



DISTRICT NEWS

WABUMUN. Bulletin News Service. White and Short have finished their logging operations at the mill site...

VEGREVILLE. Bulletin News Service. J. Whitby, of Edmonton, assigned to...

PONKA. Bulletin News Service. A meeting of the Gun Club was held in the Royal hotel the other evening...

LAC LA NONNE. Bulletin News Service. The settlers in the district of Lac La Nonne have spent an enjoyable...

RED DEER. Bulletin News Service. Miss Margaret Tennant, who has been spending a few weeks at her home in Carberry, Manitoba...

SPRUCE GROVE. Bulletin News Service. J. Wettlaufer is improving very slowly from the injuries he sustained...

NORTH BATTLEFORD. Bulletin News Service. A. M. Ponton, barrister, leaves for Regina tomorrow morning. He will be absent for a number of days...

Remember that when the stomach nerves are overworked, indigestion, flatulence, constipation, headache, and other ailments...

AUSTRALIA LOOKS TO U. S. FLEET AS GUARD

Sydney, Mar. 19.—The decision of the Australian government to send its battleship fleet to Australia has aroused the greatest enthusiasm throughout the Commonwealth...

Man's False Friendship. Helen said her father is dead, but that her mother still lives. Paul, she refused to give her mother's address...

International Ballon Race. Paris, March 19.—The French Aero Club announces that owing to the present France in this year's international cup race...

Count Tilly Died in Canada. Quebec, March 19.—The Count of Tilly and Marquis of Blaru died recently in his hotel, in Windsor Mills...

TOOK THEIR OWN LIVES. Five Girls Suicided in New York.—Sixth Makes Attempt.

New York, March 18.—A startling story of how five girls who came to New York from St. Paul a year ago took their own lives, was told today...

Man's False Friendship. Helen said her father is dead, but that her mother still lives. Paul, she refused to give her mother's address...

International Ballon Race. Paris, March 19.—The French Aero Club announces that owing to the present France in this year's international cup race...

Count Tilly Died in Canada. Quebec, March 19.—The Count of Tilly and Marquis of Blaru died recently in his hotel, in Windsor Mills...

NO ACTION TO STEM PROHIBITION WAVE

Montreal, March 20.—The executive committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at a meeting held today discussed the prohibition movement in the province of Quebec...

Man's False Friendship. Helen said her father is dead, but that her mother still lives. Paul, she refused to give her mother's address...

International Ballon Race. Paris, March 19.—The French Aero Club announces that owing to the present France in this year's international cup race...

Count Tilly Died in Canada. Quebec, March 19.—The Count of Tilly and Marquis of Blaru died recently in his hotel, in Windsor Mills...

SEES GAIN IN JUDAISM. Rabbi Schanfarber Says Thinkers Are Accepting Old Religion.

Chicago, March 19.—Latter day attacks on Christian dogma are exciting and spreading the belief in Judaism. Rabbi Tobias Schanfarber advanced this opinion in his sermon yesterday...

Man's False Friendship. Helen said her father is dead, but that her mother still lives. Paul, she refused to give her mother's address...

International Ballon Race. Paris, March 19.—The French Aero Club announces that owing to the present France in this year's international cup race...

Count Tilly Died in Canada. Quebec, March 19.—The Count of Tilly and Marquis of Blaru died recently in his hotel, in Windsor Mills...

HAZEN'S CABINET IS ANNOUNCED

New Government of New Brunswick to Be Sworn in Tuesday Next.—Has Seven Ministers, One Being Without Portfolio.

Man's False Friendship. Helen said her father is dead, but that her mother still lives. Paul, she refused to give her mother's address...

International Ballon Race. Paris, March 19.—The French Aero Club announces that owing to the present France in this year's international cup race...

Count Tilly Died in Canada. Quebec, March 19.—The Count of Tilly and Marquis of Blaru died recently in his hotel, in Windsor Mills...

THE IN

An industry that has sprung a night and which is helping Edna to reach the proud position of leading manufacturing and distilling centre of Western Canada...

Man's False Friendship. Helen said her father is dead, but that her mother still lives. Paul, she refused to give her mother's address...

International Ballon Race. Paris, March 19.—The French Aero Club announces that owing to the present France in this year's international cup race...

Count Tilly Died in Canada. Quebec, March 19.—The Count of Tilly and Marquis of Blaru died recently in his hotel, in Windsor Mills...

FARMER'S SPRING SUPPLIES AT LOWEST PRICES. Special Value in Tea, 30c per Pound. 25 lbs. Caddies, Special Price. H. WILSON, 44 Queen's Ave. Near Market.

FIBREWARE is the leading material for pails, tubs, etc. EDDY'S is the best make of fibreware on the market. It is of better quality and lasts longer than other makes, and it costs less money. Your Grocer keeps it, and Eddy's m'tches.

Builders and Contractors. Get our figures on your factory work and save money. We are in a position to quote right prices on special detail work. Store Fronts, Panelling, Partitions, Counters, Special Frames and Turnings prepared at shortest notice. W. H. CLARK & CO., LTD. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. PHON NINETH STREET, W. EDMONTON, ALTA.

SHINGLES. BIG REDUCTION IN SHINGLES. Call and see us before placing your orders for lumber, shingles, lath, lime or anything in finishing lumber, sash, doors, etc. We can certainly make it worth your while. D. R. FRASER & CO., LIMITED. 201 NAMAYO AVENUE, EDMONTON. PHONES: 2111, 541; HEAD OFFICE, 5B P.O. DRAWER 26.

CABINET IS ANNOUNCED

ment of New Brunswick ... on Tuesday Next ...

N.B., March 21.—A ... here says Hon. J. D. ...

Robert's Autograph.

B.C., Mar. 19.—Through ... of one of its life ...

For Timber Only.

March 19.—In an address ... meeting of the Can ...

FARMER'S SUPPLIES AT WEST PRICES.

Special Value in ... per Pound ...

WILSON

ve., Near Market

E

tubs, etc.

market. It is of her nukes, and such it, and Eddy's

tractors

the money. We are detail work.

LTD.

EDMONTON, ALTA.

LES

INGLES

g your

h, lime, y, sush, make

, LIMITED

ONTON P. O. Drawer 26

THE INDUSTRIES OF EDMONTON

THE J. J. McLAUGHLIN CO., LTD.

An industry that has sprung up in a night and which is helping Edmon-

the water, an ice house has been built, and during the winter ice was frozen for this purpose.

A. W. Challand, Manager of the Edmonton Branch of the J. J. McLaughlin Company, Limited.

sight and business acumen which has done so much to place them in the front rank of successful manufacturers.

All was not smooth sailing, however, in the establishment of this manufactory in Edmonton. Difficulties were met and delays experienced at the very outset that would surely have

for the McLaughlin company was almost entirely side-tracked in the early part of the season.

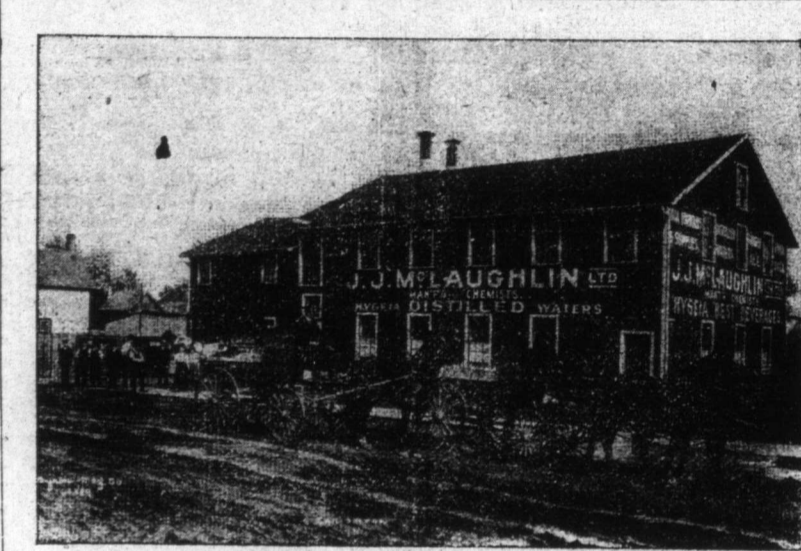
Making Water Pure. In the manufacture of soft drinks water is used extensively and a Bulletin reporter who visited the plant

Before being used the purified water is passed through an ice chamber, to make it perfectly cold.

