

Births, Marriages, Death

MARRIED.
RICE-SMITH-In this city, on Sept. 15, by the Rev. Dr. Saunders, Freeman J. Rice to Corn Harriette, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith, 565 Richmond street, city.
CRAW-GUNN-In this city, on Oct. 4, at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, John Fried, Esq., by the Rev. Dr. Saunders, assisted by the Rev. Geo. T. Craw, B.A., brother of the groom, Rev. William Wilson Craw, M.A., Thorncliffe, to Florence Kate, daughter of the late Alexander Gunn, Esq.
MILES-HARRIS-At Brantford, Oct. 4, 1899, Charles B. Miles, of this city, to Mary, youngest daughter of the late John Harris.
MILLS-LEWIS-At the residence of the bride's father, 151 Clarence street, on Tuesday, Oct. 3, by Rev. J. H. Moorhouse, Geo. F. Mills, to Bezy, youngest daughter of W. J. Element.

Amusements and Lectures

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Matinee and Night Tomorrow.
W. H. WEST'S
BIG MINSTREL JUBILEE.
Prices-Matinee-Adults, 50c; children, 25c, to all parts of the house; no reserved seats. Night prices-25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Tuesday Eve., Oct. 10.
Augustin Daly's Opera Company, introducing Mr. James Powers, presenting the great London musical success, "A RUNAWAY GIRL." Sale opens tomorrow morning. Prices-First two rows circle, \$1.50; balance lower floor, \$1.00; balcony reserved 75c; admission 50c; gallery, 25c.

DON'T MISS JESSIE ALEXANDER'S Inimitable Scotch Song, Auditorium, Thursday, Oct. 12. Toronto's oldest repeated here.

THEY ARE GOOD, SAFE AND RELIABLE ships represented at F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next door to Advertiser office. Tickets issued via the Allan, Beaver, American, Canada to the old country; the Castle Line to South Africa; Royal Mail Line to South America; Orient Line of Royal Mail Ships to Australia, New Zealand and Ceylon.
R. B. MILLARD, TEACHER OF DANCING and deportment, will resume teaching Wednesday, Oct. 12. Lessons any hour. Waltz and up-to-date dances. 245 Princess avenue.
NEXT WEEK-BEGINNERS' CLASSES in open Palace Dancing Academy, Auditorium, Monday evening; ladies, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Any night this week and make arrangements. Dayton & McCormick.

To Let
Ads.
OF TEN WORDS
Are inserted in the Advertiser for 10 cents.
3 INSERTIONS, 20c.

Meetings.
MASONIC-THE REGULAR MONTHLY meeting of St. John's Lodge, 296 A. E. and M. G. R. C., will be held this Friday evening, October 6, at 7:30. General business and work in the first and second degrees. Visitors welcome. Arthur W. White, W. Master; T. A. Howat, P.M., Secretary.
ATTEND UNION REVIVAL MEETINGS. At Town Hall, East London. Evangelist McLean. Seats free. Service daily, 3 and 8 p.m. and 8 and 8 p.m. 267 Dundas street.

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED-GENERAL SERVANT-REF. REFERENCES required. Call between 7 and 8 p.m., 267 Dundas street.
Male Help Wanted.
WANTED-BOYS-MUST BE OVER 16. D. S. Perrin & Co.
WANTED-CIGARMAKERS, BUNCH. BREAKERS and rollers at W. C. Ross' Cigar Factory.
WANTED-BOY TO ASSIST IN BUTCHER shop. Apply 267 Dundas street.
MEN WANTED AT SAULT STE. MARIE. Ontario, carpenters, joiners, painters, masons and laborers. Apply to The Lake Superior Power Company, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.
WANTED-FIRST CLASS SALESMAN to sell "The" best heating powder and extracts. Indorse references. London Coffee and Spice Co., Limited.

Female Help Wanted

WANTED-BOOKERS AND STRIPPERS immediately. Apply R. A. Schreiber & Co.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS-DRY-FURS, THE PRISONER OF Devil's Island-Full story of the most remarkable military trial and scandal of the age. Big book, well illustrated, sells on sight. Snap for canvassers. Bradley, Garretson Company, Limited, Brantford.
AGENTS WANTED-CALL AT 617 KING street, between 8 and 9 a.m.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED-\$2 PER DAY SURE-GEN. TLEMAN or ladies; special work; position permanent. Reliable firm with best references. Experience unnecessary. Address S. M. Fry, Field Manager, Hamilton, Ont.

Livery Stables

LIVERY'S LIVERY NO. 619 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 68.

Situations Wanted

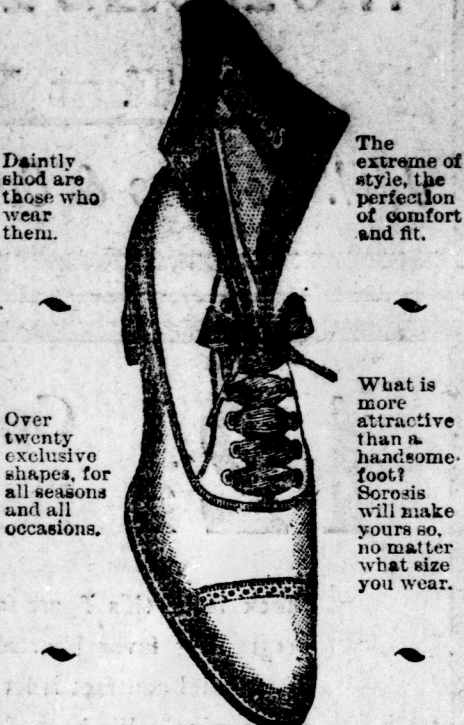
WANTED-SITUATION AS BOOK- KEEPER or stenographer. Good references. Box 10, Advertiser Office.

Lost and Found.

\$5 REWARD-STRAYED-ON FRIDAY night, black and white terrier dog, with end of tail cut. Any person returning him to John S. Levy, 111 Elmwood avenue, South London, will receive the above reward.
LOST-DARK BRINDLE AND WHITE spotted bull dog named Spot. Reward, J. A. Croden, 217 Dundas street, London.
LOST-ON DUNDAS OR MAITLAND street, Wednesday evening, silver watch (gentleman's) with chain. Reward on leaving at 10 o'clock.

SOROSIS...

The New American Shoe for Women.



Price, \$4.50 a Pair.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY IN LONDON BY

J. P. COOK,

167 Dundas Street.

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE-BASEBURNER, "ROYAL," Great bargain. Apply 111 East street.
\$12 FOR A "MCCREARY" BICYCLE. Selling machines repaired at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 293 Richmond street.
FOR SALE-BLOOD HORSE, CART AND harness, cheap. Apply 63 Clarence street.
BEST QUALITY HARD WOOD, ALSO soft wood and shala. Phone 1312. D. H. Gillies & Co., Lumber and Wood Dealer.
COAL AND WOOD-BUY THE BEST-WE have them. McKenzie & McLeod, 309 Clarence street. Phone 1383.
FOR SALE-COMPLET UNDERTAKERS outfit. Two hearses and covered wagon and nice, clean stock of caskets and coffins, suitable for small town or country trade. Address Box 88, Advertiser, London.
WHY SHIVER IN YOUR ROOM WHEN a Cannon Gasoline Heater will make it comfortable. See them at 107 King street.
COAL! COAL! COAL! Order your winter's supply at the new coal and wood yard.
Phone 1383. R. J. WEBSTER, 715 Richmond street.
WHY SOIL YOUR HANDS? OUR BEAU- TIFUL, Enamelled Storetapes may be cleaned with a damp cloth. Handsome, durable. Only 20c. Get some for your parlor and dining room. The Cannon Gasoline and Oven Co., Limited, 107 King street. Telephone 1102. Stoves put up. Furnaces repaired. Jobbing done promptly.
STOVES-IF YOU WANT TO TRADE or sell your stoves, call at Parish's furniture store. Lots to choose from. 357 Talbot street, south market.
FURKLE BREAD-YOU CAN MAKE NO mistake by using Dean Bread, made of the best flour, quality and quantity guaranteed. Dean & Co., 247 Hamilton road. Electric Bread.
KEENE'S, MASONIC TEMPLE, IS THE cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand.
A BARGAIN-ONE FANCY WALNUT burr upright piano, 7 1/2 octaves, 3 pedals, full swing desk, stool and drape, only 4 months in use. A snap. Organ \$20 and upwards. Easy terms. Heintzman Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

Spring and Mattresses-LARGEST.

Keene Bros., Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING

clocks and all apparatus of all kinds. M. J. Miller, 280 1/2 Dundas street, Spencer Block.

THE NEW ORCHESTRAL BELL PIANOS

at Anderson's Book Store, Barbican Trebleblock.

