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THE MONETARY TIMES.

The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.
BANK OF MONTREAL	BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA Inconporated by Royal Charter.	MERCHANTS' BANK
Capital (all paid up)		OF CANADA.
HEAD OFFICE, MONTBEAL	LONDON OFFICE 3 Clements Lane, Lombard	
BOARD OF DIRECTORS. C. F. SMITHERS, Esq., President. Hou. D. A. SMITH Vice-President	Street, E.C.	Rest 1,375,00
C. F. SMITHERS, ESq., President. Hon. D. A. SMITH, Vice-President. Gilbert Scott, Esq. A. T. Paterson, Esq. Alexander Murray, Esq. G. A. Drummond, Esq Alfred Brown, Esq. Hon. John Hamilton. W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager	COURT OF DIRECTORS. J. H. Brodie. H. J. B. Kendall	HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.
Hon. John Hamilton. W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager.	John James Cater. J. J. Kingsford. Henry R. Farrer. Frederick Lubbock.	BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
A. MACNIDER, Ass't Gen. Man. and Inspector. M. V. MEREDITH, Ass't Inspector. A. B. BUCHANAN, Secretary.	J. H. Brodie. John James Cater. Henry R. Farrer. Richard H. Glyn. E. A. Hoare. Becretary-A. G. Wallis.	ANDREW ALLAN, Esq., President. ROBERT ANDERSON, Esq., Vice-Presiden
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CANADA.	4	Wm. Darling, Esq. Hector Mackenzie, Esq. Adolphe Masson, Esq. Jonethen Hodmor, Ho
Montreal—E. S. Clouston, Manager. Almonte, Ont. Hamilton, Ont. Port Hope, Ont. Belleville, "Kingston, Quebeo, Que. Brantford, 'Lindsay, ''Recina, Asana.	HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA-St. James St., Montreal B. B. GRINDY DR.	Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, M.P.
Brockville, "London " Samue Ont	R. R. GRINDLEY, General Manager. BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CANADA.	GEOBGE HAGUE, General Manager. J. H. PLUMMER, Ass't Gen. Manager.
hatham Ont Ottoma, Ant. Butanord, Ont.	London. Kingston. St. John, N.B.	BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.
Johnsmill, "Detaws, Ont. St. John, N.B. Jornwall, "Petth, "St. Mary's, Ont. Joderich, "Peterboro', Ont. Toronto, Juelph, "Picton, "Winnipeg, Man. Talifax, N.S.	Paris. Montreal. Halifax, N.S.	Berlin, London, Renfrew
AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN-London, Bank of		Chatham, Mitchell, Stratford, Galt, Nauanee St John
Iontreal, 23 Abchurch Lane, E.C., C. Ashworth, Aanager. London Committee E. H. King, Esq.,	AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES. New York-D. A. McTavish and H. Stikeman, Agts. Chicago. H. M. Drocheman J. H. Stikeman, Agts.	Hamilton, Ottawa, St. Thomas,
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN-London-The Bank f England: The London & Westminster Bank	Chicago-H. M. Breedon and J. J. Morrison, Agents. San Francisco-W. Lawson and C. E. Taylor, Agents. London Bankers-The Bank of England; Messrs. Glyn & Co.	
ABIRAX, N.S. AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN-London, Bank of Iontreal, 23 Abchurch Lane, E.C., C. Ashworth, Lanager. London Committee-E. H. King, Esq., hairman; Robert Gillespie, Esq. BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN-London-The Bank f England; The London & Westminster Bank; The 'nion Bank of London. Liverpool-The Bank of iverpool. Scotland-The British Linen Company ad Branches.	London Bankers-The Bank of England; Messre. Glyn & Co. Foreign Agents Livernool Bank of Livernool	BRANCHES IN MANITOBA. Winnipeg, Emerson, Brandon.
nd Branches. AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATESNew York-	Giyn & Co. Foreign AgentsLiverpool-Bank of Liverpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand -Union Bank of New Zealand. India, China and Japan-Chartered Mercantile Bank of India. Lon- don and China-Agra Bank, Limited. West Indias- Colonial Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss et Cie. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.	Winnipeg, Emerson, Brandon. Bankers in Great Britain—The Clydesdale Ban (Limted), 30 Lombard Street, London, Glasgow an elsewhere.
AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATESNew York- /alter Watson and Alex. Lang. 59 Wall Street. hicago-Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager; Y. Hebden, Assistant Manager. BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATESNew York-The	Japan-Chartered Mercantile Bank of India. Lon- don and China-Agra Bank, Limited. West Indias-	(Limted), 30 Lombard Street, London, Glasgow an elsewhere.
BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES.—New York—The ank of New York, N.B.: The Merchants National	Colonial Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss et Cie. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.	Agency in New York-61 Wall Street, Mesar Henry Hague and John B. Harris, jr., Agents. Bankers in New York-The Bank of New York
. 1. Heoden, Assistant Manager. BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES.—New York—The ank of New York, N.B.A.; The Merchants National ank. Boston — The Merchants National Bank. uffalo—Bank of Commerce in Buffalo. San Fran- sco—The Bank of Fritish Columbia	Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.	A general hanking business is turnered a
sco-The Bank of British Columbia. CoLONIAL AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTSSt.	THE QUEBEC BANK.	
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTSSt. bhn's, NfdThe Union Bank of Newfoundland. ritish Columbia-The Bank of British Columbia. ew ZealandThe Bank of New Zealand.		and sold
(Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for ravellers, available in all parts of the world).	INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, A.D. 1818.	Letters of Credit ssued, available in China, Japa.
	HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.	Collections made on favorable terms.
HE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.	BOARD OF DIRECTORS.	THE
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.	Hon. JAS. G. Ross, Esq., President. WM. WITHALL, Vice-President	BANK OF TORONTO
aid-up Capital	Sir N. F. Belleau, Kt. Jno. R. Young, Esq. R. H. Smith, Esq. William White, Esq. Geo. R. Renfrew, Esq. JAMES STEVENSON Eso.	CANADA.
est	JAMES STEVENSON, Esq., Cashier	INCORPORATED 1855.
DIALETORS. DI. WILLIAM MCMASTER, President, WM. ELLIOT, Esq., Vice-President.	BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CANADA.	Paid-up Capital
s, Crathern, Esq. T. Sutherland Stevner Free	Montreal, Que, Thorold, Ont. Three Binoro	Reserve Fund 1,150,000
W.N. ANDERSON General Manager (Agents in New York-Bank of Montreal, Agents in London-The Bank of Scotland.	DIRECTORS.
J. U. KEMP, A58't Gen. Manager.	THE ONTARIO BANK.	GEO. GOODERHAM, Esq., Toronto, Bresident. WM. HENRY BEATTY, Esq., Toronto, Vice-President
Vork I H Goodby and P H Welling		A. T. Fulton, Esq., W. G. Gooderham Esc.
icago-A. L. Dewar, Agent. A. Laird, Asst. Agt. BRANCHES.	Pald-up Capital	Toronto.
r, Guelph, St. Catharines, rrie, Hamilton, Sarnia,	HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.	Henry Cawthra, Esq., Toronto. W. R. Wadsworth, Esq., Weston.
lleville, London, Seaforth, rlin, Montreal Simcoe,	DIRECTORS. Sir W. P. HOWLAND, President.	
atham, Orangeville, Strathroy.	DONALD MACHAY, Vice-President, Hon. C. F. Fraser. R. K. Burgees, Bas	HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
ndas, Paris, Toronto, nnville, Parkhill, Walkerton	G. R. R. Cockhurn Fac	DUNGAN COULSON, Cashier.
lt, Peterboro, Windsor, derich, Woodstock	U. HOLLAND, General Manager. AGENCIES.	J. T. M. BURNSIDE, Inspector
st and west Indies, China, Japan, and South	Lindsay. Ottawa. Whitby. Cornwall. Peterboro'. Toronto	BRANCHES. Montreal-I Murrey Smith Manual
rling and American Exchanges bought and sold.	Bowmanville. Mount Forest. Port Perry.	Cobourg—Jos. Henderson, " Port Hone W D W
nterest allowed on deposits. BANEERS.	476 Queen Street west, Toronto.	Barrie-J. A. Strathy, " St. Catharines-G. W. Hodgetts, " Collingwood-W. A. Copeland, "
W YOBK—The American Exchange National Bank.	AGENTS. London, EngAlliance Bank, Bank of Montreal.	RANKUDA
and and and in Balk of Scotland.	London, Eng.—Alliance Bank, Hank of Montreal. New York—The Bank of the State of New York; Mesers. Walter Watson and Alex. Lang. Boston—Tremont National Rank.	London, England — The City Bank, (Limited). New York — National Bank of Commerce.
HE DOMINION BANK.		The second se
pital	IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.	THE STANDARD BANK
Berve Fund	Capital Paid-up \$1,500,000 Reserve Fund	OF CANADA.
Hon, FRANK SMITH Vice Des 11	DIRECTORS.	Capital Paid-up
Edward Leadlay	L. S. HOWLAND, Esq., President.	HEAD OFFICE,
Wilmot D. Matthews.	obert Jaffray. P. Hughes	DIRECTORS. W. F. CowAN, President.
AGENCIES.	T. R. Wadsworth, D. R. WILKIE,	JOHN BURNS, Vice-President.
mpton. Lindsay. Orillia. eville. Napanee. Uxbridge.	B. JENNINGS, Inspector.	R. C. Jamieson.
		Bradford, Campbellford, Harriston,
"East, Toronto, cor. Sherbourne, rafts on all parts of the United States, Great	BRANCHES. ergus. St. Catharines. Winnipeg, Man Particle St. Thomas. Woodstook	Brantford, Cannington, Markham, Brantford, Colborne, Newcastle Brighton. Picton.

" East, Toronto, cor. Sherbourne, Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Britain and the Continent of Europe bought and sold. Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of R. H. BETHUNE, Cashier. B. H. B. B. D. Cashier. B. H. B. B. D. Cashier. B. H. B. D. Cashier. B. Cashie

934

J. L. BRODIE, Cashier.



The Chartered Banks.	HE MONETARY TIM	
	The Loan Companies.	The Loan Companies.
OF CANADA.	CANADA PERMANENT	WESTERN CANAD
HEAD OFFICE . OSHAWA ONT	Loan & Savings Co.	Loan & Savings Co.
Capital Authorized	0 Subscribed Capital	0 Fixed and Permanent Conital
Capital State-up BOARD OF DIRECTORS. JOHN COWAN, Esq., President.	Reserve Fund 1,100,00 Total Assets 8,600,00	0 (Subscribed)
W. F. Cowan, Esq. W. F. Allen, Esq. W. F. Allen, Esc.	t. OFFICE: CO.'S BUILDINGS, TORONTO ST. TORONTO.	., 5,684,00
Robert McIntosh, M. D. J. A. Gibson, Es Thomas Paterson, Esq. T. H. McMILLAN, Cashier.	9. DEPOSITS received at current rates of interest paid or compounded helf morely	
BRANCHES. Whitby, Midland, Tilsonburg, New Hamburg, Mil	with interest coupons attached name by in Currency or Sterling	g, Currency and Sterling Debontures issued
DFOOK, Unt. Deposits received and interest allowed Colla	by law to invest in the Depentures of this Common	Canada and Great Britain
tions solicited and promptly made. Drafts issue available on all parts of the Dominion. Sterlin and American Exchange bought and sold.	g payment	Parliament to invest in these Debentures
of Scotland. At New York—The Merchants Bank	k Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased J. HERBERT MASON, Managing Director.	able terms for repayment of principal.
PEOPLES BANK OF HALIFAX.	THE FREEHOLD	- WALTER S. LEE, Manager.
Capital Authorized	Loan and Covings C.	HURON AND ERIE
Capital Paid-up	CORNER CHURCH & COURT STREETS, TORONTO	Loan and Savings Company LONDON, ONT.
R. W. FRASER, Pres. W. J. COLEMAN, Vice-Pres.	ESTABLISHED IN 1859.	Capital Stock Subscribed
Thomas A. Brown, Esq. George H. Starr, Esq. Augustus W. West, Esq. PETER JACE, Cashier.	Canital Paid-nn	
Drenches Testers i Type is in a	445,000	Money advanced on the security of Rea Estate
Agents in London-The Union Bank of London ""New York-The Bank of New York. "Boston-New England National Bank. "Ontario and Quebee-The Ontario Bank	President, Hon. WM. MCMASTER. Manager, Hon. S. C. Woop	Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling. Executors and Trustees are authorized by
	President, Hon. WM. MCMASTER, Manager, Hon. S. C. Wood, Inspector, ROBERT ARMSTRONG, Money advanced on easy terms for long periods repayment at borrower's option	Parliament to invest in the Debentures h i Company.
LA BANQUE NATIONALE	Deposits received on interest.	Interest allowed on Deposits. R. W. SMYLIE, Manager.
Capital Paid-up	THE HAMILTON	THE HOME
DIRECTORS.	Provident and Loan Society	Savings and Loan Company
Theophile LeDroit, Esq. U. Tessier, jr., Esq. Ion. P. Garneau. Ant. Painchaud, Esq. M. W. Baby, Esq. Hon. Dir., Hon. J. R. Thibaudeau, Montreal.	nual General Meeting of the the Fourteenth An-	(LIMITED).
H Carriere do : Shorbrooke John Guer; Ottawa,	Street, Hamilton.	OFFICE: No. 72 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
Agents-The National Bk. of Scotland, Ld., London; Frunebaum Frères & Co. and La Banque de Paris et des	On MONDAY, 1st MARCH NEXT,	Authorized Capital \$2,000,000 Subscribed Capital 1,000,000
Agenus- The National BK of Scotland, Ld., London; frunchaum Frères & Co. and La Banque deParis et des ays-Bas, Paris; National Bank of the Republic, New 'ork; National Revere Bank, Boston; Commercial ank of Newfoundland; Bank of Toronto; Bank of lew Brunswick, Merchants Bank of Halifax, Bank of Jontreal: Manitohs-Union Bark of Lorenz Caracle	at 12 o'clock noon, precisely, for the purpose of electing Directors, and for all other general purposes relating to the management of the Science	Deposits received, and interest at current rates
lew Brunswick, Merchants Bank of Halifax, Bank of fontreal; Manitoba—Union Bank of Lower Canada.	relating to the management of the Society. H. D. CAMERON, Treasurer.	lowed. Money loaned on Mortgage on Real Estate, o reasonable and convenient terms. Advances on collecteral security of Data
THEBANKOFLONDON	Hamilton, 16th February, 1886.	Bank and other Stocks
IN CANADA.	AGRICULTURAL	Hon. FRANK SMITH, President. JAMES MASON, Manager
HEAD OFFICE, - LONDON, ONT.	Savings and Loan Company.	A server a server as a server a server and the server and
apital Subscribed	LONDON, ONT.	BUILDING AND LOAN
	President, WILLIAM GLASS, Sheriff, Co. Middlesex. Vice-President, ADAM MURRAY, Treas. "	ASSOCIATION.
Y. TAYLOR, President. JNO. LABATT, Vice-President. 7. R. Meredith, W. Duffield, Isaiah Danks, F. B. 878. Thos. Kent. Beni Cronyn. Thos. Kent. 899.	Subscribed Capital	Paid-up Capital
. R. Meredith, W. Duffield, Isaiah Danks, F. B. sys, Thos. Kent, Benj. Cronyn, Thos. Long (Col- gwood), Jno. Morison (Toronto), John Leys (Rice, wis & Son, Toronto).	Paid-up Capital \$ 630,000 Reserva Fund 609,046 Total Assets 75,000 Total Assets 1,493,236	DIDIDOTIONS
A. M. SMART, Manager. BRANCHES,	The Company issues D. L.	LARRATT W. SMITH, D.C.L., President. JOHN KERR, Vic-Presiden Hon. Alex. McKenzie, M.P. G. R. R. Cockburn, M.A.
Ingersoll, Petrolia, Dresden, Watford	years in sums of \$100 and upwards, bearing interest at highest current rates, payable half-yearly by	W Mortiner Cleak
Correspondents in Canada-Molsons Bank and	Coupons, intecutors and "Tilstens are anthanta it	OFFICE : COR. TORONTO AND COURT and
Team-National Bank of Scotland (Limited).	JOHN A. ROE, Manager.	property.
HE CENTRAL BANK	Dominion Savings & Investment Society,	Mortgages and debentures purchased. Interest allowed on deposits. Registered Debentures of the Association obtained
OF CANADA.	LONDON, ONT	
pital Authorized	INCORPORATED 1872.	The London & Ontario Investment Co.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO	Subscribed	(LIMITED), OF TORONTO, ONT.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.	Reserve and Contingent	Prosident, Hon. FRANK SMITH. Vice-President, WILLIAM H. BEATTY, Esq
BAML. TREES, Esq., Vice-President.	Loans made on farm and city property, on the	Messrg William Dans
MODINSON. K. Chisholm. Esa. MDD	Municipal and School Section Debentures pur-	Hamilton, Sen'r., Alexander Nairn, George Taylor, Henry Gooderham, Frederick Wyld, and Henry W. Darling.
A. A. ALLEN		Money - 1
and North Minpton, Durnam, Guelph, Richmond	thereon.	most favorable to at lowest current rates and on
1. and North Toronto. g_nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce.	thereon.	Money advanced at lowest current rates and on most favorable terms, on the security of productive farm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Docontenues
I. and North Toronto. g.nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York—Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In ndon, Eng.—National Bank of Scotland, Limited.	F. B. LEYS, Manager. The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company.	Money advanced at lowest current rates and on most favorable terms, on the security of productive farm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. A. M. COSBY, Manager. 84 King Street East, Toronto.
In and North Toronto. g.nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York—Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In ndon, Eng.—National Bank of Scotland, Limited. HE COMMERCIAL BANK	The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company.	farm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. A. M. COSBY, Manager. 84 King Street East, Toronto.
Andrew Dhampton, Durham, Guelph, Richmond I, and North Toronto. g.nts in Canada-Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York-Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In adon, EngNational Bank of Scotland, Limited. HE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA.	The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company. OFFICE, No. 17 TORONTO ST., TORONTO Capital	The Ontario Loan & Savings Gompany.
Land North Toronto. g.nts in Canada-Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York-Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In ndon, EngNational Bank of Scotland, Limited. HE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA. thorized Capital	thereon. F. B. LEYS, Manager. The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company. OFFICE, No. 17 TORONTO ST., TORONTO Capital Aldoup Aldoup Money advenued on the state of the state	Arm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. A. M. COSBY, Manager. A King Street East, Toronto. The Ontario Loan & Savings Gompany, OSHAWA, ONT.
HE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA. thorized Capital	thereon. F. B. LEYS, Manager. The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company. OFFICE, No. 17 TORONTO ST., TORONTO Capital. Pald-up. Money advanced on improved Real Estate at Sterling and Current rates.	Arm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. 84 King Street East, Toronto. The Ontario Loan & Savings Gompany, OSHAWA, ONT. Capital Subscribed
Andrew Jrampton, Jurnam, Guelph, Richmond g. nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York—Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In ndon, Eng.—National Bank of Scotland, Limited. HE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA_ thorized Capital	thereon. F. B. LEYS, Manager. The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company. OFFICE, No. 17 TORONTO ST., TORONTO Capital. Pald-up	farm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. A.M. COSBY, Manager. 64 King Street East, Toronto. The Ontario Loan & Savings Gompany, OSHAWA, ONT. \$300,000 Capital Subscribed \$300,000 Capital Subscribed \$300,000 Capital Subscribed \$300,000 Capotital Paid-up \$300,000 Deposits and Can. Debentures 605,000
All and North Toronto. g.nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. g.nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York—Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In ndon, Eng.—National Bank of Scotland, Limited. HE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA_ thorized Capital	thereon. F. B. LEYS, Manager. The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company. OFFICE, No. 17 TORONTO ST., TORONTO Capital. Paid-up Money advanced on improved Real Estate at Sterling and Currency Debentures issued. Money received on deposit, and interest allowed Datario, Executors and Administrations are authors of the fourth of the second of the sec	farm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. A.M. COSBY, Manager. 64 King Street East, Toronto. Mortgages Company, International Company, Costian & Savings Company, OSHAWA, ONT. Capital Subscribed Savings Company, OSHAWA, ONT. Capital Subscribed Savings Company, Oshootgages and Manager. Savings Company, Oshootgages and Manager. Savings Company, Oshootgages and Construction of the save and the save a
All and North Toronto. g.nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. g.nts in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. New York—Importers and Traders Nat. Bank. In ndon, Eng.—National Bank of Scotland, Limited. HE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA_ thorized Capital	thereon. F. B. LEYS, Manager. The Farmers' Loan and Savings Company. OFFICE, No. 17 TORONTO ST., TORONTO Capital	farm, city and town property. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. 84 King Street East, Toronto. Be Ontario Loan & Savings Gompany, OSHAWA, ONT. Capital Subscribed Beserve Fund Deposits and Can. Debentures

in a sub-

HEAD OFFICE, - LONDON	, ONT.
Capital Subscribed Capital Paid-up	\$1,000,000
Reserve Fund	50.000

A. M. Smart,	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	- Manager	
					HE			0	
Ingersoll,								Petrolia.	
Dresden,								Watford.	
Correspondents	iı	a	Ca	ins	da		Mo	loons Bank	and
Branches. In Ne	w	Yo	rk	-1	Val	hin	na	1 Park Bank	Tm

TIMËS. THE MONETARY



Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM on the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Company for the half-year end-ing 37th February, 1886, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable on 15th March. The Transfer Books will be closed from 1st to 6th March, both days inclusive. By order of the Directors. J. G. MACDONALD, Manager. Toronto, 16th, February, 1896.

