

## -INSURANCE CHRONICLE.

Vol. XXXV.-No. 38.
TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 2I, 1902.

Does Your Lighting Cost more than you think it should ?

## Then Use the HYLO Lamp.

Costs more at the start, but pays for itself in its longer life. Can be turned down like gas, and costs but $\mathbf{1 / 6}$ as much when burning low as when burning bright.
If you are interested in an economical solution of the lighting problem, communicate with us

THE PACKARD ELECTRIC 60. St. Catharines, Ontario.



This name is put on shoes which have become known for their general superiority. In shape, material and finish, they embody all the character that the discriminating buyer demands.
J. \& T. BELL, ${ }^{180}$ Singpoctor MONTREAL.

The Sale of
159 Engines in 1901

* Speaks volumes for the efficiency of our manufactures. Let us know your requirements and we will furnish estimates. Send for Catalogue


## WE ALSO MAKE

WHEELOOK ENGINES, IDEAL HIGH SPEED ENGINES, GAS and Gasoline engines, bollers, pumps, Water Wheels, flour mill machinery, oatmeal mill MACHINERY, WOLF GYRATORS, EMERY CHOPPERS WOOD WORKING MACHINERY, SHINGLE MACHINERY heading and stave machinery, wood rim split PULLEYS, iRON PULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS, FRIC. tion clutch couplings, friction olutch pulleys, CHAIN TAOKLE, SAFES, VAULTS and VAULT doors :
The Goldie \& McCulloch Co., Limited GALT, Ontario

## COW AN'S COCOAS

Everything that can be done to make them the best is done. We know where the best Cacao is grown, and import it direct. As to its preparation, we are certain that our methods are unsurpassed.
How is Your Stock?
The Cowan Co., Limited
TORONTO, Ont.

## ALWAYS AT THE TOP



Shirts
Collars
and

## Cuffs

"BEST MADE"
THE WILLIAMS, GREENE \& ROME CO. of BERLIN, Limted, manufacturers, BERLIN, ONTARIO

## RICE LEWIS\& SON

LIMITED.



## Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE
. . BAR . .
Iron and Steel,
Wrought Iron PIPE and FITTINGS.

TORONTO, Ontario.

## BANK OF MONTREAL

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|Imano omex $x$ моттве르

## Board of Directors :]

rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and mount royat, G.C.M.G., President.
 E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
A. MACNDER, Chief Inspector and Supt.
BRANOHES IN OANADA.
MONTREAL-Hanches.


Newfoundland-St. John's, Nfld.-Bank of Montre
ntreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.
In the United States-New York - R. Y. Hebden and J. M. Greata, agents, 59 Wall St.
BANkers IN GREAT Brisain-London-The Bank of England. The Union Bank of
London. The London and Westminster Bank. The National Provincial Ronk of
England. Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool, Limited. Scotland-The British Linen
BANKERA IN THE UE UNTED STATES-New York-The National City Bank. The Bank of
New York, N.B.A. National Bank of Commerce in New York. Boston-The Mer-
chants' National Bank. J. B. Moors \& Co. Buffalo-The Marine Bank, Buffal-
San Francisco-The First National Bank. The Anglo-Califorian Bank.

## CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Head Office,<br>TORONTO<br>Paid-up Capital. 88,000,000 Rest. . . . . . . . . . . . 2,000,000

Hon. Geo, A. Cox, President DIRECTORS: Jas, Orathern, Esq. ${ }^{\text {John }}$ W. Bo. Hamilton, Esq. Kilgour, Eso, Vice-President. Matthew Leggat, Esq. A. Kingman, Esq.
B. E. WALKER, General Manager L. Melvin Jones. J. W. Flavelle, Esq.
Frederic Nicholls, Esq. A. H., Ireland, Chief Inspector and superintendent of Asst. General Manager BRANCHES OF THE BANK IN CANADA.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Ayr } & \text { Dresien } & \text { Ontario: } & \\ \text { Barrie } & \text { Dundas } & \text { Ottawa } & \text { Simcoe } \\ \text { Belleville } & \text { Dunnville } & \text { Paris } & \text { Parkhill }\end{array}$
London, 60 Lombard St, Ereat Britain,
$\qquad$
London, 60 Lombard St., E.C. S. Cameron A
New York. San Francisco, Oal. Portland, Ore. Seattle, Wash. Skagway, Alaska,
Bankers in Great Britain-The Bank of Scotland, imited; Smith, Payne \& Smiths London Bank of Scotland, London; Lloyds Bank, FRance-Credit Lyonnais Paris:Messrs
Deutsche Bank. Holland - Disconto Maatschappij, Fotterdam. BexGIUM-Mesres. Mes. Matthieu \& Fils, Brussels. Mexico-Banco de Londres y Mexico. West Indies-Bank of Nova Scotia, Kingston, Jamaica; Colonial Bank and Branches. Bermuda-Bank of
Bermuda, Hamilton. South AMERICA-British Bank of South America; London and Brazilian Bank. INDIA, CHINA AND JAPAN-The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. South AFrica-standard Bank of South Africa, Limited; Bank of Africa, Limited. Australia and New Zealand-Union Bank of Australia, Limited; Bank of
Australasia. Honolulu-First National Bank of Hawaii : Bishop \& Co.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid-up.... $\$ 6,000,00$ Rest . . ............... $2,600,000$

## Head Office,

 MONTREAL.
## Board of Directors :

[^0]
## THE MOLSONS BANK

## 93rd Dividend.

The Shareholders of The Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the Branches, on and after the

## First Day of April, next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th to the 3 rst March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

## JAMES ELLIOT,

Montreal, 27th Feb'y, 1902.
General Manager.

## THE <br> Bank of British North America

## Incorporated by Royalicharter.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a Dividend of Thirty (30) Shillings per Share will be paid on the 4th day of April next, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, making with the dividend paid in October a distribution of $6 \%$ for the year ending 3ist December, igor.

The Dividend will be paid at the rate of exchange current on the 3rd day of April, 1902, to be fixed by the Managers.

No transfers can be made between the 20th inst. and the $3^{\text {rd }}$ prox., as the books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court,
(signed)
A. G. WALLIS,

No. 5 Gracechurch Street,
Secretary.
London, E.C., 4 th March, 1902.
THE DOMINION
BANK

Capital (paid-up) $\ldots \$ 2,500,000$ Reserve Fund...... $2,500,000$

Head Office, TORONTO


## THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid-up .....\$r,000,000
Reserve Fund....... 750,000

Head Office,

## TORONTO

W. F. Allen F. Cowax, Presiden Ailsa Craig Brighton A.J. Somerville
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Alisa Craig } & \text { Brighton } \\ \text { Bradfanville } & \text { Brussels }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Bradford } & \text { Campbellford } \\ \text { Brantford } & \text { Cassels } \\ & \end{array}$
Cannington

New York-Tmporters' and Traders' National Bank.
Montreal-Molosons Bank; Imperial Bank of Canada.
All banking business promptly attended to. Correspondence solicited*

## THE BANK OF TORONTO

## DIRECTORS

Head Office, Toronto, Can.

|  |
| :---: |

## isorag Gooderhan, President Henry Cawthra Robert Reford $\begin{gathered}\text { Whlinam Henry Beatty, Vice-President } \\ \text { Geo. J. Cook } \\ \text { Charles Stuart }\end{gathered}$

dundan Coulson, General Manager Joserf Henderson, Inspector foronto Cobourg Branches Montreal Barrie King St., W Coblingwood Barrie $\begin{gathered}\text { Gananoque }\end{gathered}$ "
Peterboro Rossland, B.C.
Sarnia
St. Catharines
Stayner
Wallaceburg Copper Cliff, Ont. London East

Petrolia
Port Hope
ondon, England-The London Oity and Midland Bank, Limited,
New York-National Bank of Commerce.
Chicago-First National Bank.

## payment

## IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE,
D. R. Wilkie, General Manager $\begin{aligned} & \text { E. Hay, Assistant General Manager } \\ & \text { W. Moffat, Chief Inspector }\end{aligned}$ branches

 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Brandon, Man. } & \text { Edmonton, Alta. } & \text { Prince Albert, Salk. Revelstoke, B.O. } \\ \text { Calgary, Alta. } & \text { Nelson, B.C. } & \text { Winnipeg, Man. }\end{array}$

AGENTS-London, Eng. - Lloyds Bank Limited. Now York-Bank of Montreal.

## The ROYAL Hoat inimion , ws

coinurn pitur sumem Bank of Canada
Directors. Thomas E. Kenney, Esq., President.; Thomas Ritchie, Esq., Vice-Pre
General Manaser Edson L. Pease, Montreal. Secoy and Superin.
W. B. Torrance, Halifax' Inspector, W. F. Brock, Montreal Superintendent of Branchee, Branches and Agencies of the Bank
Nova Scotia-Halifax, Antigonish, Bridgewater, Guysboro, Londonderry, Louisburg,
Lanenburg, Maitland, Pictou, Port Hawkesbury, Shubenacadie, Sydney Truro C.B., Lunenburg, Maitland, Pictou, Port Hawkesbury, Shubenacadie, Sydney, Truro, Quebeo-Montreal, Montreal, West End, Montreal, Westmount. Ontario-Ottawa. British Columbia-Grand Forks, Nanaimo, Nelson, Rossland, Victoria, Vancouver, Vancouver
(East End). Newfoundland-St. John's. Cubs-Havana, United States-New York Exchange Place), S. H. Voorhees, Agent; Republic, Washington State.
Great Britain-Bank of Scotland. Erance-Credit Lyonnais, Germany-Deutsche Bank. Spain-COredit Lyonnais, Ohina and Japan-Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation. New York-Chase National Bank. Boston-National Shawmut Bank. Corporation, New York

## THE QUEBEC BANK

Gaspard Lemoine W. A. Marsh Veasey Boswell F. Billingsley Edson Fitch
Quebec, St. Peter St. Ottawa Branches
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { " St. Roch } & \text { Thetford Mines, Que } \\ \text { Montreal, St. James St. } & \text { Thronto, Ont. } \\ \text { Three Rivers, Que. }\end{array}$
Founded 1818. Incorp'd $\mathbf{8 2 2}$. Head Office, Quebec Capital Authorized... $\$ 3,000,000$ Capital Paid-up ...... 2,500,000

## Board of Directors:

John Breakey, Esq., President

St. Catherine E. Pembroke, Ont. Storiavile, Que.
Shawenesan Falls, P.Q. British North America, Hanover National Bank. Boston, National Bank of the Bank of

> THE BANK OF OTTAWA

Charles Mager, President. Directors Hon Geo. Bryson Alex. Fraser David Maclaren George Hay, Vice-President Burn, Geneal Manager. D. M. Finnie, Ottawa Manis Murphy
Branches-In Ontario-Alexandria, Arnprior, Avonmore, Bracebridge, Carleto -Bank Street, Rideau Street, Sowation, Stretille, Lanark, Mattawa; Ottaw Portage, Rentrew, Smith's Falls, Toronto, Vankleek Hill, Winchester In Quebec-Granby, Hull, Lachute, Montreal, Shawinigan Falls.

Agents in Canada-Bank of Montrnal.

## BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Capital Paid-up,
Reserve Fund,
$82,000,000.00$ Incorporated 1832.
head Office, halifax, N.S Directors:
John Y. Payzant, President
Ohas. Archibald, Vice-Presiden
 In Nova Scotia-Amherst, Annaranches Halifa Kentville, Aiverpol, Annapoung, Bridgetown, Dartmouth, Digby, Glace Bay,
Stellarton, Westville, Yarmouth, In New North Sydney, Oxford, Pictou, Pugwash, Stellarton, Nestviie, , armouth. In New Brunswick-Campbellton, Chatham, Fredericton,
Moncton, Newcastle, St. John, St. Stephen, St, Andrews (sub, to St Stephen Woodstock. In P. E. I. -Charlottetown and Summerside. In Quebeo - Montreal and
Winnipeg In Newfoundland-St. John's and Harbor Grace. In West Indies-Kingston,
Jamaica. In United States-Boston, Mass.; Ohicago, IIl

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

## HEAD OFFIOE, QUEBEO

Capital Paid-up, $82,000,000$
Rest, 550,000

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

 Andrew Thomson, Esq., President Hon. John Sharples, Vice-Pres.D. C. Thomson, Esq. E. Giroux, Esq. E. J. Hale, Esq. Wm. Price, Esq. Wm. Shaw, Esq. E. E. Webr, General Manager. J. G. Biclett, Inspector.
Alexandina, Ont,

## Alexandra, Ont, Branches:

| reola, N.W.T. | Branches: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boissevain, Man. | Hartney, Man. | Minnedosa, Man. | Regina, N.W.T. |
| Calgary, N.W.T. | Hastings, Ont. | Montreal, Que | Shelburne, |
| Carberry, Man. | Holland, Man. | Moosomin, N.W.T. | Smith's Falls, O |
| Oarleton Place, Ont. | Indian Head, N.W.T. | Moose Jaw, N.W.T. | Souris, Man. |
| Oarman, Man. | Killarney, Man. | Morden, Man. | Toronto, Ont, |
| Orystal Oity, Man. | Kemptrille, Ont. | Neepawa, Man. | Virden, Man. |
| Deloraine, Man. | Lethbridge, N.W.T. | Norwood, Ont | Vawanesa, M |
| Edmonton, N.W.T. | MacLeod, N.W.T. | Pincher Oreek | Viarton, Ont. |
| enboro, M Gretna, Man | Merrickyille, Ot | Quebec Que. W.T. | Winchester, Ont. |
| Hamiota, Man. | Melita, Man. |  | Yorkton, N.W.T. |

 National Bank of the Republic. Mrnneapolis-National Bank of Oommeroe. St. PAux
-St. Paul National Bank. Great Falle, Montana-First National Band Ift. Paul National Bank, Great Falls, MontaNa-First National Bank, Oricago ational Bank.

# THE ONTARIO BANK 

Head Ofllce, TORONTO Capital Authorized, $\$ 1,500,000.00$ Capital Paid-up, : $1,393,000000$ Rest, Profit and Loss Acct., $\begin{gathered}350,0000000 \\ 16,996.04\end{gathered}$

## DIRECTORS

 BRANCHES

## Alliston

Aurora
Corrwall
Fort Will
BRAN
$\substack{\text { Lindsay } \\ \text { Montre }}$ Fort Willian
Kingston
Buckingham, Que.
Toronto
Koronto-Scott \& Wellington Sts.
Torone
Montreal
Nowmarket
Port Arthur

Toronto-Scott \& Wellington Sts. Cor. Queen \&
London, Eng.-Parr's Bank, Limited. France
London, Eng.-Parr's Bank, Limited. France and Europe-Oredit Lyonnais, Now
York-Fourth National Bank and the Agents Bank of Montreal. Boston-Eliot National
The TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated
by Act of Parliament 1885,
Head Office, TORONT
 I. S. STRATHY, Genoral Manager
J. A. M. ALLEX, Inspector




THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK FREDERICTON $\quad$ Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1864 N.B.
F. Randolph, President Incorporated by Act of Parlament, 1864 J. W. Spurden, Oashier London-Union Bank of London. New York-Fourth National Bank. Boston -Eliot National Bank. Montreal-Ünion Bank of Lower Canada.

## The NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND

ncorporated by Royal Charter
and Act of Parliament

## Head Office

## Edinburgh

Capltal Subscribed Uncalled

## Tuomas Hector Smith, General Manager

## ARE YOU SEEKING AN INVESTMENT?

There are a great many people in a large or small way who have money that they wish to place in a safe and reputable investment. We pay five per cent. on our Debentures; interest coupons payable half yearly.
Let us discuss this matter with you. We can show you many good and sufficient reasons why you . should . purchase . our Debentures.

THE STANDARD LOAN CO,
24 Adelaide Street East, TORONTO
w. S. Dinnick,

THE funds placed with THE CANADA PERMANENT AND WESTERN CANADA MORTGAGE CORPORATION, Toronto, for investment, increased during the year igor from

## $\$ 14,967,880$ to $\$ 15,436,879$.

Will it interest you to see a Miniature Specimen of the Four Per Cent. Bond issued by the Corporation, and a copy of Order of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, authorizing Trustees to invest Trust Funds therein? If so, send us your name and post office address.

## EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK

Established ........ 1859. $\$ 2,000,00$ Authorized Capital...\$2,
Capital paid up....... $1,742,535$ Reserve Fund ......... 1, 050,000

Board of Directors R. W. Heneker, - President Hon. M. H. Cochrane, Vice-President. C. H. Kathan, H. B. Brown, K.C., Jsracl Wood J. N, Galer, N. W. Thomas, G. Steven, C. H. Kathan, H. B. Brown, K.C.,
J. S. Mitchell. HyAD OFFCE, Sherbrooke, Que. WM. FARweri, Gen' Manager. Branches-Province of Quebec : Montreal, Waterloo, Cowansville, Rock Island, Coaticook, Richmond, Granby, Huntingdon, Bedford, Magog, St. Hyacinthe, Orms-
town, Windsor Mills. Province of B. C. : Grand Forks, Phoenix. Agents in Canada-Bank of Montreal and Branches. Agents in London, Eng.National Bank of Scotland. Agents in Boston-National Exchange Bank. Agents in
New York-National Park Bank. Collections made at all accessible points and remitted.
$\qquad$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Paid-up Capital. .... } & \mathbf{8 7 0 0 , 0 0 0} \\ \text { Reserve Fund. . . . } & \mathbf{2 6 0 , 0 0 0}\end{array}$ Board of Directors: J. J. Stewart..... President W.H. Webb, Hon. G. J. Troop, John Murphy,
Andrew Mackinla

> D. R. Clarke, Cashier. Head Office, HALIFAX, N.S.

Agencies-North End Branch-Halifax, Edmundston, N.B., Wolfville, N.S. Wondstock, N.B.. Lunenburg. N.S., Shediac, N.B., Port Hood, C.B., FraservilleQue., Canso, N.S.: Levis, P.Q., Lake Megantic, P.Q., Cookshire, P.Q., QuebecQue., Hartland, N.B., Danville, P.Q., Grand Falls, N.B., Mahone Bay, N.S., Mabou, C.B., St. Raymond, P.Q.. Grand Mere, P.Q. Bankers-The Union Bk, of London, London, G.B. ; The Bank of New York
New York ; New England National B nnk, Boston; Bank of Toronto, Montreal.

