

Paid the Penalty!

Hendershott and Welter Hanged at St. Thomas for the Murder of the Former's Nephew—Prisoners Make a Confession Which the Confidante Will Not Make Public—Welter's Wonderful Nerve on the Scaffold—Hendershott Died Praying—Buried in One Box in the Jail Yard.

WELTER'S STATEMENT CONSIDERED.

Ottawa, June 17.—The statement of Welter's telegraphed from St. Thomas led to a rapid exchange of cipher telegrams between his Excellency, who is in Quebec, and Premier Bowell. Lord Aberdeen doubtless heard of the statement before signing the order in council sent down to him from Ottawa on Saturday, and which he would not receive before today. At a late hour this evening telegrams were still passing between Quebec and Ottawa, all at the instance of his Excellency, but finally the sanction of his Excellency was received. As the Cabinet decided not to interfere with the sentence, the action or inaction of the Governor-General could not affect the fate of the convicts who are to be hanged tomorrow.

THEIR LAST NIGHT.

(Special to the "Advertiser.")
St. Thomas, June 17.—The city of St. Thomas was invaded by newspaper men tonight, and it is a question whether all will be admitted to the execution in the morning. The rumor has gone forth that only a limited number will be admitted, and there is more or less speculation as to who the fortunate ones will be. Dr. Chamberlain, Toronto, inspector of prisons, arrived tonight. He went straight to the jail. The jail officials place no reliance whatever on the statement made by Welter, exonerating Hendershott, implicating a respectable aged farmer in the neighborhood of where the crime was committed. Today several enterprising newspaper men drove out to the place indicated, and although they made diligent inquiry, they utterly failed to find the slightest trace of suspicion against the man's name. He is over 70 years of age, and has a son in a position of trust in a London drygoods firm.

"The statement made by Welter has been greatly exaggerated by the press," said Governor Moore to the "Advertiser" representative tonight. "There was just enough said to give it a foundation. None who were present placed any reliance upon it whatever; in fact, we gave it hardly a second thought. When he made the statement it was in a semi-coherent way, like a man in a trance."

A curious instance of the moribundness of St. Thomas people, and particularly the women, was witnessed tonight, when the jailer was obliged to order and drive away almost by force a couple of hundred women and girls, and a number of boys, who were crowding the lawn that encircled the jail on the side where the prisoners were confined. It was to catch a glimpse in the distance of one or the other of the condemned men as they came to the window to see the sun set for the last time in their lives that the curious crowd hung about. And still they lingered, even after the sun had gone down, and they could see no longer.

It is said that David Hendershott, brother of the condemned man of that name, and father of the murdered young man, will witness the execution. Tonight the men have completely broken down, and at times their cries and sobs can be heard outside the jail wall.

It is asserted on good authority that a written confession has been made by the prisoners, and entrusted to Rev. D. Spencer, to make public after their execution.

The inspector of prisons since his arrival tonight, granted an interview, which had previously been denied to Mary Lilly Hendershott, the daughter of the older prisoner, and the sweet heart of the younger man.

View lasted over an hour, and was almost heartrending in the intensity of anguish that was displayed. A photograph of the young lady has been Welter's solace during his confinement. He has made the request that it be buried with him. The general impression is that Hendershott will have to be carried to the scaffold.

THE EXECUTION.

How the Condemned Men Spent the Night.

(Special from our own reporter.)
St. Thomas, June 18.—With prayers, without a single protestation of innocence, Welter and Hendershott met death on the scaffold at 8:12 this morning. Death was instantaneous, though there were pulsations in the bodies for several minutes after the drop fell. The two prisoners passed a very fair night, considering the terrible load on their minds, walking or sleeping. Towards morning they slept heavily. Their death watches say they snored just as hard as many in very different circumstances. They were up at 6 o'clock, and dressed in their best clothes, when Rev. D. Spencer, who has been their spiritual adviser all the way through, arrived at the jail. Shortly afterwards, Rev. Mr. McIntyre and Rev. Dr. Hannon also arrived, and the three remained with the men until the end came. It was a morning of expectation to newspaper men who had not the coveted invitations. They were there from Montreal on the east. Detroit on the west, from Buffalo and several other New York cities. Bright and early they hurried to the neat-looking gray stone court house at the head of Queen street and stood at the portals while the deputy sheriff heard their requests. It was finally decided to let them all in with the exception of those who had two representatives; in that case one had to suffice. At 7:30 the crowd, which numbered about 50, and including enough spectators to empanel a jury, were admitted to the

men's yard. Here they waited until 8 o'clock, when they were allowed into the still smaller inclosure of the women's yard. While waiting in the men's yard.

RADCLIFFE, THE HANGMAN, came in with a large black valise and a grandiloquent "good morning, gentlemen." He started to shake hands, and had grasped that of one scribe, when the others were almost without exception suddenly taken up with a view of a man away up on the jail cupola. Nobody else took the proffered hand, and the hangman and the bag disappeared through the door leading to the fatal yard. It was the loveliest of June mornings—a morning with all nature smiling radiant, a light mist being over Kettle Creek in the pretty valley to the west of the jail, over which the condemned men saw the sun go down on their misspent lives. The birds were singing, the sun was shining, the air was balmy and the trees were dressed in their beautiful summer attire. A morning when the veriest hypochondriac might wish to live. Meanwhile, the men in the jail yard united in saying that it was hot, and of putting souvenirs of the scaffold, the shape of chips and blocks into their pockets.

IN THE JAIL YARD.
When the door did open, they crowded in with a rush. The first sight that met their eyes was a rude bench on two trusses, this was to hold the bodies during the post mortem. In the north-east corner of the yard the ghastly engine of death reared itself with its dangling ropes and levers. The platform was about seven feet from the ground and surrounded by a railing. In the center at the east and west sides two stout upright beams were in position, while another beam of a corresponding thickness passed between them, and was braced. It was from this that two ominous-looking noosed ropes dangled and swayed in the slight breeze that was stirring. The bottom part of the scaffold was boarded up so that the contortions of the bodies would not be visible to those in the yard. The drop extended five feet into the ground and the steps leading up into the scaffold began just where the steps leading down from the jail door began. The mournful procession had not far to walk. While waiting for the final act in the painfully realistic tragedy, one man thought the time opportune to deliberate a number of tracts matters relating to the final judgment. A telephone lineman climbed a telegraph pole and threw his leg over a crossbar, while a number of bare heads began to bob up and down on the high jail wall. "Get down or you will find yourself inside!" said a burly constable, and the heads disappeared from sight. It was just 8:00 when the sound of footsteps were heard descending the railway inside the jail door. The sound increased as

THE PROCESSION OF DEATH drew nearer, and Sheriff Brown appeared at the door. The men walked in single file, and following the sheriff came Dr. Chamberlain, inspector of prisons, Rev. D. Spencer, Rev. Dr. Hannon, Rev. Mr. McIntyre, Jailer Moore and Hangman Radcliffe. Deputy Sheriff Brown followed, and the condemned men walked unassisted. Turner Langdon came next, supporting the older prisoner Hendershott. As the clergyman and other officials reached the platform they ranged themselves about. The faces of the prisoners as they walked up the steps were

STUDIES OF INTENSE MISERY. Their eyes were sunken, and lines underneath told of the sufferings they had undergone. Both were a ghastly white color, and Welter's ashen countenance was rendered more conspicuous by his black mustache and jet black hair, and the older man's hair and heavy drooping mustache of the same color as his face. When the two men saw the ropes hanging in front of them, Welter quickly placed himself in position under the one nearest to the wall. Hendershott stepped back when he caught sight of the rope and muttered, "Lord, have mercy upon me," and as he started back Radcliffe placed Welter, who got under the rope intended for Hendershott, directly in front of the latter, and then the older man, who felt forced forward and to the left on to the trap door. He was still muttering in an audible voice the prayer, "Oh Lord, have mercy upon me," and his hands were clasped before him, as if in the attitude of prayer. The arms of both men were pinioned at the elbows, but Welter's hands hung limp, and so white that the blue veins could be seen thereon.

THEY SAID "GOOD-BYE."
His eyes traveled over the men in the yard, and as he caught sight of Dr. Edmonds, of St. Thomas, who was brought up on an adjoining farm, he said in a firm voice, though his speech was thick, "How are you, Doc? Good-bye." The doctor was moved to tears. Turning to Doctor Hannon, Welter shook hands with him, saying, "Good-bye; God knows my heart." He also shook hands with, and said "good-bye," to Rev. Mr. Spencer and to the hangman. Then he said "Good-bye, everybody," closing his eyes and bending his head to receive the black cap that Radcliffe produced from a pocket in his Prince Albert coat. The legs of both had meanwhile been pinioned by the hangman, and as he put the cap over Welter's face and adjusted the noose with knot behind the jaw, the latter said, "Not too tight—too tight." Radcliffe immediately eased the pressure, and then turned his attention to Hendershott, whose body was swaying from the knees upward in an ominous manner. He said "Good-bye" to those around him, but never once released the clasp of his hands, or discontinued entirely his prayer. As the black cap was drawn over his eyes and the noose was adjusted, the clear, ringing tones of Mr. Spencer were heard uttering the Lord's Prayer, and as the words were spoken fast Radcliffe had just time to take a cursory glance over his work when the minister arrived at the words, "Deliver us from evil," the hangman's hand was on the lever of death, and the last of the prayer was drowned in the crash of the two trap doors, and in the awful

sound as the bodies reached the end of the drop. Radcliffe had pulled the lever and John Hendershott and William David Welter had dropped out of sight and into eternity. Both men as they felt the floor giving way beneath them drew themselves up to their knees and elbows. Welter's rope remained stationary, but Hendershott's swayed backwards and forwards until it was steadied by Radcliffe.

DEATH INSTANTANEOUS.
Then Mr. Spencer leaned over the rail and said that he wished to see all the press representatives in the corridor as soon as was convenient. By this time there was a distinct murmur outside, and the cause became apparent. As a large black flag was hoisted half way up the court house flagstaff and suspended there. It told the waiting crowd that the condemned men had paid the extreme penalty of the law. Dr. Vanhook, Dr. Linton, Dr. Harris, Dr. Chamberlain and Dr. Smith went into the room under the gallows and examined the bodies. They agreed that death was instantaneous, the necks of both men being broken. However, the particulars of that statement have not been made public. The items that did appear are but few, and it is not about that. The prisoner Welter has assured me that the story was false.

ABOUT CONFESSIONS.
The small party of newspaper men crowded upstairs to where Welter and Spencer were waiting. "Well, gentlemen," said Mr. Spencer, "I think it is my duty to say to you that the confession made by Welter respecting a West Elgin farmer, is not true in any particular. Even if it were that it was made in my opinion in a paroxysm of grief and despair and disappointment, and I think, also, temporary insanity, with the hope that the neck of one, if not both, might be broken. The particulars of that statement have not been made public. The items that did appear are but few, and it is not about that. The prisoner Welter has assured me that the story was false.

WELTER'S SWEETHEART.
Hendershott is not at all ailing, and with respect to the matter for which these men were hanged. Her statement at the trial was true, and her conduct above reproach. The prisoners both assured me that she told herself most gratefully the truth. Welter was desperately fond of her and she of him, and there was no bad feeling of any kind between the two prisoners. They had always been friends, and during that sad night, both of them were very grateful to Gov. Moore, Edward Langan and son, and Mr. Denner for their kindness and attention. They said "Good-bye" to these men, weeping, their thanks and expressing themselves most grateful to them, and also to myself, Rev. Dr. McIntyre and Rev. Dr. Hannon. I think they made the impression on our minds—certainly on mine—that they died at peace with themselves and with the world.

THEY "MADE THEIR CONFESSION."
Finally, after some consideration, Mr. Spencer dictated the following paragraph, which is held by newspaper men to be the most important of all the declarations. It was: "I have made their confession to me most gratefully and honestly, the particulars of which I give to no one."