THE **CANADALANDEDCREDIT** COMPANY

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23 Toronto Street, Toronto.

The National Investment Co. of Canada (LIMITED) 20 ADELAIDE STREET EAST, TORONTO. DIRECTORS. JOHN HOSKIN, ESq., Q.C., President. WILLIAM GALBRAITH, Esq., Vice-President John Scott, Esq. William Alexander, Esq. N. Silverthorne, Esq. John Jacques, Esq.

John Stark, Esq. A. R. Creelman, Esq. Prof. Geo. Paxton Young, LL.D. Money Lent on Real Estate. Money received on DEPOSIT. Debentures issued

ANDREW RUTHERFORD, Manager.

Stock & Exchange Brokers. Special attention given to reliable investment tocks and the investment of money on mortgage. RENTS COLLECTED AND ESTATES MANAGED. 28 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

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JOHN STARK &

ESTABLISHED 1876.



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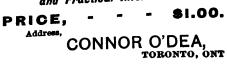
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A Book of 252 Pages, replete with Useful and Practical Information.



THE MONETARY TIMES.

Leading Barristers.			STO	CK A	AND	BOND	REPO	RT.			
CARON, PENTLAND & STUART,				1		1		1			
(Successors to Andrews, Caron, Pentland & Stuart) Advocates,			BANKS.	Share.	Capita Sub-	Daid	Rest.	Divi- dend last			PRICES.
Corner of St. Peter and St. Paul Streets, Victoria Chambers, OUEBEC	Briti	ah Calu			scribe			6 Mo's.	Feb	юмто, b. 18.	Cash va per shar
Solicitors for the Quebec Bank.			mbia h America		\$2,500,	00 \$2,500,000 66 4,866,666	\$ 260,000 1,055,400	3 % 3			
SIR ADOLPHE P. CARON, B.C.L., Q.C., K.C.M.G. C. A. PENTLAND. G. G. STUART.			nk of Commerce		6,000,0 500,0	6,000,000	2,100,000	4	$122\frac{3}{4}$	-	297.67 61.37
DELAMERE, BLACK, REESOR & ENGLIS	- Domi	шоп	Bank, Windsor, N.S nships	5 50	1,500,0	00 1,500,000	78,000	4	1221 207	 109	49.00 103.50
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Etc.	Halif	ax Banl	king Co	100	1,250,0	00 1,250,000		3	106	1071	106.00
OFFICE-No. 17 Toronto Street, (Consumers' Go		rial	••••••	100	1,000,0	00 997,620	270,000	4	$104 \\ 127\frac{1}{2}$	-	20.80 127.50
Company's Buildings) TORONTO.	La B	anque L	Acques Cartion	50	2,000,0	00 1,600,000	480,000	21	133	134	133.00
C. D. DELAMERE DAVIDSON BLACK H. A. REESOR E. TAYLOUR ENGLIS	Lond	on	ationale	100	2,000,0	00 2,000,000	140,000		•••••	 	
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BO. C. GIBBONS GEO. M'NAB			k of Halifax k of N. B		1,000,0	600,000	210,000 35,000	31		971	105.00
. MULKERN FRED. F. HARPE		a		50	500,0	00 250,000	••••••		98	75	49.00 37.50
WILLIAM M. HALL,	Stand	epnen's. ard		100	2,500,0 200,0	00 200.000	325,000 25,000				
Repristor Attomor On the second	Unior	Bank	Halifov	. 100	1,000,0 2,000,0 1,000,0	00 2,000,000	220,000 1,150,000	6	122 192	$\frac{123}{193\frac{1}{2}}$	61.00 192.00
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, Notary, &c	Ville	Marie.	Lower Canada	. 100	2,000,0	00 2,000,00 0	40,000	3	100		50.00
OFFICES-30 and 32 King Street East, up-stairs,					500,00 400,00	00 239,184	20,000 15,000 30,000		 120	••••• •••••	
first door east of Globe Office,			N COMPANIES.					J	120		120.00
TORONTO, ONT.	Agricu	lturals	Savings & Loan Co	. 50	890 ~	0 500 150			1		-
McARTHUR, DEXTER & DENOVAN,	Britis	h Morto	Joan & Invest. Co	. 100	630,20 1,350,00 450,00	268,066	75,000 32,000	4 3	•••••		
	Canad	a Land	ed Credit Co	. 25	450,00	0 750,000	30,000 90,000	31/2 3	108	 110	27.00
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys,	Canad	la rerui lian Sev	Loan & Savings Co	. 50	3,000,00 750,00	0 2,200,000	$140,000 \\ 1,100,000 \\ 128,000$	4	124 2∪5	20 6	62.00 102.50
McArthur Block, corner Main and Lombard			n & Savings Company n & Savings Company n & Savings Company		1,000,00	0 866,000	157,000 87,768	4 4 3 1	113 1175	 	56.50
Streets. J. B. M'ARTHUR, Q.C. H. J. DEXTER.					1,876,00	0 1,000,00	445,000 125,000	5 4	167 1 167 1 126 1	•••••	58.75 167.50
J. B. M'ARTHUR, Q.C. H. J. DEXTER. J. DENOVAN.	- nuror	1 07. L 18 m	bton Loan & Savings Co bton Loan & Savs. Co & Investment Co		1,500,00	0 1,100,000 0 235,550	391,000 42,000	5	158	•••••	126.50 79.00
WINNIPEG, MAN.			ing & Loan Co Y Co.		629,85 700,00	0 373,070	90,000 40,000	31 3	116	······ ·····	116.00
MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT &	Londo	n Loan	Co	. 50	200,00 4,000,00	0 560,000	100,000 280,000	5 5	1591		79.62
SHEPLEY	Londo Manit	oba Inv	estment Assoc	. 100	660,70 2,250,00 400,00	450,000	47,535 80,000	4 3 1	•••••		
Barristers, Solicitors, &c.,	Manit	eel Loe	n Company	. 100	1,250,00	0 312,031	3,000 94,000	4 4	•••••	•••••	
Union Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street,	Natior	oda oz N Dal Inve	ortn-West Loan Co	. 100	1,250,00	0 312,500	100,000	3 4	•••••	••••• •••••	
TORONTO.			trial Loan & Inv. Co tment Association		479,80 2,650,00	0 235,135	25,500 27,000 500,000	$\frac{31}{3\frac{1}{2}}$	•••••	 	101.00
J. MACLAREN J. H. MACDONALD Y. M. MERRITT G. F. SHEPLEY			& Debenture Co & Savings Co., Oshawa. & Deposit Co		2,000,00 300,00	0 1,200,000	285,000 65,000	4 4 4	127	•••••	63.50
L. GEEDES W. E. MIDDLETON	Roval	Loan &	Savings Co	50	500,00 500,00	0 490,300 0 399,950	64,000 5,000	34 3	$106\frac{1}{2}$	•••••	53.25
HOMSON, HENDERSON & BELL,			da Loan & Savings Co		500,00 600,00	0 580,360	45,000 190,000	4	19.3	•••••	22.75 66.00
Barristers, Solicitors, &c.				50	2,500,00	0 1,300,000	650,000	5	186		93.00
OFFICES-18 Wellington Street East, TORONTO.	Canada		ELLANEOUS. West Land Co								
		LUOITON	graph Co.	0.000	£1,500,000 \$2,000,000	2 £1,500,000 . 2 \$2,000,000	£ 14,000		73 <u>1</u> 80	74	00.00
E. THOMSON. DAVID HENDERSON. GEO. BELL	New Ci	ty Gas (Co., Montreal	40 40	•••••			4 6	116	88 117 195 <u>1</u>	80.00 46.40 78.00
INT INT AND DEADY	I DLALL N	1 12. CO.	, Halifax mers' Gas Co. (old)	100				 3		195 <u>1</u> 90	78.00 90.00
OLUME 18th READY Now				50	800,000	<u> </u>		5	176		88.00
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		GT18H-	(Quotations on Londor	n Mark	(et.)	Atlantic an	d St. Law	rence		₽ Sh. £100	132
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III "MANITINY TIMPA "	No. Shares.	Last Divi- dend.	NAME OF COMPANY.	r va. aid.	Last Sale.	Canada Pa Canada Sou Grand Tru 5 % per do. 1 do. 1 do. 5 do. 1 do. 5	nk ordinai petual del	ry stock penture	stock	100	10 101
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Active Agents Wanted.

TOBONTO OFFICE, 13 ADELAIDE ST. E. Wants Agents at Wingham, Brussels and Perth



tinued by S. Williams.

18 Bartholomew Close, London, Eng. to the Intercolonial Exhibition.



D. McLEAN. who has a planing mill at Wallacetown, has been going behind for several years and has at last been compelled to assign. -After being in the grocery business about eight months, W. A. McCrea, of Dunnville, had his premises closed under power of a chattel mortgage.

MESSRS. Poussette & Roger, solicitors, &c. of Peterboro, have dissolved partnership. Mr. Roger retires from the practice of the law to assume the management of the Peterboro Real Estate Investment Co., (limited), and Mr. Poussette succeeds to the business of the firm, with the sole solicitorship of the Co.

JOSEPH COOPER, who had, at one time, made some money as a brick maker in Stratford, latterly got behind with creditors. He hee mortgaged his chattels to his father and is reported to have left the country .---- The Vanstone Corset Co., in this city, is in difficulty and has assigned. The estate will be sold by auction and the concern closed.

AT Hespeler, James Currrie, tailor, has called a meeting of creditors. He began business in a small way in May- 1884, but his progress has not been substantial-----John Macfie, a small confectioner, in London, has been sold out by a bailiff.--In consequence of a fire, A. Campbell, dealer in boots and shoes, in Paris, has been obliged to compromise with creditors at 65 per cent. No doubt dear experience has taught him the propriety of keeping fully insured.

THE last issue of the London Economist notices among new companies in Britain, Miller's Tanning Extract Co., Limited.-Issue of 8,000 shares of £10 each, of which 2,000 shares, fully paid, are allotted to the vendors. This company is formed to acquire and extend the business of Messrs. J. and J. Miller and Co., the inventors and original makers of tanning extracts. The price to be paid for the business, &c., is £41,750, of which £20,000 is represented by paid-up shares.

A DEALER in hardware at Brussels, Ont., Jas. Drew has become involved and is about to assign. His estate shows stock \$5000, accounts payable \$2,400, liabilities something like \$24,-000. This is evidently a hopeless failure.-The creditors of S. Huyck & Son, general storekeepers at Frankford, had a meeting in this city on Wednesday last, an offer to compromise was made by the firm and refused, and the estate will probably be wound up. In May 1885 they bought J. Johnston's stock for \$800.

It is reported that the grocery and provision stock of George Couture, of St Boniface, has been seized under execution. John Selkirk, general storekeeper at Virden, has assigned with liabilities of \$4,800, and assets of \$3,000. Borrowed capital had much to do with this failure.---- Wm. Perret, watchmaker, Winnipeg, has written creditors offering 40 per cent.—In Fredericton, N.B., John Richards & Son, commission merchants, have assigned.----Myles & Foster, general storekeepers at Salisbury, have also assigned.

A GRAIN elevator has been erected on Montreal harbor by the Canadian Pacific Railway Co, which is, in every way a creditable structure, and adds another to the series of like buildings which the company already owned at Toronto, Owen Sound and Port Arthur. Its dimensions are 210 feet in length, 80 feet in breadth and 160 feet in height; foundation of stone blocks resting on piles driven in clusters. It is four stories high, has 104 bins, 51 feet deep, with a storage capacity of 600,000 bushels. One of Goldie & McCulloch's steam engines of 220 horse power furnishes the

power. We are told that 100,000 bushels of grain can be handled by the receiving apparatus in a day.

N. COURTEMANCHE conducted business in Midland for many years without any proper system, and now his affairs are found much entangled. Although he is able to show a large surplus he was advised to assign. He will now get the necessary assistance to ascertain his real position. We are told that creditors will no doubt be paid in full.----After a career of more than thirty years in the foundry business in Owen Sound, Mr. D. Christie has failed. Some years ago he was good-hearted enough to endorse a friend's paper. Some of this he had to pay and it weakened him. It is besides, probably true that he did not look sharply after his business or always keep pace with his competitors; at length he has been compelled to assign.

THE death, last week, of Mr. Alfred Brown from absess at the base of the brain, removes a well-known and popular citizen of Montreal. Mr. Brown was born in England, and in his younger days was employed by the famous contractors Morton, Peto & Brassey, on some great engineering work at St. Malo, France. He came to this country about 1854 as storekeeper to the Grand Trunk Railway. Later he went into business for himself in railway supplies and as agent for the German steel manufacturing firm of Krupp & Sons. He was also engaged in the building of the Arthabaska and Three Rivers branch of the G.T.R. At the time of his death he was a director of the Union Forwarding Company, Standard Insurance Company, Bank of Montreal, and Kingston Locomotive Works.

THE recent failures for Quebec Province are as follows :-- L. Cadieux, general store, Berthier en haut, is offering his creditors 40 per cent --Lewis Robinson, tailor, of Montreal, who also had a branch in Toronto for a short time, has assigned. L. Colin & Frere, dry goods men, Quebec, have settled their liabilities at 60 cents in the dollar. A. Birs dit Des marteau, general store, St. Hilaire, has assigned- D. Blondeau, general store, Riviere du Loup En bas, is seeking a composition at 65 cents on the dollar. A demand of assignment has been made upon R. P. Read, commission merchant, Montreal, which he is contesting. F. X. Tetrault, general dealer, Ste. Angele has assigned in trust, and Isidore Tetrault, of St. Basile le Grand, has done likewise. At Iberville, S. L. Nadeau, general store, has been closed by creditors. O. Chagnon, furniture dealer, St. Johns, is reported as failed.

THE First National Bank of Chicago has always taken pride in its sirict system of dealing with strangers, It is a rigid rule of this bank that the bearer of checks of any kind must be personally identified by somebody known to the bank. However, there came into the bank last week a middle aged, well dressed man who presented three checks, for \$3,800 in all, to be cashed. The checks were made payable to the order of Fowler Brothers, a well known packing firm at the stock yards, and bore what seemed to be the endorsement of the house. The cashier explained the rule as to strangers; the man remonstrated mildly and showed letters, apparently from Chicago business men, but the cashier could not be moved. The stranger gathered up the checks and went out. Half an hour later he returned. Each check was then endorsed, "R. D. Fowler, O.K." Mr. Fowler is a member of the firm of Fowler Brothers, and the cashier weakened and paid the stranger \$3,800. Shortly after the check on the Mstropolitan was sent to that bank to ers.—Philadelphiv Record.

balance anaccount. It was promptly returned with the information that the Fowlers had no deposit there. The checks were sent to the office of the firm and there pronounced clever forgeries. Moral: stick to your rules, bankers, so long as they are good ones.

PROBABLY the largest recent failure among country general dealers in the Province of Quebec, is that of Langelier & Decelles of St. Johns, just announced. The concern is of long standing, and was reputed to do one of the largest businesses in the Eastern Townships, when St. Johns was more of a business centre than it is now. They were sufferers by the heavy fire which swept the Main street of that town from end to end some years ago, and effected a settlement with creditors at that time. Lately they had given evidences of not being easy, and the fact of their doing more or less of a jobbing trade to petty country stores has not helped them. A demand of assignment was served upon them at their own desire, and the business will be kept running in the meantime at least. No close figures of liabilities are yet attainable, but it is conceded that they will probably owe in the vicinity of \$60.-000, and it is believed that they will show a nominal surplus.

WE learn from the Chicago Grocer that a new wrinkle among commercial travellers is the use of business cards bearing their own portraits. An engraver of that city makes a specialty of executing portraits for this purpose, his uniform charge being \$5. There is quite a craze for the portrait cards, and the engraver is kept busy. The theory is that when a drummer gives his card to a country merchant he leaves behind him something that will enable that merchant to recognize him the minute he steps into the store on his next trip. This recalls an incident related to us by a highly respectable and conservative house, as illustrating novel methods of the travelling salesman in Canada. "One morning," said the narrator, "we received a letter from our traveller, X----, to the following effect :--- 'I have just sold a first bill of \$1,200 to Dave So-and-so, of which fact I am somewhat proud. He declined to buy more until he should visit the city, which he will do on the 20th, but he has promised me that he will call at the warehouse. Now Dave is a man of his word, and what is not less important, he is a solid man; and as I cannot be in town on the 20th, I want you, Mr. --, to watch out for him and sell him \$2,000 worth. But remember, you must know him; for he is a funny fellow, and unless you can call him by name when you take him by the hand, most likely he will turn round and go out in a huff. So that in order that you may know him I will describe him. He is a big, hearty fellow, with a buffalo skin coat on, walks with a slow, heavy footstep, (he weighs 210 pounds) has a ruddy face, small eyes with bushy, dark eyebrows, a full beard, and considerable nose. Be bluff and hearty with him, for as he says himself, he don't like any airs. If you strike him right I guess he will be a solid customer for the house for many a day. I do not need to warn you to fill his order (herewith) to the very letter, I know you will do that. But I do want you to get him in the house and show him how well served he can be.'" The sequel, we are happy to say, was that Dave did become a regular customer of the house, having been "struck right," and having got square treatment.

When we set ourselves about taking care of the insane, we put too much money into hospital and too little into the pay of care-tak-

ANSWERS TO ENQUIRERS.

E. A.; Annapolis, N. S.—Creelman Brothers, Georgetown, Ont., make knitting machines. So also does the Toronto Knitting Machine Co., Bay st., and the Universal Knitting Co., York st., this city.

QUERY; Wiarton.—Are you not mistaken in the name of the company? In any case we cannot promise a comparison of the kind mentioned. If you desire to know whether the company is a sound one and does business honorably we can probably tell you.

T. S.; Fergus. Notice was taken in our issue of January 29th of the suspension of the Briton Medical and General Life Insurance Co. The company's subscribed capital was $\pounds 200,000$ with about $\pounds 66,000$ paid up, and in January, 1874 it had policies at risk amounting to $\pounds 3,800.000$. Its business in Canadahad run down in ten years ended with 1884 from about \$1,500,000 to \$753,000 under 342 policies. There is held by the Dominion Government security to the amount of over \$100,000 ($\pounds 21$,-240 stg.) for the benefit of Canadian policyholders. You will probably hear from the liquidation in due course.

G. C.; Winnipeg.—Not the same. It would probably be governed by the *Code Civile*.

CLOTHIER; Ottawa.—An effort was made, but it has resulted in nothing. We shall see what can be effected by the Dry Goods Branch of the Toronto Board of Trade when it gets to work.

-The stockholders of the St. John Bolt and Nut Company held their annual meeting on the 9th inst, the president, Mr. B. R. Lawrence, in the chair. The annual report of the directors said that in face of the competition of both English and American markets, the business was 23 per cent. better last year than the year before. It was decided to make a reduction in the price of stock equal to threequarters of a cent per pound on the whole manufactured stock, which would make a difference of over \$2,000 from what it was taken at last year. Had the stock been valued as it was last year the earnings would have shown over 10 per cent. on the paid up capital. The report was adopted. Messrs. B. R. Lawrence, J. C. Robertson, Wm. J. Parks, Levi H. Young and W. F. Butt were elected directors for the coming year. At a subsequent meeting of the directors Mr. B. R. Lawrence was elected president, and Mr. W. J. Parks vice-president.

—An up-town man sent 25 cents to learn how to make \$50 a week at home working on a capital of \$1, and received the following printed slip; "Fish for fools, as I do."—Butler (Penn.) Citizen.



TEMPERANCE AND GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The first meeting of the shareholders and applicants for assurance in the Temperance and General Life Assurance Company was held in this city on Wednesday last, at 1 p.m., for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, there being a large number of those interested present. On motion, the Hon. Geo. W. Ross was appointed chairman, and Henry O'Hara secretary.

The report of the provisional directors was then read, stating that all the requirements of the charter had been complied with, and that the deposit of \$50,000 had been made with the Dominion Government, and a license obtained for the transaction of business.

