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DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE，SCIENCE，RDUCATION，AND LITERATURE．

VOLUME XIX．，Ne． 24.
MONTREAL \＆NEW YORK，DECEMBER 15， 1884.
SEMI－MONTHLY， 30 OTS．Fer An．，Post－Faid，

WHILST THE SNOWFLAKES FELL ON CHRISTMAS EVE． ceapteri．
The snowflakes came floating down softly －swiftly－silently，alike in origin，alike in nature，alike in form and hue，but，on reaching this planet earth，hecoming wonderfully un－ likein position．For some of the shining par ticles were arrested in their downward course ly lofty mountain or towering steeple． Others descending lower，rested on enug manor－roof or farm－house，or atill lower，whilst the greater number found their level on the wide－ sweeping plain．Snow－flakes，how－ ever，being indifferent to position， it mattered little to them whether they foll high or low；and not a bit prouder，happier，or whiter looked such，for instance，as hap－ pened to light on the turreted dome of Castle Dermott，than their millions of kindred that lay in fair pretty confusion on the terraced alopes below．
But even＂pretty＂thinge gain scanty admiration when they are as common as snowtakes on the 24th of December ；indeed，＂tire－ some，＂＂odious，＂＂veratious，＂were these special＂snow－flakes＂success－ ively termed by Aunette Dermott， who had intended spending the whole afternoon superintending the Christmas decorations in the clurch；but in consequence of the weather and a recent cold had been forbidden by mother to venture ont of doors．＂It is so disappoint－ iug！＂she repeats for the fiftieth time，viewing despondingly the whitening world through the win－ dow－panes，which seem all tufted over with tiny feathers．＂I had quite set my heart on having the church really prettily decorated this y ear，and now，I am sure the wreaths will be hung badly，and probably half the letters turned upside down！Is it nota very provoking storm，Ronald ？＂And Annette turns appealingly to her brother －a schoolboy of fourteen，who had just returued from gathering．a bundle of holly，and was now en－ joying a rest in the biggest easy－ chair in the room．
＂Yes，very．But any one can stick little bits of holly about，＂he answers．
＂Stick little bits of holly about！How know，Effie ；and that＇s all you care about．＂ very：stupid schoolboys are ！＂resents An－ nette．＂I could have carried out my idea beautifully but for this horrid snow！
＂If it frөeze to－night，how niee it will be walking to－morrow on the hard crisp ground！＂ventured little Efie，the youngest eister，glancing up from the manufacture of a doll＇s bonnet，in which she had been ab－ sorbed for some time．
＂I don＇t care much for anything Santa Claus can bring me this time，unless it be a doll with blue eyes to match exactly this bonnet．＂And Effe bolds upher wee speci－ men of millinery．＂Blue ejes，and real hair that．I can curl myself every day，like what mother says her dolls used to have ；all mine have only flas and I cannot fix it．＂ ＂That＇s because women get all the hair
＂Freeze！－and spoil the St．Stephen＇ hunt，the best fun in the whole vacation！＂ objected Ronald，now thoroughly in earnest．
＂Buta white Christmas would be so pretty －and I only remember black，wet ones，＂re monstrated Efie，quoting from her brief ex． perience of nive years．
＂Black Christmases！Did anybody ever hear such nonsense ？＂said Ronald，＂I hope we may have a regular dornnpour of rain． Rain won＇t prevent Santa Claus coming，you


MAELNG FOR HOME．
which was meant for dolls，to make up their Christmas is really a most tiresome season－ own hideous frisettes and false＇shigs＇ex－now ion＇t it ，cousin Charlie $?$＂she added pounded Ronald，contemptuously．You＇ll addressing the fowrth and much senior oc－ be stealing your dolly＇s hair to do the same r－and．by，Effie．＂
Effie rather indignantly refuted this cruel prophecy as the sitting－room door was opened，and tho servantaddressed Miss Der mott，－
＂The little boy，Martin Daly，ma＇am，is cupant of the luxurious apartment，who，in． valided by an accident，reclined unon a sofn opposite the window，an open book in his hand．He did not immediately reply．
＂Oh，don＇t expect an answer from cousin Charlie，he＇s dreaming as usual，＂laughed Ronald．＂However，I＇ll settle the ques－
p the
＂Returned is 1 The the be finished ！＂Annette half rises from her chair but quickly roseats herelf：＂No ； shall notask him how it looks as I know his answer would only ver mee．Bid him leave those evergreens in the servants＇hall and run home，－and here，give him this shilling， an home，－and here，give him this ohiling
giving my own opinion thereupon， which is，that，except for vacation Christmas is decidedly tiresome． I am sick of Christmas presents and Christmas trees；and as to Christ－ mas cards－＂Ronald paused， unable to call up a strong enough adjective
＂I wish we could invent a new way of epending Christmas，＂half sighed Effie．
＂Cluristmas without presents， trees，cards，or even holidays！＂put in cousin Charlie，suddenly rons－ ing himself．＂Would that be the ＇ray，＇Effie＂＂
＂Oh，no！for then it would be only like any other part of the year，and it ought to be quite un－ like，you know．But if we could think of a new，pleasant，nice way！＂
＂I wonder how little Martin Daly spends Christmas，＂went on cousin Charlie；＂or if he was ever tired of trees，or Santa Claus， or－＂
＂Martin Daly！＂interrupted Anvette，rather haughtily．＂How could he 1 Of course be never even heard of Sauta Claus；but then，he is quite different from us．＂
＂Quite differentiy placed in the world，you mean．＂And cousin Charlic was silent again，whilst his eyes，this time raised from his book were fixed on the snowilakes，which atill continued their swift，pretty descent．＂How similar to each ather those white atoms are！＂he resumed presently．＂Perfectly similar in every respect，yet what varied situations they happen to fall upon！Some，lighting on the high bank，will rest there undis－ turbed till gradually melted by the warm sun ；others，descending but a couple of feet lower on the ter－ raced walk，will be crushed into moisture by the heel of the first passer－by；or possibly Effie＇s own little feet to－morrow．Human beinge are very much alike．It is only a mere matter of position or circunstances makes them ap－ parently＇quite different．＇High or $10 w_{5}$ rich or poor，they think and feel，suffor in pain，rejoice in kappiness．＂
Annette glanced quickly at ber cousin， then out at the snowflakes．And asshe，too； cad the parable the unconscious particles

H02 Nojgran
replaced the dissatisfied, petulant look her face had worn all the norning. A great fault in her character was a proneness to
treat
not wukindly but proudly unsympa. treat, not uukindly, but proudly, unsympa. thizingly, people occuyying an inferior social yrade to her onn ; and now, all at once, this fault stood out tia a strong repel.
Ond ling vividness before her; ;he became silont in her turn, feeling rebuked and repentant. Cousin Charlie was by no means of an "overpause in a lighter tone.
"Effo has been suggesting we should invent a new way of epending Christmas. The old 'tiresome' mode seems to have consisted exclusively in getting an overwhelming amount of presents and pleasure. What if We should try the variety of giving to some-
body (who has had no former experience of body (who has had no former experience of
them) a few of those good things whose rethem) a few of those good things whose re-
petition has made us feel sick? Suppose, petitiou has made us feel sick ? Suppose, for instance, we take poor Martin Daly, who has ' never cven heard of Santa Claus,' and surprise the little fell
Christhans boxes?"
"A Christmas basket for Martin! What a grand idea!" cried Effe, clapping her hailds.

But how should we manage to fill it?" asked Annette, brightening up likewise, "We have only money. It is too late and snowy to send out to buy thinge this afternoon.,
"Oh, I am sure mother would let us buy out of the store-room ; only we must be sure to pay or else we would not be giving
to Martin," decided Efie. "Do you think to Martin," decided Efie. "Do you think
Martin would like things out of the storeMartin would like thi
room, cousin Charlic ?
"I am satisfied he will make no inquiries as to whether Santa Claus collected his offer. ings in a shop or mother's store-room," returned cousin Charlie.
(To be Continued.)


## Temperance Department.

"a christian gave it to me."
"A Christian gave it to me"-that fatal class Which proved the turning point. The Rubicon
Once crossed, my path was clear to ruin.
I knew its power, and I was struggling sore, Against the deadly spell. Full niany a time
Had taunts of boon companions made me Had taunts of boon companions made me
But grace wasgiven to turu nway from them
And now, when I had looped-res, hoped And now, when I had hoped-yes, hoped That health, and happiness, and home were
A noble lady, one bright New Year's morn, Pressed me to take a glass " just for this In honor of her hospitality.

She did not dream-how could she 1-what was meant
By drinking that one little drop of wine. The buried craving of the days gone by Uprose anew within me; and I fell A victin to its power, my being seemed As set on firc of hell, and from that hour To this, ny downward course was swift and sure.