An "Advertiser" reporter afterwards asked Mr. Spencer if it was so that the prisoners had made a confession. He replied that he would not press the question, "was the reply given."

AFTER THE EXECUTION.
When the newspaper delegation filed out again into the jail yard the two bodies were lying on the rough benches. Their white faces turned towards the sun. They had been cut down and lifted out of the pit by the turnkeys. The skin on the necks of both men was slightly abraded, where the ropes had chafed. Welter was dressed in black cloth trousers with a stripe, and wore a sack coat and vest of navy blue material. He had on a white shirt and celluloid collar, and wore a white necktie, dotted with red. Hendershott also wore dark, striped trousers, but his coat and vest were black, as was his tie. Both men had on slippers.

A jury was polled, with Dr. Linton as foreman. W. H. Murch was elected foreman. The names of the jury are as follows: W. H. Murch (foreman), Edward Holden, John Campbell, Thos. Johnston, Wm. Elliott, Chas. Edmonds, H. H. Connelley, Aquilla Pierce, Reuben Harris, Wm. Oill, Wm. Cochrane, Stephen Haight and John Cambridge.

Clerk Fairbrother asked in the name of the Queen if any evidence could be given as to the death of Welter and Hendershott. The coroner asked the jury if they wished to look at the bodies. None acquiesced, as the majority had wandered over while the polling was in progress and looked at the bodies. N. W. Moore, governor of the jail, Ald. McCully and Lachlan Campbell, high constable, gave the usual evidence.

During the examination those spectators who had remained wandered around the bodies and gazed at the resigned features of both. Radcliffe stepped to the table and undid both collars, taking the collar buttons and handing them to jail official. He also examined all the pockets and felt the bodies. Shortly after, an attendant brought out a sheet and covered the remains. The table was close to the scaffold, and by one of the doors left. Rev. Messrs. Spencer and McIntyre leaving together. The jury rendered the customary verdict and were dismissed, and the bodies were afterwards lowered together in a rough box in the male inclosure of the jail yard. It was impossible, according to law, to allow the relatives to claim the bodies. None of the latter were at the hanging or applied for admission.

A REMINISCENCE.
Mackinaw Island, June 18.—William Welter, who was hanged at St. Thomas this morning, was a resident of this place three or four years ago. He was prominent in social and church circles, a worker in the Sunday school, and a singer in the choir. He was a general favorite with those who came in contact with him.

Immediately after the execution Radcliffe again sought the black valise and changed his Prince Albert for a sack coat.

Radcliffe went to the cells of the prisoners about ten minutes to 8 o'clock.

He spoke to Welter first, and he burst out crying. Then he passed on to Hendershott, who also commenced to cry as Radcliffe began to pinion his arms. Welter was pinioned immediately after, and a pause was made to give the men a chance to recover their composure.

Welter's drop was 2 feet 8 inches, Hendershott's 3 feet.

There is the best of grounds for the assertion that the prisoners confessed. Both St. Thomas papers head their bulletins "Welter and Hendershott confess."

Sheriff Brown is justly entitled to praise for the order, decorous and solemn manner in which the awful sentence was carried out. Hendershott was 44 and Welter 25 years of age.

The procession entered the yard at 8:09, the drop fell at 8:12, and the men were pronounced dead at 8:17. The bodies were allowed to hang for 35 minutes.

Hendershott's father and mother, who belong to Walsingham Center, were in St. Thomas at the time of the hanging. The morning "Advertiser" was the only paper to publish before the execution the fact that the prisoners had made a confession to the Rev. D. Spencer.

Walter Wardell, who was at the eleventh hour most unfairly accused by Welter of committing the murder, is one of the most respectable farmers in Elgin. It was in the woods owned by him and leased by Hendershott that the crime was committed. Mr. Wardell was one of the most important witnesses at the trial against the accused. It was undoubtedly in order to get even with Wardell that Welter concocted the yarn he told County Crown Attorney Donahue and Rev. Mr. Spencer, his spiritual adviser.

STORY OF THE CRIME.

On Friday afternoon, Dec. 14, word was brought to St. Thomas that Wm. Henry Hendershott, a young man, 23 years of age, son of David Hendershott, Walsingham Center, who was living with his uncle, John Hendershott, at Middlemarch, had been killed in Wardell's woods by a tree falling upon him. His only companion in the woods was said to be Wm. David Welter, and his story about the tree having fallen on Hendershott while the latter was running to save his watch is still fresh in the minds of all who have followed this remarkable case. Charles E. Welter, Middlemarch, and uncle of the dead man, was informed of the occurrence at the Court House, St. Thomas, where he was attending the sessions. From the story told to him, Dr. Gustin, the coroner, having no reason to suspect foul play, gave permission to remove the body. Suspicions of foul play were aroused by the finding of blood spots by Messrs. E. Wardell, R. Stevenson, R. Curtis, R. Sanders, E. Pierce and George Craig, when they went to the woods, some of them for the purpose of removing the body. Patches of blood were noticed on leaves and stumps in different places.

THE MATTER OF INSURANCE.

Next day it was noted abroad that the dead man was insured for \$11,000 in two policies, one for \$6,000 and one for \$5,000, and both payable to the uncle, John Hendershott. The fallen tree gave no evidence of having indicated the eleven horrible sharp cuts on Hendershott's head, and various suspicious circumstances so aroused public opinion that Coroner Gustin deemed it advisable to hold an inquest on Monday. The post mortem strengthened the suspicions of foul play already in existence.

The story of Welter, who, by the way, was keeping company with John Hendershott's daughter, appeared to add strength to the suspicion that was working around the two men. It came out that he was very intimate with Hendershott, and had slept with him for several months. Hendershott left for Eden on the day of the affair, and it was the fact that there he told exactly the same story about the tragedy as did Welter that told most heavily against him. He remarked when told of Hendershott's death, that the tree must have fallen on him when he was running to get his watch. This was the strongest point against him at the trial, and, coupled with the insurance of the victim, seemed to point to murder most horrible and deliberate. It also transpired that Hendershott had tried to place a policy on the life of a drinking character called "Pat the Driver," or Patrick Fitzgerald. The jury found them guilty, and Chief Justice Meredith passed his maiden death sentence.

OTHER ELGIN CRIMES.

The double hanging this morning was the first hanging in Elgin county. The first murder in the memory of Jailer Moore was that of a Dutchman, by a man named Wright, in Southwold in 1858. He was sentenced to death, but the sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life. Over a quarter of a century went by before Elgin's court blotter again held the record of a charge of murder. Then, in 1885, there were four prisoners in Elgin county jail at the same time on the charge of murder. A Bayham man named Stillwell was shot, and two boys named Foss and Thomas were arrested for the crime, and Stillwell's wife was arrested as an accessory. Thomas was made a Crown witness against the other two, but all were acquitted. On the third trial, the Crown gave up the case for lack of evidence, and they went free. A couple of years ago a young farmer named Young had a dispute with a neighbor named Glover over a turkey, and in a rage shot him. He got off with a light sentence by pleading guilty to manslaughter. Today's execution was the first double execution in Western Ontario.

In 1887 a Malahide man named Pigott was missing. His weighted body was subsequently found in Lake Erie, near Long Point. Havelock Smith, Malahide, was charged with the crime, and twice the jury disagreed. At the same time a St. Thomas man named Mitchell got ten years for shooting a man named McIntosh.

PRISONERS AT LARGE.

Chief Scirvin of Woodstock police is in the city looking after two prisoners who broke jail there yesterday. The men are John McNeill and John Henderson (colored) who were found guilty last week of robbing Christopher's liquor store at Ingersoll. The former was sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary, and the latter to eighteen months in the Central Prison. They escaped during the temporary absence of the turnkey by way of the kitchen and then scaled the walls by means of some planks. At the time of going to press Chief Scirvin has not captured them.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

In reference to the appeal of Mr. James Munroe, of London, it is understood the report of the judicial committee is that the appeal be dismissed, but the matter is referred back for final action to the St. Andrew's Church with the recommendation that they favorably consider his application for a certificate.

KINGSMILL'S

Greater Goodness
Greater Popularity

Things are going a bit here. We seem to have a very easy time making everybody comfortable in mind and purse. Having nothing in the store but what is the best lets us look everybody in the eye with confidence. Quality, like good ice, is clear and transparent. There is no crust of goodness covering a core of faults and flaws here. Through and through good.

Almost everybody has found out, too, that the best is cheapest. We have been teaching that truth and emphasising it with practical illustrations for 25 years.

SUMMER FANCIES.

There are some woolen gowns that are needed all summer long, and we have the proper goods to make them of. Travelers and loungers, in new patterns and new weaves. Some of the sturdiest are found among the new weaves. Ten days ago 65c, now 32c. Just half price. SPECIAL—10 pieces Cream All-Wool French Tennis Flannel, good value at 48c, now 25c yard.

COTTON GOODS.

Our "Beauty Cottons" are bargains. The calendar regulates it. This store is run on schedule time—and we are approaching the close of the season. That is why we are sacrificing. It is your opportunity. Don't miss it. The weaves that are wrecked are among the most fashionable of the famous ones. Just as honestly good at the reduced prices as they were at the original.

GINGHAM,
PIQUE,
CHAMBRAYS,
CRINKLES,
BATISTE,
TUFTED CHAMBRAYS,
PRINTED ORGANDIES,
FRENCH SATEENS,
PRINTED DRILLS,
AMERICAN DUCKS,
PRINTED MARSEILLES,
DRESS LINENS.

Parasols and Sunshades

We have imported this season in addition to our usual stock of Black and Colored Durable Silk Parasols, a case of French Novelties, the like of which never were shown in this vicinity before. The cost of a dainty Lace Covered Sateen Sunshade is trifling, or, if your purse is long, one of those delicate Lace Covered and Fringed Shot Tussores may be as expensive as you please. Forty-four cents to \$10 75 is the range, with the between prices, and no end of styles to choose from.

Kingsmill

Dundas and Carling Sts.

WHISKARD'S

2

Busy Stores

230-232 Dundas St.

WE MADE SOME

SPECIAL PURCHASES

LAST WEEK OF

VERY DESIRABLE GOODS

AWAY BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

Special lines of Very Heavy Shirt- ing, new patterns,

Only 8c Yard.

Just in, special line of wide width Serge Dress Goods, all the best shades,

At 25c Yard.

These are nice goods.

Special line of 45-inch Henrietta Dress Goods, in cream, pale blue and pink,

Only 25c Yard.

These are splendid value.

MILLINERY.

We made some heavy purchases of Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats, all new shapes. Also about 50 dozen of Black and Cream Ties in bunches of three.

Special line of Ladies' Fine Straw Sailor Hats,

Only 25c Each.

Special line of Children's Fine Fancy Straw Hats,

Only 25c Each.

Special line of Ladies' Plain White Straw Sailors,

25c Each.

Just in today, per special import, one case of Black Cashmere Hose, our special line,

At 25c Pair.

Merino toe and heel.

Now in—Repeat order in several lines of Silk Gloves in black and colored. Special line of heavy silk gloves in tans and mode,

Only 35c Pair.

Repeat order now in of Heavy Silk Mitts, in black and colors,

Only 25c Pair.

See our 2-yard-wide Sheeting,

At 15c Yard.

See our 2 1/4-yard-wide Sheeting, special.

20c Yard.

See our special line of Heavy Table Linen

At 25c Yard.

See our line of Check Towels

At 4c Each.

A new line of Fancy Checked Gingham,

Only 5c Yard.

Just received—Special line of Che- nille Curtains worth \$5,

Our Price \$3 50 Pair.

Just in—800 yards of Wool Fall Cretonne Fringe, in all shades, worth 10 cents,

Whiskard's Price Only 5c Yard

Ladies' and Children's Cotton Un- dervests, with and without sleeves,

5c Each.

Special purchase of 600 dozen Ball Pom-Poms worth 20c, we are clearing them at

10c Dozen.

See them in our east window.

Whiskard's

Presbyterian Parliament.