It is not very flattering to the patriotic pride of Americans interested in the protection of the greatest and

One important feature of the work of the McLaughlin Company is the cleaning and filling of the bottles in which the finished product is delivered.

One important feature of the work of the McLaughlin Company is the cleaning and filling of the bottles in which the finished product is delivered.



Bottling Works on Bellamy Street of the Edmonton Branch of the J. J. McLaughlin Company, Ltd.

every bottle, each revolving seventy times. So rapidly does this machine work that 100 dozen bottles can be washed in an hour.

THE PABLO BUFFALO

From "Lumber and Stream."

A very large number of the citizens of the United States are interested in the preservation from extinction of the existing buffalo.

The great United States government already owes to the generosity of the New York Zoological Society the only herd of buffalo now in a park which it has yet possessed.

Table listing various streets and their corresponding values or measurements.

Total ... \$27,321.81 Hydrants, special ... 1,030.00

The estimated number of service connections to be built this year is in the neighborhood of 800.

The completion of the new west end fire hall, which it was intended to have finished last season, at the same time the east end hall will be proceeded with at once.

The completion of the Decarie incinerator is another legacy from 1907.

The following sidewalks, the cost of which total \$24,000, have been decided upon.

Table listing sidewalk projects and their costs.

CITY IS TO EXPEND NEARLY A MILLION

Fourth from Churchill to ... 3803.80

Electric Lights. For electric light and power extension in driving, parks, etc., the sum of \$20,000 is estimated.

Grading operations will total about \$10,000. The following has been de-

The World's Most Successful Cure

Psychine vs. Consumption. "I was given up 16 years ago as an incurable consumptive, by Prof. Lyman, Rush Medical College, Chicago.



PSYCHINE is the prescription of one of the greatest Lung Specialists the world has seen.



Give Him Stephens' Paint. Just see that your painter uses Stephens' Paint on your house.

The dealer mentioned below will gladly give you our interesting Free Booklets and color cards.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Vermillion ave, and streets in vicinity ... 1400.00

These are the principal works. There will also be smaller operations including the building of a spur to the power house from the E. Y., and P.

The total expenditure. The work to be undertaken this summer will mean a total expenditure in the neighborhood of \$300,000.

It MAY BE that in a few thousand years from now people will be able to do, by mental telepathy, many of the things which they must now accomplish through want advertising.

The man who has something to sell may then be able to locate and communicate with the most profitable buyer by a mere "telepathic stunt"; whereas, now, he relies upon the classified ad to do the trick.

Of course, it might be somewhat embarrassing to you to go on a "TELEPATHIC HUNT" for a new stenographer—and, all considered, the "Want Ad. Quest" is to be preferred.

In fact, in all the day's quests and tasks, the BULLETIN WANT ADS. furnish a sort of "applied telepathy"—something which meets present conditions and needs very well, indeed!

Insist on having Windsor Salt. It is the famous Canadian Salt, known all over Canada for its absolute purity.

**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN**  
(SEMI-WEEKLY.)

DAILY—Delivered in City, 5¢ per year. By mail, per year, 8¢. By mail to United States per year \$6.  
SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year \$1. Subscribers in the United States \$2. All subscriptions strictly in advance.  
BULLETIN CO., LTD.,  
DUNCAN MARSHALL,  
Manager.

MONDAY, MARCH 23, 1908.

**THE OPPOSITION, THE TARIFF AND TRADE.**

The budget debate affords a member a favorable opportunity to say what he may have to say about things in general without much regard to relevancy or connection. This no doubt explains the erratic meandering of Mr. Foster on Thursday afternoon. Supposedly he was discussing the fiscal affairs of the country. But the supposition was far fetched, for the three hours a fair proportion was spent reciting the stale platitudes with which he and a group of colleagues have been regaling their partisan funder during a couple of sessions. For this he had perhaps the excellent excuse that of the real subject in hand he had little of consequence to say. It may be taken also as his confession of belief that a general election is not far distant, and of his recognition that frequent re-hashing and continuous "fixing" can alone preserve a candidate in a condition for consumption. Such a candidate decays quickly and produces an unpleasant odor in the vicinity of the coak.

On fiscal matters, Mr. Foster had two criticisms to offer. First he charged the Government with reducing the tariff. To prove that this was their design from the very start, he quoted the speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues when in Opposition calling for tariff reduction. This he appeared to consider a grievous offence. But not so grievous in the demand as in the performance. First the Government gave a preference to Great Britain, which lowered the tariff on goods that came from that country. Then they imposed an intermediate tariff which brought the tariff down almost to this level as regards products from other fiscally friendly countries. They specifically lowered the tariff to a large class of commodities from that class, as a result of these successive lowering he declared the Canadian consumer could bring in goods at less than the nominal tariff rates from Great Britain and twelve other countries. That this would benefit trade he was constrained to admit, but he feared it would cause a loss of revenue. Creditors of the welfare of the revenues, it must be conceded that Mr. Foster's experience does not entitle him to speak with any authority of the results of tariff reductions on the revenue. He never tried it.

In this clear-cut definite fashion, Mr. Foster took issue with the Government, and it must be remembered that in speaking he spoke as the accredited financial critic and fiscal policy manufacturer of the Opposition. Mr. Borden and his followers stand therefore as assailants of the Government because the Government has reduced the tariff. More, the antagonism of Mr. Foster extended to the means by which the reduction has been accomplished. To the British preference, the intermediate tariff and the French treaty he made explicit reference. It is necessary to suppose therefore that in detail the Opposition stand for a preference to Great Britain unless Britain imposes a tariff against all others; the abolition of the intermediate tariff and the reinstatement of the maximum tariff against every item of foreign trade; the abrogation of the French treaty and the loss of a market which last year imported \$100,000,000 worth of such goods as the Canadian farmer and workman are in position to supply. The tariff issue is put beyond a doubt. Mr. Foster denounces the Government for having made reductions; he stands therefore to reimpose reductions that have been made should he get the chance; and so standing he stands as the accredited representative and spokesman of the Opposition.

The balance of trade was the second fiscal question that worried the Opposition critic. He was troubled because we have been getting more than we give, because our income has been more than our outgo, because our imports have exceeded our exports. This "pony asmorum" of the political economist led him into the familiar folly of declaring that because we have imported more than we have exported we have been getting into debt to all creation, and will be impoverished in trying to pay off the accounts. Let us see. Upwards of three hundred thousand people come to Canada every year to make homes. Each is required by law to

bring enough money to meet his probable requirements until settled in the country. But thousands of the new comers bring not dollars but fortunes. Thousands more bring furniture, stock and implements. All this swells the volume of our annual imports without occasioning a corresponding increase of exports. But will any man say we should be opposed and dissatisfied because of such imports or that we should try to prevent them? Then we are building railways and erecting steel buildings. Will any man demand that we suspend this work until Canadian manufacturers may be pleased to increase their facilities sufficiently to provide all the materials necessary? That we are importing largely as we are, but that new country was ever settled quickly and equipped with all the machinery of industrial and commercial life without importing heavily? To demand that we stop importing is simply to demand that we slacken down on development, for a young country cannot in a day nor in a decade attain the supposedly fortunate position of being able to produce at home all the requirements of the home market. A century hence we may be able to do so, but most of us will not be personally concerned in the commercial conditions of 2,000, and will not take kindly to the proposal to hold back the development of the country until that remote date.