Oh, Christian! pause and think; was it your lhand-
A' sister's hand, perchance, which should have helped
That put temptation in a brother's way? You say, "I would not;".but you cannot Their soul- surroundings who may cross your path;
You do not know, ob, then consider well, The possibilities of every case,
And let no erring ones have cause to say
That by your means hay have been led That by youl

## A USEFUL LESSON.

## bX DR. B. W. RIOEARDSON.

I am now going to suggest an extremely curious question. Perhaps when you read it you may think I am making fun of you. I assure you I ams not doing so, but am intending to draw from the question a most aseful esson. We will suppose, then, that a child is living on milk. The child is quite
well in henltl, it can run as fast as any well in henltly; it can run as fast as any
other child, and for as long a distance, it can other child, and for as long a distance, it can
jump as high; it can laugh as merrily ; it jump as high; it can laugh as merrily; it
can sleep as readily and quietly, anid wake up as much reirreshed as any other child in the world. It can sing; it can learn its lesson easily.; it can carry its little body erect, and move its linnbs gracefully; it con
exercise in the gymnasium, and it can vie exercise in the gymnasium, and it can vie
with any of its fellows in looking the pink of health and beauty.
Suppose this child, then suppose some one came and said: "Yes, the child has good limbs, good muscles, and he gets these good parts, no doubt, from the milk he takes, the
caseine or chese of the milk builds up those caseine or cheese of the milk builds up those
parts well. But here I have got somelhing to put into the milk that is like cascine very much, which the child will hate at first, but will soon learn to like to such an extent that he will not do without it if he cant help it." And suppose that after this the muscles of this child became, in consequence, very unruly, so that he could not keep them still, nor malse them obey his will and pleasure. Should you not think that the man had done a very foolish and mischiorous act 1 I am sure you would think so.
Or suppose the man, feeling the hand of the little. child, said: :-"This is a nice liealthy little hand, it is not too cool, it is not too warm. and such proper warmth and power that it has it gets from the butter and sugar which is present in the milk on which it feeds. But, see you, I have something
here like the butter and the sugar, which the here like the butter and the sugar, which the
child will hate at first, and will then so child will hate at first, and will then so
learn to love that he will take this new. learn to love that he will talio this nevr. to the matural milk." And suppose hile
man's words proved true, and the child; learning to like the new thing exceedingly, took it and was thrown by itiato a fever, and
afterwards became extremely cold and chilly afterwards became extremely cold and chinly
and was also made unsettled in his mind, excitable, and cross, and silly. Should you not think that the man had done a ver oruel and misohievous and
am sure you would think so.
Or, again, suppose the man feeling the bones of the child and moving the limbs,
said:-"Oh, yes, the child has a splendid skeleton without any doubt, and he gets
that skeloton in part from the caseine and that skeloton in part from the caseine and
albumen of the milk, aud in part from the albumen of the milk, aud in part from the
mineral matter that is in the milk. But I mineral matter that is in the milk. But materinas, which the child will hate at first but will soon learn to like so much that when he can get it he will take it in preference to everything else of the kind." tance, began to like it, continued to likeit and in tiziae got from it a deformed body, with crooked, weak back and bent legs and feeble gait. Should younot think that the mans who induced he chin his ignorance he called it a food, had done a most mischierous, wicked, and cruel act ? I am sure you ovents, and should do my best to stop the proceedings of that man, whoever he might be, and
defence.
It is fortunate that no such man has ever arisen to tamper in this way with cine solid foods on which we feed. It is, however, infortunate that when we come to the natural fluid, watur, which forms so unportant a part of our bodies, the case is not so sanis-
factory. Ouce in the history of the world, when the human world was in its infancy,
when and when it was living on milk and on the and when it was living on mink man or men
first fruits of the earth, some man came forward and said to those who were came forward aell on the water that nature living very well on the water that natire
gave to them in the fruits, the milk, nd gave springs and the rivers ;-"Soe you, we have learned how to make a new drink, Whill make you giddy and tick, and fevered, will wake you tiday and wick, and like, and will hake so much, you will always take it when you can get it, in preference to simple water."
Aud the words proved true; for when men learned, as they did learn, to substitute
the drink, which was afterwards called wine or strong drink, for water, they did indeed begin to like it best. Then, too, they commenced to learn what was the effect of taking this new fuid in place of the simple Water which their bodies naturally required, parts. For the mubcles of those who indulged in this drink began to be unruly and false to the will, and easily powerless, their animal warmth became irregular, now high, now low, their temper began to get feverish fretful, mad, and broken, and their skeleton. becamo early decrepid and old, the back bent and the limbs feeble. Then, in short, a new and widespread disease crept in amongst manhood, which has never left it to this day. I do not ask now, "Suppose a would have done, ho you not think he mischievous, cruel, and evil act ?" For man has actually done it, and I hope you will agree with me in thinking he ought to do it Drink and Strong Drink.) Drink and Strong Drink.)

## JACK, THE BLACKSMITH.

He was the son of a hotel-keeper, of social disposition, nnd a general favorite
with all his acquaintances. A bright hoy he with all his acquaintauces. A bright boy, he made good progress in his atudies at schoul, best workman in the shop.
Of an evening he soon learned to tell a good story and to sing a mierry drinking song in the bar-room,and invitations to drin were constantly given him.
Is it any wonder that in a few years, after he had married and was the father of children, he sometimes was seen to be much the worse for liquor, and frequently neglected
his buiness 9 . With a shop in a good neigh borhood, and a reputation for first-0lass family plenty of customers, he and his perous. perous. But the old story of going downHis work was behindhand. He would promise to. iron carriages and do other ne cessary jobs within a certain tirae, aud, bors lost confidence in him, and they soon were obliged to look around for another mechanic in his line. His wife, worn down by unavailing efforts to make both ends meet, grew sickly. His children were neglected Furniture and clothing became siabby. He was a poor provider. Even his tools and to do a day's wrork he found himen he tied was losing his strength and skill. He had no longer the reputation of a cheerful comno longer the reputation of a cheerful comon life was hurrying on rapidly.
One Saturday night he hadd some moncy in his pocket ; and, somewhat ashamed of hi treatment of his wife aud children, he se out-for the village stores, intending not to
spend his cash for drink, but for food, as pend his cash for drink, but for food, as
there was nove in the house. But on the way he fell in with a jolly crowd of idlers, way he fell in witha jolly clowd of iders, tavern, his money all spent. He had, howver, purchased something to take home, for in each pocket of his trousers was a smali bottle filled with whiskey-the nearest to anything in the line of provisions that the place where he had spent the evering aforded.
Let him tell the night's story in his own words:
I staggered towards home quite satiofied with my evening's enjoyment, and fully prepared to boast that all the liquor I had rank had not made me at all the worso for it. "Yes," said I, "and here I've got all Won't good whiskey to take to my folks. norrow? It'll make us all so cheerful, ust then I stumbled over something and found myself in a ditch where there was soft turf.

This is a good place to take a nap," says I. So I slept awhile and woke up thirsty. and suppose that I repeated it at ine botles, through the night. Just before sunnige I woke again. It was a lovely Sabbunthise I ing. Everything was as beautiful as onl ing. Eleryynig was as beautiful as only.
the blooming spring, with singing birds and green fields and trees in blossom, can make it in the open country.
Why, Jack," said I, "you have been drinking. Jou bave heen "runk; you have stayed out all night. This is Sabbath moru-
going to carry home 1 You never expected
this. You're a drunkard." And I wett. After a time I went on talking to myself. "Now, Jack, there's one of two things for you to do. Go on just as you've begun. Drink ahead. Finish up. It won't lake long for the old shop to be used up, for the family to be scattered, for you to fill a drunkard's grave. That's one plan. The othor plan would be to turn a short corner and never again to touchs drop of liquor God would help you to do this. I know it would be very hard to get by the tavern or to refuse to takea driuk with your comrades. Which will you do?"
Perhaps I sat for an hour thinking and making up my mind. Then if anybody Ther prayed, $I$ ditid, down in that ditch. plan." And I asked for God's help.
his was nine years ago. I hada terrible struggle for the first few days, and someold tavern when my acquaintonces into the at me and dared me to tacquantances laughed at me and dared me to take at least one glass
with them. But I held out. Since that with them. But I held out. Since that
morning I have not tasted strong drink and now, after nine years, you taing. And now, after nine years, you cannot not see a finer or better furnished shop than the one I have built. I have bought the property on which it stauds, with my house
next door. I owe on all only two hundred next door. I owe on all only two hundred
aud fifty dollare, which I shall pay off this ear. And I call my experience of protty good lesson for others who would know the difference between a drunken and a sober life. No one could tempt Jack, the blacksmith, to drink a glass of liquor, if, as the bribe, he could give him all the money in
the world. National Temperance Advocate.

