waste matter which should pass out of the body every day, remains and poisons the blood. As a result, there is Headaches, Indigestion, disturbed Stomach, Pain in the Back, Rheumatism and Eczema and other skin diseases. "Fruit-a-lives" will always relieve Auto-intoxication. These tablets are made from fruit juices, act gently on the bowels, kidneys and skin and keep the blood pure and rich. 50c. box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Tourists To Rome Heavily Taxed By The Municipalities

Taxes in Lieu of Tolls Very Not Worked Out Very Well, Say Visitors.

ROME, May 25.—(By Whilly)—Seeing the money of the tourists in Rome, the municipality authorities have decided to collect from him a tax of 10 per cent of his hotel bill, empty for the privilege of sojourning in the city. But there was violent opposition from the public in general and hotel keepers in particular, with the customary reference to the killing of the goose that lays the golden egg, and the proposal, for the time being at any rate, has been shelved. Already a tourist in Rome pays a tax, based on his hotel bill of 10 per cent for services, supposed to be in place of tips and a luxury tax of from 7 per cent to 12 per cent. The new tax would have made a third enforced contribution to the city treasury. Ten per cent in the bill instead of tips does not work out very well. The tourist avers he has to tip anyway to get good service, and the servants are not by any means generous in their share of the considerable sum produced by this levy. The hotels of Rome, closed during the war, are reopening, but proprietors are complaining of excessive costs. They declare that before the war they could feed a servant for 35 cents a day, and that now they must pay \$3 for the same food. All this may be true, nevertheless those who provide food and drink for the public in Rome show striking evidences of prosperity and are generally referred to as "sharks."

Under An Open Roof, Too

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Why Be "Skinny"

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Advertisement for Dr. Chase's Kidney & Liver Pills, including text about 'Why Be "Skinny"', 'When It's so EASY to Build Flesh This New Way', and 'What a Difference'.

THE STANDARD'S SPORTING SECTION

Jockey Sterns And The Kaiser

Man Who Rode Ramus to Victory Says He Had Hard Time to Get Money.

Paris, June 12.—George Stern who rode Ramus to victory in the French derby at Chantilly on Saturday...

Business Before Common Council

N. B. Protestant Orphans Home Petition for City Land Withdrawn—Other Matters Deal With.

The application of the New Brunswick Protestant Orphans Home for a portion of the city land in the Town Planning area...

Gentle Julia

By BOTH TARKINGTON Tarkington shows the effect of Julia, a young girl in her early teens...

said he would take steps to remedy this state of affairs. The Common Clerk advised that he had received 'food remittance blanks' for Russian Relief...

A communication from guarantors of the Chautauque shows was read, asking exemption from the license fee of \$10 a day required by law...

Tut Jackson Is Before Court

Charged He Was About to Participate in Prize Fight on July 4.

Washington Court House, Ohio, June 12.—Tut Jackson who is scheduled to meet Jack Johnson here July 4...

South End League Game Postponed

Owing to the heavy rain which fell yesterday afternoon, the opening game of the South End Baseball League...

BALL GAME ON WEST END GROUNDS

Les Kerr will do the twirling tonight for the Commercial against St. George's on the West End grounds...

Baseball Results In Big Leagues

Table with columns for League, Team, and Score. Includes American League and National League results.

International League

Table with columns for Team, Won, and Lost. Lists results for Buffalo, Newark, and Syracuse.

Y. M. C. A. TO HOLD LOCAL TRACK MEET

The Y. M. C. A. are to hold an athletic meet on Saturday the 24th, as a preliminary work-out for the local boys who have entered the big track meet...

Toronto Catcher Goes To Rochester

Gus Sandberg Has Been Sold for \$2,000—College Players Signed.

Rochester, June 12.—The sale of Gus Sandberg, Toronto catcher, to the Rochester International League Club was announced here today...

Johnny Buff To Meet Lynch

Bantamweight Champ Will Defend Title on July 10 in New York.

New York, June 12.—Johnny Buff has signed to defend his bantamweight championship against Joe Lynch on July 10...

Cases Dealt With In Police Court

John P. Ryan Must Pay Wife \$20 Per Week—Case Against Samuel Swanton Dropped.

Suspension For The Wolves Team

Indefinitely Suspended for Playing An Unsanctioned Game on Saturday in St. George.

The Labor Fair

There was a good crowd at the Labor Fair in St. Andrew's rink last night and the programme of music by the City Concert Band was greatly enjoyed...

Provincial Institute

Dr. Bridges, superintendent of city schools, announced at last night's meeting of the school board...

Hilton Belyea Arrives Today

Noted Oarsman, With Brother Harry, Coming Home—Grand Reception This Evening.

Hilton Belyea, the champion oarsman will arrive on the Eastern Line Steamship this morning...

Opposition Strong in Kings

Extensive Campaign, With Prominent Speakers, Arranged for the Week.

A Challenge

The Trojans local baseball team challenge the Vallet Stars to a game on Dufferin diamond Wednesday evening...

White Sox Catcher Released

Chicago, June 12.—Everett Ryan catcher of the Chicago White Sox to be released to the Kansas City club of the American Association.

Kent Championships

London, June 12.—In the first round of the Kent lawn tennis championships at Bexley today, Mrs. Mollie Egan defeated Mrs. Pryor 6-0, 6-1.

The Thistles Won

The Thistles defeated the Simonds 3 to 1 in an interesting ball game played on the Elm street diamonds last evening...

PRINCE'S VISIT TO INDIA CALLED DEFINITE SUCCESS

Reception Given Him Due to Indian Devotion to King and Satisfaction With British Rule.

London, June 12.—The question is often asked as to what was the effect of the visit of the Prince of Wales to India...