If Mr. Foster prefers a time of increasing exports and decreasing imports, he should be entirely and supremely happy under the conditions we have been experiencing during the late months. Last month our exports were \$2,000,000 greater than for February, 1907, and our imports \$3,000,000 less. If Mr. Foster's theory is correct he should have been altogether satisfied with the commercial conditions of last month. If so, he was really out of harmony with the general sentiment of his own party. Personally he may have experienced some satisfaction in observing a tint of similarity between those conditions and the conditions which normally prevailed when he was shaping the fiscal policy of the country. But the satisfaction was confined to himself. Like his colleagues and his party press have manifested a wholesale and wholesale distaste for those conditions and have expressed it in a very lively and not always truthful fashion. In fact they seized upon those conditions as the most hopeful arguments they had yet found against the fiscal policy of the Government and to make the argument more impressive painted the conditions as nearly similar to those of Mr. Foster's day as possible, and much more similar than veritically allowed. Theoretically, of course, they agree with us. They would not object to the large exports are the ball and end of all fiscal policy. Practically, however, his friends, nor perhaps Mr. Foster himself, find any cause for jubilation in the conditions which in Canada have invariably accompanied a shrinkage in imports and a growth of exports. Theoretically, they preach that we should give more than we receive; practically they display the unmistakable signs of prosperity and satisfaction when we get more than we give.

**THE OTHER SIDE.**

Canadian generally learns of British politics through the medium of Associated Press despatches, and despatches of the Associated Press are permitted to present only one picture of British politics—the picture of the British electors have turned toward the wall. Still, occasionally, and by than to the Minister of the Interior, and about non-department of public affairs have they sniffed more steadily or howled more vigorously than the timber branch of the Department of the Interior. The Minister they have relieved as an auto-crater who reduced the strength of his position by the aid called upon all creation to witness how badly they were being treated, and have invited the electorate to believe that the alleged refusal of information could only be an attempt to shield readers of unknown character but of awful proportions.

Their opportunity to secure the information for which they professed to be hungry and thirsting came on Monday. But when it came the gentlemen declared that they did not want information. More, they demanded that the public be kept from getting the information. More, to prevent the information being made public they demanded that a witness be named and a witness named and a witness named. The Commissioner of Dominion Lands under whose charge is the administration of the crown timber was before a Committee of the House to give evidence. But Mr. Borden demanded that his evidence be not heard. Mr. J. G. Turfitt, M.P., formerly Commissioner of British Columbia, was present, and had been present for several days expecting to be called. Mr. Ames declined to call him. In view of language Mr. Ames and his friends had held toward him; Mr.

free trade in Britain can be represented to the people of the United States as a failure of the double purpose of being gained of encouraging the commercial aspirations and of protecting them against tariff reductions. The Canadian Associated Press fell early into bad hands, and was speedily degenerated into a donkey engine for the high tariff party in Canada, who hope to blast by their own bad logic by representing the people of the Mother Country as similarly deluded. Wherefore Canadian readers have spread before them daily column on column of speeches, statistics and comments calculated to persuade them that Britain is going to the eternal how-what and that the people are crying for a tariff as their only means of rescue from spectres of poverty, hunger and national decadence. The natural conclusion from this presentation of the case must be that the British elector is a singularly short-sighted man to place in power a Government pledged to free trade when he himself is shouting for a tariff. But there is another side to the case which the British elector knows about, and to which he pins his faith, but which the Canadian reader is not permitted to learn from the despatches of the "protectionist" dominated news service. Here it is cast in a nutshell by Mr. Lloyd George, President of the Board of Trade:

"We were passing through a time of great prosperity not confined to this country, but of great world-wide prosperity. How did Britain come out of that time? With the lion's share. (Cheers.) In two years the exports of France increased—France being a great protectionist country—by 50 millions. Germany's increased by 66 millions, those of the United States by 62 millions, and Britain, decadent, but trade still running down, her factories closed, all the market of the world, one by one, shut in her teeth—Britain increased her trade by 100 million. (Cheers.) We have increased our trade more than any rival, more than our next competitor, by nearly 60 millions. But that we do not take into account our population. There were 60 million in Germany against 40 million here and 80 million in the United States, operating in something like three million square miles, and here we had a little bit of an island. Supporting every man, woman and child of the population were selling goods to foreign countries, every year. Our exports have sold 25 1/2 worth, every German 58 1/2, every American 44 1/2, and every Briton 43 1/2. (Loud cheers.) And this was the country the goods of which were being excluded by tariffs. They could not keep us out. (Loud cheers.)"

**BLOCKADING INFORMATION.**

A remarkable spectacle was presented to the people of Canada on Monday when a group of members of Parliament demanded that a witness before the Public Accounts Committee be muzzled, and declined to give a fellow member against whom they had launched accusations of dishonesty. Chief among the group were Mr. Ames of Montreal and Mr. Bristol of Toronto, two gentlemen who have rather distinguished themselves for slowness of knowledge of public affairs and breadth of insinuation against other men. During the session these gentlemen have borne their customary part in blockading the business of the House and in snuffing for scantil. To draw attention to their defalcatory occupation they have seen fit to represent the Government as resending their inquisitiveness and denying them access to the sources of information. To no member of the Government have they paid the compliment of their hostility more, persistent than to the Minister of the Interior, and about non-department of public affairs have they sniffed more steadily or howled more vigorously than the timber branch of the Department of the Interior. The Minister they have relieved as an auto-crater who reduced the strength of his position by the aid called upon all creation to witness how badly they were being treated, and have invited the electorate to believe that the alleged refusal of information could only be an attempt to shield readers of unknown character but of awful proportions.

Their opportunity to secure the information for which they professed to be hungry and thirsting came on Monday. But when it came the gentlemen declared that they did not want information. More, they demanded that the public be kept from getting the information. More, to prevent the information being made public they demanded that a witness be named and a witness named and a witness named. The Commissioner of Dominion Lands under whose charge is the administration of the crown timber was before a Committee of the House to give evidence. But Mr. Borden demanded that his evidence be not heard. Mr. J. G. Turfitt, M.P., formerly Commissioner of British Columbia, was present, and had been present for several days expecting to be called. Mr. Ames declined to call him. In view of language Mr. Ames and his friends had held toward him; Mr.

Turiff demanded to be heard. Again Mr. Ames declined to call him. These were the two men directly and personally responsible for the administration of the timber resources. If information was wanted they were the men to give it, and the only men who could give it in full. If the resources had been squandered these were the men who knew about it. If partially had been shown certain tenders for timber limits, these were the men who had shown it. If official impropriety in any shape, manner or degree had been practised here were the officials who practised it. That the resources had been squandered, that favoritism had been shown, that improprieties had been committed, had been insinuated a score of times by Mr. Ames and his companions. Yet, confronted by the men who were guilty, if any man were guilty, Mr. Ames and Mr. Bristol refused to hear one witness and refused to even call the other.

Why this refusal to receive information from the only men competent to give it? One explanation is alone possible—that the information would not be given. The "scandal" which Mr. Ames and his friends have been unceasingly mouthing for months past. Had there been any hope that the information would confirm the stories Mr. Greenway and Mr. Turfitt would have been the first witnesses summoned by the authors. Had it been reasonably likely that the witnesses would not be able to establish beyond question the falsity of the tales they would have been speedily called and eagerly questioned. But there was no such hope in the minds of Mr. Ames and Mr. Bristol. They knew or believed that the truth would demolish their "scandals." Hence they demanded that the truth be suppressed, and the "scandals" given a chance to live. Their purpose was to slacken characters, and in this congenial occupation they did not propose to be interfered with by the intrusion of the unwelcome truth. For these gentlemen written "testimonies" will not be necessary when next they apply to the electors for a job. Their chosen mode of procedure is to charge a "scandal" given a chance to live. Their purpose was to slacken characters, and in this congenial occupation they did not propose to be interfered with by the intrusion of the unwelcome truth. For these gentlemen written "testimonies" will not be necessary when next they apply to the electors for a job. Their chosen mode of procedure is to charge a "scandal" given a chance to live.

