MORNING EDITION

London Advertiser.

MORNING EDITION

VOL. XXVIII., N[illegible]59---WHOLE NO. 8828. SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1891. PRICE---ONE CENT PER COPY.

THE WORTLEY [illegible]OCAUST.

Details of the Di[illegible]ter at an English Sch[illegible] Fete.

The Terms on Whi[illegible]Parnell May Reti[illegible]

Commissioner Smith Replies to General Booth.

Lady Randolph Churchill Reported Dangerously Ill.

Comparison of the Ocean Steamers Teutonic and City of New York.

Annie Oakley Dead.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Much regret is expressed at the death at Buenos Ayres of congestion of the lungs of Miss Annie Oakley, the champion female rifle shot and one of the most popular members of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show during its sojourn in London.

In Memory of the Dead.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—At midnight Wednesday M. Deroulede, at the head of a number of enthusiastic members of the late patriotic league, bedecked with flags the monument in the Place de la Concorde, erected in memory of the French soldiers slain in the defense of Strasburg.

Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A denial is given to the story that Mrs. O'Shea had compromised her suit by accepting the sum of £50,000, and on the contrary it is stated that the case will be begun soon after Easter. It is also denied that Mr. Parnell either compiled or witnessed the will.

Death of Historian Kinglake.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Alexander William Kinglake, the historian, is dead. He suffered from cancer of the tongue and had not been able to take any food for several days. Morphia was given to ease his pain, and he died in peaceful unconsciousness. He was 79 years of age.

Behring Sea.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Lord Salisbury is reported to have sent assurances to Ottawa that there is no change in the status of the Behring Sea question; that there will not be any until the United States consents to arbitration, and that in the meantime British subjects will continue to be protected in their lawful pursuits.

Articles on Canada.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Canadian matters figure prominently in new numbers of leading magazines. Sir George Baden-Powell discusses Canadian national aspirations in the Fortnightly Review. Mr. Goldwin Smith vigorously criticises the National Policy in Macmillan's Magazine. He regards it as hurrying to its tomb with its ally, McKinleyism.

Twenty-Two Peruvian Rebels Killed.

Advices from Peru state that in suppressing the revolutionary attempt at Lima, Dec. 2, in behalf of ex-Dictator Pierola, 26 revolutionists, mostly officers, were killed. Two parties of conspirators—one headed by Col. A. M. Toledo—tried to seize the artillery barracks at Lima, and were fired on and repelled by the troops. Toledo was among the killed. He was prefect of Lima.

Lady Randolph Churchill Ill.

LONDON, Jan. 2. — Lady Randolph Churchill is dangerously ill, the result of a chill last week, followed by congestion of the liver. Her husband, who is supposed to be somewhere near Cairo, has been telegraphed for. Her father, Mr. Jerome, has also been summoned from the Riviera.

Another cablegram says in spite of all reports to the contrary, Lady Randolph Churchill is not ill, but is in good health.

Commissioner Smith Replies to Booth.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Commissioner Smith has published a reply to Gen. Booth in which he asserts that he undertook the work as set forth in the book "In Darkest England" with the understanding that the scheme was to be directed by a separate department. He resigned his position he says, because he found that the Salvation Army officials had decided that the financial and property departments of the army should be transacted by other departments which he believed were already fully occupied.

Rival Ocean Steamers.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.—The last season's runs of the rival queens of the ocean, the City of New York and the Teutonic, have created a great deal of interest not only in shipping circles, but also among the general public. A comparison shows that each crossed the Atlantic sixteen times between May and December. The average time of each voyage of the Teutonic, according to her log, was 6 days, 6 hours and 5 minutes, while that of the City of New York was 6 days, 4 hours and 55 minutes, an average of 1 hour and 10 minutes per voyage quicker than her rival.

Ocean Penny Postage.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The reduction in postage to India and Australia which has just taken effect has led to the renewed discussion of the proposal for ocean penny postage. The belief seems general that Mr. Goschen's next budget is likely to include a provision to give effect to the project. If Mr. Henniker Heaton's statement is correct Mr. Goschen's hand will probably be forced by the action of the United States. Anyhow the reduction just made is regarded as the halfway house to complete reform, as the Pall Mall Gazette indicates to-night.

Unique Present for the Pope.

MADRID, Jan. 3.—The Queen Regent forwarded to the Pope a handsome Malacca cane as a New Year's gift. When the Pope touched the cane by an ingenious contrivance its head or top opened, emitting a shower of gold pieces. His Holiness pronounced himself highly pleased with the Spanish Queen's present.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Father Didon has commenced a series of sermons which will be delivered in the Church of La Madeline with the object of soliciting subscriptions to erect a church at Rome as a present to the Pope on the occasion of the celebration of his episcopal jubilee.

A Scene of Terror.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—It is learned in regard to the catastrophe at Wortley, near Leeds, that the school fete referred to was a charity bazar, held under the auspices of the parish of Wortley, in the church school adjoining the Wortley Episcopal Church. Part of the programme of the bazar's attractions was a series of tableaux vivants, in which a number of the young girls and boys took part. A small stage was erected in the school room and opening upon it was a room used as a dressing room by the children. Inside this dressing room, just before the disaster, a crowd of joyous children were gathered, all the girls of the party being in light gauzy attire, and many of them covered in addition with cotton wool used to represent show. In addition several of the children carried, dangling on sticks above their heads, lighted Chinese lanterns. The tableaux vivants, then preparing, was intended to symbolize the winter frolics of the "Mummers" in days gone by. The parents and friends of the children were assembled in the school-room, when suddenly shrieks of terror issued from the little dressing-room, and the audience sprang in alarm from their seats, while a number of children rushed upon the stage with their costumes on fire. In a moment the air was filled with cries of terror from the children and from the ladies in the audience. Several ladies fainted, thus adding to the confusion. The gentlemen then promptly seized the burning children, threw them upon the stage and smothered the flames, which enveloped their garments, with curtains, mats, window blinds and anything they could lay hands on in the emergency. Several gentlemen tore off their coats and used them to save the lives of the panic-stricken children. Finally, suffering children to the number of about 20 were taken to the Wortley Infirmary, while others were attended to at their own homes. Up to the present there are four deaths recorded as the result of the disaster, and several of the injured are not expected to live. An investigation into the cause of the disaster shows that one of the little girls, who was playing with a lighted lamp, accidentally set fire to her clothes. Her cries and the sight of flames caused a panic among the other children, who made a rush for the door. The result was that a crowd of children were crushed around the child whose clothes were already in flames, and thereby ignited the clothing of 20 or 30 others.

Another of the victims of the school bazar fire at Wortley yesterday has died, making the number of deaths six.

WEDDED TO A JAP.

A Beautiful Young Quakeress Marries the Man of Her Choice.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—A New Year's event, which has caused not a little commotion among the unusual quiet Society of Friends, the marriage contemplated between Miss Mary Elkinton, the daughter of a prominent member of the society, and Inazo Nitobe, a young Japanese, took place this morning at the Friends' house. Every effort had previously been made by Miss Elkinton's immediate relatives and friends to prevent the consummation of the union. Arguments and persuasion, however, were alike unsuccessful in making the young lady swerve from the man of her choice, who had out of regard for her become a member of the Society of Friends.

As a last resort the father of the bride endeavored to have the couple debarred from the meeting house. On Christmas day a committee of friends reported favorably upon granting the use of the building for the ceremony. The marriage license was secured and preparations at once began for to-day's ceremony.

After the wedding a reception was held at the residence of Wm. H. Elkinton, brother of the bride. Mr. Nitobe is a man of high rank in his native country, his family being among the most distinguished and wealthy in Japan and occupying a leading position in the affairs of the Government. He is a graduate of Harvard College and of a celebrated institution of learning in Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Nitobe will leave in a few days for San Francisco, from which port they will sail on Jan. 17 by steamer for Yokohama, Japan, their ultimate destination being Sapporo.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Mr. John Charlton, M. P. for North Norfolk, will deliver an address on unrestricted reciprocity before the members of the Toronto Young Liberal Club on Monday evening.

Municipal Nominations.

West Williams—Reeve, Simon McLeod; deputy reeve, A. W. Augustine; councilors, James Cluness, John James, Rod. Johnson. All by acclamation.

Poisoned by Pumpkin Pies.

LURAY, Va., Jan. 1.—The family of Benjamin Sours were poisoned yesterday by eating pumpkin pies supposed to contain rat poison. Mr. Sours and one child died, and the others are dangerously ill.

Greedy for Gore.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, Jan. 2.—Four hundred Portuguese volunteers have landed at the mouth of the Pongve River, having signed an agreement to serve in Manicaland and to fight the British if necessary.

Sudden Death in Guelph.

GUELPH, Ont., Jan. 2.—Miss Nellie Murton, only daughter of Mr. Harry Murton, oatmeal miller, died suddenly Wednesday. She was rapidly recovering from a two-weeks' attack of typhoid fever until a clot of blood in passing through the heart stopped its action and killed instantly.

Shot by a Canadian.

ONTONAGON, Mich., Jan. 2. — Sheriff O'Rourke lodged in jail last night James Thomas for the murder of Michael Downey at Ewen, this county. They had been drinking together Wednesday, and in the afternoon Thomas bought a revolver, which he was using on the street, and claims that he accidentally shot Downey in the breast. Downey died in a few minutes. Thomas claims that he was dazed and has no recollection of the shooting, and had never had any trouble with Downey. He is a young man, aged 15, with parents living at Halston, Hastings county, Canada. Downey was a married man and has a family living in Saginaw.

Suit Against the C. P. R.

DETROIT, Jan. 2.—John B. Paulus, of Detroit, purchased a round trip ticket last summer of Cornelius Heehy, local manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, to Quebec. Owing to carelessness on the part of some one the two coupons were misnamed, the outer one bearing the stamp of "Quebec to Detroit" and the inside one "Detroit to Quebec." The mistake was not discovered on the trip from Detroit to Quebec, and the coupon "Quebec to Detroit" was accepted. On the return trip, however, a short distance from Quebec the conductor took up his ticket and discovering that the coupon bore the imprint "Detroit to Quebec" refused to take it. Paulus was put off the train at a country station. When he reached Detroit he found that he had missed several important business engagements. He has brought suit against the railway and Mr. Sheehy for $5,000 each.

THE DAY'S DOINGS.

Chronicled and Summarized for Busy Readers.

Twenty-Two Thousand Deaths from Smallpox in Guatemala—A Family of Five Frozen to Death.

CANADIAN.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau is indisposed.

Minister Tupper is visiting New York.

Mr. Thos. Murray, ex-M.P.P., has been appointed sheriff of Renfrew.

Grain rates from Manitoba to the seaboard have been raised 5 cents per cwt., and wheat prices have gone down in proportion.

The corporation of the county of Lennox and Addington has taken proceedings against Mr. J. M. Parrott, county treasurer, for $15,000 penalty under a bond and for an account and for an injunction.

A very successful meeting of the East York Farmers' Institute was held at Markham yesterday. The majority of the speakers advocated dairying and stock raising as being more profitable than grain growing.

Rev. Dr. Burwash and Rev. Prof. Reynar have been appointed representatives of Victoria on the university senate in accordance with the Federation Act. The university senate is considering the question of establishing a chair in homœopathy.

FOREIGN.

Alphonse Peyrat, the French author and senator, is dead.

The so-called Anarchist Congress is announced to meet at Alicante during the present year.

Twenty-two thousand deaths occurred in Guatemala from smallpox from April up to September.

The Boulogne conference between O'Brien and Parnell lasted nine hours, says the Freeman's Journal.

The failure of a large Santiago, Chili, mercantile house is reported. The liabilities are stated to exceed $1,200,000.

Lord Symington's mansion at Hartsbourne Park, including his library and some most valuable works of art, has been destroyed by fire.

News has reached Berlin of a disastrous explosion in the Heinrich Gustave coal pit at Bochum, Prussia. Nine men were killed and ten others are not expected to survive.

A family of five persons, without a home, who had been tramping through the country, were found by a roadside near Cambridge this morning all frozen to death.

While laborers were digging a trench for a nitro-glycerine conduit at Nobel's factory, Hamburg, yesterday, a frightful explosion occurred, by which several of them were killed.

Parnell has arrived at Dublin, and is holding a long conference with Timothy D. Harrington and Dr. Joseph Kenny. It is understood that the conference between Parnell and O'Brien will be resumed at Boulogne-sur-Mer on Tuesday.

UNITED STATES.

The Chicago Y. M. C. A. will erect a building to cost $1,400,000.

A syndicate of capitalists has offered the United States Government $14,000,000 for Alaska.

Crazed by apparently unfounded jealousy and excessive drinking, Leo Klein, a German of recent arrival in the United States, fatally shot his wife and then killed himself shortly after, at their home in Chicago. The wife is the daughter of well-to-do parents.

Vice-President George D. Dana, of the Whitman-Barnes Manufacturing Company, at Rochester, N. Y., which has joined the American Harvester Company, denies that their works would be shut down, and pronounced the report that 10,000 men would be discharged by the new company a canard.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW'S PLAN.

The Movement Against the Canadian Railways.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The statement is made that the proposition to require the Canadian railways to take out a license, which has been introduced in the House by Mr. Burton, is a suggestion of the Vanderbilt roads, but it is a little difficult to see how, with the Vanderbilt connections in Canada, they can be interested in such a movement. The story is that Chauncey M. Depew has planned a campaign which will be aggresive yet conservative. His roads won't ask to have the Canadian lines outlined, nor will they insist on withdrawing the consular agents of the United States, by whose aid transhipment in bond is carried on. Mr. Depew's plan is simply to place the Canadian roads under the authority of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. This is to be done by a license system.

A day or two before Christmas a bill was introduced in the House by Representative Burton, of Cleveland, Ohio. It may have been only a coincidence that John Newell, president of the Lake Shore road, was here about the same time. The Burton bill requires any railroad doing business partly in the United States and partly in adjacent foreign countries to obtain from the Inter-State Commerce Commission a license to engage in such business, which license may be revoked if the holder violates the Inter-State commerce laws. The Vanderbilt roads have had their representative here for a fortnight past feeling the Congressional pulse and preparing the way for legislation. He is Gen. John McNulta, an Illinois lawyer and politician. It is stated that Gen. McNulta enjoys the confidence of Chairman Cooley, of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, in a marked degree. Gen. McNulta is a neighbor and political friend of Senator Cullom, chairman of the Inter-State Committee.

FOR A DISORDERED LIVER try BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Free—Strong's Cook Book, containing 1,000 carefully selected practical receipts for bread, biscuit, cakes, puddings, pastry, etc., invaluable to every lady. Secure a copy free by calling at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street, London. To insure satisfactory results Strong's Baking Powder should always be used, as all baking powders are not of uniform strength and some are not pure. This powder is made fresh daily and sold only at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street; price, 25 cents per pound. Canadian agency for Halsey Bros.' homœopathic remedies. Marriage licenses issued at above address. 24tf

BUILDINGS BURNED.

Herman's and the Fifth Avenue Theater Destroyed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Fire broke out in the Fifth Avenue Theater shortly before midnight. The audience and actors had all gone when the fire broke out. Fanny Davenport was playing "Cleopatra" in the theater.

12:40 a.m.—Herman's Theater caught fire. Herr Herman has been giving exhibitions of his black art. Crooks' sporting goods store has also caught fire. The scenery of Fanny Davenport's rendition of "Cleopatra" is mostly destroyed.

12:45 a.m.—There is a probability of several other buildings being burned. Rear of houses on Broadway will be burned, and it looks as if Herman's Theater will be destroyed. It is not yet known whether any persons were injured by the collapse of the roof. The Gilsey building is also threatened. Six distinct explosions have been heard from the interior of the sporting goods house of powder, held there in some form in the stock. This warned the big crowd back out of danger's way.

At 1 o'clock the wind veered from north to east, and the top story of the Sturtevent House caught fire. The firemen elevated their ladders, and, climbing up, smashed the windows and shouted to the guests. Nearly all of the guests, however, had taken flight, and the excitement was intense. A good part of the Sturtevent will be destroyed. The sparks were blown as far as Third avenue. Broadway, in the vicinity of the fire, is lined with policemen driving back the crowds.

Harry Miner, of the Fifth Avenue Theater, places his loss at $125,000. Magician Herman says it cost him $65,000 to refit his present theater. Besides he lost $25,000 worth of theatrical effects and costumes.

A whole block upon Broadway, besides the Fifth Avenue Theater and Herman's new playhouse, was destroyed. Up to this writing, while the fire is yet raging, no lives are known to be lost. There were a dozen or more narrow escape. All the property burned belongs to the Gilsey estate, and the total damage to the buildings and contents is roughly estimated at $500,000.

HALIFAX, Jan. 2.—A $50,000 fire occurred here Wednesday night. It originated in the basement of the Globe Hotel, occupied by J. W. Salterio as a clothing store and Lawes & Co., brewers. The inmates barely escaped with their lives. The Globe Hotel was owned by Seeton & Mitchell. Among others burned out were: Arthur Monaghan, saloon; Sharp & Co., victuallers; Simon Fraser, Charles W. Outhit, commission merchant; A. & W. Smith's big brick wholesale grocery warehouse. The thermometer was down to zero. It is believed that two or more lives were lost.

MONTREAL, Jan. 2.—There was a bad fire Wednesday night on St. Gabriel street in the premises of Beauchamp & Sons and Thos. Allen. The damage to Beauchamp's buildings and stock is $45,000; insured for $25,000. Mr. Allen loses $16,000; insured for $10,000.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Fire started in the basement of the Clinton prison yesterday and raged for four hours. The hospital chapel, guardroom and kitchen were completely destroyed. The loss is estimated at $175,000. No lives lost. An attempt on the part of the convicts to escape was frustrated by the guards.

THE WORLD OF WORK.

Collapse of the Hull (Eng.) Strike—A Labor Riot at Braddock, Pa.

The strike of the dock laborers at Hull has collapsed.

A general strike of stokers and coal trimmers was begun at Hamburg yesterday.

Two thousand colliers near Merthyr Tydvil, Wales, have quit work on account of alleged grievances.

The decrease in the weekly traffic of the Scotch railways in consequence of the strike amounts to £27,000, Edinburgh is now the stronghold of the strikers. The men continue to hold mass meetings in Glasgow, Edinburg and other railway centers, but the attendance is smaller. The North British Railway Company, for the first time since the strike, began yesterday running a full passenger service. The freight business showed evidence of improvement. The Caledonian Company's freight traffic is heavy.

The strike of the Hungarian furnace men at the Edgar Thomson's steel works at Braddock, Pa., resulted in a serious riot yesterday. The Hungarians quit work at midnight. About 100 men remained at work repairing furnaces. About 1 o'clock 200 strikers armed with clubs, shovels, revolvers, iron bars and other weapons attacked the furnace. The men at work were unprepared, but bravely stood their ground. The Hungarians used their weapons freely, and men were knocked down, clubbed, bruised and unmercifully beaten. The Hungarians were finally beaten off, when it was found that Michael Quinn was fatally hurt, Andrew Kramer, John Neason and Patrick Briggs, all workmen, had been seriously wounded, and a dozen others more or less injured. The sheriff has sworn in 200 deputies and ordered all the saloons in Braddock closed.

Two thousand colliers employed in the mines in the vicinity of Merthyr-Tydvill, Wales, have quit work on account of alleged grievances.

The men employed on the Victoria Dock, London, have gone out on a strike. Hitherto the dock men have not been paid for the dinner hour, and the present movement is made for the purpose of compelling the employers to pay the men for the time they are absent at dinner.

Steamship Arrivals.

Jan. 1.	Reported at.	From.
Circassia	New York	Glasgow
Galileo	New York	Hull
Moravia	Hamburg	New York
Polynesian	New York	Baltimore

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Inflammation of the lungs laid up a man on Dufferin avenue and a lady on Dundas street, and another lady on Dundas street had a bad accident. The first got $100 and the latter two $50 each paid them, for six months before they had taken from H. H. Gore a living benefit certificate of $1,000, all payable to themselves in seven years. Between 100 and 200 others have taken certificates, and if you want one it will cost you about five cents a day to have $20 per week if accident or sickness overtakes you, or $1,000 in SEVEN years if you are 16 or under 65 years of age. Call or address H. H. GORE, 424 Queen's avenue, London. Agents wanted in every place. b

RAILWAY WRECKS.

Smashup Caused by an Ice-Covered Switch.

Two Train Hands Killed—An Elevated Railway Disaster.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 3.—Express train No. 7 over the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, due here from Hoboken at 8:30 o'clock Thursday night, met with a serious accident at West Paterson. The locomotive suddenly struck an ice-covered switch and crashed into a train of flat cars loaded with pig iron. The result was that the engine turned over on its side a total wreck. The rest of the train crashed together, smashing two passenger cars and two sleepers. They were switched to the other side of the freight train, but fortunately were not overturned. None of the passengers were hurt. The cab attached to the locomotive at this juncture caught fire and the whole engine was seen enveloped in flames, leaving a total wreck. Both the engineer and fireman were scalded in a frightful manner by escaping steam.

TWO MEN KILLED.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 3.—Two trains collided on the Baltimore and Ohio Railway at the east end of Knoxville siding Thursday night. Both engines and several express cars were badly damaged. Engineer Gosnell and Fireman Williams were killed. Engineer Manford and Fireman Egler were badly injured. The accident was caused by one of the trains breaking loose between Wevorton and Washington Junction. No passengers hurt.

ELEVATED RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—During the heavy fog yesterday morning engine 265 of the elevated road, ran into a train ahead of it. Dewitt Kimmer, the fireman, had both legs and right arm badly crushed. He will probably lose both legs and arm.

THE INDIAN TROUBLE.

A Kickapoo Drops Dead at a Ghost Dance—Nebraska Militiamen Called Out.

HIAWATHA, Kan., Jan. 2.—The Kickapoo Indians have held a ghost dance near here since Sunday. One of them fell dead from exhaustion yesterday. No trouble is expected.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 2.—Gov. Thayer has sent a telegraph order to the commander of the State militia at Long Pine Hill to go at once to Chadron, the scene of the threatened Indian outbreak. Orders have also been given to the commanders at Fremont, Central City and Tekamah to be prepared to start at any time.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3.—Gen. Schofield has received from Gen. Miles a dispatch dated Pine Ridge Agency, Jan. 1, saying 3,000 Indians, men, women and children, and including about 600 bucks, are now encamped in a section of the Band Lands fifteen miles from Pine Ridge Agency, and there is almost a cordon of troops around them. Gen. Miles' hopes to be able to induce the hostiles to surrender without a struggle. Gen. Miles says the Indians have gathered some cattle and provisions and appear to be determined to make their fight for supremacy at this point. He says he will make another effort to get them back to the agency without bloodshed.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

Earnings put Down by Strikes—Promotion of Mr. Wainwright.

The decrease in the weekly traffic of the Scotch railways in consequence of the strike amounts to £27,000.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company it is said has completed arrangements for terminal improvements in Chicago to cost from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000.

General Superintendent Collins, of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, goes over the system in a private car which much resembles a caboose, with the exception that it has two pairs of trucks and is six feet longer.

The growth of business with the Wabash at Chicago has been such that the company is obliged to increase its facilities at that point for handling business, putting in more side-tracks and building a 200-foot addition to their freight depot.

Mr. Wm. Wainwright, formerly assistant manager, has been appointed to the position of assistant general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway. It is understood that he will also fill the position of traffic manager, made vacant by the promotion of Mr. L. J. Seargeant to Sir Joseph Hickson's place.

Chas. J. Haigh, up to the present time chief clerk at Detroit, has been appointed to fill the position of general agent of through traffic for the Grand Trunk in that city. Mr. Haigh succeeds A. H. Harris, who goes to Hamilton as district general freight agent to succeed R. Quinn, who has been appointed foreign freight agent for the Grand Trunk at Liverpool. Mr. Haigh is an old resident of Detroit and is one of the most popular freight agents in the city. His promotion will be gratifying to a large circle of acquaintances, and particularly to shippers of grain, with whom he has come in contact a great deal. George R. Smith, rate clerk of the Grand Trunk and Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railways, has been appointed contracting agent of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg and Ontario Dispatch fast freight lines.

A California Earthquake.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Two distinct earthquake shocks with but few seconds' intermission occurred here at two minutes past noon yesterday. The vibrations were nearly north and south.

Irish sox, hand-knit by Donegal peasantry, pure wool, very warm, durable and comfortable. Twelve pairs sent post free for $5. Men's long knickerbocker hose, six pairs sent post free for $5, $6 or $7, according to quality. Postoffice orders payable—B. & E. M'HUGH (Limited), Belfast, Ireland. zxt

The favorite Indian dance the racket.

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Fresh Daily.—Oysters served in lunch-room in every style; confectionery of all kinds; parties supplied; candies, fruits, etc., etc. J. FRIEND, 117 Dundas street west. yt

Tea Biscuits.

Delicious Tea Biscuits and Cakes can always be made when you use our Superior Baking Powder. Made fresh daily and guaranteed absolutely pure.

25 Cents Per Pound.

For sale only by

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

256 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

Telephone 255.

VOICES OF THE PEOPLE.

Liquor, Poverty and Crime.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

I suppose the citizens think that nearly all the children in the Protestant Orphans' Home are orphans, but such is not the fact. Only three have neither father nor mother, whilst seven-eights of them are the children of drunken parents. Police Magistrate Parke says that three-fourths of his work is caused by drink, and a short time ago every inmate of the jail, with one exception, was there through drink. These are astounding statements which should cause every lover of our beautiful city to stop and think. It means that if intoxicating drinks were banished from the city our jails, hospitals, orphans' homes, etc., would soon be almost empty, and the money thus spent could be used for other purposes.

Add to this the expense of looking after places licensed to sell drink, and it presents a startling picture. Look at the record of our Police Court during the past eight months. There were:

Seventy charges against liquor dealers.

Twenty-seven convictions were secured.

Fourteen were convicted once.

Five were convicted twice, and one was convicted three times. And yet a writer in the Free Press a few days ago said that London was a good and sober city. Truly, liquor has a remarkably deadening effect on the moral sense.

Now look on the other side of the picture. According to the report of the Governor of the State of Kansas the abolition of the saloons has enormously diminished crime, has emptied many of the jails, has rapidly diminished the rate of taxation and increased the prosperity of the people. In Iowa also, Judge Sherwin says: "I am glad to be able to say that prohibition in Iowa has not only proved a moral blessing, but has greatly increased the prosperity of the State. Citizens, ponder these things and vote accordingly on Monday next.

RATEPAYER.

Milk Inspection Wonders.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

In looking over your health officer's report on the milk that is delivered in the city I must congratulate the citizens on the high standard of the milk they are getting. If it be all true there are some few things to be learned from it, namely, that the common herds of our milkmen can be made to beat the record of Professor Saunders with the herds of best Jerseys, with the Dominion at his back for supply of feed. Another thing new to the most of us is that herds that are poor and poorly fed produce milk of a very superior quality. Now, this knocks both theory and practical experience out of time, as it has always been thought that it required cattle in good condition and liberally fed to produce the best results. Now I have been wondering if the report would be anything like the present one if the Board of Health would appoint a man to take up samples and deliver them to the analyst by numbers while he retained the names until the report is given to the Board of Health. Either that or get their officer a new instrument, as I think after the extraordinary efforts it has made this time, it must be nearly useless. Wishing you all a happy New Year. I remain yours, etc.

WM. G. STEWART, Gore of London.

Some Serious Questions.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

I noticed in a communication in your valuable paper a short time ago, over the signature of Mr. W. Y. Brunton, that Ald. Garratt had a contract on the King street fire hall, which work was being done under No. 3 Committee, of which Ald. Boyd is chairman; also that Ald. Boyd was a tenant of Ald. Garratt's. Of course there is nothing in the fact of Ald. Boyd being a tenant of Ald. Garratt's, but there is a good deal in Ald. Boyd, as chairman of No. 3 Committee, allowing Ald. Garratt to draw city money or work for the city while occupying the position of alderman, as it is contrary to law and a direct violation of an alderman's oath of office. I expected to have heard from either of the aldermen in explanation of the charges in Mr. W. Y. Brunton's letter, but they have seen fit to keep dark in the matter. It is the wish of a large number of citizens that Ald. Boyd should fully explain this transaction. It is also rumored that the extras on the job amount to more than the original contract. If Ald. Boyd and Ald. Garratt do not deign a reply would you kindly look into the matter and give us all obtainable facts through your valuable paper and oblige a number of anxious citizens and

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER?

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer

—IN—

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FLUID EXTRACT OF BEEF.

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ETC., ETC.

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125 Dundas Street.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—The new pastor, Rev. Ira Smith, will occupy the pulpit on Sabbath. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Bible class and Sunday school at 3 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH — MORNING, Rev. J. Allister Murray, subject, "Spiritual Capital, its Use and Abuse;" evening, Rev. Jas. Ballantyne. Sunday school and Bible class at 3. Strangers welcomed to services.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—The pastor will preach at both services. Subject for the day, "Stock Taking." Sunday school and adult Bible class, 2:30 p.m.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Park avenue. Morning at 11 o'clock, Rev. J. W. Black, late of England; evening, 7 o'clock, Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Walter M. Roger, M.A., pastor, morning and evening, "New Year Themes." Strangers welcomed.

ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. M. P. Talling, B. A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Visitors welcome. Seats free.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Dundas street. Pastor, Rev. Robt. Aylward, B.D. Services to-morrow as follows: In the morning at 11, subject, "A New Year's Greeting;" the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the close of the morning service. Bible classes and Sunday school at 2:45. In the evening there will be a special address to young men and women.

MASONIC CHURCH PARADE — COMPANIONS of St. John's R.A. Chapter, No. 3, will assemble at chapter rooms on Sunday, 4th, at 2 p.m., in regalia, for divine service at St. Andrew's Church. A. CARROTHERS, Z; J. SIDDONS, S.E. b

KING STREET METHODIST CHURCH Services 11 a.m., 7 p.m. Rev. S. Bond, pastor.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Advertisements under this head two cents a word.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—A reception will be tended to the Rev. Ira Smith, the new pastor, on Monday evening, Jan. 5, at 8 p.m., in which the city ministers will take part. All are invited. b

SIMCOE STREET RINK — SKATING Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoon and evening. Admission, 10c; children, 5c. 21tf

EXCURSION TO TORONTO — YOUNG Liberal Minstrels, Monday, Jan. 5, returning Wednesday, 7th. Tickets $2 50. For Sale at De la Hooke's, or station. 25c xvt

CENTRAL AVENUE RINK—GOOD ICE skating every afternoon and evening; between Adelaide and William; open air rink.

SEVENTH BATTALION BAND—THIS afternoon. Queen's Avenue Palace Rink. Ice in excellent condition. b

DANCING ACADEMY—355 RICHMOND street—Second term commences Monday evening, Jan. 5. Primary classes—Gentlemen, Mondays, at 8 p.m.; ladies, Fridays at 8. Advanced class for ladies and gentlemen, Thursdays at 8 p.m. Private tuition any hour to suit applicant. Music furnished for balls, parties, etc. DAYTON & MCCORMICK, members of the National Association of Teachers of Dancing.

WESTMINSTER RINK—OPEN EVERY afternoon during holidays and every night. Admission, ladies, 5c; gentlemen, 10c; children (afternoon), 5c. 16tf

MEETINGS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MASONIC—AN EMERGENCY MEETING of St John's Lodge, No. 20, will be held in the Masonic Temple, on Sunday afternoon next, 4th inst., at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of attending divine service. The parade will be formed at 2:30 and all Masons in the city are invited to participate. By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Smith, and officers of "D" Company the Infantry School Band will be in attendance. By order M. D. DAWSON, secretary St. John's Lodge, No. 20. b

THE TUSCAN LODGE, NO. 195, A. F. & A.M., meets on this evening, at 8 o'clock; official visit of the D. D. G. M.; visitors welcome. EDWIN PAULL, W.M.; R. B. HUNGERFORD, Secretary. b

DOMESTICS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

SERVANT GIRL WANTED—APPLY W. H. SMITH, 854 Richmond street. 27c

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT —Apply 294 Dufferin avenue. 27c

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT— One who can cook; no washing; reference required. Apply at 296 Queen's avenue. 25tf

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. MILLAR, 359 Princess avenue. 25tf

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED dining-room girls. Apply at Grigg House. 24tf

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SERVANT girl. Apply to Mrs. C. E. STIRLING, 282 Piccadilly street. 22tf

GIRLS—BEFORE TAKING SITUATIONS call at 56 Dundas street and see the list of first-class situations now open in private families and hotels; five plain cooks wanted immediately; no washing or ironing; also four experienced dining-room girls; highest wages paid to good girls. Situations secured in any part of the city.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT AND LIBERAL pay selling nursery stock. Address D. W. BEADLE, St. Catharines, tx

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MAYOR TAYLOR'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE Rooms are on Dundas street next door to the Mechanics' Institute. 27u

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

W. M. CLARKE—ORGANIST, FIRST Presbyterian Church, teacher of vocal and instrumental music. Terms $5 and upwards. 345 Princess avenue.

VOICE BUILDING, SIGHT READING, Piano, Guitar, Mandoline, Banjo, taught by Miss CHUTE, of Toronto College of Music, 685 Dufferin avenue.

LONDON ACADEMY OF MUSIC—WM. CAVEN BARRON, formerly professor at Hellmuth Ladies' College, late of Leipsic Germany, director. Greatest attention paid beginners; references given; terms moderate; diplomas.

MRS. W. NOBLE, TEACHER OF PIANO, organ and harmony, 526 King street.

MR. R. POCOCKE, TEACHER OF PIANO, violin and harmony; graduate of Leipsic. 309 Dundas street.

MR. J. W. FETHERSTON WILL GIVE lessons at his pupils' residences this season. Address 308 King street.

FLORISTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

FLOWERS! CHOICE FLOWERS!—wedding and funeral designs, plants for sale or rent; cut flowers, baskets, table decorations made up on shortest notice. By S. S. WORTMAN, successor to Mrs. S. WOODLIFFE, 250 Dundas street, one door east of old stand.

BOARD AND LODGING.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

GOOD BOARD—FOR YOUNG MEN WILLING to occupy double bedroom; $2 50 Apply 344 Dundas street. 26m wt

TONSORIAL ARTISTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

WILKINS, THE BARBER, HAS REMOVED to his new shaving parlor a few doors east, 294 Dundas street. A call solicited.