Princesses

The bulk of the people of India are perfectly content with the present regime, under which they have freedom of religion, personal liberty, and safety for their womenkind...

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Advertisement for Macdonald's Cigarettes, featuring a pack of cigarettes and the slogan 'The Tobacco with a heart'. Price list: 10 for 18¢, 20 for 35¢, Why Pay More? Also packed in tins of 50.

The St. John Standard

THE MARITIME ADVERTISING AGENCY, LIMITED, PUBLISHERS.

51 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

Representatives: Henry DeClaraque, Chicago; Louis Klebaha, New York; Frank Calder, Montreal; Freeman & Co., London, Eng.

Subscription Rates: City Delivery \$6.00 per year; By Mail in Canada \$8.00 per year; By Mail in U. S. \$4.00 per year.

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1922.

IRELAND'S COMING ELECTION.

The election for the next Dail Eireann will take place on Friday, but the process of counting the votes under the system of proportional representation employed is so elaborate that announcement of the results is not expected before the following Monday. In a general way the outcome may be a foregone conclusion because of the agreement reached between the Free State leaders and the Republicans to avoid contests that would split the Sinn Fein vote, yet in at least 20 constituencies contests are expected.

De Valera's seat is believed to be secure, four independent candidates in his constituency of Clare having withdrawn in the national interest, but in Cork there will be a contest in every division and even Michael Collins will have to fight for his seat. Under the proportional system a majority is not needed for the election of a candidate; if he gets a quota, which in a five-member constituency would be a sixth of the votes, he is elected, and the ballots give the voter's second and third choice to which the votes are transferred until the full number of candidates has been elected.

The combination of so elaborate a system with a coalition like that of the Sinn Fein factions, is a novelty in politics, and at some points the outcome is uncertain. No radical change in the character of the Dail is expected, because De Valera declares that if the panel candidates agreed upon between the factions represented by himself and Michael Collins is rejected, England would say that Ireland's present representatives did not represent the country truly. Therefore, it is necessary to re-elect those who, during the last four or five years, had brought the Irish people along the straight road toward freedom and progress.

In general the election will throw little light on the attitude of the public toward the treaty. Under the Collins-DeValera agreement panel candidates are barred, and in only a few constituencies have the electors a chance to vote on the question of a treaty or no treaty. It is said that indications in many quarters are that the panel arrangement is disapproved and that the people would prefer giving a direct vote for or against the treaty. Nevertheless, this cannot be taken as suggesting that the panel candidates will not be supported, or that the constituencies in which the voters will have the chance to vote on the treaty, where 13 seats there are 22 candidates, three Labor and the rest independent, of whom seven stand for the treaty.

Such exceptions will not suffice for a mandate, and indeed the effect of the compact between the factions in Southern Ireland was to postpone this burning question until a vote could be taken under more favorable conditions. This delay, in fact, was one of the chief reasons for the distrust with which the agreement was regarded in London, but the British Government seems to have been persuaded that a peaceful vote could not be taken at the present time without such a truce. If civil war can be averted and the machinery of democratic government got to working, the problem of the status of Ireland may be settled in due time.

FREIGHT RATES.

It would appear that even if the reciprocity pact did fall to carry, the fact remains that in some respects at any rate, Canada is after all merely "an adjunct to the United States." Whether we like it or not, railway control, so far as freight rates are concerned, centres in the National Railway Labor Board at Chicago. It is true that the Inter State Commerce Commission at Washington has the fixing of railway rates over the border, just as the Canadian Railway Commission does in this country; but in view of the fact that wages of railway employees are the chief factor in costs of operation, no reduction in freight rates is possible until there has been a reduction in wages, and there can be no reduction in these latter until the matter has been passed upon by the Labor Board. Owing to the international scope of the various railway brotherhoods and most of the unions, whatever scale of wages prevails across the border is usually equally applicable on Canadian roads; hence it follows that the Canadian Railway Commission cannot order any cut in transportation charges until the Labor Board at Chicago has dealt with the wage question.

It is clear enough that there can be no cut in freight rates without a corresponding cut in operating costs, of which, as we have said, wages form

the greater part; a cut in rates without a corresponding decrease in wages would add very considerably to the already big deficit of the Canadian National Railways, and it would also seriously affect the Canadian Pacific.

A writer in the Financial Post rather lays the blame for the present condition of affairs at the door of public operation of railways. He says: "It was during the period of Federal control in the United States that the famous McAdoo award was made. Associated with that award were the so-called 'national agreements' which had the effect of fattening the wages by allowances for all sorts of reasons. No one who is familiar with all the facts of the matter could for a moment doubt that both the award and the agreement were in the nature of political expedients. The Labor Board was another political move, and the serious matter in connection with both is that they affect Canadian roads just as automatically as if there were no international boundary to protect them."

In the light of happenings since 1918, we must all see that private ownership is somewhat of a myth. At all events, it is more a label than a fact. Full and unqualified corporate ownership would carry with it control over rates and wages, yet no railway in either Canada or the United States, has a word to say about either. Both are in the hands of State tribunals. The only advantage attaching to private ownership is the right to determine administrative policy; but that is of vast importance. It makes the difference between efficiency and inefficiency—between profit and loss."

The Labor Board at Chicago has already ordered cuts in some departments of railway operations and will continue ordering reductions in various other groups of operatives; and just as was done when wages went up—Canadian roads will follow suit.

SOMEBODY MUST PAY.

When one of Canada's leading daily newspapers is guilty of such an absurd blunder as to remark about a certain public improvement "it will not cost the tax payers one cent because bonds will be issued to pay for it," there is no need to seek further for evidence that the whole system of public finance is very much of a mystery to the average man.

