

SEAR WANT ADS.
BRING GOOD RESULTS.
TRY THEM.

ST. JOHN STAR.

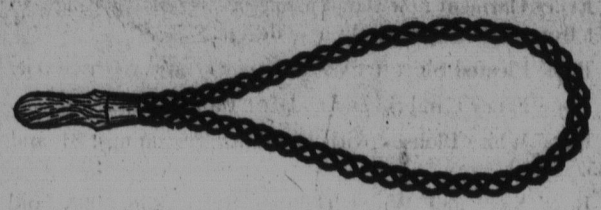
DELIVERED
TO ANY ADDRESS IN THE CITY
SIX CENTS A WEEK.

VOL. 2. NO. 180.

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1902.

ONE CENT.

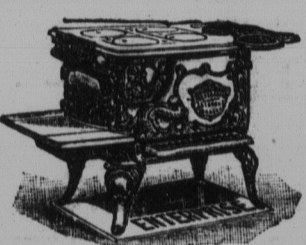
Carpet Whips.



Made of Braided Galvanized Wire. Covers more surface than any other. Liven up the nap.
Price 15 Cents.
All kinds of house cleaners' helps.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.

THE ENTERPRISE.



The Best Working Medium Priced Cook Stove on the Market.
Will burn any kind of fuel, but especially adapted for soft coal. Covers, centres, fireback and grates are all extra heavy, therefore will not warp or twist. This stove if seen and examined will be instantly appreciated. Guaranteed a perfect baker.

EMERSON & FISHER, - 75 Prince Wm. St

HERCULES Wire Beds
NO. 6 AND NO. 1.
GUARANTEED NOT TO SAG.
The patent weave makes them 8 times stronger and springier than other kinds.
Furniture dealers in St. John supplied by
MUTCHINGS & CO.,
101 to 107 Germain St.

YOU SPOIL YOUR BEST CHANCES in life by sleeping on poor baggy springs.
MARIA PARLOA, in the Ladies' Home Journal says: "The first requisite in a bed is a good firm spring that will not sag."
HERCULES SPRINGS can be gotten from good furniture dealers.
ASK FOR THEM.

This Is Picture Weather!

If you have not a Camera, get one.
Call and see our variety and let us prove the advantages you can derive from purchasing from us.
Ask your friends how they like the finishing or developing we did for them.

ROCHE & DAVIDSON

Temporary Address—COR. GERMAIN AND PRINCESS STS.
Our new store at No. 23 Charlotte Street will be open about May 15th.

SIDE SPRING EXPRESS WAGON

FOR GROCERS,
Also a Few Second-Hand Expresses.

Jas. A. KELLY,

640 to 644 MAIN STREET.

LONDON, April 7.—Mr. Balfour refused to grant facilities for the discussion of the motion made by John Redmond, the Irish nationalist leader, concerning the speaker, William Court Gully, in connection with the suspension of John Dillon.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, April 7.—Serious riots at Montego Bay are in progress. Increased taxation and an unwieldy government are the causes of the trouble. The situation is critical, but the authorities hope to soon quell the rising.

SPRING SUITS!

We are, without doubt, showing some of the best values in Spring Suits for men, young men and boys ever shown in St. John—even better than we showed last year.

Men's Spring Suits at \$3, 5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.50, 8.75, 9.50, 10.00, 11.00 and up.
Young Men's Suits, \$4, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00 and up.
Boys' 3-Piece Suits \$2.50, 3.50, 4.00 and up.
Boys' 2-Piece Suits, 75c., \$1.25 to \$2 and up.
All goods new and up-to-date. Nothing old; nothing shoddy.

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, Opera House Block.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Further List of Casualties Received Last Night.

The Folly of Boer Delegates and Sympathizers in Europe.

OTTAWA, April 7.—Lord Roberts has cabled the governor general as follows: "I have telegraphed Lord Kitchener hearty congratulations to the troops who did so well at Kleinhardt's River 31st March, but I would like you to acquaint the Canadian government how much I appreciate the splendid stand of the Canadian Mounted Rifles and how much I regret the heavy losses."

CANADIANS SAVED THE DAY.

