

FROM AL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

ROTHESAY

Rothsay, Nov. 6—Yesterday being the first Wednesday in the month, the principals and teachers of Northwood were at home to their friends at Miss Fletcher's cottage and received many visitors.

Those from Northwood at present in Freeland attending the Anglican synod are Rev. A. W. Daniel, rural dean; Rev. R. W. Hibbard, Mr. Jack Fairweather, Mr. Barclay Boyd and Mr. F. Puddington.

Mr. James Scott, principal of the public school; Mrs. Scott and their two daughters, Dora, are to occupy the residence at Northwood during the winter and moved there last week.

Mr. and Mrs. McMurray are going to St. John, Mr. and Mrs. McFadden and children expect to spend the winter in Bathurst.

The Monday Night Bridge Club met this week with Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Alshade as the guests of the girls attending were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Frick, Mrs. H. F. Puddington, Mr. and Mrs. L. F. D. Tully, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Blamont, Miss Paddock, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Fairweather.

Miss Nan Bepko went to Fredericton on Monday, where she is the guest of the Bishop and Mrs. Richardson.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Calhoun, of Philadelphia, are here visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bell. An enjoyable little bridge was given on Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Percy Fairweather.

The Ladies' Sewing Society were entertained on Monday evening at the home of Mrs. Harry Puddington, who was the guest of Mrs. R. W. Hanning, end of last week.

On Friday afternoon a very successful Halloween tea was held at "Piff Shade" under the auspices of the girls' branch of the Women's Auxiliary. The home of the president, Miss Muriel Fairweather, was most attractively decorated with jack-o'-lanterns, black cat, witches, etc., and lighted with many candles. A dainty afternoon tea was served at small tables arranged in the parlors and guests were served by Mrs. John W. Davidson, Miss Brock, Miss Jean Daniel, Miss Dorothy Purdy, Mrs. Walter Leonard, Miss Dorothy Purdy, Miss Georgia Freeman, Miss Muriel Fairweather, Miss Helen Henson, Mrs. Fred Foster and Miss Sophie Robertson.

Dr. D. A. Fugley and Mrs. Fugley closed their Rothsay home on Friday and moved to Chipman's Hill, St. John, for the winter.

The guests of Mrs. Fred Foster on Saturday were Mrs. E. S. Frick, Mrs. John Lawrence, Miss Alice Hea and Mrs. Warlock, of St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. Allison, visiting friends in Halifax this week.

The death of Mrs. Thomas W. Kierstead, which occurred at Gondola Point on Tuesday evening, removed another of the old and beloved residents. Much sympathy is expressed for those bereaved.

On Monday evening Miss Homer gave an interesting talk on her recent visit to London and several views were shown by the lantern.

The Ladies' Bridge Club, which meets fortnightly, were guests of the girls' branch on Tuesday evening, when the present included Mrs. Thomas Bell, Mrs. Charles Taylor, Miss Puddington, Miss Palmer, Miss Ann, Mrs. Brock, Mrs. Blair, Mrs. Paul Bleeker, Miss Anna McKee, Miss Muriel Fairweather, Miss Alice Davidson and Mrs. Henry Gilbert. The prize was won by Miss Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Taylor were over night guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frink on Monday.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, Nov. 5—Rev. R. A. Robinson left on Monday for Fredericton to attend the synod.

The Women's Auxiliary of Trinity church met on Tuesday at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Hickman. The Junior W. A. at the rectory.

Warden and Mrs. A. B. Pipes are visiting relatives in St. John for a few days.

Miss Lydia Pipes, of Amherst, is the guest of relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Oulton and Mrs. Freeman were in Moncton on Wednesday.

DALHOUSIE

Dalhousie, N. B., Nov. 6—Mrs. Ann Barber is hostess at a very enjoyable little party on Tuesday evening. Dainty refreshments were served and a very pleasant evening was spent. Among those present were: Mrs. W. S. Montgomerie, Mrs. H. A. Hill-

HAMPTON

Hampton, N. B., Nov. 6—The Auction Bridge Club of Hampton Station opened the winter season last Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. M.

Wilson, Main street, when a very pleasant evening was spent. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Angeline, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Schofield (Montreal), Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Schofield, Mrs. F. M. Humphrey, Mrs. N. M. Barnes, Miss Ruth Turner, Jean Pomeroy, Emeline Atward, Marjorie Barnes, Frances Alward, Messrs. T. A. Peters, Myles Innis, Oty Barnes, Dr. P. H. Wainford, Harry Wainford. First prizes were won by Miss Marjorie Barnes and Mr. J. S. C. Sutherland, and consolation fell to Mr. R. H. Smith and Mr. R. A. March.

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Correspondence must be addressed to the Editor of The Telegraph, St. John. All letters sent to The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and intended for publication should contain stamps if return of M.S. is desired in case they are not published.

The following agents are authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz: H. CECIL KEIRSTEAD, MISS V. E. GIBBERSON.

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers These newspapers advocate: British connection Honesty in public life Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News ST. JOHN, N. B., NOV. 12, 1913.

THE STANDARD AND DR. PUGLEY.

Thursday, while the Standard was denouncing Hon. Mr. Pugsley because he made a strong speech in defence of St. John's interests at the Board of Trade meeting on Wednesday evening, several prominent Conservatives were telling the Evening Times that they heartily agreed with everything Dr. Pugsley had said and that the position he took was a sound and public-spirited one.

A NEW PLATFORM.

A new platform for the Liberal party of Canada has been proposed by the Ottawa Free Press, the principal Liberal paper of the Capital. Among the planks proposed by the Free Press are the following: 1.—An increase in the British preference to fifty per cent.

Under these troubled circumstances, does the Standard advise Mr. Haxen to resign, or to remain a member of the Borden administration? In other words, does the Standard advise him to stick to office, or to stand up stoutly for the constituency which honored him by making him its representative at Ottawa?

time like the present, when his party is soething with discontent, to raise side issues and wax indignant with the Liberal representative—but the public understands.

Meantime it is clear to everyone that Hon. Mr. Pugsley has performed a public service of no small merit by clarifying the issue by his able remarks on the subject, and by the offer of his great ability at this time to be employed in any way that may seem of service to the community.

It would be positively unkind at this moment to enlarge upon the comparison which must be made in the public mind between the representative Liberal whom the Standard assails and the representative Conservative whom it vainly seeks to defend.

MR. BORDEN'S SUCCESSOR.

Once more a report comes from Ottawa to the effect that the Conservatives consider it necessary to be on the lookout for a successor to Premier Borden; not that the immediate retirement of Mr. Borden is probable, but that recent reports concerning his health appear to be regarded in the inner Conservative circle as sufficiently serious to warrant the examination of material available for his post should his retirement become necessary some time before the next general elections.

Mr. Foster, by seniority and mental equipment, is easily the man that has the best claim upon the position, but he is not popular with his more powerful associates in the cabinet circle, or even with the Heutenants and the rank and file, and it is therefore possible for Hon. Robert Rogers, the practical political engineer from Manitoba, and several others, to put themselves forward. It will be remembered that considerable pressure was brought to bear to bring about Hon. Mr. Borden's resignation in 1910, and there have been other occasions on which it has been hinted that some of the inner circle would welcome his retirement. Whatever may be his shortcomings, he is still easily the best man of his party, and it would be a misfortune for his party, and in one sense for the country at large, if his health were really impaired sufficiently to bring about his departure from the activities of politics.

From the standpoint both of the country and the Conservative party, to exchange Mr. Borden for either Mr. Foster or Mr. Rogers would mean a serious loss.

It seems likely, in the light of Ottawa reports, that an attempt will be made to dispose of Mr. Foster by making him chairman of a permanent tariff commission, providing the Conservatives succeed in establishing such a commission for the purpose of keeping the tariff up at a time when public sentiment is demanding that the tariff be brought down. Mr. Foster is the most eloquent exponent of the doctrine of protection at large in this, or perhaps in any other country, but even the eloquence of Mr. Foster does not easily demonstrate to an enlightened world the utility of the effort to lift oneself with one's own bootstraps—and that is protection. It is not many years ago that another attempt was made to throw Mr. Foster overboard. On that occasion he himself was ill, and the treatment he received from party associates was far from creditable. He was not disposed of easily then, and he will not be disposed of easily now.

The country at large, however, it may be said, may regret the influence of special privilege in the councils of the government, will honestly hope that Mr. Borden's health may not be so bad as some reports would indicate, or that he may speedily recover in order to disappoint the ambitions of more practical but less worthy men in his own party.

Whenever the Conservative organ feels it necessary to assail Dr. Pugsley its readers know that Mr. Haxen is in difficulty. Whenever Mr. Haxen's position becomes awkward, as it frequently does, the Standard invariably makes an attack on Dr. Pugsley, in the vain hope of distracting attention from the sad plight of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

The Guelph-Bosworth agreement was signed on September 30 last, thirty-eight days ago. Up to this time so far as the public knows, Mr. Haxen has said that the agreement was made without his knowledge, and that Sir Thomas Shaughnessy said it was all right, and that he would see that a copy of it was forwarded to St. John, and that no discrimination against this city would be permitted by the government. This is his record. People are tired of asking why Mr. Haxen was not in a position to know about a proposed agreement of such vital importance to the province he represents, just as they have become tired of asking why he was unable to prevent it from being made. Everybody is asking, "What has Mr. Haxen done to defend St. John since the present situation arose?" And what is Mr. Haxen's position today? He is a member of the cabinet which will approve or disapprove of the Guelph-Bosworth agreement. If Mr. Cochrane signs the agreement and it becomes effective on November 15—one week from tomorrow—it clearly will have the approval of the cabinet of which Mr. Haxen is still a member, and if he remains a member of the cabinet the agreement will have his approval and he must defend it.

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Under these troubled circumstances, does the Standard advise Mr. Haxen to resign, or to remain a member of the Borden administration? In other words, does the Standard advise him to stick to office, or to stand up stoutly for the constituency which honored him by making him its representative at Ottawa?

Possibly a clear and sharp answer to these questions would do more for the Standard at this hour than any attack which it may make upon Hon. Mr. Pugsley. Even the Standard must realize that it is not Dr. Pugsley but Mr. Haxen upon whom this responsibility rests. It is easy, of course, to sympathize with the Standard's desire, at an awkward

the Free Press should now be in favour of a permanent tariff commission. It is likely to be found that a tariff commission of this sort, organized on the assumption that it would give scientific treatment to our tariff schedules, would really develop into an instrument for removing the tariff from the floors of the House of Commons into a bureau where it would be much less likely to be influenced by the needs of the public at large.

A sound plan with respect to the tariff is that it should be always wholly within the direct control of the House of Commons, and, while tariff "hinkering" is not to be encouraged, "hinkering" is to be a mistake of a serious character to place in the way of Parliament any obstacle in making tariff changes which may from time to time become necessary through changing conditions in Canada.