Dealing With the Matter of Uniformity of Worship—The Billington Question Comes Up—Toronto the Next Meeting-Place of the Assembly—Movement to Secure the Adoption of a Common Hymnal—Reception of Ministers—More Manitoba School Resolutions—French Evangelization.

UNIFORMITY OF WORSHIP.

With regard to uniformity of worship the Assembly passed a resolution in- trusting the question of getting up a scheme for promoting uniformity of worship. This will be presented to the next Assembly, and by it sent to the Presbyteries, to be brought up for final consideration at the Assembly of 1897.

Before deciding the place of meeting, Dr. Prondfoot's anti-billington proposal was read. It was signed by mem- bers, and Dr. Prondfoot stated that many would not sign the overture be- cause it might be thought that they were dissatisfied with their present bil- lington. The overture set forth that the present mode of billington greatly ham- pered the Assembly in selecting the place of meeting. It was a burden to many persons to receive guests. Again, the method of some of the richer hosts in paying for the lodgings of commis- sioners at hotels and boarding houses was too much like asking alms. As a remedy the overture asked that hence- forth the different Presbyteries bear the expenses of the commissioners, but that where personal friends invited commissioners they might accept the invitation.

Dr. Cochrane seconded the motion to receive the overture, and Dr. Reid moved that the prayer be not granted. Unless there was a large reduction in the ratio of representation it would be impossible for the Presbyteries to meet the expenses.

Dr. Reid seconded, and demonstrated that it would cost the Presbyteries of the Northwest \$1,020 to send the usual delegates and pay even moderate hotel rates.

Rev. Mr. McCue observed that the hospitality of Christian people is not exactly as Dr. Prondfoot represents. Finally, on motion of Mr. Robert Murray, Halifax, the question was re- lated to the table, to be considered again, with an overture from the Pres- bytery of St. John, N. B., to reduce the representation of commissioners to the Assembly.

TORONTO FOR 1896.
The choice of the Assembly as the place of the next meeting was the Central Church, Toronto, and the time of the meeting, the second Wednesday in June.

In order to give the dele- gates to the Pan-Presbyterian Congress in Glasgow on June 17 a better chance to attend, Mr. Vailor moved, and Mr. John Cameron seconded, that the Assembly meet on the first Wednesday in June, but the Assembly preferred the second Wednes- day of the month.

The Assembly then proceeded to pro- pose delegates to the Pan-Presbyterian Congress. The following ministers were nominated: Dr. J. K. Smith, Dr. Somerville, D. D. McLeod, Dr. McVicar, Dr. Moore, Dr. Fletcher, President Forrest, Dr. Parsons, Dr. Cochrane, J. Caruthers, Principal Caven, Dr. Warden, Dr. Mil- ligan, R. McR. Johnston, Dr. McLeod, Dr. Jackson, Dr. Robertson (mod- erator), Dr. Gordon, Dr. Battersby, Dr. Laing, D. J. Macdonnell, Dr. Bruce, Dr. McLaren, Dr. Armstrong and Prin- cipal Grant.

Editors—Judge Forbes, George Hay, John Charlton, M. P., George Ruther- ford, D. Ormiston, J. K. Munro, David Morrison, Principal Kirkland, Walter Paul, James Gibson, John Cameron, A. Bartlett, J. K. McDonald, R. Robt. Law, H. Cassels, Hon. E. H. Bronson, Wm. Clarke and Hon. G. W. Ross.

Balloting will take place tomorrow af- ternoon.

HYMNAL REPORT.

Dr. Wm. Gregg, in presenting the re- port, said that it appeared that from the returns that nearly all the Presby- teries which had reported recommended that in the Book of Praise the whole 150 Psalms in the common metrical version should be retained. This was in accordance with the decision of As- sembly and the recommendation of the committee of last year. The committee unanimously agreed to repeat this re- commendation. The committee further unanimously agreed to recommend the General Assembly to call the attention of ministers, sessions, and congrega- tions to the importance of making reg- ular use of the Psalms in the public services of the church. In regard to the Book of Psalms the committee still further agreed to recommend the As- sembly to consider the advisability of revising the metrical version of the whole Psalter, and adding other suit- able versions, with a view to removing difficulties in the way of the Psalms being more generally used in public worship.

As already published, nothing will be done towards the adoption of a common hymnal for all the Presbyter- ian Churches in the British Empire this year, but it was recommended that there be continued co-operation with the hymnal committee of the Scottish Presbyterian Church to that end. A minute expressing the appreciation of the Assembly of the cordial manner in which its representatives were treated by the Scottish committee was adopted.

Dr. Moore urged that in view of the great necessity of many churches for a new supply of hymn books, some- thing be done immediately on their own responsibility.

Rev. Alex. McMillan, Minto, a dele- gate to the Scottish committee, gave a succinct history of the labors of the committee, and said that 350 of the proposed Scottish hymns were already included in the Canadian hymnal, as well as six of the eight doxologies.

The publication of the Canadian hymnal will be delayed until the final report of the Scottish hymnal commit- tee is made in May 1896.

RECEPTION OF MINISTERS.

The report of the committee on the reception of ministers recommended that the following Presbyteries be al- lowed to receive the ministers whose names appear opposite: Hamilton—Rev. Horatio S. Beavis, Sarnia—Rev. John Hale (conditional upon his attending a theological col- lege for one session).

Halifax—Rev. James S. Black and Rev. Thos. H. Murray.
Brandon—Rev. George Rockett.
Inverness—Rev. Wm. Peacock.
Kingston—Rev. Thomas J. Thomp- son.

Minnedosa—Rev. John W. Ray.
That the following be not enter- tained:

Quebec—Rev. N. Dohs.
Montreal—Rev. Calvin J. Hastings.

The action of the Presbytery placing the name of Rev. John Hunter on the appendix of the Book of Discipline was approved.

MONDAY EVENING.

The Assembly convened at 7:30 p.m., Moderator Robertson in the chair.

Rev. James Carrothers, of New Glas- gow, N. S., presented the report of the augmentation committee (eastern sec- tion).

The receipts were \$8,263, an increase of over \$400, and the disbursements \$8,263. The working balance had been reduced from \$4,058 to \$3,963. Fifty- three congregations, as compared with 42 the previous year, received aid from the fund. There had been a decrease of stipend of \$357 and two congrega- tions had become self-supporting. Since the fund was started thirteen congre- gations had been enabled to grow suf- ficiently to support their own minis- ters.

Rev. D. J. Macdonnell read the report of the western section of the augmen- tation committee, which was very en- couraging. The amount raised was \$2,436.95, compared with \$2,375 the previous year, in which \$1,000 was a be- quest. In 21 Presbyteries in Ontario and Quebec there had been increased liberality to the extent of over \$2,800. In the west the improvement was con- siderable. The congregations re- quiring aid numbered 142, and the aver- age grant was \$170.

Rev. Peter Wright in a resolution asked the Assembly to express approval of the present system of managing the augmentation fund, and declaring that the action of the Synodical committees would tend to increase and make ef- fective the work of the scheme.

Rev. J. A. Macdonald, of St. Thomas, seconded the motion in a breezy and eloquent speech which was a fervent plea for support of the fund. He asked how much some who were shouting against the Roman Catholic Church gave towards French evangelization— not to convert Roman Catholics to Presbyterians so much as to prevent Presbyterian children from growing up Roman Catholics. The motion car- ried.

Rev. Mr. McVicar, Montreal, pre- sented the report on French evangeliza- tion. There were two school build- ings on the mission property at Point Aux Trembles, one for boys and one for girls, accommodating 110 and 80 re- spectively. Upwards of 8,000 French- Canadians had been educated there. Many new ones of French origin had been baptized. There was an increasing large num- ber of French-Canadians applying for admission. Thirty-six per cent of the population in Quebec could not read or write as against only 10 per cent in Ontario. The average salary of a certificated teacher in Quebec was \$120 a year; of an uncertificated teacher, \$36. Forty-six per cent of the teachers could not read or write. The object would be to have a state of affairs forced on Manitoba? (Applause.) This condition was no fault of the people or of the Province's resources or dis- cipline. Now were those in control of the educational system poor. Their aim was to get full control of the state, as well as the church. But there was a party of liberty, numbering hun- dreds of thousands, rising up. It in- cluded lawyers, doctors, notaries and the educated people of the Province, who did not hold to the creed of the Roman Catholic Church. They wanted freedom from absolute ecclesiastical control, and desired national schools in which the children of the Province could learn the same language. There was a danger in this movement, how- ever, as it might tend toward atheism.

Rev. Mr. Heine, of Montreal, moved the adoption of the report, and com- mended the work of the Assembly. He explained that the Presbyterian Church was not engaged in proselytizing; that would be to have a state of affairs forced on Manitoba? (Applause.) This condition was no fault of the people or of the Province's resources or dis- cipline. Now were those in control of the educational system poor. Their aim was to get full control of the state, as well as the church. But there was a party of liberty, numbering hun- dreds of thousands, rising up. It in- cluded lawyers, doctors, notaries and the educated people of the Province, who did not hold to the creed of the Roman Catholic Church. They wanted freedom from absolute ecclesiastical control, and desired national schools in which the children of the Province could learn the same language. There was a danger in this movement, how- ever, as it might tend toward atheism.

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Rev. Dr. Warden, D.D., obtained the Assembly's approval and support of the degree to the welfare of the church. A vote of thanks was tendered to Principal McVicar for the zeal and ear- nestness with which he has carried on the French evangelization work.

MANITOBA.
Rev. Dr. King gave notice of motion as follows:

"The General Assembly, having had its attention called to the difficulties which have arisen in the recent Manitoba in connection with the mat- ter of education resolves:

"To reaffirm its judgment that public education to be beneficial in the high- est degree to the welfare of the state, as to the individual citizen, should be permeated by Christian ideas, and should embrace the moral teachings enforced by the sanctions of religion.

"To declare anew that in the judg- ment of the church public grants should not be passed, nor the right of taxation created in support of sectarian educa- tion, or in the interests of any branch of the church."

NOTES.
The alumni of Knox College, to the number of 60, had a very pleasant re- union this evening in the lecture hall of the First Presbyterian Church. Rev. Dr. Laing, of Dundas, presided at the tea table. A complimentary address was presented to Rev. Dr. Gregg by Rev. W. G. Wallace, in which regret at his retirement was expressed. Other speakers were Rev. Prof. Wm. Bruce, of Winnipeg; Rev. Dr. McLaren, Rev. J. S. McCoy, of Chatham, N. B.; Rev. D. G. McQueen, of Edmonton, N. W. T.; Rev. P. Straith, president of the Alumni Association, and Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor of the church.

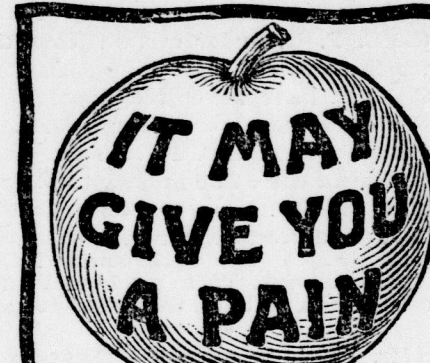
The committee on the reception of ministers from other churches recom- mended the acceptance of Rev. Horatio S. Beavis to Halifax Presbytery; Rev. John Hall to Sarnia Presbytery; and condition of his attending a theological college for a year; Rev. Thomas H. Murray, to Halifax Presbytery; Rev. George Rockett, to Brandon Presbytery; Rev. Wm. Peacock, to Inverness Presbytery; Rev. Thomas J. Thomp- son, to Kingston Presbytery; Mr. John Wray, to be ordained in the Presbytery of Minnedosa; Rev. John Hunter, to be on the appendix of the Book of Dis- cipline. The applications of Rev. Con- way E. Dobbs to Quebec Presbytery, and Rev. C. J. Hastings to Montreal Presbytery, were refused. The com- mittee's action was sanctioned.