It is this same unbounded faith in bonds as a magic wand to give us railways, roads, canals and power ditches practically free that is responsible for so much bad government financing. What public officials, legislators and large part of the general public fail to realize is that we cannot have anything without paying for it. Some day we must pay back every cent we have borrowed, and in the meantime we will have to pay interest on the amount unpaid. All rates, as years go on, will rise. One reason that it has been so easy to get the "O.K." of legislatures and the voting public on schemes to spend money is that we have not felt the cost of many of our public works to any serious degree as yet. We have not felt the cost because we have not been paying back what we borrowed to build these works.

It may come as a shock to many business men to learn that while they are required to pay back money they borrow, Canadian provinces do not consider it necessary to finance in this way. When students of finance condemn our present borrowing policies, it is time to do some sound thinking. It cannot go on forever like that. The foregoing is from The Financial Post, and it is a pretty accurate portrayal of conditions which obtain in New Brunswick, or which did obtain here down to very recent times, if not now. It is due to these conditions that this province is so heavily in debt. Every once in a while over-expenditures on current revenue would reach a figure that they could be met only by borrowing, and forthwith an issue of bonds was made, the proceeds of which covered the deficiency. The principle is much the same as when a man gives a note in payment of an account—it gets away with the immediate necessity for finding the cash, but in the end, the money must be forthcoming.

During the election campaign in this county, it was claimed by Dr. Curran that the Foster Government now makes provision for the amortization of its loans by means of sinking funds. Perhaps it does; but the deficit thereof only eats further into the revenue, which as it is, is not sufficient to cover ordinary expenditures. The only remedy is not to spend more than the income and then there will be no need to borrow to make up any deficit. Financially in the end, as the Financial Post says, "Somebody must pay"; and as far as New Brunswick is concerned, it seems likely that this "Somebody" will be the people as a whole, by means of a direct income tax.

There would be more continuity to the continued stories in the newspapers if the foreman didn't have about so much space to fill up, no more—and no less.

WHAT OTHERS SAY

Mr. King's Chart (London Free Press).

Hon. Mackenzie King is overworking his "chart" speech made at the close of the Liberal convention of 1919. When faced with the Liberal platform of 1919 and the solemn pledge that it would be put into legislative effect, he always takes back on the declaration that only regarding the platform as a "chart" and so told the convention.

Mr. King, for the sake of political convenience and to wiggle out of a tight corner, now reads into his statement made at that time something of which the convention never dreamed. If Mr. King had explicitly told the delegates that he did not feel bound by this solemn pledge to put the Liberal platform into legislation and that it was but a guide, he would have been howled off the platform by the convention, which had passed the tariff plank amid wild enthusiasm as a matter of fact. Mr. King definitely told the assembled convention in his grandiloquent way that with "this sacred compact" he would press on until "We have reached the goal where the principles and policies laid down in this historic convention will have become through legislation part of the law of the land."

Could language be plainer? There is not a man who was at the convention, who, if he is honest with himself, will not frankly state that this was his intention, the work of the "chart."

In order that there be no question as to Mr. King's exact language, we quote his remarks as given in the official report of the convention: "So ladies and gentlemen, while I must ask you to make all the allowances you can for one who is so inexperienced in public affairs, I hope you will nevertheless feel that in speaking to you tonight, the Liberal party would wish it to be done, I shall rely upon the counsel of those who are outstanding in the ranks of the party, the Liberal members of the Senate, the Liberals in the House of Commons, the leaders of the party in the several provinces, the representative men who are gathered together here, and that in this way I shall find a compass which will point the direction that ought to be taken and will point it aright."

"If more is needed, that more is to be found in the platform which has been laid down by this convention. That platform, ladies and gentlemen, is the chart on which is plotted the course desired by the people of the country, as expressed through the voice of the Liberal assembly here. So with this chart and this compass, forgetting the things which are behind, and stretching forward to the things which are before, let us press on from this moment, a great, united, a mighty force, making ever for more liberty, for wider freedom, for greater righteousness in the public affairs of this nation; press on, ever more zealous and united till we have reached the goal where the principles and policies laid down in this historic occasion will have become, through legislation, part of the law of our land."

Vain Talk About Equality

(London Daily Telegraph). The foundation of our ordered society rests on discipline, the discipline of civil life of the factory, workshop, and office—which is as necessary under the sun, either in the animal or vegetable world. The progress of every nation depends on wise leadership, under the restraint of responsibility, just as does victory by sea or land when war sounds its toll. The discipline of peace, as Tolstoy and Lenin are now preaching, are the defeated people; they must confront all the terrors which flow from a condition of chaos, and in many instances this means starvation.

"Killing the Geese That Laid"

(Philadelphia Public Ledger). The sure way to keep the tourist out of Germany enjoying the comforts of home is to charge the expense of travel already mountain-high. The traveler is beset by fees, taxes and superfluous documents behind and before. He used to have a guarantee of home to the amount of an officialdom on every hand must obstruct the pilgrim's progress with petty regulation. The smaller countries catch the disease of the itching palm. Here's little Germany bobbing again insisting on a passport, with \$5 for a visa, if one wishes to cross the imaginary line that divides the zone from the republic. The Panamanian collectors who are able to gather in the shokals, for such permission will qualify for the job of extracting \$100 apiece from American visitors to Germany.

Play is Work

(Provincial Journal). At its best, work becomes as pleasant as play. Play may be defined as activity undertaken from no requirement of money gain. It is the free spirit of man exercising itself after the prosaic demands for food, clothing and shelter have been satisfied. "Now," the immaterial part of us seems to say, "the material task is finished; there are meat and drink in the larder, we are clothed and in our right mind, and there is a roof over our head. Let us be merry." Play is the translation of our surplus energy into terms of rhythm, cadence, games of various kinds, competition, triumph. In other words, the day after a holiday, we can put something of this sort, a sense of freedom, a vacation quality, energy that is glad in itself, regardless of the pay envelope. The man who does the best work is the man who is not forever thinking of and shelter have been satisfied, has a genuine interest in his labor, who takes pride in his product, who finds his life's routine into a holiday atmosphere.