On motion of the chairman, seconded by W. H. Bowlby, Q. C., Berlin, the report was unanimously adopted. It was decided to elect twenty directors, the full number allowed by the charter. The Rev. Mr. Stafford and Mr. Lowndes were appointed scrutineers. The ballotting resulted in the election of the following board of directors:

ballotting resulted in the election of the following board of directors:
Hon. Geo. W. Ross, Hon. S. H. Blake, Henry O'Hara, Robt. McLean, Thos. Caswell, P. H.
Burton, D. Millar, W. Nattress, Toronto; Wm.
Watterworth, Ingersoll; Jos. A. Fife, Peterboro; J. Lyons Biggar, Belleville; Geo. Suffel, St. Thomas; R. Hewson, Brampton; John Harris, Brantford; Joseph Williams, Goderich;
F. Warren, Brooklyn; John Flett, Toronto;
Geo. H. Wilkes, Brantford; Alex. Barrie, Galt;
W. H. Bowlby, Q. C., Berlin.
A meeting of the new board was held immediately after. but as some of the members

A meeting of the new board was held immediately after, but as some of the members were not present it was thought advisable to adjourn for one week, so that they might be notified of their election and invited to attend the adjourned meeting.

STOCKS IN MONTREAL. Montreal, Feb. 17th, 1886.

STOCKS.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Average'85
Montreal	279	2071	730	2071	2071	19
Ontario	111	109		111	109	11
Peoples		77			77	5
Molsons	125	$122\frac{3}{4}$		125	123	11
Toronto	194	192	775	193	192	18
Jac. Cartier						
Merchants	121	119	530	119 1		11
Commerce				123^{-}	$122\frac{1}{2}$	12
Union	51,		10			
MontrealTel		115	284	116	115	11 5 12
Rich. & Ont		58	9:5	59		5
City Passenger.		1261	1017	130	129	
Gas	1961		3816	195	194§	18
C. Pacific R. R.	6 1			611		18
N. W. Land	82	72	1925	72	72	4
Com'rce	····	· · · · · · · · · · ·				
Telegraphxd						

-At the annual meeting of the Institute of Chartered Accountants, held in this city, last evening, Mr. Wm. McCabe was unanimously re-elected president. Mr. Mason, of Hamilton, 1st, and Mr. E. R. C. Clarkson, 2nd vicepresident.

-When we hear a man asserting that he has been cheated, that the goods he received were not as represented, we cannot but think, declares the New England Grocer, that he himself 18 largely to blame. It is not a difficult matter at the present time for a buyer to secure merchandise representing the best value. Better, buy originals at fair, honest prices, rather than imitations at low prices, and general satisfaction will be the result.





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THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW,

With which has been incorporated the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, Of Montreal, the TRADE REVIEW, of the same city (in 1870), and the TORONTO JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

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EDWD. TROUT. MANAGER.

TORONTO, CAN., FRIDAY, FEB. 19, 1886

THE SITUATION.

It is reported that an amnesty to the Half-breeds now in prison for the part they took in the North-west insurrection, will shortly be granted. In this act of mercy, it is added, Poundmaker and the other Indians will be included. By the execution of Riel and the Indians who were sentenced to death, the law was sufficiently vindicated. This is the theory on which the amnesty will proceed, and its reasonableness cannot well be questioned.

The delegates from the North-west council took to Ottawa a petition signed by residents of the Territory, in which is contained a long budget of demands, some of which are reasonable and others unreasonable. To the first category belongs many things intended to facilitate settlement. Some other things, such as the prompt construction of the Hudson Bay Railway, scarcely depend upon the Ottawa Government: that is in other hands, the government having done its part in granting lands in aid. If impatient capitalists cannot wait for full information about the Hudson Bay navigation, nobody desires to do anything to check their ardor, and they must be content to act on their own responsibility.

A meeting of enthusiastic delegates representing the local interests of the Trent Valley canal recently enlivened the town of Peterboro. It is the easiest thing in the world to get a number of people interested in a public work to call upon the government to expend money upon it; but if they were asked to back their sturdy faith in a doubtful enterprise, by putting their hands into their own pockets, they would generally be found to draw the line there. The orators dwelt on the value of this canal, as a means of taking the produce of the great North-west to market. It is reasonable to ask them to wait till the practicability of the Hudson Bay route is ascertained. Should that route prove to be what its advocates claim for it, the produce of the valley of the Saskatchewan will never pass over the height of land north of Lakes delay? Is there no danger of this demand the necessary delay in the case of the the general wealth of the Church and the

Hudson Bay route, till the vital facts can be established, the more rea on is there for urging delay on the advocates of the Trent Valley canal; for should the Hudson Bay route prove feasible, this canal will not be required to carry the produce of the West. And then we must not forget that the pecuniary resources o' the country on which the canal advocates are anxious to draw are not unlimited.

Should Canada suffer political death in the near future, sectional greed will be responsible for its murder. From different localities come unreasonable demands on the Dominion Treasury; but that from Prince Edward Island carries off the palm. This little island claims a sub-marine rail way under Cumberland Strait, to connect with the mainland, at an estimated cost of \$4,000.000, and an actual (cost that nobody could foresee. Because this demand has not been granted at Ottawa, the Island has sent a complaint to England. On its admission into the union, Prince Edward Island was dealt with in the most liberal way. The farmers of that Province owe their freeholds to a payment made by the Dominion Treasury. This payment was used by Manitoba as a means of squeezing the Dominion, on the ground that that Province was entitled to equal treatment. If the present preposterous demand were complied with, no end of marauding claims on the Dominion Treasury would spring out of it. In such a case, unequivocal refusal is the first duty of the government.

The New York Commercial Bulletin takes note of the fact that "a combination of bankers has organized to wrest the Reading Railway from its stockholders, and to force upon the holders of junior securities and other creditors a settlement which many of them believe to be in the interest of the Pennsylvania, the Reading's ancient rival and foe." And it adds : "This stand-anddeliver scheme is intended as clearly to take property and value from those who own it as if it was to be carried out by violent means instead of by legal processes, and yet it is said to be originated by bankers, who, of all people, we should expect to be jealous to uphold financial obligations and to maintain public faith in investments." Such an example, if once set, could not fail to bear bitter fruit, in which the principals would be likely to suffer.

A demand is being made by the Roman Catholic Church for the restoration of the Jesuits' estates. The archbishop of Quebec offers, by way of compromise, to take \$400,-000 in full acquittal of the claim. If it were proper to pay anything, the amount asked seems modest enough, considering that some 43,000 acres of lands were confiscated, in important situations, including property in Montreal, Quebec and Three Rivers. Unless a settlement be come to, the case will go to a legal arbitrament. Is it wise in this wealthy church to raise a question of this kind, after a century's Superior and Huron. As we have urged leading to a reaction, and an enquiry into

uses to which it is put? In any case, it seems improbable that the money, if paid, would not go to the Jesuits, who complain that they are not in favor with the Archbishop, but would be used for the general purposes of the church, including, perhaps, aid to Laval University. In the stormy days that preceded the rebellion of 1837, the popular view in Lower Canada, was that these estates ought to have been devoted to the cause of education. It is very doubtful whether the claim of the church could be legally enforced.

Philadelphia has recently given an example of dealing with exemptions which is capable of a wide extension. The mercantile library, assessed at \$125,000, has been struck from the list of exemptions on the ground that its privileges are not free to the public, but are confined to its stockholders. Institutions whose benefits are not shared by the general public, but are limit. ed to special sections, occupy nearly the same position : they belong to corporations which mark special divisions of opinion, and are not general. The Philadelphia precedent would apply to them.

A few days ago it was stated that no snow blockade had occurred on the Canadian Pacific Railway to compel it to cancel any of its trains, and that this exemption could not be claimed for any other transcontinental line. On parts of the line exceptionally exposed, securities against a snow blockade will be taken before another winter.

The storehouse of the two suspended fish houses at Paspebiac have been broken into by famished fishermen, and large supplies of provisions forcibly taken out. It is feared that further depredations may be committed. The best means of prevention would be some necessary relief, such as is reported to have been provided in Gaspe. Unless these fishermen get advances from some quarter to enable them to pursue their vocation next spring, a season of comparative inactivity must follow, the effect of which would be to produce a recurrence of the present trouble next winter. Here would seem to be a chance for a well direct. ed employment of capital, to give the fishing interest a better organization than it has previously had.

The forgery of commercial paper is seriously on the increase. The latest reported case is that of the financial manager of a wholesale grocery firm, in Montreal, who is reported to have absconded. This is an extraditable offence, and absconding across the border affords the offender no security; yet it has increased of late more than minor crimes for which the Ashburton treaty does not provide extradition. Criminal lawyers make the extraordinary assertion that forged paper is often taken by persons who know its real character and in the belief that, just because it is forged, it is sure to be paid. But this allegation has not been made in any of the recent cases which have become a subject of judicial investigation,

INDIVIDUAL AND ASSOCIATION LOANS.

Loan societies may be said to realize the organization of capital. Money lenders who resort to the Western States, in their individual capacity, find themselves obliged to make use of doubtful instrumentalities. They have to trust agents on the spot, of whom, as a rule. they can know but little. These agents undertake to collect the interest and sometimes to guarantee its payment as well as the repayment of the capital. Such guarantee must be liable to prove of little value. The man who gets the practical but informal guarantee of a good loan company ought to be able to sleep more securely. The individual guarantors are generally men who live by commissions, in connection with small private banking businesses of their own, and whose guarantees a few heavy losses would make worthless, while they would scarcely be felt by a strong company

Loan societies bring lender and borrower together on terms most advantageous to both. They avoid the ruinous commissions often paid, in individual cases, in the Western States. Capital organized, in this form, is economically managed; one per cent. often sufficing for this purpose. Here is seen their great advantage over some other companies, which receive and invest money far some special purpose. There are companies, other than loan, which eat up in management sums all the way from six to thirty per cent. of what they handle. To them the loan societies offer an example by which they would do well to profit; the contrast, so long as it exists, will be greatly to their disadvantage.

There are people still living who can remember when there was not a single loan society in Toronto, and when a man who desired to obtain a loan, on the security of real estate, was at his wit's end where to apply. If Mr. Cawthra and Mr. Mercer failed him, he might try Dr. Widmer, and then he was at the end of his resources, unless he went to men who charged usurious rates, and even these were difficult to find. Forty years have scarcely passed since this state of things existed. The building societies were the first loan companies. When one of them got a little money together, it was put up at auction to the members of the society. Very stringent rules as between members were introduced, and were justifiable. Some of them passed into fictions when the forms of these organizations underwent a change, and in this way they have survived their justification. Monthly payments were convenient, but but they confounded capital and interest in a way that was impenetrable to the ordinary borrower. They served their purpose, and if their day was unduly prolonged, they finally gave place to the "straight, loan. The reason why loans were not "straight" at first was, that the borrower was a member of the society that lent; and in such cases, society rules were apt to be strict. The second stage of loan societies has now come. Competition depends upon the relation between the supply and demand of capital; not merely of that

loan associations, but that portion of it which is outside of loan associations; individual capital. Loan societies might agree to do or not to do certain things, but they cannot control individual action; and as individual lenders are numerous and loan companies are few, individuals, bound by no special rules, will act according to their fancy, always subordinated to their views of their own interest. It results that a general decline of interest is apt to announce itself first in loans made by individuals. Whatever the market rate may be, the companies cannot rise above it; this rate is the law which controls the companies, and in accordance with which they have recently reduced their rates.

Before the days of Loan companies, in Canada, some of the banks, to a certain extent, filled the functions of these companies, but as they could not take mortgages, they did not get substantial security when they made loans not exactly on real estate security, but to persons whom were believed to be trustworthy because they possessed real estate. Mills and houses were built on the proceeds of loans obtained from banks; in locking up the money, the banks were really, whether they knew it or not, at the chief risk of the enterprise. The unwelcome fact generally came upon them in the form of a realized loss. The property was found to have been mortgaged in the interval, the only security which the bank could obtain was a second mortgage, and to make this available, it would be necessary to purchase the first. If the venture was not made, the second mortgage was probably of no value; if lit was made, the risk of throwing good money after bad was taken. This experience proved very disastrous to the Bank of Upper Canada. The appearance of Loan companies on the scene saved the banks from a risk and a danger to which they had previously been exposed. They legitimatised a business which had hitherto, when done by the banks, been irregular; they obtained proper security, and arrested the destruction of capital which had previously been going on.

Though capital can be organized, it cannot combine so as abnormally to put up the rate of interest. Manufacturers, when they are few may, under a high tariff, combine to put up prices ; but persons having money to lend, are too numerous ever to be formed into an exclusive guild. Nothing is more sure to find its level than the rate of interest. When capital is scarce, the rate goes up; when it is abundant, the rate goes down. It has happened, at some time within a few years, that nearly every one of our Loan societies, found a ready market for all its available funds : then the rate went up; now the demand for loanable funds is slack, and the rate of interest comes down by the force of competition. When this happens, the lender seeks the borrower, even more than the borrower seeks the lender. The decline will probably be progressive, but experience is against the supposition that it will be uninterrupted. At the end of a series of years, it is likely to be lower, unless great wars should intervene; but in the meantime it portion of the capital which is organized in may be subject to several fluctuations,

Loan societies have brought much capital into the country which otherwise would never have come. In this way, their operations, in accordance with a perfectly natural law, have tended to reduce the profits of their own business. This process is still going on concurrently with domestic accumulation; and as foreign wheat [tends to approximate the English price to the price of wheat exporting countries, the importation of capital tends to bring the rate of interest in different countries nearer to a common level. If the debtor nation is at a disadvantage compared with the creditor nation, this process is not without its drawbacks. But if foreign capital be productively employed, and in a way to leave a profit on its employment, its use is in reality a source of public prosperity.

LOAN COMPANIES MEETINGS.

We publish to-day reports of the Huron & Erie Loan, the Ontario Loan & Debenture, the Dominion Loan & Savings, and the Agricultural Loan Co., all of London, and that of the Royal Loan Co. of Brantford.

These companies all maintain their dividends, and we observe no reference in any of the reports to a probability of reducing them. The assets of this group of companies are of an excellent character, consisting in the main of farmiloans in the very heart of Ontario. And their earning power has been for years remarkable. But when their mortgage rate has been falling for the past eight years at an average of a quarter per cent per annum, they should not be expected to divide as much as under the different circumstances of former years. The decline in rate of earning has been greater than that in the price paid for money. One long established Toronto company, for example, received, eight years ago, within a fraction of nine per cent. upon its loans. To-day this company barely averages seven per cent. One of the oldest London companies earned in 1878, the sum of \$211,895 with loans aggregating \$2,171,-688. The same company, with loans increased to \$3,079,755 in 1885 earned only \$210,429.

Net earnings of some Toronto Societies are so reduced that their additions to rest are one half, or less than half those of former years. And where these four London companies added in 1881 no less than \$62,000 to their reserves the aggregate addition is this year but \$7,000. When a Co. which has usually of late years placed from \$10,000 to \$25,000 to Rest Account comes down to \$2,000 and the addition of another which was usually from \$12,000 to \$20,000 is reduced to \$3,000, it would seem the part of wisdom, to divide less among shareholders rather than leave so slight a margin for contingencies. Reduced dividends in future and the lightest possible expenses consistent with safety, are indicated by the present ratio of earnings.

Looking over the whole field of operation, and observing the general tendency, we think the remarks still applicable which we made some time ago on the subject of loan companies :--- "Amalgamation is a proper step, and sooner or later will be, to many companies, a necessity."-MONETARY TIMES, 20th January, 1884,

THE MODERN SHOE DEALER.

So long as humanity is not sent into this world "ready booted and spurred," people will be particular as to their foot gear at any age after childhood, for it has much to do with a person's comfort, be he or she young or old. And the men or firms essaying to produce coverings for the feet of their fellows, or to sell them, are as a contemporary puts it. "clothed with duties and responsibilities of some importance." In the course of an article upon the modern retail shoe trade, some considerations are put forward by the *Shoe and Leather Reporter* which are worth reproducing. For example :

" In respect of almost any other description of apparel, the consequences of a misfit are not so very serious. You may make a man an ungainly looking coat and he will experience a feeling of mortification, but that's all. A shocking bad hat is a blow to the pride, but it keeps the head as warm as a perfectly good one. But when a shoe pinches there is suffering entailed, which justifies very strong expressions. The misery that has been caused, first and last, by the production of shoes that were not easy to the feet, has been a source of a great deal of profanity. But if the shoe vender is subject to vigorous anathema when he does put a customer to the torture, he is entitled to grateful consideration if he succeeds in supplying his clients with kinds that so exactly conform to the contour of the foot, th t they can be worn without pain the first day they are put on, and yet retain their shape to the last, snug at all points and tight in none."

Contending for a high place in the esteem of his grateful customers for the conscientious shoe merchant, the writer declares that the calling has its consolations as well as its trials. The shoe dealer holds much the relation to society that the doctor or the clergyman does—in this sense, that if he secures the confidence of a party he deals with, there is very little danger that it will ever be withdrawn unless he does something to forfeit it. Such ties are seldom broken.

A good argument in favor of keeping a full variety of styles and sizes is apparent in the further remarks of the New York journal : "When ladies or gentlemen enter a shoe store, they throw themselves, as it were, upon the hospitality of the proprietor. When a shoe is shown them, and they put their foot in it, it will be no fault of theirs if they don't get suited, for they have no disposition, as a general thing, to go shopping for that particular commodity. We suppose that at least nine-tenths of all the persons who are in search of foot cover ings might be reckoned on not to go any further if they can get served at the first place they call at. Many of them are exceedingly capricious, to be sure; they propose impossible things frequently; they want a number eight shoe that will cover a number ten foot."

Going shopping after shoes is not a pleasure excursion for either women or men. It is rarely undertaken until the emergency renders it imperative. In this

respect it is like a visit to the dentist. But once in the shop, the customer is desirous of being suited, and now comes the opportunity of the dapper clerk or the diplomatic proprietor. If he knows his business, he will shoe that man or woman, happily and comfortably, before the seat is vacated. Perhaps it may happen as it did to the clothing salesman who failed to make a sale to a customer, and who sadly said to an acquaintance, as the countryman moved away from his shop door, "I don't know what ails me this morning, I'm not in good condition, surely, or I'd have had a coat on that man's back and his money in my drawer ten minutes ago, in spite of him." But given a well-selected stock, a shoe dealer who knows his business and has reasonable tact in dealing with the public, and the customer who is not a crank may be served and made contented in a shoe shop with rather more ease and certainty than in many other callings.

THE U.B. MUTUAL AID.

A striking instance of the unsatisfactory character of assessment life insurance is found in the experience of the United Brethren Mutual Aid Association. The Society was incorporated at Lebanon, Pennsylvania, March 11th, 1869, for the purpose of paying a sum of from five hundred to five thousand dollars at the death of each of its members, upon the assessment plan. For the first nine years, while the members were all fresh from the hands of the medical examiners, and assessments were therefore few and far between, the society grew rapidly, just as the A. O. U. W., the Foresters, Royal Templars, and other new societies, operated in the same way, are now growing and spreading throughout Canada. The management was in most honest and painstaking hands, and, as the Pennsylvania Insurance Commissioner stated in his Report two years ago, it "so conducted its business as to make assessment life-insurance permanent, if permanence on that basis is obtainable." The society entered upon its ninth year in 1878 with \$21,241,500 of insurance on its books -a larger amount than our largest Canadian company could boast of in 1880.

But now that it was approaching its tenth year, many of its members were ten years older, and therefore old age, consumption, heart troubles, and other constitutional diseases began to operate, causing the assessments to increase rapidly, and the young and healthy members to step down and out. The management made strenuous efforts to stop the stampede, and and to introduce younger members. They assured their certificate-holders that the maximum of death losses had been attained that the cost was less than in the old line companies, that the 'general fund' would be available to reduce the assessments of those who continued to the end, and that there was a large 'reserve ' available in the pockets of the oldest members. Further, they declared that the new members would keep the average age from increasing, and much more to the same effect. But, in spite of it all, the grim monster, death, continued his visits to the fold of the United

Brethren, the assessments continued to grow heavier, and the outgoing healthy members persistently exceeded the new recruits.

The result is that the \$21,241,500 of insurance has dwindled down, in seven short years, to exactly \$10,600,000, which was the amount remaining in force Dec. 31, 1885. And the death losses which, in 1874, were only \$8 per \$1000, rose to \$11 per \$1000 in 1876, and to \$17 in 1877, and have continued to rise ever since. The following table shews the shrinkage of insurance, and the increasing assessments made each year upon the members, and the cost thereof per \$1000 of insurance carried:

	Average	Assess-	\mathbf{Per}
Year.	Insurance.	ments.	\$1000.
	\$21,241,500	\$422,349	\$19.80
1879		480,240	24.00
1880		447,331	23,80
1881		480.461	26.50
1882		503,634	30.40
1883		510,192	35.30
1884		439,336	35.16
1885		487,955	43.75
1000	,,	, .	