REPORT OF THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

THE RESULTS OF THE RECENT INVESTIGATIONS IN PARIS AND THE REPORT OF THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE HAVE PLACED APOLLINARIS WATER AT THE HEAD OF ALL THE WATERS EXAMINED FOR PURITY AND FREEDOM FROM DISEASE GERMS.



As many good things are likely to, but you are safe in running the risk if you keep a bottle of **Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER** at hand. It's a never-failing antidote for pains of all sorts. Sold by all Druggists.

Dose.—One teaspoonful in a half glass of water or milk (warm if convenient.)

TUESDAY MORNING.

Assembly convened at 9:30 a.m. COMMITTEE ON REMITS.

Rev. Mr. Dickson, of Galt, presented the report of the committee on remits.

The first remit recommended that the committee on temperance, sys- tematic beneficence, Sabbath observ- ance and the state of religion be amal- gamated. Twenty-three Presbyteries had approved, six disapproved and eight approved with modification.

The remit was adopted, 82 to 55. The second remit recommended that a Year's probation for licentiate and ministers received into the church be not required. Agreed.

Third remit—That every minister be strongly urged to connect himself with the aged and infirm ministers' fund, and to pay the fixed rate.

Rev. J. R. S. Burnett, of Alliston, moved in amendment that all ministers be obliged to connect themselves with the fund.

Rev. M. H. Scott, of Hull, moved in amendment that the amendment, that ministers who would not contribute to the fund forfeit all benefit from it.

The amendment was withdrawn, and the amendment to the amendment was carried by 105 to 45.

Dr. King, of Winnipeg, made the agreeable intimation that \$5,000 had just been received from Sir Donald Smith for the Manitoba Presbyterian College. This made the college free from encumbrance, and the Assembly had now a property worth from \$80,000 to \$90,000, free from debt.

The report of the committee on re- mits to the Assembly, with reference to the settlement of vacant charges, was adopted in whole. The first clause af- firmed the desirability of maintaining the permanency of the pastoral relation. The second declared that Pres- byteries had ample power to meet or- dinary cases. The third reminded Presbyteries that they had considerable rights in the appointment of pastors to vacant charges and the dissolving of the settlement of vacant charges, was adopted in whole. The fourth admon- ished Presbyteries to be faithful. The fifth urged them to observe the book of forms, page 121, section 4, in reference to vacancies. The sixth aimed to dis- courage the forming of parties in the church by the Presbytery, through its conjoint committee, urging very strongly the settlement of cases as soon as possible.

The statistical portion of the report showed that 108 out of 368 congrega- tions reported vacancies, the average length of which was fourteen months. Twenty of these had suffered from the vacancies; nineteen had not. Only 34 ministers were desired for appoint- ments. Twenty-five Presbyteries had no unemployed pastors; only two Pres- byteries reported unemployed pastors, and twelve pastors who were given em- ployment when opportunity offered.

The committee on probationers ad- vised the General Assembly to renew its injunctions faithfully to comply with the rule of the church.

The alumni of Queen's College had a picnic near Lorne Park, Port Credit, on June 12, 1895.

Live News in a Line.

Startling Discovery in Lorne Park, Port Credit.

American railroads last year killed 1,523 employees.

Detroit is now free from smallpox after a year's siege.

H. R. Jacobs Third Avenue Theater, New York, was gutted by fire Sunday.

Six shocks of earthquake were felt at Zanzibar Thursday, and many build- ings were injured.

On Friday evening at Trenton John O'Hill, a young man aged 28, died with- out any previous warning in the pres- ence of a young woman to whom he was to have been married next month.

The dead bodies of an itinerant um- brella mender named Robert Hamilton and a woman presumably his wife or daughter, dressed in male attire, were found near Lorne Park, Port Credit, Sunday afternoon. Appearances would indicate that they had committed sui- cide by poisoning.

McNeil and Henderson, two men sen- tenced last week, the former to three years and the latter to eighteen months imprisonment for robbing an Ingersoll store and confined in Woodstock Jail awaiting removal to the Central Prison and Kingston Penitentiary, escaped Monday afternoon. A young boy, an inmate also of the jail, managed in some way to secure the corridor keys and let the men out into the rotunda.

DUAL METHODIST PASTORATE.
Ottawa, June 17.—An arrangement was effected by which the Dominion Methodist Church will secure Rev. Mr. Sparling as joint pastor with Rev. Dr. Saunders. It will be remembered that the stationing committee at the recent meeting of the Montreal Con- ference would not give the church the minister they had asked for, Rev. Mr. Sparling, but assigned Dr. Saunders to the Dominion pulpit. By arrangement with the chairman of the Ottawa dis- trict, the church is to have a dual pas- torate, which, while taxing the congre- gation a little more than would have been the case with one minister, yet will tend to remove any discontent that may have arisen.

RECIPE—For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Adams' Root Beer Extract, One Bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast, Half a Cake
Sugar, Two Gallons
Luscombe Water, Two Gallons
Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle it in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice when it will open sparkling and delicious.
The root beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles to make two and five gallons.

HARRY YATES

ICE CREAM
And Chicago Lemonade Shakes.

4 and 5 MARKET BAZAR.

Richard H. Giese,

Manufacturing Jeweler and Engraver.

BRASS SIGNS, DOOR PLATES AND SEAL PRESSES
Old Stand, Upstairs.

180 DUNDAS ST.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper- Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling, White COUGES, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, Scalded Head, Eczema, Itch, for proofs of cure, call on CHAS. E. COLE, 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cure. Cures \$5.00-10.00. Worst cases cured in 10 to 25 days. 100-page book free.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, SURGICAL
appliances and supports for deformities of all kinds. I have had 25 years experience and the limb I now make is second to none. All work guaranteed. For terms and references, send to JOHN BOYD, Lucknow, Ont.

MONEY LOANED.

On real estate, notes and farm stock, furniture and chattels. Coins, Tokens and Medals bought.

JAMES MILNE,

88 Dundas Street, - - London, Ont.

Send postage stamp for reply.

NOTICE

The Union Assurance Society,

A. D. 1714, of London, England.

Capital and accumulated funds, over \$15,000,000 has reinsured all existing policies of the

Eastern Assurance Company,

OF CANADA.

Eastern policy holders in London and vicinity may exchange their policies for those of the Union free of charge by applying to F. B. LEYS, Agent, 398 1/2 Richmond Street, or GEO. H. MERRITT, Agent, Albion Block, T. L. MORRISON, Resident Manager, Montreal, June 8, 1895.

Lawn Mowers.

High Wheel, Tempered Blades.

LAWN HOSE

Best Four-Ply, at

Reid's Hardware

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DUNDAS STREET.

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WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steam- ers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

GERMANIC..... June 29
ADRIATIC..... July 3
TELETONIC..... July 10
BIPARTIC..... July 17
MAJESTIC..... July 24

"Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers."
From White Star dock, foot West Tenth St. Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, \$90 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, \$40 and \$42 round trip, \$70 to \$85, according to location of berth. Saloon rates on Germanic and Britannic, \$70 and upwards. Ex- cursion tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, 41 Broadway, New York.

For further information apply to **EDWARD DE LA HOOKE,**

SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.
Clock corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

Navigation and Railways

NEW ROUTES.

The Steamer Joe Milton will leave Port Stanley for Ashtabula every Saturday morn- ing, 8 o'clock, commencing June 8, returning will leave Ashtabula every Monday morning, 1 o'clock, during the season.
From Port Stanley to Ashtabula and return, \$2; single fare, \$1.50. City agents: JOHN PAUL, M. C. It. Ticket Office, F. B. CLARKE, 116 Richmond street.

Muskoka Lakes,

The Highlands of Ontario.

Daily steamers from Muskoka Wharf (Gravenhurst) to all points upon Lakes Mus- koka, Kossseau and Joseph and upon the Mus- katchewan waters, from Burk's Falls station. Good hotels all along the routes at moderate rates

The Advertiser

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JOHN CAMERON,
Pres't and Managing Director.

God's in His heaven.

All's right with the world.

—Browning.

London, Tuesday, June 18.

INNOCENT MEN PUNISHED.

Innocent men have been hanged. Men have been sent to jail for crimes which they never committed. Innocent men have been almost at the foot of the scaffold, convicted on circumstantial evidence, when the real culprit has been discovered, and they have been set free.

But the other day two brothers named Habrons were convicted at Manchester, England, of murdering a policeman, and condemned to death. Doubts of their guilt having arisen, they were reprieved. Before the expiration of their reprieve, another man was arrested for the crime and confessed that he committed it. As a result, the Habrons have been released, and in compensation for the blunder by the law courts, they have each received \$5,000 from the British treasury.

Ten months ago William Ackerson, a New York fish dealer, swore positively to the identity of two young men—Patrick Shannon and John Henry—as being robbers of his establishment. They swore as positively that they were in Philadelphia at the time of the burglary, but as they had no direct means of proving an alibi, they were sent to the penitentiary for a year. As their term was nearing completion, there came the information that two other men, who had been arrested on suspicion because of remarks which they had made, had confessed the crime, and had been as "positively identified" by Mr. Ackerson, whose act, in view of their confession, was in this case useless. His only excuse is that "it is a case of mistaken identity," but it is probable that an action for damages for false arrest will be taken against both him and the State. A similar case is that of the man who was convicted in Brooklyn of a burglary which he did not commit, who served two years in Sing Sing, and who is now suing the State for damages. No monetary solatium can fully atone to sensitive men for treatment such as is here set forth. Yet we suppose that until courts become infallible, these failures of justice are liable to occur in any country.

It may be asked why, in view of these illustrations of how innocent men have been made to suffer, no heed was paid by the authorities to the eleventh hour statement of young Welter, the associate of Hendershott in the Elgin county murder. Welter explained to his spiritual adviser that neither he nor Hendershott committed the deed; he blamed a third party. But Welter waited till almost his last minute before he made this statement—he waited until all hope of a commutation of sentence was passed—and he then supplied this explanation. The authorities, therefore, refused to place any reliance upon it. If it were well founded, they argue, Welter would not have waited until now to make it. In this respect, the "confession" cannot be ranked in the same category of defensive evidence as a sworn statement made by a prisoner at the time of his trial.

TECUMSEH.

Mr. Casey has done well in these times of monument building to call the attention of Parliament to the neglect of raising a memorial stone to that brave warrior and ally, Tecumseh, who laid down his life in the defense of Canada at Moraviantown more than 30 years ago. But Mr. Casey represents a gerrymandered constituency, and he has not yet learned the geography of it. It is true that Moraviantown is in West Elgin for Dominion election purposes, but the battle in which Tecumseh fell was not fought in that town, nor yet in the township which contains it. Orford is on the south side of the Thames, and it is one of the banner Liberal townships of the Province. But the battle was fought on the north side of the river, in the constituency of Hon. David Mills. The old Watts farm, on the Longwoods road, is supposed to occupy the site of it; and the field of black loam by the roadside is believed to have been the black-ash swamp from which Tecumseh and his warriors made their attack upon the flank of the enemy. Higher up the river the traveler on the Longwoods road will notice many small pits by the way, where it is said men still continue to search for buried treasure, left behind by the fleeing Proctor.

ON TRIAL ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The system of appointing pastors of congregations is on trial in most of the denominations. In the Anglican Synod of Toronto, a lay delegate last week proposed that in future appointments to rectories, parishes and missions large at the end of five years. We are told

that this proposition, looking to the establishment of an itineracy led to an animated discussion, and that finally an amendment was adopted appointing a committee to consider the legal rights of the clergy and the transference of the clergy, to report next year. This incident reminds us of the statement made by a leading Presbyterian clergyman some time ago, when discussing the vacant congregation and unsettled preacher question, so far as it affected his Church. He said that an itineracy would make little change for many congregations, inasmuch as a very large number of them change pastors once every few years anyway. But as we have been hearing recently even the supporters of the itineracy have their grave difficulties. The problem is yet unsolved.

POINTS.