TORONTO, April 7.—The Telegram's special cable from London says: Most of the recent advances from the front say that at Hart's River engagement the British troops were arranged in the form of a semi-circle, the Canadian Rifles holding a point somewhat in advance and across the front of the semi-circle. The Boers were following up a bold attack on the 28th Mounted Infantry when they were met with a heavy fire from the Canadians, who poured volleys into them at a distance of two hundred yards. Private Evans, although mortally wounded, kept in the thick of the fight, and having fired all the ammunition in his bandolier, broke his rifle.

(Private Evans above mentioned was the son of James Evans, Port Hope, Ont., and was 27 years old.)

ADDITIONAL CASUALTIES.

OTTAWA, April 7.—The casualty department at Cape Town, telegraphs April 7th, the following additional casualties:

Dangerously Wounded.
No. 400, Farrier Sergt. George McKugo, Rossland, B. C.
166, Corp. John A. Wilkinson, Guelph, Ont., face and right forearm.
567, Pte. James Tennant, wounded in head, Moncton, N. B.

Severely Wounded.
No. 158, Shoemaking John K. Minchin of Guelph, leg.
582, Pte. Clayton S. Carson, Toronto, forearm and hip.
267, Francis A. Smith, Toronto, chest.
196, John William Miller or Millan, London, Ont., jaw and leg.
177, William Stokes, London, thigh.
676, W. F. Smith, Ottawa, arm.

Slightly Wounded.
No. 475, Farrier Sergt. Norman M. Domar of Ed. Clair.
168, Sergt. A. E. Monro, London, Ont., grazed.
252, Corp. John Charles Bond of Toronto, grazed.
266, Pte. Alex. Ferguson of Toronto.
169, Pte. Harry E. Ballard of London, shoulder.
139, Clarence K. Robinson, thigh.
161, P. A. Pyke of Guelph, Ont.
193, John Aspyden Kendell of London, Ont.
635, Pte. Fredk. Cooper of Toronto, wounded thigh.
629, Fredk. Chas. Wildman of Hamilton, Ont., wounded in arm.
666, Michael Murphy of Peterboro, Ont., scalp wound.
601, William Ernest McPherson of Charlottetown, P. E. I.
261, Lance Corp. R. Lloyd of Revelstoke, B. C.

Dangerously Ill.
5th April, Elandsfontein, No. 582, Wm. Robinson of Halifax, enteric fever.

Pretoria—No. 179, John Arthur Wilson, enteric fever, of London, Ont.
6th April, at Charlottetown, No. 356, Rolland Agassiz of Toronto, dysentery. The next of kin, to W. E. McPherson of Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Of James Tennant, his father, James Tennant, formerly of Fredericton, N. B.

Of William Robertson, Thomas Robertson, 9 Doyle street, Halifax.

Of the rest in this list eighteen have their nearest relatives in Ontario, one in Michigan, two in England and one in Quebec.

CORKONIANS CARRIED A BOER FLAG.

CORK, April 7.—A performance of "The Dandy Fifth" at the opera house here was brought to a premature close tonight by the hostile demonstrations of a crowd of students in the gallery.

The demonstrators then paraded through the town, headed by a Boer flag. They were challenged by a loyalist crowd, which tried to capture the flag. A fight then ensued, in which the police interfered with their batons and many persons were injured.

LONDON, April 7.—Lord Kitchener reports that the Boer casualties during the engagements of March 31 and April 1 were, at the lowest estimate, 30 men killed and 80 wounded. Commandant Brummen was killed near Boshof, Orange River Colony, April 8.

LONDON, April 7.—A despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria, says Commandant Kritzinger (who was captured by Gen. French at Hanover Road, Cape Colony, Dec. 17 last, and who has been tried by court martial on the charge of having committed four murders, in addition to train wrecking and cruelty to prisoners), has been acquitted, and is being well cared for as an ordinary prisoner of war.

\$1,000 FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
NEW YORK, April 8.—In address before the Holland Society in this city, Mantagu White, the Boer representative, appealed for funds to aid the women and children and other Boer

LAKE SUPERIOR.

Pilot Rodgers on the Stand This Morning.

Evidence Practically the Same as Adduced Before the Pilot Commissioners.