J. G. CONSTABLE—GRIGG HOUSE Barber Shop — First-class workmen; baths in connection with shop.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM—WITH or without meals; desirable locality; modern conveniences. Address Gentleman, ADVERTISER office. 28u

WANTED—A LARGE, WELL FURNISHED, warm room, in good locality Address box 2, this office. b

MONEY TO LOAN.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON REAL estate, at lowest rates W. G. MCDONALD, Robinson Hall Chambers, London.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

THE CHANCE OF YOUR LIFE—95 cottages, from $250 up to $2,000; on easy terms. D. MCALPINE, 169 Dundas. b

FARMS FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS improved farms; Souris district, Southern Manitoba; one unimproved. R. C. STRUTHERS, 333 Richmond street, London. 19n xttttt

FINE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY IN Komoka; three acres of land. D. MCALPINE, London. 25c xly

FOR SALE — BRICK HOUSE — NINE rooms, in good order; lot, 40x250; five minutes walk from postoffice, half square from street railway. Rare chance to secure a desirable home on easy payments. Address J. W. C., ADVERTISER office. 23k zxwt

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BRICK HOUSE—FIVE ROOMS — CENTRAL; suitable for railway man or mechanic. 260 King street. b

SPECIFIC ARTICLES FOR SALE.

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OFFICE FIXTURES FOR SALE—VERY cheap. Counter, partitions, etc., in first-class shape. 437 Richmond street. 25c xwt

GOOD DRIVING HORSE FOR SALE—cheap. Apply at once to MRS. L. LEWIS, Dorchester Postoffice. 25k

FOR SALE—ONE TEN-HORSE ENGINE in first-class condition. WM. MALLOCH & Co. 154 Fullerton street, London. 6ub

SHIPPING TAGS AT BOTTOM PRICES—ADVERTISER Job Department.

LEGAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

WELD & O'NEILL, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, conveyancers, notaries public, etc. Office, 90 Dundas street, London. Money to loan. Branch office Lucan, Ont. EDMUND WELD, J. D. O'NEILL.

MEREDITH, CAMERON AND JUDD—barristers, solicitors and notaries, Robinson Hall chambers. E. MEREDITH, Q.C., J. C. JUDD, E. R. CAMERON.

ALBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B. D.C.L., A Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Office, Ontario Loan Building (upstairs), Market Lane, London.

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FITZGERALD & GLASS, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 83 Dundas street, London. Money at 5½ and 6.—W. W. FITZGERALD, Q.C.; CHAS. T. GLASS, B.A.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN street, Chicago, Ill.; 25 years' successful practice; advice free; no publicity; special facilities in many States.

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W. A. PROUDFOOT, BARRISTER, ETC. 88 Dundas street, London. Money to loan.

TENNENT & MACBETH—BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. D. H. TENNENT, HERBERT MACBETH, 78 Dundas street, London.

MILLS & WEEKES—BARRISTERS, ETC., London, Ont., office corner Dundas street and Market Lane. HON. DAVID MILLS, Q.C., G. N. WEEKES. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.

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HUTCHINSON & MCKILLOP—BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Courthouse, London. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, JAMES B. MCKILLOP.

W. H. BARTRAM—BARRISTER—Solicitor, notary public, conveyancer. Money to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Office, 99 Dundas street west, London.

LOVE & DIGNAN—BARRISTERS, ETC.—418 Talbot street, London. FRANCIS LOVE, R. H. DIGNAN.

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DR. MCLELLAN—EYE AND EAR SURGEON — Graduate New York Eye and Ear Hospital. Corner of Talbot and Maple streets.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 380 Clarence street; special attention to the lungs and diseases of children.

DR. ROOME (LATE OF NEWBURY)—office and residence 300 Wolfe street; special attention paid to diseases of the lungs. Telephone, 289.

DR. WOODRUFF, EYE, EAR, NOSE AND Throat. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 153 Queen's avenue.

DR. JONES HAS REMOVED HIS residence and office to 739 Richmond street, nearly opposite his old stand. Telephone 287.

DR. MACARTHUR, OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 485 Dundas street; specialty, diseases of women and children.

DR. AYLESWORTH, SUCCESSOR TO Dr. Merrick, rectal specialist; piles positively cured. Office, 205 George street, Toronto

DR. BUTLER, OPPOSITE ST. ANDREW'S Church; only special work, eye, ear, throat, nose. Hours, 10 to 2; evening, 7 to 8.

DR. MCCALLUM HAS REMOVED HIS office to 415 Dundas street, opposite the Convent gate.

DR. R. FERGUSON—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 60 Craig street, South London. Telephone 753.

DR. MEEK—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 331 Queen's avenue; specialty, diseases of women. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 12.

DR. WILSON—QUEEN'S AVENUE—Second door from Wellington street. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

CL. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—Office and residence, 327 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9:30 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m., and 6 to 7:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 688 Dundas street. Telephone.

DR. JARVIS, HOMŒOPATHIST (GRADUATE also in Allopathy), 834 Dundas street. Office hours, 8 to 10, 2 to 4, 6 to 8. Telephone.

DR. HUTCHINSON — PHYSICIAN AND surgeon. Office and residence, No. 428 Park avenue. Telephone.

LONDON REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

WOLF STREET RESIDENCE—NO. 296—One of the best bargains in the market; 9 rooms; bath room; furnace; gas fixtures; lot 46x150 to a lane. Will be sold at a big bargain at once. Only $650 required down. W. D. BUCKLE.

CHEAP RENT—TO LET—NO. 336 CENTRAL avenue, 6 rooms; choice locality; between Waterloo and Colborne streets. W. D. BUCKLE.

CENTRAL AVENUE RESIDENCE—NO. 443; 8 rooms; in good condition; brick foundation; $1,200 buys it; half cash. W. D. BUCKLE.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

THE OLD RELIABLE CLARENCE HOUSE —Next to central fire hall; $1 per day. HARRY RYAN, proprietor, London, Ont.

"THE GRAND PACIFIC"—OPPOSITE C. P. R. Station; new house, newly furnished; open to general public. Rates, $1 per day. LAND & MCALEAR, Props.

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THE BUTCHER'S ARMS—RATES, $1 PER day; good liquors, wines and cigars, 188 Hamilton Road. BARRY POWELL, proprietor.

THE MIDDLESEX HOTEL — RIDOUT street, opposite the Court House (formerly the American); choice liquors; good accommodation. MATTHEW GLASS, proprietor.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL (FORMERLY Horsman House), corner Dundas and Wellington streets, has been remodied and is now one of the leading houses in the city. JAMES FRAWLEY, proprietor.

MANSION HOUSE—GOOD ACCOMMODATION—Nos. 60 and 62 Dundas street. A. JEFFERYS, proprietor.

"VICTORIA"—THE POPULAR $1 A DAY house—Clarence street, corner Dundas street. J. TEMLINSON, proprietor.

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THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL —Centrally situated and first class in every respect. D. HOGAN, proprietor.

CITY HOTEL—MCMARTIN BROS.—LONDON, Ont.; terms, $1 per day; telephone connection; first-class billiard parlor. Corner of Dundas and Talbot streets.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word

TRAIN YOUR VOICE TO OBEY YOUR will; highest testimonials. For circular address A. C. MOUNTEER, B.E., London.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

ALFRED A. BOOKER—ACCOUNTANT—No. 437 Richmond street (up-stairs). Telephone. 126. P. O. box 20

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

ART STUDIO—240½ DUNDAS STREET—Miss L. WILSON, gives lessons in oil, pastels and crayons.

J. P. HUNT, ARTIST—STUDIO 187 DUNDAS street, over Caddy & Rowe's.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

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FITZGERALD — DENTIST — OFFICE, 194 Dundas street, over Bradford's. Vitalized air best artificial teeth. Residence, 5 Prospect avenue.

S. WOOLVERTON—SURGEON DENTIST, 216 Dundas street; entrance, second door west of Clarence, next to Edy Bros., photo artists, London, Ont.

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L. MCDONALD — DENTIST — REMOVED his office to Union Block, over Gurd's gun store, 185 Dundas street. Vitalized air used for painless extraction of teeth.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

JUST ARRIVED AT GEO. PARISH'S—Great variety of bedroom sets, mattresses, lounges, extension tables, chairs, cooking and oven basebuners. All very cheap for cash. Call and price them. 398 Talbot street.

A. T. CORP, PAINTING, GLAZING, paper hanging and house decorating, 183 Oxford street. Telephone, 758.

R. LEIGH—WATERWORKS PLUMBER —Hydrants supplied and fixed complete, $4 75, warranted. 505 Richmond street, opposite R. C. Church.

GEO. LEWIS & SON, PAINTERS, GRAINERS, glaziers, paper hangers, etc., 511 and 617 Richmond street.

R. A. JONES—HOUSE PAINTER, DECORATOR paper hanger, kalsomining, graining. All orders promptly attended to. 511 Richmond street.

GEO. T. DODD — CONTRACTOR — FELT and gravel roofer; estimates cheerfully given. No. 269 Burwell street.

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SAINSBURY BROS., 90 KING STREET, pay highest cash price for ladies', gent's and children's cast-off clothing, boots, shoes, etc.; extra prices for overcoats also gents' trousers. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

T. FOX, THE ORIGINAL PAWNBROKER, lends money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, etc. Cash paid for cast-off clothing. Orders promptly attended to. 379 Clarence street.

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Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

M. L. BUFFY, ARCHITECT—OFFICE, Hunt's Block, Richmond street, London.

JOHN M. MOORE, P.L.S., ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Albion Building, London, Ont.

PETERS JONES & MCBRIDE—ARCHITECTS, Surveyors and Civil Engineers. 215 Dundas street, London, Ont. S. F. PETERS, C. A. JONES, P.L.S. and C.E., H. C. MCBRIDE.

FRED HENRY, P.L.S., ARCHITECT—Successor to the late Geo. F. Durand. Office: Room A, Masonic Temple, London, Ont.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT J. G. SHUFF'S Drug Store, 634 Dundas street east, or at residence, northeast corner Dundas and William streets. No witnesses required.

THOMAS GILLEAN, JEWELER—ISSUER of marriage licenses without witnesses or bondsmen, 402 Richmond street, two doors south of Dundas, or at residence, 512 Dufferin avenue.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT CHAS. F. Colwell's Popular Music House, 171 Dundas street, London, or at residence, 489 Princess avenue.

EDUCATIONAL.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

S. K. DAVIDSON'S ACADEMY OF PAINTING, 276 Dundas street, reopens Saturday, Jan. 3. Day classes, Tuesday, 10 to 12 a.m.; Saturday, 10 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.; $3 per 12 lessons. Evening classes, Tuesday and Friday, 7 to 9 p.m. Painting, crayon, portraits, $5; crayon and drawing, $3 per 10 weeks. Life class, Tuesday, 7:30 to 9 p.m.; $3 per 10 weeks.

MRS. BASKERVILLE—144 MILLSTREET —Calisthenics, club swinging, etc.; English, music, languages; pupils over ten. Re-opens Jan. 5. 24bu

SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING AND bookkeeping thoroughly taught at Coo's Academy, 76 Dundas street. Situations procured for graduates; terms, $5 per month; evening classes, $2 per month.

INSURANCE.

TO PREVENT BOILER EXPLOSIONS and other accidents to steam boilers insure with the Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada; consulting engineers and solicitors of patents. Sir Alexander Campbell, K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, president; John L. Blaikie, Esq., vice-president; Geo. C. Robb, chief engineer; Alex. Fraser, secretary-treasurer. Head office, 2 Toronto street, Toronto. G. M. GUNN & SON, agents, London, Ont.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

C. S. TAMLIN, VETERINARY SURGEON —Office, 359 Talbot street; residence, 266 Oxford street. Telephone (office) 422; telephone (house) 129.

J. H. WILSON & SON—OFFICE, 99½ KING street, London. Residence, 346 Richmond street. Telephone.

J. H. TENNENT — VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, King street, opposite Market House; residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone. J. H. TENNENT.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION —by W. Y. Brunton, at his rooms, Dundas street, London, on Friday, the 9th day of January, 1891, at 2 p.m., the stock in trade of David Wait, of Watford, consisting of:

General drygoods	$1,485 59
Hats and caps	150 52
Millinery	375 47
Groceries	179 59
Shop furniture	181 00
Total	$2,372 17

Terms—One quarter cash down at time of sale, balance, two, four and six months, approved security with interest at 7 per cent. per annum. Stock lists on the premises and with Messrs. Gibbons, McNab & Mulkern, trustee's solicitors, London. C. B. ARMSTRONG, trustee. 27 td

MORTGAGE SALE

of Valuable Farm property in the Township of London.

UNDER the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Alfred R. Lumby, to the Vendor, there will be offered for sale by public auction, on Saturday, the 10th January, A.D., 1891, at 2 o'clock p.m., at A. A. Campbell's office, Molsons Bank Buildings, London, the southeast quarter of lot 30, in con. 6, of the township of London, in the county of Middlesex, containing 50 acres, more or less.

This farm is situated about eight miles from the city of London, in a good neighborhood. The land is of excellent quality, and is particularly well suited for a pasture farm.

A reasonable portion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, with interest at 6 per cent.

Further particulars will be made known on day of sale or on application to.

P. C. BARNARD, Auctioneer. FRASER & FRASER Vendor's Solicitors.

London, Dec. 19, 1890. 15t

UNITED STATES COMMERCE

Will be mailed to any address for a limited period upon the receipt of $1. With the same, we will send free, a copy of our latest publication, "A Compilation of the U. S. Revenue Laws and New Tariff Rates."

Address **United States Commerce,** 23n **Boston, Mass**

Valuable Property

In West Nissouri For Sale or to Rent by Tender.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to

Saturday, Jan. 17, 1891,

for the purchase or lease of the following properties in the township of West Nissouri.

1st. The east halves of lots 7 and 8 in the 1st concession, each containing 100 acres. There is a frame house and good barns on this property and also an excellent orchard.

2nd. Lot number 12 in said 1st concession, containing 200 acres.

3rd. The half of lot 2 in the 2nd concession. There is some excellent hardwood on these lots. Tenders received for any or all this property on the following terms: For purchase—One-third cash in 30 days and balance on mortgage for any length of time at 6 per cent. interest. For lease—At a yearly rental running from 1st January, 1891; rents payable half-yearly, 1st July and 1st January. The highest tender not necessarily accepted.

MANNING & SCOTT, Solicitors, bd 7u Clinton, Ont.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

You can secure a happy new year to yourself and many returns of it to your descendants by insuring your life in the Equitable Life Assurance Society. This society closes the year 1890 with the largest business ever taken by any company in the history of the world.

The high position of the Equitable secures to its patrons advantages not to be obtained in less successful companies.

For particulars as to special plans and conditions apply to **P. B. OWENS, Manager London District. Office, Bank of Commerce Buildings, London.** b

THE WEEK.

An Independent Journal of Politics, Literature, Science and Art.

Terms: One year, $3; eight months, $2; four months, $1; single copy, 10 cents

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The Old Year and the New.
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The Proposed Municipal Reform.
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Behring Sea Prospects.
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The United States Mercantile Marine.
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Hidden Treasure (first prize story).—[Alice Jones.
Sitting Bull (poem).—[Arthur Weir.
CORRESPONDENCE.—
The Prince Edward Island Subway.—[The Hon. Senator G. W. Howlan.
The Muir, Schultz, and Leach Meeting.—[John Hallam.
The Lambeth Judgment.—[Rev. Frederick George Scott.
A Reviewer's Christmas.
A Song of Labor (poem).—[William McGill.
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THE WEEK, 5 Jordan Street, Toronto.



The Great March Across

AFRICA

Its Cannibals, Pigmies, and Story of the Rear Guard, told by

STANLEY

HIMSELF,

On Wednesday Evening Next,

IN

Queen's Avenue Methodist Church. 27-u

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE matter of Francis C. Leitch, of the town of Strathroy, in the county of Middlesex, gent, and insolvent, notice is hereby given that the above named insolvent has made an assignment to me for the benefit of all his creditors, pursuant to R. S. O., 1887, Chapter 124, that a meeting of the said insolvent's creditors will be held at the office of James Nelson, Esq., Frank street, town of Strathroy, on Wednesday, Jan. 7, 1891, at 2 o'clock, p.m., for the appointment of inspectors and for giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the said estate, and that after the 7th day of February, A.D. 1891, the said assignee will distribute the assets of the said insolvent among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given, and that I will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose debt or claim I shall not then have had notice. WM. LEA, Assignee. Dated Strathroy, Ont., 30th December, 1890. b

PAPERS —AND— Magazines

FOR 1891.

Subscriptions received for any Newspaper or Magazine at Publishers' Prices.

SCHOOL BOOKS

Of All Kinds.

"The Light that Failed," by Kipling. Price, 25c.

John Mills,

Bookseller and Newsdealer,

404 RICHMOND STREET.

Christmas Trade.

WHOLESALE.

CUTLERY.

Carvers in cases.
Coffee spoons in cases.
Bronzes and ornaments.
Piano and banquet lamps, silver and brass.
Cut glass and Crown Derby marmalades.
Scissors in cases, fancy patterns.
Easels and brass tables.
Brass coal boxes and wood carriers.
Dessert sets in silver pearl.

Hobbs Hardware Co.

The Proper Thing.

A Lot of the Latest Materials

—FOR—

DRESS SUITS

Order from us, and in Style, Quality and Price you will get "THE PROPER THING."

N. WILSON & CO.

112 Dundas Street.

zxv

Green, the jeweler, 374 Richmond street is giving unqualed value in watches and jewelry. Call and see. No trouble to show goods. zxv

TELEGRAMS IN A NUTSHELL.

La grippe is prevalent in New Orleans.

Hon. G. E. Foster has returned to Ottawa from the West Indies.

Brigadier-General Reeve, retired, died suddenly last night in New York city.

Fred. Best, of Dutton, charged with perjury in a Crooks Act case, has been committed for trial.

News from Fort Scully, S. D., announces the drowning of Mrs. (Lieut.) Eccarhay while crossing the Missouri River in a closed army ambulance.

Mr. Donald Simpson, grocer, of Sarnia, made an assignment Wednesday to James King for the benefit of his creditors. His liabilities are about $80,000.

The condition of the man Nichols, who was assaulted by young Lee, at Windsor, Ont., was unchanged Thursday night. Dr. Casgrain feels very dubious about his recovery.

All the Guelph separate school trustees were re-elected by acclamation. They were: John Harris, James Ryan, J. E. McElderry, Frank Nunan, Nicholas Burns and M. J. Doran.

The Alma Street (St. Thomas) Presbyterian congregation was organized Wednesday evening. It was decided to build the church on Alma street, and work will be commenced as soon as possible.

The hook and ladder company of the Sarnia fire department held their annual ball and supper Wednesday evening. Supper was served in the Chapman House, and the dancing took place in the firemen's hall.

A sensation among newspaper readers in Louisville, Ky., was caused Thursday by the reduction in price of the Courier-Journal from 20 and 30 cents a week to 15 and 20 cents, and a corresponding yearly cut.

The schooner Morelight, from Portland for Calais, Me., with a cargo of grain, left Portland on Dec. 20, and she has not been heard from since; she has probably been lost. The vessel carried a crew of six besides the captain.

The nomination for school trustees was held in Sarnia Wednesday, and resulted in the election, by acclamation, of John D. Beatty, Geo. Lucas, Henry Mills and James K. Nelson for the first, second, third and fourth wards respectively.

In the case of Scandrett vs. Bird, tried at St. Thomas, Judge Ermatinger has given judgment refusing a motion for the discharge of the defendant, a former hotelkeeper of Dutton, who was arrested on a capias at the instance of the plaintiff.

The funeral of William Chapman took place Thursday at Windsor, Ont., and was a very large one, both the Oddfellows and Foresters attending in full force. Deceased fell on Christmas Day, injuring himself so badly that he died on Tuesday night.

The Peterboro agency of the Ontario Telephone Company is now in operation in opposition to the Bell Telephone Company. The new company claim 280 subscribers, and intend to connect by way of Lindsay with the new Toronto Telephone Company.

Detective Murray has returned to Toronto convinced that Goodwin, the man whom the verdict of the coroner's jury implicates in the murder of Richard Langford on Dec. 5 or 6, has made his way to the lumber shanties, but there is little doubt of his ultimate capture.

Government Detective McKee, of Windsor, Ont., Detective McConnell, of Detroit, and Inspector Hipden, of the Bank of Montreal, have recovered $5,000 of the money that Henry took when he left Chatham. It was given up by a friend. The defalcations of the absconder are now fixed at $46,000 and he got away with $26,000 cash. A reward of $500 is offered for his arrest.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

Henrik Ibsen's new drama, about which there has been so much anticipation, will probably be issued in Copenhagen in a day or two. Mr. Lovell, of New York, should be able to issue the Gosse translation at the same time.

Mme. Modjeska will probably appear in London next May. She will be seen as Adrienne Lecouvreur and in "Measure for Measure," as well as in "Donna Diana."

I can give but one reason why women on the stage are not as laugh-provoking as men and that is this: That as laughter is caused by some deformity—be it that of voice, of dress or feature, it is assiduously sought by the actor, whose whole reputation often hangs on that gentle art of self-disfigurement. Women, on the other hand, are loathe to add one blemish to their face or form, but seek to win their way to the hearts of their audience by the sweetness of their smile, the symmetry of their forms, the agility of their every movement. Perhaps some enterprising woman will some day see the advisability of grotesqueness of appearance as a laugh-provoking medium, and will make her fortune.—[Gilfrey Bonnett in the Theater Magazine.

Be Warned.

Don't be a fool; know what you want and refuse to be imposed upon by greedy dealers when they attempt to palm off sore-producing substitutes for Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe, sure and painless corn cure. Putnam's Corn Extractor is the best, the safest and only painless corn remedy. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

A backbiter will do a vast amount of injury in any community. Somehow there is a peculiar degree of boiled-down wickedness about this class of people. They love to fabricate. There are usually great cowards and always untruthful. One such mischievous busybody will do more harm in one day than ten good men can do in a month.

A dream of fair women—Marrying a lord

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

When one who loves you, and whom you love, has wounded you to the very soul, wait! Be patient and silent until the first keen suffering has worn away. In the end he will suffer more than you, because he hurt you. And remember always that the man never lived who did not suffer from hurts.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels, promptly and cause a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc. in the market.

King Kalakaua has with him in this country an unpublished book, "The Temple of Wisdom," in which he attempts to show that all things have their origin in fire and will end in fire.

New York City's Board of Surgeons want to try Koch's lymph on the policemen who, more than any other class of men, perhaps, are exposed to changes of weather.

ESSERY VS. TAYLOR.

The Water Commissioner Severely Criticises the Mayor.

Was the Chief Magistrate Heedless of the People's Voice When the Doherty Bonus Was Voted Down?—Municipal Meeting in No. 4 Ward.

The public meeting held in the Princess avenue school Thursday evening to discuss municipal matters was not well attended, owing no doubt to the heavy rain storm. The chair was occupied by Mr. W. T. Edge, who called upon the aldermanic candidates of the ward to express their views on the various questions of the day.

Ex-Ald. Maurice Scarrow was the first to speak. His past record in the Council was before the people, and he was not ashamed of it. "I have been brought out," he said, "because the opinion is general that some changes should be made in the present Council, and because that part of the ward in which I live has not been represented." In concluding, he announced himself as opposed to the contemplated reduction of wards.

Voice—What is your opinion as to the C. P. R. bonus?

Mr. Scarrow—I'll never vote for paying it over until compelled to.

Second Voice—Do you not think that the C. P. R. trains run too fast through the city?

"Certainly," replied Mr. Scarrow. The speaker also expressed the belief that the C. P. R. Company had not carried out its agreement with the city.

Mr. James Fitzgerald, another of the new candidates, was next to solicit the suffrages of the audience. He announced that he was confident of winning, but had nothing to say respecting the questions to be dealt with next year, except the reduction of wards, which he said he was opposed to.

Mr. M. Spencer made a bid for a seat on the Board of Works, when he was accorded the privilege of addressing the meeting. "I am known to most of the electors of the ward," he said, "and consequently to most of those present. I have enough property in the ward to serve as a guarantee of my career in the Council should I be elected." He then criticised the work of No. 2 Committee in the laying of sidewalks. "Some of our streets have now three sidewalks while others have none at all. To me it appears most foolish to go to the expense of building new sidewalks simply for the purpose of making a boulevard."

Voice—Who do you blame, the engineer or the aldermen?

Mr. Spencer—The chairman of the Board of Works should have looked after it. Perhaps the engineer was also to blame.

Voice—Well, wasn't it your place to report such cases when you saw them?

Mr. Spencer—Well, I did not intend then to run for municipal honors.

Mr. A. Aikman, one of the candidates for school trustee honors was called upon, but was not prepared to make a speech. He had thirteen and a half years' experience in educational matters, he said, having been elected to county school boards several times, and he thought that he could serve the ward in the capacity of trustee as well as anyone.

Mr. E. J. McRobert in his remarks said that he was a heavy taxpayer and would be careful of expenditure.

Voice—Do you believe in doing away with the high school and have a normal school?

Mr. McRobert—I believe in maintaining the high school and would like to see a normal school here also.

There was a scarcity of aldermanic candidates when McRobert had finished speaking, so Water Commissioner Essery was invited to entertain the audience. Mr. Essery went carefully over the whole of the waterworks debenture dispute, and showed to the satisfaction of nearly everyone, that the fault lay at the door of the City Council, and could not be chargeable to the commissioners. The speaker also charged Mayor Taylor with acting directly contrary to the wishes of the people in the Doherty bonus question. "The people" he said, "had voted the bonus down and their decision should have been regarded as final, but it was not. A special meeting of the Council was called, and at that meeting in the chair sat one of the men (Mayor Taylor) who held stock in the Dominion Society. And it was a very peculiar thing that the man who presided at that meeting, and could say who was to speak and who was not to, allowed the manager and solicitor of the Dominion Savings and Loan Society to walk in and have a section placed in the very act, offering as a bonus the $25,000 to parties who might come into the city, and that clause was in the act to-day." Referring to Mayor Taylor's abusive speech to Ald. Anderson in South London Mr. Essery said: "Mayor Taylor is not man enough to stand up and throw his own mud. I had expected better things of his worship, but God help the expectations from a man who will stand up before an audience and picture his poor old father as a weak, hobbling old man, and then compare him with Murray Anderson. Was such talk an answer to Ald. Anderson's argument? No. I hope London will never again hear such abuse from its public platform." (Applause.)

Ald. Boyd being sighted by the chairman was then invited to speak. After outlining the work of No. 3 Committee the speaker proceeded to charge Mayor Taylor with duplicity in regard to the waterworks debentures. "Repeatedly," he said, "had we asked him for the money, and it was thoroughly understood that the Council would get the $60,000 until, after we were in a hole, we were informed that it was not forthcoming. Every man in the Council expected until the last moment that the money was coming, and when I found that it was not I was very much surprised. I could not understand it."

Chairman Davis, of the water commissioners, was the last speaker of the evening. He devoted his time to refuting the charges made by Ald. Jones against the commissioners for the method in which the work of extending the springs at Springbank had been conducted. He contended that if the work was faulty objection should have been taken while the work was in progress. The job was a first-class one, the speaker affirmed, and in support of this he read a list of prominent citizens who had inspected and pronounced upon the work, all of them speaking in the highest terms of it. He ridiculed the idea of any thoughtful elector being fooled by Ald. Jones' cry that the work should have been performed by contract, when even the commissioners themselves did not know what amount of digging there would be to secure the water. It was impossible to give even a rough estimate when the work was first begun, and the fault-finder only laid himself open to ridicule.

IT WON'T BAKE BREAD.—In other words Hood's Sarsaparilla will not do impossibilities. Its proprietors tell plainly what it has done. submit proofs from sources of unquestioned reliability, and ask you frankly if you are suffering from any disease or affection caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system, to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. The experience of others is sufficient assurance that you will not be disappointed in the result.

ELECTION ECHOES.

Ratepayers' Meeting in London West.

Mr. Scarrow Claims the Council Opposition Due to the Liquor Men—Mr. Bartram Speaks—Interesting Discussion on Village Affairs.

The meeting in Jones' Hall, London West, Thursday evening, for the discussion of municipal issues, was a quiet, harmonious little affair, somewhat in contrast to the spirited gatherings for which the village is noted. The rain had a dampening effect on the attendance, but did not affect the general comfort. Councilor Brodie was voted to the chair, his first duty being to call on Mr. W. Smith, an old-time resident, and an enthusiastic debater on all things pertaining to civic matters.

Mr. Smith lamented the village's financial position; for the last seven years it had been going down grade. In that period the Board of Works had spent $10,215 87. He believed all municipal work should be done by competition. Every man who was employed by the village should be paid openly by the Board of Works Committee. He referred to the expenditure on the breakwater as something enormous, there having been $11,095 85 spent on it in seven years. Again in the past four or five years the law had cost them about $4,000—too much altogether. The village clerk was getting too much salary, in receiving $125 last year for twelve nights' work. He didn't believe in the treasurer helping himself either, and in fact the whole salary disbursement was too large altogether. In the past seven years the general expenditure had been away ahead of the taxes collected, and it was absolutely necessary to have men elected who would take into consideration the nature of the village affairs and guard over them as their own. The Gun Club grounds was another nuisance for which they received very insufficient remuneration and which should be attended to.

Mr. Levi Hammond followed. "If I am elected" said he, "I will do my best to curtail the expenditure to within the income. I don't believe we are in a position to pay on our debentures just now and they had better rest awhile. I shall use my best judgment in all things that come before me if my candidature is successful." With this Mr. Hammond sat down.

Mr. John Chapman spoke of the breakwater, and defended the expenditure connected therewith. In the big flood of 1886 it saved the village about $10,000 worth of damage — nearly the cost of building. "There is one thing I would like to see the next council do, and that is grant exemption, for say four years, on all new buildings erected—not the land. If houses are built we will get the tenants. The successful candidates this year should go in and say, 'We will not do anything but will look after our sidewalks.' I don't believe the proposed opening of 30 feet in the dam will satisfy the people of this end of the village; if it were made 60 feet there would be more chance to get off if the water was rising here. I have suggested that they make two sluices away at the side the same as in the Welland Canal, in which case there would be no need of an opening." Mr. Chapman maintained that the stagnation of the river water, when the splash boards at the dam were put up to back it up, made the wells in the vicinity stink. "The Free Press," he said, "is very bitter against London West. It will never acknowledge that we suffer, and although I have written several letters to that paper, it would never publish them."

Mr. J. B. Leigh noticed things which had been neglected and needed looking after. He expected to see a practical council next year. There was Mr. Bartram — they needed a lawyer—Mr. Allen and others who were fully competent. If elected as a school trustee he would do his utmost to keep down expenses.

Chairman Murdoch, of the School Board, acknowledged they had not been as economical as they might have been, but it was not his fault. If he had his way the fifth class would be done away with; there was no use paying a man $700 a year to teach the 75 pupils. The furnace had cost about $500, and they might as well have thrown it out in the street. If the Board had waited and put in a hot-water system things would have been better.

Mr. Gibson Wright asked if the contractor, Spence, was going to get his pay for the job unless he put it in good working order. It was rumored he had made a fortune out of it.

Mr. Murdoch said they had given Mr. Spence till Jan. 7 to have it in working order, but hitherto it had been unsatisfactory and was a nuisance. Last year they had burned about 23 tons of coal and a few cords of wood. He had done his best in his position and felt assured of the renewed confidence of the ratepayers.

Mr. James Spry was called upon and said his business did not lead him an intimate acquaintance with the mechanical part of the business, and he would resign in favor of others as school trustees.

Mr. W. H. Bartram was cordially received. After a few preliminary remarks he referred to the village litigation. "I believe," he said, "the duty of a solicitor is to keep his client from lawsuits, and the village should obtain a solicitor's advice as a lawyer before acting. If I were reeve of the village I would do my best to prevent such a course. (Hear, hear.) A man does not wait until he is seriously ill before he consults a doctor, but the position of the village had been that they got on their backs, and then went to the lawyers, who made a pile of money out of it. (Hear, hear.) Personally, I'd rather not be elected, because you understand that taking the position of reeve while the village is in debt as we are, is not particularly favorable. I believe that the people are going to elect me, and I can tell you I will give the position every effort in my power; I will serve your interests and will endeavor to make the finances so that we can live and not have the rate too high; also I will try to cut down all the expenses possible." (Applause.) Mr. Bartram went on to say he would not on the spur of the moment criticise the present Council and say that salaries and other expenditures should be cut down, but there should be retrenchment. He promised to turn his attention immediately to the electric light contract. It was monstrous that the village should pay 46 cents per light when the city paid only 30 cents. As to amalgamation if that were accomplished, it should be upon proper terms, with due regard to the interests of the village. He did not look upon the position of London West irretrievable; they were financially embarrassed, but everything would work out harmoniously.

Mr. Hammond—Do you think if the past Council had managed affairs properly that we would have incurred the law suits we had?

"Well, the present Council has not been responsible for some which were forced on them. When there are claims against the village we should see what has been done. I think both the Hueston and Foster suits should have been compromised without going to law at all. I have confidence in some members of the Council and in some I have not. For instance, take the amalgamation question, which cost the village about $100. I would not have adopted that course, but I am not in a position to blame last year's Council. I must look forward to the coming one."

A voice—If they had submitted the by-law to the ratepayers would it have cost only $25?

Mr. Bartram—Yes, certainly.

Chairman Brody made a few remarks, complimenting the last speaker.

Mr. Wm. Scarrow said his experience in public life had been that if he had done his duty right the public would stand by him no matter what any individual might say. "I do not believe there was any opposition to the present members," said he "until the last Council meeting, when a deputation asked for the submission of a bylaw to suppress the liquor traffic in the village. We passed that by-law a second time, and ordered it to be submitted to the people. Within 48 hours after that, a meeting of those opposed to that bylaw was held, and measures taken to defeat the Council of 1890, who had passed it. I have been very pronounced in my temperance views for a long time—nearly all my life—and most of the opposition I have met with in public life comes from my well-defined opinions upon this question, which has rendered me very odious to those engaged in the liquor traffic." (Hear, hear.) His municipal record had been a clean one and the Council of 1890 had done its best to conserve the people's rights." Speaking of the electric light plant he said they paid $3,000 more than needed if the contract had been properly made. The matter was under negotiation and had been referred to arbitration, from which they expected a reduction in the price of from $1,500 to $3,000 without incurring litigation. (Hear, hear.) As to the law expenditure the Council of 1890 were not responsible for a cent, and every suit had gone too far beyond their control to attempt to compromise. The object of the Council had been to avoid law expenses as much as possible. As a property owner his interests and those of the village were identical, and it should be his endeavor to keep down the taxes. The village was in a sound financial position, and its debt per capita was comparatively small. Every department had served the village well, and would do itself an honor and credit by returning the present Council.

Mr. G. Wright spoke briefly. He touched on the breakwater expenses, and thought the School Board had badly mismanaged some things. The old lamps, too, had been sold without the knowledge of the Council. Chairman Brodie, of the Board of Works, said that committee had done its work in a handsome manner, and he would offer himself for re-election. The amount expended by this year's Board alone amounted to about $300, most of which had been incurred in filling up the road on Center street. He felt assured that the ratepayers would again show their confidence in him.

Votes of thanks were passed to the chairman, Mr. Brodie, and to Mr. Wm. Smith, and the meeting adjourned.

