

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 45--No. 44.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1916.

Whole No. 2338.

Poultry Wanted

Will now receive all kinds of good Poultry at the old stand every day except Saturday, for which the highest market prices will be paid. For further particulars see Alex. McNeil or Dan Hagerty.

WARNING

Notice is hereby given that the Motor Vehicles and Highway Act in regard to automobile owners and drivers will be enforced after the appearance of this notice. BY ORDER.

Cream Wanted.

We want cream during the winter as well as summer, and the wagon will still be on the road.

Apply to ELLIOTT & MOSS, Solicitors, Glencoe.

For Sale.

A one and a half story frame dwelling house substantially built and in good repair, size about 24 feet by 28 feet.

This house is situated on the farm of Angus Galbraith, north half lot 13, con. 3, Ekfrid township, and purchaser must remove it off the premises. Apply to ELLIOTT & MOSS, Solicitors, Glencoe.

Dressmaking.

Miss Little, formerly of Detroit, has opened dressmaking rooms over Chas. George's store, and invites the patronage of the ladies of Glencoe and vicinity, assuring them of satisfaction both in style and work.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION of the Lodge No. 28, A.F. & A.M., will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, Nov. 9th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. All members of the lodge are requested to attend. The lodge is open to all who are interested in the study of the science of the degrees. Visiting brethren are welcome. W. W. Hurley, W. M.; C. B. McLean, Secretary.

CHANNY FARM

SPECIAL OFFERING
Four roan bull calves. Also a number of registered Lincoln ram lambs. All correspondence promptly answered.
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

DENTISTRY

R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store, Phone 16.

A. B. McDONALD

Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Marine Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe, Phone 74.

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

J. B. COUCH & SON

Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

WM. WEHLANN

Funeral Director and
Licensed Embalmer
PHONE 93 GLENCOE

We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith Plumber

G. C. McNaughton

Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance

Phone Bothwell U. R. 60 P. O. Newbury R. R. No. 2

GEO. E. MCCLAY

Funeral Director and Embalmer
My Price List cheaper than the cheapest. Day or Night Service. Phone 70.

Marriage licenses issued by H. McRae, Strathburn.

Silverware

We have just placed in stock a fine assortment for the Fall trade of Rodgers' and other makes of guaranteed Silverware at the old price.

Rodgers' Knives and Forks, \$4.50 per doz.
Tea Spoons, \$3.50 per doz.
Dessert Spoons, \$4.50 to \$7.00 per doz.
Table Spoons, \$5.50 to \$8.50 per doz.
Coffee Spoons, \$2.50 to \$3.50 per doz.

Silver Butter Dishes, \$2.00 to \$4.50.
Tea Sets, \$12.50 to \$18.00.
Casserole, \$3.50 to \$8.50.
Bread Trays, \$3.25.
Cake Plates, \$3.50.
Bake Dishes, \$6.25 to \$13.00.
Biscuit Jars, \$3.25 to \$4.50.
Salad Bowls, \$3.50 to \$7.25.
Cream and Sugar Sets, \$4.50 to \$8.00.

Come in and look over our large stock of Silverware, Cut Glass, Hand Painted China, Watches, Clocks and Jewellery.

DIAMOND RINGS

We are offering a number of specials in this line. A brilliant white diamond, mounted in a 14k gold setting, platinum crown. Prices, \$12 to \$100.

C. E. Davidson - Jeweler

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED GRADUATE OPTICIAN

Keith's Cash Store

Fall Goods arriving. — Dress Goods, Millinery, Staples, and Shaker Flannels in pretty designs.

P. D. KEITH

THE CENTRAL GROCERY

A full stock of Fancy and Staple Groceries, Confectionery, Fruit, Fish, Meats, etc., at reasonable prices. Specials now offering in Baking Powder, Tea and Coffee.

A quantity of

Fine, Crisp, White CELERY

at wholesale prices, direct from the field. Just right to put away for the winter. Phone us for particulars.

Light Lunches served at any hour

W. A. CURRIE & CO.

Phone 41 and have your groceries promptly delivered.

Red Cedar Shingles

Do not "CLOSE THE DEAL" for your roof until you let us figure with you. Our 5X B. C. Shingles make a cheap and permanent job.

Galvanized Iron Roofing

We sell this Roofing and it will pay you to get our prices.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Planing Mill and Lumber Yard GLENCOE, ONT.

Beaver Board and Fibre Board in stock



Representative Wanted

at once for Glencoe and District for CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES

Spring 1917 Planting List now ready. Splendid list of Hardy CANADIAN GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock including

McIntosh Red Apple

St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry

and many other leaders.

New illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

Start now at best selling time.

Liberal Proposition.

STONE & WELLINGTON

The Fonthill Nurseries

(Established 1837)

Toronto - Ontario

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure and effective. Try it, and mark the improvement in your child.

Highest Cash Prices

paid for good Poultry, Cream and Eggs. Poultry taken every day except Saturday. See Wm. Muirhead or Dugald McIntyre, Glencoe, 2 doors north of McAlpine House. Phone 51w.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

District and General.

Ailsa Craig tax rate is 36 mills on the dollar.

J. C. Creery has been appointed bread inspector at Alvinston.

Strathroy Methodist church has just been renovated at a cost of \$5,000.

Strathroy butchers have made a general reduction of 5 cents per pound in the price of beef.

The death occurred on Sunday, Oct. 29th, of Isaac Carman, of North Ekfrid, in his 75th year.

G. Clark Duff, younger son of Hon. James Duff, Minister of Agriculture, has been killed in action.

A lady of Thamesville, Mrs. Henry Snelch, has finished knitting her 50th pair of socks for the soldiers.

The total amount subscribed in East Alburgh for the British Red Cross Fund will amount to about \$900.

Charles Taylor, son of Elder Wm. Taylor of Wabash, was recently married to Miss Florence Smith of Appin.

Milk has gone up to 9 cents a quart in London, Ont. The wholesalers have raised their price to retailers to 5 cents a quart.

An Ekfrid township farmer was fined \$2 and costs at Thamesville for exceeding the speed limit in that village on Sunday with his auto.

Lambton county sugar beet growers have bound themselves in an association not to grow beets next year unless they receive \$7 a ton for them.

The raise in the price of printing paper will mean an increase of \$50,000 a year in the cost of white paper to the six Toronto daily papers.

At the Toronto assizes Charles Latham was awarded \$4,000 by a jury against Alderman Whetter, whose automobile ran down and injured Latham.

Walter Oakes of Carleton Place was summoned before the magistrate at Strathroy charged with having a traction engine upon the public highway after sunset without a light.

According to a conservative estimate there will be 115,000 automobiles in use in Canada by the end of 1916. In other words one out of every 70 people in Canada operates a motor car.

The hay crop of all Canada is estimated at 15,107,000 tons this year, as compared with 11,218,000 in 1915. On the other hand the fall wheat crop is nearly 9,000,000 bushels below last year.

P. A. McVicar, auctioneer, Rodney, has been appointed to a position on the hydro-electric commission's land purchasing department. D. M. Campbell is Mr. McVicar's successor as auctioneer.

Gordon Graham of Parkhill, aged 18 years, was shot through the stomach and instantly killed by the accidental discharge of his gun which he was using to club a wounded squirrel while out hunting.

A deer which probably escaped from the Rondeau park was found the other morning contentedly pasturing with the stock in a field in West Dunwich. On being alarmed it quickly made its disappearance.

Fire broke out in the photograph gallery of E. E. Boulton, Strathroy, and before it was extinguished there was nothing of value left. The fire is supposed to have been caused by a defective chimney.

A London grocer was fined \$25 and costs for selling syrup represented as maple syrup and found under analysis to be adulterated. The firm from whom the grocer purchased the syrup has agreed to pay the fine.

Two vacant County Judgeships in Ontario have been filled by the appointment of J. C. Judd, K.C., of London, to be County Judge of Middlesex, and J. H. K. of North Bay, to be County Judge of Renfrew.

At a meeting of sugar beet growers held at Chatham, action was taken toward securing a better price for beets grown for the Dominion Sugar Company. The farmers of the township of price of beets be increased from \$5 a ton, the price this year, to \$7 a ton.

Jobbers generally expect that prices for canned goods will be very much higher this year than they have been for some time. The cause is not far to seek. Vegetables have been scarce, with the result that the pack on the whole in Ontario will be only about a third of the normal.

Farms around Thorndale have recently been selling for good prices. Two 50-acre farms were recently disposed of, one selling for \$5,000, the other bringing \$6,300, which is evidence that the farms in the Province of Ontario are increasing in value and the farmers are prospering.

There were but 40 weddings in London, Ont., during October, while in October last year there were no less than 101. "I suppose men are scarcer on account of the war," said one of the young ladies at the city hall dolefully when asked if she could explain the phenomenon.

While walking along a street in Los Angeles, Cal., a private named Raymond, formerly tax collector of Delaware township, picked up a pocket-book containing \$9,500 in cash. He made a diligent search for the owner of the money, finally discovering him to be the owner of the San Francisco baseball team.

A jury at the Middlesex assizes returned a verdict of not guilty in the manslaughter case against Richard Atkinson, a Biddulph township farmer, who drove a motor car that caused fatal injuries to Ed H. Pritchett of South London. The Crown claimed that Atkinson was drunk when the accident occurred, while the defense denied this, contending that he is not a drinking man.

Aged Gateman Acquitted.

Joseph Primeau, the aged Grand Trunk crossing watchman who opened the gates at Talbot street, London, on June 18, allowing a motor fire truck to rush in front of a freight train with the result that the machine was wrecked and Captain John Case was killed, was acquitted of manslaughter. A jury after six minutes' deliberation at the Middlesex assizes Saturday afternoon. The aged man was not asked to sit in the prisoner's box. He admitted the whole story, but it was shown that the accident was really the result of his anxiety to assist the firemen to make a prompt response to an alarm. He held them while one train passed, but did not suspect the approach of another train from the opposite direction.

Funeral of Floyd Jelly.

The funeral of Floyd Jelly, son of W. T. Jelly of Sarnia, took place from the residence of his uncle, F. E. Copeland, Glencoe, on Friday afternoon at two o'clock to Oakland cemetery. Services were conducted by Revs. Dr. Smith and Geo. Weir, Presbyterian ministers; Revs. Dr. Ford and R. F. Irwin, Methodist ministers, and Rev. C. H. Owen, Church of England minister. A large gathering of sorrowing friends followed the remains to the cemetery, where they were interred alongside those of his mother and two sisters who predeceased him but a short time. His class in the school which he attended while here marched in the funeral procession and sent a beautiful wreath of flowers.

There was also a wreath from the Glencoe Methodist Sunday School, of which he was a member, and one from his public school teacher and schoolmates in Sarnia, among others.

The circumstances of the little boy's death are quite distressing. He and his father a few weeks ago left Glencoe to reside in Sarnia, where the father bought a grocery business. On Halloween Floyd left the store about nine o'clock, and almost immediately afterwards on the street near the store while playing some pranks along with other young people was unintentionally hit on the head with an umbrella in the hands of a girl of about his own age, the steel point of the umbrella piercing his brain. He was taken to the hospital, where he died about three hours later. The body was taken to the undertaking rooms of Phillips & Sons and prepared for burial, and a short service was held there on following day, Mr. Connelly, Rev. Mr. Newton, Church of England minister, and Rev. Mr. Hall, Presbyterian minister, the latter accompanying Mr. Jelly with the remains to Glencoe.

The little boy was particularly well liked by his associates and all who knew him, and Mr. Jelly has the deep sympathy of his many friends in his bereavement.

Glencoe Public School.

Examination Nov. 4.

Geography.

Class IV, Sr.—Annie George 100, Agnes McEachern 97, George McCracken 96, Frances Moss 95, Mary Simpson 78, Muriel Precious 68, Helen McCutcheon 60, Cameron McPherson 58, Mamie Grant 55, Edna Leitch 45.

Class IV, Jr.—R. D. McDonald 92, Jean McEachern 79, Jessie Currie 70, Lloyd Farrell 60, Frances Sutherland 40.

Class III, Sr.—D. A. Weaver 94, Marion Copeland 84, Gladys Bechill 63, Albert Anderson 60, Clifford Ewing 54, Cecil McAlpine 53, Ulea Moore 40.

Spelling—Total 100.
Jr. III.—Florence McEachern 96, Zella Moore 96, Ethel George 96, Clara Leitch 95, Muriel Weeks 90, Margaret McDonald 89, Mary Quick 88, Stewart Weir 88, Arlie Parrott 88, Grace Dalgety 84, John Simpson 84, Alexander Sutherland 84, Leslie Reeves 84, W. Whelan 75, Willie Stinson 72, Flora McKellar 72, Nuala Stewart 72, Gladys Eddie 72, Gladys George 68, John Hillman 60, Pat Curry 56, Mariner McCracken 44, Janet Scott 44.

Jr. II.—Jessie Wilson 93, Sherman McAlpine 90, Willie Diamond 90, Willetta Wehlann 84, Joe Grant 70, Jim Donaldson 70, May McIntosh 64, Emma Reyscraft 60.

Mental Arithmetic.

Jr. II.—Honors—Charlie Davenport 90, William Moss 90, Mabel Wright 90; pass—Gladys Congdon 70, Wilfrid Hagith 70, Martin Abbott 70, Grey Doull 90, Clifford Stinson 90, Evelyn Allen 90, Ivan Ramsay 50, Verna Stevenson 50, Thelma McCaffery 50, Eleanor Sutherland 40, Duncan Scott 40.

Sr. I.—Mas Dorman 70, Gordon Stevenson 70, Donald McLay 60, Garnet Ewing 60, Irene McCaffery 40.

Jr. I.—Billie Doull 70, Willie McLay 60, Freddie McRae 50, Nelson McCracken 50, Wilford Crawford 50.

Primary.

Class A.—Charles George 50, Bessie McKellar 49, Fred George 45, Gordon Ramsay 38, George Kelly 32.

Class B.—Tom Hillman 50, Albert Diamond 45, Frank Sillett 45, Gordon Doull 38.

Dr. Hyttenrauch Gets Commission

Dr. Hyttenrauch, formerly of Appin, has been appointed medical officer of the 12th Battalion at Sandling Camp, England, with the rank of captain. He enlisted as a private and worked himself up. His son Pete has been at the front, and after being buried in a trench, dug himself out. He suffered badly bruised chin, and a compound fracture of the hand. He recovered sufficiently to be attached to his father's command in the C.A.M.C.

Battalion Split Up.

Confirmation of the report that the 13th Battalion of Middlesex had been split up in England has been received. The battalion lost its name on October 15th and the distribution of the companies is now as follows:—"A" company to the 134th Highlanders; "B" company to the 116th of Toronto, and "C" and "D" companies to the 12th (Brantford) Battalion.

High School Notes.

A meeting of the G. H. S. Literary Society was held on Thursday, Nov. 2, and was called to order by the president, McKellar McArthur. The program was as follows:—Short address by the president; instrumental, Miss M. D. Huston; secretary's report, Miss E. McNabb; solo, Miss C. Sutton; reading of the G. H. S. paper, "The Oracle," by Miss E. McKellar; instrumental, Miss A. Poole; address, Mr. Hamilton, honorary president; critic's report, Miss J. McLachlan. The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

Guilty of Neglect.

The criminal docket at the Middlesex Assizes in London was concluded Tuesday evening with the jury's verdict in the McIntyre case. John L. McIntyre of Moss, rural mail driver, whose epileptic daughter died in childbirth, was charged with manslaughter on the ground of alleged neglect. The jury found him guilty only on the second count, that of neglect, impairing her health. As the judge granted a stated case to the defence, sentence was deferred. In the meantime, McIntyre must remain in jail.

A Double Sacrifice.

At one of the points in Nova Scotia recently visited by Sir Herbert Ames, there occurred an incident that is well worth recording. After Sir Herbert's address the parents of a soldier, now in training at Halifax and shortly to go overseas, informed the local executive committee of the fund that he was leaving the country for the dangers of the trenches. It is not difficult to imagine the effort that such a sacrifice meant to the mother who doubtless had been long anticipating a visit to her boy so soon to leave his country for the dangers of the trenches.

Bazaar and Chicken Supper

The ladies of St. John's church will hold their annual bazaar and chicken supper in the schoolroom on Friday afternoon, November 24th.

There will be a stall of useful articles, also a homemade candy booth. A fine branpie will be ready for the little folks at five a penny.

Bazaar opens at 3 o'clock. Chicken Supper from 6 to 8, price 35c. 38 2

British Red Cross.

The following additional subscriptions to the British Red Cross are acknowledged by A. E. Sutherland, treasurer of the fund at Glencoe:

Miss B. Leute \$3.00
Mack 5.00
John Strachan 1.00

Wedded in Glencoe.

The marriage took place in Glencoe on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 1st, of Thomas Bell of Moss and Miss Florence Hudson of Peterborough. The officiating clergyman was Rev. Mr. Owen. The young couple left on the 6:20 eastbound train to spend a short honeymoon at Ingersoll. Their many friends wish them a happy and prosperous wedded life.

Sentenced to Death.

A sentence of death was passed by Mr. Justice Lennox Tuesday evening at London on Mike Tancredi for the shooting of his fellow countryman, Raffaele Barbado. He will be hanged on January 23 unless the sentence is commuted. The fatal shooting followed a drunken brawl last fall.

BETHEL-METCALFE.

Rev. Irwin, Watford, visited with his sister, Mrs. John Boyd, on Thursday.

Mrs. Edie McLauchlan, Sarnia, visited over Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Enoch Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McGill and son George and daughter Anna motored to Chatham on Sunday.

The ladies of the Bethel Red Cross Club met with Mrs. Enoch Moore on last Wednesday. They packed 12 parcels for the boys from this vicinity who are now overseas. The next meeting will be on Nov. 16 at the home of Mrs. Chas. Towers.

On Thursday the ladies shipped 48 pairs of day sox and 24 towels to the boys overseas. The ladies held a very successful Halloween social at the home of Cyrus Henry on Oct. 31. The proceeds were \$21. Miss Gertrude McGill won a prize for best masked lady.

WE ALL HAVE MISSIONS IN THE WORLD.—There is a work to do for every man on earth, there is a mission to perform for everything on earth animate and inanimate. Everything has a mission, and the mission of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is to heal burns and wounds of every description and cure coughs, colds, croup and all affections of the respiratory organs.

School Reports.

Report of S. S. No. 3, Moss, for October:—

IV.—Fred Whitfield 94, Walter Whitfield 90, Annie Wakefield 70, Tom Simpson 73, Verna Watterworth 68, Florence Simpson 67, Lloyd Simpson 60, Frank Brown 58.

Sr. III.—Cecil Moore 85, Hugh Whitfield 84, Comby Moore 81, Amy James 72.

Jr. III.—Roy Whitfield 80, Norman Winger 80, Alice Harvey 67, Elliott Whitlock 62, William Whitlock 60.

II.—Edith Lumley 90, Blanche Whitlock 68.

Sr. I.—Richard Fry 90.

Jr. I.—(now Sr. I.)—Marion Grover 105, Frank Walker 95, Arthur Childs 85, Donnie Coyne 84, Jean Moore absent.

Class A. (promoted to Jr. I.)—Ross Edwards, Lewis Moore, Willard Edwards, Helen Whitlock, Earl Harvey.

Class B.—John Whitfield, Florence Fry.

Class C.—Clare Whitlock.