At the afternoon session yesterday of the Lake Superior Pilot Commissioners, Capt. Thomas Clarke of the Neptune, Capt. Charles Taylor, harbor master; James Moore, second officer of the Superior; A. Nelson, steamer's carpenter; John McGowan, the boatswain; Chief Engineer John Harraghy, Second Engineer Gibb and Third Engineer B. H. Hood, Michael Matthews, boatswain's mate, and Jules LeBarres was taken.

The enquiry into the grounding of the Lake Superior was continued this morning. Most of the time was spent in receiving Pilot Rogers' testimony. It varies little if any from that given by him before the pilot's commissioners, save that he gave it in greater detail. The pilot took exception to Capt. Thompson's evidence in several points.

Capt. Chas. Taylor, the harbor master, was recalled this morning. He was asked whether he had the power to interfere if he did not approve of the action of a pilot bringing a ship up the harbor. He said that there was no regulation giving him such a power.

LORD KIMBERLEY.

The Distinguished Liberal Statesman Died This Afternoon.

LONDON, April 8.—Lord Kimberley, the liberal statesman, who had been ill for some time past, died this afternoon.

The Rt. Hon. John Wodehouse, K. G., Earl of Kimberley, was born Jan. 7, 1826, and educated at Eton and Christ Church, where he graduated in 1847. He succeeded his grandfather as Baron Wodehouse in 1846, and was raised to the earldom of Kimberley in 1866. In December, 1852, he accepted the post of under secretary of state for foreign affairs, which he held under Lord Aberdeen and Palmerston till 1856, when he was appointed envoy at St. Petersburg. He resumed his former office in 1859 and retired in 1861, and in 1862 went on a special mission to Copenhagen. In 1864 he was appointed under secretary for India, and later in the same year became Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, resigning this post when Lord Russell's second administration fell in 1866. He was Lord Privy Seal in Gladstone's administration from 1868 till 1870, and then secretary of state for the colonies until 1874. In 1875 he was appointed chairman of a royal commission to enquire into the working of the penal servitude acts. On Gladstone's return to power in 1880 he again became secretary of state for the colonies. From 1882 until 1886 he was secretary of state for India, and again from 1892 to 1894. In 1894 and 1895 he was secretary for foreign affairs. In 1897 he was chosen leader of the liberal party in the house of lords. The late earl's estate comprised 11,200 acres.

THOSE HORSE SHIPMENTS.

The Tempest in a Teapot at New Orleans.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 8.—Col. E. H. Crowder, of Chicago, connected with the department of agriculture, and now assigned to the department of the lakes, according to the Tribune's New Orleans correspondent, is the officer to port Chalmette, La., to inquire into the conditions at the military camp reported to be under the management of the British government at that point. Colonel Crowder, the Tribune says, is at New Orleans awaiting instructions from the war department.

Colonel Crowder has already briefly inquired into the conditions at Chalmette. He has found that the Port Chalmette railroad people, says the Tribune's correspondent, claim to have full control of the land occupied by the pens and stables. Colonel Crowder investigated the court records pertaining to the suit brought by Gen. Pearson in a recent effort to prevent the sailing of two transports. The court set aside the objections. It is found that nearly all the documents in the case were forwarded to Washington as a part of Governor Heard's report to the secretary of state. Today, it is held, will decide whether there will be a thorough and immediate inquiry. It is estimated that there are now 1,000 horses and four hundred mules penned up at Port Chalmette.

At the wharves three transports are waiting to clear for Cape Town the moment the animal cargoes are aboard. A committee of British army officers and veterinarians are busy passing on the four-footed recruits that come in daily from all points of the western grazing districts.

THE DEATH ROLL.

ALTON, Ill., April 8.—Rev. A. A. Kendrick, D. D., L. L. D., dean of the school of divinity at Shurtleff College, dropped dead late last evening at his home in College Avenue, Upper Alton, from heart disease.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 8.—Adj. Genl. Jasper N. Reese died this morning from pneumonia, aged 60 years.

OTTAWA, April 7.—Following up the mandate of the electors last January, the city council tonight decided to call for tenders for the installation of a municipal telephone system of 4,000 subscribers, the cost of service not to exceed \$20 per 'phone annually.

THE VATICAN.

Will Be Specially Represented at the Coronation.