While the insurance has decreased nearly one-half, the assessments, it will be seen, have not decreased, and the cost of the assessment, per \$1,000, has more than doubled in the seven years. But this "cost per \$1,000" does not include the expenses. These, for the same years, and their cost per \$1,000, and the total cost, are shown in the following table. The last column shews the age at and below which the same \$1,000 could have been had in an old line company at a less cost :—

		Expenses	Assessment	8
	Expenses	per	• and	
ears.	alone.	\$1,000	Expenses.	
878	\$81,471 23	\$3 88	\$ 23 68	43
879	89,131 35	[°] 4 45	$28 \ 45$	46
880	94,381 78	5 02	28 82	47
881	80,171 38	4 45	30 95	48
882	78,096 34	4 70	35 10	51
	67,635 07	4 66	39 96	53
.883	69,323 95	6 02	44 24	55
1884 1885	59,525 55 59,726 24	5 33	49 08	57
1000	00,120 21	0.00		

In other words, the meaning of the last column is that though the insurance given its members by the Mutual Aid was cheap at first, its cost had so risen in the first nine years, that anybody under 43 years of age could have got cheaper insurance in an old line company. And as the society grew in age this age measure increased much more rapidly than the Association's age increased. From 1878 to 1885 is only seven years, while from age 43 to age 57 is fourteen years. No one under the age of 57 could now jo'n the society and pay \$1.00 at each death without its costing him more than in a regular company.

Two years ago the society changed the terms of admission for new members from \$1 at each death, without respect to age, so as to assess the young man 60 cents, where the man of 40 pays 90 cents, and the man of 55 pays \$1.80 at each death. With this inducement new business to the small extent of only \$764,000 was obtained last year, while the lapses and deaths took \$1,866,000. The remaining insurance is held chiefly by elderly and uninsurable people, costing, on the average, as above shewn, upwards of \$49 per \$1,000, and growing heavier at the rate of about \$5.00 per annum. The end is evidently drawing near.

LEADING AMERICAN LIFE COM-PANIES.

The figures presented in the twenty-sixth annual statement of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States are almost startling in their magnitude. The Society's income for the year 1885 reached \$16,590,053, and the amount of new insurance written reached \$96,011,378. Not less is the statement remarkable in that it shows the undoubted strength of the Society's position; for with assets of \$66,553,387 its surplus over liabilities, upon the New York 41 per cent. legal standard, is nearly \$17,500,000. We know of nothing in the history of life assurance to surpass this exhibit as the result of twenty-six years' effort. It may well be said that the Equitable is one of the strongest life insurance companies in the world. The increase of assets for the year was \$8,391,462; of surplus, \$3,378,622; of premium income, \$1,430,349. Such progress is the result of skilful, energetic and intelligent work on the part of managers and agents, whose conscientious and devoted service have made the Equitable a veritable wonder in the line of life insurance.

The New York Life Insurance Company makes. in its forty-first annual report, an exhibit which proves exceptional financial sagacity in making investments, as well as thorough scrutiny in the work of its medical examining department. For the twelfth successive year its interest income has more than provided for its death claims. These were, in 1885, within a fraction of \$3,000,000, while the income from interest was \$3,399,069. Its liberal treatment of policy-holders is also manifest. In 1876 it paid them \$4,242,000 and last year \$7,681,000 out of an income of \$16,121,173. The Company's assets are \$66,864,321-an increase of \$7,580,568 last year, the surplus by the New York legal standard, is \$13,225,054 : the increase in income for last year is \$1,880,-697. The total amount written in 1885 was \$68,521,452, an increase of seven millions over 1884. The present statement is, in the opinion of the N. Y Bulletin, plainly the best, by far, the New York Life has ever made, and this is itself strong praise.

The old-established and well-known Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, presents an array of figures relating to a business which may well be described as magnificent.

The balance sheet of the company at the close of 1885 showed a surplus of more than five million dollars, by the four per cent. standard. The assets reach a total of \$108,-908,000, of which eighty-eight millions is in United States and other bonds, ten millions in real estate, and nearly three millions in cash. The aggregate of policies and annuities in force on January 1st last. was \$368,000,000, a gain of \$17,000,000 over the same date 1885. The company's receipts last year were over twenty million dollars, being, from premiums \$14.768,000, and from interest and rents \$5,446,000. It paid on death claims in the year \$5.920,000, and to policy holders \$5,270. 000 for endowments and purchased insurances.

SOME CANADIAN MUTUALS.

For a conservative and economical manage ment on the purely mutual plan of fire insurance, a good exemplar is found in the Wellington Mutual, which since 1840 has done business in a compact and limited district with every satisfaction to its patrons. The losses for each of past four years have averaged about \$13,000 and the policies in force at the close of last year numbered 2,618 covering \$3,-210,000. The company has now in bank about

\$9,000, and 'can boast security equal to \$307,-000 in premium notes and other assets. Last year's fires were thirty in number, totalling \$15,050. Of these only five exceeded \$1,000 and a dozen were under \$100. Three of them were caused by def.ctive stoves or stove pipes, three by coal oil lamps, two were attributed to hot ashes, and two to tramps, and two to chimney sparks. There were five instances in which the risks covered took fire from other buildings. In only five cases were the causes doubtful or unknown.

The stockholders of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Co. are congratulated by its directors on a gain in 1885 of \$10,099 in premium income and \$14,465 in amount of assets. The year's premiums amounted to the considerable sum of \$89,131 on insurances of \$5,951,000, and the income from interest was \$3,169. The losses were \$41,883, about the same amount as in 1884. Total assets now reach \$80,346, which, deducting capital and re-insurance liability, leaves a surplus of about \$16,000. The company shows careful management and although the company has over a hundred agencies its directors are wisely "making haste slowly," limiting their lines and distributing their risks.

The Ontario Mutual Fire Insurance Co. issued policies last year to the number of 880 on the cash system, insuring \$507,000, and 410 on the premium note plan, covering \$346,000, and its total risks at the close of the year amounted to \$2,631,000. The losses were \$7,418. Its report accuses the stock companies of taking risks "upon private dwellings and such property at whatever figures they can obtain," while "for commercial business they adhere very closely to the schedule rates." In view of which the board recommends, with questionable prudence, '' that the agents of the Ontario be empowered to accept certain classes of commercial risks at rates hereafter to be fixed by your board."

COUNTERFEITERS AT WORK.

A description was given in a recent issue of the Globe of the arrest of a jeweller in Lucknow, named O. G. Martin, who had been dealing in counterfeit bank bills and Dominion notes. Acting upon information given him by parties who had been "approached," in a mysterious and round-about way, by correspondence, Provincial Detective Rogers traced the culprit, who had on previous occasions been discovered at like games. A counterfeit \$10 plate on the Molsons Bank was found in his possession while living at Blyth, Ont., in 1883-4.

Since this arrest was made, we have had placed in our hands a circular, dated 5th February, sent from New York to a gentleman in this city, offering, "in honor and confidence," similar "goods" as these spurious notes are daintily called. "Thinking I could be of service to you," writes this man, who gives the name of a famous German reformer, "I address you. Now if I have made a mistake in sending you this letter, I will ask you for God's sake not to expose me. I will be plain with you; I am dealing in goods, 1s, 2s, and 5s, Dominion of Canada. I can also furnish you with United States goods, in sizes of \$1, \$2, \$5, and \$10. Bear in mind, these goods can be used in paying off debts and mortgages, buying land, &c., and will pass from hand to hand just the same as the genuine. No person who has used them has yet had any trouble, but all have made money fast, safe and sure. This is God Almighty's truth."

Heaven to witness that he "means business fair and square." Promise me on your word and honor. he adds, that you will never expose me, "and I will give you further proof of my sincerity, I ask no money in advance, I will say nothing further till you return this letter and address me in honor and confidence." This is using the livery of Heaven to serve the devil in, surely,

Accompanying the letter is a clipping from what seems at first sight to be a newspaper, but which turns cut, on close inspection, to be a "doctored" sheet, of news-print. It contains a paragraph ostensibly from Montreal, referring to alleged mismanagement or breach of faith in the employes of the B. A. Bank Note Co., and to certain "scoundrels" who have, by liberal use of American gold got hold, it is pretended, of Canadian genuine plates. The captivating inducement is held out to buyers, that, these notes being so well executed persons buying them are safe from trouble. "They that are in the scheme are getting rich, fast and sure, and there is but little possibility of ever bringing them to justice."

That they are not so safe from discovery as was supposed is proved by the nabbing of Martin at Lucknow. Such ill-gotten gains are by no means so permanent as this gang of rascals would make out. The penitentiary or States prison is the proper place for persons of this class, and we shall forward these documents in our possession to the Post-master in New York, for such action as he may think fit to take in the premises.

THE COAL TRADE.

Anthracite is cheap, and prices are down to less than cost, while the shares of the companies are selling at rates far above what the present condition of the coal trade would seem to justify. We hear of coal selling at \$3.25 for stove, \$2.90 for nut, \$2.80 for broken and egg, f.o.b.' There is, with some of the jobbers at least, a disposition to sell only for present delivery. All the signs tend to an appreciation of prices beyond what they are, and the efforts of the trunk line managers to take a hand in the management of the Anthracite coal trade surely is an element of great strength. There was never any practical necessity for the low prices we have had to record in the past month. Nothing but the intention to make trade so bad as to force into subjection those who would not agree to an adjustment of tonnage, is manifest in reviewing the business. Tonnage has been pretty well taken, and stocks in first hands are not greatly in excess of the total a month ago.

A soft coal pool to govern the tide-water trade is spoken of now with greater assurance, and the scheme is said to embrace all the lines of transportation, such as the N. & W., the C. & O., the Baltimore & Ohio, the Penna. R. R., and the Beech Creek. It is supposed under this new arrangement that all the shippers over the same line shall pay the same rate of freight (no favoritism or cutting, as of yore), and the prices on contracts shall be made f.o.b. and not delivered. The parties who have been selling coal delivered at the rates they are said to have obtained for their orders, may not fare very well if this pool holds. There may be a profit to the producer who waits, this year. Single cargoes at Buffalo for Boston delivery are quoted at \$3.75 delivered. The Pennsylvania Railroad report for the year 1885 shows it to be the largest carrier of coal -14,281,909 tons-in this country. The bulk Once again this philanthropic scoundrel calls of the business was Bituminous coal, say

9,578,552 tons. Locally there is very little doing in soft coal, and the market is not over \$3.25 per ton.-Coal Trade Journal., N.Y.

ST. THOMAS BOARD OF TRADE .-- A meeting of this board was held on the 10th inst., the president, Mr. M. A. Gilbert, in the chair. Discussion was had upon a communication from the Cooperage Manufacturers' Association, which resulted in the passage of a resolution in these terms: "That this Board cooperate with the Cooperage Association of Ontario, by petitioning the Government to have the consular fees on shipments to the United States removed.

The president brought before the attention of the board the question of opposing the granting of a charter to the proposed London and South-eastern Railway. It was decided to defer discussion on the matter until further information was obtained thereon.

Mr. Gilbert being then requested to leave the chair, Mr. J. M. Green was appointed chairman. The secretary was called upon and read an address to the President, expressive of the kindly feeling entertained by the members of the board towards Mr. Gilbert, their appreciation of his services as its originator and president.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY .--- The report of this company shows a profit on fire and marine business of some \$30,000, and by adding an increase in value of securities the net surplus over capital and re-insurance has been increased to \$151,000, a subject of congratulation. Net premiums, fire and marine, amounted to \$868,000 and the losses to \$547,-000, or 63 per cent.; commissions and charges to \$236,000, or 27¹/₄ per cent. The meeting of shareholders was an animated one, principally by reason of the strenuous objections expressed by Mr. T. R. Wood (chosen a director last year) to the policy of the board and to what he termed the speculative tendencies of the Governor. Into the private quarrels of directors we have no desire to enter; but some of the transactions alleged to have taken place in the conduct of the company's affairs may well, if Mr. Wood is correct, attract the notice of the Government Inspector. It is at least significant that the secretary, Mr. Silas P. Wood, whose honesty and capacity there seems no room to doubt, leaves the company's employ on the 1st March next. Whether from "incompatibility of temper" or from what other cause soever, Mr. T. R. Wood has been left off the board this year, his place being taken by Mr. Geo. H. Smith of New York. It would therefore appear that the majority of votes cast was in support of Governor Morison's policy.

-The annual statement for 1885 of the Agricultural Insurance Company has been issued. The result, as regards the Canadian business is :--Gross premiums, received in cash, \$73,676.08; or, less re-insurance and rebates \$70,393.44. Losses for the year, paid, \$36,539.86 and for previous year \$2,123. Expenses \$25,900.11. The total amount in force at close of year in Canada was \$22,557,538 premiums on which amounted to \$217,718 The Company's total business in the United States and Canada represents net premiums for the year \$737.823.44. Total receipts, including interest &c. \$824,373.54. The grand total of assets reaches the handsome sum of \$1,831,791.97 and the surplus, beyond all liabilities, including re-insurance and capital, \$156,220.43. The Agricultural's loans on farm | cials better housed than they are now.

mortgages alone amount to \$930.929. Balance of assets is composed of stocks, bonds and cash. The "pyramid" of the old Agricultural continues to grow.

-There is trouble on the Toledo Produce Exchange. It appears that during the past two years some of the heaviest capitalists doing business on 'Change have withdrawn from the board. One of the inspectors recently said that not five carloads of grain are received or shipped each day; that most of the grain held in store there belongs to outside parties. There has even been talk of selling the magnificent Exchange building to the city to be used as a City Hall for \$200,000, about onehalf its real value. A member tells the New York Times that active members are needed, and the dummies who are doing business in Chicago, New York, and other places, and are running the Toledo Exchange must be got rid of. Grain has thus been forced into other channels ; said he, "By organizing anew, we shall get rid of the present stock certificates.'.

---Statistics collected from manufacturers by the American Iron and Steel Association show that last year's production of Bessemer steel ingots was the largest ever known, being 1,701,757 net tons as compared with 1,540,545 in the previous year. Pennsylvania produced two-thirds of this total. Illinois one fifth. The quantity of Bessemer steel rails produced in 1885 was smaller by 42,000 tons than in the previous year, being 1,074,607 net tons. An important deduction to be drawn from these statistics is the increasing use of Bessemer steel for miscellaneous purposes as a substitute for iron. In 1882 the propertion of Bessemer steel ingots which was converted into rails was 85 per cent., in 1883 it was 78 per cent., in 1884 it was 72 per cent., and last year 63 per cent.

A by-law of the Toronto Board of Trade provides for establishing trade branches of the board, and some have already been formed. There is now in process of organization a Textile Branch and a Lumber Branch We understand, too, that the members of the board who are connected with the wholesale hardware trade are to assemble this afternoon and discuss the formation of a Metals and Hardware Branch. Such supplementary organizations should be of service in the discussion and arrangement of matters pertaining to each trade.

-The adjourned meeting of the Nova Scotia Sugar Refinery was held at Halifax on Monday last, when a proposal was carried authorizing the directors to issue preferential stock or mortgage debentures to the extent of \$300,000 with which to pay off liabilities and provide a working capital. It was shewn at the meeting that barring 1884, which was admittedly an exceptional year and disastrous to other sugar refineries besides the Nova Scotia one, enough money had been earned annually to pay a 10 per cent. dividend on preferred stock and 7 per cent. per annum on the old stock.

-The City of Halifax has agreed, we understand, to purchase Dalhousie College property on the Grand Parade, and erect a City Hall thereon. Halifax, though it can boast of many fine buildings, occupies the shabbiest and meanest City Hall in Canada. A city that confessedly owns the finest public gardens in Canada should have its corporation and offi-

-Minneapolis flour mills produced, in one February week this year, 89,454 barrels of flour, equal to 14,900 barrels per day, as compared with 13,900 at same period in 1885. Some mills are shut down because there is not water power enough for all.

-A branch of the Imperial Bank of Canada is about to be opened in the town of Galt, under the management of Mr. John Cavers.

-A dividend at the rate of ten per cent. per annum has been declared by the London and Canadian Loan and Agency Company (limited)

Meetings.

HURON & ERIE LUAN & SAVINGS' CO.

The annual meeting of this Company was held at its office, in London, on the 10th inst. There were present Messrs. Beattie, J. G. Mc-Intosh, Burwell, Challoner, Cronyn, Frank Leonard, Mckenzie, Hon. E. Leonard, W. J. McIntosh, Gordon, Street, Pope, Kent, and others.

The president, Wm. Saunders, Esq., oc-cupied the chair, the manager, Mr. Robert W. Smylie, acting as secretary.

The minutes of the last general annual meeting were read and confirmed. The secretary read the notice calling the

meeting, and also the following report and financial statement :---

REPORT.

The directors of the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings' Company beg to submit herewith their twenty second annual report, shewing the results of the business of the Company for the past year, accompanied by the balance sheet of 31st December, 1885, duly audited.

From the profits of the year your directors have been enabled, after defraying all expenses of management, to pay two half-yearly divi-dends of five per cent. each, pay the income tax of \$2,650.68, add \$3,000 to the reserve fund, and leave a balance to the credit of profit and loss of \$518.05. During the year there has been an increase in the deposits amounting to \$33,888.39, in Canadian Debentures \$25,000, and in sterling debentures of \$262,435.02, making a total addition to the working capital of \$321,323.41.

In accordance with the invariable custom of the company, all preliminary expenses connect-ed with the issuing of sterling debentures have been paid out of the profits of the year; an unusually large sum has been required for this purpose during 1885, which would otherwise have been added to the reserve fund. The carrying out of this Policy will, however, favor-ably affect the profits of the Company for several years to come. Arrangements have also been completed which will enable the company Arrangements have also to obtain money on debentures in Great Britain at lower rates than heretofore.

Although low rates have prevailed, the de-mand for money has continued, and the funds of the company are well invested. The net cash value of the securities held by the company at the close of the year amounted to \$3,079,755.92, being an increase since the corresponding period of last year of \$281,089.13. During the year a part of the moneys usually reserved to meet demands has been invested by your directors in Government inscribed stock, which is at

any time readily convertible. The value of the real estate held by the Company, other than its office premises, is \$2,-727.16. In this sum is included all the properties remaining unsold which have come into pos-session of the company by foreclosure, failure to obtain purchasers under power of sale, or otherwise

The net losses, for the year amounted to \$1,120.41, a very small sum when compared with the total investments of the company. The system of rigid inspection by the com-pany's own inspectors of securities offered to the company has been continued. Your directors desire to bear testimony to the very efficient manner in which the manager and the emcient manner in which the manager and the other officers of the company have discharged their respective duties. All of which is respectfuily submitted. WM. SAUNDERS, President

London, Ontario, Jan. 27th, 1886.

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Manager.

We hereby certify that we have carefully audited the books and accounts of the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings' Company for the vear ending 31st December, 1885. The cash year ending 31st December, 1885. The cash and bank accounts have been audited monthly; the postings and balances of all the Company's ledgers examined quarterly; and we find the whole correct, and in accordance with the above statements.

GEO. F. JEWELL, F.C.A., Auditors. W. M. MOORE,

In moving the adoption of the report, the president said :--I think we all have reason to be gratified with the results of the business of

the past year. Although rates of interest on the past year. Although rates of interest on good securities are lower than formerly, the 'Huron and Erie' has been enabled, by care-ful management, to pay the usual dividend and add something to the reserve fund. The report of the company is, I think, a clear state-ment of all its affairs, giving the interest earn-ed, and how these earnings have been applied. The actual losses which have occurred in the few instances where securities, through default, have come into our hands for sale, are given, also the estimated cash value of what land remained unsold at the close of the year. The proportion in both instances, when compared with the capital which your directors have to

manage, is very small. The increase in the deposits in the Savings' Bank is a gratifying evidence of the continued confidence felt by the public in the manageconfidence felt by the public in the manage-ment of the company. The number of de-positors having accounts in the savings' bank is 2,407, the average amount held by each on deposit being \$425.56. The number of mortg-ages held by the company is 2,075, the average sum being \$1,482.51. The applications for money during the year amounted to \$943,000, of which \$578,600 has been granted. The policy hitherto pursued, of employing the greater portion of the funds of the company in loans on farm properties in the well cultivated loans on farm properties in the well cultivated and older settled districts in the Western part of Ontario, has been continued. The 'Huron and Erie' holds no mortgage on any lands out-side the Province.

During the year your directors have thought it wise to invest a portion of the cash balance, usually held as a reserve, in Government In-scribed Stock—security which could at any time be readily converted into money. Late in the summer we received a visit from Mr. Wm. Finlayson, of the firm of Finlayson & Auld scents to receive applications for the

& Auld, agents to receive applications for the company's debentures in Great Britain. Mr. Finlayson having acquainted himself with the manner in which our business is conducted, and the character of the securities held by the company, arrangements were made for reduc-tions in the rate of interest paid by the com-pany on debentures, which has aided your directors in meeting the lower rates of interest prevailing for first-class loans. While this increase of our capital will be a lasting benefit to the company and add materially to the to the company and add materially to the profits for future years, it has entailed a con-siderable immediate outlay, as all expenses connected with obtaining and investing the money have been paid out of the profits of the year.

I have much pleasure in moving the adoption of the report."

