

LISTOWEL STANDARD.

FRIDAY, AUG. 25, 1882.

CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION.

The great victory gained by the Conservative party in 1874 and 1881 was preceded by Conventions, and doubtless to the perfect harmony and thorough organization which were the outcome of these Conventions was the great success in each instance in no small measure due. Realizing the importance of these Conventions, and the necessity of standing "shoulder to shoulder" at the present moment, it will afford Conservatives much gratification to learn that a Convention of the Liberal Conservative party, at the summons of Sir John Macdonald and Mr. W. R. Meredith, is called for Wednesday, the 13th day of September, in St. Andrew's Hall, Toronto, at 2 o'clock, p. m. The business of the Convention—we quote from the *Mail*—will concern the Liberal Conservative party of this province mainly, but the Dominion at large is interested deeply in the event. How best to secure the Confederation from the active disloyalty of those who would have it, and how to carry out the National Policy from the organized hostility of the Great Liberal Government: how best to secure the peace and stability of the Dominion, and how to secure the legal and financial questions affecting Ontario's interests—these will be among the questions to be submitted to the Convention.

The Conservatives of North Perth will be confident, give a hearty response to the summons of the Convention, and will be seen by advertisement in another column, meetings will be held in each municipality in the riding on Friday the 18th Sept., to elect one or more delegates to attend the Convention. The President of the different local Associations will see that these meetings are held and the delegates duly appointed.

Mr. McMillen's election in North Wellington has been protested, a petition against the return of that gentleman having been filed in the Court of Queen's Bench. This step, we understand, is justified. The qualifications of that gentleman are well known, and the evidence of corrupt practices which has been obtained, and which it is believed will void the election and probably disqualify the member for Parliament. A petition has been filed to prevent Mr. McMillen from claiming the seat. The Conservative friends are apprehensive of the result, and are ready to propose to the counter proposal, vacate the seat, and have a new election. It is not probable, however, that the proposition will be entertained by Mr. McMillen's friends, who feel that that gentleman is well qualified to hold the seat, and are determined to see that he shall receive justice.

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THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.
The Toronto World says:—We give Mr. Crooks credit for good intentions; we admit that the leadership of our educational system is in his hands; we do not deny that Mr. Crooks succeeded to many troublesome legacies, which he had to settle; but we think that, in this, we must give it as our opinion, that his office is today in the midst of an educational middle. The teachers are dissatisfied; the public are dissatisfied; the grumblers and there is a growing feeling that politics are being thrust into everything educational. The inclination of the country is to look for a change, especially of one firm or simple disgruntled. We would think that these firms and their satellites owned our public schools, and that the officials and servants of the educational department in their pay one way or another; the whole educational machinery of the country is in a state of confusion, representing these different firms; their emissaries haunt the teachers' conventions; dinner parties are provided for men who have no business to be there; generally these book publishers are demoralizing the whole system. They should be unceremoniously hustled out of the department, and the services of officers should be permitted to have no dealings with them, directly or indirectly. We are not prepared to say that the educational affairs of the province are not under control of a minister of the crown, but certainly Mr. Crooks has not proved that he is. The teachers, and with them Mr. Crooks, are determined to declare that a return should be made to the old council of public instruction, and the entire control of the educational affairs of the province from politics. As yet we cling to the opinion that the present system has not had a fair trial under Mr. Crooks.

A BRITISH DIPLOMATIC TRIUMPH.
How France and Germany View Britain's Action in Egypt.
The *Debat*, commenting on the triumph of English diplomacy at Constantinople, says:—"It is beyond doubt, viz., that England is now quite unfeared. The Premier does not appear inclined to retreat from Egypt, British provinces, but he evidently means to subject it to the exclusive ascendancy of England. It is true he has accepted that's proposal, and he has not, in the circumstances which English diplomacy knows how to turn to such good account. The *Francis* points out that Mr. Gladstone in his *Manchester House* speech adopted Mr. Waddington's phrase with a significant variation—"Our European Ministers boasted of having come out of the European crisis with clean hands. Mr. Gladstone, more practical, contents himself with saying that he enters Egypt with clean hands. The difference is noteworthy, and contains a somewhat important irony directed at the artless conduct of our Republican diplomacy." The *Zeitung*, which took two or three weeks to be convinced that Germany would never allow England to have all her own way in Egypt, now takes note that Turkey is