Best class in spelling for the month—Class II. Best pupil in arithmetic and spelling for the month—Fred Whitfield.

Means perfect attendance, means absent for one exam. No. on roll, 33; average attendance, 30.

WARD LEITCH, Teacher.

Report in per cent. of S. S. No. 1, Moss, for September and October:—

IV.—Lillian Gould 86.

Sr. III.—Norman Gould 68, D. H. McRae 67, J. D. Simpson 65, Lloyd Gould 61.

Jr. III.—Helen Cameron 87, Charley Kook, Mary Simpson 67, Ernest McCutcheon 40.

Sr. II.—L. D. Siddall 71, Walter Thompson 52.

Sr. I.—Marvin Watterworth 75, Lita Gould 71, Isabel Cameron 71, Sam Sharp 67, Ruby McQuillan 63, Irene Gould 50, Elmer Thompson 42.

I.—Harold Watterworth, Graham Simpson, Dolly Treastin, Melvin Holmes.

B.—Robert Siddall.

A.—Verecely Jermyne, Chester Thomas.

W. L. QUIGLEY, Teacher.

Report of S. S. No. 8, Moss, for October:—

Class V., total 600.—Bessie McLachlan 170, Gladys Gould 144.

Class IV., total 600.—Helen McKellar 180, Stanley Giles 72.

Class III., total 600.—Alvin McLachlan 113.

Class I., total 600.—Donald McKellar 405.

Primer, total 600.—Margaret Mitchell 507.

Note:—

About the House

For Hungry Children.

When the children come racing home from school it is to early for supper and so long after luncheon that they are ready for a little extra something satisfying and nourishing, but not enough to spoil their appetite for supper. A glass of milk and a slice of cake is ideal, but many mothers seem to feel that cake is rather a luxury these times.

Home-made cakes calling for large quantities of butter and eggs are undoubtedly expensive, but there are several recipes which eliminate these commodities and are still quite good. The best shortening for these cheaper cakes is dripping, in fact, some cooks always prefer it to butter, and it is so rich in fact that if a recipe calls for one-quarter pound of butter, three ounces of dripping is sufficient. Another advantage is that the cake remains moist longer, keeping fresh for a week or more. But this is an important but—the dripping and fat must be properly clarified. Cut up, put in a clean saucepan and cover with cold water. Then bring slowly to a boil and skim well. Pour into a bowl and leave to get cold. The impurities will all go to the bottom.

In making any kind of cake sift the flour both to prevent the possibility of lumps and to make the cake lighter and more digestible.

The directions for baking are given in the following recipe to be applied to all:

Plain Fruit Cake.—One-half pound of flour, three ounces of dripping, one-quarter pound of currants, one ounce of candied peel, about five tablespoons of milk, one teaspoonful of baking powder, two ounces of sugar, two ounces of stoned raisins, one egg, a pinch of salt. Mix the baking powder and salt with the flour, and pass all through the sieve into a basin. Cut the dripping into tiny pieces, and rub these into the flour with the tips of your fingers until the flour looks like fine breadcrumbs. Add the sugar, currants, raisins and candied peel and, if you like, a grating of nutmeg or lemon peel, as a flavoring.

Make a hollow in the center of the mixed ingredients and pour in half the beaten egg, mixing thoroughly with a wooden spoon. Add two tablespoons of milk to the remainder of the egg, and work this into the paste. If the paste seems too stiff, add a little more milk. Stir thoroughly for about a minute, then turn into the cake-tin, and put into the oven as quickly as possible. Don't open the oven door for ten minutes.

As soon as the cake is well colored, place a piece of greased paper on the top. A dripping cake needs to be well cooked, and it is advisable to leave it to "soak" for fifteen to twenty minutes in a cool part of the oven after the skewer comes out quite cleanly. Altogether, the cooking of this cake will occupy about one hour and a quarter.

When cooked, lift the tin very carefully on to the table, let it remain there for three minutes, then turn the cake on to the sieve and leave till quite cold. Avoid a draught or rough handling, for both these are fatal to the best made and cooked cake.

Caraway Cake.—One-half pound of flour, one tablespoonful of ground caraway seeds, milk, three ounces of dripping, one egg, two ounces of citron peel, two ounces of brown sugar, a pinch of salt, one teaspoonful of baking powder. Sift the flour and salt, rub in the dripping, mix in the ground caraway seeds, candied peel and sugar. Make into a paste, as already described, using first part of the egg, then egg and milk, and if necessary, a little plain milk at the last. Bake according to previous instructions.

An Eggless Cake.—Three quarters of a pound of flour, four ounces of currants, four ounces of sultanas, one-half teaspoonful of cream of tartar, four to five ounces of dripping, four ounces of sugar, one large teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda, a teaspoonful of milk. Sift the flour and rub in the dripping. Sprinkle in the soda and

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

tartaric acid, add sultanas, currants and sugar and mix all together. Heat the milk, and when nearly boiling, stir quickly into the dry ingredients. Turn into the baking-tin and put into the oven immediately. Bake for about one hour and a half.

Gingerbread.—Two ounces of dripping, two ounces of brown sugar, six ounces of molasses, eight ounces of flour, one-quarter ounce of powdered ginger, one-half teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda and one-half cup of warm milk. Rub the dripping into the flour, add the sugar and ginger. Stir in the molasses and the soda dissolved in the warm milk. Pour into a tin and bake slowly for one hour and a half. You can add to this recipe a few blanched chopped almonds, candied peel, or glaze ginger cut into small pieces.

Sultana Cake.—Three-quarters pound of flour, two ounces of margarine, two ounces of dripping, four ounces of sugar, six ounces of sultanas, one and one-half gills of milk, one level teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, grated rind of one-half lemon and a pinch of salt. Add the salt to the flour, and rub in the shortening very thoroughly. Mix in the fruit, well cleaned, the sugar and the lemon rind. Dissolve the soda in the milk, and stir at once into the dry ingredients, until you have a very stiff batter. Bake for an hour and a quarter—or a little longer if necessary—in a moderate oven.

Yorkshire Parkin.—One pound of medium oatmeal, three ounces of dripping, molasses, one-half pound of brown sugar, one-half ounce of ground ginger and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Mix the salt with the oatmeal, and rub in the fat. Add the sugar and ground ginger. Mix to a stiff dough with molasses. Roll out half an inch thick, cut into squares, and bake on a greased tin for twenty minutes. The oven should be hot.

Pancake Batter. Pancakes are very easily made "when once you know how to do it." There are several secrets in the accomplishment, and the first is in getting a beautifully smooth batter. Take a clean, cold, deep bowl and into it sieve four ounces of flour and add a pinch of salt and one level tablespoonful of caster sugar. Now with the wooden spoon gather the flour up the sides of the bowl, leaving a well in the center round which the flour rises in an absolutely smooth wall. This smoothness is one of the first secrets; the flour must be gathered up with the spoon quite regularly all round the bowl and then gently pressed with the back of the spoon till it presents this smooth appearance.

Next break two nice fresh eggs into two teacups; this should be done so gently that the yolk and the white are not mixed. Have also ready half a pint of sweet milk. Now drop one egg out of the cup into the very center of the basin. Take the wooden spoon and begin to stir the egg very gently round, always stirring in the one direction. The spoon must be kept so entirely in the center that it never touches the flour wall, the flour being gathered grain by grain by the white of the egg. It is only by this gradual process that perfect success can be attained, but even this will fail to produce a smooth batter if the spoon is allowed to cease stirring for one second.

When the first egg has absorbed its proportion of flour, drop in the other egg and work it in the same gentle, steady way; then, when the second egg is also finished, pour in very, very carefully just a tiny bit of milk at a time and continue doing so, stirring as above until all the flour has crept into the batter, grain by grain. If these instructions have been followed exactly, a batter as smooth as cream will now be the result. Then with the back of the spoon beat the mixture for five minutes, add the remainder of the milk and beat with the front of the spoon until the batter is covered with bubbles. Cover the basin with a plate and set it aside for at least one hour before cooking.

Useful Hints. Boil handkerchiefs in orris water for 15 minutes and they will have a pleasant perfume. Pineapple sliced thin, thoroughly chilled and served with whipped cream, is a delicious dessert. Heat the earth that you are going to put into pots or window boxes and all insects will be destroyed. Always remove mildew as quickly as possible. The longer it remains the more difficult it will be. Linens should always be soaked a long time before washing; the stains will come out more thoroughly. Salmon sandwiches are delicious. Flake the fish and add a little cream and a dash of French mustard. Cheese is the most concentrated of foods, but being difficult to digest, it should be taken in small quantities. Add a teaspoonful of cornstarch to each cup of sugar, when making chocolate fudge, and it will surely be smooth. A little salt added to the bluing water in which white clothes are rinsed, will prevent the bluing from settling in spots.

"The White Flour Pinch"—have you felt it? With the advancing price of wheat "the seven-cent loaf is doomed," say the bakers. In its place we have the eight-cent loaf—in many cities only the sixteen-cent loaf. A loaf of white flour bread is not a complete ration. However wholesome and pure, it does not supply all the proteins the human body needs. In **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** you have all the body-building nutriment in the whole wheat grain prepared in a digestible form. It is always the same price, always the same high quality. Eat it for breakfast with milk or cream or with fruits.

Made in Canada

When boiling a leg of mutton in close it in a muslin bag. Cooked in this way it will keep a much better shape.

Sift the ashes, and the good coal that you find should be sprinkled over the bin of unburned coal.

Put a few drops of vinegar in the water in which string beans are boiled; it will make them very tender. For removing tea and coffee marks from linen glycerine is excellent. Pour it over the stains; rub it well in, and wash in the usual way.

For savory baked potatoes, make a hole in the end of each potato and add a piece of bacon curled up, so that it will go into small space.

Potatoes that have been taken out of the ground before they are thoroughly ripe will never bake or boil so as to be light and fluffy. When boiling cabbage, put a cupful of vinegar and a tablespoonful of sugar near the pot and the cabbage will not annoy by its bad odor.

To test mushrooms, put a silver spoon in the pan while they are cooking. If the spoon turns black there are poisonous elements in the mass.

An easy way to pick up small pieces of broken glass is to wet a piece of absorbent cotton. The smallest pieces will adhere to the wet cotton.

India rubber gloves are better than leather ones for wearing when doing housework; they are more flexible, and in addition are much easier to keep clean.

Where oil lamps are used a painful dry sand should always be kept handy. Nothing is so effective for extinguishing burning oil in case of accident.

Don't throw bones that have been boiled for soup into the dustbin. Put them at the back of the fire, bank up with well-dumped small coal and they will burn for hours. When making sweet dumplings, whether sweet or savory, always prick them well before putting them in the pan. If this is done they will not stick to the bottom.

A mixture of equal parts of olive oil and black ink will be found useful to paint the tips of black kid gloves that are slightly worn. It gives the gloves a new lease of life. Tomatoes, lima beans, carrots and corn, mixed and cooked until they are thoroughly done, then put into glass jars and sealed, will be easily kept and will make a delicious dish for winter.

Many housekeepers do not know that there is a simple way to prevent potatoes from burning and sticking to the bottom of the pot. An inverted pit placed in the bottom of the pot avoids scorching potatoes. The water and empty space beneath the pan save the potatoes. This also makes the work of cleaning pots easier, as no adhering parts of potatoes are left to be scoured out.

55 SONS OF PEERS FALLEN.

Eldest Heir of Lord Glenconner Among Latest Victims.

Fifty-five sons of British peers have fallen on the battlefields of the European war. One of the latest was Lieut. Wyndham Tennant, 19, eldest son of Lord Glenconner, who was killed in France September 22. Only a few days before the death in action of his cousin, Lieut. Mark Tennant, was reported.

Lieut. Wyndham Tennant had been with the army just over a year, having joined as soon as he reached the legal age. In a letter to his mother, dated just before going into action, he wrote:

"This is written in case anything happens to me, for I should like you to have just a little message from my own hand. Your love for me and my love for you have made my whole life one of the happiest there has ever been. This is a great day for me. 'High heart, high speech, high deeds, 'mid honoring eyes.' God bless you and give you peace."

Four Cabinet Ministers, Mr. Asquith, Lord Lansdowne, Pike Pease and Arthur Henderson have lost sons in the war, and Lord Crewe a son-in-law. Mr. Henderson is the Labor party leader, and his son was a Captain. Lieut. Raymond Asquith gave promise of holding as high a place at the bar as his father. He had an appointment on the staff, but insisted on service in the fighting line. Mr. Asquith's younger son was wounded at the Dardanelles. Lloyd George has two sons in the army.

THE FASHIONS

The materials and trimmings for evening wear are very rich this season, and the gowns luxurious; seemingly, there is no limit to the extravagance of many of them. In materials, the preference seems to be given to chiffon velvet, and the soft richness of this material is especially adapted to developing the sumptuous gowns that women of fashion demand. Next in importance come the brocaded silks and satins and the gold and silver laces and nets. Quantities of these gold, silver and other metallic laces are used and they are combined with tulle and net or with soft silks, satins and velvets. Black chiffon velvet combined with gold or silver lace is especially high in favor, but the colored velvets are also favored, some of them being very brilliant while others are in the softer shades. For young girls, white satin embroidered



Evening Gown of Black Velvet and Lace

ery in silver as well as the soft shades of pink and blue make very charming gowns. Tulle is another of the girlish materials for youthful dance frocks. It makes the daintiest of frocks, and the tulle used at present is not of the perishable kind that was used formerly.

In the way of trimming, everything that glitters and sparkles is in demand for decorating evening frocks. Quantities of paillettes, sequins and rhinestone trimmings are employed, so that there is a great deal of glitter and glamour about the evening frocks of this season.

The use of chiffon velvet combined with lace is shown in the charming model illustrated. Fine lace flouncing forms the side sections of the



Broadcloth Cake Trimmed with Fur skirt and this may be of white or silver lace, or black lace, which is also very effective. Bands of pearl or rhinestone trimming over the shoulders hold up the little bodice of black velvet, and at the same time they serve as a finish to the frills of lace which take the place of sleeves. Another type of sleeve which appears on ever so many evening frocks is the long, trailing sleeve of tulle, known as the wing sleeve. It always gives added grace to a gown and is often outlined with iridescent beads.

Another interesting feature of evening gowns is the return of the train. Many trains are in the form of separate panels, some of which are quite long while others are only long enough to merit the name of train. On one of the latest models was a train half of net and half of satin. It started from the shoulder, and the upper part to about the normal waistline was of net, the remainder being of satin.

Skirts are still short, even when

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Magic Baking Powder costs no more than the ordinary kinds. For economy, buy the one pound tins.

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

they carry trains, but even the shortest skirts are longer than those of last season.

The New Wraps

Fully as elaborate and luxurious as the gown itself is the evening wrap to go with it. The wraps are very ample and are fashioned chiefly of velvet or broadcloth, trimmed with fur. The fur is applied in bands around the edges as in the accompanying illustration, or it appears only in collars.

All sorts of rich, brilliant colors, among them ruby, rose, geranium and different shades of blues, are used for wraps and their linings. The lining is often the same color as the wrap or contrasting. Sometimes bright figured silks are used. Beautiful wraps also come in darker shades. An especially handsome one was of dark red velvet, trimmed with dull-braid and enriched with coney fur at the neck and sleeves.

In the Line of Accessories

Of the accessories for evening there are countless dainty conceits in the form of bags, artificial flowers to match dresses, and fans. The bags are of gold and silver tissue or of delicate silks. The large ostrich feather fans are favored above all others, and very beautiful they are, coming in all colors to match the gowns they are to accompany.

Evening slippers are of satin, brocades and silver and gold tissues, the latter being particularly favored. Many are ornamented with buckles of rhinestone and crystal, while there are those entirely devoid of ornament. Some striking fancy slippers are half of gold or silver tissue and half of gay-colored satin. They were made with vamps of the colored satin and the heels and quarters of gold and silver. Silk hose to match are worn with the slippers, for they are to be had in all the desired colors.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall Dealer, or from the McCall Company, 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Dept. W.

The Case of Mary.

Mary had a little lamb,
Her fleece, you know,
And everywhere that Mary went
The duffer had to go.

He followed her to pale pink teas
In truly lamb-like style.
He was as docile as a poodle
For quite a little while.

But after marriage seems the goat
Assumed another tone.
Then everywhere that Mary went
She had to go alone.

Age brings us wisdom teeth
According to the price we can afford
To pay a dentist.

GUNS SHORT-LIVED.

Progress of Erosion Impairs Accuracy of Fire.

The life of a gun depends upon the progress of erosion, which sooner or later is certain to impair the accuracy of fire. Erosion is caused by the action of the explosive gases at high temperature and pressure. According to the Iron Age, the hot gases cause a thin film of steel to absorb heat. The film expands and becomes set. Upon the release of the pressure it contracts, which causes minute cracks that grow larger with every discharge. As they increase in size they form passage-ways for more hot gas, and that tends to enlarge them still further. The inner surface thus becomes roughened and the bands begin to corrode. Finally, the bore becomes so enlarged that it allows the gases to escape. The shell does not then acquire its proper rotation and its flight becomes erratic. All guns except small ones are now constructed with linings in the tube, which, when the bore is worn out, are removed and replaced by new ones. The cost of relining a gun is approximately 30 per cent. of the cost of the gun.

There appears to be no limit to the number of times that a gun can be relined. The small arms used in the United States are considered to be worn out after 5,000 to 7,500 rounds have been fired. Small naval guns can be fired about 1,000 times before they are regarded as worn out. Large 12-inch and 14-inch naval guns are considered to have a life, on one lining, of from 150 to 200 rounds. Low-velocity guns, such as howitzers and mortars, have correspondingly longer lives than high velocity guns of the same calibre, because the pressures they develop, and hence the temperatures, are lower.

He Did.

"I really don't believe," said Gladys, coyly, "that you particularly wanted to hear me sing."

"I did, indeed," her admirer protested. "I had never heard you."

Such is Life.

If you are quiet and unassuming you will be classed as a dead one. If you are strenuous and a live wire you will be accused of being a four-flusher.

Practical Advice.

Edith—Oh, dear! With the rich old man that I don't love and the poor young man that I do love, I am between the horns of a dilemma.
Marie—Then choose the horn of plenty, my dear.

TORONTO FURNITURE COMPANY, Limited

THIRTY-YEAR 6% GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS
Due September, 1946. Interest payable March and September at the Union Bank of Canada. Callable at 103 and accrued interest on three months' notice.

Denominations of \$500. and \$100.
CAPITALIZATION.

Thirty-year 6% Gold Mortgage Bonds	Authorized	Issued
Of this amount \$200,000 are presently issued. \$100,000 are being held in escrow for the future purposes of the Company.	\$500,000	\$300,000
Preferred Stock	200,000	100,000
Common Stock	300,000	300,000

MANAGERS
The Union Bank of Canada. The Toronto General Trusts Corporation

TRUSTEES
D. K. Midont, Esq., President North American Accident Assurance Co., Toronto.

William T. Bradshaw, Esq., Vice-President Murray-Kay Limited, Toronto.

Godfrey Bird, Esq., Banker.

William Lyall, Esq., President F. Lyall & Sons Construction Company, Montreal.