While Liberal leaders are discussing useful planks for a new party platform they should give attention to the resolutions adopted a few days ago in Regina, at a meeting of the Canadian Councils of Agriculture, of which representatives of the Saskatchewan and Manitoba Grain Growers' Associations, and the United Farmers of Alberta, were present. This influential body decided to organize and send to Ottawa a large delegation of farmers to interview the government just before the approaching session of parliament, and to urge upon Mr. Borden and his colleagues the advisability of introducing legislation along the lines of the following resolution:

1.—That we urge the Parliament of Canada to increase, at its first session, the British preference to at least fifty per cent, and to provide for a gradual increase from year to year until we have free trade with Great Britain in five years.

2.—That Parliament accept the offer of the United States of a free interchange of all agricultural and animal products between Canada and the United States.

3.—That all foodstuffs not provided for in the above offer of the United States be transferred to the free list.

4.—That agricultural implements, lumber and cement be transferred to the free list.

5.—That pending the passage of legislation asked for herein, any duties now imposed under Canadian customs laws which are the means of countervailing duties be imposed against any food products of the country by any foreign country, be immediately removed.

6.—That any tariff or trade concession granted to any other country be immediately extended to Great Britain.

The position taken in this resolution may be accepted as fairly representative of western feeling on the fiscal question to-day, and there is no community in eastern Canada, unless it may be some one of the larger cities where protective sentiment is strong, that would not unhesitatingly endorse the stand taken by the farmers and grain growers of the three provinces at the Regina meeting.

This action in the West, and the suggestion of the Ottawa Free Press, tend to show the strength and direction of low tariff sentiment among progressive Canadians to-day. At the next session of Parliament the Liberal leaders will no doubt place themselves on record squarely with respect to these matters. The Conservative party may be forced by circumstances to adopt some measure of tariff relief, but real reform with respect to the tariff cannot be expected only from the Liberals. Mr. Borden and his friends are the allies of special privilege. The "interests" not the people, won the battle of September, 1911. To-day Canadians realize how they were bluffed and deceived, and they will have their way when the time comes again.

"INTRODUCING POLITICS." Alarm over the political effect of Hon. Mr. Haxen's weakness and bad judgment appears to have caused the Standard's advisers to make a bad matter worse. The personal attacks upon Hon. Mr. Pugsley at this time are not only in poor taste but are certainly not calculated to hurt him politically or to promote harmony and progress in the Conservative ranks.

It is not possible to cover up the disturbances, the discontent, the disgust among Conservatives by abuse of Dr. Pugsley. It was not he who introduced politics at the Board of Trade meeting. If politics was introduced there it was Mr. Commissioner Agar who made the introduction—and we wish him joy of it. Dr. Pugsley not only defined the issue of the hour with clearness and with moderation, but he served the city well by pointing out that the Guelph-Bosworth agreement, if it becomes effective, will threaten our expected Grand Trunk Pacific traffic in addition to causing the loss of the mail steamers.

If Dr. Pugsley had been our Minister at Ottawa when this deal was hatched, the citizens of St. John would not blame Mr. Haxen for it. But Mr. Haxen is the Minister, and it is merely childish to storm at Dr. Pugsley because the Conservative party fat is in the fire. Dr. Pugsley is ready to do all he can to prevent the threatened blow from falling, but whatever he may do, or fail to do, the public will not cease to place the blame where it belongs—upon the shoulders of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries and the Prime Minister—if they do not cancel the Guelph-Bosworth agreement.

Talk about "introducing politics!" The citizens of St. John will introduce politics into this matter in a way to make the Conservative leaders' hair curl if they do not speedily obtain justice.

MR. BORDEN'S REGRET.

Any Canadian who reads what Mr. R. L. Borden said in New York the other day, and who then recalls Mr. Borden's speeches during the campaign of 1911 may well ask for an explanation from the Prime Minister.

The New York Herald of Nov. 8 last Monday contains an account of a speech made by Mr. Borden, Premier of Canada, at the Lotus Club on the previous evening, and it is calculated to stir Canadian with astonishment. The Herald in its account of the dinner and speeches says:—

"Mr. E. Stone, General Manager of the Associated Press, was toastmaster at the dinner. He introduced Mr. Borden, Canada's Premier, who remarked facetiously that naturally every statesman liked to get an opportunity to speak, although he had come unprepared. He hinted that the record speech in the Dominion Parliament was three and one-half hours.

"In regard to reciprocity between this country and Canada, Mr. Borden said that the Canadians had no objection to such a treaty, and that Canada felt that the deal done her fair share towards it. He said that he regretted that it had not come to pass, but he added, 'Canada will conduct affairs so as to be the best friend of the United States and the British Empire.'"

Of American newspapers the New York Herald is the one most widely circulated in countries outside the United States, and it is probably better known and more widely quoted in Great Britain than any other American journal. Thus far we have not noticed that Mr. Borden has offered any objection to the summary of his remarks published by the Herald, although that summary scarcely could have escaped his attention.

That which the New York Herald quotes Mr. Borden as having said is by no means like the slogan "No track or trade with the Yanks," which he and his party raised so loudly in September, 1911.

If Mr. Borden has no objection to reciprocity he will not hesitate to remove the duty from wheat and flour, and from agricultural implements, from bituminous coal, and from various other articles of necessity.

The Grip of the Corporation. Mr. Borden is working apparently in perfect accord with the C. P. R. for an end equally dear to both. The Canadian Pacific is determined to reach Halifax and Sydney on its own rails. Legal difficulties hamper it in incorporating the Dominion Atlantic into its system, and governments before this have stood in the way of its acquiring the people's railway. It will secure the Intercolonial if it has to ruin St. John in the process. It is the true inwardness of the condition we are facing at present, and its seriousness cannot be overestimated. The voice of the corporation is not heard in the halls of council, but from time to time echoes of the low thunder that goes on behind the scenes in Toryland, are heard. If the people have hopes of retaining their railway they are likely to find these hopes well fostered before they have an opportunity of expressing themselves at the polls.

Mr. Borden has made a mistake in concluding that the people were ready to have the corporation usurp the functions of government. If he thought he could in corporation control a basis for good government, he is pushing the consequences of his new found principles far. He should remember that the proportion is fatal in such matters. Aristotle would have reminded him, but without humor, that "a nose which varies slightly from the ideal line of beauty appropriate for noses, tending slightly toward becoming a hook or a snub, may still be of fair shape and not disagreeable to the eye, but if the excess be very great, all symmetry is lost, and the nose at least ceases to be a nose at all." He has apparently lost all conception of symmetry, and the government, ceasing to be representative, is becoming wholly one of corporations. It is part of the conditions by which Mr. Borden secured power. This is the compelling necessity of the situation. The price must be paid.

WHAT IS THE ANSWER?

We have not yet seen in the Standard a correct or adequate report of the speech delivered at St. Hyacinthe by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, although the Standard has insinuated from time to time that Sir Wilfrid on that occasion made statements which were reasonable, scandalous or in some other way shocking or against public policy. Now, it might be thought that the Standard would not make these insinuations unless it were in a position to prove them by quoting Sir Wilfrid's words. The speech in question was delivered before a very numerous assembly of Canadians, estimated by the Montreal Gazette, the leading Conservative journal of this country, as exceeding 4,000 in number. Representatives of the press were present, and long reports of the speech were published in Montreal and elsewhere. Therefore, the Standard should be able to obtain without difficulty a correct report of the utterances which it pretends to believe were so shocking.

As nobody will believe that the Standard refrains from publishing certain portions of this speech through fear of injuring Sir Wilfrid, its refusal to produce the evidence to support its insinuations must be interpreted by the public as insinuating that it has slandered the Liberal leader deliberately.

However, we will give the Standard one more chance. If it has any evidence to support its insinuations against the honor of the Liberal leader, let that evidence be furnished without more evasion or delay. Will the Standard print the St. Hyacinthe speech tomorrow, or any correct portion of it? To encourage our neighbor, we may say, in passing, that the Conservative Montreal Gazette, in the course of its report of the meeting at St. Hyacinthe, said:—

"Sir Wilfrid was in the fettle, and, despite the overwhelming heat, he spoke for one hour and twenty minutes before a gathering of over 4,000 persons. The audience comprised representatives from the Montreal, Rivestelle, St. Johns, Sher-

brook and other districts, special trains having been arranged for the meeting. St. Hyacinthe was overflowing with the remaining farmers who arrived from every part of the province. The streets were festooned with flowers and bunting, special arches of greenery being thrown across at various points. In the latter little girls dressed in gala attire sprinkled flowers on the roadway as the Liberal chieftain passed. Addresses were read on behalf of the citizens, as well as on behalf of the Liberal clubs represented at the demonstration.

If this side light upon the speech is not sufficient to stimulate the courage of the Standard and induce it to publish what really was said by Sir Wilfrid on that occasion, it may be encouraged by a further quotation from the Gazette. Again we quote:—

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who gave all evidence of having been improved by his repose of the last few months, made a speech which was qualified by several of his followers and colleagues of the House of Commons as one of the most vigorous and eloquent in years. While many of the younger men were 'washed out' by the humid temperature, and had in consequence all to pick with difficulty through an effort of twenty minutes or so, the veteran leader kept on for four times that space of time without any apparent fatigue. There was something of the old resolute voice, and graceful pose, which were characteristic of the Laurier of the old days, and some of the old enthusiasm which he was wont to rouse up amongst the populace in his prime was also evident."

The public will realize that it was a great meeting, and that the stage was set in striking fashion for the promulgation of views and sentiments of interest to the whole country. This thing was not done in the corner. We are indebted to the Standard for having drawn attention afresh to this great representative meeting at St. Hyacinthe, which evidently was a marked triumph for the Liberal chieftain. And now, once more, we invite the Standard to print any portion of Sir Wilfrid's speech on that occasion to which valid objection might be taken from the standpoint of morality, patriotism or good citizenship. If the Standard will not do so it should apologize to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and to its subscribers.

What is the Standard going to do about it? MEN, AND PHEASANTS.

The Telegraph's cablegrams deal from time to time with the proposed land reforms promised by Mr. Asquith and his ministers, and outlined recently in striking fashion by Mr. Lloyd George. Why is the Liberal party making land the leading feature of its campaign of social betterment for the United Kingdom? As few Canadians have a good idea of the nature of the land question in the Old Country, we have selected from the Bedford speech of the Chancellor of the Exchequer a vigorous account of some of the conditions calling loudly for reform.

Here you have set in this country millions of acres of uncultivated land. The farmer and the laborer together are only employed to the extent of 50 per cent of the land. What other countries are better off than we in this respect? Not only that, but we keep land in this country uncultivated whilst at the same time we pay scores of millions of money for food imported from the other side of the world. Why is that? (Cheers.) It is because the chief partner in the business of agriculture, the chief capitalist, the man who has the most to be gained by the progress of agriculture, is not the farmer, but the landlord. (Hear, hear.) You take the owner of a mill or factory or a shop, and you see how he is devoted to making the most of his property. But look at the case of agriculture. There is no country in Europe—I am going to say two propositions now, and I will respectfully challenge anyone to deny them—there is no country in Europe where so much cultivable land is given over to sport as this country. (Hear, hear.)