## SHAKING OUT THE REEF.

## by mrs. L. g. wilhams.

We were talking about drinking liquors moderatoly, when an old aud tried sen-cap. tain raid, "Let me tell you one of my experiences. II tell youn, my frisuds, that When fulks say, 'It don't hurt anybody if hey don't drink much,' they don't know what they are talking abrot. There is no uch thing as drinking spirits without drinkny too unucb. When I used to sail to India, and got into the trade winds, I would put all the sail on my ship which she could ossibly bear. But I noticed a curious fact. Every morning, about eleven o oclock, I ased to fo down into ray cabin aud take a food glass of brandy. Before going down Would cast my eyo over the ship, see that every sail was full, and every rope was
taut. She was under all the sail she could eafely carry. On coming up out of the cabin (having taken the brandy), it always soemed ns if the ship was sailing too slow,
and the wind had fallou. Then I vould and the wind had fallon. Then I would
sing out 'Aloft there, boys, and sbake out he reef!' Forawhile, my poor ship would tagger auder the new press of nail. By and by when the brandy began to subside, I found she was under too heavy a pressure, the winds seemed to blow harder, and again I would shout, 'Aloft there, boge, and clew up the reef !'
"So I found it day after day, and was utterly unable to account for that lull in the being just about that hour. One day, not heard my somarted my brandy, and over-- Captain takes no brandy, don't think the boys will have to shake out the reefs to day.' Then I could see the cruse for the lull in the winds at a certain hour. From that time I dropped my brandy, and there was no moderately, yct it was my ship. I drank moderately, yct, it was too much, and it my ship in consequence. I tell you, friends there is no such thing as it tell you, friends, drinking too mung as drinking withou on shore know little about it. Many a cap. on shore know little about it. Many a cap. or troubled, and has gone to the bottle, rained courage to be rash, 'shation bottle, reef,' and the ship has been dashen out the eef,' and the ship has been dashed on the rocke, or swamped in the sea. And many a
bright boy, the hope of his father and the pride of his mother, falls into jovial company, feels that it would not be manly to refuse to drink, and he drinks, 'shakes out the reef' of home influence, is driven before the gale of intemperance to a drunkard's grave, and reads over the gate of heaven,
No drank kid shall inherit eternal life"," -Churchl and Home.

## THE HOUSEHOLD

THE CHRISTMAS TURKEY.
No old-fashioned Christmas dinner is complete without its ruast turkey, though the "roast" is usually a "bake," as few houstieepers hare the convenences for
roasting in their bouses, and, really, when roasting in their bouses, and, really, when
properly baked, a turkey need not be deproperly baked, a turkey need not be de. prived of its honored title of "roast," as it
is nice enough to please the most fastidious. Of course, it is understood that the turke should be a very good one to begin with young, plump, as freshly killed as possible and thoroughly picked and cleaned. Wash it in two or three warm waters, then rinse
in cold, until the water is parfectly clear, in cold, until the water is parfectly clear and wipe it inside and out with a soft towel.
Put it in a dry, cold place, and procead to prepare the stuffing.
Chop bread either fresh or stale, the latter is best, removing hard or brown crusts. Allow a quart of the crumbs for a turkey of ix or seven pounds, and more in proporion or larger ones. Put the crumbs bowl, and pour over them just enough ho Fater to sotten them.
stand where it will keep warm, while you gather together the necessary ingredients to make the "perfect" stulting. If onion is liked, chop a small one, or half a mediumsized one, very fine. Drain the moistened crumbs as dry as possible, stir in a tablespoonful of butter, the chopped onion, and spoonful of butter, the chopped onion, and sufficient salt, pepper, and sited sage to
season well. It must be rather lighty seasoned than otherwise, as the seasoning "cooks out," or is absorbed by the turkey to
a great extent. Then add an egg well beaten, and stir till thoroughly mixed. Other flavorings are sometimes used, mace, and any variety of sweet herb liked, thyme, sweet maryoram, and summer savory, but nothing is quite so nice, we think, as the
old fashioned sage, unless one uses a little chopped celery, which we prefer to the nion.
Now rub the inside of the turkey with salt, (a teaspoonful is sufficient for a turkey under ten pounds in weight, and proceed which should be cut close, turning the skin back that it may be drawn over and tied closely at the eud after the stuffing is put in. Then stuff the body full, and sew put with a darning needle threaded with strong thread or twine. Tie the legs down at the side, aud put it whe
cool and dry until morning.
A turkey should always be made ready for the oven the day before it is to be cooked as in this way it is well seasoned throughout Now as to the baking. Rub the turkey with salt, and place it on a grate in a large
dripping pan, pour half a pint of boiling dripping pan, pour half a pint of bolling
water into the pan, not over the turkey, and water in the oven which should be at a very moderate heat at first. Indeed, during th first hour the turkey should not brown, but have more the appenrance of being steamed.
After it begins to brown, baste at intervals After it begins to brown, baste at interval
of half an hour, perhaps with its own dripof half an hour, perhaps with its own driph
pings if the turkey is fat, if not, use a little Gutter, and dredge lightly, with flour. When well browned on one side, it should
be carefully turned, which will be much be carefully turned, which will be much
more easily done if the pan is removed from more easily done if the pan is removed from
the oven. At no time should the oven be very hot, as even a small turkey of six or seyen pounds should cook for four hours. Larger ones may not need quite so much time in proportion, yet half na hour to a pound is a good rule to Gollow, underdone poultry of any bind being both unpalatable flavor between a turkey-or chicken-which is cooked slowly, and that of one which is baked as one would cook a piece of beef, is convincing proo
The gizzard and liver should be putin the pan with the turkey, and when well done (they require fully two hours' cooking, chop them
If any of the stufting is left, rollit in little balls, and put them in the pan about an When the dinner-time.
mene, remove it to large plate, (a warmed one), take out all the strings with which it wassewed and tied,
and place where it will keep warin. Then and place where it wil keep warm. Then
with a large spoon dip all the fat from the pan, and place the pan with the remain ing gravy, stuffing, etc., on the stove where
it will heat quickly, add the chopped giblets it will heat quickly, add the chopped giblets
and sufficient boiling water to make about a
pint of gravy, dredge in a tablespoonful of flour, stir rapidly till it boils and pour into a warmed gravy tureen. Put the te
a warm platter ready for the table.
a Warm platter ready for the table.
Mashed potatoes, baked or steamed sweet potatoes, (the former are much the best),
celery, aquash, and cranberry aauce are the usual accompaniments.-Household.

## HINTS FOR MOTHERS.

## by yrs. M. c. rankin.

If girls are often awkward, ungraceful and liable to fall into habits which injure both their health and beauty, what shail be take boys of the same age eeming to think that their "chanc" life largely depend upon their looks and manaers.
Yet these same mothers seen utterly indifferent to the disagreeable habits of thei boys, or after a few inefficient efforts, they give up with a despairing, "I don't believe out all right in a aw wara. and pects much of a boy." Now it is possible, though not probable, that the uncouth boy will become a fine appearing man; but even if he should, is it worth while that he should or years render himself disagreeable to al instead of attract
解ead or at tract.
Outdoor exercise and sports do much to make boys strong and straight, yet it is very common among those who are growing fast especially if they read or study a good deal) to find the head thrust forward, the shoulders round and stooping, and a slouching,
ungraceful carriage. Until these things are ungraceful carriage. Until these things are corrected, no boy can be thoroughly strong and vigorous. Is the health of your boy of any less importance than that of your ${ }^{\operatorname{gir} 1} 7$
Biting the nails is one of the most annoy oy hails, and yet one which almost auy boy will fall into unless his mother "nips nurable Not only is it almost uuenoom with one of these nail-biting boys but the young man's hands are injured in appearance, and if the habit be carried to excess, they will become almost deformed. In these days of professional manicures, mothers ought, at least, to see that there are no ragged nails and raw fingers among their hildren.
A halit of snuffing, or of scraping the throat, of tapping the floor with the foot, or the table with the knuckles, comes on gradually, but once fixed, is exceedingly dimcolt to be a morcome. "s watchword, for the true secret of curing bad habits is in never allowing them to be formed. The "ounce of prevention" is worth more than the "pound of cure."
would not take away anything of boy ishuess or naturainess. A real boy is worth ee why boys should not be as graceful and well-mannered as their sisters, why they can not sit down at a table without hitting $j$ and jarring the dishes, as well as the tempers of the whole family, why they cannot eat lowly and noiselessly, why they cannot cross a room without stumbling agaiast the fursiture, or close a door without slamming ; or sit quietly while reading or listening. it should be perfectly natural for a boy to hift his hat to his mother or sister when ise from a comfortable chair when older persons enter the room, to entartain a visior. when the rest of the household are oc cupied. Do you say it is too much to ex pect a boy to think of all these things? I the mother has trained him from babyhood constantly and carefully, he will do them without thinking.
Good manners
Good mand a a growth, and boyhood they should grow.-Congregationalist.