America's Greatest Man

(Chicago News). Lord Northcliffe's pronouncement that Theodore Roosevelt was the greatest man he had ever known was followed by former Vice-President Marshall's article in the Daily News naming Lincoln as the greatest. The

Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE

There was a meeting of the Davsters of Cicopatera in our parlor last night, and every time a lady rang the door bell she went to the door herself and the lady had to wipe the pass word to me before she would leave her in even if she knew her or not, and pop came down and looked on the hall-rack for his hat, saying, Benny, did you notice were I put my hat when I came in?

I think you put it in the parlor, I sed, and pop sed, Help, aid, sucker, I've got to go out and I've got to have that hat, but I wouldn't go in that parlor after it for a kings ransom. Do you want me to get it for you, pop? I sed, and pop sed, What a comfort it is to have children. Meaning he wanted me to, and I tried the parlor door and it was still locked, and a lady inside opened it a crack, saying, What is it, what do you want, don't you know this is a strictly secret meeting?

Is a mans hat in there? I sed.

I haven't noticed any, the lady sed. And she locked the door again and pop sed, Yee gods, im late now, its a fine state of affairs were a man cant get his own hat in his own house, if things got any worse im going to move out of the intire councin on until "We have reached the goal where the principles and policies laid down in this historic convention will have become through legislation part of the law of the land." Well ill go around to the back window and see if I can see ma, I sed, and pop sed, Well shake a leg. Wich I did, going out in the yard and nocking on the back parlor window and saying, Hay, hay ma, ma. Wich all of a suddin ma quick opened the window saying, Go away, wat kind of carryings on is this? and I sed, Is there a hat in there, ma? and she sed, How dare you bother me about your hat at such a time? And she banged the window down and I sed, Its pops hat. Only she didnt hear me on account of me saying it too late, and jest thep I remembered something I went back in the hall again and pop was wawking up and down like somebody in a fease hurry, me saying, Hay pop, G, I remember now, you didnt put it in the parlor, you put it up in the setting room.

Wat a hed, in ivory there is strength, pop sed. And he ran up stairs and got his hat himself and quick went out.

supporters of Washington, Napoleon and the other usual competitors for the title of "world's greatest" were not heard from. The Northcliffe pronouncement in favor of Roosevelt was given in a reminiscent discussion of the great man he had met. Of course he never met Lincoln. The Marshall judgment, more deliberate and given after the consideration of a wider field, was apropos of the dedication of the Lincoln memorial in Washington tomorrow. "Time does great things," says Mr. Marshall, has once at least effaced every note of discord, healed every wound and made of one man a universal candidate for greatness with qualities that appeal to all the higher and finer susceptibilities of man." With that judgment few Americans will quarrel and most will agree. To the great majority Lincoln is not only the greatest, but the ideal, American.

THE LAUGH LINE

Unnecessary Violence
"Yes, im continually breaking into song," said the cheerful one.
"Hm! If you'd once get the key you wouldn't have to break in," replied the dismal one.

One Safe Bet
Weather Expert—When I say it's going to be fine, it's wet; and when I say it's fine, it's fine! They'll sock me next!

Collleague—Stick to local showers and mans; there must be some local showers somewhere.

As He Took It
Comedian—"Poor old Harry got the bird property last night. They hissed him right off the stage. Then I came on. The audience quivered and listened to my first number with every attention. Then, just as I was giving 'em my patter, blowed if they didn't start hissing old Harry again."

Promotion
"Why not marry," said the Benedict to the woman-hater, "and have a wife to share your lot for better or for worse?"

And the disgruntled one growled: "It sounds all right; but some of these shareholders' blossom into directors!"

Speeding Up Production
Alice—"Do you go shopping when you haven't any money?"
Virginia—"Oh, I get through so much quicker."

Painless Dentistry
Aunt Ethel—"Well, Beatrice, were you very brave at the dentist's?"

HEARTBURN

A SEVERE CASE

Many people are troubled with heartburn who really do not realize just what it is. In case of this trouble there is a gnawing and burning pain in the stomach attended by distended appetite. It is generally caused by great acidity of the stomach, and whenever too much food is taken, it is liable to ferment, and becomes extremely sour, causing heartburn. In such cases vomiting of food occurs, and what is thrown up is sour and sometimes bitter. The one way to get rid of heartburn is to keep your liver active by using MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

and you will have no heartburn or other liver troubles such as constipation, jaundice, water brash, floating specks before the eyes, coated tongue, foul breath, etc.

Miss Agnes Cutting, Shallow Lake Ont., writes:—"I have had heartburn for a long time. There were gnawing and burning pains in my stomach, and then when I vomited there was a sour and bitter taste. I used two vials of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and they have cleared me of my heartburn. I don't think they can be beaten by any other medicine." Price, 25c a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto Ont.

Community Plate

for the June Bride

Fads and Fancies change, but Silverware continues the wedding gift supreme.

It's an unending source of pride that retains its charm throughout a lifetime. Every woman welcomes such a gift—be it large or small—as worthy expression of sterling sentiments.

We carry a full line of flatware in the "Adam" and "Sheraton" pattern Community Plate, also such well-known patterns as "Cromwell" and "Ambassador" in 1847 Rogers Bros. Silverware.

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PUGWASH HARD BRICK

\$24.00 per M. Delivered in City. 30.00 per M. Packed in Barrels for railway shipment.

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The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd.

Engineers and Machinists. Iron and Brass Castings. Phone West 598. West St. John. G. H. WARING, Manager.