What is the second proposition? There is no country in the world where cultivated, and even highly cultivated, land is so overrun and so continuously damaged by game. (Cheers.) You take those two propositions. In the Highlands, I would propose to you, there are millions of acres which formerly sustained a vigorous population. They are considered entirely to sport—the whole of the land is given over to sport, and you find that the number of laborers on the soil has gone down by 600,000. (Shame.) The number of gamekeepers is up by 25 per cent, and the number of laborers on the land down by 600,000. If you read a delightful book written by Sir George Trevelyan on George the Third and Sir Charles Fox, you will find there a very delightful chapter on the old British gentleman's idea of sport. The famous Duke of Norfolk, who was not merely an agriculturist, but a very good shot, it was related, after a whole day's shooting, would come back with 24 head of game of all kinds—hares and rabbits and pheasants and partridges and woodcock. Did he live today he would not have bagged less than a hundred a day—more than 100,000 a year, and he would have shot 24,000 a day time he liked afterwards.

Today you pick up a copy of the advertisements which you will see in the Standard this evening. There you will see the extent of the land which is given over to sport. You will see an advertisement of an estate of 1,000 acres, with coverts worth 3,000 pheasants. Here is another advertisement in which the advertiser is asked to have shot 5,000 rabbits on his estate. (Laughter.) You try small holdings there. (More laughter.) These advertisements are extraordinarily interesting. But it is all quite true. You cannot keep an enormous quantity of

birds like that without it having an injurious effect upon the highest forms of cultivation in this country. There is no country in this world in which you get anything which is like it. I can give you samples. Here is one from Bedfordshire. Mind you, I have no idea where it is at all. (Laughter.) I am not attacking any particular landowner. That is what I mean, and I am not going to give names—that is, unless I am asked. (Laughter, and "Hear, hear.") The writer of the letter says: "Here are hundreds of acres of good land, the greater part of which once yielded fine crops of wheat and other produce, now consigned to provide sport. Its influence is badly felt in surrounding farms on which the poor tenant is trying to pay his rent and make a living for his wife and family." In Lincolnshire there are 850 acres gone in one lot, in another place 300 and 500 acres completely out of cultivation.

We have cases of that kind from all parts of the country, and it is not merely that you have got land which is not cultivated, we have complaints from farmers from every part of the country that the crops are being damaged by the game. Here is one farmer who was sowing his crops—a field of mangolds. This man assured me that there was not one mangold out of a dozen which was not pecked and destroyed by pheasants, and that was a field which was clear of the plantations. Where you should have got thirty-five tons here, you could not have had more than ten tons, and it was not worth the expense and labor of carting. And then the laborers in the district said that the pheasants destroyed the produce in their gardens.

Of course it is to be kept in mind that it is but a small portion of the speech of which I am indeed the Chancellor's treatment even of this one part of the whole subject. But it should serve to give us an idea not only as to the size of the issue, but as to its gravity, its vital relation to Britain's very life. The Bedford speech of Lloyd George, marking a new step forward by the government, gives the world fresh proof of the courage and breadth of the Asquith administration.

NOTE AND COMMENT. The Standard is still charging Dr. Pugsley with attempting to "embarrass Mr. Haxen and the government." Surely under present conditions that were a work of supererogation.

Why does the Standard continue to play into Sir Wilfrid Laurier's hands by refraining from publishing a correct report of the speech he made at St. Hyacinthe, and which it hints was incendiary, or inflammatory, or immoral, or something of the sort? Let Standard readers know what he really did say.

It will suggest itself presently to the Standard that even its widest efforts to convince the public that Dr. Pugsley is a monster cannot distract public attention from the main question. Mr. Haxen has done nothing. This is November 15. The agreement which threatens the port is to become effective on November 15. If Mr. Haxen remains in the cabinet and that agreement goes into force, he makes himself responsible for it. What course does the Standard suggest that Mr. Haxen should follow in these uncomfortable circumstances?

There is no country in Europe—I am going to say two propositions now, and I will respectfully challenge anyone to deny them—there is no country in Europe where so much cultivable land is given over to sport as this country. (Hear, hear.)

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We have cases of that kind from all parts of the country, and it is not merely that you have got land which is not cultivated, we have complaints from farmers from every part of the country that the crops are being damaged by the game. Here is one farmer who was sowing his crops—a field of mangolds. This man assured me that there was not one mangold out of a dozen which was not pecked and destroyed by pheasants, and that was a field which was clear of the plantations. Where you should have got thirty-five tons here, you could not have had more than ten tons, and it was not worth the expense and labor of carting. And then the laborers in the district said that the pheasants destroyed the produce in their gardens.

Of course it is to be kept in mind that it is but a small portion of the speech of which I am indeed the Chancellor's treatment even of this one part of the whole subject. But it should serve to give us an idea not only as to the size of the issue, but as to its gravity, its vital relation to Britain's very life. The Bedford speech of Lloyd George, marking a new step forward by the government, gives the world fresh proof of the courage and breadth of the Asquith administration.

NOTE AND COMMENT. The Standard is still charging Dr. Pugsley with attempting to "embarrass Mr. Haxen and the government." Surely under present conditions that were a work of supererogation.

Why does the Standard continue to play into Sir Wilfrid Laurier's hands by refraining from publishing a correct report of the speech he made at St. Hyacinthe, and which it hints was incendiary, or inflammatory, or immoral, or something of the sort? Let Standard readers know what he really did say.

It will suggest itself presently to the Standard that even its widest efforts to convince the public that Dr. Pugsley is a monster cannot distract public attention from the main question. Mr. Haxen has done nothing. This is November 15. The agreement which threatens the port is to become effective on November 15. If Mr. Haxen remains in the cabinet and that agreement goes into force, he makes himself responsible for it. What course does the Standard suggest that Mr. Haxen should follow in these uncomfortable circumstances?

There is no country in Europe—I am going to say two propositions now, and I will respectfully challenge anyone to deny them—there is no country in Europe where so much cultivable land is given over to sport as this country. (Hear, hear.)

What is the second proposition? There is no country in the world where cultivated, and even highly cultivated, land is so overrun and so continuously damaged by game. (Cheers.) You take those two propositions. In the Highlands, I would propose to you, there are millions of acres which formerly sustained a vigorous population. They are considered entirely to sport—the whole of the land is given over to sport, and you find that the number of laborers on the soil has gone down by 600,000. (Shame.) The number of gamekeepers is up by 25 per cent, and the number of laborers on the land down by 600,000. If you read a delightful book written by Sir George Trevelyan on George the Third and Sir Charles Fox, you will find there a very delightful chapter on the old British gentleman's idea of sport. The famous Duke of Norfolk, who was not merely an agriculturist, but a very good shot, it was related, after a whole day's shooting, would come back with 24 head of game of all kinds—hares and rabbits and pheasants and partridges and woodcock. Did he live today he would not have bagged less than a hundred a day—more than 100,000 a year, and he would have shot 24,000 a day time he liked afterwards.

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UNIONISTS TO MEET IN ANNUAL SESSION

Strong Resolutions to Come Up

Land Reform, Home Rule and Other Measures to be Fought

Big Shipbuilding Concern at Montreal Needs More Capital—Writer in Berlin Paper Makes Savage Onslaught on Conditions in Canadian West

London, Nov. 10.—The annual conference of the National Unionist Association which is to be held at Norwich from Wednesday to Friday next, is being looked forward to with special interest in view of recent electoral events.

The most important of the thirty-five resolutions to be offered is one standing in the name of Sir Edward Carson, which reaffirms the determination of the Unionist party to support Ulster. There are five additional resolutions of the same nature.

Other subjects to come up for discussion are Welsh disestablishment, insurance, suffragism, the land campaign, Marconi affair, tariff reform, and military and naval defence.

LORDS UNLASH ABOUT STEAMER BRIDGEPORT

Considerable uneasiness was caused in the marine insurance market on Saturday on the receipt of a message from Quebec stating that the British steamer Bridgeport, which left Sydney, Cape Breton, on the 1st inst. and was due in Quebec on the 4th, was still unreported. At the close of business 45 per cent was quoted on reinsurance. The Bridgeport's sister ship Glace Bay was wrecked in Trehessey Bay last June.

KNOCKS RAILWAY IN NEWFOUNDLAND

The Times this morning in an interesting column and a half special article on St. John's, Newfoundland, refers to the election issue there as being mainly one of railway extension and adds:

"There is no traveler who ever visited Newfoundland but will hope that the issue may include improvement of the existing line. There is no denying that St. John's is difficult of approach, and its historic harbor is frequently closed by fog. Coming by land one finds that the railway a great engineer laid twenty years ago across a desert, now meshes an adventure of excitement rather than rapid and easy motion."

"No one," they tell at St. John's, has ever been actually killed, still it is no place for nervous invalids to travel."

BRITISH EMPIRE EXHIBITION IN 1915.

The grand council of the British-Dominions exhibition of 1915 now numbers about 1,000, including 800 members of the house of commons and also leaders in commerce and industry.

The committee, of which Lord Strathcona is president, is still negotiating for a site.

An influential committee with Earl Grey as president has been formed to organize an international dinner in support of the principle of proportional representation on Dec. 8. The committee has already received the support of many members of the home and foreign parliaments. Earl Grey was prevented by illness from attending the inaugural session of the committee on Saturday.

ARMSTRONG CONCERN NEEDS MORE CAPITAL.

It is understood, says the Times, that more capital is needed for the development of the Armstrong new steel works on the banks of the St. Lawrence river, the establishment of which was provided for in part out of £1,000,000 stock preference shares issued by the company in June last.

Good progress is being made by the layout of the works and in a little while the manufacture of forgings for the shipbuilding sections and the casting of high speed steel will be started. It is stated that the entire plant is provided with the larger scheme of making Canada self-contained so far as the construction of warships is concerned.

Mr. Masterman, M. P. for West Ham, was severely heckled while addressing a religious meeting in the Shoreditch tabernacle Sunday afternoon. Questions about Jim Larkin and also the treatment of women were put and Mr. Masterman's appeal to keep politics out of a religious service was in vain. Finally the pastor was obliged to call for the police and the ringleaders of the crowd left cheering for Larkin.

CANADIAN WEST AS A GERMAN SEES IT.

According to promise, the Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, has published a second article on Canada, in which the correspondent says that the farms seen from the railroads are owned by fortunates who arrived a decade ago, millionaire peasants with diamonds and red-chapped fingers which had never learned to write. Prosperous housesteads are often described to travelers who see nothing of the country.

Referring to homestead conditions, the correspondent pictures immigrants arriving with large families, their furniture dumped in the middle of the wild prairie, with no trees, no shelter, no obligation of building a house, he says, entails an expenditure of \$850 to \$1,000, besides which they must acquire draught horses and implements.