Mr. Dickey, Minister of Militia, refused to tell Parliament who the individuals were who asked to have the date of the London militia camp changed. Why No representative body in this city asked for it, and the members of the rural corps say they are caused great inconvenience by the change.

A French count, to raise funds, will institute a matrimonial lottery, of which he is the prize. This scheme is a fraud on the face of it, as it is evident that even the woman who does get him will draw a blank.

The Hamilton Herald says the Conservative party has gone to pot. There are certain contractors who have been making a pot out of the party for a long time.

It should set many people seriously thinking to find the British commission on the traffic in opium asserting that the evidence given before it as to the social evils arising from the opium habit shows that, as a source of social disorder, organic disease, insanity and suicide, opium is not to be compared with alcohol.

The Montreal Witness, referring to the latest phase of the Manitoba school question, says: "It is clear that in the present temper of the Manitoba people any hasty action would cause trouble, and that time must be allowed for consideration before changes are made. If the Roman Catholics of the Province carry on an agitation within the Province for modifications of the present system we have no doubt they will obtain them with the consent and goodwill of the majority, but the features of the present system which insure efficiency will have been maintained, and provisions to that end carefully constructed."

Dr. Henry Van Dyke, in a letter to the Outlook from Scotland, says Scotchmen "are all born Liberals. When a Scotchman says he is a Conservative, it only means that he is a Liberal with hesitations."

From Ottawa is telegraphed the information, "on the best authority," that no successor has been appointed to Major-General Herbert as commander of the Canadian militia. We are told that he will retain the position, though resident in England, till the expiry of his full term in November next. Why the Canadian taxpayers should continue to pay a large salary to a commander who no longer commands, is one of the many conundrums that has not been solved at Ottawa.

The State of New Hampshire was the first to establish a free public library. That was in 1833. Now the State Legislature has passed a law enacting that every town shall raise a certain amount to be devoted to free library purposes. This is a landmark of progress.

The Canadian duty on eggs has been reduced from 5 cents a dozen to 3 cents. Very few eggs are ever brought into this country, but Canada exports millions of dozens every year.

An electrical plow has been invented which turns up an acre of ground in an hour. Bye and bye the farmer will sow and reap his land by simply pressing a button.

A Rochester paper says Canada's new immigration policy should be directed towards recalling a few million Canadians in the United States. A wise policy would have kept them here.

The Y. M. C. A. of Cambridge, Mass., raised \$30,000 for the erection of a new building at a banquet one evening last week. Perhaps it is a banquet that the London Y. M. C. A. needs.

What the farmers want now is less "protection" and more rain.

The Soo Canal contracts show that the stereotyped words, "the lowest tender not necessarily accepted," have some meaning with the Dominion Government.

House and Lobby

Another Pauper Railway Bonused by the Government at the People's Expense—Mr. Flint's Forcible Plea for Prohibition Aily Seconded by Mr. Craig and Others—Two Divisions on the Question—Important Announcement by Minister Foster.

(Specially telegraphed by Ottawa, Ont., June 17.—The early part of today's sitting of the House of Commons was extremely dull for the majority, and the air was hot. Among the questions on the paper was one concerning the Tobique Valley Railway, which runs from Perth to Plaster Rock, a distance of 25 miles, under a Provincial charter, but received \$125,000 from the Federal chest. In reply to Mr. Mulock the Minister of Railways and Canals stated that the road had not yet been regularly opened, but the first train was run in November, 1893. There was an agreement to lease the road to the C. P. R. under certain conditions which have not been fulfilled, and the C. P. R. have never taken possession. For convenience or under special circumstances the C. P. R. have sometimes run cars. The gross receipts were \$2,200 in 1894. So far this year there have been practically none. This is the road said to have been bonused solely in the interest of a prominent member of the Dominion Government party.

Mr. Flint, in moving "That in the opinion of this House the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors in Canada, except for sacramental, scientific, manufacturing and medicinal purposes, should be prohibited by law," quoted from a speech made by the late Sir John Thompson at Owen Sound, that if prohibition could be enforced and adopted in this country, he was in sympathy with the movement. On general principles he viewed the movement to be in the right direction. He quoted other opinions to show that the liquor traffic had done more to retard progress and sow the seeds of disorder and discontent than any other single evil. As to the alleged difficulty of raising a revenue and the question of compensation, Mr. Flint quoted from Sir A. T. Galt's financial statement and from speeches by Sir L. Tilley and Hon. G. E. Foster, all of whom expressed the opinion that the loss to the revenue would be temporary and that the amount saved to the people would contribute to swell the revenue in other directions, and that there would be no difficulty in raising the sum which appears in the first instance to be a loss to the revenue. The opinion of Chief Justice Meredith favorable to prohibition, provided the people expressed themselves in sympathy with the movement, was quoted as an authority. Mr. Flint quoted figures to show that the great increase in wealth in the United States was due to the saving and industrial character of its population, encouraged and stimulated largely by the enforcement of prohibitory measures which have prevented waste and loss represented there by probably \$140,000,000 annually and in Canada by about \$30,000,000.

Mr. Craig seconded the motion in a moderate and sensible speech. He deprecated the use of intemperate language in discussing this question. The object of the resolution was to ascertain what members of this House were in favor of prohibition, and for this purpose it was a fair resolution. The temperance people did not expect if the resolution was adopted that it would be introduced this session. The new law might be made to take effect in one, two, three or four years, in order to enable the country to settle down to the new order of things. Mr. Craig proceeded to deal with the various objections urged against a prohibitory law, which he enumerated and replied to as he went along. The objections dealt with included that the time was not ripe, that enforcement was impossible, that the Scott Act was not enforced, and the loss of revenue. He then turned to the undoubted benefits which would flow from a prohibitory liquor law. There would be a saving of \$35,000,000 now spent annually in intoxicating liquors. It would decrease crime, 60 per cent of which was said to be due to this traffic. It would decrease the number of accidents and minimize the number of paupers. It would protect women and boys and weak men. The open saloon was a continual temptation to the thousands of women in Canada who had no other means of support. This legislation, liquor was the greatest enemy to religion and morality. They wanted their boys to grow up without forming this habit. He did not blame any one for fanaticism on this subject, for it was a question of great moment. He hoped to see the day when a prohibitory law would be passed by both parties in politics, and then it would be enforced.

Mr. Christie, of Argenteuil, made an earnest appeal for the passage of this resolution. He believed the time had come for it. The excuse of late years for delay—the Royal Commission—did not now exist, and in his opinion the happiness and well-being of the Dominion required legislation of this character.

Sir James Grant, M.D., dwelt on the deleterious effect of alcoholic beverages on the system, and said the public were coming more and more to this view. He would continue to show them the evil effects of alcohol. He opposed coercive legislation. Education would accomplish more than legislation. They should make it unpopular to drink. At the present time he was not prepared to vote for prohibition.

Mr. Gullitt admitted the evils of the traffic, but doubted their ability to enforce such a law. He believed that the Provincial legislatures should have the power of passing such a law, and they would then be in a position to enforce it. He would defer consideration of this matter until they had passed judgment of the Imperial Privy Council on the jurisdiction of the Provincial legislatures, and he moved an amendment to that effect. No one would second it for some moments, and finally Mr. Belley (Conservative) seconded it.

Mr. George Taylor said they had spent a good deal of money on the Royal Commission, whose report he, for one, had not seen, and he would therefore move "That this House, while reaffirming the position taken in 1874 and 1887 upon the question of prohibition, is of opinion that it is inadvisable at the present time, until the results of the commission which had recently reported

ed have been made available for consideration, and until the appeals now before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, involving the jurisdiction of the Provincial legislatures and the Dominion Parliament in the matter, have been decided, to further legislate with respect to the importation, sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors."

On a division this amendment to the amendment was defeated by 51 yeas to 70 nays. Yeas—Amyot, Bain (Soulanges), Bechard, Bergeron, Bowman, Cameron, Cargill, Carling (Sir John), Chesley, Corbould, Costigan, Curran, Daly, Davis, Dennison, Dupont, Earle, Fairbairn, Ferguson (Leeds and Grenville), Gillies, Girouard (Two Mountains), Grandbois, Grant (Sir James), Haslam, Hazen, Henderson, Hutchins, Ingram, Jeannotte, Lachapelle, Langevin (Sir Hector), Leclair, Lippe, MacDonald (Algonquin), MacDonald (Pictou), McKay, McLennan, Madill, Mara, Marshall, Masson, Miller, Montague, Northrup, Oulmet, Patterson (Colchester), Prior, Robillard, Taylor, Tupper (Sir Charles H.), White (Sheburne)—51. Nays—Adams, Allan, Bain (Wentworth), Beith, Bellefleur, Bernier, Blanchard, Borden, Boston, Bourassa, Bowers, Boyd, Brown, Bruneau, Caron (Sir Adolphe), Cartwright (Sir Richard), Casey, Christie, Coatsworth, Colter, Craig, Davies, Davin, Dawson, Dickey, Dyer, Edgar, Edwards, Featherstone, Flint, Forbes, Foster, Gillmor, Grieve, Guay, Gullet, Harwood, Hodgins, Innes, Langelier, Laurier, MacDonald (Huron), MacDonald (Kings), McAllister, McInerney, McMillan, Mills (Annapolis), Mills (Bothwell), Mulock, Patterson (Brant), Perry, Priddham, Rhinfrat, Roome, Ross (Lisgar), Sanborn, Scriver, Semple, Somerville, Stevenson, Sutherland, Tarte, Tisdale, Vallancourt, Wallace, Weldon, Wilmet, Wilson, Yeo—70.

Mr. Gullitt's resolution read as follows: "That whereas there is now before the judicial committee an appeal against a decision of the Supreme Court of Canada on the jurisdiction of the Provincial legislatures to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, and whereas consideration of this question be deferred until this appeal shall have been decided and the report of the judicial committee thereon received."

On a division this amendment carried by 65 yeas to 57 nays, a majority of 11 only. Yeas—Amyot, Bain (Soulanges), Bechard, Bellefleur, Bennett, Bergeron, Bernier, Bernier, Bowman, Bruneau, Cameron, Cargill, Carling (Sir John), Caron (Sir Adolphe), Casey, Chesley, Corbould, Costigan, Currie, Daly, Davies, Davis, Denison, Dupont, Earle, Fairbairn, Ferguson (Leeds and Grenville), Gillies, Girouard (Two Mountains), Grandbois, Grant (Sir James), Guay, Gullet, Harwood, Haslam, Hazen, Hutchinson, Jeannotte, Lachapelle, Langelier, Langevin (Sir Hector), Laurier, Leclair, Lippe, MacDonald (Algonquin), MacDonald (Pictou), McKay, McLennan, Madill, Mara, Marshall, Masson, Miller, Mills (Bothwell), Montague, Northrup, Oulmet, Patterson (Colchester), Prior, Reid, Rhinfrat, Robillard, Ross (Lisgar), Tarte, Tisdale, Tupper (Sir Charles H.), Vallancourt, White (Sheburne)—65.

Naves—Adams, Allan, Bain (Wentworth), Beith, Blanchard, Borden, Boston, Bourassa, Bowers, Boyd, Brown, Cartwright (Sir Richard), Christie, Coatsworth, Colter, Craig, Davin, Dawson, Dickey, Dyer, Edgar, Edwards, Featherstone, Flint, Forbes, Foster, Gillmor, Grieve, Henderson, Lippe, MacDonald (Huron), MacDonald (Kings), McAllister, MacDonald (Victoria), McInerney, McMillan, Mills (Annapolis), Mulock, Patterson (Brant), Perry, Priddham, Roome, Sanborn, Scriver, Semple, Somerville, Stevenson, Sutherland, Taylor, Wallace, Weldon, Wilmet, Wilson, Yeo—57.

The main motion, as amended—in other words, with all the words after "that" struck out—was then carried on the same vote. The House then adjourned.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

The most important announcement of the session has been made privately to the Opposition by Mr. Foster, to the effect that nothing further would be brought down this session. In other words, the Government do not intend to propose any remedial school legislation and do not intend to ratify their own order-in-council engaging to loan \$2,500,000 to the Hudson Bay Railway. This announcement ought to mean prorogation by July 10.