The motion was seconded by Mr. Street and carried unanimously. Messrs. Geo. F. Jewell and W. M. Moore were reappointed auditors The customary resolutions having been passed, the present board of directors was re-elected and the meeting adjourned.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board Wm. Saunders, Esq., was re-elected President, and W. P. R. Street, Esq., Q.C., Vice-President.

ONTARIO LOAN AND DEBENTURE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company was held at their office in London on Wednesday 10th February, 1886.

Joseph Jeffery, Esq., presided, and William F. Bullen, the Manager, acted as Secretary. The fifteenth annual report was then submitted as follows:

REPORT.

The directors submit to the shareholders their annual statement of the liabilities and assets of the company, at the close of its financial year.

A reference to the accounts will show the cosperous condition of the company, The prosperous condition of the company, The mortgage investments, \$3,042,972, are secured upon freeholds, valued at \$7,617,295.

Although the rate of interest offered has been reduced, our debenture sales during the year,

including renewals, amounted to £144,645. The policy of investing the funds of the com-pany wholly upon productive freeholds in those richer parts of Southern Ontario contigu-ous to the head office of the company, has been again followed. The accurate knowledge which your directors and other officers of the com-pany have of values in these localities, as well as the steady increase in value of such proper-

ties. renders the business of the company peculiarly safe; but to ensure this safety, smaller earnings of interest are necessarily shown. All of which is respectfully submitted. WILLIAM F. BULLEN, JOSEPH JEFFERY Manager. President. Fifteenth annual statement of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company for the year ending 31st December, 1885. CASH ACCOUNT. Receipts. Bal. in Canadian Banks from 81,200 42 32,183 73 617,392 16 Repayments on loans...... Received from sale of deben-688.425 57 Petty ledger receipts 12,538 05 1.502 97

\$1.444.829 75 Payments. Loans on mortgages 658,321 90 .. \$ Debentures redeemed and interest paid 531,656 34 Interest paid depositors..... Dividends paid..... Commission, inspection, and 18,650 77 144.000 00 other expenses connected with 2.191 67 loans Offices expenses (including di-rectors' fees, salaries, &c.).... 14.836 90 2,323 23 9,971 48 Bank of Scotland 62,877 46

General Interest, &c., received ..

\$1,444,829 75

11,586 85

FINANCIAL STATEMENT. Cash value of securities \$3,687,575 51 Sundry assets.... 6,590 38 Company's premises . 72.680 79 Cash in banks in Canada Cash in Bank of 9,971 48 Scotland, Lothbury, London, E. C.....

\$3.239.695 62 The Liabilities are as follows :-Debentures..... \$1,335,097 00 Accrued Interest on same Savings' Bank De-16,208 97 401,191 46 posits \$1,752,496 73 Surpius Assets..... \$1,487.198 89 The surplus assets are as follows :----Paid-up Capital.. \$1,200,000 00 285,000 00

62.877 46

Reserve Fund .. To carry to Re-serve Fund Balance at credit 2.000 00 of Revenue Ac-198 89 count \$1.487.198 89

To the President and Directors of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company :-

We, the undersigned, having made the regular monthly audit of the books of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company for the year ending 31st December, 1885, certify that we have found them correct in every particular, and that the above is a true statement of the affairs of the Company.

J. B. Bolye, A. S. Emery, Auditors.

In moving the adoption of the report the president said that accounts were clear, and in the usual form. It was almost unneces-sary for him to say that they had no losses of any kind during the year. The investments any kind during the year. The investments were made, and the policy of the company has been since its formation in 1870 to invest only upon that class of property which trustees usually select for the investment of trust funds. The investing powers were, indeed, limited to that class of security by the act of incorpora-tion. With experienced appraisers to aid and protect the company they had also, for safety, confined the business of the institution to the rich counties of Southern Ontario, where the general knowledge of values possessed by the board enabled them to intelligently scrutinize

and confirm the statements, valuations and and confirm the statements, valuations and representations of others. The business of the company was, then, of that nature that we neither expected large profits nor speak of losses. The plan had been to add to the reserve and obtain for the shareholders, with absolute safety under this organization, a somewhat better return for their money than could be obtained with difficulty by the direct invest-ment of their capital upon productive freeholds or heritable property. The lower rates of interest, now current here, had directed the attention of the board to the necessity of obtaining money upon debenture upon the most favorable terms.

He then commented upon the valuable services He then commented upon the valuable services of Mr. Harris in England in establishing the London office, 39 Lombard street, E. C. These remarks were highly approved by the board and the shareholders present. The large sum of over \$688,000, shown in the accounts, com-prises the sales and renewals of our debentures in England and Scotland during the year, clearly indicating the credit and commercial standing of the institution in Great Britain. The plan of the London office had many con-veniences which were well understood by the debenture-holders in Great Britain, and appre-ciated there. ciated there.

charact there. The supervision of the government as well as that of the shareholders over the affairs of the company, and the publicity as well as security which the Registry Laws gave, insured a permanent and lasting prosperity; and the credit now established in the Mother Country would, he trusted, not only be maintained but increased, and with that increase of credit he hoped to obtain for the company money upon debenture from time to time upon such terms as such credit should command. It was a pleasure for him to speak in the highest terms of the way in which the manager and the staff had performed their duties. The report was adopted unanimously, and the retiring Directors, Messrs. Joseph Jeffery, William Bowman and George B. Harris, to-gether with the Auditors, Messrs. J. B. Boyle and A. S. Emery, were re-elected. At a subsequent meeting of the Board Joseph Jeffery, Esg., was re-elected President, and would, he trusted, not only be maintained but

Jeffery, Esq., was re-elected President, and Alexander Johnston, Esq., Vice President.

DOMINION SAVINGS' AND INVEST. MENT SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Savings' and Investment Society was held on the 9th inst, in their building in London. The attendance was large. In opening, the chairman, Mr. William Duffield, submitted to the meeting the following reports for the year ending Dec. 34, 1885: REPORT

Your directors submit the thirteenth annual report, for the year ending 31st December, 1885, and the audited balance sheet.

The usual dividends of 4 per cent. each have been paid half-yearly from the profits during the year.

The sum of \$2,000 has been added to the reserve fund, making that fund \$159,000; and the sum of \$1,517.21 has been added to the contingent fund, making that fund \$2,609.57. The amount on deposit in the savings' bank

has increased during the year by the sum of \$56,265.50, making the sum now on deposit \$806,363.24.

Your directors have been able to keep the funds of the society well invested during the past year. But the rates of interest have been lower than those obtained in former years, and

there is no reason to expect that better rates will be received during the present year. The investments made since the beginning of the year have largely reduced the sum on

of the year have largely reduced the sum on hand on the 1st of January. In order to insure the safety of the invest-ments made, the directors have strictly observed the rule requiring the personal exam-ination by your own inspectors of all proper-ties offered as security for loans. As provided by the by-laws, all the directors retire and are eligible for re-election. Respectfully submitted,

Respectfully submitted,

WM. DUFFIELD, President. London, Ont., Feb. 9, 1886.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Dividends on permanent stock\$70,214 89

Dividends on accumulating stock.....

613 30

I	nterest on deposits\$11,257 65 nterest on debentures. 13,293 65 nterest on currency de-		Ju H J.
τ	bentures accrued but not paid	55,404 80	M E A H
	rent, auditor's inspection, solicit- or's and directors' fees	\$ 12,908 32	0 E
]	tures ncome tax Carried to reserve fund	$\begin{array}{r} 2,658 & 67 \\ 1,728 & 01 \\ 2,000 & 00 \end{array}$	ge a.: st
	Carried to contingent fund	$\frac{1,517 \ 21}{\$147,045 \ 20}$	
	LIABILITIES.		n r
	To the public-		0
	Deposits and interest. \$806,363 24		1
	Sterling debentures. 175,832 34		a
1	Currency debentures. 28,450 00 Currency debentures		b
	interest (since paid) 853 50	1,011,499 08	3 \$
l	To the shareholders—		d
	Capital stock\$886,500 00		
	Dividend No. 27, since		9
	paid 35,418 65 Accumulating stock		I
	and dividends 7,843 94 Reserve fund. as at		8
	Dec. 31, 1884 157,000 00 Added Dec. 31, 1885 2,000 00		1
	\$159,000 00		1
l	Contingent fund, as		
	at Dec. 31, 1884 1,770 92 Written off this year. 678 56		
	Balance1,09236Added Dec. 31, 18851,51721		
	\$ 2,609.57		
	<u>_</u>	1,091,372 1	.6
	Total	2.102,871 2	4
	Cash value of mortgages	1 922 314 7	8
ι	Loons on society's stock	41,300 (мI
Ľ	Loans on society's stock	1,000 (
	Office fittings and furniture	223	io l
	Petty ledger	225 (13
	Cash in Bank of London in Canada	55 000 4	m
	Uanada	55,909 2	
	Cash in Federal Bank of Canada	80,116	±0
	Cash in Union Bank of Scotland	0 00m 4	,,
Ē	Edinburgh	2,007	<u>ا</u> د ع
7	Total	\$2,102,871	24
1		. LEYS,	
1		Manager.	

We, the auditors of the Dominion Savings and Investment Society, hereby certify that we have made the regular monthly audit of the books of the society for the year ending Dec. 31, 1885, and that the above is a true state-ment of the affairs of the society. JOHN BURNETT, BORT W KUNNED, Auditors.

Robr. W. KINNER, Auditors. London, Ont., Feb. 5, 1886. After a number of the shareholders had expressed their satisfaction with the reports, and their approval of the manner in which the funds of the society had been used during the year past, the reports were unanimously adopted.

adopted. The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: William Duffield, managing director of the City Gas Company; Nathaniel Reid, of W. J. Reid & Co., wholesale crockery merchants; James Cattermole, M.D., London; Wm. Bettridge, M.B., Strathroy; T. H. Pur-dom, barrister, London; Hugh Moore, mer-chant, Dundas; Robt. Reid, collector of cus-toms, London; Jas. A. Blair, London; Dun-can Coulson, cashier Bank of Toronto, Toronto; John Levs, inn., of Rice, Lewis & Son, John Leys, jun., of Rice, Lewis & Son, Toronto; H. S. Northrop, of Northrop & Lyman, wholesale druggists, Toronto; Geo.

Boyd, sen., Toronto. The Board subsequently held a meeting and elected Wm. Duffield president, and N. Reid vice-president.

ROYAL LOAN & SAVINGS' COMPANY.

The tenth annual general meeting of the shareholders was held in the company's office, Brantford, Ont., on Wedne-day, Feb'y 10th, at

3 o'clock in the afternoon. There were present : T. S. Shenston, Esq., president ; Wm. Watt, Esq., vice-president ; \$ 70,828 19 Wm. Roy, Esq., Owen Sound; His Honor

Judge Jones, C. B. Heyd, Esq., mayor; A. Harley, Esq., M. P., J. K. Osborne, Esq., A. J. Wilkes, Esq., W. S. Campbell, Esq., H. McK. Wilson, Esq., Dr. Nichol, E. Sweet, Esq., John Mann, Esq., Geo. H. Wilkes, Esq., Alex. Robertson, Esq., Manager B. B. N. A., Henry Cox, Esq., R. J. Merrill, Esq., Hartford, Ont., Henry Wade, Esq., W. S. Brewster, Esq.

Lsq. The president took the chair, and the manager, R. S. Schell, was appointed secretary, and read the annual report and financial tatement :

REPORT.

The directors have much pleasure in submitting to the shareholders the tenth annual report and duly audited financial statements of the company for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1885. It will be seen that the business has, as in former years, continued to increase, and has been satisfactory.

has been satisfactory. The gross earnings of the company were \$62,521.25, from which have been paid expen-ses of management, \$3,917.66; taxes on divi-dends, \$425.72; agents' commissions, &c., \$617.68; interest on deposits and debentures, \$17,382.34; two half-yearly dividends of four per cent. each on the paid up capital stock, amounting to \$33,838; leaving a surplus of \$6,292.60 to be carried forward. The reserve fund of last year, \$45.000, has

The reserve fund of last year, \$45,000, has been increased by premiums on stock \$2,498.-50 and from surplus earnings, \$5,501.50, to the gratifying figure of \$53,000.

The contingent fund is now \$4,508.57, which so far as can be seen is more than sufficient to cover any contingencies that may arise

cover any contingencies that may arise. During the year the payments on principal of mortgages were \$86,545, and new loans on mortgages were made to the extent of \$127,-787, thus making the total increase of amount loaned on mortgage, \$41,242. When the accounts were closed the property on hand was \$8,326.86, but since then one property representing \$2,719 has been sold, and the full amount of the company's claim realised, leaving three properties on hand representing \$5,607.86, and on which it is be-lieved but little, if any, loss will be sustained. It is with much regret the directors have to refer to the death of one of their number, that

refer to the death of one of their number, that of John Smith, Esq., Sheriff of the County of Brant, which occurred in August last. He had a seat at the board from the inception of had a seat at the board from the inception of the company, and was greatly esteemed and his opinion much valued by his co-directors. The vacancy at the board was filled by the election of George H. Wilkes, Esq., as a di-rector for the remainder of the year.

The following are the retiring directors, all f whom are eligible for re-election : Thos. S. Shenston, His Honor Judge Jones,

Henry Cox, Wm. Buck, Jas. K. Osborne, Wm. Watt, sr., Chas. B. Heyd, W. S. Campbell, John Mann, Wm. Roy, Geo. H. Wilkes. All of which is respectfully submitted.

m or	willon 15	respectively
R. S.	Schell, Manager	T. S. SHENSTON, President.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1885.

Liabilities.

Stock paid up		1	435,958	78
Dividend No. 19, pay- able Jan. 2nd, 1886.			17,267	
Deposits			284,957	
Debentures			121,419	25
Interest accrued on de- posits and debentures			4,412	12
Reserve fund last year Premiums on stock Added from revenue	2,498	50		
			53,000	00
CONTINGENT FUND.				
Balance from last year Added from revenue	$3,717 \\ 791$			

4,508 57

Assets.

\$921,523 85

Interest accrued on morigag es4,378 00Loans on company's stock240 26Interest accrued on stock loans8,326 86Property on hand22,404 29Cash in Bank of Cmmerce22,404 29Cash in office613 01	Loans on mortgages	\$855,102	70
Loans on company's stock240 26Interest accrued on stock loans8,326 86Property on hand425 40Office furniture22,404 29Cash in office613 01	Interest accrued on morigag conversion		
Interest accrued on stock logins8,326 86Property on hand425 40Office furniture22,404 29Cash in office613 01	Toong on company's stock	2,01	
Property on hand425 40Office furniture22,404 29Cash in Bank of Cmmerce613 01Cash in office613 01	Interest accrued on stock loans		
Office furniture22,40429Cash in Bank of Cmmerce61301Cash in office61301	Droporty on hand		
Cash in office	Office furniture		
	Cash in Bank of Chimerce		
	Cash in once		

\$921,523 85

951 [•]

PROFIT AND LOSS.

Dr.		
To dividends 18 and 19\$ 33,8	38	00
Paid directors for 1884 8	311	
	70	00
Office expenses, including salaries,		
rents, printing, &c 2,9	36	66
Paid taxes on dividends 4	25	72
	14	10
Solicitors' and Inspector's exsenses 1	03	58
10 per cent. off furniture	47	25
Interest on deposits 10,8	62	41
Interest on debentures	19	93
Added to reserve fund 5,5	01	50
	91	10

\$ 62,521 25

By interest received and accrued .\$ 61,364 50

Cr.

loans on stock Extra interest on mortgages, interest from bank, &c.

\$ 62.521 25

We hereby certify that we have examined all the accounts of the Royal Loan and Sav-ings' Company for the year 1885, and havefound them correct, and the balance sheet exhibits a correct statement of the company's affairs on Dec. 31st, 1885. We have also examined and valued all the mortgages of the company and find them in perfect order.

JAMES WILKES, WM. WILKINSON, Auditors. Brantford, Jan. 23rd, 1886.

The President in moving the adoption of e report said : The tenth annual report of the resident in moving the adoption of the report said: The tenth annual report of the Royal which had been in their possession for the past two weeks, gives a truthful state-ment of the present position of the company, so much so, that should it now come to an abrupt termination and its business closed by others, the final result would prove that noth-ing had been omitted therefrom or added thereto for the purpose of producing erroneous impressions. The first paragraph of the report states that, as in former years, the busi-ness of the company has continued to increase: and the fifth paragraph states definitely the amount of increase over last year to be \$41,-242. The second paragraph states that the gross earnings of the company for the year were \$62,521. This had been realized from a fraction over 7 per cent. on our investments, that is taking an average, and this low rate is about onc-eighth per cent below the average rate realized the previous year. By the last paragraph we are painfully reminded of the somewhat sudden death, in August last, of John Smith, Esq., who had been a most use-ful and painstaking director ever since the formation of the company ten years ago, but from other standpoints besides that of direc-tor, his loss will be long-felt and his counsel missed. The vacancy in the board rendered necessary the appointment of a successor to fill the position. The board consider themselves most fortunate in board shows the most fortunate in being able to secure the services of one so well qualified in every re-spect to fill it, as Geo. H. Wilkes, Esq. On one occasion during the year was business done by five directors only, the average at-tendance at the meetings of the board being over seven. After making some brief explana-tions on each item of the account, he remarked it was gratifying to know that there had been the way grantying window that increment open no speculation in the stock of the company, that there had been but nine sales of it during the year, and those bonu fide legitimate ones, in all only 239 shares. The most gratifying harmony had characterized all the actions of the bead throughout the utility of narmony had characterized all the actions of the board throughout the entire year; if to this rule an exception could be made, it would be, perhaps, in an over anxiety on the part of some members of the board to keep down the expenses. I am only too happy to bear my testimony to the conscientious and faithful manner in which our manager and his as-stant, Mr. Geo. Mann, discharge their respect-ive duties. I cannot but believe that borrower ive duties. I cannot but believe that born and lender alike are satisfied with the treat-ment they receive at their hands. Master "Fred," the office lad, I believe, is painstaking in the discharge of his duties.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Wm. Watt, and the report adopted.

Votes of thanks to the president, directors and auditors for their faithful attention to the business of the company, and fixing their compensation for the past year were passed.

Messrs. James Wilkes and Wm. Wilkinson, were re-appointed auditors for the present Rent account (including taxes).... Balance year. The thanks of the meeting were also tender.

00 ed the manager and his assistants for the very satisfactory manner in which the business of the office had been performed during the past 0 00 year. The retiring board of directors was reported 72

10 $\mathbf{58}$ by the scrutineers as having been unanimously re-elected 25 41

At a meeting of the board held subsequently, Mr. T. S. Shenston was re-elected president, and Mr. Wm. Watt vice-president for the en-93 50 10 suing year.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.

The fifty-third annual meeting of the share holders of this company was held in the com-pany's offices. Front street, Toronto, on the 17th inst, the Governor, Mr. John Mori-425 62 731 13 son, in the chair.

son, in the chair. Among those present were the following gentlemen: --Messrs. J. Morison, H. S. North-rop, Hon. Win. Cayley, Geo. Boyd, J. Y. Reid, John Leys, G. M. Kinghorn, (Montreal), C. D. Warren, T. R. Wood, W. J. Macdonell, Henry Pellatt, W. A. Sims, Alex. Boyd, H. L. Hime, Robert Thompson, H. D. Gamble, C. C. Baines, A. Myers, John Turner, Rev. John Dansey, W. Adamson, Thos. Long, Dr. Hugh Robertson, John Sinclair, Alex. Willis, George Smith, R. L. Fraser, Thos. Lailey, Richard Dunbar, W. J. McColla, Fred. Stewart, Rev. James Gray, Edward Hobbes, M. W. Mills, W. J. Baines, Henry M. Pellatt, and George W. J. Baines, Henry M. Pellatt, and George Musson.

The secretary, Mr. Silas P. Wood, read the following :

REPORT.

their annual statement, giving the result of the business for the year ending 31st December. 1885.

holders that the business done in marine shows a very handsome profit; and to state that the wisdom of the policy adopted by the directors four years ago is thus manifestly proved.

the fire business, both in the United States and Canada, shows a profit ; although a small loss has occurred from our European business. It is gratifying to know that the Company is now entirely free from further claims under the arrangements made some years ago, a settlement having been effected and the foreign business finally closed.

With these results the directors believe the shareholders will be satisfied.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Secretary.

Governor Statement of assets and liabilities at the 31st December, 1885 :---

ASSETS.

United States bonds.....\$ 532,618 75 Bank and other dividend paying

investments	327,284	40
Cash in hand and in banks	88,389	26
Real estate—Company's building	90,000	00
Mortgage on real estate	1,350	00
Bills receivable	20,658	76
Office furniture	15,955	40
Agents' balances	57,409	95

\$1.133.666 52

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	\$ 500,000 00
Losses under adjustment	92,217 29
Dividend No. 83 (balance) Dividend No. 84	2,914 33
Dividend No. 84	20,000 00
Balance	518,534 90
	\$1,133,666 52
PROFIT AND LOSS.	
Fire losses, paid\$405,145	08
" " unsettled 90,225	49

Marine losses, paid. .\$ 50.045 45 unsettled 1,991 80

52,037 25 Commissions and all other charges 236,328 11 Government and local taxes.....