left in the lurch and is making concessions after concession. It regrets Mr. Gladstone's brevity as to the wider field opened up for England. It did indicate where he fixed its limits, nor did he say whether in his opinion England was to have the whole course to herself, or whether she meant to invite the other European Powers to enter the field with her. The *Granat*, which is inspired by the English Government, indicates that the British are in the Egyptian question, in which it is stated that though public opinion in Germany is, on the whole, hostile to England, the German Government cannot risk the loss of its good relations with any of the other Powers, and it is accordingly acting their policy without being absolutely forced to do so. Germany is, in the present case, a spectator, not an actor, and has no call to act the schoolmaster or moralizer. She has neither the wish nor the right to play the part of a censor in Europe, and to lay down rules for other powers in affairs in which she herself is uninterested, as France did in 1870. The security of the traffic through the Suez Canal is a question of the highest importance for England, whereas Germany has scarcely any interest in it. The German Government would not, under any circumstances, not those of other Powers and it will, therefore, neither give a mandate to England to act on the Nile without the cooperation of the other Powers, nor will it, doing there what she thinks necessary for the British interests. Germany would only think it her duty to interfere if her interests were directly affected. The reality has as yet not been realized; should this be the case then Germany will have plenty of time to take her resolutions, which will be only one in view, the preservation of peace in Europe.

AMULREE.
POST OFFICE ESTABLISHED.—The energetic member for North Perth, Mr. Henson, has succeeded in having a post office established in this classic section of North Perth. Mr. A. M. Fisher has been appointed postmaster, and he is every way qualified for the position. Amulree is the name of the post office.

ELMA.
BROCK'S LEG.—On Friday morning last, as Mr. Guy Brock, the son of the late Brock, was engaged in arranging some wheat in his barn he fell from an upper beam to the floor, breaking both bones of his leg in consequence of the fall. The injury was attended by Dr. Hamilton of Atwood attending him, but his friends will be sorry to hear that it will be some time before he will be around again.—*Con.*

BURNS.
FIRE IN THE BARN.—The fine black barn of Mr. James Miller, a short distance east of Millbrook, was destroyed by fire on Monday night, together with entire contents, including about 20 acres of wheat, a lot of hay, barley, rye, and other crops. The loss is estimated at \$2,000. The fire was caused by lightning striking the barn, and the flames were seen for miles around.

FORDWICH.
Thomas Wilson is putting in rollers in his mill. When complete he will be prepared to give first class flour to his customers. The school trustees have made great improvement in the school rooms since the vacation. They have repaired the walls, cleaned the woodwork, put in two new blackboards, all of which makes the school rooms look neat and clean.

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made in the church at a cost of \$3,776.72, all of which is covered by subscriptions.

DONEGAL.
On "THE HICKSBERY PINE"—A "fifty persons, looking like the Ellice swam on Saturday last, and oh! what berries, what heaps of berries were got. As the picker plucked his first berry he seemed to have found a treasure, and that a small one; for his face; but alas, pleasure is often bought with pain, and so was that berry, for it took fully two hours to find another to keep it company. Amongst the who party were there were at least one hundred and eleven berries. The affair cannot be called a success, so far as berries went, but there may be better luck next time, and we hope so.

PRINCE ALBERT.
WELCOMING THEIR PASTOR.—Rev. R. L. Ockley, formerly of Listowel, was appointed pastor of the Prince of Wales Methodist Church, arrived at his new field of labor on the evening of Wednesday, August 23rd, and was met at the depot by several resident citizens, brethren and also by R. Lund, Esq., recording Steward, who had his carriage in waiting for the purpose of conveying him to the church, where a public reception was accorded him. About a hundred people had assembled in the basement, where the lights were brilliantly lighted with these choice productions of the Highlanders Blackjacks and Marines. The Rev. Mr. Ockley, in his address, alluded to the fact that he had been called to the church, where a public reception was accorded him. About a hundred people had assembled in the basement, where the lights were brilliantly lighted with these choice productions of the Highlanders Blackjacks and Marines. The Rev. Mr. Ockley, in his address, alluded to the fact that he had been called to the church, where a public reception was accorded him. About a hundred people had assembled in the basement, where the lights were brilliantly lighted with these choice productions of the Highlanders Blackjacks and Marines.