NEW RIVER SMOKELESS COAL-

Less smoke, less smell, less cinders, more heating power to the ton than the best hard coal, and \$1 a ton cheaper. Will burn in furnace, grate, range or heating stove. Satisfaction guaranteed. Try it. Green & Co., Phone 1281.

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DELIV-

ERED in all parts of the city. W. G. Rader, 71 Dundas street, Phone 1184.

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD

Jewelry made up-to-date at small expense. J. T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs.

MERRY BELLS-WE MAKE BELLS

and Brass Work. Our Bells are equal to any and cannot be beat. John Law, 121 Clarence street, London.

Miscellaneous.

LADIES SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL CULTURE. Classes commencing Oct. 2, 1899. Knights of Pythias Hall, Dufferin Block, Dundas street. For terms, etc., apply Seng-Major Grey, 714 Dundas street, late instructor of R.C.R.L., 766 Maitland street.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE OR RENT-COMFORTABLE studio, all modern improvements, 12 rooms; choice location, 325 Queen's avenue. Croxson & Butts.
FOR SALE-FINE CORNER LOT, CLOSE to Victoria Park, to close estate; price only two-thirds of assessed value. M. J. Kent, city.

FOR SALE-FINE MODERN COTTAGE with roof, four bedrooms, bath, with gas heater, furnace, and all latest improvements, beautiful location in central part of the city. J. P. Sangster, 463 Richmond.

FOR SALE-AT A BARGAIN DESIR- ABLE property; complete in every respect; 321 Dundas street. Apply 95 Clarence street.

FOR SALE-NICE BUILDING, LOT 30 OR 60 feet, Elias street, near Adelaide. Apply A. N. Udy, over C. P. H. ticket office, corner Dundas and Richmond streets.

It's a Man's Duty

to dress well-he owes it to society and to himself. If he should give up every pleasure in order to be well clothed, he would be a gainer by it. A well dressed man is usually a successful man. People listen to him respectfully. He has more chances in life than a shabby fellow. The men for whom we make clothing are well dressed in every sense of the word-style and fit are faultless-workmanship perfect-prices low.

Deeks & Munson

393 Richmond Street. Phone 1321.

Board and Lodging.

WANTED-A LADY AND GENTLEMAN, or two gentlemen, as boarders in a private family. Large front room with alcove and conveniences. Address Box F. A., Advertiser office.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE-DWELLING, STORE AND chopping mill. Will sell together or separate. Seven miles from Alvinston. John Grant, Aberfeldy Postoffice.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

COTTAGE TO LET-NO. 11 OXFORD street. Alex. Harvey.
TO LET-STORE, 185 1/2 DUNDAS STREET, formerly occupied by J. P. Cook.

TO LET-MOVING VANS- Largest, best and cheapest. Office 97 Carling street. Phone 1102. Residence 1181.

TO LET-STORE-NO. 173 DUNDAS street, formerly occupied by J. P. Cook. Apply at 167 Dundas street.

TO LET-THE UNION FURNITURE VAN Have your furniture carefully handled. John Buge, Cadogan street, South London, late of London Furniture Co.

Bicycle Livery.

LADIES WHEELS \$1, GENTS WHEELS \$1.50 per week with delivery. Cunningham, 704 Dundas street. Telephone 1223. Wheels delivered.

Sewer Tenders

TENDERS for an 8-inch sewer on Talbot street, from Mill street northward, will be received at this office up to 5 o'clock on Thursday, October 12. A. O. GRAYDON, A.L.D., H. M. DOUGLASS, City Engineer. Chairman R. C. Committee.

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT NOTICE-NO.

1111 is hereby given that application has been made by Jacob Scandrett, holder of a license, to have his tavern license transferred to Robert Graham, of Strathroy. The license will meet on Saturday, Oct. 14, at the inspector's office, Market Lane, London, to consider the same. John Durand, Chief of Police, Middlesex, Dorchester Station, Oct. 5, 1899.

CHAPTER OF CASUALTIES

An Aged Man Dashed to Death Near Oakville.

Fatal Runaway Accident-Bowman- ville Man Dies Suddenly in a Doctor's Office.

Oakville, Ont., Oct. 6.-John Ion, a farmer, 70 years of age, who resided about a mile from this place, was struck and instantly killed by a west-bound G. T. R. express on Wednesday. Mr. Ion was crossing the bridge on his way home, walking along the track, when he was run down by the train. He was hurled a distance of twenty feet. Mr. Ion was an ex-town councillor, and prominent in local Methodist circles.

DIED AT THE DOCTOR'S.

Bowmanville, Oct. 6.-Samuel Borden, one of the oldest citizens of the town, passed away very suddenly on Wednesday. He entered the office of Dr. McLaughlin, commencing about 11 o'clock, and complained of having a pain in his side. Dr. McLaughlin left him to procure some medicine, and on returning found him dying, and within a very short time he breathed his last. Deceased was warden of the united counties of Northumberland and Durham for many years, and at the time of his death was secretary-treasurer of the public school board.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 6.-On Saturday a blaze wiped out the central block of hotels in Cascade City. The Club Hotel, Britannic Hotel, Grand Central and Railroad Headquarters Hotel, Francis and Milne's and the Montana Hotel were destroyed. Eric Arvall was burned to death while trying to save the Montana Hotel. Loss estimated at \$25,000.

FATAL RUNAWAY.

Chatham, Ont., Oct. 6.-On Tuesday night John E. Brooke, one of Chatham's wealthiest citizens, was thrown from his carriage and received a severe concussion of the brain, from which he died without regaining consciousness. Deceased was born in Toronto in 1821. He was a member of Christ Church, prominent in Masonic circles, and a Liberal. His wife and three children survive him.

CUT-HIS THROAT.

Stratford, Oct. 6.-George Jackson, bartender at the G. T. R. refreshment rooms, attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He has been suffering from melancholia for some time past. While the throat is badly cut the jugular vein was missed, and it is thought likely he will recover.

A Premature Alarm

Sensational Reports From South Africa Were Groundless.

Strong Efforts Being Made to Maintain Peace.

While Preparations for a Possible War Are Being Pushed.

President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, Says They Do Not Intend to Make an Attack, But Will Defend Their Rights.

London, Friday, Oct. 6.-While there is no diminution of the flood of dispatches from South Africa recording, with almost tiresome iteration, the military preparations and movements of all kinds, with accurate and inaccurate rumors and speculations, the real situation remains unchanged. It is evident that strong efforts are still being made to preserve peace simultaneously with determined energy to be prepared for any emergency. It is expected that 5,000 reserves will be called out tomorrow, and that all army corps will be mobilized on the 15th or 20th of the month. In the meantime it is interesting to note that neither side shows anxiety to precipitate a conflict, but is rather inclined to give room for the play of peace negotiations.

A dispatch from Newcastle, Natal, filed this morning, says: "Telegraphic communication with Charlestown is open. The British command at Sandhurst was reinforced yesterday, but no general advance is expected." This information is important, as it contradicts the alarmist dispatch of the Daily Telegraph.

Nothing new has developed as to the Transvaal situation. The Daily Telegraph's dispatch announcing that the Boers had invaded Natal and seized Laing's Neck is without foundation. The British position was considerably strengthened by the arrival of Indian reinforcements of about 2,500 cavalry, all of which will be promptly sent to the front by train, and with their arrival at Ladysmith and Glen Cove, the British advanced camps and lines of communication will all be safeguarded against the risk of a sudden dash across the frontiers. The British authorities seemingly no longer fear the masses of the Boer force along the border, and, as a matter of fact, it has been provided that the Boers shall not make a sudden invasion in the territory. The Natal authorities are rather pleased with this, because they argue the tension of waiting will tell severely on the Boers' discipline, and, moreover, they will soon exhaust what little forage there is near the border and be compelled to fall back on their base, because in view of the ineffective commissariat they are unwilling to advance into Natal, leaving behind them a foliageless veldt.

WORKING FOR PEACE.

Advices from Cape Town received last night, assert that both Mr. J. F. Hoffmeyer, the Afrikaner leader in Cape Colony, and the ex-Chief Justice Kotze, have expressed the opinion that the imperial government acted in the interest of peace in demanding the suppression of the Transvaal agency in Brussels and the recall of Dr. Leyds, the European representative. Sir Alfred Milner, British high commissioner, has already reported in this sense to Mr. Chamberlain.

Peace meetings held at Halifax and London were scenes of much disturbance. At the Birmingham meeting a crowd of jingoes invaded the hall, cheering Mr. Chamberlain and singing "Rule Britannia," and the orators had to contend with their own speeches into the reporters' ears. The meeting ended abruptly without any resolution being passed.