:	\$925,253	07
Fire premiums\$823.308 55 less reinsurance53,846 12	\$769.462	.13
Marine premiums\$101,937 74 less reinsurance 3,364 65		10
	98,573	09
Interest	34,501	30
Rent account	6;945	00
Increase in value of securities	15,771	25
	925,253	07
SURPLUS FUND.		
Dividend No. 83	15,000	00
" " 84	20.000	00
Balance	518,534	90
	553,534	90
Balance from last statement	431,992	61

Profit and loss 121,542 29

\$553.534 90

REINSURANCE LIABILITY.

Balance at credit of surplus fund .. \$518,534 90 Reserve to reins. outstanding risks 367.205 61

Net surplus over all liabilities . . \$151,329 29 AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Governor and Directors of the British America Assurance Company :--

GENTLEMEN. -- We beg to report that we have carefully audited the books, accounts and vouchers of the company, up to the 31st Deceraber, 1885, and find the same to be correct. We have also examined the several securities and find the same to be in their possession as set forth in the statement and balance sheet hereto annexed.

HENRY MILL PELLATTT, 1 Auditors. ROBERT C. CATHRON,

On motion of Mr. Morison, seconded by

Mr. Northrop, the report was adopted. It was moved by Alderman Turner, second-ed by Thos. Long, "That the thanks of the shareholders are due, and are hereby tendered too the Governor, Deputy-Governor and Direc-tors for their attaction to the interacts of the tors, for their attention to the interests of the company for the past year. Carried unani-

Moved by J. Y. Reid, seconded by George Boyd, that Messrs. H. L. Hime, Henry Pel-latt, and W. J. Macdonell be appointed scrutineers for taking the ballot for directors to serve for the ensuing year, and that the poll be closed as soon as five minutes shall have elapsed without a vote being taken. Carried.

The vote resulted in the following gentlemen Levs, Hon. Vm. Cayley, Geo. Boyd, J. Y. Reid, C. D. Warren, G. M. Kinghorn, (Mon-treal), Henry Taylor, (London), and Geo. H. Smith, (New York).

The meeting then adjourned.

At a special meeting of the board held im-mediately after, Mr. John Morison was unanimously elected Governor, and Mr. John Leys Deputy-Governor.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.

The annual meeting of the policy-holders in this company was held at its offices in Guelph on Tuesday the 9th February instant, when the following report and statements were submitted :

REPORT.

The directors have much pleasure in presenting this the forty-fifth annual report of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the County of Wellington, for the year ending 31st Dec., 1885, showing as it does the large increase in the amount of business done during the year, over any former year and the satisfactory posi-tion in which the affairs of the company now stand.

During the year there have been thirty fires in which this company was interested. Schedule attached shows our losses for the year to amount to \$14,959.90, These were all prompt-ly paid on satisfactory claim papers being furnished. There is no unsettled claim against the company but one of \$167 not allowed.

256,328 11 Policies issued during the year numbered 15,902 80 1,033, insuring property to the value of \$1,347,

121 542 29

4.072 05

The directors have the honour to submit

They take pleasure to inform the share-

They have also the satisfaction to state that

After paying all losses due and providing for all liabilities, the assets have been increased from 1.041,319.95 to 1.133,666.52; and the net surplus from 106,646.62 to 151,329.99.

SILAS P. WOOD, J. MORISON, 790; there were 769 policies cancelled and expired during the year, covering property to the value of \$1,044,671; also 163 policies issued during the year more than formerly, covering

during the year more than formerly, covering \$303,119 excess insured over any former year. 2,618 policies are now in force, covering pro-perty to the value of \$3,210,043; premium notes are of a face value of \$347,385; and actu-al value, after deducting all assessments, \$310,779.34; amount at credit of company in Canadian Bank of Commerce, \$4,787.55; bills receivable on hand, not matured, \$337.60; cash on hand as per treasurer's report. (since on hand as per treasurer's report, (since deposited), \$586.98; assessments in course of collection, \$7,622.75; total, \$324,114.22; less cost of reinsurance, \$15,806.21. As security to the insured, \$307.308.01, or $$9_{100}^{-5}$ dollars security for every \$100 insured, a security few componing if now, in the province can companies-if any-in the province can show

(Feby. 8th, deposited in bank since 1st Jan. 1886, \$4,143.46, total in bank, \$8,931.01).

The change made in 1884 by which the assessments on all policies since issued are made in advance has proved highly satisfac-tory, and this year will change the whole of the policies. The directors would impress upon the members the need which exists of paying all assessments promptly thereby keep-ing the policies in full force. The financial statement with receipts and

disbursements will be laid before you, also a schedule of the losses for the year with the auditors' report, which they trust wil lmeet your approbation, showing as they do that the Wellington still leads the van, for ample security, cheap insurance, with prompt pay-

They would also submit that a large accumu-lation of old applications, premium notes and receipts long past due and worthless encum-bers the office, and the secretary requires a resolution or authority given by this meeting authorizing him to destroy those papers dated prior to 1880.

Before resigning the trust you reposed in us at the commencement of last year, we submit that it would be a great source of gratification to the directors, and profit also to the members, if a larger attendance of members were to be present at the general meeting and take part in the proceedings.

Your attention also is called to the amend ment to the Mutual Insurance Act, passed by the Legislature at its last session, whereby the number of directors to be elected, shall be such a number as can be divided by three, so that a third can retire each y ar, subject however to re-election.

All which is respectfully submitted.

FREDK. WM. STONE. (Signed), President.

Guelph, 9 Feby., 1886.

CASH STATEMENT SHOWING RECEIPTS AND EXPENDI-TURE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER,

1885.

То	Balance from last year	\$ 1,363	63
	Cash Carpenter's Risk	34	19
**	" Premiums	9,459	19
**	" Agents' balances	345	19
44	" Bills Receivable	136	05
"	" Elora Hotel property	173	60
* *	" Interest account	201	18
* *	" Cancelled policies		
**	" Assessments	15,052	
		\$26,877	55
By	Cash premium rebate	\$ 434	67
	Ba'ance Bank of Commerce	1,662	
**	Losses	16,709	
**	Salaries	2,200	
٠.	Commissions	3,190	
" "	Directors	730	
	President	125	
44	Auditors	24	
4.	Taxes, \$12.75; Government,		
	\$87.70; Stationery, \$110.15:		
	Advertising, \$108.75; Light		
	and Fuel, \$47.40; Office		
	furniture. \$85.90; Law		
	expenses, \$43.41; Fire in-		
	spection, \$176.33; Travel-		
	ling expenses, \$74.07; Rent,		
	\$80.00; Charges, \$81,87;		
	Printing, \$129.05; Postage,		
	\$ 175.86	1,213	24
**	Cash on hand	586	98

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-BALANCE 31ST	I DECEMBER
1885.	
Dr.	
Office furniture	\$ 442 30
Agents' balances	$328 \ 29$
Canadian Bank of Commerce	4,787 55
Bills receivable	337 60
* Assessment	7,622 75
Cash	586-98
	\$14,105 47
Cr.	
D. Guthrie	\$ 9 11
Balance	14,096 36
	\$14,105 47

(9th Feby,, 1886, collected to date and deposited in bank, \$4,143.46, making at this date at credit in bank, \$8,931.01.)

To the President and Directors of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the County of Wellington :

Your Auditors beg leave to report that they have thoroughly examined the books, accounts and vouchers of your secretary-treasurer, to-gether with his annual statement for the year ending the 31st December, 1885, and have found them correct.

The balance in the hands of the secretary treasurer at this date being five hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-eight cents.

The books have been kept with the usual neatness and accuracy.

All which is respectfully submitted.

THOS. W. SAUNDERS, D. ALEXR. MACKENZIE, Auditors. (Sgd.) Guelph, 5th February, 1886.

The financial statement, with schedule of ses, and auditors' report having been read, as hereinafter annexed, it was moved by Mr. James Watt, seconded by Mr. J. M. Bond, That the directors' report with the other papers and auditors' report, be received and accepted and passed, and that they be printed and circulated as in former years.

The By-law regarding the insurance of ani-mals against lightning in the field was sub-mitted. Read a first and second time, and

finally passed. Mr. McMillan moved, seconded by Mr. Goldie, That the number of directors to be elected for the ensuing year in accordance with the Mutual Fire Insurance Amendment Act of 1885 be nine. It was moved in amendment by Mr. Mackie, seconded by Mr. Chadwick, that the number be twelve. The amendment and motion having been put the motion was carried.

Messrs. James Watt and Allan Bowman having been chosen scrutineers for the election of directors, &c., a ballot was taken, and the scrutineers reported the following gentlemen duly elected, viz : Fredk. Wm. Stone, James Goldie, Fredk. J. Chadwick, John Harris, George Hespeler, George Randall, J. R. Wissler, Charles McMillan and Charles Deviders Davidson.

Messrs. Thos. W. Saunders and Alexander Mackenzie were appointed auditors for the ensuing year. On the motion of Mr. J. C. Allan, seconded

19 by Mr. A. J. Ruby, a cordial vote of thanks was passed to the directors for their able and care-ful management of the affairs of the company 05 60 18 for the past year. A vote of thanks was also tendered to the 16

06 agents of the company for their careful selection of risks, and studying the interests of the company, which was duly responded to by Messrs. Rutherford, Ruby and Davidson. The 5567 25 meeting then adjourned. 90

At a meeting of the directors held immedi-ately after the adjournment of the general meeting, the secretary acting as scrutineer, a ballot was taken to determine the rotation in which the directors should retire during the next three years, which resulted as follows, viz: Retire 1st year, James Goldie, F. J. Chadwick and J. R. Wissler; 2nd year, Chas. McMillan, Geo. Randall and Geo. Hespeler; 3rd year, Fredk. Wm. Stone, J. Harris and C. Davideon

Bavidson. Fredk. W. Stone, Esq., was chosen Presi-dent, and George Randall, Esq., Vice-President for the ensuing year.

1,213 24 586 98 jects to having his sermons printed on the same page with advertisements of good old bourbon.—Boston Herald.

MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The tenth annual meeting of the stockoffice in the town of Waterloo, Ont., on the 4th February. Stockholders representing 4th February. Stockholders representing \$90,000 of the subscribed capital were present. The president, I. E. Bowman, occupied the chair, and the manager, Mr. P. H. Sims, acted as secretary. The minutes, of the previous annual meeting were read and approved. The report of the directors was then sub-mitted as under

REPORT.

mitted as under.

To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Fire In-

surance Company : GENTLEMEN,—Your directors in laying be-fore you their annual statement for the year ending the 31st December, 1885 have much pleasure in congratulating you upon the very satisfactory condition of the company's affairs. The amount of business transacted during the year is again considerably in excess of the previous year, showing a gain of \$10,099.52 in the premium income and a gain in assets of \$14,465.57.

During the past year 5,756 policies and re-newals were issued for insurances, amounting to \$5,951,556, on which we received for premi-ums the sum of \$89,131,86.

We also received \$3,169.19 for interest on our investments, which makes our total re-ceipts for the year \$92,301.05. Our expenditures for the year are as fol-

lows:

Paid for losses	41,883	63
Agents' commissions and bonuses	14,517	02
Salaries and directors' fees	4,321	30
Adjusting losses and inspecting risks	1,066	15
Re-insurance & cancelled premiums	10,010	45
Books, stationery, postage, printing		
and advertising	1,761	46
Government charges	233	33
All other charges	817	57

\$74,610 91 This shows a balance of \$17,690.14 in the company's favor, which is disposed of as follows

Dividend No. 10, for 1885\$	2,000	00
Claims under adjustment		
Carried to reserve	13,913	51

\$17,690 14

Our total assets have increased from \$65,-881.39 to \$80,346.96. The total insurance in force on 31st December, 1885, is \$6,906,795, and the re-insurance liability on these risks is \$37,957.38.

The satisfactory position of our company is largely due to the careful and intelligent management of our Secretary, Mr. Sims, and our Inspector, Mr. Lockie, who have devoted themselves so energetically to the development of its business.

The secretary's statements of receipts and disbursements, assets and liabilities, the certified report of your auditors and a list of the stockholders of the company with the amount of stock held by each are herewith submitted for your information.

The e are no calls on any of the shares in default.

By order of the Board,

ISAAC E. BOWMAN, President.

Waterloo, February 4th, 1886. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Receipts.

Dec. 21st 1885

Dec. 31st, 1885.		
Balance per last statement	\$ 47,360	96
Premiums	89,131	86
Interest	3,169	19
	\$139,662	01
Balance	\$62,319	10
Disbursements.		
Dec. 31st, 1885. Losses for 1884 Dividend No. 9 for 1884 Re-insurance and cancelled pre- miums Agents' commissions and bonuses. Salaries and directors' fees Postage, printing and advertising Adjusting losses & inspecting risks Books and stationery Rent and taxes	\$ 732 2,000 41,883 10,010 14.517 4,321 1,384 1,066 376 272	00 63 45 02 30 51 15 95
Kent and taxes		• •

Government charges	233	3
Sundry expenses	544	78
Balance	62,319	1(
2		

	я	-
Assets.		

11000101				
Cash, (in transmission from agents), at head office	23			
Cash acct. Molsons Bank 2,035				
Cash on deposit, Molsons Bank 10,600	00			
First mortgages on Farms 49,955	00			
Debentures	00			
Office furniture and Goad's plans 234	25			
Bills receivable 1,935	83			
Agents' balances 4,626	61			
Interest accrued 1,804	49			
\$84,123	59			
Balance\$60,346	96			
Stock paid up 20,000				
Total assets	96			
Liabilities.				
Capital stock paid up\$20,000	00			
Claims under adjustment 1,776				
Dividend No. 10 for 1885				

Balance				
			\$84,123	59

The amount deposited with the Treasurer of Ontario is \$20,100.00.

P. H. SIMS, Secretary.

Waterloo, 21st January, 1866.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Insurance Company :

GENTLEMEN,--We have the honor to state that we have made a careful examination of your Secretary's books of Account comparing every original application with the corresponding premium entry in the Application Register verifying all additions and the posting of the same and comparing all items of ex-penditure with the vouchers therefor, and we have likewise examined the securities held and have computed their values with the interest thereon accrued.

It affords us sincere pleasure to be able to submitted are correct. We desire to express our thanks to your secretary and his assistants for their courtesy during the progress of our audit, and we must compliment them on the clearness and accuracy with which the books

are kept. We would also congratulate the stockholders upon the success of the year's business and upon the excellent position attained by the Mercantile both in respect to the magnitude of its operations and the soundness of its financial standing.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

ISRAEL D. BOWMAN, Auditors.

THOMAS HILLIARD,

Waterloo, 21st January, 1886.

The President. in moving the adoption of the reports, remarked the steady progress of the Mercantile is certainly very satisfactory and is largely to be attributed to its careful and economical management and the rule of making haste slowly. In glancing at the number of companies that were started about the same time as the Mercantile, but which have since failed, the rock on which they seemed to split was the desire to do too much business, to be large companies all at once. The management of the Mercantile has always been satisfied with moderate progress and the result shews the wisdom of that course. This result snews the wisdom of that course. This company is to-day recognized by the managers of other companies and the insuring public as not only financially strong, but also honorable in all its transactions. Our business is now spread over one hundred agencies, and we limit our lines in any one locality in view of the conflagration hazard, so that every precaution is adopted for the security of stock-holders as well as insurers.

representing \$180,000 of uncalled for capital, 3 almost every one of whom is quite able to pay up the full amount of stock if called for by the 8 Ō board. \$139.662-01

Mr. Simon Snyder seconded the adoption of the reports, which was carried unanimously.

It was moved by D. S. Bowlby, M. D., sec-onded by Mr. Thomas Hilliard, and carried, that the resolution passed by the stockholders of the company at the annual meeting on the 26th January, 1882, that the board consist of eight directors, be and is hereby rescinded, and that hereafter the board shall consist of seven directors.

On motion, Messrs. Thomas Hilliard, and Charles Hendry were appointed scrutineers in the ballot for directors for the current year, and reported that Messrs. I. E. Bowman, E. W. B. Snider, Cyrus Bowers, John Shuh, Robert Melvin, D. S. Bowlby, M. D. and J. Hughes, as duly elected as the Board of Directors for the ensuing year. Messrs. Thomas Hilliard and I. D. Bowman,

were re-appointed auditors for the current vear

It was then moved by Mr. George Moore, seconded by Mr. F. G. Allenby, and carried, That a vote of thanks be tendered to the directors, officers and agents of the company for their valuable services in the interests of the company during the past year. Both the mover and the seconder in speaking to this motion referred in flattering terms to the company's progress and present position, which was no doubt largely to be attributed to the zeal, energy and ability of the management.

The board of directors met at the close of the annual meeting and re-elected I. E. Bow-man, Esq., President, and John Shuh, Esq., Vice-President.

P. H. SIMS, I. E. BOWMAN Secretary. President.

ONTARIO MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of this company was held at its head office in London, Ont., on Januar 27 last, when the following report was adopted :

REPORT

To the members of the Ontario Mutual Fire Insurance Company

GENTLEMEN.-We herewith submit the eighteenth annual report of the operations of the company for the year ending December 31st, 1885, together with auditors' report and detailed statement of receipts and expenditure, assets and liabilities attached.

In the year just closed there have been issued 1,290 policies, 880 being on the cash system and 410 on the undertaking or premium note plan. The property insured under the first mentioned system was \$507,795, and by the latter plan \$345,731, an aggregate of \$853,-526 526

The number of policies in force on the 31st December 1885, was 4,185, insuring property to the amount of \$2,631,402, or an average of \$629

per policy. Your board regret to inform the members that the losses during the year have been heavier than for some years past, the amount paid being \$6,394.96, as against \$5,991.52 in 1884, an increase of \$403.44. Eight losses were reported before the close of the year, covering claims of \$1,427.30, a portion of which has been paid since.

In the last report your board remarked as follows: "During the year many applications were rejected, some being considered too hazardous for the company to carry, and others on acccount of insufficient rates. Many policies were also cancelled owing to change in location of the buildings or being converted from their former use." The same may be said of the year 1885, with this addition : that our agents find many stock companies accepting risks at less rates than allowed by your board. It is well understood that the stock companies have the conflagration hazard, so that every pre-caution is adopted for the security of stock-holders as well as insurers. The losses of the past year were below the average, being 49 per cent. of the net income, and after paying the dividend of 10 per cent. on the paid up capital for the past year there is on hand over and above, the paid up stock an amount at least 100 per cent. greater than required to re-insure all our risks. In addition to this large amount of cash assets there is a still further substantial security in the strong list of stockholders whose names are appended

company be empowered to accept certain classes of commercial risks, at rates hereafter

classes of commercial risks, at rates hereafter to be fixed by your board. Your board desire to express their deep regret at the continual illness, for many months past, of the inspector of the company, Mr. George Taylor, and trust that with the ap-proach of warmer weather he may be restored to the full enjoyment of health and strength.

While condoling with the late inspector your board take this opportunity of expressing their unqualified confidence in the secretary and agents of the compary and hope that their services in years to come may be as energetic in advancing the interests of the company, and as satisfactory to the members as they have been to your directors. Your board desire to call the attention of the

members to the act passed at the last session of the Ontario Legislature, amending the act respecting mutual fire insurance companies, in so far as it relates to the election of directors. The clauses respecting companies such as the Ontario Mutual, are:

SEC. 1. That the board of directors shall be 6, 9, 12 or 15, in number, and determined by resolution at next annual meeting. SEC. 3. Provides for the retirement annually

in rotation of one-third of the directors, which shall be determined by lot at first meeting of the new directors, which shall hold office one, two or three years respectively. SEC. 4. At each annual meeting, one-third of

the directors shall be elected for a period of three years, retiring members eligible for reelection.

SEC. 5. Provides for the filling vacancies in the board of directors. SEC. 6. Provides that no applicant can vote

or take part in proceedings until his application is accepted by the board.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, ONTARIO MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Assets

Assets.		
Amount available on Premium notes and assessments in course		
of collection	\$11,725	94
Office furniture valued at	255	00
Amount due by agents secured by agents' bonds and members' due	2.70	00
bills	2,645	52
City of London debentures de-	,	
posited with Government	2,016	26
Cash in Banks and on hand	311	05
Total assets	\$16,953	77
Liabilities, including losses before mentioned	\$ 2,960	00
Excess of Assets over Liabilities	\$13,993	77
Examined and found correct accord	rding to	the
books of the company.	ang w	

A. G. SMYTH,) Auditors. J. S. DEWAR,)

London, Ont., 25th Jan., 1885.