Scalloped Oysters.-To me quart of oysters I use two pounds of crackers rolled fine and wet (not too much) with sweet dish, then a layer of orsters a few pieces of butter, sprinkle over a little salt and pepbutter, sprink over a lithe salt and pep-
per, then another layer of the crackers, ters, eta., as previously meationed, so continue until all is used, having a layer of the nice brown. Of course one-half of the recipe can be used, which is aufficient for a

## A HELPFUL CHILD.

I was going to the station to meet a friend, and while on my way.I called in at my sistèr-in-law's to see if she would accompany me. It wa
said :
"

Addie would like to go, if you are willing to take herin my place."
ddie is a little nine-year-old niece of my sister-in-law. I said I would gladly take her with me. Addie had just finished shelling a basket of beans. Her aunt told her to put the beans into the pantry. As she rose to do so she looked searchingly around upon the floor to see if a bean or pod had fallen upon it. She spied one bean under the lounge. She quietly moved the lounge and stooping down picked it up, then moved the lounge back in its place. My sister-inlaw then said:

Addie, I think jou had better change your dress. Put on the white one you wore yesterday afternoon."
Addie stepped quickly into an adjoining room to do so, and as the folding doors were open I could not help observing the dressing process.
First she opened three burenu drawers, beginning with the lower one. Then she took off her sacque and, after laying it upon a table near by, she folded it neatly and put it in the upper drawer. Then she took of her dress-skirt, laid it upon the table, folded it in the same careful manner and, after
putting it beside the sacque, she closed the putting
From the middle drawer she took out a folded white dress-skirt. She put it on quickly and then took out a white sacque, unfolded it and, after putting it on, she closed the drawer. From the lower drawe she took out a hat and gloves, put them on closed that drawer, then went near her aun and turning her back to wards her, she said apologetically
"I am sorry to be always troubling you. If the buttons were on the front of my sacque instead of the back I could easily button it myself."
It will be needless for me to tell. you, Aunt Marjorie, that I was astonished to se a little nine-year-old child dress hersolf in an a methaical manaer. My sister-in nother had ix children-the eldest serve oen years old the y-lice eldest seven that they are taught "from little bits of things" as she expressed it, to wait upon themselves not only, but to assist thei mother. When they get home from schoo in the afternoon they all go directiy into mall room off the front hinll, and there the ach have a special place for hats wrap rubbers, umbrellas, spitchels, etc. Then they 0 where their mother is and "report for duty." It isn't a question with them after chool as it is with so many children, "What hall I do to enjoy myself?" on the contrary, "what does mamma want me to do for er ? Now, if a mother is neat, methodical and industrious, and if she wishes he hilaren to be the same, she must do as babyhood teach them habits of neatness and order and train them to be self-reliant.
Well do I know that it is the labor o vears, for I, too, am a mother. But, with a aily, aye, I may say hourly, persistent effor rained to render wual , illigent may bo oot only so, but they will take great pleasur in rendering that help, from the fact that sefulness brings its 0 wn happiness with it Line upon line," mothers, "precept upon precent."-Olvisian Intelligencer.

Live within your means. Make your dress, your house, your furniture, your style of living such as will not subject you to struggle and anxiety to keep up appearances. rich neighbor who has a French cuols and co not ghomed of your faded carpot if you cannot afford a new one Do not mind what the outside world says ; this is your business, not theirs. Outside friends and guests must be drawn to our houses, not so much by costly dinner services and lavish ontertainments, as by the kind heart aud vitation.-Household.

To Resove remnants of old oil-cloth from floor apply a very hot flat iron which
will soften it, so itscan be scraped off.

## PUZZLES.

semi-phonetio oharade.
My first is a river, a contract's my last My whole, if you're caught by, in one sense, you're "fast."
bereadings and curtamings.
I I am lazy-behead me, and I am cheap. 2. I am little and love cheese-behead me, and I am cold and clear. 3. I am a mineral -behead me, and I am an accent; behead me again, and $I$ am a number. 4 . I am part Im aok-benad me, and 1 mm ola. . I am a belt-bemadion and am a con6. I am a stiff piece of paper-curtail me 6. I am a stiff piece of paper-curtail me,
and I am a conveyance. 7 . I am a stickand 1 am a conveyance.
curtail me, and $I$ am $a$ vessel.
transpositions.

1. So careless a remark _—_ to
2. Tho taste the -_displayed in music was, to the cultured ear, - the pee theycrs dodge 3. It was—— to soe the players dodge them.

These are - offer to the
constant - of my goods.
5. The prisoner's greatest-_was to see
if he could find - from the jail.
6. From what - from the papers, he is a man of very -_ nature.
conoesaled dodble agrostio.
Select six words of five letters each, concealed in the following sentences, each word containing within itself another word of three letters ; the definitions of both rords being given in the same sentence. Arrange
the six words first mentioned so as to form a double acrostic ; the initials will form the name of a day much reverenced, and the finals will spell a term which may be applied to one who observes the day

1. Is Lee present this windy afternoon, or is he to be found outsice the house, in lumber, on the sice opposite the wind ?
2. He built us a genteel-looking house, but following the common practice, he al-
3. John, I certainly think this fennel a finer garnish than the frozen water-cress we had the other day.
4. The paper defended art, science and religion, but seemed to make thrusts at our form of go
maniner.
5. Can you tell me how far a gorilla must adrance to develop into an astronomer of note, or to be able even to sew up neatly a ora piece of cloch
6. I shall not try raising maize this year nor next,-though I have never ceased to ang to ine in the ground here will
和
ANYWERS TO PUZZLES.
Transposrrions. - 1 , Tars. 2, Bter B, Arts Sart 5 Ments

1 to 7 . Fusking
8 to 14
Vrolics

Hushing Frolics.
Obey, bey. A. Educt, ducl. 5 . Cache act deal deal. io dolosi, hos.
(HIRADE.-War-satw.

Dotor Borled Dinnen.-Take a nice iece ot corned beef, and a piece of sal pork, lean and fat together, put on in the inner pot at eight o'clock, and your beets If winter, at the same time in a separate kettle at half-past ten, put in your cabbage turnips and carrots at half-past eleven, your potatoes pared ; boil all together and at noon you can serve up a delicious dinner. A nice side dish can be made by tying a cupfal of dried beans closely in a bag, put them into the dinner pot in cold water and gradually bring to a boil before the meat goes in
Dish them up, add pepper and a little butter or cream. A nive dessert is made by taling two cupfuls of sour milk, or sweet milk, with a teaspoonful of cream of tartar and a half teaspoonful of soda, but if sour used, add an even teaspoonful of soda, o salt if you put it in with the meal, stir in ave a cloth omaka prounded at the cor, ners and a trif larger at the top wet this, dredge over with four pour in the batter tie losely 0 it hour, po in coolse bater, little cinnamon and a few dried blueberries or other fruit, put in at nine o'clock and do not lift the cover for an hour. Serve with sweetened cream or some liquid sauce.

CHRISTIE'S CHRISTMAS.

## by pansy.

CHAPTER III.-Continuedé.
"That is just what I wonder," thought Christie; and she ventured to glance in the direction of the turned seat. Wells Bur ton was looking right at her, andwhy ! was it possible that he was motioning to her? Her cheeks began to grow pink. What if she shouh walk over there to him, and he should stare at her be set, and I almost think that aud say," What want lith the man who sits in the seat right aud say, "What do you wan
grinl ?" "and it should turn out that he had not thought of such a thing as motioning to her. If anything of this kind should happen, Christie felt that she must certain. ly sink through the floor. But he kept looking at her, and she felt almost sure that he was nodding his head at her. Poor Christie! It had not begun to take so much conrage to pull that bell rope, as it did to think of walking down the aisle and stopping to see if that boy possibly wanted her. In fact, she had pulled the bell without thinking about it at all; but this was different; and her cheeks began to grow very hot, and she wondered whether mother would be ashamed of her for going, or for not going. What rould all the passengers think of her for marching down there to talk to a boy whom she had told them she never spoke to in her life? "I won't go," she told herself; " not a step. Why should he be motioning to me? Of course he isn't."
And having settled this to her satisfaction, what did Christie do in the course of the next two minutes, but walk meekly down that aisle, and stand before the turned seats.
"I thought you motioned to me," she said gently. "Is there anything I can do to he?p you ?"
"I should say you had done considerable in that line already," he answered heartily. "How came you to think of anything so sensible as stopping the train? Most any girl I "The ankle will keep until we peculiar sound to his voice, that know would have yelled like a get to the city. We are half-way Christie turned from the window screech-owl, and danced up and there by this time, though we to look at him. down a few times, and then seem to have plenty of hinderances finished up by fainting dead away, this morniug. I say, how many before anybody had found out trains of cars have you stopped in what was the matter. How came your life?" you to act so differently from the usual style?"
"I didn't know that was the fore," Christie said, her eyes now, "and I had just way to do," Christie said, a little promised that I wouldn't stop this glimmer of a laugh in her gray one; but you see there . wasn't eyes. "Are you much hurt?" anything else to do."
"Not so very. My ankle is "Well, I'll tell you what I sion of dizzying flashes past the sprained, they, say, and I feel think. I think it was about as window, then sudden relief from somewhat as though I was a hun- plucky a thing to do as I ever the deafening noise, and the exdred and fifty years old; and had heard of in my life. Halloo, we press train had gone on its way. enjoyed the rheumatism for about are stopping again! This, train Christie looked at Wells Burhalf a century. Sit down here has got so used to stopping that ton. His face was very grave, and let us talk about it." So it can't go more than a mile with- and she thought it a trifle paler Christie sat down on the extreme out trying it. Can this be the than before. edge of the farther seat.
"I wish I could do something to help the pain," she said. "If your ankle is broken, it ought to the man who sits in the seat right
junction? Just take a look out, will you, and report?"
"There are four rows of tracks instead of two", said Christie "and they go criss-cross."
and they go criss-cross."
" Did you know that? he asked, nodding his head in the direction of the departed train.
"Did I know what ?"
"That the express train was almost due, and would come thunexclaimed, and there was such a ${ }^{\text {dering over me so soon?", }}$
"The switch!" she repeated, "What does that mean?"
"It means that the express train passes us here, and that just about now she is rushing over those rails where I lay a few minutes ago. Here she comes!"