Sir George Otto Trevelyan, speaking at Halifax, Yorkshire, said he believed that Chamberlain had made a terrible mistake in rejecting President Kruger's offer of five years' franchise, but thought that war might yet be avoided, if a mediator was sent to the Cape.

FALSE ALARM.

A dispatch has been received at Newcastle, Natal, from the government, stating that there is no immediate cause of alarm. This has the effect of arresting the panic.

The Times publishes the following from Pietermaritzburg: The latest statements emanating from Ladysmith and Newcastle that the Boers have crossed the frontier are without foundation. The British military authorities in Natal do not expect the Boers to cross the border at present, unless their leaders lose control of the men.

A Mafeking dispatch says: The burghers have been strictly enjoined not to cross the western frontier or to interfere with civilians, but to resist the passage of an armed force.

Advices from Bloemfontein say the Orange Free State Government still professes hopes of peace.

An enthusiastic meeting of Irishmen was held last evening in Kimberley, at which resolutions were unanimously adopted, expressing disapproval of the conduct of Irishmen who sympathized with the Boers and with the course of the Irish parliamentary party in extending sympathy and support to the Transvaal in the present crisis.

A dispatch to the Times from Lohambati, near Mafeking, says it is a remarkable fact that the natives there declare they will not fight for the Transvaal, but will in preference cross the border, because the Boers are too cruel, and are always punishing them.

MILITARY ACTIVITY.

London, Oct. 6.-Gen. Sir Redvers Buller arrived at Balmoral Castle last night, as the guest of Queen Victoria, to bid her Majesty farewell on his departure for South Africa.

Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill, son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill, will accompany Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, as a correspondent for the Times.

Increased activity is being shown at Woolwich, and it is alleged that provision is being made there to send supplies for two army corps. Four hundred tons of material and munitions of war have already been shipped for Africa.

The Queensland colonial government has received instructions from London that the Queensland contingent for South Africa must be dispatched before Oct. 31.

A dispatch from Perth, capital of West Australia, announces that the government of the colony has decided to dispatch a West Australian contingent to the Cape.

The Fifth Lancers and a naval brigade from Durban have arrived at Ladysmith.

Five Indian transports, with two regiments of infantry, a battery of artillery and part of the Nineteenth Hussars, arrived at Durban on Thursday. Maj.-Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, accompanied by his staff, landed immediately.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

A dispatch from Johannesburg reports that Kaffirs are raiding the business places and houses in the East Rand. The whites fired on the Kaffirs, and a special force of police has been dispatched to dispose of the raiders.

As a natural result of the panic there is considered lawlessness. The regular distribution of letters has ceased. Stories of outrages committed by the Boer upon refugees from the Transvaal continue to pour in. A conflict occurred at Kroonstad, where a detachment of a trainload of 200 refugees attempted to obtain provisions, but were driven out by Boers, armed with blackjacks.

The Standard and Diggers' News, a Boer organ, publishes the following from Johannesburg: It is expected that 20,000 burghers from the Transvaal and the Orange Free State will be on their respective borders this evening (Wednesday). Should the hostilities be protracted, there is much fear that the Zulus, Matabeles and Basutos will rise against the whites and that massacres and disasters will follow. The Zulu chiefs have been summoned their tribesmen from the Rand for weeks past.

PRESIDENT STEYN'S STATEMENT.

Bloemfontein, Oct. 6.-President Steyn, addressing a commando in Maritzburg, on Thursday congratulated the burghers on the rapidly with which they had responded to the call. He said the Orange Free State did not intend to make an attack, but that it would fiercely defend its cherished rights. The enemy was strong, but if that enemy crossed the border it would be met with a determined resistance. In concluding he exclaimed: "We would be fighting for the independence of our state."

FULL OF FIGHT.

A special dispatch from Pretoria says that President Kruger expressed himself strongly at being prevented by the executive from going to the front. He is reported to have said: "Some people say I am the cause of the present trouble, and I want to take my share of fighting with my people."

BELLE ISLE ROUTE DROPPED

Dominion Line Steamers Will Take the Southerly Course.

Indo-British Force Have a Fight With Arabs.

London, Oct. 6.-The Dominion Line has decided to abandon the Belle Isle route to and from Canada, taking, in the future, the southerly course, via Cape Race, thus adding a half day to the journey.

TWENTY-SEVEN SOMALIS KILLED.

Paris, Oct. 6.-According to a dispatch from Ras Jibuti, in the Gulf of Aden, Indo-British troops recently landed on the Somali coast, and fought near Berber, the forces of an Arab sheikh, Mohammed Saib, who has been proclaimed mahdi by the hinterland Mussulmans, who are instigating an uprising of Somalis against the Abyssinians. During the fighting 27 Somalis were killed.

GRAND TRUNK BUSINESS.

London, Oct. 6.-The Grand Trunk report, just published, states that the half-year's operations show a net improvement of £23,752. Passenger receipts improved £50,388. The freight carried increased 44,807 tons, but the increase of low-rated through traffic caused the average receipt per ton per mile on the entire freight traffic to decrease from 0.66 of a cent to 0.58.

CABLE NOTES.
The French Parliament, it is understood, will be convened on Nov. 2. It is announced in London that Lord and Lady Aberdeen will shortly visit Canada.
Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, the czarowitz, arrived in London Wednesday, en route to Balmoral.
Capt. Henri Joly, son of the minister of inland revenue, and Major Girouard sail for Cape Town on Saturday.
Continental booking agents have adopted a policy which works considerable injury to Canada. The Dominion having abolished the bonus, the booking agents show their hostility by booking immigrants anywhere but to Canada.
The Archbishop of Manila has notified Gen. Otis that there was a plot on foot to burn the residence of the governor-general and the archbishop, together with several government buildings and banks, but the plot failed to materialize, possibly because of a display of force.
The Deutscher Colonial Zeitung, in an article on Liberia, says: "Liberia must necessarily soon cease to exist. France and England are both indulging in machinations to annex the country. Liberia is of the greatest value to Germany, especially the Cameroons. Two-thirds of the Liberia farmers are Germans, and Germany must, therefore, see that she gets a share of territory or the whole."

The Health of the Hair

is indicated by its condition. When the natural secretions decrease; when the hair becomes dry, splits at the ends and comes out in combing; when the gloss disappears and the hair becomes gray or faded, the ill-health of the hair is indicated. The success of Oriental Hairs and Quinine Hair Tonic is due to the fact that it restores the hair-producing organs to their natural vigor.

It also encourages and promotes the secretions of the hair follicles, and thus gray or faded hair regains its original color, new growth begins, and freshness and beauty is restored. 50c bottle.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE, Chemists and Perfumers, 216 Dundas street.

Branch-Cor. Richmond and Piccadilly.

SWEEEPING THE ATLANTIC COAST

A Storm of Great Severity Coming This Way.

Plenty of Wind Around Sandy Hook Now-Yachts Race Again Saturday.

New Orleans, Oct. 6.-A storm of great severity is now raging on the Gulf coast, and anxiety is felt concerning the coast regions in St. Bernard, Plaquemine and Jefferson parishes, where the storm of 1893 caused a loss of a number of lives. The only point accessible by wire is the Lower Mississippi, where serious damage is already reported.

OFF SANDY HOOK.

New York, Oct. 6.-The wind at Sandy Hook, inside which the Columbia, the Shamrock and their tenders were anchored, was blowing 23 miles an hour this morning, and seemed likely to increase. The fog was thick, and a heavy rain was falling. The cup defender and the tender, the St. Michael, were taken in tow by a tug about 9 o'clock, and headed for the upper bay to a more secure anchorage. The Shamrock, the Erin and their tenders, it was said, would remain at their moorings. The general weather forecast from Washington says: The storm, which was central near Tampa, Florida, Thursday morning, has moved northeastward to a position off the east coast of Virginia, where a barometer reading of 29.56 inches was reported at Norfolk. During the next 24 hours the storm will pass rapidly northeastward, with high northeast (shifting to north and north-west) along the New England coast. The rain area, which has covered the east gulf and middle and south Atlantic States, will extend over New England, and rain will be followed by cooler, clearing weather in all districts south of New York. The winds attending the disturbance have not been specially dangerous along the South Atlantic coast, although some damage by winds are reported in low-lying districts along the mouth of the Mississippi River. The indications are, however, that strong gales will prevail all today and tonight along the Atlantic coast from Breakwater northward. Storm signals are displayed from Hatteras to Cape Cod section.

RACE AGAIN TOMORROW.