MONTREAL INVESTMENT AND BUILDING CO. The annual meeting of this company was held on the 11th inst., in Montreal, the president, Mr. Wm. Reid, in the chair. The eighteenth annual report showed that liabilities to shareholders had been reduced from \$217,385 to \$147,126. The mortgage liabilities of the company are now extinguished. The total reduction of liabilities was \$79,578, and the company was now free from debt except to its shareholders. Houses and vacant lots had been sold since last meeting, to the amount of \$38,562. To dispose of the remainder it would be necessary to reduce the price of them still further. The reduction would occasion a loss of about \$24,000. The report, and statements of about \$22,000. Ine report, and statements were adopted. Directors were chosen as under: Messrs. D. Cnnningham, R. Bolton, Hon. A. W. Ogilvie, William McDonald, John Ostell, R. W. Shepherd, and Wm. Reid, the last named gentleman being re-elected president.

washing linen, amounting to about 15 per cent. saved, leaving the actual loss \$48,293. The current expenses for the year were reduced by \$53,234.09. Changes adopted in the fire boxes of the boilers, in oilfing the engines, etc., had largely contributed to the reduction of running expenses, and, as soon as the new steamer "Hochelaga" shall have been completed, the value of the properties of the company will have increased \$117,300. On the hull of the steamer "Bohemian" about \$20,-000 remains to be expended. Notwithstanding all the difficulties encountered, the usual dividend had been paid and all current expenses met.

THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, BOSTON.

Among the names that preeminently command the respect and confidence of the underwriting community and the insuring public, and that have become synonymous with fair dealing and good government, that of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company stands resplendently conspicuous. "The old Hartford Fire," as it is almost affectionately termed, now entering on the last 25 years of a century of honorable business, is indeed a company with a history. In its archives is to be found the earliest record of the fire insurance business in New England, and the notable conflagrations of this century have in its case only proved to be ordeals, which it has met so staunchly and successfully, that each succeeding test has simply put into clearer evidence the pure gold of its strength and integrity, and added another bay to the chaplet that crowns the corporate brow. To-day it stands, and for many years past it has stood, indisputably accredited with all the qualities and components that constitute a dispenser of indemnity against loss by fire of the first rank, and each and every one of its annual statements shows it to be steadily marching onward and upward.

Its total assets Jan. 1 amounted to \$4,745,. 341, an increase of \$253,511 during 1885; and this, in spite of the frequent and often extensive calls on its treasury during that period. After setting aside a reinsurance fund of \$1,-733,863, and \$318,118 to meet outstanding claims, we still find it to possess, over and above all these liabilities and its capital of \$1,250,000, a net surplus of \$1,443,359; that is, the net surplus exceeds the capital by \$193,-359, while the policy-holders' surplus looms up grandly in the shape of the sum of \$2,693,359. Surely a magnificent showing, and one that may well challenge comparison ! Now as to progress made in these items; the surplus has gained \$213,957 within one year, and the reserve for reinsurance \$14,156. The premium income of the Hartford Fire for the past year was \$2,308,667, the total income \$2,510,536. An inspection of its schedule of assets, which in the gross have attained a market value far exceeding their cost, will convince the most critical examiner that the financial management of this company is marked by the highest sagacity and conservative good judg-

As the pioneer, and according to some the originator, of the agency system of doing a fire insurance business, the Hartford may lay claim to a peculiar and distinct place in the annals of the American insurance world; and faithful to the traditions of its early projectors it has representatives in every place of moderate size in the United States, and a *iortiori* in all the cities and great commercial centres of this country. How successfully it has worked this system the figures above quoted will attest, not less than the generally satisfactory state of its business, and the consequent goodly figures at which its stock is held. When all this has been said, praise of its officers, field force, and local agents may truly be denominated a work of supercogation. When the New Hampshire Legislature by its action of last summer justified the worst fears of the friends of the insurance interest, no company took a more manly stand than the Hartford Fire; and the utterances of its President, Mr. George L. Chase, at the time will be treasured as a vigorous yet regretful exposition of the true insurance doctrine, which necessitated withdrawal from a State in which the company had transacted business honorably for a period of fifty years. "By their works shall they be known."—Boston Standard.

CANADA'S CRUDE CONSUMPTION.

According to the Petrolea Topic the total shipments of crude and refined oil reduced to crude equivalent, from that place during the year 1885, which are given below, show a marked increase over preceding years. It is probable, however, that these figures would have been very much larger but for the complications which have been the bane of the trade this season, and which threaten to prolong their ill effects. By the wavering, unsettled policy which has been pursued, the import of American oil has increased in even a greater ratio than the Canadian. A comparative statement of the shipments for the last three years shows :

1883 1884 1885 544,330 bbls. 594,360 bbls. 619,991 bbls. The total quantity of refined oil, etc., entered for consumption in the Dominton of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia) for the eleven months of 1885, is considerably greater than for previous years, as will be seen by the following figures. For 1883 and 1884 the full year is given, but for 1885 the import for December has not yet been received. The figures given are imperial gallons. '

1883 1884 1885 3,349,245 3,783,025 3,687,096 By adding the average as the import for December, and it will be this at the least, it will be seen that the increase is very considerable, and greater in ratio than the increase in the consumption of the Canadian article.

-Amongst the good resolutions which business men, as well as others, are tempted to make at this season of the year it might be well to include one which would embody the following truism from the American Cultivator : The successful man is generally he who sticks to the business he knows, and yet who is bright enough to take advantage of every new plan for making it more productive, more economically managed and more remunerative. The manufacturer of the nineteenth century cannot remain stationary if he would achieve success; neither will he find it profitable to change his business by reason of any slight discouragement, period of dulness and depression, or temporarily excessive competition. He who has the most thorough knowledge of his business is best equipped to wrestle with his competitors.

-According to the Chignecto Post, the contract for the Chignecto Marine railway, a large dock at Amherst, and a harbor at Tignish, to be provided with moles and breakwaters, together with a deepened channel, has been definitely settled with Messrs. James Perry, Watson, Cutbill, Son and de Lungo, contractors, of London, also that Messrs. Sir William G. Armstrong, Mitchell & Co. are negotiating for the erection of the hydraulic lifts, ships' cradles, and all mechanical appliances. The idea is that the contractors will operate and maintain the ship railway for twelve months after the opening of the line, subject to the approval of the Government of Canada. The lifts will be made of sufficient capacity to take up, transport and deposit the largest paddle wheeler or screw propeller that plies in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and for large freighters from the West,

-Every important interest in the United States, says the Milling World, has its journalistic organ, and it is natural and appropriate that the pork interest should be represented in class journalism by a new Chicago publication euphoniously styled "The Hog." We have not seen a copy of "The Hog." but feel quite safe in saying, from our knowledge of Chicago things in general, that it will be a bristling paper, whose pages will present statistics interlarded with humor enough to suit everybody, that it will meet success in conseque ce of its corner for tender lines and spicy tales, and that its editors will furnish hogsheads of information hamfatically indispensable to the hog-butchering fraternity.

-The right of a widow in her husband's estate takes on new and important features from a recent decision of the full bench of the Massachusetts Supreme Court at Boston. A man died and willed his wife, among other things, \$2,000 in money, leaving his farm to an only son by his first wife. His personal property, however, failed to liquidate his debts, and his widow's \$2,000 could not be paid unless the farm was sold to do it. The son resisted this, but the court orders the executor to sell the land and pay the legacy in full to the widow, with interest on it from the date of her husband's death.-Springfield Republican.

Commercial.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

MONTREAL, Feb. 17, 1886.

Since last writing this section of country has suffered from a heavy thaw and rains, which have had a bad effect on business generally, and we cannot report any increase of activity in trade matters, though some lines continue to show a very fair movement, groceries more particularly. In many parts of the country the roads were again bare of snow at the end of last week, fortunately some has fallen since, but a good deal more is needed to render active the movement of produce, lumber, etc. The effect of the thaw in noticeable in remittances, which, in dry goods and some other lines, are not so good. The stock market rules rather dull with a slight tendency to lower prices. Montreal sold last at 208; Merchants' 1191; Molsons 125; Toronto 1931; Canada Pacific 64; Canada Cotton 84, and Dundas Cotton 74. Money rates unaltered.

ASHES.—Receipts while still light are slightly ahead of last month, and are about 130 brls. to date. No. 1 pots still quote at \$3,40; of seconds not more than ten brls. have come to hand since January, and \$3.00 was last figure realized. Pearls very dull, deliveries since close of navigation would not exceed 12 brls., price nominally \$6.00.

CEMENTS, FIRECLAY, &C.—Some enquiry is looked for in these lines shortly, but prices for spring deliveries are somewhat uncertain, in view of possible tariff changes. In meantime we quote:—Portland Cement, \$3.25 in small lots; Roman, \$2.75; Canadian, \$1.75; Fireclay, \$2 per bag; firebrick, \$3.25 per hundred; large lots at shaded figures.

DRY GOODS.—Travelling salesmen are now returning, and a little idea can be formed of the volume of business resulting from their fall trip. The general consensus of opinion is to the effect that this spring business is far ahead of what was done last fall, and is as nearly as can be estimated equal to that of last spring if not a little better. Some houses complain that prices have been very nuch cut, but on the whole there seems to be little disposition to grumble with the general results of the spring trip as developed thus far, though, as already remarked, the tendency has been to buy closely all around. The weather has not been favorable to city retail trade. Remittances have fallen off a point or two, undoubtedly due to the heavy thaw and rain of last week, which bared the roads generally in this section, and made travel off the line of rail very difficult.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Business is opening up well in these lines, and travellers' orders are spoken of as being satisfactory. In staple lines there is little change as regards prices. Quinine is dull, as also are opium and morphia. Chlorate of potash slightly cheaper; gum arabic still high and likely to continue so. It is reported that there is a likelihood of a further advance in the iodides. There is a marked advance in essential oils, due to frost damage in the South generally, Europe as well as America; lemon, orange and bergamot have advanced 40 to 50c. a pound, and other lines are also dearer. Tartaric and citric acids are advanced, other lines as before. We quote: Sal Soda, \$1.00 to \$1.10 per 100 lbs., Bi-Carb Soda, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Soda Ash, \$1.65 to \$1.75. Bichromate of Potash, per 100 lbs., \$8.00 to \$9.00; Borax, refined, 10 to 12c.; Cream Tartar crystals, 33 to 35c.; do., ground, 37 to 38c.; Tartaric Acid crystals, 55 to 58c.; do., powder, 60 to 65c.; Citric Acid, 75 to 80c.; Caustic Soda, white, \$2.40 to \$2.60; Sugar of Lead, 9 to 11c.; Bleaching Powder \$2.25 to \$2.75 according tols; Alum \$1.60 to \$1.75; Copperas, per 100 lbs., \$1.25 to \$1.40; Saltpetre, \$9.00 to \$9.50; German Quinine, 85 to 90c.; American do., 90 to 0.00; Bi Advard's quinine, 95c. to 1.00; opium, \$4.00 to \$4.50; Morphia,\$1.75 to \$1.00; Gum Arabic sorts, 50 to 60c.; White, 75 to \$1.00; opium, \$4.00 to \$4.50; Morphia,\$1.75 to \$1.00; opium, \$4.00 to \$4.50; Morphia,\$1.75 to \$1.00; carbolic acid, 40 to 50c.: Iodide Potassium, \$3.75 to \$4.25 per lb.; Iodine, \$5.00 to \$5.50; Iodoform, \$7.50 to \$8.00.

FISH .-- There has been a considerable movement of pickled salmon to Boston, and prices of this article have therefore stiffened. Some large lots of green cod have been sold at \$3.50. We revise prices as follows:--Labradors \$3.00 to We revise prices as follows:--Labradors \$3.00 to \$3.25; Cape Breton, none in market. Dry Cod \$2.75 to \$3.25; Green do. \$3.50 to \$4; large do. \$4 to \$4.25; North Shore Salmon \$12 for No. 1; \$11.00 for No. 2; British Colum-bia \$9.00 to \$9.50; Luke trout, \$3.75; bone-less cod, 5 to 64c. per lb. FURS.--Receipts of raw furs still continue light, and there is nothing new to report. We think the following extract from a circular re-lative to the late London sales will be of interest. "The year 1885 will probably be long remembered in the trade as one of very depre-ciated values--many articles were hardly ever

ciated values—many articles were hardly ever lower in price, and in some cases the figures realized almost nominal. Thus the turn-over realized almost noninal. Thus the turn-over was smaller and the results to nearly every one engaged in the business less satisfactory. As a compensation it may be noted that the low value encouraged consumption and stocks have generally been depleted. We therefore look forward for some revival of trade this year and the results of the sales so far show very clearly this tendency. The attendance at these sales was quite large from all the Euro-pean centres and strong desire to secure fresh stock was shown; we have consequently to report general advances in value. We quote for prime skins:--Beaver, per lb., \$2.50 to \$3.00; Bear, per skin, \$10 to \$12; Bear, cub, per skin, \$5 to \$6; Fisher, per skin, \$4 to \$5; Red fox, per skin, \$1; Fox, cross, per skin, \$2.50; Lynx, per skin, \$2.50; Marten, per skin, \$1; Mink, per skin, \$5 to 75c.; Musk-rat, large winter, 12c.; Otter, per skin, \$8 to \$10; Raccoon, per skin 50 to 60c.; Skunk, per skin, black, \$1, half black, 75c., full stripe, 40c., white, 20c. was smaller and the results to nearly every one

skin, black, \$1, half black, 75C., 1011 SUTPE, 40c., white, 20c. GROCERIES.—There is a steady demand from the country for teas and most staples, and re-mittances are satisfactory. Prices of teas are pretty much as before, though the arrival of one shipment of 7,400 packages of Japan, has tended to moderate the tone of the market for low wriged teas. Sugars are a little easier and low priced teas. Sugars are a little easier and not so active, granulated being 61 to 63 at refinery, bright yellows are relatively better value than darker samples in which the lowest price is still 54c. Molasses 32c. firm for Barbadoes, reports from the island state the market has opened at 17c., which means about 36c. laid down here. Very bright syrups are in active demand at 3½ to 3½c., and large sales of B are reported at a shade below 2c. Fruits stiff as before; currants 6½ to 6½c.; Valencia raisins 9¼ to 9½c. in a jobbing way. The Brantford Starch Company has reduced the price of starch one cent a pound, and it is thought likely the Edwardsburgh people will follow suit. Myrtle Navy tobacco is again reduced 2c. a pound; the failure of the Adams Tobacco has not created any change of prices in other is still 5kc. Molasses 32c. firm for Barbadoes, 2c. a pound; the failure of the Adams Fooacco has not created any change of prices in other lines as yet. Pepper, which fell off a little, is again firm. Canned goods dull. Nuts un-changed and in full supply, except Sicily filberts, which are scarce.

LEATHER AND SHOES .- Matters in the shoe line seem to be dragging to some extent, and leather men complain that orders are not nearly so numerous or large as they would like to see them. As a consequence some lines show an accumulation, splits, pebble and buff more particularly, and waxed upper in a lesser more particularly, and waxed upper in a lesser degree, and there is an apparent disposition to shade quotations for fair lots. Hides are easier. We still qoute :--Spanish sole B. A. No. 1, 25 to 27c.; ditto, No. 2 B. A. 21 to 24c.; No. 1, Ordinary Spanish, 24 to 25c.; No. 2, ditto, 22 to 23c.; No. 1 China, 23 to 24c.; No. 2, 21½ to 23c.; ditto, Buffalo Sole, No. 1, 21 to 23c.; ditto, No. 2, 19½ to 21c.; Hemlock Slaughter, No. 1, 26 to 27c.; oak sole, 45 to 50c.; Waxed Up-per, light and medium, 33 to 39c.; ditto, heavy, 32 to 36c.; Grained, 34 to 37c.; Scotch grained, 36 to 42c.; Splits, large, 22 to 28c.; ditto, small, 16 to 24c.; Calf-splits, 28 to 32c.; Calfskins, (35 to 46 lbs), 70 to 80c.; Imitation French Calf-skins, 80 to 85c.; Russet Sheepskin Linings, a to 165.7, 10 to 65 c.; Russet Sheepskin Linings, 30 to 40c.; Harness, 24 to 33c.; Buffed Cow, 13 to 16½c.; Pebbled Cow, 12 to 15½c.; Rough, 23 to 28c.; Russet and Bridle, 45 to 55c.
METALS AND HARDWARE.—There is not much

more doing than a week ago, and little if any change in the general situation. Warrants which had risen to 39/7d. have again receded to a lower point than before, last figures being 39/; nothing new as regards makers' prices, the time of year. An active movement is to

and there is comparatively little enquiry as re-gards future deliveries. Tin and copper are reported slightly higher at home, lead un-changed. Local prices are not at all altered. Hardware travellers are sending in only moder-ate orders. We quote :-Summerlee and Gart-sherrie \$18.50 to \$19.00; Langloan, and Colt-page \$18.50 to \$19.00; Langloan, and Coltness, \$18.50 to \$19.00; Shotts, \$18.00 to \$18.50; Eglinton and Dalmellington, \$16.50 to 17; Calder, \$17.50 to \$18.00; Carnbroe, \$17.50 to Lightion and Daimellington, \$16.50 to 17; Calder, \$17.50 to \$18.00; Carnbroe, \$17.50 to \$18; Hematite, \$18 to \$20; Siemens, No. 1; \$18 to \$18.50; Bar Iron, \$1.60 to \$1.65; Best Refined, \$1.90; Siemens bar, \$2.10: Canada Plates, Blaina \$2.30 to \$2.40; Penn &c. \$2.45 to \$2.50. Tin Plates, Bradley Char-coal, \$5.75 to \$6.00; Charcoal I.C., \$4.35 to \$4.75; do I.X., \$6 to \$6.25; Coke I.C., \$3.75 to \$4; Galvanized sheets, No. 28, 5½ to 7c, ac-cording to brand: Tinned Sheets, coke, No. 24, 6½c: No. 26, 7c, the usual extra for large sizes. Hoops and Bands, per 100 lbs., \$1.90 to \$2; Boiler Plate, per \$100 lbs. Stafford-shire, \$2.25 to \$2.50; Common Sheet iron, \$2.00 to \$2.10; Steel Boiler Plate, \$2.50 to \$2.75; heads, \$4; Russian Sheet Iron, 10 to 11c. Lead, per 100 lbs.:--Pig, \$3.50 to \$4: Sheet, \$4.25 to \$4.50; Shot, \$6 to \$6.50; best cast steel, 10 to 13c, firm; Spring, \$2.75 to \$3.00; Tire \$2.50 to \$2.75;. Sleigh shoe, \$2 to \$2.25; Round Machinery Steel.3; to 3½c. per lb; Ingot tin, 23 Machinery Steel,34 to 34c. per lb.; Ingot tin, 23 to 25c; Bar Tin, 27c; Ingot Copper, 124 to 14c; Sheet Zinc, \$4.50 to \$5.00; Spelter, \$4 to \$4.50; Bright Iron Wire, Nos. 0 to 6, \$2.75 per 100 lbs

bis OILS AND PAINTS.—Another slight advance has taken place in Britain in linseed oil, local prices are 58 to 58c. for raw, 61 to 62c. for boiled; olive as before; castor firmer at 8[‡] to 9[‡]c.; steam refined seal steady at 52[‡] to 55c.; cod oil in light supply, Newfoundland being held at 56 to 57[‡]c.; Gaspe 53 to 55c.; turpen-tine very firm at former quotation, and the supply limited. Leads and colors unchanged. We quote:—Leads (genuine and first-class brands only) \$6 to \$6.25; No. 1, \$5.50; No. 2, \$5.00; No. 3, \$4.50 to \$4.75. Dry white lead, 5[‡]c.; red, do. 4[‡] to 4[‡]c. These prices for round lots, London washed whiting, 50 to 60c.; Paris white, \$1.25; Cookson's Venetian for it bink it biss, it biss,

SALT.—There is only the regular job-bing enquiry, and prices are unaltered. We bing enquiry, and prices are unaltered. We quote:-Factory.filled, per bag, \$1.15 to \$1.20; elevens 52½ to 5±c.; twelves,50 to 52½c.; Higgins' Eureka, per sack, \$2.40; half sacks, \$1.20; quarters, 60c.; Ashton's sacks, \$2.40; half sack, \$1.20; quarters, 50c.; Turk's Island, 30c. per bushel. Rock salt 50c. per cwt., special rates for top lots rates for ton lots.

Wool.—There is still a very fair business doing, and no superabundance of stock in any doing, and no superabundance of stock in any line. At the moment there is no B super in the market, and a cargo of foreign which arrived last week at Boston was all shipped direct to various mills. We quote: Cape, 14 to 16½c.; Natal, 17 to 20c; Australian, 22 to 30c. Domestic, A super, 27 to 28c.; B super, 22 to 24c.; unassorted, 21 to 22c.; fleece, 14 to 21c. black 21 to 22c 19 to 21c.; black 21 to 22c.

TORONTO MARKETS.