**AN ENORMOUS WESTERN FOREST RESERVE.**

The Federal Government will set aside the whole eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains from the International boundary as far north as valuable timber is found as a national reserve for all time. This was the welcome announcement made by the Minister of Agriculture at the meeting of the Dominion Forestry Convention in Montreal last week. The area of this immense reserve can of course only be conjectured, but it may reasonably be calculated equivalent to one thousand miles broad and one hundred miles long, a total of 100,000 square miles. The timber will be cut periodically under regulations protecting the immature trees, and also providing for the replacement of the timber used and the perpetuity of the forested area.

Of the wisdom of the course there will be but one opinion. The exhaustion of the forests in many European countries and in many of the United States has taught severely but thoroughly the national value of timber resources. This teaching Canada is fortunately in position to apply with advantage. Our timber resources are yet comparatively untouched. But the demand abroad is being more and more supplied from our forests, and unless measures are taken now to conserve the supply this may be easily exhausted in a generation. Something along this line has already been done by the establishment of timber reserves in various parts of the West, but the reservation announced by Mr. Fisher will be the longest strip yet made in the way of preserving and perpetuating this national resource.

Directly, this will secure to the people of the prairie country a supply of timber for all time. Accompanied by an efficient re-forestation policy it should provide the basis for a very profitable export trade in a commodity for which there is an enormous demand. But another and indirect benefit will accrue of perhaps not less importance. That forests affect climate is now too generally known to require demonstration. They do so principally by conserving and inducing a supply of moisture. Portions of Italy once famously fertile are now bleached and unproductive by the

driving of streams and lakes which followed the destruction of the forest areas. Provinces of Asia Minor once a synonym for fruitfulness are now arid wastes from the same cause. "By cool Sileon's shady rill, How sweet the lily blows." was once a picture true to life, but no longer so. The shade was destroyed, the rill has long since dried up, the lilies drooped and died and a parched and empty landscape is the solemn monument to a day and people who knew not the climatic value of forests.

Perhaps the letter rather than the former will be the chief benefit Western Canada will derive from the immense forest reserve along the eastern slope of the Rockies. That is the area whence emanates the streams that fertilize the Province of Alberta, Saskatchewan and half of Manitoba. Presently these must for all time be farming Provinces. Their success as such depends absolutely on a continuous and plentiful supply of moisture. To destroy the means nature has taken for securing this would be folly in the extreme. The preservation of these means can only meet with the commendation of those whose welfare is bound up in the welfare of the West. By reason of geographical location Alberta must share more largely than her sister provinces in the beneficent results of this timely policy.

**CANADA'S FINANCES.**

For the nine months ending with March 31st last the revenue of the Dominion was \$7,000,000 and the total expenditure on both current and capital account \$85,000,000, leaving a surplus of two millions which, added to the sinking fund, reduced the public debt more than three million dollars in the three quarters of a year. This was the significant declaration of Mr. Fielding in beginning his budget speech in the House on Tuesday. For the current year the expenditure on consolidated revenue would probably be \$77,000,000 and the revenue \$96,000,000, leaving a surplus of \$19,000,000, less current expenses of \$19,000,000, the largest in the history of Canada. The capital expenditure would total about \$33,000,000, leaving \$12,000,000 to be added to the public debt.

For the coming year the estimates of current expenditure amounted to \$77,000,000, and of capital expenditure \$42,000,000. Of the probable revenue, Mr. Fielding said he wished to speak with caution. It may be assumed, however, that it will not be less, than for the current year, \$96,000,000. Even this would leave a balance over the current expenditure of \$19,000,000 to apply toward the expansion of capital account. This would reduce the necessary addition to the debt to \$23,000,000—or seven millions less than what will be spent on the National Transcontinental during the year.

Summarising, the revenue for the three fiscal periods is calculated to meet the current expenses and leave \$40,000,000 for investment in permanent improvements. The significance of this was illustrated when Mr. Foster in reply could only complain that we were making capital expenditure out of our income, and therefore not running into debt for the whole amount. The honorable gentleman was here reading out safe ground for himself. He was never accused of doing that. It would have been a happy occasion for that gentleman when his opponents could say no worse of one of his budget announcements. Usually it was his painful privilege to inform the country that he had borrowed every cent he had put into the remainder of the present routes that he had had to borrow something for running expenses as well. The contrast was sufficiently great to deserve Mr. Foster's attention and sufficiently conspicuous to invite smiles at his strained fault-finding.

Beyond this novel complaint, Mr. Foster had little to say except that the Government were spending much money. That of course is entirely true, and sufficiently understood to scarcely require announcement. But what country ever passed through a period of expansion without heavy increases in expenditure Mr. Foster neglected to say. Or how the enormous expense of central and western Canada could be transformed from a wilderness into a populated and property equipped country without increasing expenditures he did not undertake to tell us. Probably this was advised. For the record of that gentleman is that he could not pay running expenses in a time of national stagnation without running into debt seven times faster than his successors have found necessary to meet the wholly unprecedented demands of public requirements for civilized existence.

"That Canada is spending money is true. It is also true that Canada's present can be met and Canada's future secured only by spending money and by spending plenty of it. It is also true that Canada is building a Government owned railway from Atlantic tidewater to the prairies; that since 1904 we have built ten post office buildings ranging in cost from \$8,000 to \$114,000; that we are now building thirty-one more ranging in cost from \$5,000 to \$857,000; that the combined cost of other public buildings equals the total cost of these; that we spent millions to change the Intercolonial from a mismanaged train-line into a solvent railway system; that we have equipped our coast lines with wharves and docks; that we have broken the power of railway monopoly in Western Canada by assistance to competitors; that we have established two new Provinces, endowed them, and brought the subsidies of the others up to a margin of respectable subsistence; that we have opened new trade routes, found new markets and rejuvenated the national commerce; that we have printed a denunciatory order on Mr. Foster and his colleagues by the carload delivered at a cost of \$257 per minute; that all this is being done from the proceeds of a tariff which bears less weight on the consumer than that contrived by the ex-Minister of Finance, and while actually reducing the per capita debt he piled on the people of the country.

**A "HIGH LEVEL" PROPOSAL.**

The C.P.R. do not approve the bridge plans proposed by the twin cities. Instead they offer a traffic deck forty feet lower than the rails, to be used by street car and other traffic. As the rail level will itself be several feet below the hill top, this means that the proposed traffic deck would be from fifty to sixty feet below the level. Needless to say this would not be a "high level" bridge in any reasonable interpretation of the term, and should not be accepted or paid for as such. Neither is the proposal for a single roadway to be used by cars, vehicles and foot passengers altogether satisfactory, nor will the public accept without question the aesthetic dictum of the Company's engineer that a "nicely solid embankment" shutting off the landscape westward, would be preferable to trestle work through which at least glimpses could be obtained of one of the finest valley views in Canada. The Provincial Government are taking up the negotiations in the hope of inducing the Company into some more reasonable frame of mind. If they fail it might well be appeal to the Railway Commission, and see what pressure that body would bring to bear.

**THE H. B. ROUTE.**

Senator Power doubts if the greater portion of the Western crop can be taken out by the Hudson Bay route before the close of navigation. Well, suppose not? It is not proposed to dispossess the present routes, merely to supplement them by a shorter and cheaper line. They will still be open to do business, and will find more of it than they can do. At present these routes are congested trying to take out one-third of the crop before the lakes freeze. Even with the new trans-continental it will scarcely be possible to land half the annually increasing crop at the head of the lakes before the frost closes them. Suppose the Hudson Bay route takes out only half the crop, the remainder will still be commercially profitable and immeasurably beneficial. Because we could not send all the grain by the new route would it be a poor reason for refusing to send any of it that way. And it remains for Senator Power to demonstrate that the Hudson Bay route, supplementing the present routes, would practically all the crop before the close of the navigation season.