A statement regarding yesterday's drifting match, and also dealing with tomorrow's contest, is posted in the New York Yacht and Boat Club. Concerning tomorrow it says: "The same race will be tried again Saturday, the agreement between the Royal Ulster Yacht Club and the New York Yacht Club being very positive on this point, that an incomplete race shall be proceeded with until it is finished. There can be no change in this, nor can the other rule be changed, which fixes the days for the racing-Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. No lost days can be made up for by running a race on Monday, Wednesday or Friday. Admiral Dewey may be at tomorrow's race. If not, he will see one of the later races."

DEMAND FOR HORSES.

Ottawa, Oct. 6.-The report that Great Britain has begun to buy horses and mules for South Africa has had an effect on the local horse market. There is now an active demand for sound horses between 5 and 9 years of age. This demand cannot be well met in Ottawa district owing to scarcity. Good prices are offered for animals meeting the requirements. Wm. Harrison, a local horse dealer, says that large shipments from Montreal are being made regularly. Most of this stock comes from the west. The British agents in Montreal are severe in their examinations, and no stock except the best is accepted.

Eacrett's Bazar

The season that you will need to get up your stoves and get the pipes varnished for the winter is here. Now we bought a lot of goods for this season before the advance in material, and will sell at the old prices. Stove pipes, 8c length. A nice Lithographed Stoveboard at 95c. Stove Pipe Wire, 5c roll. A splendid Coal Hod for 25c. Ash sifter, 15c. The very best Stove Pipe Varnish, 10c bottle. We also have all kinds of Polish-Nonsuch, 10c bottle; Bluing Sun, 5c; Enameline, 5c; large boxes Quaker Oats, 8c, regular price 10c. A elegant Stove Brush for 5c. Stove Pipe Varnish Brush, 10c. Oilcloth Binding, with nails and corners complete in zinc and brass. We give trading stamps.

EACRETT'S BAZAR,

200 Dundas Street. Phone 573.

RACE FOR THE TRANSYLVANIA

Proved a Costly Surprise to Some of the Sports.

Lord Vincent Defeated the Favorite in the Eighth Heat.

Plunger Lawson Dropped a Pile on Peter the Great.

Quotings and Lawn Tennis Champion-ship Contests—Sporting News of All Sorts.

PURP.
A GREAT SURPRISE.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 6.—The \$10,000 Transylvania yesterday, which attracted the attention of horsemen all over the continent, and on which it seemed a moral certainty that Peter the Great could not be beaten, was one of the greatest surprises ever witnessed in Kentucky. After a terrific battle, in which fortune was in Peter's favor up to the third heat, which he lost by a head within 150 yards of the wire, Lord Vincent won the great stake by sheer pluck. The betting ring was a tangled mass of men by 12 o'clock. Thomas H. Lawson, the Boston plunger, had bet \$10,000 on the favorite in the previous night's pooling, and was taking all pools on Peter the Great. He drove the price to 100 to 80 before the first heat was called.

The Transylvania, for 215 class, trotting, valued \$10,000.

Free Bond, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Hartford, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Waggon, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Edward, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1

Time—2:06 1/2, 2:15 1/2, 2:11 1/2, 2:12 1/2, 2:12 1/2.

2:15 pace, purse \$1,000.
Free Bond, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Hartford, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Waggon, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Edward, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1

Time—2:06 1/2, 2:15 1/2, 2:11 1/2, 2:12 1/2, 2:12 1/2.

2:27 class, trotting, purse \$1,000.
Pharos, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
Joe Watts, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1
George Alex, b. s. 8 6 5 1 8 1 1

Time—2:16, 2:12 1/2, 2:13.

RUNNING RACES—THURSDAY'S WINNERS.

Windsor, Ont.—Juanita, Stalira, Ennomia, Daily Report and La Grange, Oakland, California—Favosham, Alaria, Monrovia, New Moon and Pixford.

Hawthorne, Chicago—Hermosa, Eric d'Or, Marhee, King Bermuda, The Rush and Miphan.

Montreal, Oct. 6.—The Montreal Hunt Club's annual steeplechase were begun yesterday. Summary:

Green steeplechase—Murray Hendrie's ch. m. Leading Lady; G. W. Stephen's ch. m. King of the Ring; T. Curran's ch. m. Joe A. 3.

Open handicap steeplechase—Campbell & Hendrie's ch. m. Jim Lisle; L. John Newman's ch. m. Acacia; T. J. Love's ch. m. Horizon 2.

Hunters' handicap—M. Hendrie's ch. m. Leading Lady; C. McEachern's ch. m. Magi; A. 2; T. A. Barnard's ch. m. Allie A. 3.

Members' plate, 1 m. and 2 furlongs. Flat—G. W. Stephen's ch. m. King of the Ring; A. 1; C. McEachern's ch. m. Gollygally; 2; A. Hamilton's ch. m. Dick A. 3.

ENDED IN A DRAW.

New York, Oct. 6.—The cricket match begun at Staten Island Wednesday between Prince Ranjitsingh's team and all New York, was brought to a conclusion last evening by a draw. The Englishmen did some fine batting this morning, and when eight wickets had fallen for 320, they declared their innings closed. New York had no chance of winning, and seemed to play for a draw. The men were all instructed to keep up their wickets and never mind the runs. They succeeded admirably in this.

ONTARIO CHAMPIONSHIP.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—The Ontario Lawn Tennis League season wound up on Wednesday evening. Bridge won the championship of the year from Streetsville by gaining five out of six events, the other being unfinished through Dr. Clarke going lame. Results:

Singles—Vivian (Up) beat McHugh (S), 6-2, 6-1. Sharpe (Up) beat L. Graydon (S), 6-1, 6-2. Dr. Bascom (Up) beat W. H. Graydon (S), 6-2, 6-1. Dr. Clark (Up) beat Morgan (S), 6-2, 6-1. Doubles—Sharpe and Dr. Bascom (Up) beat McHugh and L. Graydon (S), 6-1, 6-0. Vivian and Dr. Clark (Up) beat W. H. Graydon and Morgan (S), 6-2, 6-2.

BASEBALL.

At Baltimore—R. H. E. Baltimore, 2 2 5 1 Philadelphia, 2 2 9 1 Called at the end of the 9th on account of darkness. Nops and Smith; Donahue and McFarland.

At Boston—Boston, 9 11 1 New York, 3 9 1 McLean and Sullivan; Seymour and Warner.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6 8 4 Pittsburgh, 9 10 0 Sudhoff and O'Connor; Grey, Leever and Bowerman.

At Washington—Washington, 4 10 1 Brooklyn, 1 9 4 Dineen and McManus; Dunn and McGuire.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 0 6 3 Louisville, 4 8 1 Friak and Kehoe; Waddell and Lattimer.

WHEEL.

Edward McDuffee made trial for the ten-mile record on the track at Brockton, Mass., and established the time of 15 minutes 15 seconds, which is 1 minute 4 seconds less than the record.

of 16:22, made by Harry Eikes. McDuffee broke every existing record from 2 to 10 miles.

QUOTING.

LAWSON LEADS.

The big quoting tournament on the Heather Club's grounds, Toronto, was practically closed Wednesday, only one match remaining for the next day, when the first and second prizes in the second series were decided. In the first series, the veteran, Jos. Lawson, of Brampton, was the winner, defeating R. Callender on shooting a keenly-contested match. Summary:

First series, final—The series were: Jos. Lawson 41, R. Callender 60, Jas. Bell (London) and R. Errington (Glanworth) divided third and fourth money.

Second series, second draw—J. Peacock 41, A. Matheson 35, J. Richardson 41, J. Bell 33, E. Kennedy 41, John Kennedy 38.

Third draw—J. Peacock 41, E. Kennedy 34, J. Richardson 35, Peacock and Richardson play for first and second again. E. Kennedy takes third and John Kennedy fourth prizes.

Consolation series—F. Claus 1, H. M. Plaster 2, T. N. Snelton 3, R. Dwight 4. At the annual meeting of the Quoting Association, the following officers were elected: President, R. Errington, Glanworth; first vice-president, R. Thompson, Toronto; second vice-president, R. M. Player, Toronto; secretary-treasurer, J. J. Coulter, Toronto; executive committee, Jos. Lawson, T. J. Edward, R. Callender, A. Matheson, Jas. McKenzie. The next annual tournament will be held in Toronto in first week in October, 1900.

CURLING.

THE ST. THOMAS CLUB.

The annual meeting of the St. Thomas Granite Curling Club was held Tuesday night at the rink. The report of the treasurer showed the club to be in a flourishing condition, with a good balance at their credit and a good membership. The following officers were elected: Honorary president, W. R. Jackson; president, A. A. Drake; vice-president, J. H. McGee; secretary-treasurer, W. K. Cameron; committee of management, C. H. Wegg, J. McCrimmon, C. L. Robertson, J. J. Glenn, A. W. Graham, Fred Doggett; auditors, J. M. Kirby, J. W. Stewart; representative members, W. K. Cameron, J. M. Kirby, chaplain, D. R. Drummond; skips, W. K. Cameron, S. O. Perry, Joseph Mickleborough, A. A. Drake, W. H. King, S. C. May, J. M. R. Jackson, C. H. Wegg, L. E. Tate. A committee was appointed to make arrangements for the lighting of the rink.