ROME, April 8.—In spite of the opposition of Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, the Pope has decided to send important special missions both to the coronation of King Edward and to the festivities in Spain attendant upon the coronation of King Alfonso. The cardinal's opposition was based on the fact that the British parliament did not change the anti-Catholic formula of the accession oath, and Mr. Merry Del Val, whom the pontiff designed to be chief of the mission openly refused to go while the present wording of the oath is maintained.

Nevertheless, the mission will be sent and will probably arrive in London a few hours after the religious ceremony. This will be a repetition of the diplomatic manoeuvres carried out at the coronation of Czar Nicholas at Moscow.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Nearly the entire passenger list of the steamship Liguria, which sails today for Naples and Genoa, is made up of clergymen and laymen on their way to Rome to congratulate the pope on reaching the jubilee year of his occupancy of the papal chair. The delegation is headed by Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn.

A GREAT PILGRIMAGE.

Advices were received in Halifax from Ottawa on Saturday that the tender of M. E. Keefe to build the new Custom House at Halifax has been accepted. There were about a dozen firms tendering, including several from the upper provinces. The building will cost about \$300,000, and means much increased labor for Halifax workmen. The building is to be erected on the old market building site.

BIG CONTRACT FOR HALIFAX.

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On the Jump.

The Spring Hat business keeps us on the jump these days, and we assure you that our stock of new 1902 styles are all that you could wish to find, and your spring suit will lose half of its effect if not topped off with one of our new Derbys or Fedoras. We have them in all colors and sizes, and prices to suit.

ANDERSON'S,
19 Charlotte Street.

MILLINERY

An elegant display of all the latest Novelties in
TRIMMED and UNTRIMMED

Hats, Toques and Bonnets.
Also a large variety of Outing Hats, Sailor Hats, Walking Hats, etc. Inspection cordially invited.

— OPEN TILL 9 P. M. —
G. K. Cameron & Co.,
77 King Street.

WILLIAM PETERS,
— DEALER IN —
LEATHER and HIDES,
Shoemakers' Findings, Plastering Hair, Tanners' and Carriers' Tools, Lampblack, etc.
266 Union Street.

CHAMPAGNES

Pommery, Mumm's,
— FOR SALE LOW —
THOMAS L. BOURKE, 25 Water St.

To the Electors of the City of St. John:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—
I will be a candidate for the office of MAYOR at the election to be held on Tuesday, the fifteenth day of April next, and respectfully solicit your suffrages. A service at the Common Council Board of Aldermen extending over six years has afforded me an opportunity of becoming familiar with civic affairs, and if further honored with your confidence I will endeavor as far as it lies in my power to guard the rights of our city and advance its interests.

Faithfully yours,
WALTER W. WHITE.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It will pay you to have your work done at DUNHAM'S. Upholstering, Carpet Laying, Furniture Polishing and Packing, Repairing, etc. First Class work at moderate prices.

FRED H. DUNHAM,
408 Main Street, N. E.

H. L. COATES,

(Cor. Main and Harrison Streets, Opposite St. Luke's Church, N. E.)
CARPENTER, BUILDER
and GENERAL JOBBER.
Special attention given to the placing of plate glass windows.

CAREFUL HOUSEKEEPERS are requested to use Short's Liquid Silver Polish. Very many of the most careful housekeepers of St. John and vicinity have already found it to be the best. Price 25c., 50c., 75c. Short's Furniture Polish has given great satisfaction during the past 20 years, 25c. and 50c. at SHORT'S PRESCRIPTION PHARMACY, (Tel. 440) and Druggists generally.

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TO LET.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

TO LET—An Upper Flat 232 Duke street, West End, containing 10 rooms, heated by furnace; rent moderate. Apply to J. J. BURRIDGE, 286 Duke street, W. E.

TO LET—A house in the country partly furnished, for the summer or longer. Land ready for cultivation. Five miles from the city on the Loch Lomond road (so called) Hickey road. For particulars apply at No. 58 Sydney street, St. John, April 10, 1902.

TO LET—Flat of seven pleasant, light rooms, now occupied by Mr. S. H. Shaw, 24 Portland street. Enquire on premises, centre bell.

TO LET—Flat 267 Prince William street, containing six rooms and bath room. Can be seen any time.