Chapteir IV.
A roar of machinery, a succes-

Ohristie shivered. "I did not know anything, about the express train," she said.
" Well, you could not have done any quicker -work if you had known. It is queer I didn't think of it. I thought of almost everything else while I lay there; it was the queerest thing that erer happened to me. I can't think how it happened. I've stood on that very step fifty times this winter, and never thought of such a thing as slipping. I suppose there was ice on my boots. Nice-looking boot, isn't it?" he said, glancing down at it. "The conductor made short work of getting it off,with that sharp knife of his. Look here, I don't know why I keep talking about boots and things, instead of trying to thank you, and show my gratitude in some way. Boys don't know how to do that sort of thing, anyhow. You ought to see my mamma, or, she ought to see you. Mothers know how to say what they feel."
"I don't want to be thanked," said Christie, her cheeks flushing, "I didn't do anything.'
"No, only saved my life, and showed more pluck and common sense and quick wit than any fourteen girls put-together ever had before. You see, if you had wasted twenty-fire seconds, this train couldn't have run back to pick me up, withont running into the express; and I should just have had to lie there and be crushed, I
couldn't move, any more than if I had been dead; in. fact, I was dead when they picked me up ; fainted, you know: But before 1 fainted, I knew just what had happened, and where I was, and what was likely to happen next. I didn't think of this express that has just rusbed by, but I thought of the ap-train, due in half an hour, and I knew there wasn't a house nor a shed within


The Family Circle.
a CHRISTMAS CAROL.
Upon a bleak hill-side,
One dreary winter's night,
When earth was wrapped in gloom,
And stars gave little light,
Som obimple shepherds rested on tho ground,
Their peaceful flocks slept quictly around.

## Sudden a dazzling blaze

Of glory fills the sky,
And swift an angel bright
And swift an angel bright
Comes down from God on high. The shepherds tremble ; but to calm their fears,
This gracious message greets their wonder-
ing ears: ing ears:
"The Saviour now is born,
In Bethlehem town He lies
He comes to save mankind,
The shepherds listen, while their souls do
glow,
That God suc
God such love to sinful men should
show.
"He comes in low estate;
Beneath a humble shed,
Within a manger poor,
He lays his sacred head."
The shepherds marvel that to such rude home The King of kings and Lord of worlds should come.

And now the angelic host
The whole horizon fill;
Glory to God," they sing, The shepherds with great gladness hear the
song,
The heavenly chorus swells,
And then it dies arvay :
The gentle angels fade,
And night resumes her sway.
The joy ful shepherds rise with one accord; Come, let us go," they say, "and scek the
Lord."
$O^{\prime}$ er rough and toilsome road
Their way they on ward keep;
$Y$ et no fatigue they know
Nor stop for food or gleep
Such power upon them has that angel strain That from the blessed quest they canuot now refrain.

Soon in the lowly shed,
Upon His mother's knee,
The holy Ohild they see
And now they cast themselves before His feet
And worship

## NO CARDS.

## by sydney datre.

"Mother, let's have a Christmas of our own this year, Most all the iriss has'em at their houses-some has Christmas trees, and
some las hangin' up stockin's and they makes presents and they gets presents, and makes presents and they gets presents, and, Tildy Crofts spoke very earnestly as her mother sat darning discouraging holes in a large pile of small stockings.
You cau't spread a nound of butter to try. whole acre of bread, and no more you can't make a little bit o' money go more'n justsa far. There's too many here to do for, Tildy!"
"But that's just why I'd like to do it, mother. They'd like it so."
"Yes, I know they would, and so would you, and so would I. But it a'n't no sort $0^{\prime}$ use to try-none!"
subject. There was o stir har up on the subject. There was a large family, and a husband who never "got along," and the struggle which always comes in company with these conditions had long ago taken woman might have possessed. Tildy, now
woman might have possessed. Tildy, now
thirteen, going occasionally to school, and to Sunday-school, was beginning to take in influences which came from happier homes,
and her childish heart was sometimes sorely perplexed between her desire of having perplexed between her desire of having agement over the hopelessness of the ground agement over the
she had to work.
But her anxiety to have a Christmas tree of their own was becoming too strong to be destroyed by the lack of sympathy shown by her mother, she restin in the and sat on her rness and her hend on her hands, looking at the three or four chickens feed ing there.
"Turkeys are the thing to have, but them that don't have turkeys has chicken-pie. Mis' Bartlett says so. I'd hate to have my poor chickens killed, but I'm bound have a Christmas. Might have a dried apple pie to come after, with orange peel in, and clean plates to hand it 'round on! I'm, goin' to hem a handkershief for father. I'd like to stick her pins in it, and notin her dress and scratch the baby. I'd like to have a treetrees are splendid; Jim could get a tree in the woods. But then there has to be lots 'o' things onto a tree to make it look any ways stylisi and proper.
But there was in Tildy stuff which surely had not come of either father or mother, for the more it appeared as if she couldn't
possibly have a Christmas tree, the more sbe possibly have a Christm
determined she would.
"Fifty cents apiece, mamma, please, for the Christmas cards," cried three happy chil dren dressed for a morning shopping.
"Dear me ! it really seems too much children, when you get so much besides. A
dollar and a half for what could so easily be dollar and a half for what could so
done without, and times so hard !"
"Why! a'n't we to have our cards, marn mai" The three faces looked surprised and na!"
grieved. "Oh, yez, denrs, I suppose so, but I sometimes think you little ones are learning to care too much for your own selves, and not enough for others about you who have so
little. I wish you could have heard Aunt Laura tell me the other day about one o her Sunday-gehool class who was thankful for such very small helpsand showings-how in the way of Christmas doings. This see. son, when our Lord came a little child among us, onght to be a time for children to try to do good to each other.'
"I would like to, mamma," said Bessie.
"Real helping means a little doing without ourselves, you know, dear. But we'll talk of it again. Run
don't stay too long."
Bessie kept on thinking she would like to help aunt laura help the poor little girl, till they came to the cards and then she forgot her. They were beautiful in their endless alowing of flowers, birds, angels, and pretty child-faces. The great difficulty was to choose among so many. She wassoon in deep discussion with Sasie and Emily as to the desirability of buying a cheap lot which would enable them to send one to half the girls they knew, besides some for the home circle, or a fow more choice for a few more favored ones,
at her elbow
"Oh-hwh-h—ha'n't them lovely, now!"
The words came from a girl she had seen at school, but had little to do with. with a stubby figure, homely face, and keen, goodstubby figure, homely face, and keen, good-
natured-looking blatk ejes. Very poor she natured-looking black eyes. goods, as the clerk seemed to think, for he goods, as the clerk seemed to tittle attention to her except to interpose slightly as a younger child who was with her seemed anxious to handle the easi soiled wares, clamoring rather noisily,
"Let me see-let me see!"
"'Sh, now, Patty, them a'n't meant for you nor me."
But the speaker leaned rapturously over a.card which Bessie would not have supposed would attract her, one not gaudily colored, but exquisite in soft delicate tinting and dreamy allegorical figures. But she turned from it with a sigh to ask the price of some ladies' polka-dotled lawn ties.
"Twenty-five cents." She hesitated, and then in a lower voice asked,
"You couldn't sell two for forty cents,
could you"" could you ?"
"No." A wistful look followed the red dots as they went back into the showcase. The blue one she bought could not be in-
tended to go near her own coal-black hair tended to
and eyes.
cautioned Patty, turning just in time to rescue from her not overclean hands a car with a bright colored bird. Patty gave ap with a pitiful look which went
"I want it-I want it awful bad," sh whimpered.