General fund \$155.58
Aged People's Home 7,745.65
Home for Incurables 2,984.02
Women's Refuge and Infants' Home 1,414.71
Relief of city poor 300.00

Balance on hand, Oct. 1, 1898 7,001.18
Total \$19,601.13

DISBURSEMENTS.

General fund \$93.17
Aged People's Home 6,615.55
Home for Incurables 2,377.72
Women's Refuge and Infants' Home 1,380.41
Relief of city poor 737.52

Total disbursements \$10,584.37
Balance on hand 9,016.75

Miss F. Loughhead, on behalf of the hospital committee, reported the disbursement of visits to the hospital under the new building be finished.

Miss B. A. McKellar reported \$737.52 expended by the relief committee.

Mrs. J. B. Campbell reported for the improvement committee a number of alterations at the Aged People's Home.

Miss M. A. McKellar reported an interesting report of the work done during the year by the devotional committee.

Sixty-four services were held at the Aged People's Home. At the Home for Incurables, Mr. Compin conducted weekly services, and Rev. W. J. Wickkott, Rev. W. Seaborn, Miss F. Loughhead, and Mrs. S. M. Lowery spent Sunday in Detroit.

The officers chosen for the ensuing year were: Honorary President—Mrs. Robert Reid, sen.

First Vice-President—Mrs. J. A. Murray.

Second Vice-President—Miss Fraser. Secretary—Mrs. M. M. Pattullo. Assistant Secretary—Mrs. Kennedy.

Mrs. Reid succeeded Mrs. Carrage as honorary president, and Mrs. Fraser succeeds Mrs. Reid as president.

In the standing committees several changes were made. Mrs. Murray was added to the visiting committee of the board of officers of the Women's Refuge and Infants' Home, and Mrs. Davis' name taken from the list of the visiting committee of the homes for aged people and infirm.

By making Mrs. Merchant convenor, and adding the name of Mrs. Hardner to the list of members. Mesdames Winnett and Mitchell became members of the visiting committee. Mesdames Fraser and Loughhead and Mesdames St. John Hyttenrauch and Robinson became members of the devotional committee, and Miss Boyle's membership was continued.

Mesdames Hopkirk, Winnett and Mitchell became members of the purchase committee, Mrs. Davis of the improvement committee, and Mrs. Robinson of the visiting and relief committee.

LIFE IN GERMANY.

Children Paid a Cent an Hour—Long Work Hours for Adults.

When the emperor the other day said on visiting his new estate in Cadmen, "The pigsties are better than the laborer's cottages," the remark was greedily seized upon by the Liberal press in Germany. Now, however, the Berlin Tageblatt publishes a statement from which it appears that the situation of the sewage farms under the administration of the model city of Berlin are so deplorable that the Berliners have every reason to be mindful of the saying: "Cast out first the beam out of thine own eye."

The laborer's wages are for the most part miserable. Children receive for six field produce, only 22 1/2 to a month; women receive 7 1/2 pence a day. The working hours are exceedingly long, from 3:30 in the morning to 8:30 at night. The dwellings are frightful. In some rooms four or five married couples sleep together. There is mostly only one bed for two persons, and sometimes it has to hold three.—London Daily News.

"What's the matter with Shingle?" "I don't know, he's so thin." "What do you mean by that?" "Simply that he can't tell whether it's stomach trouble or backache."—Boston Transcript.

HEARTS FILLED WITH CHARITY

Good Work Accomplished by the Women's Christian Association.

Extending Over a Quarter of a Century—The Annual Meeting—Gratifying Reports—A New President.

For the past quarter of a century the Women's Christian Association of this city has carried on charitable works of constantly increasing importance. The Aged People's Home, the Home for Incurables and the Women's Refuge and Infants' Home are all conducted by the association, which, in many other ways, makes brighter and happier the lives of indigent and unfortunate citizens. The 25th annual meeting of the association was held yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the Young Women's Christian Association.

In the absence of the president, Mrs. Robert Reid, sen., the chair was taken by Mrs. J. A. Murray, second vice-president. Mesdames Ferrin, Kent, Gibson, St. John Hyttenrauch, Ward, Hopkins, Mitchell, Merchant, Cox, Ingram, M. K. Innitt, Cline and Jackson, Misses Fraser, Loughhead, Boyle, Hopkirk, Kennedy, Robinson and McKellar.

The secretary, Mrs. M. M. Pattullo, presented an excellent report, pointing out that additional work was much needed in the Home for Incurables. Many who had applied for admission had been reluctantly turned away. To the Women's Refuge and Infants' Home 18 had been admitted during the year, 9 adults and 9 infants remain. At the Aged People's Home 191 aged people have been cared for, 10 deaths have occurred, 8 were discharged, 5 left and 78 remain—42 men and 36 women. In the Home for Incurables, on Oct. 1, 1898, there were 20 patients. During the year 9 more have been admitted; 10 have been discharged, 10 have been discharged and 23 remain. The relief committee have, as usual been indefatigable.

The report of the treasurer, Mrs. D. S. Perrin, showed:

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HOMESICKNESS

Considerations Which Operate to the Promotion of Nostalgia.

There is a malady which boasts of a learned appellation compounded of two great words, but which is better known by a homelier and far more expressive name in the vernacular, and yet, although this binomial disorder is described in the dictionaries as "a homesickness," it has in fact been assigned a place in the "Nomenclature of Diseases," for which the Royal College of Physicians of London is responsible. The fact, too, that homesickness is infectious, and that it is nevertheless in the highest degree amenable to treatment, might credibly seem to still further justify its inclusion in the official glossary of the medical sciences, which flesh is heir to. With regard to the etiology of this unqualified complaint there still remains several points requiring elucidation, albeit in its genesis no bacillus is concerned, nor for its adequate diagnosis is there any need of either microscope or test tube.

Shortly stated, the essential factor in the production of nostalgia is an environment differing from that amid which the affected persons pass his or her early days. When this is the case some intangible influence is generated, which reacts upon the victim, but just as happens in many official maladies, there must be innate receptivity or preparedness of soil on the part of the individual who succumbs. The receptive state is favored by at least three separate factors—namely, emotion and temperament; but of these predisposing causes the last possesses less power than either of the other.

Causes paribus, phlegmatic subjects are more likely to experience homesickness than their sanguine compatriots. A tendency to despond without sufficient cause undoubtedly subserves to the development of the malady, and, in the case of the individual who is forward—who never, but always to have the advantage, if advantage it be, of remaining immune.

Education, or rather the want of it, is more potent than temperament, the trend of civilization, which is equivalent to education, being distinctly in the direction of cosmopolitanism. The condition of life under which a human being exists, the greater the probability when exposed to its influence of his acquiring nostalgia. If an islander from Terra Del Puego, for instance, be transported to the comparative paradise of the Gilbert Islands, in the Pacific Ocean, which have been described as "a cluster of pearls hung upon the equator," he would very likely be afflicted with homesickness, and pine for his own inclement and inhospitable wilderness; and if in like manner a Pacific Gilbertian were to be promoted to, say, Pall Mall—which, without wishing to be presumptuous, he would probably regard as a more desirable abode of the two—he also would no doubt soon break his heart longing for the delights of his sweetening but in Micronesia.

But of the three predisposing causes it is which is the strongest and most inconsequential. Anglo-Saxons and their Celtic brethren vary their manner of customs while abroad in a less extent probably than the people of any other nationality, and yet, in spite of this, they make the best colonists. There is no human being in existence who can appreciate the charm of a home more exclusively than the Anglo-Saxon, and yet he is to be met with in every corner of the world. He loves his own native place beyond words, but he can endure enforced exile, without wishing to give up his nostalgia. The fact is he recognizes the futility of kicking against the pricks, and so makes his mind up to sacrifice a portion of his life, or even, if worst comes to the worst, the whole of it. For nostalgia we must turn to some other tribe. When all is said they remain a narrow-minded crew, whose mental processes run in grooves, and who are prone to fall by the high-sounding name of patriotism, but such it is not.

Nostalgia is the cat's complaint, a purely selfish disorder, whereas love of country is a flower, anywhere and everywhere, on account of itself. And so, after all, our masters in medicine are perfectly right. Nostalgia is rightfully excluded from a list of shocks that Anglo-Saxon flesh is heir to.

HOME THEY BROUGHT HER WARRIOR DEAD.