A. E. Clark, Esq., Vice-President Dominion Lumber Company, Limited, Toronto.

We draw attention to the following particulars regarding the Company:—

1. It specializes in high grade bedroom and dining room furniture.
2. Its products, stamped with "T.F.C." trade mark, are being sold not only throughout Canada, but also in the United States.
3. Its plant is one of the most modern in North America.
4. Its assets, including real estate, buildings, machinery, equipment, lumber, etc., amount to \$436,053.25.
5. Its earnings for the six months which ended May 31st, 1916, totalled \$13,160.31, while the interest on the entire bond issue is \$13,000 per annum.
6. A sinking fund of 2 1/2% is provided.

Subscriptions to the present issue may be paid 10% on application, 10%, 20% or 25% per month, as the subscriber may elect.

PRICE: 90. YIELDING 6.2-3%
and carrying a bonus equivalent to 25% of common stock.

INSTALMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED

203, 204, 207, 208 Transportation Building
120 St. James Street Montreal

I hereby purchase \$ _____ 30 Year 6% Gold Mortgage Bonds of the Toronto Furniture Company, Limited, at \$90 per \$100 bond, and

enclose \$ _____ being payment of the amount due on application. It is understood and agreed that I am to receive further 10% in Common Stock of the amount of bonds purchased and allotted to me, as a bonus for the same consideration. Please have receipt for the said payment on account, issued in the

Name of _____
And send to the following address _____
This subscription blank may be cut out and used.

BOMBERS CARRY LIVES IN HANDS

THE BRITISH TAKE TO BOMBING NATURALLY.

When Enemy Makes a Counter-attack the Bombers Help to Stop It.

Bombers really carry their lives in their hands. The Mills bomb, with its pine-apple-like exterior, is a dangerous weapon. To use it successfully against an enemy, and at the same time guard against mishaps, requires special knowledge and training.

The British soldier takes naturally to bombing—that is, the offensive part of attacking and hurling the missiles.

The Mills bomb is fused by releasing a spring, after which it takes a certain number of seconds to explode. It would, therefore, obviously be useless to release the spring and hurl it into the midst of an onrushing foe if it bursts some seconds later. To get the best results it is necessary to retain the bomb in the hand for as many seconds as will allow it to explode just as it reaches its objective. This, needless to say, requires cool judgment, practice, and iron nerves.

How Bombers Work.

It is dawn. The air is damp with the white morning mist, through which the enemy's lines loom hazily from the British trench. Occasional rifle shots from either position are the only sounds of life—and strife. Suddenly, at a prearranged signal, forms creep out over the British parapet and down the sloping face. Then with bent bodies they move silently in an unending-line towards the Hun trenches.

The attacking force gets to within a hundred yards of its objective before hoarse shouts, quickly followed by rifle and machine-gun fire, proclaim it is discovered. Simultaneously the khaki line dashes forward. Men fall on all sides with such regularity that it appears as though they were enacting some special drill. But the onrushing wave, gathering impetus every instant, rolls relentlessly forward.

The burst of Boche rifle fire increases in volume, then dwindles away as, with a cheer, the British surge into the trench.

Even before the resistance of the garrison has been overcome the Germans from their support trench a hundred yards away open a heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. To advance farther at present across the open would be impossible. It is now that the bombers' real work begins, and groups of them immediately dash for the communication trenches which connect the captured position with that held by the enemy. Then ensues a regular duel, Boche and Britisher hurling bomb for bomb. At last one from the enemy falls in the trench right among the men behind him and bursts.

The "thrower" swings around and takes the situation in a glance. "Get them out of range," he says to an apparently uninjured man, "then fetch me supports. Ah!"

Counter-attack Stopped.

The last ejaculation is drawn from him as he makes a sudden clutch at an object which would have fallen on the helpless men, catches it, and hurls it away. It bursts almost immediately in the air though harmlessly.

A few moments later he is alone, stolidly continuing his duel. Guttural shouts from the right cause him to glance over the parapet and he perceives the Germans are counter-attacking. The same glance also shows the form of a Hun crawling. Mauser pistol in hand, towards him. There's no time to bomb him in the ordinary way, yet he picks one up and poises it. As the Hun's head shows over the parapet he hurls it as he would a ball at the wicket to stop a short run. The Hun is "out."

But the bomber is not out of the wood yet. He hears heavy steps approaching down the trench. He snatches another bomb, extracts the pin, and holds it.

"One, two, three, four . . ." he counts, and the sounds of his approaching enemy rapidly draw nearer as he does so. Then just tossing the bomb around the corner, he draws back with the satisfied smile of a specialist.

The bomb, bursting on the instant, is followed by groans. Then a British cheer proclaims that not only has the counter-attack of the Huns been defeated, but that they are being hunted back to their trench.

WILL WIPE OUT FOES.

But French General Says Much Fighting Lies Ahead.

We are only at the beginning of the end of the war. The antagonism displayed by the rival forces is such that only the destruction of one by the other can be conceived, writes General Gabriel Malletti, a French military critic of highest repute.

France must be prepared for a third year, which will be more terrible than the first two. But it will be the last, we hope. If the allies' effort is guided by one hand throughout, and if they throw all their forces into the preparation for it, they will be able to deliver the supreme blow.

YOUNG FOLKS

The Garden Club.

Little Amy was very fond of reading so she was delighted at the new book that her Aunt Mary had sent her. It told all sorts of interesting things about plants. Amy took it down to the garden bench under the apple tree, where she liked to sit and read.

It was a warm day. The bees were busy in the clover field, the summer breeze blew gently. Amy leaned back against the trunk of the apple tree and closed her eyes. The book slipped from her fingers. Then she heard a strange rustling sound, and, opening her eyes quickly, she saw a sight that made her stare in astonishment. All round her in the vegetable garden were the queerest folk she had ever seen. They were like fairy folk, sitting on the vegetable plants almost as if they were growing there.

Near by, upon a tomato plant, sat a very plump little lady in a green hat and a red satin gown. She began to speak.

"I came from the South," she said. "Since this is the first meeting of the Garden Club, I will tell you about it. My first name was Love Apple. In the days when there were slaves, the black people were afraid of the members of my family, for they thought that we would poison them. People do not think so now." And she nodded her head and smoothed down her red satin gown.

"I belong to a family that came from South America." This time it was a little gentleman in green who spoke. "There is a place there called Lima. That was our old home. We take our name from that place. It is a very long way to South America, too."

A little green-gowned lady in the potato patch joined in. "We of the Potato family came from South America, too," she said. "Our home was in Peru and Colombia. Now we live all over the world nearly, and many people would starve were it not for us."

A stronger breeze waved the golden tassels of the corn. "I could tell you strange things," said a lady with yellow locks. "My people lived first with the Indians. When white men came to this country, they saw how good my family were, and kept us with them. Now, the people of all lands like us well."

There was a gentle murmur from the wheat field. "That is all true," said a gentle voice, "but I can tell you a story that is stranger yet. Long ago, so the Chinese say, the first grains of wheat came as a gift from heaven. At that time, too, in the pleasant valleys of the Tigris and Euphrates there grew waving wheat fields. As far back as the memory of man goes there was always wheat. It was grown in Egypt long before Moses was cradled in his ark of rushes on the river Nile; and now it is found in ancient tombs, where it has remained for countless years."

There was a jolly laugh right over Amy's head. "No one can say, Friend Wheat, that you do not belong to one of the first families; but don't forget me. Many years ago all apple trees were small and gnarled and the fruit bitter and tough; but the earth people were wise; so they took great care of the Apple family, and look at me to-day! In a few weeks I shall bear wonderful red apples, and little Amy will taste them and call them good. Why, deary me, if the child is not asleep! I must wake her."

Down plump upon Amy's nose fell a tiny green apple. She sat up with a start. The strange people of the garden had vanished. Everything looked just as usual.

Just then her mother called her to supper. She picked up her book and ran in. There were tomatoes for supper, and Amy laughed.

"I wonder if I am eating a Tomato lady?" she said; but no one knew what she meant.—Youth's Companion.

IN SHELL HOLE NINE DAYS.

Three Australians Found and Rescued by Canadians.

An incident at the battlefield is related that reflects equal credit on the gallantry of two different overseas contingents. The Canadian troops have recently been fighting over ground which had formerly been on the Australian front. The Canadians had been there nine days when they found in a shell hole, far ahead of where the front line had been, three Australians, two wounded and one unhurt.

The three had pushed out by themselves into enemy country, when they were caught by shell fire, and two were wounded. The third dragged them into the shell hole and sat there with them. To come out in daylight was impossible, so all day he sat there and looked after the other two, and at night he sallied forth and got water bottles and rations from the German dead which lay around, and thus he had kept his two patients and himself alive for nine long days. One of the two wounded is doing well, but the other's wound has, unfortunately, become septic.

Mrs. Gabb—I understand that the number of lady barbers is rapidly increasing.

Her Husband—Shouldn't wonder! It's a business in which women can talk while they work.

RHEUMATISM IN THE BLOOD

It Can Only Be Cured by Thoroughly Enriching the Blood Supply.

Not so long ago rheumatism was looked upon as a pain in the muscles or joints brought on by exposure to dampness or bad weather. Now doctors know that it is rooted in the blood, and while exposure may start the pain, nothing but the removal of the poisonous acid from the blood will cure the trouble. It is a waste of both time and money to try to cure rheumatism with liniments, poultices or anything that only goes skin deep. Rubbing lotions into the skin may give temporary relief, but it actually helps to circulate the poisonous acid more freely and thus in the end increases the trouble, and perhaps leaves the sufferer permanently crippled. The one cure, the only cure, for rheumatism is to drive the acid which causes the trouble out of the blood. To do this no other remedy can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which actually make new blood, sweeps out the poisonous acid, loosens the stiffened, aching joints, and brings good health and comfort. Here is the proof. Mr. Joseph Crouse, of Nineveh, N.S., says: "For several years I was severely afflicted with rheumatism. The trouble seemed to locate in all the joints in my body, and my suffering at times was most intense, and the disease greatly interfered with my activity. I doctored steadily for a long time, but the trouble was obstinate and did not yield in the least to the doctors' treatment. One day a friend told me of some cures of rheumatism by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and strongly advised me to try them. I did so and to my great surprise eight boxes completely cured me of the trouble, and I was as supple, active and free from pain as ever. I have never felt a symptom of the trouble since."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FAST ARMY FOR RUSSIA.

Forty Million Men in Ten Years is Dream of General.

John L. Balderson, war critic and correspondent, writes to the New York Sun from London, says: "Russia does not intend to be caught napping again. While the allies in the west are talking about 'the war that shall end war' and the millennium to be ushered in by the peace conference, the Bear That Walks Like a Man dreams of developing an army great enough to dwarf all the hosts now contending in Europe put together.

There has come under my notice a semi-official memorandum on the needs of the future Russian army, prepared in Petrograd by Gen. A. P. Skugarevskii. His figures, soberly presented and all backed up by rows of other figures based on population, national wealth and experiences of the present war, are such as to stagger the imagination. If Russia fights again in ten years, Gen. Skugarevskii's memorandum indicates that in his opinion her war strength will be approximately as follows:

300,000 officers.
25,000,000 to 30,000,000 infantry.
1,000,000 to 2,000,000 cavalry.
5,000,000 artillery.
1,000,000 sappers, electricians, technical experts of all kinds.
5,000,000 for duties in the rear, transport, railways, hospitals, etc.
100,000 cannon.
1,000,000 machine guns.
About 100,000 motor cars, armored cars for fighting, lorries and light cars.
About 50,000 aeroplanes.
1,000 dirigibles.

A Growing Custom

The custom of placing Grape-Nuts on the table at all meals is growing in Canadian homes.

Both children and grown-ups help themselves to this delicious food as often as they like. It contains the entire nutriment of wheat and barley, digests quickly, and is wonderfully energizing.

Every table should have its daily ration of

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

Canadian Food Products Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

A VALUABLE REPORT.

Resume of Past Year's Work by the Commission of Conservation.

The focussing of public attention in Canada upon the problem of strengthening our national organization through increased industrial and commercial efficiency lends special value to the report of the Commission of Conservation, which has just been issued. The activities of this Commission, relating to the entire field of primary production, aim to secure greater efficiency in basic industry—in the development and utilization of Canada's natural resources.

The resume of the past year's work is a notable primer for the progress recorded in the constructive program entered upon by the newly formed Town Planning branch, with respect to one of our greatest and most urgent national problems, viz, the proper use and development of land, particularly in urban areas. Town-planning legislation of an advanced character has been secured in several provisions and thorough investigation of housing conditions has also been undertaken with a view to the drafting of model housing laws. Rapid progress has been achieved in the promotion of independent civic organization throughout the Dominion for the purpose of securing more general and thorough study of public questions.

A second noteworthy feature is the attention devoted by the Commission to the reduction of the heavy economic handicap imposed upon Canada through her enormous annual fire losses. The Commission is engaged in a careful study of the causes, the extent and best methods of remedying this avoidable tax upon the country's resources.

The section of the report containing the results of an agricultural survey in four representative counties presents accurate and definite data regarding the deficiencies of Canada's chief industry and affords a valuable indication of the lines along which efforts to improve rural conditions, economic and social, should be directed.

Steady progress has been made by the Commission in the huge task of national stock-taking, the urgent necessity for which becomes daily more apparent. Recent experience has served to emphasize the need for accurate knowledge of the nature and extent of the Dominion's wealth in lands, forests, minerals, water-powers, fisheries and wild life, as a guidance to intelligent and permanent national expansion.

The report, which is bound in cloth, and well illustrated, constitutes an important addition to the literature on Canada's resources and the problems connected with their efficient administration and development.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS USED TEN YEARS

Mrs. C. E. Stilwell, Winthrop, Sask., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years and have found them so good for my little ones that I always keep a box in the house." Mrs. Stilwell is "one of thousands of mothers who always keep the Tablets on hand. Once a mother has used them for her little ones she would use nothing else. They are absolutely free from opiates and injurious drugs and cannot possibly do harm to the youngest child. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GERMANY'S FUTURE.

Which Nation Will They Befriend—Britain or Russia?

Russia or England—with which of these two countries shall Germany make up after the war? This has become a dividing question between two schools of thought in Germany, and a good deal of violent polemic is being wasted on the matter. Broadly the one school is radical and progressive, and represented by the "Frankfurter Zeitung"; the other is reactionary, and its characteristic mouthpiece is the "Deutsche Tageszeitung."

In a recent issue the "Frankfurter" argues the possibility and desirability of "an understanding with England" after the war. England was warned not to count too much upon Russia. British democratic tendencies could not be arrested, and asked the "Frankfurter" ironically, "Shall then the Czar become a constitutional monarch and the Russian bureaucracy a mere obedient clerk dependent upon Ministers chosen from among the members of the Duma, simply in order to please England?" No; intimacy between England and Russia was impossible, and an understanding with Germany would better suit England's interests. As for the English side to any such bargain, the "Frankfurter" remarked hopefully that "a certain last remnant of confidence must surely have remained even amongst enemies."

Against this article the "Deutsche Tageszeitung" rages violently. It denounces the picture of England painted by the "Frankfurter" as utterly false. "The longer the war lasts, the clearer and less doubtful it becomes to everybody that Great Britain is not only the organizer and cause of the war for the annihilation of Germany, but also the soul and driving force of the enemy coalition. The number of

Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time In Many Instances.

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Used at Home.
LONDON. Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes are restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind, could not see to read at all, now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can now read fine print without glasses. It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time. The use of this prescription is able to strengthen their eyes so as to spare the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules

Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Non-Opto Tablets. Drop one Non-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Notes: Another prominent Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Non-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good drug store. For regular use in almost every family. The valuable Drug Co. Store 4, Toronto, will fill your orders if your druggist cannot."

The Downtrodden Race
Paddy (after holding forth at considerable length on the wrongs of Ireland): "Faith, and it's Liberty and Freedom we're wantin', sort."

Visitor to Dublin—"But what sort of liberty do you want, my friend, that you have not already?"
Paddy (after profound thought): "Liberty—to be begorra—liberty to spit in the trams!"

Toronto Fat Stock Show.
Farmers who have choice stock to market shortly would do well to enter in Toronto Fat Stock Show, Union Stock Yards, Toronto, December 8th and 9th, 1916, and secure some of the best premium offered in addition to market price of their animals. This show has been coming to the front very rapidly and carries the best and largest exhibition of fat butcher stock in Canada, and this year promises to be better than ever.

The Horrid Man!
She was giving him his conge. "Here," said she, "is your ring. I have decided that I can never be your wife. So the engagement's off, and I shall expect you to return everything you may have in your possession that came from me."

"All I have," said he, "is a lock of your hair and a photograph. I don't suppose you care anything for the photograph, but the lock of hair you will no doubt want to preserve as a souvenir."
"As a souvenir of what?"
"Of the time when you were a brunette."

Between and Between.
"Madam," said the doctor to the mother, "you should send this child to the country for several weeks each summer."

"I am sorry to say, doctor," she returned, "that we are not rich enough for that."
"Then," suggested the physician, "have her sent by the fresh-air fund."
"Oh, doctor," exclaimed the woman, "we are not poor enough."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

After Marriage.
"Many disillusionments come after marriage. My fiancé used to be fond of carving my initials on a tree."
"And now?"
"He won't even carve a steak."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—In July 1915 I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept., 1906, Mr. Wm. Outridge of Lachute sent me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I did with the most satisfactory results and to-day I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours sincerely,
his
MATTHEW X BAINES.
mark

-What They All Knew.

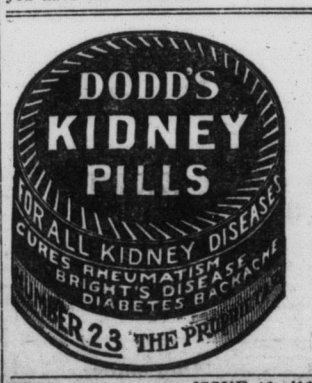
"Strange, Mary doesn't have any offers! She'd make some man a good wife."
"Yes, but the trouble is, everyone knows, she'd make him a good husband, too."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Subtle Impoliteness.
"Biggles always agrees with anything I say."

"Yes! It's his way of intimating that he doesn't consider your views sufficiently important to be worthy of an argument."

The easiest things in the world to forget are your other troubles when you have the toothache.



ED. 4. ISSUE 46-16

PEAKS 11,000 FEET HIGH.

Made Accessible by Kootenay Central Branch, C.P.R.

The wonderful icefields and eleven-thousand-foot-high peaks of the Purcell range, which the construction of the Kootenay Central branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway has rendered accessible to mountain climbers, are described and illustrated by Mr. C. W. Stone in the Canadian Alpine Journal for 1916. The approach to Mount Ethelbert, a peak which arrests the attention at Spillimacheen Station, seems almost to have overwhelmed the writer with its beauty. "Before us," he says, "lay a lake of exquisite blue color resting like a jewel in a setting between two rugged peaks, which mirrored in the clear water, rose abruptly thousands of feet on either hand like grim guardians of a lovely treasure. Beyond the lake the lifted eyes rested on a terrace stretched across the valley like a giant curtain eighteen hundred feet above the lake, down whose verdant slopes two gleaming cascades traced their foaming course and filled the whole amphitheatre with the sounds of falling water. Still farther and higher in the background, great snow crests appeared, inscrutably looking down upon us."

Three considerable parties of Alpine climbers, numbering nearly forty in all, mostly from the United States, made ascents in this region during the past summer on the invitation of Mr. A. H. MacCarthy, an enthusiastic member of the Canadian Alpine Club, who has a fine ranch at Wilmer in the Windermere district. Under Mr. MacCarthy's leadership important explorations have been made up the various creeks, piercing the eastern slopes of the Selkirk and Purcell ranges, Mr. MacCarthy being of the opinion that for interest and variety and spectacular beauty this mountain region is without rival on the North American Continent, and as soon as roads and trails are built will attract many tourists who have hitherto been content with the more beaten path of the C.P.R. main line.