Save Your Eyes

Real Comfort

The glasses we supply are so nicely adjusted there is no discomfort in wearing them, no sensation of weight pressure or pulling. The lenses rest the eyes, relieve all eye strain and give good vision. They give such real comfort you would not be without them for many times their very reasonable cost.

L. L. SHARPE & SON, Jewelers and Optometrists 21 King St., St. John, N. B.

Oysters, Clams, Halibut, Mackerel, Salmon, Haddock, Cod, Salt Shad

Smith's Fish Market

COAL

American Anthracite, All sizes. Springhill, Reserve, George's Creek Blacksmith, Kentucky Cannel, A wonderful grate coal. R. P. & W. F. Starr, Ltd. 48 Smythe St. 159 Union St.

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Is the large number of successful business men whom we trained, and who are our enthusiastic friends. Our Catalogue tells about some of them. Send for it. You may enter at anytime, as we will have no summer vacation.

S. KERR, Principal



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DRY OF

"Personal L... In New York, M...

A recent chair... Anderson, and... Anti-Saloon L... pressed the ut... manner in wh... Amendment is... the same time... warning, calli... "Dry America"... trimmed and b... that a vast amo... gunda is being... vers channels l... stand of the w... It is a regret... ticularly by th... foremost, that... are being wa... paganda to a... which they are... Several... women recentl... orary offices in... of the Associat... bition Amendm...

Campaign

The work of th... ed out, is to sp... ting light winc... as asserted, i... "smoke screen"... the whisky tra... back its networ... on this particu... against the th... ment and the V... sron said: "So called li... propaganda fool... law-abiding peo... formed as to th... follow the adop... ing their manuf... attempt on the... secure the pass... in both public a... wines and beer... The taste for... easily acquired... alcoholic concoct... ky, brandy, rum... "The taste of... repugnant to m... quently the habi... For this very fa... would be satis... the manufacture... rather than one... and beer. The... largely for the... more easily beco... "Light wine, a... about 10 per ce... carries from 3.1... colol. That is th... anti-prohibition... ised and it is... discover the num... are asleep to ju... would be to th... a thing to pre... Benefits of P... "This 'harmless... induces, after a... two or three gl... stupidity such a... Many and othe... tries. "We're m... condition in th... inhibition already... improvement, ev... In operation bet... wine and beer... dangerously in... The prohibitions... the situation a... times to combat... wets may make... guise. "Many social... of wealth in New... sented as to th... spectacle on the... gard for law and... upon a fictitious... the gratification... counts for such a... degenerating ef... the human mind... disintegrating in... ficial organism of... for beverage pur... However, Mr... look too long on... the work of ena... prohibition amendm... act. Commentin... ports of wholesal... trashed liquor in... by way of the Ca... way of New York... most optimistic... that this again m... gunda. He fre... great deal of lig... gled into this c... on the other han... ent that "a much...

DRY OFFICER WARNS WOMEN OF LIGHT WINE PROPAGANDA

"Personal Liberty" Plea Called Dangerous Effort of Whisky Interests to Rescue Their Lost Cause.

New York, May 28.—(By Mail)—At a recent church service, William H. Anderson, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, expressed the utmost gratification at the manner in which the Eighteenth Amendment is being enforced but at the same time sounded a note of warning, calling on proponents of a "Dry America" to keep their lamps trimmed and burning for the reason that a vast amount of insidious propaganda is being distributed through divers channels in a last "lost hope" effort of the whisky forces.

It is a regrettable fact, noted particularly by the friends of law enforcement, that a number of women are being won over by the wet propaganda to a "lost cause" about which they are none too well informed. Several prominent New York women recently, have accepted honorary offices in the women's division of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment.

Campaign for Light Wines

The work of the women, it is pointed out, is to open a fight for legalizing light wines and beer. This, it is asserted, is merely a foil or "smoke screen" by the use of which the whisky element hopes to bring back its notorious trade. Commenting on this particular phase of effort against the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Act, Mr. Anderson said:

"So called light wines and beer propagandists are a lot of respectable, law-abiding people who are not informed as to the results that would follow the adoption of a law authorizing their manufacture and sale. This attempt on the part of the wets to secure the passage of such a measure in both states and nations. Light wines and beer, naturally are popular. The taste for them is much more easily acquired than for the stronger alcoholic concoctions such as whisky, brandy, rum or gin.

"The taste of the latter is at first repugnant to most people and consequently the habit is slow to acquire. For this very fact a law allowing the manufacture and sale of whisky rather than one legalizing light wines and beer. The former is consuming largely for the 'kick' while the latter more easily becomes a habit.

"Light wine, so called, contains about 10 per cent alcohol, while beer carries from 3.12 to 6 per cent of alcohol. That is the 'harmless' stuff the anti-prohibitionists wish to have legalized and it is, indeed, surprising to discover the number of people who are asleep to just what the result would be to the National were such a thing to eventuate.

Benefits of Prohibition Evident

"This 'harmless' beer of the wets induces, after a person has consumed two or three glasses, heaviness and stupidity such as is common in Germany and other countries where beer is drunk. We do not want that sort of conditions in this country, where prohibition already has shown so vast improvement, even though it has been in operation but a short time. Let wine and beer, to my mind, present dangerously insidious propaganda. The prohibitionist should awaken to the situation and be on the alert at all times to combat any efforts that the wets may make, no matter under what guise.

Mary social and business leaders of wealth in New York City have presented an astounding and appalling spectacle on this question of disregard for law and of selfish insistence upon a fictitious personal liberty, and the gratification of appetite at the expense of the public welfare. There is no explanation which adequately accounts for such an attitude except the degenerating effect of alcohol upon the human mind and body, and the disintegrating influence upon the social organism of the traffic in alcohol for beverage purposes.