STRATFORD.
Stratford has four corporation babies for adoption. The volunteers of this district are now preparing for the camp at London on the 12th of September.

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LATEST WAR NEWS.

A PROTEST.
Constantinople, Aug. 21.—The Porte refuses to permit the exportation from Turkey of arms for the British service in Egypt. Lord Dufferin says this is a contravention of treaty rights, and has addressed a strong protest to the Porte, saying that he will be held responsible for heavy damages.

DE LESSER'S CAUTION.
Paris, Aug. 21.—In consequence of intercepted protests by De Lesseps, the French Government sent an official communication to the Egyptian Government, in which it was stated that the Egyptian Government was to be held responsible for any act of violence committed by the Egyptian Government against the French interests in the Suez Canal.

BRITISH VICTORY.
London, Aug. 21.—The British fleet, under Admiral Hewitt, has defeated the Egyptian fleet, under Admiral Sidi Sami, in the Suez Canal. The British fleet, under Admiral Hewitt, has defeated the Egyptian fleet, under Admiral Sidi Sami, in the Suez Canal.

ISMAILIA.
Ismailia, Aug. 23.—The disembarkation of troops and munitions of war is proceeding rapidly. The Egyptian Government is sending a large force of troops to the Suez Canal, and the British Government is sending a large force of troops to the Suez Canal.

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AUSTRIAN CAPTURE BY ARAB.
The Austrian gunboat *Nautilus*, bound for Port Said to Alexandria, passed the Suez Canal on Sunday last. The gunboat, under the command of Captain von Szebeny, was captured by the Egyptian forces, and the crew were made prisoners by the Egyptians.

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TERRIFIC HAIL STORM.
On Monday, says the *Guilford Herald*, about 1.30 p. m. a disastrous hail storm passed over Paisley, and continued about 20 minutes. The path of the storm was about two miles in width, and was very destructive in its character. A field of oats belonging to Jas. Laidlaw, Esq., M. P., which would have yielded 40 bushels to the acre, was completely destroyed, and the ten bushels that could be gathered. Fields of peas were threshed, and the peas driven into the ground, and scattered to the four winds of heaven, and will not pay for the harvesting. John Cleghorn, adjoining neighbor to Mr. Laidlaw, had 20 acres of oats utterly destroyed. On the farm of Wm. Elliott, ten acres of hops—said to be the finest in the country—were totally demolished, and will not pay for the picking. The farms of Messrs. Jackson and Quarrie, in the same vicinity, have also suffered to a great extent. Fields of turnips have been destroyed, and many other trees have been stripped of their leaves and limbs by the fury of the storm. At 8 o'clock next morning the hail continued to fall, and completely destroyed the oat, turnip and pea crop. In some portions the apple trees were completely stripped, the apples being pierced by the hail as they fell. In places whole fields of oats, peas and turnips were completely destroyed, and the farmers will not pay for the gathering of the crop.

GALLANT RESCUE.
Niagara Falls, Aug. 18.—As two young men, named William and Henry Rodgers, of H. M. Customs here, were taking bath in a small cove on the American side of the river, they observed a gentleman in the water, evidently drowning. Although the current at this point is exceedingly swift, the boys immediately swam to the rescue. William was the first to reach the drowning man, who grasped him by the neck with a death grip, and drew him under. Henry had by this time reached the scene, and, diving, managed to release the drowning man's hold of his brother, after which the boys succeeded in getting him ashore, the whole party being thoroughly exhausted. William's gallant rescue was performed on the Niagara River.

CANADIAN FORESTRY.
This benevolent Order seems to be growing in public favor. During the past month three new chapters have been instituted, one at Wallaceburg with 16 members, one at Beaulieu with 27 members, one at Hamilton with 15 members, and one at London with 12 members. The chapters have been initiated in the various parts of Ontario during the past month. The chapters have been initiated in the various parts of Ontario during the past month.