Farm houses in the hinterland, it is declared, are made from a tree trunk, boards that would shame Diogenes and water him a sardine in comparison. The farmers on the prairie suffer endless winters which drive men to drink and women to the madhouse. He asserts that

WIN AND LOST A BYE-ELECTION

Scottish Seat Remains in Liberal Column, But Reading Changes

BIG VOTE POLLED

Sir Rufus Isaacs' Old Constituency Captured by Unionist in a Three-Cornered Fight—Many Reasons Assigned for Result—Militants Worked Hard for the Victor.

London, Nov. 8.—At Reading yesterday, Captain Leslie Wilson, the Unionist candidate, received a majority of 1,181 over the government candidate in a three-cornered contest, the vote standing: Wilson, 5,144; G. P. Souch, Liberal, 4,018; J. G. Butler, Socialist, 1,063.

At Linnithgow, West Lothian, on Friday, in the election made necessary through the elevation of Alexander Ure, the Scottish court of sessions, and the lord advocate of Scotland, to the peerage, J. W. Pratt, Liberal, received 5,615 votes as against 5,049 for James Kidd, Unionist, the Liberal majority thus being cut to 566, as against upwards of 3,000 at the last election.

Mr. Ure vacated the seat a few weeks ago on his appointment as lord president of the Scottish court of sessions, and it was difficult for the Liberals to find a candidate to replace him, but Mr. Pratt, who was a former ball of Glasgow, and practically unknown to the constituency, was selected to meet the Unionist, James Kidd, who had been before the electors for years.

The contest was vigorously fought, but fewer than 10,700 out of the 10,868 registered voters casting their ballots.

Reading was represented by Sir Rufus Isaacs, since 1909, and was rendered vacant by his appointment as lord chief justice. In his last election Sir Rufus held the seat by only 99 majority, and it is claimed that his personal popularity alone saved him from defeat.

The news from Reading was received in London at the outset of the theatres on Saturday shortly before midnight, and the Strand became a scene of extraordinary excitement. Special editions of the newspapers were selling like wildfire and headlines were eagerly scanned by the immense crowds, and all vehicles on traffic were stopped and people stood on top of cars, cabs and buses, shouting and cheering wildly.

ALMOST A RECORD VOTE POLLED

The vote polled was the heaviest ever recorded on an election in recent years, representing 92.8 per cent of the total electorate, of which one-tenth was cast for the Socialist candidate.

Captain Wilson attributes his victory to the fact that the people are sick of the government's legislation, and he regards it particularly as a verdict against home rule as he "challenged Reading not only on what Carson had said, but on what Ulster was prepared to do."

Gooch, the defeated candidate, said there were always wastages in a party that failed to make progress, and admitted there had been some discontent over the insurance act and also over the Shops act, and disestablishment of the church in Wales, but he did not believe that the home rule question had changed a single vote. The women were against the government, as usual, he said.

Three other bye-elections are still pending, namely, South Lanark, Keighley, and Wicksburgh.

UNIONIST GOT THE MILITANTS' SUPPORT.

Reading, England, Nov. 8.—The Unionists were victorious today in the bye-election made necessary by the withdrawal of Sir R. D. Isaacs to assume the lord chief justiceship. The greatest interest centered in the contest, Captain L. O. Wilson, Unionist, capturing the seat with 5,144 votes. George Peabody, Liberal, received 4,018, and the Socialist candidate, Mr. Butler, 1,063.

The Socialist undoubtedly cut into the Liberal vote. The Socialists made a feature of the Marconi controversy, which Sir Rufus Isaacs figured, but the Unionists avoided mention of Marconi, and made opposition to home rule and the insurance act their rallying cry.

The militant suffragettes supported Captain Wilson. Just before the polls closed a large squad of militants arrived in the town hall, where the counting took place, was strongly guarded by a double force of police, while the polling places were carefully watched throughout the day, as an attack on the ballot boxes was feared.

At the last election Sir Rufus Isaacs, Liberal, polled 5,084 votes against 4,999 received by Captain Wilson, Unionist.

The Liberal candidate, Mr. Gooch, was formerly a member for Bath. He entered the constituency only on the eve of the contest.

UNITED STATES ENVOY, HARBOR OF VERA CRUZ, AND ANOTHER WARSHIP SENT TO MEXICO



Washington, Nov. 9.—The rushing work on Uncle Sam's warships to prepare for service caused the nation to believe that naval demonstrations of a serious nature will be made by our fighting vessels on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of Mexico. The cruiser Chester is one of the latest warships to be sent to Vera Cruz. John Lind, special envoy to Mexico is at Mexico City in a veritable storm centre. He has said that Mexico must "prepare for anything" unless President Huerta adopts a more conciliatory attitude toward the United States. The photo of Vera Cruz harbor shows the point off which the United States fleet is anchored.

GEORGE TRACEY, OF HALIFAX, KILLED

PLASTER ROCK COUPLE SUE FOR DAMAGES

U. S. Immigration Officer and C. P. R. Agent Defendants

Want \$20,000 for Wrongful Detention at Fort Fairfield—Claim Their Child Died as Result of Exposure—Case Heard at Portland, Maine.

Portland, Me., Nov. 8.—A case unique in the history of immigration proceedings, and one which may set a precedent for future action, was heard by Referee Hon. Charles F. Daggett, at Fort Fairfield, yesterday.

James Wildes and his wife, Emily Wildes, of Plaster Rock (N. B.), brought four suits, naming \$5,000 damages in each, against Inspector Atkinson, of the United States immigration department, and Odine Bell, Canadian Pacific agent at Fort Fairfield.

The plaintiffs allege that they were wrongfully detained when they attempted to enter this country from Canada in April, 1910, and that as a result of improper care and nourishment during their detention, their infant child died of exposure three days after they were released.

Atkinson and Bell were defended by the United States government through Assistant United States District Attorney Arthur Chapman.

According to the testimony of the government, the Wildes family were in ill health. The father claimed to be a naturalized American citizen. He had no papers and was given a chance to appear before the immigration board. While waiting over night, his family was quartered at the home of Agent Atkinson.

In reply to his assertion that the quarters were cold and food improper, the defendants reply that Wildes chose to furnish his own food. Next day he refused to appear before the board.

Two months after this, Wildes and family appeared again with papers and were admitted. The Wildes then brought suit.

Referee Daggett reserved his decision.

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Cut Down by Train He Was Running For

Lady Companion a Few Yards Behind Didn't Know of Tragedy

Victim Won Running Championship of America on Two Occasions and Was a Famous Athlete—Was With Cunard & Co., Coal Merchants, at Time of Death

Halifax, Nov. 9.—George Tracey, aged 32 years, a member of the firm of Cunard & Co. coal dealers, Halifax, was struck by the incoming suburban train at Rockingham on Saturday night and instantly killed.

Accompanied by a lady friend, Miss Jean McCurdy, they were returning from Bedford. They were walking on the railway track when the suburban came along. They intended to board the train at Rockingham, and as they were about 100 yards from the station and fearing that the train would not wait, Mr. Tracey ran ahead to hold the train until his lady friend would arrive. It is supposed that he got ahead of the train and in attempting to cross the track, stumbled and was struck by the train, his body being terribly mangled.

Miss McCurdy boarded the train, and she supposed that Mr. Tracey had also got aboard. She inquired for him but he was not on board. The train crew then made a search and fifty yards from the station his body was found.

Mr. Tracey was a prominent business man and years ago was a foremost athlete. In 1886 he won the amateur half mile running championship of America, at New York, and in 1887 he again secured the championship half mile at Detroit. He took part in several Canadian championships, and was a good amateur oarsman and football player. He was unmarried and leaves one sister residing in Chicago.

LEGED JOKES BY NEW BRUNSWICKERS

Somebody has unloaded the following upon Toronto "Saturday Night," which journal they are reproduced in the Councillor.

on a certain New Brunswick county, the members of the county council, without any sessional indemnity, have decided to hold a session in the parish of C., and at the session the councillors voted themselves \$8 per day.

the next election Councillor B. was re-elected for the parish of C. by acclamation; and at the following session it was proposed to increase the allowance of Councillor B.

was believed, he said, that his services were worth \$5 per day to the electors of the parish of C., and that if he had not right so he would not have offered his services.

Mr. Warden, said a member who opposed the increase, "there is no one in that. Three years ago Councillor B. offered his services to the electors of the parish of C., and they voted him."

on Harry F. McLeod, who became Col. Sam Hughes on his trip to London, is Colonel of the 71st Regiment New Brunswick, and tells an amusing story of one of his rural recruits at Sussex Camp who was arrested one day for being drunk.

You must go to the guard tent," the officer who ordered his arrest. "What right have you to arrest me?" asked the citizen soldier. "I'm the officer of the day," "This is it."

Comprehensive.

Nova Scotia justice of the peace once called on to draw a marriage licence after the English fashion, accordingly, he conveyed the property trustees in trust to pay the income of the wife, for her life, and then divide the property between such three as she might have by John—the wind, all of which was usual and correct Chief Justice Townsend, who the story, if he had not added the "and" in his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns."

Text Was Suggestive.

young theological student who is one of the leading Presbyterians of Eastern Canada, spent the mer on one of the Nova Scotia islands. When leaving he preached a sermon from the text, "Listen, ye, the copper-smith, did me much."

Why did you choose that text?" inquired one of the elders.

I thought it very appropriate," replied the student. "I haven't seen a bit liver in the collection this summer."

port Was Familiar.

on James K. Pinder, M. L. A. for county (N. B.), once did some for the Dominion government on and Island Bay in the St. John River, which was severely criticized by his opponents.

the next year Mr. Pinder was speaking in the House of Commons. What about Grand Island Bay?" My honorable friends should know that the "bars," retorted Pinder, "for been working on them all his life."

enemies Excluded.

one year ago an old New Brunswick farmer was elected to the county council.

as soon as the word reached home, the dren flocked round the mother exclaiming: "Are we all councillors now, her?"

Of course not," she replied, "only I pa and me."

ays the Irishman.

the New Brunswick local elections 1908, the present Judge, McKeown a candidate in St. John city. Dur his nomination speech, he was repeatedly interrupted by a crowd of opponents who were members of political organization known as the "velopment Club," and trouble seem- ment when the situation was re- by an unassuming flash of wit one of Mr. McKeown's Irish sup- ers, who shouted out: "Niver mind this, sir, it's only the nants of the 'Development Club.'"

An Irish sergeant enlisted a recruit proved to be a female. Being asked he officer how he made such a blunder he said: "Faith, and I couldn't help enlisted this girl for a man, and he turns out to be a woman."

ABE MARTIN



When folks never begin" figure till the mottle "Add. Keepin' a marri- a secret must be a good deal like a bass drum.

"GRANDFATHER OF ALL LIVING LOBSTERS" REACHES BOSTON

Boston, Nov. 7.—"Grandfather of all living lobsters," was the title accorded a giant crustacean brought to port today.