Radio Programmes For This Week

STATION WQY
General Electric Co., at Schenectady, N. Y. Eastern Standard Time.

- 12.30 p.m.—Noon stock market quotations.
- 6 p.m.—Stock and produce market quotations; baseball results; news bulletins.
- 7.45 Musical program.
- 12.30 p.m.—Wednesday, June 14 Noon stock market quotations.
- 6 p.m.—Stock and produce market quotations; baseball results; news bulletins.
- Thursday, June 15
- 12.30 p.m.—Noon stock market quotations.
- 6 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations; baseball results; news bulletins.
- 6.30 p.m.—Readings.
- 6.45 p.m.—Musical program.
- 8 p.m.—Address—"The Carillon of Belgium and Holland."
- Friday, June 16
- 12.30 p.m.—Noon stock market quotations.
- 6 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations; baseball results; news bulletins.
- 6.30 p.m.—Eleventh chapter of "Alice in Wonderland."
- 6.40 p.m.—Health Fair talk for children.
- 7.45 p.m.—Concert program.
- 10.30 p.m.—Program of dance music.

STATION WJZ
Daily Program (excepting Sunday) Newark, N. J.

- 9.00 a.m.—Agricultural reports and prices; musical program.
- 10.00 a.m.—Musical program.
- 12.00 p.m.—Agricultural reports and prices; weather forecast; musical program.
- 12.15 to 1.00 p.m.—Standard time signals from Arlington.
- 1.00 p.m.—Musical program.
- 2.00 p.m.—Shipping news excepting (Saturday); musical program.
- 3.00 p.m.—Musical program.
- 4.00 p.m.—Baseball scores; Women's Fashion News; musical program.
- 5.00 p.m.—Baseball scores; musical program.
- 6.00 p.m.—Official weather forecast; Agricultural reports and prices; shipping news (excepting Saturday); musical program.

Continuous Evening Program from 7 to 10.15 p.m.

- 7.00 p.m.—Final baseball scores; children's stories and music.
- 8.00 p.m.—Final baseball scores; Marine news.
- 10.30 to 11.00 p.m.—Official Arlington time signals.
- 11.01 p.m.—Official weather forecast.
- NOTE.—WJZ broadcasts on weekdays for fifteen minutes on every hour from 9.00 a.m. to 6.00 p.m., at noon from 12.00 M. to 12.30 p.m. The evening's program is continuous from 7.00 p.m. to 10.15 p.m. The Sunday's program is almost continuous from 9.00 p.m. to 10.15 p.m.

STATION KYW
Daily Broadcasting Schedule, Chicago, Ill.

- 9.35 a.m.—Opening Market Quotations.
- 10.00 a.m.—Market Quotations.
- 1.20 p.m.—Closing Market Quotations.
- 2.15 p.m.—News and Market Reports.
- 3.00 p.m.—Baseball lineups; progress of games.
- 4.15 p.m.—News, Market and Stock Reports.
- 6.30 p.m.—News, Final Market, Financial and Baseball Reports.
- 7.15 p.m.—Baseball Report, Children's Bed-time Story.
- 8.00 to 9.00 p.m.—Musical program.
- 9.00 p.m.—News and Sports.
- 9.05 p.m.—Special Features (as announced by radiophones.)

Sunday

STATION KDKA
Westinghouse Station, East Pittsburgh

- 9.00 to 9.15 a.m.—Music.
- 11.30 to 12 m.—Music.
- 2.30 p.m.—Results of all league baseball games.
- On Saturday, baseball scores and a special popular concert beginning at 2.00 o'clock.
- 6.00 p.m.—Baseball scores, theatrical features.
- 6.15 p.m.—Special addresses or popular concerts.
- 6.45 p.m.—Special News, Government Market Report, Summary of New York Stock Exchange, Weather Reports.
- 7.00 p.m.—Special address by business men and women, Baseball scores.
- 7.30 to 8.00 p.m.—Bedtime and Uncle Wiggly story for kiddies.
- 8.00 to 9.00 p.m.—Musical program, Baseball scores.
- 9.05 to 10.00 p.m.—Arlington time signals.

STATION WGI
American Radio and Research Corporation, 147 Ford Hillside, Mass. Regular Week Day Schedule

- 2.55 p.m.—Music.
- 3.00 p.m.—Current Events.
- 3.30 p.m.—Music and Talks.
- 7.30 p.m.—Baseball scores. Late News Flashes (Boston American) except on Tuesdays and Thursdays when at 7.45.
- 7.45 p.m.—Boston Police Reports, except on Tuesday and Thursday when at 7.55.
- 8.15 p.m.—Musical programmes.
- Sunday
- 8.00 p.m.—Radio Church Service.

Spelling the Fun

The teacher said to her pupils: "Wouldn't this be a great world if people would all love one another and treat each other with kindness?" One small boy looked doubtful. "Wouldn't you like to see everybody treat everybody else with kindness?" the teacher inquired. After a moment's reflection the boy answered: "Then there wouldn't be any more still and still pictures."

Annual Report Of General Secretary

Miss Innes MacKenzie Presents Interesting Summary of Y. W. C. A. Work for Past Year.

Miss Innes MacKenzie, general secretary, presented the following report at the annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association held on Friday evening, May 26, giving a summary of the year's work.

Oliver Wendell Holmes has said "that the great thing in this world is not so much where you are standing as in what direction you are going." So, as we bring you the work of the past year, we would ask you not to look altogether at the past months, but to read between the lines of the reports and see in what direction the activities have been leading. Duty and constitutional law are the only excuse we can offer for presenting the statement of the association, which must become monotonous and almost tiresome, notwithstanding the many new enterprises which may have been undertaken.