How to Get Rid Of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness or Head Noise.

If you have catarrh, catarrhal deafness or head noise caused by catarrh, or if phlegm drops in your throat and has caused catarrh of the stomach or bowels you will be glad to know that these distressing symptoms can be entirely overcome by many treatments by the following treatment which you can easily prepare in your own home at little cost, and secure from your druggist. Dissolve one ounce of Eucalypti (Double Strength). This will not cost you more than 75c. Take this home and add to it 4 pint of hot water and 4 ounces of granulated sugar, stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. A decided improvement is sometimes noted after the first day's treatment. Breathing becomes easy, while the distressing head noises, headache, dizziness, clouded thinking, etc., gradually disappear under the tonic action of the treatment. Loss of sensitive hearing, defective hearing, and mucus dropping in the back of the throat, nearly ninety per cent of all ear troubles are said to be directly caused by catarrh of the throat, and must be many people whose hearing can be restored by this simple home treatment.

Worthy of Admiration.

Her Dad—So you want to marry my daughter. I like your nerve!
Suitor—Well, sir, you ought to. I spent a whole lot of time working it up.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Most Painful.
"Hallo, Newwedd, why so sombre?"
"Say, old man, I've made a very painful discovery. My wife can't sing."
"Painful? Why, man you are to be congratulated."
"Alas, no! You see she thinks she can."

If there were no such thing as strife there would be no such thing as a peace.

Sore Eyes
Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by **Marine Eye Remedy**. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. **Marine Eye Salve** Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Remedy Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Value of Publicity.

In a recent Bulletin from the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Mr. Geo. M. Whitaker, in discussing the inspection of dairies shipping milk to cities, advocates wide publicity for the scores. Progressive, cleanly milk dealers here in Canada would welcome such publicity. Mr. Whitaker says: "Publicity of scores is a stimulus to any dairyman, a valuable advertisement to the progressive producer, and often a great assistance to the consumer. Publication of scores encourages the better dairymen to continue to improve and calls public attention to the careless and slovenly. The latter by loss of customers or by act of the authorities should be forced out of business. They ought not to sell milk in competition with their neighbors who score high."

"Consumers who take an interest in their milk supply will note the standing of the different dairies and patronize the dairymen who have good ratings. The quality of the milk supply of any city depends in a large measure on the consumer, and he can do much to encourage the production of good milk."

Better an ounce of perspiration than a pound of cure.

TRAPPERS! Send your RAWFURS to JOHN HALLAM

and receive highest cash prices. We send money the same day the furs are received. Charge no commission—and pay all charges. We have paid out millions of dollars to thousands of trappers in Canada, who send their furs to us because they know they get a square deal, and receive the most money for their furs. For each ten any other fur dealer in Canada. Hallam's New Fur Quotations. Hallam's Fur Book (25c per page). Best free on request. Address as follows: JOHN HALLAM, 202 Hallam Building, Toronto.

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, IRISH COBBLERS, Delaware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

FOR SALE

100 HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES at wholesale prices. Send for free sample offer and 1917 catalogue. Peoples Wholesale Supply, Dept. A, Barrie, Ont.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 21 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

\$4,900.00 GIVEN AWAY IN

Classes for Boys, Farmers, Preachers and Teachers. Seventh Annual TORONTO FAT STOCK SHOW. Union Stock Yards. December 8 and 9, 1916. Enter now and secure highest possible price in marketing your stock. Secretary's address, care Union Stock Yards, Toronto.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES

And How to Feed. Mailed free to any address by the author. H. CLAY CLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

A Home Billiard Table

Will provide you and your family with the finest form of indoor recreation during the long winter evenings.

Our Famous Malsoneite Table

Is made specially for the home at a reasonable price. Cash or on terms.

BURROUGHS & WATTS, L.D.

Makers to H. M. the King. 36 Church St., Toronto

WANTED Men & Boys

For All Departments

Steady Employment

Good Wages

APPLY

Independent Rubber Co., Ltd.

MERRITTON, ONT.

Rank injustice.

"Pa," inquired a 7-year-old secker after the truth, "is it true that school teachers get paid?"

"Certainly it is," said the father.

"Well, then," said the boy indignantly, "that ain't right. Why should the teachers get paid when us kids do all the work?"

NOW IS THE TIME

to send some Zam-Buk to your soldier friend at the front. With the coming of cold weather, the men in the trenches all suffer, more or less, with chapped hands, cold cracks, chilblains and cold sores, and the soldier who has some Zam-Buk on hand to apply immediately any of these painful ailments, make their appearance, will be saved hours of suffering.

Pte. R. Westfield of "C" Company, 3rd Worcester Regiment, writes: "We wish our friends would send us out more Zam-Buk. It is splendid for sore hands, cold cracks, cold sores, etc."

Nothing ends pain and heals so quickly as Zam-Buk, and being germicidal, it prevents blood-poisoning.

50c box, 3 for \$1.25, all druggists or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ZAM-BUK

OPPORTUNITY

to Buy Now and Save Money

AT J. N. CURRIE & CO.'S

"Opportunity Knocks But ONCE at Every Door" is not all truth in this progressive age. Not once but many times and continually this store has been offering the opportunity to buy worthy merchandise at less than in many cases prevailing mill prices. Customers have found that what we stated were facts, and

We do not hesitate again to say
Buy today any goods you may require for the next six months or year at least. You will save anywhere from 10 to 35 per cent. The advantage is not alone the saving in price but greater still in getting "quality" today that tomorrow or next day we cannot get. The chances of getting so many lines have been cut off entirely by destruction of mills or raw materials.

The cotton crop this year is only 58 per cent. of normal conditions, and Germany alone following close of war is ready to buy up two full year's crops.

This store never before had such large stocks of dependable, desirable merchandise

This did not come by accident but by careful consideration of past, present and future conditions and buying ahead in quantities two and three times as large as ever before.

Splendid opportunity just now to buy Clothing

Men's Serviceable Tweed Suits, \$10, \$12.50, \$13.50.

Men's Fine Worsteds and Tweed Suits at \$15 to \$20.

Men's Viceroy's Blue Serge, guaranteed dye, \$10, \$22.50, \$25. Stocking heavily a year ago on these navy serge suits saves our customers all advances, as it means a saving of from \$8 to \$6 besides getting guaranteed goods.

Great stocks of Overcoats for Men and Boys

Great stocks of Boys' and Children's Suits

Glencoe's Best Family Shoe Store

"Slater's" Fine Shoes for Men.

"Empress" American style Shoes for Women.

"Cote's" and "Ames Holden," McCready standard makes for service.

None but the best makers' goods handled, assuring our customers of satisfaction.

Ample stocks of Rubbers and Rubber Boots

Rubbers to fit all lasts and heels. All guaranteed goods, and yet our prices will compare favorably with the lowest grades offered.

Ladies' Plush and Tweed Coats

marked at \$2 to \$3.50 less than city price for Big Sale on FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

Our winter stocks in all departments now at their best. Thrifty buyers are now eagerly buying their winter supply, and our sales increasing every day.

J. N. Currie & Co.

The Store With The Stock to Serve You Well

Important Notice to Subscribers

On and after December first next the subscription price of *The Transcript* will be \$1.50 per year in Canada; \$1.75 in the United States; single copies 5 cents. When subscriptions expire hereafter the paper will be discontinued unless promptly renewed. Subscriptions in arrears after December first will be assigned for collection with costs and interest. Look at your label; no more accounts will be sent out from this office.

To Investors

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT, MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA, OCTOBER 7th, 1918.

CLUBBING RATES

These prices are in effect until Nov. 30th only:—

The Transcript and—
Weekly Sun, 1 year.....\$1.75
Farmer's Advocate, 1 year.....2.45
Daily Advertiser, 1 year.....3.75
Daily Free Press, 1 year.....3.75
Canadian Countryman, 1 year.....1.50
Daily Globe, 1 year.....3.75
Daily Mail, 1 year.....3.75

Pay up and renew for a year of *The Transcript* NOW and save money. Address *Transcript* Office, Glencoe, Ont.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Cards of Thanks, In Memoriam Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5 cents per line; minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

ALMOST EVERYBODY HAS A BANK ACCOUNT. HAVE YOU?

If not, start a savings account with us today, and begin to get a fund together that will go on working for you at the rate of 3 per cent. per year, compounded every six months. It may be just the start you need for a fortune—it has been with thousands of other people.

GLENCOE BRANCH

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from *The Transcript* Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—To addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.50 per year; \$1.75 for eight months; to addresses in the United States, \$1.75 per year—payable in advance.

ADVERTISING.—*The Transcript* has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly booklets, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, NOV. 9, 1918

A Personal Chat.

The *Transcript* has never been given to "talking shop." There are times, however, when a personal word or two to our readers might not be amiss. And this is one of the times.

Increased cost of printing material, in fact higher prices for practically all commodities, has compelled publishers of weekly newspapers to raise their subscription rates—for the present to \$1.50 per year. It has been agreed that this rate shall come into effect on the first day of December next. And we are in honour bound not to break that agreement.

In order, however, to give our old subscribers every advantage possible, as well as to establish the pay in advance system for all, we are receiving arrears and one-year renewals up to December first at the old rate of \$1.00 per year.

Now, this advance payment system may appear a little harsh to some of our subscribers, many of whom have taken the paper for years and have always been "good pay." But it is for their benefit as well as ours that we are adopting this system. You will see the point if you think it over. For instance, why should the person who pays promptly year after year be made to shoulder a proportion of the cost of carrying others over from year to year, as well as the cost of repeated billing and entering and re-entering the accounts on our books? And it is only because some people are neglectful—they are not dishonest.

So we are going to "cut it out," to use a popular phrase, and every subscription that is not paid in advance is going to be removed from our mailing list. Even our bosom friend, if we had one, would have to pay in advance.

Some of the advantages we see in this is—fair treatment to all; less clerical expense; more time to devote to improving the paper; ready means to take advantage of cash discounts for printing material; a better satisfied list of subscribers, and fewer worries and less grey hairs all round.

Now, dear old subscriber, don't get on your dignity and say that "if Sutherland won't trust me for a paltry dollar-and-a-half he can keep his old rag." It is not a question of any man's honesty or ability to pay. It is a matter of business, pure and simple. And we think it is good business for both parties.

Kilmartin.

Russell McAlpine is home from Newmarket College.

Mrs. Alex. McVicar is under the doctor's care.

Mrs. D. R. McAlpine is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Crosby, in Highgate.

Miss McAlpine of Alvinston is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Alex. D. McAlpine.

Mr. and Mrs. James Morrison of Brooke spent Sunday at D. C. McTavish's.

KNAPDALE.

C. Armstrong and family of Windsor called on friends here last week.

Mr. R. J. Grey and daughter Mary of Shetland visited friends here recently.

Mrs. G. Hillman of Thamesville is visiting her brother, John McDonald, and other friends here.

The death occurred Monday of James Gage of Euphemia. The late Mr. Gage was well known and highly respected.

From week to week questions political and otherwise, of the utmost importance to the farmer are coming to the front. These questions are in many instances permitted to pass without comment by some newspapers for political reasons. That old and reliable friend of the farmer, *The Weekly Sun*, does not allow any questions affecting the farmer or his family to pass without comment. You may not always agree with its opinion, but the *Sun* being free from party or political control gives its readers an unbiased opinion on all questions. These opinions are always worth reading, while the *Sun's* market reports have long been considered most reliable from the farmer's standpoint. Are you reading this exponent of your interests? If not, you are missing many good things each week. You will find the *Sun* instructive and profitable reading.

How TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the liver and the kidneys, purify the blood and carry off morbid accumulation from the system. They are easy to take and their action is mild and beneficial.

Canada's National Highway

THE Canadian National Highway, which it is proposed to construct across Canada for vehicular travel, will extend from Halifax to Vancouver, and will pass through all the Provinces except Prince Edward Island, to which, however, it will be in close proximity and quite easy of access. As this highway will extend from one end of Canada to the other, and benefit all the Provinces, its construction can with perfect propriety be taken up by the Federal Government, which, for some time after the termination of the present war, will be in need of some great public work on which to employ the many disabled soldiers who will return to Canada, and be unable to find immediate employment at their former occupations, says John Simpson in a recent article.

Some persons object to the expenditure of public money on this highway on the ground that it will benefit the few and not the many, as only such persons as are in good circumstances financially will be able to take automobile trips across the continent. They say that the money, in order to benefit the farmers, should be expended on the roads in rural localities, so as to enable them to bring their produce more easily to market. They forget, however, that there are more than a million automobiles in the United States, and that many of the owners of those automobiles, if such a highway were constructed, would spend a considerable part of every summer in Canada, as during that season the weather in their own country is too hot and the roads are too dusty to permit travelling in comfort. This average American is noted for his keenness in accumulating money, but he is also noted for his lavishness in spending it when he is out seeking recreation, and these American visitors would bring millions of dollars into Canada every summer and take very little back. The consumption of meat, bread, butter, eggs, cheese, fruit, vegetables, and almost everything else produced by the farmers of Canada, would be enormously increased if a great road were constructed which would permit Americans to make tours in their automobiles through Canada in the summer, and this would be of great benefit to Canadian farmers.

There is an immense tract of more or less rocky land north of the Georgian Bay and Lake Superior, which has always been looked upon as a great empty space, which will be forever almost devoid of population, and form a great barrier dividing Canada into two distinct areas of populated land. All who have passed through this tract by train, however, know that it is filled with almost countless beautiful lakes, and that it could be made a vast camping-ground for hundreds of thousands of persons during the summer. If a great trunk road were constructed through this district for vehicular travel, it would become a vast sanitarium for the worn-out business men of New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and numerous other cities. It would be a sanitarium, however, in which nature would be the only doctor, and where men, instead of taking pills and all kinds of nostrums, would breathe in health-producing air, and seek relief from bodily ailments by going boating, fishing, and hunting. The great empty gap between the two populated areas of Canada has been by nature fitted to become the greatest summer resort in the world, and all that is needed is giving access to it by means of a great highway passing across it, whose help in peopling it would soon be supplemented by branch roads constructed by the Provincial Government.

The work of constructing a great highway across Canada would be much less difficult than many Canadians think it would be, as, with the exception of the almost uninhabited district north of the Georgian Bay and Lake Superior, all the parts of Canada through which it would pass already possess roads, which could be linked together so as to form one continuous highway without serious difficulty. The road would probably extend from Halifax to Moncton, and from Moncton to some convenient point on the southern bank of the St. Lawrence, along which it would pass to a point opposite Quebec, where the river would probably be crossed. From Quebec the road would probably extend in almost a straight line to Ottawa, and thence to Winnipeg. The roads which already exist, connecting Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, Brandon, Regina, Moose Jaw, Swift Current, Medicine Hat, and Calgary could easily be linked together so as to form one continuous highway.

The last and by far the most difficult part of the great highway, extending from Calgary to Vancouver, is to a great extent completed already. This project of a great national highway had its inception in British Columbia, and the Government of that Province has been at work on it for years, the result being that out of 750 miles, the distance from Calgary to Vancouver by the highway, only 150 miles remain to be constructed. There are three gaps of forty miles each in the continuous stretch between the two cities mentioned, and one thirty miles in length.

From Calgary to Banff and from Banff to a point within forty miles of the Columbia River the road is in an excellent condition for motoring. From the point mentioned to the Columbia River the road is in course of construction, the Dominion Government having taken it over for the purpose of making it an approach to the National Park from the west; this gap, therefore, will soon cease to exist.

A GREAT LOSS AND A GREATER GAIN

This business has rounded out 22 months of existence by distributing to owners more than one hundred thousand cars.

Price-concessions on this car—rarely asked, and never given with Dodge Brothers' consent or to their knowledge.

You can therefore figure accurately the amount invested by the public in Dodge Brothers cars by multiplying the output by the retail selling price.

One hundred thousand cars at \$785 per car means a sales-total in less than two years' time of \$78,500,000—or, with freight-cost added, considerably more than \$80,000,000.

There have been no bursts of speed in the up-building of this great business.

At no time has there been even an attempt at stimulation of sales or of production.

Never for a single day has production been speeded up for the sake of attaining a total.

On the contrary, it has been held down every day within the limits of close, careful, conscientious manufacturing.

Both production and sales have been stable, steady and spontaneous—scrupulous care in the one, producing huge volume in the other.

At this moment, as at every other period, although producing a large

volume every day, Dodge Brothers are "losing business" by their policy of keeping production within the bounds of continuous betterment.

In that sense they have doubtless suffered a great loss in the past and will endure a great loss in the future.

But over against this great loss is an infinitely greater gain.

The people of Canada have implicit faith in the integrity of Dodge Brothers' manufacturing methods.

One hundred thousand owners—or rather, one hundred thousand families—are practically of one mind concerning the car and the men who make it.

This business and its product are blessed with a friendship probably without parallel in the history of American manufacturing.

Fresh from the factory, or sold at second-hand, from one end of the nation to the other, the car has special value and a special reputation, because of the name it bears.

Because of the name it bears, you may be sure that the principle behind the car will never be changed a hair's breadth.

Dodge Brothers have only one idea in the upbuilding of their business.

That idea is to build so soundly and so well that the good-will which they have won will grow and endure forever.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.

The tire mileage is unusually high.

Wm. McCallum - Dealer

GLENCOE

Phones—Garage 88, Residence 95r2

The price of the Touring Car or Roadster, complete, is \$1,195 (add freight from Detroit). The price of the Winter Touring Car or Roadster, complete, including mohair top, is \$1,335 (add freight from Detroit).

WANTED

Bright young men and women for high-class office positions in and around Detroit.

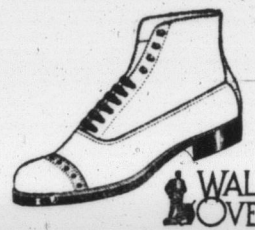
Our Employment Department is able to fill only 20% of the demands made upon us for D.B. U. trained office assistants.

Let the school with a reputation prepare you for a position in the city where your opportunities will be unlimited.

Special Courses in Farm Accountancy. Write for Bulletin.

Business University
DETROIT
61-69 W. Grand River Ave.

WET WEATHER BOOTS FOR MEN



Flat English models, and restful broad-toed ones; tan and black calf.

\$5 \$6

A variety of solidly-constructed boots are ready here to protect you against the colds that November and December and their wet streets bring. One of the comfort models has a layer of rubber between two layers of strong sole, making it absolutely damp-proof.

WALK-OVER SHOE CO.

153 Woodward Ave. - Detroit, Mich.



Many women with disfigured complexions

never seem to think that they need an occasional cleansing inside as well as outside. Yet neglect of this internal bathing shows itself in spotty, and sallow complexions—as well as in dreadful headaches and biliousness. It's because the liver becomes sluggish, and waste matter accumulates which Nature cannot remove without assistance. The best

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

remedy is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which stimulate the liver to healthy activity, remove fermentation, gently cleanse the stomach and bowels and tone the whole digestive system. Sure, safe and reliable. Take one at night and you feel bright and sunny in the morning. Get Chamberlain's today—druggists 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto



Say you saw it in *The Transcript*

It helps us, it helps you, it helps all round

FOR MEN,

WOMEN AND CHILDREN. What you see in our window is but a sideshow of what can be seen inside the store. A great display of smart shoes for smart dressers at our store.