## "Limpered.

"Look here;" the older girl led her to a loaded Christmas tree, on which both gazed with wonder and admiration. Then the cheap one without letting the child see and they went out.
"It's Tildy Crofts," said Susie, looking after them. "Jessie Barnes says they're the slackest, good-for-nothingest set in town." "I don't care," said Bessie, "I'm sorry for her. J. wonder what kind of Cluristrias such folks have?"
"Oh, never mind that-it don't concern us, you know. Come, let's club togethe Dut this lot. See, they're beauties. which Tildy Crofts bad admired, half think ugg of the angels on it who were showering lessings down with liberal hands, half won dering why beautiful cards and all the other beautiful things which go to make up Christ mas-tide in beautiful homes, should belong o one child and not another-to her and not to Tildy Crofts. Wondering too, in a vague sort of why, if it might not be so orderen to give the one a chance to do that good ly the other of which her mother had poken, and slowly making up her mind hat it ought to be some concern of her "hat kind of Christmas Tildy Crofts had.
"No, I'm not going to buy those," she
said, paying for the card she was looking at. Emily. "Why, if you buy such nice ones, youly. wou't be able to get half enough for'the ginls, or for father and mother."
"I or for fand
fand or father and I'm going to send "To rildy Crofts."
Tildy-Crofts!" Her sisters stood with :Such eyes in astonishment and dismay. "Such a beauty. I thoughtyou were going to send it to Belle Whitman."
"See, here," Bessie drew a little aside man the crowd of purchasers, "Belle Whitto do with, and every thing else too. to would be ever so nice to crive things to some one that don't get things, don't you ?" The others looked doubrful.
"If you mean to send cards to all the Croftses, it will take nine more," said Susie, hesitatingly. "I heard Tildy, one day, hesitat
telling
her."
"J
"Just think of so many poor little things not having a good. Christmas. But I a'n't going to buy any more cards, I'm going to duy that. necktie for Tildy."
"There must be a baby among so many," be said with a very positive air. "I mean ow, it a rattle-babies always like rattles. uw, I'm going to find Jimmy Crofts. I from here, for 1 akw Tildy talking to him, from here, for 1 daw Tidy talking
and he's got red hair and squints."
Bessie started oul full of her new interest and the others followed in a greatstate of perand the others followed an ageatstate of per-
plexity over this confusion thrown on their plans. Jimmy was found loading his grocery waggon, and Bessie approached him confideutially.
"Will you give this to Tildy?" she said, offering her simall parcel.
"Yes'm, sure, secin' you wants me ter."
"But they're for Christmas. Conldn' rou manage to put them where she'd find them on Christnas morning, for a surprise you know'?"
"Jim's face beamed as he took the parcel "Crackey, now! But I guess you didn't know we're agoin' to havea real fight up an' down Christmas to our house, ditl you?" "No, I didn't," said Bessie.
"Sure's-you-live! An' a tree! Mie'n" Tildy's a doin' of it, 'n nobody else don't know 'cept the teacher as has been a showin' of her how to string popcorn onto strings, 'n' make popsorn balls with daibs o' red onto 'em, 'n' stars o'shiny paper, ' m ' lots ' doin's!"
"Well, can't you hang these on the tree when Tildy don't see?"
"I'" said Jim ferveritly. it "" said Jim fervently.
turned away said Bessic as "hey turned away.
"I wish I had,"'said Emily.
"We cau yet," said Susie. "Let's go in

They looked rather helplessly around upon everything necessary to make between one month aud a hundred years.
ne month aud a hundred years.
"Tops are nice-let's get tops."
"Tops are nice-let's get tops." they are all boys."
"Dey are all boys."
"Dolls, then. See these cunning little "But
"But what if they should not all be girls?" poor folks," said Susie, looking wise. "Mitpoor folks," said susie, looking or scarfs or stockings."
"But we couldn't get enough with our money. I say, let's get some pretty things for their tree-something just to make them glad-that they wouldn't get any other way, poor things!"
So it was agreed. Some bright-colored candy was bought, then such love-fruit in the way of tree decoration as would make the most gorgeous show for the least money. immy was again waylaid, and the treasures entrusted to him, under solemn promise that he would never tell where they came from-no, not if he lived a thousand ye
"And we won't tell anybody else."
"No. How they'll wonder why we give no cards to anybody."
Aunt Laura peeped in on the afternoon f the sunny Christmas day.
"Come, Bessie, Susie, Emily, I'm going to see some of iny pets, and I'll take you." Two or three old people were visited, to each one of whom the day had been made pleasant by her rememberance, and then they topped at a door which was not thick enough to keep in the sounds on noisy mirth, "Now you'll see a jolly little bee-
"If it isn't Tildy Crofts!" said Bessie
an amazed whisper.
"Come in," cried Tildy, with a face which would have brightened at sight of her teacher if it had not already been so radiant as to make in a futter of joy and excitementon in a flutter of joy and excitementour house! Jes' for all the world like our house! Jes' for all the world other folkses' Christmas trees, ha'n't it
Mrs. Crofts came forward with more of an appearance of life in the face, over the blue dotted tie she wore, than had been seen there for many a day. The red dots graced Tildy's neck, both being tied in as large a bow as their size would admit. The chil-
dren gathered around with faces full of Christmas sunshine.
"I guess you knowed something about this," said Tildy, with an affectionate smile at her teacher, as she displayed a neatly fitted up little work-basket. "I'm agoin' to keep everybody's clothes mended now, so mother 'll git more time for keepin' things slicked up. And look a-here, fim made this feather-brush out 0 ' the tail feathers of the chicken that made the pie. Jes' see how it works-wait till I find some dust, we've dusted nigh about all there was arready. Aunt lead to improvaneuts in the Croft might lead to
housekceping
"But do you
But do you see the bought things ?"
Tildy returned to the tree in a fresh burst of delight. "I thought we was jest agoin' to bave home doin's ont6 it. Jinmp-he's to the store-well, Jimmy he knows somethin' $0^{\prime}$ how these be-you-chiful bought things come," she shook her head mysteriously; "but says he can't never tell, not on no account whatever, no more'n if he was dumb. Saye 'twas angcls done it., (I guess 'twas too.) Says-look a-here-"' she reverently drew from its envolope the card Bessie had bought, and went on impressively, "Jimmy says the angels looked pre cis'ly like them in this pictur!"
Aunt Laura caught the quick look which Bessie cast at Susie; a look in which a tear arose above the amused smile, as the feeling grew warm in her heart that this helping to make Christmas bright for the Crofts family was the sweetest work she had ever done. Ah!" Aunt laura said, as eney got out side the door, I wonder il this why there were no cards at home?"-Illustrated Chri tian Weekly.