## The Western Bank of Canada

## DIVIDEND No. 39

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Dividend of Three and One-half per cent. has been declared upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Bank for the current six months, being at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, and that the same will
be due and payable on and after Tuesday, 1st Day of April, 1902 at the Offices of the Bank. The Transfer Books will be April, 1902. 3 oth of March.
Notice is also given that the twentieth Annual Meeting of the Shat the Bank will aiso given that the twentieth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank, Oshawa, Ont., at the hour of Two oclock p.m. , for the election of Director the Bank, Oshawa, Ont., at the hour of Two o clock p.m, for the election of Director-
and such other business as may legally come betore the meeting.
By order of the Board.
Oshawa, Feb, T. H. McMILLAN,

## THE HALIFAX

 BANKING CO.MacNab W. J. G. Thomson W. N. Wickwire A. ALLAN Inspector
 Branches - In Nova Scotia: Amherst, Antigonigh, Barrington, Bridgewater,
Canning, Iockeport, Lunenburg, Middleton, New Glasgow, Parrsboro, Shelburne, Canning, Lockeport, Lunenburg, Middleton, ${ }_{\text {New }}^{\text {New }}$ Glasgow, Parrsboro, Shelburne,
Springhill, Truro, Windsor. New Brunswick: Sackville, St. John. Correspondennts-Dominion of Canada: Molsons Bank and branches. New York Fourth National Bank. Boston: Suffolk National Bank. London, England: Parr's Bank

## BANK OF YARMOUTH THE HAMILTON PROVIDENT AND

T. W. Joins,
H. G. Farish,

Directors: S. A. Crowell, Vice-Pres.
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { H. Cann } \\ \text { H. Pres. }\end{array}\right)$
Augustus Cann H. Cann Augustus Cann J. Leslie Lovitt

## Correspondents at <br> Halitax-The Royal Bank of Canada. <br> St. John-The Bank of Montreal.

Montreal-The Bank of Montreal and Molsons Bank. New York-The National Citizens Bank.
Philadelphia-Consolidation National Bank.
London, G. B. - The Union Bank of London.

## la banque nationale.

NOTICE. - On and after Thursday, the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its Shareholders a Dividend of Three per Cent. upon its capital for the six months ending on the 30th April next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Wednesday, the 14th May next, at three o'clock, p.m. The power of attorney to vote must, to be valid, be deposited at the Bank five full days before that of the meeting., i.e., before three o'clock p.m. on Wednesday, the 7th May next. By order of the Board of Directors. P. LAFRANCE, Manager. Quebec, 18 th March, 1goz

INCORPORATED
1836

## ST. STEPHEN'S BANK

St. Stephen'

## President Vice-Pressident

 LOAN SOCIETYCapital Subscribed....... $81,500,00000$ Capital Paid-up.............. $1,100,00000$ Reserve \& Surplus Funds 365,771 28 DEBENTURES ISSUED FOR: 1, 2 OR 3 YEARSy
Interest payable halt-yearly at the highest current rates.
Executors and Trustees are authorized by law to invest Executors and Trustees are aut
in Debentures of this Society.

Head Office-King St., Hamilton
C. FERRIE, Treasurer

## UNION BANK OF HALIFAX

Capital Authorized, - - . $\$ 1,500,000$ Capital Subseribed,
 575,000

> WM. Robertson, -, Vresident. WM. Roche, M.P., Vice-President.

John H. Symons, M. F., Cice-President. C. Blackadar,
HEAD OFFICE, - - HALIFAX, N.S.
E. L. Theory, General Manager,

Correspondents Bank of Toronto and Branches, Upper Canada. Royal Bank of Canada, St. John, N.B,
National Bank of Commerce, New York. Merchants National Bank, Boston. London and Westminster Bank, Limited, London, England.



## Huron and Erie

|  | Loan and Savings |
| :---: | :---: |
| London, Ont. | Company |

London, Ont

## bed

Capital Subscribed Capital Paid-u
Reserve Fund Reserve Fund

Money adv
rable terms.
Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling.
Executors and Trustees are authorized by Act of Par liament to invest in the Debentures of this Company Interest allowed on Deposit
J. W. LITTLE,

President.
G. A. SOMERVILLE, Manage

The Home Savings and Loan Company, Limited.

Office No. 78 Church St. Toronto
Authorized Capital. $\qquad$ ...................... \$2,500,000 Subscribed Capital. $\qquad$ ......
Deposits received and interest at current rates allowed. Money loaned on Mortgage on Real Estate, on reasonAle and convenient terms.
Advances on collateral security of Debentures, and Advances on collate

JAMES MASON, Manager.

## THE

Toronto Mortgage Company Office, No. 13 Toronto St.

## Capital Authorized <br> Regery paid-up <br> Reserve Fund

$\begin{array}{r}81,445,860 \\ 724,540 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}724,540 \\ 250,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$
andrew J. President. $\begin{aligned} & \text { SOMER Ville, Esq. }\end{aligned}$ WM. MORTIMER CLARE, K.C., w.S Debentures Issued in currency or sterling. Savings Bank Deposits received, and interest allowed. Money Loaned on Real Estate on favorable terms.
walter gillespie, Manager

## The Ontario Loan ano Savings Gompany

Oshawa, Ontario


Money loaned at low rates of interest on the security of Real Estate and Municipal Debentures.
W. F. Cowan, President,
W. F. Oowan, President.
T. H. McMILLAN, Sec-Treas.

## The Canada Landed ano National

 Investment Company, Limitedhead Office, 23 Toronto St., Toronto.
Capital Subscribed
Capital Paid-up
$\$ 2,008,000$
Rest
Assets
$1,004,000$
350,000 DIRECTORS :
John Lang Blaikie, Esq., President.
John Hoskin, Esq., K..., LL. D., Vic
Hon. Senator Gowan, LL.D., C.M.G., J. K. Osborne, J. S. Playfair, N. Silverthorn, John Stuart, D. E. Thomson,
K.C., Frank Turner, C.E. Hon. James Young. Money lent on Real Estst Do Debentures Tsaned for and upwards. Interest payable half yearly at current rates EDWA SAUNDERS, Manager

Imperial Loan \& Investment Co. Established 1869. OF CANADA.

## DANIEL LAMB, Esq.,

E. H. KERTLAND, Esq.

Highest Rate of Interest Allowed on
Deposits, Currency and Sterling Bonds, Payable Half-Yearly.
Money Advanced on Stocks, Bonds \& Debentures Loans on Lands in Ontario and Mani-
toba, by Mortgage, at Lowest Rates.
OFFIOES - IMPERIAL CHAMBERS' 32 and 34 Adelaide St. East, Toronto -ROLPH \& BROWN,

Solicitors.

## Mercantile Summarv.

## NEW CORPORATIONS.

Following is a list of new companies, lately organized throughout Canada, that have received Government charters, or have been granted supplementary Letters Patent. The object of the company, amount of capital stock, location of principal office, and names of incorporators are given, so far as possible, and whether the charter has been granted by Provincial or Dominion Governments:
The American Tent \& Awning Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 40,000$. Lawrence Solman, Eugene Parsons, and H. A. Van Uum. Ontario charter.

The New York \& Ontario Gold Mining Co., Limited, Kingston, Ont.; $\$ 1,000,000$. B. W. Folger, M. H. Folger, M. H. Folger, Jr.; N. M. Flower, and Henry Seibert. Ontario charter.
The Hahn Brass Co., of New Hamburg, Limited, New Hamburg, Ont.; $\$ 40,000$. To manufacture all kinds of brass goods. Lewis Hahn, Alf. Hahn, and E. R. Beger. Ontario charter.
The English River Gold Mining Co., Limited, St. Catharines, Ont.; $\$ 1,000,-$ ooo. George Dawson, H. J. Taylor, W T. Bate, J. N. Walker, D. C. McGuire, J. E. Varley and D. W. Ross. Ontario charter.
The McLachlan-Joy Electric Co. Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 37,000$. George McLachlan, H. H. Joy, and E. H. Alston. Ontario charter.
The Hagersville Contracting Co., Limited, Hagersville, Ont.; $\$ 30,000$. J. C. Ingles, H. Ingles, and John Head. Ontario charter.

The Blonde Lumber \& Mfg. Co., Limited, Chatham, Ont.; $\$ 80,000$. Benjamin Blonde, Jacob Blonde, George Blonde, N. H. Stevens, William Ball, T. C O'Rourke, and Lawrence Howard. Ontario charter.
The O. R. Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 50,000$. To take over the business formerly carried on by the O. R. Kidney Cure Co., of Belleville Henry Bull, R. D. Conger, Theo. Kent, J. E. Merritt, and G. E. Dies. Ontario charter.
The Horsetly Trading \& Transportation Co., Limited, Victoria, B.C.; \$25, ooo. British Columbia charter.
The Stanley Park Brewery, Limited, Vancouver, B.C.; \$50,000. British Columbia charter.
La Scierei Sainte Agathe des Monts, Agathe des Monts, Que.; $\$ 30, c o 0$. To carry on a general lumber business, to acqiure and work timber limits, and to run sawmills. E. H. Parent, P. E. Parent, D. E. Prefontaine, L. E. Parent and H. E. Parent. Quebec charter.

The Gres Falls Co., Limited, Three Rivers, Que.; $\$ 500,000$. To carry on a general manufacturing business. A Pagenstecher, Warren Curtis, F. F. Farmer, F. L. Farmer, and L. H. Davidson. Quebec charter.

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Canada ${ }^{\text {sininss }}$
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 Of London, Oanada.Subscribed Capital<br>Paid-up Capital<br>Reserve Fund<br>Total Assets Total Labilities

$82,000,000$
$1,200,000$
$1,200,000$
560,000
560,000
$3,63,171$
$1,62,049$

Debentures issued for 3 or 5 years. Derentures and intereat can be

WILLIAM F, BULLEN
Manager.
London, Ontario, 1902

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For a limited time we will issue debentures bearing $5 \%$ interest payable half-yearly.

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F. M. HOLLAND, General Manager.

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ESTABLISHED 1851

| Subscribed Capital | - | . | . |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Paid-up Capital | - | $87,300,000$ |  |
| Reserve Fund |  | - | $1,581,666$ |
|  |  | 864,613 |  |

Reserve Fund 7 Winchester St 8613
Head Office: 7 Great Winchester St., London, Eng
Offices in Canada: $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Toronto stree, Times Stree, MONTREAL } \\ \text { Sortage Ave., WINNIPEG } \\ \text { Portan }\end{array}\right.$
Money advanced at lowest current rates on the security of mproved farms and productive
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { R. D. MACDONNELL } \\ \text { L. EDYE }\end{array}\right\}$ Commissioners.

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The Peoples' Line Steamship Co., Limited, St. John, N.B.; $\$ 20,000$. D. J. Purdy, J. W. McAlary, G. H. Perry, Luther Jordan, A. P. Belyea, S. H. Belyea. New Brunswick charter.
The Majestic Steamship Co., Limited, St. John, N.B.; $\$ 24,000$ R. S. Orchard, C. J. Wasson, W. I. Barton, C. C. Taylor, B. C. Estabrooks, James Manchester and A. H. Hanington. Brunswick charter.
Messrs. Mackenzie, Mann \& Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 5,000,000$. To carry on a general contracting business. Wm. Mackenzie, D. D. Mann, Z. A. Lash, E. W. McNeill, and R. J. Mackenzie. Ontario charter.
The Port Hope Skating and Curling Co., Limited, Port Hope, Ont.; \$10,000. Robert Deyell, R. J. Hemmick, G. H. Ralston, Murray Farquharson, W. J. Colwill, Robert Henning and L. B. Powers. Ontario charter
Sand and Dredging, Limited, Toronto, Ont. $\$ 40,000$. To dredge for and deal in sand, gravel, etc.; also for the purpose of paving and constructing streets, etc., and of dredging and wrecking. W. G. Mackendirck, Aemilius Jarvis, and J. M. Godirey. Ontario charter.
The Dunwich Farmers' Building Co., Limited, Dutton, Ont.; $\$ 20,000$. D. C. McKellar, Daniel Graham, A. P. McMillan, W. H. Ford, and John McFarlane. Ontario charter.
The Rokco Manufacturing Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 50,000$. To manufacture and deal in cereal coffee, foods, etc. C. H. Gerbig, Magnus Shewan, A. H. J. Weaver, E. A. Webb and H. E. Cardinal. Ontario charter.
The Dominion Motor and Machine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 40,000$. T. D. Lovering, Wilson Phillips, T. H. Hamilton, G. W. Grant, and E. J. Philip. Ontario charter
The Cook-Lummis Lumber Co., Limited, Spragge, Ont.; $\$ 600,000$. G. W. Cook, W. D. Lummis, and J. P. B. Casgrain. Ontario charter.
The National Box Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$20,000. Allan McPherson, J. H. Lavallee, W. R. Williams, and Hilton Williams. Ontario charter.
The Automobile Garage, Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 40,000$. To take over the business now carried on by O. L. Bickford \& Co. O. L. Bickford, E. H. Bickford, and W. R. P. Parker. Ontario charter.

The Imperial Rolling Stock Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ \mathrm{I}, 000,000$. J. S. Lovell, William Bain, E. W. McNeill, Richard Richardson and Robert Gowans. Ontario charter.
The National Mica Grinding Co., Limited, Gananoque, Ont.; $\$ 50,000$. J. W. Logan, W. J. Dorey, and W. D. Pennell. Ontario charter.
The Delfosse Co., Limited, Montreal, Que.; $\$ 25,000$. To carry on a general trade in merchandise and fixtures for shop decorations, and to import same. Eugene Delfosse, Percival Ross, Alex.

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Capital,
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President:
P1,000,000
$\$ 250,000$ Manual.

## AGRICULTURAL SAVINGS \& LOAN COMPANY

| LONDON, | ONTARIO |
| :---: | :---: |
| Paid-up Capital | (630,200 |
| Reserve Fund | 207,000 |
| Assets | 2,344,200 |

Directors:
W. J. Reid, Pres. T. Thomas McCormick, Vice-Pres M. Masuret. Money advanced on improved farms and productive
city and town properties, on favorable terms. city and town properties, on favorable terms. Mortgages purchased.
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SAVIING \& INVESTMENT SOCiETY
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Total Assets, ist Dec., 1goo.. 2,272,980 88
T. H. PURDOM, Esq., K.C., President. nathaniel mills. Manager.

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This Company acts as trustee under mortgages and trust deeds In case of an issue of bonds secured by trust deeds, a trustee must be named to represent the interests of the bondholders and protect them in case of default. Where an issue of Bonds is concerned we invite personal communication or correspondence.

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Trusts \& Guarantee Co
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## REVISED EDITION.

The computations are all made for you at $21 / 2,3,33 / 2$, ${ }^{4}$ io, ${ }^{4 / 200}$, from 1 day to ${ }_{3} 68$. ${ }^{5 / 2 / 2}$ Paper far Superior to other Interest Tables, so these are the CHEAPEST AS they will Last Longest.
B. W, MURRAY, Accountant's Office, toronto. Ont.

[^1] tion this journal

Ross, Charles Blacklay, and Alex. Millette. Quebec charter.

The Sainte Agathe Boating Club, Sainte Agathe-des-Monts, Que.; \$3,000. Hon. Charles Doherty, J.S.C.; Raymond Prefontaine, K.C.; Wilson Smith, Alf. Baumgartin, Octavien Rolland, Jr.; Jas. Walker, Jr., and Alphonse Raza. Quebec charter.
The Columbus Building Association, Limited, Quebec, Que.; $\$ 15,000$. F. M. Duggan, Arthur Pritchard, J. J. Murphy, Charles Deguise, L. P. Pelletier, J. G. Garneau, William Power, Fergus Murphy, and W. J. Breen. Quebec charter.
The Atlantic Pulp \& Paper Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; $\$ 3,000,000$. W. C. Edwards, R. H. Thompson, A. J. H. Eckardt, C. H. Waterous, John Sutherland, C. A. Cameron, and W. R. P. Parker. Ontario charter.

The Nicola Valley Iron \& Coal Co., Limited, Vancouver, B.C.; \$1,000,000. British Columbia charter.

A NEW plant, including a ten-stamp mill for gold quartz, is being installed at the mine at Renirew, N.S.

The Cockshutt Plow Company contemplated making an enlargement to their works in Brantford, but have now announced that they have given up the idea owing to the difficulty of coming to reasonable terms of purchase for the site they had in mind.
Considerable interest, it is reported, is being taken by the United States capitalists and others in an iron property owned by a Mr. William Moore, some ten miles from Nelson, B.C. The lead is from 50 to 200 feet in width, and the ore runs from 50 to 60 per cent: magnetic iron with $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 5$ in gold. It is said to be remarkably free from sulphurous admixtures.

The Malleable Iron Works, of Montreal, contemplate moving to Ottawa, as they are desirous of enlarging their factory, and have no room for doing so in their present situation. They ask the council of the latter city for a bonus and exemption from taxation for a term of years. They purpose turning the works into a joint stock company, with a capital of $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 250,000$. Their chief article of manufacture is steam and gas fittings.

The directors of the Nova Scotia Steel Company held a meeting in Montreal on the 13 th, at which it was stated that the profits for the year 1901 were $\$ 508,936$, of which part had been devoted to payment of interest on bonds, part to paying a dividend of 8 per cent. on preferred shares, and of 4 per cent. on common, \$100,000 carried over to reserve, and balance to profit and loss account. In future dividends, preferred stock will be paid quarterly. The vacancies on the directors' board were filled by the appointment of James C. McGregor and Harvey Graham, of New Glasgow, and R. E. Harris, K.C., of Halifax.

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Prooeller Wheels
solid or sectional. Designs for improvement of Water Powers executed.
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## Mercantile Summary.

The ratepayers of Grimsby have voted in favor of granting a bonus of $\$ 2,500$ to the Grimsby Agricultural Works. Under the terms of the by-law the establishment has to be run for ten years.
The wholesale and retail clothing firm of M. Saxe \& Sons, Montreal, has a.ssigned. They were originally successful retailers, and branched out into wholesaling five years ago. It was considered they were rather overdoing business, and they were one of the firms burned out at the great fire of January, 1901, being very insufficiently insured at that time. The liabilities are likely to be quite heavy.

There is renewed activity among those interested in the War Eagle, the mine having been reopened a few days ago, after a close-down of some months, owing to the miners' strike. It is hoped that under improved methods, the result will be a payment of the company's indebtedness. Operations have also been resumed at the Centre Star mine, controlled largely by the same capital.

The Canadian Rubber Co.'s annual meeting was held in Monfreal last week, and the following directors were elected: Messrs. H. Montagu Allan, J. B. Learmont, W. H. Benyon, C. F. Smith, Andrew A. Allan, H. Markland Molson, F. J. Hart, J. O. Gravel and F. C. Henshaw. The election of officers had the following result: President, Mr. H. Montagu Allan; vice-president, Mr. J. B. Learmont; secretary-treasurer, Mr . E. A. Wright.