The lobster was the largest landed here in fifty years, the old time lobsterman said. When they had finished their observations the following figures were given out:

Weight, 37 pounds; age, about 10 years; spread from claw to claw, 37 inches; length of claw, 24 inches; feelers, 20 inches; width of back, 10 inches. Would make a salad for twenty-five persons.

HALIFAX BOY KILLS HIMSELF IN TRURO STATION

Truro, N. S., Nov. 7.—There is going to be a tragedy here," is said to have been the statement made by a young fellow named Randolph Edwards, aged 16, just a moment or two before a shot was fired from a revolver in his hands early this evening.

Two persons were in a washroom in the railway dining hall when the boy fell with blood pouring from a wound in the head. Drs. Patton, Cox and Eaton were summoned. Dr. Patton came first and pronounced the shot fatal. The boy died in a few minutes.

Young Edwards is said to belong to Halifax, and his father engaged in the marine and fisheries service.

MORRIS LEADS BY SEVEN MAJORITY IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Standing is 21 to 14, With One Constituency to Be Heard From.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 8.—With only one election district unreported, the Conservatives, under the premiership of Sir Edward Morris, have obtained 21 of the 86 seats in the colonial house of assembly, and fourteen have been won by the supporters of Sir Robert Bond, opposition leader and former premier.

Returns from Fortune Bay district, received today, show that Mr. Emerson, a Morrisite, has been elected by a majority of 125.

MONKTON PASTOR CALLED TO PEMBROKE, ONTARIO, CHURCH

Pembroke, Ont., Nov. 7.—Calvin Presbyterian church, Pembroke, at a meeting of the congregation last night, unanimously decided to send a call to the Rev. Donald MacDermid, of Monkton (N. B.).

Referring to homestead conditions, the correspondent pictures immigrants arriving with large families, their furniture dumped in the middle of the wild prairie, with no trees, no shelter, no obligation of building a house, he says, entails an expenditure of \$850 to \$1,000, besides which they must acquire draught horses and implements.

Farm houses in the hinterland, it is declared, are made from a tree trunk, boards that would shame Diogenes and water him a sardine in comparison. The farmers on the prairie suffer endless winters which drive men to drink and women to the madhouse. He asserts that

PRESENTATION TO REV. C. A. BELL

High standing he holds and how his labors are appreciated in the community. About 11 o'clock the people gathered on behalf of the congregation, presented their pastor, Rev. C. A. Bell, with a purse of \$50, thereby showing

TORIES MAKING THE MONEY FLY

Capital Expenditure of the Dominion For Past Seven Months More Than Double of Same Period in 1912—Ordinary Outlay Also Considerably More—Revenue Decreases for October.

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—During the month of October there was a decrease of over half a million in the revenue of the dominion, as compared with October of last year. While at the same time the expenditure for the ordinary expenses of administration increased by nearly a million and a half.

For the first seven months of the fiscal year revenue has increased by \$4,985,715, while the total expenditure has increased by \$11,826,947.

Expenditure on consolidated fund account alone, or for the cost of administration, has increased by over \$6,000,000.

These are some of the significant figures of the dominion's financial statement for the month of October and for the first seven months of the present fiscal year.

At the present rate of divergence between decreasing revenue and increasing expenditure the cre of big surpluses at the end of each fiscal year will soon be past.

The revenue for October was \$14,225,698, a decrease of \$3,838,948, as compared with the preceding October. The revenue for the seven months was \$101,103,331.

Expenditure on revenue account was \$27,446,328, and on capital account \$30,730,400.

The amount paid for railway subsidies was \$12,064,008, most of which went to the Canadian Northern.

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ONTARIO WOMAN WED HER GRAND NEPHEW

Mrs. Hattie Fountain Arraigned in Toronto Court On a Charge of Bigamy in Consequence—Husband No. 1 Testifies Against Her.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Mrs. Hattie Fountain, about forty years old, appeared in court today on a charge of bigamy. It is alleged that recently she married her own grand-nephew, her sister's grandson, while her first husband was still alive.

W. J. Fountain, formerly of Renfrew (Ont.), the first husband, stated that the marriage was celebrated about 28 years ago at Camden. He had an order of separation dated July, 1908.

Nelson Godfrey, the young man in the case of Maine by rials and arrest, and appeal of him, Mrs. Fountain said: "I met him up in Renfrew, where I had been, then I came back here and we were married."

Regarding Fountain, the woman stated she was only thirteen when he came to her stepmother's house in Renfrew. He took her one night to some village, and some sort of ceremony was performed, but right after that she was very sick, and could not remember anything of it. She asked later to see the marriage certificate, and the stepmother said it had been spoiled, so she did not see it.

The case was sent on to the county court, and will be tried by Judge Morgan in two weeks. Mrs. Fountain goes free on \$1,000 bail.

MAINE POTATO CROP SUFFERS SEVERELY

Rains and Frost Hamper Digging and Thousands of Acres Are Still Undug—Loss Estimated Between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000

Bangor, Me., Nov. 7.—Losses totalling from \$600,000 to \$1,000,000 are estimated to have been caused to the potato growers of Maine by rains and frost. In consequence, the supply, it is said, will be smaller, and the price much higher than was expected early in the season.

Three weeks of rain in October, followed by freezing weather, delayed the harvesting of the crop. Fields turned over by the rains were so bogged down that the usual methods were impossible. Throughout eastern and northern Maine, thousands of acres of potatoes still remain in the ground.

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ALARMING REPORT ABOUT DISEASE AMONG HERRING

Gaspe Captain Says Thousands of Barrels Are Rotting on North Shore Coast.

Quebec, Nov. 7.—Captain Samuel Cole, of the schooner Marie Anne, who has arrived here from Gaspe, gives out alarming news about the herring fishing this year. He says that a disease has broken out in the herring fish that must, in time, spread to another fish. The disease rots the entrails of the herring, and the captain says there are thousands of barrels of this year's catch lying rotting on the Gaspe beach, and also north shore.

CANADIAN CHARTER FOR ARMSTRONG—WHITWORTH CO.

British Concern Capitalized at \$2,000,000—To Establish Shipbuilding Industry Near Montreal.

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—The Canadian branch of the Armstrong Whitworth Company, one of the great shipbuilding concerns of Britain, has been incorporated, preparatory to the commencement of operations in this country, the company having already secured a site for shipbuilding and machine works at Longueville, near Montreal.

The incorporators named are Sir Percy Girouard, K. C., M. G.; Right Hon. Sir George Herbert Murray, C. B., Sexton, Armstrong Nohla, engineers, of London; George G. Foster, K. C.; John A. Mann, K. C., and M. J. Butler, C. M. G., engineer, of Montreal.

Besides the manufacture of machinery, engines, etc., and the building of ships the company is empowered by its letters of incorporation to operate dry docks, to own steamships, mine coal, and develop electricity.

The concern is to be known as Armstrong, Whitworth of Canada, and its capital is placed at \$2,000,000.

WESTMORLAND MAN KILLS HIMSELF

Richard D. Polly, of Upper Cape, a Suicide, Says Coroner's Jury.

Sackville, N. B., Nov. 7.—A telephone message today bore news of the tragic death of Richard D. Polly, of Upper Cape, under rather sad circumstances. Polly, who is 32 years of age, had been acting strangely of late and last night about 9 o'clock, while sitting in his home with his family, reached up to the wall for a gun, which he recently purchased, saying that he proposed shooting himself.

His family became alarmed and fled from the house to seek help, but when neighbors arrived they found Polly lying on the floor unconscious. Dr. Allen, of Port Elgin, was at once summoned, and rendered necessary medical aid, but without avail. Polly passed away about 11 o'clock last night.

An inquest was held today and a verdict of death as a result of a shot from a rifle in his own hands was rendered. Coroner Silas Hayward, of Port Elgin, conducted the inquest. The tragedy cast a gloom over the whole community.

NO TRACE OF STR. BRIDGEPORT YET

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 9.—No word of the missing steamer Bridgeport was forthcoming up to late tonight.

It was learned on Saturday night that the steamer Louisa had that day been sent out specially for the purpose of making a thorough search for the collier.

The weather during the past week has been reported as being foggy out at sea and it is quite possible that the steamer, which have been on the lookout while making their regular passages, would miss the Bridgeport if she had drifted out of the usual course.

The Louisa has instructions to make a thorough search.

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

(Continued from page 5)

weeks, returned to her home in Port Elgin, Saturday. Mrs. R. W. Ambrose left on Saturday for New Glasgow, and on her return she will be accompanied by her daughter, Miss Blanche Ambrose, who has been in that city, with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Oran Ward and Miss G. Goodwin spent a portion of last week in Sprinfield, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. May Scott.

H. H. Lovell, the well-known accountant of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has been transferred to St. John. Mr. Lovell will not leave Amherst for a few days, but is awaiting the arrival of the gentleman who will replace him in the bank here. Mr. Lovell has made a great many friends in Amherst, and they will be very sorry to see him leave.

Miss Annie Greenfield has returned to Amherst after a pleasant five weeks' trip, spent with friends in Toronto and Montreal.

Miss Hilda Gibson, who has been the guest of Miss Gretchen Lawrence on street, left last week to join her brother at Southampton. They will visit Halifax and other Nova Scotian towns before returning to Montreal.

The marriage of Miss Mary Elizabeth Donalds, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Donalds, of Halifax, to Mr. Fred A. Harrison, of Halifax, was solemnized in St. Charles R. C. church this morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. Father Brown, celebrating the nuptial mass.

The bride, who was given away by her father, was attired in a tailored suit of navy blue with white beaver hat trimmed with white ostrich. She was attended by her sister, Miss M. Donalds, while Mr. Vincent Harrison, brother of the groom, was groomsmen. The church was very prettily decorated for the occasion by the girl friends of the bride, in yellow and white chrysanthemums and potted plants. The wedding march was played by Mrs. W. L. Ormond.

Following the ceremony a dainty wedding breakfast was served at the bride's home at which only the family and immediate relatives were present. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison left on the noon train for a wedding trip, and which they will take up home in Halifax, where Mr. Harrison is employed as a crown lands surveyor.

The homes of Mr. and Mrs. James Donalds, Prince Arthur street, was the scene of a pleasant event on Friday evening last when about forty of the friends of their daughter, Elizabeth Donalds, gathered at the home and presented her with a miscellaneous shower. Many pretty, as well as useful gifts were received, and a delightful evening spent by all present.

Mrs. C. D. Dennis and daughter, Katherine, left Thursday morning for Halifax. Mrs. Dennis will remain in that city for some days while Miss Dennis will proceed to Yarmouth, where she will remain during the winter months with friends.

Miss Edith Neal, who has been spending several weeks in Boston with friends, returned home on Monday. Mrs. Neal is now spending a few days with friends in Sackville.

Miss Mollie Marviss, of Newcastle, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Donalds on Tuesday. Miss Marviss was attending the Harrison-Donalds wedding.