The Homeliest Man in London.

as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to relieve and cure all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles 50 cents and $1. ywt

"Why is the winter wind called rude?" "Because it whistles, I guess."

Minard's Liniment is used by Physician.

How to become perfect—Follow the advice you give to others.

The amputator frequently has a peculiar off-hand way about him.

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation; its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mother's friend. 25 doses, 35 cents.

Watch less what people say than what they don't say.

Mr. J. R. Allen, upholsterer, Toronto, sends us the following: "For six or seven years my wife suffered with Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Inward Piles and Kidney Complaint. We tried two physicians and any number of medicines without getting any relief, until we got a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. This was the first relief she got, and before one bottle was used the benefit she derived from it was beyond our expectation."

Physicians strongly recommend
Wyeth's Malt Extract,
(Liquid)
To patients suffering from nervous exhaustion; to improve the Appetite, to assist Digestion, a valuable Tonic.
40 Cents per bottle.

The most satisfactory BLOOD PURIFIER is
Channing's Sarsaparilla,
It is a Grand HEALTH RESTORER.
Will cure the worst form of skin disease; will cure Rheumatism; will cure Salt Rheum.
Large Bottles, $1.00.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM
For CONSUMPTION,
Coughs, Neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma and all diseases of the Lungs.
In three sized bottles 25c, 50c, and $1.00.

FOR HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA,
The D. & L. MENTHOL PLASTER
For Lumbago, Sciatica, "Cricks," Tic, "Stitches," Rheumatic Pains and Chronic Rheumatism.
Each plaster in an air-tight tin box. 25c.

WYETH'S BEEF, IRON AND WINE.
For Palpitation of the Heart, Weakness,
Valuable Restorative for Convalescents.
Combines Nutriment with Stimulus
Be careful to ask for WYETH'S, the only GENUINE.

"HARVARD"
"We have used Harvard Bronchial Syrup in our family and find it an excellent remedy." C. C. Colby, President of the Council, House of Commons, Ottawa.—"I have used it myself for Throat irritations and find it very efficacious." Rev. A. B. Chambers, Japanee.

Havana Pineapples. A. Mountjoy, City Hall.

TO THE ELECTORS
—OF THE—
CITY OF LONDON.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In again offering myself as a candidate for that honorable position, mayor of the city of London, I do so at the request of a large number of the citizens. I believe the request that I should stand for another term is more unanimous than ever before. I therefore have decided to offer myself as a candidate for another term, and most respectfully ask the electors to continue to extend that confidence that they have so freely extended to me during the last four years, two of which I have served as alderman and the last two as mayor.

The fact that I have occupied the mayor's chair for the last two years does not at this vital period of the city's history, when so many material questions requiring continued experience will come up for consideration, constitute a reason for my services as mayor being dispensed with. On the contrary, it affords a strong argument for retaining me in the position, and as I have tried to conduct the business of the city for the good of the whole community so will I continue to do should I be elected to that honorable position for another term.

Thanking the electors of the city of London for the confidence that they have placed in me in the past, and again asking for a continuance of their favor, I have the honor to be

Yours Respectfully,

Geo. Taylor

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REQUISITION
—TO—
J. R. Minhinnick, Esq.

Sir,—We, the undersigned electors of the city, at the present time require that an experienced and able man should be elected to fill the office of Chief Magistrate, and believing from our knowledge of your past services to the city that you are well qualified to fill the position of Mayor for the ensuing year, we hereby request that you will allow yourself to become a candidate for the office of Mayor for 1891, and we hereby pledge you our hearty and united support:

C. McCallum,
J. W. Smyth & Son,
R. Dennis,
John Wolfe,
Richard Taylor
A. J. Marsh,
Henry Gardiner,
Joseph W. Hockins,
James Barr,
Edward Rardum,
F. Cheeseborough,
H. Phillips,
F. L. Anstie,
John M. Dicknother,
John Cole,
R. C. Macfie & Co.,
F. A. Fitzgerald,
Andrew Durand,
P. F. Boyle,
W. J. Imlach,
G. Tambling,
H. Colerick,
C. J. Mills,
James Daniels,
James E. Keenleyside,
Joseph Hook,
Geo. W. Danks,
M. D. Dawson,
A. M. Smith & Co.,
G. W. Duncan,
John E. Richards.
John Stevenson,
Geo. McNab.
Thomas Beattie.
A. E. Pavey & Co.,
P. Mulkern,
N. S. Williams,
G. E. Forsythe,
John Forestal,
R. W. Atkinson,
W. McDonald,
W. J. Reid & Co.,
W. L. Graham,
Geo. S. Birrell & Co.,
R. J. Watt,
James Cowan,
C. S. Hyman,
John Scott,
Alfred A. Booker,
Edward W. Greaves,
J. S. Fallows,
D. McAlpine,
H. H. Nolles,
W. C. Fitzgerald,
Geo. H. Merritt,
Philip Cook,
John M. Moore,
J. L. Fitzgerald,
W. R. Fessenden,
F. Wright,
B. W. Greer,
R. C. Struthers & Co.,
Stevens & Burns,
R. Palmer,
Robert Avey,
James Butler,
John Marshall & Co.,
Geo. Anderson,
Sam Munro,
Pigot & Bryan,
J. Slater,
E. Leonard & Sons,
Hobbs Hardware Co.
A. S. Emery,
Wallace Halle,
John Callard,
Burns & Lewis,
Frank Sanngan,
W. Wyatt,
John Boyd,
Pethick & McDonald,
Wilson Bros.,
J. S. Pearce.
L. H. Scandrett.
J. Murphy,
J. Bonthron,
John Dromgole,
H. G. Colomore,
A. Screaton.
D. Regan,
H. Beaton,
W. Galbraith
and 336 others.

To C. McCallum, Esq., and Others:

Ladies and Gentlemen.—In response to your requisition, signed as it is by so many influential electors of the city, I have much pleasure in acceding to your request, and announce myself as a candidate for the Mayoralty of the city for 1891.

Having occupied the positions both of Water Commissioner (during the construction of the works) and Alderman, should you again honor me by electing me as Mayor, the experience acquired while serving you I shall at all times use in the advancement of your interests.

The fact of the rate of taxation for 1890 being higher than ever previously levied in the city, has caused a large number of ratepayers to freely express their dissatisfaction, and to regard a change in the Chief Executive Officer of the city not only as desirable, but as an absolute necessity. I therefore fully appreciate the confidence expressed towards me by so many of my fellow-citizens in requesting my candidature.

Believing, as I do, in the right of the electors to directly pronounce at the polls upon the more important municipal questions, I pledge myself to use my best endeavors to carry out and give effect to their expressed commands upon the questions they will specially decide on Jan. 5. I shall have other opportunities of laying before you my opinion in regard to the many important matters which will come before the Council of 1891, and as I aim, if elected your Mayor, to represent all classes and communities of the citizens; only such municipal legislation as shall be for the general good shall have my support. Wishing you all the compliments of the season.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

J. R. MINHINNICK.
20-m

THE MAYORALTY.

To the electors of the city of London. Ladies and Gentlemen:

Having been requested by a large number of the electors to be a candidate for the mayoralty of the city for 1891, and believing it to be the wish of the majority of the electors, I take this opportunity to say that I will be a candidate, and respectfully request your vote and influence. If elected my best efforts will be, as they have been in the past, to advance the interests of the city.

I may say that the first business to engage the attention of the new Council should be the consolidating of the city debt, in order to lessen the rate of interest now being paid, which is a fraction less than 6 per cent. The amount of the city debt in round numbers is $2,300,000. It is surprising that the Council has not dealt with this important question before, as the city has been paying this rate for many years, and no effort has been made on the part of the Council to lessen it. I have no doubt that money could have been obtained at a much lower rate, say from 3½ to 4 per cent., which would have made a yearly saving to the city of from $40,000 to $50,000. I moved in this matter, and the Council will apply to the Legislature for an act at its next sitting.

In this connection I wish to say that as the city government is at present constituted the mayor is ex-officio a member of the Board of Water Commissioners, Board of Police Commissioners, Hospital Trust and also a director of the London and Port Stanley Railway Company. He is supposed to represent the City Council's interests in these different bodies connected with the city government, and whose duty it is to report to the Council from time to time the business transacted in them and to advise with the Council in relation to the business to be done by these departments. Had this course been pursued in the past the taxes this year would have been 18 mills or less instead of 22.

Murray Anderson

21tf

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE

Respectfully Solicited for

Stephen O'Meara

As Alderman for Ward No. 2, 1891. b

For Water Commissioner

MARK A BALLOT FOR

ALD. JONES

For Water Commissioner. 22tf

HAVING BEEN SOLICITED BY A large number of ratepayers to again stand for the representation of

NO. 1 WARD

On the Aldermanic Board, I have consented to do so, and solicit your votes and influence.

WM. WYATT

24c ywt

To the Electors of

Ward No. 1.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited for

JOHN HEAMAN

As Alderman, 1891. 24c ywt

TO THE ELECTORS OF

NO. 1 WARD.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited for

THOS. CONNOR

As Alderman for 1891. 24c ywt

NO. 1 WARD.

VOTERS, MALE AND FEMALE, YOUR vote and influence are respectfully solicited for

COL. MOFFATT

As Alderman for your ward for the coming year, a very important one for the city.

Having no time for a personal canvass, I trust all my friends will rally to my support. 24c ywt

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE
RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED FOR

Chas. Taylor

As Alderman for Ward No. 1, 1891. 27u

TO THE ELECTORS OF

NO. 2 WARD

Ladies and gentlemen.—At the request of a large number of the electors I have decided to offer myself for re-election for the ensuing year, and I respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

W. W. FITZGERALD

22l tywvt

NO. 3 WARD

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 3 WARD:

At the request of a large number of electors I have decided to offer myself for election for alderman for the ensuing year, and I respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

W. H. WINNETT.

25k

SHOULD THE ELECTORS OF NO. 3 Ward elect me as an Alderman of the city of London, I will endeavor to serve their interests well.

W. M. GARTSHORE.

26c

MEN WHO HAVE CONSIDERABLE property at stake in the city are most likely to feel the heavy burden of 22 4-10 mills taxes. It would be advisable to put some new blood into the council, who will make an effort to reduce this very heavy load. It is the opinion that

Mr. James Fitzgerald

one of the candidates in No. 4 Ward, will do all in his power to alleviate the suffering citizens. 27u

NO. 4 WARD.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited for

W.M. Spencer

As Alderman for 1891. 22g

NO. 4 WARD.

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE is respectfully solicited for

JOSHUA GARRETT

As Alderman for No. 4 Ward. 23c zwt

NO. 4 WARD.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited for.

M. SCARROW,

As Alderman for 1891. 25u xt

NO. 5 WARD.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited for

F. J. Fitzgerald

As Alderman for 1891. 25c xt

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE

RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED FOR

J. W. Bartlett

As Alderman of Ward No. 5 for 1891. 23c zxt

TO THE ELECTORS OF

South London,

NO. 6 WARD.

I respectfully solicit your vote and influence for alderman for 1891.

J. A. THOMAS.

16m tywtzyxwvt

YOUR

VOTE AND INFLUENCE

Respectfully solicited for

JAMES LUNEY

For Alderman for.

NO. 6 WARD,
1891. 23c zxt

TO THE ELECTORS OF NO. 6 WARD

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

In response to the request of a large number of the electors, I have concluded to contest the election for Aldermen for the above ward. It will be impossible to make a personal canvass before election day, and I take this opportunity of asking for your votes and influence.

Yours faithfully,

JOSEPH C. JUDD.
23k tzxt

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE

Respectfully solicited for

Geo. Shaw

For Alderman for No. 6 Ward for 1891. 22k tywt

TO THE ELECTORS OF

NO. 6 WARD.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited for

E. PARNELL, Jr.

For Alderman for 1891. 22g

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE RESPECTFULLY solicited for

J. C. BRADY,

As School Trustee for Ward No. 3, 1891. 26u wt

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE

Respectfully Solicited for

John Hargreaves

As School Trustee for Ward No. 5. 1891. 24c yxt

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE
Respectfully Solicited for

J. M. WILSON

As School Trustee for No. 3 Ward. 27u

TO THE ELECTORS OF

NO. 4 WARD.

Ladies and Gentlemen,—In response to the request of a large number of the electors of this ward, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the position of School Trustee, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. If elected I will use every endeavor for the promotion of the best interests of the people.

E. J. McRobert.

17bu

To the Electors of

NO. 5 WARD

Gentlemen,—Your vote is respectfully solicited for

WM. ALLASTER

Because by his efforts the schools of your ward have been greatly improved during the past term. 25c xwt

To the Electors of London West.

Your Vote and Influence respectfully solicited for

D. COLLINS,

For Councilman for 1891. b

OVERCOATS.

First-class Overcoats, to order, worth from $18 to $21, made in the latest styles at $14, $15 and $16, by FRANK NORTON, fashionable tailor, 310 Dundas street. ywt

We are not going to advertise that we do the best tailoring in London—that is generally conceded—Neither shall we announce a "Great Reduction Sale," so common among merchant tailors. We are constantly buying new patterns, and at no time are we burdened with unseasonable goods. Low prices, good fabrics and perfect fit, and satisfaction guaranteed to every customer. Will use up our stock as fast as required and give place for new goods.

SANAGAN, Merchant Tailor
353 Richmond Street. tyw

Sewing machines repaired and guaranteed to work as good as new by Wm. Smith, practical repairer, 286 Dundas street, next to Fulcher's livery. ywt

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London, Saturday, Jan. 3.

THE CITY ELECTIONS.

Municipal election day draws near, and the interest in the selection of representatives for the several boards and in the by-laws then to be submitted is greater than has been the case for years.

In the mayoralty contest three candidates are running—Mayor Taylor, Ald. Anderson, the veteran municipal legislator, and Mr. J. R. Minhinnick, who, for the second time, aspires to the chief magistrate's chair. They are fighting it out with much vigor, and the intelligent electors who read the ADVERTISER will be able to reach a conclusion as to their duty without much further aid on our part. It is to be regretted that there is an inclination to indulge in personalities, instead of sticking to the questions of municipal policy before the people. Calling names or giving currency to ill-founded reports regarding an opponent make votes for no man.

We have taken strong grounds in favor of the re-election of the present water commissioners. They have done their duty well, and as the work of extension is not yet completed, it would be only fair to send them back for another term.

Really the most important duty that the electors have to perform on Monday lies in voting for the best candidates for the office of aldermen. A mayor can do a good deal to keep up the prestige of the city, and if he be a strict disciplinarian he can do much to facilitate the transaction of public business; but after all, the great money-spending and tax-eating departments are under the control of the aldermen. Aldermen can be spend-thrifts, log-rollers, ward-grabbers, and aid in giving unfair advantage to favorite contractors, and a mayor can do little to combat them. No taxpayer is warranted in marking his ballot for any man who cannot be trusted to be as careful of the interests of the taxpayers as an honest business man is of his own. All known log-rollers or contractors' go-betweens should be left at home. There are enough of reliable members of the old Council and new blood offering to enable citizens to select a board of aldermen for 1891 that will be a credit to London and enable us to have better service than we have had in the past as well as reduced taxes.

The bylaws to be voted on are most important. No elector can refuse to vote on the question of whether or not the licenses to sell liquor shall be reduced from 69 to 50. The reduction is suggested by a very large number of citizens of all classes and creeds in the community, and is likely to be decreed by the electorate. It proceeds on the ground that the fewer licensed places there are the less temptation there will be to drink and the fewer evils will result from the sale and consumption of intoxicating liquor. The ADVERTISER has published the arguments adduced in favor of the reduction, which can be effected by cutting off the privileges of dealers offending against the law, and has been willing to give its readers the arguments of those who advocate that the present number of liquor places be maintained. Though many public meetings have been held, though ample opportunity has been given to the opponents of license reduction to state their views, not a voice has been raised against the proposed curtailment of opportunities to drink. Only one or two anonymous writers have undertaken to argue that the change would not be in the public interest. Against this we have the experience of Toronto, supported by the unanswerable facts adduced by ex-Mayor Howland, in a letter published in another column. Even if we reduced our liquor-dealing establishments to 50, we will still have 1 for every 600 men, women and children in the city, whereas Toronto has only 1 for every 1,000. The argument, therefore, seems to be all on the side of those who advocate a reduction. If they poll their full strength, the bylaw will undoubtedly be sustained.

Citizens will also be privileged to vote on a bylaw in favor of reducing the number of wards to three, and the aldermen to nine. The Board of Trade and citizens of all classes have approved of the idea. It is regarded as the best antidote to the squandering of the taxes which has brought us to a rate of 22 4-10 mills on the dollar. But feeble opposition has, so far, been raised against this bylaw. It comes chiefly from aldermen, or would-be aldermen, who fear that, with a reduced aldermanic board, they would find their usefulness gone. They say that it is a policy of centralization. There is no foundation for the allegation. They say it is a political dodge. That is the most absurd contention of all. Representative public men of both political parties, including such gentlemen of substance as President Marsh, of the Board of Trade; Commissioner E. T. Essery, School Trustee E. H. Johnston, W. J. Little, John Marshall, W. J. Reid and many others, in every ward of the city favor it. As we have before pointed out, we have one alderman for every 1,700 or 1,800 of the people, whereas Toronto, which has one alderman to every 5,000, thinks it has a much too large representation for the good of the people, and is likely to vote that one alderman for every 8,000 will manage the business of the city with greater dispatch and economy. If the London taxpayers reduce the number of wards to three, and the number of aldermen to nine, there will still be an alderman for every 3,500 of the population, or a far fuller representation, in point of numbers, than the city of Toronto now has. There would be no difficulty in equalizing the city into three wards, each to embrace a fair proportion of suburban property as well as a substantial share of the central or business district of the city. This is proved in the appended draft division, prepared by Assessment Commissioner Grant:

FIRST WARD.

To include No. 6 ward, that part of No. 1 ward south of Dundas street, west of Richmond street, and that part of No. 2 ward north of Dundas street, west of Richmond street and south of Albert street.

SECOND WARD.

To include that part of the city north of Dundas street, east of Richmond street, and west of Richmond street from and including the north side of Albert street.

THIRD WARD.

To include all that part of the city south of Dundas street and east of Richmond street.

A division of this description would be about as equal as any that could be struck.

The population respectively would be in No 1 ward, 7,801; No. 2, 12,083, and No. 3, 10,821, while the assessment would amount in No. 1 ward, to $5,271,975; in No. 2 ward, $5,053,807, and in No. 3, $4,861,722.

As for the frontage tax bylaw, the question was taken up too late to be considered properly at this time.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

—The Quebec Legislature has adjourned, after following the example of the Dominion Government by resolving to go it a "loan."

‡‡‡

—The Hamilton Local election case will be decided to-morrow. There is a general impression that Mr. Stinson, the sitting Tory member, will be unseated. The revelations made at the trial all point in that direction.

‡‡‡

—The original intention of the City Council was to use the major portion of the funds to be obtained from the water commissioners in buying an electric light plant. And there are many citizens who believe that if the money had been handed over a plant would have been bought, increase or no increase in taxes.

‡‡‡

—Ald. Anderson has been called an "old man." Old age is honorable if turned to proper account. Ald. Anderson shows by his address as a mayoralty candidate that he is still as fresh in making suggestions for the benefit of the city as he was when first mayor of London. If his proposal to consolidate the debt is carried out—and there is no reason why it should not be pushed to fruition—a large yearly saving, between $35,000 and $50,000, will go to the credit of the taxpayers. Another action of Ald. Anderson's is noteworthy. As an old manufacturer, and knowing how much the property of the city depends on its manufacturing industries, he strongly advocated in the Council the proposition to give a fixed assessment for a term of years to the manufacturers. The proposal was carried, and, though we believe that a better plan would have been to abolish the assessment of machinery, the new arrangement is reported to be working well.

NEW BOOKS.

Sidney. By Margaret Deland. (Toronto: Wm. Bryce.) The book begins with a lover and his lass, and ends with four lovers and their lasses. No. 1 is denounced by the girl of his choice for depending on his mother; he reforms, learns to earn his own living, and peace reigns over them. No. 2 proposes to a namby pamby creature who accepts him; he afterwards discovers that he does not love her, and passes through much anguish in consequence. No. 3 has no trouble in winning the affections of a girl, who previously was heart-broken because No. 1 preferred the girl who denounced him. No. 4 is a young gentleman with heart disease, who weds the heroine of the book, Sidney, in opposition to her father, who believes that love in a world where death follows love like its own shadow, is nothing but mad folly. It is in the pains of widowhood that Sidney learns how much better it is to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all. An endless amount of small talk, feebly flavored with the infidelity of Sidney's father, and the cynicism of her aunt make up the bulk of the volume.

The Scotch-Irish in America. Published by order of the Scotch-Irish Society of America (Cincinnati: Robert Clark & Co.). This is the second volume in the series, constituting the Scotch-Irish in America. Part first contains all the proceedings of the second great Scotch-Irish Congress, held at Pittsburg, Pa., last May, including a description of the visit paid the Congress by President Harrison and his Cabinet, with letters and telegrams from distinguished men all over the world. Part second contains a number of addresses on the subject of Scotch-Irish greatness, from men occupying prominent positions in leading States of the Union. Some of these men are not thoroughbred Scotch-Irish, but they all make a point of having Scotch-Irish blood in their veins, or of being related by marriage to other Scotch-Irish people. One of the contributors to the volume remarks that "the record of the race in our own land will be found most attractive, for no other people have contributed so much to our greatness and prosperity." It will be news to some to learn that "to the Scotch-Irish of the South is due the honor of framing the first declaration of American independence. Through the veins of Stonewall Jackson flowed this same rich blood. The blood that gave courage to Ulysses S. Grant had its source in the same fountain, and when the heart of Abraham Lincoln ceased to beat, the blood of a Scotch-Irishman ceased to flow." The book will be of interest to genealogists and Scotch-Irish people, but is not especially attractive to those who do not know the meaning of "Scots wha hae," and "Erin go bragh."

Canada First: A Memorial of the Late Wm. A. Foster, Q.C. (Toronto: Hunter, Rose & Co.) In response to the request of some of those associated with Mr. Foster in the Canada First organization that its literature should be gathered and preserved, this volume has been published. The fire of national aspiration and patriotism burned in Foster. His memorable pamphlet, "Canada First," which leads the series of his productions in this volume, gave shape to a floating idea, and called into existence the group of sympathizing spirits known by the collective name of "Canada First." The aim of "Canada First" was never very clearly defined. Some of the group, borne on by the tide of the time, aspired more or less consciously, more or less openly, to an independent nationality. Others aspired to a nationality which they deemed possible without independence, and desired only to complete the measure of Canadian self-government, make the interest of Canada paramount in our policy, and fill all offices with men who, whether natives or not, were thoroughly Canadian in spirit. To some probably "Canada First" was rather a vague sentiment than a distinct opinion or idea. All, however, united in striving to cultivate Canadian patriotism, to raise Canada above the rank of a mere dependency, and to give her the first place in Canadian hearts.

MAGAZINES.

The Arena. (Arena Publishing Company, Boston, Mass.) The first number for the new year is opened by the inquiry of Alfred Russell Wallace, "Are There Objective Apparitions?" After telling a variety of shivery little ghost stories, all of the most undoubted authenticity, he decides that there are. The skeptic spirit, wearied by pages of hallucinations and phantasms, is somewhat cheered by the assertion that the term *objectivity* does not necessarily imply *materiality*. "We do not know whether the luminiferous ether is material, or whether electricity is material, but both are certainly objective." But cheerfulness gives way to despondency under pressure of the statement that "the hypothetical substance of which visible phantoms are composed seems to have the property under certain conditions of aggregating to itself molecular matter, so that tangible or force-exerting phantasms are produced." And all this in face of the fact that tangible and force-exerting phantasms are decidedly the least popular. Other leading articles are, the "Single Tax Question, "Was Christ a Buddhist?" and "Silver Coinage."

The Atlantic Monthly. (Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co.) Critical articles and those which are semi-critical, semi-biographical, occupy prominent places in the new number, interspersed with such felicities in rhyme as Archibald Lampman's "Snowbirds," Lilla Cabot Perry's "Plea for Trust," and Florence Wilkinson's "Kismet and the King." The most valuable paper is that on "Hegel as a Philosopher of the Paradoxical." Here is one of Hegel's paradoxes: "Isn't it true, that, curiously enough, you in vain strive to become holy if you merely strive for holiness? Just pure holiness, what would it be? To have never a worldly thought, to be peaceful, calm, untroubled, absolutely pure in spirit, without one blot or blemish—what would that be but simple impassivity, innocence, pure emptiness? A young tiger, or a baby Napoleon fast asleep, or a new created demon that had not yet grown beyond the cherub stage possess such holiness. For us holiness means not the abolition of worldliness, not innocence, not turning away from the world, but the victory that overcometh the world, the struggle, the courage, the vigor, the endurance, the hot fight with sin, the facing of the demon, the power to have him there in us, and to hold him by the throat, the living and ghastly presence of the enemy, and the triumphant wrestling with him, and keeping him forever a panting, furious, immortal thrall and bondman. This is the only true holiness, and it is the very height of the struggle with evil."

Scribner's Magazine. (New York: Charles Scribner's Sons.) The article of most interest is Stanley's account of "The Pigmies of the Great African Forest." According to this writer the undersized creatures inhabiting the Great Forest of Equatorial Africa are the intellectual equals of about 50 per cent. of the modern inhabitants of any great American city of today. "And yet there has been no change or progress of any kind among the pigmies of the forest since the time of Herodotus." Like the birds, bees and ants, the pigmies build their huts after the same skilless fashion of 23 centuries ago. Some of them are only 33 inches high, and the tallest would not exceed four feet four inches. They are described as mischievous, restless and tricky, ever at war with the settlers, and living the lives of beasts of prey. Without weapons a pigmy would have no chance against the strong-limbed, broad, full-chested planter; but with his little sheaf of poisoned arrows he is more than a match for a giant. Among other attractions of the January number is a short history of "Court Tennis," the oldest game of ball that we have, "Impressions of Australia," a new story by Frank R. Stockton, and an account of Modern Fire Apparatus.

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EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

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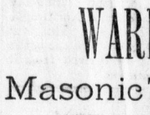
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DOG-RACING.

The Whippet's Wonderful Speed and Other Characteristics.

Shooting on the London Gun Club's Grounds—Sporting News in General.

THE KENNEL

DOG-RACING.

Although the whippet, or English racing dog, is easily distinguishable from other dogs, it is not a distinct species. Although whippets are interbred inbreeding is avoided, and there is perhaps no class of dogs more mixed with other blood than the whippet. The basis of the whippet is the English greyhound, one of the fleetest animals in existence. But it was soon noticed that a greyhound ran by sight only, as when coursing a hare or deer the endurance of the greyhound was great, but his speed for short distances was not as high as that of the whippet. As 200 yards is the established distance for the course of a racing dog, the breeders endeavored to secure an animal which had speed for that distance. No amount of breaking could make a racing dog of a greyhound, one of his gravest faults being that he would run wild instead of following the straight line, and invariably break up if there were people at the winning post, as there always were at all races. The greyhound was accordingly crossed with the terrier. It was found that this not only increased his speed and endurance, giving him stronger muscles, but also did away with his wildness. The cross would run at sight of a piece of rag and could easily be started by the report of a pistol. For the purpose of increasing the gamey qualities of the whippet a strain of bulldog was allowed to run in. Thus the English whippet was produced. Nothing but tireless patience resulted in the possession of a model whippet. It was, however, found that even the above mixture was not satisfactory, for if the whippet had enough game in him to make him determined to win a race he also had enough game in him to fight other dogs while in the race. In order to avoid this a cross was made with the Italian greyhound, and the infusion of his blood made the whippet one of the gentlest dogs in existence. But it also made an important change in the dogs as a class. It reduced their weight considerably without lessening their speed in proportion, so that the model whippet of the present day does not weigh more than 17 or 18 pounds, whereas 20 years ago a whippet weighing 25 pounds was not considered a heavy dog. The whippet of the present day is a combination of English and Italian greyhounds, terrier and bulldog, and breeders try countless experiments before they get what they want. A little more of one kind of blood than the proper average may result in a worthless animal.

It has been found that the dogs do the best work on a perfectly straight track, which in order to establish relative speed must be perfectly even. The track must be dry, and is generally covered with ashes over which fine sand has been sprinkled.

A peculiarity about dog racing is that the dogs are not entered in the names they usually go by; in fact, owners of valuable dogs change their names for every race. This is done in order to prevent outside influence. While a race is in progress some interested person might call to a dog, thus attracting its attention and causing it to lose the race. If a dog is entered under an assumed name, no amount of calling by that name would divert his attention, and the danger of undue influence is thus materially lessened.

The idol of all whippet owners is Blue Jacket, a whippet which some twenty years ago established the record which has never been beaten. He is considered a phenomenal dog, and although at last accounts he was blind and only kept alive by the most affectionate nursing his memory will linger as long as whippets are trained and run and his picture will continue to ornament the homes of the lovers of racing dogs. At the Royal Oak races in Manchester this dog covered his 200 yards in 11½ seconds; the track was slightly down hill, which was of some advantage to him, but his feat created great excitement among the owners of whippets. Some time afterward he covered 200 yards in Higginshaw, Oldham, in 11¾ seconds, and this record has never been equaled anywhere since. Blue Jacket could give the handicap of two yards to the pound to any dog of his day, and his get has since won many races. Hambletonian blood is not prized more among lovers of horses than is Blue Jacket blood among the lovers of whippets.

FOOTBALL.

The American Rugby Football Union has been organized in New York with 90 playing members.

At the annual dinner of the London Athletic Club Mr. W. J. Kent-Hughes, responding to the toast of the "Visitors," said that he was organizing a team of the United Hospitals' Athletic Club to visit America during the next summer to meet Harvard and Yale Universities. The arrangements were not yet complete, but so far he had not had a refusal, which showed a good deal of esprit de corps among the hospitals. At the same time he condemned the visit of the Salford Harriers to America, and said that the United Hospitals would conduct their tour on purely amateur lines.

THE TURF.

The list of noted trotting horses that died in 1890 includes Bell Boy, 1:19½; Will Cody, 2:19½; Domestic, 2:20½, Duquesne, 2:17½; Naiad Queen, 2:20½, Bayonne Prince, 2:20½; McCurdy's Hambletonian, 2:26½; Cobden, 2:28¾; Mambrino Star, 2:28½; Electioneer, Annie Easton, Maid of Clay and Smuggler.

A few months ago the thoroughbred gelding Titan was sold at auction in Australia for $23,000, the highest price ever paid for a gelding in any country. He broke down in his training and never started since. Last month he was sold again and brought a little over $3,000.

THE TRIGGER.

THE CUP CONTEST SHOT OFF.

Weather is not to be considered when the members of the London Gun Club set their minds on having a shoot. Wet and unpleasant as New Year's Day was, the club had a big turnout—over 100 at their cup-shooting contest. The majority of those who entered the lists were the crack shots and leaders in their several classes. The scores were all close and the excitement knew no abatement until the final shot was made. The first shot was fired at 11 o'clock and an incessant banging was kept up until dusk. Redpath made the run of his life against Prof. Damon, better known as "Left-Handed Charlie," beating the latter two birds in 50. Damon led at the first 30, missing but four birds in 30, but in the remaining twenty Redpath overreached him with a total of 43 against 41. Evans made an excellent score of 41 but an accident happened to his gun, causing him to lose two birds. Mr. Teekay Grigg did some fine shooting in B class, killing 37 birds out of a possible 50. Mr. Nichols carried off the honors in the third class, getting 36, while Mr. Winfield had everything his own way in D class, Mr. Richards being the only man that approached him. The scores are attached:

Redpath, a.....0 0 1 1 1
0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1—43

Damon, a.....1 0 1 1 1
1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1
1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1—41

Evans, a.....1 0 1 1 1
1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1—41

Reynolds, a.....1 1 0 1 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0—39

Teekay, b.....0 1 1 0 1
0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1—37

Nichols, c.....0 1 0 0 1 0
1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1—36

Paine, a.....1 1 1 0 1
1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1—36

W. S. Smith, c.....0 0 0 1 1 1
1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1—35

Blackburn, c.....1 0 1 0 0 1
0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1
1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1—35

Vernon, c.....1 1 1 1 0 1
1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1
0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1—34

H. A. Brown, b.....0 1 1 1 0 1
0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1—32

Paine, a.....0 1 1 1 0 1
1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1
1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0—31

Brock, W. A., b.....1 0 0 0 1 1
1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0
0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0—24

Edward, b.....0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1—22

Gordon, c.....0 0 1 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0
0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0—22

Davey, b.....1 0 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1
0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1—15

Windfield, d.....0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—6

Richards, d.....0 0 0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4

Capt. A. H. Bogardus made an attempt at Elkhart to beat Dr. Carver's record of 1,000 targets in 34 minutes. His gun worked badly, and he stopped after shooting 510 in seventeen minutes. He shot at 533 and missed 23. This beats Dr. Carver on the 500 record.

The pigeon match at Chas. Hockins' farm near Petrolea was won by C. Roche, who stopped 8 pigeons out of 10. The other scores were: T. Kelly 7, S. Baker 5, A. Veal 4, C. Hockin 4, F. Stenlake 3, C. Marshall 3.

SKATING.

At the international skating meeting at Heerenveen the quarter-mile professional race was won by a Dutchman named Hanje. George See, the Englishman, was unplaced.

HOCKEY.

The Kingston Hockey Club on Thursday defeated Queen's College by 3 to 2.

ATHLETICS.

Edward Brown, of Bath, Me., has regained the world's championship for endurance in club swinging held by him for five years, but recently won by Homer Crawford. Brown swung 4-pound clubs for 6 hours 41 minutes, or 10 minutes longer than Crawford, who used 8-pound 10-ounce clubs. Brown averaged 65 full swings to the minutes.

TORONTO LETTER.

The Civic Reform Scheme—No Pay for Aldermen—To Try the Lymph.

TORONTO, Saturday, Jan. 3.

The City Council yesterday afternoon cut out of Ald. McDougall's civic reform scheme the clauses providing for payment to aldermen.

A year ago today the first case of la grippe was brought into the hospital. During January, February and March 88 cases were received.

Arrangements are being made by the staff of the Toronto General Hospital to conduct the first experiments with Prof. Koch's lymph on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Dr. O'Reilly states that the experiment will probably be made on a consumptive patient.

The city revenue from licenses during 1890 amounted to $33,380, a slight increase over the preceding year.