The latest reported country failures in the province of Quebec are as iollows: J. O. Legendre, a maker of native wine, at Victoriaville, has assigned, owing $\$ 8,703$ and a deficiency is shown, of some $\$ 4,000$. He had formerly been a general merchant at Kamouraska, un-successfully.-Joseph Trudel, dealing in furniture at St. Jerome, has assigned. He is reported to have failed before in 1893, and compromised at 35 cents.-LL. Bourgeois, carriagemaker, at Berthierville, has effected a settlement at 50 cents, cash. He owes some debts to carriage manufacturing concerns in Guelph and Orillia.-A. Labbe, of Chartierville, succeeded his father several years ago in a very fair general business. He, however, has shown lit:le business aptitude, has credited lavishly, and has now assigned.-The assignment is noted of S. Sevigny, general dealer, St. Flavien, who has a rather anfavorable record.-E. Belanger, of St. Gervais, returned to his native parish, quite an old man, several years ago, with some $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500$, which he had accumulated while working in the United States. With this little capital he engaged in the grocery business, but being without experience, the usual result has followed, his estate being alow in the hands of the assignee, and he has to begin life anew.

## The St. Lawrence Hall

Montreal, is the best known hote in Canada. Some of the most celebrated people in the world count amongst its patrons. Its excellent coisine, central location and general comfort are reasons for its popularity.

## Rates, from \$2.50

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HENRY HOGAN

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A number of fine farms for sale.
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a drygoodsman or general merchant anywhere in Canada who has a doubt about
Coles' Encyclopedia of Dry Goods being of benefit to him in his business, we want him to forward his name and address and we will send him a copy for inspection. Address "Book Department,"

## MONETARY TIMES,

Toronto Ont.

## Mercantile Summary.

## DOMESTIC COTTONS.

The cotton market is a strong one just now. Ever since the manufacturers' withdrawal of price lists, about a month wholesale dealers have looked for an advance in prices, and this came, so far as pillow cottons, sheetings and other grey and white goods were concerned, last week, when the increase was 5 and in some cases to per cent. Stocks in these lines are admitted, however, to be fairly large, so retailers do not anticipate any great difference yet a while. Another advance, however, which they are likely to feel sooner is one of io per cent. in denims, this being in addition to the 5 per cent. increase which was made in this article about a month ago. This second rise was scarcely anticipated to take place so soon, and stocks in the market are by no means large.

FOR GOOD ROADS.
No more important question for the inhabitants of our rural districts can come up than that of the improvement of roads. It means more money for farm products, vastly increased durability of wagons and all other vehicles, a considerable lessening of the isolation which is the chief bane of country life. All these should be live topics, and certainly judging from the interest taken in them by the members of the Eastern Ontario Good Roads Association, they are duly considered in this light by some people at any rate. This association held a convention in Ottawa on the 13th inst., when there was a large attendance of representative men, Mr. J. C. Bradley, exwarden of Carleton County, and president of the association, in the chair. The latter, in his address, spoke favorably of the progress which had been made in the good work in Carleton County. Quoting figures, he said the average cost of grading a road ready for stone or gravel is $\$ 25$ a mile, with horses, and $\$ 18$ with grader. The cost of excavating a mile of road eight feet wide and eight inches deep is $\$ 600$. Grateful mention was made of the work of the good roads train.
Reeve Allan explained how the commutation of statute labor had succeeded in North Grimsby township. Its success had been unqualified. A commissioner had charge of the roads, having under his supervision and direction a man who operated the grader all season. In answer to a question, Reeve Allan stated that he had not found the establishment of wire fences conducive to the betterment of the roads. Several addresses were delivered, some of which were followed by a helpful discussion of the points raised.

The Intercolonial Coal Company have chartered two Norwegian steamers for the St. Lawrence coal trade.

## Machine Tools

We have received the following New Tools and Engines
for immediate delivery.


## MOST DELICIOUS

 CONFECTIONS ARE
## COWAN'S

Queen's Dessert Chocolate Chocolate Cream Bars Chocolate Ginger Chocolate Wafers, \&c.

These goods are in steady demand; no grocer, general merchant, druggist or confectioner should allow his stock to get low, because the demand is increasing rapidly.

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THE CANADA
SUGAR REFINNG CO.
LIMTED) MONTREAL
Manufacturers of Refined Sugars
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Of the Highest Quality and (Purity.
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## LUMP SUGAR

In 50 and 100 lb . boxes.
"CROWN" GRANULATED Special Brand, for confectioners and other manufacturers.
EXTRA GRANULATED
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## CREAM SUGARS

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YELLOW SUGARS
Ot all Grades and Standards SYRUPS
all Grades in Barrels and Half Barrels, SOLE MAKERS
1ligh Class Syrups in tins, 2 lbs. and 8 lbs . each.

| CAPITAL, $-\quad-\quad \$ 1,000.000$ |
| ---: |
| RESERVE, |

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22 King Street East, Toronto. ACTS AS<br>TRUSTEE,* EXECUTOR GUARDIAN, ADMINISTRATOR ASSIGNEE, LIQUIDATOR

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## Mercantile Summary.

The Canadian cement manufactures are asking the Government to raise the duty on cement from $121 / 2$ to 20 cents per hundred
Moses Segal, dry goods dealer, Levis, Que., reported failed last month, has arranged to pay his creditors 45 cents, on liabilities of $\$ 6,8 \mathrm{I} 0$.
During the year ending December 31st last, there were handled by the Dominion Government elevators at St . John 146,087 bushels of wheat.
G. A. Stewart \& Co. have been loaned the sum of $\$ 8,000$ by Collingwood ratepayers, and they are now making preparations for the erection of a flour mill at that place.
An Ottawa telegram states that Mr. J. E. Jardine, of Toronto, one of the Canadian commissioners to the Paris Exposition, has been appointed commercial agent to South Africa for the Dominion Government.

The shipments of coal from Cape Breton by the Dominion Coal Company were $1,145,865$ tons in the twelve months, 1898-99; 1,661,706 tons in 1899-1900; 1,957,300 tons in 1900-1901, and 2,412,525 tons in 1901-1902.
A Quebec grocer, of some twenty-five years' standing, Edward Clark, is reported failed, showing liabilities of $\$ 5,800$.- L. Huot \& Co., also grocers in the same city, have compromised liabilities of $\$ 1,400$ at 15 cents on the dollar.

The Montreal Mining Exchange, at its annual meeting on Saturday last, elected the following officers: President, Robert Meredith; vice-president, J. B. Picken; secretary-treasurer, De Blois Thibaudeau; committee, John L. Galletti and John Carson.

From Ottawa it is reported that J. B. E. E. Pageau, dry goods dealer, is seeking a compromise arrangement with creditors at 40 cents. He began business in 1897, and is reported to have settled in 1900 at 45 cents.-P. Pommerville, grocer, of the same city, is trying to settle liabilities of $\$ 1,500$ at 50 cents in the dollar.
We noted last week, the insolvency of W. J. Cleland, of Hemmingford, Que., formerly a farmer, who had failed aiter a brief two years' store experience. The liabilities figure up a much larger aggregate than first anticipated, reaching to $\$ 17,687$, including quite considerable sums, afparently borrowed from "his sisters, his cousins and his alnnts," at different times.

Mr. W. F. Bullen, manager of the Esquimalt Marine Railway, is in England, where he has been purchasing a large amount of machinery to further equip his plant. He is stated to have secured plans, specifications and models for a large modern salvage plant, including a combined tug and wrecker. The plant will be operated by the British Columbia Salvage Company.

## Debentures.

Munioipal Debentures bought and sold, also Government and Railway Bonds. Securities suitable for Investment by Trustees and Insurance Companies and tor Deposit with the Government, always on hand,

GEO. A. STIMSON \& CO.,
24-26 King St. West
Toronto, On

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Book Papers, Weekly News, and Colored Specialties

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Commercial and Manufacturing Stationers
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## Partnership Wanted.

Wanted partnership in an established mercantile business-wholesale preferred-investment up to $\$ 20,000$. Address,
E. W. M. B.,

Monetary Times, Toronto.

## FOR SALE.

The Iron and Brass Foundry and Machine Shops, at Wingham, Ontario, recently built and equipped by the National Iron Works, Limited, are offered for sale by
the Corporation of the Town of Wingham. This is a modern and up-to-date plant;
This is a modern and up-to-date plant, situated on a
iding of the G. T. R. and a short distance from the C. P. R Station, and is equipped wifh new machinery, tools, etc. The Town is prepared to deal liberally with any person or company having sufficient means to properly run and conduct the business. Address

r. VANSTONE, Mayor,

Drawer, 255 Wingham, Ont.

## Sale of Debentures

 COUNTY OF YORK.Tenders will be received for the purchase of all or any part of an issue of Debentures of the Corporation of the County of York for $\$ 84,000$, bearing interest at $4 \%$,
payable in annual instalments of principal and interest payable in annuad os
covering a period of 30 years from the first day of April, 1902.

The Tenders to be addressed to John A. Ramsden,
County Clerk, Old Court House Building, Toronto, and County Clerk, Old Court House Building, Toronto, and marked on the envelope "Tender for Debentures.
All Tenders to be received by me on or before 12 o'clock
noon on March 27 th, 1902.
The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.
Dated March 12 th, 1902.
JOHN A. RAMSDEN,
County Clerk.

## Debentures for Sale

 end of period and bear interest at the rate of Four pe The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For turther particulars apply to

Chas. Mcmillan,
Treasurer.
Calgary, Alberta.

## Tenders For Debentures

$\begin{aligned} & \text { Sealed tenders marked "Tenders for Debentures" } \\ & \text { adressed to John A. Kerr, Town Clerk, Perth, will be }\end{aligned}$
received until noon, M onday. April $\tau$ th, 1goz, for the fol
$\$ 12,155.00$ Local Improvement Debentures bearing
nterest at $4 \%$. payable as to interest and principal in 19
$\begin{aligned} & \text { annual instalments on the 2oth day of December in each } \\ & \text { year during which such debentures shall run at the }\end{aligned}$
Merchants Bank of Canada, Perth.
$\$ 5,031.00$ Local Improvement Debentures bearing
$\begin{aligned} & \text { interest at 4\%, payable in same manner as to } \\ & \text { and interest as above in } 20 \text { annual instalments. }\end{aligned}$
Debentures to be delivered at Perth on May rst to the
party whose tender is accepted.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
The above debentures are issued under By-Laws Nos.
$\begin{aligned} & 869 \text { and } 870 \text { respectively and are validated by special Act } \\ & \text { passed by the Legislative Assembly of Ontario at }\end{aligned}$
passed session , rooz, entitled "An Act respecting the
Town of Perth," and which said Act confirms and vali-
dates said By-Laws 86 and 870 . All further informatio
will be furnished on application to the
JOHN A. KERR,
Town Clerk, Perth.

## When writing Advertisers

please mention The Monetary Times.

## Mercantile Summay.

## RECENT FIRES.

During the last week we have not heard of any very disastrous fires in this country. Among the largest was at the Columbia Handle and Lumber Co.'s building in London, on the 9th inst., when considerable valuable machinery was destroyed. Loss nearly, $\$ 30,000$; insurance, $\$ 7,000$. Over sixty hands are thrown out of employment. Other fires were at Kerr Bros.' confectionery establishment, at Brantford; J. E. Murphy's sawmill and stave factory at Owen Sound; loss, $\$ 8,000$; insured for $\$ 2,000$; Crowell Bros.' hardware store in Halifax; loss, \$15,000; insured; the Press Publishing Co.'s building in Amherst, gutted; partly insured; McLean's drug store in Winnipeg; loss, $\$ 8,000$.

A meeting of the Canadian Society of Opticians will be held in Toronto on the 28th inst. (Good Friday).

Strathcona, Man., proposes to raise \$10,000, with the object of purchasing an electric light plant, and is submitting a by-law to the ratepayers to that effect.

There has just been completed in Scotland, for the Dominion Line, a new steamship, the "Merion." She is 530 feet long, 59 feet in breadth, and of 11.635 gross tonnage. She is a powerful vessel and of good average speed.
A deputation of those interested in good roads in rural districts waited last week upon the Minister of Agriculture to urge the establishment of a good roads branch of the department. The matter will be given due consideration.
Several business men in St. John are joining together for the purpose of taking over the Baker lumber mill property, and engaging in the general lumber and wood-working trade, under the name of the Cushing Box Company. It will have \$100,000 capital.
E. Guerin, of Montreal, and some New York capitalists have gained control of large coal areas at River Inhabitants, Cape Breton, and will apply for incorporation, under the name of the North American Coal and Development Company, with a capital of $\$ 1,000,000$, with the object of working them. It is believed they are associated with Dr. Seward Webb and the gentlemen who are building the railroad from Louisburg to Canso Strait.

Moses Yasinofski, doing business in Montreal under the style of the Montreal Bottle Exchange, has consented to assign on the demand of J. Crankshaw, advocate. His liabilities are stated at $\$ 7,000$. This is the same party referred to in these columns as being under indictment for arson, and also for illegally using labels of the Canadian Breweries, Limited.-W. Chause, hardware dealer, Montreal, lately failed, has increased his offer of compromise to 40 cents. He owes about $\$ 4,000$.

# The International <br> Mica Company, 

GANANOQUE,

have the only
ANNEALING COMPOUND
which will Anneal
Chilled Cast Iron.
A Mica Lubricant which is a great
On Snver, and will Cool the Hottest
Bearing in any Machine.
For full particulars apply to
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oananoque,

## BANKERS

From the following list our readers can ascertain the names and addresses o : bankers who will undertake to transact a general agency and collection business in their respective localities:
$\mathbf{M}^{\text {EAFORD-Grey County. }}$ C. H. JAY \& $\mathrm{CO}^{\prime} \mathbf{Y}$, Bankers, Financiers and Canadian Express Co. Agents. Money to loan.
$\mathbf{C l}^{\text {BORGE F, JEWELL, }}$ and Auditor, F.C.A., Publio Aocountant ont.
COUNTIES Grey and Bruee oolleotions made on commission lands valued and seld, notloes served A general finanolal business transaoted, Leading loan
companies, lawyers and wholesale merohants given as companies, lawyers and wholesale merohants given as
referenoes referenoes
H. H. Miller, Hanover

## JOHI RUTHERFORD,

OWEN SOUND, ONT.
Licensed Aucticneer for County of Grey.
Lands valued and sold ; Notices served; Fire, Lifeand Plate Glass Insurance ; several factory and mill,
sites in good locations to dispose of. Loans effected. sest of references.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the Shareholders and Policy-holders of the

## Confederation Life Association

that the Annual General Meeting of the Association will be held at the Head Office, Toronto, on Tuesday, the 18th day of March, 1902, at the hour of 2 p.m., for the purpose of recelving the Report for the past year, the Election of Directors, and other business.
Holders of participating policies are members, and entitled to vote and take part in the business of the meeting.
J. K. MACDONALD,

Managing Director.
Toronto, March 1st, 1902.


Write tor pamphlet and rates to R. WALDER

## "月anu -hark" (Cream (Therest

## Mercantile Summary

A record price was given this week for a seat on the Montreal Stock Exchange, when Mr. R. Forget, purchasing for another party whose name is not stated, gave $\$ 16,500$, or $\$ 1,500$ in excess of the prices obtained for the previous four seats.
A twelvemonth ago, George G. Graham left Toronto and went to Galt, where he opened up a smallwares store. The creditors are now asked to accept 30 per cent. of their claims, which amount to $\$ 5,600$. To pay this Graham has nominal assets of $\$ 3,300$. - Another offer of compromise is that made by W. H. Roberts, jeweller, Stratford. At one time he did a good trade, but becoming somewhat irregular in his habits, his customers naturally drifted away from his premises.
A spectal meeting of the creditors of Lindsay Bros., dry goods dealers, St. Thomas, will be held on Wednesday next in Toronto. It will be remembered that this firm assigned some weeks ago.
The stock of R. Wolfe \& Co., furriers, in Toronto, amounting to $\$ 6,209$, was sold at auction on Wednesday to N . B. Gould, of Port Hope, for 30 cents on the dollar.
W. P. Kinsela, grocer, at Cornwall, Ont., is reported assigned. He was formerly a baker.-J. A. Brunet, general dealer, of Moose Creek, Ont, whose affairs were recently under investigation by a Montreal accountant, has assigned. -Nugent \& Taylor, of Kingston, Ont., in the plumbing and tin business since 1885, are reported insolvent. They claimed a surplus of some $\$ 10,000$, two years ago.
People in Bonaventure and Gaspe County are interested just now in an effort being made to extend the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railroad, now running between Metapedia and New Carlisle, as far as Paspebiac and Port Daniel. It is pointed out that there is nothing to prevent a steamer from making daily trips down the coast of Gaspe, there being not a sign of ice either in the Gulf or in the Baie de Chaleurs below Dalhousie. At Port Daniel a safe harbor is offered.
It is now stated that Dr. Seward Webb, representing the Vanderbilt interests, has secured an option on the Ottawa, Northern and Western Railway and the Interprovincial bridge which spans the river at Ottawa. The abovenamed bridge company, together with the Pontiac and Pacific Junction Railway, the Gatineau Valley Railway, and the Hull Electric Railway, were amalgamated, and were to be purchased by a company called the Ottawa and Northern Railroad, but the option apparently was not taken up, and was handed over to Dr. Webb, as above mentioned. The interests he represents, therefore, will, if the negotiations go through, be in possession of some additional very valuable franchises.

## Debentures for Sale,

Sealed tenders marked on envelope "Tender for Debentures" will be received up to the tenth (roth) day of April, for the purchase of $\$ 11,000,00$ Debentures of the Town of Dauphin.
The Debentures shall be numbered one ( I ) to twenty (20) both inclusive, and shall each be for the sum of $\$ 78 \mathrm{r} .00$ ( $\$ 500.00$ principal and $\$ 231.00$ interest), the first Debenture falling due on the 15th day of March, 1903. and the last Debenture on the 15 th day of March, 1922.
The said Debentures are under By-Law No. 82, of the Town of Dauphin, Manitoba, which said By-Law has been legalized by the Parliament of Manitoba.

WM. RINTOUL,
Town of Dec'y.-Treashin, Man.
Dated Mar. 14th., 1902.

## MIDDLESEX <br> FOUR PER CENT. DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to two o'clock p.m., on Saturday, March 22nd, 1902, for the purchase of $\$ 20,000$ County of Middlesex Consolidated Debt Debentures, bearing interest at Four per cent., payable semi-annually, on the 30 th days of September and March, principal payable in gold on the 30th day of March, 1922 .

Each tender must state a lump sum payable at par in London, Ontario, on March 31st, 1902, where and when the debentures will be delivered, The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. Further particulars on application.

County Buildings,
A. M. McEVOY,

London, Feb. 22, 1902.