Home they brought her warrior dead; The nor swooned nor uttered cry; All her means watching, she said: "She must weep or she will die."

Then they praised him, soft and low, Called him worthy to be loved, Trust friend and nestest foe; Yet she neither spoke nor moved.

Stole a maiden from her place Lightly to the warrior slept, Tied the face-cloth from the face; Yes she neither moved nor wept.

Rose a nurse of ninety years, Set his child upon her knee— Like summer sunset came the tears— "Sweet, my child, I live for thee."

—Alfred Lord Tennyson.

MRS. CLARA J. DUPAY

A Well-Known Lady of St. Anthony, N.B.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Cure Her of Weakness and Heart Trouble and Make Her Feel Like a New Woman.

The people of St. Anthony, Kent county, N. B., have lately been inquiring of Mrs. Clara J. Dupay, of that place, how she came to have such good health after suffering so long from weakness of the heart that she was scarcely able to get around the house.

So that all might know how she was cured she gave the following statement for publication:

"I had been troubled with palpitation of the heart and weakness for some time, till at last I could hardly get myself about. I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills curing so many people that I thought I would try them. I must say that they did me good from the outset and have so improved my health in every way that I feel like a new woman."

"I do not know what I would have done had it not been for Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which cured me when I was in a serious condition."

If one were to canvass almost any of the towns or cities of the Maritime Provinces he would find many cases of cures made by these wonderful pills.

Indicated in such cases as palpitation, weak and irregular pulse, smothering, dizzy or fainting spells, paralysis, nervousness, sleeplessness, pale and sallow complexion, weakness, lack of vitality and female complaints.

Price 50 cents a box, or three for \$1.25, at all druggists, or sent by mail, T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

Its Purity is its Strength

Flavor and Fragrance its natural attributes.

Imitations are numerous. Avoid them.

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J. HINTON
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DR. MACLAREN HAS REMOVED TO
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of his former residence.

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RESIDENCE, 200 Queen's Avenue. Special
attention paid to diseases of women and children.
Office hours, 12:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. R. M. COOPER, L.R.C.P. AND S. ED.
L.R.C.S. 55 Garry Office and residence
462 Dundas Street. Telephone 1004.

DR. MEER, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-
DON—Speciality, diseases of women.
Hours, 10 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D.,
445 Park Avenue. Phone 210.

C. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—OFFICE
and residence, 277 Queen's Avenue, London.
Office hours, 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m., and 6 to
8:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

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STREET, 616 Richmond. Specialities—
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diseases of women and children.

R. OVENS, M.D., 226 QUEEN'S AVENUE—
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ROSE HOUSE, EAST OF WESTERN FAIR
grounds, now under management of
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ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. DE-
POT. Central location. First class in
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ALBION HOTEL—17 DUNDAS STREET.
Rates \$1.50 per day. Choicest wines,
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ONEIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT AND
VICTORIA STREETS, new and convenient stables.
Wm. Collins, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL—MON-
TEAL—Centrally located and first-class
in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

London Advertiser.

ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1853.

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Friday, Oct. 6.

Another Great Across-the-Continent Canadian Railway.

The greatest railway scheme since Hon. Alexander Mackenzie projected the Canadian Pacific Railway is being realized in Western Canada today. Perhaps it is because the work is in progress at three different points, and is being carried on as three separate railway enterprises, that we in Ontario have heard so little about this gigantic design. In the first place, Messrs. Mann and Mackenzie have under construction the Ontario and Rainy River Railway, which is intended to accomplish two objects, one of which vitally interests the people of Ontario, and the other is of special importance to the people of Manitoba and the Northwest. It will open up the fertile Rainy River District, which contains many acres of the best farming land in the country, besides being rich in minerals, and it will form a link in a second great transcontinental line, which it is intended shall, in the first instance, have its eastern terminus at Fort William. There is also the South-eastern Railway, which will link the system with Winnipeg. West of Winnipeg, 120 miles from that city on the line of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway, is the town of Gladstone, the temporary terminus in another link in this line, which is known as the Canadian Northern. The intention is, at an early day, to connect the Canadian Northern with the other lines referred to east of Winnipeg, by a link from Gladstone to Winnipeg. But at present running powers are enjoyed over the Manitoba and Northwestern to Portage la Prairie, and the C. P. R. to Winnipeg. This railway, which many people know best as the Mackenzie and Mann line, is now built to Swan River, 220 miles north of Gladstone, and 350 miles northwest of Winnipeg. It has a spur to Lake Winnipegosis, the second largest lake in the province, and already it has developed quite a traffic in fish, the quality of which is so good that it is eagerly purchased by merchants in Winnipeg and in many leading trading centers in the Western and Central States. Another branch of 25 miles is being constructed to the Gilbert Plains—a very productive farming section. The intention is to continue this railway to Red Deer—not very far from the conjunction of that stream with the northwestern end of Lake Winnipegosis. There the line will branch off north and west. The northern branch will make straight for the best harbor in Hudson's Bay, and the western branch will be carried by way of Prince Albert and Edmonton to an easy pass in the Rockies and then through British Columbia to the sea, possibly to Bute Inlet.

This is a very ambitious project, but in the hands of able and experienced men, and with Canada growing as she is bound to grow, it can be accomplished. It may not be generally known that Mr. William Mackenzie, the head of the great firm of railway builders, is an enthusiastic believer in the Hudson's Bay route, not as a substitute for the routes already existing, or for the new transcontinental line they are now building, as an auxiliary. Both he and his associated capitalists know that the agricultural and mineral resources of the West—especially the latter—are such as to encourage the doubling and quadrupling of the present exports from the West in the course of a few years. In fact, our development is but beginning. Though some of us have our doubts as to the profitability of opening up a route for the ocean shipment of Canadian products by way of Hudson's Bay, because of the shortness of the season, we should all rejoice to see the feasibility of the scheme so enthusiastically championed by Mr. Mackenzie. It would mean very much to the millions of Canadians who will in the near future be established in homes on the fertile prairies of the districts watered by the Saskatchewan, Athabasca, Beaver, McLeod and other great streams.

The Canadian Northern, so far as constructed, and in its contemplated extension to the Saskatchewan and west to the Rockies will traverse the region through which the Mackenzie Government intended to take the Canadian Pacific Railway. Indeed, in the rich Dauphin and Swan River districts, already tapped by this line, the Canadian Northern runs for many miles close to the route selected by the Mackenzie Government for the great transcontinental line. There can be no doubt now of the capability of the district to support a large population of prosperous farmers, who will have good crops every year, for the country is well wooded and watered. Already prosperous towns are springing up in this fine farming belt between Portage la Prairie and Swan River, the point that was reached last week. Three years ago the site of the town of Dauphin was an open prairie, without a house. Today it is a lively center, with farm houses multiplying on all sides. There are stores of every description, a town hall, several churches, and an oversize of newspapers—two for a town population of 1,000. The district west to the Rockies, through Prince Albert, Edmonton, and the famous Red Deer region, is reported to be excellent farm land, embracing many millions of acres, and capable of affording homes to millions of people. Whether their products go to sea to the world's markets by the

Hudson Bay route, or wholly by way of Winnipeg and Port Arthur, is a problem yet to be solved, and intensely interesting.

Some people have expressed the belief that the new through line, 1,000 miles of which will be completed and ready for traffic early next season, will be an injury to the pioneer transcontinental line—the Canadian Pacific Railway—the managers of which have shown such commendable enterprise and energy. Our own opinion is that with the rapid development of the country in which the Canadian Northern will very considerably assist, there will be plenty of traffic for both lines. It need surprise no one to see the C. P. R. double-tracking its main lines in the near future, and the Canadian Northern following suit. Ours is a great country, scarcely beginning to be peopled yet, and of its resources but the faintest conception is entertained by the great mass of even our best people. We are, however, being discovered, as our immigration and trade statistics show.

A Sporting Race.

That a mere yachting match should create so much excitement throughout the United States and the whole British Empire is not a frivolous phase of national character by any means, but, on the contrary, a healthy and wholesome symptom. It is a spectacular expression of the love of manly sports which peculiarly belongs to the Anglo-Saxon race, and is one of the great sources of its prowess. In no countries in the world does sport play so large a part in the routine of life as in Great Britain, the United States, and the British colonies. The mother country, perhaps excels the other branches of the race in the devotion of the people to outdoor pastimes which have become national institutions just as much as the Bank of England or the House of Commons. Reliable statistics show that in England alone the vast sum of \$23,066,250 is invested in club houses, race courses, cricket fields, horse yachts and other sporting properties and appliances, while annually some \$25,000,000 is spent by the votaries of outdoor recreation. The money thus laid out brings in a rich return to the British people in the elevation of their physical standard and the cultivation of that hardy, adventurous, self-reliant spirit which has built up the British Empire. This is what Wellington meant when he said that the battle of Waterloo was won on the playground of Eton College.