As a result of a recent arrest and prosecution by Dr. Hall and others on a charge of having stolen a money letter, J. J. Wesley Simpson has entered an action against Dr. A. W. Hall, Robert Rogers, Arthur F. Reuter and E. J. Hathaway, claiming $20,000 damages for malicious prosecution and conspiracy to make him appear guilty of the crimes of stealing and unlawfully opening a registered letter and obtaining money under false pretenses. The particulars of the difficulty between the two parties have already been published. Mr. Simpson opened a letter not addressed to him, but believing the contents were intended for him, and this action was resented by Dr. Hall, to whom the communication was addressed. In addition to the $20,000 the sum of $10,000 for libel is claimed from Mr. Hall and Robert Rogers.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Mr. John Charlton, M.P. for North Norfolk, will address the Toronto Young Liberals on Monday evening.

A monster convention of South Norfolk Reformers, held at Port Rowan, renominated Mr. W. A. Charlton for the Legislature and pledged themselves heartily and unanimously to spare no legitimate effort to secure his re-election.

Mr. Dalton McCarthy, M.P., is announced to address a convention of North Simcoe Conservatives at Stayner on the 12th inst.

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CANDIDATES CORNERED.

Pertinent Questions Put by a Watchful Electorate.

Mayor Taylor Declares Himself in Favor of Temperance.

The Bylaw for the Reduction of Liquor Licenses Ably Defended.

Rousing Mass-Meeting in the City Hall—Some of the Candidates Scrape the Mud off Themselves and Throw More at Their Competitors.

It was a noisy, good-natured crowd that forced its way into the City Hall last evening, filling up the body of the hall and choking up the passage-ways. Each of the candidates was boisterously cheered on making his appearance, and the best of good humor prevailed. Col. Lewis was sent to the chair, the speakers being limited to twenty minutes.

Rev. A. C. Courtice was the first speaker, and after confessing his lack of political training or ability to sit on the fence, he announced himself as on the side in temperance. He then read Mr. Minhinnick's address to the electors respecting his views in regard to the disposal of the two bylaws that are to come before the Council this year. "I understand from this, Mr. Minhinnick," he said, "that you will see that the wishes of the citizens are carried out provided the bylaws are carried. Am I right?

Mr. Minhinnick—I will explain when I get the floor.

Voice—He's on the fence. (Laughter.)

Second Voice—No, he's on the wrong side of it. (Renewed laughter.)

"All we expect from any of the three candidates," said Mr. Courtice, "is that should the bylaws be carried, they will see that the wishes of the people are carried out. The electors must recognize that the disposal of the matter is in their own hands. The tendency of the day is to shove the responsibility off our hands on to those of other officials. If the ratepayers are beginning to feel—as I think they are—that they are responsible for the number of liquor licenses, we have made a great advance. If we control the traffic, how should it be controlled? Should it be in the interests of those holding licenses or of those who are suffering from the evils of its influence? As far as I am concerned I shall seek to control the traffic in the interests of those suffering from its effects. (Applause.) How many inmates do you suppose are orphans in our Protestant Home? There are only three, and more than seven-eighths of those children housed there have parents suffering from the evils of drink. Am I right when I say I am going to control that traffic in the interests of those children? (Applause.) The Police Court records show us," he said, taking up another point, "that over twenty licensed liquor dealers have been charged with breaking the law during the past six months. Should not the man who expects that the old flag of England will be folded all around him for protection learn to abide by the constitution which the flag symbolises?" As an instance of the way in which the liquor business was run the speaker instanced a case that came before the police magistrate recently. A liquor dealer was put in the box and swore that he bought his whisky for $1 80 per gallon and sold it for 30 cents a quart. The man was asked what he had done with the liquor between the time he bought it and the time he sold it, but he said, "That is my secret." (Laughter). In conclusion the speaker urged the electors present to remember their responsibility and cast their vote in favor of a reduction of the licenses.

Water Commissioner Essery was invited to speak on the temperance question when Mr. Courtice had finished. He refreshed the minds of his hearers, in opening, with an account of his temperance work during the Scott Act campaign. "I am on the side of temperance," he said, "because I am on the side of the women and children, and I am against the liquor dealers because the men in the business violate the laws. I have no complaint against them personally. But when a dealer takes out a license it is his duty to see that the laws are carried out. It is not his duty to shield and defend law-breakers as is done every day. When a man takes out a license he has no vested rights, and a liquor dealer never had. If he had vested rights he would roll out his stuff and sell it, when and how he liked, the same as the drygoods man or the shoemaker. When a man upon the seas takes other people's goods we call him a pirate. When a man upon the land steals we call him a desperado, but in the liquor business when the same transfer takes place no such name are called. "I am going to the polls on Monday," said the speaker, "and I don't care that (snapping his fingers) whether I am elected or not. I am not going to stifle my voice, because I might make a vote, and little children should go without food. (Applause and cheers.) There are thousands of women who are bringing up children on the verge of starvation on account of the drink traffic. I ask you as an audience is there any married man here who can say that drink never hurt his relations either on his own or his wife's side? I will wait for the answer. (After a pause.) There is none. That is the best evidence we can have. Gather a group of men around the village pump and let them drink until the water rolls out over their collars, and you cannot get up a row. Put the same men in a bar-room, and with one-twentieth of the liquor, you will soon have enough fight in the crowd to start a riot. (Laughter.) The reduction of licenses will have beneficent results, although there can be but one aim, and that the bringing of them down until they are represented by a cipher. (Hear, hear.) You men who frequent bars, what do you owe to the liquor dealers? You get the stuff and pay for it when you get it, but what have you got after the bargain? (Laughter.) The men at present engaged in the liquor traffic cannot make a fortune now, as they once could, and the nineteen men who go out of the business on May 1, 1891, as they shall go out (applause), will find that they are just so many years ahead of their fellows who will have to follow. We want no humbugging in this election. It has been stated that we have an anti-temperance candidate for mayor and an alleged temperance mayor in this contest. Let the alleged temperance mayor stand up and say I am for the reduction of the licenses. (Applause and hiss.) You can hiss if you like, but remember that it was the serpent that hissed when Eve was in the garden. (Laughter.) These men who are working the temperance racket for votes on Monday should declare themselves. Electors," said Mr. Essery in conclusion, "stand by the bylaw for the reduction of licenses on Monday. Remember the women and children of the city of London. Never do anything to retard the city's prosperity. It is a duty that you owe to yourselves, your Queen, your country and your family, to do that thing on Monday which will bring the greatest amount of happiness to the greatest number, so that you may be useful whether victorious or not." (Applause.)

Mayor Taylor, on coming forward, was loudly cheered. He said: "Electors of the city of London, I will ask for your indulgence, that you may extend my time and allow me to answer all accusations brought against me by my enemies, in detail. I desire first to answer those made against me by my opponents and the Free Press. Did I say Free Press? Do you call that paper that is published in the city of London and controlled by the strings of a band of party wire-pullers the Free Press? Nonsence! (Applause and cheering.) This old party must be in a terrible state when they have to send some of their political heelers out and ask citizens to come out and assist them in this election, and in return to promise them a senatorship. Two of our citizens have been approached in this way. Is it not a shame?" (Cheers.) The speaker then took up the Council's method of lowering taxation in 1882, when Mr. Minhinnick was a member, when a mortgage of $23,794 was placed on Salter's grove and has ever since remained. "Mr. Minhinnick," said Mayor Taylor, "has informed you that the terms of the agreement with the L. and P. S. R. has never been carried out."

Mr. Minhinnick—I never did.

"I was surprised to hear this," continued Mayor Taylor, "from a man who carried in his pocket a pass from the G. T. R. (Cheers and hisses.) It has been stated that I own one or two hotels in this city, and Mr. Essery has made the statement that I had made a bid for the liquor vote. I deny that."

Mr. Essery—Yes, you did.

"The Free Press in its report of the meeting," said the speaker, "made the statement that I did not reply when the charge was made against me in South London. I did reply. I said that it was not so. The first year I was in the Council I seconded Ald. Bowman's resolution favoring a reduction of the licenses. That was my opinion then, and I have not seen anything since that to change my mind." (To the Free Press reporter: "Free Press, have the justice to correct that error.")

The chairman then informed the speaker that his time was up, but the mayor said he would not sit down until the people made him. An extension of time was then given.

When order was restored again the speaker gave Ald. Anderson his attention, denying that he had asked him to retire. "I never made any such statement" said Mayor Taylor.

"You did, you know you did," replied Ald. Anderson.

With respect to the same alderman's stock in the L. and P. S. R. the speaker read an entry from the L. and P. S. R. stock book relative to Ald. Anderson's sale of stock, whereby it was transferred to Joseph Price.

"Of course I sold that stock," responded Ald. Anderson. "It was my stock and bought with my own money."

"That sale was a deplorable one for the road," said the mayor.

Ald. Anderson—Not so. (Cheers.)

Mayor Taylor—The road was in a deplorable condition.

Ald. Anderson (excitedly)—Another lie. (Cheers.)

The speaker concluded with his version of the $60,000 debenture skeleton, which has been repeated at every meeting during the campaign.

Ald. Anderson was then called on and was greeted with applause. As soon as he was given a hearing he launched into his favorite topic—the L. and P. S. R.—and gave it his attention during the rest of his time, reviewing the history of the city's enterprise in that connection as published previously. Referring to the alleged sale of city stock by him, Ald. Anderson denied it in the strongest terms, saying that the stock sold was his own. Speaking of the benefits of the L. and P. S. R. he said: "I have carried pig iron for $1 a ton, but when the railway got a hold of the L. and P. S. R. the ship line was broken up and as a result it costs $4 per ton for pig iron instead of $1. In those days London did more manufacturing than Hamilton and Toronto put together and our wares found their way as far east as Montreal.

The possibility of having steamers traverse the lakes and the desirability of consolidating the city debt also came in for his attention. Referring to his candidature he said, "I stand here to protect the rights of our young men against a usurper. There should be sufficient patriotism among our people to defend our municipal institutions against the man who would force himself into the civic chair for a third term. I have supported Mayor Taylor for the past two years and I did not know that he was going to run again. I hardly supposed anyone would run again—(laughter)—so I issued my address and honorably committed myself, and I know that the citizens will respect my position and return me at the head of the polls.

Mr. J. R. Minhinnick received an ovation as he rose to address the meeting. He first defended his requisition and then disposed of the two great questions of the day by saying that he would bow to the will of the people, and that their commands would be his commands. His record as a water commissioner he again exhumed and exhibited to the audience. He was proud of it, he said, and contrasted it with that of Mayor Taylor's in the Council. "I effected a yearly saving of $1,700 in the salaries of the commissioners while on that board, and now you have their services for $1 per year.

Voice—How much is that a day? (Laughter.)

The speaker then defended the action of Water Commissioners Essery and Davis with respect to the $60,000 debenture dispute. In concluding his argument he said: "The citizens have paid the money and should not be asked to do so again."

Voice—You never paid any of it, you know. (Laughter.)

The speaker then proceeded to show that Mayor Taylor was not always the workingman's friend, claiming that he had once voted against an increase in the wages of the corporation laborers. Speaking of the refinery question he said: "The refineries are bound to come back here if proper care is taken. Do you think I am foolish enough to put $40,000 into a scheme that was not going to be a successful one. No, I am not built that way."

A Voice—That's so. (Laughter.)

Mr. Minhinnick—I have hopes of having a pipe line here which is feasible, and had the bonus been granted we would have 10,000 more population to-day. He then criticised Mayor Taylor's remarks on his (the speaker's) capability to deal with the Port Stanley Railway business. Referring to the resolutions he had read, he said that the mayor had neither denied or affirmed them.

This appeared to displease a large number in the audience and an uproar followed.

Mayor Taylor rose to speak, but could not be heard.

Then Mayor Taylor's friends in the audience loudly protested against the injustice of attacking a man and not giving him a chance to deny or explain the allegations.

Five minutes of interruption, hisses, and a general circus followed, in the midst of which Mr. Minhinnick stoically held the platform. Finally Chairman Lewis obtained order by guaranteeing that Mr. Minhinnick would only speak five minutes.

Continuing, Mr. Minhinnick said Mayor Taylor posed as the workingmen's friend and had tried to cut down their wages. The speaker then said he would give the mayor a chance to reply.

Mayor Taylor then rose, and as the crowd stormed asked Mr. Minhinnick to seat himself. The latter complied, an act which was loudly cheered.

The mayor endeavored to speak, but a few of the more boisterous in the hall drowned his voice.

Then Mr. Minhinnick tried it again, but was met with a hurricane of yells with cries of "Time!" The chairman endeavored in vain to effect order. Mr. Minhinnick managed to gasp out: "I am going to stand here if it takes all night." A little cessation of the racket enabled him to go on, though it was hard work to make his speech audible. He resumed his attack on Mayor Taylor regarding the corporation labor question, saying the latter had voted against raising the men's wages from $1 to $1 25 per day. He also touched upon the mayor's official salary, accusing him of not spending it fully in entertainment.

Voice—That's small of you. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Minhinnick concluded his speech amid great disorder.

A man advanced to the platform and asked him if he gave his laborers $1 25 per day.

Mr. Minhinnick did not reply.

Water Commissioner Davis was applauded on rising, and his remarks were not interrupted, except by vigorous applause. He had the best hearing of any orator of the evening. "I read in the Free Press this morning," said he, "that my speeches were too heavy for the electors, while in my previous election campaign it said they were too light; so now I will endeavor to strike the happy medium. (Laughter.) I appear for re-election because we have not finished the work we have in hand, in which I take a personal pride, and on that account I wish to be returned. If Ald. Jones has any question to ask me during my speech I shall willingly answer it. (Cheers.) I am here to say that we conducted the waterworks department honestly, efficiently and well; all that has been brought against the commission is that we did not ask for $60,000 for the Council." (Cheers.) Touching upon the debenture question, he said there was a meet of the water commissioners, and an estimate was brought in by the engineer, but he (the speaker) was not present. "When I saw that estimate," he continued, "it was for $70,000, so that if Ald. Jones, or any other person, says anything about the changing of the commissioners' estimates, I hope he will have the honesty and manliness to say that Chairman Davis knew nothing of it." (Applause.) He referred to the refusal of the Council Special Committee to draft a statement in writing, and then dwelt on the alleged Springbank job perpetration. Everything had been contracted for but labor, to do which was a total impossibility. "There was water to be found on that land—we did not know where it was—we had to go forward and develop it, and the result was that where 1,000,000 gallons was expected they secured a flow of 1,500,000." (Loud cheers.) He refuted the statement made by Ald. Jones that he was a nonentity on the commission, and pointed out that he had opposed Mr. Essery on many things, but on the debenture matter had stood shoulder to shoulder with him. If they made the mistake of electing Ald. Jones, he would, if returned, support every measure introduced by his colleague, if in the city's interests, and would consider he had sacrificed no stamina by so doing. (Cheers.)

Commissioner Essery was given a warm reception, though not so warm as has sometimes been the case. He defended the actions of the Waterworks Board during the past year. "I would not be represented as the man I am," said he, "provided I had not stood by your interests and kept the Council from getting possession of that $60,000. I was a man before I became a commissioner; and will be when I leave it—and I will be a man when I am mayor of the city of London." He then took up the debenture issue, and asserted that estimates had been asked for the amount wanted for 1890 only, aggregating $70,000, and without wishing to have the fraction of a mill come out of the ratepayers' taxes debentures were called for. The engineer had prepared estimates for five years, but had been told to change it and draw it up for the $70,000 and have the five years left out. He challenged Mayor Taylor's views on the liquor traffic, saying the latter would not come out and stand against it.

Mayor Taylor rose and said: "I have for many years held the impression strong in my mind that the liquor traffic should always be restricted. (Cheers.) When in my first Council Ald. Bowman brought in a motion to reduce the number of licenses and I seconded it. What was proper at that time, I say to you, I have not changed my opinion. (Applause.)

Mr. Essery, continuing, said he wished to do justice to Mayor Taylor in one thing. At the meeting in No. 6 ward Wednesday evening, Mr. Taylor had denied that he owned the Avey Hotel building, and on inquiring he had found the mayor's statement to be true. (Cheers.) He dwelt on Ald. Jones' remarks about the Springbank contract and denied that insinuation while explaining the nature of the work. He cited an incident in Board of Works business in which a poor woman named Cochrane claimed damages for injuries received in a fall which confined her seven weeks in the house. Ald. Jones had told him (Essery) that he was not going to pay her until next year, although it was winter now, when she needed it most. If it had been a rich lady Jones would have been there, hat in hand, next day, at her pleasure. (Cheers and laughter.)

Ald. Jones was the last speaker. He dealt with the Cochrane matter and said a reasonable sum had been agreed upon before the case went to the courts. He then took up the $70,000 deal and said Mr. Essery had issued a false report in claiming the estimate to have been $70,000 because he knew the people would not submit to $100,000. He would not take back what he had said about the Springbank job, and knew contractors in the city who would have taken it. If the commissioners had been half business men they would have had some kind of plans and specifications. Instead of paying Foster the large amount it would have been better to have put up a comfortable boarding-house at the place of work. They had said there was $6,000 in the treasury, and if they had the city's interest at heart they would have paid it to lessen the taxes. They went down there and built a $7,000 road in Springbank which led nowhere—except to their defeat. Mr. Essery had tried at all meetings to crowd him out, so that there would be no audience left. The electors wanted one practical man on the Board instead of two professional men.

Commissioner Davis rose when the last speaker had finished and attempted to make a statement, but the crowd were filing out.

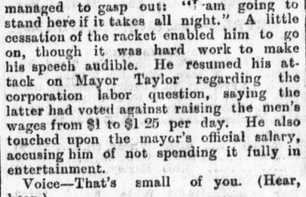
Three cheers were started for the Queen, and the chairman and the uproarious gathering, good-natured throughout, broke up shortly after 11:15.

On Kitty's Account.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—While Edward Schoenrig was singing a song at the house of his friend, Patrick McLaughlin, the refrain of which was to the effect that Parnell is the best friend Ireland ever had, Patrick Fitzgerald, another visitor, objected to the sentiment, and in a general melee which followed Schoenrig received a compound fracture of the skull, which will probably prove fatal. Fitzgerald is in prison.

WINTER HUMORS

Cold, raw winds of winter fan to fury itching, burning, and scaly humors and diseases of the skin, scalp, and blood. No pen can describe their severity, no language can exaggerate the suffering of those afflicted, especially of little babies, whose tender skins are literally on fire. *Winter is the best time to effect a permanent cure.* Cuticura Remedies are the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times, are absolutely pure, and agreeable to the most sensitive, and may be used on the youngest infant and most delicate invalid with gratifying and unfailing success. CUTICURA, the great skin cure, instantly allays the most intense itching, burning, and inflammation, permits rest and sleep, heals raw and irritated surfaces, cleanses the scalp of crusts and scales, and restores the hair. CUTICURA SOAP, the only medicated toilet soap, is indispensable in cleansing diseased surfaces. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood and skin purifier and greatest of humor remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities, and thus removes the cause. Hence, the Cuticura Remedies cure every humor of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when the best physicians fail.



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Pimply Skin, red, rough hands, painful finger-ends and shapeless nails are prevented and cured by Cuticura Soap, incomparably the greatest of skin purifiers and beautifiers, while rivalling in delicacy and surpassing in purity the most expensive of toilet and nursery soaps. *The only medicated toilet soap* and *the only preventive and cure* of inflammation and clogging of the pores, the cause of pimples, blackheads, rough, red, and oily skin, and simple humors of infants and children. Sale greater than the combined sale of all other skin soaps. Sold everywhere. Price, 35 cts.

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GOVERNMENT

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Will Reopen Monday, Jan. 5.

Classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 7 to 9 p.m.

Fees for 36 lessons, $3. Subjects taught: Mechanical, Geometrical, Freehand and Model Drawing, Perspective Geometry, Ornamental and Industrial Designing, Modeling, Lettering.

Extra classes—Monday, Friday and Saturday, from 2 to 4 p.m. Oil, Water Color and China painting.

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THE SIGHT RENEWED.

The perfect adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses by Prof. Cathcart, the expert optician, whose reputation as the leading man in his specialty is well known throughout the United States and Canada, has consented to remain in London until Dec. 13, when those who are going through life in a semi-blindness can have another opportunity to consult a gentleman who has made a life study of his profession, and will treat every person in an honorable and candid manner. This is an opportunity not to be missed, as he has engagements waiting him in other cities. The eyes examined free, at

JOHN BRODIE'S JEWELRY STORE
A. S. Murray & Co.'s Old Stand.
460 Dundas Stree - - London, Ont

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SINCE LAST ISSUE

TO ADVERTISERS.--All changes of advertisements must be handed in not later than 4 p.m. on the day previous to be sure of insertion. Advertisements and business notices must be arranged for in the counting-room.

Mason & Risch Pianos.
Servant Wanted—W. H. Smith
Auction Sale—W. Y. Brunton.
School Books—Anderson's.
Election Card—Chas. Taylor.
Election Card—J. M. Wilson.
Servant Wanted—294 Dufferin avenue.
Mayor Taylor's Committee Rooms.
Election Card—James Fitzgerald.
Stanley's Lecture—Queen's Avenue Church.
Election Card—S. O'Meara.
Benefit Certificates—H. H. Gore.
Reception—Talbot Street Baptist.
Room Wanted—Gentleman, this Office.
Room Wanted—Box 2, this Office.
Fine Tailoring—Southcott & Patten.
Cream Cheese—Elliott Bros.
Notice to Creditors—Wm. Lea.
Election Card--D. Collins.
Flowers—Dilloway.
"Fraud" Cigar—Brener Bros.
W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.
Medical Notice—John H. Woodbury.
Meeting—St. John's Lodge, No. 20.
Meeting—St. John's R. A. Chapter, No. 3.
Real Estate—W. D. Buckle.
The Week.
Granby Rubbers.
Coffee—Chase & Sanborn.
Sunlight Soap.
Property for Sale—D. McAlpine.
Services—First Presbyterian Church.
Services—St. Andrew's Church.
Services—King Street Methodist.
Services—Wellington Street Methodist.
Skating—Queen's Avenue Rink.
Services—Talbot Street Baptist.
Services—King Street Presbyterian.
Services—First Congregational.
Surprise Soap.

COAL.

Give some of your friends a Christmas box or a New Year's gift in the shape of a ton of BOWMAN & CO.'S Celebrated Scranton Coal.

YARDS and OFFICES — 246 Bathurst and 696 Dundas street, F. S. Clarke's, 416 Richmond.
vzx

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

Latest Financial News by Mail and Telegraph.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2—1 p.m.—Stock market dull and firm; American Express, 111; Canadian Pacific, 73½; Canada Southern, 48¾; Delaware and Hudson, 132; Delaware and Lackawanna, 133; Lake Shore, 107¾; Michigan Central,—; Northern Pacific, 21¾, preferred, 65¾; New York Central, 101¾; St. Paul, 51⅜; preferred, —; St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba, —; Union Pacific, 43⅜; Western Union, 77¼.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Jan. 2—12:30 p.m.—Consols, 95 15-16 for money, 95 15-16 for account; U. S. 4s, 124¼; U. S. 4½s, 106; St. Paul, 52⅜; Erie seconds, 99⅜; Erie, 19⅜; Pacific Central, 51⅜; Reading, 16⅜; Canadian Pacific, 75½; New York Central, 104⅜; Illinois Central, 100½; bank of England rate, 5 per cent.; open market discount, 3⅞ to 3⅞.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, Jan. 2.

	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	223	222
Ontario	111½	110½
Molsons	159½	—
Toronto	223	219
Merchants'	142	140
Commerce	125½	124½
Imperial	152	150½
Dominion	226½	226
Standard	—	145
Hamilton	—	152
British America	110	105½
Western Assurance, ex-div	144	141
Canada Life	—	—
Confederation Life Association	—	—
Northwest Land Company	71	70½
C. P. R. Grant Bonds	—	—
C. P. R. Stock	74	73
Farmers' Loan and Savings	—	—
London and Canada L. & A.	123½	123
London and Ontario	—	—
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent	—	147
Dominion Savings and Loan	—	84
Ontario Loan and Debenture	130	125
Canadian Savings and Loan	—	—
London Loan	—	—

SALES—Ontario, 10 at 111; Commerce, 3 at 124½; Northwest Land, 5 at 70⅜, 28 at 70½; London and Canada L. & A., 20 at 123.

COMMERCIAL.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.
LONDON, Friday, Jan. 2.

There were only a few loads of grain and hay offered this morning. No change in prices. Quotations as follows:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, per standard bush	$0 90	to	$0 91
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	1 40	to	1 52
Wheat, Democrat, per 100 lbs	1 40	to	1 52
Wheat, Clawson, per 100 lbs	1 40	to	1 52
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs	1 40	to	1 52
Rye, per 100 lbs	1 00	to	1 00
Buckwheat	1 00	to	1 05
Oats	1 16	to	1 20
Corn	1 10	to	1 15
Pease	1 02	to	1 02
Beans, per bush	1 00	to	1 25
Barley, per 100 lbs	1 00	to	1 20
FLOUR AND FEED.			
Patent roller flour, per 100 lbs	2 75	to	3 00
Roller flour, per 100 lbs	2 50	to	2 75
Stone flour, stone	2 50	to	2 50
Buckwheat flour	2 00	to	2 50
Oatmeal, standard	2 40	to	2 50
Oatmeal, granulated	2 40	to	2 60
Oameal, rolled	2 70	to	2 80
Cornmeal	2 00	to	2 25
PROVISIONS.			
Eggs, retail	25	to	25
Eggs, basket	23	to	23
Eggs, store lots	16	to	18
Butter, pound rolls, basket	20	to	22
Butter, crock or large rolls	18	to	20
Butter, tub or firkin	14	to	16
Cheese	9½	to	10
Lard	10	to	10
Turnips, per bush	25	to	52
Carrots, per bush	20	to	35
Potatoes, per bag	65	to	80
Parsnips, per bush	50	to	50
Onions, per bush	50	to	70
Apples, bag	80	to	1 00
Dressed hogs	5 25	to	5 75
Beef, per lb	4 00	to	6 00
Mutton, per lb	6	to	8
Lamb, per lb	8	to	9
Veal, per lb	0	to	0
Chickens, per pair	25	to	55
Ducks, per pair	35	to	72
Turkeys, each	50	to	1 77
SKINS AND HIDES.			
Hides, No. 1, per lb	4	to	4
Hides, No. 2, per lb	3	to	3
Hides, No. 3, per lb	2	to	2
Wool, per lb	18	to	18
Calfskins, green, per lb	5	to	6
Calfskins, dry, per lb	0	to	0
Lambskins, each	50	to	65
Sheepskins, each	60	to	85
Pelts	00	to	0
Tallow, rendered, per lb	5	to	6
Tallow, rough, per lb	2½	to	2½
HAY, ETC.			
Hay, per ton	6 00	to	7 00
Clover seed, alsike, per bush	6 00	to	8 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 00

A. M. HAMILTON & SON,
Dealers in Flour, Feed and Seeds. All kinds of Flour and Breakfast Cereals always in stock.
373 Talbot St., London, Ont.
TELEPHONE 662.

English Markets.

Beerbohm's Report by Cable.
LONDON, Jan. 2.

Floating cargoes—Wheat very firm; corn firm.
Cargoes on passage—Wheat upward tendency; corn firmer.
Mark Lane—Wheat, corn and flour firm.
Weather in England frosty.
Liverpool—Spot wheat hardening; corn strong; corn, 5s 5½d—¼d dearer.
Stocks in London—Wheat, 340,0000 to 360,000 qrs.; corn, 25,000 to 50,000 qrs.; flour, 240,000 to 360,000 bbls. Oct. 1890, wheat was 20,000 qrs. less; corn, 65,000 more; flour, 120,000 bbls. more. A year ago wheat was 40,000 qrs. less; corn, 45,000 qrs. more; flour, 140,000 bbls. less.
Liverpool stocks—Wheat, 340,000 to 360,000 qrs.; corn, 120,000 to 130,000 qrs.; flour, 140,000 to 150,000 bbls. A month ago wheat was 40,000 qrs. more; corn, 70,000 qrs. more; flour, 20,000 bbls. less. A year ago wheat was 50,000 qrs. less; corn, 45,000 qrs. more; flour 70,000 bbls. more.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.

The quotations for the past three market days are as follows:

	Dec. 30. s. D.		Dec. 30. s. D.		Dec. 31. s. D.		Dec. 31. s. D.		Jan. 2. s. D.		Jan. 2. s. D.	
Spring	7	7	0	0	7	7½	0	0	7	7½	7	8
Red winter	7	5	0	0	7	5½	0	0	7	5½	0	0
No. 1 Cal	7	7½	7	8	7	8½	0	0	7	8½	7	9
Corn	5	4½	0	0	5	5	0	0	5	5½	0	0
Peas, per c	5	8	0	0	5	8	0	0	5	8	0	0
Pork	52	6	0	0	52	6	0	0	52	6	0	0
Lard	31	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	31	0	0	0
Bacon, s. c.	29	6	00	0	29	6	00	0	29	6	29	6
Bacon, l. c.	29	6	29	6	29	6	29	6	29	6	00	0
Tallow	25	0	00	0	25	0	00	0	25	0	00	0
Cheese, wh.	50	0	00	0	50	0	00	0	50	0	00	0
Cheese, col.	50	0	00	0	50	0	00	0	50	0	00	0

Wheat firm, demand improving, holders offer sparingly; corn strong, demand good. Receipts of wheat for the past three days, 117,000 centals, including 42,000 centals American; corn for same time, 4,550 centals American.

American Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.

FLOUR—Dull and irregular.
WHEAT—Receipts, 4,800 bu; exports, none; sales, 3,488,000 bu futures; 2,000 bu spot; spot dull, ½c to 2c lower; heavy; No. 2, red, $1 03¾, elevator; options opened strong, but reacted on freer selling orders on western account, closing weak and 1c to 2c lower; No. 2 red, Jan., $1 03¼; Feb., $1 04¼; March, $1 05; May, $1 04⅜; July, 99c; Aug., 97¼c; Dec., 99⅜c.
RYE—Quiet; 78c to 80c.
BARLEY—Quiet and unchanged.
CORN—Receipts, 59,800 bu; exports, 2,134 bu; sales, 304,000 bu futures; 34,000 bu spot; spot unsettled; dull, and closing weaker; ungraded mixed, 57½c to 61c; options dull; more freely offered; unchanged to ½c lower; Jan., 59½c; Feb. and March, 59½c; May, 59c.
OATS—Receipts, 32,000 bu; sales, 360,000 bu futures; 108,000 bu spot; spot dull; irregular; weaker; options fairly active; weaker; Jan., 49½c; Feb., 50c; May, 50⅜c; spot No. 2, 49½c to 50⅜c; mixed western, 48c to 52c; white do, 50c to 56c.
SUGAR—Fair demand; standard "A" 5⅜c; cut-loaf and crushed, 6½c; powdered, 6 3-16c; granulated, 5 15-16c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.

LEADING FUTURES CLOSED:
WHEAT—Jan., 88⅜c; May, 96⅜c; July, 92⅜c.
CORN—Jan., 49c; Feb., 49½c; May, 52⅜c.
OATS—Jan. and Feb., 41c; May, 44⅜c.
PORK—Jan., $10 30; Feb., $10 50; May, $11 07½.
LARD—Jan., $5 82½; Feb., $5 97½; May, $6 40.
SHORT RIBS—Jan., $5 02½; Feb., $5 17½; May, $5 62½.

CASH QUOTATIONS.
No. 2 spring wheat, 88½c; No. 2 red, 90½c to 91½c; No. 2 corn, 48⅜c; No. 2 oats, 41c to 41⅜c; No. 2 rye, 65c; No. 2 barley, nominal; mess pork, $10 25; lard, $5 80 to $5 82½; short ribs sides, $4 95 to $5 05; dry salted shoulders, $4 20 to $4 30; short clear sides, $5 30 to $5 35.

Receipts—			
Flour, bbls	6,000	Wheat, bu	24,000
Corn, bu	95,000	Oats, bu	69,000
Rye	7,000	Barley	28,000
Shipments—			
Flour, bbls	16,000	Wheat, bu	18,000
Corn, bu	132,000	Oats, bu	158,000
Rye, bu	21,000	Barley, bu	4,000

OSWEGO, Jan. 2.
WHEAT—Unchanged; white State at $1 05.
CORN—No. 2 yellow at 63c.
BARLEY—Market nominal; No. 2 Canada at 81c to 82c; No. 2 extra Canada at 85c; No. 1 Canada at 90c to 91c.

TOLEDO, Jan. 2.
WHEAT—96c asked cash, $1 00 bid May, 93c bid July, 92c bid Aug.
CORN—51c cash; 53½c May.
OATS—41c cash, 46c May.

DETROIT, Jan. 2.
WHEAT—No. 1 white, 95c cash, No. 2 red 95c cash, 95c Jan., $1 May.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 2.
WHEAT—Easy; 83½c cash, 84½c Feb., 90½c May.

Live Stock Markets.

MONTREAL.
MONTREAL, Jan. 2.—The market presented a holiday appearance to-day, there being but two farmers' sleighs on Jacques Cartier Square, and one market gardener's sleigh in front of Bonsecour's Market at 10 o'clock, with scarcely a buyer to be seen. At Viger Market there were eight milch cows offered, some of them having been offered here last Friday. Only a few milkmen put in an appearance up to near 11 o'clock, and no sales were made.

EAST BUFFALO.
EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Cattle—Three cars on sale; market quiet. Weather wet and disagreeable early, and changed to cold and snow later, and had a bad effect on the market. Good butchers', $3 55 to $3 80; veal calves, $5 to $6.
Sheep and Lambs—Offerings 20 cars; generally pretty ordinary quality; ruled quiet and a trifle off; best sheep worth $5 to $5 25; grades here, mostly at $4 50 to $4 75; best lambs quotable at $6 50; most Canadas here, $6 15 to $6 35.
Hogs—Five cars on sale; demand fair; best hogs, $3 80 to $3 90; Yorkers, light to good, $3 65 to $3 80; pigs, $3 25 to $3 50.

Petrolea Oil Market.

PETROLEA, Jan. 2.—Oil opened to-day at $1 30, closing at the same price.

Toronto Market.

TORONTO, Jan. 2.
WHEAT—Manitoba hard, No. 2, 97c to 98c; Manitoba hard, No. 3, 88c to 89c; spring, No. 2, 87c to 89c; red winter, No. 2, 93c to 94c.
BARLEY—No. 1, 60c to 60c; No. 2, 55c to 55c; No. 3 extra, 50c to 51c; No. 3, 47c to 47c.
PEAS—No. 2, 64c to 65c.
OATS—No. 2, 45c to 46½c.
FLOUR—Extra, $3 95 to $4 00; straight roller, $4 15 to $4 20; superfine, $3 50 to $3 60; fine, $3 to $3 25.
Market dull. Sales—No. 2 Manitoba hard wheat at 98c; oats, on track at 45½c and outside at 41c to 41½c; peas outside at 60c.

Montreal Market.