A NEW BUSINESS IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Mr . H. Pollman Evans, Ist vice-president and general manager of the National Agency Company, Limited, has just returned from a trip through the Maritime Provinces, where he has been looking over the ground with the object of opening up the Provident Branch of the North American Life Assurance Company. While there he was instrumental in forming a local board of directors of the National Agency Company, from among the gentlemen most heavily interested financially in the agency, and the personnel secured must at once command the confidence alike of the shareholders and the public, and will tend generally to assist in the promotion of the company's business.

The gentlemen selected for the board are: Mr. John F. Stairs, president of the Nova Scotia Steel Company, and also of the Eastern Trust Company, chairman; Mr. E. G. Smith, director of the Union Bank of Halifax; Mr. Alfred Putnam, vice-president of the Midland Railway Company; Dr. Matthew A Curry, president of the Hattie \& Mylius Company, Limited; Mr. J. J. Stewart, president of the People's Bank, and Mr. James E. De Wolf, of the Elder-Dempster Company.
It is understood that the National Agency Company will go into operation at once in the various centres of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The marked success of the company during its first six months of business just closed is distinctly encouraging, and the extension of the company's operations as proposed will still further enhance the value of this important enterprise to its shareholders.

When writing advertisers please mention
the Monetary Times.

# DEBENTURES FOR SALE. 

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned, up to April 7th, 1902, for the following Town of Almonte debentures issued for permanent foot-walk and street improvement, viz: - -10 debentures of $\$ 735.82$ each, maturing, one on the 15th Dec., r9ir, and one on the rsth Dec, of each of the succeeding 9 years, without interest. Further particulars may be had on application to the undersigned.
L. COULTER.

Almonte, Ont.

## The Soverrign Bank

OF CANADA.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the subscribers to the stock of the Sovereign Bank of Canada will be held at No. 14 King Street West, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of April, 1902, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, to determine the day upon which the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held, and to elect such shareholders of Directors, not less than five or more than ten, as they may think necessary, to hold office until the annual General meeting in the year next succeeding their election; and also for the further purpose of passing by-laws to regulate the following matters incident to the
management and administration of the affairs of the Bank, that is to say:-

The record to be kept of proxies, and the time, within which proxies must be produced and recorded prior to a meeting, in order to entitle the holder to vote thereon.

The quorum of the Board of Directors, which shall not be less than three, their quali fication subject to the provisions of the Bank Act.

The method of filling vacancies in the Board of Directors, whenever the same occur, during each year, and the time and proceedings for the election of Directors in case of a failure of any election on the day appointed for it.
D. M. STEWART,

Sec'y and General Manager.
By order of the Provisional Board.

After a long consultation, a jury decided that Charles Plumb, a Toronto grocer, had obtained goods from Eby, Blain \& Co., under false pretences. Judge McDougall has deferred sentence.

CANNED tomatoes have made an allround rise of $21 / 2 c$., and further advances are not unlikely. The strength of the market is due to the curtailed production owing to the action of the syndicate, and to the fact that several thousand cases have been shipped to the United States where there is a serious shortage.

Wm. G. Dunn, who resides in London, England, and who has been dealing in coffees, spices, etc., in Hamilton, wrote his creditors a few days ago that he has been looking carefully over his business there and finds it in bad shape. Consequently he suspends payments in consequence of losses and heavy cxpenses of management. In the meantime, he is preparing a statement that will shortly be submitted for their con-sideration.-About six months ago the Niagara Metallic Furniture Co., Limited, at Niagara Falls, suspended operations. Now there are several judgments recorded against them, and E. R. C. Clarkson has been appointed provisional liquidator.

An assignment has been made by $H$. R. Kidd, after being in business in Peterboro as a grocer for eight months. starting with a cash capital of $\$ 2,000$, so he says. The venture has proved a foolish one in the face of such strong competition as there is in that prosperous town.-In May, 1897, W. E. Lehman succeeded to the Newmarket drug business of J. M. Campbell. For a time he did a good trade, and once claimed a surplus of nearly $\$ 3,000$. But evidently a change has taken place, as a little more than one year ago he mortgaged his assets for $\$ 1,000$. Now he offers creditors one-half of their claims. This will probably be accepted.

TORONTO STOCK TRANSACTIONS
Another active week's business has been done on the local Stock Exchange, and some stocks, notably Dominion Coal, have soared very high. Whether it will go much higher than the extraordinary figure it has already reached, namely, $1183 / 4$, is a question worth serious reflection on the part of investors. One feature about the situation, which is not altogether pleasant, is that so many people in the country, merchants and others not usually given to speculation, have thrown prudence to the winds and are buying shares. A very large number of C.P.R. shares changed hands, as also Twin City, and both these stocks, especially the latter, are very firm. Transactions for the week ending Wednesday noon are as follows: Bank of Ontario, IIO at $1281 / 2-1283 / 4$; Toronto, 10 at 231 ; Commerce, 525 at $152^{1 / 2-1} 53^{1 / 2}$; Imperial, 125 at $233-233^{1 / 2}$; Dominion, 143 at 242 $242 \frac{1}{4}$; Hamilton, 160 at $227-2273 / 4$; Traders, 53 at $115-116$; British America Association, 7 at 99; Western Assurance, 134 at $95 \frac{1}{4}-961 / 4$; Consumers' Gas, 15 at $2141 / 2$; C.P.R., 11,596 at $1113 / 8-1133 / 4$; Toronto Electric Light, 27 at 143; General Electric, 839 at $2181 / 8-2203 / 8$; Commercial Cable, 18 I at 150-154; Richelieu \& Ontario, 673 at $1101 / 4$; Toronto Railway, 1,150 at $116-1181 / 2$; Nor. Navigation, 516 at $1513 / 4-1531 / 8 ;$ Dominion Steel, 7,945 at $40-47$; Preferred, 523 at $88-93^{1 / 2}$; Dominion Coal, 10,750 at $1021 / 2-1183 / 4$; Nova Scotia Steel, 6,447 at 86-94; Canada Landed and National, II at $993 / 4$; Can. Per. and W. C., 1,622 at $120-1201 / 4$; Central Can. Loan, 10 at 135 ; Dom. Sav. and Loan, 12 at 70 ; Twin City, 2,285 at 115 $1 / 4-1155 / 8 ;$ Sao Paulo Tran., 996 at $77^{1 / 2}-793 / 4$; Ham. Prov., 3 at 119; CarterCrume, 31 at $1051 / 2-1071 / 4$; Land Security, Io at 375 .

STOCKS IN MONTREAL. Montreal, Mar, 19, 1902.


## Efficiency


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are the best obtainable on the market


1-TT many men read letdence of being circulars. Men in business wish now-a-days to feel that they have been written to direet. If one cannot make his circular letters look exactly like originals it would be better for him to send out a circular without attempting an imitation and then there is a chance of his communication being read as a circular.
There is only one way whereby a great many persons, say 1,000 , can be made to believe that your letter to them is the only one of the kind, and that is by making use of the Neostyle. This machine is thoroughly modern in that it is built to do just one class of work-reproduce exactly any typewritten or hand-written letter or document. We would like very much if you will write for samples of the work it does. You will receive what will seem to you to be our direct reply, but such will not be the case.

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R. G. DUN \& CO., Toronto and Principal Citiles

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## OSITIVE ROTECTION TO OLICY-HOLDERS

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## The Manufacturers Life Insurance Co,

(Formerly the Manufacturers Life and The Temperance and General Life Assurance Companies).
The Annual Report of this Company for 1901 is the history of a Great Success.
Insurance in Force, over \$27,000,000.00 hon. G. W. ROSS, President. J. F. JUnkin, Managing Director. HEAD OFFICE, - TORONTO.


# The Monetary Times 

trade review and insurance Chronicle
With which have been incorporated the
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Toronto
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TORONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1902.

## THE SITUATION.

In the Ontario Legislature the prohibition bill was carried by a party vote of 47 to 34 . Not that one party consists of prohibitionists and the other of anti-prohibitionists, but the question was, at that stage, made a party question. It would be curious if, when the vote of the plebiscite is taken, the commercial and manufacturing interests, threatened by prohibition, should join with the voters who send the minority to the House; or strange if the latter should unite with the prohibitionists on that o ccasion. The latter is not possible. On such a question, when there is to be a decision at the polls, individuals will vote according to their convictions, leanings, opinions, or personal habits, though the influence of party will not be eliminated. Mr. Marter was anxious to defeat the referendum part of the bill; but in the several amendments which he moved, he was met by the almost solid vote of the House, being able to carry with him only three or four of his own party. For the proposal that the voting should take place on the day of the municipal elections, he got only three votes besides his own.

During the discussion of the railway subsidies, in the Ontario Legislature, Mr. Whitney took the stand that such subsidies ought to be confined to colonization roads, pure and simple; for himself he was unalterably opposed to any other. This rule once formed the policy of the Dominion Government; and it issometimes now substituted for a subsidy, or, when the road is in an old part of the country, a loan. This idea is borrowed from British Columbia, the Government of which, in its recent contract with Mackenzie and Mann, not for the first time, put into practice. The Government of the Dominion lends to the Halifax and Yarmouth line, money for the road, at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., and the Government of Nova Scotia does likewise. The facts show that the naked subsidy, which transfers public money to private pockets, is no longer uniformly acted upon, either by the Dominion or the Provinces. So far Ontario has given only without direct return. But even she has undertaken to have a colonization road built by the Government. It may not pay; at first it will not,
and as its purpose is to assist the colonization of public lands, the loss will fall where it should. In future, perhaps, railway subsidies may take another form here, or as in the other provinces mentioned: be changed into loans.

The manufacturers of Ontario are expressing regret at the want of harmony between themselves and the agriculturalists. They are anxious that the farmers should see that what helps the manufacturer also aids the farmers by furnishing them a market for their produce. This is to put the question as one of equivalents. The elements of the problem are presented ; but it is left to be worked by the farmers. It is certain that under a system of protection the farmer has to pay more for everything in the shape of manufactures which he buys; and the simple question is whether the additional market offered him is an equivalent. A better proceeding would be to begin by admitting that protection is burthensome to the unprotected classes so long as it lasts; the thing is to mark the term of its endurance ; and then, when the burthen has gone, to point to the market that remains. Then, and only then, the real benefit for the farmer would begin. To allege that they benefit by the burthen of heavy taxes on all they consume is to use a sort of persuasion that is not likely to be effective.

Dr. Roddick, of Montreal, has a bill in the House of Commons to provide for the establishment of a medical council of Canada. At present there are medical councils in several provinces ; butstudents who depend upon them are confined in their practices to a single province. Canadian doctors in South Africa cannot serve with British regiments because their diplomas are not Canadian, but merely local, and these the British Government does not recognize for this purpose. Lord Strathcona was the first to point out the difficulty and to suggest a remedy. There are difficulties in the way of reform, no doubt. Medical men are split up into schools, which is no new thing. Even surgery had its schools, in the remote past ; and the term Methodists was used as a distinguishing name among surgeons long before the days of Wesley, as was another designation which figures in theology, and which among ancient surgeons was about equivalent to the term eclectic. Dr. Roddick proposes to provide for the representation on the proposed Medical Council of Canada of the two chief schools of medicine. This has been tried in Ontario, not without some murmurings of discontent with the result ; but the experience may be of use in the wider scheme now proposed. There is, however, in the opinion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, some doubt about the constitutionality of the bill, which a committee is to try to solve.

By an amendment to the electric railway bill Attorney General Gibson got a provision inserted to prevent the Railway Committee of the Privy Council settling disputes between electric railway companies in cities and municipalities, without the consent of the latter. The amendment is reasonable; but the question is, can the Provincial Legislature thus limit the powers of the Railway Committee. The amendment does not apply to rural municipalities, where many of the roads are King's highways. In cities, anybody who has land to plot out into lots can lay out hew streets; but even these the city is not obliged to accept. The power thus possessed by private individuals has been exercised in a hap-hazard way, each private owner studying only his own advantage. If it had been foreseen how far a city would spread, a general plan of streets, in advance of buildings, would have been of great
future service. The amendment affects cases like that of the entrance of the Metropolitan railway into Toronto, where the company has.been trying to get in on its own terms, and the city has been trying to prevent it. Yonge street was a public highway, originally laid out by the Government ; but the Government in practice abandoned it to the city and did not, as is sometimes done with similar roads in some parts of Europe, do anything towards its improvement.

THE BUDGET OF rigor.

More or less interest must always attach to the yearly utterance of the Finance Minister in what is called the Budget Speech. This arises from a variety of considerations, each of which appeals strongly to its particular constituency. The business man has come to expect in it an exposition of the larger financial operations of the past and part of the current year, in the line of production of revenue, amount and incidence of taxation, the distribution of national debt and expenditures, the influencing tariff conditions, and such like. As our revenue is derived from customs and excise taxes, and from productive public works, the review opens up to him a brief but profitable glimpse into the whole region of trade and commerce, and assists him to conclusions as to trend and prospects. The publicist and statesman study it to discern the policy pursued by the Government, and the result of its application to details with a view to judgment as to the wisdom of that policy, the thoroughness and consistency of its application, and the resultant effect on the material and national interests; and lastly, the party man awaits it with keen interest, and according to his bias proceeds straightway to proclaim it as a triumphant demonstration of the superior merits of the Government he supports, or a self-evident proof of the utter incapacity and frivolity of the party he opposes. All three classes will find food to their taste in Mr. Fielding's succinct statements.

The Finance Minister has been most fortunate in taking up his story at the beginning of a cycle of prosperity and expansion, which succeeded the worldwide depression of the previous five years, and drew to its close in 1895 ; and in having had five full and growing years for succeeding recitals. We may also say that he was fortunate in having had as his predecessors in the Government, men who spent largely and builded wisely in preparing the ground, without which no such results as called forth his and our congratulations could have been possible.

It is pleasant reading for all Canadians to hear the five years' tale recounted of a trade mounting up by steady and almost continuous bounds, of a revenue increasing by millions each year, of surpluses, even though they be only on paper, aggregating a net of \$19,000,000 in five years, of increasing returns from our revenueproducing public works, of growing interest in our great wide areas of fertile lands by the home hunting emigrating world, and to note underneath it all the evidences of individual and national progress.

Nor do we think that this prosperity partakes to any appreciable degree of the elements of over-production, undue speculation or inflation. It appears to be
well based on the broad foundations of abundant natural resources developed in a rational way, and on well conducted lines. The rapid increase in the output of precious metals, of coal and iron, in well distributed sections, extending from the Yukon to Cape Breton, has added largely to the employment of labor; and the surplus profit has been just so much created wealth for the country. The prices of agricultural and animal products have, from causes partly world-wide and partly special, largely increased, and the demand found our great west well opened up by transport facilities, and fortunately under favorable climatic conditions. From these two sources have flowed the vivifying streams that have enriched the carrying trade, stimulated manufactures, and furnished a wide purchasing and consuming power, which in turn has attracted imports and stimulated home industries.

Consideration of these patent facts, whilst not tending to diminish the brightness of the descriptive portions of the Finance Minister's address, might have perhaps helped him to avoid that obvious weakness of his otherwise interesting speech, viz., the constant tendency to attribute, if not all, yet certainly the major part of the prosperity of the country to the policy and administrative genius of the Government. The speech is also somewhat lop-sided as a true exposition of the whole case without exaggeration or extenuation. Perhaps this is too much to expect of a financial exponent at one and the same time of his party and the country. But it would have been better had this tendency not been so pronounced to group the favorable points into a pleasing and attractive foreground, and to throw the unfavorable features far back, or leave them out altogether. The supposed necessities of the party, and the desire to minister to them on so conspicuous an occasion play sad havoc with that impartial and coldly mathematical frame of mind demanded for the unbiased presentation of facts as they are, and the reasons why they are as they are. Barring these two blemishes the speech of Monday is excellent in its clearness and methodical arrangement, and without doubt the best of the Fielding series. The year's trade has been an enormous one, and though less in value by a few millions than its predecessor, shows great strength, and opens into 1902 with a decided upward tendency. There are, however, two unsatisfactory features in connection therewith-the comparatively small imports from Great Britain, which takes so large a proportion of our exports, and the comparatively large and rapidly growing imports from the United States, which country allows us to export just as little as possible of our products to her markets. Canada's import from the latter has grown from $\$ 58,000,000$ to $\$ 110,000,000$ in the period from 1896 to 1901, equal to 90 per cent.; whilst her imports from Great Britain have increased from $\$ 33,000$,000 to $\$ 43,000,000$, or only 30 per cent. Both in volume and rate of increase this comparison is startling. In matter of exports to these countries, Canada sent $\$ 66,000,000$ worth to Great Britain in 1896, and \$105,000,000 worth in 1901, an increase of 60 per cent., and to the United States $\$ 44,000,000$ and $\$ 72,000,000$ worth, respectively, an increase of about an equal per cent. The balance against Great Britain is $\$ 62,000,000$, the baiance in favor of the United States is $\$ 38,000,000$.

The United States imposes high duties against Canada, and our free list and tariff rates as against United States goods aggravate the advantage that propinquity naturally gives her. The other is the position in which Canada is placed by the German Government. Whilst we give equal treatment to her goods with imports from all foreign countries, Germany imposes a discrimination against us in comparison with other countries as a punishment for our preference to the Mother Country. This situation is aggravated by the fact that German goods in large quantities filter into Canada through Great Britain under the one-third preference. These are two anomalies which the Government see and acknowledge, but which so far they have hesitated to remove by countervailing tariff rates, and have failed to remove by negotiation.

Mr. Fielding's attempt to show that the one-sided preference granted under his tariff had led to the increase of our trade with Great Britain, if not a brilliant success, was an admirable example of the non-sequitur. He produced figures which showed a decrease in our imports from Great Britain from 1895 to 1897, and an increase from 1896 to 1900 of some 30 per cent. His inference from this was that the increase was due to the preference. But the imports from the United States increased in this latter period by 90 per cent., and there was no preference. The same in varying degree was true of most other countries from which we import. If these increased their exports without preference, it cannot be contended that Britain's increase was due to preference. Whatever difference of opinion may exist the facts appear to be that the preference has not increased imports from Great Britain, as compared with imports from nearly all the other countries with which we trade, and which possess no preference, and that in 1901 they suffered an actual diminution, as compared with 1900. On the other hand the competition in certain well known and important lines of Canadian manufactures has by the preference reduction imperilled the industries themselves almost to the point of threatened extinction. It is not seriously contended that from mere sentimental reasons the British trader buys more from us in a market open equally to the competing world, and in which Canada has no advantage apart from the superior excellence or cheapness of her products. The utmost that can be urged is that goodwill has been practically affirmed, and that we may hope to see it reciprocated by the Mother Country in some more or less distant future.