TO LET—From the first day of May next that valuable store and premises No. 59 Charlotte street, at present occupied by F. A. Dykeman, & Co. Apply to E. T. C. KNOWLES, No. 8 Palmer's Chambers, City.

TO LET—Lower flat of seven rooms. All well lighted. Closets and bath room. Hot and cold water. Pleasantly situated. Can be seen Thursdays and Fridays. MRS. THOS. BRUNDAGE, 286 Princes street.

TO LET—Flat in new house No. 72 St. James street. All modern improvements. Can be seen Tuesday and Saturday afternoons from 12 to 5 p. m. Apply to R. N. DEAN on premises. Tel. 713.

TO LET—From 1st May next, upper flat of brick house No. 24 Fiddock street, at present occupied by Geo. Carvill, Esq. Heated and with all modern improvements. May be seen on Wednesday from 3 to 5 p. m. For terms, etc., apply to ROBERT SEELY, Tel. 42.

TO LET—Comfortable flat of 7 rooms, at present occupied by W. L. Ingraham, Esq., No. 127 Mill street. Can be seen Tuesday and Friday afternoons.

MONEY TO LOAN—Satisfactory security. Enquire of BUSTIN & PORTER, Barristers, 106 Prince Wm. street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter, by a young lady having had experience in an insurance office. Position in an insurance office preferred. Address E. A. care Star.

WANTED—A young man wants position in or out of the city at any light work. Has had experience as collector of insurance, etc., and has thorough knowledge of the city. Address "HUSTLER," care of Star office.

WANTED—A Dressmaker wants sewing by the day. Address M. R. B., Star Office.

WANTED—An experienced Stenographer and Typewriter wants copying to do at home in the evenings. All work promptly attended to. Address "X. Y. Z." Star Office.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—House painters wanted immediately. Two good brush hands. Pay \$2 per day. Apply to H. W. Paul, 23 Waterloo street, or at House 188 6p.

WANTED—A boy to learn the house painting. Apply to H. L. & J. T. McGOWAN, 158 Princes street.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED in each town for accident, sickness, industrial policies, life insurance, etc. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write box 275, Montreal.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

GIRL WANTED at 488 Carmarthen street. No washing or ironing, to go home at night.

WANTED—A Girl. Apply at 177 Princes street.

WANTED—A maid servant for general housework; references required; no children. Apply to MRS. G. J. ESTABROOKS, 54 Elliott Row, city.

WANTED—A girl, well recommended, for household work. Apply at 82 Charlotte street.

WANTED—A Kitchen girl at CLARK'S HOTEL, 35 King Square.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

FOR SALE—One new milch cow. Address H. C. Star Office.

FOR SALE—A fine Desk, suitable for an office, cost \$65.00; will sell for \$42.00. Inquire at Star Office.

FOR SALE—A second-hand typewriter in good condition. Address "TYPEWRITER," Star Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL KINDS

SEWING MACHINES

REPAIRED.
Needles and parts for all makes at W. E. BELLS, 28 Dock Street.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—Some contractor to erect addition to my house on corner of Winter and Summer streets. For information call and see JAMES PAWCETT, No. 11 Summer street.

WANTED—Canvasers, male or female, through the city to handle a rapid selling book on the war. Good commissions. Address "M.," Star Office.

MONEY TO LOAN

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

MONEY—Advanced on mortgages in large or small sums. Apply to Chas. MacDonald, barrister, Walker Building, Canterbury St.

On Freehold and Leasehold Property, repayable by monthly instalments or otherwise. Apply to CHAPMAN & TILLEY, Barristers, Palmer's Building, Princes street.

LOST.

LOST—On 23 March, a plain gold cuff button, between Charlotte street and St. Andrew's church. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at office of Sun Printing Co.

IN PIOUS TORONTO.

TORONTO, Ont., April 7.—The city magistracy department has laid charges against the Toronto World for desecration of the Sabbath. The World, which has the list of casualties reached Toronto from Ottawa last night published a special edition and sold it on the streets. The police took the names of the newsboys selling the papers and they will be summoned to court.

MARRIAGES.

WAYCOTT-FANJOY.—At the Free Baptist parsonage, Victoria street, on April 7th, by Rev. David Long, George Waycott, of St. Andrews, to Hester Fanjoy, of North End, St. John.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$3 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 8, 1902.