## SOAP BUBBIE SECRETS.

## by tel mev. c. G. ohild.

Few know all that a bubble can afford in the way of amusement at a slight outlay. Docs ny reader know how to make a giant
bubble j has he learned how to employ soap bubble has he lcarned how to employ soap
bubbles as magic lantern slides ? did he cver bubbles as magic lantera slides ? did ha crer
see them used as parlor ornaments 3 or is a soap bubble in harness an every day thing soap bubble in harness an every day thing
with him ? If not, he will find these uses of the bubble described in the present article of the bubble describecd in the present article
and I would add that the experiments will and I would add that the experiments will
prove interesting and beautiful to old as well as young
We must first learn how to make the giant bubble. This is the king of bubbles, the largest, the longest-lived, and the most beautiful. If you can imagine a bublie two or eren three feet in diameter, with an existonce neasurred by hoursinstcad of secouds, glowing with colors five times as gorgeous as those of the ordinary bubble, you bave just such a one in your mind's cye as you can make for yourself by carefully following directions.
Procure two ounces of palm oil or Castile soap, the former is preferable. Cut it in pieces the size of a pea, and place them in a bottle of clear glass with a pint of rain water. Shake violently until the water has taken up as much soap as it will hold. You have now what is called a saturated solution of soap. Place it aside, and leave it from twenty-four to thirty-six perfectly clear or of a light pearl color. If, after thirty.six hours, the solution still remaius clouded, pour off a little of the water and add more. This time it will scarcely fail to setile as desired. Carefully pour off, straining through flannel, add half a pint of pure glycerine, and when the two have had time to mingle thorough
To blow the very largest bubbles it is necessary to have a larger pipe than the clay pipe commonly used, though such a pipe pipe commonly used, thonges A glass funuel wiw produce large ind in diameter, fitted with a-piece of rubber tubing, produces enormous bubbles. There is a very ingenious
apparatus used, which admits of putting the apparatusused, whick adtests. By thismeans
finger within the pipe itsel finger within the pipe isself. By his within iresh sipe, aforiding renewed nourishment to the bubble, and enabling the experimenter the bubbie, and enabredible size.
to blow to to an incre
These bubbles are distinguished not only for their size, but for their beauty and durafor tity. I have known bubbles nuade by this method to last two or three hours in the open air, and from twenty-four to thirty-six open air, glass, precaution beiug taken that the under glass, precaur pere, mud that no rough
air of the room be pur touch destroy their fragile lives. But now let us find out how wo may examine the let us find out how wo may examine bes bubblo with
ad vantage.
dvantage.
Procure a
Procure a piece of pine board about three inches square. In the middle of this fix a piece of iron wire, free frou rust, tweaty inches in length. At about shir wire into a tant from the board bend the wire into a circle, the plane of which is parallel with
that of the board, and with $\Omega$ diameter of that of the board, and whle a diameter oi
five inches. Blow a buble of six or seven tive inches. Blow a bubbe of six or seven
iuches in diameter, aud gently place it in the iuchesin diameter, aud gently place it in the
ring, it will not break, and by tilting the ring, it will not break, and by the bubble.
pipe you may free it from the but pipe you may free it from of the coloris to great advantage, for, as has been said, the glycerine bubble will last for hours, unlike the ordinary one, as fragile as it is lovely, Three or four bubbles of varioussizes, placed under glass on such staudards, form a bean-
tiful object for a drawing room, especially tiful object for a drawing-room, especially
if their colors are seen againsta background if their colors are seen ag
of some black material.
of some black material
Next, as to employing soap.bubbles, or, more correctly, soap films, as-magic-lantern slides. Those who do not possess. a magic lantern may try the experiment, though to less advantage in the following way: Dip
the mouth of a tumbler lightly in the soapy the mouth of a tumbler lightly in the soapy
solution, raise it gently and a soap film will solution, raise it gentres the mouth. Hold the tumbler horizontally, and the same beautiful effects of color mayy be seen on the film as are thrown on the wall when the magic lantern is used.
go to work as follows
go to work as follows: one of your slides, and in it cut a circular hole, proportional in diameter to the width of the slide. Pour some of the solution,
into a shallow dish, aud dip the slide into it. into a shallow dish, auddip the slide into it.
Raise it gently, and a film will be left in the
hole. Slip the slide with care into the lan- when the back aches with the burden of life tern nad await results. For a moment the He is wise who finds innocent sport for his circle of light on the wall remains clear, but soon at the bottom a faint tinge of color appears, growing stronger and stronger, and moving upward. It settles into a band of color at last, still moving steadily upward, and succeeded by another band of another tint, which follows it, and so on, until the great circle on the wall is gorgeous with the same beautiful hues as appear on the bubble, but not stirring uneasily together as these seem, but in regular bands ever moving upward. Now jar the slide gentiy, and presto !-the bands break and whind together in an astonishing mane of color wonderful in beauty. This is really cne of the most beautiful experiments imaginable, and will
Now for an exceedingly amusing experi-ment-the harnessed soap-bubble. Take a piece of the thinnest writing paper you can find, and from it cut a circular piece a little less than a dime in size. To one end of this attach a thread by the aid of a tiny drop of sealing wax-the less the better. Blow the bubble to an ordinary size, and then touch the round piece to it gently. The bubble will adhere to it, and by gently tipping the pipe you may leave the bubble tipping the pipe you may.
suspended by the string.
A bubble blown by the mouth sinks, but if the pipe is attached by a piece of rubber if the pipe is alla fing a pre orb rube blown being filled with a gas lighter than blown being gilled with a gas sill be carried upward as for as air will be carried upward as far as the string will allow. Thus you havea veritable balloon, and if just sufficient string is allow. ed to keep it balanced midway between floor and ceiling, it will perform very curious antics. Those currents of air which exist in overy room, unfelt by the inmates, are subble. It will follow these currents, now visiting the ceiling, now running along the door, and escaping as if by a miracle the ob stacles in its path. If there is a lamp or gas jet in the room it will be gradually a toward it, and carried by the upward cur rent of hot air, will dash toward the ceiling
as if bent on committing suicide. But as if bent on he cushion of dead air, whicil always lies on the surface of every soitid object, it bends at right angles and darts of escaping as if by sone in ward power the fare into which it was apparently pluagiag headlong, and again circles round the roon till drawn a second time into the current of hot air.
The ingenious reader will be able to work up the hints ahove given into a variety of ammsing and beantitul experiments. Th last described will perhaps afford mos amusement in various mays, whine will
readily occur to his nind while using the readily occur to his nind while using the
novel tof. The true secret of success in novel tof. The true secret of success in
these experiments, as in everything, is care these experiments, as in every thing, is car
fulness. If the sonpy solution is prepared with care, there is no yeason why the render should not be entirely successful in the ex periments.-Harper's Young People.

## MAKE THE CHILDREN'S HOLIDAYS

 HAPPY.There's a tine for work nad a time for play. Much study is a weariness to the flech, and rest, recreation, with fun and frolic, is the best mediciue for a child who has been diligent in study for many weeks. Home never is so sweet to the child as when he rewell and wou the approbation of his teach ers. He feels that ho deserves the praise he reccives from his parents, and ho enters with decives trom the pleasures and pastimes they delight upon the pleasures and pastimes they recollections of youth are niore lovingly cherished than the holidays, including Christcherished than the holidays, nncluding Christhome. They begin a little earlier now and last a while longer, so that the young folks manage to tet two ${ }^{\prime}$ three wels' But that is all well ; they will study the hardar and lenrn the more for the selaration they love had. And if they erelaxation hate books, and will not learn, it is very little matter whether they go to school or not. At any rate the holidays are the not. At any rate, the holidays are the season for play, It is a sad mistake of some parents that all time is lost which is not spent in some positively useful work. Play is useful, but it is uot work. Play is the is useful, but it is uot work. Play is the
efflorescence of young life, the blossom that precedea the fruit. it is quite as good in its senson as the toil that comes by good
children, especially in the holiday season, This is the most dillicult and delicate duty a parent is required to perform. The children get into the company of other children and very soon insist on choosing their own amusements. These are often such as judicious and pious parents do not wish their chilkren to participate in. What is to be done about it? To forbid is to grieve the children and cut them of from the company of others of whom they are fond. And yet there is only one side of the question for a seusible and conscientious parent to take. The health, morals, mind, and soul of the child may be at stako. To be firm in the right is the only kindness to a child who wishes to do wrong. And the child uniformly treated with indulgence in all thing innocent, will readily stlbmit to parental counsel when hated to go in the way of evil. I can set up no wall over which children may not jump. I canuot make out a list of amusements and say you may play his and must not play that. There are rural ganes, common fifty years ago and now, which would be shocking to the sensibilities of city people. There are amusejustly common in the cily that would bed as evil in the country but are actually no worse than many plays greatly euijoyed ly the best of young people in the rural districts. There is not one standard of right aud wrong for the city and another for the country. But things in themselvesiudifferent, or innocent way be something else in other circumstan ces, associations and surroundings. It is charitable in our judgment of others, and charitable in our judgment of
Make the holidays happy days. Only the good are truly happy, and the only play, ine only aund amt, hat chitlren or older child would enjoy if he were a boy among chilld would
boys to clay.
On my wall
On uy wall bangs a picture of Joseph at worzs as a carpenter, while the child Jesus stanis by. Whata fine face hanas! so bright, o pe mer with God and man. He was the best boy, nua therefore the happiest boy who ever ived. No doubt be played with young companions aud enjoyed he games on thed and. youth as much as any mother's son in all Judea. And in his lovely young life I find a type of the child whose amusements were such only as became him whose birth is celebrated with evory return of Chirstinas-day. His life is our example in Christmos to all ite Him whe, and a merry Chisthas to allike unto his parents while a child, and in the in henveu, "Not my will, but thine be done." in heaven, "Not my will, but

- Irenuels in N. Y. Observer.
"ON EARTH AS IT IS IN HEAVEN."


## by elezaberif P. allana

Josepha was not in a very good humor that Sunday, though it was her binthday, her tenth birthday.
In the first place, a Sunday birthday was baby Fritz had been so sick that mamma had not had a chance to get any little present ready for her. It is true that was only put off ; the present was to come, but still Josepha felt out of sorts.
And when mamma called her to get her Bible verses, she broken into a regular pout, and grumbled out that it was a hard case she couldn't have any fun at all on her binthd Mamma at once shut the Bible and laid $i$ on the table.
"I can't let you learn your verses while you are in a bad humor, daughler," sho said, "so I will preach you a little sermon astead:
Once there was a little boy who used to beg his father every morning to keep him nway from the boes, but instead of helping his father to help him, he went straight out md played with their
"Well, what next?" asked the little listener.
"That's all," said mamma.
"All! Why, I don't call that a sermon."
but it is a short one, and it has my mittlo daughter for a text."
"Now, mamma, you know I never d
"nything like that!" exclaimed Josepha.
min I something very much like that every morning. When you are repeating the Lord's
Prayer, what do you say after ' Thy kingdom come' ${ }^{\prime}$ "

Thy will be done on earth as it is in
Heaven,"," repeated the little girl, wiskly.
"That is, you ask God to make yob do His will, just as the angels do it. How lo you suppose the angels do God's will ?"