MONTREAL, Jan. 2.
FLOUR—Receipts 900 bbls; sales none reported. Quotations: Patents winter, $5 00 to $5 25; spring, $5 30 to $5 50; straight roller, $4 40 to $4 75; extra, $4 20 to $4 35; superfine, $3 74 to $4 10; strong bakers, $4 75 to $5 25; Ontario bags, $1 75 to $2 00; city bags $4 75 to $5 25.
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 hard Manitoba, 98c to 99c; corn, 72c to 73c, duty paid; peas, 71c to 72c; oats, 45c to 48c; barley, 65c to 70c; rye, 60c to 60c.
MEAL—Oatmeal, $2 25 to $2 50; cornmeal, $2 40 to $2 50.
PROVISIONS—Pork, 14½c to 15½c per lb.; lard, 8c to 8½c; bacon, 10c to 11c; hams, 11c to 12½c; cheese, 9c to 9½c; butter, townships, 16c to 20c; Morrisburg, 16c to 20c; Western, 14c to 16c; creamery, 19c to 22c; eggs fresh, 26c to 27c.

Every housekeeper should use Strong's Baking Powder. Test its merit by securing a free sample package at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. This powder is sold at 25 cents per pound, and is unequaled in purity and strength. At this season of the year Centelene should be used for chapped hands, face and lips. This is a lotion of superior excellence, put up in 25-cent bottles and sold on a guarantee at STRONG'S Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. 24tf

Bad, Worse, Worst.

Cold, cough, consumption, to cure the first and second and prevent the third use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the never-failing family medicine for all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. A marvel of healing in pulmonary complaints.

LIQUOR LICENSE BYLAW.

What Reduction of Licenses Accomplished in Toronto.

Telling Facts and Figures by Ex-Mayor Howland.

In reply to a letter addressed to him by Mr. D. C. McDermid, secretary of the citizens' committee that promoted the very large petition upon which the aldermen have acted in submitting a bylaw for the reduction in the number of liquor licenses in London, the following letter has been received from Ex-Mayor Howland, of Toronto. The letter speaks for itself:

32 CHURCH STREET, TORONTO,
Dec. 24, 1890.

Dear Mr. McDermid,—Your letter of Dec. 23 to hand. You ask me whether the reduction of licenses in Toronto from 250 to 150 had an effect of reducing the amount of drinking. I have no doubt of this being the case, and I think if you examine the police returns of the city you will find that although there has been a large increase of the population the returns will show favorable results, considering the very large increase in the population since the bylaw was carried. I do not think that the argument that the less you have of a thing the more you will have of its results is a very good one. You would not hear it applied to anything else, and my experience in the matter of public houses is that the less you have of them the less you have of drinking.

Each public house cultivates its own constituency and the harm done would be less if it were not for the fact that they both cultivate and develop an increasing constituency. The removal of the public houses from the residence districts in my opinion is an undoubted advantage to any city. I may say that the one great object gained by reducing the number of the public houses by bylaw, is that it fixes the number and the natural increase of the city continues without the increase of the public houses, which are undoubtedly detrimental. In Toronto, if we had our full complement on our present population, allowable by statute, we would have about 500 instead of 150. I think even the most extravagant advocate of the saloon would scarcely say that the drinking in Toronto would be no more if we had 500 public houses. We find the limitation of the number has had two very important effects. The first is that the present number are watchable by the police, and that the fact that there are supposed to be 500 applicants for every vacant license, makes the present license holder extremely cautious about infringements of the law.

I have no hesitation in saying that the reduction of licenses to a limited number is the best possible means of insuring the observance of the law by license holders. We have had no difficulty whatever in this direction since the number was reduced. The 500 applicants are practically enforcement policemen, as the moment the licensee is convicted the third time of an infringement of the law the license becomes de facto forfeited, and the waiting applicants would take care that such a position was not ignored. Again, the necessity of having a well-conducted house has prevented the opening of low concert saloons in connection with the public houses in Toronto, which I do not think can be said of any city of the size in the world.

I think also that in order to prevent the traffickers in intoxicating liquors becoming too powerful, it is necessary for the people to exert the powers that in them lie sufficiently often to keep those engaged in the business in mind of the fact that their tenure of the business is entirely at the option of the community of the people with whom they live. Sincerely yours,

W. H. HOWLAND.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Mrs. R. Scott and children, of this city, spent New Year with Mr. and Mrs. C. Cottis, of Guelph.

—Mr. Martin, of this city, has been elected a local representative of the Canadian Society of Musicians.

—The charge of a violation of the Liquor License Act, preferred against James McDonald, was dismissed by the police magistrate yesterday morning.

—Messrs. W. G. Fitzgerald, Fred Scandrett, Arthur Kingsmill, John Milne, J. Brown and R. Burns, of this city, attended the assembly given by the gentlemen of Petrolea in Victoria Hall the other night. It was a great success.

—A meeting of those interested in the liquor traffic was held in the Albion Block Wednesday afternoon, Hon. John Carling presiding. A substantial sum was subscribed to assist in the work of opposing the license reduction bylaw, which will be before the electors on Monday.

—Toronto Globe: W. G. Killmaster, who is managing the Opera House in Brantford for Manager Greene, wired him Thursday night: "London Liberal Minstrels played today to two of the largest audiences seen here this season in face of a heavy rainstorm. It is the best minstrel company ever seen in the city." The boys appear at the Academy of Music next Monday and Tuesday evening, with a special matinee on Tuesday. The plan is now open. They are sure of a big house in Toronto.

A New Band to Start.

A mass meeting of the city members of the Sons of England Benevolent Society, was held Thursday in Chesley Lodge room, Foresters' Hall. The object was principally to consider the advisability of instituting a band in connection with the order, and the discussion resulted in the appointment of a committee to raise subscriptions for the establishment of the musical organization in question. It was also decided to request that the Grand Lodge meeting in February, 1892, be held in this city.

Nathan Plummer, M.D., of Auburn, N.H., says that he has used WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY in his practice for more than ten years, and finds it the most effectual remedy within his knowledge. He recommends it with great confidence to those subject to coughs and pulmonary complaints.

The Handsomest Woman in London
remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50 cents and $1. zxv

Stone flour, rolled oats, feed of all kinds, etc. L. Crouse, of the Byron mills, has opened out at 357 Talbot street. Patrons can telephone 738. The public can also secure T. Yerex's dray by telephoning above. zxv

Cheap Shoes.—Women's kid boots in operas ties and common sense; men's calf and cordovan Bals; nice goods, at low prices. See them before you buy. R. KIRKPATRICK, 219 Dundas street, London. zxvl

The most efficacious stimulants to excite the appetite are Angostura Bitters, prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for the genuine article.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

Miss Mabel Smith, sister of Miss Stella Smith, teacher in Ridgetown public schools, died a few days ago at Winnipeg and was buried in that city last Sunday. The cause of death was heart disease. Miss Smith formerly resided in Strathroy.

SABBATH SCHOOL FESTIVAL IN ST. MARYS.

The English Church held its entertainment in the Opera House on Monday. The building was well filled. An opening chorus by the choir of the church, "Behold, I Bring You Good Tidings"; carols by the children, who also sang capitally a stirring piece, with flags and drum accompaniment, and the new national song, "Raise the Flag," by the choir, with the British and Canadian colors floating over them, formed the first part of the programme. The second part was a cantata entitled, "New Year's Eve," in which the Old and New Year, Father Time, the Seasons, with their attendants, the Months, also Santa Claus and Christmas, appeared. The four tableaux were exceedingly pretty. They were, "Crowning the May Queen," "The Picnic," "The Harvest Scene" and "The Shepherds of Bethlehem in the Field, with Their Flocks," in which an illuminated star, with "Peace on Earth" appeared. The music was very taking and appropriate, and the choruses were well rendered. The dresses were most characteristic, and those of the ladies most beautiful. From the opening chorus to the closing one, "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow," there was not a hitch, and the entertainment was generally pronounced second to none that had been given in the town. The Rev. W. J. Taylor spoke of the growth of the Sunday school; it had trebled in attendance during the last three months. To Mrs. Taylor and the other workers the great success of this gathering is due. Proceeds, $75.

PRESENTATION TO A DELAWARE PASTOR.

Rev. R. McIntyre and wife, of Delaware, have been made the recipients of a number of costly presents by the members and adherents of the Delaware and Caradoc Presbyterian churches. The presentations were made at the Christmas entertainment given by St. Andrew's Sabbath school in the Town Hall. The following is a copy of the address:

Dear Pastor,—We desire to take advantage of this opportunity to give expression to our high appreciation of you as our minister. You came amongst us under circumstances that were not very promising or stimulating, but by your courage and faithful attention to your work you have caused the clouds to pass away, and have made our prospects as a congregation most hopeful. Having thus inspired us with new courage it is fitting that we should show you that you have not been unappreciated, and that we gladly and thankfully recognize the excellent work done by you in the past year. As a mark of our esteem we of both your congregations take great pleasure in presenting you with this astrakan coat, robe, harness, bells and whip; and not forgetting your excellent wife, who has endeared herself to us during the time she has been amongst us, we wish her to accept this purse as a token of our esteem. May you both be long spared to continue the good work amongst us and to enjoy the gracious approval of the blessed Master. Signed on behalf of the congregations of Cook's Church, Caradoc, and St. Andrew's Church, Delaware. W. E. Borley, Walter Hay, Wm Young, Robert Sutherland.

SARNIA.

New Year's Day Mr. W. J. Hanna, barrister, and Miss Jennie Neal went quiet up to Point Edward and were joined in holy bonds of wedlock by Rev. Mr. St Mr. and Mrs. Hanna then just as quie left for Watford, where Mr. Hanna's p ents reside, leaving sad and forlorn a tleman named Robinson, who had arri here Wednesday morning on the 3 o'c train, having come all the way from Colo to marry Miss Neal next day. Mr. H has returned and is receiving the cong lations of his numerous friends.

The 22nd annual ball and supper o Sarnia Rescue Hook and Ladder Com took place in the Town Hall, New Eve, and was the most successful h years. The Management Committe serve great credit for the orderly m in which everything was conducted. a number from outside towns attende

D. Simpson & Co., grocers, h signed.

Miss Nellie Mooity, of Watford New Year's with relatives in town.

Andrew T. Smith is disposing of printing office with the intention to Portland, Oregon.

The schools will re-open next day.

The annual festival of St. Georg day school will take place Tuesday next.

Rev. Dr. Carman will preach Methodist Church on Sunday, mo evening.

Mr. James Smith, of Winnipeg ried New Year's eve to Miss Soph cock, of Sarnia.

A. Suhler, merchant tailor, ha

Interesting Legal Deci

TORONTO, Dec. 3.—The case age vs. Delmage came up at Os Hall yesterday. Judgment on appe the finding and certificate of the loer at Chatham that the defendants Manor Wilson and Matilda Wilson arcitled to share in the estate of tl James A. Delmage, because the twamed were children of Ellen Anniwas a child of the said James A. e, but not born to him in wedlock; a cross-appeal by the plaintiff from thg that Maria Purdon is entitled to in the estate, the ground of the crosl being that James Gideon, her fatis born out of wedlock. The learnee holds with regard to the appealthere is not sufficient evidence of rep of the marriage of James A. Delto Mary Keely previous to their m in 1829 to establish a prior marthe presumption of a former mabeing rebutted by that marriage. regard to the cross-appeal, he hold there is ample evidence to establi master's finding. Appeal and cpeal dismissed without costs. Armour, Q.C., and J. B. Rankin (C) for the defendants the Wilsons. I. Douglas for the plaintiff; C. J. Hol the defendants, the Federal Bar

A Cough Cold or Throat requires immediate atte as neglect oftentimes results in sonrable Lung Disease. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a simple remedy, cont nothing injurious; and will give inte relief. 25 cents a box.

Powder Mill [illegible]sion.

A powder mill explosion ts the country for miles round, but sia, biliousness, constipation, headache, appetite and debility, affect humanity orld over. The editor of the Mitchell R states that he was cured of biliousness trouble and sick headache, by Burdock Bitters. Is it not worth trying on such e?
—We ring the bells ise the strain,
We hang up garl verywhere,
And bid the tape kle fair,
And feast and fr d then we go
Back to the same again.

Advice [illegible]thers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S ... NG SYRUP should always be used for ch ething. It soothes the child, softens t s, allays all pain, cures wind colic, an best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bot

Fifteen [illegible] Free.

"Fifteen months a d a healing breast. I tried many remedi got no relief, I then tried Hagyard's Yell which gave me instant ease. It is the thing I ever used for all kinds of pains s. MRS. JOHN CORBETT, St. Marys, On

If [illegible] Require Anything
IN THE
[illegible]DYGOODS LINE
FOR
CHRISTMAS
Eith[illegible] Yourself, Your House, or a Present for [illegible] Friend, you will consult your own interests by attending
[illegible]TTIE'S GREAT SALE
[illegible]d Making Your Selections Therefrom.
[illegible]s an acknowledged fact that our stock [illegible]ises the finest goods in the trade, and we [illegible]ering the whole at cost price for a few [illegible] longer, previous to Mr. Thomas Beattie [illegible]g.
[illegible]omas Beattie & Co.
176 and 178 Dundas St.

NEW OCEAN TERROR.

[illegible]ord Ship Is Now Expected to [illegible]sarm Big Armored Vessel.

[New York Sun.

[illegible] the fleets of nations consisted of [illegible]den vessels Ericsson constructed a [illegible] armored against their shots and [illegible] destroy a great number of ships [illegible] being damaged itself. Two [illegible]able weapons not in use at that time [illegible] ram and the torpedo—have been [illegible]uced, either of which may destroy in [illegible] seconds millions of value in armored [illegible]s. Ships of great size for carrying [illegible] have therefore been furnished with [illegible] auxiliaries. The United States in its [illegible] type has discarded the gun and the [illegible]edo, and in the Am ram places its reliance in the spu the vessel being [illegible]vily armored for he displacement and [illegible]uick maneuvering alities. A Danish [illegible]entor, conceiving th idea that small [illegible]s to destroy the propeller of an ad[illegible]sary are desirable adjuncts to a fleet of [illegible] vessels, has designed what he calls a [illegible]ord ship. His plan is or a vessel of 110 [illegible]ns displacement, intended for spoiling [illegible]afts or propeller-bla or punching holes [illegible] the bottoms of armored cruisers. Its [illegible]word is more than t feet long and has [illegible]eeth like a saw to prevent it from slipping. [illegible]ts upper point is six fe below the water [illegible]evel, its lower point being five and a half feet deeper. The sword is carried and supported by two arms which should be as thin as is consistent with strength in order not to impede the maneuvering power. Sword ships should be furnished with twin propellers with a balanced rudder between them, and should have magy water-tight compartments, some which, when action is impending, should be filled with water in order to submerge the ship still deeper. The speed ought to higher than that of torpedo boats of equ power and displacement, that is, over 25 knots per hour, because the sword p has no projectiles to discharge and mission is to destroy the larger game. The conning towers should be armored and arranged so as to lessen as much as possible the shock of collision. Although any kind of propeller can be ed, the maneuvering power is thought to be especially improved with the two-bladed propeller. The blades are connected by means of a blade-axle, which can turn fly in the boss. The thrust of the upper blade is greatest in ordinary propeller on account of the greater of the up wake, but here its plate angle decreas a little, while the pitch of the opposite blade increases in the same proportion. The maneuvering of a small sword vessel requires only one duty from the commer, according the inventor—that is, the should be a sailor.

Sitting in the conning tower the commander is able to concentrate his whole attention upon the maneuvers required to rush upon the enemy and destroy his propellers. At a distance of 1,000 feet from an ironclad a shot would ricochet from the half-submerged deck of the sword-ship, and as the distance can be passed over in 25 seconds the chance of being damaged is little while the vessel is protected against quick-firing guns. Suppose an ironclad and a sword-vessel going 18 and 24 knots respectively, the sword vessel possessing several times greater maneuvering power. Commander requires only to thrust his long sword within the disc area of the condemned propeller and the blades are cut in rapid succession. The sanguine inventor says of his work: There can be no doubt concerning the correctness of this method because complicated torpedoes often fail in the decisive moment, whereas a sword must damage where it hits; secondly, the maneuvers demanded for the application of torpedoes are always impeded by a great number of difficulties."

[illegible]ovely Girl.

Particular care should be taken of the complexion this season of the year to prevent roughness of the skin, sore lips, chapped hands and no preparation is so reliable as Derma. It renders the skin beautifully and satin-like, restores its natural firmness, elasticity and freshness; delightfully perfumed; not sticky or greasy. Large bottles 25 cents. Sold by Cairncross & Lawrence.

Nonsense is the straw that tickles humanity the world over.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

Telephone No. 371. To builders and the trade.—Opportunity is solicited to quote you prices on all kinds of interior finish, and for the work of every description. Turning and design done in the neatest manner. Boulevard posts and rails, blinds and screens, sash, doors and frames in all styles. Prices right. Respectfully yours, J. C. Dodd & Son, corner Wellington and Bathurst sts, city.

SNOWED UNDER.

Disastrous Effects of a Kansas Bl[illegible] —Passenger Trains Blockaded on the Prairie.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 2.—A bli[illegible] raged Wednesday night and continued with great severity yesterday over Northern Missouri and Kansas. Kansas is covered with a blanket of snow four inches to a foot thick.

Dispatches from different parts of Kansas indicate the almost entire cessation of all local railway business as a result of the storm. The Burlington eastbound passenger train is blockaded on the prairie eighteen miles north of Atchison, and the Missouri Pacific eastbound train is stalled north of Hawatha. Relief trains with provisions and fuel have been sent forward to the blockaded trains, but they, too, may be unable to plow through the huge drifts. The eastbound passenger train is tied up at Salina, Kansas, and the westbound Union Pacific train has been unable to get beyond Brookville. No freight trains were sent out from here after noon yesterday, and the passenger trains were all equipped with two engines and snow plows.

An Annoying Accident.

Sanso—I want to buy one of those unbreakable lamp chimneys you have advertised.

Clerk—I'm very sorry, sir, but we accidentally got our whole stock smashed this afternoon.

Peruvians Keep Cows on the Roofs.

A recent writer on this subject says: "In many cases a Lima cow spends all her days on the roof of her owner's residence, having been taken up when a calf and brought down at the end of her life as a fresh beef. In the meantime she is fed on alfalfa, tropical clover, and the slops from the kitchen. Chicken coops are still more common on the roofs of dwellings, and in the thickly-populated portions of the town your neighbor's cocks waken you at daylight with reminders of St. Peter."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Good Conundrum.

Mr. Williams, "Why is a drum without head like a model wife?"
Mr. Cross (a henpecked husband), "Because she is mute."
Mr. Williams, "Right; now tell me why a muscular wife, a drum without a head, a turnip, a plumber and Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder are similar?"
Mr. Cross (triumphantly), "Because they can't be beat."

THE DOMINION
Savings and Investment Society
OF LONDON, ONTARIO.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - - $1,000,000
ASSETS, - - - - - - - - 2,300,000

SAVINGS BANK BRANCH
Deposits Received and Highest Rates of Interest Allowed Thereon.

The whole of the assets, together with the capital stock of the Society ($1,000,000), are pledged by act of Parliament as security for the proper payments of deposits.

The funds of the Society are invested in mortgages on real estate, thus rendering the security to depositors both complete and permanent.

LOANS
on Mortgages on Real Estate—Farms, Town or City Property—repayable on the straight loan plan or by installments, at the lowest rates of interest.
No commission paid by borrowers.
Mortgages and Debentures purchased.
ROBERT REID, President. F. B. LEYS, Manager.
yt

PLACE YOUR ORDERS FOR FLOWERS
for the Henry M. Stanley lecture with
DILLOWAY,
Mrs. Woodliffe's old stand.
Telephone 587.

Ear, Nose & Throat
DR. PINGEL,
Office, - 354 Dundas Street, London.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

London, Saturday, Jan. 3.

Desperate Remedies

By Thomas Hardy,

AUTHOR OF "A PAIR OF BLUE EYES," "THE TRUMPET-MAJOR," ETC.

January 25.—Mr. Manston has just seen w[illegible] the third time on the subject of his rac[illegible]. There have been these peculiarities [illegible]ing these interviews:

My visitor, whilst expressing [illegible]endu[illegible]s great anxiety to do everything [illegible]alcu[illegible] her recovery, showed plainly by words [illegible]earing that he was convinced he should never see her again.

"The second. He had left off feigning anxiety to do rightly by his first wife, and honestly asked after Cytherea's welfare.

"The third (and most remarkable). He seemed to have lost all consistency. Whilst expressing his love for Cytherea (which certainly is strong) and evincing the usual indifference to the first Mrs. Manston's fate, he was unable to conceal the intensity of his eagerness for me to advise him to advertise again for her."

A week after the second, the third advertisement was inserted. A paragraph was attached, which stated that this would be the last time the announcement would appear.

3. The first of February.

At this, the eleventh hour, the postman brought a letter for Manston, directed in a woman's hand.

A bachelor friend of the steward's Mr. Dickson by name, who was somewhat of a chatterer—plenus rimarum—and boasted of an endless string of acquaintances, had come over from Troominster the proceeding day by invitation—an invitation which had been a pleasant surprise to Dickson himself, insomuch that Manston as a rule, voted him a bore almost to his face. He had stayed over the night, and was sitting at breakfast with his host when the important missive arrived.

Manston did not attempt to conceal the subject of the letter, or the name of the writer. First glancing the pages through, he read aloud as follows:

"'My Husband,

"'I implore your forgiveness.

"'During the last thirteen months I have repeated to myself a hundred times that you should never discover what I voluntarily tell you now, namely, that I am alive and in perfect health.

"'I have seen all your advertisements. Nothing but your persistency has won me back. Surely, I thought, he must love me still. Why else should he try to win [illegible] woman who, faithful unto death as [illegible]ill be, can, in a social sense, aid him [illegible]s acquiring nothing—rather the reverse, indeed.

"'You yourself state my own mind—that the only grounds upon which we can [illegible] and live together, with a reasonable [illegible]e of happiness, must be a mutual consent to bury in oblivion all past differences. [illegible]eartily and willingly forget everything—and forgive everything. You will do the same as your actions show.

"'There will be plenty of opportunity for me to explain the few facts relating to my escape on the night of the fire. I will only give the heads in this hurried note. I was grieved at your not coming to meet me, more grieved at your absence from the station, most of all by your absence from home. On my journey to the inn, I writhed under a passionate sense of wrong done me. When I had been shown to my room I waited and hoped for you until the landlord had gone upstairs to bed. I still found that you did not come, then I finally made up my mind to leave. I had half undressed, but I put on my things again, forgetting my watch (and I suppose dropping my keys, though I am not sure where) in my hurry, and stepped out of the house. The——"

"Well, that's a rum story," said Mr. Dickson, interrupting.

"What's a rum story?" said Manston, hastily, and flushing in the face.

"Forgetting her watch and dropping her keys in a hurry."

"I don't see anything particularly wonderful in it. Any woman might do such a thing."

"Any woman might if escaping from fire or shipwreck, or any such immediate danger. But it seems incomprehensible to me that any woman in her senses, who quietly decides to leave a house, should be so forgetful."

"All that is required to reconcile your seeming with her facts is to assume that she was not in her senses, for that's what she did plainly, or how could the things have been found there? Besides, she's truthful enough. He spoke eagerly and peremptorily.

"Yes, yes, I know that. I merely meant that it seemed rather odd."

"Oh, yes." Manston read on:

"'——and stepped out of the house. The rubbish heap was burning up brightly, but the thought that the house was in danger did not strike me; I did not consider that it might be thatched.

"'I idled in the lane behind the woodshed until the last down-train had come in, not being in a mood to face strangers. Whilst I was there the fire broke out, and this perplexed me still more. However, I was determined not to stay in the place. I went to the railway station, which was now quiet, and inquired of the solitary man on duty there concerning the trains. It was not until I had left the man that I saw the effect that the fire might have on my history. I considered also, though not in any detailed manner, that the event, by attracting the attention of the village to my former abode, might set people on my track should they doubt my death, and a sudden dread of having to go back again to Knapwater—a place which had seemed inimical to me from first to last—prompted me to run back and bribe the porter to secrecy. I then walked on to Troominster, lingering about the outskirts of the town until the morning train came in, when I proceeded by it to London, and then took these lodgings, where I have been supporting myself ever since by needlework, endeavoring to save enough money to pay my passage home to America, but making melancholy progress in my attempt. However, all that is changed—can I be otherwise than happy at it!" Of course not. I am happy. Tell me what I am to do, and

"'Believe me to be still

"'Your faithful wife,

"'EUNICE.'"

"'My name here is (as before)

"'MRS. RONDLEY, and my address,

"'79 Addington Street.

"'Lambeth.'"

The name and address were written on a separate slip of paper.

"So it is to be all right at last then," said Manston's friend. "But after all there's another woman in the case. You don't seem very sorry for the poor little thing who is put to such distress by this turn of affairs? I wonder you can let her go so coolly."

(To be Continued.)

Removed to 195 Dundas street, one door west of Crystal Hall. Trunks and valises at factory prices; repairing a specialty. M. SCARROW.

The following answer is stated to have been actually given not long ago by a pupil in the junior physiology class. Teacher—what teeth come last? Pupil—False teeth.

Mr. Job Scales, of Toronto, writes: "A short time ago I was suffering from Kidney Complaint and Dyspepsia, sour stomach and lame back; in fact, I was completely prostrated and suffering intense pain. While in this state a friend recommended me to try a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. I used one bottle, and the permanent manner in which it has cured and made a new man of me is such that I cannot withhold from the proprietors this expression of my gratitude."

Arabella—Is that a voluntary that the organist is playing now? Augustus—No; I believe he is paid for it.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Folding beds, English, $8. Furniture of all grades very cheap. T. BRENTON, 385 Talbot street, opposite market.

Boarding and lodging, cheapest rates in the city (good stabling), Central House, 93 King street.

A $2 bromide given away with each dozen cabinets at Norton's, corner Dundas and Richmond street. Tintypes, four for 50 cents ywt

Sewing machines of all kinds repaired, umbrellas mended with dispatch, saws and cutlery sharpened. T. P. COMISKEY, 383½ Talbot street. yt

No Humbug.—In connection with my Christmas stock I have a large consignment of samples of fancy goods (no two alike), which I will sell at the wholesale prices. You can secure a genuine bargain if you will call and examine goods and inquire prices. Xmas cards in great variety and very cheap. Pictures, picture frames, boxes of oil and water color paints—all suitable for Xmas presents and very cheap at E. N. HUNT'S, 190 Dundas street.

Tally Ho! Stable.

This stable still maintains its good name for turning out a first class livery of all descriptions to suit the public. In the stable are two fine Tandems to let with or without drivers, also a fine buss for sleighing parties. J. FULCHER, proprietor. Telephone 678.

Puritan and Old Chum Plug Cut Smoking Tobacco. The increase in sales of these two brands is Enormous Proof that a superior article will force itself to the front. D. RITCHIE & Co., Oldest Tobacco Manufacturers in Canada. 23f zxt

Mr. G. F. Robertson, who has represented the Confederation Life Insurance Company in this city, is now to be found at 650 Dundas street, where he has opened out in the book and stationery business. yvt

Sciatica.

Sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, gout, lumbago, etc., permanently cured by taking Kern's Rheumatic Cure. Try it. It will not fail to benefit you. For sale by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle.

Dried beef, sausages, bolognas, black pudding, smoked hams, bacon and lard. New stock, new store. M. A. ANDREWS, pork butcher, Richmond street, near Dundas.

A full line of public and high school books are at Allaster's.

Choice California Peaches & Apricots 25c Per Pound

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,

169 Dundas Street.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

A Canadian Druggist Makes a Discovery Rivaling that of Dr. Koch.

The civilized world has recently been deeply agitated over the announcement that Dr. Koch, and eminent German physician, had discovered a lymph for the cure of consumption. This discovery has been heralded throughout the world, and is looked upon as one of the greatest achievements of modern medical science. Of equal, if not greater importance, is a discovery made by a well-known Canadian druggist, which, while it does not pretend to cure consumption after the lungs had been affected, is offered with every confidence as a preventative of that disease. Medical testimony bears out the statement that more than two thirds of the cases of consumption, occurring in this country annually, are of catarrhal origin. The trouble begins with a cold in the head, which the sufferer treats as a light matter, and too frequently neglects. This in time invariably develops into catarrh; the mucous membrane becomes thickened, inflammed and hardened, and ther is a profuse discharge of watery and poisonous matter from the nostrils, or else the poisonous secretions become clogged and hardened. In either case the breath is inhaled over this poisonous matter, and produces baleful results. The inflammation gradually extends to the bronchial tubes, and thence to the lungs, which, already poisoned and weakened by the foul breath inhaled, are ripe for that dread disease—consumption—which ends in death. A remedy that will prevent these disastrous consequences must be regarded as a boon to mankind, and, as already stated, such a remedy has been discovered by a Canadian druggist. There is no case of cold in the head which it will not instantly relieve and permanently cure. Do not, for an instant, neglect a cold in the head, for, by its prompt treament, you will prevent its developing into catarrh — the second stage on the road to the grave. If, however, catarrh has already developed, the use of this great remedy will prove equally beneficial, as it affords speedy relief, and will effect a certain cure, even in the most aggravated cases, if persistently used. It removes the secretions, frees the clogged nostrils, and sweetens the breath, stops the inflammation and thus saves the lungs and prevents the disease developing into consumption. This great discovery is known and sold throughout the country under the name of Nasal Balm. It is a positive and certain cure, and the thousands of testimonials in the hands of its proprietors prove that it is all they claim for it. It is sold by all dealers, and every sufferer from cold in the head or catarrh should use it. 6k28ktx

The Head Surgeon.

Of the Luben Medical Company is now at Toronto, Canada, and may be consulted either in person or by letter on all chronic diseases peculiar to man. Men, young, old, or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptions: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headache, pimples on the face or body itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, spots before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLE, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity and death unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on all diseases peculiar to man. Address M. V. LUBON, 50 Front Street East, Toronto, Ont. Books sent free sealed. Heart disease, the symptoms of which are faint spells, purple lips, numbness, palpitation, skip beats, hot flashes, rush of blood to the head, dull pain in the heart with beats strong, rapid and irregular, the second heart beat quicker than the first, pain about the breast bone, etc., can positively be cured. No cure, no pay. Send for book. Address M. V. LUBON, 50 Front Street East, Toronto, Ont. Consultations free.

Good News For Those Afflicted With Rheumatism.

Rev. Jacob Iler, of Cottam, Essex county, writes: "J. W. Kern: Dear sir,—For several months I was severely afflicted with sciatica rheumatism. In December last inflammatory rheumatism set in. My family doctor failed to cure me. I tried various remedies, also Celery Compound and Pride of the Valley, with no benefit. I sent to Essex Center for another highly advertised medicine, also to Kingsville, but could get none. My friend, Mr. James Doan, druggist, of Kingsville, sent me a bottle of Kern's Rheumatic Cure, which vexed me, and caused me to say to my family this preparation is from some irresponsible person of whom we have no knowledge, and if his cure is good why is it not extensively known. I did believe it to be one of those many hundreds of worthless preparations that flood the market these days. After some days I concluded to try the stuff. It can't prove more worthless than the drugs I have been taking. But, sir, I had not taken more than half a dozen doses of it before the pain was entirely removed. That was several months ago, and I have felt nothing of them since. I must pronounce your preparation—Kern's Invaluable Rheumatic Cure. In conclusion, I will say I think it is your duty, as well as your interest, to make yourself and your cure more extensively known. I am a Baptist minister of Cottam, Essex county, Ont."

P. S. The reverend gentleman was so elated over his complete cure after a long period of intense suffering that he put an advertisement in the Essex Center paper recommending Kern's Rheumatic Cure at his own expense. He is upwards of 70 years of age

Furniture repaired and re-upholstered, lounges made to order, mattresses made, carpet laying, etc.—GEO. L. DANFORTH, corner Dundas and Wellington streets.

Dental material has increased. Take advantage before the price is increased from $8. J. B. COOK, 211½ Dundas street.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Mather's glove cleaner. Sold only by J. C. HALLIDAY, 115 Dundas street.

Four Dollars—Ladies' plush rocker at $4. Oak, cherry and Queen Elizabeth. Drum head lounges very cheap, at TRAFFORD'S, 96 King street.

Through Pullmans and Dining Car Attached to New York via Erie Railway.

The Erie is the only line running through Canada that gives the people of London the above service, and it is to be hoped they will take advantage of it by purchasing their tickets via the favorite Erie and save themselves the annoyance of changing cars and jumping off the trains for meals. 41-tf

Couldn't Go On Without Him.

A policeman at the Polk street station yesterday morning walked up to a young man whom he had observed hurrying to and fro in a feverish way for an hour or more, and said:

"My friend, what is the trouble? Is there anything I can do for you?"

"Do for me? Je-roos'lum! No! Not unless you can bring back that 8:25 train. I'll bet $1,000 it left ahead of time."

"Can't you go on another train?"

"Certainly. That's what I'm waiting for. But it doesn't leave till 3:30 this afternoon, and won't get to where I'm going till about midnight, and that won't do at all."

"If it's anything important, can't you send a telegram?"

"Send a telegram? I've sent half-a-dozen already. The fact is, I'm on my way to a wedding, to take place at 7 o'clock this evening. I've got some presents for the bride."

"Well," said the policeman, "the case isn't so bad. You can deliver the presents the next morning. The wedding will be over, of course, but——"

"Wedding over? Jumpin' Jupiter! It won't be over! That's the trouble."

"Why not?"

"Because it can't come off unless I'm on hand. I've got to be there. I'm the man that's going to be married. Policeman, you mean well, but you can't pour any of the oil of joy into this wounded bosom. I'll feel obliged if you'll go away somewhere and sit down."—Chicago Tribune.

FUN, FACTS AND FICTION.

"Give me the man who sings at his work," says some gushful writer. Do. Give him to anybody that wants him.

Hair Magic

Is a good name of Dr. Dorenwend's German preparation for the hair. It really works like magic. All who have used it pronounce it to be unequaled for remedying the lost vitality of the hair roots, restoring gray hair, removing dandruff, etc. Just try it. It is first-class. All druggists sell it.

Jack—Isn't Adele an enthusiastic dancer? Maud—Yes, poor girl; she is getting to an age when she must be.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

What strikes a man's eye first when he meets a lady on a rainy day?—Her umbrella, of course.

A man's wife should always be the same especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they will make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so, too.

The English channel, at its smallest breadth, is 20½ miles across.

"Papa, what made Latin a dead language?" "It was talked to death my son."

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

Christmas, for all it does happen but once a year, seems to have become a regular buy-word.

A Dinner Pill.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment it becomes a poison to the sytem. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and conver the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion or Dyspepsia.

"Engaged? And you have only visited her twice?" "Yes. Couldn't do anything else; such a fine, lovely girl. The first evening I went to see her it kept me nervous watching the clock on the mantel, and when 10 came I took my hat and left." "Well?" "Well, last night, when I called, I noticed the clock had been removed from the room."