ST. JOHN SHOULD WIN.

The federal government owes it to St. John to make this city the point of mobilization of the contingent for South Africa. There are as good accommodations here as at Halifax, and there is no reason why Quebec should be chosen. Both Quebec and Halifax have received recognition, and it is now fairly the turn of St. John. This city and province have cheerfully sent their sons to the front, and nowhere in Canada has more enthusiasm been manifested. For patriotic reasons the next contingent should be mobilized here and sail from this port. It is only fair also that St. John should have a share of the business arising from the mobilization of the troops. The city has been neglected in many ways by this government, and it should now do something to redeem itself. The claim of the city should be pressed, and supported by all the members of parliament from this province. More aggressive communities never hesitate to ask for what they want, and work hard to secure it. Why should St. John remain inactive? Mr. Fielding of course favors Halifax and Mr. Tarte Quebec. The member for St. John city should assert himself in this matter, and should be heartily supported by men of all shades of politics, for this is not in any sense a party question. It is a measure of justice which the city has a perfect right to demand.

GALLANT NEW ZEALANDERS.

Apologies of the sending of another contingent from Canada to South Africa the Star's readers will be interested in the following account of the departure of the ninth contingent from New Zealand. It may be added that that colony has since been accepted. The ninth sailed on March 21st, and the London Telegraph of the next day published the following cable from Wellington, N. Z.:

"The departure of the North Island battalion of the ninth New Zealand contingent from Auckland was the occasion of a scene of unprecedented enthusiasm. Several thousand persons were present around the place of embarkation, and the harbor was crowded with steamers packed with sight-seers."

"After the troops had been reviewed they were entertained at luncheon, when patriotic speeches were delivered by the premier, Major General Babington, commandant of the New Zealand forces, and others. Over 2,000 volunteers and cadets were paraded. The premier, who had not then received the notification of the acceptance of a tenth contingent, stated that the applications for service had been more numerous than the number of men required. He accepted Mr. Brodick's statement that reinforcements were not required, and that the forces now in South Africa could finish the war; but with the help New Zealand was offering the war would be sooner ended and with less sacrifice. He stood to his text that New Zealand could and would send assistance until the war was finished."

"The scene on the wharf was unique. It took the men an hour to get through the crowd. The premier remarked that if the sight witnessed could be transmitted home, it would be an object lesson to the pro-Boers. It was necessary, he added, that the Boers should understand the hopelessness of the struggle. New Zealanders were determined that there was to be only one ending. There was no party here on the war question. When the country was engaged in war, it was, he thought, inconceivable that true lovers of the empire should, on the war question, raise party issues."

"Major General Babington said he was proud to be associated with the command of New Zealanders, and the more he saw of them the prouder he was. He enjoined upon the officers to see that discipline was maintained. "When the troops cast off from the wharf the enthusiasm of the crowd rose to fever heat, and the cheering was deafening. The Devon was accompanied as far as the Heads by a large fleet of yachts and steamboats."

THE OLD PASTURES.

A prominent Methodist clergyman in Charlottetown recently delivered a lecture on "Fresh Brownings in Old Pastures." From this it is apparent that the Pastor is getting back to the old order. For many generations the clergyman has been termed the shepherd of his flock. The phrase was used figuratively, but the minister in green leading his sheep into pastures green though old has returned to the primal order. May sheep and shepherd wax fat and increase in strength on these fresh brownings which the pastor has re-discovered. May the pastures of the shepherd never fail him, and may his eye be always keen to find, mayhap in remote corners, those sources of nutriment which others have passed by.

The Liverpool correspondent of the London Times writes: "With regard to spruce, whilst shipper have made a good number of contracts for Ireland and some parts of the British coast, we do not hear of any

contracts for Liverpool or other Lancashire ports. Shippers are firm in their attitude of stiffness, although the weakness of the freight market should tend to make the c. i. f. business a little more pliable. Importers, as a rule, are not inclined at present to listen to their blandishments, and prefer to wait until later in the season, when, if they have to pay high prices, they will do it with such grace as they possess. Meanwhile, the stock here is being slowly but surely diminished."