In this country and the United States there is not the same fondness for outdoor exercises as in Great Britain. Our sporting proclivities run too much to professionalism. It is easier to hire others to make sport for us than make it ourselves. This is perhaps less true of Canada than of the United States, and looking at the variety of our national games, we can fairly claim to be a sporting people. It will be a sorry day for us when we cease to be so. It is the athletic tendency in the Anglo-Saxon race that has knit "the wrestling thews which throw the world." It is a pity our sportsmanship is tainted by the gambling spirit, but there is no reason to think the evil is growing, and our most popular and healthful pastimes are free from it.

A Helpless Attitude.

Sarnia and Peterboro are agitating for the abolition of wards and a reduction of the number of councillors.

London Free Press.

The Free Press is a little belated as regards Sarnia. The ratepayers of that town voted on the question some weeks ago, and decided by an overwhelming majority to abolish the wards and reduce the municipal representation. The Free Press goes on to describe, very truthfully, some of the evils of the ward system such as the scheming of the aldermen to place appropriations where they will bring votes, and the squandering of money and labor on odd jobs instead of large, substantial improvements. In defense of the present system, the Free Press maintains that on all other points than street improvements a large representation in the city council is a better security to the public than a small one. Our contemporary adds:

"But there is all the more difficulty in getting men to give their time to municipal matters, when there is nothing or very little to distribute to the wards. Again, the security of widespread vigilance on greater matters by the class of men who are influenced by this consideration, would be compensated for, perhaps, by the better character of the fewer members required were the wards abolished. But it is found extremely difficult to induce men of large weight to take an interest so far as to face the electors at the polls, and pull wires."

This is a curious jumble of ideas. One would think that the best security the public could have would be the high character of its municipal servants. The Free Press implies that this security lies in the quantity, rather than the quality, of the governing body. If this is the accepted theory, it is little wonder that "men of large weight and responsibility in business affairs" show too little desire for municipal honors. The Free Press supinely concludes that "perhaps it is wise to leave off attempting a reform on the lines indicated, and try to believe that the men chosen by the electors do as well as they can, or are permitted to do by their constituents." If admitted evils are to be met in this helpless spirit, then good-bye to reform or progress in any line. We believe the citizens are in the mood for change, and would gladly make an experiment in municipal affairs with the hope, if not the certainty, of improving a condition of things that cannot be worse than it is.

Some of the railway enterprises in New Ontario are being regarded for want of workmen. Still, it is better

for any country that there should be too few men for the work than too little work for the men.

Apparently the Dewey hurrah took all the wind out of the New York region.

The Boers seem to be determined to have the sinews of war if they have to steal them.

Now that the telegraph has put Dawson City in touch with the world, Yukon news will probably come straight from headquarters instead of Seattle.

Official reports state that as a result of low water in the Nile this year, 206,000 acres are "hopelessly beyond irrigation," but in 1877, before the British had control, the low Nile put 900,000 acres out of cultivation. This diminution is due to the British irrigation works, which are by no means finished yet.

The French Minister of Finance gives the exact figures of the public debt of France. It stands at thirty billion francs, or six billion dollars. This is the largest public debt in the world, and it is still soaring upward, while the British debt is being paid off at the rate of \$39,000,000 a year.

The able manager of the Bank of Toronto, Mr. Pringle, has set a good example by undertaking, on the bank's behalf, to furnish a private room in the new Victoria Hospital. No doubt many of these rooms will be furnished by local benevolent societies and kindly disposed citizens. The magnificent new institution has a strong claim on local philanthropy.

If the reports of Canada's mineral wealth are half true, Canada would better direct her energies to developing it, instead of trying to divert the grain trade of the lakes to Montreal.

The Express offers this advice to Canada out of sheer kindness of heart, and not because the diversion of the grain trade to Montreal means the diversion of the grain trade from Buffalo.

What Others Say.

Mind Yourself.

[Montreal Witness.]

Many men are beginning to understand that occasional exercise, periods of rest, and total relaxation from mental and nervous strain, are imperative. Mr. Gladstone was an instance of the value of physical exercise combined with intense mental activity, as Cornelius Vanderbilt and Charles A. Pillsbury, the great Minneapolis miller, were instances of the wisdom of a man's neglecting his physical health. Both found out too late the mistake they had made, and though their wealth commanded the best service of medical science, they lingered mere physical wrecks till death put a premature ending to lives that, if properly ordered, might have lasted to the Psalmist's limit.

The Wits of the Press Excursion.

[Printer and Publisher.]

At Regina on the return trip, the party was met at the station by Nicholas Flood Davis, M.P., statesman and journalist. We all flocked out to shake hands with Mr. Davis. He was in the drawing-room of the Toronto with his coat off and a full-house in his hand, but with lightning speed and a careless disregard for the stakes, he was soon on the platform shaking hands with his old friend, just then Mrs. Pirie came up, and her admiring husband presented her with the appropriate words: "Allow me to introduce mine. The gallant statesman, and Canada's greatest wit, Mr. Nicholas Flood Davis." Then the affable man in Canada, "And Canada's greatest wit," said to the title and his appreciation of his Irish friend's wit by exclaiming: "What! is she your wife, too?"

Perhaps the best retort was made by George Graham, M.P., of Brockville, when he turned the tables on his brother-in-law from Dundas. It was just after the presentations and when everybody was looking for a good laugh, that Mr. Pirie sprang up, seized a jug of ice-water and made a long speech in presenting it to Mr. Graham in the hope that he might be a clever enough to give me a speech ending up with the suggestion: "In the life hereafter I shall remember his thoughtfulness and when the Dundas editor cries out for water, I shall take it down to him in this pitcher."

Light and Shade.

Newspaper (joyfully)—You just ought to hear some of the cute things my boy says! Freshdad (gleefully)—And you should hear the originalities my little girl gets off! Newspaper (after a pause)—See a word or two about my friends, old man. Mum's the word! Shake!—Brooklyn Life.

Judge—Did you steal the hog or did you not? Prisoner—No, Judge, I did not; but if you kind ob thinks I see six months for lying, I'd sooner lie about it and say I did steal de hog, and get two months for stealin' de hog I didn't steal.—Puck.

If you want to see a strong organization look at the liquor dealers; if you want to see a weak one look at the consumers.—Chicago News.

"Now, Morton," said one of a party who had gone deep into the Maine woods in search of adventure, we know you've been a famous hunter, and we want to hear about some of the narrow escapes you've had from bears and so on.

"Young man," said the old guide, with dignity, "if there's been any narrow escapes the bears and other fierce critters had 'em, not me!"

An exchange gives this story of a pompous member of parliament, who attended an agricultural show in Dublin. He arrived late, and found himself in the outskirts of a huge crowd. Being anxious to obtain a good view for himself and a lady friend who accompanied him, and presuming that he was well known to the spectators, he tapped a burly coal porter on the

For Saturday and Monday.

Saturday's and Monday's selling has always been a leading feature in the Big Store's Economy; consequently the key-note of this announcement is genuine MONEY SAVING, and although goods are economically priced, every article quoted will be found first quality.

In the Dress Goods Department we are showing the choicest productions and newest fabrics, from medium-priced up to the highest grades, while the Staple Section was never in better form than at present, with an immense stock of everything staple and the very closest prices.

NO ONE CAN DOUBT THE VALUE OF THESE OFFERINGS.

Dress Goods

Homespun Plaid, new goods, for skirts, in homespun colorings, also solid checks in heavy weights, skirt lengths \$3.00
"Harris" Homespun Suitings, 54 inch, new shades for winter suits and skirts, all wool, at per yard 85c
Ladies' Venetian Suitings, in all new colors, for jacket and skirt, all wool and shrunken, per yard 95c
Navy and Black Serges, English make, warranted, shrunken, 54-inch coating, all wool, per yard 75c
Black Cheviot Serges, all wool, heavy, for ladies' suits, 54-inch, the correct finish, per yard, \$1.25 and \$1.00

Boots and Shoes

Men's Boston Calf, Laced and Elastic Side Shoes, peg, double sole, wide, full fitting, good wearing mechanics' boot, special, \$1.25 and \$1.35
Men's Box Calf Laced Boot, new-American shapes, welted soles, very best goods to be had; our price, very special, \$3.50 and \$3.00
Women's New, American-Made, Laced and Buttoned Boots, many styles and shapes, at \$2.75, \$3 and \$3.50
Women's Dongola Extension Edge Button Boots, new toe, special, at \$1.50 to \$1.85
Granby Rubbers are the best. We have them. Any shape.