THIS SEASON'S STYLES are ready for your selection in styles that are pretty and graceful. Every detail of fit and finish is perfect in our shoes. Call and examine and try them on.

MODERN SHOE STORE MAIN STREET

MRS. W. A. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET, GLENCOE

Phone 25

Our Fall Hats now ready for inspection

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.
Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 8:27 a. m.; No. 14, express to London and intermediate points, 3 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 5:25 p. m.; No. 18, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:20 a. m.; No. 31, way freight and passenger, 10:45 a. m.; No. 11, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 5:42 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 8:31 p. m.
Nos. 11, 16, 13 and 15, Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.
Eastbound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:30 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:25 p. m.; No. 34, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:20 p. m.
Westbound—No. 33, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:50 p. m.
No. 2 Sundays included.

Kingcourt Branch.
Leave Glencoe for Alvin, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, London and points west, No. 36, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 3:10 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 8:45 p. m.
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 17, passenger, 7:05 a. m.; No. 19, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 5:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Eastbound—No. 534, daily, 12:30 p. m.; No. 572, Chatham mixed, daily except Sunday, 6:30 p. m.; No. 59, daily, stop only for passengers from west of Chatham, 10 p. m.
Westbound—No. 65, daily, 4:45 a. m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, daily except Sunday, 9:20 a. m.; No. 66, daily, 8:15 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE
Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:50 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 5:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.
Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:40 a. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOMESSEKERS' EXCURSIONS

(EACH TUESDAY)
March 7th to October 31st
(INCLUSIVE)

Tickets valid to return within two months, inclusive of date of sale.

Edmonton & return, \$43.00
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Proportionate low rates to other points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Tickets and full particulars on application to **R. CLANAHAN - Ticket Agent**
GLENCOE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM Highlands of Ontario

CANADA
The Home of the Red Deer and Moose
OPEN SEASONS

DEER—November 1st to November 15th inclusive.

MOOSE—November 1st to November 15th inclusive. In some of the Northern Districts of Ontario, including Timagami, the open season is from November 1st to November 30th inclusive.

Write for copy of "Playgrounds—The Haunts of Fish and Game," giving Game Laws, Hunting Regulations, etc., to
C. E. HORNING,
Union Station,
Toronto, Ont.

C. O. SMITH, Glencoe Phone 5

CANNEL COAL

"Birds-eye" and "Purity" Cannel Coal. Try these kinds in your range or grate.

POTATOES

35 cents per peck.

McAlpine Bros.

The boys who went from this vicinity to help with the harvest near Regina report fifteen inches of snow there, which has greatly delayed threshing.

Eight locomotives of extra large type arrived from the United States on Friday to assist in handling the large amount of freight business on the Wabash.

Wm. Kerr has resumed his job at the foundry and will move back from London to Glencoe and occupy the house he purchased from Mrs. Duncan McArthur.

Rev. Mr. Snyder, assistant secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, will address a mass meeting in the Methodist church on Sunday evening, commencing at 7:40.

Rev. A. A. Graham of Moosejaw, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at Petrolia and a native of Glencoe, has received a call to one of the churches at Port Arthur.

Grocers report a falling off in the demand for butter since the price got so high, and a corresponding increase in the demand for honey, syrup and other articles which to some extent serve as substitutes.

W. H. Reycraft has bought Abe Burchiel's farm of 100 acres in Mossa for \$5,000. The farm consists of the west half of the south half of lot 6 and the east half of the south half of lot 7 in the 3rd concession.

President Wilson, who was "too proud to fight," has evidently gone down to defeat before his Republican opponent, Charles Evans Hughes, who was mainly chosen to lambaste the pro-German element with a feather.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will hold their semi-monthly sewing meeting at the Red Cross rooms on Monday afternoon, November 13th. Will as many of the members as possibly can kindly attend this meeting?

The ladies of Walkers and vicinity are giving a few upper in the school house there on Friday evening of this week. Supper served from 8 to 10 o'clock. Admission—adults, 25c; children, 10c. Proceeds for Red Cross purposes.

At a meeting of the Dunwich Insurance Company thirty-two applications for insurance were accepted. The following claims were paid:—W. W. Dobson, house and contents destroyed, \$250; Crinan Presbyterian church, damaged by lightning, \$25.

A session of the division court was held here on Tuesday before Judge Macbeth. The few cases were of little public interest, and in one or two instances the parties were severely reprimanded by His Honour for bringing their trivial differences into court at all.

These are anxious times for the parents and friends of Canadians at the front. The boys have been taking a very prominent part in operations of late, as the casualty lists show. No better work has been done by the soldiers of the King than that by those from the Dominion.

During the past few weeks many of our subscribers have renewed for 1917 in order to get the old rate, which expires Nov. 30th. On the other hand we have had many renewals at the \$1.50 rate will be paid cheerfully as it is considered justifiable and should have been put in force earlier.

J. N. Currie, president of the Glencoe Ladies' Patriotic Society, is in receipt of acknowledgment of \$13.50 collected in Glencoe by Mr. Howell last week for relief work in Belgium and Northern France. The receipt is signed by W. B. Creighton of the Christian Guardian, who is treasurer of this fund.

A letter received by the family of the late Private Harry Finlayson from an officer who was with him when he was killed gives details of his death. It appears that he was struck with a bomb and died almost instantly. The officer refers to Harry as being an exceptionally brave soldier and one who discharged his duty faithfully.

Mrs. McIntyre, president of the Glencoe Ladies' Patriotic Society, has received from the same fund acknowledgment of the receipt of \$50 forwarded by this society in October for Christmas comforts for the soldiers. Thanks are also extended to the members of the society for their generous gift.

Five hundred and fifty pounds of Christmas cheer was packed at the Glencoe Red Cross rooms and shipped on Friday to soldiers in England and France. The shipment included contributions received through the Red Cross societies at Tait's Corners, Battle Hill and Bethel. There were parcels for 130 soldiers, including all the members of D company 155th Battalion who enlisted at Glencoe.

The death occurred at Harrietsville on Friday of Samuel Adams, after a long illness, aged 70 years. His widow and one son survive him. Deceased was one of Glencoe's earliest business men, having conducted a grocery store here in partnership with his brother Eliza some thirty to forty years ago.

He also conducted a business in manufacturing potato ash from the great quantities of wood ashes then available.

A Sarnia paper says: Wm. T. Jolly, whose 13-year-old son was killed as the result of a Halloween prank, has decided to dispose of his grocery store at the corner of Brock and Devine streets, and return to Glencoe. Mr. Jolly purchased the store a few weeks ago.

The death of the only remaining member of his family has been a crushing blow to the father who had already buried his wife and two little girls within the past two years.

Glencoe Presbyterian church was crowded on Sunday evening on the occasion of the memorial service for the late Harry Finlayson, who was killed at the battle front in France on October 8th. Mr. Weir, the pastor, gave an appropriate and splendid address, and the musical part of the service included the beautiful anthem, "In the Upper Garden," sung by the choir with good expression. The pulpit was draped with the Union Jack.

The Young People's Association of the Presbyterian church was reorganized for the fall and winter months on Tuesday evening, and a list of officers will be presented by a nominating committee at the meeting next Tuesday evening. A program has also been prepared for this meeting, and Mr. Weir will give an address on Robert Browning's poem "Satan" said to have been one of the greatest if not the greatest poem of the last century.

RHEUMATISM WAS MOST SEVERE

Dreadful Pains All The Time Until He Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. LAMPSON
Verona, Ont., Nov. 11th, 1915.

"I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in Side and Back, from strains and heavy lifting.

When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended "Fruit-a-tives" to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them, and now I am enjoying the best of health, thanks to your remedy."

W. M. LAMPSON.

If you—who are reading this—have any Kidney or Bladder Trouble, or suffer with Rheumatism or Pain In The Back or Stomach Trouble—give "Fruit-a-tives" a fair trial. This wonderful fruit medicine will do you a world of good, as it cures when everything else fails.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Tom Henry has returned from the West.

—Miss Leute spent the week-end at her home in London.

—Miss Annie Dobie was home from Sarnia for the week-end.

—Morley Farrell was home from Sarnia for a week's holidays.

—Miss Grace Freeman of St. Clair spent a few days at James Walker's.

—Mrs. J. D. Smith and Mrs. James Poole spent the week-end in Detroit.

—Miss M. Weldon spent the week-end with friends at London and Birm.

—Dr. and Mrs. Munn of Alvinston spent a few days in this vicinity visiting friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. Mayhew are in Thamesville attending the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. Cornwell.

—Mrs. E. A. Mitchell and children of St. Thomas are visiting Mrs. Mitchell's sister, Mrs. Chas. Stinson.

—Mrs. R. W. Roberts will receive with her mother, Mrs. W. A. Currie, on the first Friday of each month.

—Mrs. (Dr.) Meredith of Pittsburg is visiting her mother, Mrs. McKinnon, who will return to Pittsburg with her after they make a visit in Toronto.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wright attended the funeral at Strathroy last week of Mrs. Balmer, an aunt of Mrs. Wright, who died suddenly in Toronto.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. J. McAlpine are visiting relatives in Detroit. Mr. McAlpine's mother accompanied them to the city and will remain there for some time.

—Mrs. Ross of Chatham, the Misses Parish of Mitchell and Pte. Arch. Finlayson of St. Thomas were here to attend the memorial service of the late Pte. Harry Finlayson.

The many friends of Miss Jessie McTavish, Philadelphia, formerly of Glencoe, may be pleased to know that she has just returned to the east after a most enjoyable western trip. Miss McTavish visited Seattle, Washington, Victoria, Vancouver, and Prince Rupert, B. C., and also made the trip to Skagway, Alaska. She spent some weeks with her nephew, Alex. M. Manson, M. P. P., Prince Rupert. During a brief stopover in Edmonton Miss McTavish met a number of friends formerly of Glencoe. She left over the Grand Trunk Pacific for Winnipeg and after a few days there continued her trip to Chicago, thence on to Terre Haute, Ind., where she will visit her sister before returning to Philadelphia.

The two-year-old son of Abraham Habermeck, Hespeler, died as the result of falling on a broken fruit sealer.

Ill fitting boots and shoes cause corns. Holloway's Corn Cure is the article to use. Get a bottle at once and cure your corns.

Fire, believed to be incendiary, destroyed the barn with its contents of Archie Gillies near Rodney, on Friday night. The loss is estimated at about \$5,000, the insurance having run out about two weeks ago.

An exchange says:—Now that the farmer's machine notes are coming down the price of pork go down until the packers find the notes are about all paid and the farmer is not in such pressing need of cash before the price returns upward. A careful observer says this occurs from year to year.

AUCTION SALES

Auction sale of about sixty head of live stock, on farm adjoining fair grounds, Glencoe, on Friday, November 10th, at 2 o'clock. D. D. Graham, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

Household effects, including piano, bookcase and large library, dining-room, kitchen and bedroom furniture, carpets and rugs, stoves, dishes, etc., at Glencoe, on Saturday, November 11, at 1:30 o'clock. Terms cash. Mrs. McKinnon, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Cow and calf for sale.—R. Hicks, Glencoe.

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLaughlin's Bakery.

For sale—young collie dog.—W. A. Coulthard, Strathburn.

For sale—west half south half lot 3, con. 8, Mossa.—James Douglas, 38.

Cider made every day at the Appin Planing Mills.—W. R. Stephenson, 38-2.

For sale—one month old steer calf.—Mrs. A. M. McKee, Appin Road, 37-2.

A practice violin for \$5, and a good box. Enquire of Dan. H. McKee, agent.

For shoes, rubbers and men's wool socks go to Sexsmith's. Repairing a specialty.

Wanted—work by day, or house-keeping position. Enquire at Transcript office.

For sale—about sixteen loads of wheat straw in stack.—Earl Webster, lot 15, con. 1, Ekfrid.

Cow strayed into premises of John Congdon. Will owner please call for same and pay for this ad.

Apples wanted at Glencoe evaporating factory. Will pay 40 cents per 100 lbs. for evaporating apples.

Lost—between Glencoe and Strathburn, a pair of used shoes. Please leave at Transcript office or at Strathburn.

For sale, in the village of Appin—good eight-room house, cellar under, good furnace, hard and soft water, good barn.—Apply to M. R. Brown, 33-2.

For sale—the property known as the Geo. Seaton's post office store, dwelling house and stable. For terms apply to Mrs. George Seaton, Appin, Ont. 20-1.

Your old style talking machine taken at its value on a new style, also your old silent piano taken in exchange at its value on a self-player. For particulars address Daniel H. McKee, Glencoe.

Adventures of Nurses.
Many young Canadian nurses in Europe have had exciting experiences lately. Miss Joy Whitehead, of Three Rivers, Quebec, is now a prisoner in Bulgaria, captured while assisting in the Veterinary Corps of the Serbian Army. Miss Cockburn, of Toronto, who has also been nursing in Serbia, is now on her way home, and Miss St. Clair Livingston, after a thrilling series of adventures in connection with her Red Cross work in Belgium and Serbia, is going to the Balkans.

Margaret Bell Saunders, of Toronto, who was wounded by a German taube while doing relief work in Belgium, has recovered sufficiently to resume her work. Mrs. Innes-Taylor in Serbia, is now going during her absence, though very much upset by the death of her Belgian god-mother, who was killed at the same time that Miss Saunders was wounded. A bomb-proof cellar has since been constructed, which will lessen the danger to the ladies engaged in this noble work.

Shook Hands With the King.
Pte. Norman Blaney, somewhere in France with the Canadian troops, is a proud and modest boy, for the King shook hands with him and complimented him on his game spirit.

It happened just before the King's recent accident in France, and the news of the incident has reached his family and friends in Toronto.

The King was inspecting the lines of the troops "somewhere" at the front. He halted when he saw young Blaney and noted his youthful appearance.

"Where do you come from?" asked His Majesty. "From Canada, Your Majesty." "And how old are you?" The young soldier blushed a bit and hesitated. Then he said: "In Canada I would be 18, but in other countries it might be different."

"The King laughed. "Shake hands, young man," he said, extending his hand. And Blaney shook hands with the King.

His Maiden Speech.
It is related that when the Earl of Rochester in the reign of Charles II. rose to make his maiden speech in the house of lords he said: "My lords—my lords, I rise this time for the first time—the very first time. My lords, I divide my speech into four branches. Here there was an embarrassing pause of some seconds. "My lords," the earl then ejaculated, "if ever I rise again in this house you may cut me off, root and branches and all, forever."—London Standard.

No Common Cur.
When assessing a family in Irvington on the question of "what breed" was asked of the owner of the family dog. The woman of the house answered: "He's just a cur." Her six-year-old son straightened himself up to his full height, patted his dog on the head and proudly proclaimed, "Yes, and he's a full blooded cur too."—Indianapolis News.

Could Live on Love.
Father: The idea of marrying that young fellow! He couldn't scrape enough money together to buy a square meal. Daughter:—But what difference does that make? We haven't either of us had a bit of appetite for months.

His Keener Optic.
"How did you get such a bruised eye, Rastus?"
"Well, boss, I was out a-lookin' for trouble 'n' dis yere eye was de fust to find it."—Boston Transcript.

His Vile Disposition.
"Fine day, Mr. Gloom, and—"
"Well, you didn't make it, did you?" snapped J. Fuller Gloom. "Then what are you bragging about it for?"

Quite Friendly.
Henrypeck—Scots eloped with my wife last night. Gabbleton—Why, I thought he was your best friend. Henrypeck—He is.—London Telegraph.

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES

When putting on the finishing touches of the barn, implement shed or house you have just erected, it will pay you to look over our lines of Tracking, Hangers, Locks, Bolts, etc., as we are still offering these goods at last year's prices.

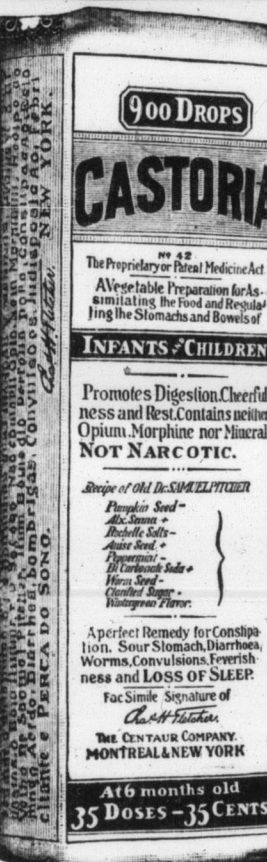
PAINT! PAINT! PAINT!

Are you going to make the old house look like new and last longer? If so, buy Sherwin-Williams Outside Special Paint. It pays you to paint your house in the fall.

JAMES WRIGHT & SON

Plow Points

Machine Repairs



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over

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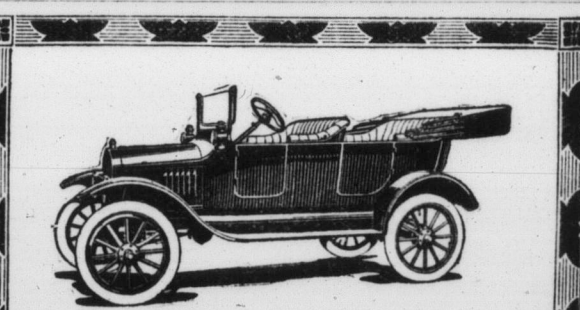
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Printers to Particular People

PROGRAMMES, BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, WEDDING STATIONERY

DODGERS, POSTERS, SALE BILLS, DATE LINE SCORE CARDS, ETC., ETC.



New Prices August 1st, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

Chassis	-	\$450.00
Runabout	-	475.00
Touring Car	-	495.00
Coupelet	-	695.00
Town Car	-	780.00
Sedan	-	890.00

f. o. b. Ford, Ontario

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

A. Duncanson - Agent, Glencoe

Quicker-Easier More Comfortable

Are you taking advantage of ALL the modern methods of saving time and trouble? Are you up-to-date in your shaving as well as in your work? Are you using a

Gillette Razor

In its own way the Gillette is as quick, efficient and convenient as your milk, your binder or your telephone. It compares with other razors as these modern inventions compare with the things they have replaced.

Without honing, stropping or fussing, the Gillette will give you the easiest and most comfortable shave you ever enjoyed, in five minutes or less! It makes shaving an every-day pleasure instead of an irksome twice-a-week job.

"Bulldog", "Aristocrat" and Standard Gillette Sets cost \$5.—Pocket Editions \$5 and \$6.—Combination Sets \$6.50 up.

You can buy them at Hardware, Drug, Jewelry, Men's Wear and General Stores.

Gillette Safety Razor Co. of Canada, Limited

Office and Factory:
Gillette Building,
MONTREAL.

THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

CHAPTER XI.

It was night and the race course lay deserted and silent beneath the palled moon. The noisy crowd had tramped and driven its way back to London. But there was one whom the noise and bustle of a race meet would never rouse again—Peacock the jockey, who lay dead in the stable house.

His death had cast a depression over the entire Castle, and though both Adrian and his father—to say nothing of Jasper—had striven their utmost to keep the minds of the guests away from the unhappy event, it was yet an almost gloomy party that gathered after dinner in the silver drawing-room.

Nearly all had lost heavily through the fall of poor "King Cole." They had had such entire faith in their

You will like its
Fine Granulation

Buy your sugar in these neat 2 or 5-lb. cartons, which you can place directly on your pantry shelves.