**THE RIGHT COURSE.**

Toronto News.—The Dominion government shows wisdom in rushing the construction of the national trans-continental railway. The prosecution of public undertakings in times of industrial reaction provides work for the unemployed and helps to keep the financial and commercial machinery of the country in motion. Nineteen tenders for 375 miles of track have been opened and the contracts doubtless will soon be awarded. As a result, 1,223 miles of road will be under construction between Montreal and Winnipeg, and the pay roll will total two or three million dollars a month.

**WASTING MONEY.**

Montreal Star.—There ought to be a frank understanding between the politicians and the people that, though we do not like the way they go, extra indemnity, we do not insist upon them making an appearance of earning it—at our expense. A long session costs us so much more than a short session that we are willing to let the members go home when they have transacted the national business—and keep the change. We do not insist upon their wasting time to make out a good day's work. And they are wasting time when they insist upon debating a resolution which is intended merely to register an opposition protest against a fragment of government policy through an afternoon and evening while the estimates stand waiting for consideration. A few short, sharp speeches would do just as well; and the House might be in committee by five o'clock.

**Change in the Kingston News.**

Kingston, March 18.—The News has been purchased by S. M. Newton by a company consisting of Messrs. J. W. G. and W. R. G. The sum of \$12,000. W. R. G. will be in charge of the news and editorial end.

The winter should be long enough as a rule for the transaction of the business of the Canadian parliament. They can begin a little earlier if they must, but they should be through by the twenty-fourth of May. Not so very long ago parliament could begin late in January and accomplish something every like that feat. If they began early in November, they should accomplish it now. The long-winded debate accomplishes nothing which the rapid-fire debate would not, except to waste the people's money and the patience of the press gallery.

**CHOKED BY BIG BEAR.**

Fierce Fight of Weapons Man Who Killed Large and Maddened Animal.  
Grand Forks, B.C., Mar. 19.—Such a display of physical strength as was witnessed the other day at Tonlon mountain, near Orient, Wash., on the Great Northern railway, when Louis Dubois, a giant Frenchman, in a life and death combat completely overcame an immense black bear, is as yet without parallel in this district. According to the report that has reached here Dubois and a young Scotlander named Alex. Campbell, were cutting cordwood when they came upon a bear's den and seeing that they supposed was the bear's nose protruding, the big Frenchman, seeing some liberation struck a savage blow at the supposed bear's nose with his iron axe handle. As soon as the blow was struck, underbrush and snow was flying in all directions and the two woodmen now perceived that what they had mistaken for the bear was in reality the bear's feet which the axe had completely cut off. By this time the bear had made a savage attack on the two men, Campbell, the smaller of the two men, succeeded in getting out of reach, but Dubois remained somewhat concited over his personal strength, preferred a personal encounter with the bear. Dubois raised his heavy double-bitted axe to strike the bear, but in the twinkling of an eye the bear had raised his forepaw, which was unparalysed and threw the axe to one side, and the next instant the bear had Dubois in his embrace. It was now a struggle for life between the man and the bear. The man being an adept at wrestling succeeded in tripping the bear, he pulled the bear to the ground holding the legs apart and clutching him firmly by the throat. By this time both man and bear were literally covered with blood from the bear's wounded foot. At this juncture two other woodsmen came along and wanted to despatch the bear with their axes, but under the directions of the Frenchman they pulled the bear off the ground and threw the bear on top of him. In this position the Frenchman actually pinned the bear to the ground holding the legs apart and clutching him firmly by the throat. By this time both man and bear were literally covered with blood from the bear's wounded foot. At this juncture two other woodsmen came along and wanted to despatch the bear with their axes, but under the directions of the Frenchman they pulled the bear off the ground and threw the bear on top of him. In this position the Frenchman actually pinned the bear to the ground holding the legs apart and clutching him firmly by the throat. By this time both man and bear were literally covered with blood from the bear's wounded foot. At this juncture two other woodsmen came along and wanted to despatch the bear with their axes, but under the directions of the Frenchman they pulled the bear off the ground and threw the bear on top of him. In this position the Frenchman actually pinned the bear to the ground holding the legs apart and clutching him firmly by the throat. By this time both man and bear were literally covered with blood from the bear's wounded foot.

**Test of Submarine Boat.**

Bridgeport, Conn., March 18.—A special test of the submarine boat built by the U.S. Navy, was conducted today, three miles off the mouth of the Black Rock Harbor today under direction of a special committee. The object of the test being to demonstrate the ability of the craft to maintain an even keel. The boat was submerged and driven ahead in thirty feet of water for thirty minutes. The boat returned early this afternoon and the usual boats returned to Washington to report to the secretary of the navy.

**Ice Goes Out From Ogdensburg.**

Ogdensburg, March 15.—The ice went out of the Oswegatchie river here yesterday carrying everything movable before it. Three vessels belonging to the Ogdensburg Coal and Towing Company were actually pinned in a sand bar in the St. Lawrence abreast of this city. The vessels broke the ice lines and dragged anchor to the St. Lawrence. Four steamers which have been trying to release the stranded boats.

**No Need for Secrecy.**

Rome, Mar. 18.—Luigi Lubelli, aide de camp to the Duke of Abruzzi, who was here today, admitted that the duke was on leave of absence but denied there was any probability of his marriage with Miss Elkins. He said if the duke really intended marriage there would be no necessity for his mysterious trip to Florida under an assumed name. If the wedding was contemplated it would be celebrated openly as soon as the King's consent was obtained.

**Alfonso Has Another Escape.**

Toledo, Spain, March 18.—King Alfonso added another escape from injury to his already long list of unfortunate occurrences. An automobile in which he was driving to Toledo narrowly escaped collision with another machine occupied by the members of royal party. The second car was wrecked and the four occupants slightly injured. King Alfonso and Prince Kuni alighted and went to the rescue of the injured men.

**Foreigner Laborers in Fight.**

Fort William, Mar. 19.—Italians and Russians at the coal dock here got into a scrap early this morning, two or three of each party participating being badly cut about the head. The fight was started by Tom Billi and Teja Moulal throwing coal overboard through a window into the house occupied by Daniel Sulimovich and Andrew Ruzh, who rushed out with a poker and a brick, and a scuffle ensued.

**Change in the Kingston News.**

Kingston, March 18.—The News has been purchased by S. M. Newton by a company consisting of Messrs. J. W. G. and W. R. G. The sum of \$12,000. W. R. G. will be in charge of the news and editorial end.

**WITH THE**  
**CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.**  
Chicago, March 18.—Light and strong demand made a good situation in the cattle market. Prices were generally 10 to 15 higher. Business was active at a brisk pace, the supply was in good hands. New top prices were quoted at \$6.50. Cows and calves sold steadily to strong good prices. A few common cows were barely a sheep and lambs sold strong. The receipts of cattle were 16,000, which was a much lighter crop than the trade expected. It was a good quality of cattle. Everything desirable in killing was quickly bought up. Veal and mutton were in good supply and sold freely and some not a few extra good in quality reached Chicago.

**THE PIONEER'S CROP.**  
Flax has peculiar claims to title of "The Pioneer's Crop," the most suitable of all crops for growing at first breaking of a prairie. Where flax is sown on breaking a seed bed compared from a more usual sowing, a farmer derives a revenue from land the first year, and the effectually not the crop, so as to be ploughing in the ordinary de the autumn.  
Then it can be seen later that of the other cereal crops, the maturing more quickly, and the setting, taking up land in the spring, may not be able to get his land for a wheat crop in the seedling. Farmers who have a portion of their land in the flax, sowing wheat, barley and oats, sow the flax seed and after the crops are in the ground, they sow the flax seed early, as flax plant is tender in the spring, easily injured by the frost, but far less liable to injury from cause in autumn. The best are said to be obtained in the flax when the seed is sown on the 25th of May, although good seed has been obtained from seed sown as late as the middle of June and later.  
Last year the spring was very early and the growing season was very long. In the Northwest, Canada, where most of the flax raised in Canada West is grown, the yield in 1907 was 1,264,716 bushels of flax, as compared with 710,650 bushels the year 1906. In Alberta the yield in 1907 was 1,309,745 bushels of seed, as compared with 84,494 in 1906. In Manitoba the yield in 1907 was 317,347 bushels in flax as compared with 274,330 bushels in 1906.  
The increased yield of flax does not doubt largely due to the fact that farmers sowed flax seed when it was too late to sow wheat and barley. While flax seed is pre-eminently a pioneer's crop, it will pay the farmer also to sow it on his land for his land for this crop every taking care to have a proper rotation of crops.  
In the Northwest States common to grow flax after wheat and oats; but no regular system of rotation is followed there. Many farmers in the Northwest States have made the mistake of growing flax on the same soil after year without rotation of Canadian farmers should avoid mistake.