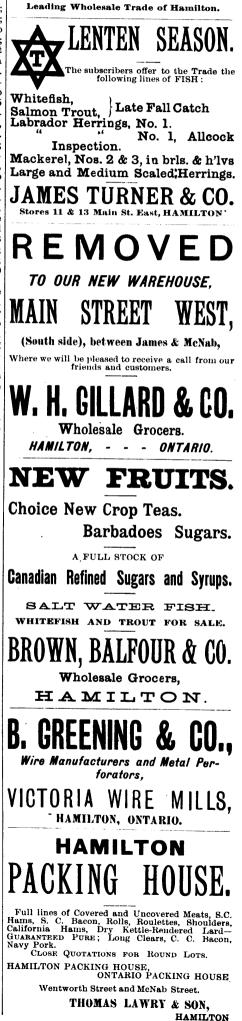
TORONTO, Feb. 18th, 1886.

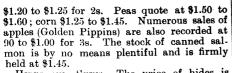
FLOUR AND MEAL.—An exceedingly languid tone still pervades this market. There is little tone still pervades this market. There is little or nothing selling and prices remain as pre-viously quoted. Only small quantities of oat-meal are changing hands. The mills are ask-ing \$12 for bran, but nothing higher than \$11.50, is, we are told, being paid. GRAIN-WHEAT.—This market, like that of flour, shows little sign of activity and prices for fall and spring are unchanged from a week ago. The demand is principally from local mills, there being no export enquiry, A firmer

ago. The demand is principally from local mills, there being no export enquiry, A firmer feeling exists in the higher grades of barley. No. 2 is quoted at 81 to 82c., No. 3 extra, 70 to 72c. and No. 3, 54 to 55c. Low grades are not wanted. Peas are steady at 59 to 60c. There is only a local demand for oats at 33 to 34c. GROCENIES.—A brisk movement is reported in teas of all grades. with low grade greens and blacks—especially the latter—rather scarce. Sugars are very dull, but former quotations

Sugars are very dull, but former quotations still rule for a car load or less; larger orders might be filled at a somewhat better figure.

be noted in canned goods, particularly tomatoes, which are scarce and mostly in the hands of one city house, which has been supplying some Hamilton as well as Toronto firms. Tomatoes are held at \$1.50 to \$1.60 for 3s. and





HIDES AND SKINS.—The price of hides is steady at recent decline. A car lot is reported sold at 9 and 9 $\frac{1}{3}$ c. for cows'; 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ is the ruling price for steers'. The supply is plentiful. Calfskins are still nominal but the season will soon open when last year's prices are expected to rule. The supply of sheepskins has fallen off somewhat. Prices are steady at \$1.20 for

best fresh, country lots are worth \$1. HARDWARE.—No special features are apparent in this market at the moment. Prices throughout the listare as previously quoted and former figures for Pig lead and Ingot tin are firmly maintained. Freights on through bills of lading from Liverpool to points outside of Toronto, Hamilton and London have materially advanced. This action on the part of the steam-ship companies was, it is said, rather sudden and unexpected, and is due doubtless to the losses sustained last year from quoting rates which the railways were not disposed to accept. As a result the orders for heavy goods so far booked, will, it is said, be executed at a loss as they were based on old rates. PETROLEUM.—Our figures of a week ago con-

PETROLEUM.—Our figures of a week ago con-tinue to represent the market here. For single barrels of Canadian $18\frac{1}{2}$ c. per gallon would have to be paid, while $\frac{1}{2}$ c. less would be taken for 5 to 10 barrel lots. Carbon safety sells at 20c. and prime white American and water ditto command 24c. and 27c. respect-ively. Except is worth 30c per gallon.

water ditto command 24c. and 27c. respect-ively. Eocene is worth 30c. per gallon. PROVISIONS.—Trade is not any brisker. There is a continued firm feeling in hog pro-ducts although no large sales have been made. Long clear is changing hands in a jobbing way at 74 to 74c. Carloads are held firm at 7c. Hams are unchanged at 11 to 114c. For 50-pound pails of lard the figure is 9c. and 20's command 94c. The receipts of dressed hogs are very small and the market is firm at 86. There is some movement in low-grade butter. There is some movement in low-grade butter, sales have been made at 6 to 8c. as to quality. Choice is in good demand at 15 to 16c. Eggs Choice is in good demand at 15 to 16c. Eggs are easy at 16c. for pickled, and 19 to 20c. for new-laid. No transactions in dried or evapo-

new-laid. No transactions in dried or evapo-rated apples. WooL.—Very little fleece is moving, the stock being reduced to narrow limits. All grades of pulled have been in active demand from the mills, the aggregate of sales being large and prices firm. We quote fleece ordi-nary combing 19 to 20c.; ditto Southdown 22 to 23c. Pulled combing 18 to 19c.; ditto super 22 to 24c. Extra 25 to 27c. Tallow remains dull and unchanged. dull and unchanged.

WOODENWARE .--- The feature of this trade is WOODENWARE.—The feature of this trade is the advance, present and prospective, in brooms, which we have noted for a fortnight past. We quote below prices for other articles in this line :—Wooden pails, per dozen, 2 hoops \$1.90; do. 2 hoops, cedar, \$5.75; 3 hoops, \$2.10; 3 hoops, cedar, \$7.50. Tubs, No. 3, per dozen, \$7.00; do. 2, \$8.00; do. 1, \$9.00; do. 0, \$10.00. Zinc wash boards, per dozen, X, \$1.35; do. XX, \$1.50; do. Waverly, \$1.60; do. Planet, \$1.70. Matches, Telegraph, per case, \$3.25; do. Telephone, \$2.75; do. Parlor, \$1.75. Prices of brooms as under, sub-ject to change without notice : Carpet Brooms, 3 strings, \$3.60; X Parlor do., 2 do., \$3.30;

railor, φ_{110} , φ their time to better advantage than counting and parcelling loose pins. They also make very attractive shelf goods and there seems to be no reason why this style of clothes' pins in packages should not entirely supercede the old style put up loose in cases. From the name of the manufacturers one may fairly expect satis-factory quality in the goods. H. A. Nelson & Sons, of this city, have se-cured the right for Canada to make and use the patent broom rack, which has become a favorite article among storekeepers in the United States. Each rack contains five dozen

brooms and they are put up in four sorts. The makers think that a sample order will convince dealers of the advantage in buying brooms packed in this shape.



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THE MONETARY TIMES



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Name of Article.	Wholesal Rates.	e Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.
Breadstuffs,		Groceries.—Con.	Ivaues,	
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No. 2 No. 1 light	0 20 0 29	Otard Dupuy & Co" J. Robin & Co." Pinet Castillon & Co.10	0 50 11 50 0 00 10 25	" Water " Eocene
"No.2" ina Sole uness, heavy "light	0 23 0 25 0 23 0 25 0 30 0 32	A. Martignon & Co 9 GIN: De Kuypers & gl	50 16 00	Oils,
" light pper, No. 1 heavy " light & med.		" Green asses	75 5 00	Cod Oil, Imp. gal Straits Oil ""…"
p Skins, French "English	0 90 1 00	" Red " Booth's Old Tom Rum: Jamaica, 16 o.p.	50 6 75	Palm, # 1b Lard,ext.No1 Morse's Ordinary No.1 "
" Domestic " Veals	0 55 0 60	Demerara, " 3 WINES :	00 3 25	Linseed, raw Linseed, boiled Olive, P Imp. gal
mil'k Calf (25 to 30) to 44 lbs ench Calf	0 55 0 60 1	Port, common 1 "fine old	50 4 00	Olive, P Imp. gal · Seal, straw pale S.R
its, large, P lb	025 028	Sherry, medium 2 "old	25 2 75 00 4 50	Spirits Turpentine
amelled Cow, 伊 ft tent	0 17 0 19 0 17 0 20	B. & E. Perrier- 1st quality, qts 0	00 22 00	Paints, &c.
bble Grain ff ssets, light, 伊 lb	0 13 0 15	2nd , qts ,	00 15 00	White Lead, genuine in Oil
mbier	0 06 1 0 07		.00 700 []	White Lead, No. 1 "No. 2 dry
gras	0 05 0 06	Alcohol, 65 o.p. ¥ I.gl	and Paid	Red Lead Venetian Red, Eng
ides & Skins.	Per lb.	" <u>50</u> " " 0	00 3 28 90 2 98 48 1 52	Yellow Ochre, Fr'nch Vermillion, Eng Varnish, No. 1 furn
ers, 60 to 90 lbs ws. green	0 08 0 00 0 08 0 00 0 08 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	F'mily Prf Whisky 0 Old Bourbon ""	53 1 64	Warnish, No. I furn Bro. Japan Whiting
fskins, green " cured	$0\ 10\ 0\ 12$ $0\ 121\ 0\ 141$	" Rye and Malt 0 D'm'sticWhisky32u.p 0 Rye Whisky, 7 yrs old 1	50 1 54 45 1 40	
red and Inspected Ifskins, green "cured eepskins Ilow, rough Ilow, rendered	$\begin{array}{c}1 \ 00 \ 1 \ 20 \\0 \ 02\frac{1}{2} \ 0 \ 00 \\0 \ 02\frac{1}{2} \ 0 \ 00 \\0 \ 02\frac{1}{2} \ 0 \ 00 \\0 \ 001$	Hardware.	05 2 16	Drugs. Aloes, Cape
Wool.	0 05 0 054		c. \$ c. 26 0 27	Alum Blue Vitriol
	0 19 0 20	TN: Bars # lb. 0 Ingot0 0 COPPER: Ingot 0 Sheet. 0 LEAD: Bar0 0 Pig0 0 Sheet. 0 Zinc: Sheet. 0 Zinc: Sheet. 0 Solder, hf. & hf. 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Borax
ecce, comb'g ord 'Southdown lled combing 'super	0 22 0 23 0 18 0 19 0 22 0 24	LEAD: Bar	04 0 041 037 0 04	Camphor Castor Oil Caustic Soda
tra	0 25 0 27	Sheet	041 0 051 05 0 051	Cream Tartor
Groceries.		ZINC: Sheet 0 Solder, hf. & hf. 0 BRASS: Sheet 0	044 18 0 19 20 0 20	Epsom Salts Exter Logwood, bulk "boxes
EES: v. Java 🌳 lb	022 027	Summerlee	00 19 50	Gentian Hellebore Indigo, Madras
naica cha	0 15 0 22	Nova Scotia No. 100	00 18 00	Madder Morphia Sul
lon plantation Herring, scaled	0 22 0 27 0 17 0 19	Bar ordinawy	50 0 00	Opium Oxalic Acid
dines, Fr. Ors	3 75 4 00 0 11 0 12	Swedes, 1 in. or over 0 Hoops, coopers	15 2 25 15 2 25	Paris Green Potass Iodide Quassia
" Blk b'skets new	2 50 2 75 3 25 3 50 3 75 4 00	Tank Plates	00 2 25 00 4 50	Quinine Saltpetre Sal Rochelle
cha	0 06 0 069 0 06 0 069			Sulphur Flowers
" Vostizza	0 08 0 08 0 09 0 10 0 04 0 04	Best No. 920 " 24	041 0 05 047 0 051	Soda Ash Soda Bicarb, Wkeg Tartaric Acid
	-va ∪UB¥ji	195	UG 0.06]	Tartaric Acid

Wholesale Wholesale Rates Name of Article. Name of Article. Rates. Hardware.-Con. IRON WIRE : \$ c. \$ c. No. 6 #* bundle 631bs 1 75 1 85 No. 9 " 2 50 2 60 Galv. iron wire No. 6 2 60 2 80 Barbed wire, galv d. 0 66 0 664 9 67 9 070 "painted 0 67 0 70 "galv... 0 2 0 35 0 40 Boiler tubes, 2 in... 0 67 0 70 "galv... 0 2 0 35 0 40 Boiler tubes, 2 in... 0 66 0 664 "galv... 0 2 0 35 0 40 Boiler tubes, 2 in.... 1 08 064 Boiler plate 2 65 3 00 StrEEL: Cast 0 12 0 133 Boiler plate 2 60 0 00 8 dy. and 9 dy.... 2 80 2 00 CUT NAILS: 10 0 00 4 dy. and 5 dy.... 3 10 0 00 4 dy. and 7 dy.... 3 10 0 00 4 dy. and 7 dy.... 3 10 0 00 4 dy. and 5 dy.... 3 50 00 Baina 2 65 2 75 Baina 2 65 2 75 Baina 2 65 2 75 Pen 2 80 2 90 TN PLATES: IC Coke 4 00 4 10 IC Charcoal 4 00 4 45< roceries.-Con. Hardware.--Con LASSES :..... E: Arracan...... atna CES : Allspice...... assia, whole & lb... tmegs ppper, black white ARS: 0 00 0 00 prtolico d'rk to fair 0 00 000 00 "Bright to choice 0 00 000 00 urbadoes 0 06 006 000 maica, in hhds 0 065 065 madian refined 0 052 0 064 dpath Paris Lump 0 07% 0 064 ABS : xtra Granulated 0 063 0 063 adpath Paris Lump 0 07% 0 08 s: Japan. 0 07% 0 08 winne to choice 0 0 05 0 05 gassh zom. to good 0 18 0 0 08 0 035 05 ggass. com. to good 0 18 0 030 05 006 030 05 065 063 05 es, Liquors, &c. Petroleum. Eocene..... Oils. t, common..... fine old..... rry, medium old.... PAGNES : E. Perrier- $egin{array}{cccc} 1 & 25 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 25 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$ 1 75 4 00 2 75 4 50 E. Perrier-ts quality, qts..... 0 00 22 00 " " Pts.... 0 00 23 00 nd ' qts.... 0 00 15 00 " " pts.... 0 00 16 00 sxy: Scotch...... 6 00 7 00 nville's Irish, do. 7 25 7 50 Bond Paid obol, 65 o. p. 27 Lgl 0 99 3 27 re Spts " " 1 00 3 28 " 50 " 0 00 2 96 " 25 u.p. " 0 48 1 52 10 yr Whisky. 0 53 1 64 Rye and Malt ... 0 50 1 54 State Whisky. 320. p0 045 1 40 Paints. &c. White Lead, genuine in Oil...... White Lead, No. 1 ... "No. 2 ... Bed Lead " dry Red Leed Venetian Red, Eng... Yellow Ochre, Fr'neb Vermillion, Eng... Varnish, No. 1 furn... Bro. Japan..... Whiting Drugs. Aloes, Cape. 0 20 0 22 Alum 0 02 0 03 Blue Vitriol 0 05 0 03 Brinstone 0 02 0 03 Borax 0 12 0 14 Camphor 0 35 0 45 Castor Oil 0 10 0 11 Castor Oil 0 02 0 02 Crean Tartar 0 35 0 37 Epson Salts 0 01 0 024 Crean Tartar 0 35 0 97 Ext ct Logwood, bulk 0 66 0 09 "boxes 0 14 0 16 Gentian 0 12 0 12 Indigo, Madras 0 75 0 95 Madder 0 11 0 124 Morphia Sul 1 80 2 00 Opium 3 60 3 75 Oxalic Acid 0 12 0 14 Paris Green 0 00 0 0 00 Quassia 0 96 0 12 Quinine 0 85 0 95 Sal Rochelle 0 35 0 35 Sulphur Flowers 0 60 0 12 Shellact, Ash 0 012 0 Soa Ash 0 012 0 Soa So 5 0 012 0 Drugs. Iardware. \$ c. \$ c. Bars \$ 10. 0 26 0 27 ot. 0 23 0 25 ER: Ingot 0 13 0 14 tet. 0 20 0 22 : Bar. 0 04 0 044 tet. 0 03 0 04 oet. 0 04 0 044 off. 0 18 0 19 s: Sheet. 0 20 0 22 : Pig. 0 18 0 19 nbroe. 00 00 19 50 nbroe. 170 1 75 odes, 1 in. or over 0 00 4 00 ps. coopers. 2 15 2 25 Band 2 15 2 25 k Plates. 2 00 2 2 sis Sheet, 2 1b. 0 12 0 13 ANIZED IRON: 0 044 0 05 " 24. 0 044 0 05 ardware. 0 041 0 05 0 041 0 05 0 041 0 05 0 041 0 051 0 05 0 06 24. 96. 98.

THE MONETA	ARY TIMES. 969
P McLARNEN, General Agent. D. H. MACGARVEY, Secretary. Eastern Ontario Branch, Peterboro, GEO. A. COX, Manager Manitoba Branch, Winnipeg, W. L. HUTTON, Manager. A. McT. CAMPBELL, General Agent. G. RAMSAY, President. R. HILLS, Secretary. ALEX. RAMSAY, Superintendent.	ONTARIO BRANCH. QU Head Office, ·
Guaranteed Capital	EBEC BRANCH. Mce, Montreal. OSWALD, Gen'l Agent. rio & Quebec. N, ENGLAND. General Manager: L. O. PHILLIPS, Eaq £2,000,000 Stg. rithout reference to England. Manitoba Branch. Head Office, - Winnipc: G. W. GIRDLESTONE
OF CANADA.	WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY. FIRE AND MARINE. INCORPORATED 1851.
The rapid progress made by this Company may be seen from the following statement: INCOME. ASSETS. LIFE ASSUBANCES IN FORCE. 1872 \$ 48,210 93 \$ 546,461 95 \$ 1,064,350 00 1874 64,073 88 621,362 81 1,786;392 00 1876 102,822 14 715,944 64 2,214,093 00 1878 127,505 87 773,895 71 3,374,683 43 1880 141,402 81 911,132 93 3 881,479 14 1882 254,841 73 1,073,577 94 5,849,889 19 1884 278,379 65 1,274,397 24 6,844,404 04 The only Company issuing absolutely Unconditional Policies. THOMAS WORKMAN, B. MACAULAY, PRESIDENT. MANAGING DIRECTOR 10	Capital and Assets,
A. H. GILBERT. Manager for Western Ontario, Toronto THE ROYAL CANADIAN Fire and Marine Insurance Co.	THE FEDERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, ONT.
160 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. This Company, doing business in Canada only, presents the following financial Statement, and solicits the patronage of those seeking unquestion- able security and honorable treatment: (apital and Assets, Jan. 1st, 1883 \$1,295,835 6t Income During the year ending31st Dec. '82, 381,142 39 ANDREW ROBERTSON, Esq., Pres. Hon. J. R. THIBAUDEAU, Vice-Pres ARTHUR GAGNON, SecTreas. GEO. H. MCHENRY, Manager.	Guarantee Capital
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF ENGLAND. LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED. Capital	FIRE AND MARINE. Cash Capital and Assets

LEADING QUESTIONS

FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF

RETAIL GROCERS

WHO ARE WILLING AND ANXIOUS TO OBTAIN AND SELL

STRICTLY PURE COFFEE of the HIGHEST QUALITY

Does your trade appreciate, and will it pay for, Strictly Pure Coffee ?

In the past, of all the articles you have bought, has not Coffee been the most difficult to obtain pure and of satisfactory quality?

If you happened to receive one lot which suited, didn't the next lot make trouble by not suiting?

Haven't you paid high prices long enough for Fancy Marks of Green Coffees (which don't exist) and are uneven in quality? and isn't it about time to investigate for yourself, and order a sample lot of our STANDARD JAVA or other brands, which never vary, and are always fine?

Do you know of any brand of Coffee that has such immense sale, or that has called forth any such testimonials of superior excellence, from so many Leading Grocers throughout Canada and the United States as our STANDARD JAVA? Don't you believe they are genuine, and, being so, don't they deserve consideration at your hands?

Isn't it reasonable to suppose that a firm employing Special and Exclusive Buying Agents, located at all the principal centres in the coffee-growing districts of the world, Actually Secures and Receives the finest selections, and at the lowest possible producing cost?

Don't you believe that a house which makes a specialty of roasting Coffee, using Improved Roasters, Cleaning Machines, Sifters, &c., controlled by skilful workmen, is the legitimate headquarters for you to buy at?

Don't you believe that the system (original with us) of packing and shipping Roasted Coffee in Air-Tight Cans is the only perfect method, and ain't you sure of securing fresh and fragrant Coffee always?

Isn't imitation the sincerest form of flattery? and when prominent dealers copy the names of our brands, packages and labels, isn't it proof positive that the superior excellence of our goods has stamped them as Standards, and that they are so considered by the buying community?

KS Isn't it a perfect acknowledgement of superiority, when competitors advance as a positive and conclusive reason why you should buy their imitations, that they guarantee them as good as ours?

Did you ever hear of a Coffee called Standard Java until we put ours on the market? What reason do you give for other houses naming their Coffee the same?

Summing it all up. Don't you believe our Coffees are absolutely pure, and all we claim-The Best Coffees on the Market?

UNPREJUDICED ANSWERS WILL BE SATISFACTORY TO

Respectfully Yours,





435 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Que.

PRINCIPAL FACTORY : 87 Broad Street, BOSTON, Mass., U. S. A.

ANNEX FACTORY : 28, 30 & 32 Hamilton St., BOSTON, Mass., U.S.A.

Our STANDARD JAVA is Guaranteed Private Plantation Growth, and controlled solely by us.