The great lung healer is found in excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

All things come to the man who waits—except the particular things he is waiting for.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Statistics show that ninety-five out of a hundred men fail in business sooner or later, and the cases in which a firm sees fifty years of business life are extremely rare. It is certainly, then, a noteworthy case when a house dates its existence back to the close of the Revolution, as do Walter Baker & Co., the famous chocolate and cocoa manufacturers of Dorchester, Mass., who began business there in 1780, and for a hundred and ten years have made their productions the standard of purity and excellence all over the world. The immense increase in the consumption of their Breakfast Cocoa is largely due to their sagacity in setting and maintaining the standard of absolute purity in its production, thereby insuring its perfect healthfulness and the highest degree of nutrition. No chemicals are ever used in its preparation, but only the action of the cleanest and most exact mechanical processes upon the best materials; and at the Paris Exposition the gold medal for absolute purity and excellence was awarded to W. Baker & Co.'s preparations by the most eminent scientific authorities of Europe. t

She Had Beautiful Hair.

Nothing is more beautiful in a woman than lovely hair. Often through sickness or trouble the hair falls out, gets harsh and ragged, loses its brilliancy. To prevent this the most reliable of all is Bloxam's Hair Restorer, which prevents the hair from falling and produces a new growth, restores its natural color, beauty and softness, gives a beautiful gloss and perfume to the hair, does not soil the skin or most delicate head-dress; contains nothing injurious. Price 50 cents. Sold by Cairncross & Lawrence. eot

14,000,000 In One Day.

Over 14,000,000 bushels of wheat were recently sold in New York city in a single day. What a monument of magnificent bread this would make if properly reduced to flour and made into snowy, sweet palatable loaves with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. It is sold by all Grocers.

For all kinds of pastry, confectionery, etc., go to W. J. MCGINN'S, No. 519 Richmond street. Everything first-class. Vienna, home-made and fancy breads.

Quality not Quantity.

Our Inducements—a good article at a fair price. It is a well known and indisputable fact that the celebrated and popular brands of cigars "Cable," "Mungo," "El Padre" and "Madre E Hijo," have lost none of their original excellence, Over a quarter of a century in the market. Millions of each brand sold annually. FACTS which speak for themselves. S. DAVIS & SONS, Montreal. 23tfxt

OAK HALL

The Great One-Price Clothiers.

We have had a very successful season. Well, we take stock in about two weeks, and have rather too many Men's and Boys' Overcoats. We are not going to carry them over, so they have to be sold; and every Overcoat, Men's and Boys', has been marked away down. Call and be convinced.

OAK HALL,

150 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

ALF. TAYLOR, Manager.

OUR

Ten thousand eight hundred feet of floor space enables us to show our very fine lines of cabinet work, for 1891, viz.: Drawing-room Suites, Parlor Suites, Chamber Suites, Dining Suites, Library Suites, odd pieces in oak and walnut for the drawing-room. New style Cabinets, Sideboards and Extension Tables, Easy Chairs in Plush, Leather and Silk, finished in Sixteenth Century Tulip, Antique Cremonia and all kinds of woods, and trimmed with the best artistic hardware made. Note the address—

JOHN FERGUSON & SONS, 174 to 180 King St.

John Marshall & Co.

68 and 70 Dundas St.,

LONDON, - ONTARIO.

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HIGHEST PRICE PAID

For all descriptions of Raw Furs. 26tf wty



Toronto College of Music (Limited). Geo Goodeham, Esq., President. In affiliation with the University of Toronto. Musical instruction in the highest forms and in every branch. Apply for prospectus to F. H. Torrington, 12 and 14 Pembroke St., Toronto. tx

HAMILTON LADIES' COLLEGE

—AND—

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC AND ART

Is in Its 30th Year, Known in Every Part of the Dominion, and Has 300 Graduates.

Full course in Literature, Music and Art. Languages, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Elocution, etc. Special arrangements for specialists in Music and Art. Modern languages taught by teachers speaking the language fluently. Will open after the holidays on Jan. 5, 1891. Address the Principal, A. BURNS, D.D., LL.D. 4butyw

To build up a nation, support its Institutions."

Huron and Middlesex Mutual Fire INSURANCE COMPANY.

Head Office: 101 Dundas street, London, Ont.

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JOHN STEPHENSON, Manager.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

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Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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THE ALLIANCE

BOND AND INVESTMENT CO.

Of Ontario (Limited).

INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 27, 1890

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000

Subscribed, $500,000.

General Office:

27 and 29 Wellington St. East Toronto.

PRESIDENT, W. Stone, Toronto. VICE-PRESIDENT, Jas. Swift, Kingston

T. K. Holmes, M.D., Chatham.

CASHIER, Harry Vigeon.

SOLICITORS, - - McPherson, Clark & Jarvis, Toronto.

The company issue bonds guaranteed to the face value. These bonds are for amounts from $100, and can be bought for any number of years, from five upwards.

These bonds are payable by installments and the investor obtains guaranteed compound interest, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and are especially protected by a sinking fund invested in first-class real estate mortgages.

This company is empowered by its Charter to act as Administrators, Receivers, Trustees, Assignees, Liquidators and Agent under appointment by the courts or individuals. Having special facilities for the winding up of estates the Assignee branch of its business is solicited.

Being a responsible financial company, creditors can depend on prompt settlement and quick winding up of any estates they may intrust to the company.

The Alliance Bond & Investment Co. of Ontario (Limited),

Assignees, Administrators & Financial Agents, 27 & 29 Wellington St. East Toronto. eot eow

LIVERY

—AND—

Boarding Stables

JAS. GUSTIN,

Rigs delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

366 DUNDAS STREET,

TELEPHONE, 715.

DANCING.

PROF. THOMAS' ACADEMY, 244 Yonge Street, Toronto.

The largest and best academy in the Dominion. The new premises will allow greater advantages this season, having three large rooms and calisthenics hall above the academy, which will be devoted to the use of pupils. The very latest American and English dances will be taught in rapid succession. Ladies' and gentlemen's classes now forming. The public are invited to come and view the delightful premises from 10 a.m. till 12 noon each day.



FACIAL BLEMISHES

The largest Establishment in the World for the treatment of Hair and Scalp, Eczema, Moles, Warts, Superfluous Hair, Birthmarks, Moth, Freckles, Wrinkles, Red Nose, Red Veins, Oily Skin, Acne, Pimples, Blackheads, Barber's Itch, Scars, Pittings, Powder Marks, Facial Development, Sunken Cheeks, etc. Consultation free at office or by letter. 128 page book on all skin and scalp affections and their treatment sent sealed to any address for 10 cts.

JOHN H. WOODBURY, Dermatologist, 125 West 42d St., New York City.

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP for the Skin and Scalp, at Druggists or by mail, 50 cents.

Radam's Microbe Killer.

This remedy is compose of powerful germ destroying gases which permeate every tissue, eradicating disease and imparting life and health. The only remedy known that will cure all diseases. It cures all affections of the throat, Bronchitis, Consumption, Cancers, Tumors, Catarrh, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Kidney, Liver and Stomach troubles, etc., etc. All disease must give way before this germ destroyer. Pamphlets with testimonals free. Also local testimonals given.

WM. ELLIS,

98 Dundas street, London, Ont., Manager for Western Ontario. Agents wanted. ywt

Worth Its Weight in Gold to Suffering Humanity.

The Universal Inhaler will positively cure Catarrah, Asthma, Headache, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Hay Fever, Diphtheria, Sore Throat, and other pulmonary diseases. One cent a day will cover the cost of medicines used to treat any one complaint. All orders addressed to box 54, East London, will be promptly attended to. D. M. CAMPBELL, general agent for Ontario. Agents wanted. yt

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

HEWITT FYSH & CO
CONFECTIONERS.
French Crystallized Fruits,
CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES,
FINE CONFECTIONERY
FRESH DAILY.
Lunch and Oyster Parlors
220 DUNDAS STREET

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

MARRIED.

NEVE—STERRY—By the Rev. Dr. Sanderson, at the residence of Mr. B. Higgins, Dundas street, on New Year's Eve, Mr. Charles Neve, of Longwood, to Miss Clara Sterry, of this city.

DIED.

SING—On Jan. 1, at the family residence, 708 Maitland street, city, Lizzie, eldest daughter of Henry and Jemima Sing, aged 5 years and 1 month.
Funeral from the residence to-day (Saturday) at 3:30; services at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

BARBER—Near Evelyn, West Nissouri, on Jan. 1, 1891, Matthew Barber, sen., aged 80 years.
Funeral will leave his late residence, con. 5, West Nissouri, to-day (Saturday), at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this intimation.

CAREY—At Shenandoah, on Dec. 29, Benjamin W. Carey, only son of John Carey, Esq., South London, aged 60 years.

IN TRIM
For Fall Trade.
FINEST FABRICS,
DRESSY PATTERNS,
MODERATE PRICES
An unusual stock of Overcoatings, some of which will be sold at cost.
J. M. DENTON
372 RICHMOND STREET.

TECUMSEH FLOUR
This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
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USE NO OTHER.
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Select Your
Perfumes,
Spectacles,
Nose Glasses,
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—AT—
SHUFF'S
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—AND—
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L. H. & B.
Pure Leaf Lard,
Sugar Cured Hams,
Boneless Bacon.
JOHN MOULE,
GROCER,
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE

BUY OF THE MAKER.
Choice and Unique Xmas Presents.
Brass Goods, Coal Hods, French Mirrors, Over Mantels, Grates, Tiles, etc.
R. R. BLAND.
Mechanics' Institute, Dundas street.
zwb


This cut shows our "Crescent" Cast-iron, Stock Hydrant, with all necessary parts brass and two pipes, one dry, through which the valve can be withdrawn for repacking, the other forming a passage for the water to the spout. They are perfectly anti-freezing, the valve closes against the pressure, the waste is ample and reliable, and no water can enter the dry pipe. It can be repaired without digging up. Prices on application.
W. H. HEARD & CO.,
PLUMBERS, ETC.,
99 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.

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Of invention secured with dispatch
IN ALL COUNTRIES.
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A GREAT VARIETY
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PRIDDIS BROS.'
AFTER CHRISTMAS.
WM. GURD & CO.,
185 Dundas Street, London, Ont.
We are selling the balance of our Toy Steam Engines, Hot Air Toys, Skates, etc., at reduced prices to close them off. ywt

Southcott & Patten
Fashionable Tailors,
361 Richmond Street
ywt

JERSEY CREAM CHEESE
DRIED CALIFORNIA FRUITS
Fresh Teas and Coffees
ELLIOTT BROS.,
Grocers, 153 Dundas Street.
ywt

THE WEATHER PROPHET.

TORONTO, Jan. 2—11 p.m.—The depression over the lakes yesterday is now central over the Bay of Fundy. It is raining throughout the Maritime Provinces and light snow is falling in Quebec and portions of Ontario. Moderate temperature and fair weather prevail over the Northwest. Maximum and minimum temperatures: Calgary, 10°—36°; Qu'Appelle, 18°—20°; Fort Arthur, 12° below. Temperatures to-night: Toronto, 16°; Kingston, 18°; Montreal, 12°; Quebec, 28°; Halifax, 36°.
Local temperature—Highest, 30°; lowest, 12°; rain, 0.31 in.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, Jan. 3—10 a.m.—The indications for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region (covering the peninsula and as far east as Belleville) are: Northwest to northeast winds; fine and decidedly cold.

C. McCALLUM
Dispensing Chemist.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded
PRICES MODERATE.
Bring your prescriptions to McCallum's. The public can rely upon every care in this department.
RESPONSIBLE DRUGGISTS
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Open every night to 10 o'clock, except Sundays.
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London Advertiser.
Telephone Numbers:
107.....Business Office.
134a.....Editorial Rooms.
134b.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Mr. J. R. Seavey, arrived home Thursday from his holiday western trip.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cooke, of this city, are spending their holidays in Embro.

—Mr. Elon Bates, of Sarnia, is visiting his mother and relatives in South London.

—Miss Mary Leckie, of Hamilton, is spending her holidays with Miss Bilton, 721 Waterloo street.

—Mr. Albert Neighorn entertained the members of the Richmond Club to dinner in the Tecumseh House on New Year's Eve.

—Mrs. S. Burwell, of Fingal, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Beattie, of this city, for the past month, has returned home.

—Easter Sunday falls very early this year, being on March 29. There are only two Sundays after Epiphany. Ash Wednesday falls on Feb. 11. Good Friday on March 27.

—Mr. James Gray, formerly in the employ of Mr. Kingsmill, was recently presented with a kindly-worded address and a gold-headed cane by his fellow employes. Mr. H. A. Kingsmill read the address and Mr. R. F. Kingsmill handed the presentee the cane. Mr. Gray leaves shortly to enter the employ of a Hamilton firm.

—The marriage ceremony of Mr. W. F. Bevin and Miss Hattie Bragg, both of this city, was performed by Rev. A. C. Courtice at the residence of the bride's mother, corner Central avenue and Palace street. The bridesmaid was Miss Christina Hiscott, while the groom was supported by the bride's brother, Mr. R. Bragg. A large number of the friends and relatives of the contracting parties were present, a most enjoyable evening being spent by the company. Congratulations were showered on the happy young couple, and the numerous and costly presents amply testified to the esteem in which they are held.

The Flowers that Bloom in January.

The following dispatch was received at the ADVERTISER office Thursday:

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 1.
To the ADVERTISER.—Fraternal and seasonable greetings to you all. Pansies and other flowers are being plucked out of doors for our buttonhole bouquets. Occasionally a strawberry and raspberry plant in blossom is observable. For climate ours is the premier Province of Canada. THE WORLD STAFF.

Officers of Court Brighton, A. O. F.

At the semi-annual meeting of Court Brighton, 6,507, the following were elected to fill the various offices for the ensuing term: Geo. Chapman, chief ranger; Jas. H. Mustill, P.C.R.; Geo. Mansbridge, V. C. R.; R. Dunn, treasurer; H. Sutherland, secretary; Chas. H. Peacock, sen. W.; Wm. Hart, jun. W.; Wm. J. Scott, sen. B.; Geo. T. Mitchell, jun. B.; Dr. J. M. Piper, surgeon; Thos. May, minute secretary; W. Row, agent endowment fund; J. S. Dewar, D. H. Young and Wm. Row, trustees, re-elected. The Relief Committee is composed of H. Pritchett, F. McMillan, Geo. Mansbridge and the chief ranger.

A Serious Accident.

Albert McIntosh, a young man employed as hostler in the City Hotel, was walking along Clarence street about 7 o'clock Thursday night and was run over by a yard engine. He came to the city from St. Thomas on the M. C. R., and was on his way to the place where he is employed when the accident occurred. It appears that he saw another man running to get ahead of the engine and attempted to do the same himself with the result that he slipped on the pathway. One foot was cut off and the other was badly smashed while other injuries were sustained. He was taken to the hospital and is doing nicely.

Entertainment at Byron.

A successful Sunday school entertainment was given in St. Anne's Church, Byron, the other evening. A very enjoyable programme was presented by the young people, in which nearly all participated either in singing, in recitations or in dialogues. The opening address was read by Mabel Wickerson. Among those contributing to the programme in recitations were Maria Davidson, Kate Fortner, Ida Well, Rachael McIlhearn, Bertha Elwood and Sarah Kenny. Rev. Messrs. H. R. and L. W. Diehl gave two solos, and Messrs. Adams and Tatham furnished instrumental music. Speeches were also made by the Rev. Messrs. Diehl and Crouse.

The Minstrels at Brantford.

The holiday trip of the minstrel troupe of the Young Men's Liberal Club of this city to Brantford proved a decided success, the members arriving home at an early hour yesterday morning, tired out, but pleased with the outing. The troupe put up at the Kerby House, and was accompanied by President Hobbs, ex-President Reid, Treasurer Rowland, Mr. Samuel Stevely, Mr. T. Vallance, Mr. J. B. Dignam and a number of others. The soaking rain made the afternoon audience a rather slim one, but in the evening the boxes were all taken and the house was very well filled. The evening audience was one of the most enthusiastic and appreciative that the troupe has ever played to. The witticisms were heartily received and the various soloists were encored again and again. The performances were both good ones and went off without a hitch, a banjo specialty being added to the programme presented in this city. Brantfordites were loud in their praises of the troupe's ability and many stated it to be the best show of any kind ever seen in that city. The troupe will go to Toronto on Monday and Tuesday with a matinee on the second day.

A New Year's Reception.

Those who were inclined to believe that New Years was a cheerless day and that the miserable weather had put a damper on any general festivity would have been agreeably disappointed by a visit to Victoria Hall. The Y. M. C. A. authorities with customary hospitality and warm spirit threw open their doors to all, and made everyone welcome. From morning to night the building (nicely festooned with bunting), was thronged with members and their friends, who enjoyed themselves thoroughly with the many games and other facilities for amusement which have very wisely been furnished as an attraction to youth. A number of ladies prepared choice refreshments in the pretty parlor, of which everyone entering was cordially invited to partake. In the afternoon an exhibition was held in the gymnasium, before a large audience, and the surprising dexterity of the performers and the acrobatic efficiency shown were roundly applauded. Music also added to the interest, Dr. Ziegler kindly singing several solos. All present were more than pleased with the kind and thoughtful manner in which their entertainment had been provided for, and many mental votes of thanks passed to the host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Sayer.

Do you suffer from scrofula, salt rheum, or other humors? Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. 100 doses one dollar.

The man who is supposed to be a "brick" seldom helps to build a house.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

An illuminated vellum fan will last for centuries. Illuminated paints are body water colors that preceded the discovery of oil paints.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. T. Strong, druggist, has secured the agency for Hasley Bros.' Homœpathic Remedies. These celebrated remedies have the largest sale on the continent, and can be had only at W. T. STRONG'S, 184 Dundas street. 14-tf

$1. A carpet rocker for $1. Do not let your children go without a rocker when you can buy one so cheap, finished in oak or mahogany. A large stock of fancy chairs of all kinds, suitable for presents, very cheap. W. J. BRYANTON, 123 King street. Telephone No. 479.

The Old Story.

The enormous and constantly increasing sales of "Athlete" and Derby Cigarettes, adds another to the many proofs that a superior article is the sure road to success. D. RITCHIE & Co., Montreal. 23tf ext

Christmas Coming

The wind whipping the spray from the crests of high running billows is the metaphor for Christmas presents.

Knowing the latest—the very latest—is the idea which the woman of society and fashion has when she starts out shopping. We believe it our duty to direct our readers where they may be best served for the least money. Being personally acquainted with Mr. Barkwell through many business transactions we are the more capable of commenting upon his ability and prices and from the diplay, we observe the new styles for this year are the song and laughter of beauty and novelty, and or price are undoubtedly the cheapest in this city, and consequently "fly like the down of a thistle," soon as opened, and are, still flying. He never carries them over, and that, we presume, accounts for the low price at which he sells.

Barkwell's
Drug Store,
Successor to Harkness & Co., 268 Dundas Street.

Smokers Should Read.

London is well known throughout Canada, particularly as the city from which the celebrated "Highland Lassie" cigar is shipped to all parts of the Dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Messrs. H. McKay & Co., the manufacturers, take a special pride in this 5-cent cigar. It has been completely tested by the majority of the smokers of the country, who pronounce it the choicest article on the market. Nothing but the best fillers and wrappers are allowed in its composition, and, when once tried, it convinces the most sceptical of its superiority. Messrs. H. McKay & Co.'s immense establishment, with its products, is a credit to the city.

Modern Dentistry.—Latest dental operations performed. Teeth inserted without plates; roots retained, restored to health, crowned with porcelain or gold and made useful and comfortable. 192 Dundas street. O. H. ZIEGLER, L.D.S., C. H. ZIEGLER, D.D.S., dentists.

Christmas Photography.

Get your Xmas orders in early. Frank Cooper's splendid studio for "artistic" productions. What nicer present can you give your friends than a first-class photo of yourself or your family (if you have one)? Our family and other groups are greatly admired. We love our profession, consequently work hard to keep up our reputation, thereby giving every sitter the care and attention necessary to that end. t

Cabinet photographs $1 50 per dozen at O'Connor's studio, 194 Dundas street.

Boys, for the cheapest livery in London try W. Lindsay, Dundas street, London West.

W. FAIRBAIRN
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
Over Woods Store, corner Dundas and Richmond streets. eod

Commercial Travelers, attention.—You all know we have been manufacturing sample trunks and sample cases of all kinds for the past fifteen years. Our trade has increased so we are compelled to increase our hands. We have recently employed some of the best skilled help that could be procured, and will be able to fill the wants of the traveling public. We are constantly receiving orders from all over the country for our goods. Call and leave your orders and get our prices. TACKABERRY & LOUGHREY, 356 Richmond street. ywt

The only skate grinding establishment in the city furnishing its own steam power is Brock's. The only place where skates are ground properly and satisfactorily, 192 Dundas street.

R. S. Williams & Son's
Piano Warerooms.
SPECIAL OFFER
15 SECOND-HAND PIANOS
On Very Easy Payments.
As these must be sold before Jan. 1, you can have your choice, practically at your own price and your own terms.
Open evenings until 10.
R. S. Williams & Son
229 Dundas Stret, London.

XMAS GOODS.
Storm Collars,
Boas and Muffs, Beaver Caps and Collars.
Magnificent new stock to select from
H. BEATON,
143 Dundas Street. yat

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C.P.R. 163 RICHMOND ST. G.T.R.
LONDON, ONT.
ORDERS PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

A WEEK
—OF—
BARGAIN
—AT—
KINGSMILL
To end the year 1890 we
sell the cheapest
FLANNEL
Ever Seen in the City.

10 cent Shaker Stripes and Checks a
12½-cent Shaker Stripes and Checks,
25-cent Striped Shakers, extra heavy
23-cent 25-inch Grey Flannels at 19
25-cent 26-inch Grey Flannels at 20
33-cent 29-inch Extra Heavy Grey F
all-wool, at 25c.
35-cent 28-inch Extra Heavy Grey
all-wool, at 28c.
40-cent Tinted Flannels, all-wool, at
45-cent 29-inch Extra Fine Grey F
at 37½c.
45-cent 29-inch Extra Fine Tinted F
at 37½c.
45-cent 27-inch Colored French Ope
nels at 32c.
50-cent Silk and Wool Mixtures at 4
65-cent Fast Colored Stripes at 48c.
85-cent Fast Colored Stripes, Swa
Purity, at 60c.
45-cent Extra Fine Finish, All-Wool,
Patterns, at 34c.

These Are Without Doubt the C
Flannels in the Land.
Call and Examine, Compare
and Be Convinced.
KINGSMILL
Dundas and Carling Street

CONVERSAZIONE.

Motto for the Week:

"Being admonished, let us follow better things."

The Freaks of Heredity.

Perhaps a rough but sufficient classification of inmates of state prisons would be, those who violate the law occasionally, but have occupations more or less honest; and those who live on the community solely by the commission of crimes. Many of these last were born criminals, raised criminal lineage; but not all of them; some have entered this life from better conditions. For heredity has its freaks, apparently. I have known a pure and upright child spring from the basest parentage like a lily out of the mire; and I have known the most vicious and degraded offspring from a family irreproachable, so far as was known, for generations. I knew of one family of a clergyman, the ancestors on the father's and mother's side entirely respectable, which offered this anomaly; two of the children grew up with every virtue, and lived lives of the highest usefulness; to others—a boy and a girl—went to the bad utterly. The four had been brought up under precisely the same good influences—under the same moral discipline. I believe in heredity; that is, in the transmission of qualities, and traits, and tendencies. But I do not think we know enough about it to make it the basis of legislation for the extirpation of the criminal class. A good man may have a bad daughter; a bad man may have a good daughter. What we call the criminal class is constantly recruited from the better elements of society, and members of the criminal class are sometimes reformed. It needs omniscience to tell who will not become a criminal, and what criminal is absolutely irreclaimable.—[Charles Dudley Warner.

A Story of Donegal.

Perhaps the finest treasure tale I have heard comes from Donegal. A friend was once at a village near Slieve League. One day he was straying about a rath called "Cashel Nore." (Raths are small fields encircled by earth fences; they were inhabited by the ancient races and are now great haunts of fairies.) A man with a haggard face and unkempt hair, and clothes falling in pieces, came into the wrath and began digging. My friend turned to a peasant who was working near, and asked who the man was.

"That is the third O'Byrne," was the answer.

A few days after he learned the story: A great quanty of treasure had been buried in the wrath in pagan times, and a number of evil fairies set to guard it; but some day it was to be found and belong to the family of the O'Byrnes. Before that day three O'Byrnes must first find it and die. Two had already done so.

The first had dug and dug until at last he got a glimpse of the stone coffer that contained it, but immediately a thing like a huge hairy dog came down the mountain and tore him to pieces. The next day the treasure had again vanished deep into the earth.

The second O'Byrne came and dug and dug until he found the coffer, and lifted the lid until he saw the gold shining within. He saw some horrible sight the next moment, and went raving mad and soon died. The treasure again sank out of sight.

The third O'Byrne is now digging. He believes that he will die in some horrible way the moment he finds the treasure, but the spell will be broken, and the O'Byrne family made rich for ever and become again a great people, as they were of old.

A peasant of the neighborhood once saw the treasure. He found the shinbone of a hare lying on the grass He took it up; there was a hole in it; he looked through the hole and saw the gold heaped up under the ground. He hurried home to bring a spade, but when he got back to the wrath again he could not find the spot where he had seen it through the spell-dissolving bone.

This tale of the O'Byrnes is right full of Celtic intensity. The third O'Byrne, at this moment in all likelihood digging, with ragged hair blown to the wind, and growing old amid his resolve, deserves some more permanent record than this ephemeral article, and will perhaps find it some day.

Some poet looking for tales in Donegal, long decades hence, may hear the story of the life and death of the third O'Byrne. Tradition is sure to make him find the treasure.—[W. B. Yeats.

Uses of Ants.

Ants are terrible fighters. They have very powerful jaws, considering the size of their bodies, and, therefore, their method of fighting is by biting. They will bite one another, and hold on with a wonderful grip of the jaws, even after their legs have been bitten off by the other ants. Sometimes six or eight ants will be clinging with a death grip to each other, making a peculiar spectacle, some with a leg gone, and some with half the body gone. One singular fact is that the grip of an ant's jaw is retained even after the body has been bitten off and nothing but the head remains. This knowledge is possessed by a certain tribe of Indians in Brazil, who put the ants to a very peculiar use. When an Indian gets a gash cut in his hand, instead of having his hand sewed together, as physicians do in this country, he procures five or six large black ants, and, holding their heads near the gash, they bring their jaws together in biting the flesh, and thus pull the two sides of the gash together. Then the Indian pinches off the bodies of the ants and leaves their heads clinging to the gash, which is held together until the gash is perfectly healed.

The Sepulchre of the Atlantic.

There are few spots on the ocean so dreadful to the mariner, yet so little known to the average landsman, as Sable Island, the great wrecking ground of the North Atlantic. The boisterous wind roars an almost ceaseless dirge over the bones of hundreds, perhaps thousands, of human beings rudely sepulchred in the sands of its treacherous shores.

Could the bones lying buried beneath the waters be re-embodied and gifted with speech what tales of sickening horrors and dread despair could they unfold?

A wreck chart of the island, published on an elaborate scale by the Department of the Marine and Fisheries of the Canadian Government, shows the known places of more than 150 wrecks, and these have all taken place during the present century. No record was kept of the wrecks prior to 1801.

By far the greater number of the vessels wrecked have belonged to the United Kingdom and the United States. Five ships were lost in 1802, one of them being the large English transport Princess Amelia, which had on board a number of officers, soldiers, and their wives and servants, in all about 400 persons, every one of whom perished. At that time some practical villaine made the island the base of operations for their horrible work. It is supposed that some of the poor souls of that unfortunate vessel reached the shore in safety, and were murdered by the wreckers for their property.

When the weather is bad, as it often is, a vessel may have to lie off for weeks without being able to land or embark her cargo or passengers. Some years ago, Dr. Gilpin, of Halifax, visited the island to attend the wife of the superintendent, and bring an expected little stranger into the world. He was landed all right, and for days the schooner which took him hovered round, waiting for the signal flag to announce the interesting event. Then, of course, the doctor's services could be dispensed with, and he would be ready to return. But all at once a fog swept down upon the island, and the schooner had to run for shelter, leaving the hapless doctor to the doubtful luxury of an enforced solitude, and it was only after several months that he was released from his island prison and returned to his anxious friends and civilization.

Sympathetic.

The orator of the "common people" must not only speak their tongue, but be in sympathy with all sorts and conditions of men. The late Henry W. Grady, of Georgia, had this gift. The deepest feeling of his nature was sympathy with children, and with suffering and defenseless people. When a 2-year-old, he was waited on by a little negro boy whom he called "Brother Isaac." If the weather was cold, little Henry would wake in the night and call out: "Dear mother, do you think the servants have enough cover? It's so cold and I want them to be warm."

While he was a prosperous journalist at Atlanta, he often illustrated his theory that the rich who become poor suffer more, and therefore need more sympathy, than those who have always been poor.

One Christmas Eve, while walking the streets of Atlanta, he saw an old, seedy-looking man, who had been one of the leading citizens of the town, but was now sunk almost to the level of the gutter.

"Yonder is the judge," said Mr. Grady to his companion, Mr. Joel C. Harris, who relates the anecdote. Let us go and see what he is going to have for Christmas."

"It isn't too early to wish you a merry Christmas, I hope," said Mr. Grady, shaking hands with the old man.

"No, no," replied the judge, straightening himself up with dignity, "not at all. The same to you, my boy. Let me see you a moment."

The two men walked to the edge of the pavement and conversed. The judge told the young editor that he had no provisions at home, and asked for a small loan to buy them.

"I'll do better than that," answered Mr. Grady. "I'll go with you and buy them myself. Then turning to his companion he said, with a quizzical smile. "The judge has found a family in distress, and we are going to send them something substantial for Christmas."

The three men entered a grocery store, and the judge recovered his native dignity.

"Now, judge," said Mr. Grady, "we must be discreet as well as liberal. We must get what we think this suffering family most needs. You call off the articles, the clerk will set them down, and I will have them sent to the house."

"The judge leaned against the counter with a careless dignity, and, smacking his lips, said, "Well, we will put down a bottle of chow-chow pickles."

"Why, of course, it's the very thing!" exclaimed Grady.

"Let me see," said the judge, closing his eyes reflectively. "Two tumblers of strawberry jelly, three pounds of mincemeat, and two pounds of dates, if you have real good ones—and—yes—two pounds of devilled ham."

ABBIE STEELE.

Every article the judge ordered was something he had been used to in his happier days. Mr. Grady was delighted with the humor and pathos of the scene, which recalled pages from one of Dickens' novels. He often said that he envied the broken-down old man the enjoyment of the luxuries of which he had so long been deprived.

Mr. Grady's sympathy, which put him in the place of a sufferer, also made dhimikin to the crowds he addressed. They saw in his face that he felt with them, as friend with friend. His words corresponded with the expression of his features; and he moved the people because he gave them their own emotions.

WORDS THAT BURN.

THE NIGHT'S LAST HOUR.

Through all Night's darkest hours
The stars were speaking prophesying light;
But still the earth lies cold, and all its flowers
Cover their faces with their petals tight.

And now the Night's last hour
Looks to the east and sees the light newborn;
And thinks how soon each lowly slumbering flower
Will wake, unfold and lift its soul to Morn.

The last of Night's still hours
Looks back and hears the whippoorwill's lone cry;
And then among the yet unconscious flowers
She lingers down the valley with a sigh:

"Thou first of Morning's hours,
That sleep'st, an infant still, upon my breast,
I shall not see the opening of the flowers;
But thou, my child, my child, thou shalt be blest!"

—Arthur Hildreth.

WHEN SAM'WEL LED THE SINGIN'.

Of course I love the House o' God,
But I don't feel to hum there
The way I useter do, afore
New-fangled ways had come there.
Though things are finer now a heap,
My heart it keeps a-clingin'
To our big, bare old meetin'-house,
Where Sam'wel led the singin'.

I 'low it's sorter solemn-like
To hear the organ pealin';
It kinder makes yer blood run cold,
An' fills ye full o' feelin'.
But, somehow, it don't tech the spot—
Now, mind ye, I ain't slingin'
No slurs—ez that bass viol did
When Sam'wel led the singin'.

I tell ye what, when he struck up
The tune, an' sister Hannah
Put in her purty treble—ch?
That's what you'd call soprenner—
Why, all the choir, with might an' main,
Set to, an' seemed a-flingin'
Their hull souls out with every note
When Sam'wel led the singin'.

An', land alive, the way they'd race
Thro' grand old "Coronation!"
Each voice a-chasin' t'other round,
It jes' beat all creation!
I allus thought it must 'a' set
The bells o' heaven a-ringin'
To hear us "Crown Him Lord of All,"
When Sam'wel led the singin'.

Folks didn't sing for money then;
They sung because 'twas in 'em
An' must come out. I useter feel—
If Parson couldn't win 'em
With preachin' an' with prayin' an'
His everlastin' dingin'—
That choir'd fetch sinners to the fold,
When Sam'wel led the singin'.

—[M. N. B., in Boston Globe.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

PUZZLE BUREAU.

137.—CHARADE.

Oh, the free and careless last!
His face is ne'er o'ercast
With thoughts of future cares:
But to first he's hurried off,
Perhaps with words and cuff.
Merry total! With his rents and tears.

138.—ENIGMA.

In hammer, not in nail,
In sleet, not in hail,
In almond, not in nut,
In poorhouse, not in hut,
In whining, not in moan,
In skin, not in bone,
In sting, not in bee,
Whole is a city of Tennessee.

139.—TRANSPOSITION.

A man may have in "reality"
A fixed "determination"
To do a thing, in some wise way,
That'll shake the whole creation,
But if when NEAREST to the goal,
He fails, he seeks the poison bowl,
And thus is lost another soul.

140.—SQUARE WORD.

My first full of glittering pranks, goes about,
Paints checks on his second as well as our noses,
To the third world be sure he will not be confined
Where no longer he has any chance at the roses.
You'll own his work fifth in its finish at sight,
If you follow his fourth whan he steals in at night.

141.—DELETIONS.

1. Delete permitted and leave held for sale.
2. Delete the spring of a carriage and leave a bird.
3. Delete leaf of lard and leave food.
4. Delete the mountain daisy and leave a lady's garment.
5. Delete great felicity and leave a port.
6. Delete crenelated and leave to produce.
7. Delete spottedness and leave to check.

142.—WORD DISSECTIONS.

1. Take a preposition from a very small particle and leave a word denoting existence.
2. Take a busy little insect (curtailed) from to scold and leave degree.
3. Take otherwise from a tale and leave a place for pigs.
4. Take a word of negation from unable and leave a receptacle for holding liquids.
5. Take a preposition from something used in browning bread and leave a flower.
6. Take an auxiliary verb from to beat and leave to work.
7. Take a word used to designate some particular object from a straw-covered roof and leave an abbreviation for a certain kind of public building.
8. Take an auxiliary verb from a dried fruit used in cookery and leave falling water.
9. Take an article from a topic and leave myself.
10. Take an interrogation from asked and leave a boy's nickname.