**MILKING MACHINE.**  
St. Louis, Mo., March 18.—A milking machine was recently exhibited at a Missouri state fair, where it milked cows at one time. A herd of five cows was milked in one hour by this machine, which is said to be solving the help problem of dairy farms.

**SEE A CHANCE OF BEATING MR. BRYAN.**  
Democrats Who Oppose Him Are Eager to See Johnson's Candidature—son Rose From a Poor Boy to a Great Man—Is Still Poor.

Washington, March 18.—While friends of William J. Bryan ridiculed the idea that the action of the Democrats in Minnesota in endorsing Governor Johnson for the nomination for President in Denver will have any effect upon Bryan's canvass, there is nothing the fact that the enemies of Bryan are encouraged greatly by the endorsement and intent to vote the most of it.

There are many of the enemies Bryan here who are bitterly opposed to Bryan's nomination at Denver. To this time, however, Bryan's enemies have been divided and have made no progress, as no candidates forthcoming on which to concentrate against the Bryan movement. These men have got out their list of delegates and begin to figure upon the possibility of deducting the vote so far as Bryan was concerned and by throwing him over for a conservator of his own choice.

They believe that if Governor Johnson should be able to capture the gates from the two Dakotas and cousin, where he is known and considered to be popular, the chances of beating Bryan would be very good. The procedure in Democratic elections differs from the Republican National Convention to the extent that two-thirds of the delegates are necessary to nominate the Democratic candidate, while a majority of the delegates is that required in the Republican convention.

Democrats Who Oppose Him Are Eager to See Johnson's Candidature—son Rose From a Poor Boy to a Great Man—Is Still Poor.

Washington, March 18.—While friends of William J. Bryan ridiculed the idea that the action of the Democrats in Minnesota in endorsing Governor Johnson for the nomination for President in Denver will have any effect upon Bryan's canvass, there is nothing the fact that the enemies of Bryan are encouraged greatly by the endorsement and intent to vote the most of it.

There are many of the enemies Bryan here who are bitterly opposed to Bryan's nomination at Denver. To this time, however, Bryan's enemies have been divided and have made no progress, as no candidates forthcoming on which to concentrate against the Bryan movement. These men have got out their list of delegates and begin to figure upon the possibility of deducting the vote so far as Bryan was concerned and by throwing him over for a conservator of his own choice.

They believe that if Governor Johnson should be able to capture the gates from the two Dakotas and cousin, where he is known and considered to be popular, the chances of beating Bryan would be very good. The procedure in Democratic elections differs from the Republican National Convention to the extent that two-thirds of the delegates are necessary to nominate the Democratic candidate, while a majority of the delegates is that required in the Republican convention.





is Sacred College—History of Jubilee Gift.

March 20.—The Pope today members of Sacred College... The Pope today members of Sacred College...

MERITED SENTENCE.

Man Sentenced to Six Months for Crime.

March 21.—Chas. Hendricks... sentenced to six months for crime.

Public Surprised.

March 20.—Reports of the... public surprised.

Thrilled With Pride.

March 20.—Emperor William... thrilled with pride.

in Montreal School.

March 20.—A fire... in Montreal school.

Public Enthusiasm.

March 20.—George... public enthusiasm.

By Using

By Using... Full of Life... Water to the West...

SEEDS, FLOWER STOCK, FIELD

Advertisement for seeds and flowers, including 'GOLD STANDARD SEEDS'.

CITY IS TO EXPEND NEARLY A MILLION

Large Program of Public Works for This Year—Many of Last Year's Projects to be Completed.

Edmonton's ambitions along the line of municipal work during the year 1928 mark this city as the most progressive for its population in the Dominion of Canada.

While the announced policy of the present city administration is one of retrenchment in the program of public works this year is gigantic.

Hardly a day passes but there are requests for more electric power from a system that is now taxed to its utmost capacity.

At this is the surprise of almost everyone but those who are living on the edge of the city.

The Gas Producer Plant. Last year the contract was awarded for \$140,000 producer plant, but shipment was afterwards stopped.

Street Car Line. The street car line, the completion of which was contemplated last year, will be finished this year.

TO THE CHILD-HEART.

What can I tell you of spring, sweet-heart? Spring with its freshness and hue?

What can I tell you of flowers, sweet-heart? Petals and form and hue?

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Bredin have left for Vancouver, and on their return will proceed to their home at Leaside, S. W. Lake.

SOCIAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Bredin have left for Vancouver, and on their return will proceed to their home at Leaside, S. W. Lake.

Edmonton has two pleasing offerings at hand in the world of amusements.

Mr. and Mrs. John McDougall entertained on Thursday night at a very enjoyable dinner party.

SPORTING NEWS

GOOD RACING ASSURED.

Judging from appearances British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will this year enjoy one of the best racing seasons they have ever witnessed.

Many prominent horsemen who have made their names famous and have been in the game on the coast tracks for some years, have signified their intention of sending some of their best horses over to Calgary.

SHAMROCKS DEFEATED.

New York, March 20.—The Wanderers of Montreal, holders of the Stanley hockey championship, defeated the Shamrocks of the Montreal Canadiens last night.

TECUMSEHS IN LINE.

Toronto, March 20.—Charlie Lawrence will manage the Toronto Tecumseh Lacrosse team against the winners of the Ontario Lacrosse Association.

THE HOLLEY-ALLEN BOUT.

Articles have been signed for a 15 round boxing contest between Bob Holley of Edmonton and Dick Allen of Strathcona.

MARVIN HART WON ON FOUL.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 20.—Before the start of yesterday afternoon Marvin Hart of Louisiana was defeated by John Willington of Chicago on a foul.

KETCHUM THE WINNER.

The singles curling competition has been played and the winner is W. H. Ketchum.

BOWLING MEET FOR VANCOUVER.

Vancouver Mar. 20.—R. H. Cliburn, manager of the Pender street alleys, is arranging for a bowling meet on their tour in the east.

TRUE AUTOGRAPHS.

True friend-ship cannot be expressed in words.

IS CATASTROPHE IMMINENT?

What That Roared Before Frisco Quake is Again Active.

Beloit, Wis., March 19.

The roaring well on Charles Lathrop's farm, northwest of Beloit, which was active for a few weeks preceding the San Francisco disaster, is again emitting ominous rumbling noises and strong wind from its crater.

PRETTY PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.

Photograph made of dainty bead work are newer and more effective than those of brocade and embroidered silk.

At a distance the beaded work pattern suggests brocade or silk needlework, but on closer inspection the glister of the various beads is noticed.

What can I tell you of flowers, sweet-heart? Petals and form and hue?

CHECKER TOURNAMENT.

Toronto, March 20.—The Ontario checker association is arranging for a checker tournament in Toronto on April 21 and 22.

Edmonton has two pleasing offerings at hand in the world of amusements.

Mr. and Mrs. John McDougall entertained on Thursday night at a very enjoyable dinner party.

SPORTING NEWS

GOOD RACING ASSURED.

Judging from appearances British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will this year enjoy one of the best racing seasons they have ever witnessed.

Many prominent horsemen who have made their names famous and have been in the game on the coast tracks for some years, have signified their intention of sending some of their best horses over to Calgary.

SHAMROCKS DEFEATED.

New York, March 20.—The Wanderers of Montreal, holders of the Stanley hockey championship, defeated the Shamrocks of the Montreal Canadiens last night.