NOTES.

Mr. Mulock will inquire of the Government on Wednesday whether the officer commanding the militia in Canada was consulted in regard to the appointment of Mr. Sutton to the Royal Canadian dragoons. If so, did such officer recommend Mr. Sutton for such appointment or express any opinion either in favor of or against Mr. Sutton being appointed. If so, what is the nature of such opinion?

Mr. Gilles of Richmond, will inquire on Wednesday, "Have the commissioners of the joint conventions of the Governments of Canada and the United States completed their investigation into the subjects submitted to them to report upon? If so, does their report suggest that an arrangement be entered into between both Governments preventing purse selling, sealing and trawling beyond the three-mile limit upon the Atlantic coast. If the work of the commissioners is not yet concluded, when is their report expected by the Government?"

GALA DAY IN NEW YORK.

Formal Opening of the Harlem Ship Canal, Uniting the Hudson and East Rivers.

New York, June 17.—Amid the booming of cannon from two of Uncle Sam's warships, the screeching of whistles from river craft, and the cheers of thousands of spectators, a flotilla of nearly 200 vessels entered the Harlem ship canal, and a new waterway was thrown open to commerce at noon today. It was a great day for Upper New York. The joining of the waters of Hudson and East rivers was celebrated as no similar events have been celebrated since the Erie canal was opened in 1825.

Now see that your blood is pure. Good health follows the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the one great blood purifier.

Make Home Happy

Keep Cool.

Keep Cool

Wear Our Wrappers and Duck Suits.

Your Heart will be Light, Your Purse Heavy

IF YOU ALWAYS DO YOUR SHOPPING AT

John H. Chapman & Co.'s

Our splendid stock of Ladies' Street Suits have nearly all walked away, the remaining dozen will be sold at the following prices: Start at \$2 50 worth \$3 50, \$3 25 worth \$4 50, \$3 75 worth \$5. These have silk vests any shade you desire.

White Wrappers, Delaine Wrappers, Challie Wrappers, Print Wrappers, Cashmere wrappers, Traveling Gowns, Children's Dresses, Half Price.

Ladies' Capes, Ladies' Jet and Lace Wraps, are selling at less than half the value. We are clearing out all this line. Now is your opportunity to make hubby smile with the bargains you get.

Our Muslins and Dress Goods are not to be beat this side of the man in the moon. Our Crepons and Laces are voted sweet, and the nobbiest work of the loom.

Our Ladies' Shirt Waists are models of grace, and hundreds are sold of this line. Our stores are busy each day of the week whether it rain or shine.

Is it Collars or Cuffs, Ribbons or Ruffs, Corsets, Gloves, Cottons or Hose? Anything you mention will claim our attention. Our prices are RIGHT as everyone knows.

Whitewear	Men's Wear	Glassware
Lustre Skirts	White Skirts	Underskirts
Pear's Soap	Heliotrope	Glycerine Soap
Boys' Hats	Men's Hats	Sailor Hats

All Trimmed Millinery half price. All Untrimmed Hats at great reduction.

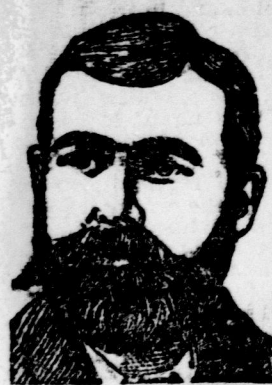
WE KEEP THE BALL ROLLING

John H. Chapman & Co.

THIS IS WHERE YOU MEET YOUR FRIENDS.

126--DUNDAS--128

Rheumatism Cured



"In July last I was taken with rheumatism in its worst form. Local physicians treated me, but their remedies did not give me any relief. I was advised to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial, which I did. I took great pleasure in stating that two bottles gave marked relief. Continuing regularly with the medicine, I am now cured. While afflicted I was frequently obliged to use crutches. I cannot recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla too highly. BYRON CRANDELL, engineer at Water Works, Toronto Junction, Ont."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

Will Buy Both.

Aerial Truck and Road Roller Decided Upon.

Date Set for the South London Aldermanic Election.

Nominations June 26, Polling July 3—A Townright Falsehood Nailed.

The City Council had a three-hour session last night, when it was decided to purchase a Preston aerial truck and a Harrisburg road roller, and the date and polling places for the aldermanic elections in South London were named. The purchase of the two machines, however, were not finally pushed through without a lengthy tussle. No. 2 committee gained its previous desire on the road roller question by a vote of 10 to 7. At the last meeting of the council the committee recommended a Harrisburg roller, but the council threw the matter overboard, some of the aldermen suspecting that the company had acted unfairly. New tenders were called for, and prior to last night's session the Board of Works met and accepted a fresh tender from the same firm for \$3,200, or \$3,000 and Jumbo. This was considerably lower than their previous bid.

The election of an alderman in South London to fill the vacancy caused by the unseating of Mr. John W. McCallum was fixed for Wednesday, July 3. Nominations will be held on June 26. The list of polling places and deputy returning officers as submitted by Ald. Parnell is as follows:

Division 1—Mr. Broomfield's house, Wellington road; T. P. Hobbs.

Division 2—Mrs. Le Clair's house, Bruce street; Wm. Westcott, sec.

Division 3—Mrs. Holborn's house, Euclid avenue; David Spence.

Division 4—Mrs. Connor's house, Bruce street; James Thorburn.

Division 5—S. S. Armitage's store, corner Wharfedale road and Stanley streets; W. H. Weston.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Laidlaw Bros.—Re use of asphalt for street paving. No. 2.

Dr. Gardiner, et al.—Petitioning against macadam pavement on Colborne street. No. 2.

J. S. Bell.—Petitioning petition of M. J. Kent re Wharfedale highway drain. No. 2.

A. M. Gunn, et al.—Against macadamizing part of Waterloo street. No. 2.

J. Lockyer, et al.—Against the construction of sewage pits at mouth of Bruce street and Elmwood avenue drains. No. 2.

Margaret Radcliffe.—For remission of taxes. No. 1.

George W. Armstrong.—For Queen's Park for Protestant Home picnic on July 16. Granted.

E. T. Esbery.—Inclosing copy of order unseating Ald. McCallum. Filed.

Petitions were received from ratepayers asking for the construction of asphalt pavements on Dundas street, between Wellington and Ridout streets, and on Richmond street, from the Grand Trunk station to Fullerton street. Some of the aldermen wanted the petitions referred to No. 2 committee, but an amendment to that effect was defeated. Ald. Wm. Heaman moved that the petitions be received and filed for reference, and that the prayer of the same for material be granted, and that the works be advertised in the usual way. Carried.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

No. 3's report was read by Ald. Powell. The first clause recommended that Robert McLean's petition re purchasing a chemical engine be filed for reference. In response to a request from Ald. Parnell, Ald. Powell read all the correspondence in the matter, including Mr. McLean's report, stating that the Underwriters' Association decided not to

force the purchase of a chemical engine this year. As to a combination chemical and hose wagon, Ald. Powell stated that it was impracticable to greatly increase the weight on the hose truck at the central station. The committee also submitted its report on the aerial truck, recommending the purchase of a Preston, manufactured by the Watrous Company, of Brantford.

Chief Roe claimed that the Hayes truck was the most suitable for London.

Protests were received from Messrs. John M. Parsons, city, and John D. Ronald, Brussels, against the choice of the committee. They had not been given a fair chance. Tenders were called for a 75-foot truck, but the committee had turned around and called for tenders for a 60-foot truck without notifying them of the change.

Ald. Jones complimented No. 3 on the thorough way in which they went into the matter, but it seemed to him that it would have been better had the committee called for tenders at a fair consideration. He (Ald. Jones) had stated some years ago that the Hayes was the best truck on the market, and he still held that opinion.

Ald. Powell explained what he considered were the advantages of the Preston. Among others, it cost \$565 less than the Hayes.

Ald. O'Meara took up the case of Messrs. Parsons and Ronald.

Mr. Parsons was heard. He stated that his 60-foot truck was as good as the next, and very much lower in price.

After Chief Roe had stated his views on preferring the Hayes truck, and some talk about referring the whole question back, a motion by Ald. Garratt to read the tenders and take the vote was carried. The tenders were \$935; Hayes, \$3,500; Babcock, \$3,967.50.

On the Hayes truck the price at the factory was \$2,900, but duty amounted to \$1,015 and freight to \$52.

Ald. Armstrong moved that the report be adopted, and a Preston truck purchased. Carried, ten aldermen voting yea.

The balance of the report dealt with the street watering question. One hundred feet of new hose will be secured.

THE ROAD ROLLER.

Ald. Wm. Heaman presented the report of No. 2 committee, one of which recommended the acceptance of a tender from Frank Johnson to supply a Harrisburg road roller for \$3,200, and to take Jumbo in part payment and deduct \$200. The Pitt roller was \$3,000.

Ald. Garratt moved the acceptance of the Pitt as the only bona fide tender put in.

Ald. Jones defended his course at the last council meeting in wanting new tenders. He thought it very strange that the Harrisburg roller should be worth \$3,900 two weeks ago, and only worth \$3,200 now. It looked as if the company had been trying to extort money from the city.

Ald. Parnell, as a question was about to be put by the chair, asked Engineer Graydon if he had received any word regarding a supposed competition at West Point between the Harrisburg, Pitt, and Aveling & Porter rollers.

Engineer Graydon said the Pitt agent had represented to him that such a competition was held and his roller had won.

Ald. Parnell, however, produced a telegram from a civil engineer at West Point to the effect that such a statement was a deliberate falsehood.

The vote was then taken, and an amendment by Ald. Armstrong to purchase the Pitt received a tie vote. The mayor gave the deciding vote against the amendment.

"I will vote against the Pitt Company now that I have heard the telegram," said Ald. J. W. Jones, as he made the tenth alderman to vote in favor of the Harrisburg offer.

INQUIRIES.

Ald. Pritchard—Why had the chairman of No. 2 seen fit to have a large number of scrapers ordered?

Ald. Parnell—The scrapers were ordered when last year they were secured at 75 cents each.

Ald. Heaman—A number have been ordered, but I do not know the price.

By Ald. Parnell—That the collectors be instructed, as per bylaw, to receive the first installment of taxes during the first 30 days of August, and the second installment during the first 30 days of October, without any extra charge for interest. Carried.

By Ald. Jones—That Ald. O'Meara act on No. 1 committee during the vacancy caused by the unseating of John W. McCallum. Carried.

BYLAWS.

Bylaws were read as follows:

To close parts of Queen's avenue, between William and Adelaide streets.

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Grand Gathering.

Annual Council of the British Women's Temperance Association.

A Spirited Address by Lady Henry Somerset.

CYCLING IN FRANCE.

Paris, June 16.—The 24 hours' cycling contest at the Velodrome Buffalo was won by Hura, who beat the record, covering 323 kilometers, 398 meters, in 24 hours, 11 minutes, 16 seconds, and 333 meters. The prize to the winner was a gold bowl.

A NATIVE'S TREACHERY.

Zanzibar, June 17.—Advices have been received from Uganda stating that Sir Francis de Winton, the British agent at Uganda, recently had a narrow escape from death by poisoning at the hands of a native, who presented the official posting of a number of desertions from his caravan. De Winton was very ill, but will probably recover.

THE AUTHORS' DINNER.

London, June 17.—The dinner to Sir Walter Besant by the Society of Authors, June 26, will be the most strictly representative literary gathering that London has seen in our time. No private guests are to be admitted, and all Ex-Deputy Mayors were at the head of the invited by the committee will be professional authors. George Meredith is having a bad summer with bronchitis and will not be able to preside, but he will send a letter, and it is understood that Hall Caine will propose the principal toast.

AN ALSATIAN PROTEST.