Mr. C. R. Smith, C. C. left on Wednesday at noon for Boston. Mr. Smith will be away for a few days, and then leave for New York where he will meet Mrs. Smith, and return to Amherst on the 17th of this month.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cross, who returned home this week from a month's trip to Boston.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Stephen's church met at the home of Mrs. C. S. Sutherland, Rupert street, last evening. A pleasant feature of the evening was a presentation to Mrs. W. R. Fitzmaurice, who leaves next morning for Newcastle to join Mr. Fitzmaurice, who has lately been appointed station agent at that place. The presentation consisted of a sterling silver manicure set and was made by Mrs. C. D. Dennis, who a few appropriate words voiced the appreciation of the Ladies' Aid Society for the seasons in which Mrs. Fitzmaurice has always worked for the good of this society as well as the regret that is felt by the organization at the severance of the wife of their many friends in Amherst. Mrs. Fitzmaurice made a suitable reply, thanking the ladies for their kind words and lovely gift.

Miss Edna Longenecker, of Halifax, is visiting Miss Lulu Yell. Miss Longenecker will spend several days in Amherst.

PARSBORO Parsbboro, Nov. 6.—Mrs. Wm. Ryan returned from North Sydney on Tuesday, where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. C. Cope and little son arrived from Vancouver last week. Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Tucker and Mr. and Mrs. Hilton Tucker are spending a few days in Halifax.

Rev. Mr. E. J. Hallett, of Wolfville, was the guest of Rev. G. Douglas Millbury last week. Mr. Hallett, with her three children, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. E. Knowlton, left for her home in Wolfville on Wednesday.

Miss Jean Clark, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Cottage Hospital, Springfield, arrived home on Wednesday.

Mrs. A. O. Searns has returned from a visit to relatives in Boston. Mrs. Merrill, who has been the guest of Mrs. M. L. Tucker for several weeks, left for her home in Wolfville on Wednesday.

Mr. Roland Jenks left last week for Halifax.

WILLS OF CHILDHOOD Every mother should be able to recognize the symptoms of the little ailments which attack her children. She should also be in a position to treat them promptly. To do this she should keep a supply of Baby's Own Tablets in the house at all times. The Tablets never fail to help to little ones. Mothers who are anxious for the welfare of their little ones will receive free for the asking a valuable booklet on the care of infants and young children. Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. G. L. Bonham, St. George, Ont., says: "I can recommend Baby's Own Tablets as a safe and sure medicine for little ones. I have raised four babies with their aid and would not be without them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It Stands the Test of Time

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

IN USE 103 YEARS for the relief of aches, pains, swellings, burns, cuts, rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, formal and external use.

Also and 50¢ everywhere L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Inc. Boston, Mass.

Patrons' Pile

Ohava, where his will enter the employ of the McLaughlin-Bulck Co.

Mr. Edward Knowlton is pursuing his medical course at Boston College.

Mrs. W. H. McCurdy and Miss Beatrice Dargatz left on Monday for Boston to visit friends.

Mrs. Everett Morris, who has been visiting friends in town returned to Avonville on Saturday.

Miss Nellie Satter is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Ella Harvey, in Hantsport.

Mr. Richard Quinn was home from St. John for a few days last week.

Mr. T. J. Gallagher has returned to St. John after having spent a few days with his family in town.

Miss Annie Berry is seriously ill at the residence of her brother, Mr. W. J. Berry.

Miss Greta Smith is visiting her sister, Mrs. Spianey, in Philadelphia.

Miss Lena and Helen Pugsley and Miss Minnie Hatfield, returned to their young friends very pleasantly on Thursday and Friday evenings respectively. Mallowen guests furnished amusement on each occasion.

Masters Morris and Harry Pettis entertained their friends at a very enjoyable masquerade party on Halloween.

Mr. T. J. Gallagher, New York, returned to his home in St. John on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Churchill, after spending a vacation in New York and Boston, returned home on Saturday morning last.

Miss Gladys Seaman, who has been to Boston, returned home on Saturday morning last.

Mr. and Mrs. Elsie Hatfield was a passenger by steamer to Boston on Saturday last.

Mrs. Oscar Davidson has closed her residence on Cliff street, and will spend the winter with Mrs. T. B. Crosby.

CANTERBURY Canterbury, Nov. 6.—As a result of the severe cold weather, 3,000 bushels of potatoes stored in a hay shed at the railway track, are frozen and will be a total loss to the owner, who is said to be a Houlton (Me.), shipper.

Grand Falls, N. B., Nov. 7.—Mrs. Andrew Rainsford and daughter, Miss Mary Rainsford, left on Monday for Boston, where they will spend the winter.

Mrs. Frank Goodreau, who was recently called to West Palm Beach, Fla., on account of the illness of her husband, returned to her home in Grand Falls a few days ago. Mr. Goodreau is convalescing.

Mrs. R. Davidson made a short visit in Fredericton last week.

Mrs. Percy Fraser and her two children returned to their home in Edmundston Monday after a few weeks' visit with Miss Ann Crozier.

Miss Helen W. Hallett is spending the week in St. John.

Mrs. Roy Whelpley, of Winnipeg, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. West, for the past few months, left this week for a visit in Moncton.

CHIPMAN Chipman, N. B., Nov. 6.—Thomas Stewart, of Briggs Corner, who was seriously injured a few days ago in Sayre & Holly's mill, is reported to be improving. Dr. Hay is in attendance.

AGRICULTURE

Expert Gives Advice on the Important Subject of Poultry Keeping—A Question of Productiveness.

It is often a matter of considerable difficulty to find suitable and suitable accommodation for all the fowls, and a common mistake is to endeavor to crowd as many birds as possible into a small space.

SUSSEX DOCTORS WIN APPEAL

Judge Jonah Quashes Scott Act Convictions With Costs.

Hampton, N. B., Nov. 7.—In the adjourned county court of Kings held here this morning Judge Jonah gave judgment in the appeals of several medical men against convictions for violation of the Scott Act.

In each case the appeal was sustained and \$30 in costs.

An appeal by Scott Act Inspector Asbell against the dismissal of a case against Dr. D. H. McAllister, by the judgment, this appeal was allowed but without costs.

The judgment was very full and clearly rehearsed the grounds upon which each case was sustained or allowed and it is expected will form the basis for argument in any future similar cases of action. The court adjourned sine die.

In these cases it was charged that liquor had been furnished on medical certificates by the doctors named. It came out in the evidence that the certificates, the application for the certificates was made by a man acting as a temperance detective.

YARMOUTH MAN CRUSHED TO DEATH UNDER HIS AUTO

Yarmouth, N. S., Nov. 8.—Another fatal automobile accident took place sometime during the night, when Earl White, about twenty years old, lost his life. A man named Babine, who lives in Salem, on the southern part of the town is called, was going home this morning, a little after five o'clock, in his car, and was struck by a motor car at the side of the road. He found Weddleton planned beneath it, dead. How the accident happened probably never will be known.

The young man had been driving around town all the evening, and at the close of a yacht club "smoker" went down to the car and ran up the car, and at 2:30 started to drive to his home to Acadia. He did so and started back home at once.

The marks of the wheels show that he had lost control of the car and ran up an embankment on the side of the road. He afterwards turned off, and the car dashed across the road and turned turtle. An inquest will be held tonight.

THE KING OF THE MACKINACK

(Chatham World.) The latest from York county is that Hon. H. P. McLeod doesn't want to be elected to Ottawa, as successor to Mr. Crockett, and that Mr. Young, M. P., and Mr. Pinder, M. P., are the candidates for the Conservative nomination. The chances of Mr. Pinder are said to be best, even though he lives in "corn" as the constituency, Mr. Pinder is a man who does things, and he has steadily gained a high place in the confidence of the county. He found himself out in the constituency, Mr. Pinder went to work and built a railway from the C. P. R. through his district and out to the river. And it is a good railway, as good as the one in the constituency. Mr. Pinder is running two trains a day over it now, and hopes soon to have it taken over by the C. P. R. on a rental basis, in accordance with his agreement with that great corporation. Mr. Pinder has just completed a new steam mill, equipped with the latest type of small machinery, and is rebuilding the water mill that was recently burned down on another branch of the Mackinack, the village square, the principal merchant, the buyers and shippers of farm products, the purchaser of all the logs that all the farmers for miles around cut and offer for sale. He led the poll in the county, even in the city of Fredericton itself, in the last election, and is sure to be elected if nominated as the Conservative candidate.

MONCTON WILL NOT STAND FOR CLOSING OF STREETS BY I.C.R.

Moncton, N. B., Nov. 8.—It has been many years since a proposal has been made in Moncton which has excited public interest and has aroused so much hostility as the present scheme of the I.C.R. Every remark opposing this suggestion was vigorously applauded, and among those who had previously defended the proposal there was not one speaker last evening who ventured to approve the proposed closing of the streets. It was a complete backdown on the part of those who had favored this idea.

The nearest that any speaker would go in this proposal was one who said that Moncton had a great many streets, and that in St. John there were a great many dead ends, but he and other speakers who supported Mr. Girdle's proposal, carefully avoided advocating a tie-up of the traffic in Dufa, Queen and Robinson streets.

Public discussion of the proposal is in favor of the "wharf track" as best for both railway and city in the future. In the opinion of those who advocated this alternative project it is entirely feasible from an engineering standpoint and it is only a question of cost.

Many speakers last evening argued that the I.C.R. selecting a wharf track route, and abandoning the present one, in favor of the "wharf track" as best for both railway and city in the future. In the opinion of those who advocated this alternative project it is entirely feasible from an engineering standpoint and it is only a question of cost.

Work of the New Brunswick Fruit Growers' Association.

The New Brunswick Fruit Growers' Association continues to do good work for the benefit of the province, and in creating a special interest and increase in co-operative effort. During 1912 and 1913 the association supplied its members with nearly 200,000 seeds of ten varieties of trees, and also with several thousand small fruits.

The nurseries in New Brunswick, which have been supplied by the association with seeds and buds taken from good bearing trees of the varieties most in demand in the province, consequently the supply of maritime fruit trees of the best quality true to name available for planting in New Brunswick in the spring of 1913, is practically twice as large as three years ago.

"Anything else," sneered the other, "Oh, yes; once took the gold cup for ten years running championship."

"You can't expect me to believe that." "At one meeting I took six cups, in fact all the prizes that were offered."

"You can't expect me to believe that." "It's a solemn fact, nevertheless," answered the other man. "You see, I'm a photographer."

Expert Gives Advice on the Important Subject of Poultry Keeping—A Question of Productiveness.

It is often a matter of considerable difficulty to find suitable and suitable accommodation for all the fowls, and a common mistake is to endeavor to crowd as many birds as possible into a small space.

For full information and annual reports write to the secretary New Brunswick Fruit Growers' Association, Fredericton.

Report for the month ended September 30, 1913.—From the reports of correspondents made the end of last month, provisional estimates of the yield of the principal grain crops and also the average quality of these crops at harvest time have been calculated on corrected basis and will be issued as usual on December 15.