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STRAYED SHEEP.
Strayed from the premises of the undersigned, 102 St. John St., a pair of ewes, eight sheep—four ewes, four lambs, and a few small pieces of out-let. Anyone finding these sheep will send them to the undersigned, and they will be suitably rewarded.

HURRAH FOR MANTOBA!
WM. WELCH
Trunks and Valises at Cost, Splendid chance for parties going to Manitoba.

WM. WELCH.
LIVERY, HACK & BUS BUSINESS.
R. & W. WOODS, having purchased the Livery and Hack business from Jas. Patton, wish to inform their patrons that they are prepared to supply rigs of every kind on shortest notice, and at reasonable rates.

JAMES COGHILL.
LADIES' MANTLES.
Special attention given to Ladies' Mantles. Special attention given to Ladies' Mantles. Special attention given to Ladies' Mantles.

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PITCHERY - BIDGERY.

The Turning of the Long, Long Lane.

BY MONSIEUR DEMOULIN.

CHAPTER XXIV.

ON THE TRACK.

Beatrice's disappearance was known at Brandon Hall on the following day.

The servants first made the discovery. They found her absent from her room, and no one had seen her about the house.

It was an unusual thing for her to be out of the house early in the day, and of late for many months she had scarcely ever left her room, so that now her absence at once excited suspicion.

The news was communicated from one to another among the servants. Alfred Potts, who did not dare to tell his mistress, but first sought to find her by themselves. They called Mrs. Compton, and the fear which perpetually possessed her mind, this peculiar creature now rose to a positive frenzy of anxiety and dread.

No satisfaction therefore could be derived from her. The servants tried to find traces of her, but they were unable to do so. The dog ran all round the house, and at length toward evening, Potts' return from the bank, the news was communicated to him.

The rage of Potts need not be described here. That one who had twice defied him should now escape filled him with fury. He organized all his servants into bands, and they scoured the grounds till darkness put an end to these operations.

That evening Potts and his two companions dined in noisily silence, only conversing by fits and starts about the matter. Let one of us go to the inn that are nearest, and ask if there was a girl in the coach that looked like her, or make any inquiries that may be needed.

The others assented. John swore he was too tired. At length, after some conversation, they determined to go out and to take a carriage back. Accordingly they went, and soon reached an inn.

thing in a country of law and order. They chose to walk rather slowly, and John led the dog by a strap which he had brought with him.

At length she was able to sit up, and then Langhetti saw her. He greeted her with all the ardor and impassioned warmth which was so striking a characteristic of his impulsive and affectionate nature.

There was something about this man which filled her with indefinable emotions. The knowledge which she had of the mysterious fate of his father did not repel her from him.

What was the feeling that arose within her heart toward this man, who had been the one for her father who had inflicted on his father so terrible a fate how did she dare to look him in the face or exchange words with him?

Edith moved among the others with a strange far off air, an air at once full of gentle affection, yet preoccupied. Her manner indicated that she was not the love of one who was far above them.

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"I cannot tell." "And you will therefore keep it a secret forever?" "I hope, my Biezia, that the time will come before long."

"Why do you wait, if you know or even suspect anything in which I am concerned?" "I wish to spare you."

"That is not necessary. Am I so weak that I cannot bear to learn anything which you may have had to tell? You forget what a life I have had for two years. Such a life might well prepare me for anything."

"If it were merely something which might create sorrow I would tell it. I believe that you have a self-reliant nature, and that you will be able to bear it. But which I have to tell is different. It is of such a character that it would of necessity destroy any idea of mind which you have, and fill you with hopes and feelings that could never be satisfied."

"You can not know anything," said Langhetti. "You may suspect much, but you have no proof. Yet I would not be wise to communicate these to you since they would prove ill and without result."

So the conversation ended, and Langhetti still maintained his secret, though Beatrice tried to find it out. At length she was suddenly recovered, and he began to begin the work which Langhetti wished to lead her. It was August, and Langhetti was impatient to begin his journey to the African island, and the manuscript which he carried and which had been taken from his bosom. Of this she dared not speak.