No amelioration of Canada's trade position has been made in the tariff of any other country-the German position is distinctly harder, and the new scale of duties in the Australian Commonwealth is decidedly more unfavorable. The energies of the Government may well be directed towards the betterment of these relations, and we trust that the coming Colonial and Imperial conferences may be crowned with good results in this regard.

Internally our transport and handling facilities are being constantly improved, and a generous share of the country's expenditures is devoted to these purposes by way of subsidy and Government construction. The risk is in the line of unnecessary and unprofitable expenditure, for party necessities are strong, and the pressure is constant and most insistent.

The budget speech shows an almost dizzying progress to have been made in other respects than in trade, and throws into bold relief the striking change in faith and practice since 1896. Never in the history of Canada were such vast figures dealt with by a Finance Minister in point of revenue and expenditure. Receipts from taxes $\$ 38,743,000$ in 1901, compared with $\$ 27,759,285$ in 1896. Total revenues, which of course all come out of the people's pocket, $\$ 52,500,000$, as against $\$ 36,600$,ooo. Total expenditure $\$ 57,900,000$, compared with $\$ 41,700,000$, and a net public debt of $\$ 268,000,000$, as compared with $\$ 258,000,000-$ mark the changes in five years. For 1902 it is stated that the total to be gathered for the treasury will be $\$ 57,000,000$, the total expenditure $\$ 65,000,000$, and the addition to the debt will be $\$ 6,000,000$.

This fairly takes away one's breath, the sums are so vast, and the increase so rapid. Yet it is not recorded that Sir Richard Cartwright either swooned or swore, or that any of the old advocates of economy and reduction did else than cheer the Minister as he placidly made these announcements on the authority and with the sanction of a Liberal Government. And yet, apart from the change of front indicated in the party, these figures challenge the serious attention of every thoughtful citizen. Granted that the country is prosperous, is it wise to set so rapid a pace, and raise to such a height the scale of expenditures, which once raised it will be found almost impossible to lower ? It is well to remember that as the prices of staples rise-and there have been marked advances in price in many lines of recent years-the amount received from customs taxation rises, for it is largely ad valorem. Then, when prices fall, the amount of customs revenue falls. In prosperous times, with a buoyant revenue, is it prudent to spend it all and add so many millions besides to a debt already too large ? For $\$ 13$ per head or $\$ 65$ per family for one year's government is a tremendous charge. Giving all due force to the contention that we are a growing country, and must needs provide generously for the public services, this headlong rush forward in taxation and expenditure, seemingly unchecked by bit or bridle, invites reflection on the part of business men and thoughtful citizens, These piping times will not always continue, and the overdrain of to-day hastens the exhaustion of to-morrow. We cry a warning and a halt -before the rush has become a rout in which moderation and prudence lose their meaning and their force. At this rate we know not where we shall end, for, though the Minister hints at limits to the tide of prosperity, he apparently sets none to the volume of expenditure.

There are to be no tariff changes. The reasons given are the necessity for having in hand the results of the industrial census taking, and the wisdom of getting through with the proposed Colonial conferences, before undertaking any revision. Practical knowledge of the methods of tariff revision easily teaches us that the information gained from the former is of absolutely little use, and one can scarcely see how the latter can count as a factor. Whatever happens we will make our own tariff primarily to meet our needs, and the percentage of preference must be general. Yrobably the real reason was that the Government was not ready
with or agreed upon its line of action, and whilst admitting anomalies and hardships feared to open the question. This is hard on the industries most affected, but on the whole was probably better policy from a party point of view.

Taken on the whole the Budget gives hope and confidence to all Canadians in their country's future. The turn has been made, the patient, toilsome and lengthened years of preparation have merged into harvest seasons with a reaping varied and profitable. The impetus already given serves but to draw greater forces and activities along its forward line. Capital at home and abroad is seeking investments in our rich natural resources, and the spirit of success and hope, and renewed effort born of success, is filling our veins, and giving us strength. Let us take courage and go forward, but always with a watchful eye to detect errors in principle or practice, and a ready voice to call for the exercise of wise and prudent public administration.

## FOREIGN INTEREST IN CANADIAN MINES.

Interest in Canada is being aroused abroad. Not only a sentimental but a practical interest. Among the recent letters which have come to this journal, asking questions of various kinds about Canada, some of them foolish, some apt and important, we instance three, because they have to do with mines or mineral lands. In December we had an enquiry from Edinburgh, asking for statistics of the Rainy River country. Another, in February, asked to know about Sudbury, for the information of a Pittsburg gentleman. More recently the Consul in Montreal for the Netherlands asked for particulars about the magnetic iron ores in the far west of Ontario. We were able to be of some service to these enquirers; and the Ontario Government, through the Bureau of Mines, is now in communication with one of them as to possible purchases of mining locations. In January, too, it may be remembered, a New York gentleman was negotiating with the Ontario Department of Crown Lands as to the probable settlement in this province of numerous Swedes and Norwegians now in New York State, but not satisfied with their lot. And Mr. Gibson, director of the Bureau, tells us this week that parties in Rotterdam, Holland, have applied to him for a list of mining properties.

## QUEBEC FINANCE.

A correspondent in Quebec sends us a memorandum respecting the financial condition of the Province of Quebec. From it we gather that while the debt of the province at the close of June last amounted to $\$ 26,072,418$ which is almost exactly the same amount as twelve months before-there are provincial assets of $\$ 11,364,131$. These assets are interest-bearing; they earn nearly two per cent. per annum, for they yielded last year \$192,272. They consist mainly of sums due by the Canadian Pacific Railway and by the Dominion Government, bonds purchased, money in bank, \&c. Of the total debt, close upon $\$ 25$,000,000 is in the shape of outstanding bonds; the other million being made up of $\$ 438,000$ due on account of trust funds or deposits and temporary borrowings of nearly $\$ 700,000$ from the Bank of Montreal. There was, by the way, a sum of $\$ 123,3$ Io paid for railway and bridge subsidies during the year.

The revenue of the province has shown a steady advance for several recent years. In 1898, for instance, it
was $\$ 4,176,140$; in 1899 it rose to $\$ 4,223,579$; in 1900 to $\$ 4,451,578$; and in Igor to $\$ 4,563,432$. The expenditure has kept pace with revenue, however, for it was $\$ 4,4{ }^{1} 5$,$370 ; \$ 4,201,023 ; \$ 4,433,386$ and $\$ 4,516,257$ in the corresponding four years. A large element in the increased revenue in igor is the enlarged income received from Crown lands by reason of the great development of the wood pulp and paper industry. This item of income, which in Igoo was $\$ 1,045,3$ 10, rose last.year to $\$ 1,465,003$. Of the expenditure, three millions in round numbers was absorbed by education, legislation, civil government, \&c., while a million and a half went for looking after the debt providing for redemption and sinking fund. One thing it is agreeable to observe, namely, that the payment of interest on railway bonds guaranteed by the Government has ceased. This artificial and objectionable practice had already lasted too long for the credit of the province.

The estimated expenditure calls for $\$ 4,58 \mathrm{r}, 555$ for 1902-3, compared with $\$ 4,650,640$ asked for in the previous year, and an actual expenditure of $\$ 4,561,656$ in rgoo-or. We submit a comparison :

|  | 1903 | 1902 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public debt. | \$1,559,783 | \$1,557,776 |
| Legislation. | 201,459 | 213.502 |
| Civil Government. | 273,711 | 280,561 |
| Administration of Justice | 524,287 | 577,658 |
| Public Instruction............. | 460,571 | 461,560 |
| Colonization and Public Works | 254,120 | 232,958 |
| Agriculture | 201,350 | 220,214 |
| Lands, Mines and Fisheries .. | 224,000 | 204,289 |
| Lunatic Asylums, Reformatories, etc.. | 413.825 | 413,825 |
| Charities | 45.210 | 45,2 50 |
| Charges on Revenue. | 129,000 | 128,500 |
| Miscellaneous Services | 102,700 | 121,730 |
| Railways ................... | 191,534 | 192,853 |
|  | \$4,581,555 | \$4,650,640 |

## A LACE SEASON

We have already referred, in speaking of the millinery openings the other day, to the superabundance of lace which is evidently to be used this year in the trimming of hats. A glance at some favorite spring costumes and gowns shows that this beautiful ornamentation is equally favored in connection with these. This is to be emphaticaily a lace season. Chene or pongee with lace stripes; lace-striped taffeta; French voiles of all shades, with lace bands; all these and many other lace effects will be in full evidence the coming season.

Perhaps a great fillip was given to the present acute interest in the lace trade, when Queen Alexandria, in giving orders concerning the robes to be worn at the coming Coronation, expressed her wish that none but British-made laces should be used on that occasion. As is well known, considerably the larger portion of all British laces are made in ireland, and it is a striking fact that practically all the real Irish stock was purchased some time ago by buyers from the United States. The question of the style of lace to be worn having thus been peremptorily settled, the question arose, how were these styles to be obtained? The answer comes in every cable from the great European lace centres, where matufacturers are all busily engaged in turning out imitations of Limerick and Carrickmacron and Irish point. Except in price, there is not much difference between the real article and these marvellous imitations, for it requires all an expert's knowledge and acuteness to tell them apart. Since the Queen's declaration, the interest in all matters relating to the lace trade has been acute in Great Britain, and indirectly on this continent also. In England, there appears to be a disposition to revive the making of the old Honiton and other real native laces. In British newspapers and trade journals, whole columns are devoted to its history, uses, literature and crt; while in Canada and the United States, as we have said be-
fore, there will be this season more lace used on hats and gowns than ever before.

The kinds of lace which will be most frequently seen for millinery trimmings are Irish points, Carrickmacron, Alencons, Limericks, black Chantilly, Escurials, appliques, and, generally speaking, they will be goods divided into 9 and 12 -inch lengths. For dressmaking will be mostly employed flat stuffs, insertions and galons of all sorts of novel descriptions. For counter and whitewear goods many Valenciennes, mostly French, will be employed. Torchons, real and imitation, will also be popular; also some great novelties in Caudry goods.
nieilans and Alencons, Point de Paris and Mirecourt le Puy goods will also all be favored to a certain extent. We must not forget neckwear, in which lace collars will play no small part. Scarves, godets and berthes, in real and imitation, of indescribable variety, will also be much worn. All in all the fair sex may look forward with confidence to a season of varied, pretty, light-looking finery.

## CANADIAN GOODS IN THE WEST INDIES.

Canadian goods appear to be making progess in the markets of the West Indies. In an interview published in the Maritime Merchant of last week, Mr. James Mitchell, of Halifax, tells some of his experiences on a trip to various islands of the group. The prejudice in favor of American fiour is dying out, he says, and in Trinidad Canadian flour shows much increased import. In both butter and cheese Canada is making excellent headway. At Demerara, Trinidad, St. Lucia, and St. Kitts, he found that the Canadian tinned butter is now considered equal to the celebrated Danish, and slightly cheaper. At Barbadoes the butter trade is being interfered with by butter of local production, but orily a limited quantity of the local butter is made, so that exporters may hold part of the market for even high grade lines. Canadian cheese are gaining ground in Demerara, Trinidad and Barbadoes, in fact at all the islands Canadian cheese are now recognized as the standard of cheese quality. Five years ago the only islands that knew us at all in this line were St. Lucia and Barbadoes, and they only gave us a small part of their purchases.

Mr. Mitchell reports crops large and prices low in all the British islands, while in Porto Rico the price of molasses is high, no doubt owing to the fact that less first-class grocery molasses is now being made. In the British colonies the people are feeling depressed by the sugar situation, but still they seem to get enough to live on and drive dull care away. While he was at Barbadoes, the English cricketers arrived, and in the cordiality of welcome cane plantations and low prices were for the time forgotten. "I took," he adds, "pa"ticular pains to enquire about transportation matters, while at Trinidad, Demerara and Barbadoes; and the universal opinion given was that Pickford \& Black boats were good boats and that they had the right kind of men in charge of them."

## THE FARMER STOREKEEPER.

A word or two about that curious Jack-of-all-Trades, the farmer-storekeeper. He is pretty sure to be a man of a sanguine temperament. Pretty sure to be easy-going; perhaps sickly; very likely to be lazy and ignorant of business affairs. He has concluded that farming is too hard work for a self-respecting man. And so he looks about for something easy, and thinks "selling goods" is easy. If he knew as much about storekeeping as some folks do who have tried it, he would avoid the job; for we have yet to find who has to work harder, body or mind, than the successful merchant of to-day. The days when goods would "sell of themselves," and bring a quarter or a half dollar profit for every dollar paid, are gone by. A storekeeper to succeed nuust be master of his business, must work long hours, buy goods at lowest figures, and see that he gets a profit on them, must be civil with his customers and prompt with his creditors; must be sober, methodical, industrious and honest. With all these qualifications he may yet be crushed by
competition or swamped by bad debts. And yet some young farmer-or old farmer-thinks he has only to open a store to succeed as a merchant.

In recent issues of the Monetary Times have been reported frequent cases of disaster to the farmer-storekeeper. These have usually appeared in the Mercantile Summary. We have to add several more to the rapidly-growing list. W. J. Cleland, of Hemmingford, Que., was a fairly prosperous farmer and cattle dealer, and in 1899 he bought out a furniture business, subsequently branching out into the frandling of general merchandise. His management is reported as having always shown a lack of method, especially in providing for maturing engagements, and now he is reported as in embarrassed circumstances, and looking for a 50 per cent. settlement. His liabilities will probably reach $\$ \mathrm{ro}, 000$. Another case is that of Joseph Trudel, a young farmer of St. Leonard, Que., who started keeping store in 1900 , in a small way. He also is in trouble, and proposes to pay his creditors 50 cents on the dollar. We are not told what the creditors think of his proposal. A demand of assignment has been made upon V. Mailloux, dealer in dry goods, etc., at St. Johns, Que., who was also a farmer, and who, having a wife rather clever in a millinery way, started a store busiaess some eight years ago. He, however, failed and compromised in 1895, and has always shown more or less financial strain since then.

## TWO NOTEWORTHY WHOLESALE HOUSES.

We have already referred, briefly, to a transaction which possesses interest for those who have followed the development of the wholesale business of Canada, the purchase of the wholesale dry goods business of J. G. Mackenzie \& Co., of Montreal, by Hodgson, Sumner \& Co., of the same city, The house of J. G. Mackenzie \& Co., whose business will still be continued in the present premises and under the old name, was founded in 1829 by the late J. G. Mackenzie, and is perhaps the oldest business of the kind in Canada. It has been carried on in its present location about fifty years, before which it occupied premises on St. Sulpice street, then called "Little St. Joseph."

The purchasing firm now also ranks among the oldest houses in the trade, having been founded in 1857 under the name of Foulds \& Hodgson. In 1870 Mr . Foulds retired from the business, and the name was changed to Hodgson, Murphy \& Sumner, Mr. John Murphy and Mr. George Sumner, who had been connected with the business almost from its start, being taken into partnership. In 1879, Mr . Murphy retired, Mr. Thomas E. Hodgson and Mr. James Gardner joined the firm as partners, and the name became Hcdgson, Sumner \& Co. The premises of the firm has been since its inception within a stone's throw of its present location, in the "Nun's Block," corner St. Paul and St. Sulpice.

Mr. Jonathan Hodgson, the senior partner of the firm, came to Montreal from Napierville in 1850, and has been prominent in business circles of that metropolitan city for over half a century. He is one of the oldest members of the Board of Trade, and is connected as director with several of Montreal's financial institutions. The firm is, by common consent, one of those which have long maintained the high reputation of Montreal's enterprising merchant princes.

## MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA.

The business of the year igor was of a satisfactory kind for the Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada, resulting as it did in substantial gains in assets, in income, in assurance in force, and in surplus. Over four millions of new business was written, and the total at risk is now $\$ 31,718,031$, under 21,785 policies, making the average amount of each policy $\$ 1,456$. It must be pleasing to the management to find, as the president explained, that the income from interest and rents not only sufficed to pay the death losses of the year, but exceeded them by $\$ 67,000$, while the very liberal sum of $\$ 300,000$ was paid to living policy-holders for endowments, dividends, annuities, etc. Such results will tend to
further popularize the company, for insurants like to deal with a company of good earning power.

We observe that the management intends to continue to confine the company's operations to Canada and Newfoundland. It is probably the part of wisdom to do this, for the extra expense and the risk of climate must always be reckoned with in seeking business in foreign countries. It is of great importance to find, from the president.s address, that the year's ratio of expense to income has been the lowest in the company's history. If a company can reduce its disbursements $\$ 23,000$ in a single year, as this one has done, and yet keep up the volume of its business, the sum thus saved represents just so much saved for the benefit of policyholders. The assets of the company, which appear to be in good shape, amount to $\$ 5,757,000$, and the surplus by the 4 and $3^{1 / 2}$ per cent. standard is $\$ 379,970$. The company, by right of stability and prudent management, has strong claims to the confidence of insurants.

## LONDON LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

This company is shrewdly managed. Not only is the immediate executive competent, both theoretically and practically, but the directors are keen business men, and look after investments well. The fact that the company's investments have earned $5^{1 / 2}$ per cent. interest for several recent years, while the basis upon which its reserves are calculated has been reduced from $41 / 2$ per cent. to $3^{1 / 2}$ and 3 , shows that the interests of policy-holders are being looked after in a sensible and conservative way. The result is shown in the stcady growth of net surplus-no better test than which can be applied.

The popularity of the company among insurants is maintained, too. New business of 1901 amounted to $\$ 1,618$, 105, an increase of $\$ 263,000$ over 1900; premium and interest income was $\$ 322,019$, an increase of $\$ 24,770$; total insurance in force was $\$ 6,489,041$, an increase of $\$ 388,000$; and an incleased aggregate was last year paid policy-holders for death claims, matured endowments, surrenders and cash profits. And the company's assets increased by $\$ 134,000$, reaching now $\$ 1,126,000$. It is agreeable to note the steady progress being made, in all the essentials of sound life assurance.

## CHANGE IN THE WESTERN UNION CO

A change has taken place in the executive head of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Mr. Thos. T. Eckert, who has since 1881 been general manager, and - since 1894 president of that great and important company, retired last week from the presidency and the general management, and has been made chairman of the board of direction. His successor is Robert C. Clowry, of Chicago, who has been for years first vice-president and general superintendent of the Western division of the company. Mr. Clowry is a man of decided executive ability. He has been connected with various telegraph companies as messenger, operator, manager, superintendent, and vice-president. He served with distinction in the civil war of the United States, and received from president Andrew Johnson a brevet commission as LieutenantColonel.