I don't know," said her listener, showly.
"Of course we don't know exactly, butt of some things we may feel confident. I am sure they do it promptly ; I am sure they do it perfectly."
"The angels, know just what God's will is, bat I don't," answered Josepha, who felt as if she needed somehow to defend herelf. Her nother pointed to au illuminated text langing on the nursery wall: "Children, obey your parents.
There was a long, quiet time then, in which mamma drew her little girl to her knee, and kissed her tenderly.
I won't give you any verses to get toat," she said gently, "but I give you this ime you say, 'Thy will be done on carth ne it is in Heaven,' remember that you are asking God to make you do what you are told -promptly, cheerfully, perrecly, And prayer."-Churchman.

## OUR MESSIAH.

Lo! He came, the Lord of glory, Born and cradled in a stall, Sure He had but scanty welcom
Seeing He was Lord of all.

Yet, in sooth, He sought no other, Nor to earth for homage came. Here He bared the cheel to shame.

Not of this world was His kingdom, He lived not at monarch's cost, He sought not the known and honored, But he came to seek the lost."

Question Corner.-No. 24

## BIBLE QUESTIONS.

1. Where is the prophecy in the Old Testainent
2. Wha
he Bible ?
ar proplacy of Christ in
3. What was Jacob's prophecy of Christ ?
4. What was Baalam's prophecy of Christ? ne in Malachi, referring to John the Baj). one in
tist.
5. 
6. What chapter of Isaiah is entircly oc cupied with $\Omega$ description of Christ? sCRIPTURE ENIGMA.
Arrange the words in the form of a diamond.
The key to the whole is contained in the answer to the sixth question, and the conral letters of each word together express the same.
7. A consonant.
8. A Hebrew prefix signifying son.
9. A father petitioned by his daughter for springs of water
10. One of the
11. One of the Cities of Refuge
12. The bearer of a scornful message from a mighty king to the people of Judah.
13. The type of "our Prophet, Priest, and King. "
14. A glad name, by which Zion is one day be called.
15. The faithful servant of a man distinnished for his faith.
16. An carly convert to the Apostolic 10. The sea, a passage through which was miraculously effected.
17. A consonant.

NSWERS TO BIBLE QUESTIONS IN NO. 22 . 1. Cana. 2. Herod. 3. Innocents. 4. Lamb.
Dovos. 6. Redeemer. IGmmanuel. 8. Na-

 2. Thomas, 2 Andreeon 24. Intercession. 25 . Isaitc 32, Nain. 33. Gabriel 34 Saviour. Iniridus. "Children, obey your pare
all things.

CORREOT ANSWERS RECEIVED.


NORTHERN MESSENGER
SCHOLARS＇NOTES．

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（Vrom Wessminster Queston Book．）
LESSON XI
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## Dec．21．1884．］

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［Eccies．12： 1.1
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tue cheator remembered
G comintifo menory vs． 13,14 thy Rointh，whille the evil days come not nor thi Jeant，draw ulgh，when thou shait say， 1 Th Wiile the gun，or the light，or the moon；or the stars，ysing
after tho tin ；
3．In ihid day when the keepers of the house
 they rate iefy and those that look out of the
wildows be dartiened．
4．And the cloors shall be shut in the streets
when hin sound of the grindlug is low，and he

5．Also when they shall be afruld or
 and the nimond tree shall tlourish，and chat
grasshopper sball be a burden，and desire shail
 we in hers go abolit ho mirets
 hit the tountulu，or the wheel broken at the
isterru． tisteru．
 give it．
is vanalty．of vanllies，sailh the Proachor；an

 10．The Pr mate proverbs．
 right，even words or trath．
uh．The wod
Ther
ul．The words of the wise are as goad，＂and as nalis tastened by the massers ut and asembiles，
which ure given from oue slappuetd．
 and much sudy is a weariness of tioo desh． 13．Let us henr the conclusiou of the whote
Matier：Fear coodand keep his conmmanuments： for thens is the whote duly or mav．
 golden text．
＂Remember now thy Creator to the days or
nsyouth．＂－Liceres． $12: 1$. home Readings．
M．Eccles．12：1－14．．．．．．The Creator Remem
T．Matt．6：10－23．．．．．．．．The fereavonly trea．

 s． 2 Pet．3： $1-1+\ldots \ldots \ldots$ ．．．．．rite Day or or the Lord． lesson plan．
1．Tue Time for Remambering．2．The Rea－
son for Remembertug．
Silme．－About B．i．977．Place．－Written by introductory．
In this chapter the roynl prencher givas the
conclusion or hils discourse upon he cilief tood
 their Creator．Mhe inirmilies of age aro strik－
ingly bet torth uuder the emulom of en old de－ cayiug house，and youth are urged to begina
ollforliely berore tie coming of these days of
sorrow aud sorrow and lintrmity．
sity Lesson notes．












 material，and returns to the dust；ibe sool
Is mmaterial aud immortal，ned rolurns to
Sod Siod．
 As goads－ilite sharpened sticks lurging nen

 wisdom only lid deserving ot vire tarbesh unatir－
tug gursuit The word or God is the Book of

 Lhat perish，bui rationa
destilico tollvo for ever．

WHAT GAVE I LEARNED？
1．That we should begin to serve God whill we are young．
nge．That we must expect pecullar triais in old 3．That old age is an unfavorable time to seels reiligion．
4．That
ness at al
4．That we should serve the Lord with glad－ 5．That we must certainly give account to
God for all our opportunities． God

## i

28： 23, IB84． 1 LESSON XII．
 Review．
 home readinas．
 INTHODUOTOEXYUESTIONS：
 relgn？What are the principal events of his
cefg？or what kin was he huilty？How was he punished？Give an account of his death． Whom did the $L$ Itrd chonge to sinceced Saul？
From miom was Davtldescended？When and

 Why did saul jecome his enemy？What were
he leading eventsin uis Hfe hefore the death of the 1ead
By which of the tribes was Darid then made
 Wh the nither tribes？How did his relen ond？
What all the tribos then do？What clty dul．David make his capital？How long did he
relgi：1n
Jerusalem？What were the


QUESTIONS ON THE LESSONS．
I．－What is the title of the frst legson？Goid－


II－
 charge Solomon to do ？Why，Ind Davtid not
bunt the temple himself What Wad hit Lord
pronised－respeoling Solomon？What had

III－What is whe titio on tho thiru lesson？ GoIden Text？Losson．Plan？How dill the Lord apear For what did Solomon ask？What
tid hime Lord thint or uls requath？What more
did he promise him？
IV－What is the the of the Surth Jerson？
Goldon Text？Lesson Plan？When dit Solo－ mou begin to build the tomplof or what path－
did the bullang consist or what was the house builht What were its dimensions？Hove
did the Lord eucourago Solomon in his work V．What is the the of the fifth lessont
Golden Text． prayer of dedication？With Whom diar he say promiso to Davilt Whose drayers did Solo－
pron mon ask God to hear！What biessings did he
ask in answer to prayer！ VI．－What is the lule of the sixth lesson？
Golden fext Lessn Plan I For what purpose did dio queen of Shaba visit solomon？How many of her questing did shomon answer What presents did sho give to solom
does Lite Golden Text say of Jesus ？
VU．－What is like title of the seventh lesson？
Golden Text Cesson Plant What happened Whem．Solomon was old W What did lie worsnip How did the Lord regard Solomon what
made somon＇s omndut the more wiotred？
What puntshnent did the tord foretell VIII．－What is the tille of the eighth lesson！
Golden Text Lossou plant What is the be－ ginding ot wistoint What is the counsel of
wisdom？What nust we do when tempted Whint good advice does tho wise
Why should we follow this advice？
1X－What is the tille of the ninth lesson9 dom call What does she say？What doos she
promisel，What is the value of wlsdom？What promise I，What is tho value of
X－What is the title of the tonth lesson？
Golden Text Lesson Plan What ovils of Golden Text Lesson Plan Wbat ovils or
drunkennessaro mentioned in verse 26 What
counsel is given in verse 317 What does it do athe iast How may we avold tha danger of
drunkenvess？What should wị do to oheok the drunkenvess ovlls of intemperancel
Gol．－What is the tilloof the eleventh lesson mon tirst lest 1 From what did he next seels pleasure did be test ther wat sources of of worldy
pleasure did he pronounce the greacest Dorld staud the testi
XII－What is the tille of the twelfth lesson
Golden troti Lesson Plan With what coun－ sel does itis lesson begin i Why fhould we be－
gin ulife or ploty in youth？What becomes bs at death What sis the whole duts of man i
How is this duly enforced How is this duvy enforced

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