The Toronto Globe publishes an Ottawa letter in which this sentence occurs:—"The policy of looking to Washington has been abandoned by Canadian statesmen." This is a frank confession that the grays were wrong and the liberal-conservatives right in that matter. The latter never "looked" to Washington. They upheld the dignity of Canada and endured the abuse of papers like the Toronto Globe for having done so. They have their revenge.

An anonymous donor has given \$250,000 to the Teachers' College of Columbia University, New York. It is given for the erection and equipment of buildings for the department of physical education. American educational institutions are annually enriched by splendid gifts.

The fighting fever among politicians has reached Newfoundland. A St. John's cable of the 4th says:—"A violent scene occurred in the Colonial Legislature last night between the Minister of Finance, E. Jackson, and Mr. Morine, the leader of the opposition. 'Mean, dirty liar,' 'scoundrel,' 'blackguard' and 'coward' were among the epithets exchanged between the two men."

THE LEGISLATURE.

FREDERICTON, April 7.—Mr. Copp, after routine, complained that he had been misrepresented by the official reporter, and Mr. Porter later on objected to the Sun's report that some money for a road machine had been sent to his son.

Hon. Mr. Labllois gave the usual reply to enquiries by Mr. Melanson as to several bridge jobs.

The following bills were passed, more or less amended:

To authorize Rev. Frank L. Rice of Calais, Me., to solemnize marriages in New Brunswick.

To vest the appointment of the recorder of St. John in the city council.

To amend the general mining act.

To legalize certain elections of commissioners of sewers in parish of Botsford.

Bill respecting records and proceedings in inferior courts.

To authorize the Roman Catholic Bishop of Chatham to dispose of a lot of land in Restigouche.

To authorize city of Fredericton to assess for agricultural purposes.

Relating to construction of a graving dock in St. John.

To authorize Chatham to make further issue of debentures for water and sewerage purposes.

The following bills were introduced:

By O'Shea—"To amend the law relating to pedlars."

By Attorney General Pugsley—"To amend the public courts act; (2) also a bill amending the act relating to the court of divorce and matrimonial cases; (3) also a bill to legalize the electoral lists of 1892; (4) also bill amending the liquor license act of 1896; (5) also a bill amending the election act of 1899; (6) also a bill respecting the rates and taxes of 1902; (7) also a bill relating to the jurisdiction of police or stipendiary magistrate. By Hon. Mr. Tweedie, a bill further relating to the public health act; also a bill relating to the succession act."

The bill to amend the game law was discussed and laid over.

The report of the public accounts committee was presented at the evening session. It was of the stereotyped order and contained the usual recommendations.

The supply bills were introduced, agreed to in committee, read a second and third time, and passed. This being done, it is competent for the lieutenant governor to adjourn the house at any moment.

Note from official reporter:—"After the discussion on the bill to vest the appointment of recorder of St. John in the common council, add: 'It was agreed to as amended.'"

THE BATTLE LINE.

Str. Pydna loads deals at Miramichi for W. C. E.

Str. Eretria sailed from Colombo at 2 p. m. yesterday for Baltimore.

Str. Sallasia sailed last night for South Africa via Louisburg with hay.

Str. Mantinea, according to a London cable from Pernambuco, sustained damage at East London on account of the bad weather.

A cable received from Port Said from Capt. Kehoe of the str. Pharsalia, at that place, states that his vessel was in collision with the str. Manora, in the Suez Canal. The Pharsalia is bound from Visagapatnam to Baltimore with ore. The Manora is on her way from London to Calcutta. Capt. Kehoe did not give any definite information as to the damage sustained by either ship.

WANTED.—A case of Headache that KUMFORT Powders will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

DEATH OF MRS. THOS. RANKINE.

The death occurred at Fairfield, St. John Co., yesterday, of Jane, wife of Thomas Rankine. The deceased, who was a most estimable lady, was in her 77th year and had been a patient sufferer for some time. Deceased leaves four sons, Chas. William, grocer, of this city; Thomas, of Boston, and Arthur, who lives at Fairfield, also two daughters, Mrs. John Cummings of Yarmouth, and Mrs. Robt. Lovett. The funeral will take place tomorrow, interment being at Bain's Corner.

LORD JAMES

Makes a Telling Speech on Home Rule Question.

What Bright Told Gladstone—The Same Conditions Still Exist.