General Eckert, who is an Ohio man, rendered distinguished service during the rebellion, was Assistant Secretary of War; afterwards in charge of the Military Telegraph Department at Washington, and breveted brigadier general. It was he, mainly, who twenty years or more ago arranged the pooling between the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph and the Western Union. Then he was chosen by capitalists to head the American Union Telegraph Co., and about 1882 to bring about a gigantic consolidation of telegraph interests in the United States. He is a man of great force of character, and is director of a score of telegraph and telephone and railway companies. The Western Union Telegraph Co. and its predecessors have been for more than half a century in the United States, connections of the Montreal Telegraph Co. and its successor, the Great North-Western Telegraph Company of Canada.

## INSURANCE MATTERS

Pending the reconstruction of the Liverpool \& London \& Globe Insurance Company's building, on Place d'Armes Square, in Montreal, the company is to occupy the premises No. 87 St. Peter street, in that city.

A good appointment has been made by the Crown Life Company, when it secured for its general agent for Quebec, Mr. Stanley Henderson, who has been for years a successful life man on the Pacific slope. The head offices of the company for Quebec is Victoria Chambers, McGill St., Montreal, The Quebec board of directors includes Hon. Henri B. Rainville, Charles Cassils, H. Markland Molson, Lieut.-Col. F. C Henshaw and Rodolphe Forget, chairman.

It may be recalled that when Charles D. Thompson, of Port Huron, Mich., ex-supreme finance keeper of the Supreme Tent, Knights of the Maccabees, some weeks ago confessed to a shortage of $\$ 57,000$, lost in speculation and bad investments, the Order took no steps to punish him. Now, however, he is arrested on complaint of the sheriff, charging larceny, embezzlement and violation of the State law reglating the relations of insurance agents to their companies.

The managing director of the National Life Assurance Co., Mr. R. H. Matson, gave another of his agreeable little annual dinners to directors, officials and guests of the company, at the National Club, Toronto, on a recent evening. Some twenty gentlemen sat down. Among those present from a distance were: Mr. J. D. Chipman, of St. Stephen, New Brunswick, and Mr. E. O. Parker, of New York. The latter is an important functionary of the Provident Savings Life Company. Both are eloquent and entertaining gentlemen.

We note the arrival in Toronto of a new branch manager for the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, which has been doing business successfully in Canada for these twenty odd years. This gentleman is Mr. C. T. Gillespie, who has just reached Toronto from St. John, N.B., at which point he has for the past twelve years acted as manager for the Maritime provinces of the Provident Savings Life. To his district has been added the province of Ontario, and he is now manager for Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, with offices in the Temple Building, Toronto.

Mr. Charles F. Sise, president of the Bell Telephone Company of Canada, has just been elected to a seat on the Canadian board of the North British \& Mercantile Insurance Comspany. The Canadian board of this fine old company is now constituted as follows: Chairman, Mr. Archibald MacNider; Hon. George A. Drummond, Mr. Henri Barbeau and Mr. Charles F. Sise. We are interested in learning further that the Montreal building of the company, which when erected some thirty years ago was justly considered an ornament to St. Francois Xavier street, is to be reconstructed and two stories added to it.

In a very sensible recent paragraph The Insurance Post of Chicago thus distinguishes between good insurance papers and others: "Among the things that distinguish the better insurance papers are these: The better ones have character, capacity and courage. They try to give the most and not the least for the money. They neither attack non-advertisers nor slobber over their advertisers, as such. They fight for or against principles rather than personalities, and (while of course favoring their advertisers in the usual course) spare neither advertisers nor those high in authority where large principles are involved. They are particular about their advertisers and their endorsements, and will not help on fakes and frauds, but rather smite them with all their might and main. They will not stultify themselves for the present dollar, nor cringe like old Lazarus at the outer gate for crumbs."

The Monetary Times, of Toronto, is going heavily for the Independent Order of Foresters, and is somewhat satirical with regard to the Supreme Chief Ranger, that exceedingly able Mohawk chief, Oronhyatekha. Of course there is no reason why our Indian brother should not make the best of the commercial opportunities of the day, and he has been treated precisely as a white man would be,-perhaps better. But The

Monetary Times very properly points out that whilst the Independent Order of Foresters may be very attractive as a source of amusement, as a life assurance concern its safety leaves much to be desired. Our contemporary makes a point, and a strong one, against the Order, for it states that at the National Fraternal Congress in Boston last August, certain rates were fixed as giving life assurance at actual net cost; but, continues The Monetary Times, the I.O.F. rates are stated to be on an average of io per cent. below the rates fixed by the Congress. If this is so, the difference must come from somewhere. Is it to come from increased mortuary assessments, or by that latest dodge of the Mutual Reserve Fund, namely, creating liens on the policies ? We believe no more in the I.O.F. than we do in the Mutual Reserve, and they must both come to the same end.-London Review, 5 th February.

## TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

## Canadian Government Offices, London, Feb. 28, 1902.

German importer wants names of Canadian shippers of molybdenite. Liverpool wholesale provision firm wish commission agency for Canadian bacon. Dublin house wants addresses of Canadian makers of picture frame mouldings. Englishman asks names of makers of motor cars and car parts in Canada; another, names of importers of cottons and woolens, also first-class stationers and booksellers. A Montreal firm wants agencies for British sauce and pickle houses; another in same city proposes to correspond with English exporters of stationers' supplies and smokers' sundries. A firm in the Midlands wants direct consignments of Canadian apples.

## March 7th, 1902.

London agent for French colored roans and bends wishes names of Canadian importers of such goods. Lancashire manufacturers of cotton main driving ropes, etc., would like to be placed in communication with Canadian dealers. An Irish house makes enquiry for all classes of timber. A Leith firm wants to hear of a Canadian grain exporting concern. London agent has a demand for wood blocks for flooring and for furniture wood, and caskets in shook. A corespondent in Italy wishes names of manufacturers of acetate of lime. A Glasgow firm wishes names of makers of casein or lactarine. Wholesale stationery firm makes enquiry as to the mills in this country turning out manilla folding box board. A Birmingham house of carriage lamp makers wish for Canadian agents. An English importer desires names of Canadian fishing rod makers. A firm in the Midlands would like to arrange for direct consignments of Canadian apples.

Imperial Institute, London, March 7th, 1902.
London firm wants to hear from Canadian manufacturers of doors and mouldings. Liverpool house wants addresses of Canadian mining companies using cyanide of potash. London house wishes names of sawmills which can supply packing house shooks. A Brussels firm desires names of shippers of feldspar.

## FOR GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

The London cheese market is reported to have a better tone, and considerable business is being transacted.

A syndicate of Calgary ranchers has been formed to open meat markets in every town in the Kootenay districts and sell at low prices.

The retail grocers of Montreal held their annual drive and dinner at Back River last week. It is reported to have been a very enjoyable affair.

An Ottawa letter says that Mr. W. A. McKinnon will sail on March 26 for England, to take the position of official inspector of Canadian fruits arriving at British ports. This is a needed step.

The Retail Grocers' International Protective Association, of Toronto, have elected the following officers: President. H. Brett; vice-presidents, J. O'Leary and D. Jones; secretary, V. R. Fisher; treasurer, W. J. Tanner.

The butter market in Britain during the remainder of this month and April should be a strong one, as the deficit in receipts which have been arriving lately from other countries, more especially Australia, has amounted to something like 560 tons per week less, compared with the same time last year.

The annual meeting of the Western Horticultural Society was held in Winnipeg a few days ago, President A. B. Baird in the chair. It was resolved to urge the Government to print a large edition of the Act prohibiting the destruction of insectivorous birds.

We hear of an important new combination among British Columbia salmon canneries. Forty-five of the largest plants in the province are involved in the deal, which is said to be backed by United States capital to the extent of $\$ 4,000,000$.

The Georgian Bay Fruit Growers' Association held its annual meeting in Owen Sound on the 26th ult., the president, Mr. W. B. Sanders, in the chair. Matters of interest to members having the growing reputation of this fruit district at heart, were discussed, and another very useful feature was a practical out-door demonstration by Prof. Hutt on pruning, grafting, etc.

The salmon canners of British Columbia have presented a petition to the Fisheries Commission urging that the money derived from fishing licenses be devoted to the erection and maintenance of hatcheries, clearing of spawning grounds, removing of log jams, providing of fish ladders, and other matters tending to foster and perpetuate the industry. They also ask that in the granting of trap-net privileges priority be given to those with capital invested in gill-net fishing.

The business men's association of Napinka have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, I. E. Gaudin; 1st vice-president, Dr. Casselman; 2nd vice-president, Wm. Scott; secretary-treasurer, A. E. Slater. A committee was appointed to interview the Canadian Northern Railway Company with a view of having a branch of this company's road constructed to Napinka. It will also interview some of the chartered bank managers with a view to having a bank opened at Napinka. It has also been decided to have a competent miller visit Napinka and advise the citizens in the matter of securing a flour mill.

The cheese curing rooms which the Department of Agriculture is going to establish at Brockville, Ingersoll, Cowansville and St. Hyacinthe, at an aggregate cost of about $\$ 20,000$, are expected to begin operations early in June. Last year the depreciation in value in British markets owing to "heated cheese," is estimated at having been something like $\$ 2,250,000$. By means of the curing rooms the cheese can be cured at a lower temperature, resulting in a product of richer body and milder flavor, such as will meet the precise demand of the British public. There will also be a larger yield of cheese, thus giving an increased value to the milk, to say nothing of an added value per pound of cheese by improving the quality and preventing a loss from shrinkage. From all these causes, in Prof. Robertson's opinion, an increase of 20 per cent., in value, which is equivalent to $\$ 4,000,000$, will be effected.
-In our report of the annual meeting of the Collingwood Board of Trade, we omitted to give the names of the officers elected for the current year. They are as follows: W. A. Copeland, president; W. J. Slean, vice-president; P. Paton, secretary; E. R. Carpenter, treasurer; Messrs. J. J. Long, C. Cameron, D. G. Cooper, W. T. Toner, D. Wilson, James Guilfoyle, J. Brydon and F. W. Churchill, council.
-The Government of New Brunswick shows prudence in its resolve to establish a forest reservation. On Friday last, the surveyor-general, Hon. A. T. Dunn, introduced a bill to establish forest reservation ands provincial park. The situation of the park will likely be about the headwaters of the Tobique river. It is proposed to set off a tract of land of 900 square miles. The object is the protection of game, fish and also the preservation of streams, since where the forests are cleared away the streams dry up in summer.
-We learn from the Halifax Chronicle that the Bank of New Brunswick is about to open in Charlottetown, P.E.I., a branch of that bank.
-The manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Amherst was at Port Elgin, N.B., a week ago, and leased a part of the Copp building in that place, with the view of opening presently a branch of the bank therein.
-An attempt is being made to resuscitate the Stratford board of trade, and meetings have been held recently of those interested in the proposal. The matters chiefly under discussion are of a local nature, such as train and mail iservice. An effort will be made to induce industries to locate in the city. Mr. Jas. Steele has been appointed secretary, but the election of other officers has been held over until to-day.
-One of the finest issues of a trade journal that we have ever seen is the 29th annual special issue of the Timber Trades Journal and Saw-Mill Advertiser, of London. It contains considerably over 300 well printed pages, with good paper and handsome illustrations, besides an appendix of numerous advertisements. In addition to these, there is a unique feature in the shape of large carefully executed maps of the ports of Newcastle, Manchester and Liverpool, with articles descriptive of the same. To those interested in the British lumber trade, that journal is one well worthy of perusal.
-The Toronto Industrial Exhibition Assocation re-elected sixteen of the old directors, and elected four new ones. The board is now as follows: S. E. Briggs, ex-Ald. E. Strachan Cox, H. N. Crossley, R. Y. Ellis, John K. Leslie, Ald. Adam Lynd, John A. McGillivray, Ald. George McMurrich, W. K. McNaught, Ald. Jos. Oliver, Dr. J. O. Orr, B. Saunders, R. J. Score, Ald. O. B. Sheppard, Dr. Andrew Smith, Ald. J. J. Ward, W. E. Wellington, all of Toronto; Hon. John Diyden, of Brooklin; A. F. MacLaren, M.P., of Stratford, and Robert Miller, of Stouffiville. Five more directors remain to be elected. Dr. Smith having declined re-election to the presidency has been made honorary president, and Mr . W. K . McNaught is the new president.
-At the annual meeting of the Commercial Cable Company, held on the 3rd inst. in New York, the old board was re-elected, with the addition of Dr. Seward Webb and Edwin Hawley. In an address, the vice-president, Mr. Ward, made a few remarks on the powers of competition, which may be expected to be possessed by Marconi's wireless telegraphy. He was not disturbed in mind thereby, because even should the latter system extend beyond the experimental stage, he ccntended that several years would necessarily elapse before its organization for the collection and distribution of news could be perfected sufficiently to allow of its serving the public as well as the present method. Then, again, were the questions of speed and accuracy, on both of which points Mr . Ward considered the Cable Company would hold the advantage.
-A correspondent in Liverpool, who is strongly in favor of Canadian commercial agents in Britain, writes as follows on the 28th February: "I have read with interest the Monetary Times of 7 th inst. in which you advocate commercial agents for Canada in the United Kingdom. But I am afraid the Government will not act on your suggestion of having a commercial agency in London, although it is the only proper one. There seems now to be an idea prevalent that the different governments in Canada amalgamate their efforts. I have heard, on what I regard as very good authority, that the Dominion Government intends to do some work in the establishing of exhibits or agencies on this side of the Atlantic at Manchester, Liverpool, Bristol and Glasgow. But semehow they seem shy of doing anything of the kind in L.cndon. Can it be, as some suggest, that Lord Strathcona is opposed to such a move, because it might seem to lessen his position? I believe he has more sense than that, for I d's not think he is a vain man, and I do think he is a practical one."
-A very large transaction in real estate has just been carried through in Winnipeg, which involves the transfer of the titles of nearly half a million acres and a sum amounting, it is believed, to about $\$ 1,500,000$. The purchasers are a new company, composed largely of Minnesota capitalists, under the name of the Dominion Land and Colonization Company with a capital of $\$ 2,000,000$. They are said to be buying up the bulk of the unsold Canadian Pacific Railway lands in southeast Assiniboia, and a portion of southwest Manitoba, with the intention of settling farmers upon them during the coming season. Not a few of these settlers will be from the States.
-It is a signal compliment that has been paid to a Canadian, and at the same time a tribute to the shrewdness and ability of the recipient, that Mr . Wilbur C. Matthews, of Toronto, has been chosen by the firm of which he is general manager in Canada, to go abroad on a tour of enquiry for the Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun \& Co. In pursuance of instructions from New York, Mr. Matthews will sail shortly by C.P.R. steamer from Vancouver to Japan, China, and India, a tour which will occupy him for at least four or five months. It is his mission to see the cities of the East; to observe the characteristics of each; to note the trade conditions, and decide where in the Orient the Mercantile Agency shall open offices. His errand is significant of the growth of commercial and financial relations between the East and the West.

CLEARING HOUSE FIGURES.
The following are the figures of Canadian clearing house for the week ended with Thursday, March 20, 1902, compared with those of the previous week


## MEETINGS.

## THE MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA. <br> (Formerly The Ontario Mutual Life).

The thirty-second annual meeting of this poptilar and prosperous life company took place at its head office, Waterloo, Ont., on Thursday, March 6th, 1902, at I p.m. The company's spacious board room was well filled with policyholders, who evinced deep interest in the proceedings which were throughout both harmonious and instructive.

The president having taken the chair, on motion, $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}$. W. H. Riddell, secretary of the company, acted as secretary of the meeting, and at the request of the president read the directors' report.

## REPORT.

Your directors submit for your consideration and approval their report, with financial statement for the year ended December 31st, 1901.

NEW BUSINESS.-They are pleased to inform you that the business of the year in all respects has been of the most satisfactory character, enabling them to make the same liberal distribution of surplus to policy-holders, as in the past. The volume and character of new business were all that could be desired; the death rate was much below the expectation, and the lapses and surrenders, in proportion to business in force, very moderate. Amount of applications for new assurance received was $\$ 4,403,000$; accepted and policies issued $\$ 4,071$,669 , all of which, with the exception of $\$ 36,500$, was secured in Canada.

CANADA FIRST. - The board of directors have not seen any reason why they should depart from the rule hitherto followed of confining their operations to our own country and Newfoundland.

INSURANCE IN FORCE.-The number of policies in iorce was 21,785 , assuring $\$ 31,718,031$, the reserve on which. based on our own standard, Actuaries 4 per cent. On all business previous to 1900 , and $\mathrm{Hm} .3^{1 / 2}$ per cent. on all business taken since then, is $\$ 5,301,100.41$.

ASSETS AND INCOME-The cash assets are $\$ 5,439$,541.65 , and the total assets, $\$ 5,757,822.17$. The surplus on Government standard, over all liabilities, is $\$ 605,470$; on the company's standard, $\$ 379,970.53$. The net premium income was $\$ 998,619.06$; interest and rent, $\$ 255,817.02$; annuity premiums, $\$ 23,250$; total income, $\$ 1,277,686.08$.

PAID TO POLICY-HOLDERS. - The amount paid to policy-holders was $\$ 493,532.45$, of which sum $\$ 305,021.95$ was paid to living policy-holders. The death claims paid were $\$ 188,510.50$; matured endowments, $\$ 163,480$; purchased policies, $\$ 52,523.37$; surplus, $\$ 82,255.51$; annuities, $\$ 6,763.07$.

INVESTMENTS.-During the year the demand for mr,ney has been active, and the funds of the company have been fully employed. The rate of interest has been good, and payments on both instalments and interest have been promptly met, the interest overdue being much less than in any former year.

The manager, officers and staff continue to discharge their duties to the entire satisfaction of the board, and in the best interests of the company.

The executive committee have carefully examined all the securities, and compared them with the entries in the ledger, and found them to correspond therewith.

You will be called upon to elect four directors in place of Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Alfred Hoskin, K.C., E. P. Clement, and Hon. J. T. Garrow, whose term has expired, all of whom are eligible for re-election.

Waterloo, March 6th, 1902.
Robt. Melvin, President.
ABSTRACT OF ACCOUNTS FOR 1901. income.
Premiums, net $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
Interest,
Total
\$ 998,619 06 279,067 02

DISBURSEMENTS.
Death claims, endowments, profits, etc.
All other payments
\$ 493.53245 215,676 94

## Total

\$ 709,209 39
$\$ 2,650,56661$
2,012,449 03
643,361 93
123,729 or
14,31225
$313,403 \quad 34$
Total
$\$ 5,757,82217$
liabilities.
Reserve, 4 and $3^{1 / 2}$ per cent.
$\$ 5.301,10041$
$76,751 \quad 23$
$\$ 5,377,85164$ SURPLUS.
On the company's standard, 4 and $3^{1 / 2}$ per cent... $\$ 379,97053$ On the Government standard, $4^{\mathrm{T} / 2}$ and $3^{1 / 2}$ per cent. 605,47000

In moving the adoption of the directors' and other reports submitted to the meeting, the president ably reviewed the business of the company during the fiscal year ending December 3ist, 1901, showing that steady progress had been made in all that denotes strength and stability, while the ratio of expense to income was the lowest in the history of the company, being $\$ 23,951$ less than the previous year. It was gratifying to find that the interest and rents from investments exceeded the amount paid for death losses in igor by $\$ 67,307$. and that the large sum of $\$ 305,021$ was paid to living policy-holders during the same year for endowments, annuities, dividends, etc. On the whole the business of the company for 1901 was in all respects most satisfactory, and if everyone interested in its welfare will do his duty the year upon which we have entered will be still more successful than the one just passed.