The story of the year's work is to present only a fragment of the association's activities, which seems, as we look back, to be only in the making. The reports presented by the conveners of committees and the heads of departments, which have shown that the aim has been not only to benefit the girls and young women, but to secure for the community the highest type of service.

The movement has been one which, through the energy and faithfulness of our president, the co-operation and association with a splendid group of women, has made it easier for the girls of yesterday and today. There is nothing wonderful or novel about what has been accomplished, but the days have been crowded with new problems and many difficulties, and with larger opportunities and greater privileges.

Very briefly we would touch on these departments and their relation to the association as a power for good. The physical director of any association has a dual profession, striving to advance its ideas in general and to be efficient as a teacher of physical education and hygiene. All who have been associated with Miss Littlefield during the last two years feel that she has ably filled this call. Through her earnestness and efficiency this department has a dual profession, striving to advance its ideas in general and to be efficient as a teacher of physical education and hygiene.

When the first girl away from home brought her carpet bag to the first Y. W. C. A. boarding home, over fifty years ago, no one thought that in every country in the world a resident branch of the association would be demanded. Reports have given some idea of the place, even in a very small way, this department holds today in the housing question of St. John. Much of the credit is due the superintendent, Miss Sellers, for the home atmosphere created amid somewhat unattractive surroundings.

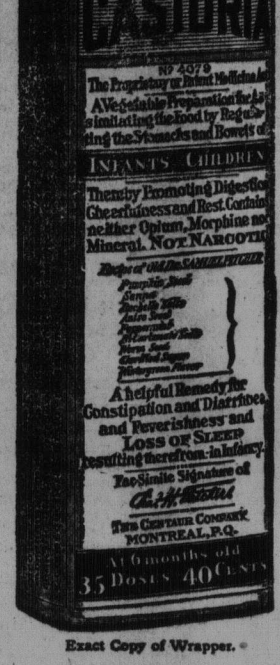
Are You Human?

A little baby. A little child. Don't they appeal to you? Doesn't your heart yearn to pick them up, to cuddle them close to you, to shield them from all harm? sure it does else you're not human. Being human you love them. Their very helplessness makes you reach out in all your strength to aid them. In health there's no flower so beautiful. In illness there's no sight so black.

Save them then. Use every precaution. Take no chance.

When sickness comes, as sickness will, remember it's just a baby, just a child and if the Physician isn't at hand don't try some remedy that you may have around the house for your own use.

Fletcher's Castoria was made especially for babies' ills and you can use it with perfect safety as any doctor will tell you. Keep it in the house.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

A Word About Truth. "Great is Truth, and mighty above all things." So says the Old Testament, yet it is equally true to-day. Truth shows no favors, fears no enemies.

From the inception of Fletcher's Castoria, truth has been the watchword, and to the conscientious adherence to this motto in the preparation of Fletcher's Castoria as well as in its advertising is due the secret of its popular demand.

All imitations, all substitutes, all just-as-good preparations lack the element of truth, lack the righteousness of being, lack all semblance even in the words of those who would deceive.

Fletcher's Castoria is prepared for Infants and Children. It is distinctly a remedy for the little ones. The BABY'S need for a medicine to take the place of Castor Oil, Paregoric and Soothing Syrup was the sole thought that led to its discovery. Never try to correct BABY'S troubles with a medicine that you would use for yourself.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Weddings

Dickie McIntyre. A pretty wedding took place at half past two o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. David's Presbyterian Church, when the pastor, Rev. J. A. MacKeigan, united in marriage, Miss Nellie Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. McIntyre, of 142 Charlotte street, 16 Edward Apollie Dickie of this city, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John W. Dickie of Gasquet. The bride was unattended. Mrs. J. M. Barnes presided at the organ, and Miss Ernie Gilmo very sweetly sang "Because" during the signing of the register. The church was prettily decorated for the occasion. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Dickie left on motor trip through the province, at the conclusion of which they will reside in the city.

Belliveau—Noonan

Moncton, N. B., June 12—A very pretty wedding was solemnized this morning in St. Bernard's church, at 7.30, when Miss Elma J. Noonan, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Noonan, became the bride of Mr. J. Thomas Belliveau, Rev. Father Savage celebrated nuptial mass. The bride, wearing a sash colored suit with hat to match and carrying a bouquet of roses, entered the church on the arm of her father, Mr. William Carney of St. John, was best man. After the ceremony, breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents. The happy couple left on the Maritime Express for different points in Prince Edward Island. They will reside in Moncton.

O'Brien—Braith

Moncton, N. B., June 12—At St. Assumption church, this morning, Raymond O'Brien, of Memramcook, N. B., and Miss Marie Louise Braith, of Neguac, N. B., were united in marriage with nuptial mass by Rev. Father Belliveau.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien left for Newcastle, Neguac and other places to spend their honeymoon. On their return they will reside at Memramcook.

Reproduction

Up at our boarding house there are two children, a boy and a girl. The boy is the living photograph of his father, and the girl is the very photograph of her mother.—Olo Sun Dial.

Funerals

Home for Incurables to Fernhill. Rev. R. A. Armstrong conducted service. The funeral of Ernest H. Huggard was held yesterday afternoon from Clayton's undertaking rooms to the Church of England burying ground. Rev. A. E. Gabriel conducted service. The body of Charles T. McKinnon, who died in Boston on last Thursday from the excessive heat, was brought to Fairville on the Boston train yesterday afternoon, accompanied by Mrs. McKinnon, mother of the young man, and was met at the station by relatives and friends. The funeral will be held this morning.

Funerals

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Scannel took place yesterday morning from her late residence, 264 Chestey street, to St. Peter's Church for high mass of requiem by Rev. D. Coll. Interment was in the old Catholic cemetery. Relatives were pall-bearers. The funeral was attended by many and a large number of spiritual and floral offerings were received.