For spring wheat the estimate for the crop of 1913 is 188,468,000 bushels as compared with 182,840,000 bushels last year. For fall wheat the estimate is 16,107,000 bushels as against 14,886,000 bushels last year.

The question whether a male bird has any influence upon the productiveness of a flock of hens is a very important one for poultry keepers, many of whom have such limited quarters that the addition of one bird makes a considerable difference. I have always considered that an amateur with a small run of hens, and a few chickens, and hatching, and with no particular reason for producing fertile eggs, would be making a mistake in keeping a male bird.

The age of breeding stock. It is often stated that young fowls invariably make the best breeders. I take it that the best breeders are those which produce the most chickens and the man who imagines yearling to be the best for this purpose is a long way from the mark.

For the three northwest provinces the total yield of spring wheat is estimated at 188,468,000 bushels, of oats at 2,840,000 bushels, of barley at 27,904,000 bushels, of rye at 686,000 bushels, of flax at 14,092,000 bushels, of mixed grains 17,478,000 bushels, of corn for husking 14,288,000 bushels, of beans 969,500 bushels as compared with a total yield last year of 182,840,000 bushels, of oats at 2,840,000 bushels, of barley at 27,904,000 bushels, of rye at 686,000 bushels, of flax at 14,092,000 bushels, of mixed grains 17,478,000 bushels, of corn for husking 14,288,000 bushels, of beans 969,500 bushels.

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father, a little sadly. "The tired old man here myself."

Do you know the nature of an oath, boy? asked the judge. "I ought to be hanged for it," replied the cad who was your golf club season."

ON IN CANADA

existing legislation on the prairies, in Lario, Quebec and the maritime provinces.

A special feature of the report is the question of the brush disposal problem lumbering operations. In this regard national forests, as well as the work it is being done by the Western Forestry and Conservation Association is explained.

A section of the report is also given a discussion of forest planting in Canada, and the annual report for 1912 of the Committee on Forests of the Dominion is given in full.

Personal Advice by My Man

only, Vigorous Men Rule the World. The man who is the man of the world is the man who is the man of the world.

Now is the Time to Enter

Full staff of skillful and experienced teachers. Up-to-date courses for students. Light, airy, cheerful rooms. Complete equipment. Over 40 years' experience.

APPOHAQUI NOTES

Apohaqui, Nov. 10.—James H. Second, father of Geo. H. Second, of Apohaqui, is being seriously ill at his home in Belleisle and very slight hopes are entertained for his recovery.

HARCOURT NEWS

Harcourt, Nov. 10.—Mrs. J. D. McKay and little granddaughters, Doris McKay, who have been guests the past two weeks at St. John's, returned home this week to St. John's.

Yarmouth Times.—The latest steam-boat rumor is to the effect that the C. P. R. will next year resume control of the Yarmouth-Boston steamship service, and that Marine Superintendent MacGregor will soon cross the Atlantic to superintend the building of three ships suitable for the route.

MAIDS AND HOUSEKEEPERS WANTED

WANTED—General girl; convenient flat; small family. Mrs. H. J. Evans, 186 Duke street. 1446-tf.

WANTED—Capable woman for house work. Apply, Mrs. E. S. Carter, Fair Vale, Rothesay. 1438-tf.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; references required. Apply, Mrs. A. C. L. Tapley, 189 Douglas avenue, St. John, N. B. 23-tf.

NURSES WANTED

WANTED—Young men and women to take the training course for nurses at the Hartford, Connecticut. Retreat. Good wages. Good positions. References required. Miss Agnes M. Glen, Superintendent of Nurses, 80 Washington St., Hartford, Conn. 688-tf.

AGENTS WANTED

FRUITFUL representative wanted to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick at present. We wish to secure three or four good men to represent us as local and general agents.

WANTED—Steady and reliable blacksmith. Apply, station wages, to David Blackmore, South Nelson, N. B. 2140-102.

TO LET

TO LET—For the summer months, a comfortably furnished house in central part of the city. Apply Box "2", Telegraph Office. 842-tf.

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE—One mile from C. P. R. station, 110 acres, about half under cultivation, balance good wood and timber, in good condition, well supplied with water; portion interval, large barn, etc. Apply to Valley, care of Telegraph.

AUCTIONS

FOR SALE—There will be sold at auction on Nov. 25, 235 acres farm, large part interval. Stock and farming implements, also standing timber on 90 acres lot about 500000 situated on Upper Quaco Road, about 2 miles from Loch Lomond. Apply to J. H. Kirkpatrick, 30 Frederick street, St. John. 1438-11-28-10.

Now is the Time to Enter

Full staff of skillful and experienced teachers. Up-to-date courses for students. Light, airy, cheerful rooms. Complete equipment. Over 40 years' experience.

APPOHAQUI NOTES

Apohaqui, Nov. 10.—James H. Second, father of Geo. H. Second, of Apohaqui, is being seriously ill at his home in Belleisle and very slight hopes are entertained for his recovery.

HARCOURT NEWS

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MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived.

Thursday, Nov. 6. Sch. Roger Drury (Am), 807, Red, Eastport, R. C. Eldin, bal.

Sch. Governor Dingley, 2566, Boston via Maine ports, A. E. Fanning, mds and pass.

Sch. Woodward Abrahams, 706, Philadelphia, with coal for R. P. & W. F. Starr, A. W. Adams.

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MISSING CHATHAM MAN FOUND HERE

Chatham, Nov. 8. M. Sarmiento, a resident of Chatham, who was reported in last evening's papers as missing from his home since Tuesday morning, was located in the city last evening and word was sent to Chatham to that effect.

Sarmiento was an employee of the Dominion Pulp Co., Chatham, and some time previous to his disappearance had expressed a desire of going elsewhere for employment. He was seen on Monday about 9 o'clock when he was talking to Captain Bullock, on the M. S. M. Co. wharf, and when nothing could be learned as to his whereabouts there, then, his friends were forced to the conclusion that he had been overtaken by some fatality, probably drowning.

It is not absolutely necessary to cook the noodles in meat stock; instead you may drop them into boiling water or milk; then drain and fry lightly in a little butter. Often one does not have boiling meat or stock at hand and in this case a bouillon cube will give a fine meaty flavor to the dish.

These bouillon cubes and meat extracts are very good friends in such emergencies and a box or bottle of them should be in every cupboard.

HOPEWELL HILL NOTES

Hopewell Hill, Nov. 9.—The following officers and directors of the Albert Fishery Club were elected at the recent annual meeting held at Moncton, N. B. W. Robinson, president; I. C. Prescott, vice-president; Thos. Williams, secretary; Alex. Rogers, E. W. Glavin, Dr. L. Somers, A. C. Chatham, W. S. Smith.

The case of the King on the complaint of J. Jones against H. Wilson before Magistrate Peck, charged with false pretence in the trade of a horse, took a new turn when Jones' wife explained the horse in question. A claim of property has been reported and the matter will now proceed to the trial of the horse.

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THE WOMAN'S CORNER

EFFICIENT HOUSEKEEPING BY HENRIETTA D. GRAUHL (Domestic Science Lecturer.)

Noodles. "We are fond of noodles at our home and often have noodle soup in cool weather, but I never heard of baking noodles until the other day when I saw 'bread of veal with baked noodles' on a menu card in a tea-room. What can you tell me about this combination and is it a good home dish?" writes one of my readers.

Noodles in all forms are very satisfying and especially so when they are made at home with plenty of egg yolks and rich stock. "Baked noodles" is a rather mysterious term, but one that is easily understood. Suppose we make the noodles first and then proceed to bake, bake and fry them.

You will need rolling pin, pastry board, salt, flour, eggs and a very little cream. Three egg yolks will make sufficient paste to furnish a family of five with enough noodles for two dinners. Separate the eggs and to every yolk used add a half an egg shell filled with cream or rich milk. Water may be used but cream is much better. Beat a little with a fork and commence adding sifted flour. Then a little salt. Add enough flour to make a stiff paste but not to make it hard. Roll out into a thin sheet; almost transparent. Indeed here "all the honour lies" for the thinner you can roll the paste the finer noodle maker you are. German noodle makers who excel at making this dish, claim that noodles mixed with water can be rolled thinner than if milk is used, but I cannot see that this makes any difference. When the sheet of dough is as thin as it can be made roll it up and cut the noodles in as narrow strips as you can.

Noodles are better for standing some time before they are cooked and they will keep in a dry place for months. Make a fine rich beef or veal stock and season it well; strain it and bring to the boiling point; drop in the noodles and cook briefly fifteen minutes. The noodles are served in the soup or they are lifted out and well drained and browned with the meat.

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FINISHED PEARLS

(Toronto Star.)
It is curious how national pearls come and go according to political exigencies. For instance, we in Canada have passed happily through an American pearl and a German pearl. And the whole explanation is that the political exigencies which needed these pearls some months ago, needs them no more. Some of us thought they were real, but they were just theatrical properties, now relegated to the lumber-room like the pasteboard forests and houses of a play that has worn out its popularity.

There was the American pearl. You remember how you heard in 1911 that if the American markets were opened to Canadian farm products the Canadian farmers would all become annexationists. Canada would be severed from the empire and join the United States. Our great systems of transportation, running east and west, would be destroyed if our farm products were allowed to flow southward.

Now these products are going southward. The Mail and Empire say that the reduction of American duties under the Underwood tariff is greater than the reduction under reciprocity. Yet the Mail and Empire seem to be no longer afraid that our farmers will become annexationists. It is no longer afraid that the hearts of our farmers will follow their cattle into Buffalo. It is no longer afraid that our systems of transportation will be destroyed. Really, it seems now to be pleased that our farmers' products are going south.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Melissa Drew.
Friday, Nov. 7.
The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Melissa M. Drew, widow of the late L. W. Drew, of Petit Riviere (N. S.), in her 79th year. Mrs. Drew was an old resident of Petit Riviere, and came to reside at the home of her niece, Miss Mary, Mahogany Road, Fairville, about five years ago. She leaves no family.

John Murray.
Friday, Nov. 7.
The death of John Murray, one of the oldest and most respected residents of Dipper Harbor, occurred at his home there yesterday. He was 84 years of age and is survived by six sons and one daughter. The sons are Charles and Thomas, of Lynn (Mass.), and Patrick, Michael, John and Daniel, residents of Dipper Harbor. His daughter is Mrs. Bernard Boyle, of Queen street, West Side. The funeral will probably take place on Saturday.

Mrs. Ellen Kenney.
Saturday, Nov. 8.
The death of Mrs. Ellen Kenney, widow of John Kenney, occurred yesterday at the residence of her adopted daughter, Mrs. Francis McHugh, who with one sister, Mrs. Catherine Murphy of Yonkers, N. Y., are the only surviving relatives. Mrs. Kenney had been ill about three months. She was well known about the city and held in esteem by many friends. She was a daughter of the late James and Bridget Connelly of Kingsport, Kings County. The funeral will be tomorrow at 2.30 from Mrs. McHugh's residence, corner of Westmorland road and Smith street.