Mr. A. Hoskin, K.C., first vice-president, having supported the motion at some length, the reports were adopted unanimously.

The scrutineers reported the unanimous re-election of the Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. J. T. Garrow, A. Hoskin, K.C., and E. P. Ciement, as directors for the ensuinig term of three years. The full board is now composed of the following members: Robert Melvin, president, Guelph; Alfred Hoskin, K.C., ist vice-president, Toronto; the Hon. Mr. Justice Britton, 2nd vice-president, Kingston; Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, P.C., G.C.M.G., Premier of Can-
ada, Ottawa; Francis C. Bruce, M.P., Hamilton; J. Kerr Fisken, B.A., Toronto; E. P. Clement, Berlin; W. J. Kidd, B.A., Ottawa; George A. Somerville, London; Hon. F. W. Borden, M.D., Minister of Militia and Defence, Oitawa; Hon. J. T. Garrow, K.C., Goderich, and William Snider, Waterloo; and the officers of the company are: George Wegenast, manager; W. H. Riddell, secretary; T. R. Earl, superintendent of agencies; J. H. Webb, M.D., medical director, and Millar \& Sims, solicitors.

## LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the London Life Insurance Company was held at the company's offices, London, Canada, March 1oth, 1902.

The vice-president, Mr. Albert O. Jeffery, K.C., LL.D., D.C.L., occupied the chair, and the manager, Mr. John G. Richter, acted as secretary.

The notice calling the meeting was read by the secretary, after which the following report and financial statement were submitted:

## REPORT.

The directors of the company beg to submit annual report and duly audited financial statement for the year ending December 31st, 1901.

During the year 12,468 applications for insurance, amcunting to $\$ 1,618,105$, were accepted and policies issued therefor.

The net premium and interest receipts of the year were respectively $\$ 271,726.83$ and $\$ 50,292.76$, totalling $\$ 322,019.59$, and being an increase of $\$ 24,770.47$ over the previous year.

The sum of $\$ 59,898.32$ was paid for death claims, $\$ 13$,209.05 for matured endowments, and $\$ 8,141.09$ for surrendered policies and cash profits, making a total of $\$ 8 \mathrm{I}, 246.48$ paid policy-holders or their heirs during the year.

The insurance in force on the company's books at the close of the year, after deducting all reinsurances, amounted to $\$ 6,489,041.62$, under 3,294 "Ordinary," and 43,294 "Industrial," or a total of 46,588 policies-an increase of 2.566 policies for insurance of $\$ 378,535.74$ for the year.

The assets of the company, exclusive of uncalled but subscribed capital, imount to $\$ 1,126,190.40$, an increase of $\$ 134$,371.24 for the year. The interest and other payments falling due during the year were in the main satisfactorily met. No losses in respect of investments were incurred during the year.

The liabilities of the company, under existing policies, and in all other respects, have been provided for in the most ample manner, the whole amounting to $\$ 1.026,133.79$. The surplus on policy-holders' account, exclusive of uncalled but subscribed capital, is therefore $\$ 100,056.6 \mathrm{r}$, and after deducting paid-up capital, accumulating profits and contingent fund, there remains a net surplus over all liabilities and capital of \$33.468.

John McClary, President.
TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING

3ist DECEMBER, rgor.
Net invested assets, Dec. 3ist, 1900,
brought forward . ................. \$955,643 oo
Less overdrawn bank account, Dec,

| 3ist, $1900 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .{ }^{2} 16.291 \quad 16$ |
| :--- |

RECEIPTS.
Interest on investments
General premiums, $\$ 8$ 1,085.29, less rein-
surance premiums, $\$ 227.85$
Industrial premiums
$\$ 50,29276$
80,85744
190,869 39
\$ 322,019 59
\$1,264,371 43
dismursements.
Cash profits paid policy-holders ......\$
4,818 04
Paid for surrendered policies $3,323 \quad 05$
Matured endowments paid ............... 13,20905
General claims paid
19,099 99
Industrial claims paid $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .{ }^{2} 0,79833$
Dividends paid shareholders and all
Dividends paid shareholders and all
other disbursements
116,353 15
197,601 61
Net invested assets, Dec. 31st, 1901
$\$ 1,066,76982$ ASSETS AS FOLLOWS.
Cash in office and banks
\$ 14,489 17
Luans on policies
52,991 02
Loans on stocks
14,225 00
Bonds and debentures
60,668 93
Loan companies' stocks
82,52000
830,135 99

Balance owing on real estate sold Lcan trust account

6,308 17
5,43 34

## ADDITIONAL ASSETS

Premiums in course of collection, net.. \$
Premium notes, net
7,722 21

Deferred premiums, net
3,549 76
interest due and accrued
${ }^{15,645} 38$
32,503 23

Total assets, December 31st, 1901
to cover liabilities as follows
Total reserve on policies in force,
$\$ \mathrm{I}, 021,407.21$; less reinsurance re-
serve, $\$ 3,131$.................... $\$ 1,018,27621$
Claims accrued
5,264 41
Advance premiums
31096
Shareholders' special account
28221
Dividends
2,000 00
\$1,026,I33 79
Surplus on policy-holders' account, apportioned as under
$\$ 100,05661$


Sturplus over all liabilities and capital
Gentlenolders of The London Life Insurance Company: Gentimen,-In discharge of my duty I have made a coninuous audit in detail of your books for the year ending December 31st, 1901, and find them accurately kept. The balance sheet is a true abstract from the books for the yer. As will be seen, all outside liabilities, including the reserve fund, are fully covered, independently of the general surplus shown. I have carefully looked into the securities and find them in good shape. The clerical work is neatly done.

February 12th, 1902. Jas. McMillan, Auditor.
The vice-president, in moving the adoption of the report, said:
'In the unavoidable absence of the president, it devolves
on me to move the adoption of the report under consideration.
"The report and accompanying financial statement are, as usual, full and readily understood.

The results of the past year's operations show that steady and sclid progress is being made in all essential particulars. The cash receipts from interest on investments and premiums show an increase of nearly $\$ 25,000$ over the previous year.
"The assets of the company increased by over $\$ 134,000$, while the liabilities calculated upon a reserve standard of 4 per cent. interest as regards business in force prior to 1900 and $3^{T / 2}$ and $3 \%$ as regards business issued since then, and the inclusion of every known or ascertainable outstanding obligation of the company at the end of the year increased less than \$124,000.
"The surplus security to policy-holders has increased to over $\$ 100,000$; and after deducting contingent fund, accumulating profits and paid-up capital, there remains a net surplus over all liabilities and capital of over $\$ 33,000$.
"With these remarks, I beg to move the adoption of the report."

Judge Bell, in seconding the adoption of the report, said:
'As a policy-holders' director, it affords me pleasure to testify to the care and ability exercised in the handling of the funds of the company. The investments are not only firstclass in character, as evidenced by the fact that no losses whatever have been incurred during the past year, but yielding as they do an average return of over $5^{1 / 2}$ per cent. interest, are more than ordinarily profitable.
"I am also pleased with the liberal profits the company is paying policy-holders entitled to participate therein; and taking into account the fact that the net surplus is steadily increasing, there is every reason to anticipate a continuance of like satisfactory results.
"I have much pleasure in seconding the adoption of the report."'

The adoption of the report was carried unanimously.
A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the agents and other employees of the company for the satisfactory manaer in which they discharged their several duties the past year.

The election of directors resulted in the re-election of Messrs. John McClary, president; A. O. Jeffrey, vice-president; William Bowman, George C. Gibbons, W. F. Bullen, A. S. Emery, Judge Bell, T. H. Smallman, and G. M. Harrison for the ensuing year.

## CANADIAN INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENTS

## THE ASHNOLA COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

Head Office, toronto, ontario $\therefore \quad$ Coal Fields, Princeton, b.c. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $\$ 1,000,000$.

Par value of Shares $\$ 1.00$. Balance of first issue of Stock offered at 25 c. per share, fully paid and non-assessable. Subscription list at this price closes March 25th.

## PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Messrs. J. W. St. John, Barrister, W. H. Pearson, Jr., Supt. Consumers Gas Co., W. F. Turnbull, Manager Standard Woollen Mills, P. E. Doolittle, M.D., L. L. Merrifield, Chief Engineer, Economic Gas Co., J. H. Farr and W. T. Stuart, M.D., Professor of Geology and Mineralogy, all of Toronto.

At a meeting of the Ashnola Company Syndicate held at Toronto, 11th of March, a resolution was passed to advance the price of shares to 35 c . on March 26 th.
This Stock is being rapidly taken up, and intending subscribers wishing to secure shares at the present low price of ${ }_{25}$ c., should make immediate application. There is now only a very small balance remaining.

[^2]THE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.
The Missouri Purchase Exhibition in St. Louis this year is likely to be a memorable event. It will naturally take hundreds of thousands of people into St. Louis. Among other preparations on a large scale to accommodate the crowd the Wabash Railway is already figuring on an enlargement of service, and an addition to equipment to handle a tremendously heavy business. Its president has just placed orders for more than $\$ 3,000,000$ worth of eighty-pound steel rails. Much of this will be laid on the Wabash lines to Kansas City, to Omaha, and to Des Moines in time for the Western World's Fair. The earnings of this railway company for the last ten days in January 3ist, they were $\$$ II $, 597,830.78$, an $\$ 27,624$ for the fiscal year. July ist to January 3ist, they were $\$ 11,597,830.78$, :in increase of $\$ 975,330.23$. We hear that Mr . Frederick H. Tristram has been appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash at Pittsburg. He was travelling agent of the Wabash for some time and then became central passenger agent at Pittsburg. He has served one term as president of the Travelling Passenger Agents' Association.
-Here are a few of the wise epigrams of Chicago Dooley, alias F. . P. Dunne: $^{\text {P. Digere }}$ "I think," said Mr. Dooley, "that if th" Christyan Scientists had some science an' th' doctors more Christyanity, it wudden't make anny diff'rence which ye, called in-if ye had a good nurse." "No matter whether th' Constitution follows th' flag or not, th' supreme coort follows th' iliction returns." "Ye can lade a man up to th' university, but ye can't make him think."

## Commercial.

## MONTREAL MARKETS.

## Montreal, March 19th, 1902.

Ashes.-Trading is dull, and receipts very limited. Quotations are reported easy at $\$ 4.40$ to $\$ 4.45$ for first puts; seconds, $\$ 3.90$ to $\$ 3.95$, and pearls about
$\$ 6.25$.

II
Cements and Firebricks.-Business has not yet assumed any active shape, and though enquiries are frequent, no transactions of any consequence have yet
transpired. Spring prices have not yet been established, and in the meantime
old quotations hold. old quotations hold.

Dairy Products.-Offerings of new made creamery are small, and the quality generally medium only. A good deal of roll butter is coming in, and quotes at 17 to $181 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Finest creamery is quoted at 22 to $22 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ c.; fine held creamcry, $211 / 2$ to 22 c .; seconds, 20 to 2 Ic . Further stiffening is noted in cheese, owing to the much reduced condition of stocks here, as well as to the report that stocks in Britain are materially less than at this time a year ago. Finest Ontarios are now quoted at $113 / 8$ to $111 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; finest Townships, II to $1 I^{1} / 4 \mathrm{c}$.; fine Quebecs, III/8 to $111 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.
Dry Goods.-The main body of spring orders are now shipped, and travellers are sending in a fair volume of sorting orders, and are already taking commands for some lines of fall goods, principally underclothing, men's furnishings, etc. Remittances are not coming in so well as several weeks ago, but bad roads all over the country are considered accountable for this very largely. The advances in cottons, noted last week, are confirmed, and it is expected the Montreal Cotton Co. will shortly announce an advance in some of their special lines.
Furs.-The London sales finish tomorrow, and we will be able next week to give a general resume of results. The following are the quotations for prime skins: Black bear, $\$ 18$ for large, $\$ 13.50$ for medium, $\$ 7.50$ for small; badger, 10 to 50 c .; wild cat, 10 to 35 c .; fisher, $\$ 4$ to $\$ 6$ for northern; western ditto, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 5$ for No. I; red fox, $\$$ I. 50 to $\$ 3$ for northern; silver fox, $\$ 50$ to \$1co; cross fox, $\$ 5$ to $\$ 10$; wolverine, $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 5$; lynx, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 5$; marten, fine, British Columbia, $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 7$; eastern, $\$ 2$ to $\$ 4.50$; mink, eastern, $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 4$; western, No. I, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 3.50$; fall rats, 8 to 10c.; winter, ditto, 10 to 15 c . ; otter, $\$ 12$ to $\$ 18$ for fine north-eastern; No. I, western, $\$ 8$ to $\$ 12$; coon, No. I, black, $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 2.50$; No. I. dark, \$1 to \$1.50; skunk, 20c. to $\$ 1.75$ for prime, according to stripe, etc.
Groceries.-The sugar market is still an easy one, with raw beet cabled at 6 s .6 d ., an abnormally low figure, and jobbers are buying enly for immediate wants. Refinery prices are still $\$ 3.80$ for standard granulated, with yellows :unning down to $\$ 3.05$. Some five or six small cargoes of molasses have been bought so far for this market, and

## IIIWHA WIVIE

This handsome residence, finished in hardwood, lighted with gas and heated by hot water, is fifty feet above the cottage at the gate and three hundred feet above Lake Ontario, forty rods distant. Nine acres compose the property, on pose the property, on clumps of pine trees. An abundance of apples, pears, plums, cherries and small fruits are grown every year. Besides this there is a large driving house with well fitted Toronto, may be reached in for a half dozen horses, etc. The City Hall, Toronto, may be reached in forty minutes by electric cars. The property is unencumbered and may be purchased on easy terms of payment.

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and agencies apply to Head Office.
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BONDS for the fidelity of employees.
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GEO. GOODERHAM,
President.
J. E. ROBERTS, President. Gen Manager

## TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.


prices to arrive are quoted at 27 c . for one to four puncheons; five puncheons and over, $25 \frac{1}{2}$ c.; the same figures apply to old stock. Teas continue to rule quiet, late business being confined to some few moderate sales of Ceylons and Indians. Canned tomatoes continue high and scarce. It is said $\$ \mathrm{I}$ is being exacted for standard brands of last pack, while $87^{1 / 2}$ to 90 c . is being got for goods of 1900; corn and beans are in good supply, but of peas there are none too many. Gallon apples are firm at $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2.70$, and evaporated, ditto, at $91 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Dried fruits, though in light demand, ate Dried in price; Valencia raisins being in limited supply, with higher values Denia, and 3 -crown Californias would cost $81 / 2$ c., to lay down; prunes are dearer, and $60^{\prime}$ 's to $70^{\prime}$ s would cost 7 c .
Hides.-Califkins are being received in liberal quantity, and toc. is still being paid for No. I, though values are reported easier in the United States, and ported easier there is some accumulation of stock there is some arcumly coming in slowly, and are still easy at 7 c . for No. 1. Lambskins are quoted at roc., and sheepskins, 60 c .
Leather.-The boot and shoe factories here show some signs of slackening activity, but business can still be called very fair. Western shoe jobbers were reported in considerable number at reported last week, placing sample fall Qrders. Local leather men report a fair, moderate trade with steady prices. moderate trade with steady prices.
Slaughter sole is quoted at 27 to 28 c . for No. 1; B.A. mfrs., No. I, $24^{1 / 2}$ to 25 c . Spanish, 22 to $24^{1 / 2}$ c., as to grade. QueSpanish, splits seem firmer, 15c. being declined for fair lots, and 16 c . is a general quotation; Western splits, 20 to 2 Ic.; ; grain and wax upper, 14 to 16c.; buff
 $1 \mathrm{II}^{1} / 2 \mathrm{c}$.

Metals and Hardware.-Brisk business is still reported in general hardware lines, and heavy metals are moving very fairly. Hamilton pig iron is quoted at $\$ 19.75$, net 30 days, delivered here for Nig. I; Scotch warrants show some moderate fluctuation, latest cable quotation is 52s. 3d. Domestic bars are very firm, some jobbers asking $\$ 2$, owing to the great scarcity of certain sizes; bar the
steel is quoted at $\$ 2.10$. The English stae market still rules very firm; Canada plates quote at $\$ 2.65$ for 52 sheets, which are in fair supply, but 60 's and ${ }_{70}$ 's are quite scarce. Galvanized sheets 70 are firmer at $\$ 4.40$; coke tins, $\$ 4.40$; black sheets, $\$ 2.65$ for 28 gauge; Ternes $\$ 7.75$. Spelter is stronger at $\$ 4.90$; copper barely steady at $133 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.; tin, $29^{1 / 2}$ c. for Straits; lead, $\$ 3.25$; antimony, $31 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.
Oils, Paints and Glass.-Business in these lines keeps up well. As regards values, not a change is reported, but all quotations are steadily maintained. Quotations are: Single barrels, raw, and boiled linseed oil, respectively, 80 and 83 c. per gallon, for one to four barrel lots; 5 to 9 barrels, 79 and 82 c ., net, 30 days, or 3 per cent. for four months' terms. Turpentine, one barrel, 67 c .; two to four barrels, 66 c .; net, 30 days. Olive oil, machinery, goc.; Cod

[^3]
## Confederation Life

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W. D. MATTHEWS, Esg., FI FR-PRESIDENTS
w. c. macdonald, actuary. J. K. macdonald, Managing Director.

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ELIAS ROGERS,
W. D. LONG, A. S. IRVING,
R. H. MATSON, Managing Director,

Vice-Presidents,
F. SPARLING, Secretary.

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THE METROPOLITAN is one of the oldest Life Insurance Companies in the United States. Has been doing business for over thirty years.
THE METROPOLITAN has Assets of over 62 Millions of Dollars, Liabilities of 53 Millions, and a Surplus of over 8 Millions.
THE METROPOLITAN pays Death Claims, averaging one for every two minutes of each business day of eight hours, and has Five Million Policy-holders.
THE METROPOLITAN offers remunerative employment to any honest, capable, industrious man, who is willing to begin at the bottom and acquire a knowledge of the details of the business. He can by diligent study and practical experience demonstrate his capacity and establish his claim to the highest position in the field in the gift of the Company. It is within his certain reach. The opportunities for merited advancement are unlimited. All needed explanations will be furnished upon application to the Company's Superintendents in any of the principal cities.