TECUMSEHS IN LINE.

Toronto, March 20.—Charlie Lawrence will manage the Toronto Tecumseh Lacrosse team against the winners of the Ontario Lacrosse Association.

THE HOLLEY-ALLEN BOUT.

Articles have been signed for a 15 round boxing contest between Bob Holley of Edmonton and Dick Allen of Strathcona.

MARVIN HART WON ON FOUL.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 20.—Before the start of yesterday afternoon Marvin Hart of Louisiana was defeated by John Willington of Chicago on a foul.

KETCHUM THE WINNER.

The singles curling competition has been played and the winner is W. H. Ketchum.

BOWLING MEET FOR VANCOUVER.

Vancouver Mar. 20.—R. H. Cliburn, manager of the Pender street alleys, is arranging for a bowling meet on their tour in the east.

TRUE AUTOGRAPHS.

True friend-ship cannot be expressed in words.

IS CATASTROPHE IMMINENT?

What That Roared Before Frisco Quake is Again Active.

Beloit, Wis., March 19.

The roaring well on Charles Lathrop's farm, northwest of Beloit, which was active for a few weeks preceding the San Francisco disaster, is again emitting ominous rumbling noises and strong wind from its crater.

Mrs. Turner is Acquitted.

Toronto, March 21.—Mrs. Minnie Turner was acquitted this morning on the charge of performing a criminal operation.

It has been decided to use the Brantford to Hamilton Marathon as the Olympic trial for the distance, on condition that a suitable place in Hamilton to collect a nominal fee which will be charged to spectators desiring to see the finish of the race.

On their return trip from the east the Major Lewis of Winnipeg, defeated the Olympian trial for the distance, on condition that a suitable place in Hamilton to collect a nominal fee which will be charged to spectators desiring to see the finish of the race.

Siberian Exile Escapes.

St. Petersburg, March 19.—Mlle. Marie Spiridonova, exiled to Siberia two years ago, for the murder of the chief of police of Tambov, has escaped and is now in either Australia or New Zealand.

BORN.

LEDDUC—On Thursday, March 19th in Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Leduc, city—a daughter.

CHILDHOOD INDIGESTION MEANS SICKLY BABIES

The baby who suffers from indigestion is simply starving to death. It loses all desire for food and the little it does take does it so poorly the child is restless, cross and restless, and the mother feels worn out in caring for it.

Plague is Spreading. Guayaquil, Ecuador, Mar. 20.—The bubonic plague here is increasing and the sanitary condition of this and other towns is causing great alarm.

Plague is Spreading. Guayaquil, Ecuador, Mar. 20.—The bubonic plague here is increasing and the sanitary condition of this and other towns is causing great alarm.

Advertisement for I.C. Gasoline Engines, featuring a large image of an engine and text describing its features and availability.

Advertisement for Loose Leaf Ledgers, featuring a large image of a ledger and text describing its benefits for business and accounting.

AROUND THE CITY

LOCALS. (From Saturday's Bulletin.) A. Archibald, the druggist, has moved to his handsome new store opposite the Bulletin, one of the finest drug stores west of Winnipeg.

TWO ARRESTS MADE.

Two arrests were made at the City Police Station yesterday afternoon, one of the prisoners being Jas. Hoffman, charged with assault on a man named Gouvin and the other Chris Shultz, charged with the theft of a pony, the property of George H. Turnival. Gouvin was reported not to be in Edmonton to appear this morning and his case was adjourned till this afternoon.

STRATHCONA NEWS

SENATE'S REPRESENTATIVE FROM CITY OF STRATHCONA. R. S. Jenkins, M.A., Receiving Congratulations of the Citizens Upon His Election.—A Man of Scholarly Attainments in Strathcona's Representative.

'ALREADY ROUTE' IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR HIM

Chairman of C.P.R. Says "Already Route" That the Government Could Smash the C. P. R. But He Has Faith in Their Spirit of Fair Play.

STRAIGHT LOANS

WINNIPEG. Mar. 20.—The exceedingly interesting stage which Canadian Pacific steamship development now stands in view of the expiry of the contracts with the British and Canadian governments for the fast mail service to the far east and the shadow of the All-Red route creating a feeling of uncertainty as to the renewal of these contracts which terminates in April has led to rather keen expectations being entertained as to the course of the negotiations.

REICHSTAG LEARNS POWER OF THE PRESS

Parliamentary reporters of newspapers stayed away from the Reichstag yesterday and as a result twelve deputies who intended to speak on the colonial budget refused to address the house because their remarks would not be given publicity.

LOANS AT 8%

ON IMPROVED FARM PROPERTY CREDIT FONCIER, F.C. EDMONTON. J. H. GOWAN, LOCAL MANAGER. SCHOOL DEBENTURES PURCHASED.

SINKING FUND LOANS

ROMA, Mar. 20.—The king of Italy today received a telegram from Prince Monaco, saying the latter regretted his physicians had informed him he was not well enough to come to Rome to deliver his lecture on Oceanography, covering the results of his recent explorations in the north.

SEMI-WEEK

VOLUME V. WAS VICTIM OF BRUTAL ASSAULT. Frank Goodwin Lies at Police Station—Alleged Assaulters Under Arrest.

BAGGAGE CHECKING SYSTEM.

Commencing on April 1st all baggage coming in and going out of Edmonton on the C. P. R. may be checked direct to and from Edmonton. This arrangement was made yesterday by J. Sparks, assistant general baggage agent of the C. P. R. at Winnipeg, who is in the city at present with Mr. Dangerfield, agent of the general baggage department of the C. P. R. at Calgary, arranging the details of this new scheme.

A STILL ALARM.

A still alarm came in last night at 8:35 to Central fire station for a small blaze in the meat shop of E. Tomkinson at the corner of Jasper and Fraser Avenue. A paper near the fire in some kindling and a large quantity of coal are also being offered for sale, the price ranging between \$3 and \$3.50 per ton. Very few vegetables are being brought into the city by farmers and market gardeners except potatoes, which are selling at about 50¢ per bushel. Dressed meats are still selling poorly.

MARKET SQUARE PRICES.

Trade continues very quiet on the market square these days and there are very few changes in the prices prevailing. The offerings of green feed and hay continue large, there having been almost a glut on the market of these lines during the winter. Large quantities of coal are also being offered for sale, the price ranging between \$3 and \$3.50 per ton. Very few vegetables are being brought into the city by farmers and market gardeners except potatoes, which are selling at about 50¢ per bushel. Dressed meats are still selling poorly.

PREMIER NEARS END AS GOVERNMENT HEAD

Physical Condition of England's Prime Minister Guarded. Serious—Imperialist Liberal, Lord Rosebery, Attracts Attention.

AWAIT KING'S RETURN.

When King Edward returns to London it is generally expected Sir Henry's resignation will be announced, and then will come Mr. Asquith's task—I was nearly using the word "resignation" but I believe that is not in view of recent happenings as expected this week. It is even said that Lord Rosebery is returning to active political life. It certainly looks very like it and his return would be warmly welcomed by a large section of the imperialist Liberals. His appointment to the Liberal League was most significant, and a study of it gives a key to his attitude.

PRINCE WILL NOT VISIT ROME.

Monaco Prevented From Visiting King by Vatican.

CASES OF INTERNATIONAL INTEREST.

Winnipeg, Mar. 20.—Two cases of international interest came before the court this morning, the first being that of Lafonde, brought over by Canadian officials from Ottawa, Ill., to stand trial here on a charge of embezzlement, and the other being that of a Canadian official charged with kidnapping a Canadian farmer at Emerson. The latter was remanded till next week. The former was developed into a farce, as it was brought out that Lafonde was enticed across the boundary by the representations of a Canadian detective, who declared he had secured the necessary extradition papers. Lafonde will be returned to Ottawa, Ill., where his likely proceedings will be dropped. Consul-General Jones appeared for him.

CANADIAN LOANS GOOD.

Britain Not Suspicious of Our Loans. G.T. Incident No Indication.