Mrs. Scovil Smith.
Saturday, Nov. 8.
Mrs. Scovil Smith, wife of Scovil Smith of the I. B. police, died at her home, 86 Peters street, yesterday morning after a lengthy illness. Mrs. Smith had been in poor health for seven or eight years. Besides her husband, she leaves one son, E. Milton, of the employ of Vassie and Company and one daughter at home. She also leaves four brothers—Joseph, of Houlton, Me.; Thomas, of New Brunswick, N. S.; Mass., and Mrs. Joseph Farmer of Kings County.

Mrs. Smith was a woman of fine character and had many friends. Her death will be sorely mourned by those who will be sorry to learn of her death. The funeral service will be held at eleven o'clock on Monday morning after which the body will be taken by I. C. R. to Midland, Kings county, where interment will take place.

Captain Charles Howard.
Word has been received telling of the death of Captain Charles Howard, a well known ship master of Parrsboro. He died on his vessel, the schooner Maple Leaf at Musquodoboit. Captain Howard has of late been master of the schooner Silver Leaf. He was formerly master of the W. R. Huntley and was one of the best known of Nova Scotia's sailing skippers.

W. J. Galley.
In the death of W. J. Galley, which occurred on the 7th inst., Wilson's Beach lost one of its oldest and most respected citizens. Mr. Galley, who was in his 80th year, is survived by his wife, who was formerly Miss Roberta Black, of Wilson's Beach; six sons, M. W., of this city; Newton T., of Halifax; Calvin M., of Richmond (N.S.); Albert A., Frank and Wilson, at home; and five daughters. Mrs. Capt. Saunders, of Pigeon Cove (Mass.); Mrs. Beatrice, of Seattle (Wash.); Mrs. Mary, of Boston; and Miss Ella, of this city, and Miss Lucy, at home. Mr. Galley had a large circle of friends and acquaintances, who will regret to hear of his death. The deceased was a life long resident of Wilson's Beach.

Mrs. Norman C. Scribner.
Kingston, Kings county, Nov. 8.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Norman C. Scribner was held at Trinity church, Kingston, Friday afternoon, Nov. 7. The deceased was fifty years of age and was a daughter of the late Philo Northrup. She had been suffering almost constantly for more than a year when death came on Tuesday last. Her funeral was attended by a large number of relatives and friends. Besides her husband she is survived by four brothers—Frank S. Northrup, of Kingston; Norman C., of Wallaston (Mass.); Charles, of New York; Ernest, of Nashua, and by one sister, Mrs. Jennie Prince, of Framingham (Mass.). The sympathy of the whole community goes out to the whole family in their bereavement.

Mrs. James Fogain.
Newcastle, Nov. 7.—The death of Mrs. James Fogain, of the late Mrs. James Fogain, occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Forest, here, at 8 o'clock this morning, after a short illness. The deceased, who was seventy years of age, suffered a paralytic stroke on Monday last and never rallied. She is survived by four daughters, Mrs. James Fogain, of St. John; Mrs. Allan Langmaid, of Boston; and Mrs. Harry Smallwood, of Moncton; and four sons—Will-

BOY KILLED BY ANOTHER WHILE PLAYING

Fourteen Year Old Joseph Caples Shot Through Temple
ACCIDENT BRINGS DEATH QUICKLY
Jeremiah Donovan, Twelve Years Old, Was "Defending" Victim From an Attacking Party of "Indians" as They Had Seen It Enacted in Moving Pictures—Inquest to Be Held.

Monday, Nov. 10.
Instigating, it is said, who had been seen in moving pictures, Arthur Donovan, a two-year-old son of ex-Councillor Jeremiah Donovan, of Silver Falls, and Joseph Caples, aged 14 years, son of Michael Caples, of the old Westmorland road, were participating in a skirmish with an imaginary enemy yesterday afternoon in the field in the rear of the Donovan home, when the Caples lad was shot in the right temple and almost instantly killed by a bullet from young Donovan's .22-calibre rifle, which he was using in play to protect his comrade from the enemy.

In the picture, which it is said the boys had seen, the Caples boy had fallen from "make believe wounds". The other boy was kneeling behind him with leveled rifle to protect him. The trigger was pulled, and at the same time Caples raised his head and received the bullet in the right temple. He died before he had time to get up.

About 2.30 o'clock, about two hours after the accident occurred, Dr. W. F. Roberts, coroner, was called. Although the boy had died, he has decided to hold an inquest and a jury will probably be empanelled today.

The story of the sad accident, as it was related by the Donovan boy, is as follows: A week ago last Wednesday young Donovan came into the city and purchased in one of the hardware stores, a .22-calibre rifle and some ammunition for it. He took the gun home and amused himself during the following week shooting at targets at the back of his house.

Yesterday morning young Donovan, Caples and two other lads, walking home from church together, arranged a meeting for the afternoon to play some moving picture in the rear of the Donovan home. The other boys, however, called at Donovan's home and he was asked to go somewhere else. As the four boys were gathered together, young Donovan picked up a heavy rifle, said to have been a gift of his father, and he took it to the place which he had selected, they discussed the character of their play. The boys remembered that they had seen a moving picture recently in which cowboys and Indians were in battle. Two of the cowboys were very close friends, and they had hoped that the picture had been shot in the fray. The Indians were approaching. The other cowboys were treating but the comrade of the wounded man, behind his back, was pretty body and fired time after time at the redskins, eventually driving them away. This was decided upon by the boys as the most adaptable to their surroundings and equipment.

The early stages of the battle were carried on on the lines of the motion picture. The Donovan boy was "wounded" and fell. Donovan took up his position behind his prostrate boy and prepared to protect his "wounded" comrade. He hoped that the picture had been done. Some time elapsed before Donovan fired his rifle, and Caples, apparently thinking that something was wrong, fired his rifle. The bullet struck off at this instant. The bullet pierced Caples' right temple or a little nearer to the eye, and he fell back dead. His head was not more than four feet from the gun.

Boy Terror Stricken.
Terror stricken, the Donovan boy did not know what to do. He hurried to his home and told them excitedly what had happened. Persons in the house rushed into the field, but when they arrived the boy was dead. Rev. Father O'Neill, of St. Joseph's church, Silver Falls, was summoned.

The body was carried into the Donovan home and was later taken to the home of the lad's parents. Needless to say, they were overcome by the calamity and the lad's mother became hysterical. Little else was the grief of the Donovan family.

Dr. Roberts was called about 8.00 o'clock and went out in his automobile. He viewed the body, and on learning the particulars from the Donovan boy, announced that an inquest would be necessary. He will in all probability empanel a jury today and accompany it to see the body.

Much information was expressed last night on account of the fact that a twelve-year-old boy was able to purchase a rifle in a hardware store in this city.

The Caples lad is survived by his father, mother, brothers and sisters. His father is employed on the Bishop's farm at Silver Falls, and the unfortunate boy had also been working there. Jeremiah Caples, of this city, is an uncle of the boy.

The board of health figures for the past week show fifteen deaths attributed to the following causes: Scintilla, three; scarlet fever, one; typhoid, one; diphtheria, one; pneumonia, one; broncho-pneumonia, one; acute nephritis, one; acute infectious hepatitis, one; and one of unknown cause.

St. Andrew's Beacons—St. John people have not got the mail steamer Mr. Hazen's resignation yet. One seems quite as elusive as the other.

TO SAVE THE HIDE OF ST. JOHN'S REPRESENTATIVE

Halifax Paper's Comment on Mr. Hazen and the Royal Line Steamships.
(Halifax Echo.)
The officials of the Canadian Northern chose Halifax as the winter terminus for their boats, upon the basis of some plan. If they are required to abandon Halifax they will do so merely because Mr. Hazen succeeds in forcing them to do so.

Now the people of Halifax have nothing especially against Mr. Hazen, but a good reason exists why the business of the port should be interfered with, simply to save the hide of St. John's representative. It is the business of the St. John Standard that Mr. Hazen is working tooth and nail to have the Royal boats give Halifax the go-by, in order that he may supply the citizens of St. John with a soap, to compensate them for the loss of the Empresses.

There is little need for argument. The course of our own business men is clear. They should call upon Mr. Borden, the representative of Halifax in the cabinet, to see to it that the interests of this city are upheld.

WESTMORLAND CIRCUIT COURT

Dorchester, N. B., Nov. 7. (Special.)
The case of Hicks vs. Hicks, which has occupied the attention of the circuit court here for the past few days, came to an abrupt adjournment this morning, when, by mutual agreement of both parties, the jury were taken by train to the town of Sackville, where the dispute in Middle, which is in the parish of Sackville. Upon their return the case will be continued.

This afternoon a new panel of jury-men was sworn in and the case of the King vs. Martin Crossman, charged with obtaining goods under false pretences, occupied the attention of the court until the adjournment at 6 o'clock this evening.

The condition of Mrs. Record, mother-in-law of the Hon. H. R. Emmerston, who has recently been reported as seriously ill, continues about the same.

WEDDINGS

Roy-Lyttle.
Rev. Edward M. Sanner, pastor of the Baptist church, will officiate at the wedding of William Roy of a Salzer square and Miss Nellie Gertrude Lyttle of St. John (N. B.), tonight at 7.30 o'clock in the town hall. Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Ryerson, of 24 Malvern street, the solemn will be decorated in pink and green, and the couple will stand beneath an arched canopy. The bride's train will be of navy blue serge, with a hat to match. The groom is foreman of the Hamilton & Russell Co., Worcester.

Miller-Hare.
Newcastle, Nov. 6.—A pretty but quiet wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Hare, Whitneyville, on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when their second daughter, Francis Maud became the wife of George W. Miller, of Newcastle. Rev. Dr. Cousins tied the nuptial knot behind the bride, who was gowned in brown silk and carried a bouquet of carnations. Mr. and Mrs. Miller left on the Maritime Express last night on a honeymoon trip to Montreal and Toronto, and on their return will reside in Newcastle.

Winnipeg Tribunes.—The marriage of Miss Annie McLean, daughter of Inspector McLean of St. John, New Brunswick, to Mr. W. M. McLean, of St. John, N. B., to Alvin M. Elliott of Soudanville, Sask., took place on Saturday, Nov. 8, in St. Stephen's church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Chas. W. Gordon. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Alexander D. McLean, who was accompanied by his sister, Mrs. W. M. McLean, of St. John, N. B., and Alvin M. Elliott of Soudanville, Sask., took place on Saturday, Nov. 8, in St. Stephen's church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Chas. W. Gordon. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Alexander D. McLean, who was accompanied by his sister, Mrs. W. M. McLean, of St. John, N. B., and Alvin M. Elliott of Soudanville, Sask., took place on Saturday, Nov. 8, in St. Stephen's church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Chas. W. Gordon. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Alexander D. 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