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THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Aches, and all other Pains and Aches.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE. IS RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS. Cures Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity, Chronic and Ulcerative Catarrh of the Ear, Eye, or Throat.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE. ONLY INTERNAL CURE FOR CATARRH. \$100. We offer \$100 for any case of Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE. A word of caution. As is usually the case where an article of true merit has attained a world-wide reputation by its wonderful results.

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS. Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purge. Is a safe, sure, and effective destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS. WILL CURE OR RELIEVE BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, INDIGESTION, DIARRHOEA, JAUNDICE, FLUENT, OR OF THE HEART, ERYSIPELAS, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN, HEADACHE, AND EVERY CASE OF DISEASE ARISING FROM DISORDERED ACTION OF THE BOWELS OR BLOOD.

A CURE GUARANTEED. MAGNETIC MEDICINE. For cold and Rheumatism, Catarrh of the Bladder, and all other ailments.

O. L. N. 617. The numbers of the names of the streets in London, and of every parish in the Kingdom, and of every town in the Kingdom, and of every village in the Kingdom.

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ORGANS AND PIANOS.

DOMINION, THOMAS, POWELL, AND UXBIDGE ORGANS.

WEBER, FISHER, AND STEVENSON PIANOS.

ORGANS FROM \$75 UPWARDS. PIANOS FROM \$260.

SHEET MUSIC! Shaw's publications of Sheet Music, 50 per cent. less than ordinary retail price.

M. H. DOWD, MAIN ST., PALMERSTON. Next door to Anderson's Harness Emporium.

W. R. STUBBS, UNION STREET, AGENT AT LISTOWEL.

JOHN GABEL, WALLACE STREET, OPPOSITE SCOTT'S BANKING HOUSE.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLRY. In fine gold and silver watches.

NECKLACES, LOCKETS, RINGS, BRACELETS, SETS, Etc., Etc.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF SILVERWARE IN TOWN. Engraving done free on all silverware bought from us.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY. SCHOOL BOOKS, POEMS, BIBLES, PRAYER AND HYMN BOOKS, WRITING PAPER, ENVELOPES, Etc.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN STRINGS, & C. REPAIRING—Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, &c., repaired promptly, and all work guaranteed.

JOHN GABEL. NEW ARRIVALS! SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK.

DRY GOODS, TWEEDS, COTTONS, PRINTS, READY MADE CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, & C.

OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT. TEAS AND COFFEES. CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

WINE AND SPIRITS. THE LARGEST STOCK IN TOWN, AND THE CHEAPEST PRICES. Goods delivered to any part of the town.

GEO. ZILLIAX. WALLACE STREET, LISTOWEL.

TORONTO TEA STORE. NEW MANAGEMENT.

GROCERIES, TEAS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, LIQUORS, & C.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, STOCK OF TEAS.

CANNED GOODS. ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH OR TRADE.

ADAM DAVIDSON. THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

\$2.50 PER ACRE. A REBATE OF \$1.25 PER ACRE.

RECEIVED AT TEN PER CENT. PREMIUM. THE LAND GRANT BONDS.

CHARLES DRINKWATER, SECRETARY. Montreal, 1882.

READ! READ!

H. GABEL, LATE CUTTER FOR MR. JOHN RIGGS.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. OVER J. C. BURT'S STORE.

SAVE MONEY. at the same time get their clothes made in FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

MONTHLY CLOTHING MARKET IN LISTOWEL. Friday, Sept. 1st, 1882.

NORMAN'S Electric Bell Institution, No. 4 Queen Street East, Toronto.

ASTHMA, LIVER COMPLAINT, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, ETC.

NEURALGIA, ETC. And a host of other ailments, which medicine has little or no control. Circulars sent on application.

W. H. GABEL, M. D., Druggist, & Agent for Listowel.

THE MAN WHO IS QUARTERED WITH THE SHARPE OF THE DOOM.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY. The central position of this line, connects the East and West, and the North and South.

VALBERT LEA ROUTE. A New and Improved Route between Kansas and Chicago.

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