The removed letters form a quotation from "Hamlet."

☞ ANSWERS IN TWO WEEKS.

ANSWERS.

125.—Forty-one sheep.
126.—Oat-h. Sill-y. Clot-h. Brow-n.
127.—
GRAND DUKE
INTENSE
FALSE
AIM
V
HEM
TERSE
INHERIT
LITERATIM
128.—Spring-haven.
129.—"Lady of the Lake."
130.—"Welcome, New Year," thus:—WreN, EvE, LucknoW, CoY, OdE, MagentA, EaIt.

LETTER BOX.

[Under this heading we will insert letters on any subject from boys and girls. The letters must be brief and written on one side of the paper. The name and address must be given, to appear with the letter. Address: "AUNT PRUDENCE, ADVERTISER Office, London, Ont."]

AMBERLEY, Dec. 8.

DEAR AUNT PRUDENCE:

I thought I would write to you, as my cousins are writing, too. I am a little boy, 11 years old; my birthday is June 19. I go to school and read in the senior Third Book. I have a little brother named Robbie; he is a little mischief. And I have a little dog called Bounce. I thought I would write to you to see my letter printed in the paper. Good-bye.

ABBIE STEELE.

[You write a very good hand, Abbie; much better than some I know of who are five years older than you.—AUNT PRUDENCE.]

ELMWOOD, Dec. 8.

DEAR AUNT PRUDENCE:

I am a little girl 6 years old. I go to school every day. I study arithmetic and learn to write. I am in the first Part Second. My teacher's name is William Brunning. I like him very much. He has been my teacher ever since I went to school, and we are going to have him another year. I go to Sunday school every Sunday. I have only one brother. I have two dolls. One's name is Perland, the other is Katie, and my mamma has got a pet bird and its name is Dickie. This is the first letter I have written to Aunt Prudence, so I hope to see it in print. From your loving niece,

LAURA ETHEL FRINDER.

[Dear me! I am so surprised to read such a long letter from a little girl only 6 years old. What a bright little woman you are going to be if you go on at this rate. I hope Santa Claus presented you with a gold pen or a writing desk or something of that sort. You deserve it, I am sure.—AUNT PRUDENCE.]

BEECHWOOD, Dec. 8.

DEAR AUNT PRUDENCE:

I read the stories in the ADVERTISER, so I thought I would write one, too. I often write letters to my brothers. I have seven brothers and one sister. My sister and I are twins. We were 12 years old the 18th of last July. We go to school every day, and like our teacher very well. His name is Mr. Hays. We study reading, arithmetic, spelling, literature, grammar, history and geography. I am afraid I will take up too much room, so I think I will draw this to a close. I remain, your loving niece,

M. J. MCINTOSH.

[What a lot of brothers! How do you manage to keep them in order? What a lot of stockings, with many big holes in them your mother must have to darn. Do you and your sister ever help her with them?—AUNT PRUDENCE.]

LANGSIDE, Dec. 12.

DEAR AUNT PRUDENCE:

I would like to become one of your nieces. I have a good many aunts, but I would like to have one more to write to. I am 13 years old and I go to school every day. I study arithmetic, grammar, geography, history, writing, drawing, reading and literature. Our teacher's name is Wm. Walker. We all like him very much. He has been teaching our school these last seven years, so you may be sure he is very good. I am afraid my letter is too long, so I will close. Good-bye, dear aunty. From your loving niece, ANNIE ISABELL MCKINNON.

[If you can stand having another auntie, I can stand another niece, I assure you. I am glad you have such an excellent teacher. I quite agree with you that he must be very good, seeing he has stood the test of seven years' acquaintance. I will be glad to hear from you again, Annie.—AUNT PRUDENCE.]

WATFORD, Dec. 18.

DEAR AUNT PRUDENCE:

I am a little girl 5 years old, and I go to school in the summer time. My teacher's name is Mr. Woods. I like him very well because he is not cross. My papa has taken the ADVERTISER for twenty years, and he likes it splendid. I have a kitten for a pet, and I call it Lily. I have three sisters and one brother. My little brother does not know I am writing this letter, so I hope to see it in the paper. I will close my letter now, wishing you a merry Christmas and a happy New Year. From your neice.

[Dear little Myrtle, did you write this letter yourself or did you simply tell mother or one of your sisters what to write for you? Surely a girl of 5 years could not write so well. I was astonished at Laura Frinders, but still more at yours, for you are a year younger. I hope your papa will live to take the ADVERTISER twenty years longer. Don't you?—AUNT PRUDENCE.]

WATFORD, Dec. 18,

DEAR AUNT PRUDENCE:

I am a little girl, 8 years old, and am in the Part Second, and study reading, spelling, arithmetic and composition, and have written for the Second Book. I am glad Christmas is near, because I expect Santa Claus; he never forgets our house. I think he is a jolly old fellow. He brought me a beautiful doll last Christmas. I will close my letter now, wishing you a merry Christmas and a happy New Year. From your loving niece,

ETHEL ROBERTSON.

[Now, Ethel, Christmas has come and gone; so you can write and let me know whether Santa Claus did remember you or not. I am going to make a guess. He left you another doll as beautiful, if not more so, than your last one. Am I right?—AUNT PRUDENCE.]

THOUGHTS THAT BREATHE.

"Busied with earthly doings here below,
How careless of the grand stars do we grow."
—[Edgar Fawcett.

The highest discipline of life makes us suffer for our mistakes as well as for our crimes.—[Amelia E. Barr.

Some people are always finding fault with nature for putting thorns on roses, but I always thank her for putting roses on thorns.

If we could read the secret history of our enemies we should find in each man's life sorrow and suffering enough to disarm all hostility.—[Longfellow.

Could I deceive one minute, I should never regain my own good opinion; and who could bear to live with one they despised?—[Lady Mary Wortley Montagu.

Mankind are always happier for having been happy, so that if you make them happy now you make them happy twenty years hence by the memory of it.—[Sydney Smith.



You have dropped half the labor of housework when you have taken up Pearline. You can wash anything with it—you can hurt nothing. Little labor, with little Pearline brings big results. There is no excuse for rubbing and scrubbing, when Pearline stands ready to do the work. Many of your friends can tell you about it. You can help yourself with it by helping yourself to it.

Never peddled. 212 JAMES PYLE, New York.

FOR
Insect Stings
Sore Eyes
Eruptions
Sore Feet
Soreness
Chafing
Catarrh
Bruises
Sprains
Burns
Boils
Cuts
Piles
Female
Complaints
Mosquito Bites
Sunburn AND ALL
Inflammation

USE BOND'S EXTRACT

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BE SURE THAT BOTTLE WITH BUFF WRAPPER LOOKS LIKE THIS



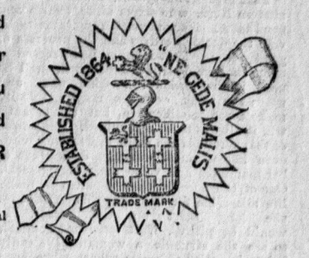
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ABOUT HAIR

Editor of the ADVERTISER:

Sir,—I have, as you know, for some time advertised in Canada and the States a preparation for the hair called "Dr. Dorenwend's Hair Magic." I have received some thousands of flattering testimonials from those who have used it as to its merits as a restorative of gray or faded hair; also as a promoter of the growth and a certain cure for dandruff.

A great many of my correspondents ask the questions: "Why is my hair turning gray so early? Why is my hair falling out?" As it is impossible for me to answer every one, I take the liberty of encroaching on your valuable space to make a general reply. A great many persons do not seem to be aware that excessive washing and rubbing is injurious to the growth of the hair; such is the case, however. Constant washing and rubbing the scalp and hair causes over irritation and removes the oily substance which gives strength to the hair; undue heat is caused by the wearing of heavy headgear is also injurious. Anything that will tend to dry up the sap or life of the hair will cause dandruff, falling out of the hair, gray or faded hair and finally baldness. Of course there are other causes as diseases, hereditary tendencies, etc., but the first mentioned are the main and most common.

Dr. Dorenwend, an eminent German physician, has given to the world after years of toil and experiment his now famous "Hair Magic." The object of this preparation is to assist nature in the production of this oily substance absolutely necessary to the growth of the hair. It is now sold by all reliable druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, or will be sent on receipt of price to any address. See that each wrapper bears the seal and signature of the manufacturer.

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Toronto, Canada

THE WORLD OF WOMEN.

A Protest Against Long Street Dresses —The Use of Walking—Woman in the Sick Room, etc.

A Protest.

That mysterious tyrant, Fashion, is the modern Nero, who slays alike health and good taste. Her unwritten dictates make void the doctor's orders and the protests of good sense. That fashion has decreed a thing shall be done, shall be worn, shall be used, is the reason it is done, worn and used; the weak devotees may heroically make some modification, but the tyrant's will is always to be recognized. The power of this tyrant is the more mysterious when even her warmest devotees disapprove of her mandates and voice their disapproval. One of the decrees that promise to make life miserable for women this winter is the long skirt on the street. It would be pitiful, if it were not comical, to see the struggle a woman of cleanly habits has with this new behest when once she is weak enough to yield and go on the street with a trailing skirt. She is on the alert to avoid every muddy, dirty spot, and makes frantic dabs—nothing else expresses the movement of her hands—to lift her skirt to escape them. A lady was going through a quiet street not long since in a new dress that trailed about three inches on the walk. The morning had been damp, and the walks in places retained the dampness. To the eyes they presented the appearance of an irregular checker board. The lady had on one of the new coats that are quite long. She wished to appear unconscious of her new clothes, but the moist spots in the sidewalk made that impossible. Frantically the tightly gloved hand would grasp at the skirt behind, but would only succeed in lifting the skirt of the coat, leaving the newly-made dress to drag over the walk. The effect was not only extremely awkward, but it was very uncleanly; before three blocks had been covered, a rim of dirt and moisture about three inches deep bordered the back of the dress. The fashion is unsanitary, unclenly, grossly extravagant and ungraceful, because out of harmony with the place; the public thoroughfare is not the place for trailing garments. It is even immodest. Many women, when they succeed in lifting the dress skirt, lift it above the line of modesty. A dress skirt that clears the walk permits the wearer to forget it, and to use her mental force in some other way than in caring for the hem of her garment, which should always be suggestive of cleanliness and modesty. How the wretched behest of long dresses on the streets has found one woman to yield and obey it is past understanding by the normal mind. Every woman who speaks of it condemns it, vows she will not wear it—and has her last dress made at least so that it touches. Women's clubs are recognized as a force in modern civilization, a power to accomplish ends. It is a cause worthy the combination of the members to unite to drive the trailing skirts from our streets. If every woman's club would enlist its name for the opposing of this noxious practice that is rapidly becoming prevalent, its reign would be over before the holidays. Fashion is not the dictate of one woman, but the acquiescence of many. The refusal of the majority to follow the lead of one makes null any decree that depends, as fashion's decree always do, on the acquiescence of the many.

Railing at fashion does not condemn a foolish, an unhealthful or ungraceful garment—a refusal to wear it settles its fate; and it is the refusal of the individual woman that sums up a majority that is beyond question.—[Christian Union.

Walking for Exercise.

By exercise the blood, which is the great distributer of nutriment to the bodily tissues, is quickened in its flow. The lungs, which purify and revitalize the blood, are aroused to deeper and fuller inspirations, and the processes of secretion and excretion are stimulated to greater activity. Thus, while digestion, absorption and assimilation are rendered more effective, the poisonous waste, the abnormal accumulation of which means disease and death, is hastened out of the system.

Not a muscle vigorously contracts which does not appropriate more of formative material, throw off increased waste, and at the same time accelerate, by its contraction, the circulation of the vital fluid. Meanwhile the brain and every nerve-center and cell are more fully nourished and strengthened.

In taking exercise it is better to be lifted away from the thought, "This is for my health." Herein lies the value of connecting with it genial companionship, exhilarating sport, delightful scenery, varying views, or errands of mercy. It is true that we are often shut up to exercise as the sole end, but even then we may increase its worth by a little thought. A walk along the river course or through fields and over hills, however familiar the scene may be, is more helpful than one through a long, dull lane or a squalid suburb.

Many people get all needed exercise in their daily employment. It is the brain-worker and the man of sedentary occupation, the professional man, the teacher, the student, the merchant, the clerk, the tailor, the operatives in most mills, the compositor, and others like them, to whom out-door exercise is an absolute necessity.

Walking is not always the best form of exercise. Horseback riding is sometimes much better, but most persons are shut up to exercise on foot. To many men it is sufficient to walk to and from their place of business, and this is the more profitable, as helping the walker to lose sight of exercise as a mere end. The disposition of so many people to ride when they might walk is an unfavorable symptom.

Walking should be brisk, with somewhat free swing of the arms. A walk over a more or less hilly route tells more than one over level ground, since in climbing and descending hills different muscles are brought into play, and the breathing is deeper and fuller. Besides, it is less fatiguing and more enjoyable than tramping over a plain.

Making Over Men's Clothes.

Business men do not care to wear their clothes till they are threadbare. A short business coat may be easily made into an overcoat for a boy from 6 to 10 years old. Rip the sleeves out and make to fit; rip shoulder and underarm seams, also the collar from the back part. Trim from each side these seams, and take out a part of the collar (in the back), sew up the seams, and press well. If it is worn in front where the buttonholes are, put the buttons on this side, and work new holes on the other side.

From an old suit a very stylish kilt and coat may be made, or a coat and two pairs of knee pants. In the first place the garments to be made over must be carefully ripped and brushed. Never wash the cloth, but make up on the wrong side whenever that side is presentable. Get a good plain coat pattern, one that buttons to the back, and has a small, round collar. Any woman with tact can make different styles from the same pattern, viz., double-breasted, vest front, pleated or corded. The corded is the nicest and best to make when one is confined to small pieces. Two groups of cords (they are not really cords, but very small tucks to look like cords) in back and front. The outside and back should be made separately and well pressed, then put together. For a kilt it makes no difference how many times it is pieced, so it be done neatly and pressed well. Therein lies the success of all made-overs.

The pretty flannel shirts so much worn now make just the nicest shirt or sailor waists, to wear either with kilts or pants; or the bottoms make good warm skirts to wear under kilts. Even sock tops may every one be utilized for the boys, sewed on the ends of sleeves of cotton flannel underwaists. They make a neat finish, and on the bottoms of drawers make the stockings fit more smoothly.—[Housekeeper's Weekly.

The Sick-Room.

The sick-room should be in the quietest part of the house—away from the noise of the street, the ringing of the door-bell, the voices of family callers, and the operations of the kitchen. It should receive the disinfecting power of sunshine, and yet have the means of lessening or shutting off the light at will.

It should contain no more furniture than is necessary. In some cases a single bed is best, because it may be conveniently approached on either side. In other cases a double bed is preferable, in order that the patient may be moved from one side to the other. A bed with a contrivance for lifting the occupant into a half-sitting position is often desirable.

The room should be capable of the most thorough ventilation. Pure air is essential to those in health, but vastly more so to the sick. It is of more value than most medicines.

Movements about the sick-room should not be unpleasantly suggestive. Noiseless slippers are less disturbing than tiptoe tread. The tones of the voice and the expression of the face should be quiet, cheerful, and as natural as possible. While the room, except in special cases, should not be darkened, the eyes of the patient should be shielded from direct light.

A good nurse is more helpful than the doctor—at least she may treble his efficiency; but she should be emphatically a good one—duly trained, with a natural aptitude for her calling, and in fullest sympathy with the physician. A self-opinioned nurse may more than undo all the doctor's work.

One of the most difficult things to manage is, not unfrequently, the matter of visitors. Comparatively few persons can visit the sick without doing more harm than good. Bedridden people and persons confined to their chambers or their homes by chronic ailments may often be greatly helped by friendly calls, by various little tangible expressions of sympathy, and in general, by sunshine brought from the outside world, although, even in such cases, wisdom is required.

But in the case of the actually sick, visitors are commenly an evil. As a rule, they remain too long, and weary the patient with untimely talk. It should never be forgotton that one of the main conditions of recovery is complete quiet. The question of the admission of visitors should be left absolutely to the decision of the physician and the good sense of the nurse.

A Clever Man's Opinion.

This is spoken of by an exchange as a "clever man's" opinion:

"To my mind the judicial woman is a blot on the face of the universe. We don't want women who can reason and work things out. We want dear, delightful, frivolous things who will float by us in butterfly fashion, making us no end of trouble, and inducing us to be willing to kill each other for their sakes. The time when woman was at her best, to my way of thinking, was in the middle ages, when she sat up in a window of a turreted castle, threw her handkerchief down to one knight, and a hated rival rushed at him as he grasped it, and they flew at each other and knocked their tin hats off, the hated rival was stretched out stiff and cold, and the maiden in the turret applauded her gallant knight and believed that he had done well."

GLAD TIDINGS.

Cruelties of Heathenism. Recent letters from the English Baptist missionaries on the Congo, while speaking encouragingly concerning the prospects of their work, are filled with sad stories of violence, cruelties, superstitions, murders and everything that is wrong. Mr. Bentley, of Wathen, a station between Stanley Pool and the coast, writes of the constant wars between the adjoining towns. Mr. Grenfell, of Balolo, a station half way between Stanley Pool and the equator, sends some of the saddest stories respecting the cruelties of the natives. Many lives are sacrificed on the charge of witchcraft. Murder is an almost daily occurrence. He writes of the sacrifice of eleven lives at the funeral obsequies of one of the wives of a neighbor of his. This was in July last. It seems that the day the woman died a man and a woman were killed, so that she might not go alone into the spirit land. At the funeral, a fortnight later, Mr. Grenfell arrived at the grave just as the executioner was bringing a young man and a young woman to be bound in the grave and buried alive while supporting the corpse. These young people were weeping bitterly at the prospect of the cruel death. Mr. Grenfell took his place beside the executioner and with all possible vigor denounced the proceedings. The husband listened and after awhile beat a retreat. The crowd began to ask, "Are these whom we are about to kill your friends?" "Have we not bought and paid for them?" Before long the husband of the dead woman returned and Mr. Grenfell appealed to him, telling him that he would have to stand before God's judgment seat facing these people he was about to kill. He quailed before the appeal, and Mr. Grenfell thought that he would not insist on carrying out the fiendish custom, but he adds that "scarcely was his back turned before the ceremonies were resumed, and in a few minutes all was over. Since then seven more lives have been sacrificed about the same grave." And well may Mr. Grenfell add: "This is a dark, dark land, and God alone can enlighten it. May the love of the Lord Jesus soon constrain many more to devote themselves to the work of pointing these poor people to him who is the light of the world."

In Melanesia. A visitor to the mission in Melanesia (the headquarters of which is at Norfolk Island) writes to the Auckland Leader: What I saw there I shall never forget. One met with astounding evidences of the transforming power of Christianity, and unanswerable and practical refutations of humbug and nonsense so often talked about "missionary failures" and "effete Christianity." Seeing is believing, and feeling is the naked truth. Neither "the great Iconoclast," nor any other overpaid itinerant blasphemer, if he went to the seat of the mission, could honestly shut his eyes to the good work of the missionaries, or that of their converts, or to the elevating power of revealed religion. A visit to the island would soon convince people that a missionary's life is not a bed of roses. He does a good deal more besides distributing Bibles and soup tickets. Comic papers portray missionaries in shabby black clothes, with greasy straight hair, languid eyes and flat feet and corpulent gingham umbrellas; as bookish, self-indulgent and indolent to a degree. If they only knew the facts they would not bear such false witness against their neighbors. There is no sparing of themselves at Norfolk Island, or the other islands of the mission, and the missionaries are as manly a class of men as one could wish to see.

I found native boys and girls, numbering about 175, as near as I can remember, cleanly in habit, neatly dressed, quiet and respectful in demeanor, studious in school, devout in public worship and exemplary in industry. Some were printing, for they had a printing press of their own; others were learning carpentry, house-work, gardening, etc. At 7 o'clock each morning, and at about 8 o'clock in the evening, each day, the boys and girls could be seen going to public worship. They marched in single file, the boys on one side and the girls on the other, each one reverently kneeling down in prayer on entering the church. None spoke to each other in the church, and there was no irreverent trifling, such as is too often seen amongst Christians in European congregations. After service in the evening I found some of the scholars, with their teachers, in their private rooms, conversing and singing in their native tongues to tunes familiar to all British church-goers—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul," "Rock of Ages Cleft for Me," etc. I wished I could see the same obedience, reverence, intelligence and gentleness amongst an equal number of European children. Those children I saw at Norfolk Island had, not very long before, been running wild as colts in their native places, ignorant heathen.

"Work Down." Mr. Meigs finely said at the late National Missionary Convention in Indianapolis that the object of that gathering was to "work down the missionary spirit." He explained that usually missionary interest first struck the head, and after awhile got as far as the mouth, then the heart, conscience and will, and by-and-bye the pocket, and last of all the legs and feet! Blessed are they on whom the missionary spirit works down far enough to produce those winged sandals—the alacrity of a messenger of the Gospel!

An Old Edict. The old edict was, "So long as the sun shall shine upon the earth, let no Christian be so bold as to come to Japan, and let all know that the King of Spain himself, or the Christian's God, or the great God of all, if he violates this commandment, shall pay for it with his head." Thus it is taught in Japan, after the delay of 200 years, "that man only proposes, and the Christian's God disposes."

MERRIMENT.

"Now, ma'am, 'ow will you 'ave the duck to-day? Will you heat it cold, or shall I 'eat it for you?"

‡‡‡

"Can your little brother talk now?" "Yes. He can say some words real well." "What are they?" "I don't know. They're words I never heard before."

‡‡‡

"Where's the proprietor?" asked a man as he entered a down-town restaurant. "He's gone home to dinner, sir," replied a waiter.—[Harper's Bazar.

‡‡‡

"Oh—er—Jarvis, would you mind pretending to pick a quarrel with me, and just give me a push, you know? I want to test the pluck of this big dog of mine."

‡‡‡

Physiologists say that the older a man gets the smaller his brain becomes. This explains why young men know everything and old men nothing.—[Boston Courier.

‡‡‡

When the average man says frankly, "I can't afford it," you will usually find on investigation that it is something his wife wants instead of something he wants himself.—[Somerville Journal.

‡‡‡

"So Fordham Hights has married Mrs. Bronson, eh?" "Yes, I'm surprised, too. She is a woman of no family." "You must be mistaken. Fordy told me she had five children."

‡‡‡

He—Fanny Brown is engaged. Gueth who to? She—What! that stupid, snub-nosed, common little creature? Who on earth is going to be fool enough to marry her? He—Well—er—that ith—I am.

‡‡‡

"An Arctic night, lasting as it does 141 days, is no joke, I can tell you; I should not care to go through it again!" "Why, man, I think it is splendid; fancy saying to a creditor: 'Please call again to-morrow morning!'"—[O. Thomarense.

‡‡‡

Friend—You have only been married a week, and here I find you in tears. Young Wife—Yes, but my husband has been trying to get elected on the local board, and I have been reading in the papers what an unmitigated scoundrel he is.

‡‡‡

Dapper—What is the greatest lie, Snapper, that ever expressed itself on your experience? Snapper—Well, by all odds, the worst lie I ever heard was the one your quartet perpetrated last night, when they came round to the house and sang "There's music in the air."—[Boston Courier.

‡‡‡

"I should like to observe, madam," said the patient boarder, "that while I am very fond of the neck of the fowl you are carving, I shall deny myself this year and beg for a large white chunk off the breast. With this view I have had my trunk packed and a drayman is now waiting at the door for an answer. Er— Is it breast or neck?"—[American Grocer.

‡‡‡

Little Mamie, during her arithmetic lesson, recently asked her school teacher how old she was.

Said the teacher, who had already passed her 30th birthday, with the naivete of which ladies are sometimes capable when confronted with awkward questions: "I can only say, my dear, I have passed addition and have entered substraction."

The child looked puzzled and the teacher smiled a wise, far-away smile.—[New York Mercury.

‡‡‡

An amusing instance of confidence in the activity of her Majesty was once afforded by a Zulu groom employed by an officer serving in the Transvaal. "Harry" chose to get tipsy one morning, and received as a recompense from Jones, his master, a very complete hiding, with a sound kick as a finale to the performance. A day or two afterwards the rascal went up to a brother officer of his employer, and thus delivered himself: "Jones he kicky me, dat's all right; he my fadder, dat's all right. But Jones he sometimes too much kicky me. I go telly Queen some day—Queen come kicky Jones."

‡‡‡

There is nothing like a fire for mixing the wits of some people. The New York Tribune contributes the following story to the record of heroic deeds at house-burnings:

A New York farmer had a houseful of summer boarders, and one morning was busily engaged in killing chickens for dinner. Just as he was about to decapitate an old black hen the house was discovered to be on fire, and a scene of confusion ensued.

The farmer rushed hither and thither, holding the hen under his arm, and doing nothing whatever towards putting out the flames. At length his wife caught sight of him as he was prancing about, and indignantly asked him why he was not fighting the fire. "Why, Maria," he exclaimed, "how can I do anything? Aint I holdin' the old black hen?"

‡‡‡

In the privately printed autobiography of the late Rev. Dr. S. K. Lothrop is related a bit of his life at Harvard which is amusing, and which at the same time shows his tact and shrewdness.

In 1826 he was appointed proctor, and was assigned to a room in Hollis. The students in the building were at once resolved to test the spirit of the new proctor, which they did by rolling a cannon-ball downstairs, somebody on each floor being ready to give it the necessary push from one stairway to the next, so that it went from the top to the bottom of the house. Mr. Lothrop waited until the ball had rolled down three times, and then went out into the hall and picked it up. He carried it to the room of a student who, he was convinced, was the originator of the disturbance.

"I was afraid, Mr. Blank," he said, "that your reading might be disturbed by this cannon-ball."

"I did hear it," the student answered, rather confusedly.

"I thought so," the proctor said, "and I brought it here so that you might become responsible for it. I do not object to the rolling of cannon-balls downstairs, but I think it is only fair that there should be a general consent among the occupants about the time of doing it, so that no one who wishes to work need be disturbed. If you will see to this, the young gentlemen in the entry may roll cannon-balls downstairs as they wish."

The next evening Mr. Blank called on the proctor, and said, "I have spoken to the fellows about the cannon-ball, but they do not think we can ever agree about the time."

And thenceforth there was no more disturbance in Hollis while Mr. Lothrop was proctor.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents,—I certify that MINARD'S LINIMENT cured my daughter of a severe and what appeared to be a fatal attack of diphtheria after all other remedies had failed, and recommended it to all who may be afflicted with that terrible disease.

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French Village, January, 1883.



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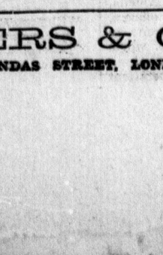
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THE LOST SHIP MERCEDES.

BY ELIZABETH W. CHAMPNEY.

My friend Andrew Gridley is a most matter-of-fact man of business and a confirmed old bachelor.

Seated one day in his office, my eye ran over the rows of pigeon-holes filled with documents tied in orderly packets, and endorsed in his cramped, precise hand, and asked carelessly, "Is there the slightest trace of romance, of the pathos or passion of human hearts, in those dry husks of papers; or are they all mere legal technicalities, pertaining to business and moneys—bills and receipts, bonds and conveyances, title deeds and mortgages, and all that sort of thing?"

A merry twinkle gleamed in the old gentleman's eye. "Money and business have to do with a good deal of the passion and romance of most lives. There are certain wills stowed away in that japanned tin box that have occasioned more tragedy to the square inch, and made and broken more matches, than any batch of love-letters which I fancy you can muster. But here are three letters in a lady's hand which created something of a sensation in business circles in their day, and at the same time gave my heart a wrench from which it has never quite recovered."

Delighted to find my old friend in such a communicative mood, I listened eagerly to a story which I have set down as accurately as possible from memory:

"The winter of 185— I was traveling and happened to spend a few days at the city of Manzanillo. As I was not an expert Spanish, I put myself in the hands of a hackman, who took me to the hotel all directions, and amused me with his commentary in broken English on the view, 'Dat,' he would say, 'is so sugar estate dat Don Raphael de Arroyo y Sosa, spends himself for miles and miles in dat direction. Zees is ze country house de same Don Raphael, who is constructed in ze Moorish style, wiz ze patio, ze arches and horseshoe, and fountain, ze orange trees, and ze statues inside of him. Ah! Santiago! Don Raphael! Santisima! Ze senorita is—'

"The man's absurd English was forgotten in that swift vision of beauty. A childlike face of rare sweetness, with grave wondering eyes, this was all, but it turned me from a sober man of business to a fool. I became possessed of an insane desire to see the beautiful grounds of Don Raphael's villa, and gave my coachman a round sum for securing me this privilege. But the avenue of palms, the tropical fruits and flowers, were not sufficient to gratify my curiosity. I desired also to see what my guide always spoke of as 'ze incomparable interior of Don Raphael.' This, however, was not granted me. My guide, I was very sure, understood my feelings and sympathized with me, but he was powerless to aid me. Even the pertinacity of a book agent would scarcely have availed to pierce the bulwarks with which Don Raphael surrounded himself and his daughter. I walked once more in the grounds, but did not meet the senorita. I found a bit of fancy-work in an arbor, and was tempted to carry it away, leaving, by way of exchange, a volume of Longfellow's poems which happened to be in my pocket, with my name inscribed on the fly-leaf. Then I strolled once more toward the house, and returned to the carriage out of humor at my ill success.

"My coachman greeted me with a smile. 'One of ze domestic did bring me a small book of blue,' he said, 'conceiving it to have been left by mischance by ze senor.'

"'Then give it to me,' I exclaimed, shortly.

"But my inscrutable man gave me an expression of great surprise. 'Ze little book of blue was zen indeed belong to ze senor! Ah, Santiago! what have I done! I did assure to ze domestic zat it must be forgotten of ze senorita, and did him cause to take it to ze house.'

"This was my last effort. After this, realizing that I was spending my time to no purpose, I gathered up sufficient strength of mind to tear myself away without a second glance at the beautiful senorita. As I was paying my hack fare at the steamboat landing my coachman caught my arm excitedly.

"'Ze senor is in good fortune,' he whispered. 'Don Raphael has taken passage upon that boat for Havana. It is he wiz ze great hat and—'

"'Is it long coat.'

"'Ah I what?' I asked.

not enough to make old ze senor have? Is it father?' acquaintance of ze

"I turned aside with an impatient expression of my contempt for Don Raphael; but for all that I found myself examining the stranger with furtive interest, and when later in the day he made the first advances toward acquaintanceship, I did not spurn them. I found him well-informed and talkative. He chatted principally about his own business, but asked a hundred questions relative to the United States.

"'I have often thought,' he said to me before we parted, 'of establishing relations with some commission merchants in New York, but have hesited because I do not known whom to trust.'

"He spoke in more broken English than I care to reproduce—it was even worse than the efforts of my coachman—and further explained that he wrote no language but Spanish; but incoherent as were his sentences, he conveyed his meaning distinctly, and appeared to understand me perfectly. As he explained the vast interests which he hoped some day to confide to some trustworthy New York consignee, I saw the importance of securing so wealthy a patron to our own house, and worked my cards so well that before the short voyage was over he had promised to allow us to represent him. I was mentally considering the necessity of engaging a clerk who could read and write Spanish, when Don Raphael explained that his part of the correspondence would be conducted by his daughter, who had studied English in a convent.

"'It is well,' he added, 'that she should know something of business, as she is my only heiress.'

"If I had been eager to act as Don Raphael's agent before, I was quite wild now. I could scarcely believe my good fortune. Here I had labored for days without success, simply for a glimpse, and now permission to correspond with her had fallen as it were from the skies. It mattered not that our letters were to have to do with rum, sugar and molasses, I was already cudgeling my brains for means of hoodwinking the old Don, and introducing into them other sweets of a contraband nature. How anxiously, how impatiently, I waited the first advices from the consignor, I need not explain.

"At length there came to me the first of these three perfumed notes, written, as you see, on rose-colored paper, in a delicate curving hand. Read, if you will, and tell me what your woman's insight makes of such a letter:

"Manzanillo,

"De esta su casa Plantacion Peroquito,

"May——.

"MOST APPRECIABLE SIR,—I write to the request of my father concerning some business he to have spoken to you on the boat to Havana, some time in the winter, if you did not forget. The business is this: He have one large boat of sail, the Mercedes, which is now at Manzanillo about to load herself of rum and sugar, when she shall sail to Oporto. This boat of sail (my father thinks you would call it a cleeper ship) we would insure with the cargo in some of the North American companies, and we send you the certificate of the construction, which shall be of the first class, built of the best material, and sail by a captain the reliableness of whom is known to every one in Cuba. I send also the bill of lading and the ship's manifest, by which you will see the value of the cargo, which is very great and precious, consigned to one of the most honorable firms in Oporto, for the manufacture of pure old port wine for English use, and the small per cent. of insurance desired. Still my father is of opinion that it to be better to insure in several companies, but this you will understand better than us. Will you kindly tell him the amount you do require of policy, and he will send to you by draft, but will you out of kindness lose no time in the matter.

"And now of myself I have also some business. I have some small poems of Senor Longfellow, for which I believe myself to be indebted to you, and I desire to express to you my gratefulness for this gift. I have find these poems to possess a charm greater as any of our Spanish writers, even to surpass the Cantos del Trovador. It is as if a cool wind did blow from your Northern land, so sweet, so refreshing, so pure I find them. I think I find most to my own heart the story of the Signorita Evangeline. Indeed, I found my eyes to be wet many times in reading that sad story. Think you, my friend, that it is true? And will you inquire of this of Senor Longfellow? And so, senor, you will place the daughter under obligation as well as the father. Deign, senor, to receive our most distinguished contideration.

"S. S. S. Q. S. M. B.,

"MARIA INCARNACION ARROYA Y SOSA."

"I was at first deeply puzzled," said Mr. Gridley, "as to the meaning of these mysterious initials. When informed by those conversant with Spanish epistolary etiquette, that they signified that the lady kissed my hands as my very humble servitor, and that she had dated the letter from my house, thereby placing Plantacion Peroquito at my service, I was not cruelly deceived, for I knew how to value such Southern protestations, but the meaningless words seemed, nevertheless, to my ardent wishes gilded with the light of prophecy. I smiled at the naivete which presupposed my intimacy with the distinguished poet, and the innocence which found no absurdity in her father's rum and sugar being destined for the manufacture of pure old port; but the letter pleased more than it amused me. The papers accompanying it were all in good form, and I immediately effected the insurance desired to the amount of $42,000 in three companies, located respectively in Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston. I advanced the premium, and sent the papers by return steamer. I was bankrupt in affection now, and money seemed a very little thing. With the papers I sent a volume of Tennyson, heavily marking the 'Swallow's Song':

"'O, tell her, Swallow, thou that knowest each,
That bright and fierce and fickle is the South,
And dark and true and tender is the North.'