THE NEW BUFFALO PARK.

Order-in-Council Passed Creating a Buffalo Park on the River 175 Miles.

MAY SETTLE CASES.

The various cases instituted by the Alberta Nursey & Seed Co. against several prominent citizens of Edmonton to recover the amount of the contract price of some nursery stock have been laid over for the present and are in all probability settled. Manager Hall of the Alberta Nursey, returned south to Calgary yesterday and will decide whether he will proceed with the remainder of the suit on the same line as the judge's decision in the Grierson case or settle the remaining cases. It is understood that the defendants are willing to settle on the same basis as the judge's decision in the case against W. E. Grierson.

CORPORAL MEINIS LAUDED.

The latest issue of the Canadian Military Gazette has the following headed "Notable Scoring in Notable Weather," referring to Alberta's crack marksman: "Corporal D. Meinis, C.M. Rifles, Strathcona, Alberta, has been demonstrating in the month of February that the man who last year won the Governor-General prize and took first place on the Bisley range this year has not lost his cunning. He has done more than this, he has made an advertisement for Sunny Alberta that should be made use of in our immigration literature. While we in the east have been suffering all the inconveniences of snow blockades in their most aggravated form, this good fellow has been handling his rifle with very good results from February 1st to February 25th. Further comment is unnecessary, let the dates and the scores speak for themselves."

FREE SCHOOL TEACHERS.

In another month a consignment of between 60,000 and 70,000 public school books for part I and standard IV will reach this city. The readers are shipped by the publishers, McGraw & Co. of Toronto, and are being sent to the department of education of the Alberta government for distribution among the pupils in the public schools of the province. A sufficient supply has been ordered to last two years. The books are being sent to the schools of the province in that they will be distributed free of charge among the pupils. This is done as a policy of the government to assist every child in obtaining as far as possible a good education. The books are being sent to the schools of the province in that they will be distributed free of charge among the pupils. This is done as a policy of the government to assist every child in obtaining as far as possible a good education.

LOCALS

(From Friday's Bulletin.) In the Methodist church on Sunday the pupils will be occupied in the morning by Rev. E. E. Marshall of the McHugh Methodist church, Edmonton, and in the evening by Rev. Dr. Riddell, principal of Alberta College, both will speak in the interests of the College.

OFF TO THE GOLD FIELDS.

Frank Anderson, the trader from the north, who has been in the city for the past few days, leaves this afternoon for the north. Mr. Anderson was the man who brought down the information to Edmonton that the gold strike in the Finlay river district was a fact and not a hoax, and some people thought he was. He is going as far as Lesser Slave Lake in the company of H. Selby, who has a surveying contract with the Dominion government. Mr. Selby is taking a party of some eight men and necessary, and will remain in the north till next December. His time will be taken up on meridian work, subdivision of townships and base line surveying.

A POLISH VISITOR.

An interesting visitor to the city during the past few days is Joseph Bole, who has been in the United States for the past 14 years. At one time he was the secretary of the Polish National alliance, a society embracing over 50,000 members in America, but lately he has been connected with the National Polish Daily News, or the "Dziennik Narodowy," as one of its editors.

DISTRICT COURT AT STRATHCONA

(From Saturday's Bulletin.) A. Y. Blain, Inspector of Legal Affairs of Alberta, has arranged for sittings of the District court at Strathcona on Tuesday, April 14th, Friday, April 17th, and Tuesday, April 21st. His Honor Judge H. C. Taylor will preside.

THE WEATHER.

Light rain or snow flurries have occurred in parts of the prairie provinces. Mild conditions have prevailed in all districts.

REORGANIZING LIFE SAVING STATION.

Ottawa, Mar. 15.—A Toronto deposition consisting of Controllers Hooker, Spence and Harrison were in Ottawa Saturday to urge upon the minister of public works the necessity for the reorganization of the life saving station at Toronto Island. The removal from the eastern to the western end and the construction of a tunnel from the mainland to the island. Hon. Mr. Pugsley held out hopes that the demands of the deposition would be granted.

GRANKS' POWER AT END.

The power of Granks in the cabinet would seem to be at an end. They have left an awful legacy of trouble in the shape of the licensing bill, new estimates and the prospect of an age which would be able to carry the burden which it has accumulated, already remains to be seen, but it is safe to assume that from this week onward no additions will be made to this burden.

REORGANIZING LIFE SAVING STATION.

Ottawa, Mar. 15.—A Toronto deposition consisting of Controllers Hooker, Spence and Harrison were in Ottawa Saturday to urge upon the minister of public works the necessity for the reorganization of the life saving station at Toronto Island. The removal from the eastern to the western end and the construction of a tunnel from the mainland to the island. Hon. Mr. Pugsley held out hopes that the demands of the deposition would be granted.

WILL NOT USE ROSS RIFLE.

Christiana, Mar. 20.—Gen. Ole Hansen, commander in chief of the Norwegian army, denies the report that the editors of his country are not equipped with the Ross rifle. The King-Jorgensen rifle, now in use, has obtained its excellence, and there is no thought of giving it up and substituting a new weapon.

GET ACQUAINTED WITH BLACK WATCH

The big black plug chewing tobacco. A tremendous favorite everywhere, because of its richness and pleasing flavor.

OWEN SOUND BLAZE.

Owen Sound, Mar. 20.—Fire tonight in the dry goods store of T. E. Vanstone, did damage to the extent of \$33,000 of stock, mostly covered by insurance.

REORGANIZING LIFE SAVING STATION.

Ottawa, Mar. 15.—A Toronto deposition consisting of Controllers Hooker, Spence and Harrison were in Ottawa Saturday to urge upon the minister of public works the necessity for the reorganization of the life saving station at Toronto Island. The removal from the eastern to the western end and the construction of a tunnel from the mainland to the island. Hon. Mr. Pugsley held out hopes that the demands of the deposition would be granted.

REORGANIZING LIFE SAVING STATION.

Ottawa, Mar. 15.—A Toronto deposition consisting of Controllers Hooker, Spence and Harrison were in Ottawa Saturday to urge upon the minister of public works the necessity for the reorganization of the life saving station at Toronto Island. The removal from the eastern to the western end and the construction of a tunnel from the mainland to the island. Hon. Mr. Pugsley held out hopes that the demands of the deposition would be granted.

REORGANIZING LIFE SAVING STATION.

Ottawa, Mar. 15.—A Toronto deposition consisting of Controllers Hooker, Spence and Harrison were in Ottawa Saturday to urge upon the minister of public works the necessity for the reorganization of the life saving station at Toronto Island. The removal from the eastern to the western end and the construction of a tunnel from the mainland to the island. Hon. Mr. Pugsley held out hopes that the demands of the deposition would be granted.

REORGANIZING LIFE SAVING STATION.

Ottawa, Mar. 15.—A Toronto deposition consisting of Controllers Hooker, Spence and Harrison were in Ottawa Saturday to urge upon the minister of public works the necessity for the reorganization of the life saving station at Toronto Island. The removal from the eastern to the western end and the construction of a tunnel from the mainland to the island. Hon. Mr. Pugsley held out hopes that the demands of the deposition would be granted.

Advertisement for Lumberman's Friend, Hirst's Pain Exterminator, and Hirst's Little Liver Pills.

Advertisement for Ladies' Spring Coats, in short, three-quarter and full length styles.

Advertisement for The Manchester House, (Established 1886), Ladies' Spring Coats.

Advertisement for W. Johnstone Walker & Company, 267 Jasper Avenue East.

Advertisement for Lumberman's Friend, Hirst's Pain Exterminator, and Hirst's Little Liver Pills.

Advertisement for Ladies' Spring Coats, in short, three-quarter and full length styles.

Advertisement for The Manchester House, (Established 1886), Ladies' Spring Coats.

Advertisement for W. Johnstone Walker & Company, 267 Jasper Avenue East.

Advertisement for Lumberman's Friend, Hirst's Pain Exterminator, and Hirst's Little Liver Pills.