Paris, June 16.—The Alsatian societies here met today and protested against France taking part in the opening of the North Sea Canal, which, it was declared, involved the abandonment of Alsace-Lorraine to the Germans. Various patriotic and revisionist societies held a meeting with the same object at the Salle Anglaise. A number of fiery speeches had been made, those present marched to the Place de la Concorde and placed a craped wreath on the Strasbourg statue. Ex-Deputy Mayors were at the head of the procession. A vast crowd, estimated at 100,000 persons, was present.

A GAY GATHERING.

Near Hamburg for the Opening of the Kiel Canal.

Hamburg, Germany, June 17.—Nearly everything is in readiness for the opening of the Kiel Canal. The boats and barges in the long, narrow sheets of water west of the Alster, towards the harbors for large ships, and the Elbe itself, are all clear, and displaying every flag they can boast of. Not many of the representatives' cruisers and yachts that are to traverse the canal on Thursday in the wake of the Kaiser are yet here. But the English yacht Osborne, with the Duke of York (representing Queen Victoria) throughout the ceremony on board, and the Italian yacht Savoy, with the Duke of Genoa, are both here, and most of the others are expected tomorrow.

The streets and hotels were crowded with sight-seers. A large force of workmen are still employed at Alster Island in putting the finishing touches, but otherwise everything is in readiness for the celebration of the opening of the grand waterway connecting the Baltic with the North Sea.

FOR TEMPERANCE.

Nineteenth Annual Council of the N. B. W. T. A.

London, June 17.—The nineteenth annual council of the National British Women's Temperance Association began in the City Temple, Holborn avenue, today. After the opening exercises Lady Henry Somerset said: "With us, as with our sisters across the waters, this day celebrates the completion of an epoch in our annals. The annual council of 1895 is the most significant and hopeful of all that we have held. We have many more delegates from a largely increased membership, including 800 local societies, which is 200 more than has been reported at any previous council. The temperance question was never so vigorously alive in our country as it is today. No other great nation ever before saw a direct veto bill introduced in the platform of the dominant party twice recommended from the throne and chamber of commons by the leader of the House of Commons."

Lady Somerset went on to characterize American and Canadian cities and other far-off lands from which delegates have come. Not many of them, however, were present.

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A Lady May Talk Like Sixty And Yet be Only Twenty.

But when she talks about the beautiful way Parker's are cleaning and finishing all kinds of Lace Curtains, Draperies, Summer Dresses, Spring Suits, etc., she knows what she is talking about, and Parker's address is

R. PARKER & CO.,
Dyers and Cleaners,
217 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
Telephone 614.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DIED.

ISAAC—In this city, at her late residence, 748 King street, on Monday, June 17, Elizabeth Isaac, beloved wife of Arscott Isaac, in her 60th year.
Funeral on Wednesday, at 3:30 p.m.; services at 5 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this intimation. —21u



This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.

USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
157 York Street.
Telephone 118.

W. FAIRBAIRN

MERCHANT TAILOR,
EDGE BLOCK, Up-Stairs

All Kinds of Electric Work Done
by Experienced Men at
Lowest Prices.

A FULL STOCK OF

Electric and Combination Fixtures,
and Electric Bell Supplies.

Special prices to the trade.

ROGERS & DOSS

425 Richmond St. ywt

EGGETT & BICKLEY,

Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, 274
Dundas Street.

LAWN HYDRANTS, \$2 50
EACH.

Phone—1055. Orders promptly attended to.
Estimates cheerfully furnished. ywt

R.K. Cowan

Barister, etc., over Bank of Commerce
London.

To Smokers

To meet the wishes of their customers
The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co. Ltd.,
Hamilton, Ont., have placed upon the
market

A Combination Plug of

"T & B"

SMOKING TOBACCO.

This supplies a long-felt want, giving
the consumer one 20-cent plug, or
a 10-cent piece or a 5-cent piece of the
famous "T & B" brand of pure Virginia
Tobacco.

The tin tag "T & B" is on every piece.

A FANCY

Wall Paper strikes the fancy
force. You like it so well that you want
to see it on the wall. That's the place
for fancy paper like ours, and you'll
often find them there too. There's a
charm, a newness, a harmony and
originality about our designs that catch
the eye at once. It's the papers that
strike the eye that strike the wall. We
make a business of hanging paper and
employ skilled mechanics.

R. LEWIS,

434 Richmond Street.

Scribner : Organ.

Combination Reed and Pipe.

Has a tone full, rich, mellow, peculiar
to itself, unapproached by any other.

The Scribner Organ Mfg. Co'y,
282 DUNDAS STREET.

Spencer Block - London ywt

NOTICE—FURNITURE.

GEORGE PARISH.
Just arrived—Another lot of my Bedroom
Sets, from \$9 to \$12. Made to order.
A few good cooking stoves for other kitchen.
Save money on stoves by examining these
before buying. 337 Talbot street, south
King. ywt

LEADING HOTELS.

ROSSIE HOUSE,
TORONTO CANADA.
(ANELSON, PROPRIETOR.)

On account of increased patronage it has
been found necessary to enlarge this popular
hotel, which has been done by the

ADDITION OF 75 ROOMS.

Recently furnished (en suite), with baths. The
latest exposed sanitary plumbing adopted
throughout. The Rossie is the largest hotel
in the Province, having accommodation for 500
guests, and is the only one in Toronto complete
in all its appointments. yv

Inspect H. Overmeyer's livery, formerly
Tripp's, before you engage a
conveyance for pleasure driving.

Priddis Bros'

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

Summer Goods,
Dress Goods,
Silks,
Parasols,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
Prints,
Challies,
Carpets and House Furnishings.

158 Dundas Street,
157 Carling Street.
TELEPHONE 324

FISHING TACKLE.

A large stock of Rods, Reels, Lines,
Hooks to Gut and Gimp, Bamboo Poles, etc.
Full outfit for fishermen. Quality and
price right.

Wm. GURD & CO.,
135 Dundas St., London. Phone 890.

Southcott's

FINE TAILORS

361 Richmond St.

FINE AND VERY WARM.

Toronto, June 17—11 p.m.—The pressure is highest over the Middle Atlantic States and lowest over the western portion of the lake region and Manitoba. The weather today has been showery in the Northwest Territories; elsewhere in the Dominion fine. Winds have been moderate to fresh westerly and very warm in the Maritime Provinces and light and variable on the lakes.
Minimum and maximum temperatures for today are reported as follows: Edmonton, 44-64; Calgary, 44-61; Prince Albert, 44-62; Winnipeg, 50-72; Pelly Sound, 48-56; Toronto, 56-82; Montreal, 58-80; Quebec, 52-82; Chatham, 48-84; Halifax, 44-84.
Toronto, June 18—1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region, covering the peninsula and as far east as Belleville are: Winds mostly southerly and southwesterly; fine and very warm today; local showers or thunderstorms in northern and western parts of Ontario tomorrow.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

Johnson Bros.' Bread
5c per loaf retail.

In all parts of the city. Telephone 318.

WESTERN HIGH COURT.

A Small Batch of Cases Argued Before
Mr. Justice Meredith.

The weekly high court sittings were held before Mr. Justice Meredith at the court house this morning. Huron and Erie Savings and Loan Company against Taylor. Motion for injunction to enjoin and restrain defendant's executors from disposing of otherwise dealing with three debentures of the plaintiffs. Motion refused with costs. F. P. Betts for plaintiff. M. Graydon and T. G. Meredith for defendants.

McAlpine against Anderson. Motion for enlargement on the pleadings in reference to St. Thomas to ascertain who are entitled to legacies under the will. Parties desiring motion enlarged, to be argued next week. Robertson, St. Thomas, for plaintiff.

Welsh against Welsh. Motion for payment out of money in court to the administration of Clementine Welsh. Order granted. D. Stuart for plaintiff. F. P. Betts for official guardian.

Re Canadian Masonic Mutual Benevolent Insurance Company, motion for distribution. This matter stands to the first court day after the long vacation. J. H. Flock, Q.C., for receiver. Hunter counsel for friendly society. T. H. Purdon for Class B. T. H. Luscombe for Class A.

Dominion Provident Insurance Company against Baker. F. G. Meredith and Harding, St. Marys, for defendant. Mr. Maybee for applicants. Enlarged until next week.

Graham against Graham. Application for alimony and distribution. Enlarged until next week. Maybee and Gearey for petitioner.

A Cool Suggestion.

"Montserrat" Lime Juice is, without a single exception, the king of summer drinks. Cooling, fragrant and delightfully pleasant. It should be on every table during the hot weather, and is always to be had where summer drinks are sold. No other drink is so wholesome and refreshing. Grocers and druggists.

TISDALE'S TORONTO IRON STABLE FITTINGS, healthy, durable, attractive and cheaper than other fittings. Send for our new catalogue. The Tisdale Iron Stable Fittings Co. (Ltd.), No. 6 Adelaide St., E., Toronto.

The small bone at the root of the tongue is placed there for the purpose of giving stability to that member.

THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary of acknowledged efficacy. It cures lameness and soreness when applied externally, as well as swollen neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for "Swayne's Ointment." Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Your Head AND Our Hat

Let's get these two things
together and see what good
we can do us both. Our
Straws include everything
from a cheap "sun shader"
to the best and most fashion-
able high crown. Also
light weight Fedora and
stiff hats.

**MILNE,
AND
SPITAL
COMPANY**
146 Dundas Street.

London Advertiser.

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107.....Business Office
134.....Editorial Rooms
175.....Job Department

London and Environs

—Radcliffe, the hangman, spent Sunday at Port Stanley.

—Pie, Jacobs, "C" Company, Seventh Battalion, has been appointed corporal.

—Koa Koa, Dr. McKay's Forti-fosa student, left for Woodstock this afternoon. Dr. McKay will remain in the city till Wednesday.

—Mr. P. Huron, of Detroit, formerly connected with the Bell Telephone Company in London, was seen visiting at his mother's in this city.

—Miss Florence McDonald, Richmond street, returned Saturday, after spending a very pleasant time with friends in Berlin and St. Marys.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Gillean, Maple street, left the city yesterday to spend the summer holidays with their son on the Detroit River.

—Mr. Donald McGibbon, of Fir Brae, Arkona, nephew of Judge McGibbon, Brantford, had a valuable cane of antique design stolen while at the College Institute Saturday morning.

—All the teams have been received for the construction of the bridges on the Port Stanley Railway over the Kettle and Mill creeks at St. Thomas, and will be opened at the next meeting of the Port Stanley board.

—Manager Carr and Director Smallman of the street railway company, have been named to decide on which side of the river the Springbank line will run. Dickering with the property holders has ceased, and a decision will probably be given in a day or two.

A number of the colored people of this city have formed an Independent Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria, under the name of the Golden Harp, No. 125, and have received a charter from Wm. Perry, G. C., and Wm. Curtis, G. S., of Brooklyn, N. Y.

—The "lost boy," Mr. George Barker, an account of whose home-coming appeared yesterday, is a nephew of Mrs. W. H. Bartram. He is also a grandson of Mr. Wm. Barker, who was mayor of London in 1856, and a nephew of Mr. Sam. Barker, who is spoken of as the coming general manager of the G. T. R.

—Ex-Fishery Overseer Jackson, who was arrested in London on a charge of swindling his boarding house mistress, and later was charged with embezzling over \$300 of fishing license money at Midland, has been let go on suspended sentence at Exeter, where he was tried. Jackson has been in jail ever since his arrest here.

—A little child of Mr. and Mrs. John Marsh, 563 Piccadilly street, fell twenty feet into a well on Saturday morning, and but for the timely action of Mr. John Treneman, a neighbor, would have been drowned. The child was playing with several others, when it lost its balance and fell through the opening.

—A very happy event occurred at the residence of Mr. John Moffatt, Berlin, Ont., on Wednesday, June 12, it being the marriage of Miss M. Moffatt, youngest daughter of the late Stephen Moffatt of Galt, to Mr. Wm. Sinkins, of St. Marys. The bride was supported by Mrs. Moffatt and Mr. Sinkins. The marriage was celebrated by the Rev. J. Moffatt, who acted for the groom. The presents were very beautiful and costly. The happy couple left on the 3:45 train for the west.