"Incarnacion's answer, which came immediately, seemed to show that my trust had been rightly bestowed, for this, the second of the pink letters, contained a draft for the money advanced, with a handsome bonus as commission.

"The letter, you see, addresses me as 'Querido Don Andrew,' which is certainly better than 'Appreciable Sir.' But, skipping the business part, begin here, and read for yourself:

"Since I have read these poems of Senor Longfellow I feel that I can say of him almost justly in his own words,

"'Ah! my brother in the North Land,
In the land of the White Rabbit,
You have stolen away the maiden
With your stories of the North Land.'

"I consume myself with curiosity and longing to visit this wonderful North Land. Figure to yourself, my friend, I have never seen the snow! That must be a wonderful sight, the ground all white, white, the air full of flying white feathers like the down of swans, and the ice, the skaters! I think I should never induce myself to step upon it. Also your woods in autumn—the trees all red and yellow, like our camellias and jasmine—that must indeed be gloriful. I think I shall persuade my father to give me a winter in North America. If I do indeed arrive at success in persuading him, I fear we shall be a great trouble of mind to you, for we are as ignorant as babies of the custom of the North.

"And so, my friend, I kiss your hand.

"INCARNACION."

"A month passed away, and just as I was becoming uncontrollably impatient to hear from my fair correspondent, I received this newspaper from Bermuda. Only this short paragraph has to do with my story, but you can understand what a shock I received on reading it:

"'There arrived yesterday at Southampton two long-boats from the Cuban clipper ship Mercedes, which foundered in a gale not far from the island a few days previous, containing the officers and crew, with the ship's owner, Don Raphael Arroya y Sosa, with his daughter, who were the only passengers. The ship was bound for Oporto, and was heavily freighted. The cause of the disaster is unknown, though it is captain's opinion that they must have into a submerged wreck, which stove so an opening in the ship's bottom that Ar ed almost instantly. Senorita de first y Sosa was, through mistake, at each upon the vessel, the occupants of other. Opposing her to have left in the before appeared on deck a few moments crew left wreck lurched under, and, the sucked close to row near, for fear of being Raphael, with the sinking ship, Don vessel, calle ek of his life, swam to the got her safely daughter to jump, and

"'Several days to the boat.'

rose leaves from , and the last of my

"'Tears came nacion came to me. the dear child ha es as I read of what

"'Querido Am ed. already have been i wrote, 'you shall the dreadful thing t by the periodico It was a sudden fancy happen to us. to Oporto on our ow sailors to sail now deeply regret. At which he do can I express to you wha friend, how the waves went over my eel when the instant which I precipit Almost the water the ship sank, a self in drawn down, down, as I thou myself Will you believe to me, at seth. it seem to me long after, I felt m as lifted from the water, I was in s dream that I thought it was not but you who had rescue me. A coming to life was far worse as dyi for three days we rowed on the open being without food, and with very li water, such having been the haste of embarkation. The captain, however, mos fortunately saved the log-book, which I send you, with his protest before a magistrate, and other papers, as you may need them in securing to us the insurance, which, with our plantation, is, I fear, the small remnant of our fortunes. My father endured so much privation that he is now quite ill. I fear that the worry for the loss of his properties has much to do with it, but I trust that the arrival of the insurance will be to him a good medicine. I know, my friend, that your friendship for us will not suffer now that we have lost so much, and I hope to see you so soon as my father is able to travel, for he has consented that we shall come to New York for the winter. You may thus judge how strong is my desire to see your Land of White Rabbit, since after such experience of the ocean I am willing again to adventure myself upon it. And so, amigo, I kiss your hands and rest INCARNACION.'

"The papers which accompanied this letter were all regular. Each day was described in the log-book, even to the appearance of the sky; and the invoices, with custom house seals attached, were so convincing, the captain's protest—or account of the shipwreck under oath—so straightforward and manly, that the insurance companies, at my earnest representations, paid the losses on presentation, without waiting for the time usually demanded. I was very anxious to go on with the money myself, and it was particularly unfortunate that I was not able to do so; but there were other important business matters which required my attention for several days, and I did not like to keep my patrons waiting. I accordingly sent the insurance money per draft, and accompanied it by a formal offer of my heart and hand, assuring Incarnacion that I would follow the letter at the earliest possible moment. The dear girl had read me rightly. The change in their fortunes was of no consequence to me. What though the good steamer and the product of the plantation for the past five years had gone to the bottom of the ocean? Incarnacion was more to me than much sugar, and her value was not to be estimated in many hogsheads of rum. Besides the sum of $42,000, the amount of insurance on the hull and cargo of the vessel, with the beautiful plantation at Manzanillo, would be surely enough to keep a man of modest desires, like myself, hitherto accustomed to a salary of $1,200 per annum, from groveling poverty. Still, let me do myself justice. I was not mercenary at this time. I had become very boyishly, but very genuinely infatuated by the swift glance which I had caught of Incarnacion's lovely face in Cuba. I would have outlived it probably; and had this been all, could have said now, with Praed,

"'Our love was like the snowflakes,
Which melt before they pass,
Or the bubble on the wine-cup
Before you tip the glass.'

"But these letters had been a revelation of her character. Her sweet innocence appealed to every chivalric feeling of my nature, and changed what might have proved only a passing fancy to a strong man's love. As soon as I could arrange my affairs I took passage in a swift-sailing schooner for Bermuda. Arrived at Southampton, I hurried to the hotel from which the last letter had been dated, only to find that the clerk knew nothing of Don Raphael or his daughter, no such names appearing on the registrar. Somewhat puzzed I resorted to the postoffice. Yes, there the postmaster remembered having received my letter addressed to the Don. Was it a long, blue, linen-lined envelope, bearing such and such a business advertisement? Certainly, the letter had come, and had been delivered to a Cuban gentleman, who had evidently expected it with much anxiety, as he had inquired for it three times before its arrival. It was reassuring to know that this valuable letter had not miscarried. But where was Don Raphael? I began to suspect that he did not look with favor upon my pretensions, and had whisked Incarnacion away, covering up their tracks by bribing the hotel clerk to erase every trace of their stay. It occurred to me to ask the postmaster if he knew of the whereabouts of the captain of the Mercedes.

"'Excuse me, sir, but I am positive that no vessel of that name has arrived in our port this season.'

"'Certainly not. I mean the crew that were cast away a month since, and came in in row-boats.'

"The postmaster's face evinced mild surprise. Luckily I had the newspaper in my pocket which described the event. He read it with blank astonishment.

"'It is very strange,' he commented. 'I take this paper, but I do not remember to have read of this shipwreck.'

"'I will go to the editor,' I decided. 'He will know all about it.'

"But the editor was more bewildered than the postmaster. He turned to a file of his periodical, and found the one corresponding to mine. It was identical in every respect, except that where mine recorded the shipwreck of the Mercedes, his contained some remarks on Spanish politics.

"'Are we all bewitched?' I exclaimed, as the editor continued to stare at the two papers.

"'Let me think,' he replied at last. 'You have been the victim of a joke or a swindle. Was there any money at issue in this affair?'

"'I should think so,' I groaned; 'but I don't understand. What do you make of it?'

"'This paper,' he replied, 'was printed in our office from our type. Apparently one of our type-setters set up this account, and printed this copy after our regular issue was completed. We do things on a small scale here; very often there is only man in the composing-room. I regret say that it could have been done very

"Then the rogue is probably still with

"Perhaps so. Ah, no! I am positive must have been a journeyman printer whom we employed only a few left us a fortnight since. All hands are old and trusted em-

"And I came like one walking in a trance. I began to say that there was no shipwreck? No ship's boats arrived here?'

"'Not to my knowledge, sir.'

"'But I have also the captain's manifest.'

"'Then I advise you to see the magistrate.'

"I did so, and that worthy functionary declared the paper a forgery. Distracted with indignation and blighted affection, I took passage at once to Manzanillo, where I prosecuted a similar series of inquiries with a like result. The invoices were unknown at the custom house. The certificate of instruction was a forgery, no such sailing vessel as the Mercedes having ever been heard of at Manzanillo, or known by Lloyd to have even existed. I felt myself authorized to demand the arrest of Don Raphael by the local authorities. I found the officials ready to aid me, but was met by another surprise. The plantation, which I had been informed by my coachman was the property of this wealthy planter, had been for many years owned and occupied by a fat and wealthy widow of the name of Barilla. Don Raphael himself was a myth, a fraud, the creation of the fertile brain of my coachman, to whom, with the associate whom he pointed out to me on the steamer, I now traced the entire plot. This knowledge came too late to be of any use, for the enterprising rascals had disappeared from Manzanillo, and were never found, though the cleverest detectives were placed upon their track by the outraged insurance companies.

"And Incarnacion—the guileless girl—she, too, was a myth. I never ascertained the name of the beauty whom I met that day as I drove in the suburbs of Manzanillo. Whoever she was, she had nothing to do with the letters which won my heart. I keep them still, though they represent only a part of the machinations of a shrewd sharper. Sometimes by a great effort of the will or the imagination, I almost forget the denouement, and these faded rose leaves seem to exhale the old perfume, and rouse the old sweet delirium in my withered heart."—[Harper's Bazar.

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"LANE ROUTE."
From New York to Queenstown via Liverpool, Fast Express Mail Service.
UMBRIA.....Saturday, Jan. 3, 11 a.m.
BOTHNIA.....Saturday, Jan. 10, 3 p.m.
ETRURIA.....Saturday, Jan. 17, 11 a.m.
GALLIA.....Saturday, Jan. 24, 2 p.m.
AURANIA.....Saturday, Jan. 31, 9 a.m.
UMBRIA.....Saturday, Feb. 7, 2 p.m.
SERVIA.....Saturday, Feb. 14, 10 a.m.
ETRURIA.....Saturday, Jan. 21, 2 p.m.
RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $60 and upwards, according to accommodation. Intermediate passage, $35; return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage tickets to and from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all other parts of Europe, at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the continent, and for Mediterranean ports.
VERNON H. BROWN & Co., agents, 4 Bowling Green, New York.
E. DE LA HOOKE, No. 3 Masonic Temple, and
A. G. SMYTH, 443 Richmond St., sole agents for London.

ALLAN LINE
Royal Mail Steamships.
Reduced Saloon and Intermediate Rates.

	From Portland.	From Halifax.
PARISIAN	Dec. 25	Dec. 27
CIRCASSIAN	Jan. 8	Jan. 10
SARDINIAN	Jan. 22	Jan. 24
POLYNESIAN	Feb. 5	Feb. 7
CIRCASSIAN	Feb. 19	Feb. 21

First cabin, single $40, $50, $60, return, $80, $90 and $110, according to accommodation; intermediate, $25; return $55.
Steerage, both outward and prepaid, at lowest rates.
For further information apply to E. DE LA HOOKE, No. 3 Masonic Temple; T. R. PARKER, No. 1 Masonic Temple; HENRY TAYLOR, Masonic Temple, the only authorized agents, London.

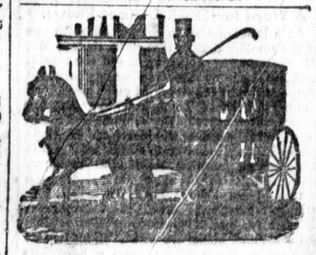
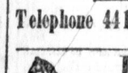
Dominion Line
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
Special Reduced Winter Rates
LIVERPOOL SERVICE

	From Portland.	From Halifax.
TORONTO	Thur., Dec. 18.	Sat., Dec. 20.
VANCOUVER	Thur., Jan. 1.	Sat., Jan. 3.
SARNIA	Thur., Jan. 15.	Sat., Jan. 17.

Rates of passage: Cabin, from Portland or Halifax to Liverpool—$40, $50 and $60; return, $80, $90 and $110; intermediate, $25; steerage, $20.
Bristol Service for Avonmouth Dock.
ONTARIO from Portland about Dec. 10.
DOMINION from Portland about Dec. 25.
No passengers carried to Bristol.
These steamers have saloon staterooms, music-room and bathrooms amidships, where but little motion is felt, and carry neither cattle nor sheep.
LONDON AGENTS—T. R. Parker, No. 1 Masonic Temple; E. de la Hooke, No. 3 Masonic Temple; A. G. Smyth & Son, 443 Richmond street; F. S. Clarke, 416 Richmond street; D. Torrance & Co., general agent Montreal.

WHITE STAR LINE
Fall and Winter Season Beginning Aug. 1.
Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.
MAJESTIC.....Dec. 24
GERMANIC.....Dec. 31
ADRIATIC.....Jan. 7
BRITANNIC.....Jan. 14
CELTIC.....Jan. 21
From White Star Dock, foot West Tenth St. Saloon rates, $50 and upwards; on Teutonic and Majestic, $60 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, $35 and $45; round trip, $70 and $80, according to location of berth. Excursion tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $20. Company's Office, 41 Broadway, New York.
For further information apply to W. Y. BRUNTON & SON or EDWARD DE LA HOOKE agents of the line for London, Ont.

LIVERY STABLES.
TOM MAKER'S LIVERY, EAST LONDON—Good reliable horses and first-class rigs sent to all parts of the city; hacks in connection. Telephone, 638.
LILLEY'S CROWN LIVERY—NO. 619 Dundas street, East London. Telephone No. 663.
STAR LIVERY
Robt. Tripp, Prop.

Richmond street, near C. P. R. station, Mr. H. M. Douglas has sold out to Mr. Robt. Tripp, who will be pleased to meet all the old customers of his well-kept livery. Telephone 423

HUESTON'S.
Finest Livery in the City
HACKS, COUPES.
LIVERY OF ALL KINDS.
Telephone 441. Open Night & Day
ywt

E. MACKAY'S CROWN LIVERY
First-class horses and carriages. Obliging attendants always on hand. Particular attention given to boarders. Terms reasonable. Horses bought and sold at all times. Telephone 689. Rigs delivered to all parts of the city. Give Mac a call. E. MACKAY.
ywt
FOREST CITY LIVERY
F. C. PERKINS, Proprietor.
Livery and boarding stable. New buggies carriages, commercial wagons, etc. All first-class. Rates moderate. Telephone 335. Call solicited.
ywt

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and Publisher by stating that they saw the Advertisement in the LONDON ADVERTISER.

DISPOSAL OF STRAY DOGS.

Tuberculosis Circulated by the Agency of Milk.

Big Prices for Shorthorned Cattle.

Hair Balls in Calves.

I have this year had unusally heavy losses amongst my calves through death by hair ball. Can anything be done to prevent this, or to avert mortality? asks a reader of the Farmer and Stockbreeder, and the veterinary adviser replies as follows:

There is nothing that can be done to prevent the formation of hair balls, unless you prevent the calves licking themselves or their fellows; and in doing this much you would be thwarting nature. The hair is taken into the stomachs when the animals dress themselves with their rough tongue, and by the aid of mucus and the churning motion of the stomach the hair is felted together into balls. When these are formed in the rumen, they do not always cause trouble; and cases are on record of as many as fifteen hair balls, of from three to five inches in diameter, being taken from the paunch of a perfectly healthy heifer slaughtered fat. Sometimes, however, they cause chronic indigestion and tympany or swelling, after every meal. In sucking calves, in which the balls form in the abomasum, or true stomach, they cause dyspepsia, diarrhœa, emaciation, and death. In the mature ruminant, if the case can be accurately diagnosed, the balls can be removed by operation—that of rumenotizing or paunching, as performed for impaction—but the unfortunate part of it is that the real nature of the cause is not recognized until after death. So far as calves are concerned, even this resource is not available, and all that can be done is to give mild purgatives with small doses of belladonna. It might perhaps be useful to groom the calves regularly so as to remove any loose hair, and thus reduce the quantity taken into the stomachs, but when once there treatment is not of much use unless the calculi are very small. The trouble is analogous to wool ball in the stomachs of lambs, in whom it is even more fatal.

Stray Dogs in Scotland.

A dog-shooting case of some importance was decided in Dunfermline Sheriff Court by Sheriff Gillespie. Two greyhounds, the property of the pursuer in the case, had been hunting the grass in a field stocked by sheep, and naturally their presence caused disturbance amongst the flock. The defender, evidently thinking that the dogs were chasing and attacking the sheep, took the liberty of shooting the alleged depredators. This rather rash act resulted in a claim by the owner of the dogs for £30. The sheriff found that the dogs were not pursuing the sheep, far less attacking them, and accordingly allowed the pursuer the sum of £9 damages and expenses in addition.

In a note on the case the sheriff makes a few remarks, the importance of which are impressed upon owners of sheep and dogs alike. The learned judge says that apprehension of injury to game was not a sufficient justification for shooting a dog. Apprehension of injury to sheep was a sufficient justification if the apprehension was reasonable. He was far from holding that a person in charge of sheep must wait till a dog worried a sheep before he shot the dog. Much less than this might suffice—e. g., if the dog was known as a sheep biter, and was prowling about the sheep; or if he manifested hostile intentions to the sheep, or even in this case, where there were no hostile intention, if the time had been before the lambing season, when heavy loss might be incurred by a flock of ews set running.

Labeling Imported Meat.

The Central Chamber of Agriculture, Great Britain, has unanimously recommended that all imported dead meat sold there be labeled. It is intended that all imported meat shall stand upon its own merits and not be palmed off on purchasers as home grown. Furthermore it is thought such a regulation would encourage the bringing in of nothing but uniformly first class meat. Discussing the subject the Farming World says:

"The advantage the consumer would derive from a perfectly correct system of 'labeling' the various classes of meat would be great, while the effect of such a fair method of dealing would have upon the meat produce of our farmers would, undoubtedly, be of a gratifying nature. At any rate if it did not, the blame would lie with themselves. The benefit or otherwise to home producers would depend entirely upon the class of meat they sent into the market. The consumer would certainly choose the best meat at a certain price irrespective of the interests of home producers, and if the imported article excelled the home in this respect when placed in competition on fair and level terms, the fault would remain with the farmer himself. But we think our farmers have little to fear in the respect of quality. All the odds are in their favor, and they can easily carry the day if they work on a sure and safe basis. If conducted in a reckless manner, either in the breeding or feeding, however, their success is risky."

A Word for Small District Shows.

At a late banquet in connection with one of the smaller British live stock shows, Mr. W. Stratton, in proposing one of the toasts, said that, as to the smaller agricultural shows, he believed they did more good than the large shows. There were too many big shows which came in the summer and interfered with work in the district. He complained that a lot of male animals bought at high prices traveled about the country, going from show to show, and picking up all the prizes. What good, he asked, was that to a locality? A bull came down from Yorkshire, perhaps, costing 200 or 300 guineas, and spent its time, when it was not taking away prizes from a neighborhood, in traveling on the railway. Many local men, however, he was glad to state, had now just as good animals as those to which he referred. The big men, in fact, had been beaten at their local shows.

Climate and Sheep.

As an instance of the effect of climate upon the welfare of sheep the example of the Argentine Republic may be mentioned. The climate is rainy and damp, and the merino sheep introduced there are reported to have perished by thousands the last winter. On the other hand, the large English long-wool sheep have thriven well, their acclimatization having been very easily accomplished.

Timely Hint to Breeders.

Live Stock Journal (London, Eng.): The result of the sale of the Cruickshank Shorthorns at York shows that the demand for really good bulls has been sustained even beyond the ordinary season, and though late in the year those possessing strong characteristics of thick-fleshed, vigorous male animals were keenly appreciated and made good prices. Throughout the season many indifferent animals have been retained as sires which would have been more valuable to the breed if they had been castrated. If breeders generally were to exercise a little more discretion and resolution in the rearing of their bull calves they would not only economize their expenses, but also advance the breed by showing a better class of sires and producing high-class steers, which would yield in the long run as much as inferior bulls, and at a less cost in rearing.

Tuberculosis and Milk.

John Speir, a noted Scottish dairyman, after thoroughly canvassing the literature of tuberculosis, has arrived at the following conclusions:

1. And emphatically, that the milk from cows affected with tuberculosis in any part of the body may contain the virus of the disease.

2. That the virus is present in the milk whether there is disease of the udder or not.

3. That there is no ground for the assertion that there must be a lesion of the udder before the milk can contain the infection of tuberculosis.

4. That, on the contrary, the bacilli of tuberculosis are present and active in a very large proportion of cases in the milk of cows affected with tuberculosis, but with no discoverable lesions of the udder.

British Shorthorn Sales—1889-90.

Following is a summary of the Shorthorn sales in England during the past two years:

	Number sold.	Avg. per head.	Total receipts.
1890	3,375	£29 12 9	£100,031 00 8
1889	2,323	32 19 3	76,570 14 6

Creditable Enterprise.

In its Christmas number of 1890, the Chicago Breeders' Gazette "did itself proud." The illustrations on regular pages and the supplementary pictures given eclipsed any previous efforts of the kind made by our enterprising contemporary. The contents generally were also excellent, and will certainly be appreciated by its readers.

Cause for Alarm.

The great frequency with which pale, sallow and enfeebled girls are met now-a-days is cause for genuine alarm. The young girls of the present generation are not the healthy, robust, rosy lassies their mothers and grandmothers were before them. Their complexion is pale and sallow or waxy in appearance, and they are the victims of heart palpitation, ringing noises in the head, cold hands and feet, often fainting spells, racking headaches, backaches, shortness of breath, and other distressing symptoms. All these betoken chlorisis or anæmia—or in other words a watery or impoverished condition of the blood, which is thus unable to perform its normal functions, and unless speedily enriched with those natural remedies which give richness and redness to the blood corpuscles, organic disease and an early grave is the inevitable result. Is not this prospect sufficient to cause the gravest alarm? Mothers, are your daughters suffering from any of the symptoms indicated above, or from any of the irregularities incident to a critical period in their lives? If they are, as you value their lives do not delay in procuring a remedy that will save them. Delays in such cases are not only dangerous, but positively criminal. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is a remedy compounded especially to meet such cases. These pills are not a patent medicine, but a remedy prepared with the greatest care from the formula of an experienced physician, who has used it for years in his daily practice with unvarying success. These pills are especially rich in those constituents which stimulate the blood and give it that rich, red color necessary to preserve health and life. They are in all cases a never-failing blood-builder and nerve tonic, acting upon the system in a natural manner and restoring health and strength to all who suffer from a watery or depraved condition of the blood or from any of those weaknesses peculiar to females. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box) by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

6k28kttx

The Cream of the Havana Crop.

We beg to notify the trade, and more particularly those customers whom we have kept waiting for several months for our La Cadena and La Flora brands of cigars (owing to the Havana crop not having been at that time in fit condition to use), that we are now commencing to manufacture the above mentioned brands, our buyer, who has just returned from Havana, having purchased several lots of tobacco, which were picked from the Cream of the Crop regardless of price. We make no idle boast when we state that our clear Havana cigars are equal in every respect to the highest class of imported at much less figures. We wish particularly to impress upon smokers the fact that these brands are not made in competition with the great majority of rank cheap Havana cigars that are offered to the public as fine goods.

S. DAVIS & SONS, Montreal.

23tf zxt

"Yes, we've quarreled. I think this parting from my Amelia will kill me." "I should think you would feel it." "Feel it? Why, great Scott, it's torture. She had $200,000 in her own right."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Hicks—Why is it there is never a match in this house? Mrs. Hicks—I can't make matches? Hicks—That's strange; your mother could.

Some Foolish People

allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say: "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial size free. At all druggists. ywt

"I'm in quandary for an appropriate character in which to go to the New Year's ball." "You might go as a good resolution."

To Nervous Debilitated Men.

If you will send us your address we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous, debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor and manhood. Pamphlet free. If you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliances for a trial. VOLTAIC BELT COMPANY, Marshall, Mich. ywt

A discontented man is shunned by all, while a contented one becomes a magnet of attraction around which everything that has life in it gathers just for the pleasure of borrowing a little of his sunshine.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

He who is ashamed of asking proper information on a point on which he is uninstructed takes the surest method to make himself a lifelong prisoner in the castle of ignorance.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE HORSEMAN.

Thos. Dykes, a well-known writer on horse topics in England, thinks that trotting will never "catch on" there.

⁂

Tom Loates heads the list of winning jockeys in England for 1890. He captured 149 races out of 661 in which he took part.

⁂

They were at the races, and he asked her what she considered a mean man. It did not take her long to answer, "The man who knows what horse is going to win and won't tell."

⁂

The dandiest of all the Christmas "hoss" papers was the Kentucky Stock Farm, decked in a bright colored cover and containing a dozen and a half portraits of famous trotters.

⁂

Mr. Burdett-Coutts, than whom there is no better English authority on hackneys and other horses of that type, says that the French coach horses beat the British ones in knee action.

⁂

The idea seems to be gaining ground that the hackney stallion of chosen type crossed on the American trotting mare will "evolute" something well suited to the fancy and utility of the present age.

⁂

The New York Sportsman treated its readers to a fine Christmas number of no less than 35 pages, liberally illustrated, a page picture being given of C. J. Hamlin's famous team, Belle Hamlin and Justina, pole record 2:13.

⁂

The 2-year-old colt Re-election, by Electioneer, dam a sister to Maud S., will be trained next season, and his career will be watched with interest by horsemen. He is about as royally bred as anything that ever wore harness.

⁂

Gen. Jackson, who is the proprietor of the famous Belle Meade stud, and who has been in the breeding business many years, is not so hopeful as some people about the chances of raising a winner. "I have 2 yearlings on hand," said Gen. Jackson, not long ago, "and will be satisfied if one of them turns out to be a first-class racehorse."

⁂

The German Coach stallion Wuterich, imported by Oltmanns Bros., Watseka, Ill., was sold during the Chicago Horse Show to Mr. John Hope, manager of the well-known Bow Park farm at Brantford. Wuterich is a brown 3-year-old with good style and action, clean legs and evenly made body, and gained a second prize at the Chicago Show, the first and only time exhibited.

⁂

The coming session of the Legislature of Missouri will be watched with interest by the poolroom keepers of St. Louis. For a year it has been rumored that the Legislature would make short work of the betting business, and as speculation on the turf has grown to enormous proportions, the public is quite as much interested as the poolroom keepers. The bill drawn by City Commissioner Bell prohibits betting on races in progress, or races in or out of the State.

⁂

Imbreeding blood lines inbreeds very exactly all the desirable qualities of the strains inbred, but at the same time with equal exactness each unsoundness, weakness or imperfection, while if the animals bred are not close blood relations the same defects are not as likely to exist in both or in their ancestors, and if not, the tendency to each is diminished one-half at each breeding. Whether the breeding is to a near relation, to distant relation, or outside of any known relationship, if there are superior qualities to be intensified by it, and no serious defect either mental or physical to be inbred, excellent results very uniformly follow.—[W. H. Marrett in Wallace Monthly.

⁂

One consequence of the fall in the American demand which has characterized the market for all breeds of European draft horses during the past season, writes "Ravenswood" in the Breeders' Gazette, has been to direct attention, in England and Scotland at least, to the importance of the home market for ordinary work horses and the type of animal best adapted for heavy street traffic. Some breeders on both sides of the border, seeing the necessity that has been hinted at, of having legs and feet on Shire horses that will wear better and heavier bodies on Clydesdales, have exhibited a hankering after a fusion of the two breeds. It is doubtful if anything definite will come about in that line.

⁂

George M. Stearns, one of the members of the National Association Board of Review for the Atlantic District is a man who has sarcasm and wit at his command. At the recent meeting of the Board a New Jersey trainer named Lukens was hauled up for trotting the brown mare Milkmaid out of her class. He managed to explain that case pretty well, but a little later in the day, during the trial of the case of Illinois Egbert, that had also been on a "ringing" tour, it was brought out that during part of the season the horse had been in Lukens' stable. It was then that Mr. Stearns said to Lukens: "Young man, ringers seem to gravitate in your direction." It was a thrust of the kind that kills, and Lukens is still outside the pale.

⁂

Naming colts as they are brought into the world on a big stock-raising farm might seem to be a simple operation, but just as when the parents of a dozen children find themselves short of names and have to resort to a biblical or classical terminology, so do the owners of a lot of horses kept for the purpose of raising horses for the turf, find themselves running short of names. Who has failed to notice the odd nomenclature of the race course? The proprietor of a farm and a big lot of thoroughbreds in Pennsylvania follows this rule: To all the colts born in the first year, under his rule, he gave names beginning with A, in the second year B, and so on. He put the idea into practice eight years ago, and reached the letter H last year. For instance last year a colt was named Harmony, and this year his brother had tacked to him the name of Impudence. As the breeder had fifteen colts to be named with names beginning with the letter I, he confesses himself puzzled to originate attractive and orotund names enough to go round.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, is ear-ache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are specially subject.

In Paris when a funeral is passing persons in view of the procession remove their hats and remain uncovered until it passes.

In the public schools in Breslau, Germany, there are said to be 2,400 stuttering children.

Minard's Liniment cures Garget in Cows.

JUST THINK! A WASH-DAY AND NO STEAM IN THE HOUSE

A washday and no heavy boiler to lift.

A washday and the work so cut down that a young girl or a delicate woman can do a family wash and not get tired.

A washday where you can use a soap which makes the skin nice and soft,—a soap which has won six Gold Medals, and has the largest sale in the world,—A soap the whole world knows so well—"Sunlight" Soap.

Use it in every department of the house.



FAC-SIMILE.

SMOKE "FRAUD"

A 5-cent Cigar.

Its merit will recommend it to the taste of the most cultivated smoker.

OF FINE QUALITY AND EXCELLENCE

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

BRENER BROS.,

CIGARMAKERS,

LONDON, - - - ONTARIO.

Do You Wear Granby Rubbers and Over-shoes? Every Body Else Does.

THE HURON & ERIE

Loan and Savings Company.

Dividend No. 53

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a dividend of four and a half per cent. for the current half year, being at the rate of

NINE PER CENT. PER ANNUM

upon the paid up capital stock of this Company, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Company's office, in this city, on and after

Friday, Jan. 2, 1891.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st of December, 1890, inclusive. By order of the Board.

G. A. SOMERVILLE, Manager.

London, Ont., Dec. 1, 1890. wt

To the Women Voters of London

You are probably aware of the movement to reduce the number of licenses in the city of London from 69 to 50. The City Council is asked, by petition, to pass a bylaw to that effect to its second reading, and then submit the question to the electors at the same time as the voting for mayor and aldermen early in January.

No one can doubt that the reduction of places of temptation where liquor is sold would be to the moral advantage of our fair city. We must think of our sons and remove all obstacles that might prevent them from realizing the high hopes with which our hearts surround them. Yes! and some of us have to tremble for the safety of brothers, or of others equally dear.

We are aware that women voters sometimes neglect, for various reasons, to cast their votes; but whatever might be said as to ordinary occasions, it seems to us that whenever a distinct moral issue such as this presents itself, our privilege of casting a vote becomes our duty. For, after all, what is the casting of a vote but a way of effectively expressing one's opinion? And surely none are more entitled to an opinion as to the number of places of temptation to be allowed to entice their own or other women's sons than women themselves—surely none have more suffered, directly or indirectly, because of the traffic in liquor, than women.

You can aid us, those of you who are on the voters' list, by coming out and saying, by means of your vote at the coming election, that the proposed reduction of licenses shall take place. We lay this thought of your privilege and duty upon your hearts.

And to those women who are friendly to our views, but who are not electors, we ask your help in influencing others to vote in the best interests of home and city, and of our beloved Canada. wt

MANY MEN

Have already patronized us and had great satisfaction with our

SIX DOLLAR PANTS

We should like to make you a sample pair and convince you of the general excellence of these articles.

If in a hurry we can make them in about

FIVE HOURS.

Our Address is

157 Dundas Street

Telephone 730.

BAPTY.

W. DILLON

RETAIL DEALER IN

HAMS, BACON, ETC.

All kinds of Dairy Produce. Sausages a specialty (our own make). Poultry always on hand.

506 DUNDAS STREET ywt

NO. 4 COAL, KOAL, CHOA

Coal, all sizes and best qu[ality]. well screened.

W. HEAM[AN]

Maitland street, corner G. T[.R.]

TELEPHONE [No.]

FIREWORKS.

HAND & CO. are now open to contract with committees in any part of the world for displays to any extent. For public holidays and other celebrations send for special display programmes. To the wholesale store trade we offer superior goods with a fine finish. List and terms on application. Mailing Tubes to order. Address

HAND & CO.

Hamilton, Ontario.

TELEPHONE 95. ywt

W. J. MOFFAT

Bookbinder, 181 Dundas Street.

Blank books ruled and made to order. A descriptions of bindings neatly executed. wt

F. G. RUMBALL,

Wholesale and Retail Lumber Merchant

Has removed his office and yard to York street, west of Tecumseh House.

Largest Stock of Maple, Basswood, Elm Cherry, Walnut, Sycamore, Chestnut,

Inspection solicited. Prices on application. ywt

WOOD

Large Stock of First-Class No. 1 Wood

Orders promptly delivered to all par of the city and suburbs.

JAS. CAMPBELL

CORNER YORK AND TALBOT STS.

Telephone 347. tf

JOHN. T. STEPHENSON.

Wholesale dealer in metallic caskets and sole agency for the Dominion of Canada for the Detroit Metallic Casket Company, Detroit, Mich. Telephone 450, London, Ont.

LEADING HOTELS.

GRIGG HOUSE

LONDON.

THE UNDERSIGNED having assumed the proprietorship of the above first-class commercial hotel, trusts, by strict attention to the wants of the traveling public, to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon his brother during the past eleven years. Everything of the best.

95tf THOS. K. GRIGG.

TECUMSEH HOUSE,

LONDON, ONT.

The finest Hotel in the city. Situated in the business center. Passenger and baggage elevators. Good sample rooms. Rates, $2 to $3 50 per day.

CHAS. W. DAVIS, Manager. McGAW & WINNE[TT], Proprs.

TO THE FARME[RS]

MARTIN HO[USE]

Having secured large and com[modious] and stable adjacent to the ab[ove] prepared to accommodate all[etc.] and as many new as may f[avor us] Prices down to rock-bottom.

J. W. MA[RTIN]

BOSWE[LL] HOUSE

[LONDON], ONT.

[Rates] $1 a Day

Opp. M[arket] [Liquors. Location] central.

This is on[e] houses in t[he] tyw

[SH], Proprietor.

HOTEL

ONT.

QU[EEN'S]

PROPRIETORS,

to C. Lowell.

50 PER DAY.

Civil and trustworthy assistants. Billiard parlor in connection.

ywt

METROPOLE

SHAKESPEARE HOTELS,

King and York Streets

TORONTO.

Centrally situated hotel has been thoroughly refitted, and is now first-class in every particular. Rates $1 50 and $2, according to room. A call respectfully solicited.

JOHN McGRORY, Proprietor.

Correspondence Solicited

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