Just cut off the corner and pour out the sugar as you need it.

Lantic Sugar

comes also in 10 and 20-lb bags for housewives who like to buy in larger quantities

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

2 and 5-lb Cartons
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THE GREAT BRIGHT WAY

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

BLACK-WHITE-TAN-10¢

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

F. F. DALLEY CO. OF CANADA, LTD., HAMILTON, CANADA

"Immensely," replied Lord Standon, who himself had lost more than he could afford—indeed, there was little doubt that this race would almost prove his ruin; but, nevertheless, his inordinate good humor and optimistic nature triumphed above every other consideration. Certainly, no word of blame or self-pity would he allow to pass his lips. "Yes, he has lost more heavily than any of us, as Mr. Vermont knows, I'll be bound," he broke off, as that gentleman approached.

Jasper Vermont smiled, as he did at every question or assertion made to him.

"I'm afraid he has plunged deeply this time," was his smooth reply. "Unfortunately, he only has himself to blame, though I deplore the fact that I was not with him at the time."

Both Lady Constance and Lord Standon looked up, startled by his tone as much as by his words; and Jasper continued glibly:

"He gave the jockey a ten-pound note last night, and of course, the man got drunk. Consequences—an unsteady hand this morning, a hasty pull at the last rise, and a clear loss of the race, not to mention the colossal sum in bets. All his own fault! If he will be so recklessly generous, what is to be done? But, as I said before, I blame myself for not watching him more closely."

"No one blames you, Mr. Vermont," said Lord Standon coldly, for even he, the least suspicious of men, seemed to detect the false sorrow in the speaker's voice.

Lady Constance looked at him gratefully; and Lord Standon was encouraged thereby to proceed:

"Adrien is generous to a fault; and if in this case it has had disastrous results, it is usually a fault which few imitate."

Jasper raised his eyebrows; then, with a low bow to Lady Constance, and a gentle, deprecatory shrug of his shoulders, walked away.

The girl waited till he was out of earshot, then turned impulsively to Lord Standon.

"I hate that man," she said in a low voice; "and sometimes I believe he hates Adrien too."

"So do I," returned Lord Standon, looking with intense admiration into her lovely, troubled face.

"Do you?" she murmured. "Oh, if you would only try to open my cousin's eyes to his friend's falseness—I know he's false, but Adrien is blind."

It seemed as if he were blind in more than one direction; for at that minute Leroy himself crossed the room, with an aspect that, in any other man, would have been termed glum. The sight of the girl with whom he was so rapidly falling in love, sitting in rapt conversation with Lord Standon—even though that young man was his friend—had roused a strong feeling of resentment within his heart. He restrained himself, however, though it was in a rather cold, forced voice that he asked Lady Constance if she would sing. She rose demurely enough; for his very coldness and jealousy, slight as it was—careless as she knew it to be—proved to her that the love she so ardently desired was awakening at last.

The evening passed quietly. Adrien himself refused to sing, though he stayed close by his cousin's side, and turned over the pages of her music with such a devoted air that at last the ladies of the party began to whisper knowingly amongst themselves.

Luckily for Adrien's peace of mind—for he loathed and dreaded scenes of any description—Lady Merivale had not returned with the party to the Castle, much as Miss Penelope had wished it. Eveline Merivale was only too cognizant of what was passing between Lady Constance and her cousin; and though she knew that Adrien and herself had merely played at love, and greatly against his will at that, still she was just as unwilling to see him the devoted slave of another woman, who was younger, if not more beautiful, than herself.

After the ladies had retired for the night, Adrien gave himself up to unaccustomed reverie. The tenor of his life had been changed. The insane senseless round of dissipation had begun to tire him; the homage and flattery cloyed on his palate. And now, with his new-born love for Constance filling his heart and mind, had come the overwhelming failure of his beloved horse, and the death of his jockey; the last causing him more pain than the lighthearted companions around him would have believed possible. Neither had the half-defined charge made against Jasper escaped his notice, though he had disdained to make any mention of it.

Shelton noticed his absent manner, as they smoked their last cigar before going to bed.

"Counting up the losses, Adrien?" he asked casually.

Adrien started at the question, and smiled.

"Not I," he said. "I leave that to Jasper—I call him my walking account book. I'm sorry you fellows were let in though. I can't understand it; although—with a rueful laugh—"I suppose it was my fault with that tenner. Yet, I must say, I noticed the man as he galloped past, and saw no signs of anything wrong."

"Nor I," put in Vermont. "I was in the weighing-room, and saw him sealed. He was all right then. He was all right then. He always was white and seedy-looking. I saw nothing wrong."

"Nor I," echoed the others.

Adrien lit another cigar, and the light fell full on his grave face.

"The losses are heavy all round;

yet, speaking for myself," he said, "I would rather have dropped treble the amount than that poor fellow should have lost his life by a horse of mine."

"His own fault. It was absolutely a case of suicide," declared Lord Standon angrily. "He put the 'King' to that last hurdle half a minute too soon. The horse was not to blame; he would have taken the hedge, and another on top of that, but for that unlucky spurt. 'Pon my soul,' he concluded hotly, 'if I didn't know how well he'd been cared for, I should have said it was done on purpose!'"

Unlucky youth! he little knew the harm he had done his empty pockets by this rash speech. Jasper Vermont's eyes narrowed, as was their wont when anything occurred to annoy him, and he registered a mortal note against the unfortunate peer's name.

Adrien frowned, as he rose with the rest.

"That is impossible," he said, almost sternly; "Jasper saw to that too well. But, in future, no one shall ride the 'King' but myself; he's just up to my weight," he concluded. "Jasper, enter him for the Cup. We will give him a chance to retrieve this day's failure."

Jasper had risen with him, and amid a volley of good-nights, the two men passed into the corridor. As Adrien was about to ascend the stairs to his own apartment, he turned to Vermont, and said quietly:

"Jasper, I should like that poor fellow to have a Christian burial in the private chapel; and if there are relations, find them out—" He broke off abruptly. "There, you know better than I what to do, and how to do it. Oh! just one word more; of course, I shall see that no notice is taken of his delicious ravings. Good-night, old man."

Jasper thanked him, and returned his "good-night" with sympathetic cordiality; then turned softly to his own apartment. Having reached it, he gave himself up to a spasm of silent laughter.

"Christian burial!" he chuckled. "Oh, yes, he shall have Christian burial in the family vaults. Lucky job for me, the hound died, or the game would have been all up. As it is, that fool—that popinjay, almost gassed. Well, deny everything and demand proof, that's my line. After all, it's the very risks and chances that make the game so fascinating."

He sat down and drew out a little note-book—only a very ordinary penny note-book; for it was wonderful how mean this man could be when he had to expend his own money. Save clothes, which necessarily had to be of good material, though quiet in color, he never failed to buy the cheapest article obtainable; unless, of course, when on the principle of "throwing a sprat to catch a herring," he stood to make a profit.

In this little book, there lay the records of fortunes. A fortune spent by Leroy—a fortune gained by Jasper Vermont. He smiled to himself, as he closed one eye, and counted up the gains he had netted through this day's work.

"Eight—ten, with Yorkshire Twining's last little touch—ten thousand pounds. Ah, if those fools knew how 'intruder' was stripping them of their golden plumes, how mad they would be! Ten thousand pounds! But Twining was too risky," he muttered, frowning at the recollection. "My grand knight might have smelled a rat. Just like his noble lordship; two to one, because some stranger doubts the strength of the animal's legs."

He chuckled again as he thought how carefully he had stage-managed the day's comedy. Of the tragedy into which it had been turned by the death of his poor tool and accomplice, Peacock, he gave no thought; his whole mind was bound up in his jealous hatred for Leroy. Just why he hated him so he, himself, could hardly have explained; but with men of Jasper Vermont's calibre, the mere fact that one possesses so much—wealth, position, and popularity—while the other must perforce live by his wits, is quite sufficient to arouse all the evil passions of which he is capable.

"A mighty regal way he has with him," he muttered again, as he put away his book, "ten thousand pounds! Go on, Jasper, my boy—persevere! The game starts well, the winning cards are yours. Gentlemen, make your game, the ball is rolling."

With this invitation to mankind in general, and his titled and wealthy acquaintances in particular, Mr. Jasper Vermont made his preparations for the night. He kept no valet; men of his type seldom care to have another in such close relations as must necessarily happen when one man holds the keys of another. It has been said by some cynic, that "the man who takes off your coat sees what is passing in the heart beneath it," and with this statement Mr. Vermont probably agreed.

"I am a simple-minded, rough-and-ready creature," he often assured his friends; "a man to worry my tie, and force me to buy a new coat, because he desires my old one, would drive me mad."

So he undressed himself slowly, reckoning up his gains, smiling at his mask of a face in the large mirror, and hatching his little plots with every knot he untied, every button he released. At last he got into bed, and slept as easily as serenely as any simple-minded farmer.

Thoroughly dry the peel of an orange or a lemon, and place it in the tea-caddy. It will greatly improve the flavor of the tea.

Let Him Help Himself To CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

It will do more than satisfy his craving for "smiling sweet"—it will supply the food elements needed to build up his little body and help him to gain in health and strength.

"Crown Brand" is a wholesome, nourishing food—as well as the most delicious of table syrups.

The recipes in our new book, "Jasper's and Celine's," will tell you just how to use it, in many novel ways. Write for a copy to our Montreal Office.

Dealers everywhere have "Crown Brand" in 2, 4, 10 and 20 pound tins—and 3 pound glass jars.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL, CARDINAL, BRANTFORD, PORT WILIAM.
Makers of "Lily White" Corn Syrup, Benson's Corn Starch and "Silver Glass" Laundry Starch.

Housing Machinery.

The practice, all too prevalent, is to leave the machinery standing in the corner of the yard, where it is hauled from the field. This, of course, subjects it to all the atmospheric changes. During the extremely hot, dry weather, the wood expands, checking, splitting, and a general loosening of all joints. Much the same applies to the metal posts, there is always a corroding, which weakens bolts, springs, and throws finely-adjusted posts out of plumb, all of which adds to the expense of upkeep, and lowers the working powers of the machine.

It is highly advisable that machinery should be kept painted; it lengthens the life of a wagon or binder by preventing checking; this, however, is not sufficient; some form of shed should be provided where the machinery can be cleaned and stored during the period when it is not in use; the shed need not be an expensive one; often the granary is placed over-head. A vacant barn floor can often be used, but some place should be arranged for as machinery is far too valuable, especially now, with the great shortage of labor, to be allowed to rot down through carelessness. — Canadian Farm.

Dairy Wisdom.

The best cows are never cheap and seldom for sale; so it is up to every dairyman to give the heifer calves the most intelligent care.

Calves intended for the dairy should not be made fat as veals, and they should not be allowed to become stunted. They should be thrifty and growing all the time.

They should have enough bright clover hay to distend the digestive tract. Give them all they will eat up clean.

Give them water every day, even though they are drinking milk.

The cows should have a chance to go to shelter now when they naturally seek it.

A thorough chilling now will disqualify a herd for profit during the whole winter.

All windows and ventilators should be put in order now.

The stable floors and mangers should be inspected and put in first-class condition. Don't leave these things until a big storm comes.

Efficiency counts as much in handling a dairy herd as in any business.

Plan the stables so you can save the liquid manure. It will pay.

Use up the pumpkins before they freeze.

If you are making butter or selling cream, be sure your cows are bred for that end. If you are selling milk be sure about that.

Depending on Him.

"I can't join the army. I got a wife dependin' on me."

"You've got a wife depending on you, Sam? I thought your wife took in washing to support you."

"Well, she does take in washin', sir but she's dependin' on me to be home regular to my meals."

FIVE ROSES FLOUR

FOR BREADS-CAKES-PUDDINGS-PASTRIES

Crisp, Crackling COOKIES and a glass of milk—taste the delicious blend of flavours.

THREE VITAL QUESTIONS

Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health? Pains and oppression in stomach and chest after eating, with constipation, headache, dizziness, are sure signs of indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

AND BANISH STOMACH TROUBLES

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 80c. and \$1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WHITT & CO. LIMITED, Craig Street West, Montreal.

Penman's

STYLES

IN these days of short skirts hosiery is a most important part of one's costume. It is because they are so very important that most people buy Penmans, for in so doing they know they are receiving maximum value in every way.

There is a line made by Penmans specially for you.

Penmans Limited
Paris

The Farm

Silage and Roots Compared.

Considerable corn is now being grown for silage purposes in Nova Scotia, and it may be of interest to readers there to know how the silage made from corn grown in the Maritime Provinces compares, in feeding value, with roots. At the Experimental Farm at Kentville, N. S., during the winter 1915-16, an experiment was carried on with feeding steers, in which test silage and roots were part of the ration. Readers generally should take into consideration the fact that corn grown in the Maritime Provinces does not usually obtain the same degree of maturity that it does in the southern part of Ontario, consequently its feeding value will not range so high. However, the growing of corn has proved successful in a considerable portion of Nova Scotia, and silos have become an important factor.

In the test to which we refer, 24 steers were divided into two groups of 12 each. They were chorned and divided into uniform lots and allowed to run loose.

The 12 steers fed on roots received 60 pounds each per day for the first six weeks, 35 pounds for the next two, 30 pounds for the next two, 40 pounds for the next two, and 35 pounds for the remaining six weeks of the period. The 12 steers fed on silage received 40 pounds each per day for the first six weeks, 35 pounds for the next two, 30 pounds for the next two, and 25 pounds for the remaining six weeks of the period. The meal ration was the same for each lot, and was fed at the rate of 1 pound each per day for the first week, 2 pounds for the second week, 4 pounds for the next two weeks, 6 pounds for the next four weeks, and 9 pounds for the remaining four weeks. This averaged 6.17 pounds meal per steer per day of the feeding period. Ten pounds of mixed hay was given each steer per day during the whole period. The succulent feed was given first at 7 a.m. and on this the meal was scattered, and after this was eaten hay was given. This was repeated at 4.30 p.m. An equal amount was fed both morning and afternoon.

The grain mixture fed consisted of 200 pounds wheat bran; 200 pounds cottonseed meal, 100 pounds ground oats, and 100 pounds of corn meal. One pound of this combination cost 1.50 cents. One lot of steers was fed silage, meal and hay, while in the other lot roots were substituted for the silage.

The following statements show clearly the profit resulting from the feeding of roots versus silage:

Lot Fed on Silage.

First cost of 12 steers	.....\$556.32
Average cost per steer	..... 46.36
Cost of feed for 12 steers	..... 303.04
Total cost for 12 steers	..... 859.36
Selling price of 12 steers	..... 961.12
Average selling price per steer	..... 80.09
Profit on 12 steers	..... 101.76
Average profit per steer	..... 8.48

Lot Fed on Turnips.

First cost of 12 steers	.....\$556.05
Average cost per steer	..... 46.33
Cost of feed for 12 steers	..... 300.43
Total cost for 12 steers	..... 856.48
Selling price of 12 steers	..... 957.37
Average selling price per steer	..... 79.78
Profit on 12 steers	..... 100.89
Average profit per steer	..... 8.40

It will be observed that throughout the different periods of the feeding experiments roots were fed in more liberal quantities than the silage. It has been said that, pound for pound, roots and silage have the same feeding value, but the Kentville test proved that even the silage made from corn in Nova Scotia is superior to roots grown in a country very favorable to their production. The methods of feeding, the character of the ration, and the profits accruing therefrom are all of considerable interest.

In some parts of the Maritime Provinces corn is a risky crop, but fortunately roots do exceptionally well in these particular sections. Farmers there have no occasion to worry, in an average season, regarding their supply of succulent feed, for, as this test shows, by feeding a larger quantity of turnips they can obtain practically the same results as secure where silage is used.—Farmer's Advocate.

WAR CLEANS UP SLUMS.

Many Homes in English City Wonderfully Improved.

War and the resultant industrial activity have done miracles in the great arsenal city of Woolwich, Eng., the health officer states in his annual report. He says:

"As a result of the increased prosperity in Woolwich, the homes are better furnished, the provision of bedding is more satisfactory, and the children are better clothed. With better financial conditions, many of the homes I almost despaired of, have become improved almost beyond belief, which goes to prove very emphatically that if we want to eliminate the slum type of human being and slum type of home the surest and quickest way is to give the workmen a good living wage.

"It is only natural that wives and mothers get tired of struggling against a tide of difficulties which every day threatens to engulf them."

NO INDIVIDUAL PARCELS TO PRISONERS IN GERMANY

Explanation of the New British Order Has Been Received at Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An explanation of the new British order prohibiting the sending of parcels direct to individual prisoners-of-war in Germany has been received by the Government. The new plan has been formulated by the new Central Prisoners-of-War Committee of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John of Jerusalem in England, and the British Government has approved of it, to take effect December 1st. The Government here has called for further information as to the effect that this will have on shipments of Christmas parcels now being prepared in Canada.

The object of the new plan is to eliminate the necessity of the British censorship by preventing the use of food parcels as a means of conveying information to the enemy, also to coordinate and control the supplies of food for the prisoners. The order will apply to all British prisoners, naval and military, except officers, parcels

addressed to the latter being dealt with according to an existing system. Under the new plan supplies will be sent to every prisoner, but only through one central organization, the British Red Cross. The central committee or an organization authorized by the central committee will examine and pack all parcels before sending them to the prisoners. While adequate supplies of food will be sent by authorized organizations out of their own stores to all prisoners, it will still be possible for persons to send parcels to individual prisoners through the authorized organizations. It is provided, however, that such parcels sent to an individual prisoner must not exceed 30 pounds gross per week, and must not contain bread, cake or tinned food as such articles are difficult to censor without spoiling. This is an outline of the scheme, full particulars of which are being forwarded by mail.

ALLIES EXTEND SOMME LINES

French Troops Advancing at Verdun Now Dominate Vaux Village.

A despatch from London says: The British and French have extended their lines in the sector south and south-west of Verdun. In a surprise attack Haig's troops advanced from their trenches east of Gueudecourt on Thursday night and seized a German trench. The enemy's counter-attacks failed to dislodge the British from the position. They were completely repulsed, says the official reports.

At the same time the French clashed with the enemy in hand-to-hand fighting for the possession of houses on the outskirts of Sully. Sully was taken by the Germans earlier. Foch's troops completely cleared these positions and strengthened their grip on the lines outside the town. This move, coupled with that of the British to the west, marks another step in the allied encirclement of the important position of Transloy and the Bethune road south of that point. With clearer weather the combined forces expected to deliver their final blow against Transloy and prepare for an advance on an extensive scale against Bapaume from the south-east.

HERO OF DOUAMONT SUCCUMBS TO WOUNDS

A despatch from Paris says:—Gen. Ancelet, Commander of the brigade which led in the assault on Fort Douaumont, in the Verdun region, on October 24, has died of wounds. Gen. Nivelle, the Commander at Verdun, in announcing the death to Mme. Ancelet, mentioned the fact that her husband had prepared for the victory and capture of Douaumont. Gen. Ancelet was a Breton officer, and had served as first assistant to three Ministers of War, Bertheux, Etienne and Willeraud, in the direction of the army administration. He was in charge of the reorganization of the French cavalry before the war.

The Way of Man.
Mrs. Williams—Did Fussleigh take his misfortune like a man?
Mrs. Williams—Precisely. He blam'd it all on his wife.

BULGARIAN TROOPS AMBUSHED AND CAPTURED BY BRITISH

Another Village on the Left Bank of the Struma River Also Occupied.