—Very many citizens will regret to learn of the death of Mr. Elizabeth Isaac, wife of Mr. Arscott Isaac, city street watering inspector, after an illness of about five weeks. Deceased had been troubled with chills for some time, and later heart failure intervened, which caused her death. She was a benevolent, kind-hearted lady, held in high esteem by a wide circle of friends. Her husband and five of a family—two sons and three daughters—are left to mourn her loss.

—John Ross and Patrick Fagan were up before Judge Edward Elliott yesterday morning at the court house and found guilty of burglarizing the house of Mr. Thomas Martin, Lobo. Sentence was reserved till Thursday. The articles found on them consisted of jewelry, books, clothing, purses and several little trinkets. Among the books were a Bible, hymn book and several religious journals. Mr. James Magee, Q.C., was crown prosecutor, and the elder of the prisoners acted as lawyer for the defense.

—Mr. Henry Farnan, on behalf of London Tent, No. 17, Order of Macacoees, on Saturday handed to Mrs. Gatecliffe a check for \$1,000, the amount of insurance carried by the late Joseph Gatecliffe in that order. Mr. Gatecliffe was insured for \$9,000 in all, carrying policies in the Macacoees, Royal Arcanum, Canadian Order of Foresters, Independent Order of Foresters and Select Knights.

—The following delegates will leave the city today to attend the annual meeting of the High Court of the Canadian Order of Foresters, to be held at Hamilton, Ont., commencing at 2:30 p.m. on Wednesday, June 19. Delegates: Wm. C. Davis and Edward Towle, representing Court Victory, No. 4; J. W. Fletcher, Court Defiance, No. 7; Andrew Kirkpatrick, Court Robin Hood, No. 53; E. H. Jones, Court Volsey, No. 10; Jas. Nicholson, Court Middlesex, No. 118; Dr. Logie, Court London City, No. 2226; M. Cater, Court Orient, No. 331; R. M. McEltheran, Court Eclipse, No. 54. Mr. Edward

Williams' Royal Crown Remedy

The King of Blood Purifiers.

Prepared by Isaac Williams Co
London, Ont.

Is a Remedy Composed of Extraordinary Medical Properties.

essential to purify, heal, repair and invigorate the broken down and wasted body, no matter by what name the complaint may be designated; whether it be Scrofula, Syphilis, Ulcers, Sores, Tumors, Boils, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Lungs, Kidneys, Bladder, Womb, Skin, Liver, Stomach or Bowels, either chronic or constitutional. The disease in the blood, which supplies the waste and builds and repairs these organs and wasted tissues of the system. It should be taken until the cure is complete.

Just What You Want!

Our High Grade Coffee
A treat to the palate. Renowned for its delicate flavor and superior strength.

Knox's Sparkling Gelatine
Will go twice as far as other kinds. Received the highest award at the World's Fair.

Extra Fine French Mushrooms
Put up in glass bottles.

It will pay you to buy all your groceries from us, as we handle only the

Cream of the Market.

T. A. Rowat & Co.
228 Dundas Street.
Phone—317. ywt

Towse also attends as past high chief ranger of the High Court.

LONDON WEST COUNCIL.

The London West Council held a short meeting in Clerk Simpson's house last evening. Debentures amounting to \$20,000, and running for twelve and thirteen years, on which the interest is 6 per cent, will be changed into 5 per cent debentures, thus saving the village some \$200 per annum for a number of years. This exchange was agreed to between the reeve and the broker who has possession of the debentures, and ratified last night. A meeting will be held on Thursday evening, consisting of the reeve, treasurer, collector and chairman of the finance committee, when distress warrants will be issued on all parties who are behind in taxes. A bylaw to borrow \$1,000 for two months was passed. Present: Reeve Macdonald, Deputy Reeve Murdoch, Councilors Hamilton and Moore, and Clerk Simpson.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.

The adjourned inquest in regard to the death of Lewis Carroll, the asylum patient who was killed on the C. P. R. track on Thursday night, was held at the asylum on Monday night before Coroner Flock. The gist of the verdict, which was a very long one, was "Accidental death." The evidence went to show that a great deal of care was exercised in looking after that crossing and keeping patients away from the track. Dr. Bucke expressed much satisfaction with the way Mrs. Flure had attended to that crossing for the last two years. The engineer, fireman and conductor knew nothing of the accident till they reached the city. The C. P. R. train crew and asylum authorities were all exonerated from any blame. Dr. Bucke, in his evidence, stated that in the particular form of insanity from which Carroll was suffering, the patient dreaded death. The manner in which he was found, face downward, and no blood showing on the engine, all went to justify the verdict of accidental death and preclude the idea of suicide.

KIND WORDS FOR PRINCIPAL MILLER.

The following resolution was passed unanimously at the last meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. of St. George's Church, London West: "We, the Society of Christian Endeavor, of St. George's Church, having heard with deep regret of the resignation of the principalship of Huron College by Rev. H. G. Miller, M.A., desire to express to him our gratitude for the many kindnesses received from him and our sense of the great loss his removal would be both to the city of London and the Church of England in Canada. With the most unselfish generosity he ministered to the congregation of which we are members during the prolonged illness of our rector, and we believe that the godly counsels, the deep spiritual lessons we learned from his lips, will never be forgotten, but will bring forth fruit to everlasting life. We know that since he is still the servant of the same Master, the same blessings will accompany his ministrations in any part of the world; yet we earnestly pray that his may please the great Husbandman to make plain the way of his servant to continue his work in this little corner of the vineyard, and that, however great may be his difficulties and discouragements, the whole blessing of the spirit may be his. We ask him to accept the thanks we can but feebly express on behalf of ourselves, our pastor and our congregation."

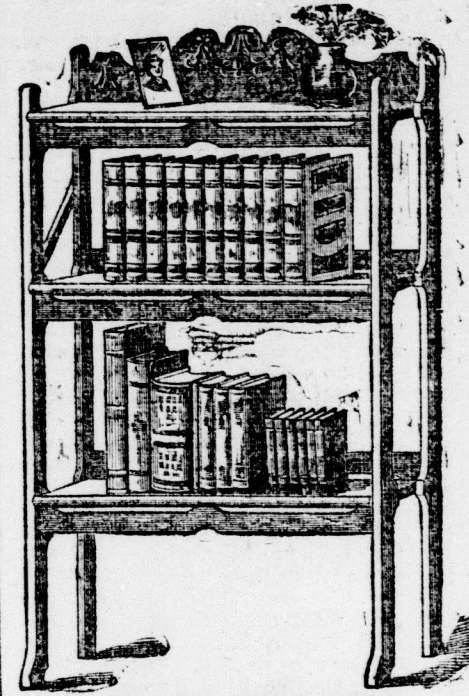
A PROMISING CAREER ENDED.

Mr. Wm. A. Mackay, a bright young student of Knox College, Toronto, died from consumption Sunday at the residence of his father, Mr. W. C. Mackay, 390 Adelaide street, this city. The deceased was known to a host of friends in London. He learned the printing trade in the Advertiser composing room, and about four years ago left Knox College to study for the ministry, which it had long been his sincere wish to enter. He was a devoted student, and his progress at college justified the high hopes of his friends. In fact it is thought his zeal caused him to overtax a constitution which was never robust. Though very young he filled many pulpits in Ontario at intervals with great acceptance, and two years ago preached during the entire summer in some of the largest churches in Chicago. His promising career, however, was cut short by the dread disease consumption, which manifested itself so seriously in the winter that he went to San Diego, California, in February, in the hope of regaining health. Obtaining no relief he came home a few weeks ago, remaining over in Chicago a short time for treatment. Since his arrival he steadily sank, and though conscious, the end was very happy and peaceful. He will be buried on Wednesday at Kincardine, whither the remains will be conveyed by the morning train. Besides his father, a brother—John C., of Carver, Mackay & Co., tailors, Chicago—and a sister, Mrs. Doyle, of Toronto—will mourn for him. Mr. Mackay was a young man of exemplary character, amiable disposition and possessed of talents, which, applied in the church's service, would have made him a strong power for good. He was only 23 years of age.

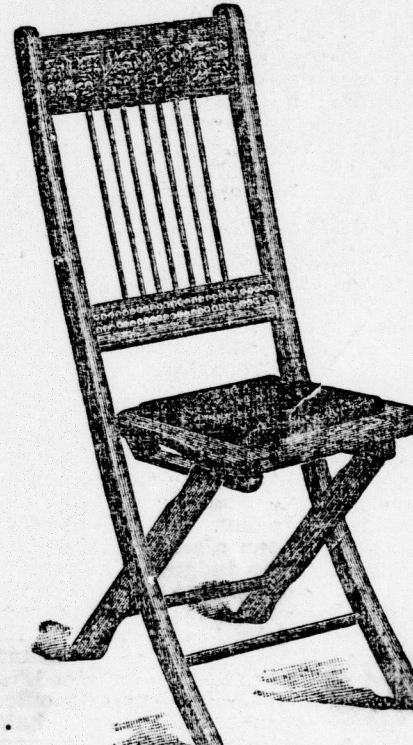
Sparkling White Crystals.
Which dissolve readily and will not cake. That is what the Windsor Salt is. Ask your grocer for it. Purest and best.

MARA'S

We Have Just Received
Another Large Consignment of



FOLDING BOOK RACK.



FOLDING CHAIR.

Also Folding Tables, Folding Hall Racks, Etc.

A BIG SUMMER SALE

—OF—

SUMMER GOODS

Is Now in Full Swing.

Our prices are so low they will startle you. This store is the talk of the rich, the joy of the middle classes, and a blessing to the poor.

Parasols in Endless Variety.

A Lady's Black Parasol for 25c.
Beautiful White and Cream Parasols, with nice stripes, for 50c.
Polka Dot Parasols, with frills, worth \$1 50, for 90c.
See our \$1 White and Cream Parasols with frills.
Very Fine Black Prill Parasols for \$1.
Fine Dotted White Swiss Muslin Parasols, worth \$2 50, sale price \$1 50.
Beautiful White Silk Parasols, with frill, worth \$3, sale price \$1 75.

STRAW HATS.

Boys' Sun Hats 10c.
Large Sun Hats, with big brims, 15c.
Boys' Fine Straw Hats, worth 25c, sale price 15c.
Boys' Very Fine White Straw Hats, worth 50c, sale price 25c.
Men's Fine White Straw Hats, worth 50c, sale price 25c.
Children's White Leghorn Straw Hats, regular price 25c, our sale price 19c.
Children's Fancy Straw Hats, sailors, worth 35c, our price 25c.
Ladies' Black and White Sailors, worth 25c, sale price 12 1/2c.

Fine White Lawn.

Fine 42 inch Victoria White Lawn, worth 12 1/2c, our sale price 10c per yard.
Very Fine 45 inch Victoria White Lawn, worth 15c, our sale price 12 1/2c per yard.
Very Fine 45 inch White Victoria Lawn, worth 20c, our sale price 15c per yard.

Prints Ducks & Chambrays.

23 inch English Prints, in all the newest patterns and designs, warranted fast colors, 5c per yard.
American Drillette Prints, 28 inches wide, 213 pieces to choose from, worth 11c, sale price 8c per yard.
32 inch English Prints, in every conceivable pattern and design, worth 14c, our sale price 11c per yard.
Lama Cloth for Mourning, in beautiful and artistic patterns, 32 inches wide and very fine goods, worth 15c, sale price 11c per yard.
32 inch Chambrays, in all shades, worth 15c, our price 12 1/2c per yard.
28 inch Duck Suitings, in a large range of patterns, worth 12 1/2c, sale price 10c per yard.

The T. E. Mara Co.,
153 Dundas Street,
155 Dundas Street,
And Market Square

ORDER BY MAIL.

PHONE 1,043.