Funerals

The funeral of Miss Jane Sancton was held yesterday afternoon from the



WARNING! Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

- Colds
- Toothache
- Earache
- Headache
- Neuralgia
- Lumbago
- Rheumatism
- Neuritis
- Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the true mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacturing Co. of Germany. While it is well known that Aspirin is a Bayer product, the public is often misled by cheap imitations. The Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Canada's Favorite Pipe Tobacco

OLD CHUM

in tins and packets

The Tobacco of Quality



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Table with shipping schedules for St. Lawrence Sailings, Quebec-Liverpool, Montreal-Liverpool, Montreal-Glasgow, and Montreal-Naples-Genoa.

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MARINE NEWS

Table with Moon's Phases and Port of St. John, N.B. arrivals and departures.

Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc. Resumption of Freight and Passenger Service between St. John and Boston, commencing May 24.

Abbie Keast, reported drifting in the Bay. It is reported that Keeper Bradshaw of the Quaco Light, towed a disabled and leaking vessel into Quaco yesterday morning.

Canadian Good Roads Association Gathers Today

Many Important Matters Will Be Discussed at Convention in Victoria, B. C. Victoria, B. C., June 12.—(By Canadian Press.)—Many important matters will be discussed at the annual convention of the Canadian Good Roads Association which opens here tomorrow and continues until Thursday.

From the extreme east, as well as from Quebec and Ontario and the Prairie Provinces, delegates will attend and the meeting will also be international in character, many good roads organizations in the United States being represented.

Distributing Food Packages Provided By Chauve Souris

Begins Among Moscow Actors, Many Distinguished Artists Being on the List. London, June 11.—Distribution of food packages provided by the recent Chauve Souris benefit in New York, has begun among Moscow actors, and hundreds of articles, such as clothing, carrying cases or boxes, are crowding counters of the American Relief Administration food remittance department, located in the once famous Hermitage restaurant, of Moscow.

Additional Train Service St. John-Fredrickton Effective Sunday, June 4th. The Canadian Pacific will inaugurate a Sunday service between St. John and Fredrickton, effective Sunday, June 4th.

Tenders for Heating Sussex School Building. Sealed tenders marked on outside "Tenders for Heating," will be received by the Secretary up to Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 10 o'clock for the installation of a Steam Heating System in above-mentioned building.

THE THIRD BATTLE OF YPRES KNOWN TO CANADIANS AS THE "JUNE SHOW OF 1916"

Story of Gallant Deeds of the Canadian Corps in the Ypres Salient—How in Face of Terrible Odds They Maintained the Canadian Tradition of Having Never Lost a Trench.

(Written for the Canadian Press.) Six years ago today the outcome of the third battle of Ypres was decided. On June 3, after concentrated artillery bombardment, the Germans attacked the allied line which bounded that blood-soaked triangle, the "salient," and for eleven days and nights, attack and counter-attack, interspersed with the fiercest fighting, the Canadians were ever subject, ranged from Hooge to Hill 60.

On that 3,000 odd yards of front, Canadians fought the fiercest fighting, it is estimated that over eleven German divisions were used in an effort to smash through the Canadian line. The Canadians were actually only two Canadian divisions, the Second Canadian division only contributed a few battalions. The German attack was directed against the Zillebeke village, nearly 3,000 yards from the original front line trenches, but in their attack six years ago today, Canadians drove the Germans from the occupied ground, consolidated the line where it had previously been and made good the saving of the Canadian Corps lost in the attack on the Dominion had never lost a trench.

Historians only make passing reference to this fight which has been variously termed "The Battle of Sanctuary Woods," "The Battle of Zillebeke," nevertheless the loss and the recovery of the position was fraught with some of the costliest and most desperate fighting of the war. Whole battalions were wiped out in the fury of the bombardments which proceeded the attacks of the Wurttembergers and the Somme. The Canadians, however, held their ground until that strip of flanders soil bounded on the north by the Menin Road and on the east by the trenches, was a litter of dead men, animals and the wreckage of equipment smashed by high explosives. The Somme, the Canadian divisions in eleven days of fighting, lost more men at the Third Battle of Ypres than those same divisions lost in the Somme.

The principal units engaged were: 1st, 3rd, 7th and 8th Battalions under Brigadier General Lipsett; 2nd, 4th and 16th Battalions under Brigadier General Tuxford. General Garnet Hughes with the 6th, 10th, 14th and 15th was in divisional reserve. There are many rumors and theories concerning the Sanctuary Wood-Maple Copse-Hooge fight. The Germans gave the impression of their intention to attack in April, by driving T saps toward the Canadian line afterwards linking up the saps into new front trenches. It was the night when the 2nd division of the 1st division were holding the line and on the extreme left where the Royal Canadian Regiment were in the trenches on June 2nd, the Boche did not advance. It is true, but at the same time the main force of the Wurttemberg attack was directed against the centre held by the trenches of the Third Canadian Division, then making its debut in the trenches. Here the volume of shell fire was so intense that several battalions of the division simply ceased to exist before the Germans even left their trenches. The enemy undoubtedly was fully informed as to the position of the Canadian line. His attack was launched accordingly.

Officers and men who were in the "June Show" (as it is called of 1916) invariably express puzzlement why, after the Germans had smashed through the Canadian defence lines, they did not press the advantage, flatten the salient and cause a retirement of some miles in the direction of Poperinghe. The German official mind which lays down fact and fast rules for attacking troops, is cited as one of the principal reasons why this programme was not carried out. The Germans were not allowed to use initiative. They were mere fighting machines, ordered to march a long way and to attack success had not the Canadian artillery, working in harmony with infantry and aerial observers, effectually smashed several attempts to reinforce the thinning ranks of those troops who did gain their objectives.

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