A despatch from London says:—Although fighting continues at various points along the Macedonian front from Lake Prespa to Lake Thabnos, there has been little change in the general situation. British troops have taken Alitza, on the left bank of the Struma, from the Bulgarians. The British official communication says: 'On the Dolan front there has been only artillery activity. On the

Struma our troops ambushed some enemy patrols near Salmah and took prisoners. Bursuk has been successfully bombed by our aviators.' British troops, following up their successes against the Bulgarians on the left bank of the River Struma, in Greek Macedonia, have taken by assault the village of Alitza, says the official statement issued on Friday by the French War Department.

21 SHIPS SUNK IN A FEW DAYS ACCORDING TO PIRATE'S LOG

Harvest of Three German Submarines in the English Channel—Valuable Cargoes Have Been Destroyed.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The Overseas News Agency reports that three German submarines which recently returned to their home ports sank within a few days twenty-one ships of a total of 28,500 tons, in the English Channel. Among the vessels sunk were the

French barque Condor, 760 tons; the French barque Cannebierre, 2,450 tons, loaded with coloring wood; and the three-masted French schooner St. Charles, 621 tons, with 400 tons of fish.

FRENCH TAKE VAUX VILLAGE

British Tightly Hold on Important Heights Near Butte de Warlencourt, Advancing on 1,000 Yard Front.

London, Nov. 5.—The French troops in the Somme region of France and north-east of Verdun have again smashed the German lines hard. North of the Somme between Lesboeufs and Sully-Sallies to the east of the latter place, and on the St. Pierre-Vaast wood sector important gains were made in violent fighting which proceeded throughout Sunday, according to the French official communication. The attack on the St. Pierre-Vaast wood, which was made from three sides simultaneously, netted the French three trenches on the northern side and the entire German positions on the southern outskirts of the wood. In the course of these actions the French captured 622 prisoners.

To the north, despite the stormy weather, Sir Douglas Haig's forces attacked at several points along the front, making some progress and taking a few prisoners. In the centre they progressed on a front of over 1,000 yards, securing the high ground in the neighborhood of the Butte de Warlencourt.

The powerful blows delivered simultaneously enabled the armies of Generals Foch and Haig to register the largest advance of weeks in their campaign to pocket Bapaume.

Vaux Village Occupied.
Keeping up their offensive in the Verdun region, the French have been enabled to occupy the entire village of Vaux, and also the town of Dambloup, which is situated a mile to the east of Fort Vaux.

To-day's advances were preceded on Saturday by futile German attacks against the strong trench system captured by the French on Wednesday on the edge of St. Pierre-Vaast wood. The British also repulsed a German counter-attack by the garrison of Le Transloy at trenches east of Gueudecourt which have been made the starting point for British attacks on Le Transloy.

To-day's British statement gives an explanation of the larger number of allied aeroplanes that have been brought down recently; to-day, for instance, Berlin reports taking nine. The west winds prevailing blow the allied machines far over the German front, and make it hard for them to return if pursued.

Retired Far to Rear.
French patrols have penetrated far beyond Fort Vaux into the lines hitherto held by the Germans, but were not able to get in touch with the former defenders. It appears probable that the Germans have retired their lines considerably to the rear, their artillery positions being untenable since the French drove them from Douaumont after silencing ninety of their batteries.

FIVE MEN DROWNED IN THE ABITIBI

Employee of Canadian Stewart Co. Lost in Trying to Save Others.

A despatch from Haileybury, Nov. 5.—News has been brought here that five men were drowned in the Abitibi River, near Twin Falls, on Thursday. A scow loaded with timber and carrying 12 men was being towed by a launch, when it crashed into a hidden rock, capsizing the launch and plunging all into the icy water. Eight were rescued, but four of the crew were drowned. The fifth man, an employee of the Canadian Stewart Company, met death in a heroic effort to save the other men. The other victims were employees of A. W. Hennessy, of Haileybury. John Duke, of West Meath, near Pembroke, was one of the victims. Another is Dan Couvrette of New Brunswick.

WOULD STOP EXPORT OF BREEDING CATTLE.

A despatch from Quebec says: That the time is opportune for the Federal Government to pass an order-in-Council prohibiting the sale of breeding cattle from the Dominion to the United States and that farmers should have a specially low rate on railways on the transportation of farm implements, malt, manure, was pointed out on Thursday by Hon. J. E. Caron, Minister of Agriculture for the Province of Quebec in his testimony before the Dominion Royal Commission in session at the Parliament Buildings.

CIVILIAN VICTIMS OF GERMAN METHODS.

A despatch from London says: Premier Asquith, in a written reply to a question in the House of Commons on Wednesday, said: "The number of British civilians killed, drowned and wounded by the enemy follows: Killed or died of wounds or shock, 589; drowned, 3,014; injured, 1,693."

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Manitoba wheat—New No. 1 Northern \$1.91½; No. 2, \$1.88½; No. 3, \$1.83½; No. 4, \$1.74½; track, Bay ports. Old crop trading 3c. above new crop. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 64½; No. 3, 63; extra No. 1 feed, 63c; No. 1 feed, 62c; track Bay ports. American corn—No. 3 yellow, new, 98c, Dec. shipment.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 62 to 64c; nominal; No. 3 white, 61 to 63c; nominal, according to freight outside. Barley—Malt, \$1.10 to \$1.12; nominal; feed, \$1.02 to \$1.05, nominal. Buckwheat, \$1.15 bid.

Rye—No. 2, \$1.25 to \$1.27, according to freight outside. Maricao flour—First patents, do. 95c; 2nd, 90c; 3rd, 85c; 4th, 80c; 5th, 75c; 6th, 70c; 7th, 65c; 8th, 60c; 9th, 55c; 10th, 50c; 11th, 45c; 12th, 40c; 13th, 35c; 14th, 30c; 15th, 25c; 16th, 20c; 17th, 15c; 18th, 10c; 19th, 5c; 20th, 0c.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$2.00, in bags, track Toronto, prompt shipment. Millfeed—Car lots—delivered Montreal freights, bags included, bran, per ton, \$30; shorts, per ton, \$32; middlings, per ton, \$34; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.50. Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$12 to \$13; No. 2, per ton, \$10 to \$11, track Toronto. Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$8 to \$9.

Country Produce—Wholesale.

Eggs—New-laid, cartons, 48 to 50c; new-laid, ex-cartons, 46 to 48c; storage, selects, 39c; storage, No. 1, 36 to 37c. Butter—Creamery prints, fresh made, 43 to 44c; creamery prints, storage, 42 to 43c; creamery solids, 41½ to 42c; choice dairy prints, 37 to 39c; ordinary dairy prints, 33 to 35c; bakers', 30 to 32c. Cheese—New, large, 23 to 23½c; twins, 23½ to 24c; triplets, 23½ to 24c; stiltons, 24 to 24½c.

Poultry—Spring chickens, lb, live, 16 to 17c, dressed, 21 to 22c; old fowl, lb, live, 14 to 15c, dressed, 17 to 19c; ducks, lb, live, 12 to 13c, dressed, 17 to 19c. Beans—Hand-picked, \$6; prime, \$5. Honey—Tins, 2½-lb tins, 12½ to 13c a lb; 5-lb tins, 12½ to 13c a lb; 10-lb tins, 12c a lb; 20-lb tins, 11½c a lb. Comb honey—Selects, \$2.40 to \$2.75; No. 2, \$2 to \$2.25.

Potatoes—New Brunswick, in car lots, \$1.00 a bag; western, in car lots, \$1.05 to \$1.10 a bag.

Provisions—Wholesale.

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 24 to 25c; do, heavy, 22 to 23c; cooked, 35 to 36c; rolls, 19 to 20c; breakfast bacon, 25 to 27c; backs, plain, 26 to 27c; boned, 28 to 29c. Pickled or dried cured meats, 1 cent less than cured.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 18 to 18½c per lb; clear bellies, 18 to 18½c. Lard—Pure lard, tierces, 19½ to 20c; tubs, 20 to 20½c; pails, 20½ to 20¾c; compound, 15 to 16c.

Cottonseed oil—Tierces, 15½c; tubs, 16c; pails, 16½c.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 7.—Corn, American No. 2 yellow, \$1.10 to \$1.11. Oats, Canadian Western, No. 2, 68c; do, No. 3, 67½c; extra No. 1 feed, 67½c. Barley, Malt, \$1.02 to \$1.05. Flour, Manitoba, spring wheat, firsts, \$10.10; seconds, \$9.60; strong bakers', \$9.40; winter patents choice \$9.50; straight rollers, \$8.90 to \$9.20; do, bags, \$4.50 to \$5.00. Rolled oats, barrels, \$6.85; do, bags, 90 lbs, \$3.30. Bran, \$28. Shorts, \$31. Middlings, \$33. Moultrie, \$36 to \$38. Hay, No. 2, per ton, \$12 to \$13. Cheese, western, 23 to 23½c; do, finest easterns, 21½ to 22c. Butter, choicest creamery, 41½ to 42c; seconds, 40½ to 41c. Eggs, fresh, 48 to 50c; selects, 38c; No. 1 stock, 34c; No. 2 stock, 30c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.80 to \$1.85.

Winnipeg Grain.
Winnipeg, Nov. 7.—Cash quotations:—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.82½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.70½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.74½; No. 4, \$1.64½; No. 5, \$1.50½; feed, \$1.18½. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 58c; No. 3 C.W., 56½c; extra No. 1 feed, 56½c; No. 1 feed, 56c; No. 2 feed, 55c; No. 3 feed, 54c; No. 1 N.W.C., \$2.48½; No. 2 C.W., \$2.45½.

United States Markets.
Minneapolis, Nov. 7.—Wheat—December, \$1.88½; May, \$1.86½. Cash—No. 1 hard, \$1.92½ to \$1.93½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.87½ to \$1.91½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.82½ to \$1.89½. Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.02 to \$1.04. Oats—No. 3 white, 50 to 50½c. Flour unshelled, Bran, \$26.00 to \$27.00.

Duluth, Nov. 7.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.88½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.85½ to \$1.87½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.74½ to \$1.82½; December, \$1.85½ asked. Linseed, cash, on track, \$2.67½; November, \$2.66½; May, \$2.68½.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Choice heavy steers, \$8.35 to \$8.75; good heavy steers, \$8.00 to \$8.25; butchers' cattle good, \$7.60 to \$7.90; do, medium, \$6.75 to \$7.00; do, common, \$5.40 to \$6.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$7.10 to \$7.35; do, good bulls, \$6.40 to \$6.50; do, rough bulls, \$4.50 to \$5.00; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.25 to \$7.00; do, good, \$5.75 to \$6.00; do, medium, \$5.50 to \$5.60; stockers, \$5.25 to \$5.25; choice feeders, \$6.25 to \$7.15; canners and cutters, \$3.75 to \$4.40; milkers, choice, \$7.00 to \$10.00; do, com. and med., each, \$4.00 to \$6.00; springers, \$5.00 to \$10.00; light ewes, \$7.40 to \$9.00; sheep, heavy, \$4.50 to \$5.50; calves, good to choice, \$5.00 to \$10.00; lambs, choice, \$10.50 to \$11.00; do, medium, \$9.25 to \$9.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$11.15 to \$11.25; do, weighed off cars, \$11.40 to \$11.60; do, f. o. b. \$10.80.

Montreal, Nov. 7.—Steers, choice, \$7.50; good, \$6.50; cows, choice, \$6.50;

NEXT SURPRISE OF WAR MAY BE FRENCH DRIVE AT METZ

Prussian Salient at St. Mihiel Offers a Tempting Invitation to Attack.

London, Nov. 5.—Military observers here are guessing, now that the initiative in the west has definitely passed to the allies, what will be the next step. On the Somme front they have two objectives, Cambrai and St. Quentin with their railways, to gain which Bapaume in the north, Peronne in the centre and Chaules in the south must be taken first. On the Meuse there is the Prussian salient from Metz which projects westward to the river at St. Mihiel and where they have gained a small footing on the west bank.

This salient in the plain of the

Woevre offers a tempting invitation to attack. From Les Eparges, 19 miles south-east of Verdun, to Thiaucourt, on the southern side of the salient, is about ten miles. Between Les Eparges and St. Mihiel there is a valley about three miles wide, through which a small brook flows into the Meuse. At one point the French are quite near this brook and cover with their guns almost all the ground up to the slope on which St. Mihiel stands, including the way to Metz, which brings ammunition and supplies. Not a few critics here think a move in this direction will be the next surprise of the war.

ITALIAN GUNS WITHIN RANGE OF AUSTRIAN CITY OF TRIESTE

Advance Guard of Cadorna's Army only 12 Miles Distant—3,500 Additional Prisoners Taken.

A despatch from Rome says: Additional points of vantage were gained by the Italian armies on the Carso plateau, and on Friday night Gen. Cadorna's army is within 12 miles of Trieste, the objective of the offensive. The total number of prisoners has been increased to over 8,500, 3,500 having been added to the 5,000 taken on Thursday. More guns and great quantities of arms and ammunition also fell into the hands of the Italians.

Thursday's operations alone, according to Italian estimates, cost the Austrians 15,000 in casualties and captured. The 21st Austrian Regiment and several battalions are said to have been wiped out.

NEW SUCCESS FOR ITALIANS

The Powerful Offensive Against Trieste Shows No Abatement.

London, Nov. 1.—The Italians are slowly but surely pushing their lines nearer to Trieste. With fine weather favoring their offensive operations, their advance yesterday and to-day was extended over a wider area, and the drive is being prosecuted with steadily-increasing violence and growing losses to the Austro-Hungarians. The Austrians lost 41,000 men during the first two days of the new Italian offensive, according to wireless reports from Rome. Of these, in round figures, 10,000 were killed, twice that number wounded and 10,062 captured. Gen. Bordevitch, of the Austrian command, after having been forced to withdraw three divisions, has asked for reinforcements, according to these despatches.

The Italians yesterday pressed forward in the direction of the Wippach valley, advancing more than a kilometre, taking 553 prisoners. They also have practically invested Castognovizza, on the Carso.

Regularity Personified.
The doctor had listened to his patient's heart, taken his blood pressure; in short, made a thorough examination of his physical condition. Then he announced his verdict.

"What you want is to get more exercise, walk more regularly."
"Well, doctor, I don't see how I can do that," answered the man. "I'm a postman."

ITALIANS RENEW OFFENSIVE TAKE 4,731 MEN IN ONE DAY

Strong System of Defences Captured on the Height East of Gorizia.

A despatch from Rome says: The Italians resumed their march on Trieste on Wednesday in two directions, and the first day's operations netted 4,731 prisoners, six cannon, numerous machine guns and large quantities of other booty. Strong systems of defences on the heights east of Gorizia and on the Carso east of Vallone were wrested from the enemy and remain in Italian possession despite the most desperate counter-attacks. With the advent of clear weather Gen. Cadorna launched his infantry across the rain-soaked terrain against the Austrian lines, which were penetrated at several points

south of the Oppachiasella road. As a result of the fighting in the Gorizia region the Italians on Thursday occupy the eastern slopes of Tivoli and San Marco, as well as the heights east of Sober.

On the Carso plateau the Italians at points advanced almost a mile. East of Segit two-thirds of a mile of Vallone were won. The enemy and remain in Italian possession despite the most desperate counter-attacks. With the advent of clear weather Gen. Cadorna launched his infantry across the rain-soaked terrain against the Austrian lines, which were penetrated at several points

NO WINTER REST ON SOMME FRONT

Allies' Offensive to Continue Whenever Weather at all Favorable.

A despatch from London says: During the course of an interview with the Associated Press correspondent on Thursday, Major-General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the War Office, was asked what he thought of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's statement that the Entente allies could not break through the western front in thirty years. General Maurice replied:

"Our recent offensive was not designed to break through. Its purpose was to relieve the pressure on Verdun and kill as many Germans as possible. I will not undertake to say whether it will take thirty years to get the Germans out of France, but the allied strength is constantly growing and the German strength constantly declining. The effect of the allied offensive is accumulative. When the weather permits its resumption the results will be greater than ever. Torrential rains in the past week have prevented actions of any great consequence."

"It is no doubt true that the Germans in recent fights have been short of ammunition. During the Winter, with its short days, limiting the use of artillery, they will be able to replenish their stores but, despite the bad weather, we have no intention of letting up on them. Our offensive will continue throughout the Winter when conditions are at all favorable."

"From documents recently found on prisoners there is no question but that there is a great deterioration in the enemy's morale and material, although they have been able to maintain the number of their divisions. This has been accomplished by withdrawing regiments from old divisions to form new ones. You see, in defence warfare, eight or nine battalions can form an effective division, whereas eleven or twelve are required for offensive work. On the defensive a smaller number of battalions can hold a great amount of line. This is possible through the use of machine guns, whereas on the offensive the men must be individually armed with rifles."

"I am confident the actual new organizations of the Germans are not more than 10 divisions. Others were formed as indicated by withdrawing battalions from old divisions."

1,820 VESSELS SUNK SINCE WAR BEGAN.

Losses of Entente Allies About 75 Per Cent. and Neutrals 18 Per Cent.

A despatch from New York says: One thousand eight hundred and twenty ships, with an aggregate gross tonnage of approximately 3,328,584, have been sunk by belligerent nations during the 27 months of war, ending November 1, according to figures compiled from cable despatches and mail advices, and published here on Friday by the Journal of Commerce.

The losses during October were larger than for any one of the preceding five months, according to the statistics, amounting to 127 vessels of a total of 227,116 tons gross. The October rate of destruction was considerably in excess of the monthly average throughout the war period. Norway lost the largest number of ships, 56, according to the statistics, but their gross tonnage was only 57,333 as compared with Great Britain's total loss of 115,546 gross tons, of 38 vessels destroyed.

A table showing the total shipping losses since the war began, estimates those of the Entente allies at about 75 per cent., and those of neutrals at nearly 18 per cent., with Teutonic losses less than 7 per cent.

HONOR JUTLAND HEROES.

Stories of Inspiring Courage and Wonderful Coolness.

Many stories of inspiring courage, wonderful coolness, and unfailing resource are related by Sir John Jellicoe and his commanders in despatches recommending officers and men participating in the Jutland naval battle for promotion and honors. The following are examples:

A petty officer whose leg was shot away insisted on remaining at his post, and tried to get his gun into action again.

A chaplain, aged fifty-six, although himself severely wounded, carried wounded men from the battery deck to the distributing station.

One surgeon amputated a limb single-handed in the dark; another severely wounded, had to be compulsorily placed on the sick list; another worked on a deck flooded with a foot of water; another worked for forty hours without rest.

Several officers and men performed gallant deeds in scalding steam and suffocating fumes. One officer remained at work until swelling from burns closed his eyes and his hands were useless.

A stoker rendered valuable service by closing valves in a compartment in which there was five feet of water.

The longer the engagement the shorter the married life.

THE LARGER AND GREATER E. MAYHEW & CO. STORE

having enlarged Clothing Department, will make its bow to the buying public of
Glencoe and vicinity with a

Big Expansion Sale

of all Winter Merchandise. Here is how this Sale is made possible:—

You know how the redman, before the days of electricity, used to get a tip of anything coming his way by putting his ear to the ground. Well, over a year ago we, having our ears to the ground, heard from reliable sources this message:—BUY NOW your goods for Fall and Winter, 1916, and avoid the big advances that will surely come. Well, we bought and BOUGHT, in many instances taking delivery of the goods and storing them in our stockrooms—and now we are sorry, we are downhearted? Oh, no! Did the advance come? Yes, 25 and 50 per cent., and why our blood is tingling so is that we know that as we now bring these goods out and place them on sale we are again going to demonstrate that the E. Mayhew & Co. store is the store of big values ALWAYS.