At the annual meeting of the Liberal Union Club in London recently the chairman, Lord James of Hereford, discussed Lord Rosebery and Home Rule in a very vigorous fashion. He said:—
Lord Rosebery was endeavoring to enlist the members of their association (the liberal unionists), but he would suggest to them that when he offered them the shilling it was a bad one, and that they should not take it. (Hear, hear.) What would they gain by becoming followers of Lord Rosebery? They had nothing to wipe out. (Hear, hear.) What they had written they had written. (Cheers.) They wrote it in indelible ink on tables which could not be broken. (Hear, hear.) Those of them who went through the struggle of 1886, who had the difficulty of parting from the leader they revered, and of leaving the glorious traditions, as they then existed, of the liberal party, were not likely to be seduced to follow this new unionism, this pretence of unionism, not on the part of Lord Rosebery, but on the part of many of his followers. (Hear, hear.) A few days ago he (Lord James) found among his papers an extract in John Bright's handwriting of the protest against Home Rule which he addressed to Mr. Gladstone. "The result," said Mr. Bright, "will be, if a majority supports you, it will be composed in effect of the men who for six years past have insulted the Queen, have torn down the national flag, have declared your lord-leutenant guilty of deliberate murder, and have made the imperial parliament an assembly totally unable to manage the legislative business for which it annually assembles at Westminster." (Cheers.) What was written then existed today—(hear, hear) and it seemed strange that they who had their faith founded on such declarations should be asked to abandon it at the command of those who for twelve or fourteen years had been supporters of Home Rule when they thought it would succeed. (Cheers.) Within the past few weeks the leader of the opposition in each house had declared adherence to Home Rule, and now there was a class of politicians, represented by most able men as leaders, who took the strange position of saying that they were not now Home Rulers, because they could not carry it, but that when the time came, and the majority agreed to it, they would become Home Rulers again. That was far more insidious and dangerous than the declaration of the avowed Home Rulers. (Hear, hear.) They could not allow themselves to be gulled into security by such an attitude on the part of a man so honest and so conspicuously full of public virtue as Mr. Asquith, who thus became an opportunist of the most dangerous character. (Cheers.) Lord Rosebery had stated that the liberal unionists possessed a superfluity of quantity of unionism, and an amount of liberalism which was not worth counting. If they had not possessed what was called this superfluity of quantity of unionism, Lord Rosebery would have borne his share in carrying Home Rule in 1886 and again in 1892. (Hear, hear.) They might fairly ask that they should be allowed to be the judges of their own unionism. (Cheers.) They had had the announcement that the alliance with the Irish party was, as Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman could control it, as strong as ever. (Shame.) They had to ask what this united party was doing in the interests of the country. (Hear, hear.) Members of the government must not be too sensitive, but they ought to be jealous of the honor and reputation of those who were fighting our battles—(cheers)—and was it not almost unbearable to hear men of position saying that the methods pursued by our army were barbarous, methods, and to hear that charge made behind their backs and when they could not answer? (Cheers.) Words had been spoken more dangerous than the contraband of war smuggled through Cape Colony or Delagoa Bay. (Hear, hear.) Surely, it is our duty to tell our soldiers that they were not forgotten, and that their honor and their humanity would ever be defended. (Cheers.) Liberal unionists would not have the less incentive because they were now called on to oppose a party, not only of Home Rulers, but opposed to the imperial instincts of the country. (Hear, hear.) Lord Rosebery no doubt had deprecated much that had been said as to the policy and conduct of the war, but they did not want the leadership of one who said one day that his separation from the liberal party was definite, and a few days later that he had never left it, but had erected a league within its tabernacle. (Laughter.) He (Lord James) had direct authority from their two leaders, the Duke of Devonshire—(cheers)—and Mr. Chamberlain—(cheers)—to express their personal wish that no man would halt on his way in continuing to exert himself in the interests of the liberal unionist party. (Cheers.) They wished it to be known in every district where the party had an organization that they believed the necessity for exertion was greater now than it had ever been—(hear, hear)—and they might depend on it the club would do its best to carry those views into effect. (Cheers.) He hoped their younger men would nerve themselves to maintain a fight which might be onerous and which might be difficult in the future, but which they might be sure, would help to maintain the honor and the prosperity of the empire. (Loud cheers.)

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