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H. Smith, Supt. H. Smith, Supt.

Montreal, Canada -1670 St. Catherines Street-Chas. Stansfield, Supt.
Henry Briggs. Supt. 53 Board of Trade Building, $4^{2} \mathrm{St}$ Sacrament Street-
Henry Briggs, Supt.
Ottawa, Canada-Metropolitan Life Building, Metcalfe and Queen Streets-
Quebec, Canada-Room 12, People's Building, ras St. Peter Street-Geo. K.
Toronte, Cappelle, Supt. Confederation Life Bldg., Yonge St. - Wm. O. Washburn, Supt. " Lawlor Building, King and Yonge Streets, Rooms 32 and 34 -
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Robt. Melvin,
Geo. Wegenast,
W. H. Riddell,

President.
Manager.

## Commercial ünion <br> Assurance Co., Limited.

 ot London. Bng.Fire - Life - Marine
Capital \& Assets over $\mathbf{\$ 3 4 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$

Canadian Branch-Head Office, Montreal. Toronto Office, 49 Wellington Street East.

GEO. R. HARGRAFT, Gen. Agent for Toronto and Co, of York

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MUNTZ \& BEATTY, Resident Agents Temple Bldg., Bay St., TORONTO Telephone 2309.

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 1895Capital and Aogumulated Funds, \%38,355,000;
Annual Revenue trom Fire and Life Premiums and from Annual Revenue trom Fire and Life Premiums and from interest on Invested Funds, $\$ 5,715,000$; deposited with Dominion Government for Canadian Policy-holders,
,
robt. W. Tyre, Manager for Canada.

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Head Office, Home Life Building, Toronto Capital, \$1,000,000
RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED in unrepresented districts.
Correspondence solicited
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cstablished 1875.
EDWARD W. SCOTT, President.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts. Apply to

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STOCK AND BOND REPORT.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
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British North America \\
Commercial Bank, Windsor, N.S \\
Halifax Banking Co \\
Royal Bank of Canada \\
New Brunswick \\
Nova Scotia \\
People's Bank of Halifax \\
People's Bank of N.B \\
St. Stephen's \\
Union Bank, Halitax \\
Yarmouth
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\underset{4,866,000}{\$}
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\hline Eastern Townships \& 50
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\hline Hochelaga \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
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\hline Provincial Bank of Canada \& \& \& \& 275,000 \& \[
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\hline Union Bank of Canada \& \& \& \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{113
117} \& 113
117 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Canadian Bank of Commerce \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{50} \& 8,000,000 \& 8,000,000 \& 2,000,000 \& \(3^{\frac{1}{2}}\) \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Mar, 19} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline Dominion ................... \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,000,000} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,000,000} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
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2261} \& \\
\hline Hamilton \& 100 \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{ll}232 \& 233 \\ 128 \& 128 \\ 188\end{array}\)}} \& 120
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50 \\
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\hline Ottawa \& \& 2,000,000 \& \& 1,765,000 \& \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) \& \({ }_{2}^{210}\) \& \& 120 50 \\
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11500} \\
\hline Toronto \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{100} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
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\hline LOAN COMPANIES. special act dom. \& ont. \& \& \& \& \& +And \(\mathrm{x} \%\) bonus \& \& \& \\
\hline Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{10} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,000,000} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,000,000} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,500,000} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{120}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1200} \\
\hline under building societies act, 1859 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Agricultural Savings \& Loan Co. \& 50 \& 630,200 \& 630,200 \& 207,00 \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\({ }_{17}\)} \& \({ }^{88} 50\) \\
\hline Toronto, Mortgage Co \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5} \& \(1,120,860\)
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120}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }^{46}\) ¢ 0} \\
\hline Canada Savings \& Loan co.. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Huron \& Eric Loan \& Savings Co \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{50} \& \(1,000,000\)
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925,000 \& \(4 \frac{1}{1}\) \& 180 \& \({ }^{\text {ol }}\) \& 90 25 \\
\hline Hamilton Provident \& Loan So \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}1,500,000 \\ 700000 \\ \hline 70000\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(1,100,000\)
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118

00} <br>
\hline Landed Banking \& Loan Co. \& 100
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\hline London Loan Co. of Canada. \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{50} \& \& \& \& 3 \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{50 50} <br>
\hline Ontario Loan \& Deben. Co.,. London...

Ontario Loan \& Savings Co., Oshawa.. \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
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\hline Ontario Loan \& Savings Co., Oshawa. People's Loan \& Deposit Co. \& \& \& \& \& \& 35 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\%} <br>

\hline Under Private Acts. \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{$$
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\]} \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Central Can. Loan and Savings Co... \& \& \& \& 450,000 \& ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}{ }^{*}$ \& \& \& +39 mom <br>
\hline London \& Can. Ln. \& Agy. Co. Ltd. do. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Man, \& North-West. L. Co. (Dom. Par.) \& \& \& \& 51,000 \& \& 65 \& \& 65 mo <br>
\hline " The Companies' Act," 1877-1889. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Imperial Loan \& Investment Co. Ltd... \& 100 \& 839,850 \& \& \& ${ }^{2 \frac{1}{2}}$ \& \& \& <br>
\hline Can. Landed \& National Inv't Co., Ltd. \& 100 \& 2,008,000 \& 1,004,000
373,720 \& 350,000 \& \& ${ }_{75} 9$ \& ror \& 9987 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline British Mortgage Loan Co. \& 100 \& \& \& 0,00 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Ontario Industrial Loan \& Inv. \& \& 373,000 \& 271,993 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Toronto Savings and Loan Co. \& 100 \& x,000,000 \& 600,000 \& 120,000 \& rly \& 128 \& \& 1280 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

ECONOTIICAL
Fire Ins. Co. of Berlin, Ont.


## L aw Union \& Crown <br> IIsunance company of lonoon

Toat catise $\$ 22,000,000$
rire risks accepted on almost every description of insurable property.
Canadian Head Office
67 BEAVER HALL, MONTREAL
J. E. E. DIOKSON, Mgr.
dOUGLAS K. RIDOUT, Toronto Agent.
Agents wanted throughout Canada.

## Established 1824 <br> The MANGHESTER FIRE

## Assurance Co.

Head Office-MANCHESTER, Eng.
H. S. MALLETT, Manager and Secretary

## Assets over \$13,000,000

Canadian Branch Head Office-TORONTO. JAS. BOOMER, Manager.
T. D. RICHARDSON, Assistant Manager.

City Agents $\}$ Japfray \& Mackenzie

## THE DOMINION LIFE ASSURANCE CO. GRO WTH IN 1901.

From the Directors' Reports the following figures are
taken, exhibiting the progress of the Company as comtaken, exhbiting the progress of the Company as com-
pared with the previous year. $1900 \quad 1901$ Amount of Applications. \& 681,700 Policies Issued Net Insurance Gained. Income Expenditure
Total Assets.

$\begin{array}{rr}232,496 & 841,090 \\ 3.879 .33^{2} & 542,292 \\ 138,42,624 \\ 39,812\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrr} & 12, . . . . . & 59,842 \\ & 158,459 \\ & 79.079\end{array}$ | Total Security to Policy-holders. | 539,266 | $6 \times 5,690$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | The exceptionally strong position of the Company, the

soundness of its Assets (no losses having occurred on invested funds since the Company started), the gratifying increase in business during the year, and the fact that our Liabilities are computed on a basis that would add $\$ 30,000$ to our Surplus if computed on Government Standard, are all strong points in favor of this excellent Company. THOMAS HILLIARD, Managing D
C. W. CHADWICK, District Manager,

Dineen Building, TORONTO.

## QUEEN CITY

Fire Insurance Co. HAND-IN-HAND

Insurance Company. MIILLRS \& MAWIFAFTVIVRRSS Insurance Company. Fire Ins. Exchange

## Corporation.

Authorized Capitals, $\$ 1,250,000$
Special attention given to placing large lines on
mercantile and manufacturing risks that come up to mercantile and manufacturing risks

Head Offices-Queen City Chambers, Toronto
SCOTT \& WALMSLEY,
established 1858.
Managers and Underwriters.
oil, 32 to 35 c . per gallon; steam refined seal, 49 to 52 c . per gallon; straw, ditto, 45 to $47 \mathrm{c} . ;$ Castor oil, 9 c .; in quantity; tins, $9^{1 / 4}$ to $9^{1 / 2}$ c.; machinery castor oil, $8 \frac{1}{2}$ to 9 c .; Leads, (chemically pure and first-class brands only), $\$ 5.87^{1 / 2}$ c.; No. I, $\$ 5.37^{1 / 2} \mathrm{c}$.;No. 2, $\$ 5.121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$; No. 3, $\$ 4.87^{1 / 2}$; No. 4, $\$ 4.37^{1 / 2}$; dry white lead, $5^{1 / 2}$ to 6 c .; pure; No. I, do., 5 c .; genuine red, ditto, 5 c .; No. 1 , red lead, $4^{1 / 2}$ to $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.; Putty, in bulk, bbls., $\$ 2$;
bladder putty, in bbls., $\$ 2.35$; ditto, in bladder putty, in bbls., $\$ 2.35$; ditto, in
kegs, or boxes, $\$ 2.50 ; 25-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, $\$ 2.45$; $121 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. tins, $\$ 2.75$. London washed whiting, 45 to 50 c .; Paris white, 75 to Soc.; Venetian red, $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 1.75$; yellow ochre, $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 1.50$; spruce ochre, $\$ 1.75$ to $\$ 2$; Paris green, in barrels, $163 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.; 50 and $100-\mathrm{lb}$. drums, $171 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; $25-\mathrm{lb}$. ditto, 18 c .; in kegs, 15 c .; in ib. packages, 16 c .; Window glass, $\$ 2.10$ per 50 feet for first break; $\$ 2.20$ for second break.

Wool--Rather more business is reported of late, one leading house reporting sales of from 200 to 300 bales during the past two or three weeks. Prices are much firmer, the lowest figure in Capes being now $151 / 2 \mathrm{C}$., ranging up to 17c.; Natals, 19 to 20c. There is no Australian or North-West here. Fine B.A. scoured is quoted at 30 to 32 c .

## TORONTO MARKETS.

## Toronto, March 20th, 1902.

Chemicals, Drugs, Etc.-Greater briskness may be reported in business the last few days, but prices cannot be said to be-very firm, which is probably due to the tendency towards a general decline in Great Britain and on the Continent. Quinine, however, is an exception, and it is advanced about 2 c . Linseed oil has, contrary to expectation, failed to advance. From Liverpool we hear that sulphate of copper. after an advance of 20s. to 30s., is slightly easier. Sulphate of ammonia has also advanced, but a good many staples have a downward trend.

Flour and Grain.-Practically no change has taken place under this heading since last report. Flour remains very quiet; Ontario patents sell for $\$ 2.75$ in buyers' bags, middle freights, but holders usually ask more. Millfeed, oatmeal and cornmeal are firm without change. Wheat remains at the same prices as those last quoted. Very little business is being done, and receipts are light.

Fruits.-Business in the fruit line is on the quiet side. Apples have been arriving in England in good condition and fetching the following prices: Baldwins, 19s. 6d. to 27 s .; Ben Davis, 20s. to 26s.; seconds, 17 s . to 18 s . 6 d. ; spies, 21 s . to 26 s .6 d .; seconds, 14 s .6 d . to 19 s .6 d ; russets, 2 is. to 26 s . 6 d .; seconds, 17s. 6d. to 20s.; Nova Scotia Ben Davis, 17 s . to 22 s .; nonpareils, 18 s . to 23 s . Prices for other fruits locally are quoted as follows: Extra fancy California, Washington navels, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 3.50$ per box; Valencia oranges, $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 5.50$ per large box; Mexican, $\$ 2.50$ per box; marmalade, $\$ 2.75$; new Messina, lemons, $\$ 2.25$ to $\$ 2.50$; Almeria grapes,

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Wheat. Spring <br> Red Winter $\qquad$ <br> No. 1 Cal $\qquad$ <br> Corn <br> old $\qquad$ <br> Peas $\qquad$ <br> Pork $\qquad$ <br> Bacon, heavy $\qquad$ <br> Tallow light.. $\qquad$30 <br> 06 <br> Cheese, new white <br> Cheese, new colored. $\qquad$ |  |
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## The Mutual Life Insurance Company

 RICHARD A. MCCURDY, Pres'dent.Statement for the Year Ending December 31, I901.
According to the Standard of the Insurance
Department of the State of New York.

## INCOME

Received for Premiums
From all other Sources.
DISBURSEMENTS To Policy-holders for claims by Death.
To Policy-holders for Endowments


## ASSETS

United States bonds \& other securities.. United States bonds \& other securities.. Loans on Bonds and other Securities.. Loans on Company's own Policies...... Real Estate: Company's Office Buildings in London, Paris, Berlin, New York.
Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco,
 Cash in Banks and Trust Companies.......
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Pre Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Pre-
miums, etc...........................

## LIABILITIES

Liability for Policy Reserves, etc..........
Liability for Contingent Guarantee Fund
$\begin{array}{r}851,44678773 \\ 1+177.51778 \\ \hline 6.50\end{array}$ $865,624,3055^{1}$
$817,344,02313$ $11,335,64677$
$13,772,93660$
$842,452,60650$
$108,063,98 \mathrm{r}$
$8 \mathrm{r}, 564,209$
88
11 $1,54,209$
11, 638.000
$11,319,067$
23 $11,319,06723$
$27,542,44244$
1674689446 6,964.376 42 *352,838,971 67 $8289,652,3888_{4}$ $60,706,58283$
$2,480,000$ oo $\$ 352,838,97 \times 67$
Insurance and Annuities in force 81,243,503, rox 11


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WATERLOO MUTUAL FIRE INS, CO.
Established in 1863.
HEAD OFFICE, WATERLOO, ONT.
Total Assets 31st Dec., 1900 ......... 8361,36103 Policles in Force in Western On-
tarlo over ................................... 25,00000 GEORGE RANDALL, WM, SNIDER,
FRANK HAIGHT,
R. T. ORR,

Inspeator.

## Tне "GORE"

FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Head Office, GALT, ONT.
 Total Assets ............... $\mathbf{4 0 7 , 3 3 3} \mathbf{0 7}$ Both Cash and Mutual Plans President,
Vice-President,
A. WARNOCK, Eso Manager, R. 8. Strona, Galt.


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$\$ 5.50$ to $\$ 6$ per keg; apples, $\$ 4$ to $\$ 5.5$ d per barrel; bananas, fancy, $\$ \mathbf{1 . 5 0}$ to $\$ 2$ parrel.
Groceries.-Nothing very new comes to notice in the grocery trade. Business is dull, as is usual at this time of the year, but this season perhaps it is somewhat more so than on the average, owing to the very bad state of the roads throughout the country. Sugar is on the same basis as last week, and moves slowly still. Tomatoes and salmon are in a strong position, but otherwise canned goods remain as before. Coffees are steady and green Rios are likely to be very firm. Ceylon and Indian black teas sell well, and indeed there is a very fair demand for almost all grades of tea. In the dried fruit market, nothing new has developed. Currants are meeting with a fair demand from retailers, and raisins are still strong.
Hides, Skins and Leather.-The hide market continues steady, but the demand is not heavy. For sheepskins there is a moderate demand. Calfskins are firm. Tallow is steady at old prices. The leather market is in a good condition at steady prices, and prospects are bright. In Chicago, a steady market is reported for packer hides. In a few instances tanners are reported as giving a limited amount of attention to branded hides, but native hides, which are in full supply, sell slow. Packers, however, ure not forcing sales and prices are steady, with native steers at 12 to $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. ; heavy Texas at 13 c .; butt brands at $113 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.; Colorados at $11 \frac{1}{2}$ c.; heavy native cows at $101 / 2$ to $103 / 4$ c., and branded cows at $9 \frac{1}{2}$ c. Country hides are steady at $73 / 4$ to 8 c . for No. I buffs.
Provisions.-Not much change has taken place in these markets since iast issue. Butter is coming in in about sufficient quantities to supply the demand. Prices are unchanged. Cheese continues becoming firmer, and is now quoted around IIc. Eggs, after the very rapid decline before referred to, have become firmer at an advanced price of 14 to $14 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. Hog products are in about the same position. Dressed hogs, sell at $\$ 7.50$, delivered. According to the Cincinnati Price Current, there has been a further moderate falling off in marketing of hogs. Total Western packing 395,000 compared with 415,000 the preceding week, and 510,000 two weeks ago. For corresponding time last year the number was 385,000 , and two years ago, 400,000 . From March Ist the total is 610,000 , against 580,000 a year ago. Not much change in quality of animals coming forward, which averages fair for this time of year. Prices have further advanced, and at the close the average for prominent markets is $\$ 6.25$ per IoO lbs., compared with $\$ 6.15$ a week ago, 6 two weeks ago, $\$ 5.60$ a year ago, and $\$ 4.85$ two years ago.
Wool.-As to local conditions in the wool market, we have nothing to add to the review given last week. There was another London sale on the 18th, at which the offerings numbered 14,755 bales. All fine scoured were in good demand at full prices, and occasionally slightly higher rates were paid. Crossbreds and merinos were very firm. Inferior stock sold less freely and slightly in buyers' favor. Americans purchased fine merinos and good greasy crossbreds at high rates. A fair supply of Punta Arenas in good condition was offered, and the home trade secured practically all of it at firm prices. The present series will close on March 26th The opening of the third series of sales has been postponed until May 6th. The list will be closed on April 28th with a limit of 400,000 bales.

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 of the . .Monetary Times

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One of our subscribers who is anxious to own a complete set of this journal desires copies to complete his files for each of the following years
year. vol. numbers missing.
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$1878.9-x i i .-10,15,34,37,38,44,49$.
$1879.80-x i i i-45$
1879.80-xiii. 46,50 .

1880-1-xiv.-7, 16, 18, 30, $31,37,44,51$
$188 \mathrm{I}-2-\mathrm{xv} .-4,23,24,30$ to 52
1882.3-xvi. -1 to 26,40 .

1883-4-xvii--1, 23, 39.
1884-5-xviii- $14,15,16$.
1885-6--xix -12, 24, 32.
1886-7-xx.-3, 16, 29.
1887-8-xxi.-6, 7, 13, 14
$189 \mathrm{c}-1-\mathrm{xxiv} .-45,52$.
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Insurance written
Insurance in force 2,769,870.00 Total Cash Income $769,870.00$
$75,928.72$
$84,755.92$
Gotil Income - $84,755 \cdot 92$ $34 / \%$
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