MEN'S OVERCOATS AND SUITS

We know we save
you \$3 to \$5 at
these prices.

At \$9.90

At \$15.00

At \$17.00

You must see
these to appreciate
their true
value.



For Your Choosing This Week in Women's Coat Department

Winter Coats for Women in this sale at \$9.95,
\$8.95, \$12.50 and \$15.00.

You women who have not yet purchased your
Coat will do well to come here this week and get
yours at nearly half price.

Astonishing values in Misses' Coats.

It's not the price you pay that's so important as what you get at the price.

E. MAYHEW & CO.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, NOV. 9, 1916

Newbury

W. O. Craft of the G.T.R. is taking
his holidays.

T. E. Armstrong of London was in
town on Saturday.

Mrs. George Hillman of Bothwell
visited here last week.

Miss McNeill of New Glasgow vis-
ited Mrs. S. Fennell last week.

Mrs. Hillman and daughter Anna-
helle spent the week-end in Detroit.

Charlie Armstrong, wife and two
daughters of Windsor, spent a few
days in town on their way home from
a trip to Washington and other east-
ern points.

A person known to many of our
readers passed away at his home in
Euphemia on Monday in the person of
James A. Gage, a brother of David
Gage in town.

Mr. Glennie fell from the upper
storey in W. Bayne's warehouse on
Wednesday last, getting a severe
shaking up. Fortunately no bones
were broken. It is hoped he will be
about again in a few days.

Mrs. J. W. Webster and daughter
Helen and son Warren left on Tuesday
last for their home in Melville, Sask.
Mr. Webster having exchanged his
livery business there for a ranch
further north, they will move soon.

The Women's Missionary Society of
Knox church held the monthly meet-
ing at the home of Mrs. Charles Telfer
on Thursday afternoon. There was an
attendance of about twenty ladies. At
the close of the meeting the hostess
served an excellent supper. The next
meeting will be held on Thursday, De-
cember 7, at Mrs. Dickson's home.

PARKDALE

Mrs. Joseph Blain of Aldboro was a
visitor at H. Blain's last Friday.

Mrs. Buchanan and daughter of
Harrow are visiting friends here.

Mrs. J. A. McVicar and children of
Dauphin, Man., spent a day with
friends here recently.

Mrs. E. Rutherford of Chatham ar-
rived recently and intends spending
the winter with her niece, Miss G.
Ward.

OAKDALE

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Johnston, Both-
well, were visiting friends here Sun-
day.

Mac. Munroe, Margaret, Manitoba,
was visiting relatives around here last
week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Corlett and Mr.
and Mrs. Guy Roberts motored to De-
troit on Sunday.

Miss Pearl A. Summers and Mrs.
John Summers were visiting friends
in Glenora Saturday.

Awful asthma attacks. Is there a
member of your family who is in the
power of this distressing trouble? No
service you can render him will equal
the bringing to his attention of Dr. J.
D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This
remarkable remedy rests its reputation
upon what it has done for others. It
has a truly wonderful record, covering
years and years of success in almost
every part of this continent, and even
beyond the seas.

Golden Opportunities in the Millinery Department

All Hats and Trimmings to be cleared at half price.

Two Extra Expansion Specials. Can You Afford to Miss Them?

PENMAN'S—Underwear for Men. Shirts and
Drawers, sizes 36 to 41, heavy ribbed all-wool gar-
ments, double breasted. Reg. price \$1.25, now 78c.

PENMAN'S—Fleece-lined Underwear for Men.
Only fifty suits to be cleared. Shirt sizes 36 to 42;
Drawer sizes 34, 36 and 38. Regular 65c, now 43c per
garment.

Men's All-wool Sox, regular price 35c, for 19c.

Hats and Caps

It is generally conceded our Men's Hats are the
most stylish. We are showing this season the Ed-
mour Hats, fashion's favorite. They are absolutely
the latest, smartest and most up-to-date hats shown.
We are sole agents for them.

Bought Direct From the Listowel Mills Over a Year Ago.

We are selling these renowned SWEATER COATS
at prices we could not buy them for today. Two-
tone color effects for Men and Women.

OUR SPECIAL FOR MEN—Good, heavy Wool
Sweaters, all sizes, \$1.48.

OUR SPECIAL FOR WOMEN—Nice, stylish
Coat, \$1.38.

Appin

David McDonald sold a fine team of
horses to Montreal buyers.

Mr. and Mrs. George Laughton left
Tuesday for their home in Minnesota.

Murray Fisher has accepted a posi-
tion in London and left last week to
take charge of it.

Rev. Mr. Moore of Owen Sound con-
ducted the services in the Presbyterian
church last Sunday.

There are a number from here going
to London to see the pictures of the
Battle of the Somme.

The Fruit Growers' Association
loaded three cars of apples last week
for shipment via G. T. R.

Charles Black has gone to London,
having accepted a position with Pur-
dom & Co., hardware merchants.

A great many are looking forward
to a fine time at the bazaar and social
in the Methodist church next Monday
evening.

Several of the interested workers of
the Women's Institute and Red Cross
Society expect to attend the annual
institute convention in London this
week.

The people of Appin and vicinity
have shipped Christmas boxes to the
soldiers at the front. Wm. Gibbs do-
nated 21 pairs of honey, which no
doubt will be a treat to the boys.

Sixty dollars has been contributed
in the village and vicinity, to be used
in sending boxes of Christmas cheer to
the boys from this immediate district
now at the front and in England.

Anniversary services of the Method-
ist church will be held on Sunday,
November 12th. Rev. Mr. Jones of
Strathroy, chairman of the district, is
to preach, and the choir will be assist-
ed by London talent. On Monday
evening the ladies will hold a bazaar
in the basement of the church.

The building now occupied by the
Royal Bank has been purchased by
the head office from D. L. McIntyre,
and extensive remodeling is to be
begun at once. William Stephenson
has the contract for the carpenter
work, and Frank Nicholls for the
cement work and the construction of
a large vault.

The committee of Red Cross workers
met last Friday at Mrs. King's home
and cut out several grey flannel shirts
for the boys at the front. Anyone
wishing to assist in the making of
them may get them at either of the
stores in the village where they were
left for distribution. The committee
would like them made up as soon as
possible, to get them away.

Special meetings being held every
night in the Methodist church are
very interesting and helpful to the
many who attend. Able and feeling
addresses have been given every even-
ing by Rev. John Holmes of Lambeth,
who has been assisting the pastor,
Rev. C. W. Bristol. These meetings
conclude on Friday evening, when a
reception service will be held.

The Appin Women's Institute have
collected \$27.25 for the British Red
Cross. This has been forwarded to
the Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial
Secretary, Toronto. The following
are the names of those who contrib-
uted to this fund:—\$2 each—James M.
Macfie, J. S. Macrae, John W. Mac-
fie, R. E. C. McDonald, J. C. Lane;
\$1 each—Robert Webster, Jas. Glas-
gow, Mrs. R. Pettit, Mrs. M. R. Brown,
Chas. W. Macfie, Ferguson Huston,
Mrs. Dan McCallum, J. H. Miers; 50c
each—Mrs. Jas. Lotan, sr., Mrs. J. C.
Allan, Miss Lacombe, Wm. Gibbs.

Melbourne

Report from the Melbourne Patriotic
Society for the period beginning Sept.
8th, 1915, and ending October 31st,
1915:

Monies received:—Fair booth, 1915,
\$179.70; Anna Rebekah Lodge, \$12.70;
Melbourne Public School, \$12.85; Pres-
byterian Church, various sources,
\$41.60; Methodist Church, various
sources, \$76.00; sale of flags, \$64.45;
School Fair booth, \$47.97; Melbourne
Musicians' Club, \$5.90; miscellaneous
receipts, \$282.75. Total, \$593.92.

Monies expended:—Yarn purchased,
\$28.85; goods purchased, \$123.21; Bel-
gian Relief, \$13.00; British Red Cross,
\$114.50; Canadian Red Cross, cash,
\$109.00; postage on boxes to soldiers
at front, \$17.70; miscellaneous, \$144.70;
cash on hand to be used in purchase of
yarn, \$50.81. Total, \$593.92.

The following goods were prepared
and shipped by the society through
the year:—124 pairs socks, 151 pillow
slips, 83 towels, 51 shirts, 530 face
cloths, 3 pillows, 12 handkerchiefs, 41 old
mouth wipes, 88 handkerchiefs, 41 old
cotton, 16 pairs pyjamas, 25 sheets, 2
woollen togues, 4 pairs wristlets, 2
woollen scarfs, 25 boxes of comforts.

Mary E. Mather, Treasurer.
E. L. Frost, Secretary.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of

Crinan

Farmers are busy storing corn
stalks.

The dry weather is hindering fall
ploughing greatly.

Miss Ila Taylor has gone to St.
Thomas for the winter.

The Y.P.S. held their regular meet-
ing on Sunday evening.

Mrs. E. Marshall, who has been vis-
iting friends here, has returned to St.
Thomas.

Mrs. McRae of London gave an ad-
dress to the W. M. S. on Thursday
evening. The meeting was the thank-
offering of the society and the ladies
served a light lunch at the close. The
amount of the thank-offering was
\$38.50.

Before Sept. 16th it was impossible
to get anything stronger than water
to drink throughout this district, but
since then everything has gone dry,
even many of our wells, and now it's
even difficult to get a good drink of
water. Still, we can hardly blame
Heaven for the dry wells.

About forty members of the Disciple
church assembled at the home of Mr.
and Mrs. P. A. McVicar, Rodney, and
presented them with a beautiful ma-
hogony clock on the eve of their de-
parture for London where in future
they will make their home.

SECRETS OF SPACE

What Might Be Revealed if Na-
ture Lifted the Veil.

WONDERS OF THE INVISIBLE.

Evidence That What We Call the Uni-
verse Is Only a Part of a Far Grand-
er and Perhaps Infinite System of Suns
and Worlds and Planets.

Men of science have found reasons
for believing that there may be, far
off in infinite space, other materi-
al systems besides the one visible to us.
We seem to be able with modern tele-
scopes to reach the boundaries or
farthest limits of the stellar system
to which our sun belongs.

It is found that with increase of dis-
tance the relative number of stars de-
creases until, in most directions at
least, a point is reached beyond which
virtually no more stars can be seen.

Then, too, it has been found that the
stellar system has a fairly definite
shape—a fact which in itself implies
boundaries. The shape is that of a
vast spiral, with curving arms sur-
rounding a central agglomeration. If
you will imagine floating in the middle
of the room where you sit a roughly
distributed with a fair degree of uni-
formity as to distance from one an-
other, and then outside of the swarm
surrounding it, but separated from it
by a space which is nearly but not
quite empty, an irregular spiral ring
of similar shining particles, you will
have before you a picture of one of
the latest astronomical conceptions of
the form of the visible universe.

The central swarm will represent the
assemblage of stars of which our sun
is a modest member, while the en-
veloping spiral will represent the im-
mense system of the Milky way, whose
stars are vastly more numerous than
those composing the globular swarm.

The stars of the Milky way are the
most distant members of the entire
system, which appears to be shut in
all around by black space. Viewed
from afar off in the chon depths of
that space, this universe of ours would
resemble a phosphorescent jellyfish,
with faintly sparkling tentacles, adrift
in the sea of luminosity.

This being so, the question naturally
arises, May there not be, or must there
not be, an indefinite number of other
such systems scattered through the
limitless expanse of space? That ques-
tion would forever remain a matter of
pure conjecture if we did not have cer-
tain very suggestive facts which seem
to indicate that it ought to be an-
swered in the affirmative.

The facts of which I speak are ob-
jects of visual observation. But that
does not necessarily make them parts
of the "visible universe," because they
appear to be unconnected with it and
to lie beyond its boundaries.

These objects are known as spiral
nebulae. The photographs that have
been made of them in the past few
years are simply amazing. The forms
of many are surprisingly like that
which has been described above as
characterizing the stellar system. They
have central agglomerations with en-
veloping spirals. They have knots of
light which recall the globular clusters
of stars found in the visible universe,
but they are so distant that no sepa-
rate stars can be detected in them.

They look like masses of more or less
condensed glowing gas, but the spec-
troscopic shows that the light coming
from them is not that which is charac-
teristic of gaseous nebulae, but that
which belongs to true stars. The influ-
ence is that these wonderful objects
may actually be other universes lying
out in the ocean of space beyond our
shores.

This inference is strengthened by
what we know of the distance of some
of these objects. The utmost diameter
of the great spiral of the Milky way
probably does not exceed from 4,000 to
6,000 "parsecs," or from 800 to 1,200
million times the earth's distance from
the sun. A parsec, which corresponds to
a parallax of one second of arc, equals
about 19,000,000,000,000 (nineteen tril-
lion) miles. But some of the spiral
nebulae appear to be at least 10,000
parsecs distant.

If that is so there exists between
them and the outer frontiers of the vi-
sible universe a gap far broader than
the entire diameter of that universe. It
can hardly be supposed, then, that they
are outlying parts of or attendants
upon our universe, but it is much more
reasonable to conclude that they are
other universes constructed on a simi-
lar plan, but so far away that as viewed
with our utmost visual powers, our
nighttime spectacles, they are but
glimmering specks! Perhaps the nearest
of these strange objects is the Androm-
eda nebula, which, in a small tele-
scope, looks like a faint spindle shaped
wisp—Garrett P. Serviss in New York
Journal.

Vengeance on the Caddie.

"What! Buying more golf clubs? I
thought you had a pretty complete out-
fit before."

"I have, but that caddie of mine had
the nerve to snigger when I topped my
drive yesterday, and I'm going to make
him carry double weight."—Fall Mail
Gazette.

Happiness.

Happiness is that single and glorious
thing which is the very light and sum
of the whole animated universe, and
where she is not it is better that noth-
ing should be.—Colton.

The most completely lost of all days
is the one on which we have not
laughed.—Chamfort.

FISHED WITH A GANDER.

And Now the Poor Fowl Shows a Dis-
tinct Aversion to Water.

A gander was so upset by experi-
ments made upon and through him by
a mischievous boy that for a long time
he would not go into the water.

The gander's determination to ab-
stain from water as a means of bath-
ing grew out of the following circum-
stances:

The boy thought he would tie a fish-
ing line to the gander's leg and with a
hook properly baited turn the bird out
into the water. The bait was a frog.

The gander went into the mill pond,
where he swam around for half an
hour, turning "flippers" and diving for
food. Suddenly he felt a pull at his
leg and looked as surprised as the
"hone fisherman" when he caught a
white.

The gander thought there was some-
thing the matter, and he looked to as-
certain the cause. The pickerel on the
hook gave several jerks, whereupon
the gander decided he wanted to go
home.

He at once started for the shore, but
the pickerel on the hook wanted to go
the other way. The gander seemed
frightened at first. Then he evidenced
signs of anger and tried to fly to shore,
but the pickerel pulled him back.

After half an hour of the hardest
work he had ever done the gander
came ashore, dragging a six pound
pickerel up the bank.

The boy took off the pickerel and
baited the hook with another frog. He
tried to induce the gander to go in for
another swim, but no amount of per-
suasion could get the bird to do so. He
simply would not be driven in. For
many weeks the gander would not go
into the water. He would proceed
with the rest of the flock to the water's
edge, but there he would stop. He
would seem to be arguing with them
with reference to the danger they were
courting.—Los Angeles Times.

SHOOTING WITH A RIFLE.

The Proper Way to Aim if One Aspires
to Good Marksmanship.

Walter Winans, the famous Ameri-
can sharpshooter, who lives in Eng-
land, writes to the Scientific American
the following directions as to the
proper way to aim a rifle:

"The way to shoot is, first, put a big
irony front sight in place of the black
one used for target shooting.

"Most real objects one shoots at are
more or less dark, and the black front
sight is difficult to see on the object;
the white one shows up at once.

"Next, have your hand sight put on
the rifle at the distance from your eye
that you can read print best.

"When shooting do not try to focus
a black bullseye, a black front sight
and a black hind sight and a half dozen
other things alternately while you hold
on to your rifle like grim death.

"Look at the object you want to hit.
If it is moving judge how much allow-
ance in front you must make, bring up
your rifle to your shoulder, swinging
it with the movement of the object you
want to hit, and press the trigger as
the butt touches your shoulder.

"The bullet will go where you want
it to without your noticing the sights
at all.

"If you want to be a good rifle shot
at game, or as a soldier, join the near-
est clay pigeon shooting club, and when
you can break 90 per cent of the clays
you can rest perfectly confident that
you can hit a man every shot, what fire
if being charged by an enemy if you
have a rifle in your hands instead of a
shotgun.

"If you practice in a 'coal hole' rifle
gallery at a stationary black bullseye
with a black front sight and see 'three
front sights' and a 'blurred back sight'
you are not learning to shoot, but
merely ruining your eyesight."

Cornish Pies.

There are several dishes peculiar to
Cornwall, and a pasty is one. It re-
sembles an apple turnover, but is com-
posed of meat, potato and seasoning,
finely chopped. Almost every kind of
food is put into a Cornish pie. Squab
pie is a great favorite. Herby pie is
another peculiar dish, composed of net-
ties, pepper cress, parsley, mustard and
spinach, together with thin slices of
pork. Pies are also made with leeks
and pickards, goose feet, gizzard and
blood, raisins, sugar and apples and
mackerel, parsley and cream.—London
Standard.

Her Proof.

"I've brought back those eggs you
gave me this morning," said the new
bride as she began to take the articles
in question from her basket. "They're
duck eggs."

"Duck eggs!" sneered the grocery
boss. "You're mistaken, ma'am. I
don't never sell no duck eggs."

"But I tested them," triumphed the
matrimonial novice. "I dropped them
into water and they floated."—Judge.

Domestic Discussion.

"My husband accuses me of extrava-
gance. I spent about \$10,000 last
year."

"I wouldn't mind being scolded on
that basis. I have to stand for the
same accusation on \$20 a week."—Lou-
ville Courier-Journal.

Bohemia.

Bohemia has not existed as a sepa-
rate independent nation since 1020.
That year was fought the battle of
the White mountain, which resulted in
the total overthrow of the Bohemian
forces and the subjugation of the coun-
try to Austria.

Eagles on the Hunt.

Eagles usually hunt in pairs, one
bird frightening the prey from his hid-
ing place and the other pouncing on it
as it tries to escape.

Perfect cooking and baking with least expenditure of
heat is assured by the double flue system forcing heat
twice around the oven of

McClary's Pandora Range

Come in and I'll show you why the Pandora stays as
good as new long after other ranges have to be repaired
or replaced.

Sold by Jas. Wright & Son

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized.....\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid-up.....11,500,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits.....13,230,000
Total Assets.....108,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—MONTREAL

MONEY ORDERS.—A safe and economical method
of remitting small amounts.

\$5 and under.....3c
Over \$5.....\$10 6c Rates
Over \$10 Not exceeding.....\$30 10c
Over \$30.....\$50 15c

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and inter-
est at highest current rate added twice yearly.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

Wardsville Garage

I intend opening a Garage in
Wardsville about April 1, 1917,
and solicit a share of your pat-
ronage.

All kinds of repairing promptly
done.

HERB. CUCKSEY

CONSIGNEES' —SALE—