Basement

25 Dozen Ironstone China, six-inch tea plates, per dozen 30c
10 Only 10-piece White Toilet Sets, wheat pattern, per set \$1.55
35 Only Gilt Spitoons, regular price each 25c, each for 15c
2 lbs. Select Raisins for 15c
2 lbs. Clean Case Currants for 15c
1 lb. Lemon or Orange Peel 15c
1 lb. 25c Baking-Powder 15c
1 lb. 1 lb. Lemon Biscuits 15c
3 Bottles Choice Mixed Pickles 25c
1 lb. of Our Imperial Blend Black, Green, Japan or Mixed Tea, worth 40c, for 25c

Men's Ulsters, Overcoats and Suits, at reduced prices. We are positively going out of Men's Clothing, and offer the Whole Stock of New Fall and Winter Goods at less than manufacturers' prices. Don't miss this Clothing Chance.

Table Linens

Half-bleached Table Damask, 60 inches, floral designs, per yard 25c
Unbleached Irish Table Damask, 60 inches, floral patterns, 60 inches wide; worth 45c a yard. Saturday and Monday 35c
Full Bleach Table Damask, 70 inches, Scotch make, pure linen, worth 95c a yard; polka dot and fancy border, for 75c

Staple Section

25-inch Gray Wool Flannel, light and dark shades, plain or twill, per yard 15c
27-inch All-Wool Gray Flannel, soft-spun stock, per yard 20c
Cream Quaker Flannels, 28-inch, unshrinkable, per yard 35c and 25c
Fine English Scarlet Flannel (anti-rheumatic), 30c, 25c, 50c and 40c
Military Flannels, in gray, navy and brown, strong and unshrinkable, per yard 30c

Flannelettes

Handsome Striped Patterns, extra heavy, soft finish, 34 inches wide, per yard 80c
37-inch Flannelette, light and medium shades, extra heavy, and warranted fast colors, per yard 10c

Skirts and Blouses

Ladies' Sateen Skirts in fancy stripes, also plain black, red and purple, well made, with double full, worth \$1.75, for \$1.25
Ladies' Sateen Blouses, in all colors, polka dot, stripe and fancy patterns, special \$1.75
Ladies' Flannelette Blouses, in all colors and patterns, Saturday and Monday, each, \$1 and 60c
Ladies' Fine Black Luster Blouses, tucked fronts and sleeves, newest styles, Saturday and Monday, \$2.50 and \$2.00

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

208, 210, 210½ and 212 DUNDAS STREET.

shoulder, and peremptorily demanded, "Make way, there."
"Garn, who are ye pushin'?" was the unexpected reply to the question. The indignation of M. P. "I am a representative of the people."
"Yah!" growled the porter, as he stood unmoved, "but we're the bloom in people themselves."

GREATEST YEAR FOR CANADA

In the Exports of Cheese and Butter to Great Britain.

Canadian Merchants Too Backward—Mr. Fisher's Work Telling.

Ottawa, Sept. 30.—In the course of his speech in Toronto recently Mr. Foster, in his character of official position expert undertook to produce figures to show the relative progress Canada had made in various directions during the eighteen years of Conservative Government prior to June, 1898, and during the three years which have elapsed since. Among other items in a table of percentages, which was fearfully and wonderfully constructed, appeared cheese, the export of which had decreased during the latter period, while it had increased under the fostering care of a Conservative government 2,800 per cent. The accuracy of the latter half of this statement may be judged by a reference to the year-book which records the fact that, whereas in 1878 cheese exports amounted to about \$4,000,000, in 1896 they were less than \$14,000,000, an increase of less than 350 per cent in eighteen years. The figures for the change of government—the figures for the year just closed are about \$21,000,000 as against the \$14,000,000 for 1896, an increase of over 50 per cent. The year just closed is

THE BIGGEST AND MOST PROMISING

in the history of the cheese trade, but the increase in the exportation of butter to Great Britain is far greater even than that. In 1878 the total quantity of butter exported was but 13,000,000 pounds, or a genuine, not imaginary, decrease of about 70 per cent; while for the current year about 20,000,000 pounds will be shipped to the British market. Of course, August is the best shipping month, when more than 50 per cent is sent out; for the month of August, 1897, the shipment was 10,385 cwt.; in August of last year the shipments had grown to 15,736 cwt.; and in August, 1899, the unprecedented total of 60,957 cwt. was reached, an average of about 100 tons a day. There can be no question about these figures, for they are prepared by the British Board of Trade, and no suspicion of partiality towards anyone can be ascribed to it.

The butter and cheese trade of Great Britain is worth looking after, for last year the imports of 340,000,000 pounds of the former, of which Canada supplied less than 10,000,000 pounds; while she required 251,000,000 pounds of cheese, of which Canada sent more than half. Thanks to the untiring and intelligent conduct of efforts of the agricultural department, and the personal efforts of

Mr. Fisher, the minister, the Canadian dairyman has now the knowledge which enables him to produce the article which the British market requires and the facilities for placing it upon the market in prime condition. There is no question that 80 per cent of the improved condition of the trade today is directly traceable to this cause.

A FOOLISH PRACTICE.

The publication of the report of Mr. Larle Canada's commercial agent in Australia, has led a gentleman who is extensively interested in the carrying trade between this continent and Australia, to make public a statement respecting the action of Canadian exporters, which, if correct, is scarcely to their credit. He says: "Canada will never get her full credit for commodities which she exports to the United States cottons. In the course of my business I have come across several instances of bad judgment and lack of patriotism on the part of Canadian exporters. One of them, a large dealer in cottons, insisted upon sending a large cargo of his goods to Australia via New York, because he feared the Australians would not purchase his goods, and he had been told to purchase any but United States cottons. He made a successful venture, and, of course, he has had to continue to tell his customers that he is selling Yankee goods. Another gentleman who owns a large wood-working establishment in Ontario does the same thing." Poor Canadians, these!

WOMEN IN EGYPT

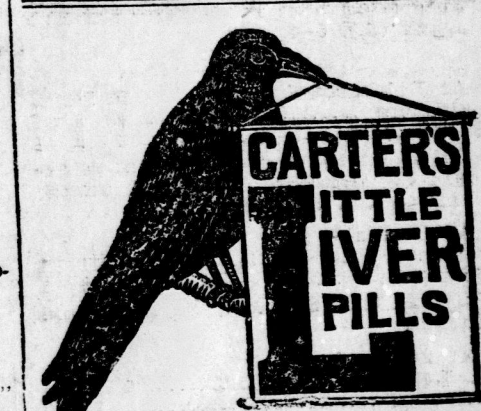
Materially Benefited by the Movement for Better Education of Girls.

The author of "Present Day Egypt," Mr. Frederick B. Penfield, has something to say of woman's position in Egypt, in an article in the October Century, entitled "In Fascinating Cairo." Woman's position in the Egyptian capital is materially benefited by the movement looking toward the education of native girls. Twenty years ago native ladies regarded education as the learning of sufficient French or Italian to read novels or follow the plot of the opera. The last few years this development among the upper-class women to have their daughters educated with as much care as boys are, and an important adjunct to the household, consequently, is the European governess, most often English. A sister of the Khedive, the Princess Khadifa, is an active agent in improving the educational status of poor girls.

Most women visitors in Cairo are curious to see the interior of a harem. But this, as Europeans understand it, no longer exists in Europe. Every native house, however, has its harem division, set apart for women, as the salamluk is for men—nothing more. In this department reside the wife or wives of the master, with the addition, perhaps, of his mother. In this case, her rule is probably absolute. It is she who chooses the dresses for the household, and even prescribes the fabrics, fashions and ornaments of the women, who are simply the wives of his excellency the pasha. It is mother-in-law rule, literally. The windows of the harem usually overlook a courtyard or rear street, and are

screened with mesh-rabean lattices, penetrable only by the gaze of a person within. To minister to the wants of the women's divisions, a small army of servants—shiny black "slaves" from Nubia and Berber, and possibly, a fair Circassian or two, imported from Constantinople—is essential. "Slavery of this sort is scarcely bondage. It is the law of Egypt that manumission can be had for the asking, with little circumspection or delay. These servants are kindly treated, value their home, and shrink from any movement toward legal freedom. Except to the master and sons of the house, the harem is closed to all men, but women friends come and go freely. The tall, high-cheek-boned black men guarding the entrance to the harem, in these provinces, suggest of the houri scene of the stage, are trained from childhood to keep unauthorized persons from intruding, and have a highly developed aversion to sightseers.

The Beauty That Attracts Men
Is not so much in the features as in a clear, healthy complexion, and a plump body filled with the vigor and vitality of perfect health. Pale, weak, languid women are fully restored to robust health by the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, a condensed food which creates rich, pure blood and new nerve tissues.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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